NINE MILE POINT NOCKEAR STATION

I OPERATIONS

LESSON PLAN

Ø7-191-91

CONDENSATE DEMINERALIZER

MASTER CONTROLLED UNDER 02-lEQ-001-257-2-00-4

Prepared by: Unit #2 Training Department

DATE AND INITIALS **SIGNATURES APPROVALS REVISION 4** Training Supervisor Nuclear-Unit #2 G.L Weimer Assistant Training Superintendent-Nuclear R.T. Seifried Superintendent Operations-Unit #2 R. Smith

Summary of Pages
Revision: $\underline{4}$ (Effective Date: $\underline{1/33/19}$)
Number of Pages: 14
<u>Date</u> <u>Pages</u>
December 1988 Tr 14
NIAGARA_MOHAWK POWER CORPORATION

•

OBJECTIVE APPROVAL

Author: UNITI OP'S TRAINING
Training Dept: Unit. IT Ops.
Lesson Title: CONDENSATE DEMINERALIZER SYSTEM
Lesson Plan #: NZ -OLP-51
Fraining Setting(s): Class Room
Purpose: Instructor shall present information for the student
to meet each Student Learning Objective Additionally
he shull provide sufficient explanation to facilitate
the student's understanding of the information presented
Trainee Job Title: LREUSED. OPERATOR CANDIDATE
NON-LICENSED OF EVATOR TRAMING
LICENSED APECATOR REPUBLIFICATION.
Approvals/Review Signatures Date .
Training Supervisor Statemen . 1/13/19

Hhen complete, attach this form to the master lesson plan.

Plant Supervisor

Training Analysts Supervisor

(Paris)

4

+

,

•

1

ь

I. TRAINING DESCRIPTION

- A. Title: N2-OLP-51, Condensate Demineralizer
- B. Purpose: In a lecture presentation, the instructor shall present information for the student to meet each Student Learning Objectives. Additionally, he shall provide sufficient explanation to facilitate the student's understanding of the information presented.
- C. Estimated Duration: Approximately 1.5 hours
- D. Training Methods:
 - Classroom Lecture
 - Assign the Student Learning Objectives as review problems with the students obtaining answers from the text, writing them down and handing them in for grading.

E. References:

- 1. Technical Specifications
 - a. 3/4.4.4, Chemistry
- 2. Procedures
 - a. N2-OP-5, Condensate Demineralizer System
- 3. NMP-2 FSAR
 - a. None

II. REQUIREMENTS AND PREREQUISITES

- A. Requirements for Class:
 - 1. AP-9, Rev. 2, Administration of Training
 - 2. NTP-10, Rev. 4, Training of Licensed Operator Candidates
 - 3. NTP-11, Rev. 5, Licensed Operator Retraining and Continuing Training
 - 4. NTP-12, Rev. 3, Unlicensed Operator Training
- B. Prerequisites:
 - 1. Instructor
 - a. Demonstrated knowledge and skills in the subject, at or above the level to be achieved by the trainees as evidenced by previous training or education, or
 - b. SRO license for Nine Mile Point Unit Two or a similar plant, or successful completion of SRO training including simulator certification at the SRO level including simulator certification at the SRO level for Nine Mile Point Unit Two.

c. Qualified in instructional skills as certified by the Training Analyst Supervisor.

2. Students

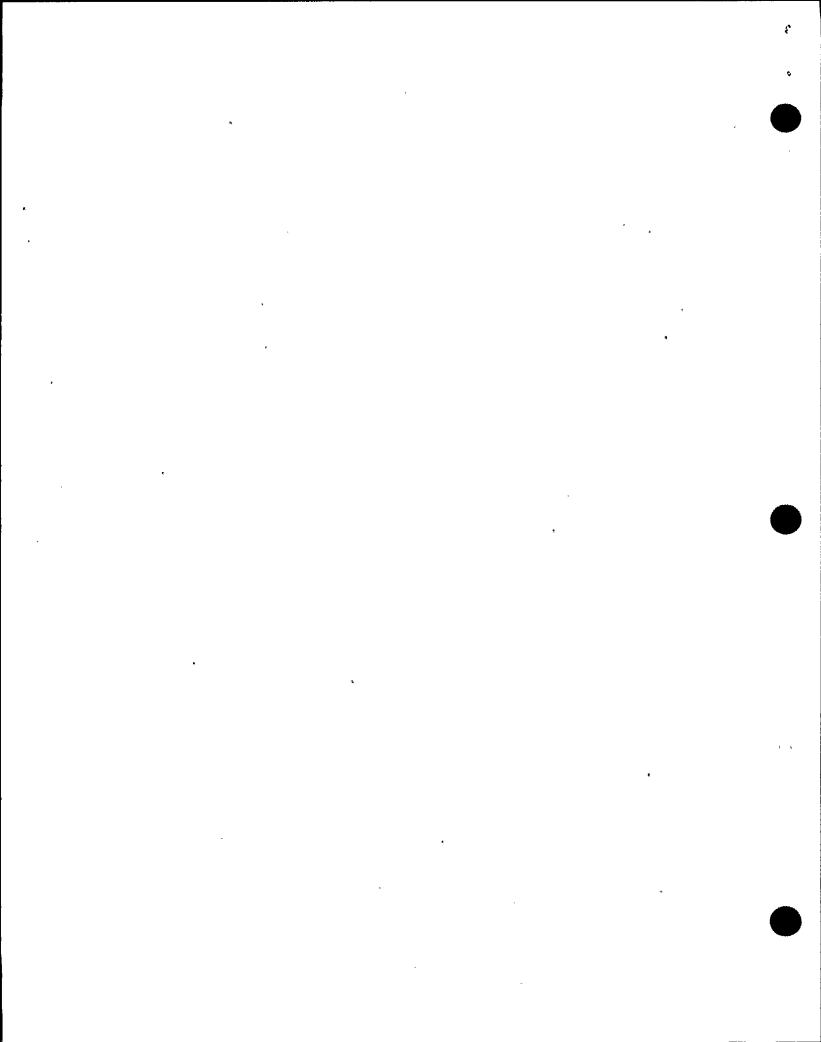
- a. Meet eligibility requirements per 10CFR55, or
- b. Be recommended for this training by the Operations Superintendent or his designee or the Training Superintendent.

