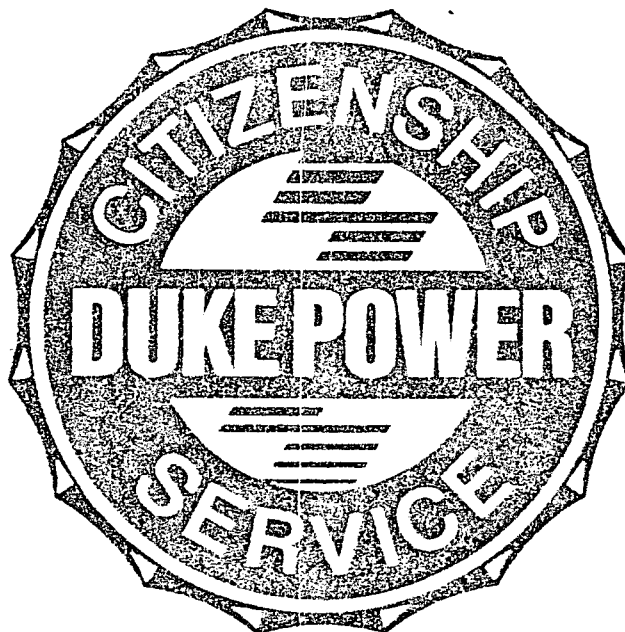


Duke Power Company  
Oconee Nuclear Station  
McGuire Nuclear Station  
Catawba Nuclear Station

RESPONSE TO  
NRC BULLETIN 88-05



DUKE POWER COMPANY  
RESPONSE TO NRC BULLETIN 88-05

NONCONFORMING MATERIALS SUPPLIED BY PIPING  
SUPPLIES, INC. AT FOLSOM, NEW JERSEY AND  
WEST JERSEY MANUFACTURING COMPANY AT  
WILLIAMSTOWN, NEW JERSEY

FOR

OCONEE NUCLEAR STATION  
MCGUIRE NUCLEAR STATION  
CATAWBA NUCLEAR STATION

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## 1. INTRODUCTION

### 1.1 OVERVIEW

The purpose of this document is to provide the Duke Power Company response to the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission Bulletin 88-05 for Oconee, McGuire, and Catawba Nuclear Stations. The contents of this document are also based upon the clarifications given to licensees in Supplements 1 and 2 to Bulletin 88-05. In regard to Supplement 2, the contents of this Duke response are inclusive of all actions taken in our investigation into Bulletin 88-05 through August 5, 1988.

Upon receipt of NRC Bulletin 88-05, Duke Power assembled an interdepartmental task force to pursue the investigation into the bulletin. This task force was composed of personnel from each of the company departments primarily concerned with the Duke nuclear power program. These departments include the Design Engineering Department, Purchasing Department, Nuclear Production Department, and the Quality Assurance Department. On site support was also provided by the Duke Construction and Maintenance Department.

An action plan was developed by the task force to define the initial interface with vendors possibly supplying Duke with WJM and PSI components in order to identify these items as expeditiously as possible. Subsequent actions in the areas of documentation search, identification of component locations, testing (both laboratory and in-situ), analysis and evaluation, and documentation were also developed by the task force. Problem Investigation Reports (PIR) were written for each nuclear station to cover Bulletin 88-05 and Supplement 1. The PIR is the Duke administrative process for identifying and evaluating nuclear station problems. The PIR also serves as the mechanism used by Duke to document the problem evaluation (including generic considerations), to prescribe corrective action, and to initiate any applicable reporting requirements.

Duke Power also participated in the NUMARC/EPRI cooperative efforts to address Bulletin 88-05 on a generic basis. We have attended the NUMARC sponsored industry meetings, contributed to the exchange of information through the NUCLEAR NETWORK and the Materials Data Base, and attended the EPRI sponsored training for the in-situ hardness testing program.

Section 1 of this document also contains discussions of the plan utilized by Duke to identify WJM and PSI components and the techniques used to test these items both in the lab and in the station.

Sections 2, 3, and 4 of this document contain station specific information from the Bulletin 88-05 investigation.

### 1.2 IDENTIFICATION

After receipt of NRC Bulletin 88-05, the Duke Quality Assurance Department's Vendors Division began to determine the potential suppliers of this type material. It was determined early that Duke had not purchased any materials directly from WJM or PSI.

The determination was made by reviewing the Duke approved vendors' lists back to 1976. Very loose parameters were used for identifying the vendors in order to prevent inadvertently leaving out a potential supplier. This resulted in 240 vendors being identified.

These vendors were contacted by letter asking for their input concerning the use of material manufactured by WJM or PSI. Approximately 80 vendors failed to respond to this letter.

After further research Duke was able to eliminate some vendors who would not have supplied this type material.

Duke then began a review of purchase orders written to those vendors that failed to respond and to those who responded in the affirmative. This list consisted of approximately 60 vendors. Purchase orders were reviewed through 1976 and forwarded to the applicable plant sites for further review of the vendor documentation to determine if the item was manufactured by WJM or PSI.

