

JUN 19 1970

Docket No. 50-220

Niagara Mohawk Power Corporation  
300 Erie Boulevard West  
Syracuse, New York 13202

Attention: Mr. Minot H. Pratt  
Vice President and  
Executive Engineer

Gentlemen:

This letter authorizes the return to operation of the Nine Mile Point Nuclear Station (NMP) in accordance with your documented program for restoration to service and subject to other conditions which are defined herein.

My letter dated March 13, 1970, requested appropriate reporting of your repair plans and the significant results of your investigation and evaluation of the furnace-sensitized stainless steel safe ends prior to the resumption of NMP reactor operations. You have submitted this information along with your plans for future surveillance and the resumption of operations in the following documents:

1. "Reactor Primary System Investigation at Nine Mile Point Nuclear Station" dated May 1, 1970.
2. "Reactor Primary System Investigation at Nine Mile Point Nuclear Station - Report No. 2" dated May 11, 1970.
3. "Program for Restoration to Service Based on Reports of Primary System Investigation - Nine Mile Point Nuclear Station" dated May 11, 1970.

We have reviewed these reports, including the results of the investigative program and the evaluation of the metallurgical problem, and have concluded that your plans for repair of the safe ends and for resumption of operations are acceptable as set forth in your report (Item 3 above). In this regard, we note that a reinspection of furnace-

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sensitized safe ends will be made within one year. We further understand that efforts will be made to perform some of this surveillance during the year, whenever unscheduled shutdowns provide the opportunity for such inspection. We request that you provide a report of the results of this surveillance program, including evaluation of their significance promptly after completion,

The Advisory Committee on Reactor Safeguards (ACRS) reviewed this matter at its 122nd meeting held June 11-13, 1970. A copy of the report of the ACRS, dated June 16, 1970, is enclosed. In its report, the ACRS made recommendations concerning resumption and future operation of the facility. These items include:

1. At least one leak-detection system in addition to the proposed sump accumulation rate and dew point systems should be installed within a few months.
2. Assurance should be provided that the biological shield surrounding the reactor vessel can withstand the pressure that could be developed by loss of integrity of a safe end or nozzle, or that failure of the shield would have no intolerable consequences.

Please inform us expeditiously of your plans regarding implementation of item 1. With regard to item 2, we request that you submit an analysis of shield integrity and consequences of failure under the prescribed conditions. Please advise us of your planned schedule for submittal.

In addition, a program for surveillance of the sensitized material over the long term should be developed. Since determination of the appropriate extent of such a program will depend upon the results of the surveillance performed during the forthcoming year, we request that, in your report of this surveillance effort, you include your plans for further surveillance of this material.

Subject to the above considerations, we have concluded that resumption of operations of the Nine Mile Point reactor will not endanger the health and safety of the public.

Sincerely,

Peter A. Morris, Director  
Division of Reactor Licensing

Enclosure:

OFFICE ▶	ACRS Report - 6/16/70	DRL	DRL	DRL	DRL
cc:	Arvin E. Upton, Esquire	CDeBeyde pdl	EFleury	DSkovholt	
SURNAME ▶	LeBoeuf, Lamb, Leiby & Maddox	RDiggs	DZiemann	FSchroeder	PAMorris
DATE ▶		6/19/70	6/19/70	6/19/70	6/19/70

The first part of the document discusses the general principles of the project and the objectives that have been set. It outlines the scope of the work and the resources that will be required to complete it.

The second part of the document provides a detailed description of the methodology that will be used to carry out the project. This includes a discussion of the data collection methods and the analysis techniques that will be employed.

The third part of the document describes the results of the project to date. This includes a summary of the data that has been collected and the initial findings that have been identified.

The fourth part of the document discusses the conclusions that have been drawn from the project to date. This includes a summary of the key findings and the implications of these findings for the project as a whole.

The fifth part of the document provides a summary of the project and a list of references. This includes a brief overview of the project and a list of the sources that have been consulted in the course of the project.

The sixth part of the document contains a list of appendices. These appendices provide additional information that is relevant to the project, including a list of the data that has been collected and a list of the equipment that has been used.

The seventh part of the document contains a list of figures. These figures provide a visual representation of the data that has been collected and the findings that have been identified.

The eighth part of the document contains a list of tables. These tables provide a detailed summary of the data that has been collected and the findings that have been identified.

The ninth part of the document contains a list of references. These references provide a list of the sources that have been consulted in the course of the project.