III. TRAINING MATERIALS

- A. Teaching Materials:
 - 1. Transparency Package
 - 2. Overhead Projector
 - 3. Whiteboard and Felt Tip Markers
 - 4. N2-OLP-51
 - 5. N2-OLT-51
 - 6. See Section I.E.1
 - 7. See Section I.E.2
- B. Student Materials
 - 1. N2-OLT-51
 - 2. See Section I.E.1
 - 3. See Section I.E.2

IV. EXAMINATIONS, QUIZZES AND ANSWER KEYS

A. Will be generated and administered as necessary. They will be on permanent file in the Records Room.



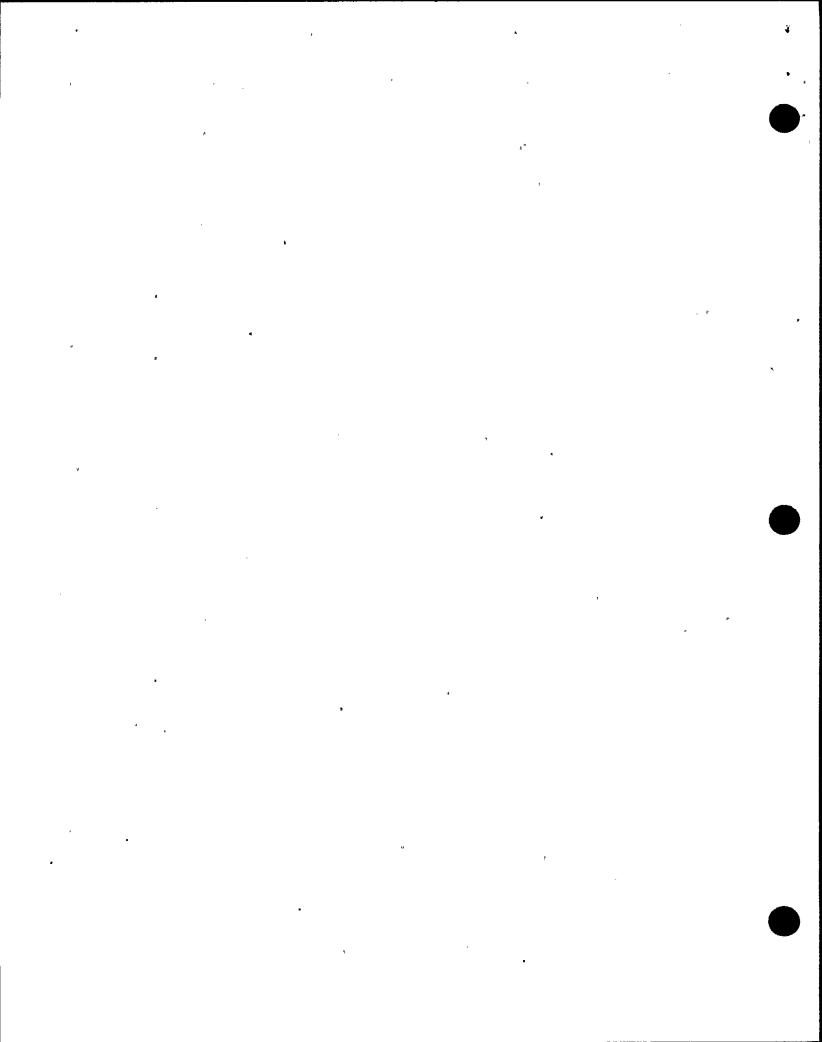
V. LEARNING OBJECTIVES FOR THE CONDENSATE DEMINERALIZER SYSTEM

Upon completion of this chapter, mastery of the required system knowledge will be demonstrated by performing the Enabling Objectives listed below.

- 51-1 State the purpose of the Condensate Demineralizer System.
- 51-2 Discuss the purpose of the following components:
 - a. Condensate Demineralizers
 - b. Resin Transfer
 - c. Ultrasonic Resin Cleaning
 - d. Resin Regeneration
 - e. Regenerant and Recovered Acid
 - f. Regenerant and Recovered Caustic
 - g. Waste Neutralizing
 - h. Low Conductivity Waste System
- 51-3 Describe the normal mode of operation including system flow path.
- 51-4 Given N2-OP-5, Condensate Demineralizer, identify the appropriate actions and/or locate information related to:
 - a. Startup
 - b. Normal Operations
 - c. Shutdown
 - d. Off-Normal Operations
 - e. Procedures for correcting alarm conditions

51-5 SRO ONLY

Given Technical Specifications, identify the appropriate actions and/or locate information relating to Limiting Conditions for Operation, Bases, and Surveillance Requirements for the CND System.



I.		LESSON CONTENT ODUCTION	Text Ref. <u>Page</u>	Text Ref. <u>Fig.</u>	<u>S.L.O.</u>
	Stud	ent Learning Objectives	i	•	
	Α.	System Purpose	1		1
*		The condensate demineralizer system removes soluble and insoluble impurities from the condensate to maintain reactor feedwater purity.			

3

The system also cleans and regenerates the condensate demineralizer resin and the radio-active waste demineralizer resin.

Maintains condensate water conductivity < 2 umhos/cm and pH of 6.5 - 7.5.

B. <u>General Description</u>

- Use figure 1 to discuss system flowpaths and operation.
- 2. The Condensate Demineralizer System consists of:
 - a. Nine condensate demineralizers served by five parallel flow paths, and
 - b. The regeneration subsystem.
- 3. Condensate flow from the condenser is directed to the demineralizer for treatment then returned to the Condensate system. A condensate system demineralizer bypass is provided.