When research was stopped, as prescribed by Supplement 2 to NRC Bulletin 88-05, 20 vendors were left to review.

### 1.3 TESTING

All identified flanges found instock and not connected to other components (i.e. spare Delaval diesel generator or Westinghouse motor coolers) were removed from stock and sent to the Duke Power Metallurgy Laboratory. For each heat and size of flange received from one to four were examined by chemical analysis, hardness testing, tensile testing, and macro etching. Chemical analysis was performed by Chicago Spectro Service Laboratory, Inc. 4848 South Kedzie Ave. Chicago IL 60632. Tensile test samples were machined by Law Engineering Services, Charlotte, NC. Both companies are approved vendors for providing the above services under the Duke Power QA program. The hardness tests, pulling of the tensile samples, and macro etching were performed inhouse under the QA program of the Metallurgy Laboratory of the Production Support Department of Duke Power Company. Hardness tests were performed using a Rockwell B Hardness Tester and were taken on a flat surface where the sample for chemical analysis was removed. EQUOTIP Hardness Tests were also taken on some of the samples in order to provide a correlation between EQUOTIP Hardness Tests, the Rockwell B Tests, and the tensile tests. Only one tensile test specimen was obtained from each flange and was either 1/4 or 1/2 inch in diameter depending on the size of the flange. Also, due to the size of the flanges, the axis of the tensile specimens were not necessarily in the same direction as grain flow.

In-situ EQUOTIP Hardness Tests were performed using the procedure given in the Appendix or an earlier rendition. Approximately 40 - 60 mils of material was removed from the edge of the flange to negate detrimental edge effects from decarburization, cold working, or flame cutting. The surface finish was equivalent to a 240 grit surface or better. In order to confirm the correctness of hardness readings, two sets of 10 readings were taken. The second set was taken after a second grinding. If the mean hardness value of the second set was within  $\pm 10$  Leeb Hardness units of the mean value of the first, then all 20 readings were averaged and the value reported. Since this differs from the method recommended by EPRI, an additional requirement was

included in the procedure that the first or second set of 5 consecutive hardness readings for any group of 10 should be within a range of  $\pm 10$  Leeb Hardness units. This insures that the EPRI value is contained in the Duke Power test date.

#### 1.4 CORRECTIVE ACTIONS

WJM/PSI flanges identified in warehouse stock will not be installed in the Duke nuclear stations. Upon final resolution of NRC Bulletin 88-05, these flanges will be scrapped if not used for laboratory testing.

At this time Duke does not plan any further corrective actions for installed flanges, pending industry's generic resolution of this bulletin. Flanges installed in safety related applications that failed the in-situ hardness testing have justifications for continued operation written as described in Sections 2.4 and 4.4 of this document. There were no deviations determined from the Duke laboratory testing which affected any flanges installed in safety related applications. Further, Duke has not experienced any unusual problems directly attributable to flanges at either of its seven operating nuclear units.

## 2. OCONEE NUCLEAR STATION - NRC BULLETIN 88-05 INVESTIGATION

### 2.1 OVERVIEW

Through August 5, 1988 nine (9) WJM/PSI flanges had been identified as ordered for Oconee Nuclear Station. Two flanges were transferred from Catawba for use at Oconee. Each of these flanges was given a unique sample number designation and tabulated as appropriate behind either Tab 2.1, 2.2, or 2.3 depending on the installation or safety/non-safety related status.

### 2.2 TEST RESULTS

Eight flanges were tested in-situ using an EQUOTIP hardness tester. The Leeb hardness values obtained were corrected for temperature using a correlation factor developed by EPRI and then converted to Brinell hardness numbers using conversion tables provided by EQUOTIP. The tables used to determine the temperature correction factor and convert to Brinell hardness (BH) are included in the Appendix. Only one installed flange at Oconee was found to be out of the hardness range of 137-187 BH. It was Sample No. ONS-004-A and its corrected hardness value was 189 BH.

Three flanges from one heat were found in stock and sent to the Metallurgy laboratory where they underwent tensile tests, hardness tests, and chemical analysis. All three flanges ONS-002-A, ONS-002-B, and ONS-002-C met the requirements of ASME SA 105 for chemistry and hardness. Two flanges ONS-002-A and ONS-002-C did not meet the values given in the specification for % reduction in area and tensile strength respectively, but SA 105 allows for the use of hardness tests instead of tensile tests when (as in this case) the forging is not large enough to obtain a tensile specimen parallel to the direction of maximum working.

The test data is given behind Tab 2.4 in the form which was provided for the NUMARC survey. This consists of two types of data sheets. The "Materials Worksheet" lists general information about the particular line item ie. size, type, material, supplier, quantity ordered, etc. The "Test Data Worksheet" has space provided for the test data obtained by the utility as well as the test data from the Certified Materials Test Report (CMTR). This makes for easy comparison between chemical analysis and tensile test done by Duke to those which are listed on the CMTR. In comparing Duke test data to the CMTR data for line item ONS-002 it can be seen that it differs. ONS-002-A was macro etched and determined to be a forging.



