



FENTON

Handcrafted American Glass Artistry

March 8, 2016

SUB 491  
04003149

Mr. Dennis Lawyer  
Health Physicist  
U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission  
Division of Nuclear Material Safety

RE: Final Status Survey Plan for Fenton Art Glass, Williamstown, West Virginia

Mr. Lawyer,

Enclosed is an updated Final Status Survey Plan prepared for the Fenton Art Glass facility located in Williamstown, West Virginia. Thank you for your review of the previously submitted plan.

Additions and corrections have been included per your email of February 17, 2016. If there are corrections or additions that are still needed, please advise. If the plan is acceptable, Fenton Art Glass is prepared to move forward with the Final Status Survey in accordance with the enclosed plan and will submit the results of the Final Status Survey as soon as it is completed.

If in your review of the enclosed plan you find that you have questions or need additional information, please contact us.

Respectfully submitted,

George W. Fenton  
President

Enclosure

589275



REC'D IN LIT 03/09/2016

Project 14-511  
March 8, 2016

**Final Status Survey Plan  
For Termination of License for  
Fenton Art Glass  
Williamstown, West Virginia**

Prepared for:

**Fenton Art Glass  
700 Elizabeth Street  
Williamstown, West Virginia  
26187**

Prepared by:

***MSES consultants, inc.***

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FINAL STATUS SURVEY PLAN  
FOR  
RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL STORAGE AREA  
AND SITE SURVEY OF THE FENTON ART GLASS FACILITY  
WILLIAMSTOWN, WEST VIRGINIA

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FINAL STATUS SURVEY PLAN  
FOR  
RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL STORAGE AREA  
AND SITE SURVEY OF THE FENTON ART GLASS FACILITY  
WILLIAMSTOWN, WEST VIRGINIA

**1.0 INTRODUCTION**

Fenton Art Glass (Fenton) manufactured many types of glass for sale to the public over many years. Fenton used depleted Uranium Oxide in the manufacture of certain colored glass articles, commonly called “Vaseline glass”. The manufacturing process was continuous for many decades, beginning in the early 1900’s. Due to economic and market conditions, Fenton considerably curtailed manufacture in the period between 2007 and 2011. In November 2011 Fenton ceased production of glass which contained the depleted Uranium Oxide.

**2.0 SITE DESCRIPTION**

At the time of this Final Status Survey, the Site is composed of a two-story structure with a sub-surface story (basement), with limited area being used for painting small glass pieces to produce jewelry type products. No glass is being produced at the site. The top floor of the structure is  $\approx 85,800$  ft<sup>2</sup> and was historically used as office space and merchandise staging for packaging and shipping. The ground floor consists of  $\approx 85,800$  ft<sup>2</sup> used for finishing, storage and office space as well as  $\approx 67,200$  ft<sup>2</sup> used as factory floor where the raw materials for glass production were delivered to tanks (furnaces where the materials were melted to make glass) and the glass products were formed. The basement is composed of two sections; one section is  $\approx 45,600$  ft<sup>2</sup> and was used primarily for storage of refractory brick, tank parts, glass moulds, and other manufacturing equipment not in use; the other section is  $\approx 19,550$  ft<sup>2</sup> and housed hoppers for raw material (sand, soda ash, etc.) and physical plant equipment (water pumps, etc.). Figure 1 shows the footprint of the first floor layout which held the gift shop, reception, glass finishing, storage, shipping and the main manufacturing floor, and does not show the basement or the second story.

Fenton relegated the storage, transport and use of the Uranium Oxide material to a relatively small area of  $\approx 1000$  ft<sup>2</sup>. The square footage included in this estimation includes the entire floor area of the passages used to carry the Uranium Oxide material from the locked storage cabinet to the tank (tank #8[furnace]) used to produce the desired glass products. Figure 2 is an expanded excerpt of the outlined area from Figure 1 and shows the area where Uranium Oxide was stored, transported and used. The area outlined in red at the bottom left of the figure is the proposed final status survey, Class 1 area. The area outlined in red encompasses the secure storage area for U238 material, transport path and tank #8 (furnace) where the U238 was added to the mixture to produce the desired product.

Over the last few decades, Fenton had employed a number of recommendations from the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) and Applied Health Physics concerning storage and handling of the material. When manufacture using the depleted Uranium Oxide ceased, the material was being stored inside a locked cabinet, inside a restricted access room. The material was delivered to the Fenton facility in small plastic bags of specific weight. The small bags of material were packaged in a larger ‘drum’ which was placed inside the locked cabinet, inside the restricted room. When a batch of glass was to be produced using the depleted Uranium Oxide, a trained employee would enter the restricted access room, unlock the storage cabinet, place the desired number of bags of material needed for the batch into a rubber pail. The rubber pail was designated for this specific purpose. Once the material was placed in the rubber pail, the employee would, lock the cabinet, leave the restricted access room and travel a specific route to the factory floor where a screw charger was positioned to deliver all of the ingredients for the batch to the furnace where the ingredients would be melted to produce the glass. The small bags of depleted Uranium Oxide would then be placed in the hopper of the screw charger and then delivered into the furnace in the same manner as the remaining ingredients.

Fenton produced “Vaseline glass” or “uranium glass” for just over 100 years. In recent decades, (since about 1958) Fenton used depleted Uranium Oxide (U238) material in order to produce the desired merchandise. The U238 material was stored in a restricted access room inside a locked cabinet. The U238 material was carried by trained employees along a specified route and placed in a hopper, attached to a screw charger, at the furnace (also referred to as a tank) where ingredients were melted to produce the molten glass needed to manufacture merchandise for sale to the public. The process of introducing the U238 material was as follows: sand and other ingredients were added to the hopper of the screw charger; after an amount of the sand and other ingredients were moved by the screw charger into the furnace, the U238 material, bag and all, was placed in the screw charger; the remaining sand and other ingredients were added to the hopper and used to insure the U238 material was completely transferred to the furnace. The only merchandise Fenton produced using the U238 material was the “Vaseline glass”. The “Vaseline glass” only comprised a portion of the merchandise produced by Fenton.

### **3.0 SUMMARY OF INVESTIGATIONS**

In October 2014, MSES conducted a screening survey of the facility to identify whether there were areas in the factory which exhibited elevated levels of radioactivity. Survey readings obtained during the October 2014 screening survey indicated there were some locations in the factory where radioactivity, above background, was detected. The screening survey was conducted by simply measuring radiation levels at the surface of machinery, implements, and various other surfaces within the factory. No wipe tests were conducted. No material samples were sent to off-site laboratories for analysis.

Also on October 13, 2014, Ms. Annette K. Reynolds, Nuclear Fuel Services, Inc. (NFS) packaged and prepared for shipment the last remnants of the depleted Uranium Oxide on the property. This remnant was simply feed material that had been purchased, but had not been used in the manufacture of glass products. Fenton has not used, purchased or stored any U238 material at the site since October 2014. Copies of a “Uranium Running Log” are included as Attachment A. A copy of the Nuclear Material Transaction Report sent to Fenton Art Glass Company from Nuclear Fuel Services, Inc. is included as Attachment B. The 10.9 kilograms (23.98 pounds) of material shipped to Nuclear Fuel Services, Inc. comprised the last amount of material present at the site.

Subsequent to the October 2014 screening survey, housekeeping commensurate with decreasing manufacturing and production was conducted. Normal activities such as sweeping, consolidating and refurbishing equipment were conducted.

