

UNITED STATES NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20555-0001 May 16, 1997 DOCKETED

Mr. Marvin Freeman, Vice President Quivira Mining Company 6305 Waterford Bldg., Suite 325 Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73118

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OFFICE T

SUBJECT: ACCEPTANCE OF BYPRODUCT MATERIALS AT QUIVIRA'S AMBROSIA LAKE SITE AMENDMENT NO. 37 TO LICENSE SUA-1473

Dear Mr. Freeman:

Quivira Mining Company (QMC) requested by letter dated November 20, 1995, an amendment to Source Material License SUA-1473 to allow disposal of lle.(2) byproduct material in Tailings Impoundment #2 at its Ambrosia Lake Uranium Mill and Tailings site near Grants, New Mexico. The U. S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission staff has evaluated QMC's request, as modified by subsequent correspondence, and approves the amendment as described in the enclosed Technical Evaluation Report (Enclosure 1).

The action requested by QMC will result in no significant change in the types or significant increase in the amounts of any radiological effluent that may be released offsite, as documented in the enclosed Environmental Assessment (Enclosure 2). The NRC issued a Finding of No Significant Impact for the disposal of 11e.(2) byproduct material in the Federal Register, Volume 62, Number 82, Pages 23282-23284 (April 29, 1997).

The staff determined that in situ material should be included in the limits on material received. This change to QMC's amendment request was discussed and agreed to between yourself and Ken Hooks of the NRC on April 7, 1997. The staff also determined that QMC would be required to provide a surety analysis to the NRC based on disposal of the maximum amount of byproduct material, 5.3 million tons, prior to receipt of any material under this amendment. This condition was discussed and agreed to between yourself and Ken Hooks on May 14, 1997.

The license is being reissued to incorporate the new license condition #41 (Enclosure 3). All other conditions of the license shall remain the same. If you have any questions concerning the enclosures, please contact Kenneth Hooks, the NRC Project Manager for the Ambrosia Lake site at (301) 415-7777.

Sincerely,

efe Joseph J. Holonich, Chief

Joseph J. Holonich, Chief Uranium Recovery Branch Division of Waste Management Office of Nuclear Material Safety and Safeguards

Docket No. 40-8905 Enclosures: As stated

cc: JVirgona, DOEGJPO ROhrbom, NMED

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TECHNICAL EVALUATION REPORT

DOCKET NO. 40-8905

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LICENSE NO. SUA-1473

LICENSEE: Quivira Mining Company

FACILITY: Ambrosia Lake Facility

PROJECT MANAGER: Kenneth R. Hooks

TECHNICAL REVIEWER: Christepher McKenney

11e.(2) BYPRODUCT MATERIAL DISPOSAL AMENDMENT APPLICATION

SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS:

On November 20, 1995, Quivira Mining Company (Quivira) requested a license amendment to annually receive and dispose of up to 10,000 yd³ (7,650 m³) per generator of 11e.(2) byproduct material in tailings impoundment #2. Additional information (May 9, 1996, January 24, 1997, and February 13, 1997) has also included proposal for an annual total limit of 100,000 yd³ (76,500 m³) from all generators. Quivira requested that material from in situ facilities be excluded from the limits.

Quivira has either programs in place or proposed programs to support the request. The staff concurs that the radiation protection program and operations plans are sufficient to meet 10 CFR Part 20 and stabilization concerns. Ambrosia Lake's tailings impoundment #2 has sufficient excess capacity to allow the annual disposal of 100,000 yd³ (76,500 m³) of 11e.(2) byproduct material for many years. The licensee has proposed a program that would provide reasonable assurance that only 11e.(2) byproduct material similar to current tailings and other material in the impoundments would be received. The staff does not agree with an unlimited exclusion for in situ facility 11e.(2) byproduct material. The license condition should be as follows:

"41. In accordance with the licensee's submittals dated November 20, 1995, May 9, 1996, January 24, 1997, and February 13, 1997, the licensee is hereby authorized to dispose of 11e.(2) byproduct materials that are similar in physical, chemical, and radiological characteristics to the 11e.(2) byproduct material and associated wastes already within the impoundment subject to the following:

- A. Prior to receipt of any material under this license condition, the licensee shall provide an analysis of the costs of reclamation based on disposal of the maximum amount of byproduct authorized by this condition (5.3 million tons), and if necessary, provide a revision to the surety.
- B. The facility is authorized to dispose of up to 10,000 cubic yards (7,650 m³) of 11e.(2) byproduct material per year from each generator.

Enclosure 1

- C. Total annual receipt and disposal of 11e.(2) byproduct material shall not exceed 100,000 cubic yards (76,500 m³) from all generators.
- D. The total 11e.(2) byproduct material to be disposed of from all generators is limited to 5.3 million tons (3.8 million cubic yards).
- E. Average annual Ra-226 concentrations of disposed material shall not exceed 1100 pCi/g (41 Bq/g) from any generator.
- F. All contaminated equipment shall be dismantled, crushed, perforated or placed to minimize void spaces. Barrels shall be verified to be full prior to disposal. Barrels not completely full shall be filled or emptied and crushed prior to final disposal.
- G. Byproduct material shall be free of standing liquids.
- H. All disposal activities shall be documented. The documentation shall include a description of the byproduct material, the disposal locations, and the results of pre-acceptance testing. The licensee shall maintain documentation until license termination.
- I. The licensee shall submit a final reclamation plan upon the end of receipt operations."

DESCRIPTION OF LICENSEE'S AMENDMENT REQUEST:

directions.

