DOCKETED USHRC

September 15, 1999 *99 SEP 17 P 2:55

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

OFFICE OF SECTIONS RULEMARKINGS TO STAFF

BEFORE THE COMMISSION

In the Matter of	
HYDRO RESOURCES, INC. (2929 Coors Road, Suite 101 Albuquerque, NM 87120)	Docket No. 40-8968-ML ASLBP No. 95-706-01-ML
,	ASLBI No.

INTERVENORS EASTERN NAVAJO DINÉ AGAINST URANIUM MINING'S AND SOUTHWEST RESEARCH AND INFORMATION CENTER'S REPLY BRIEF ON REVIEW OF PARTIAL INITIAL DECISION LBP-99-13, FINANCIAL ASSURANCE FOR DECOMMISSIONING

INTRODUCTION

Pursuant to the Commission's July 23, 1999, Order, CLI-99-22, slip op. at 24, 50 NRC __ (July 23, 1999), Intervenors Eastern Navajo Diné Against Uranium Mining ("ENDAUM") and Southwest Research and Information Service ("SRIC") hereby reply to the Response Briefs filed by Hydro Resources Inc. ("HRI") and the Nuclear Regulatory Commission ("NRC" or "Commission") Staff regarding financial surety issues. The record is quite clear that the NRC Staff issued a license to HRI without first requiring compliance with either of the Commission's regulations for decommissioning financing, Criterion 9 of Appendix A to Part 40 or 10 C.F.R. § 40.36. Therefore, the license was issued unlawfully and should be revoked.

ARGUMENT

U.S. NUCLEAR PEQULATION COMMISSION RULEMAKING & ADRUM OF A 19 STAFF OF TOUR OF THE COMPLETION

Decument Statistics

Postmark Date 9/15/99
Copies Received 37 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7
RIDS, ELJ
- Omeil dist

I. THE NRC STAFF UNLAWFULLY ISSUED A LICENSE TO HRI WITHOUT REQUIRING HRI TO SATISFY CRITERION 9 OF APPENDIX A TO PART 40 OR 10 C.F.R. § 40.36.

In CLI-99-22, the Commission ruled that Criterion 9 of Appendix A to Part 40, rather than 10 C.F.R. § 40.36, governs decommissioning financing for the Crownpoint Project. *Id.*, slip op. at 22. The Commission also posed two questions directed to whether HRI's license application complied with the requirements of Criterion 9. *Id.*, slip op. at 24. In their Brief, the Intervenors demonstrated that the HRI license was issued improperly, without approval of any decommissioning plan or cost estimate for the Crownpoint Project, and that it is inappropriate and unlawful for the Staff to postpone its review of such information until after licensing.

In its response, HRI argues that Criterion 9 does not require pre-licensing submission and approval of decommissioning plans. The Staff supports this position, but also argues that Criterion 9 is not applicable to in situ leach ("ISL") mining, because it does not generate "tails." Therefore, the Staff contends that it lawfully applied 10 C.F.R. § 40.32 to allow HRI to defer the submission of decommissioning funding information.

NRC Staff Brief at 17. The Staff's argument constitutes a complete reversal of its previous position that Criterion 9 applies to the Crownpoint Project. *See* CLI-99-22, slip op. at 22 ("The Staff has acknowledged that the financial assurance requirements in Criterion 9 of Appendix A to Part 40 do in fact apply to HRI.")

As discussed below, neither of these arguments has merit. If, as the Commission

has ruled, Criterion 9 is applicable to the Crownpoint Project, it does not permit the deferral of a determination of the adequacy of decommissioning funding until after licensing. If Criterion 9 does not apply, as the NRC Staff argues, then the Staff must apply 10 C.F.R. § 40.36, which calls for essentially the same information as Criterion 9, and clearly requires the information to be submitted before licensing. HRI has satisfied neither Criterion 9 nor section 40.36. Whichever of these two regulations the Commission ultimately deems applicable, one thing is clear: the Staff lacks the discretion it claims to fashion its own loose regulatory scheme under 10 C.F.R. § 40.32.

A. The Staff's Issuance of HRI's License Violated Criterion 9 of Appendix A to 10 C.F.R. Part 40.

As the Commission recognizes in CLI-99-22, Criterion 9 of Appendix A to Part 40 requires that a decommissioning plan "must be submitted by the applicant along with its environmental report, prior to licensing." *Id.*, slip op. at 22. Both HRI and the NRC Staff concede that no such Commission-approved decommissioning plan exists for the Crownpoint Project or any portion thereof. HRI's Brief at 15, NRC Brief at 13-14. In fact, shortly after the Intervenors filed their appellate brief before the Commission, the NRC Staff issued a Request for Additional Information ("RAI") to HRI, which seeks the very information that Criterion 9 required to be submitted prior to licensing. Thus, the

¹See Letter from John J. Surmeier, NRC, to Richard F. Clement, Jr., HRI, re: Restoration Costs and Surety Review Submittals (August 31, 1999). Enclosure 1 to the letter is the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission Staff Request for Additional Information Concerning Hydro Resources, Inc.'s Proposed Surety Submittals. Enclosure 2 is a sample restoration/reclamation surety cost estimate. The Surmeier letter and its enclosures are attached to this brief as Exhibit 1. See also

record on this appeal clearly establishes that the NRC Staff unlawfully issued a license to HRI, in violation of Criterion 9 to Appendix A.

Completely ignoring the holding of CLI-99-22, HRI and the Staff attempt to justify HRI's failure to support its license application with any decommissioning plan, by contending that Criterion 9 does not require the submission of the information until the eve of operation. HRI Brief at 4, NRC Brief at 12.

HRI and the Staff both argue that by using the term "licensee" instead of "applicant" in Criterion 9, the Commission demonstrated its intent that Criterion 9's requirements would only apply to already-licensed facilities. HRI Brief at 5, NRC Brief at 5. Thus, in their view, Criterion 9 allows licensees to defer submittal of decommissioning plans, as long as they are submitted before operations begin. *Id.* This argument is defective, for several principal reasons. First, it ignores the Commission's express holding in CLI-99-22, that decommissioning plans must be submitted "prior to licensing." *Id.*, slip op. At 22. Second, the argument ignores the regulatory history of Appendix A. In promulgating Appendix A, the Commission recognized that it was necessary to regulate both existing *and* prospective operations. *See* preamble to Final Rule, Uranium Mill Licensing Requirements, 45 Fed. Reg. 65,521, 65,523 (October 3, 1980 ("It is critically important that the siting and design criteria of the regulations be implemented for new facilities so that mistakes of the past are not repeated.")

discussion in Section II below.

Finally, HRI's and the Staff's position is inconsistent with the Generic Environmental Impact Statement ("GEIS") for uranium milling, which discusses the importance of conducting the review of decommissioning funding documents *before* licensing. NUREG-0706, Final Generic Impact Statement on Uranium Milling at 12-5 (April, 1979). *See also* GEIS at 12-27.

HRI's and the Staff's attempts to discount the significance of the GEIS are without merit. For instance, HRI argues that the GEIS creates no enforceable requirements. HRI Brief at 6. Obviously, the GEIS does not constitute a regulation that is "enforceable" per se. It does, however, have significant binding effect in two respects. First, the GEIS is the Commission's designated vehicle for explaining the "detailed basis for the criteria" in Appendix A to Part 40. See Intervenors' Brief at 9, note 4, citing 45 Fed. Reg. 65,521, 65,529 (October 3, 1980). Thus, its precedential effect is equivalent to the preamble to the Final Rule that established Appendix A.

Moreover, the GEIS constitutes the National Environmental Policy Act ("NEPA") analysis on which the Commission relied for the promulgation of Appendix A. In the GEIS, the Commission evaluated a set of proposed regulations and determined that they would provide environmental protection consistent with the requirements of NEPA. (See GEIS, Section 1, Purpose and Scope of Statement, at page 2). In particular, as discussed above, the GEIS specifically anticipated that for prospective operations, decommissioning funding issues would be reviewed at the time of licensing. The GEIS

also anticipated that the public would have an opportunity to participate in the determinations. *Id.* at 12-15 ("Opportunity for public hearings should be provided in any mill or mill tailings licensing case.") If, as HRI argues, the Commission substantially changed Appendix A after publication of the GEIS to alter the requirement for submission of decommissioning plans by license applicants, then the GEIS no longer can be found to support Appendix A for purposes of compliance with NEPA. Under the circumstances, a new GEIS would have to be prepared that evaluates the significant change in the regulations.

B. The Staff's Actions in This Proceeding Are Inconsistent With Staff Guidance and Previous Staff Precedents.

In their August 13, 1999 Brief, the Intervenors cited NUREG-1569, Draft
Standard Review Plan for In Situ Leach Uranium Extraction License Applications
(September 1997), as well as examples of previous NRC Staff reviews of license
applications for Criterion 9 compliance, for the proposition that the Staff has departed
from its own guidance and practice in this case. Intervenors' Brief at 10-11. In response,
HRI argues that the Draft Standard Review Plan "does not establish immutable
requirements for regulatory compliance," and that the Commission should strike the
documentation provided by Intervenors of other NRC Staff reviews. HRI Brief at 8-9.
These arguments lack merit.

First, the Intervenors have never contended that the Draft Regulatory Guide constitutes binding precedent. Rather, it constitutes persuasive evidence of the Staff's

longstanding interpretation of Criterion 9 through its practice in implementing Criterion 9. The fact that the Staff has now deviated from the norm is an indicator that the Staff's actions in licensing HRI constitute an aberration rather than a valid and consistent interpretation of the regulations.

Second, the attachments to the Intervenors' brief should be considered, because they are offered as legal and policy precedents rather than factual evidence in this proceeding. None of the examples discussed in the attachments directly relate to the HRI proceeding, and thus they do not constitute supplements to the evidentiary record:

Rather, these attachments provide information regarding legal precedents in the interpretation of the Commission's own regulations. Although the Staff's decisions are not legally binding precedents, contemporaneous Staff interpretations of Appendix A to Part 40 shed light on the Staff's understanding of the meaning of its own regulations.²

C. HRI Was Required to Satisfy Either Criterion 9 or 10 C.F.R. § 40.36, But Satisfied Neither Requirement.

Apparently recognizing the weakness of its claim that Criterion 9 permits a license applicant to postpone submission of a decommissioning plan until after licensing, the NRC Staff takes the position that Criterion 9's requirement for a decommissioning

²In contrast to the attachments to the Intervenors' initial brief, the attachment to this Reply Brief does constitute relevant evidence that has not been included in the evidentiary record of this case. The Commission has recognized that such evidence may be considered where evidence is "newly discovered and tended to show that significant testimony in the record was false." <u>Toledo Edison Co.</u>, ALAB-430, 6 NRC 457, 459 (1977). Accordingly, Exhibit 1 to this brief should be accepted as relevant and probative new evidence by the Commission.

plan does not apply at all. NRC Staff Brief at 6-7. This constitutes a complete reversal of the position taken by the Staff in its February, 1999, response to the Intervenors' evidentiary presentation, in which the Staff unequivocally argued that Criterion 9 is the governing regulation.³ NRC Staff's Response to Intervenors' Presentations on Technical Qualification, Financial and Decommisioning Issues at 4 (February 18, 1999) ("NRC Staff Response").

According to the Staff, HRI produces no "tailings," and therefore is not subject to Criterion 9's requirement for a decommissioning plan. Under the Staff's reasoning, it is logical to conclude that an ISL mine is not a "milling operation" as defined in 10 C.F.R. § 40.4, because it produces no tailings.⁴

The NRC Staff appears to have come full circle, into agreement with the Intervenors' position that ISL mining is not subject to Criterion 9 because it is not a "milling operation." *See* ENDAUM's and SRIC's Brief in Opposition to HRI's Application for a Materials License With Respect to Financial Assurance for

³The Staff tries to downplay its complete reversal by suggesting that "some" aspects of Criterion 9 apply to ISL mining. NRC Staff Brief at 10, note 13. According to the Staff, it has "previously emphasized in this proceeding that not all of the Criterion 9 provisions apply to ISL mining." *Id.*, citing NRC Staff Response at 5-8. However, nothing in this section of the NRC's February, 1999, Response even hints that the Staff considered any portion of Criterion 9 to be inapplicable.

⁴Although the Intervenors essentially agree with the NRC Staff that Criterion 9 is a poor fit for ISL mining, they submit that the Staff's reading of Criterion 9 is both narrow and tortured. *See* NRC Staff Brief at 5-7.

Decommissioning at 3 (January 11, 1999). The Staff, however, fails to follow this reasoning to its logical and inevitable conclusion: if Criterion 9 does not apply, then 10 C.F.R. § 40.36 must apply. By its own terms, § 40.36 applies to all materials license applicants,

"[e]xcept for licenses authorizing the receipt, possession, and use of source material for uranium or thorium milling, or byproduct material at sites formerly associated with such milling, for which financial assurance requirements are set forth in Appendix A of this part."

If, as the Staff argues, the Crownpoint ISL operation does not constitute a "milling" facility, then the operation is subject to 10 C.F.R. § 40.36.⁵ The Staff completely lacks the "discretion" it claims under 10 C.F.R. § 40.32 to substitute its own alternative regulatory scheme in place of the Commission's duly promulgated decommissioning regulations.⁶

II. HRI FAILED TO SUBMIT, AND THE STAFF HAS FAILED TO APPROVE, INFORMATION THAT WOULD SATISFY CRITERION 9 OR 10 C.F.R. § 40.36.

The record is clear beyond debate that HRI has not submitted, nor has the Staff approved, the decommissioning funding information required as a prerequisite to the

⁵No party has argued that the Crownpoint Project is at a site "formerly associated with such milling," the other factor which would exempt it from § 40.36.

⁶Moreover, the fact that the NRC Staff attempts to cloak its illegal conduct in the mantle of "Performance-Based Licensing" highlights the Intervenors' previously expressed concern that PBL is being used illegally to delegate oversight of facilities to the nuclear industry and to preclude public participation in the regulation of those facilities. NRC Staff Brief at 17. *See also* HRI Brief at 11.

issuance of a license under Criterion 9 or 10 C.F.R. § 40.36. As the Staff concedes in its Brief, "HRI's 1997 financial plan does not form an adequate basis on which to estimate what it would cost a third party to decommission HRI's Section 8 site, restore the groundwater there, and perform land reclamation there." NRC Brief at 20. Thus, even with respect to the limited portion of the licensed Crownpoint Project represented by Section 8, HRI has not submitted the information that would permit evaluation of the proper amount of the surety under Criterion 9 or 10 C.F.R. § 40.36.

III. THE NRC MUST PROVIDE A LICENSING HEARING ON THE ADEQUACY OF THE AMOUNT OF THE SURETY AND THE SURETY ARRANGEMENTS.

The NRC concedes that the Intervenors are entitled to a hearing on the adequacy of HRI's decommissioning funding estimate and the adequacy of its proposed surety arrangements. NRC Brief at 20. The Intervenors are entitled to a hearing on the adequacy of the decommissioning funding estimate and the surety arrangements for the entire Crownpoint project, before the project is allowed to commence.

⁷The NRC Staff's recent RAI to HRI gives illustrative detail to the general statements made in the NRC's Brief. The amount of detail that is still lacking is quite astounding. For instance, at page 3 of the RAI, the Staff states that:

HRI's proposed restoration and reclamation plan (hereafter referred to as 'rec plan') lacks sufficient enough detail for the NRC staff to make an adequate decision with respect to the acceptability of HRI's reclamation costs. Specifically, HRI's rec plan submittal lacks and details concerning cost basis figures and assumptions, calculations and/or methodologies used in deriving cost estimates, references, and clarity with respect to its cost detail figures.

Respectfully Submitted this 15th day of September, 1999.

Douglas/Meiklejohn

Lila Bird

New Mexico Environmental Law Center

1405 Luisa Street, Suite 5

Santa Fe, NM 87505

(505) 989-9022

Diane Curran

Harmon, Curran, Spielberg

& Eisenberg LLP

1726 "M" Street, NW Suite 600

Washington, DC 20036

(202) 328-3500

Attorneys for Intervenors Eastern Navajo Diné Against Uranium Mining and Southwest Research and Information Center.



UNITED STATES NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20555-0001

4 ...)

August 31, 1999

Mr. Richard F. Clement, Jr., President Hydro Resources, Inc. PO Box 15910 Rio Rancho, NM 87174

SUBJECT: RESTORATION COSTS AND SURETY REVIEW SUBMITTALS

Dear Mr. Clement:

This letter is in response to Hydro Resources, Inc.'s (HRI's) proposed restoration costs and surety submittals dated February 4 and March 19, 1999, respectively. Included In your February 4 submittal was a letter to Ms. Katherine Yuhas of the New Mexico Environmental Department, dated September 11, 1997, providing updated restoration cost estimates for HRI's proposed Church Rock - Section 8 in-situ leach uranium mining project. HRI's March 19 submittal provided draft text for a performance bond, performance bond guarantee, and a trust agreement for the Crownpoint project. Enclosure 1 is the NRC staff's review and request for additional information concerning these submittals.

In addition, Enclosures 2 and 3 are examples of restoration cost submittals that provide an acceptable level of detail for NRC staff review. If you have any questions regarding this subject matter, please contact Mr. Robert Carlson of my staff at (301) 415-8165.

Sincerely

John J. Surmeier, Chief
Uranium Recovery and
Low-Level Waste Branch
Division of Waste Management
Office of Nuclear Material Safety
and Safeguards

Enclosures: As stated

cc: K. Yuhas, NMED

See Attached List

EXHIBIT

Douglas Meiklejohn New Mexico Environmental Law Center 1405 Luisa Street, Suite 5 Santa Fe, New Mexico 87505

W. Paul Robinson
Chris Shuey
Southwest Research and
Information Center
PO Box 4524
Albuquerque, New Mexico 87106

Anthony J. Thompson, Esq. Counsel for Hydro Resources, Inc. Shaw, Pittman, Potts & Trowbridge 2300 N Street, N.W. Washington, DC 20037-1128

ENCLOSURE 1

U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION STAFF REQUEST FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION CONCERNING HYDRO RESOURCES, INC.'S PROPOSED SURETY SUBMITTALS

The following request for information (RAI) is composed of two sections. Section I contains the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) staff comments related to Hydro Resources, Inc.'s (HRI's) proposed "Performance Bond and Trust Agreement Formats" submittal, dated March 19, 1999. Section II consists of the NRC staff comments related to HRI's proposed "Church Rock - Section 8 Restoration and Reclamation" plan submittal, dated February 4, 1999.

When addressing this RAI, HRI should ensure that its responses correspond to the following numerical order of NRC staff comments for future tracking and closure purposes.

SECTION I - PERFORMANCE BOND AND TRUST AGREEMENT COMMENTS

1. COMMENT: Penal Sum Amount

DISCUSSION:

Neither the performance or performance guarantee bonds have penal sum amounts listed. Once HRI adequately addresses the NRC staff's subsequent comments regarding restoration and reclamation costs, a penal sum figure should be established for each of the aforementioned bonds.

ACTION NEEDED:

HRI should submit a penal sum amount for both the performance and performance guarantee bonds prior to NRC staff approval of HRI's surety instruments.

2. COMMENT: Performance Bond Provisions for Injection Well Plugging and Abandonment

DISCUSSION:

Under the current provisions of the performance bond for injection well plugging and abandonment, if HRI cannot provide alternate financial assurance during the 60 days following receipt of a notice of bond cancellation, the bond amount will be placed in the standby trust. The provisions also state that the cancellation will not occur during the 120-day period, beginning with receipt of the note of cancellation. These two dates are inconsistent. The NRC's "Technical Position on Financial Assurance for Reclamation, Decommission, and Long-Term Surveillance and Control of Uranium Recovery Facilities," dated October 1988, recommends that both dates should be 90 days.

ACTION NEEDED:

HRI should correct the above mentioned date discrepancies in the provisions of its performance bond.

3. COMMENT: Performance Bond Provisions for Closure Activities

DISCUSSION:

Under the current provisions of the performance bond for closure activities, if HRI cannot provide alternate financial assurance during the 60 days following receipt of a notice of bond cancellation, the bond amount will be placed in the standby trust. The provisions also state that the cancellation will not occur during the 120-day period, beginning with receipt of the note of cancellation. These two dates are inconsistent. The NRC's "Technical Position on Financial Assurance for Reclamation, Decommission, and Long-Term Surveillance and Control of Uranium Recovery Facilities," dated October 1988, recommends that both dates should be 90 days.

ACTION NEEDED:

HRI should correct the above mentioned date discrepancies in the provisions of its performance bond.

4. COMMENT: Standby Trust Agreement

DISCUSSION:

HRI's proposed standby trust instrument should be revised to be consistent with the recommended wording for standby trust agreements in the NRC's "Technical Position on Financial Assurance for Reclamation, Decommission, and Long-Term Surveillance and Control of Uranium Recovery Facilities," dated October 1988. Also, information contained in example Schedules A, B, and C of the NRC's standby trust need to be provided as recommended in the above mentioned technical position.

ACTION NEEDED:

HRI should revise its proposed standby trust agreement to be consistent with language found in the NRC's "Technical Position on Financial Assurance for Reclamation, Decommission, and Long-Term Surveillance and Control of Uranium Recovery Facilities," dated October 1988.

5. **COMMENT:** Consolidation of State and NRC Surety Instruments

DISCUSSION:

HRI's proposed Performance Guarantee Bond currently is written in terms of addressing the New Mexico Environmental Department's (NMED's) restoration and reclamation

requirements. In order to avoid unnecessary duplication and expense, 10 CFR Part 40, Appendix A, Criterion 9 (Financial Criteria) clearly allows for consolidation of State and Federal financial or surety arrangements established to meet restoration, reclamation, and decommissioning costs provided that "the portion of the surety which covers the decommissioning and reclamation of the mill, mill tailings site and associated areas ... is clearly identified and committed for use in accomplishing these activities." Although these activities are implied in HRI's proposed surety instrument and in its March 19, 1999, letter to NRC and NMED, the Performance Guarantee Bond should state directly the requirements of Criterion 9 above.

ACTION NEEDED:

HRI should revise the language of its proposed surety instrument to adhere to 10 CFR Part 40, Appendix A, Criterion 9 requirements regarding specific delineation of decommissioning and reclamation costs.

SECTION II - CHURCH ROCK-SECTION 8 RESTORATION AND RECLAMATION PLAN COMMENTS

6. COMMENT: Cost Details for Restoration and Reclamation Activities

DISCUSSION:

HRI's proposed restoration and reclamation plan (hereafter referred to as 'rec plan') lacks sufficient enough detail for the NRC staff to make an adequate decision with respect to the acceptability of HRI's reclamation costs. Specifically, HRI's rec plan submittal lacks any details concerning cost basis figures and assumptions, calculations and/or methodologies used in deriving cost estimates, references, and clarity with respect to its cost detail figures. This information should be descriptive enough for the NRC staff to determine the acceptability of HRI's proposed cost figures, and should be based on an independent contractor performing the decommissioning and reclamation work in accordance with 10 CFR Part 40, Appendix A, Criterion 9 requirements. Examples of acceptable "levels of detail" for cost estimates pertaining to surety submittals can be found in Appendix E of the NRC's draft "Standard Review Plan for In-Situ Leach Uranium Extraction License Applications" (NUREG-1569, dated October 1997), and Section 4 of the NRC's "Technical Position on Financial Assurances for Reclamation, Decommissioning, and Long-Term Surveillance and Control of Uranium Recovery Facilities" (dated October 1988).

ACTION NEEDED:

HRI should provide additional cost details for the restoration and reclamation activities associated with its surety submittal.

7. COMMENT: Cost Areas for Restoration and Reclamation Activities

DISCUSSION:

HRI's proposed rec plan fails to adequately address numerous areas of decommissioning regarding restoration and reclamation costs. The following areas are deficient in HRI's rec plan submittal: a) facility decommissioning costs are not inclusive (e.g., no costs identified for restoration and decommissioning efforts associated with the Crownpoint processing facility, nor for the proposed evaporation ponds at Section 8) and lack sufficient detail to determine their adequacy; b) ground-water restoration costs do not indicate a restoration method for the proposed 1.33 billion gallon restoration effort at Section 8 (i.e., 9 pore volumes); c) radiological survey and environmental monitoring costs are not reflected; d) no project management and miscellaneous costs are specified; e) no contractor profit indicated, and labor and equipment overhead costs are sketchy; and f) no contingency cost is reflected. As mentioned in Comment 6 above, this information should be descriptive enough for the NRC staff to determine the acceptability of HRI's proposed cost figures, and should be based on an independent contractor performing the decommissioning and reclamation work in accordance with 10 CFR Part 40, Appendix A, Criterion 9 requirements. Examples of acceptable "levels of detail" for cost estimates pertaining to surety submittals can be found in Appendix E of the NRC's draft "Standard Review Plan for In-Situ Leach Uranium Extraction License Applications" (NUREG-1569, dated October 1997), and Section 4 of the NRC's "Technical Position on Financial Assurances for Reclamation, Decommissioning, and Long-Term Surveillance and Control of Uranium Recovery Facilities" (dated October 1988).