In December 2015 MSES conducted a screening wipe test survey of the Fenton facility. A 100 cm<sup>2</sup> template was used to acquire wipe samples which were analyzed using a Ludlum Model 3 and Ludlum Model 44-9 detector. This report was forwarded by Fenton Art Glass.

#### **4.0 OBJECTIVES**

The objective of this final status survey plan is to provide information about survey approaches and methodologies derived from NUREG-1575 Rev.1, MARSSIM, and planned for use during the final status survey to demonstrate residual radioactivity levels at the Fenton site meet criteria for termination of Fenton’s site license.

#### **5.0 DERIVED CONCENTRATION GUIDELINE LEVELS (DCGLs)**

The derived concentration guideline level (DCGL) for the site/area is established at 1.01E+2 dpm/100 cm<sup>2</sup> for alpha contamination due to U238. For this site/area, an ALARA limit of 100 dpm/100 cm<sup>2</sup> would not appear to be unreasonable.

The DCGL values were read from Table 5.19 Concentration (dpm/100 cm<sup>2</sup>) equivalent to 25 mrem/y for the specified value of P<sub>crit</sub>, published in NUREG/CR-5512, Vol. 3, page 4-45.

#### **6.0 DATA QUALITY OBJECTIVES**

For the purpose of establishing DQOs, the null hypothesis (H<sub>0</sub>), that residual contamination exceeds release criteria, and the alternate hypothesis (H<sub>a</sub>), that residual contamination meets the release criteria will be tested.

Due to the nature of the operations conducted at the facility and the procedures followed in the past decade or so, the presence of alpha emitting contamination due to the presence of U238 in the background is highly unlikely. The presence of activity (non-specific emitters) detected in and

around areas of the facility where refractory materials were used, is not anticipated to be caused by alpha emitting materials. However, refractory materials will be assessed in order determine whether detected activity is from alpha emitters. This assessment will be used to establish a baseline activity for refractory materials in order to evaluate any activity detected around tank 8, the tank where the “Vaseline Glass” was produced. Given the above, the Sign test is used to determine the number of data points needed for acceptable use of statistical tests. During the DQO process, acceptable decision error rates were determined. Type I decision error ( $\alpha$ ) and Type II decision error ( $\beta$ ) were set at 0.05. The shift,  $\Delta$ , also referred to as the lower bound of the gray region (LBGR), was set at 50% of the DCGL.

The square root of the DCGL was taken as the standard deviation value used to determine the number of sample point measurements to be taken.

**Table 1. U238 DCGL and related data.**

	NRC DCGL (dpm/100cm <sup>2</sup> )	$\Delta$ (dpm/100cm <sup>2</sup> )	$\sigma$ (dpm/100cm <sup>2</sup> )	$\Delta/\sigma$	Number of Samples required per survey unit as per Sign Test
Direct	101	50.5	10	5	14

## 7.0 PROCEDURE OVERVIEW

### 7.1 Class 1 Area

The area of the facility which has a reasonable potential to exhibit residual radioactivity due to the use of U238, and area  $\approx 93$  m<sup>2</sup>, was designated as MARSSIM Class 1 area, based on historical and operational information provided by facility records. Since the maximum square footage for a Class 1 survey unit is 100 m<sup>2</sup>, the area of interest comprises the survey unit and is shown on Figure 2 outlined in red. Based on the DQO process, the minimum number of sample points to be assessed is 14. No less than 14 sample point locations will be assessed. Due to the irregular shape of the Class 1 area, it would be reasonable to expect more than 14 sample point locations.

Again, due to the irregular shape of the Class 1 area, determining sample point locations is challenging. If the area were a simple square, a simple grid pattern with  $\approx 3.2$  foot spacing between grids, would yield  $\approx 81$  grid intersections. However, the area presented in this case is not a neat square, since it is comprised of storage, transport and incorporation areas. Therefore, a grid pattern with 4 foot spacing was applied to a scale drawing of the area. Based on MARSSIM formula 5-8 (below), the distance between sample locations should be  $\approx 8.46$  feet.

$$L = \sqrt{\frac{A}{n}}$$

4

Where A is the area of the survey unit and *n* is the number of samples determined to be needed.

In order to take a conservative approach, sample locations will be spaced approximately 8 feet apart as indicated on the attached Figure 4. Also, due to the shape of the area (long and narrow), sample locations are positioned near the middle of the narrow sections in order to accomplish the most conservative approach, since transport of the material would have been along the center path of the area.

Direct measurements of other areas of the main manufacturing floor surrounding the identified Class 1 area will be conducted to demonstrate whether DCGL is exceeded in the surrounding areas. The surface materials in the Class 1 area are not dissimilar compared to other surface materials in the rest of the main manufacturing floor.

#### 7.1.1 Class 1 scan survey

According to MARISSM (August 2000) page 5-36, the required Scan MDC may be calculated by equation 5-3.

$$\text{Scan MDC (required)} = (\text{DCGL}_w) \times (\text{Area Factor})$$

Given equation 5-3 with a DCGL<sub>w</sub> of 100 dpm/100cm<sup>2</sup> and an Area Factor equal to 6.7, from MARISSM Table 5.6 for an area 100m<sup>2</sup> and U-238; the required Scan MDC for this survey would be 670 dpm/100cm<sup>2</sup>.

The equipment used to conduct scan surveys will be the Ludlum Model 3 scaler meter and Ludlum Model 43-92 alpha Scintillator. A scan rate of approximately 3 cm/s is projected. A scan survey of the Class 1 area will be conducted. A four (4) square foot area around each of the discrete sample locations will be scanned.

Utilizing Equation (6-12) from MARSSIM (August 2000) page 6-48, assuming the manufacturer's reported equipment 4π efficiency (26.3%) from the calibration conducted January 21, 2016, the probability of detecting a single count while passing over the contaminated area would be 73.5%. If one assumes an equipment efficiency of 15%, then the probability of detecting a single count while passing over the contaminated area would be 52.8%.

$$P(n \geq 1) = 1 - e^{-\frac{GE d}{60v}}$$

Where

P(N≥1)	=	probability of observing a single count
G	=	contamination activity (dpm) {using the DCGL of 100 dpm/100cm <sup>2</sup> }
E	=	detector efficiency (4π) {26.3% actual}
D	=	width of detector in direction of scan (cm) {9.1 cm for the 43-92}

Referencing NUREG/CR5512, page 6.4, ceilings and walls could be expected to have contamination levels at 50% and 10%, respectively, compared to the floor surfaces. However, in the structure under consideration, the ceilings are quite high and one would

not expect the contamination level to approach the 50% range. Ceilings and walls will not be surveyed if the floor surfaces do not exhibit contamination above the DCGL.

#### **7.2 Class 2 Area**

No Class 2 areas were identified for the planning purposes for the final status survey.

#### **7.3 Class 3 Area**

No Class 3 areas were identified for the planning purposes for the final status survey.

#### **7.4 Wipe tests**

Wipe tests will be performed at each of the survey sample locations indicated and discussed in section 7.1 above. The Ludlum Model 2350-1 ratemeter/scaler/data logger with Ludlum Model 43-92 alpha Scintillator described in Section 8.0 will be used to examine the wipe tests.

#### **7.4 Reference Area**

Background (reference) measurements are to be taken outside of the Class 1 area. Fourteen (14) measurements will be made on surfaces in the reference area, very similar, if not identical to those inside the survey unit. The background measurements will be taken in areas that were not, according to historical and operational information, subject to exposure from licensed radioactive materials.