### 2.3 REPORTABLE ITEMS

One flange (ONS-004A) installed in a safety related application at Oconee Nuclear Station failed the in-situ hardness test. This flange was reported to the NRC Operations Center as required by Supplement 1 to NRC Bulletin 88-05. The details of this report are contained in the Data Report for Nonconforming or Inaccessible Flanges and the Memorandum for File located behind Tab 2.5.

### 2.4 JUSTIFICATION FOR CONTINUED OPERATION (JCO)

A JCO for flange ONS-004A reported to the NRC as having failed the in-situ hardness test was performed by the Duke Design Engineering Department. This JCO is located behind Tab 2.6 and is identified as Design Engineering Calculation OSC-3190.

LIST OF KNOWN WJM & PSI FLANGES INSTALLED IN  
SAFETY RELATED SYSTEMS  
(Oconee)

<u>SAMPLE</u>	<u>PO#</u>	<u>HEAT#</u>	<u>SIZE</u>	<u>TYPE</u>	<u>LOCATION</u>
ONS-001-A	G54783	ETNF	6"	RF, WN	Standby shutdown facility
ONS-001-B	G54783	ETNF	6"	RF, WN	Standby shutdown facility
ONS-001-C	G54783	ETNF	6"	RF, WN	Standby shutdown facility
ONS-001-D	G54783	ETNF	6"	RF, WN	Standby shutdown facility
ONS-001-E	G54783	ETNF	6"	RF, WN	Standby shutdown facility
ONS-001-F	G54783	ETNF	6"	RF, WN	Standby shutdown facility
ONS-003-A	J05092	6061273	12"	BL, RF	Low Pressure Service Water
ONS-004-A	H08878	25904	1"	RF, TH	Emergency FWPT Oil Cooler

RF = Raised Face  
 WN = Weld Neck  
 BL = Blind  
 TH = Threaded

LIST OF KNOWN WJM & PSI FLANGES INSTALLED IN  
NONSAFETY RELATED SYSTEMS  
(Oconee)

To date, no WJM or PSI flanges have been identified as being installed in nonsafety related systems.

LIST OF KNOWN WJM & PSI FLANGES  
NON INSTALLED  
(Ocone)

<u>SAMPLE</u>	<u>PO*</u>	<u>HEAT*</u>	<u>SIZE</u>	<u>RATING</u>	<u>SCHEDULE</u>	<u>TYPE</u>
ONS-002-A	N63503	COP	1"	900*	80	RF, WN
ONS-002-B	N63503	COP	1"	900*	80	RF, WN
ONS-002-C	N63503	COP	1"	900*	80	RF, WN

RF = Raised Face  
WN = Weld Neck

LIST OF KNOWN WJM & PSI FLANGES  
(Oconee)

LINE ITEM	PO*	HEAT*	TAG*	*ORDERED	*INSTALLED		*AT LAB	*OTHER
					QA	Non QA		
ONS-001	G54783	ETNF	ON-34530	6	6 <sup>1</sup>	0	0	0
ONS-002	N63503	COP	ONS-55630	3	0	0	3	0
ONS-003-A	Transfer	6061273	ON-40830	0	1 <sup>2</sup>	0	0	0
ONS-004-A	Transfer	25904	ON-46611	<u>0</u>	<u>1<sup>3</sup></u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>
Total				9	8	0	3	0

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<sup>1</sup>Installed in the Auxiliary Service Water System which is QA Condition 1.

<sup>2</sup>Transferred from Catawba, original PO# J05092, Transfer Rec. #7310 835534, NSM 2193, LPSW 356 repair.

<sup>3</sup>Transferred from Catawba, original PO# H08878, Transfer Rec. #7310 852771, to repair the EFW PT Oil Coller-RW#22842D.

NRC 88-05  
MATERIALS WORKSHEET

Plant <u>Oconee</u>	Unit <u>Standby Shutdown Facility (1, 2 &amp; 3)</u>
Line Item <u>ONS-001</u>	Transaction (A/C/D) <u>C</u>
Heat-Lot <u>ETNF</u>	ASME Class <u>3</u>
Commodity <u>FLG</u>	Diameter <u>6</u>
Schedule <u>80</u>	Rating <u>900</u>
Type <u>RF, WN</u>	Spec. <u>105</u>
Grade <u>NA</u>	Source <u>WJM</u>
Vendor (WJM or PSI) <u>WJM</u>	CMTR Date <u>01/11/82</u>
NCA-3800 (Y/N) <u>Y</u>	
Supplier 1 <u>HUB Inc.</u>	Supplier 2 <u>-</u>
Quantity <u>6</u>	Quantity In Stock <u>0</u>
Installed-Access <u>6</u>	Installed-Not Access <u>0</u>
Add Test Results (Y/N) <u>Y</u>	Add Remarks (Y/N) <u>Y</u>

The six flanges are located in the Standby Shutdown facility, on an ASME Class 3 system. All flanges were marked 6-WJ-900-SA-105-ETNF-S-80.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item ONS-001      -- Specimen ID ONS-001-A

