Attachment 2

Duke Power Company
Oconee Nuclear Station

Revision to Proposed Technical Specification
Standby Shutdown Facility

page

4.20-3

b. The voltage of each cell under float charge is $\geq$ 2.12 VDC.

c. The electrolyte level of each connected cell is between the minimum and maximum level indication marks.

3. Annually, verify that:

a. The cells, end-cell plates and battery racks show no visual indication of structural damage or degradation.

b. The cell to cell and terminal connections are clean, tight and coated with anti-corrosion material.

4. Annually, a one hour discharge service test at the required maximum load shall be conducted.

5. In the event an SSF battery is declared to be inoperable by the performance of a surveillance test, then actions shall be taken as required by specification 3.18.

Attachment 3

Duke Power Company
Oconee Nuclear Station
Technical Justification
for changes to battery testing requirements

Pursuant to 10 CFR 50, 50.90 on July 26, 1985 Duke Power Company submitted a proposed amendment to the Oconee Facility License and revision to the Oconee Technical Specifications. The proposal consisted of changes to assure the operability of the Oconee Standby Shutdown Facility (SSF). The proposed SSF technical specifications were subsequently supplemented by letters dated August 14, 1987, August 12, 1988 and August 21, 1990. The attached revised page of the proposed Technical specification provides a correction to Technical Specification 4.20 concerning SSF battery surveillance requirements.

The changes made in this submittal result in the wording and surveillance requirements being consistent with the technical specifications for station batteries (4.6.9).

This revision makes changes to the wording used to refer to the SSF batteries and adds surveillance requirements that were not included in the past submittals. There are no unreviewed safety questions associated with these changes.