In addition to the measurements planned and described above, the entire second floor (outside of the described Class 1 area) will be randomly surveyed to determine whether any residual contamination is present outside of the Class 1 area. During previous surveys, elevated readings were noted on refractory material which had never been used in conjunction with production of the "Vaseline glass". Readings of these materials will be conducted with the alpha specific probe in order to establish a background contamination level associated with refractory material in general. The background contamination level associated with refractory material will be used for comparing readings to areas and materials known to have been associated with activities involving the subject licensed material. The background readings will be used to determine whether any contamination in Tank 8 exceeds the DCGL above the levels.

Fenton plans to sell left over and repurposed refractory materials to other entities for use in industrial and manufacturing settings.

## **8.0 INSTRUMENTATION**

The instrument to be used for the final status survey is a Ludlum Model 2350-1 ratemeter/scaler/data logger with a Ludlum Model 43-92 alpha Scintillator. The 43-92 has a published background of 3 cpm or less. MDA calculation is shown below. The planned background and sample read time is three (3) minutes.

**Table 2. Instrumentation for Survey**

Type of Measurement	Instrumentation		Background <sup>a</sup>	4π Eff. (%)	Detection Sensitivity
	Detector	Meter			
Activity	Ludlum Model 43-92 (100cm <sup>2</sup> ) Alpha Scintillator	Ludlum Model 2350-1 ratemeter/scaler/data logger	3 cpm or less	26.3 (Pu239)	36.49 dpm/100cm <sup>2</sup>

<sup>a</sup>Nominal value from manufacturer

RadCalc printout for MDA determination

#### DETECTION LIMITS--SURFACE CONTAMINATION

##### INPUT DATA:

Background Count = 2 cpm

Background Counting Time = 3 minutes

Sample Counting Time = 3 minutes

Detector Area = 100 cm<sup>2</sup>

Detector Efficiency = 26.3 % (Pu239; Ludlum reports the value would be the same for U238)

In or to compensate for an appropriate source efficiency of 0.25, in accordance with MARSSIM (page 6-25), the detector efficiency was entered as 13.15%.

##### RESULTS:

Critical Level (Lc) = 1.899 cpm above bkgd.

Detection Limit (Ld) = 4.799 cpm above bkgd.

Minimum Detectable Activity (MDA) = 36.49 dpm/detector

Minimum Detectable Activity (MDA) = 36.49 dpm/100 cm<sup>2</sup>

Minimum Detectable Activity (MDA) = 1.644E-5 μCi/detector

Minimum Detectable Activity (MDA) = 1.644E-7 μCi/100 cm<sup>2</sup>

All values calculated to the 95% confidence level

Caclulated by RadCalc Ludlum Edition version 1.0 on 2/25/2016 at 9:59:34 AM.

Instrument Specifications from the manufacturer are included in Attachment C. Calibration certificates and related documents are Attached.

**CERTIFICATE OF CALIBRATION**

Ludlum Measurements, Inc.





Designer and Manufacturer  
of  
Scientific and Industrial  
Instruments

**LUDLUM MEASUREMENTS, INC.**

501 Oak Street  
325-235-5494  
Sweetwater, TX 79556, U.S.A.

10744 Dutchtown Road  
865-392-4601  
Knoxville, TN 37932, U.S.A.

*Bench Test Data For Alpha Detector*

Detector 43-92 Serial No. PR355568 Order #. 20282614/430856  
 Customer MSES CONSULTANTS Order #. 20282370  
 Counter 2350-1 Serial No. 313167 Counter Input Sensitivity 40.00 mV  
 Count Time 60 seconds Distance Source to Detector Surface  
 Isotope Pu 239, 26500 dpm Other Cal Constant = 1.000000E+00 Dead Time = 0.000000E+00

Alpha Scintillation Detector

43-4/43-44 HV Adjust for Altitude

Altitude	High Voltage
Sea Level	2050 V
1000 foot	2025 V
2000 foot	2000 V
3000 foot	1975 V
4000 foot	1950 V
5000 foot	1925 V
6000 foot	1900 V
7000 foot	1875 V

HV Plateau	Background	Source Count
500	0	4470
550	0	6250
600	0	6620
650	1	6890
700	1	6730
750	2	7090
800	4	6780

Operating Voltage Set at 650.00 V

Air Proportional	43-5	43-65	43-90	Background	Meter Reading	Range/Scale
Toe	Toe	L/S*	Toe	1	6660	cpm
Center	Center	Center	Center	1	6890	cpm
Heel	Heel	Other**	Heel	1	6610	cpm

Uniformity (± 10%)

Average Efficiency 26.3 % 477

\* Least Sensitive Position (Heel of Detector)

\*\* Opposite Least Sensitive Position (Top of Detector)

Signature Aust M. [Signature]

Date 21-Jan-16



Designer and Manufacturer  
of  
Scientific and Industrial  
Instruments

**LUDLUM MEASUREMENTS, INC.**

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Knoxville, TN 37932, U.S.A.

Model 2350 Bench Test Data

Customer MSES CONSULTANTS Date 21-Jan-16 Order #. 20282370 20282614/430856

Model 2350-1 Serial No. 313167 Detector 44-2 Serial No. PR335157

Source Cs137 21mCi, 3mCi

High Voltage 850 V As Found \_\_\_\_\_ V. Input 35 AMM 0.00 mV As Found \_\_\_\_\_ mV.

Cal. Constant 1.104544E+10 as found \_\_\_\_\_

Dead Time 1.485046E-05 as found \_\_\_\_\_

Alarm Setting: Ratemeter 1000000000.000000 as found \_\_\_\_\_

Scaler 1000000.000000 as found \_\_\_\_\_

Integrated dose 1000000000.0000 as found \_\_\_\_\_

Overload  On  Off as found  On  Off Window OFF 100 as found \_\_\_\_\_

Detector Received:  Within Toler. +-10%  10-20%  Out of Tol.  Requiring Repair  Other-See comments

Reference Point	"As Found" Readings: Meter Reading	After Adjustment Readings: Meter Reading
<u>20 mR/hr</u>		<u>19.1 mR/hr</u>
<u>15</u>		<u>14.9</u>
<u>10</u>		<u>10.2</u>
<u>4</u>		<u>4.10</u>
<u>2</u>		<u>2.40</u>
<u>1</u>		<u>1.00</u>
<u>500 µR/hr</u>		<u>485 µR/hr</u>
<u>200</u>		<u>187</u>
<u>100</u>		<u>95.3</u>

Other \_\_\_\_\_

Signature *Andrew M. Hall* Date 21-Jan-16





Designer and Manufacturer  
of  
Scientific and Industrial  
Instruments

**LUDLUM MEASUREMENTS, INC.**

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325-235-5484  
Sweetwater, TX 79556, U.S.A.