Quivira is requesting a license amendment to accept 11e.(2) byproduct material from offsite generators for disposal in tailings impoundment two. Quivira has proposed that receipt be limited in volume to $10,000 \text{ yd}^3$ (7,650 m³) per generator, other than from in-situ leaching facilities, with an annual total limit of 100,000 yd³ (76,500 m³) from all generators, other than from in-situ leaching facilities. There would be no limiting quantity from in-situ leaching facilities. Under the proposal, byproduct material that may be accepted for disposal would include, but not be limited to:

- 1. Tailings resulting from separation of uranium/thorium from the ore bodies;
- 2. Contaminated soils;
- Contaminated plant equipment including structural steel, pipes, cement, etc.;
- 4. Evaporation pond liners and associated residues;
- 5. Groundwater restoration residues.

Quivira would obtain a sample of the proposed disposal material before acceptance. The sample would be tested to assure characteristics (chemical, radiological, and physical) are similar to the current tailings or are prior approved by NRC. All material accepted for disposal at the facility would be required to be free of all standing liquids. Radium-226 concentrations would be limited to 1100 pCi/g (41 Bq/g) average annually per generator. Materials would arrive on site usually in sealed 55-gallon (0.21 m³) drums and/or crates as part of Low Specific Activity (LSA) exclusive use shipments. Full drums would be directly placed in the disposal area. The disposal area would be a series of earthen cells on the east side of tailing impoundment #2 and abutting impoundment #1, constructed on top of the finished radon attenuation cover system. Partially full drums would be opened, and either filled with material or emptied into the disposal area and crushed. Types of material not contained within sealed drums or crates, such as pumps, process equipment, cement, and pipes, would be crushed, dismantled, and/or spread within the disposal area in a tight compact manner to minimize void space. When the crushed material layer reaches 2 to 3 feet (0.6 to 0.9 m) thick, clean fill would be utilized to fill any remaining void space.

Quivira would submit a final reclamation plan upon the end of receipt operations. This reclamation plan would contain the actual characteristics of the additional waste received. The final radon attenuation cover would be designed to assure the radon flux standard will be met.

TECHNICAL EVALUATION:

Currently, Quivira has two limited-scope license conditions that allow similar disposals to occur. License condition 30 allows the receipt and disposal of damaged yellow-cake drums from Sequoyah Fuels Corporation. License condition 36 allows the receipt and disposal of 125 yd³ (96 m³) per year of 11e.(2) byproduct material from the Rio Algom Smith Ranch facility. Material from Smith Ranch is transported to the site in 55-gallon (0.21 m³) drums or crates as LSA exclusive use shipments, and disposed of in trenches in tailings impoundment #2. Therefore, Quivira is currently allowed to perform similar operations, but on a very limited scope.

Three different areas of review will be discussed: (1) available disposal volume under the approved reclamation plan; (2) material acceptance criteria, and (3) operations plan for receipt and disposal.

Disposal Volume

In the approved 1986 reclamation plan, the Ambrosia Lake facility's tailings capacity was based on an assumption of 18 more years of production at 7,000 tons (5,000 yd³ [3,825 m³]) of tailings per day which would yield an additional 43 million tons (31 million yd³ [24 million m³]) of tailings material. When added to the 31 million tons (22 million yd³ [17 million m³]) in the disposal impoundments in 1986, the total quantity the design accounted for was 74 million tons (53 million yd³ [40 million m³]). Ambrosia Lake halted operations far earlier than the planned 18 year run and currently has 33 million tons (24 million yd³ [18 million m³]) of tailings in impoundments #1 and #2. Therefore, the excess capacity under the 1986 reclamation plan is 41 million tons (29 million yd³ [22 million m³]) of tailings.

Quivira has not requested to fill the entire available space under the reclamation plan. Quivira is limiting the height of impoundment #2 to that of impoundment #1 to insure proper run-off controls during reclamation. Based on this assumption, there is approximately a 30 foot (9 m) elevation difference between the average elevation of impoundment #1 and #2. Multiplying by the current size of tailings impoundment #2, 78.3 acres (31.7 ha), the usable capacity is approximately 5.3 million tons (3.8 million yd³ [2.9 million m³]).

Quivira has requested separate disposal limits for 11e.(2) byproduct material from in situ facilities and non-in situ facilities. For in situ facilities, Quivira has requested approval to dispose of an unlimited annual volume of material. For non-in situ facilities, two limits are requested: (1) a per generator annual limit of 10,000 yd³ (7,650 m³); and (2) a total annual limit of 100,000 yd³ (76,500 m³). Quivira provides no justification for unlimited disposal of material from in situ facilities. In situ facilities annually produce low volumes of byproduct material, well below the annual limit requested for non-in situ facilities.

While staff concurs that tailings impoundment #2 has sufficient volume available for disposal of 100,000 yd³ (76,500 m³) per year of 11e.(2) byproduct material, the staff does not agree with the requested exclusion of in situ material from annual volume limits. Therefore, Quivira will be limited, by license condition, to annually receive up to 10,000 yd³ (7,650 m³) of 11e.(2) byproduct material per generator, including in situ facilities, and a total annual volume of 11e.(2) byproduct material from all generators, not to exceed 100,000 yd³ (76,500 m³).

Material Acceptance Criteria

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Prior to contracting for disposal, Quivira has committed to requiring the material's owner to demonstrate that the material is 11e.(2) byproduct material. Additionally, Quivira will test pre-acceptance samples for radiological and chemical characteristics as described in the January 24, 1997 submittal. These tests would consist of both a basic set of 25 elements, isotopes and chemicals and any additional characteristics which may be identified as unique by the supplier or reasonably likely to be present given the origin of the materials. To insure availability of information at the time of final reclamation, Quivira will be required by license condition to maintain records of the acceptance testing until license termination.

A generator would be limited to an annual average radium-226 concentration of 1100 pCi/g (41 Bq/g), which is equivalent to the average activity level of the slimes. Quivira estimates that the average Ra-226 and Ra-228 concentrations would not exceed 400 pCi/g (15 Bq/g) over all generators. Single shipments would be limited to less than 2,000 pCi/g (74 Bq/g) for any radionuclide in the uranium series or 6,000 pCi/g (222 Bq/g) for any radionuclide in the thorium series in any shipment.