ACTION NEEDED:

HRI should provide additional cost information in the areas of decommissioning listed above for the restoration and reclamation activities associated with its surety submittal.

8. COMMENT: Well-Field Zone Map

DISCUSSION:

HRI's proposed rec plan includes an enclosure titled "Church Rock Section 8 - Pore Volume Calculated By Zone." However, it is unclear what the Section 8 zone designations represent in this enclosure (e.g., UA, LA, UB, etc.). HRI should submit a proposed well-field map clarifying the zone designations and locations within Section 8.

ACTION NEEDED:

HRI should submit a proposed well-field map that clarifies the zone designations and locations within Section 8.

9. COMMENT: Proposed Bonding Figure

DISCUSSION:

HRI proposed to initially bond for one-third of the total Section 8 project cost, which it estimates at \$8,017,063 over a five year period. HRI further indicated that groundwater restoration at the first well-field would be \$1,001,532. In order for the NRC staff to adequately review the proposed surety amount, HRI must submit a detailed plan with appropriate cost figures that clearly indicates all current and future activities requiring reclamation and decommissioning prior to the NRC's next annual surety review (e.g., surface construction and/or disturbances, facilities and equipment, etc.), in addition to restoration costs of the first well-field.

ACTION NEEDED:

HRI should submit a detailed plan with appropriate cost figures for all current and future activities requiring reclamation and decommissioning prior to the NRC's next annual surety review.

ENCLOSURE 2

1999 RESTORATION/RECLAMATION SURETY COST ESTIMATE

<u>SUMMARY</u>

A.	Groundwater Restoration	\$4,547,963
В.	Wellfield Reclamation	2,308,364
C.	Commercial Plant Reclamation/Decommissioning	339,445
D	R O Building Reclamation/Decommissioning	49.918
E.	Evaporation Pond Reclamation	407,536
F	Miscellaneous Site Reclamation	60,870
G.	Deep Disposal Well Reclamation	65,055
H.	I - 196 Brule Aquifer Restoration	<u> 26,466</u>
	Subtotal	\$7,805,617
1.	Contract Administration (10° o)	780,562
J.	Contingency (15%)	1,170,843
	TOTAL	\$9.757.023

BASIS OF COSTS:

Costs used in the surety bond calculations are based on the following rationale:

- Labor Rates: Labor rates are based on 1998 actual CBR labor for plant and wellfield operations including benefits and payroll taxes, plus 20% for contractors overhead and profit.
- 2. <u>Disposal Costs</u>: Disposal costs of hyproduct material are based on a current disposal agreement held by CBR

	Fee	Transport Cost	<u>Total</u>
Packaged Maternal	\$10.00/cf	\$2.42/cf	\$12.42/cf
Soil, etc.	\$81.00/cy	\$66.00/cy	\$147 00/cy

Disposal of non-byproduct material will be at a licensed landfill per NDEQ permit. \$10 load fee plus transport cost of \$360/20 tons @ 30 miles.

- 3 Power Costs Based on actual 1998 power costs including demand fintor, energy charge, taxes, and service fees, \$0.05/Kw-hr
- 4 Equipment Costs

<u>Equipment</u>	Base(1) Rental <u>Cost</u> (\$/hr)	Labor <u>Cost</u> (\$/hr)	Oper. <u>Cost</u> (\$/hr)	Fuel(2) <u>Cost</u> (\$/hr)	Mob. &(3) <u>Demoh</u> (\$/hr)	<u>Total</u> (\$/hr)
IT12 Loader	21	17	9 .	4	2	53
Shredder	12			incl.	incl.	12
	85	17	19	12	2	135
Bulldozer (D8N)			ıncl.	incl.	incl.	42
Smeal	42	ıncl	IIICI.			12
Mixing Unit	12			incl.	incl.	14

- (1) From Nebraska Machinery rental rates for IT12 and D8N. Shredder and mixing units are estimates.
- (2) From Caterpillar Handbook, Edition 19 fuel consumption using \$1.00/gal for diesel cost.
- (3) Based on \$2.08/mile at 90 miles one way x 2 trips/176 hours

A. GROUNDWATER RESTORATION

Restoration costs are based on restoring Mine Units (MU) 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6 MU-1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 are based on actual installed information. Construction of MU-6 is underway.

Mine Unit	Thickness (ft)	No. Patterns	Pattern Size (ft²)	Porosity	Pore Volume (gals)	Mine Unit Total Area (Acres)
MU-I	19.6 -	- 38	10.624	0.29	17,165,000	93
	•	52	9.800	0 29	18,018,500	11.7
MU-2	16.3	57	10.284	0.29	15,894,490	13.4
MU-3	12.5	-		0.29	28,918,420	23 7
MU-1	12.9	96	10,765			31.8
MU-5	14.4	187	7,557	0.29	44,142,110	34.2
MU-6	16.2	191	7,561	0.29	50,748,970	=
MU-7	15.0	200	I() (n, n)	. 50	65,076,000	45 9

<u>MU-1</u>

Total

1)	υ υ υ	nove 1 pore volumes (PV) groundwater trans Produce at 1,150 gpm with (36) 32 gpm dov Total horsepower = 180 HP Time to do work. 1 PV x 17,165,000 gal/PV x 1 min/1,150 ga 1 hour/60 min = 249 hours Power Cost.	vnhole pumps (5	i НР).	
		249 hours x 180 HP x .75 Kw/I/P x \$0 05/1 Labor Cost:	(w-hr =	\$1,681	
	J	249 hours x 2 man-day/8 hours x \$136/man	ı-day =	<u>8.466</u>	\$10.147
			or \$ 0	59/1000 gal	
2)	Tre o a	at 4 PV with R O and re-inject permeate usi 4 PV x 17,165,000 gal/PV x 1 min/300 gal Power cost: Downhole pume HP 300 gpm/32 gpm/pump x 5 HP pump Injection Pump R.O. System R.O. Unit pump Permeate pump Waste pump	ang a 300 gpm R 1 x 1 hr/60 min = 47 HP 25 HP 123 HP 40 HP 8 HP 243 HP	3,814 hows	
		3.814 hrs x 243 HP x 75 Kw/HP x \$0.05.	Ku-hr =	\$34,755	
	b.	Chemical Cost: Antiscalant: \$31/gal x 0 20 gal/hr x 3,814 Reductant. \$0 29/lb x 0 56 lb Na2S/1000 x 17,165,000 gal/PV=	hrs = gal × 4PV	23,647 11.150	
	с	Labor Cost. 3.814 hrs x 2 man-day/8 hours x \$136/m Total	an-day =	<u>\$129,676</u>	\$199,228
			or \$	18y 000,1\00 gal	
7		Power Cost: (36) 5 HP downhole pumps = (1) Injection pump =	180 HP <u>30 HP</u>		
		Total HP 210 HP × 249 hrs × 75 Kw/HP × \$0.05	210 HP /Kw-hr =	\$1,961	
	t	Chemical Cost 1 PV x 17,165,000 gal/PV x 0 56 lb No x \$0 29/lb =	a25/1000 gal	2,788	
		e Labor Cost: (see above)		<u>8,466</u>	\$13,215

or \$0.77/1000 gal

\$13,215

4)	lor	reparts, filters, consumables, etc items 1-4 above are estimated to be \$16,468/yr Time to do work is 3,358 hours/24 hours =140 days \$16,468/yr x 140/365=		\$6,316	
5)	Sar	npling and Monitoring.			
	o	Number of wells to be sampled are a minimum			
		of 10 per mine unit or 1/acre plus any monitor			
		wells on excursion.			
	a.	Sample prior to restoration			
		10 wells x \$150/well (32 parameter suite) =	\$1,500		
	b	Phase I sampling (GW transfer/sweep)			
		10 wells x \$47/well (6 parameters) x 1 month =	470		
	٥	Phase 2 sampling (4PV R.O., 1PV reductant)			
		10 wells x \$150/well x 6 months =	9,000		
	ď	Phase 3 sampling (stabilization)			
		10 wells x \$150/well x 6 months =	9,000		
	ď	Monitor well sampling.			
		14 wells x 2 samples/month x \$47 well x 13 months =	12.108		
	ľ	Other lab analysis (radon, urnalysis, etc)			
		\$806/month x 5 months =	<u>4,030</u>		
		Total sampling and monitoring		\$ 41.108	
6)		pervisory labor for restoration work (including 33% perhead factor)			
	a .	(1) Engineer 6.256 /month $\times 7$ months =	\$43,792		
	b	(1) Radiation Technician \$5,212/month \ 7 months =	<u>36,484</u>		
		(Operator wages included in above calculations)			
				<u>\$ 80,276</u>	
				c350 200	
N	ĽU-i	TOTAL		\$350,290	

• . . .

.

e 1

MU-2

				•
1)	υ	move 1 PV, gw transfer/sweep 1 PV x 18,018,500 gal/PV x 1 min/1,150 gal x 1 hr/60 min = 261 hours 1 PV x 18,018,500 gal/PV x \$0.59/1000 gal =		\$10,631
2)		Treat 4 PV with R.O and inject permeate o		\$209,015
3)		Recirculate 1 PV with reductant o Time = 261 hours a 1PV x 18,018,500 gal/PV x \$0.77/1000 gal =		\$13,874
4)		Spare parts, etc. o Total time to do work = 147 days a. \$16,468/yr x 147-365 =		\$6.632
5)	•	Sampling and monitoring - 12 restoration wells plus 14 monitor wells. a. Sample prior to restoration 12 wells x \$150/well	El con	
		(32 parameter suite) = b Phase I sampling (gw transfer/sweep) 12 wells x \$47/well x 1 month (6 parameters) =	\$1,800 564	
		c. Phase 2 sampling (4PV R O., 1PV reductant) 12 wells x \$150/well x 6 months = d Phase 3 sampling (stabilization) 12 wells x \$150/well x 6 months =	10,800	
		e Monitor well sampling 14 wells x 2 samples/month x \$4" well x 13 months =	17,108	
		Other lab analysis (radon, urinalysis, etc.) \$806/month x 5 months =	<u> 4,030</u>	\$45,102
	7)	Supervisory Labor (same as MU-1)		\$80,276
		MU-2 TOTAL		\$365,530

<u>MU-3</u>

1)	Remove 1 PV, gw transfer/sweep o 1 PV x 15.894.490 gal/PV x 1 min/1,150 gal x 1 hr/60 min = 230 hours		
	a. $1 \text{ PV} \times 15,894,490 \text{ gal/PV} \times \$0.59/1000 \text{ gal} =$		\$9.378
2)	Treat 4 PV with R.O. and inject permeate $\sigma = 4PV _X$ 15,894,490 gal/PV _X 1 min/300 gal/\times		
	1 hr/60 min = 3,532 hours		
	a $4 \text{ PV } \times 15,894,490 \text{ gal/PV } \times \$2.90/1000 \text{ gal} =$		\$184.376
3)	Recirculate 1 PV with reductant		
	o Time = 230 hours		\$12,239
	a IPV x 15,894,490 gal/PV x \$0,77/1000 gal =		3,0,00
1)	Spare parts, etc.		
	o Total time to do work = 100 days		87.489
	а \$16,468/х x 166/365 =		
5)	Sampling and monitoring 18 restoration wells plus		
	14 monitor wells a 18 wells x \$150/well =	\$2,700	
	and the second	846	
	and the state of t	13,500	
•		16,200	
	14 2 lender out by \$17 is all		
	x 12 months =	15,792	
	f. Other lab. \$806/month x 6 months =	<u> 4.836</u>	
	Total		\$53,874
(6)	Supervisory Labor	e 27 524	
	a (1) Engineer \$6,256/month x 6 months =	\$37.536	
	b (1) Radiation Technician \$5.212/month x 6 months =	31,272	
	(Operator wages included in above calculations)		\$ 68,808
			
	MI STOTAL		\$336,164
	MU-3 TOTAL		

<u>MU-1</u>

2)	Remove 1 PV, gw transfer/sweep. o 1 PV x 28,918,420 gal/PV x 1 min/1.150 gal x 1 hr/60 min = 419 hours a. 1 PV x 28,918,420 gal/PV x \$0 59/1000 gal = Treat 4 PV with R.O. and inject permeate. o 4PV x 28,918,420 gal/PV x 1 min/300 gal x 1 hr/60 min = 6,426 hours a 4 PV x 28,918,420 gal/PV x \$2,90/1000 gal =		\$17,062 \$335,454
3)	Recirculate 1 PV with reductant. o Time = 419 hours a 1PV x 28.918,420 gal/PV x \$0.77 (1000) gal =		. \$22,267
1)	Spare parts, etc o		\$13.671
5)	Sampling and monitoring 25 restoration wells plus 18 monitor wells. a 25 wells x 150/well= b 25 wells x 47/well x 1 months= c 25 wells x 150/well x 9 months= d 25 wells x 150/well x 6 months= e 18 wells x 2 samples/month x 47/well x 16 months = f Other lab \$806/month x 10 months=	\$3,750 1,175 33,750 22,500 27,072 8,060	\$96,307
6)	Supervisory Labor a (1) Engineer: \$6,256/month × 10 months= b. (1) Radiation Technician. \$5,212/month × 10 months (Operator wages included in above calculations)	\$62,560 <u>52,120</u>	<u>\$114,680</u>
	MU-4 TOTAL		S599,441

<u>MU-5</u>

1)	Remove 1 PV, gw transfer/sweep o 1 PV x 44.142.110 gal/PV x 1 min/1.150 gal x 1 hr/60 min = 640 hours a 1 PV x 44.142.110 gal/PV x \$0.59/1000 gal =		\$26.044
2)	Treat 4 PV with R.O and inject permeate 0		\$512,048
3)	Recirculate 1 PV with reductant o Time = 640 hours a. 1PV x 44,142.110 gal/PV x \$0.77/1000 gal =		\$33,989
. 4)	Spare parts, etc o Total tune to do work = 462 days a \$16.468/yr x 462/365 =		\$20,844
. 51	Sampling and monitoring 33 restoration wells plus 52 monitor wells a 33 wells × \$150/well= b 33 wells × \$47/well × 1 months= c 33 wells × 150/well × 14 months= d 33 wells × 150/well × 6 months= e 52 wells × 2 samples/month × 47/well × 21 months = f Other lab \$806/month × 15 months=	\$4,950 1,551 69,300 29,700 102,648 12,090	\$220,239
6)	Supervisory Labor a. (1) Engineer \$6,256/month x 15 months= b. (1) Radiation Technician. \$5,212/month x 15 months (Operator wages included in above calculations)	<u>78,180</u> \$93,840	
	·		<u>\$172,020</u>
	MU-5TOTAL		\$985,184

<u>MU-6</u>

1)	Remove 1 PV, gw transfer/sweep o 1 PV x 50,748,970 gal/PV x 1 min/1,150 gal x 1 hr/60 min = 735 hours a. 1 PV x 50,748,970 gal/PV x \$0 59/1000 gal = Treat 4 PV with R.O and inject permeate		\$29.942
2)	0 4PV x 50,748.970 gal/PV x 1 min/300 gal x 1 hr/60 min = 11.278 hours a. 4 PV x 50.748.970 gal/PV x \$2 90/1000 gal =		\$588.688
3)	Recirculate 1 PV with reductant o Time = 735 hours a. 1PV x 50.748.970 gal/PV x \$0 77/1000 gal =		\$39,077
4)	Spare parts, etc. o Total time to do work = 531 days a \$16,468/yr x 531/365 =		\$23.958
51	Sampling and monitoring 33 restoration wells plus 52 monitor wells a. 33 wells x \$150/well= b. 33 wells x \$47/well x 1 months= c. 33 wells x 150/well x 10 months= d. 33 wells x 150/well x 10 months= d. 33 wells x 150/well x 0 months= e. 52 wells x 2 samples/month x 47/well x 32 months = f. Other lab. \$806/month x 18 months=	\$4,950 1,551 79,200 29,700 156,416 14,508	° \$286,325
6)	Supervisory Labor a. (1) Engineer: \$6,256/month x 18 months= b (1) Radiation Technician \$5,212/month x 18 months (Operator wages included in above calculations)	\$112,608 <u>93,816</u>	
			<u>\$206,424</u>
	MU-6 TOTAL		51,174,414

MU-7 (One half of Mine Unit 7 is to be constructed in 1999, the total for MU-7 is calculated below and then one half is included in the surety total.)

•		•		
	15	Remove I PV, gw transfer/sweep		
	1)	0 1 PV x 65,076,000 gal/PV x 1 min/1.150 gal x		
		1 hr/60 min = 943 hours	\$38,3 95	
		a 1 PV x 65,076,000 gal/PV x \$0 59/1000 gal =	236,3%	
	2)	Treat 4 PV with R.O. and inject permeate.		
	-,	0 4PV x 65,076,000 gal/PV x 1 min/300 gal x	•	
		1 hr/60 min = 14,461 hours	\$754,882	
		a. 4 PV x 65,076,000 gal/PV x \$2,90/1000 gal =	3 .2.1	
ı.			•	
,	3)	Recirculate 1 PV with reductant		
		o Time = 943 hours a. 1PV x 65,076,000 gal/PV x \$0 77/1000 gal =	\$50,108	
		a. 1PV x 65,076,000 gable v \ 30 / 77000 gab		
	4)	Spare parts, etc		
	• •	o Total time to do work = 681 days	\$30,725	
		a \$16,468Ar x 081,365 =	334.125	
		to any sention wells plus		
	5)	Sampling and monitoring 46 restoration wells plus		
		44 monitor wells. a. 46 wells x \$150/well=	\$6,900	
		The state of the s	4,324	•
		u 150/mall v.71 manths=	144,900	
		u 150/ll u.6 months=	41,400	
		x 47/well x 29 months =	119,944	
1		f. Other lab: \$806/month x 23 months=	18,538	
,		[Other tab. Bookinsones 1 2 2	\$336,006	
	6)	Supervisory Labor	r) 17 U00	
	01	2 (1) Engineer: \$6,256/month x 25 months=	\$143,888	
		b (1) Radiation Technician \$5.212/month	110.974	
		x 23 months (Operator wages included	119,876	
		in above calculations)		
		·	<u>\$263.76</u> -	<u>1</u>
		MU-7 TOTAL	<u>\$1,473,88</u>	<u>0</u>
		WO-7 TOTAL		\$73 <u>6,940</u>
		One Half of MU-7		OINOR TO
		VIII		
		FOTAL MU-1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and one half of MU-7 REST	ORATION COST	<u> 54,547,963</u>
	1	TOTAL MU-1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 and one han of Med 7 KES.		

B. WELLFIELD RECLAMATION

Wellfield Reclamation costs are based on removing and disposing of the wellfield pipe at a licensed facility. The soil around the production wells will also be removed and disposed of at a licensed facility

Mine Unit	2" Prod & Inj Lines (ft)	#3/8" O2 Hose	1-1/4" Stinger (ft)	2" Prod. Dowπhole Pipe	Producers	Injectors
MU-1 MU-2 MU-3 MU-4 MU-5 MU-6 MU-7	30,000 34,000 39,520 68,900 106,080 128,700 136,500	66,300	43,200 47,400 57,400 101,400 0 91,200 97,500	15,200 20,800 22,800 38,400 74,800 76,400 80,000	38 52 57 96 187 191 200	72 79 95 169 221 304 325
Pipe Volumes Normal Pipe Size		Wall <u>Thickne</u> (inches		Pipe <u>() D</u> (Inches)	Volume ⁽¹⁾ per Foot (tt ³ /ft)	
3/8" O2 Hose 2" Sch. 40 downhole 1-1/4" Sch. 40 stinger 2" SDR 13.5 inj. & prod 4" SDR 35 6" Sch. 40 process pipe 6" Trunkline 8" Trunkline 10" Trunkline		0 154 0 140 0 1481 0 1143 0 280 0 491 0 639 0 796		0 375 2.375 1 660 2.2963 4.2286 6.5600 6 566 8.548 10.654 12 637	0.0313 0.0074 0.0044 0.0069 0.0103 0.0384 0.0651 0.1103 0.1712 0.2408	

<u>MU-1</u>

D.	Removal/disposal of 2" production and injection lines.	Piping is
	rated SDR 13.5 and constructed of HDPE	
		a mullad ur

Two meh lines are buried 18-24" deep and can be pulled up with a loader. A two man crew should remove 450 ft per day. Two additional men will shred the pipe

a	Remove pipe:
	30,000 ft x 2 man-days/450 ft
	\$1367 Jan =

x \$136/man-day = \$18.133

b Shred pipe 30,000 ft x 2 man-days/450 ft x \$136/man-day =

18,133

c. Equipment:
0 IT12 loader, \$53/hr x 533 hours = 28,249
0 Shredder, \$12/hr x 533 hours = 6,396

d. Disposal: 30,000 ft x 0069 ft ft x \$12.42/ft x 1.25(1) = 3,214

74,125

or \$2.47.ft

(1) 1 25 factor for void spaces

Removal/disposal of trunklines, including trunklines to plant buildings Piping is rated SDR 13.5

a.	Remove pipe.	
	5,400 ft x 2 man-days/200 ft	## 2.14
	x \$136/man-day =	\$7,344
b	Shred pipe:	
	5,400 ft x 2 man-days/200 ft	2.11
	x \$136/man-day =	7,344
c	Equipment:	11.410
	o IT12 loader, \$53/hr x 216 hours =	11,448
	o Shredder, \$12/hr x 216 hours =	2,592
đ	Disposal:	
	6 1000 y × 0 0021 y, y ×	111
	$$12.42/\hbar^3 \times 1.25 =$	1.011

37,274

3) Removal/disposal of downhole pipe Downhole pipe is Sch. 40 PVC.