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	-	<u>80,671</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	-	<u>51,652</u>
% Elongation	-	<u>28.0</u>
% Reduction in Area	-	<u>64.0</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>151</u>	
% Carbon	-	<u>0.20</u>
% Manganese	-	<u>1.15</u>
% Silicon	-	<u>0.27</u>
% Phosphorous	-	<u>0.018</u>
% Sulfur	-	<u>0.010</u>
% Chromium	-	-
% Nickel	-	-
% Molybdenum	-	-

Heat Treatment NORM

Another Test For This Line Item? Y      Add Remarks? Y

The hardness testing was performed in-situ using an EQUOTIP Hardness Tester. Approximately 40-60 mils of metal was removed from the outside edge of the flange and ten hardness readings were taken. The surface was then reground and a second set of ten hardness readings was taken. If the average of the second set of readings was within 10 L-units of the average of the first set, the data was valid. The average value of the two sets data was 415 Lp for flange ONS-001-A. The temperature of the flange was ambient and there was no vibration or magnetic field.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item ONS-001

Specimen ID ONS-001-B

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	-	<u>80,671</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	-	<u>51,652</u>
% Elongation	-	<u>28.0</u>
% Reduction in Area	-	<u>64.0</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>144</u>	
% Carbon	-	<u>0.20</u>
% Manganese	-	<u>1.15</u>
% Silicon	-	<u>0.27</u>
% Phosphorous	-	<u>0.018</u>
% Sulfur	-	<u>0.010</u>
% Chromium	-	-
% Nickel	-	-
% Molybdenum	-	-

Heat Treatment NORM

Another Test For This Line Item? Y      Add Remarks? Y

The hardness testing was performed in-situ using an EQUOTIP Hardness Tester. Approximately 40-60 mils of metal was removed from the outside edge of the flange and ten hardness readings were taken. The surface was then reground and a second set of ten hardness readings was taken. If the average of the second set of readings was within 10 L-units of the average of the first set, the data was valid. The average value of the two sets data was 406 Lp for flange ONS-001-B. The temperature of the flange was ambient and there was no vibration or magnetic field.



NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item ONS-001

--Specimen ID ONS-001-C

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	-	<u>80,671</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	-	<u>51,652</u>
% Elongation	-	<u>28.0</u>
% Reduction In Area	-	<u>64.0</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>148</u>	
% Carbon	-	<u>0.20</u>
% Manganese	-	<u>1.15</u>
% Silicon	-	<u>0.27</u>
% Phosphorous	-	<u>0.018</u>
% Sulfur	-	<u>0.010</u>
% Chromium	-	-
% Nickel	-	-
% Molybdenum	-	-

Heat Treatment NORM

Another Test For This Line Item? Y

Add Remarks? Y

The hardness testing was performed in-situ using an EQUOTIP Hardness Tester. Approximately 40-60 mils of metal was removed from the outside edge of the flange and ten hardness readings were taken. The surface was then reground and a second set of ten hardness readings was taken. If the average of the second set of readings was within 10 L-units of the average of the first set, the data was valid. The average value of the two sets data was 412 L<sub>D</sub> for flange ONS-001-C. The temperature of the flange was ambient and there was no vibration or magnetic field.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item ONS-001

--Specimen ID ONS-001-D

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	-	<u>80,671</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	-	<u>51,652</u>
% Elongation	-	<u>28.0</u>
% Reduction in Area	-	<u>64.0</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>150</u>	
% Carbon	-	<u>0.20</u>
% Manganese	-	<u>1.15</u>
% Silicon	-	<u>0.27</u>
% Phosphorous	-	<u>0.018</u>
% Sulfur	-	<u>0.010</u>
% Chromium	-	-
% Nickel	-	-
% Molybdenum	-	-

Heat Treatment NORM

Another Test For This Line Item? Y

Add Remarks? Y

The hardness testing was performed in-situ using an EQUOTIP Hardness Tester. Approximately 40-60 mils of metal was removed from the outside edge of the flange and ten hardness readings were taken. The surface was then reground and a second set of ten hardness readings was taken. If the average of the second set of readings was within 10 L-units of the average of the first set, the data was valid. The average value of the two sets data was 414 L<sub>D</sub> for flange ONS-001-D. The temperature of the flange was ambient and there was no vibration or magnetic field.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item ONS-001

--Specimen ID ONS-001-E

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	-	<u>80,671</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	-	<u>51,652</u>
% Elongation	-	<u>28.0</u>
% Reduction In Area	-	<u>64.0</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>151</u>	
% Carbon	-	<u>0.20</u>
% Manganese	-	<u>1.15</u>
% Silicon	-	<u>0.27</u>
% Phosphorous	-	<u>0.018</u>
% Sulfur	-	<u>0.010</u>
% Chromium	-	-
% Nickel	-	-
% Molybdenum	-	-

Heat Treatment NORM

Another Test For This Line Item? Y

Add Remarks? Y

The hardness testing was performed in-situ using an EQUOTIP Hardness Tester. Approximately 40-60 mils of metal was removed from the outside edge of the flange and ten hardness readings were taken. The surface was then reground and a second set of ten hardness readings was taken. If the average of the second set of readings was within 10 L-units of the average of the first set, the data was valid. The average value of the two sets data was 416 L<sub>D</sub> for flange ONS-001-E. The temperature of the flange was ambient and there was no vibration or magnetic field.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item ONS-001