Additionally, to minimize groundwater concerns, all material would be required to be free of all standing water.

The staff concurs that the acceptance criteria will provide reasonable assurance that the material disposed of will be similar to current tailings and/or material currently in the impoundment.

<u>Operations</u>

License conditions 30 and 36 allow Quivira to currently perform operations, though on a smaller scale, similar to the activities included in this license amendment request. Quivira plans that most material that would arrive on site would be similar to material received from Rio Algom Smith Ranch and would use the standard operating procedure, <u>Handling/Disposal of Byproduct Material and Contaminated Waste</u>, which was developed for disposal of offsite material

packaged in 555-gallon (0.21-m^3) drums or crates (attachment to QMC letter dated November 20, 1995). Additionally, an operations plan addressing applicable operations has already been approved for reclamation work on the tailings pile. When a generator wishes to ship material in other than 55-gallon (0.21 m^3) drums and/or crates as LSA, a radiation work permit will be issued for the receipt of and disposal of the waste material until a standard operating procedure for that waste type can be established. Procedures are currently in place for the emplacement of material in the cells to minimize void space.

The staff concurs that Quivira's current radiation protection program is commensurate with the scope and extent of requested license activities and is sufficient to ensure compliance with the provisions of 10 CFR Part 20. The staff also concurs that proper procedures are in place for receipt of and disposal of the material to meet future stabilization concerns.

ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT

11e.(2) BYPRODUCT MATERIAL DISPOSAL AMENDMENT REQUEST FOR QUIVIRA MINING COMPANY'S AMBROSIA LAKE FACILITY

On November 20, 1995, Quivira Mining Company (Quivira) requested a license amendment for the Ambrosia Lake facility to annually receive and dispose of up to 10,000 yd³ (7,650 m³) per generator of 11e.(2) byproduct material in tailings impoundment #2. Additional information (May 9, 1996, January 24, 1997, and February 13, 1997) has also included an annual total limit of 100,000 yd³ (76,500 m³) from all generators. Quivira requested that material from in situ facilities be excluded from the limits. NRC staff will require by license condition that all generators, including in situ facilities be limited to the 10,000 yd³ (7,650 m³) per generator and the total annual limit of 100,000 yd³ (76,500 m³) be inclusive of all material received from generators, including in situ facilities.

The disposal of the requested material at the Ambrosia Lake facility will not result in any significant adverse environmental impacts. The potential impacts are less than any impacts that could have resulted due to the facility operating as licensed. Specifically, the total amount of material received each year is a small fraction of the allowed production rate of 11e.(2) byproduct material under operations. Unlike material created during the Ambrosia Lake's milling operations, the received material will be free of standing liquids and usually contained in sealed 55-gallon (0.21 m³) drums or crates. At the end of receipt activities, a final radon attenuation and erosion protection cover will be designed and placed to assure compliance with the radon flux standard of 20 pCi/m²/s (0.7 Bq/m²/s).

Materials would arrive on site usually in sealed 55-gallon (0.21 m³) drums and/or crates as Low Specific Activity exclusive use shipments. Full drums will be directly disposed into the disposal area. The disposal area will be a series of earthen cells on the east side of tailing impoundment #2 and abutting impoundment #1, constructed on top of the finished radon attenuation cover system. Partially full drums will be opened and either filled with material or emptied into the disposal area and the drum crushed. Types of material not contained within sealed drums or crates, such as pumps, process equipment, cement, and pipes, will be crushed. dismantled, and/or spread within the disposal area in a tight compact manner to minimize void space. When the crushed material layer reaches 2 to 3 feet (0.6 to 0.9 m) thick, clean fill will be utilized to fill any remaining void space. Upon cessation of receipt and disposal operations, Quivira will submit a new reclamation plan based on the final characteristics of the impoundments, including a final radon attenuation cover system.

In the approved 1986 reclamation plan, the Ambrosia Lake facility's tailing capacity was based on an assumption of 18 more years of production at 7,000 tons (5,000 yd³ [3,825 m³]) of tailings per day which would yield an additional 43 million tons (31 million yd³ [24 million m³]) of tailings material. When added to the 31 million tons (22 million yd³ [17 million m³])

Enclosure 2

in the disposal impoundments in 1986, the total quantity the design accounted for was 74 million tons (53 million yd³ [40 million m³]). Ambrosia Lake halted operations far earlier than the planned 18 year run and currently has 33 million tons (24 million yd³ [18 million m³]) of tailings in impoundments #1 and #2. Therefore, the excess capacity under the 1986 reclamation plan is 41 million tons (29 million yd³ [22 million m³]) of tailings.

Quivira has not requested to fill the entire available space under the reclamation plan. Quivira is limiting the height of impoundment #2 to that of impoundment #1 to insure proper run-off controls during reclamation. Based on this assumption, there is approximately a 30 foot (9 m) elevation difference between the average elevation of impoundment #1 and #2. Multiplying by the current size of tailings impoundment two, 78.3 acres (31.7 ha), the usable capacity is approximately 5.3 million tons (3.8 million yd³ [2.9 million m³]).

NRC believes this request will not result in significant impacts because the impacts will be a small fraction of those that could result due to currently approved activities for the following reasons:

1) The total annual volume is a small fraction of the total volume allowed to be produced under the current license. Based on an approved production rate of 7,000 tons $(5,000 \text{ yd}^3 \text{ [}3,825 \text{ m}^3 \text{]})$ per day, the requested annual limit would be reached in only 20 days of production.