10744 Dutchtown Road  
865-392-4601  
Knoxville, TN 37932, U.S.A.

CONVERSION CHART

Customer MSES CONSULTANTS Date 21-Jan-16 Order #. 20282370 20282614/430856

Model 2350-1 Serial No. 313167 Detector Model 44-9 Serial No. PR333692

Source Cs137 204 mCi, 21 mCi High Voltage 900.00 V

Count time 6 seconds Input Sensitivity 80.00 mV

Reference Point	"As Found" Readings (CPM):		After Adjustment Readings (CPM):	
	with Deadtime	w/o Deadtime	with Deadtime	w/o Deadtime
150 mR/hr			476 kcpm	NA
50 mR/hr			163 kcpm	}
15 mR/hr			50.9 kcpm	
5 mR/hr			16.9 kcpm	
1.5 mR/hr			4.50 kcpm	
1.0 mR/hr			3.39 kcpm	

Signature: *Aust M. D.* Date 21-Jan-16



Designer and Manufacturer  
of  
Scientific and Industrial  
Instruments

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CONVERSION CHART

20282614/430856

Customer MSES CONSULTANTS Date 21-Jan-16 Order #. 20282370

Model 2350-1 Serial No. 313167 Detector Model 44-9 Serial No. PR333692

Source Cs 137 204 mCi, 21 mCi High Voltage 900.00 V

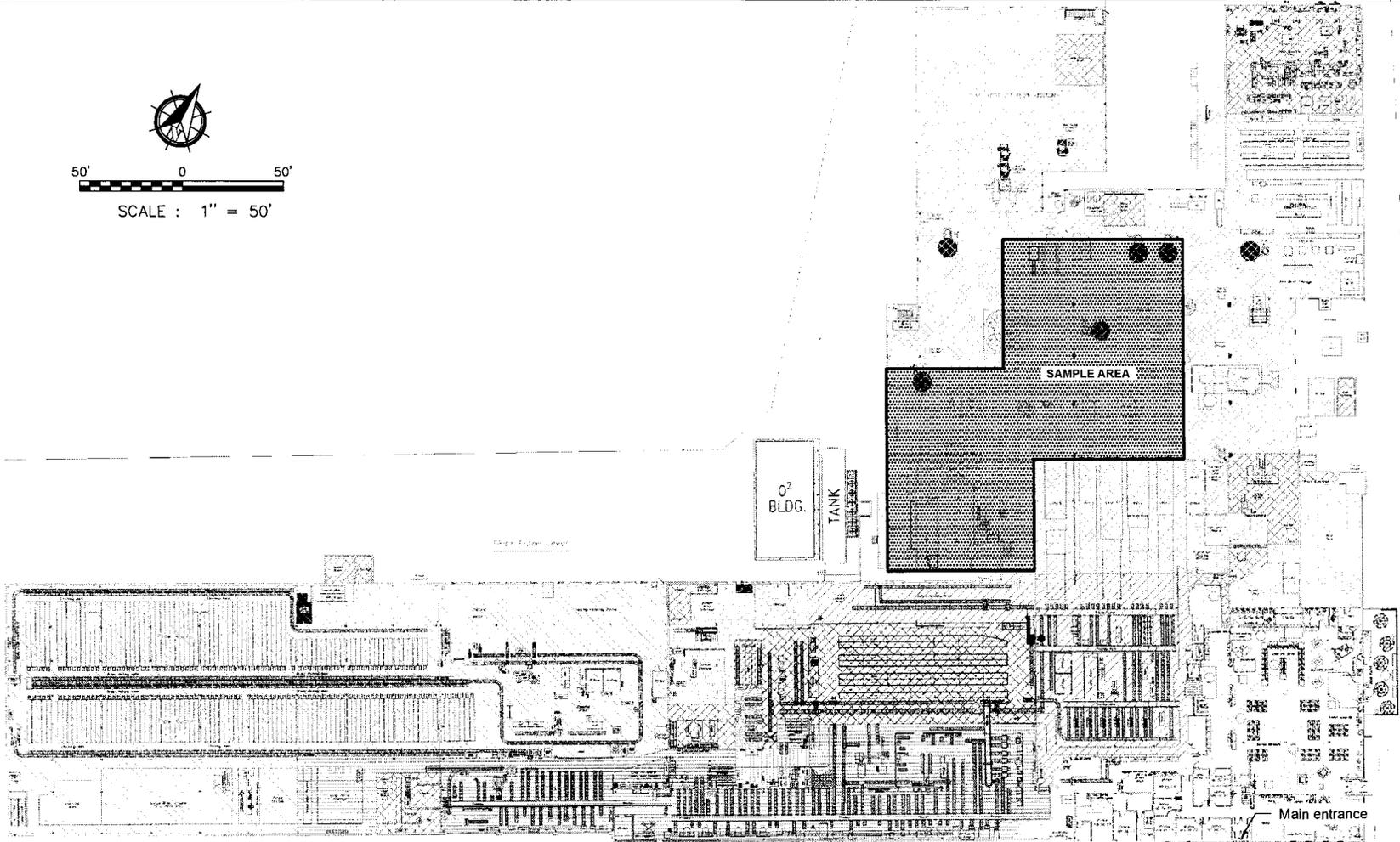
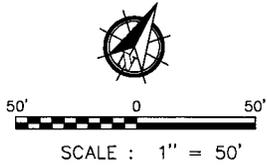
Count time 6 seconds Input Sensitivity 80.00 mV

Reference Point	"As Found" Readings:		After Adjustment Readings:	
	with Deadtime	w/o Deadtime	with Deadtime	w/o Deadtime
300 mR/hr			309 mR/hr	NA
200			199	
80			79.1	
20			19.6	
8			8.0	
6			6.18	
2			2.06	

Signature: *Andr Muller* Date 21-Jan-16

## **FIGURES**

---



FENTON ART GLASS  
 SCREENING SURVEY  
 AREA OF SURVEY

Drawn by	AAF	12/15
Engineer	DTA	12/15
Checked by	DTA	12/15
Created: 12/18/15	Version: 2/15/2016 8:43 AM	Date

Scale: 1" = 50'

Dwg. No.