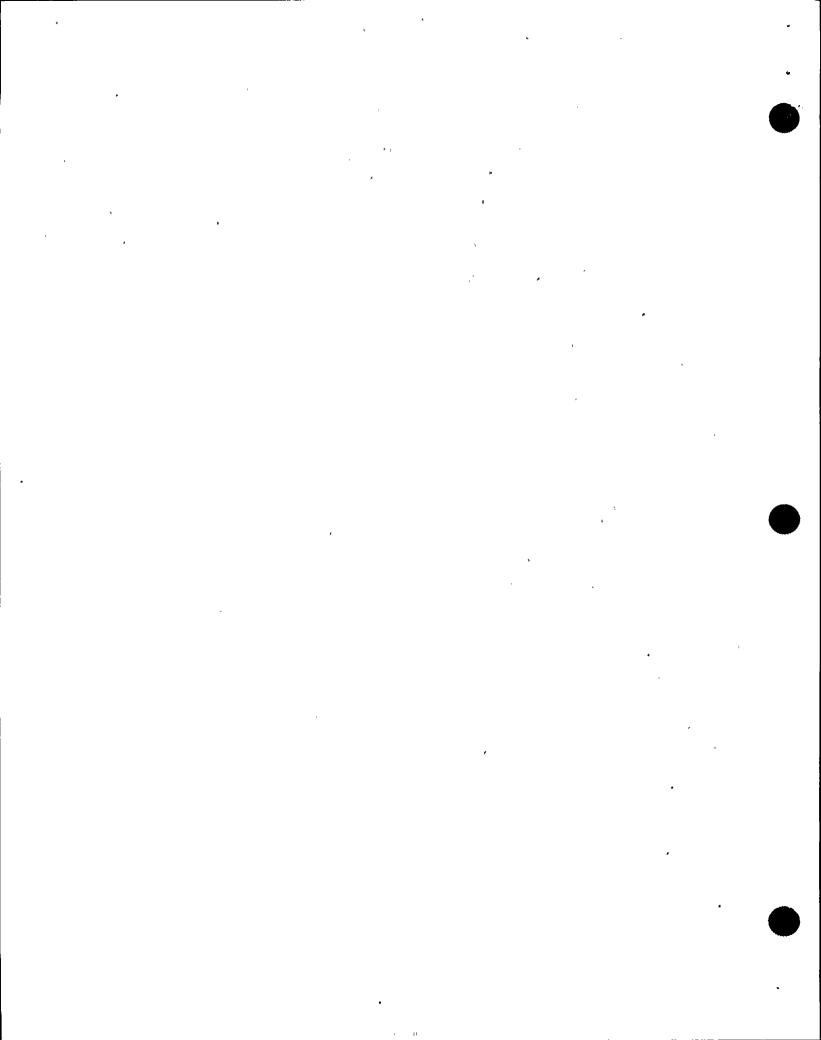
• •

ιexτ	ιexτ	
Ref.	Ref.	
<u>Page</u>	<u>Fig.</u>	5
2	1	_

Activity

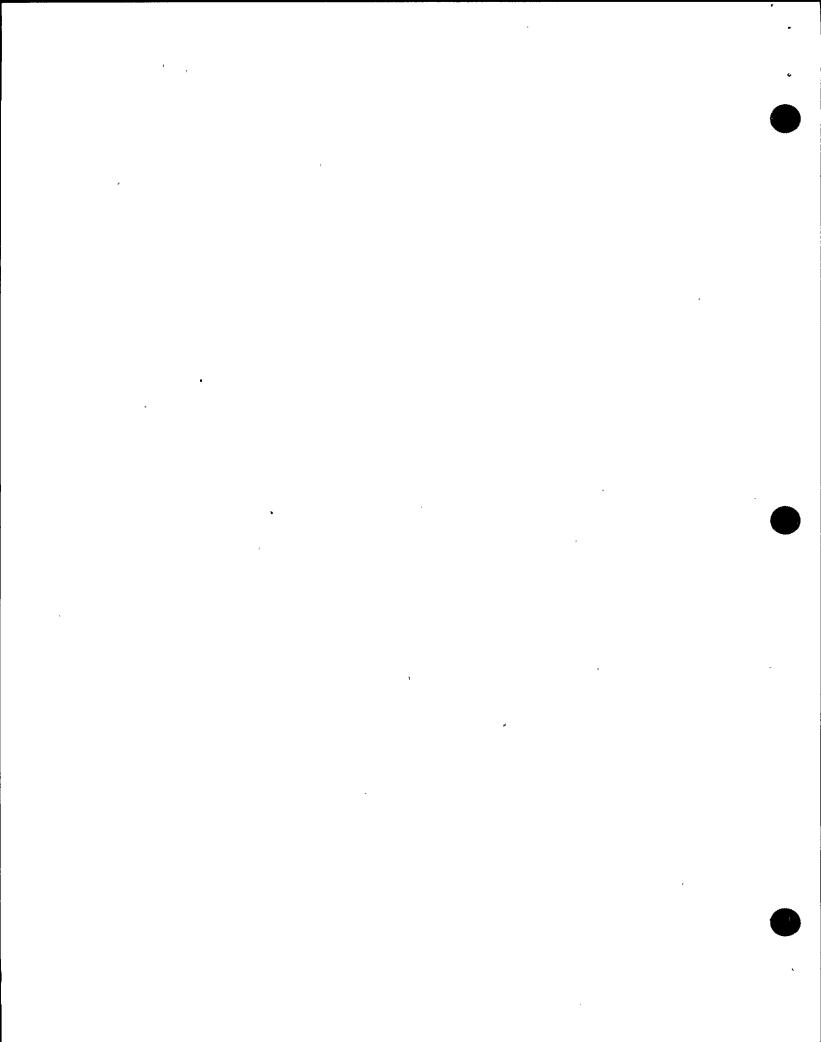
When the flow rate thru a mixed resin bed becomes low or the resin ion exchange capability is exhausted, the resin is transferred to the External Regeneration system. The transfers are operator initiated, and then proceed automatically.