2) Groundwater impacts are minimized because the received material will be free of standing liquids and the disposal cells will have a 3 foot (1 m) thick minimum clay liner. In comparison, material produced by milling operations would result in solid and liquid phases that would need to be dried. Additionally, the licensee will be required to only accept material similar in physical, chemical and radiological characteristics to material already disposed in the impoundments.

3) Air releases will be minimized because most of the material received will be packaged in drums or crates. Under full production activities, produced 11e.(2) byproduct material is not confined but must be wetted to reduce fugitive dust emissions.

4) Exposure to workers is expected to be similar or lower than exposures expected to personnel working with 11e.(2) byproduct material due to currently licensed operations. In addition to being licensed for full operations, Quivira is currently licensed to accept small volumes of 11e.(2) byproduct material from a couple of specific sources: In-situ byproduct material from Rio Algom Smith Ranch and damaged yellow-cake drums from Sequoyah Fuels Corporation. Material received under the disposal request would be packaged similarly and would be handled under the pre-existing radiation protection program. The radiological characteristics of the waste from each generator will be similar to those already present in the tailings impoundments and most material will be packaged which will minimize exposures due to inhalation.

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<u>.</u>	MATERIAL	s license	
ode of Federal R made by the licens nuclear material d to persons authoriz specified in Sectio	Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, the Ener Regulations, Chapter I, Parts 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 39 see, a license is hereby issued authorizing the licensee esignated below; to use such material for the purpose(s) zed to receive it in accordance with the regulations of the n 183 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, a hission now or hereafter in effect and to any conditions Licensee	, 40 and 70, and in reliance to receive, acquire, possess and at the place(s) designal e applicable Part(s). This lic and is subject to all applicable	e on statements and representations heretofore s, and transfer byproduct, source, and special ted below; to deliver or transfer such material ense shall be deemed to contain the conditions
1.	Quivira Mining Company	3. License number SUA-	-1473, Amend. No. 37
2.	6305 Waterford Blvd., Suite 325 Oklahoma City, Oklahoma 73118 [Applicable Amendments 127	5. Docket or	Until terminated plicable amends: 29]
Byproduct, so special nuclea	ource, and/or 7. Chemical and ar material form		#40-8905 8. Maximum amount that licensee may possess at any one time under this license
9.	Uranium Authorized Place of User The Lic located	Any Ensee's Ambrosia I'in' McKinley, Con	
10.	This license authorizes uranium representations, and conditions of 1990, and January 31, 1991, with conventional uranium ores shall r authorization from the NRC in the the word "will" is used in the do denote a requirement.	contained in subm the exception th not be performed form of a licen	ittals dated August 30, at processing of without specific se amendment. Anywhere
	Any changes to the mill circuit a August 30, 1990, submittal or as conditions shall require approval amendment. [Applicable Amendment	authorized by sul l by the NRC in t	bsequent license he form of a license
11.	The licensee shall designate a Ra be responsible for the establish radiation protection program inc. monitoring programs. The RSO sha specified in Section 2.4.1 of Rec	ment and maintena luding personnel all possess minim	nce of a facility and environmental um qualifications as
12.	The licensee is authorized to pos- uranium process tailings and othe licensee's uranium processing ope- small samples for purposes such a transferred from the restricted a in the form of a license amendment	er byproduct wast erations. Mill t as research or an area without prio	es generated by the ailings, other than alysis, shall not be
13.	The licensee is authorized to operate the second se	Lake, New Mexico main facility, Se	These facilities ection 35-36, and

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1			
	Quivira Mining Company mine sites. The	radiological effluent	
	monitoring and radiological safety progr	am in effect at the	
	licensee's mill shall include these wate	er treatment facilities	5.
	All U.S. DOT requirements shall be follo	-	
	the ion exchange resin. A listing of th		
	units currently in operation shall be pr	-	1987,
	and shall be updated at least annually t	chereafter.	
14.	Written standard operating procedures (S		
	all operational process activities invol are handled, processed or stored. These		
	radiation safety practices to be followed		-
	written procedure shall be kept in the m		
	employee reference. All SOPs shall be a	The second se	
	procedures and be approved by the RSO to	43 ° 1	-
	protection principles are being applied.		
	Free Principies are being appried	and a second sec	
15.	The licensee shall be required to use a	Radiation Work Permit	(RWP) for
	all work where the potential for signif:		
	material exists and for which no SOPs ex	and the second se	
	by the Radiation Safety Officer (RSO), o		
	of specialized radiation protection tra		
1	the following:		
		1. A . A . A . A . A . A . A . A . A . A	
	A. The scope of the work to be performe	ed.	
	B. Any precautions necessary to reduce	exposures to radioact	ive
	materials.		
	C. Supplemental monitoring required pr	ior to, during, and af	ter the
	completion of the work.	in Sum	
16.	The licensee shall establish written pr		
	activities including in-plant and envir		
	analysis and radiation monitoring instr		
	procedures shall be reviewed and approv	-	
	that proper and current radiation prote applied.	ceron principies are b	ering
	abbited.		
17.	Occupational exposure calculations shal	1 be performed and doc	umented
±/•	within one (1) week of the end of each		
	specified in 10 CFR 20.103(a)(2) and 10		
	airborne ore dust and yellowcake sample		
	manner to allow exposure calculations t	-	-
	this condition. RWP ore dust and yello		
	and the results reviewed by the RSO or		-
	working days after sample collection.	"Luitii Ch	- (-)
18.	DELETED by Amendment No. 4.		
	•		
16. 17. 18. 19.	The results of all effluent and environ	mental monitoring requ	ired by
	this license shall be reported semiannu		-

this license shall be reported semiannually and in accordance with 10 CFR 40, Section 40.65, with copies of the report sent to the NRC.