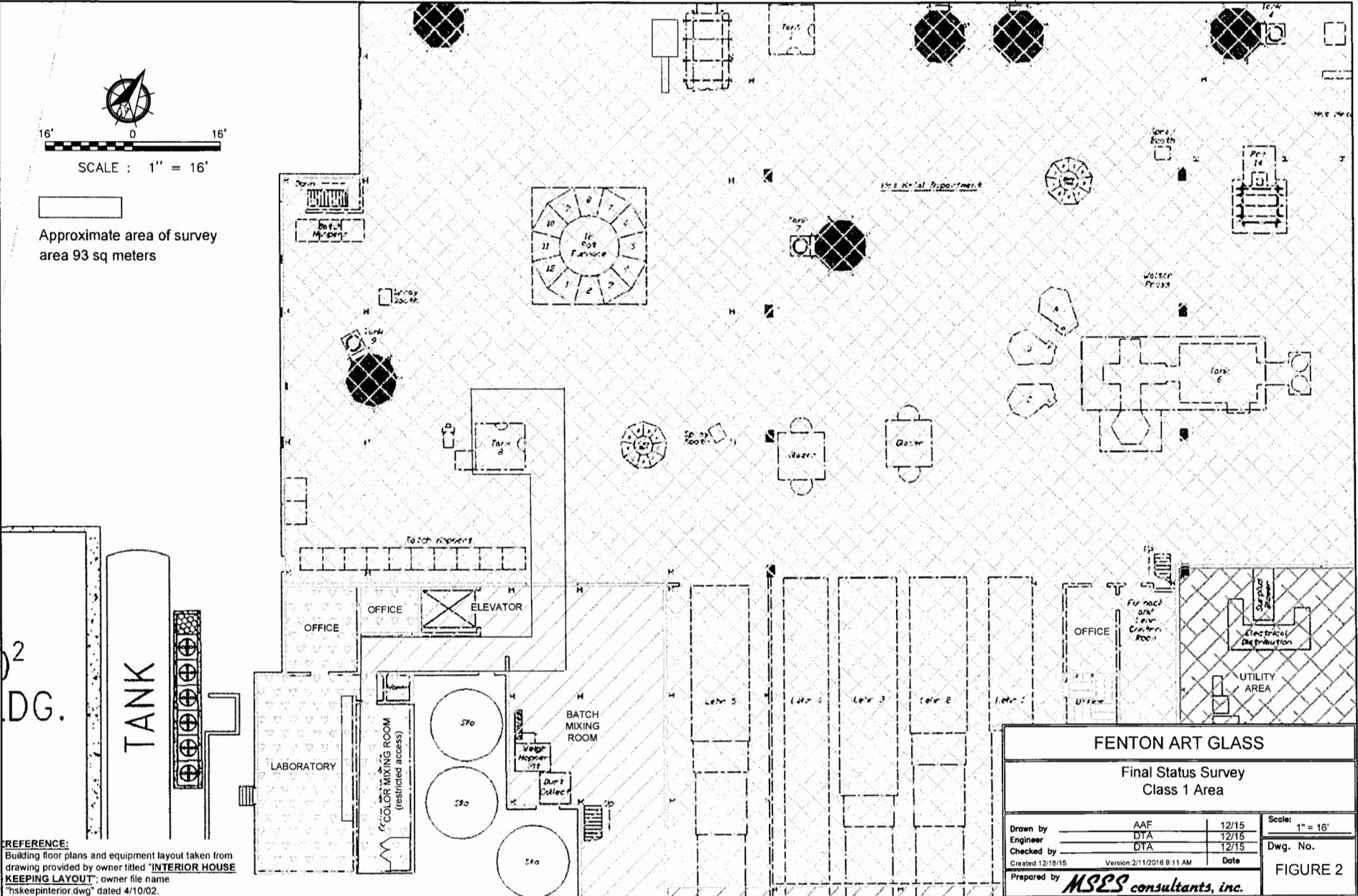
FIGURE 1

Prepared by **MSES consultants, inc.**

**REFERENCE:**  
 Building floor plans and equipment layout taken from drawing provided by owner titled "INTERIOR HOUSE KEEPING LAYOUT"; owner file name "hskeepinterior.dwg" dated 4/10/02.

Last saved: Anthony Friend 2/15/2016 8:41 AM Created: 12/18/2015 1:01 PM

Last saved: Anthony Friend 12/22/2015 11:10 AM Created: 12/19/2015 1:01 PM

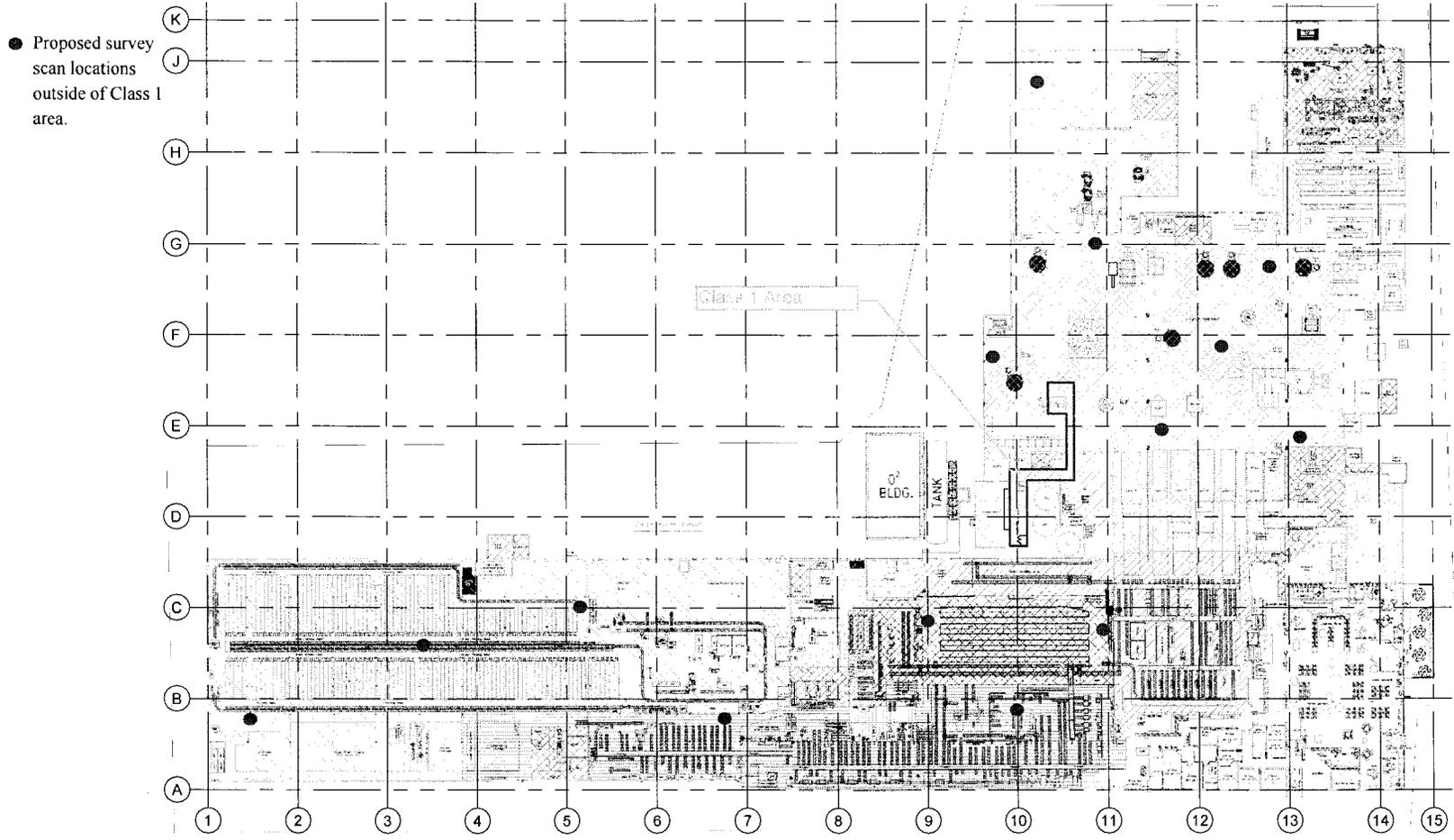


**REFERENCE:**  
 Building floor plans and equipment layout taken from drawing provided by owner titled "INTERIOR HOUSE KEEPING LAYOUT", owner file name "hskeepinterior.dwg" dated 4/10/02.

<b>FENTON ART GLASS</b>			
Final Status Survey Class 1 Area			
Drawn by	AAF	12/15	Scale: 1" = 16'
Engineer	DTA	12/15	
Checked by	DTA	12/15	Dwg. No.
Created: 12/18/15	Version: 2/11/2016 9:11 AM	Date	
Prepared by <b>MSES consultants, inc.</b>			<b>FIGURE 2</b>

F:\On-going\Projects\14-511-Fenton Radiological Survey\engineering\dwg\14-511-1.dwg, figure 3, 3/3/2016 1:14:33 PM, Anthony Friend, DWG To PDF.pc3, ANSI full bleed B (17.00 x 11.00 inches)

Last saved: Anthony Friend 2/24/2016 1:59 PM Created: 12/18/2015 1:01 PM



**REFERENCE:**  
 Building floor plans and equipment layout taken from drawing provided by owner titled "INTERIOR HOUSE KEEPING LAYOUT"; owner file name "hskeepinterior.dwg" dated 4/10/02.