--Specimen ID ONS-001-F

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	-	<u>80,671</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	-	<u>51,652</u>
% Elongation	-	<u>28.0</u>
% Reduction In Area	-	<u>64.0</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>150</u>	
% Carbon	-	<u>0.20</u>
% Manganese	-	<u>1.15</u>
% Silicon	-	<u>0.27</u>
% Phosphorous	-	<u>0.018</u>
% Sulfur	-	<u>0.010</u>
% Chromium	-	-
% Nickel	-	-
% Molybdenum	-	-

Heat Treatment NORM

Another Test For This Line Item? N

Add Remarks? Y

The hardness testing was performed in-situ using an EQUOTIP Hardness Tester. Approximately 40-60 mils of metal was removed from the outside edge of the flange and ten hardness readings were taken. The surface was then reground and a second set of ten hardness readings was taken. If the average of the second set of readings was within 10 L-units of the average of the first set, the data was valid. The average value of the two sets data was 414 LD for flange ONS-001-F. The temperature of the flange was ambient and there was no vibration or magnetic field.

NRC 88-05  
MATERIALS WORKSHEET

Plant <u>Oconee</u>	Unit <u>Warehouse</u>
Line Item <u>ONS-002</u>	Transaction (A/C/D) <u>C</u>
Heat-Lot <u>COP</u>	ASME Class <u>2</u>
Commodity <u>FLG</u>	Diameter <u>1</u>
Schedule <u>40</u>	Rating <u>600</u>
Type <u>RF, SW</u>	Spec. <u>105</u>
Grade <u>NA</u>	Source <u>PSI</u>
Vendor (WJM or PSI) <u>PSI</u>	CMTR Date <u>01/28/88</u>
NCA-3800 (Y/N) <u>Y</u>	Supplier 2 <u>-</u>
Supplier 1 <u>DuBoise Steel, Inc.</u>	Quantity In Stock <u>3</u>
Quantity <u>3</u>	Installed-Not Access <u>0</u>
Installed-Access <u>0</u>	Add Remarks (Y/N) <u>Y</u>
Add Test Results (Y/N) <u>Y</u>	

ONS-002-A was examined metallographically and found to be a forging. All flanges were marked 1 600 PS SA 105 CL 2 COP S/40 B16.5.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item ONS-002

--Specimen ID ONS-002-A

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	<u>73,000</u>	<u>88,079</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	<u>48,100</u>	<u>55,674</u>
% Elongation	<u>24</u>	<u>24.0</u>
% Reduction In Area	<u>26</u>	<u>52.0</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>137</u>	
% Carbon	<u>0.20</u>	<u>0.27</u>
% Manganese	<u>0.86</u>	<u>0.99</u>
% Silicon	<u>0.19</u>	<u>0.31</u>
% Phosphorous	<u>0.017</u>	<u>0.010</u>
% Sulfur	<u>0.020</u>	<u>0.023</u>
% Chromium	<u>0.05</u>	-
% Nickel	<u>0.03</u>	-
% Molybdenum	<u>&lt;0.01</u>	-

Heat Treatment NORM

Another Test For This Line Item? Y      Add Remarks? Y

Hardness was performed at our inhouse Materials Laboratory on material from stock using Rockwell B and EQUOTIP hardness testers. The Rockwell B Hardness (75 for ONS-002-A) was converted to Brinell using Table 2 from ASTM E140 and entered into Test Data Worksheet. One EQUOTIP Hardness Value (408 LD) was obtained from at the same location as the Rockwell B, a flat surface where the sample for chemical analysis was removed. A second EQUOTIP Hardness Value (413 LD) was obtained after removing approximately 60 mils of metal from the rim of the flange. Chemistry was performed by an outside laboratory on Duke's Approved Vendors List. Tensile specimens were approximately 1/4 inch in diameter and the test was performed inhouse.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item ONS-002

--Specimen ID ONS-002-B

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	<u>70,300</u>	<u>88,079</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	<u>46,400</u>	<u>55,674</u>
% Elongation	<u>37</u>	<u>24.0</u>
% Reduction In Area	<u>61</u>	<u>52.0</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>139</u>	
% Carbon	<u>0.20</u>	<u>0.27</u>
% Manganese	<u>0.85</u>	<u>0.99</u>
% Silicon	<u>0.19</u>	<u>0.31</u>
% Phosphorous	<u>0.017</u>	<u>0.010</u>
% Sulfur	<u>0.021</u>	<u>0.023</u>
% Chromium	<u>0.05</u>	-
% Nickel	<u>0.03</u>	-
% Molybdenum	<u>&lt;0.01</u>	-