- 5. The mixed resin is physically cleaned in the Ultrasonic Resin Cleaner (URC) and then stored until it is sent to a demineralizer or to the resin regeneration tanks.
- 6. In the regeneration process,
 - a. The mixed resin is separated and placed into the cation and the anion regeneration tanks.
 - b. The cation resin is regenerated by flushing with a dilute regenerate acid.
 - c. The anion resin is regenerated by flushing with a dilute regenerate caustic.
- 7. When the resins have been regenerated, they are transferred to a mix and hold tank where they are:
 - a. Flushed and mixed by water flow through the tank,
 - And then held for transfer to a demineralizer.

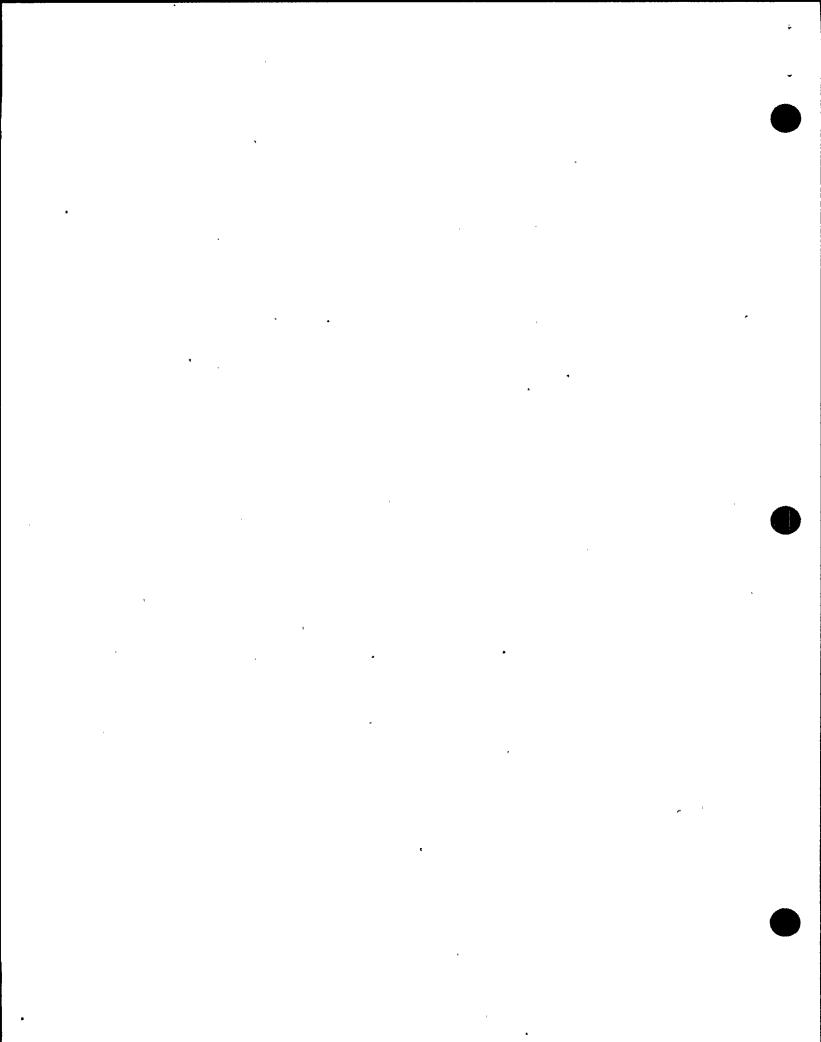


					1		
	<u>Acti</u>	vitv			Text Ref. Page	Text Ref. Fig.	S.L.O.
	ACCI	8.	The	regenerating acid and caustic are	2	خاتبنية	<u>S.L.O.</u> 2
			supp	lied thru subsystems. These sub-			
		4	syst	ems store strong acid or caustic			
			and	dilute it for use in the regener-		1	
			atio	n tanks.			
		9.	The	recovered acid and caustic sub-			
			syst	ems collect for re-use the acid			
			and	caustic solutions from the			
			prev	ious resin regeneration cycle.			
II.	DETA	ILED	DESCR	<u>IPTION</u>			
	Α.	Cond	<u>ensat</u>	<u>e Demineralizers</u>	3	1	2a
		1.	Func	tion-The condensate demineralizers			
			remo	ve soluble and insoluble impurities			
ı			from	the condensate.			
ı		2.	Cond	ensate flow paths	1		
			a.	The condensate inlet header			
				divides into 5 parallel lines to			
				supply the nine demineralizers.			
				(A and F, B and G, C and H,			
			,	D and J, and E only)		•	
			b.	Five stainless steel underdrain			
				resin retainers located in each			
				demineralizer vessel and a resin			'n
				strainer in each demineralizer			
				discharge line prevent resin releas	se		
		-		from the demineralizer.			
			С.	Outlet conductivity is monitored by	У		
				a conductivity element.		,	
	В.	<u>Resi</u>		nsfer			2b
		1.	Func	tion-Transfer of resin between			
				demineralizers, the regeneration			
			•	em and the ultrasonic cleaning			
			_	em (URC) is controlled auto-			
			mati	cally by timed programmers			