- o From experience, 10 wells of downhole pipe can be removed each day with a 3 man crew and a smeal
- a Removal of downhole pipe 43,200 ft stinger x 3 man-days/6,000 ft x \$136/man-day = 15,200 ft prod. x 3 man-days/6,000 ft

8" - 4,400 ft x 0.1103 ft³/ft x

\$12 42/th x 1 25 =

2,938

		x \$136/man-day =	17777	
	b	Shred pipe		
		43,200 ft x 2 man-days/4,500 ft		
		x \$136/man-day =	2.611	
		15,200 ft x 2 man-days/4,500 ft		
		x \$136/man-day =	919	
	.,	and the same of th		
	C.	Smeal: \$42/hour x 78 hours =	3,276	
		Shredder: \$12/hour x 78 hours =	936	
	d.	Disposal: 43,200 ft x .0044 ft ³ /ft x \$12 42/ft ³ x 1 25 =	2.951	,
		$15,200 \text{ ft } \times .0044 \text{ ft } / \text{ft } \times \$12.42/\text{ft} \times 1.25 = 1$	1.746	
		15,200 ft x 0074 ft/ft x \$12.42/ft x 1 25 = 1	<u></u>	\$16,411
		- f() 74/H (stinger pine)		
		or \$0.26/ft (stinger pipe)		
		or \$0.31/ft (2" production pipe)		
4.	1 17 .	II Dhuama		
4)		ll Plugging. Assume 700 ft total depth/well average.		
	O	Materials:		
	a.	Cement - 564 lbs x \$100/ton =	\$28	
		Bentonite - 45 lbs x \$190/ton =	4	
			ì	
		Salt - 33 lbs × \$56/ton =	10	
		Well Cap	• •	
	ħ.	Labor:		
	`	2 hours/well × 1 day/8 hours × 2 man-days	68	
		y \$136/man-day =	(10	
	C.	Equipment:	23	
		Backhoe - 1/2 hour/well x \$46/hour =		
		Mixing Unit - 2 hours x \$12/hour =	<u>24</u>	
			\$158/well	
		110 production and injection wells	217 200	
		x \$158/well =	\$17,380	
		11 monitor wells x \$158/well =	<u> 1,738</u>	210110
				\$19.118
5)	٧	Vellfield surface area reclamation		
٠,	U	b 1 1		
		scarify and seed well locations		
	ä	D		
	d	10 ft³/well-x 110 wells x		
		1 cv/27 ft ³ x \$147/cy =	\$5,989	
		20 hours loader \\$53/hour =	1.060	
			340	
		20 man-hours x \$136/8 hours =	-	
	,	h Recontour and seed	2,790	
		9.3 acres x \$300/acre =	=,1,71,1	\$10,179
				J 10,177

4)

1,034

3				
	Labor.	.077		
	2 man-days x \$136/man-day	\$272		
	Equipment (IT12)	156		
	2 hours x \$53/hour =	106		
	Disposal at landfill			
	\$370/load x 6,000 lbs/wellhouse			
	x 1 load/40,000 lbs =	<u>56</u>		
	Total per wellhouse	2131		
2 We	ellhouses x \$434/wellhouse =		\$ <u>868</u>	

<u>MU-2</u>

1)	Removal/disposal of 2" production and injection lines a. 34,000 ft x \$2.47/ft =	š	\$83,980	
2)	Removal/disposal of trunklines Piping is rated SDR 13 5			
	a. Remove pipe: 2,900 ft x 2 man-days/200 ft x \$136/man-day =	\$3.944		
	b. Shred pipe: 2,900 ft x 2 man-days/200 ft x \$136/man-day =	3,944		
	e Equipment. o 1712 loader, \$53/hr x 116 hours =	6,148 1,392		
	o Shredder, \$12/hr x 116 hours = d Disposal. 6" - 1.600 ft x 0.0651 ft /ft γ	15		
	\$12.42/ft' \times 1.25 = 8" - 1.300 ft \times 0.1103 ft' ft \times \$12.42/ft' \times 1.25 =	1.617 2.226	`	
	212 42/tt × 1.22		19.271	
3)	Removal/disposal of downhole pipe a. 47,400 ft stinger x \$0.26/ft = b. 20,800 ft production x \$0.31/ft =	12.324 <u>6.448</u>	18,772	
4)	Well plugging o 131 production and injection wells. 14 monitoring wells a. 145 wells x \$158/well =		22,910	
5)	Surface reclamation a. Removal/disposal of contaminated soil 131 wells x \$54/well =	7,074		
	h Recontour, seed 11 7 acres x \$300/acre =	<u>3510</u>	10.584	
6	Wellfield house dismantle/disposal a 3 wellfield houses x \$434/wellfield house =		1,302	\$156,819
	MU-2 Total			

<u>MU-3</u>

l)	Removal/disposal of 2" production and injection lines a. 39,520 ft \times \$2.47/ft =	•	\$97,614	
2)	Removal/disposal of trunklines Piping is rated SDR 13-5			
	 a. Remove pipe 2.950 ft x 2 man-days/200 ft x \$136/man-day = b. Shred pipe: 	\$4.012		
	2.950 ft x 2 man-days/200 ft x \$136/man-day = e Equipment	4,012		·
	o IT12 loader, \$53/hr x 118 hours = o Shredder, \$12/hr x 118 hours = d. Disposal:	6,254 1,416		
	8" - 1,450 ft x 0 1103 ft /ft x \$12.42/ft x 1 25 = 12" - 1,500 ft x 0 2408 ft /ft x	2,483		
	\$12.42/ft ³ x 1 25 =	<u>5,608</u>	23,785	
3)	Removal/disposal of downhole pipe a 57,400 ft stinger x \$0.20 ft = b 22,800 ft production x \$0.31 ft =	\$14,924 _7,068	21,992	
4)	Well plugging o (152 production and injection wells, 14 monitor wells) a. 166 wells x \$158/well =		26,228	
5)	Surface reclamation a Removal/disposal of contaminated soil 166 wells x \$54/well = b Recontour, seed	8,964	·	
	13.4 acres × \$300/acre =	<u> 4,020</u>	12,984	
6)	Wellfield house dismantle/disposal a 4 wellfield houses x \$434/wellfield house =		1,736	
	MU-3 Total			\$184,339

MU-1

MU-4 Total

1)	Removal/disposal of 2" production and injection lines a. $68.900 \text{ ft} \times \$2.47/\text{ft}=$	S	170.183	
2)	Removal/disposal of trunklines Piping is rated SDR 13.5			
	a. Remove pipe: 7,400 ft x 2 man-days/200 ft x \$136/man-day =	\$10.064		
	b Shred pipe: 7,400 ft x 2 man-days/200 ft x \$136/man-day =	10,064		
	e Equipment: o IT12 loader, \$53/hr x 296 hours = o Shredder, \$12/hr x 296 hours =	15,688 3,552		
	d Disposal: 8" - 5.400 ft x 0 1103 ft ³ /ft x \$12 42/ft ³ x 1 25 =	9.247		
	$12'' - 2,000 \text{ ft} \times 0.2408 \text{ ft}^3/\text{ft} \times $ \$12.42/ft ³ × 1.25 =	<u>7,477</u>	56.092	
3)	Removal/disposal of downhole pipe a. 101,400 ft stinger \\$0.26/ft= b. 38,400 ft production \\$0.31.ft=	26.364 11.904	38,268	
4)	Well plugging o (265 production and injection wells, 18 monitor wells) a. 283 wells x \$158/well=		44,714	
5)	Surface reclamation a. Removal/disposal of contaminated soil 283 wells x \$54/well =	15.282		
	b. Recontour, seed 25 acres x \$300/acre=	<u>7,500</u>	22,782	
6)	Wellfield house dismantle/disposal a. 5 wellfield houses x \$434/wellfield house =		2,170	
	MII-1 Total			\$334,209

<u>MU-5</u>

1)	Remo	val/disposal of 2" production and injection lines 106,080 ft x \$2.47/ft=		\$262.018	
2)	Remo	oval/disposal of trunklines Piping is rated SDR 13.5			
	a.	Remove pipe. 17,800 ft x 2 man-days/200 ft			
		x \$136/man-day =	\$24,208		
	b	Shred pipe: 17,800 ft x 2 man-days/200 ft			
		x \$136/man-day =	24,208		•
	c	Equipment: o 1T12 loader. \$53/hr x 712 hours =	37,736		
		o Shredder, \$12/hr x 712 hours =	8,544		
1	d	Disposal			
	u	8" - 3,700 ft x 0.1103 ft //ft x			
		$$12.42/\hbar^3 \times 1.25 =$	6,336		
		12" - 14,100 ft x 0 2408 ft ³ /ft x			
		$$12.42/\hbar^3 \times 1.25 =$	<u>52,712</u>		
				153,744	
		III Letteralisa			
3)		oval/disposal of downhole pipe Dispose:			
	d.	66.300 ft hose x 0.0313ft ft x\$12.42/cf x 1.25=	32,217		
		Remove			•
		66,300 ft x 1 man-day/1,000ft x \$136/man-day=	9,017		
	ь	74,800 ft production x \$0.31/ft=	<u>23,188</u>	(4.400	
		·		64,422	
4)	We	ll plugging			
	o	(408 production and injection wells, 52 monitor wells)		72,680	
	. a.	460 wells x \$158/well=		, 2, 000	
5)	Sur	face reclamation			
	a.	Removal/disposal of contaminated soil	21.010		
		460 wells x \$54/well =	24.840		
	р	Recontour, seed	9 <u>,600</u>		
		32 acres x \$300/acre=	2,090	34,440	
6)	Wi	ellfield house dismantle/disposal			
0,	a	7 wellfield houses x \$434/wellfield house =		3.038	
		MU-5 Total			\$590,342
•		MIO-3 LOTAL			

M U-6

MU-6 Total

1)	Rem a.	oval/disposal of 2" production and injection lines 128,700 ft x \$2.47/ft=		\$317,889	
2)	Ren	oval/disposal of trunklines. Piping is rated SDR 13-5			
÷	ä.	Remove pipe: 12,000 ft x 2 man-days/200 ft x \$136/man-day =	\$16.320		
	ь	Shred pipe: 12,000 ft x 2 man-days/200 ft x \$136/man-day =	16.320		
	Ċ	Founment:	25,440		
		o 1712 loader, \$53/hr x 480 hours =	5,760		,
		o Shredder, \$12/hr x 480 hours =	5,700	•	
	d	Disposal. 8" - 2,000 ft x 0 1103 ft 'ft x \$12,42/ft' x 1,25 =	3,425	*	
		$12'' - 10,000 \text{ ft} \times 0.2408 \text{ ft}^3/\text{ft} \times$	37,384		
		\$12.42/10 × 1.25 =	<u> </u>		
			·	104,649	
3)	R	emoval/disposal of downhole pipe			
	a	Dispose	23,712		
		91,200 ft stinger × 0.26/ft =	23,684	•	
	h		<u> </u>	47,396	
4)	\	Well plugging			
	((495 production and injection wells, 52 monitor wells)		86,426	
	1	547 wells x \$158/well=			
5)	Surface reclamation			
		a Removal/disposal of contaminated soil 432 wells x \$54/well =	23,328		
			12.000		
		h Recontour, seed 40.2 acres x \$300/acre=	<u>12,060</u>	35,388	
		40/7 getica Variousana		טטנ,ננ	
	_	Wellfield house dismantle/disposal		<u>3,038</u>	
(5)	a the dalkanese e \$1 (4/Wellingle nouse =		<u> 7,030</u>	
		a. / Wellfield flouses V 543.4/ Wellfield			\$594,786

MU-7 (One half of Mine Unit 7 is to be constructed in 1999, the total for MU-7 is calculated below and then one half is included in the surety total.)

1)	Removal/disposal of 2" production and injection lines a 136,500 ft x \$2.47/ft=		\$337.155	
2)	Removal/disposal of trunklines Piping is rated SDR 13.5			
	a. Remove pipe			
	5.000 ft x 2 man-days/200 ft			
	x\$136/man-day =	\$6,800		
	b Shred pipe			
	5,000 ft x 2 man-days 200 ft			
	x \$136/man-day =	6,800		
	c Equipment:	141.400		
	o IT12 loader, \$53/hr x 200 hours =	10.600		
	o Shredder, \$12/hr x 200 hours = d. Disposal:	2.400		
	d. Disposal: 8" - 1.000 ft × 0.1103 ft × 1			
	\$12.42/ft' x 1 25 =	1.712		
	12" - 5.000 ft x 0 2408 ft ' ft x	1. 12		
	\$12.42/ft ³ x 1.25 =	18,692		
		<u> </u>		
			47,004	
3)	Removal/disposal of downhole pipe			
	a. Dispose			
	• 97,500 ft stinger v () 26/ft=	25,350		
	b 80,000 ft production x \$0.31/ft=	<u>24,800</u>		
			50,150	
4)	Well plugging			
	o (525 production and injection wells, 90 monitor wells)			
	a. 615 wells x \$158/well=		97,170	•
-,				
5)	Surface reclamation			
	a Removal/disposal of contaminated soil 615 wells x \$54/well =	22.210		
		33,210		
	h Recontour, seed	12.060		
	40.2 acres x \$300/acre=	12,060	45,270	
6)	Wallfield house disposable (4) was ut		42,270	
6)	Wellfield house dismantle/disposal a. 7 wellfield houses x \$434/wellfield house =		3,038	
	a. 7 wellfield houses x \$434/wellfield house =		<u>000,0</u>	
	MU-7 Total		\$579,787	
	One half of Mine Unit 7			<u>\$289,894</u>
то	TAL WELLFIELD RECLAMATION MU-1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 a	and one half of N	1 U-7	<u>\$2,308,364</u>

COMMERCIAL PLANT RECLAMATION/DECOMMISSIONING C.

The plant interior components, tanks, pumps, steel structure, filters, piping and electrical components are from an in-situ plant that was moved from Texas to the Crow Butte site in 1988. The actual cost to perform this work, escalated to 1998 \$'s, is used for bonding purposes with the breakdown of volumes of equipment and other structural items included.

Dismantle interior steel, tanks, pumps, filters, piping and 1) electrical components (including labor, equipment, tools, etc.) The volume of components to be dismantled are detailed below

Interior structural steel - 75 tons

Tanks - 34 each

Pumps - 30 each

Piping - 8,250 feet

Filters - 4 each

Drver - 1 each

Electrical boxes - 20 each (estimate)

\$66,600 (1988\$) x 162 5 (April 1998 CPI Index)/ 118.3 (1988 average CPI Index) =

\$91,484

Dismantle plant building (including office and lab area) 2)

146 tons of steel, siding, girts x \$300 $(1988 \text{ dismantle cost})/(1988 \text{ dismant$

\$59,350

Decontaminate floor and walls of plant building 3) Plant floor area is 30,000 sf, 5,450 sf will be removed and disposed of, and 7,000 sf is in warehouse, shop and water tank areas which will not be contaminated. The remaining floor area is 17,530 sf HCl will be sprayed on the floors and walls and recycled in the

Africabet meta

Wall area is approximately 24,000 sf Use I gal HCl/st for wall area and 2 gal HCl/st for floors

plant sumps for reuse until neutralized

Material Floors: 17,530 sf x 2 gal HCl/sf \times \$0.57/gal HC1 = Walls: 24,000 sf x 1 gal HCl/sf \$0 57/gal | (C) =

\$19,984

13,680

Labor.

2 men x 30 days x \$136/man-day =

\$8,160

HCl Disposal (to ponds)

59.060 gal HCl \times 5 HP/30 gpm \times 75 Kw/HP \times \$0.05/Kw-hr=

\$370

	J	Decontamination equipment Sprayer pump \$5	500		
		Tank (on hand)			
		Recycle pump	500		
		Sprayer with hose	<u>000</u>		£ 11 10.1
		•	<u>\$2</u>	.000	\$44,194
4)	Dis	oose of concrete			
	o	Area which would be potentially contamir	iated and		
		not decontaminated by HCl is 5,450 ft ² . T	ne areas		
		are in the trough drains, sumps, vellowcal	nke		
		belt filter, precipitation cells and eluant ta Average concrete thickness is 6"	100.3		
		Disposal.			
	a	5,450 $\Re^2 \times 5 \Re \times \$147/\text{ey} \times 1 \text{ ey/27 } \Re^3 =$	\$1	4.836	
	b	Removal.			*** ***
	v	$5.450 \text{ ft}^2 \times \$2.72/\text{sf} =$	<u>\$1</u>	<u> 4,824</u>	\$29,660
۶)	D۱	mantle/dispose of tanks			
	o	There are 27 process tanks to be dispose	d of at an		
		NRC licensed disposal facility. All of th	e tanks are for democal		
		fiberglass and will be cut up into pieces	ior disposar		
		Seven tanks are chemical storage tanks a disposed of at a licensed landfill	ulu wili (ic		
		Labor			
	ď	34 tanks x 2 man-days/tank x			
		\$136/man-day =		9,248	
	b	Disposal			
	•	27 tanks \hat{a} (14' dia x 14' high			
		x 1/4" wall thickness)			•
		27 tanks x 19 3 ft ³ /tank		7.766	
1		x 1.20(1) x \$12.42/ft=	_	7,766	
	C.	Clean and haul chemical tanks 7 chem	acal		
		storage tanks will be disposed of in a	÷		
		licensed landfill (1) truckload		370	
		\$10 fee + \$360) =		,,,,	
		7 tanks x 1 man-day eleaning/tank		952	
		x \$136/man-day =		,3 .	
	(Equipment:		5,708	
		Saws, scaffolding, tools, etc =			\$24,044
		1) void space factor			
6)	Dispose of pumps			
()	' 1	o 30 process pumps are in the commer	cial plant plus		
		78 downhole pumps. Plant pumps a	re approximately		
		5 ft ³ each, downhole pumps are 0.5 f	i ³ each	.	
		a. 30 pumps x 5 ft ³ /pump x \$12.42/ft ³	=	\$1.863	
		b 350 downhole pumps x 0 5 ft ³ /pump)	2 17 1	
		x \$12 42/t³ =		<u>2.174</u>	\$4,037
					5 4,037

7)	Dispose of filters. (2) injection filters. (1) backwash filter and (1) yellowcake filter a. 4 filters x 100 ft ³ /filter x \$12.42/ft ³ =		\$4,968
8)	Dispose of yellowcake dryer o yellowcake dryer system is approximately 400 ft ³ in volume a 400 ft ³ x \$12.42/ft ³ =	·	\$4,968
9)	Dispose of piping: o There is a total of 8,250 ft of process piping in the plant with an average diameter of approximately 6". Of the 8,250 ft, roughly 50% is used for yellowcake process. The other pipe is for chemical make-up, raw and potabl water. a NRC licensed disposal: 4,125 ft x 0.04 ft 3/ft x \$12.42/ft 3 x 1.25(1) = b Landfill disposal: 1 load @ \$10 fee + \$360 =		\$2,932
	(1) void space factor		32,7.12
10)	Reclaim plant site		
	a Dirtwork 20,000 cy x 1 hour 700 cy x \$133 hour =	\$3,800	
	b Seed: 4 acres x \$300/acre =	1,200	\$5,000
11)	a. (1) Engineer \$6,256/month x 6 months = b. (1) Radiation Technician	\$ 37.536	
	\$5,212/month x 6 months (operator wages included in above calculation) =	31,272	<u>\$68,808</u>

TOTAL COMMERCIAL PLANT RECLAMATION/DECOMMISSIONING

<u> 5339,445</u>

D. R.O. BUILDING RECLAMATION/DECOMMISSIONING

Use a factor based on square footage of commercial plant for total reclamation/decommissioning of R.O. building a. $\$339.445 \times 5,000 \ \text{R}^2/34,000 \ \text{R}^2 =$

\$49,918

TOTAL R.O. BUILDING RECLAMATION/DECOMMISSIONING

<u>549,918</u>

EVAPORATION POND RECLAMATION E.

Pond reclamation consists of removal and disposal of the pond liners, piping, and sludge to an NRC licensed disposal facility The pond earthen embankments will be leveled, top soiled and seeded. The liner will be cut in sections and stacked for shipment.

_	Removal	1	4i.mozal	ωť	nond	liner	systems
1.1	Removal	and	disposal	Οľ	pond	mici	3,3101110

Five solar evaporation ponds at 250,000 ft²/each at commercial plant Total thickness of liners is 100 mils. 5 ponds x 250,000 ft²/pond x 0.00833

\$161,654 ft thick x 1.25(1) x $$12.42/ft^3 =$

Two solar evaporation ponds at R&D plant Total liner thickness is 36 mils. 2 ponds $\times 50,000 \text{ ft}^2 \times 0.0030$ It thick x 1.25 x \$12.42/ tt^3 =

\$4.657

Labor for liner and pipe removal Cut and stack 40,000 lt²/day with a four man crew (5 ponds x 250,000 $ft^2/pond + 2 ponds \times 50,000 ft^2/pond)$ \$18,360 \times 4 man-days, 40,000 ft² \times \$136/man-day = Equipment for liner and pipe removal

Loader <u>\$9,328</u> 176 hours x \$53/hour = \$193,999

(1) void space factor

Removal/Disposal of leak detection pipe. SDR 35 pipe 2)

- Commercial pond pipe removal 5 ponds x 2,100 ft of 4" pipe/pond \$1,679 $\times .0103 \text{ ft}^3/\text{ft} \times 1.25 \times \$12.42/\text{ft}^3 =$ R&D pond pipe removal: 2 ponds x 600 ft of 3" pipe/pond 129
- $\times .0069 \, \text{H}^3/\text{H} \times 1.25 \times $12.42/\text{H}^3 =$

Pipe disposal <u> 382</u> 24.60 m3 x \$12 42/m3 x 1 25 =

Removal/disposal of pond sludge 3)

- Pond sludge removal is based on removal of sludge in R&D ponds after operation and restoration.
- Sludge disposal 38 barrels x 55 gallons/barrel x 1 ct/7 48 gallons $x + \frac{\text{cy}}{27} \text{ cf} = 10.4 \text{ cy}$ Flow through R&D plant was 101.625,362 gallons. therefore, I ev of sludge per 9.772,000 gallons processed Total flow for 1991 to 1997 will be approximately 6,066,700,000 gallons 6.066,700,000 gallons x 1 cv/9.772,000 gallons x \$147/cy =

\$91.261

\$2,190

	b	Lahor 532 cy x 3 man-days/25 cy x \$136/man-day =	8.682		
	с	.Equipment (IT12) \$53/hour x 100 hours =	5,300	\$105,243	
4)	Rec	laim ponds.			
	o	Dirtwork volume per pond is approximately 60,000 cy/pond at commercial and 30,000 cy total at R&D based on post construction surveys			
	O	Total earthwork volume is 330,000 cv			
	0	Average dozing distance is 150 ft. A D8 will get 700 cy per hour(1).			
	a.	Dirtwork:			
!		330,000 cy x 1 hour 700 cy x \$133 (including operator)/hour =	\$62,700		
	ь	Topsoil placement and seed			
	U	30 acres x \$300/acre =	9,000	\$71,700	
	ıI.	Caterpillar Handbook, Edition 19			
5)	Su	pervisory labor for pond reclamation			
	ıl	(1) Engineer	\$18,768		
		\$6.256/month x 3 months =	31		
	þ	(1) Radiation Technician \$5,212/month x 3 months			
		toperator wages included in			
		above calculation) =	15,636	\$34 <u>,404</u>	
				<u> </u>	
	. <u></u>	THE PARTION BOND RECLAMATION			<u>\$407,536</u>
T	OTAL	EVAPORATION POND RECLAMATION			

F. MISCELLANEOUS SITE RECLAMATION

1)	a	im/seed main access road. Road dirtwork 4,000' long x 25' wide x 1' deep x		
	L	1 cy/27 ft ³ = 3.704 cy 3.704 cy x 1 hour/200 cy x \$133/hour = Wellfield road dirtwork.	\$2,463	
	ь	25,000' long x 12' wide x 1/2' deep x 1cy/27 ft ³ = 5.556 cy		
		5.556 ev x 1hour/200ey x \$133/hour=	3,695	
	C.	Seed roadway. 2.3 acres x \$300/acre =	<u>690</u>	\$6.848
2)	plan	ove/dispose of pipe from commercial to ponds and from commercial to R.O. building.		
	o o	Pond pipeline (2) at 2.000 ° = 4.000 ft		•
	o	Pipe to R.O. (4) at 300" = 1,200 ft 5,200' average size 4" Sch. 40	~~.	
	o a	Disposal $5.200 \text{ ft} \times 0.21 \text{ ft}^2 \times $12.42 \text{ ft}^4 \times 1.25 =$	\$1.695	
	h.	Removal labor $5.200 \text{ ft} \times 3 \text{ man-days}. 200 \text{ ft} \times $130 \text{ man-day} = -7.5$	806,01	
	c	Equipment o Loader		
		5 days x \$53/hour x 8 hours day = o Shredder.	2,120	
		5 days x \$12/hour x 8 hours/day =	<u>480</u>	\$14,903
3)	Re	move electrical facilities		
	a.	Remove HV lines	\$3.540	
	ь	6,000 ft of HV line at \$0.59 ft = Remove substations	1,175	\$4,715
1)	Su	pervisory Labor		
	a.	(1) Engineer \$6,256/month x 3 months =	\$18,768	
	b.			
	•	\$5,212/month x 3 months		
		(Operator wages included in above calculations) =	<u>15,636</u>	<u>\$34,404</u>

TOTAL MISCELLANEOUS SITE RECLAMATION

<u>\$60,870</u>

DEEP DISPOSAL WELL RECLAMATION G.

Attachment A includes the cost estimate for the deep well plugging, abandonment and site reclamation. This information is from the June 6, 1996 Completion of Construction Report - Crow Butte Resources, Inc., Class 1 UIC Well submitted to the NDEQ. A summary of the cost is given below, escalated to 1998 \$

1) Plugging and Abandonment \$59,026 x 1 06=

\$62,568

2) Site Reclamation \$2,346 x 1 06=

2,487

TOTAL DEEP DISPOSAL WELL RECLAMATION

S65,055

1 - 196 BRULE AQUIFER RESTORATION

The following estimate is based on the May 28, 1996 Remediation Plan using six pore volumes (pv) as the total water extracted.