The tenth part of the document contains a list of appendices. These appendices provide additional information that is relevant to the project, including a list of the data that has been collected and a list of the equipment that has been used.

ADVISORY COMMITTEE ON REACTOR SAFEGUARDS  
UNITED STATES ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20545

June 16, 1970

Honorable Glenn T. Seaborg  
Chairman  
U. S. Atomic Energy Commission  
Washington, D. C. 20545

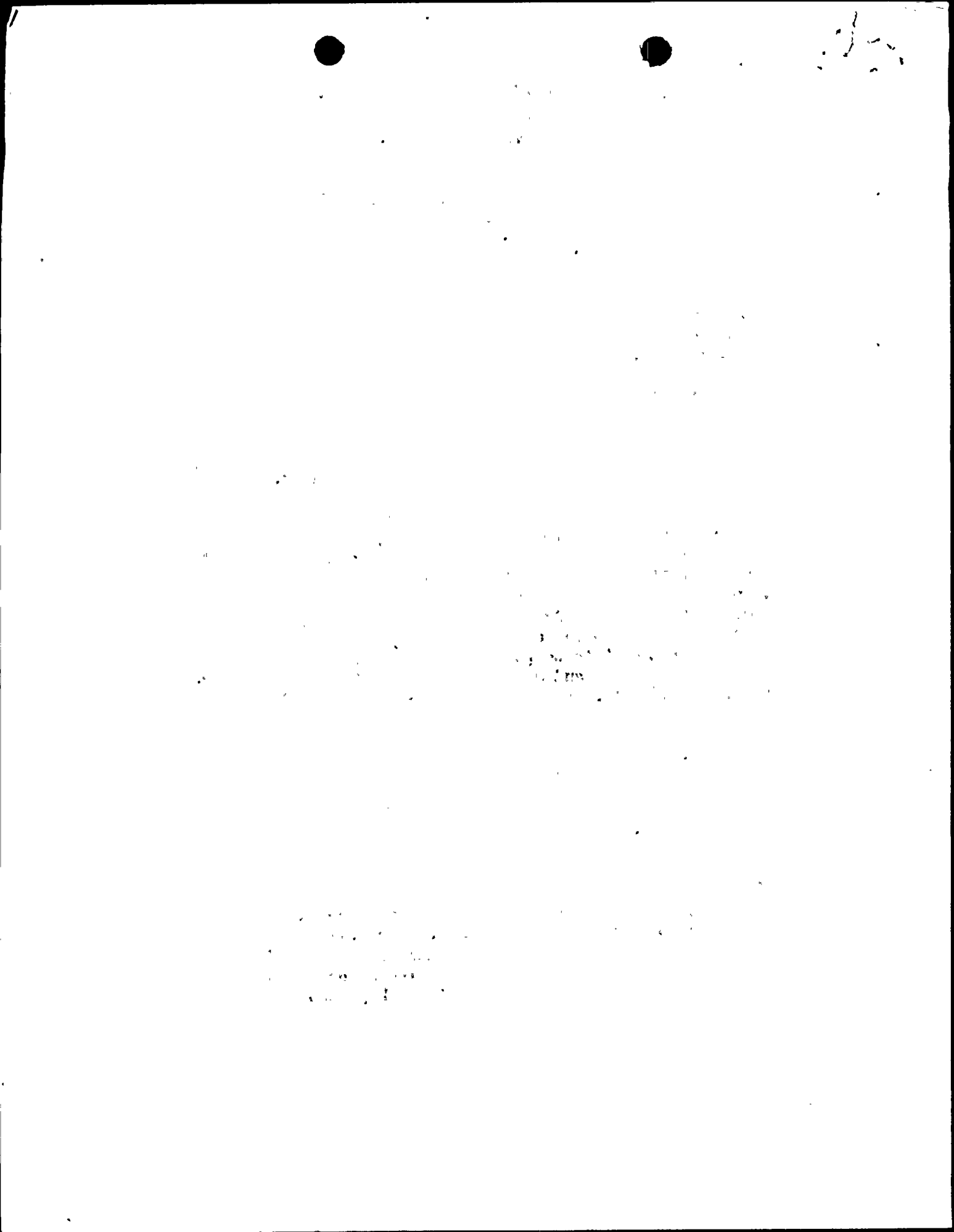
Subject: REPORT ON NINE MILE POINT NUCLEAR STATION

Dear Dr. Seaborg:

At its 122nd meeting, June 11-13, 1970, the Advisory Committee on Reactor Safeguards reviewed the program proposed by the Niagara Mohawk Power Corporation for restoration to service of the Nine Mile Point Station following the discovery during March, 1970, of cracks and leakage in a "safe end" (stainless steel extension of the reactor vessel nozzle). The program was also considered at Subcommittee meetings on May 5, 1970, and June 1 and 2, 1970. During its review, the Committee had the benefit of discussions with representatives of the applicant, the General Electric Company, the AEC Regulatory Staff, and their consultants, and of the documents listed. The Committee previously reported to you on this project on April 17, 1969.