2. Resin transfers:



Activ	i+v			Text Ref. Page	Text Ref. Fig.	S.L.0.
110011	<u> ,</u>	a.	Demineralizers to the regeneration system	3		2b
	и	b.	Demineralizers to the URC system			
		с.	URC system to the regeneration system			
		d.	URC or regeneration system to the demineralizers.			3
		e.	Radwaste demineralizers to the regeneration or URC system.			
		f.	Radwaste resin return to the			
			radwaste demineralizers from			
			the regeneration or URC system.			
	3.	Resir	transfer driving force is	ŧ		
			ided by:			
		a.	Condensate system water (CNM)			
			(normal supply)			
		b.	Condensate Storage and Transfer	4		
			system water (CNS)			
			(alternate supply)			
		с.	Service Air System air (SAS)			
C.	<u>Ultra</u>	soni	Resin Cleaning			2c
	1.	Funct	tion-The URC system physically			
		clear	ns dirty resin			
	2.	Resir	n enters the URC resin receiver			
		tank	via the resin transfer	•		
		head	der			
	3.	The 1	resin is then transferred to the			
		Ultra	asonic Resin Cleaner			



The Resin is ultrasonicly cleaned as it settles in the cleaner. Dirt is removed from the resin beads by the force of sound waves produced in the cleaner hitting the bead.

A small counterflow of backwash water is used to carry the dirt out of the top of the cleaner.

The backwash flow is sent to the low

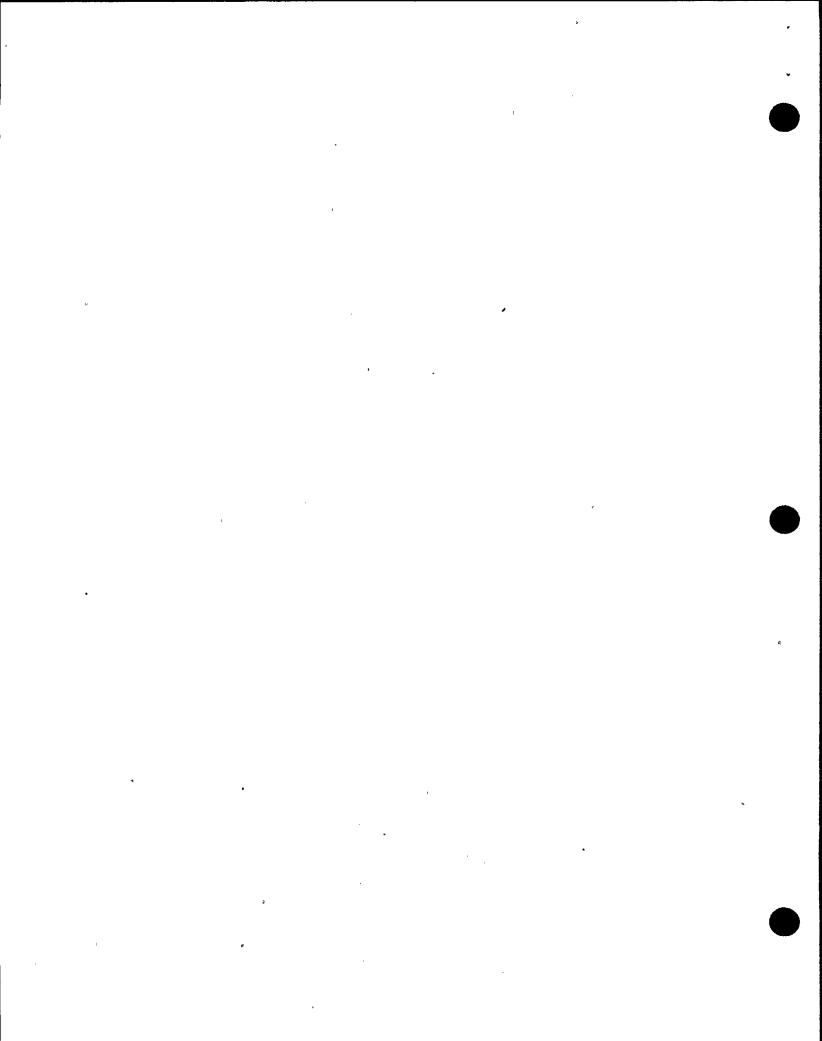
conductivity waste tank.Clean resin is transported to the URC cleaned resin storage tank, where it

is held for transfer to the demineralizer or sent.to the regeneration system.