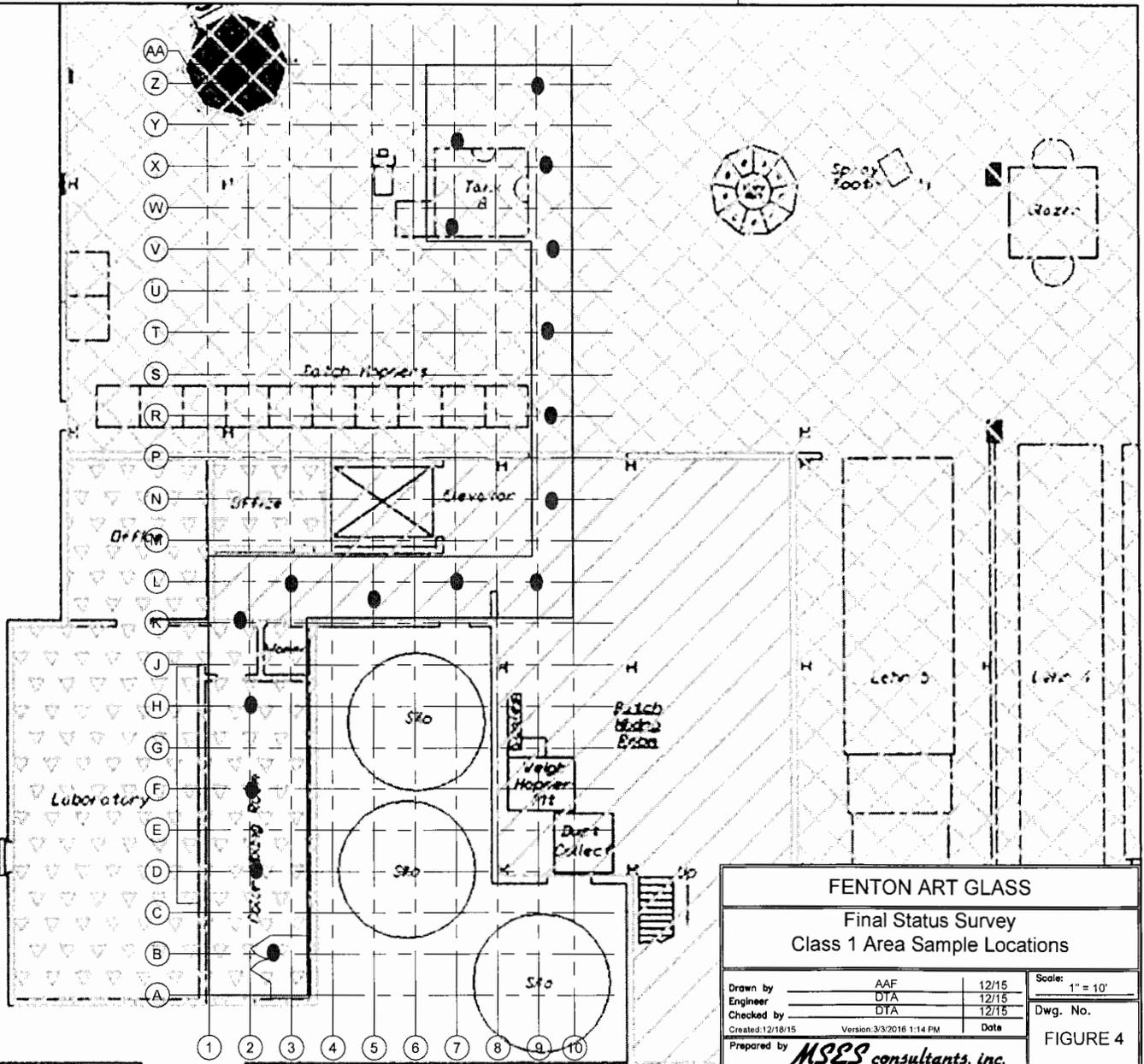
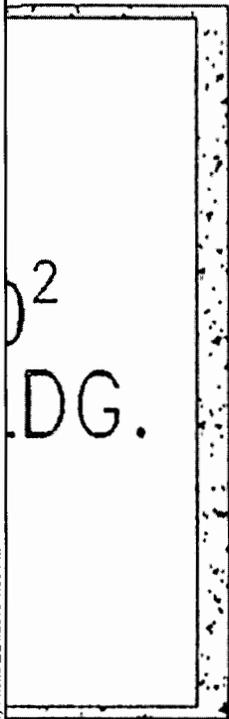


60 0 60'  
 SCALE : 1" = 60'

<b>FENTON ART GLASS</b>			
Final Status Survey Background/Reference Sample Locations			
Drawn by	AAF	12/15	Scale: 1" = 50'
Engineer	DTA	12/15	
Checked by	DTA	12/15	Dwg. No. <b>FIGURE 3</b>
Created: 12/18/15	Version: 3/3/2016 1:14 PM	Date	
Prepared by <b>MSES consultants, inc.</b>			



● Proposed surface scan locations and wipe test locations



Last saved: Anthony Friend 2/24/2016 1:59 PM Created: 12/18/2015 1:01 PM

**REFERENCE:**  
 Building floor plans and equipment layout taken from drawing provided by owner titled "INTERIOR HOUSE KEEPING LAYOUT"; owner file name "hskkeepinterior.dwg" dated 4/10/02.

<b>FENTON ART GLASS</b>		
Final Status Survey		
Class 1 Area Sample Locations		
Drawn by	AAAF	12/15
Engineer	DTA	12/15
Checked by	DTA	12/15
Created: 12/18/15	Version: 3/3/2016 1:14 PM	Date
Prepared by		<b>MSES consultants, inc.</b>
Scale:		1" = 10'
Dwg. No.		FIGURE 4

**ATTACHMENT A**

---

2009

## URANIUM RUNNING LOG

DATE	LBS. USED	ACCUM. 31-0		DATE	LBS. USED	ACCUM.
2-4-09	9	25.0	*	* 5-13-09	5.0	29.0
2-9-09	Rec'd 25.0	50.00	*	* 5-18-09	4.0	24.0 INV.
2-10-09	4.0	46.0	*	* 5-21-09	Rec'd 25.0	51.0
2-12-09	4.0	42.0	*	* 5-22-09	5.0	46.0
2-18-09	8.0	34.0	*	* 6-2-09	9.0	37.0
2-20-09	2.0	32.0	*	* 6-3-09	10.0	22.0
2-23-09	5.0	27.0	*	* 6-4-09	11.0	11.0
2-26	5.0	22.0	*	* 6-7-09	10.0	1.0
2-27	25.0 Rec'd	47.0	*	* 6-10-09	Rec'd 5.0	51.0
3-5-09	5.0	42.0	*	* 6-13-09	5.0	46.0
3-9-09	5.0	37.0	*	* 6-16-09	5.0	41.0
3-12-09	5.0	32.0	*	* 6-19-09	5.0	36.0
3-16-09	+25 Rec'd	57.0	*	* 6-20-09	6.0	30.0
3-16-09	5.0	52.0	*	* 6-23-09	10.0	20.0
3-17-09	11.0	39.0	*	* 7-1-09	Rec'd 25.0	45.0
3-18	8	31.0	*	* 7-17-09	3.0	42.0
3-19	7	24.0	*	* 7-22-09	3.0	34.00 INV.
3-20-09	12	14.0	*	* 7-24-09	9.0	25.00
3-23-09	8	6	*	* 7-27-09	11.00	14.00
3-23-09	+25	31	*	* 7-28	9.0	5.00
3-24-09	6.0	25.0	*	* 7-29	5.0	0.0
3-25-01	17.0	8.0	*	* 7-31	Rec'd 25.0	25.0
3-26-09	7.0	1.0	*	* 8-2	6.0	19.0
3-30-09	25.0	26.0	*	* 8-4	8.0	11.0
3-30-09	5.0	21.0	*	* 8-7	7.0	4.0
4-13-09	Rec'd 25.0	46.0	*	* 8-10	Rec'd 50.0	54.0
5-6-09	6.0	40.0	*	* 8-22-09	9.0	45.0
5-11-09	6.0	34.0	*	* 8-24-09	8.0	37.0