Heat Treatment NORM

Another Test For This Line Item? Y

Add Remarks? Y

Hardness was performed at our inhouse Materials Laboratory on material from stock using Rockwell B and EQUOTIP hardness testers. The Rockwell B Hardness (76 for ONS-002-B) was converted to Brinell using Table 2 from ASTM E140 and entered into Test Data Worksheet. One EQUOTIP Hardness Value (405 LD) was obtained from at the same location as the Rockwell B, a flat surface where the sample for chemical analysis was removed. A second EQUOTIP Hardness Value (406 LD) was obtained after removing approximately 60 mils of metal from the rim of the flange. Chemistry was performed by an outside laboratory on Duke's Approved Vendors List. Tensile specimens were approximately 1/4 inch in diameter and the test was performed inhouse.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item ONS-002      --Specimen ID ONS-002-C

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	<u>68,900</u>	<u>88,079</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	<u>47,500</u>	<u>55,674</u>
% Elongation	<u>30</u>	<u>24.0</u>
% Reduction in Area	<u>52</u>	<u>52.0</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>147</u>	
% Carbon	<u>0.23</u>	<u>0.27</u>
% Manganese	<u>0.84</u>	<u>0.99</u>
% Silicon	<u>0.20</u>	<u>0.31</u>
% Phosphorous	<u>0.014</u>	<u>0.010</u>
% Sulfur	<u>0.015</u>	<u>0.023</u>
% Chromium	<u>0.03</u>	-
% Nickel	<u>0.03</u>	-
% Molybdenum	<u>&lt;0.01</u>	-

Heat Treatment NORM

Another Test For This Line Item? N      Add Remarks? Y

Hardness was performed at our inhouse Materials Laboratory on material from stock using Rockwell B and EQUOTIP hardness testers. The Rockwell B Hardness (79 for ONS-002-C) was converted to Brinell using Table 2 from ASTM E140 and entered into Test Data Worksheet. One EQUOTIP Hardness Value (404 Lp) was obtained from at the same location as the Rockwell B, a flat surface where the sample for chemical analysis was removed. A second EQUOTIP Hardness Value (396 Lp) was obtained after removing approximately 60 mils of metal from the rim of the flange. Chemistry was performed by an outside laboratory on Duke's Approved Vendors List. Tensile specimens were approximately 1/4 inch in diameter and the test was performed inhouse.



NRC 88-05  
MATERIALS WORKSHEET

Plant <u>Catawba</u>	Unit <u>2 (Oconee) DNS-003-A</u>
Line Item <u>CNS-005</u>	Transaction (A/C/D) <u>C</u>
Heat-Lot <u>6061273</u>	ASME Class <u>2</u>
Commodity <u>FLG</u>	Diameter <u>12</u>
Schedule <u>80</u>	Rating <u>150</u>
Type <u>BL, RF</u>	Spec. <u>105</u>
Grade <u>NA</u>	Source <u>WJM</u>
Vendor (WJM or PSI) <u>WJM</u>	CMTR Date <u>03/30/83</u>
NCA-3800 (Y/N) <u>Y</u>	
Supplier 1 <u>McJunkin Corporation</u>	Supplier 2 <u>-</u>
Quantity <u>4</u>	Quantity In Stock <u>0</u>
Installed-Access <u>1</u>	Installed-Not Access <u>0</u>
Add Test Results (Y/N) <u>Y</u>	Add Remarks (Y/N) <u>Y</u>

One was transferred to Oconee, and is installed in the Low Pressure Service Water System which is safety related. The other three were used in a flush and then discarded. The one at Oconee was marked 12" WJ 150 SA 105 CL2 6061273

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item CNS-005

-- Specimen ID ONS-003-A

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	-	<u>82,000</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	-	<u>44,900</u>
% Elongation	-	<u>32.0</u>
% Reduction In Area	-	<u>61.0</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>153</u>	
% Carbon	-	<u>0.24</u>
% Manganese	-	<u>1.18</u>
% Silicon	-	<u>0.23</u>
% Phosphorous	-	<u>0.006</u>
% Sulfur	-	<u>0.022</u>
% Chromium	-	-
% Nickel	-	-
% Molybdenum	-	-

Heat Treatment None given on CRTM.

Another Test For This Line Item? N

Add Remarks? Y

The hardness testing was performed in-situ using an EQUOTIP Hardness Tester. Approximately 40-60 mils of metal was removed from the outside edge of the flange and ten hardness readings were taken. The surface was then reground and a second set of ten hardness readings was taken. If the average of the second set of readings was within 10 L-units of the average of the first set, the data was valid. The average value of the two sets data was 410 L<sub>D</sub> for flange CNS-005-A. The temperature of the flange was 100.4<sup>o</sup> F. There was slight to moderate vibration and no magnetic field. Adding the EPRI developed correction factor for temperature (+8) gives a corrected value of 418 L<sub>D</sub>.