Normal procedures for most reactor pressure vessels have been to join the austenitic stainless steel safe ends to the nozzles prior to the stress relieving heat treatment. This heat treatment sensitizes the safe ends, which makes the steel less resistant to certain types of corrosion. Sensitized austenitic stainless steels in this condition have given reasonably satisfactory service over many reactor years of operation.

The applicant and the General Electric Company have conducted an extensive investigation of the cracking and its causes. An independent stress analysis of the as-built piping has revealed that stresses in the cracked safe end, and one other safe end, were excessive. It is believed that this excessive stress, possibly in combination with a high concentration of



Hon. Glenn T. Seaborg

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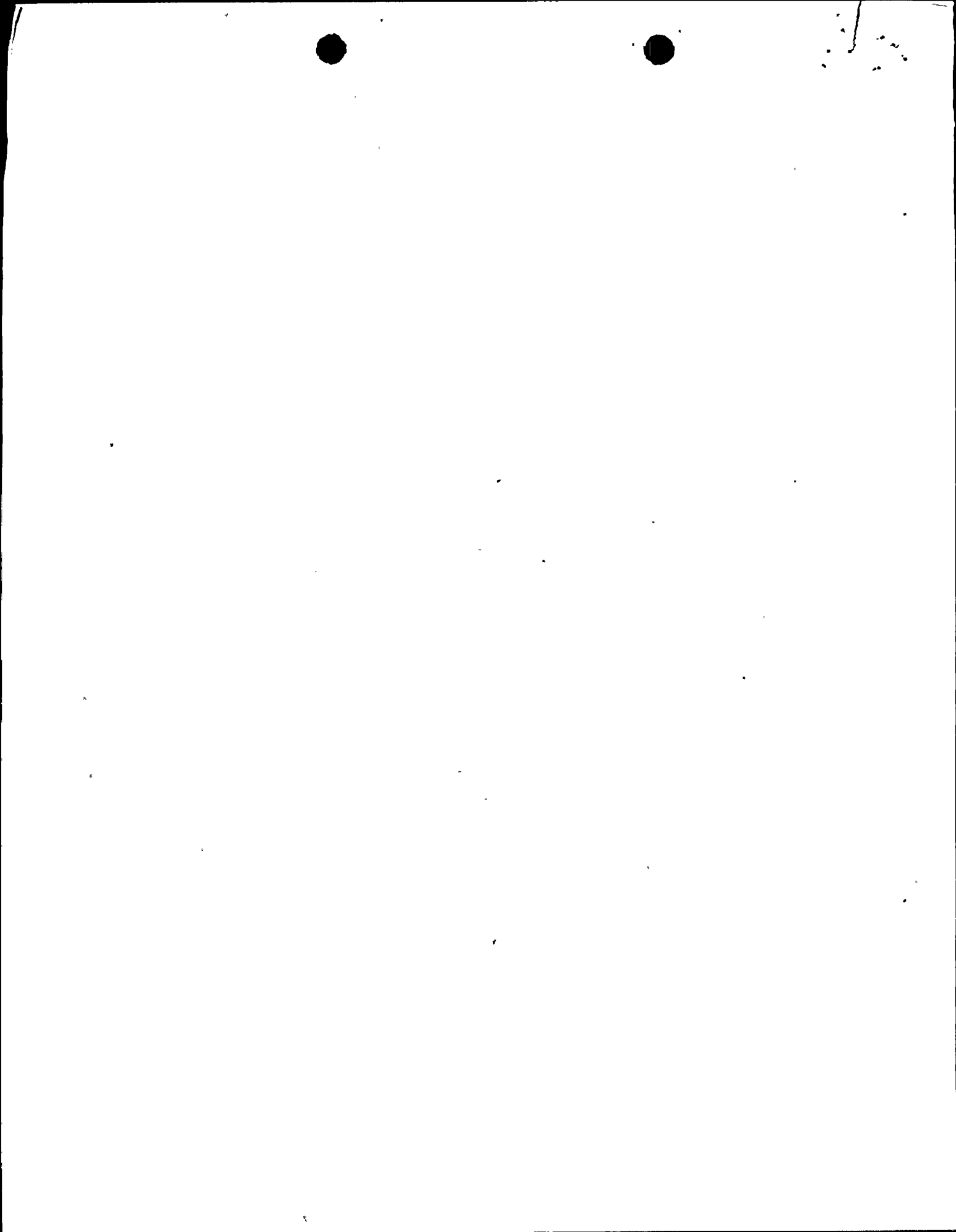
oxygen in the non-flowing fluid in the pipe concerned, caused the intergranular cracking of the furnace-sensitized stainless steel safe end. Both of the overstressed safe ends have been removed and replaced with new ones made of unsensitized material. The thermal sleeves have been slotted to avoid the possibility of gas bubbles at the high points. The piping supports have been rearranged, and the entire primary system re-analyzed, for both hot and cold conditions, to give assurance that stresses will remain within allowable limits.