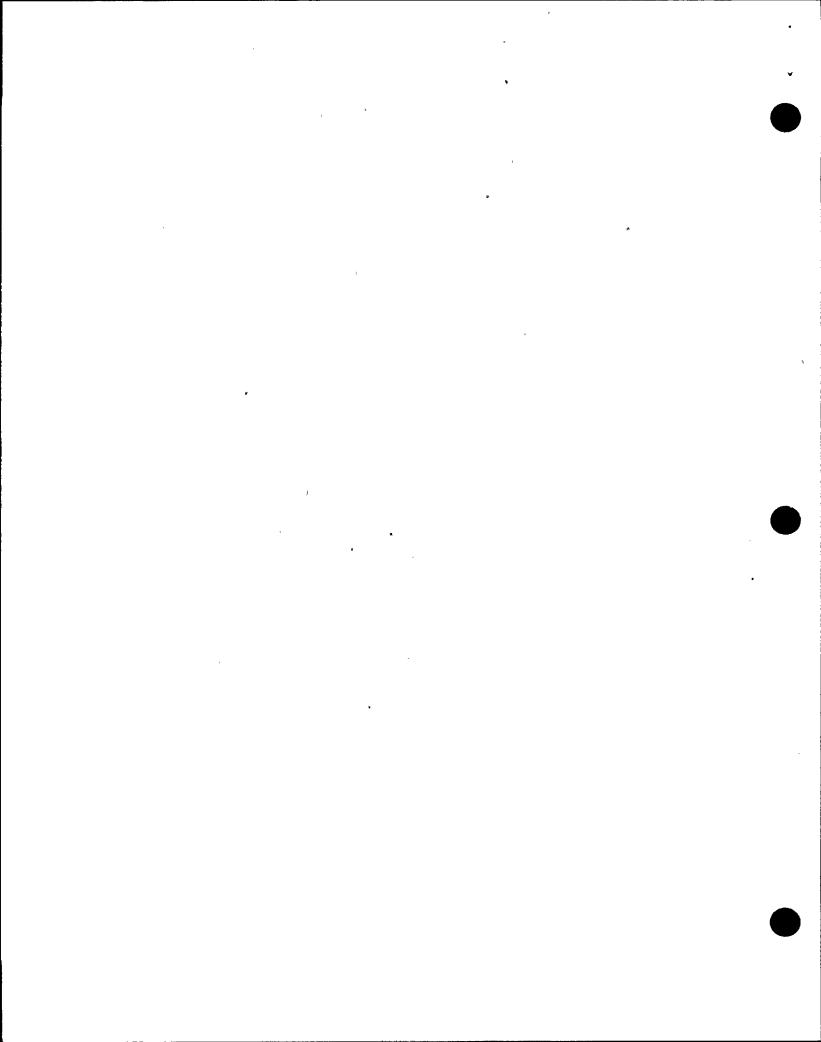
D. Resin Regeneration

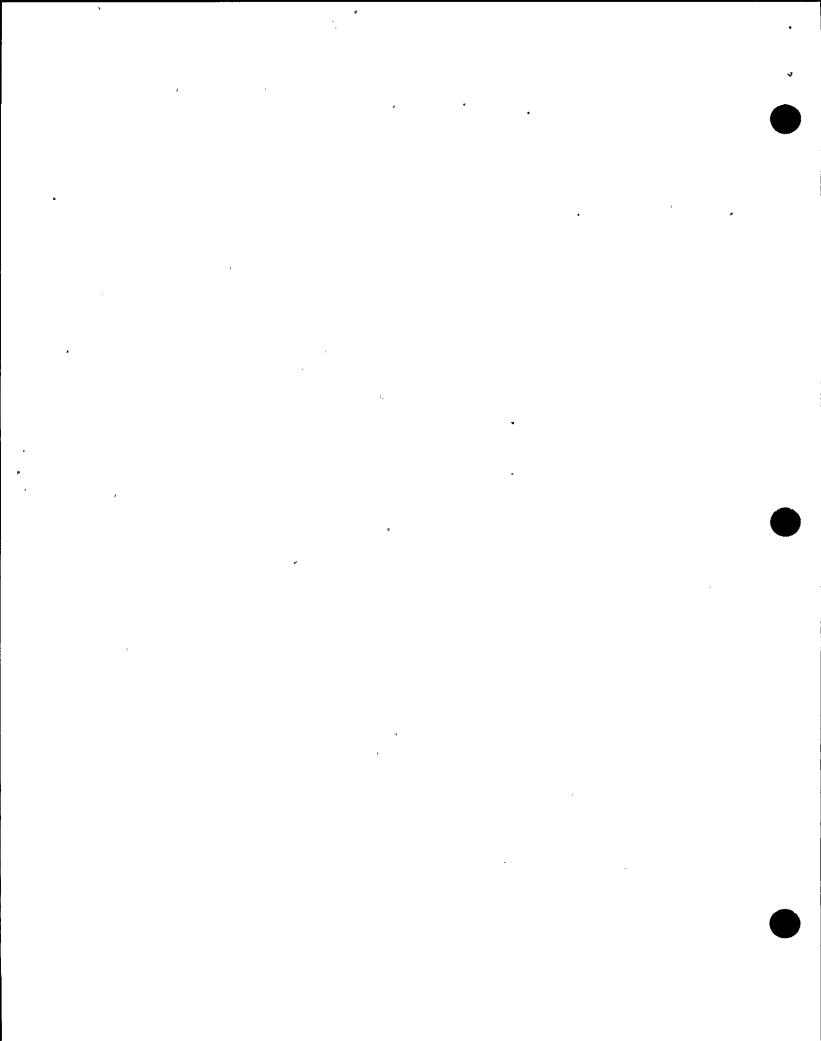
- Function-The resin regeneration system restores the ion exchange capability of (regenerates) exhausted resin.
- 2. Resin is transferred to the cation regeneration tank from the resin transfer header.
- 3. Anion resin separated and transferred to the anion regeneration tank by a reverse flow in the cation tank. The anion resin is lighter than the cation resin.
 - a. Cation resin-regenerated with acid.
 - Anion resin-regenerated with caustic.
- 4. The regenerated resins are then sent to the resin mix and hold tank.

2d



<u>Acti</u>	<u>vity</u>	 The resins are mixed, washed and transferred as necessary. 	Text Ref. <u>Page</u> 4	Text Ref. <u>Fig.</u>	<u>S.L.0</u> 2d
	5.	Fresh resin is added in the respective regeneration tank as required			
Ε.	Rege	nerant and Recovered Acid	5		2e
•	1.	Function-The regenerant acid system supplies fresh dilute acid for cation resin regeneration. The recovered			,
		acid has been previously used in an			
	•	earlier regeneration cycle.			
	2.	The Acid Day Tank receives			
		sulfuric acid from the Acid Treatment		•	
		System (WTA).			
	3.	Acid regenerant feed pumps pump acid .			
		to a mixing tee where it is mixed			
		with CNM or CNS water to produce a			
		dilute acid solution for the			
		regeneration system.			
	4.	After the regeneration process the			
		acid is recovered and stored in the			
		recovered acid tank and used in the			
		initial stages of the next cation			
		resin regeneration. Recovered Acid			
		is used once and sent to the waste			
_	_	neutralization tank for processing.			
F.	Rege	nerant and Recovered Caustic			2f
	1.	Function-The Regenerant Caustic			
		system supplies dilute caustic for			
		anion resin regeneration.			
	2.	The Caustic Day Tank receives sodium			
		hydroxide (NaOH) from the Makeup Water			
		Treatment system (WTS).			