20. 21. 22.		PAGE 2		GES
(7-94)		License Number	12	
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	MATERIALS LICENSE	Docket or Reference Number		
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	Monitoring data shall be reported in th	e format shown in the	attachment	
	to SUA-1473 entitled, "Sample Format fo			
	[Applicable Amendments: 25]	. , ,		
20.	The results of sample analyses, monitor	ing surveys, equipment		
20.	calibration, reports of audits and insp			
	sessions required by applicable regulat	-	-	
	subsequent reviews, investigations, and		1770	
	documented. Unless otherwise specified			
	regulations, all documentation shall be	maintained for a peri	od of five	
	(5) years.			
21.	The licensee shall operate the tailings	retention systems in	accordance	
	with the "Tailings Stabilization Report			
	approved by the NRC and in compliance w	ith 10 CFR 40, Appendi	x A. Any	
	changes in the tailings retention syste	m that would significate	intly	
	deviate from the above shall require th			
	evaluation of the changes and obtain ap	oproval from the NRC in	the form	
	of an amendment to the license.			
	In addition, the licensee shall impleme	nt a tailings dam ingr	ection	
	program as specified in Section A3 of t			
)	1986, with the exceptions that annual t			
	embankment performance need to be perfo	and the second se		
	the tailings embankments need only be p	performed on regularly	scheduled	
	work days. [Applicable Amendments: 4,	21, 26]		
22.	The licensee shall maintain an NRC-appr	oved financial surety		
	arrangement, consistent with 10 CFR 40,		9 and 10,	
	adequate to cover the estimated costs,	if accomplished by a t	chird party,	
	for decommissioning and decontamination	n of the mill and mill	site,	
	reclamation of any tailings or waste di	-		
	restoration as warranted, and the long-	-term surveillance fee	• .	
	Annual updates to the surety amount, re	muired by 10 CEP 40	Appendix A	
	Criteria 9 and 10, shall be submitted t	-		
	year. Along with each proposed revision	-		
	shall submit supporting documentation s	-		
	and the basis for the cost estimates with			
	maintenance of a minimum 15 percent cor			
	engineering plans, activities performed			
	affecting estimated costs for site close estimate is the NRC approved reclamatic			
	supplemented by the NRC assumptions ide			
	37, or NRC approved revisions to the pi			
	license, entitled "Recommended Outline			
	Stabilization Cost Estimates" outlines	-		
	by the NRC in the review of site closur	re estimates.		
	Reclamation/decommissioning plans and a	annual updates should	follow this	
	outline.			
	The licensee's currently approved sure	ty, a narent Company C	larantee	
	The Incensee a currently approved sure	cy, a parent company G	atancee	

The licensee's currently approved surety, a parent Company Guarantee issued by Rio Algom Limited, shall be continuously maintained in an

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		MATERIALS LICENSE	SUA-1473, Amend No. 37 Docket or Reference Number
		SUPPLEMENTARY SHEET	
<u>k</u>			40-8905
		amount no loss than 611 740 000 for the	surrange of compluing with 10 CEP
		amount no less than \$11,749,000 for the	
		40, Appendix A, Criteria 9 and 10, unti	
		the NRC. The use of a parent company g	
		evaluation of the corporate parent by t surety update. In addition to the cost	
		annual submittal must include updated d	-
		from the chief financial officer of the	
		special report confirmation of chief fi	
		schedule reconciling amounts in chief f	
		amounts in financial statements, and (4	
		document if changes are required. [App	
		24, 30, 32, 36]	10, 11, 22,
	23.	Prior to termination of this license, t	he licensee shall provide for
		transfer of title to byproduct material	
		interests therein (other than land owne	
		State of New Mexico), which is used for	
		material or is essential to ensure the	
		disposal site to the United States or t	
		State's option.	and the second se
			1 X 1 L
	24.	The licensee shall have a contingency p	lan for responding to unexpected
2		releases of liquids or tailings from th	e mill facility, tailings
		impoundments, and lined evaporation pon	ds and for the accidental release
		of uranium concentrates during shipment	and transport.
	25.	Release of equipment or packages from t	1
		unrestricted release or disposal shall	
		attachment to SUA-1473 entitled, "Guide	
		Facilities and Equipment Prior to Relea	
		Termination of Licenses for Byproduct of	r Source Materials," dated,
		September, 1984.	
	0.0		
	26.	Before engaging in an activity not prev	
		the licensee shall prepare and record a such activity. Should the evaluation i	
		result in a significant adverse enviror	
		previously assessed or that is greater	-
		the licensee shall provide a written ev	
		obtain prior approval of the NRC in the	-
		F Abbroar of one into the one	
	27.	The licensee shall implement an interim	a stabilization program for
		tailings areas as specified in the "Tai	
		submitted October 1, 1986, as modified	
		letter dated, March 20, 1987. This pro	
		operating procedures and shall prevent	
		tailings to the extent reasonably achie	
		Criterion 8 of 10 CFR 40, Appendix A.	
		methods used shall be evaluated in acco	ordance with the procedure
		submitted by letter dated June 17, 1987	. Corrective actions taken shall
		be documented in response to inspection	n findings.

- 23. Prior to termination of this license, the licensee shall provide for transfer of title to byproduct material and land, including any interests therein (other than land owned by the United States or the State of New Mexico), which is used for the disposal of such byproduct material or is essential to ensure the long-term stability of such disposal site to the United States or the State of New Mexico, at the State's option.
- 24. The licensee shall have a contingency plan for responding to unexpected releases of liquids or tailings from the mill facility, tailings impoundments, and lined evaporation ponds and for the accidental release of uranium concentrates during shipment and transport.
- 25. Release of equipment or packages from the restricted areas for unrestricted release or disposal shall be in accordance with the attachment to SUA-1473 entitled, "Guidelines for Decontamination for Facilities and Equipment Prior to Release for Unrestricted Use or Termination of Licenses for Byproduct or Source Materials," dated, September, 1984.
- 26. Before engaging in an activity not previously authorized by the license, the licensee shall prepare and record an environmental evaluation of such activity. Should the evaluation indicate that such activity may result in a significant adverse environmental impact that was not previously assessed or that is greater than that previously assessed, the licensee shall provide a written evaluation of the activity and obtain prior approval of the NRC in the form of a license amendment.
- 27. The licensee shall implement an interim stabilization program for tailings areas as specified in the "Tailings Stabilization Report" submitted October 1, 1986, as modified by Section 4.6 submitted by letter dated, March 20, 1987. This program shall include written operating procedures and shall prevent or minimize dispersal of blowing tailings to the extent reasonably achievable and in accordance with Criterion 8 of 10 CFR 40, Appendix A. The effectiveness of the control methods used shall be evaluated in accordance with the procedure submitted by letter dated June 17, 1987. Corrective actions taken shall be documented in response to inspection findings.