1)Pump Wells 196a, j & n (Ground Water Sweep)

a Power

337,758 gals/pv x 3 pv x 1min/3gal x 1 hour-60min

x 3kw x \$0 05/kwhr=

2844

h Manpower

4.137 234 days x 0 13 man-day day x \$136 man-day =

4,981

2) Bi-weekly sampling (in-house analyses) 234 days x 1 man-day /14days x \$136 man-day=

2,273

3) Bi-weekly I - 1961, m. I sampling

2,273

(Same as # 2)

4) Pump additional wells

a. Pump from additionaal wells (Same as 1-3 above)

9.527

 b. Drill four additional wells 4 wells x 50 ft x \$26 =

5,200

14,727

5) Well Abandonment a. 14 wells x \$158/well=

2,212

TOTAL I-196 RESTORATION

<u>\$26,466</u>

ENCLOSURE 3

5

Tot	al Restoration and Reclamation Cost Estimate (Revised December 1998)	
I.	GROUNDWATER RESTORATION COST	\$9,760,435
П.	EQUIPMENT REMOVAL & DISPOSAL COST	\$141,975
Ш.	BUILDING DEMOLITION AND DISPOSAL COST	\$1,647,318
IV.	WELLFIELD BUILDINGS & EQUIPMENT REMOVAL & DISPOSAL COST	\$1,678,020
V.	WELL ABANDONMENT COST	\$1,213,077
VI.	WELLFIELD AND SATELLITE SURFACE RECLAMATION COST	\$82,160
VII.	TOTAL MISCELLANEOUS RECLAMATION COST	\$579,441
	SUBTOTAL RECLAMATION AND RESTORATION COST ESTIMATE	\$15,102,426
	OVERHEAD AND MANAGEMENT (10%)	\$1,510,243
	SUBTOTAL	\$16,612,669
	15% CONTINGENCY	\$2,491,900
	TOTAL	\$19,104,569
	TOTAL CALCULATED SURETY (IN 1998 DOLLARS)	\$19,104,600

Water Restoration	A-Wellfield	B-Welliteld	C-Wellfield	C-19N Pattern	C-Haul. Drucs	D-Wellfield	E-Wellfield	F-Wellfield	H-Weilfield
imptions									11- VV CILITETO
elifield Area (ft2)	151900	690900		32500		279500	994500		
elifield Area (acres)	3.49	15.86		0.75	0.00	6.42	22.83	2769000	780000
ffected Ore Zone Area (ft2)	151900	690900		 	0	279500	994500	63.57 2769000	780000
vg. Completed Thickness	15	15				15	15	15	15
prosity	0.27	0.27	0.27			0.27	0.27	0.27	0.27
are Factor	2.94	2.94		2.94		2.94	2.94	2.94	2.94
ffected Volume (ft3)	6698790	30468690 61535			1360000	12325950	43857450	122112900	34398000
galions per Pore Volume	13529	01333	113468	2895	10173	24893	88575	246619	69470
r of Patterns in Unit(s)									
urrent	31	141	196	5	0	43	153	426	<u></u>
otal Estimated	31	141	196	5	0	43	153	459	100
otal Estimated									
r of Wells in Unit(s)					··· ·				
roduction Wells	<u> </u>	! para (nama (1995)		<u>.</u>					
Current	27		192			45	143	492	0
Estimated next report period	0	0	0		ļ	0	0	30	138
Total Estimated	27	141	192			45	143	522	138
njection Wells									
Current	50	319	343		l	91	307	786	0
Estimated next report period	0		.0		ells uded	0	0	69	222
Total Estimated	50	319	343			91	307	855	222
Monitor Wells				un un	der				
Current	18	67	78		llfield	38	86	134	81
Estimated next report period	0		78			0	0	0	0
Total Estimated	18	67			ļi	38	86	134	81
Restoration Wells									
Current Current	13	18	10			0	0	3	
Estimated next report period	0		$\frac{10}{35}$		ļ	0	0	10	0
Total Estimated	13	38			·	15	30	35	30
Number of Wells per Wellfield	108	565	648	} <u> </u>		189	566	1546	471
Number of Wells per Wolfield	4093	·					·		
Total Number of Wells	500	450	550	550	550	600	550	650	500
Average Well Depth (ft)									
Restoration Well Installation Costs		20	25		0	15	30	32	30
Number of Restoration Wells	\$4,000	\$4,000	\$4,000	\$4,000	I	\$4,000	\$4,000	\$4,000	\$4,000
Try U.V. attend Unit Cost (\$/Well)	\$4,000	\$80,000	\$100,000	\$0	SO	\$60,000	\$120,000	\$128,000	\$120,000
Cubrotal Restoration Well Installation Costs per Wellingto		\$60,000					- 4120,000	0.00,000	
Total Restoration Well Installation Costs	\$608,000								
									
Ground Water Sweep Costs	1	1	1		10177	74002	20505	1	
PV's Required	13529					24893	88575	246619	69470
Total Kgals for Treatment	\$0.77		\$0.77	\$0.77		\$0.77	\$0.77	\$0.77	\$0.77
Ground Water Sweep Unit Cost (\$/Kgal)	\$10,358	\$47,114	\$86,877	\$2,216	\$7,789	\$19,060	\$67,817	\$188,824	\$53,190
Subtotal Ground Water Sweep Costs per Wellfield	\$483,245					<u> </u>			<u> </u>
Total Ground Water Sweep Costs									
Reverse Osmosis Costs				5	5	5	5	5	5]
PV's Required	5	307673	567340	14473	50864	124467	442873	1233096	347351
Total Kgals for Treatment	67644	30/0/3	307340	1797.1	30004)		174073	10000	
1 our regard to:									

A.W. a. B. a. a.				-		3.1 - Frank	···		
nd Water Restoration	A-Wellfield	B	C-Wellfield	C-19N Pattern	C-Haul	200		{	Ì
Reverse Osmosis Unit Cost (\$/Kgal)	\$1.33	\$1.33	\$1.33	\$1.33	C-11au	D-Wellfield	E-Wellfield	F-Wellfield	H-Wellfield
Subtotal Reverse Osmosis Costs per Weilfield Total Reverse Osmosis Costs	\$89,669	\$407,851	\$752,066			\$1.33	\$1.33	\$1.33	
	\$4,183,302		7,22,000	\$19,185	\$67,425	\$164,994	\$587,072		\$1.33
Chemical Reductant Costs							3387,072	\$1,634.592	\$460,448
Number of Patterns	27	172	100						
Chemical Reductant Unit Cost (\$/pattern)	\$245	\$245	196 \$245	<u>\$</u> \$245		43	163		
Subtotal Chemical Reductant Costs per Wellfield	\$6,615	\$42,140	\$48,020			\$245	153 \$245	413	138
Total Chemical Reductant Costs	\$281,015		344,020	\$1,225	\$0	\$10,535	\$37,485	\$245	\$245
Elution Costs							237,703	\$101,185	\$33,810
A. Elution Processing Costs									
Kgals/Elution Required	35000	35000		I					
Number of Elutions	37000		35000	35000	35000	35000	35000		
Processing Unit Cost (\$/Elution)	\$525	\$525	19	1{	2	4		35000	35000
Subtotal Processing Costs	\$1,050	\$5,775	\$525	\$525	\$525	\$525	2525	42	12
B. Deep Well Injection Costs	\$1,030	30,7/3	\$9,975	\$525	\$1,050	\$2,100	\$525 \$7,875	\$525	\$525
Deep Well Injection Volume (Kgals/Elution)				. [-	37,673	\$22,050	\$6,300
Total Kgals for Injection	12		12	12	12	12	12		
Deep Well Injection Unit Cost (\$/Kgals)	\$4 60	\$4 60	228	12	24	48	180	12	12
Subtotal Deep Well Injection Costs	\$110	\$607	\$4.60	\$4 60	\$4.60	\$4.60	\$4.60	504	144
Subtotal Elution Costs per Wellfield	\$1,160	\$6,382	\$1,049	\$55]	\$110	\$221	\$828	\$4.60 \$2,319	\$4.60
Total Elution Costs	\$62,662	· BU.102	\$11,024	§580	\$1.160	\$2,321	\$8,703		\$663
	302,002							\$24,369	\$6,963
Monitoring and Sampling Costs									
A. Restoration Well Sampling			!	·					
Estimated Restoration Period (Years)	5	5	5	5					
1. Well Sampling prior to restoration start							5	5	5
# of Wells	5	20	31	5	7	9			
\$/sample	\$150	\$150	\$150	\$150	\$150	\$150	31	21	6
2. Restoration Progress Sampling						3130	\$150	\$150	\$150
# of Wells	5	20	31	5	7	9			
S/sample	\$150	\$150	\$150	\$150	\$150	\$150	31	21	6
Samples/Year	<u> </u>					3.50	\$150	\$150	\$150
# of Wells	5	20	31	5	7	- 9	31		4
S/sample	\$34	\$34	\$34	\$34	\$34	\$34	\$34	21	
Samples/Year	6	6	6	6]	6	6	6	\$34	\$34
3. UCL Sampling	 	70						6	6
# of Wells	\$19	70 \$19	78	5	20	29	55	89	
\$/sample	\$19	519	\$19	\$19	\$19	\$19	\$19	\$19	69] \$19
Samples/Year	\$19,860	\$78,300	6107.000	6	6	3	6	6	713
Sub-total Restoration Analyses	100,616	טטב, פיו פ	\$103,980	\$12,450	\$10,566	\$25,545	\$90,870	\$91,050	\$50,850
B. Short-term Stability	12	12	12						
Estimated Stabilization Period (Months)	12 6	56		12	12	12	12	12	
# of Wells		6	44			19	28	89	69
Samples/Year	6	1		6	6	6	6	6	12 69 6
\$/sample	\$19	\$19	\$19	\$19	\$19	\$19	\$19	\$19	\$19
# of Wells	5	20	31	6	2	9	31	21	
Samples/Year	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	
\$/sample	\$34	\$34	\$34	\$34	\$34	\$34	\$34	\$34	\$34
								114	534]

Water Restoration		A-Wellfield	B-W	CW sa						
# of Wells		14-11 CDRICK		C-Wellfield	C-19N Pattern	C-Haul, I)-Wellfield			
Samples/Year			20	31	6		>- wennerd	E-Wellfield	F-Wellfield	H-Wellfield
\$/sample		\$15			2	2	9	- 31	21	ar vi chinen
Sub-total Short-term Analyses		\$3.20		#170		\$150	2	2		
ubtotal Monitoring and Sampling Costs per	Wellfield	\$23,06			\$3,708	\$1.236	\$150	- \$150	\$150	
otal Monitoring and Sampling Costs		\$585,86		\$124,620	\$16,158	\$11,802	\$6,702 \$32,247	\$18,816	\$20,720	\$15 \$10,89
1echanical Integrity Test (MIT) Costs			-				\$32,247	\$109,686	\$111,780	\$61,74
Five Year MIT Unit Cost (\$/well)					·					
Number of Wells (30% of Inj. and Rest. V		\$94			\$94					
Subtotal Manhanical Version T C.	wells)	19			of	\$94	\$94	\$94	\$94	
inbtotal Mechanical Integrity Testing Costs	per Wellfield	\$1,777		\$10,660	Su	50	32	101	267	\$9
Total Mechanical Integrity Testing Cost		\$67,200			1	5 0	\$2,989	\$9,503	\$25,098	\$7,10
L RESTORATION COST PER WELLFIELD	7	\$132,643	\$600 210		t				023,074	\$7,10
L WELLFIELD RESTORATION COST		\$6,271,285		\$1,133,267	\$39,364	\$88,176	\$292,146	00.40		
. The state of the		30,2/3,283	 					\$940,266	\$2,213,848	\$743,25
		<u> </u>	··							
Building Utility Costs		Central Plant	Main Office	Satellite No.1	Satellite No.2					
Electricity (\$/Month)		\$600	\$1,000	\$750	\$750					
Propane (\$/Month)		\$0	\$0	\$1,600	\$0	\$750				
Natural Gas (\$/Month)		\$1,400	\$180	\$0	\$1,300	\$1,000				
Number of Months		48	60	136	31,300	\$0				
Subtotal Utility Costs per Building		\$96,000	\$70,800	\$84.600	eng (00)	48				
Total Building Utility Costs		\$433,800			\$98,400	\$84,000				
					-					
Irrigation Maintenance and Monitoring Co	sts	Irrigator No.1	Irrigator No.2							
A. Irrigation Maintenance and Repair		<u></u>								
Irrigation Operation Months/Year		6	6	T						
Cost per Month		\$667	\$667							
Total Number of Years		5	5		-	-				
Subtotal Maintenance and Repair Costs		\$20,010	\$20,010							
B. Irrigation Monitoring and Sampling										
# of Irrigation Fluid Samples/Year		6	6	·						
Cost/sample		\$121	\$121							
# of Vegetation Samples/Year		4	4							
Cost/sample		\$165	\$165							
# of Soil Samples/Year		28	32		·					
Cost/sample		\$174	\$174					-		
# of Soil Water Samples/Year		12	- 31/4							
		\$121	\$121							
Cost/sample		DIZI	0141							
Total Number of Years		020.550	63 6 600							
Subtotal Sampling Costs		\$38,550	\$35,980							
ubtotal Maintenance and Monitoring Costs per		\$58,560	\$55,990							
otal Irrigation Maintenance and Monitorin	g Costs	\$114,550								
Capital Costs (RO Purchase)										
Purchase/Installation Costs for 500 gpm RO	Canacity	\$500,000								
otal Capital Costs	-uputity	\$500,000								
oras Capital Costs		#300,000								
ehicle Operation Costs										
Number of Pickup Trucks/Pulling Units (Gas	s) .	10								
hamber of Lickab Hocks, with Ours (day	·									

nd Water Restoration	A-Wellfield	l eld	C-Wellfield	C-19N Pattern	C-Hap	D-Wellfield	Y 171 11-		
Operating Unit Cost in 5/hr (WDEQ Guideline N	(o.12) \$8.77					D. M. content	E-Wellfield	F-Wellfield	H-Wellfiel
Average Operating Time (Hrs/Year)	1000			 					23-11-00110
Total Number of Years (Average)	4			 	~ 				
Total Vehicle Operation Costs	\$350,800			 					
Labor Costs									
Number of Environmental Managers/RSOs				·					
\$/Year	\$60,000			f					
Number of Restoration Managers	1								
\$/Year	\$50,000			····-					
Number of Environmental Technicians	2			· ·					
\$/Year	\$28,000			· ·					
Number of Operators/Laborers	7								
\$/Year	\$28,000			·	· -		·		
Number of Maintenance Technicians	2			··, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		- 			~
S/Year	\$28,000	· · ·	·			 			
Number of Years	5		· · · · · ·	}.		·			
otal Labor Costs	\$2,090,000					 			
GROUND WATER RESTORATION COSTS	\$9,760,435			· ** .					

Page 5 of 36

		Ţ 						T
nt Removal & Disposal	Central ant	Satellite No.1	Satellite No.2	Satellite No.				
noval and Loading Costs								
Tankage		 	 	f				1
Number of Tanks	26	8	14	18				I .
Volume of Tank Construction Material (ft ³)	1028	162	290					
1. Labor								
Number of Persons	3		3	3				+
Fr³/Day	25		25	25				
Number of Days	41		12	16				
\$/Day/Person	\$112							
Subtotal Labor Costs	\$13,776	\$2,016	\$4,032	\$5,376				
2. Equipment								
Number of Days	41		\$338	16				
\$/Day	\$338							1
Subtotal Equipment Costs	\$13,858							T
Subtotal Tankage Removal and Loading Costs	\$27,634	\$4,044	\$8,088	\$10,784				
PVC Pipe		ļ		l				
PVC Pipe Footage	5000			4000				
Average PVC Pipe Diameter (inches)	3	3	4	3				
Shredded PVC Pipe Volume Reduction (R*/11)	0.016		• .	0.016				
Volume of Shredded PVC Pipe (ft³)	80	16	64	64				
1. Labor			1					<u> </u>
Number of Persons	2	200	2	2				<u> </u>
Ft/Day	200	200		200				<u> </u>
Number of Days	25	ļ <u></u>	20	<u>20</u> \$112				
S/Day/Person	\$112	\$112		\$4,480				
Subtotal Labor Costs	\$5,600			\$4,480				J
Subtotal PVC Pipe Removal and Loading Costs	\$5,600	\$1,120	\$4,480	34,480				
Pumps	50	10	14	13				
Number of Pumps	4.93			4.93				
Average Volume (ft³/pump)	246.5		69.02	64.09				
Volume of Pumps (ft ³)	240.3	47.3		04.09				
1. Labor		 		1				
Number of Persons	$\frac{1}{2}$	ļ;		2				
Pumps/Day	25		7	7				
Number of Days	\$112		\$112	\$112	+ -			
\$/Day/Person				\$784	~ ~~~			
Cultertal Labor Costs	\$2,800			\$784				
Subtotal Pump Removal and Loading Costs	\$2,800	9700	2/04	3/04				
	200	 		 				+
Dryer Volume (ft')	885			·				
Dryer volume (it)		 	ļ	 				
1. Labor Number of Persons	5		ļ			<u></u>		
Number of resons	175							
Ft ² /Day	5		ļ	ļ				·
Number of Days	\$112							J ·- ·
\$/Day/Person	\$2,800		<u>[</u>					J
Total Labor Cost	\$2,800							
Total Dryer Dismantling and Loading Cost		age 6 of 36						EQUIP

ubtotal Equipment Removal and Loading Costs per Facility	Cat lant	Satellite No.1	Satellite No.2	Satellite			
otal Equipment Removal and Loading Costs	\$38,834	\$5,724	\$13,352	\$16,000			1
	\$73,958		1332	310,048			
Tankage Tankage	 						
1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -							
Volume of Tank Construction Material (ft ³)	1028	162	290	397			
Volume for Disposal Assuming 10% Void Space (ft ³)	1131	178	319	436			
Transportation and Disposal Unit Cost (\$/ft³)	\$17.19	\$17.19	\$17.19	\$17.19			
Subtotal Tankage Transportation and Disposal Costs	\$19,442	\$3,060	\$5,484	\$7,495			
PVC Pipe				- 57,493			
Volume of Shredded PVC Pipe (ft ³)	80	16	64				
Volume for Disposal Assuming 10% Void Space (ft ³)	88	18	70	64			
Transportation and Disposal Unit Cost (\$/ft ³)	\$17.19	\$17.19		70			
Subtotal PVC Pipe Transportation and Disposal Costs	\$1,513	\$309	\$17.19	\$17.19			
Pumps			\$1,203	\$1,203			
Volume of Pumps (ft')	246.5	49.3					
Volume for Disposal Assuming 10% Void Space (ft³)	271		69.02	64.09			
Transportation and Disposal Unit Cost (\$/ft')	\$17 19	54	76	70		~	
Subtotal PVC Pipe Transportation and Disposal Costs	\$4,658	\$17.19	\$17.19	\$17.19			
		\$928	\$1,306	\$1,203			
Dryer Dryer		· · ·	[.				
Dryer Volume (ft³)	885						
Volume for Disposal Assuming Dryer Remains Intact (ft ³)	885		. 1.				
Transportation and Disposal Unit Cost (\$/ft ³)	\$17.19		1.				
Total Dryer Transportation and Disposal Costs	\$15,213		. -				
ototal Equipment Transportation and Disposal Costs per Facility	\$40,826	\$4,297	\$7,993	\$9,901			
tal Equipment Transportation and Disposal Costs	563,017						
alth and Safety Costs			· · · ·				
Radiation Safety Equipment	\$1.250		a				
	\$5,000	\$1,250	\$1,250	\$1,250			
al Health and Safety Costs	35,000	<u>-</u>					
TAL EQUIPMENT REMOVAL AND DISPOSAL COSTS PER FACILITY	\$80,910	\$11,271	\$22,595	\$27,199			
EQUIPMENT REMOVAL AND DISPOSAL COSTS	\$141.975		177.7.2	901,177			

iding Dem	colition and Disposel				Central Plant	Dryer	Satellite	Satellite	Sotellite	6	·		
					Plant	Building	No. 1	No. 2	No. 3	Sat. No.3	Yellow Cake	S	
	nination Costs	1	}						140.3	Feb. Shop	Warehouse	South Warehouse	Suspende
A. Wall	Decontamination							ļ			-	A MA CHOUSE	Walkwa
Ar	es to be Decontamina	ted (ft²)			131000						·		
Ap	phication Rate (Gallor	ns/ft ²)			131000	0	0	0	0	Ō	 		
	I Acid Wesh, including		lon)							<u>V</u>	0	0	
	tal Wall Decontamina		1011)	 -	\$0.50	\$ 0.50	\$0.50	\$0.50	\$0.50	60.60	1	1	
	ete Floor Decontamin				\$65,500	\$0	\$0		\$0	\$0.50		\$0.50	\$0
	es to be Decontaminat					<u>-</u>				50	50	\$0	30.
					17820	0	6000	9600	9600				
	plication Rate (Gallon		1		4	4	4		7000	0	0	0	
	l Acid Wash, includin				\$0.50	\$0.50	\$0.50	\$0.50	4	4	4	4	
Subtot	al Concrete Floor Dec	ontemination (Costs		\$35,640	\$0	\$12,000	\$19,200	\$0,50	\$0.50	\$0.50	\$0.50	
C. Deep \	Well Injection Costs	1	Ţ					219,200	\$19,200	\$0	\$0	\$0.30	\$0.
	al Kgals for Injection]	7		202.28	-0	24					30	
Dec	p Well Injection Unit	Cost (\$/Kgals)			\$4.60	\$4.60	\$4.60		38.4	0	0		
Subtot	al Deep Well Injection	Costs	7		\$931	\$0	5110	\$4.60	\$4.60	\$4.60	\$4.60	- 0	
Subtotal De	contamination Costs p	er Building	1	1	\$102,071	30	\$12,110	<u>5177</u>	S177	\$0	\$0	\$4.60	\$4.
Total Deco	ntamination Costs	7	 	+	\$158,021		3,4,110	\$19,377	\$19,377	\$0	\$0	\$0	
		+	 									\$0	
Demolition		 			L			· · +					
L Buildin		 	<u> </u>					• 1	··- · 				
	umptions:	<u> </u>				T.			· · · · · - -				
I	Dryer bldg, demolition	unit cost of 50	73/ft for a	dditional		~		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
r	adiation safety equipm	icn!											
Volu	me of Building (ft3)				794000	30720	192000	320000	320000				
	olition Unit Cost per	VDEO Guideli	ne No. 12 (S/ft ³)	\$0.152	\$0,000	\$0.152	\$0.152		37560	91000	333000	560
	r Building Demolition			T	\$0.00	\$0.73	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.152	\$0.152	\$0.152	\$0.152	\$0.15
	Building Demolition			 	\$120,688	\$22,426	\$29,184		\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00
. Concrete				 	3130,000		323,104	\$48,640	\$48,640	\$5,709	\$13,832	\$50,616	
	of Concrete Floor (ft ²			 	23760		8000					230,010	\$85
	plition Unit Cost per V		No. 12 (9	'/A'	\$8.13	\$8.13		12800	12800	0	6500	18000	
			140. 12 (3	(1)			\$8.13	\$8.13	\$8.13	\$8.13	\$8.13	\$8.13	
	Concrete Floor Demo	intion Colu		 	\$193,169	\$0	\$65,040	\$104,064	\$104,064	\$0	\$52,845	\$146,340	58.13
Concrete				 								\$190,340	\$0
	th of Concrete Footing			<u> </u>	622	0	360	480	480	0	360	400	
	olition Unit Cost per W		ne No.12 (\$/	imear (t)	\$11.07	\$11.07	\$11.07	\$11.07	\$11.07	\$11.07	\$11.07	580	0
	Concrete Footing Der			ļ ļ	\$6,886	\$0	5 3,985	\$5,314	\$5,314	\$0	\$3,985	\$11.07	\$11.07
	olition Costs per Build	ging			\$320,743	\$22,426	\$98,209	\$158,018	\$158,018	\$5,709	\$70,662	\$6,421	S 0
tal Demol	ition Costs				\$1,317,309					-	2.0,002	\$203,377	\$851
spossi Cos													
Building													
					29407	1138	7111						
	of Building (cy)				£34U !]	1100		11852	11852	1391	3370	12333	207
1. On-Si								<u></u>					207
As	umptions:												
	On-site disposal cos	it of \$0.54/cy											
Pe	rcentage (%)				100	O	100	100	100	100	100		
	lume for Disposal (cu	bic yards)			29407	0	7111	11852	11852	1391	100	100	100
	eposal Unit Cost (\$/cy				\$0.54	\$0.54	\$0.54	\$0.54	\$0.54		3370	12333	207
	spossi uni cost (3/6y	'					72.27	30.34	JU.34	\$0.54	\$0.54	\$0.54	\$0.54