Activity		Ref. <u>Page</u>	Ref. Fig.	<u>s.</u>
4.	2 waste recirculation and tr	ansfer pumps 6	<u> </u>	2.
	can recirculate the waste ne	utralizing		

4. 2 waste recirculation and transfer pump can recirculate the waste neutralizing contents for mixing during acid or caustic neutralization or pump the neutralized waste to the radioactive liquid waste system (LWS).

J. Low Conductivity Waste System

2h

- Function-Relatively high quality, low conductivity wastes are collected in the low conductivity waste tank
 - a. The wastes are transferred by the low conductivity waste pumps to LWS, or to the waste neutralizing tank if conductivity is too high.

III. INSTRUMENTATION, CONTROLS, AND INTERLOCKS

A. <u>Indications</u>

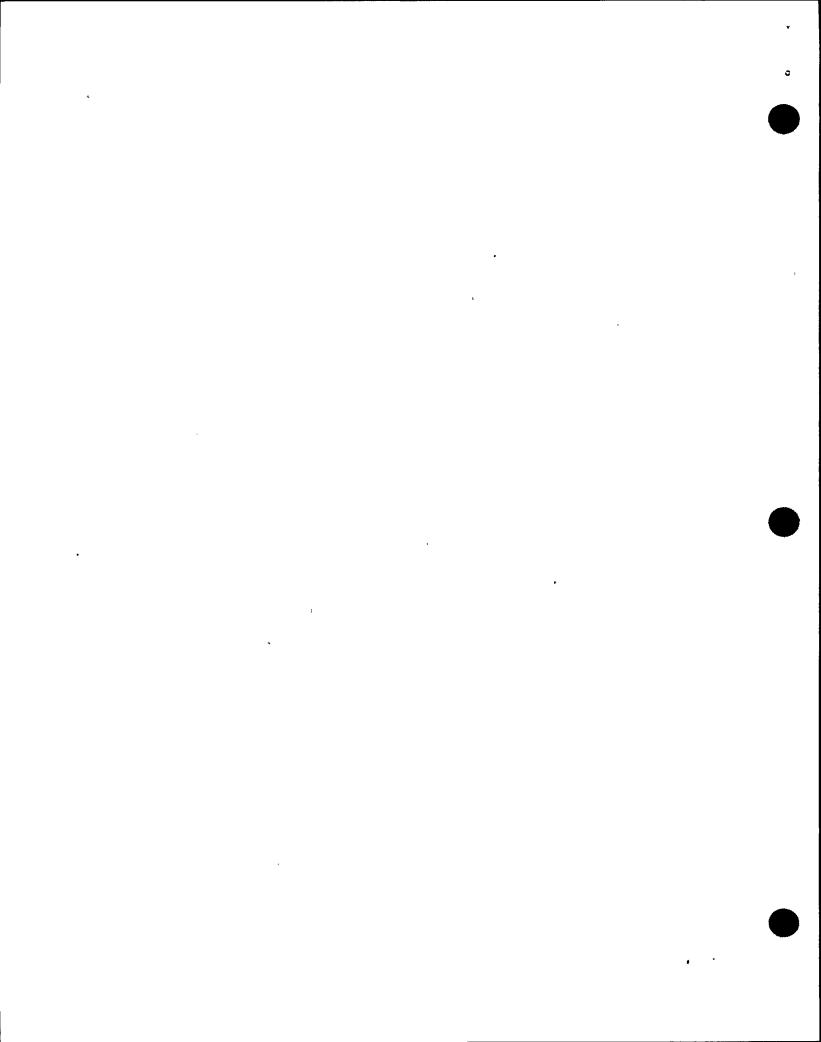
No CR indication, only two annunciators on P851.

B. Controls

7

No system controls are located in the main control room. They are located at local control panels.

- C. Valve Interlocks
 - When the Demineralizer vessel condensate inlet and outlet valves are open, the demineralizer vent valve resin inlet valve and resin outlet valve are closed.



		IEVE	167
*		Ref.	Ref
Activity		Page	Fig
	Deminouslimous condensate wines		

S.L.O.