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	SUPPLEMENTARY SHEET				
	cleanup of contaminated areas as address	ed in the sub	mittal dat	ed	
	October 15, 1987. [Applicable Amendment:				
28.	The licensee is hereby exempted from the				
	20.203(e)(2) for areas within the mill protect the mill are conspicuously posted in account of the mill are conspicuously post			Ces LO	
	20.203(e)(2) and with the words, "Any are			contain	
	radioactive material."		_		
29.	The licensee shall submit a detailed dec	-	-		
	least six (6) months prior to the planne activities.	d start of de	COMMISSION	ling	
		388.			
30.	Damaged yellowcake drums may be returned				
	No. 2 as described in the licensee's sub March 5, 1987, October 6, 1989 and Novem				
	shall be documented. In addition, no dr	#401			
	feet of the dam crest. [Applicable Amen		-		
Galactic and			and the second s		
31.	The licensee is authorized to process al (raffinate and calcium fluoride sludges)				
	Corporation's Gore, Oklahoma, facility i			ubmittals	
	dated March, 31, July 15, and August 6, 1				
Ì	exception that the yellowcake product sh or dried in accordance with Condition No			lurry form	
×	[Applicable Amendments: 3, 5, 7, 28]		and a second		
32.	The licensee is authorized to dispose of	· · · · · · · ·	The second se		
	materials resulting from past milling op				
	in accordance with the submittals dated also dispose of and bury within these ar				
	authorized by license conditions 30, 36,				
	licensee shall adhere to the following r	C. MED			
	maintain detailed disposal records indic of all waste material disposed in the di	1 m 191			
	disposal of any wastes, the licensee sha				
	procedure to describe the handling, prep	aration, plac	cement and	covering	
	of wastes in the specified disposal area		-		
	disposal areas, including drawings, calc of materials included in the disposal ar		-		
	NRC for approval prior to placement of t				
	[Applicable Amendments: 6, 33, 37]				
33.	The licensee is hereby authorized to inj waters in accordance with their July 14,		-		
	upper control limits shall be observed:				3
	mg/1, sulfate = 450 mg/1, carbonate/bica				
	standard units. Should any of these lin			-	
	monthly sampling, the licensee shall imm chemically fortified waters, notify the				
	sample for the above parameters on a wee		-	-	
	additional 25 days, submit a plan to rem				

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1		
34.	The licensee shall implement a groundwar containing the following:	ter compliance monitoring program
	A. Sample Dakota Sandstone wells 17-01 for antimony, arsenic, beryllium, c molybdenum, nickel, selenium, combi uranium, thorium-230, lead-210, gro nitrate, pH, and electrical conduct	admium, cyanide, lead, ned radium-226 and -228, natural ss alpha, chloride, sulfate,
	Sample Tres Hermanos A wells 31-01 molybdenum, nickel, selenium, radiu thorium-230, lead-210, gross alpha, and electrical conductivity.	m-226 and -228, natural uranium,
-	Sample Tres Hermanos B wells VH19-2 for cyanide, molybdenum, nickel, se 228, natural uranium, thorium-230, sulfate, nitrate, pH, and electrica	elenium, combined radium-226 and - lead-210, gross alpha, chloride,
)	Sample alluvium wells 5-03, 32-59, nickel, selenium, combined radium-2 uranium, lead-210, gross alpha, chl electrical conductivity.	226 and -228, thorium-230, natural
	B. Comply with the following groundwat Sandstone point of compliance well with background being recognized at mg/l; arsenic = 0.1 mg/l, beryllium mg/l; cyanide = 0.04 mg/l; lead = 0 nickel = 0.03 mg/l, selenium = 0.04 combined radium-226 and -228 = 5.0 mg/l; thorium-230 = 2.3 pCi/l; lead	30-02, 30-48, 32-45, and 35-06, well 17-01: antimony = 0.05 n = 0.01 mg/1; cadmium = 0.01 0.14 mg/1; molybdenum = 0.06 mg/1; 4 mg/1; gross alpha = 56 pCi/1; pCI/1 natural uranium - 0.02
	Comply with the following groundwat Hermanos A point of compliance well recognized at well 33-01: cyanide mg/1; nickel = 0.05 mg/1; selenium pCi/1; combined radium-226 and -228 0.01 mg/1; thorium-230 = 4.3 pCi/1	<pre>1 31-01, with background being = 0.01 mg/1; molybdenum - 0.03 - 0.03 mg/1; gross alpha = 18.0 8 = 5.0 pCi/1; natural uranium -</pre>
	Comply with the following groundwat Hermanos B point of compliance well with background being recognized at mg/1; molybdenum = 0.08 mg/1; nicke mg/1; gross alpha = 21.0 pCi/1; com pCi/1; natural uranium = 0.02 mg/1 = 0.9 pCi/1.	ls 31-66, 31-67, 36-01, and 36-02, t well VH19-12: cyanide = 0.01 el = 0.06 mg/1; selenium = 0.04 mbined radium-226 and -228 = 7.4
	Comply with the following groundwa alluvium point of compliance wells background being recognized at wel nickel = 0.06 mg/1; selenium = 0.0	32-59, 31-61, and MW-24, with 1 5-03: molybdenum = 0.06 mg/1;