wild	ling D	emelition a	nd Dispose			Changehouse	Maintenance	Main	Office	Process/Fire				
-						and Lab Bldg.	Bullding	Office	Trailers	Water Bldg.	Potable	Potable Water	Central Plant	
		temination								water Bldg.	Water Bldg.	Tank Slab	Tank Slaba	Exxon R&
	A. W	all Decontan											Talle Slabs	RO Bidg
		Area to be I				0	0	0	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
_		Application				1	1	1		0	0	0		
_		HCI Asid W	esh, includi	ng labor (\$/Gall	on)	\$0.50	\$0.50	\$0.50		1	1			
		btotal Wall I				So	\$0	\$0	50.50	\$0.50	\$0.50	\$0.50		
В	l. Co	morete Floor	Decontemir	ation							SO	\$0	\$0.50	\$0.
		Area to be I	econtemina	ted (ft ¹)		0	0						\$0	
\perp		Application	Rate (Gallo	na/ft²)			4		0	0	0	0		
T		HCI Acid W	ash, includit	ig labor (\$/Galle	on)	\$0.50	\$0.50		4	4	4	4	0	120
	Su	btotal Concre	te Floor De	contamination (Costs	50	\$0.50	\$0.50	\$0.50	\$0.50	\$0.50	\$0.50	4	
C		ep Well Injec			 	-			\$0	\$0	\$0	30.30	\$0.50	\$0.5
_		Total Kgala i			 				[_		30	50	\$2,52
+				Cost (\$/Kgals)	 	\$4.60	\$4.60	0	0	. 0	0	0		
1-		ototal Deep V				\$0		\$4.60	\$4.60	\$4.60	\$4.60	\$4.60	0	5.0
S		Decontamin			 	102	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0		\$4.60	\$4.6
		econtamina		bat consoning	 	30	\$0		SU	\$0	so	02	\$0	\$2
+-			LION COMIS		 	- 						20	\$0	\$2,54
D	emoli	tion Costs				7]					
A	Bui	lding	1		1	7		+	}	+				
1		Assumptions:	1	T	1	 								
1			e. demolitio	n unit cost of \$0	.73/ft for additional	 		 ·		·· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			-	
+	1-1		afety equip		1	 								
 	1	Jolume of Bu			 	73000	27000	72000						
+					ne No. 12 (\$/ft³)	\$0.152	\$0,152		20000	16500	6300	0	0	
┼				n Unit Cost (\$/fi		\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.152	\$0.152	\$0.152	\$0.152	\$0.152	\$0.000	15120
+		total Building			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$11,096		\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.000
B.	_	crete Floor	Dentolition	Costs		\$11,090	\$4,104	\$10,944	\$3,040	\$2,508	\$958	\$0		\$0.00
Ю.	_	rea of Concr	• F/ (A	1			2122						\$0	\$0
├					N 15 (5)(5)	5400	2100	6000	0	600	180	1256	705	
ļ					ne No. 12 (\$/ft²)	\$8.13	\$8.13	\$8.13	. \$8,13	\$8.13	\$8.13	\$8.13	7854	1260
-		otal Concrete	rioor Dem	oution Costs		\$43,902	\$17,073	\$48,780	\$0	\$6,504	\$1,463	\$10,211	\$8.13	\$8.13
C.		rete Footing		L					L			7.0,231	\$63,853	\$10,244
ļ		ength of Con				300	200	340	U	120	54	0		
					e No.12 (\$/tinear ft)	\$11.07	\$11.07	\$11.07	\$11.07	\$11.07	\$11.07	\$0.00	0	144
				molition Costs	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$3,321	\$2,214	\$3,764	\$0	\$1,328	\$598	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$11.07
		Demolition C		lding		\$58,319	\$23,391	\$63,488	\$3,040	\$10,340	\$3.019	\$10,211	\$0	\$1,594
Tot	al Der	molitian Co	to								-	240,211	\$63,853	\$11,838
Die	potal	Carta												
						}				· · · ·				
	Build		a (av)			2704	1000							
		ne of Buildin	R (ch)			2/04	1000	2667	741	611	233	0	0	560
	1. Or											-		300
		Assumption		560 544						-				
				st of \$0.54/cy										
		Percentage				100	100	100	100	100	100	0	0	
		Volume for				2704	1000	2667	741	611	233		0	100
- 1	- 1	Disposal Un	it Cost (\$/cy	()	1 1	\$0.54	\$0.54	\$0,54	\$0.54	\$0.54	\$0.54	\$0.54	U	560

dir	g I	Demoli	tion an	d Disposal				Exion R&D	D, E-Weilfield		Vollman
	\mathbf{I}							Process Bidg.	Booster Stat.	1-20 Bdlg.	33-27 Bc
De			ation (
A.	-{*			ination							
-	+-			econtamina					0	0	
	+-			Rate (Gallor		ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ		1	1	Ĩ	
<u> </u>	1_				g labor (\$/Gali	on)		\$0.50	\$0.50	\$0.50	s
				econtaminal				\$0	50	\$0	
B.	C			Decontamin				1			
	1_			econtaminat				1260	0	Ü	
	1			Rate (Gallon				4	4	4	
	L	HCI A	Leid W	uh, includin	g labor (\$/Galle	on)		\$0.50	\$0.50	\$0.50	· · · · · \$(
					contamination C	.oetu	- T -	\$2,520	\$0	SU	····· *:
C.	D	cep We	li Injec	tion Costs							
	L			or Injection		1		5.04	0	o	 .
	\Box				Cost (\$/Kgels)			\$4.60	\$4.60	\$4 60	S
		btotal	Deep V	fell Injection	i Costs			\$23	SO	\$0	
Sub	tou	d Decc	ntamin	ation Costs	er Building			\$2,543	\$0	\$0	
Tot	el 1	Decont	amina	ion Costs	1	1	1				
					7	 	7	F		==	• • •
		ition C	.0819	 	 	}		 			
A.	Bu	ilding	- 	}		 		 		·-· - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
			ptions:	1	unit cost of \$0	72/07 6		}			
	<u> </u>					1.73/R 10f	BOOTHOUS:	 		· ·-·	
	-			afety equipr ilding (ft ³)	nent	 		15120	8640		
		Volum	e or Bu	tiding (II)	WDEQ Guideli	No. 12	(2/9)	\$0.152	\$0.152	14400 \$0.152	144
		Demoi	Duitein	a Demolitic	w DeQ Galden u Unit Cost (\$/f	ne 140. 12 ((3/10)	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.1
				Demolition		} 		\$2,298	\$1,313	\$2,189	\$0.
		norete i		Demonitor	Casa			32,250	31,313		<u>\$2,1</u>
<u>'</u>				ete Floor (ft	!			1260	0	600	6
	{;	ALTER OF	Concr	ete Pibor (te	/ WDEQ Guideli	na Nin. 12 (S/8 ²)	\$8.13	\$8.13	\$8.13	\$8.
-+	-4	Demon	HOR OF	Class D	olition Costs	RE 140. 12 (3/11/	\$10,244	20	\$4,878	\$4,8°
					omion Costs			310,244		37,070	34,0
- 1			ooting		(9)		+	144		100	
		Centro	or con	crete Footin	g (11) VDEQ Guidelii	ne No 12 (Vincer A)	\$11,07	\$11.07	\$11.07	\$11.0
-4	<u> </u>	Jemoli	HOU OF	E-stier D	malities Core	170.12 (3	, inca it	\$1,594	\$0	\$1,107	\$1,10
-4	sub	total C	Onorece	Coorning De	molition Costs			\$14,136	\$1,313	\$8,174	\$8,17
				osts per Bui	oug		 	3.7,130		40,0,77	
ota	7	emolit	on Co	163							
isp	GER	Costs				,				<u>_</u>	
		ding	1							L	
			Buildir	ig (cy)				560	320	533	53
		In-Site									
1	+		unption	3:							· · · · ·
+	+	1	On-sit	e disposal co	st of \$0.54/cy						
+	+	Perc	entage	(%)				100	100	100	10
+	+	Vol	me for	Disposal (or	ıbic yardı)			560	320	533	53
	-+-			ut Cost (\$/c				\$0.54	\$0.54	\$0.54	\$0.5

		Central	Dryer	Satellite	Satellite	Satellite	Sat. No.3	Yellow Cake	South	Suspended
ullding	Demolition and Disposal	Plant	Building	No. 1	No. 2	No. 3	Fab. Shop	Warehouse	Warehouse	Walkway
	Subtotal On-Site Disposal Costs	\$15,880	50	\$3,840	\$6,400	\$6,400	\$751	\$1,820	\$6,660	SI
	2. NRC-Licensed Facility			-						
	Percentage (%)	0	100			0	0	0	0	
	Volume for Disposal (ft²)	0	2624	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Volume for Disposal Assuming 10% Void Space (ft ³)	0	2886	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Transportation and Disposal Unit Cost (\$/8")	\$17.19	\$6.67	\$17.19	\$17.19	\$17.19	\$17.19	\$17.19	\$17.19	\$17.1
	Subtotal NRC-Licensed Facility Disposal Costs	\$0	\$19,250	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	
	Subtotal Building Disposal Costs	\$15,880	\$19,250	\$3,840	\$6,400	\$6,400	\$751	\$1,820	\$6,660	S1
									00,000	
В.	Concrete Floor	23760	Ö	8000	12800	12800	0	6500	18000	
	Area of Concrete Floor (R ²)	0.75		0.67	0.67	. 0.67	0	0.5		
_	Average Thickness of Concrete Floor (ft)	17820	0	5360	8576	8576	0		0.5	
	Valume of Concrete Floor (ft ³)	660		199	318	318	0	120	9000	
	Volume of Concrete Floor (cy)				****			120	333	
	1. On-Site	75		75	75	75	0	100		
	Percentage (%)			149	238			100	100	
	Volume for Disposal (cy)	495				238	0	120	333	
	Disposal Unit Cost per WDEQ Guideline No.12 (\$/cy)	\$4.42	\$4.42	\$4.42	\$4.42	\$4.42	\$4.42	\$4.42	\$4.42	\$4.
-	Subtotal On-Site Disposal Costs	\$2,188	\$0	\$658	\$1,053	\$1,053	\$0	\$532	\$1,473	
	2. NRC-Licensed Facility	l								
-+	Assumptions:			- <i>-</i>						
_	Additional \$2.00/ft for segrogation of concrete				∫					
		25	U	25	25	25		0	0	
	Percentage (%)	4455	O	1340	2144	2144	0	0	0	
	Volume for Disposal (R ³)	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$2,00	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$2.
	Segregation and Loading Unit Cost (\$/R')	\$6.67	\$6.67	\$6.67	\$6.67	\$6.67	\$6.67	\$6.67	\$6.67	\$6.
	Transportation and Disposal Unit Cost (\$/ft³)	\$38,625	\$0	\$11,618	\$18,588	\$18,588	\$0	\$0	\$0	
	Subtotal NRC-Licensed Facility Disposal Costs	\$40,813	\$0	\$12,276	\$19,641	\$19,641	\$0		\$1,473	
_	Subtotal Concrete Floor Disposal Costs	340,013							91,475	
	Concrete Footing	622		360	480	480	0	360	580	
	l enoth of Concrete Footing (ft)	4			اه	4		4	4	
	Average Depth of Concrete Footing (ft)							1		
-+	Average Width of Concrete Footing (ft)			1440	1920	1920	-	1440	7770	
	Volume of Concrete Footing (ft ³)	2488)				2320	
_	Volume of Concrete Footing (cy)	92	0	53	71	71		53	86	
	On-ste Disposal Unit Cost per WDEQ Guideline No.12 (\$/cy)	\$4.42	\$4.42	\$4.42	\$4.42	\$4.42	\$4.42	\$4.42	\$4.42	\$4.
	On-ste Disposal Unit Cost per WDEQ Costs	\$407	\$0	\$236	\$314	\$314	\$0	\$236	\$380	
	Subtotal Concrete Footing Disposal Costs	\$57,100	\$19,250	\$16,352	\$26,355	\$26,355	\$751	\$ 2,588	\$8,513	\$1
Sub	stotal Disposal Costs per Building	\$166,988								
Tota	tal Disposal Coats									
					p1 000	63.000				
II. Hes	aith and Safety Costs	\$1,000	\$1,000	\$1,000	\$1,000	\$1,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	
7_7	Radiation Safety Equipment	\$5,000								
Tota	tal Health and Safety Costs		240 (2)	\$127,671	\$204,750	\$204,750	\$6,460	\$73,250	\$211,890	\$9
	TAL BUILDING DEMOLITION AND DISPOSAL COSTS	\$480,914	\$42,676	\$127,071	3204,730	<u>4204,130</u>	30,400	\$13,230	3411,090	39
UBTO!	TAL BUILDING DEMOLITION AND DISPOSAL COSTS BUILDING DEMOLITION AND DISPOSAL COSTS	\$1,647,318		<u>·</u>				L	<u> </u>	

		1 - 1	Changehouse		Main	Office	Process/Fire	Potable	Potable Water	Central Plant	V
ing Demolition and Disposal			and Lab Bldg.	Bullding	Office	Trailers	Water Bidg.	Water Bldg.	Tunk Slab	Tunk Slabs	
Subtotal On-Site Dispose	l Costs		\$1,460	\$540	\$1,440	\$400	\$330	\$126	50		RO Bldg.
2. NRC-Licensed Facility	1							333	30	\$0	S30;
Percentage (%)			0	0	0	0	Ū	0	Ö	0	
Volume for Disposal	(ft³)		0	. 0	0	0	0	0		0	
Volume for Disposal	Assuming 10% V	oid Space (ft) 0	0	0	U	0	0		0	
Transportation and D	sporal Unit Cost	(\$/R ³)	\$17.19	\$17.19	\$17.19	\$17.19	\$17.19	\$17.19	\$17.19	\$17.19	\$17.19
Subtotal NRC-Licensed	acility Disposal	Costs	\$0			\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$17.13
Subtotal Building Disposal	Costs		\$1,460	\$540	\$1,440	\$400	\$330	\$126	\$0	\$0	\$30
	T										
B. Concrete Floor Area of Concrete Floor (R ² \	 	5400	2100	6000	Ü	800	180	1256	7854	1260
Average Thickness of Co	te Floor (A)	 	0.5	0.5	0.5	υ	0.5	0.5	1		0.
Average Thickness of Co	norete Pioor (II)	 	2700	1050	3000	. 0	400	90	1256	7854	63(
Volume of Concrete Flo	or (n)		100	39	iii	0	15	3	47	291	2.
Volume of Concrete Flo	or (cy)	 	······································		 -		∮ 		7,	251	
1. On-Site		 	100	100	100	-0	100	100	100	100	
Percentage (%)		 	100	39			15		47	100	10
Volume for Disposal	(oy)	<u></u>		\$4.42		\$4.42		\$4,42		291	2
Disposal Unit Cost p	T WDEQ Guidel	line No. 12 (5/	cy) 54.42	\$172		S0	\$65	\$15	\$4.42	\$4.42	\$4.4
Subtotal On-Site Dispos	l Costs		\$442	31/2				213	\$206	\$1,286	\$10
2. NRC-Licensed Facility				ļ			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Assumptions:					L						
Additional \$2.0	0/ft ³ for segregat	ion of concrete	c								
	1	1	0	0	I	0	0		<u>~</u>	0	
Percentage (%) Volume for Disposal	(0 3)	1	0	0	0	0	0		0	0	
Segregation and Los	ting Vinit Cost /S	(83)	\$2.00	\$2.00		\$2.00	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$2.0
Segregation and Loss Transportation and D	ing thit con (5	(\$/87)	\$6.67	\$6.67	\$6.67	. \$6.67	\$6.67	\$6.67	\$6.67	\$6.67	\$6.6
Transportation and L	Broise Discord	Costs	\$0	\$0	SO	\$0	\$0		\$0	\$0	\$
Subtotal NRC-Licensed	Carry Duposai	Cost	\$442	\$172	\$491	\$0	\$65	\$15	\$206	\$1,286	\$10
Subtotal Concrete Floor Dis	possi Costs	 									
C. Concrete Footing		 	300	200	340	U	120	54	0	0	14
Length of Concrete Foot	ing (II)	 		4	4	0	4	4	4	4	
Average Depth of Concr	te Footing (R)	 		i	ī	0	1	1	i		
Average Width of Concr	te Footing (11)		1200	800	1360	0	480	216	0	0	57
Volume of Concrete Foo	ting (ft')	 	44	30		U	18	8	Ö	0	2
Trul Consesse Food	ting (cv)	<u> </u>	·			\$4.42	\$4.42	\$4.42	\$4.42	\$4.42	\$4.4
On-ste Disposal Unit Con	t per WDEQ Gu	ideline No.12	(\$/cy) 34.42 \$196	<u> </u>	\$223	\$0		\$35	\$0		\$9
Subtotal Concrete Footing I	Disposal Costs		\$2,098	1	\$2,154	\$400	\$474	\$176	\$206	\$1,286	\$49
Subtotal Disposal Costs per Buil	ding	L	\$2,098	3043						5.,200	
Total Disposal Costs		1 :									
Health and Safety Costs		}	\$0	\$0	\$0	. 30	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$
Radiation Safety Equipment		 		l							
Total Health and Safety Costs		 			765	67.440	F10 914	\$3,195	\$10,417	964 120	834.00
TOTAL BUILDING DEMOLIT	TON AND DISP	OSAL COST	S \$60,417	\$24,234	\$65,642	\$3,440	\$10,814	\$3,173	310,417	\$65,139	\$14,88
OTAL BUILDING DEMOLITION OF THE PROPERTY OF TH	TOTA WAD DIST	CAL COSTS			1		<u> </u>				

Buildin	g Demolition and Disposa			Exxon R&D	D. E-Wellfield	Morton No.	Vollman No.
2101124111	Subtotal On-Site Dispo	-1.6-		Process Bldg.	Bouster Stat.	1-20 Bdlg.	33-27 Bdig.
	2. NRC-Licensed Facility	sai Costs		\$302	\$173	\$288	\$288
	Percentage (%)		- 				
	Volume for Disposa	(R ³)		- 0	0	0	Ü
	Volume for Disposa		Void Space (83)		0	0	0
	Transportation and I	Disposal Unit Co	ost (\$/ft')	\$17.19	\$17.19	0	. 0
	Subtotal NRC-Licensed	Facility Dispos	al Costs	\$0		\$17.19	\$17.19
	Subtotal Building Disposal			\$302	\$0 \$173	\$0	<u>\$0</u>
В.	Concrete Floor	7			31/3	\$288	\$288
 	Area of Concrete Floor	(0 2)	-}	1260			
-1-1	Average Thickness of Co		., 	0.5		600	600
	Volume of Concrete Flo		'/	630		0.5	0.5
	Volume of Concrete Flo			23		300	300
╼┿╼╅	1. On-Site	or (oy)	· 		- 0	, !!.	!!]
	L-1		-}				
	Percentage (%)	, 		100	0	_ 100	100
	Volume for Disposal		 	23	0		11]
	Disposal Unit Cost pe		tine No.12 (\$/cy)	\$4.42	\$4.42	\$4.42	54.42
	Subtotal On-Site Dispose	il Costa		\$103	\$0	\$49	\$49
	2. NRC-Licensed Facility						
_	Assumptions:		<u> </u>				
	Additional \$2.00	3/ft for segrega	tion of concrete	 	L.		
	Percentage (%)		J	0	0		
	Volume for Disposal	(ft ²)	l	0	0		0
\rightarrow	Segregation and Load	ling Unit Cost (5/R')	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$2.00	\$2.00
	Transportation and Di			\$6.67	\$6.67	\$6.67	
	Subtotal NRC-Licensed F		Costs	\$0	50		\$0
	Subtotal Concrete Floor Dis	posal Costs	 	\$103	\$0	\$49	\$49
C. C	Concrete Footing		 				
	Length of Concrete Footis	ag (ft)	ļ	144	0	100	100
	Average Depth of Concre		 	4	4	4	
	Average Width of Conorc		<u> </u>				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
1_1	Volume of Concrete Footi		<u> </u>	576	0	400	400}
	Volume of Concrete Foot			21	0	15	
	On-ste Disposal Unit Cost	per WDEQ Gu	ideline No.12 (\$/cy)	\$4.42	\$4.42	\$4.42	\$4.42
S	Subtotal Concrete Footing Di	sposal Costs		\$94	\$0	565	\$65
	tal Disposal Costs per Build			\$499	\$173	\$402	\$402
	Disposal Costs						
	h and Safety Costs	 		\$0	\$0		\$0
	adiation Sefety Equipment	 					
	Health and Safety Costs	}					:
BTOTAL	L BUILDING DEMOLITIC	ON AND DISPO	OSAL COSTS	\$17,178	\$1,486	\$8,576	\$8,576
	UILDING DEMOLITION	AND DICEOR	AL COSTS	. 1	1 -	1	

ld Buildings & Equipme	ent Remo	val & Dispo	sal		A difield	B-Wellfield	C-Wellfield	D-We.	E-Wellfield	F-Wellfield	H-Wellfield
Vellfield Piping											Z Vicinicia
Assumptions:			·							 	
Number of Header H	louses per	Wellfield			5		20	4	15	42	15
Length of Piping per	Header H	louse (ft)			15000		15000	15000	15000		15000
Total Length of Pipi					75000	270000	300000	60000	225000		225000
Removal and Loading					ļ			ļ			
Wellfield Piping Ren	noval Uni	t Cost (\$/ft o	f pipe)		\$0.31	\$0.31	\$0.31	\$0.31	\$0.31	\$0.31	\$0.31
Subtotal Wellfield Pipir	ng Remova	al and Loadii	ng Costs		\$23,250	\$83,700	\$93,000	\$18,600	\$69,750	\$195,300	\$69,750
3. Transport and Disposal	Costs (NI	RC-Licensed	Facility))			l • · · ·				
Average Diameter of	Piping (i	nches)			2	2	2	2	2	. 2	2
Chipped Volume Re	duction (fi	1 ² /ft)			0.005	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.005	0.005
Chipped Volume per	r Wellfield	l (ft²)			375	1350		300	1125	3150	1125
Volume for Disposal	Assumin	g 10% Void	Space (ft	<u>')</u>	413	1485	1650	330	1238		1238
Transportation and I	Disposal U	nit Cost (\$/1	(t)		\$17.19			· · · ·	\$17.19		
Subtotal Wellfield Pipir	ng Transp	ort and Disp	osal Cost	ls	\$7,099			\$5,673	\$21,281	\$59,563	\$21,281
Wellfield Piping Costs per	Wellfield				\$30,349	\$109,227	\$121,364	\$24,273	\$91,031	\$254,863	\$91,031
C. Capitol Costs		}						 		<u> </u>	
PVC Pipe Shredder					\$40,000						
Total Wellfield Piping Co	sts				\$762,138						
					 -						
Well Pumps and Tubing					 						
Assumptions:				and woter	restoration lab	or costs	,			 	
Assumptions: Pump and tubing rer	noval cost	s included w	naer grou	dia water	a a			·		 	
60% of production/it	niection w	ells contain j	pumps ar	na/or tuom	<u>B</u>					 	
A Pump and Tubing Tran	sportation	and Disposa	al		27	141	192	45	143	522	138
Number of Produc	ction Well	S			50	} · · · · · · · ·	343	91	307	855	222
Number of Injection	on Wells								30,	653	222
1 Pump Volume	1				16	85	115	27	86	313	83
Number of Produc	ction Well	s with Pump	S		10		1	1	1	313	33
Average Pump Vo	olume (ft³)]			16	85	115	27	86	313	83
Pump Volume per	Wellfield	l (ft')			10				30	313	
2. Tubing Volume					 			 		 	
			<u></u>		lenth minus 75	. fi					
Average tubing	g length/w	ellfield base	d on aver	rage well o	16	85	115	27	86	313	83
Number of Produc	ction Well	s with I uoin	<u>g</u>		30						
Number of Injecti	on Wells v	with I uoing	· .		475			575			
Average Tubing I	_ength per	well (n)			21850			47150	141750		
	Wallfiel	a (ff)	اا	(1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	21030	2 2	2	2	2		
Diameter of Produ	action We	II Fibergiass	Tubing ((inches)	1.25	1.25	1,25	<u> </u>	1.25		
Diameter of Inject	tion Well I	HDPE Tubin	ig (inche	s)					h	+- 	
Chipped Volume	Reduction	(ft³/ft)			0.005		0.005	0.003	0.003	0.005	
Chippen 4 Oranie					Page	14 of 36					WF BLC