URANIUM RUNNING LOG

DATE	LBS. USED	ACCUM.		DATE	LBS. USED	ACCUM.
8-25-09	8.0	29.0		12-24-09	7.0	46-0
9-9-09	9.0	22.0		12-31-09	5.0	41-0
9-14-09	Rec'd 25.00	47.0		1-5-10	7.0	34-0
9-17-09	2.0	45.0		1-6-10	8.0	26-0
9-22-09	7.0	38.0		1-7-10	4.0	22-0
9-25-09	5.0	33.0		1-7-10	+25 Rec'd	48-0
9-29-09	5.0	28.0		1-10-10	8.0	40.0
10-1-09	5.0	23.0		1-11-10	8.0	32.0
10-8-09	12.0	11.0		1-13-10	4.0	28.00
10-8-09	Rec'd 25.00	34.00	INV.	1-18-10	+25 Rec'd	53.00
10-13-09	11.0	23.00		1-19-10	4.0	49.00
10-14-09	6.0	17.00		2-8-10	3.0	46.0
10-15-09	8.0	9.00		2-10-10	3.0	43.0
10-18-09	9.0	0.0		2-16-10	7.0	36.0
10-21-09	Rec'd	50.00		2-23-10	3.0	33.0
10-21-09	17.0	33.00		2-26-10	5.0	28.0
10-25-09	8.0	25.00		2-26-10	Rec'd 25.0	53.0
10-27-09	5.0	20.00		3-2-10	3.0	50.0
11-6-09	4.0	16.00		3-3-10	12.0	38.00
11-10-09	Rec'd 25.0	41.00		3-4-10	14.0	25.00
11-12-09	4.0	37.00		3-14-10	7.0	18.00
11-25-09	4.0	33.0		3-15-10	14.00	4.0
11-30-09	Rec'd 25 lbs	58.00		3-15-10	+50.00 Rec'd	54.00
12-2-09	7.0	51.00		3-18-10	7.0	47.00
12-6-09	10.00	41.00		3-21-10	7.0	40.0
12-7-09	9.00	32.00		3-22-10	>	30 Phy INV.
12-8-09	11.00	21.00		3-22-10	7.0	23-0
12-9-09	7.0	14.00		3-23-10	7.0	16-0
12-10-09	7.0	7.00		3-24-10	3.0	13-0
12-14-09	*50.00	57.00		3-25-10	8.0	5.0
12-18-09	4.0	53.00		3-25-10	Rec'd 50 lbs	55-0

Phy Inventory

Phy INV.

\* Rec'd

URANIUM RUNNING LOG

DATE	LBS. USED	ACCUM.		DATE	LBS. USED	ACCUM.
3-28-10	14-0	41-0		6-24-10	5-0	78-0
3-30-10	6-0	35-0		6-30-10	6-0	72-0 → Phy Inv.
3-31-10	12-0	23-0		7-6-10	5-0	67-0
3-31-10	25# Recd	48-0		7-9-10	5-0	62-0
4-5-10	20-00	28-0		7-15-10	5-0	57-0
4-7-10	10-0	18-0		7-19-10	5-0	52-0
4-8-10	10-0	8-0		7-26-10	4-0	48-0
4-14-10	Recd 25 lbs	33-0		8-1-10	8-0	40-0
4-15-10	Recd 25.0 lbs	58-0		8-4-10	5-0	35-0
4-29-10	8-0	50-0		8-11-10	13	22-0
5-3-10	5-0	45-0		9-24-10	3-0	19-0
5-4-10	6-0	39-0		9-30-10	25 Recd	44-0
5-7-10	9-0	30-0		10-10-10	14-0	30-0
5-11-10	6-0	24-0		10-11-10	14-0	16-0
5-12-10	5-0	19-0		10-12-10	25 Recd	41-0
5-12-10	Recd 25#	44-0		10-13-10	12-0	29-0
5-14-10	11-0	33-0		10-14-10	25 Recd	54-0
5-14-10	3:00 PM	28# T		10-17-10	12-0	42-0
5-19-10	22-0 <sup>BE</sup>	6-0		10-18-10	12-0	30-0
5-18-10	5-0	1-0		10-19-10	10	20-0
5-18-10	Recd 25#	26-0		10-21-10	12	8-0
5-19-10	4-0	22-0		10-25-10	Recd 25.00	33-0
5-20-10	11-0	11-0		10-29-10	Recd 25.00	58-0
5-21-10	11-0	0-0		11-5-10	18-0	40-0
5-21-10	Recd 50-0	50-0		11-8-10	10-0	30-0
6-1-10	Recd 25#	75-0		11-9-10	11-0	19-0
6-1-10	5-0	70-0		11-10-10	3-0	16-0
6-3-10	Recd 25#	95-0		11-11-10	Recd 25-0	41-0
6-9-10	3-0	92-0		11-15-10	3-0	38-0
6-10	5-0	87-0		11-18-10	6-0	32-0
6-18	4-0	83-0		11-24-10	3-0	29-0

11-24-10 URANIUM RUNNING LOG  
29-0

DATE	LBS. USED	ACCUM.		DATE	LBS. USED	ACCUM.
12-1-10	3-0	26-0				
12-2-10	Recd. 25-0	51-0				
12-7-10	1-0	50-0				
12-8-10	4-0	46-0				
12-13-10	7-0	39-0				
12-14-10	Recd. 25-0	62-0				
12-15-10	10-0	52-0				
1-6-11	4-0	48-0				
1-18-11	4-0	44-0				
1-21-11	4-0	40-0				
1-25-11	4-0	36-0				
1-29-11	4-0	32-0				
2-4-11	4-0	28-0				
2-8-11	Phy. Inv.	32-0				
2-9-11	3-0	29-0				
3-25-11	Recd. 25-0	54-0				
3-30-11	5-0	49-0				
4-4-11	3-0	46-0				
4-6-11	4-0	42-0				
4-12-11	13-0	29-0?				
4-26-11	Recd 25	54				
5-6-11	4-0	50-0				
5-8-11	9-0	41-0				
5-9-11	8-0	33-0				
5-10-11	7	26				
5-16-11	-PI	18 PI				
5-18-11	6	12				
5-23-11	5	7				
5-25-11	Recd 25-0	32-0				

**ATTACHMENT B**



## **ATTACHMENT C**

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# Model 2350-1

## General Purpose Ratemeter/Scaler/Data Logger

*Radiation Detection for a Safer World*



Ludlum Measurements, Inc.