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		40=6303	
	<pre>natural uranium = 0.06 mg/1; lead-2</pre>	10 = 4.9 pCi/1.	
	C. Implement a corrective action progr 25, 1989, submittal with the object concentrations of hazardous constit	ive of returning the	
	specified in Subsection (B). The p consist of mine dewatering and main interceptor trench.	-	
	D. Submit, by August 1 of each year, a program and its effect on the aquif		94/1.°
	E. The licensee is authorized pursuant November 21, 1995, to construct a r Tres Hermanos B formation for backg licensee will submit final construct monitor well to NRC upon completion used as a replacement for VH19-2.	replacement well in the ground well VH19-2. The ction records of the	
	[Applicable Amendments: 9, 11, 13, 15,	, 25, 35]	
35.	The licensee shall submit to the NRC, o the New Mexico Environmental Improvemer Amendments: 11]	and the second se	
36.	The licensee is authorized to dispose of the Rio algom Mining Corp. Smith Ranch accordance with the submittals dated, H 26, 1991, with the following modification	n in-situ leach facility in February 19, 1990, and September	
	A. The written procedures, included in shall be reviewed and revised in ac No. 14.		
	B. Prior to disposal of drums contains shall obtain written confirmation the drums have been verified to be performed by Ambrosia Lake personne	from Rio Algom Mining Company that full or the verification shall be	
	C. Drums containing wastes other than wastes disposed directly into excar		
	D. All disposal activities shall be do Amendments: 16, 23]	ocumented. [Applicable	
37.	September 24, 1990, and January 7, 199 the following conditions. Though reco conditions were assumed when evaluatin reclamation plan as submitted, and are acceptable design alternatives. Justi	4, submittals as supplemented by gnized as conservative, these g the acceptability of the identified pending submittal of fication for any design	
37.	reclamation plan as submitted, and are	identified pending submittal of fication for any design	2

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		1	MATERIALS LICENSE	Docket or Reference N	lumber)#I
5		:	SUPPLEMENTARY SHEET		40.	-8905)#/
) M
X									
		Α.	The radon barrier shall be construc	ted as specif	fied	in the	е		
			licensee's September 28, 1990, subm	ittal, as ame	ended	by th	he F	ebru	ary 🖡
X			7, August 2, September 2, and Novem	ber 4, 1994,	subm	ittal	s.	Prio	r

- to placement of any material onto the interim cover, the procedure defined in the licensee's October 4, 1990, submittal for establishing the integrity of the in-place material must be performed.
- B. DELETED by Amendment No. 19.

- C. The relocated contaminated material shall be placed in lifts not to exceed 12 inches and compacted to at least 90 percent of the maximum standard dry density after a stable work base has been established.
- D. In place density and moisture laboratory compaction, soil classification, and rock quality testing shall be performed in accordance with the licensee's September 23, 1990, submittal. If test procedures other than the sand cone test or oven dry moisture are used in the construction quality control, procedures that will be used to establish correlation between the tests must be submitted for NRC review and approval prior to implementation.
- E. A detailed cover design for Ponds 11-21 must be submitted for NRC review and approval. All contaminated materials in Pond 3 that are not covered by the reclaimed Pond 1 outslope shall be relocated to Pond 2 unless an erosion protection plan is submitted for NRC review and approval.
- F. The settlement survey data shall be submitted for NRC review and approval prior to placement of the radon barrier on the interim cover.
- G. The fresh water dam mill reservoir must be breached during final reclamation activities.
- H. Settlement monuments shall consist of a steel bar welded to a 1-foot square steel plate, or equivalent, placed at least 3 feet below the surface.
- The fill associated with the Pond 1 spillway shall be constructed to the same specifications and quality control program as the radon barrier material.
- J. If a rock source other than the Homestake Quarry is selected, the licensee shall submit the results of durability tests as outlined in the Final Staff Technical Position on Design of Erosion Protection, August 1990, for NRC review and approval prior to placement of any of the material.
- K. All rip rap shall be placed in a manner that prevents segregation of the material. The material placed shall be reasonably well graded and shall be within the following gradation specifications.

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	$\underline{D}_{50} = 1.0"$	$\frac{PAGE_{9} OF_{12} PAGES}{License Number}$ $\frac{SUA-1473, Amend No. 37}{Docket or Reference Number}$ $\frac{40-8905}{100000000000000000000000000000000000$
	Percent Passi	ng Percent Passing
	Sieve Size (by weight)	<u>Sieve Size</u> (by weight)
	3 inch 100	6 inch 100
	2 inch 70-100	5 inch 78-100
	1 inch 25-55	4 inch 35-100
	* inch 15-40	3 inch 12-45
	⊰ inch 0− 25	2 inch 0-20
	₽₅₀	= 7.7"
	Sieve Size	Percent Passing
	<u>Sieve Size</u>	(by weight)
	13 inch	100
	12 inch	80-100
	10 inch	49-100
	8 inch	26- 54
	6 inch 4 inch	7- 32 0- 13
	L. A minimum 6-inch bedding la under all riprap on the dis larger.	yer with a D_{50} of 1 inch shall be placed posal area having a D_{50} of 2 inches or
	migration of the base mater	be reasonably well graded to prevent ial into the riprap. The quality of the quivalent to that of the riprap.
	M. A riprap filled toe trench 2 where the existing steep surface of Pond 2.	shall be placed on the West side of Pond slopes transition onto the flatter
	The licensee shall submit a review and approval prior t	proposed design of the trench for NRC o construction.
	N. The spillway riprap shall b to prevent erosion.	e extended 45 feet onto the top of Pond 1
	O. Riprap with a D ₅₀ of 1 inch South Diversion Ditch which	shall be placed in all areas of the are not excavated in rock.
	surfaces of Ponds 1 and 2,	osion protection design of the top which was approved in Amendment No. 18, ch layer of riprap having a minimum of 1-inch.
	[Applicable Amendments: 18, 19	, 29, 31]
38.		erform yellowcake drying in accordance