One other safe end made of sensitized material has been removed and examined, found not to contain cracks, and has been replaced with a new one of unsensitized material. All other safe ends made of sensitized material have been non-destructively tested. The minor defects found will be ground out before the reactor is operated again.

The applicant stated that expansions of primary piping will be measured during a hot functional test to be conducted prior to restarting the reactor, to check the pipe supports and the seismic restraints.

The applicant has proposed an augmented surveillance program for the sensitized safe ends remaining in the primary system, including non-destructive testing at least once a year and re-checking piping expansions for several full thermal cycles. The Regulatory Staff should assure itself that the details of the proposed program are appropriate.

The applicant is studying improved leak-detection methods. The Committee believes that detection and location of small leaks is an essential part of the surveillance program. The applicant should expeditiously install such leak-detection devices as seem likely to give improved sensitivity or speed of leak detection. The Committee recommends that at least one leak-detection system in addition to the proposed sump accumulation rate and dew point systems be installed within a few months and wishes to be kept informed of progress in this regard.





June 24, 1970

The Committee believes that the Regulatory Staff should assure itself that the biological shield surrounding the reactor vessel can withstand the pressure that could be developed by loss of integrity of a safe end or nozzle, or that failure of the shield would have no intolerable consequences.

The ACRS believes that, if due regard is given to the recommendations above and in its previous report to you of April 17, 1969, there is reasonable assurance that the Nine Mile Point Nuclear Station can be operated at power levels up to 1538 MW(t) without undue risk to the health and safety of the public.

Sincerely yours,

Joseph M. Hendrie  
Chairman

References

1. Niagara Mohawk Power Corporation report, "Reactor Primary System Investigation at Nine Mile Point Nuclear Station," dated May 1, 1970.
2. Niagara Mohawk Power Corporation report, "Reactor Primary System Investigation at Nine Mile Point Nuclear Station, Report No. 2," dated May 11, 1970.
3. Niagara Mohawk Power Corporation report, "Program for Restoration to Service Based on Reports of Primary System Investigation Nine Mile Point Nuclear Station," dated May 11, 1970.



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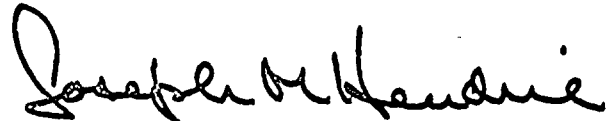
Hon. Glenn T. Seaborg

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The ACRS believes that, if due regard is given to the recommendations above and in its previous report to you of April 17, 1969, there is reasonable assurance that the Nine Mile Point Nuclear Station can be operated at power levels up to 1538 MW(t) without undue risk to the health and safety of the public.

Sincerely yours,



Joseph M. Hendrie  
Chairman

References

1. Niagara Mohawk Power Corporation report, NEDM-10159, "Preliminary Report, Core Spray Nozzle Safe End, Nine Mile Point Power Station", dated March 27, 1970.
2. Niagara Mohawk Power Corporation report, "Reactor Primary System Investigation at Nine Mile Point Nuclear Station, Report No. 2", dated May 11, 1970.
3. Niagara Mohawk Power Corporation report, "Program for Restoration to Service Based on Reports of Primary System Investigation 'Nine Mile Point Nuclear Station'", dated May 11, 1970.