### Features

- Large Digital Display
- Auto-ranging
- Stores 1000 Data Points
- Overload Protection
- Wide Range High Voltage
- Stores 16 Detector Parameter Setups
- Separate Alarms for Ratemeter, Scaler, & Integrated Dose



Part Number: 48-2751

### Specifications

**INDICATED USE:** field analysis and data logging

**SUGGESTED DETECTORS:** Geiger-Mueller (GM), proportional, and/or scintillation; will store up to 16 detector setups

**DISPLAY:** 8-line LCD display with 15 characters per line

**BACKLIGHT:** 2-position toggle switch to turn backlight ON or OFF

**SCALER:** 6-digit display

**RATEMETER:** digital ratemeter, corrected for dead time and calibration constant

**TIMER:** used in conjunction with scaler. Count time can be set from 1 to 65,535 seconds in 1-second intervals.

**TREND INDICATOR:** 5-decade logarithmic bar graph

**SCALE:** can display in rem/hr, Sv/h, R/hr, cpm, cps, dpm, dps, rad(r), Gray(G), C/kg, Ci/cm<sup>2</sup>, or Bq/cm<sup>2</sup>

**INTEGRATED DOSE:** counter provided total accumulated dose for up to 45 days (will display in same units as ratemeter)

**AUDIO:** built-in unimorph speaker with volume control (greater than 60 dB at 0.61 m {2 ft}, full volume)

**AUDIO DIVIDE:** operator-selected divisions of 1, 10, or 100 events per click

**ALARM:** separate alarms for digital ratemeter, scaler, and integrated dose can be set at any point (audible and visual indicators)

**ACK/SCROLL:** pushbutton to silence audio after alarm has been indicated and/or scroll through the various displays

**DATA LOGGER:** capable of logging up to 1000 individual data points with the following identifiers for each point: eight Location codes (5 character); time of day; month, day, and year; detector number, count rate/scaler count/integrated dose; count time; logging mode; sample number

**DETECTOR PARAMETERS:** capable of storing the following parameters for 16 different detectors: model number; serial number; calibration constant; dead time correction; high voltage; threshold; window; display range multiplier; display time base; display units; overload current; ratemeter alarm setting; scaler alarm setting; scaler count time, integrated dose alarm setting

**RS-232 PORT:** full duplex communication port that allows for instrument setup by optional keypad or PC, also allows for data to be transferred to a PC file

**BAR CODE READER (optional):** allows for setup of instrument by computer generated bar codes

**HIGH VOLTAGE:** adjustable from 400 to 2500 volts

**THRESHOLD:** adjustable from -100 to -1000

**WINDOW:** adjustable from 0 to 1000 above threshold

**GAIN:** adjustable from 2 to 350 mV at threshold setting of 100

**DEAD TIME:** adjustable to compensate for dead time of detector and electronics

**RESPONSE:**

FIXED: adjustable from 1 to 127 seconds in 1-second intervals

VARIABLE: varies according to number of counts, typical times FAST: 4-25 seconds, SLOW: 4 to 60 seconds from 10% to 90% of final reading

**TEMPERATURE RANGE:** 0 to 50 °C (32 to 122 °F) (LCD display limits temperature range)

**POWER:** 4 "D" cell batteries (housed in a sealed compartment that is accessible from back of instrument)

**BATTERY LIFE:** greater than 75 hours (low battery condition is automatically indicated)

**SIZE:** 14.2 x 11 x 22 cm (5.6 x 4.3 x 8.8 in.) (H x W x L) without handle, 20.9 cm (8.2 in.) (H) with handle

**WEIGHT:** 2.4 kg (5.2 lb), including batteries

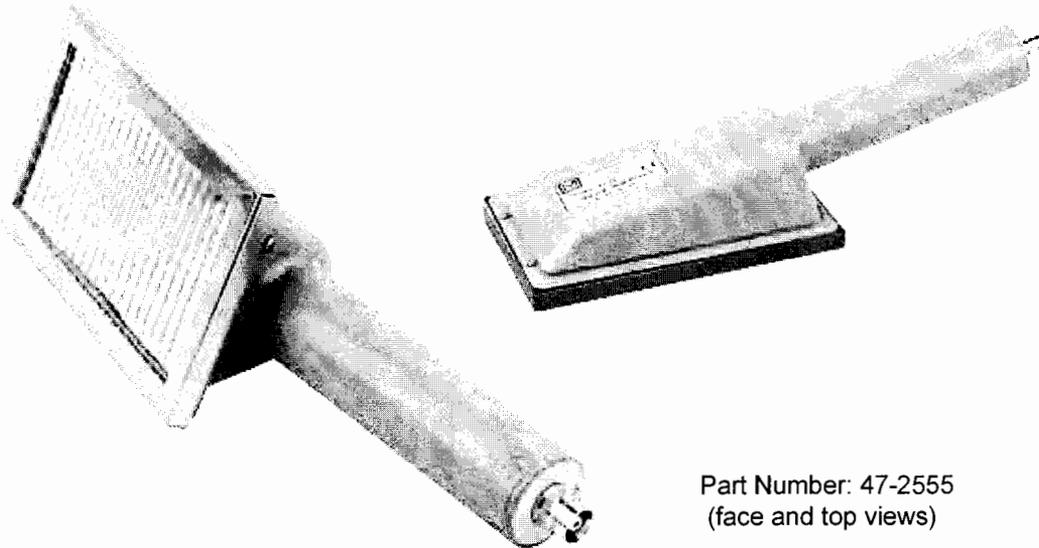
P.O. Box 810, Sweetwater, Texas 79556 / <http://www.ludlums.com>

Tel: 800-622-0828 / 325-235-5494 / Fax: 325-235-4672 / Email: [ludlum@ludlums.com](mailto:ludlum@ludlums.com)

Apr 2013

# Model 43-92 Alpha Scintillator

*Radiation Detection for a Safer World*



Part Number: 47-2555  
(face and top views)



Ludlum Measurements, Inc.

## Specifications

**INDICATED USE:** alpha contamination survey

**SCINTILLATOR:** ZnS(Ag)

**EFFICIENCY (4 $\pi$ ):** typically 20%—<sup>239</sup>Pu

**WINDOW:** 0.8 mg/cm<sup>2</sup> aluminized Mylar (1.2 mg/cm<sup>2</sup> recommended for outdoor use)

**REMOVABLE PROTECTIVE SCREEN:** 0.79 mm (0.03 in.) thick, 6.5 mm (0.25 in.) square openings, 88% open  
(see below for optional protective screens)

**SCREEN OUTER DIMENSIONS:** 167.6 x 91.4 mm (6.6 x 3.6 in.) (L x W)

### WINDOW AREA:

Active: 100 cm<sup>2</sup> (15.5 in<sup>2</sup>)

Open: 88 cm<sup>2</sup> (13.6 in<sup>2</sup>)

**RESPONSE NON-UNIFORMITY:** less than 10% from average reading

**BACKGROUND:** 3 cpm or less

**PHOTOMULTIPLIER TUBE:** 2.9 cm (1.13 in.) diameter

**OPERATING VOLTAGE:** typically 500–1200 volts (1500 volts maximum)

**CONSTRUCTION:** aluminum with beige powder coating

**TEMPERATURE RANGE:** -20 to 50 °C (-4 to 122 °F)

**CONNECTOR:** series "C", unless specified otherwise

**SIZE:** 6.4 x 9.5 x 31.2 cm (2.5 x 3.8 x 12.3 in. (H x W x L))

**WEIGHT:** 0.5 kg (1.0 lb)

## Optional Protective Screens

**Model L-7393-209:** 0.79 mm (0.031 in.) thick, 4 mm (0.16 in.) square openings, 81% open

**Model L-7393-208:** 0.79 mm (0.031 in.) thick, 4.8 mm (0.19 in.) hex openings, 83.5% open

**Model L-7393-138:** 0.51 mm (0.020 in.) thick, 6.5 mm (0.25 in.) square openings, 88% open