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(/- 54)	an the second	- w.	r	License Number			
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		contained in	mittal dated, October 22, 1 the October 22 submittal,				
		the followin					
		to airbo	oling used to determine the orne uranium shall include k				
		yellowca	ke barrelling station.				
			ow rates for the wet scrubb	-	-	-	
	t	34 44.00 14.11	e checked and recorded hour es established which assure			-	
L.	î e	scrubber	The stands provide a stand of the stands	- opermum peric	rmance of	cile	
		C Dotoil-	l inspection, cleaning, and	needed month	ino maint	00000	
			e performed and documented a				
			e performed and documented a ake area emission control e		The second se		
		YETTOMCS	The area emission concrol e	Iarbuenc.			
		D. Written	procedures shall be review	and approved	in accor	dance with	
			Condition No. 14. [Applica			dance with	
					and the second s		
	39.	The licensee	e shall conduct an annual st	arvey of land u	use (grazi	.ng,	
			water supply wells, etc.)				
			l submit a report of this s				
			L indicate any differences				
			e's previous annual report,				
			f the Berryhill Ranch. The		be submitt	ed by July	
		1 of each ye	ear. [Applicable Amendment		Charles -		
	40.		e shall complete site recla	1			
	•		clamation plan and groundwa		-		
			Condition Nos. 37 and 34, r ng schedules.	espectively, in	n accordan	ice with	
			re timely compliance with t				
			Memorandum of Understanding				
			(56 FR 55432, October 25, 1			-	
			tion to control radon emiss	-	-		
		-	able, considering technolog e following schedule:	ICAL TEASIDIII	cy, in acc	ordance	
		Hadi un	bonevate.				
		(1)	Windblown tailings retriev July 31, 1997.	al and placemen	nt of the	pile -	
			-				
		(2)	Placement of the interim c tailings dispersal and ero		se the pot	cential for	
			For impoundment No.	1 - December 3	1, 1993		
4			For impoundment No.			sed for	
d			approved byproduct m				
			1993.	-			

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	(3) Placement of a final radon b	arrier designed and constructed
	to limit radon emissions to 20 pCi/m ² /s above background	an average flux of no more than -
	For impoundment No. 1	
		excluding portions used for erial disposal - December 31,
	1997.	eriar arsposar - December 51,
	B. Reclamation, to ensure required long	evity of the covered tailings
	and groundwater protection, shall be	
	is reasonably achievable, in accorda dates for completion:	mce with the following target
	(1) Placement of orogion protoct	ion as part of reclamation to
		Appendix A of 10 CFR Part 40 -
	For impoundment No. 1	- December 31. 1999.
	For impoundment No. 2,	excluding portions used for
	approved byproduct mat	erial disposal - December 31,
	1999.	
	(2) Projected completion of grou	
	meet performance objectives	
	corrective action_plan - Dec	Ember 31, 2043.
	C. Any license amendment request to rev	
	specified in Section A must demonstr technologically feasible including i	
-	which compels delay to reclamation,	VDer VDer
	control of the licensee).	
	D. Any license amendment request to cha	Series -
	B above, must address added risk to the environment, with due considerat	
	involved and other factors justifyir	
	caused by inclement weather, regulat	
	other factors beyond the control of	the licensee.
41.	In accordance with the licensee's submit	
	1995, May 9, 1996, January 24, 1997, and licensee is hereby authorized to dispose	-
	materials that are similar in physical,	
	characteristics to the 11e.(2) byproduct	
	wastes already within the impoundment su	upject to the following:
	A. Prior to receipt of any material und	
	licensee shall provide an analysis of on disposal of the maximum amount of	
	condition (5.3 million tons), and it	
	to the surety.	

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)									
		P	The facility is sutherized to discus		2.000					
		в.	The facility is authorized to dispose cubic yards $(7,650 \text{ m}^3)$ of 11e.(2) by	-						
			year from each generator.		-					
		c.	Total annual receipt and disposal of	11e.(2) byp	roduct mate	eria	l			
			shall not exceed 100,000 cubic yards							
			generators.							
		D.	The total 11e(2) byproduct material							
			all generators is limited to 5.3 mil.	lion tons (3	.8 million					
			yds).							
		E.	Average annual Ra-226 concentrations shall not exceed 1100 pCi/g (41 Bg/g							
			shall not exceed 1400 pc1/g (41 bq/g) irom any g	enerator.					
		F.								
NEC V			or placed to minimize void spaces. full prior to disposal. Barrels not							
			or emptied and crushed prior to fina		and the second s					
		G.	Byproduct material shall be free of	standing lig	uids					
					್ ್					
		H.	All disposal activities shall be doc shall include a description of the b					cal		
			locations, and the results of pre-ac				-			
			shall maintain documentation until 1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	- TOTAL					
ALL A		I.	The licensee shall submit a final re	clamation pl	an upon the	e er	nd	of		
L VAL			receipt operations.	A	Second.					
AL LAN			The licensee shall submit a final rereceipt operations. FOR THE NU May 16,1997 Joseph J. Uranium Re Division o Office of and Safe	CLEAR REGULA	TORY COMMI	SSIC	N			
				2.0	. 1 .					
ALC NE			n the trans	lal.h	bonich					
DEL.	Dated	: /	104 16, 1997 Joseph J.	Holonich, Ch	ief					
11 11			Uranium Re Division o	covery Branc f Waste Mana	h gement					
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