

U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

**Amendment No. 38**

**MATERIALS LICENSE**

Pursuant to the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, the Energy Reorganization Act of 1974 (Public Law 93-438), and Title 10, Code of Federal Regulations, Chapter I, Parts 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 37, 39, 40 and 70, and in reliance on statements and representations heretofore made by the licensee, a license is hereby issued authorizing the licensee to receive, acquire, possess, and transfer byproduct, source, and special nuclear material designated below; to use such material for the purpose(s) and at the place(s) designated below; to deliver or transfer such material to persons authorized to receive it in accordance with the regulations of the applicable Part(s). This license shall be deemed to contain the conditions specified in Section 183 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, and is subject to all applicable rules, regulations and orders of the Nuclear Regulatory Commission now or hereafter in effect and to any conditions specified below.

<p style="text-align: center;">Licensee</p> <p>1. Ball State University</p> <p>2. 2000 West University Avenue Muncie, Indiana 47306</p>	<p>In accordance with letter dated <b>July 11, 2016,</b></p> <p>3. License No. 13-06231-01 is amended in its entirety to read as follows:</p> <p>4. Expiration Date: January 31, 2023</p> <p>5. Docket No. 030-00700 Reference No.</p>
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6. Byproduct, source, and/or special nuclear material	7. Chemical and/or physical form	8. Maximum amount that licensee may possess at any one time under this license
A. Any byproduct material with Atomic Nos. 1-83, inclusive, with half-lives less than or equal to 120 days	A. Any	A. 10 millicuries per radionuclide and 500 millicuries total
B. Hydrogen-3	B. Any	B. 100 millicuries
C. Carbon-14	C. Any	C. 25 millicuries
D. Calcium-45	D. Any	D. 2 millicuries
E. Iodine-125	E. Bound, non-volatile	E. 2 millicuries

9. Authorized Use:
- A. through E. For research and development as defined in 10 CFR 30.4, including *in vitro* studies.

CONDITIONS

10. Licensed material shall be used only at the licensee's facilities located Ball State University (BSU) Campus, 2000 University Avenue, Muncie, Indiana, as approved by the BSU Radiation Safety Committee.
11. A. The Radiation Safety Officer (RSO) for this license is Mohammed Islam, Ph.D.
- B. The Alternate Radiation Safety Officer (ARSO) for this license is Larry Fromm, Ph.D.


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12. **Licensed material shall only be used by, or under the supervision of, individuals designated by the Radiation Safety Committee, Clare Chatot, Ph.D., Chairperson.**
13. Licensed material shall not be used in or on human beings, or in field applications where activity is released except as provided otherwise by specific condition of this license.
14. Detector cells containing licensed material shall not be opened or the sources removed from the detector cell by the licensee.
15. Maintenance, repair, cleaning, replacement, and disposal of foils contained in detector cells shall be performed only by the device manufacturer or other persons specifically authorized by the Commission or an Agreement State to perform such services.
16. Sealed sources containing licensed material shall not be opened.
17.
  - A. Sealed sources shall be tested for leakage and/or contamination at intervals not to exceed the intervals specified in the certificate of registration issued by the U. S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission under 10 CFR 32.210 or under equivalent regulations of an Agreement State.
  - B. In the absence of a certificate from a transferor indicating that a leak test has been made, within the intervals specified in the certificate of registration issued by the U. S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission under 10 CFR 32.210 or under equivalent regulations of an Agreement state, prior to the transfer, a sealed source received from another person shall not be put into use until tested and the test results received.
  - C. Sealed sources need not be leak tested if they contain only hydrogen-3; or they contain only a radioactive gas; or the half-life of the isotope is 30 days or less; or they contain no more than 100 microcuries of beta and/or gamma emitting material or not more than 10 microcuries of alpha emitting material.
  - D. Sealed sources need not be tested if they are in storage, and are not being used. However, when they are removed from storage for use or transferred to another person, and have not been tested within the required leak test interval, they shall be tested before use or transfer. No sealed source shall be stored for a period of more than 10 years without being tested for leakage and/or contamination.
  - E. The leak test shall be capable of detecting the presence of 0.005 microcurie (185 becquerels) of radioactive material on the test sample. If the test reveals the presence of 0.005 microcurie (185 becquerels) or more of removable contamination, a report shall be filed with the U. S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission in accordance with 10 CFR 30.50(c)(2), and the source shall be removed immediately from service and decontaminated, repaired, or disposed of in accordance with Commission regulations.
  - F. Tests for leakage and/or contamination, limited to leak test sample collection, shall be performed by the licensee or by other persons specifically licensed by the U. S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission or an Agreement State to perform such services.

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- G. Records of leak test results shall be kept in units of microcuries and shall be maintained for three years.
18. The licensee shall conduct a physical inventory every six months, or at other intervals approved by the U. S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, to account for all sources and/or devices received and possessed under the license. Records of inventories shall be maintained for five years from the date of each inventory, and shall include the radionuclides, quantities, manufacturer's name and model numbers, and the date of the inventory.
19. The licensee is authorized to hold radioactive material with a physical half-life of less than or equal to 120 days for decay-in-storage before disposal in ordinary trash, provided:
- A. Before disposal as ordinary trash, the waste shall be surveyed at the container surface with the appropriate survey instrument set on its most sensitive scale and with no interposed shielding to determine that its radioactivity cannot be distinguished from background. All radiation labels shall be removed or obliterated.
- B. A record of each such disposal permitted under this license condition shall be retained for three years. The record must include the date of disposal, the date on which the byproduct material was placed in storage, the radionuclides disposed, the survey instrument used, the background dose rate, the dose rate measured at the surface of each waste container, and the name of the individual who performed the disposal.
20. Except as specifically provided otherwise in this license, the licensee shall conduct its program in accordance with the statements, representations, and procedures contained in the documents, including any enclosures, listed below. The U. S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission's regulations shall govern unless the statements, representations, and procedures in the licensee's application and correspondence are more restrictive than the regulations.
- A. Application dated August 2, 2012 (ML12223A453)  
B. Letter dated January 28, 2013 (ML13046A266)  
C. Letter dated February 20, 2014 (ML14059A025)

FOR THE U. S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

Date OCT 04 2016By   
Kevin G. Null  
Materials Licensing Branch  
Region III