Domard & Dienasal	ellfield	B-Wellfield	C-Wellfield	D-V	F-Wellfield	F Waller	
Field Buildings & Equipment Removal & Disposal Chipped Volume per Wellfield (ft ³)	109	587	843	236	200	r-weilileid	H-Wellfield
Volume of Pump and Tubing (ft ³)	125	672	958	263	709	2581	513
Volume of Fump and Tubing (it) Volume for Disposal Assuming 10% Void Space (ft ³)	138	739	1054	289	795 875	2894	596
Transportation and Disposal Unit Cost (\$/ft³)	\$17.19	\$17.19	\$17.19	\$17.19	\$17.19	3183 \$17.19	656 \$17.19
Subtotal Pump and Tubing Transport and Disposal Costs	\$2,372	\$12,703	\$18,118	\$4,968	\$15,041	\$54,716	\$11,277
Pump and Tubing Costs per Wellfield	\$2,372	\$12,703	\$18,118	\$4,968	\$15,041	\$54,716	\$11,277
Total Pump and Tubing Costs	\$119,195						<u> </u>
Buried Trunkline	A/B-Wellfiel	ds		D/E-Wellfiel	ds		
Assumptions:				·			
A/B-Wellfields use the same trunkline			`				
D/E-Wellfields use the same trunkline				· 			
Length of Trunkline Trench (ft)	6500	·· ·	5900	12000		11700	13200
A Demogral and Loading		· ·	*************				
Main Pipeline Removal Unit Cost (\$/ft of trench)	\$0.85		\$0.85	\$0.85	·	\$0.85	\$0.85
Subtotal Trunkline Removal and Loading Costs	\$5,525		\$5,015	\$10,200		\$9,945	\$11,220
B. Transport and Disposal Costs (NRC-Licensed Facility)							
1. 3" HDPE Trunkline		- ·		10000		 	
Piping Length (ft)	6500		5900	12000	······································	11700	13200
Chipped Volume Reduction (ft ³ /ft)	0.022	·	0.022	0.022		0.022	0.022
Chipped Volume (ft ³)	143		129.8	264		257.4	290.4
2. 10" HDPE Trunkline							·
2. 10" HDFE Hunking Piping Length (ft)	13000		0	0		0	0
Piping Length (II)	0,277		0.277	0.277		0.277	0.277
Chipped Volume Reduction (ft ³ /ft)	3601		0	0		0	0
Chipped Volume (ft ³)				-			
3. 12" HDPE Trunkline	0		11800	24000		0	. 0
Piping Length (ft)	0.293		0.293	0.293	<u> </u>	0.293	0.293
Chipped Volume Reduction (ft³/ft)	0		3457.4	7032		0	0
Chipped Volume (ft ²)							
4. 14" HDPE Trunkline	0		0	0		23400	26400
Piping Length (ft)	0.359		0.359	0.359		0.359	0.359
Chipped Volume Reduction (ft /ft)	0		0	0		8400.6	
Chinned Volume (ft')	3744		3587.2	7296		8658	
- Im - Idian Chinned Volume (III)	4118		3946			9524	
Volume for Disposal Assuming 10% Vold Space (It)	\$17.19		\$17.19	\$17.19		\$17.19	
Transportation and Disposal Unit Cost (\$711)			\$67,832			\$163,718	
Sylvated Trunkline Transport and Disposal Costs	\$70,788		\$72,847	\$148,167		\$173,663	
Trunkline Decommissioning Costs per Wellfield	\$76,313		\$12,041	\$140,107		\$173,003	9193,727
Total Trunkline Decommissioning Costs	\$666,917						
Total Limiting December 1							
Well Houses	90	498	570	151	480	1412	390
Total Quantity		15.0036		····		·	WEBLD

12.5 \$1125 \$0.152 \$171 \$5 \$450 42 46 \$5.45	\$5 \$2,490	7125 \$0.152 \$1,083 \$5 \$2,850	1887.5 \$0.152 \$287	6000 \$0.152 \$912	F-Wellfield 12.5 17650 \$0.152 \$2,683	12.5 4875 \$0.152
\$0.152 \$171 \$5 \$450 42 46	\$0.152 \$946 \$5 \$5 \$2,490	\$0.152 \$1,083	\$0.152 \$287 \$5	6000 \$0.152 \$912	17650 \$0.152	4875 \$0.152
\$0.152 \$171 \$5 \$450 42 46	\$0.152 \$946 \$5 \$5 \$2,490	\$0.152 \$1,083	\$0.152 \$287 \$5	\$0.152 \$912	\$0.152	\$0.152
\$171 \$5 \$450 42 46	\$946 \$5 \$2,490	\$1,083 \$5	\$287 \$5	\$912	\$0.152	\$0.152
\$5 \$450 42 46	\$5 \$2,490	\$5	\$5			
\$450 42 46	\$2,490					\$741
\$450 42 46	\$2,490					
\$450 42 46	\$2,490					
42 46		\$2,850		\$5	\$5	\$5
46	721		\$755	\$2,400	\$7,060	\$1,950
46	ווכר					
	231	264	70	222	654	181
\$5.45	254	290	77	244	719	199
	\$5.45	\$5.45	\$5.45	\$5.45	\$5.45	\$5.45
\$251	\$1,384	\$1,581	\$420	\$1,330	\$3,919	\$1,085
\$872	\$4,820	\$5,514	\$1,462	\$4,642	\$13,662	\$3,776
\$34,748						
						
5	18	20	4	15	42	15
1600	1600	1600	1600	1600	<u> </u>	1600
				1000	1000	1000
8000	28800	32000	6400	24000	67200	24000
_, ,						\$0.152
						
\$1,210	44,376		217	\$3,046	\$10,214	\$3,648
	·· ·				 	<u> </u>
	\$200	\$200	\$200	\$200	6200	\$200
						
\$1,000	\$3,000	54,000	J400	\$3,000	\$8,400	\$3,000
	1067	1195	227	990	2400	990
						889
						978
						\$5.45
						\$5,330
	\$14,371	\$15,971	\$3,195	\$11,978	\$33,536	\$11,978
\$95,022					 	
					<u> </u>	
\$113,899	\$141,121	\$233,814	\$182,065	\$122,692	\$530,440	\$313,989
1,678,020	ľ	{	۱		t .	1
	\$0.152 \$1,216 \$200 \$1,000 296 326 \$5.45 \$1,777 \$3,993 \$95,022	\$0.152 \$0.152 \$1,216 \$4,378 \$200 \$200 \$1,000 \$3,600 296 1067 326 1173 \$5.45 \$5.45 \$1,777 \$6,393 \$3,993 \$14,371 \$95,022	\$0.152 \$0.152 \$0.152 \$1,216 \$4,378 \$4,864 \$200 \$200 \$200 \$1,000 \$3,600 \$4,000 296 1067 1185 326 1173 1304 \$5.45 \$5.45 \$5.45 \$1,777 \$6,393 \$7,107 \$3,993 \$14,371 \$15,971 \$95,022	\$0.152 \$0.152 \$0.152 \$0.152 \$1,216 \$4,378 \$4,864 \$973 \$200 \$200 \$200 \$200 \$1,000 \$3,600 \$4,000 \$800 \$201 \$201 \$201 \$201 \$201 \$201 \$201 \$2	\$0.152 \$0.152 \$0.152 \$0.152 \$0.152 \$1,216 \$4,378 \$4,864 \$973 \$3,648 \$3,648 \$973 \$3,648 \$973 \$3,648 \$973 \$3,648 \$973 \$3,648 \$973 \$3,648 \$973 \$3,648 \$973 \$3,648 \$973 \$3,648 \$973 \$3,648 \$973 \$3,648 \$973 \$3,648 \$973 \$3,648 \$973 \$3,648 \$973 \$3,648 \$973 \$3,000 \$973 \$973 \$973 \$973 \$973 \$973 \$973 \$973	\$0.152 \$0.152 \$0.152 \$0.152 \$0.152 \$0.152 \$0.152 \$1,216 \$4,378 \$4,864 \$973 \$3,648 \$10,214 \$200 \$200 \$200 \$200 \$200 \$200 \$1,000 \$3,600 \$4,000 \$800 \$3,000 \$8,400 \$200 \$200 \$200 \$200 \$200 \$200 \$1,000 \$3,600 \$4,000 \$800 \$3,000 \$8,400 \$200 \$200 \$200 \$200 \$200 \$200 \$200 \$

Abandonment	A-Wellfi	B-Wellfield	C-Wellfield	D- id	D W		
Well Abandonment (Wellfields)				10	E-Welifield	F-Wellfield	H-Wellfield
# of Production Wells	27	7					AA TT CITIESU
# of Injection Wells	50		192	45	143		
# of Monitoring Wells	18		343	91		522	1
#of Restoration Wells	13		78	38	307 86	855	2
Total Number of Wells	108		35 648	15	30	134	
Average Diameter of Casing (inches)	5	5		189	566	35	
Average Depth (ft)	500	450	550	5	5	1546	4
Well Abandonment Unit Cost (\$/well)	\$280	\$277	\$284	600	550	650	
Subtotal Abandonment Cost per Wellfield	\$30,267		\$183,773	\$287	\$284	\$290	5
Total Wellfield Abandonment Costs	\$1,166,043		3103.//3	\$54,234	\$160,518	\$448,804	\$2
XV. 4 751 - 1 XV 51 41					,	<u> </u>	\$131,9
Waste Disposal Well Abandonment	Morton No. 1-20	Vollman No.33-27					
A. Well Plugging				-			
Drill Rig Operation (\$/hr)	150	150					
Number of Hours	31	31					
Drill Rig Operating Costs	\$4,650						
Cementing Costs	\$7,500	\$7,500					
Equipment Transport Costs	\$1,000	\$1,000	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Well Cap Welding Costs	\$1,000	\$1,000					
Brine Makeup and Injection Costs	\$1,500	\$1,500					
Subtotal Well Plugging Costs per Well	\$15,650	\$15,650	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
B. Pump Dismantling and Decontamination			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Number of Persons	2	2	~ - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Number of Pumps	2	7	·-·-				
Pumps/Day	0.5	0.5					
Number of Days	4	4					
\$/Day/Person	\$112	\$112					
Subtotal Dismantling and Decon Costs per Well	\$896	\$896					
Tubing String Disposal (NRC-Licensed Facility)	-						
Length of Tubing String (ft)	9000	9000					
Diameter of Tubing String (inches)	2.875	2.875					
Volume of Tubing String (ft ³)	406	406					
Transportation and Disposal Unit Cost (\$/ft³)	\$17.19	\$17.19					
Subtotal Tubing String Disposal Costs per Well	\$6,971	\$6,971					
abtotal Waste Disposal Well Abandonment Costs per Well	\$23,517	\$23,517					
otal Waste Disposal Well Abandonment Costs per Wen	\$47,034	ا الدركية					
her At age Dishogar Acer washroughers Coges	347,004						
WELL ABANDONMENT COSTS	\$1,213,077						

					80	
t and Satellite Surface Reclamation	A/B-Wellfield	C-Wellfield	D-Ws	E-Wellfield	F W no .	
Velifield Pattern Area Reclamation				- Weilield	F-Wellfield	H-Wellfield
Pattern Area (acres)	25	31				
Disking/Seeding Unit Cost (\$/acre)	\$200		9	28	100	
iubtotal Pattern Area Reclamation Costs per Wellfield Total Wellfield Pattern Area Reclamation Costs	\$5,000	\$6,200	\$200 \$1,800	\$200	\$200	
I of the Ventier Area Reclamation Costs	\$43,600		31,800	\$5,600	\$20,000	\$5,000
Wellfield Road Reclamation						\$5,000
A. Road Construction Before January 1, 1997						
Length of Wellfield Roads (1000 ft)	12.2					
Wellfield Road Reclamation Unit Cost (\$/1000 ft)	\$580	11.3	2.4	13.3	15	
Subtotal Pre-1997 Wellfield Road Reclamation Costs	\$7,076	\$580	\$580	\$580	\$580	\$580
B. Road Construction After January 1, 1997	\$7,076	\$6,554	\$1,392	\$7,714	\$8,700	\$0
Length of Wellfield Roads (1000 ft)					40,700	30
Wellfield Road Reclamation Unit Cost (\$/1000 ft)	\$299		0	0	2.4	
Subtotal Post-1997 Wellfield Road Reclamation Costs	\$299	\$299	\$299	\$299	\$299	\$299
Subtotal Road Reclamation Costs per Wellfield	\$7,076	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$718	\$1,794
Total Wellfield Road Reclamation Costs	\$33,948	\$6,554	\$1,392	\$7,714	\$9,418	\$1,794
						31,774
OTAL SURFACE RECLAMATION COSTS PER WELLFIELD	\$12,076	\$12,754	\$3,192	\$13,314		
AL WELLFIELD SURFACE RECLAMATION COSTS	\$77,548			\$13,314	\$29,418	\$6,794
Satellite Area Reclamation	Satellite No.1	satellite No.2 S	atellite No.3			<u>·</u>
Assumptions:		3	atemie 140.5			
Area of Disturbance (acres)		m				
Average Depth of Stripped Topsoil (ft)	1	0.67	0.67			
Surface Grade: Level Ground	†	= 2.27	0.67			
Average Length of Topsoil Haul (ft)	1000	500	500			
A. Ripping Overburden with Dozer	10.70		500			
Ripping Unit Cost per WDEQ Guideline No. 12, App.11 (\$/acre)	\$581.67	\$581.67	\$581.67			
Subtotal Ripping Costs	\$582	\$582				
B. Topsoil Application with Scraper	-	9302	\$582			
Volume of Topsoil Removed (cy)	1613	1081	1001			
Application Unit Cost per WDEQ Guideline No.12, App.C (\$/cy)	\$0.60	\$0.60	1081			
Subtotal Topsoil Application Costs	\$968	\$649	\$0.60			
C. Discing and Seeding	*,55	3047	\$649			
Discing/Seeding Unit Cost (\$/acre)	\$200	\$200				
	\$200	\$200	\$200			
Subtotal Discing/Seeding Costs	\$1,750		\$200			
Subtotal Surface Reclamation Costs per Satellite		\$1,431	\$1,431			
Total Satellite Building Area Reclamation Costs	\$4,612					
L WELLFIELD AND SATELLITE SURFACE RECLAMATION COSTS	\$82,160					
					ì	!

	llane	eous Reclamation		j	:	}
	I					
I. C	PF/	Office Area Reclamation				
	A	Assumptions				
		Concrete, asphalt, and building material used to backfill low areas				
	T	No topsoil salvaged or applied (area is pre-law)				
		CPF/Office area = 10 acres				
Ą	R	Lipping and Hauling Asphalt				
	+	Assumptions				
	\top	Average haul distance (ft)	500			
	+	Surface grade (%)	0%			
	+-	Average Thickness of Asphalt (ft)	0.5			
	十	Surface Area (acres)	3.4	-		
	╁	Ripping Unit Cost per WDEQ Guideline No.12, App.I (\$/acre)	\$418.80			
-+-	+	Volume of Asphalt (cy)	2743			
	╁	Hauling Unit Cost per WDEQ Guideline No.12, App.C (\$/cy)	\$0.50			
	T-	otal Asphalt Ripping and Hauling Cost	\$2,795			
-10		ortow Cover	\$2,793			
- D			-}			
	4.	Topsoil Removal/Replacement				
	╂╼╂	Assumptions				
	╀┤	Surface area of borrow area (acres)	3			
	$\vdash \vdash$	Six inches of topsoil removed and replaced at borrow area				
33 -	╁╌╂	Volume of topsoil (cy)	2420			
<i></i>	\sqcup	Topsoil Removal/Replacement Unit Cost (S/cy)	\$1.00			
		Total Topsoil Removal/Replacement Cost	\$2,420			
. <u>.</u>	2.	Borrow Application				
;	1	Assumptions		<u> </u>		
	↓ i	Final borrow cover depth will range from 0 to 4 ft, average = 1 ft	·		·	
_;	<u>.</u>	Average haul distance = 1000 ft !	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
	\vdash	Surface grade (%)	0%			
-∔		Borrow Volume (cy)	16133			
	-	Borrow Cover Unit Cost per WDEQ Guideline No.12, App.С (\$/су)	\$0.60	<u> </u>		
	1	Total Borrow Application Cost	\$9,680			
		tal Borrow Cover Cost	\$12,100	j	i i	
						