NRC 88-05  
MATERIALS WORKSHEET

Plant <u>Catawba</u>	Unit <u>1(Oconee) ONS-004-A</u>
Line Item <u>CNS-019</u>	Transaction (A/C/D) <u>C</u>
Heat-Lot <u>25904</u>	ASME Class <u>2</u>
Commodity <u>FLG</u>	Diameter <u>1</u>
Schedule <u>N/A</u>	Rating <u>150</u>
Type <u>RF, TH</u>	Spec. <u>105</u>
Grade <u>NA</u>	Source <u>WJM</u>
Vendor (WJM or PSI) <u>WJM</u>	CMTR Date <u>07/21/82</u>
NCA-3800 (Y/N) <u>Y</u>	
Supplier 1 <u>Guvon Alloys, Inc.</u>	Supplier 2 <u>-</u>
Quantity <u>15</u>	Quantity In Stock <u>4</u>
Installed-Access <u>1?</u>	Installed-Not Access <u>?</u>
Add Test Results (Y/N) <u>Y</u>	Add Remarks (Y/N) <u>Y</u>

CNS-019-A was examined metallographically and found to be a forging. WJM gave the Heat No. as 25904 and the Test or Code No. as GDDE. One flanges was transferred to Oconee, and installed on the Emergency Feedwater PT Oil Cooler a safety related system. The flanges were marked 1"-WJ-150-SA-105-GDDE.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item CNS-019

--Specimen ID DNS-004-A

	<u>Test Data</u>	<u>CMTR Data</u>
Tensile Strength (psi)	<u>99,200</u>	<u>96,970</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	<u>68,000</u>	<u>69,370</u>
% Elongation	<u>21</u>	<u>23.5</u>
% Reduction In Area	<u>52</u>	<u>51.0</u>
Hardness (BHM)	<u>205</u>	
% Carbon	<u>.30</u>	<u>0.31</u>
% Manganese	<u>.75</u>	<u>0.76</u>
% Silicon	<u>.22</u>	<u>0.25</u>
% Phosphorous	<u>.020</u>	<u>0.018</u>
% Sulfur	<u>.024</u>	<u>0.024</u>
% Chromium	<u>0.16</u>	<u>-</u>
% Nickel	<u>0.07</u>	<u>-</u>
% Molybdenum	<u>0.01</u>	<u>-</u>
% Vanadium	<u>0.068</u>	<u>-</u>

Heat Treatment Not given on CMTR

Another Test For This Line Item? Y      Add Remarks? Y

Hardness was performed at our inhouse Materials Laboratory on material from stock using Rockwell B hardness tester. The Rockwell B Hardness (94 for CNS-019-A) was converted to Brinell using Table 2 from ASTM E140 and entered into Test Data Worksheet. Chemistry was performed by an outside laboratory on Duke's Approved Vendors List. Tensile specimens were approximately 1/4 inch in diameter and the tests were performed inhouse.

DATA REPORT FOR NONCONFORMING  
OR INACCESSABLE FLANGES

In response to NRC Bulletin 88-05, Supplement 1, Oconee Nuclear Station has found a 1 inch, 150 pound, raised face, threaded flange, Heat # GDDE made from SA105 material that was above maximum hardness (187 Brinell). The readings were taken with an EQUOTIP Hardness Tester and the average was 462 L<sub>D</sub> which converts to 187 Brinell. The temperature of the flange was 80<sup>0</sup> F. Using the temperature correction factor developed by EPRI (+2), the corrected value is 464 L<sub>D</sub> which converts to 189 Brinell. The flange is located on the Unit 1 Emergency Feedwater PT Oil Cooler Pump and is classified as Duke Class F, QA Condition 1, ANSI B31.1, (Reference Drawing OFD-133A-1.2). Duke's Design Engineering Department is performing the JCO.

SAMPLE NO. ONS-004-A

LOCATION Unit 1, EFWPT Oil Cooler Pump, Duke Class F (QA 1).

SIZE 1 Inch, 150 Pound

TYPE Raised Face, Threaded

HEAT NO. GDDE

MATERIAL ASME SA105 (Allowable Max. Hardness 187 Brinell)

IN-SITU HARDNESS TEST 462 L<sub>D</sub> (187 Brinell)

TEMPERATURE 80.0<sup>0</sup> F (EPRI Correction Factor +2)

CORRECTED HARDNESS 464 L<sub>D</sub> (189 Brinell)

DATE FOUND 07/26/88 TIME 15:00

DATE REPORTED 07/28/88 TIME 14:45

July 28, 1988

MEMORANDUM FOR FILE

Subject: NRC Bulletin 88-05, Supplement 1  
Nonconforming Materials Supplied By  
Piping Supplies, Inc. at Folsom, New  
Jersey and West Jersey Manufacturing  
Company at Williamstown, New Jersey  
Report of Deviation from Specification  
Based on In-Situ Hardness Testing (EQUOTIP)  
Report Number 3 (Oconee Unit 1)

This memorandum documents a report made to the NRC Operations Center in accordance with NRC Bulletin 88-05, Supplement 1.