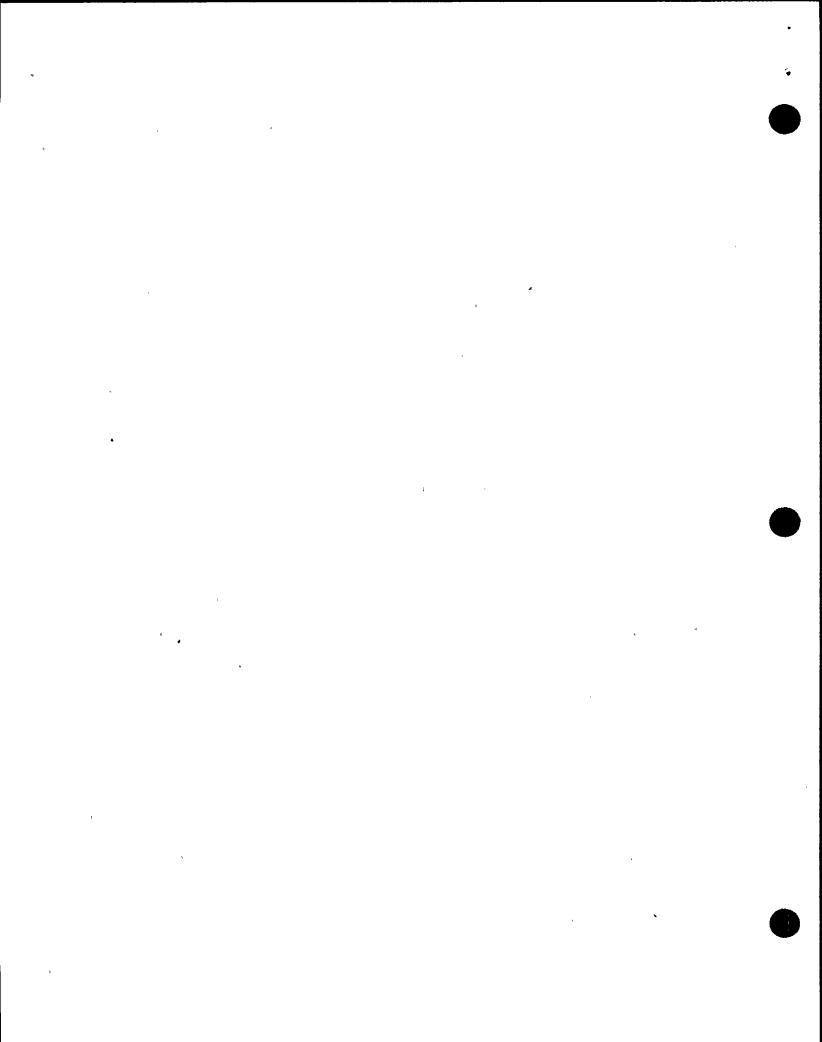
3

Demineralizer condensate rinse outlet valve is interlocked such that it is closed when the demineralizer condensate outlet valve is open.

IV. SYSTEM OPERATION

A. Normal Operation

- During normal operations 7 demineralizers are on the line, and 2 demineralizers are on standby, one of which may be in the process of resin transfer.
- Auto Resin Transfer is performed by:
 - a. Place the demineralizer in standby.
 - b. Select demineralizer as the origin of the transfer.
 - c. Select destination of transfer (sepaerate switch for each programmer to select types of transfer for that programmer).
 - d. Turn on programmer timing motors.
 - e. Verify the Master Mode Selector in "Auto".
 - f. Depress the start button.



	Activity 3. The resin transfer, cleaning, or regeneration is performed automatically by the programmer.	Text Ref. <u>Page</u> 8	Text Ref. Fig.	<u>S.L.O.</u> 3
•	SYSTEM INTERRELATIONS			
	A. Service Air System-supplies air to the air	, 1 ,		
	transfer header.			
	B. <u>Instrument Air System</u> -provides air for the	9		
	system pneumatic valves.			
	C. Condensate System-provides normal flow			
	and resin sluicing water.			
	D. Condensate Transfer and Storage System-	•		,
	provides an alternate supply of sluicing			

- E. <u>Water Treating System</u>-supplies concentrated acid and caustic and receives any excess of the solutions.
- F. <u>Liquid Radioactive Waste System</u>-receives the low conductivity waste produced. The radwaste demineralizer resin is also treated by the system.

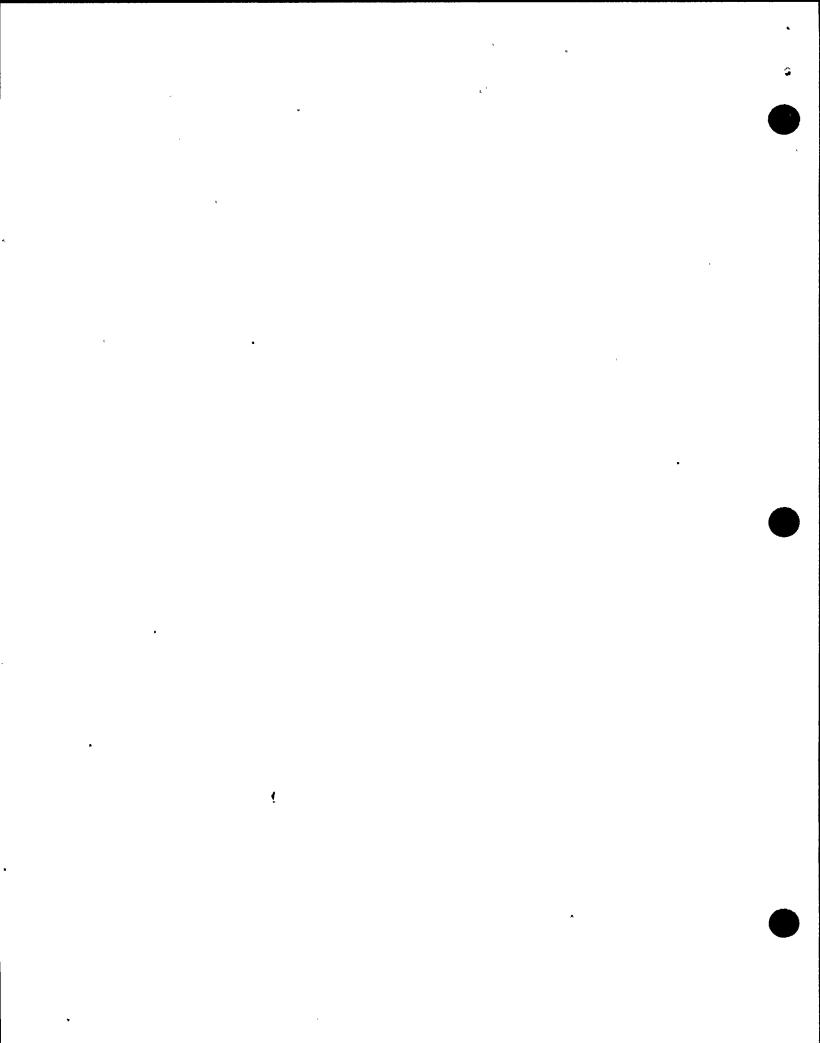
VI. DETAILED SYSTEM REFERENCE REVIEW Review each of the following referenced documents with the class.

A. <u>Technical Specification</u>1. 3/4.4.4 Chemistry

water.

- B. Procedures
 - 1. N2-OP-5 Condensate Demineralizer System

٧.



VII. RELATED PLANT EVENTS

A. Refer to Addensum "A" and review related events with class (if applicable).

VIII. SYSTEM HISTORY

A. Refer to Addendum "B" and review related modifications with class (if applicable).

IX. WRAP-UP

A. Review the Student Learning Objectives