C.		scing/Seeding				
C.		Assumptions				
C.		Assumptions Includes discing/seeding of borrow area (3 acres)				
C.		Assumptions Includes discing/seeding of borrow area (3 acres) Surface Area (acres)	13			
		Assumptions Includes discing/seeding of borrow area (3 acres) Surface Area (acres) Discing/Seeding Unit Cost (\$\frac{3}{4}\text{cre}\$)	13 \$200			
	Tot	Assumptions Includes discing/seeding of borrow area (3 acres) Surface Area (acres) Discing/Seeding Unit Cost (5/acre) tal Discing/Seeding Costs				
	Tot	Assumptions Includes discing/seeding of borrow area (3 acres) Surface Area (acres) Discing/Seeding Unit Cost (\$\frac{3}{4}\text{cre}\$)	\$200			
Tot	Total C	Assumptions Includes discing/seeding of borrow area (3 acres) Surface Area (acres) Discing/Seeding Unit Cost (5/acre) tal Discing/Seeding Costs CPF/Office Area Reclamation	\$200 \$2,600 \$17,495	Satallita No. 1	Satalitta No. 1	Vollman N., 27, 23
Tot	Total C	Assumptions Includes discing/seeding of borrow area (3 acres) Surface Area (acres) Discing/Seeding Unit Cost (S/acre) tal Discing/Seeding Costs CPF/Office Area Reclamation Road Reclamation	\$200 \$2,600	Satellite No. 1	Satellite No. 3	Vollman No. 33-27
Tot	Total C	Assumptions Includes discing/seeding of borrow area (3 acres) Surface Area (acres) Discing/Seeding Unit Cost (5/acre) tal Discing/Seeding Costs CPF/Office Area Reclamation Read Reclamation sumptions	\$200 \$2,600 \$17,495	Satellite No. 1	Satellite No. 3	Vollman No. 33-27
Tot	Total C	Assumptions Includes discing/seeding of borrow area (3 acres) Surface Area (acres) Discing/Seeding Unit Cost (5/acre) tal Discing/Seeding Costs PF/Office Area Reclamation Road Reclamation sumptions CPF/Office Area Road is pre-law (no topsoil applied)	\$200 \$2,600 \$17,495 CPF/Office Area			
Tot	Total C	Assumptions Includes discing/seeding of borrow area (3 acres) Surface Area (acres) Discing/Seeding Unit Cost (S/acre) tal Discing/Seeding Costs PF/Office Area Reclamation Sumptions CPF/Office Area Road is pre-law (no topsoil applied) Surface grade	\$200 \$2,600 \$17,495 CPF/Office Area	0%	Satellite No. 3	
Tot	Total C	Assumptions Includes discing/seeding of borrow area (3 acres) Surface Area (acres) Discing/Seeding Unit Cost (5/acre) tal Discing/Seeding Costs IPF/Office Area Reclamation Sumptions CPF/Office Area Road is pre-law (no topsoil applied) Surface grade Ingth of road (miles)	\$200 \$2,600 \$17,495 CPF/Office Area \$5% 2.5	0%	0%	00,
Tot Acc A	Total C	Assumptions Includes discing/seeding of borrow area (3 acres) Surface Area (acres) Discing/Seeding Unit Cost (S/acre) tal Discing/Seeding Costs PF/Office Area Reclamation Road Reclamation Sumptions CPF/Office Area Road is pre-law (no topsoil applied) Surface grade Ingth of road (miles) erage road width (ft)	\$200 \$2,600 \$17,495 CPF/Office Area	0%		0%
Tot Acc A	Total Constant Assault	Assumptions Includes discing/seeding of borrow area (3 acres) Surface Area (acres) Discing/Seeding Unit Cost (5/acre) tal Discing/Seeding Costs CPF/Office Area Reclamation Road Reclamation Sumptions CPF/Office Area Road is pre-law (no topsoil applied) Surface grade ingth of road (miles) erage road width (ft) poing and Hauling Asphalt	\$200 \$2,600 \$17,495 CPF/Office Area \$5% 2.5	0%	0%	00,
Tot Acc A	Total Constant Assault	Assumptions Includes discing/seeding of borrow area (3 acres) Surface Area (acres) Discing/Seeding Unit Cost (5/acre) tal Discing/Seeding Costs PF/Office Area Reclamation Road Reclamation Sumptions CPF/Office Area Road is pre-law (no topsoil applied) Surface grade Ingth of road (miles) erage road width (ft) Deping and Hauling Asphalt Assumptions	\$200 \$2,600 \$17,495 CPF/Office Area \$5% 2.5 25	0% 3 30	0%	2
Tot Acc	Total Constant Assault	Assumptions Includes discing/seeding of borrow area (3 acres) Surface Area (acres) Discing/Seeding Unit Cost (S/acre) tal Discing/Seeding Costs PF/Office Area Reclamation Road Reclamation Sumptions CPF/Office Area Road is pre-law (no topsoil applied) Surface grade ngth of road (miles) erage road width (ft) pping and Hauling Asphalt Assumptions Average haul distance (miles)	\$200 \$2,600 \$17,495 CPF/Office Area 5% 2.5 2.5	0% 3 30	0% 1 30	2
Tot Acc	Total C PSS Ass Ass Len Ave	Assumptions Includes discing/seeding of borrow area (3 acres) Surface Area (acres) Discing/Seeding Unit Cost (S/acre) tal Discing/Seeding Costs PF/Office Area Reclamation Road Reclamation Sumptions CPF/Office Area Road is pre-law (no topsoil applied) Surface grade ngth of road (miles) erage road width (ft) poing and Hauling Asphalt Assumptions Average haul distance (miles) Average Thickness of Asphalt (ft)	\$200 \$2,600 \$17,495 CPF/Office Area \$5% 2.5 2.5 2.5 1.25 0.5	0% 3 30 0	0% 1 30	2
Tot Acc	Total C Ess Ass Len Ave	Assumptions Includes discing/seeding of borrow area (3 acres) Surface Area (acres) Discing/Seeding Unit Cost (S/acre) tal Discing/Seeding Costs PF/Office Area Reclamation Road Reclamation Sumptions CPF/Office Area Road is pre-law (no topsoil applied) Surface grade Ingth of road (miles) erage road width (ft) poing and Hauling Asphalt Assumptions Average haul distance (miles) Average Thickness of Asphalt (ft) Asphalt Surface Area (acres)	\$200 \$2,600 \$17,495 CPF/Office Area 5% 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 0.5 7.6	0% 3 30 0 0	0% 1 30 0 0	2
Tot Acc A	Tot. al C ess Ass Ass Len Ripp	Assumptions Includes discing/seeding of borrow area (3 acres) Surface Area (acres) Discing/Seeding Unit Cost (S/acre) tal Discing/Seeding Costs CPF/Office Area Reclamation Road Reclamation Sumptions CPF/Office Area Road is pre-law (no topsoil applied) Surface grade ngth of road (miles) erage road width (ft) pping and Hauling Asphalt Assumptions Average haul distance (miles) Average Thickness of Asphalt (ft) Asphalt Surface Area (acres) Ripping Unit Cost per WDEQ Guideline No.12, App.1 (S/acre)	\$200 \$2,600 \$17,495 CPF/Office Area 5% 2.5 2.5 2.5 0.5 7.6 \$418.80	0% 3 30 0 0 0 0.0 \$418.80	0% 1 30 0 0 0 0.0 \$418.80	0° 2
Tot Acc A.	Tot. al C ess Ass Len Ripp	Assumptions Includes discing/seeding of borrow area (3 acres) Surface Area (acres) Discing/Seeding Unit Cost (S/acre) tal Discing/Seeding Costs PF/Office Area Reclamation Road Reclamation Surptions CPF/Office Area Road is pre-law (no topsoil applied) Surface grade ngth of road (miles) erage road width (ft) pping and Hauling Asphalt Assumptions Average haul distance (miles) Average Thickness of Asphalt (ft) Asphalt Surface Area (acres) Ripping Unit Cost per WDEQ Guideline No.12, App.1 (S/acre) Volume of Asphalt (cy)	\$200 \$2,600 \$17,495 CPF/Office Area 5% 2.5 2.5 2.5 2.5 0.5 7.6	0% 3 30 0 0	0% 1 30 0 0 0 0.0 \$418.80	0°- 2 2
Tot Acc A	Total C ess Ass Len Rip	Assumptions Includes discing/seeding of borrow area (3 acres) Surface Area (acres) Discing/Seeding Unit Cost (S/acre) tal Discing/Seeding Costs PF/Office Area Reclamation Road Reclamation Surptions CPF/Office Area Road is pre-law (no topsoil applied) Surface grade ngth of road (miles) erage road width (ft) pping and Hauling Asphalt Assumptions Average haul distance (miles) Average Thickness of Asphalt (ft) Asphalt Surface Area (acres) Ripping Unit Cost per WDEQ Guideline No.12, App.1 (S/acre) Volume of Asphalt (cy) Hauling Unit Cost per WDEQ Guideline No.12, App.C (S/cy)	\$200 \$2,600 \$17,495 CPF/Office Area 5% 2.5 2.5 2.5 0.5 7.6 \$418.80	0% 3 30 0 0 0 0.0 \$418.80	0% 1 30 0 0 0 0.0 \$418.80	0°
Tot Acc A	Total C ess Ass Len Rip	Assumptions Includes discing/seeding of borrow area (3 acres) Surface Area (acres) Discing/Seeding Unit Cost (S/acre) tal Discing/Seeding Costs PF/Office Area Reclamation Road Reclamation Surptions CPF/Office Area Road is pre-law (no topsoil applied) Surface grade ngth of road (miles) erage road width (ft) pping and Hauling Asphalt Assumptions Average haul distance (miles) Average Thickness of Asphalt (ft) Asphalt Surface Area (acres) Ripping Unit Cost per WDEQ Guideline No.12, App.1 (S/acre) Volume of Asphalt (cy)	\$200 \$2,600 \$17,495 CPF/Office Area 5% 2.5 2.5 2.5 0.5 7.6 \$418.80 6111	0% 3 30 0 0 0 0 5418.80	0% 1 30 0 0 0 0.0 \$418.80	0° 2 0. \$418.8
Tot Acco	Total C ess Ass Lem Ripp Sub	Assumptions Includes discing/seeding of borrow area (3 acres) Surface Area (acres) Discing/Seeding Unit Cost (\$\sigma \text{care}\$) tal Discing/Seeding Costs CPF/Office Area Reclamation Road Reclamation Sumptions CPF/Office Area Road is pre-law (no topsoil applied) Surface grade Ingth of road (miles) erage road width (ft) pping and Hauling Asphalt Assumptions Average Thickness of Asphalt (ft) Asphalt Surface Area (acres) Ripping Unit Cost per WDEQ Guideline No.12, App.1 (\$\sigma \text{care}\$) Hauling Unit Cost per WDEQ Guideline No.12, App.C (\$\sigma \text{cy}\$) btotal Asphalt Ripping and Hauling Costs	\$200 \$2,600 \$17,495 CPF/Office Area 5% 2.5 2.5 2.5 0.5 7.6 \$418.80 6111 \$1.61	0% 3 30 0 0 0 0,0 \$418.80 0 \$0.00	0% 1 30 0 0 0.0 \$418.80	0°. 2
Tot Acc A. B.	Tot. al C ess Asss Lem Rip Sut Gra	Assumptions Includes discing/seeding of borrow area (3 acres) Surface Area (acres) Discing/Seeding Unit Cost (\$\sigma \text{care}\$) tal Discing/Seeding Costs CPF/Office Area Reclamation Road Reclamation Sumptions CPF/Office Area Road is pre-law (no topsoil applied) Surface grade ingth of road (miles) erage road width (ft) pping and Hauling Asphalt Assumptions Average Inickness of Asphalt (ft) Asphalt Surface Area (acres) Ripping Unit Cost per WDEQ Guideline No.12, App.1 (\$\sigma \text{care}\$) Hauling Unit Cost per WDEQ Guideline No.12, App.C (\$\sigma \text{cy}\$) btotal Asphalt Ripping and Hauling Costs avel Road Base Removal	\$200 \$2,600 \$17,495 CPF/Office Area 5% 2.5 2.5 2.5 0.5 7.6 \$418.80 6111 \$1.61	0% 3 30 0 0 0 0,0 \$418.80 0 \$0.00	0% 1 30 0 0 0.0 \$418.80	0°°′ 2 2 0. \$418.8
Tot Acco	Tot. al C ess Asss Lem Rip Sut Gra	Assumptions Includes discing/seeding of borrow area (3 acres) Surface Area (acres) Discing/Seeding Unit Cost (\$\sigma \text{care}\$) tal Discing/Seeding Costs CPF/Office Area Reclamation Road Reclamation Sumptions CPF/Office Area Road is pre-law (no topsoil applied) Surface grade Ingth of road (miles) erage road width (ft) pping and Hauling Asphalt Assumptions Average Inickness of Asphalt (ft) Asphalt Surface Area (acres) Ripping Unit Cost per WDEQ Guideline No.12, App.1 (\$\sigma \text{care}\$) Hauling Unit Cost per WDEQ Guideline No.12, App.C (\$\sigma \text{cy}\$) btotal Asphalt Ripping and Hauling Costs avel Road Base Removal Assumptions	\$200 \$2,600 \$17,495 CPF/Office Area 5% 2.5 2.5 2.5 0.5 7.6 \$418.80 6111 \$1.61	0% 3 30 0 0 0 0.0 \$418.80 0 \$0.00	0% 1 30 0 0 0 0.0 \$418.80 0 \$50.00	0°- 2 2 3 3 418.8 6 6 7 7 8 7 8 7 8 7 8 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
Tot Acc A. B.	Total C ess Ass Ass Een Ave Rip Sut Gra	Assumptions Includes discing/seeding of borrow area (3 acres) Surface Area (acres) Discing/Seeding Unit Cost (\$\sigma \text{care}\$) tal Discing/Seeding Costs CPF/Office Area Reclamation Road Reclamation Sumptions CPF/Office Area Road is pre-law (no topsoil applied) Surface grade night of road (miles) erage road width (ft) pping and Hauling Asphalt Assumptions Average Inickness of Asphalt (ft) Asphalt Surface Area (acres) Ripping Unit Cost per WDEQ Guideline No.12, App.1 (\$\sigma \text{care}\$) Hauling Unit Cost per WDEQ Guideline No.12, App.C (\$\sigma \text{cy}\$) btotal Asphalt Ripping and Hauling Costs avel Road Base Removal Assumptions Average haul distance (ft)	\$200 \$2,600 \$17,495 CPF/Office Area 5% 2.5 2.5 2.5 0.5 7.6 \$418.80 6111 \$1.61	0% 3 30 0 0 0 0.0 \$418.80 0 \$0.00 \$50.00	0% 1 30 0 0 0 0.0 \$418.80 0 \$50.00	0°°′ 2 2 3 3 418.8 3 5 5 6 7 7 8 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8
Tot Acco	Tot. al C PESS ASS Lem Ave Ripp Sut Gra	Assumptions Includes discing/seeding of borrow area (3 acres) Surface Area (acres) Discing/Seeding Unit Cost (\$\sigma \text{care}\$) tal Discing/Seeding Costs PF/Office Area Reclamation Road Reclamation Sumptions CPF/Office Area Road is pre-law (no topsoil applied) Surface grade ingth of road (miles) erage road width (ft) pping and Hauling Asphalt Assumptions Average haul distance (miles) Average Thickness of Asphalt (ft) Asphalt Surface Area (acres) Ripping Unit Cost per WDEQ Guideline No.12, App.1 (\$\sigma \text{care}\$) Volume of Asphalt (cy) Hauling Unit Cost per WDEQ Guideline No.12, App.C (\$\sigma \text{cy}\$) btotal Asphalt Ripping and Hauling Costs avel Road Base Removal Assumptions Average haul distance (ft) Gravel Road Base Width (ft)	\$200 \$2,600 \$17,495 CPF/Office Area 5% 2.5 2.5 2.5 0.5 7.6 \$418.80 6111 \$1.61 \$13,012	0% 3 30 0 0 0 0 0.0 \$418.80 0 \$0.00 \$50.00	0% 1 30 0 0 0 0 0.0 \$418.80 0 \$50.00 \$1	0°. 2 2 3 3 418.8 3 5 5 6 7 7 8 7 8 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8
Tot Acc A. B.	Tot. al C PESS ASS Lem Ave Ripp Sut Gra	Assumptions Includes discing/seeding of borrow area (3 acres) Surface Area (acres) Discing/Seeding Unit Cost (\$\sigma \text{care}\$) tal Discing/Seeding Costs PF/Office Area Reclamation Road Reclamation Sumptions CPF/Office Area Road is pre-law (no topsoil applied) Surface grade ingth of road (miles) erage road width (ft) pping and Hauling Asphalt Assumptions Average haul distance (miles) Average Thickness of Asphalt (ft) Asphalt Surface Area (acres) Ripping Unit Cost per WDEQ Guideline No.12, App.1 (\$\sigma \text{cre}\$) Hauling Unit Cost per WDEQ Guideline No.12, App.C (\$\sigma \text{cy}\$) btotal Asphalt Ripping and Hauling Costs avel Road Base Removal Assumptions Average haul distance (ft) Gravel Road Base Width (ft) Gravel Road Base Area (acres)	\$200 \$2,600 \$17,495 CPF/Office Area 5% 2.5 2.5 2.5 0.5 7.6 \$418.80 6111 \$1.61 \$13,012	0% 3 30 0 0 0 0 0.0 \$418.80 0 \$50.00 1000 14	0% 1 30 0 0 0 0 0.0 \$418.80 0 \$0.00 \$1 1000	0°. 2 0°. 0°. 0°. 0°. 0°. 0°. 0°
Tot Acc A. B.	Tot. al C PESS ASS Lem Ave Ripp Sut Gra	Assumptions Includes discing/seeding of borrow area (3 acres) Surface Area (acres) Discing/Seeding Unit Cost (\$\sigma \text{care}\$) tal Discing/Seeding Costs PF/Office Area Reclamation Road Reclamation Sumptions CPF/Office Area Road is pre-law (no topsoil applied) Surface grade ingth of road (miles) erage road width (ft) pping and Hauling Asphalt Assumptions Average haul distance (miles) Average Thickness of Asphalt (ft) Asphalt Surface Area (acres) Ripping Unit Cost per WDEQ Guideline No.12, App.1 (\$\sigma \text{care}\$) Wolume of Asphalt (cy) Hauling Unit Cost per WDEQ Guideline No.12, App.C (\$\sigma \text{cy}\$) btotal Asphalt Ripping and Hauling Costs avel Road Base Removal Assumptions Average haul distance (ft) Gravel Road Base Width (ft) Gravel Road Base Area (acres) Average Road Base Depth (ft)	\$200 \$2,600 \$17,495 CPF/Office Area 5% 2.5 2.5 2.5 0.5 7.6 \$418.80 6111 \$1.61 \$13,012	0% 3 30 0 0 0 0 0.0 \$418.80 0 \$50.00 1000 14 5.1	0% 1 30 0 0 0 0 0.0 \$418.80 0 \$50.00 \$0 14 1.1.	0° 2 2 3 3 418.8 3 5 10 10 10 4 7 5 0.0
Acc A. B.	Tot. al C ess Ass Ass Elem Rip Sult Gra	Assumptions Includes discing/seeding of borrow area (3 acres) Surface Area (acres) Discing/Seeding Unit Cost (\$\sigma \text{care}\$) tal Discing/Seeding Costs PF/Office Area Reclamation Road Reclamation Sumptions CPF/Office Area Road is pre-law (no topsoil applied) Surface grade ingth of road (miles) erage road width (ft) pping and Hauling Asphalt Assumptions Average haul distance (miles) Average Thickness of Asphalt (ft) Asphalt Surface Area (acres) Ripping Unit Cost per WDEQ Guideline No.12, App.1 (\$\sigma \text{care}\$) Volume of Asphalt (cy) Hauling Unit Cost per WDEQ Guideline No.12, App.C (\$\sigma \text{cy}\$) btotal Asphalt Ripping and Hauling Costs avel Road Base Removal Assumptions Average haul distance (ft) Gravel Road Base Width (ft) Cravel Road Base Area (acres) Average Road Base Depth (ft) Volume of Road Base (cy)	\$200 \$2,600 \$17,495 CPF/Office Area 5% 2.5 2.5 2.5 0.5 7.6 \$418.80 6111 \$1.61 \$13,012	0% 3 30 0 0 0 0 0 0 \$418.80 0 \$50.00 \$1000 14 5.1 0.5	0% 1 30 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 \$418.80 0 \$50.00 \$0 10 1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1	0° 2 3 4 7 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10
Acc A. B.	Total C Ess Ass Len Ave Rip Sut Gra	Assumptions Includes discing/seeding of borrow area (3 acres) Surface Area (acres) Discing/Seeding Unit Cost (\$\sigma_{\text{acre}}\$) tal Discing/Seeding Costs PF/Office Area Reclamation Road Reclamation Sumptions CPF/Office Area Road is pre-law (no topsoil applied) Surface grade Ingth of road (miles) erage road width (ft) pping and Hauling Asphalt Assumptions Average haul distance (miles) Average Thickness of Asphalt (ft) Asphalt Surface Area (acres) Ripping Unit Cost per WDEQ Guideline No.12, App.I (\$\sigma_{\text{acre}}\$) Wolume of Asphalt (cy) Hauling Unit Cost per WDEQ Guideline No.12, App.C (\$\sigma_{\text{cy}}\$) total Asphalt Ripping and Hauling Costs avel Road Base Removal Assumptions Average haul distance (ft) Gravel Road Base Width (ft) Gravel Road Base Area (acres) Average Road Base Depth (ft) Volume of Road Base Cey) Removal Unit Cost per WDEQ Guideline No.12, App.C (\$\sigma_{\text{cy}}\$)	\$200 \$2,600 \$17,495 CPF/Office Area 5% 2.5 2.5 2.5 0.5 7.6 \$418.80 6111 \$1.61 \$13,012	0% 3 30 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 \$418.80 0 \$50.00 1000 14 5.1 0.5 4107	0% 1 30 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 \$418.80 0 \$0.00 \$1 1 1 1 1 0 136	0° 2 0° 30 31 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 40 40 7 10 40 7 10 40 50 80 80
Acc A. B. B.	Total C ess Ass Ave Rip Sut Gra Sut	Assumptions Includes discing/seeding of borrow area (3 acres) Surface Area (acres) Discing/Seeding Unit Cost (\$\sigma_{\text{acre}}\$) tal Discing/Seeding Costs PF/Office Area Reclamation Road Reclamation Sumptions CPF/Office Area Road is pre-law (no topsoil applied) Surface grade Ingth of road (miles) erage road width (ft) pring and Hauling Asphalt Assumptions Average haul distance (miles) Average Thickness of Asphalt (ft) Asphalt Surface Area (acres) Ripping Unit Cost per WDEQ Guideline No.12, App.1 (\$\sigma_{\text{acre}}\$) Wolume of Asphalt (cy) Hauling Unit Cost per WDEQ Guideline No.12, App.C (\$\sigma_{\text{cy}}\$) bitotal Asphalt Ripping and Hauling Costs avel Road Base Removal Assumptions Average haul distance (ft) Gravel Road Base Width (ft) Gravel Road Base Depth (ft) Volume of Road Base Depth (ft) Volume of Road Base Cey) Removal Unit Cost per WDEQ Guideline No.12, App.C (\$\sigma_{\text{cy}}\$) Removal Unit Cost per WDEQ Guideline No.12, App.C (\$\sigma_{\text{cy}}\$)	\$200 \$2,600 \$17,495 CPF/Office Area 5% 2.5 2.5 2.5 0.5 7.6 \$418.80 6111 \$1.61 \$13,012	0% 3 30 0 0 0 0 0 0 \$418.80 0 \$50.00 1000 14 5.1 0.5 4107 \$0.60	0% 1 30 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 \$418.80 0 \$0.00 \$1 1 1 1 1 0 136	0°. 2 0°. 0°. 0°. 0°. 0°. 0°. 0°
Acc A. B.	Tot. al C Ess Ass Ave Rip Sut Gra Sul Ri	Assumptions Includes discing/seeding of borrow area (3 acres) Surface Area (acres) Discing/Seeding Unit Cost (\$\sigma_{\text{acre}}\$) tal Discing/Seeding Costs PF/Office Area Reclamation Road Reclamation sumptions CPF/Office Area Road is pre-law (no topsoil applied) Surface grade ingth of road (miles) erage road width (ft) pping and Hauling Asphalt Assumptions Average haul distance (miles) Average Thickness of Asphalt (ft) Asphalt Surface Area (acres) Ripping Unit Cost per WDEQ Guideline No.12, App.I (\$\sigma_{\text{ccp}}\$) But to start Ripping and Hauling Costs avel Road Base Removal Average haul distance (ft) Gravel Road Base Width (ft) Gravel Road Base Area (acres) Average Road Base Depth (ft) Volume of Road Base C(y) Removal Unit Cost per WDEQ Guideline No.12, App.C (\$\sigma_{\text{ccp}}\$) Removal Unit Cost per WDEQ Guideline No.12, App.C (\$\sigma_{\text{ccp}}\$) Removal Unit Cost per WDEQ Guideline No.12, App.C (\$\sigma_{\text{ccp}}\$) Removal Unit Cost per WDEQ Guideline No.12, App.C (\$\sigma_{\text{ccp}}\$) Removal Unit Cost per WDEQ Guideline No.12, App.C (\$\sigma_{\text{ccp}}\$) Removal Unit Cost per WDEQ Guideline No.12, App.C (\$\sigma_{\text{ccp}}\$)	\$200 \$2,600 \$17,495 CPF/Office Area 5% 2.5 2.5 2.5 0.5 7.6 \$418.80 6111 \$1.61 \$13,012	0% 3 30 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 \$418.80 0 \$50.00 1000 14 5.1 0.5 4107 \$0.60 \$2,464	0% 1 30 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 \$418.80 0 \$50.00 \$14 1.1 0 136 \$0.6	0°- 2 0 0.0 \$418.8 0 0.0 \$0.0 0 100 4 7 1 5 0.0 \$0.0 10 \$0.0 11 \$2
Acc A. B. B.	Total Constant Consta	Assumptions Includes discing/seeding of borrow area (3 acres) Surface Area (acres) Discing/Seeding Unit Cost (\$\sigma_{\text{acre}}\$) tal Discing/Seeding Costs OPF/Office Area Reclamation Surface grade Ingth of road (miles) erage road width (ft) sping and Hauling Asphalt Assumptions Average haul distance (miles) Average Thickness of Asphalt (ft) Asphalt Surface Area (acres) Ripping Unit Cost per WDEQ Guideline No.12, App.1 (\$\sigma_{\text{cc}}\$) But total Asphalt Ripping and Hauling Costs avel Road Base Removal Assumptions Average haul distance (ft) Gravel Road Base Width (ft) Gravel Road Base Depth (ft) Volume of Road Base C(y) Removal Unit Cost per WDEQ Guideline No.12, App.C (\$\sigma_{\text{cy}}\$) Ripping Unit Cost per WDEQ Guideline No.12, App.C (\$\sigma_{\text{cy}}\$) Average Road Base Width (ft) Gravel Road Base Area (acres) Average Road Base Depth (ft) Volume of Road Base Removal Costs pping Overburden with Dozer Overburden Surface Area (acres)	\$200 \$2,600 \$17,495 CPF/Office Area 5% 2.5 2.5 2.5 0.5 7.6 \$418.80 6111 \$1.61 \$13,012	0% 3 30 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 \$418.80 0 \$50.00 1000 14 5.1 0.5 4107 \$0.60 \$2,464	0% 1 30 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 \$418.80 0 \$50.00 \$14 1.1 0 136 136 1882	0°- 2 0 0.0 \$418.8 0 0.0 \$0.0 0 4 7 1 5 0.0 \$0.0 11 \$2
Acc A. B. B.	Total Constant Consta	Assumptions Includes discing/seeding of borrow area (3 acres) Surface Area (acres) Discing/Seeding Unit Cost (\$\sigma_{\text{acre}}\$) tal Discing/Seeding Costs PF/Office Area Reclamation Road Reclamation sumptions CPF/Office Area Road is pre-law (no topsoil applied) Surface grade ingth of road (miles) erage road width (ft) pping and Hauling Asphalt Assumptions Average haul distance (miles) Average Thickness of Asphalt (ft) Asphalt Surface Area (acres) Ripping Unit Cost per WDEQ Guideline No.12, App.I (\$\sigma_{\text{ccp}}\$) But to start Ripping and Hauling Costs avel Road Base Removal Average haul distance (ft) Gravel Road Base Width (ft) Gravel Road Base Area (acres) Average Road Base Depth (ft) Volume of Road Base C(y) Removal Unit Cost per WDEQ Guideline No.12, App.C (\$\sigma_{\text{ccp}}\$) Removal Unit Cost per WDEQ Guideline No.12, App.C (\$\sigma_{\text{ccp}}\$) Removal Unit Cost per WDEQ Guideline No.12, App.C (\$\sigma_{\text{ccp}}\$) Removal Unit Cost per WDEQ Guideline No.12, App.C (\$\sigma_{\text{ccp}}\$) Removal Unit Cost per WDEQ Guideline No.12, App.C (\$\sigma_{\text{ccp}}\$) Removal Unit Cost per WDEQ Guideline No.12, App.C (\$\sigma_{\text{ccp}}\$)	\$200 \$2,600 \$17,495 CPF/Office Area 5% 2.5 2.5 2.5 0.5 7.6 \$418.80 6111 \$1.61 \$13,012	0% 3 30 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 \$418.80 0 \$50.00 1000 14 5.1 0.5 4107 \$0.60 \$2,464	0% 1 30 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 \$418.80 0 \$50.00 \$14 1.1 0 136 \$0.6 \$82	0°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°°

		eous Reclamation				
D.	1	Copsoil Application				
	1	Assumptions .				
	\perp	Average haul distance (ft)	0	5000	1500	150
	T	Topsoil Surface Area (ft ²)	o	475200	158400	13200
	+	Depth of Topsoil (R)	ol	0.5	0.5	
	+	Volume of Topsoil (cy)	0	8800		0
	+	Volume of Topson (cy)			2933	24-
	-}-	Topsoil Unit Cost per WDEQ Guideline No.12, App.C (\$/cy)	\$0.00	\$1.27	20.69	\$0.
		ubtolal Topsoil Application Costs	02	\$11,176	\$2,024	\$1,6
E.	C	Piscing/Seeding				
- 1	1	Assumptions				
	Т	Surface Area (acres)	7.6	10.9	3.6	3
		Discing/Seeding Unit Cost (\$/acre)	\$200	\$200	\$200	\$20
	S	ubtotal Discing/Seeding Costs	\$1,515	\$2,182	\$727	\$60
Sub		tal Reclamation Costs per Access Road	\$14,527	\$22,167	\$5,687	\$4,34
		Access Road Reclamation Costs	\$46,730	942,107	Ψ2,067	
1100		Access Road Recamenon Costs	340,730			
			SAT2 to SAT1	SAT3 to SAT2		
. Was	ste	water Pipeline Reclamation	WW Pipeline	PSR		
		peline Removal and Loading				
1-1	۳	Length of HDPE Pipe Trench (ft)	24000	22000		
	-	Main Pipeline Removal Unit Cost (\$/ft of trench)	\$0.85	\$0.85		
 	e					
		btotal Pipeline Removal Costs	\$20,400	\$18,700		
H.	1	peline Transportation and Disposal (NRC-Licensed Facility)				
	_	Pipe Diameter (inches)	3	4		
4-4	_	Chipped Volume Reduction (ft ³ /ft)	0.022	0.032		
1 1		Subtotal Volume of Shredded PVC Pipe (R3)	528	704		
		Transportation and Disposal Unit Cost (S/R ¹)	\$17.19	\$17.19		
	Su	biotal Pipeline Disposal Costs	\$9,076	\$12,102		
C.	Dis	cing/Seeding .		····-		
+-+		Assumptions:				
+-+	-	Width of Pipeline Trench (ft)	10	10		
+-+	\dashv	Area of Pipeline Trench (acres)	5.5	5.1		
 - 	{	Discing/Seeding Unit Cost (\$/acre)	S200		- -	
+				\$200		
		ototal Discing/Seeding Costs	\$1,102	\$1,010		
		l Reclamation Costs per Pipeline	\$30,578	\$31,812		
Tota	al V	Vastewater Pipeline Reclamation Costs	\$62,390			
Radi	iun	n Settling Basin Reclamation	East Radium Pond	West Radium Pond		
		Sampling and Monitoring				
+-+		Number of Soil Samples	15	15		
++		\$/Sample	\$60	\$60		
┨╌╌╂			\$900	\$900		
		notal Soil Sampling and Monitoring Costs	3700)	3700		
B. 1		er/Subsoil Removal and Disposal				
1	_	Assumptions:				
\perp	_	Clay liner and subsoil constitute by-product material				
\perp \perp	_]	Thickness of clay liner (ft)	0.25	0.25		
	\neg	Thickness of contaminated subsoil (ft)	0.25	0.25		
1	7	Removal and Loading Unit Cost based on engineer's design				
1-1	-	report and Cat Performance Handbook				
1	-	Width of Pond (R)	90	90		
╂╼╾┡	-		160			
╂┷┼	-	Length of Pond (ft)			 	
1		Surface area of pond (R ²)	14400	14400	 	
	1.	Ramoval and Loading		 	ļ	
<u>_</u> [Volume of Clay Liner (cy)	267		 	<u> </u>
		Clay Liner Removal and Loading Unit Cost (\$/cy)	\$3			
1		Subtotal Liner Removal and Loading Costs	2800	\$800	<u> </u>	
1-1	2	Transportation and Disposal				
+-+	 -	Volume of Clay Liner (R ¹)	7200	7200		
+-+	\vdash	Transportation and Disposal Unit Cost (\$/ft²)	\$6.67			
+	<u> </u>			<u> </u>		
4		Subtotal Liner Transportation and Disposal Costs	\$48,024	·		
		biolal Liner Removal and Disposal Costs	\$48,824	\$48,824	'	
C.	To	psoil Application			· [
		Assumptions:		<u> </u>	1	
1-1		Area of surface disturbance (ft ²)	3750	0 3750	<u>) </u>	
++	-	Average thickness of topsoil (R)		1	1	
+	-		200	200	0	
+-+	-	Average haut distance (ft)	04			1
	L	Surface grade (%)				
	L	Volume of Topsoil (cy)	1,38			
1 7	L	Topsoil Unit Cost per WDEQ Guideline No.12, App.C (\$/cy)	\$0.7	8 \$0.7	8]	<u> </u>
	_					

					
الأحجمالة	aneous Reclamation		Ì	:	1
MIRCER	Subtotal Topsoil Application Costs	\$1,083	\$1,083		
		31,005	31,003		
D	Discing/Seeding				
	Assumptions:				
	Area of surface disturbance (acres)	1	1		
	Discing/Seeding Unit Cost (S/acre)	\$200	\$200		
	Subtotal Discing/Seeding Costs	\$200	\$200		
	Iblotal Reclamation Costs per Radium Pond	\$51,007	\$51,007		
			001,007		
1	otal Radium Settling Basin Reclamation Costs	\$102,014	<u> </u>		
V. Pr	irge Storage Reservoir Reclamation	PSR-1	PSR-2		
	Soil Sampling and Analysis Costs	\$3,000	. \$3,000		
	Leachate Collection System Removal Costs	\$5,000			
		35,000	30		
<u> C.</u>	Topsoil/Subsoil Application				
	Assumptions:	_}		·	
	Average haul distance (ft)	1000	150		
	Surface grade (%)	0%	0%		
	Volume of Topsoil/Subsoil (cy)	83000	74000		
	Topsoil/Subsoil Unit Cost per WDEQ Guideline No.12, App.C (\$/cy)	\$0.60	\$0.00		
	Topsoil/Subsoil Unit Cost per WDEQ Guideline No. 12, App.E (\$/cy)	\$0.000	0,174		
	Subtotal Topsoil/Subsoil Application Costs per Reservoir	\$49,800	\$12,876		
		347,600	312,070		
~ 2.	Discing/Seeding				
	Surface Area (acres)	6	32		
	Discing/Seeding Unit Cost (\$/acre)	\$200	\$200		
	Subtoal Discing/Seeding Costs	\$1,200	\$6,400		
Sul	total Reclamation Costs per Reservoir	\$59,000	\$22,276		
	al Purge Storage Reservoir Reclamation Costs	\$81,276			
	gation Area Reclamation	Irrigator No. 1A	Irrigator No. 1B	Irrigator No. 2	
	Imigation Equipment Removal Costs	52,000	\$0	\$2,000	
B.	Plowing	_;			
	Assumptions:				
	Plowing Unit Cost (S/acre)	\$30	\$30	\$30	
	Imigation Area (acres)	55	55	116	
	Number of Cultivations	2	2	2	
	Subtotal Plowing Costs	\$3,300	\$3,300	\$6,960	
	Discing/Seeding	3,,500		00,700	
	Discing/Seeding Unit Cost (S/acre)	\$200	\$200	\$200	
	Subtotal Discing/Seeding Costs	\$11,000	\$11,000	\$23,200	
	otal Reclamation Costs per Irrigation Area	\$16,300	\$14,300	\$32,160	
Tot	l Irrigation Area Reclamation Costs	\$62,760			
Ori	ling Auid Storage Cell Reclamation			 	
	Assumptions:			 	
	Each cell is 100 ft (width) by 100 ft (length) by 10 ft (depth)			 	
			ļ		
_	Volume of each cell, discounting side slopes (cy)	3704	ļ	 	
	Surface area disturbance associated with each cell (acres)	1	L	ļ	
	Average haul distance (ft)	500	L	L	
	Surface grade (%)	0			
A	Topsoil/Subsoil Application		1	1	
-+:-	Topsoil/Subsoil Unit Cost per WDEQ Guideline No.12, App.C (S/cy)	\$0.50	1	1	1
	Topsoil/Subsoil Application Costs per Storage Cell	\$1,852			
		31,632	\		
B.	Discing/Steding		 		
	Discing/Seeding Unit Cost (\$/acre)	\$200		·	
	Subtotal Discing/Seeding Costs	\$200	0	<u> </u>	
Sub	total Reclamation Costs per Storage Cell	\$2,053	2		
	al Number of Storage Cells		5		1
	al Drilling Fluid Storage Cell Reclamation Costs	\$10,26	0		
		310,20			
III Del	inestion Drillhole/Mud Pit Reclamation		1	1	
	Assumptions:			T	
	Total number of delineation drillholes	85	0		
+	Percentage of drillholes that need bentonite in top 100 ft	209		- 	
					
	Bentonite chips, labor, and seeding costs (\$/drillhole)	\$16	 -		
l	Total number of mud pits that need backfilling with backhoe	4	10		
1	Mudpit reclamation cost (S/mudpit)	\$3	10		
	Area of surface disturbance (acres)	<u></u>	2		
	<u></u>	627.20	-		
	Delineation Drillhole Top Off	\$27,20			-+
	Mud Pit Backfilling	\$1,20	70		
C.	Discing/Seeding				
	Discing/Seeding Unit Cost (\$/acre)	\$2	00	}	

									,		
Misce Elangous Reclamation											
-	Subtotal Discing/Seeding Costs				\$400						
 	To	Total Delineation Drillhole/Mud Pit Reclamation Costs					le	\$28,800			
	1									<u> </u>	
IX.	E	Exton Solvent Extraction (SX) Pond Reclamation					<u> </u>			ļ	
	<u> </u>	As	sumptions:		<u> </u>	L	<u>L </u>				
	<u></u>	Pond dimensions are 55 ft (width) by 130 ft (length) by 7 ft (depth)					n) by 7 ft (depth)	<u></u>		<u> </u>	
	L	Liner and sludge constitute by-product material					<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
		Soil beneath liner is not contaminated					L	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
		Average thickness of liner and sludge (ft)				l l		<u> </u>			
			Backhoe operation			ot includin	g operator)		L	<u> </u>	
			Volume of By-Pro		rial (R ³)		•	7150	<u> </u>	İ	
	A		moval and Loading	g					İ		
		1.	Equipment								
			Number of Ba	ickhoes				. 1			
			ft³/hr					300			
	\Box		Number of Ho	บเร				24			
		\$/hr/Backhoe				45					
			Equipment Costs					\$1,073			
		2.	Labor								
		Number of Persons						1			
			Number of Ho	urs				24			
		_	S/hr/Person					\$14		<u></u>	
		_ 1	Labor Costs	1				\$334		 	
		Total Removal and Loading Costs						\$1,407			
	B. 17		rsportation and Di							·	
			Transportation and			S/ft ¹)		\$17.19			
			d Transportation a			: 		5122,909			
	Total	E	tton SX Pond Re	clamation	n Costs		·	5124,316			
. ti	Revegetation of Exton Reclaimed Lands										
-	Assumptions:									 	
	Reseeding potential areas of erosion (Scacre)					Te)		\$200			1
	S		ace Area (acres)]	1			217			
1	Total Erron Reclaimed Lands Revegetation Costs					Costs		\$43,400		l	
OTA	OTAL MISCELLANEOUS RECLAMATION COSTS							\$579,441			
I O AND WING COMPANY TO STATE THE COSTS : 357/441)							<u> </u>				

.

.

RADIUM TREATMENT

Assumptions:

1. Based on actual 1998 operating costs from Satellite No. 2

Radium Treatment Costs per 1000 Gallons

Chemical	= \$ 0.177
Filtration	= \$ 0.021
Electricity	= \$ 0.019
By Product Disposal of Sludge	= \$ 0.097

TOTAL RADIUM TREATMENT COSTS PER 1000 GALLONS = \$ 0.31

GROUNDWATER SWEEP (GWS)

Assumptions:

- 1. All pumps are 5 hp pumping at 5.0 gpm
- 2. Cost of electricity = \$0.03/kwh
 - 3. All water pumped is treated for radium removal at actual cost of \$0.31/1000 gallons
 - 4. All water pumped is disposed at irrigation facility with a 20 hp pump
 - 5. Repair and maintenance costs estimated at \$0.03/1000 gallons
 - 6. Process sampling and analysis costs estimated at \$0.03/1000 gallons
- 7. Labor costs are not included

Wellfield Pumping Costs per 1000 Gallons

$$\frac{1000 \text{ gal}}{5 \text{ gpm}} \times \frac{5 \text{ hp}}{5 \text{ gpm}} \times \frac{1 \text{ hr}}{60 \text{ min}} \times \frac{0.746 \text{ kwh}}{\text{hp}} \times \frac{\$ \ 0.03}{\text{kwh}} = \$ \ 0.373$$

Radium Treatment Costs per 1000 Gallons

= \$0.31

Pumping to Irrigator Costs per 1000 Gallons

$$\frac{1000 \text{ gal}}{400 \text{ gpm}} \times \frac{20 \text{ hp}}{400 \text{ gpm}} \times \frac{1 \text{ hr}}{60 \text{ min}} \times \frac{0.746 \text{ kwh}}{\text{hp}} \times \frac{\$ \ 0.03}{\text{kwh}} = \$ \ 0.019$$

Repair and Maintenance Costs per 1000 Gallons = \$ 0.03

Process Sampling and Analysis Costs per 1000 Gallons = \$ 0.03

TOTAL GWS COSTS PER 1000 GALLONS = \$ 0.77

REVERSE OSMOSIS (RO)

Assumptions:

- 1. Based on actual 1998 operating costs at Satellite No. 1. Verified by Hydranautics RO System Design Software, Version 6.0 (1995)
- 2. Cost of electricity = \$0.03/kwh
- 3. 80% permeate/20% reject split
- 4. Membrane life of 4 years with a cost of \$695 per membrane element
- 5. Includes cost of pumping from wellfield to RO Unit
- 6. The 20% reject is treated for radium removal prior to irrigation at actual cost of \$0.31/1000 gallons
- 7. The 20% reject is disposed at irrigation facility with a 20 hp pump at actual cost of \$0.019/1000 gallons
- 8. The permeate is returned to the wellfield with a 20 hp pump at actual cost of \$0.019/1000 gallons
- 9. Process sampling and analysis costs estimated at \$0.03/1000 gallons
- 10. Labor costs are not included

Reverse Osmosis Costs per 1000 Gallons

Electricity	= \$ 0.17
Chemicals	= \$ 0.26
Membrane Replacement	= \$ 0.15
Repair and Maintenance	= \$ 0.26
Pumping from Wellfield	= \$ 0.37
Pumping to Wellfield	=\$ 0.019
Radium Treatment	
\$ 0.31 X 0.2	= \$ 0.0628
Pumping to Irrigator	
\$ 0.019 X 0.2	= \$ 0.004
Process Sampling and Analysis	= \$ 0.03

TOTAL RO COSTS PER 1000 GALLONS

CHEMICAL REDUCTANT

Assumptions:

- 1. Based on actual operating costs during restoration activities
- 2. H2S introduced to RO permeate at concentration of 400 mg/L
- 3. Volume distribution varies with each pattern, average = 200,000 gals/pattern (i.e., approximately one pore volume at 50% of pattern areas)
- 4. Chemical cost = \$0.367/lb, includes tank rental and safety equipment
- 5. Labor costs are not included

Chemical Reductant Costs per Pattern

TOTAL CHEMICAL REDUCTANT COSTS PER PATTERN

= \$ 245

ELUTION PROCESSING

Assumptions:

1. Based on actual operating costs

TOTAL PROCESSING COSTS PER ELUTION = \$ 525

DEEP WELL INJECTION

Assumptions:

- 1. Pump 75 hp pumping at 45 gpm
- 2. Cost of electricity = \$0.03/kwh
- 3. Repair and maintenance costs based on average injection volume of 8,000,000 gallons per year
- 4. Repair and maintenance costs estimated at \$1.25/1000 gallons
- 5. Chemical costs based on average injection volume of 8,000,000 gallons per year
- 6. Labor costs are not included

Waste Disposal Pumping Costs per 1000 Gallons

$$\frac{1000 \text{ gal}}{45 \text{ gpm}} \times \frac{75 \text{ hp}}{45 \text{ gpm}} \times \frac{1 \text{ hr}}{60 \text{ min}} \times \frac{0.746 \text{ kwh}}{\text{hp}} \times \frac{\$ 0.03}{\text{kwh}} = \$ 0.62$$

Repair and Maintenance Costs per 1000 Gallons

= \$ 1.25

Chemical Costs per 1000 Gallons

= \$ 2.73

Scale Inhibitor
Corrosion Inhibitor

= \$ 1.20 = \$ 1.16

Oxygen Scavenger

= \$ 0.37

TOTAL DEEP WELL INJECTION COSTS PER 1000 GALLONS

\$ 4.60

WELL ABANDONMENT

Assumptions:

- 1. Based on 1998 PRI contractor costs.
- 2. Use backhoe for 0.5 hr/well to dig and reclaim pit. Backhoe cost at \$45/hr.
- 3. Use drill rig for 1.25 hr/well to remove liner assembly at a cost of \$110/hr.
- 4. A cementer is used to pump plug gel into well.
- 5. Use cementer and tow vehicle for 0.5 hr/well. Assume cementer and tow vehicle cost \$20/hr
- 6. Labor for pulling hoses, running cementer, inserting plug gel, etc. will require 2 workers at \$15/hr for 2.5 hrs/well.
- 7. Materials include a hole plug at \$1.75 and one sack of plug gel/100 ft of 5 inch well casing. Cost of plug gel is \$6.70/sack.

Well Abandonment Costs per 100 ft of Well Depth

Backhoe				-e 22 E0				
0.5 hours	Χ	\$ 45	per hour	=\$ 22.50				
Drill Rig								
1.25 hours	X	\$ 110	per hour	=\$ 137.50				
		•	•					
Cementer/Tow Vel		ድ ጋር	per hour	=\$ 10.00				
0.5 hours	X	\$ 20	per nour	•				
Labor				-¢ 75 00				
5 man	Х	\$ 15.00	per man	=\$ 75.00				
hours			hour					
Materials (Fixed C	osti							
	Y 5	\$ 1.75	per hole	=\$ 1.75				
	^	Ψ 1.75	• .	•				
plug			plug	=\$ 246.75				
		Total	Fixed Costs	-\$ 240.73				
Materials (Variable Cost)								
1 sack	nlun	nel X	\$ 6.70 p	er =\$ 6.70				
Sack	piug	9-		ack				
per 1	uu te	E	_	,				

Cost per Well per Unit of Average Depth

Well Depth (ft)	
450	=\$ 277
500	=\$ 280
550	=\$ 284
600	=\$ 287
650	=\$ 290

FIVE YEAR MECHANICAL INTEGRITY TESTS (MIT)

Assumptions:

- 1. Based on 1998 PRI contractor costs.
- 2. Use pulling unit for 0.25 hr/well at cost of \$30/hr.
- 3. Use water truck for 0.5 hr/well at cost of \$30/hr.
- 4. Use logging truck for 0.75 hr/well at cost of \$45/hr.
- 5. Labor for operation of pulling unit will require 2 workers at \$15/hr
- 6. Labor for operation of water truck will require 1 worker at \$15/hr
- 7. Labor for operation of logging truck will require 1 worker at \$30/hr

MIT Costs per Well

Equipment:

				,	
Pulling Unit					-e 7 50
0.25 hours	Х	\$ 30	per hour		=\$ 7.50
Water Truck					-m 45 00
0.5 hours	Х	\$ 30	per hour		=\$ 15.00
Logging Truck		•		•	-c 22.75
0.75 hours	X	\$ 45	per hour		=\$ 33.75
Pulling Unit					0 07 50
0.25 hours	X	\$ 15	per hour X	2 workers	=\$ \$7.50
Water Truck					. 7.50
0.5 hours	X	\$ 15	per hour		=\$ 7.50
Logging Truck					
0.75 hours	X	\$ 30	per hour		=\$ 22.50
	Pulling Unit 0.25 hours Water Truck 0.5 hours Logging Truck 0.75 hours Pulling Unit 0.25 hours Water Truck 0.5 hours Logging Truck	Pulling Unit 0.25 hours X Water Truck 0.5 hours X Logging Truck 0.75 hours X Pulling Unit 0.25 hours X Water Truck 0.5 hours X Logging Truck	Pulling Unit 0.25 hours X \$ 30 Water Truck 0.5 hours X \$ 30 Logging Truck 0.75 hours X \$ 45 Pulling Unit 0.25 hours X \$ 15 Water Truck 0.5 hours X \$ 15 Logging Truck	Pulling Unit 0.25 hours X \$ 30 per hour Water Truck 0.5 hours X \$ 30 per hour Logging Truck 0.75 hours X \$ 45 per hour Pulling Unit 0.25 hours X \$ 15 per hour X Water Truck 0.5 hours X \$ 15 per hour Logging Truck	Pulling Unit 0.25 hours X \$ 30 per hour Water Truck 0.5 hours X \$ 30 per hour Logging Truck 0.75 hours X \$ 45 per hour Pulling Unit 0.25 hours X \$ 15 per hour X 2 workers Water Truck 0.5 hours X \$ 15 per hour Logging Truck

MIT COST PER WELL =\$ 94

MAIN PIPELINE REMOVAL

Assumptions:

- 1. Trenching with trackhoe at 1500 ft/day
- 2. Pipeline extraction and backfilling with trackhoe at 1500 ft/day
- 3. Trackhoe rental: \$1600/week
- 4. Fuel cost: \$9/operating hour
- 5. Trackhoe operation requires 1 worker at \$15/hour
- 6. Pipeline extraction requires 2 workers at \$15/hour (in addition to trackhoe operator)
- 7. Pipelines removed simutaneously
- 8. includes removal of manholes
- 9. Operating schedule: 8 hrs/day, 5 days/week

Main Pipeline Removal Costs per ft of Trench

Equipment

Trackhoe

Labor

Trackhoe Operation

$$\frac{\$ 15}{\text{man hr}} \times \frac{8 \text{ man hrs}}{1 \text{ day}} \times \frac{2 \text{ days}}{1500 \text{ ft}} = \$ 0.16$$
Pipeline Extraction
$$\frac{\$ 15}{\text{man hr}} \times \frac{16 \text{ man hrs}}{1 \text{ day}} \times \frac{1 \text{ day}}{1500 \text{ ft}} = \$ 0.16$$

MAIN PIPELINE REMOVAL COST PER FT OF TRENCH =\$ 0.85

UC-MAIN

WELLFIELD PIPING REMOVAL

Assumptions:

- 1. Trenching with backhoe at 3000 ft/day
- 2. Pipeline extraction and backfilling with backhoe at 3000 ft/day
- 3. Backhoe rental: \$750/week
- 4. Fuel cost: \$9/operating hour
- 5. Backhoe operation requires 1 worker at \$15/hour
- 6. Pipeline extraction requires 2 workers at \$15/hour (in addition to trackhoe operator)
- 7. Operating schedule: 8 hrs/day, 5 days/week

Main Pipeline Removal Costs per ft of Pipe

Equipment

Labor

khoe Operation
$$\frac{\$ 15}{\text{man hr}} \times \frac{8 \text{ man hrs}}{1 \text{ day}} \times \frac{2 \text{ days}}{3000 \text{ ft}} = \$ 0.08$$

Pipeline Extraction

$$\frac{\$ 15}{\text{man hr}} \times \frac{16 \text{ man hrs}}{1 \text{ day}} \times \frac{1 \text{ day}}{3000 \text{ ft}} = \$ 0.08$$

MAIN PIPELINE REMOVAL COST PER FT OF PIPE =\$ 0.31

WELLFIELD ROAD RECLAMATION

Assumptions (Roads constructed before January 1, 1997):

- 1. Gravel road base removed at cost of \$0.60/cy/1000 ft (WDEQ Guideline No. 12, Appendix C)
- 2 Gravel road base: average depth = 0.25 ft, average width = 10 ft
- 3. Roads scarified prior to topsoil application at cost of \$30.51/acre (WDEQ Guideline No. 12, Appendix P)
- 4. Grading of scarified roads prior to topsoil application at cost of \$33.27/acre (WDEQ Guideline No. 12, Appendix G)
- 5. Topsoil applied at cost of \$0.60/cy/1000 ft (WDEQ Guideline No. 12, Appendix C, Surface Grade: level ground)
- 6. Stripped topsoil: average depth = 0.67 ft, average width = 25 ft
- 7. Discing/seeding cost of \$200/acre is based on actual contractor costs

Gravel Road Base Removal Costs per 1000 ft of Road

$$\frac{1000 \text{ ft}}{\text{X}} \times \frac{0.25 \text{ ft}}{\text{X}} \times \frac{10 \text{ ft}}{\text{X}} \times \frac{1 \text{ cy}}{27 \text{ ft}^3} \times \frac{\$0.60}{\text{cy}} = \$56$$

Scanfication Costs per 1000 ft of Road

$$\frac{1000 \text{ ft}}{\text{A}} \times \frac{25 \text{ ft}}{\text{A}} \times \frac{1 \text{ acre}}{4.356\text{E}+04 \text{ ft}^2} \times \frac{\$30.51}{\text{acre}} = \$ 18$$

Grading Costs per 1000 ft of Road

$$\frac{1000 \text{ ft}}{2} \times \frac{25 \text{ ft}}{25 \text{ ft}} \times \frac{1 \text{ acre}}{4.356 \text{ E} + 04 \text{ ft}^2} \times \frac{$33.27}{\text{acre}} = $19$$

Topsoil Application Costs per 1000 ft of Road
$$\frac{1000 \text{ ft}}{\text{Cost}} \times \frac{0.67 \text{ ft}}{\text{Cost}} \times \frac{25 \text{ ft}}{\text{Cost}} \times \frac{1 \text{ cy}}{27 \text{ ft}^3} \times \frac{\$0.60}{\text{cy}} = \$372$$

Discing/Seeding Costs per 1000 ft of Road

$$\frac{1000 \text{ ft}}{\text{X}} \times \frac{25 \text{ ft}}{\text{X}} \times \frac{1 \text{ acre}}{4.356\text{E} + 04 \text{ ft}^2} \times \frac{\$200}{\text{acre}} = \$ 115$$

TOTAL WELLFIELD ROAD RECLAMATION COSTS PER 1000 FT OF ROAD (BEFORE JANUARY 1, 1997)

Assumptions (Roads constructed after January 1, 1997):

- 1. Gravel road base will not be removed
- 2. Roads scarified prior to topsoil application at cost of \$30.51/acre (WDEQ Guideline No. 12, Appendix P)
- 3. Grading of scarified roads prior to topsoil application at cost of \$33.27/acre (WDEQ Guideline No. 12, Appendix G)
- 4. Topsoil applied at cost of \$0.60/cy/1000 ft (WDEQ Guideline No. 12, Appendix C, Surface Grade; level ground)
- 5. Stripped topsoil: average depth = 0.4 ft, average width = 20 ft
- 6. Discing/seeding cost of \$200/acre is based on actual contractor costs

Scanfication Costs per 1000 ft of Road

$$\frac{1000 \text{ ft}}{\text{X}} \times \frac{20 \text{ ft}}{\text{X}} \times \frac{1 \text{ acre}}{4.356\text{E} + 04 \text{ ft}^2} \times \frac{\$30.51}{\text{acre}} = \$14$$

Grading Costs per 1000 ft of Road

$$\frac{1000 \text{ ft}}{\text{X}} \times \frac{20 \text{ ft}}{\text{X}} \times \frac{1 \text{ acre}}{4.356\text{E} + 04 \text{ ft}^2} \times \frac{\$33.27}{\text{acre}} = \$ 15$$

Discing/Seeding Costs per 1000 ft of Road

$$\frac{1000 \text{ ft}}{\text{X}} \times \frac{20 \text{ ft}}{\text{X}} \times \frac{1 \text{ acre}}{4.356\text{E} + 04 \text{ ft}^2} \times \frac{$200}{\text{acre}} = $92$$

TOTAL WELLFIELD ROAD RECLAMATION COSTS PER 1000 FT OF ROAD (AFTER JANUARY 1, 1997)

TRANSPORTATION AND DISPOSAL

Assumptions:

- 1. Based on actual 1997 costs for transportation to and disposal at an NRC-licensed disposal facility
- 2. Includes profit of transporter and disposal facility

By-product Material Transportation and Disposal Costs per ft³

Type of Waste: Sludge, resin, and other by-product type wastes (e.g., tank and building construction materials, PVC/HDPE/fiberglass piping, pumps)

 $\frac{\text{Transportation}}{\$1.44 / \text{ft}^3} + \frac{\text{Disposal}}{\$15.75 / \text{ft}^3} = \frac{\text{Total}}{\$17.19 / \text{ft}^3}$

Type of Waste: Soil, sand, and demolished concrete

<u>Transportation</u> <u>Disposal</u> <u>Total</u> $\$1.44 / \text{ft}^3 + \$5.23 / \text{ft}^3 = \$6.67 / \text{ft}^3$

DISKING/SEEDING

Assumptions:

1. Based on actual contractor costs

TOTAL DISKING/SEEDING COSTS PER ACRE = \$ 200

Abbreviations/Acronyms

Dollars

Dollars per 1000 gallons \$/Kgal

average av g feet ft square feet ftΖ

cubic feet A3 gallon gal

gallons per minute gp m Health and Safety H&S Hydrogen Sulfide H2S Sulfuric Acid H2S04 Hydrochloric Acid **HCI**

Horsepower Hp 1000 gallons Kgal Kilowatt-hours Kwh Caustic Soda OH Outside Diameter

personal protective equipment PPE Pore Volume Estimate

PΥ requirement req m't

Reverse Osmosis RO Waste Disposal Well WDW

cubic yards yd3

year yr