Date Found: July 26, 1988  
Time Found: 15:00  
Date of Call: July 28, 1988  
Time of Call: 14:45  
Duke Personnel Participating: S.G. Benesole, C.L. Harlin, D.E. Whitaker and  
J.S. Warren  
NRC Duty Person: Reckley  
Unit(s) Affected: Oconee 1  
Power Level - Unit 1: 100%  
Power Level - Unit 2: 100%  
Power Level - Unit 3: 100%

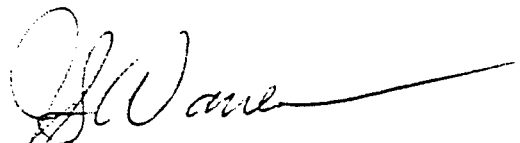
The following information (except sample number and ISO number) on one flange installed at Oconee was given to the NRC:

Sample (ISO #): ONS - 004A (OFD-133A-1.2)  
Size: 1 inch  
Rating: 150 #  
Type: Raised Face, Threaded  
Heat Code #: 25904  
Test or Code #: GDDE  
Maximum Allowable Hardness Reading: 187 Brinell  
Material: SA 105  
Actual Hardness Reading: 187 Brinell (189 Brinell with  
temperature correlation)

Memorandum for File Report Number 3  
July 28, 1988  
Page 2

Location:  
Class:  
Temperature:

EFWPT Oil Cooler Pump, Unit 1 Only  
Duke Class F (QA 1) ANSI B31.1  
80 degrees-F



J.S. Warren  
Licensing

JSW/218/bhp

xc: S.G. Benesole  
R.D. Ivey  
R.L. Williams  
C.L. Harlin  
D.E. Whitaker  
N.A. Rutherford  
P.F. Guill  
CN-801.01  
CN-815.02  
(9)

**CERTIFICATION OF ENGINEERING CALCULATION**

STATION AND UNIT NUMBER Oconee 1, 2 & 3

TITLE OF CALCULATION Operability Evaluation on  
PIR No. 4-088-0150

CALCULATION NUMBER OSC-3190

ORIGINALLY CONSISTING OF:

PAGES 1 THROUGH \_\_\_\_\_

TOTAL ATTACHMENTS \_\_\_\_\_ TOTAL MICROFICHE ATTACHMENTS \_\_\_\_\_

TOTAL VOLUMES 1

THESE ENGINEERING CALCULATIONS COVER QA CONDITION 1 ITEMS. IN ACCORDANCE WITH ESTABLISHED PROCEDURES, THE QUALITY HAS BEEN ASSURED AND I CERTIFY THAT THE ABOVE CALCULATION HAS BEEN ORIGINATED, CHECKED OR APPROVED AS NOTED BELOW:

ORIGINATED BY R. L. Williams DATE 8/23/88

CHECKED BY J. J. Zeller DATE 8/24/88

APPROVED BY D. M. Cline DATE 8/24/88

ISSUED TO GENERAL SERVICES DIVISION \_\_\_\_\_ DATE \_\_\_\_\_

RECEIVED BY GENERAL SERVICES DIVISION \_\_\_\_\_ DATE \_\_\_\_\_

MICROFICHE ATTACHMENT LIST:  Yes  No SEE BACK OF FORM

REV. NO.	CALCULATION PAGES (VOL)			ATTACHMENTS (VOL)			VOLUMES		ORIG	CHKD	APPR	ISSUE DATE
	REVISED	DELETED	ADDED	REVISED	DELETED	ADDED	DELETED	ADDED	DATE	DATE	DATE	REC'D DATE



OSC - 3190

pg. 1 of 5

DOCUMENTATION SUMMARY

By: K.L. Williams 8/23/88

Chkd. By: ~~Ed~~ Lefler 8/24/88

- 1.1 Design Procedure utilized in the preparation of these calculations based on internal  ; external  pressure criteria
- a. Calculation for required pipe wall thickness:
- b. Calculation for overpressure capability for prespecified pipe wall thicknesses:
- c. Method utilized for calculations: Manual  Computer

Mark "X" in all applicable blocks.

1.2 Brief Statement of Problems: See body of calculation

1.3 Statement of the Relation to Nuclear Safety: Duke Class F,  
Q.A. Condition 1

1.4 Applicable Codes and Standards Utilized:

<u>ANSI</u>	<u>B31.1</u>	
(Sponsor Soc.)	(Unique Identity No. & Date)	(Subsection or Paragraph No.)

1.5 List All Other Design Criteria Utilized: None

1.6 List Design Criteria in the PSAR/FSAR bearing on these calculations, including page, paragraph, and revision date as applicable:

None

1.7 List all Other Design Assumptions Utilized: No

1.8 Statement of General or Specific Conclusions, As Applicable: The flange  
does not impact plant operability.

1.9 The complete calculation(s) and necessary supporting documents shall be bound together with an appropriate cover sheet properly labeled. The completed presentation of these calculations shall be such that an appropriately qualified person can review the documentation.

Dev./Station Oconee Unit — File No. OSC-3190  
 Subject Operability Evaluation for PIR # 4-088-0150  
 By R. L. V. Williams Date 8/23/88  
 Sheet No. 2 of 5 Problem No. \_\_\_\_\_ Checked By [Signature] Date 8/24/88

Purpose: This calculation documents Design Engineering's operability evaluation for PIR No. 4-088-0150.

Problem: = NRC Bulletin 88-05 required identification, testing and evaluation of flanges made by WJM/PSI and used in Safety Related Systems. The subject PIR was written to track our work. One flange did not pass hardness test requirements. This was reported to Design Engineering by the Report form on pg. 3 of this calculation.

In this case the 1"-150<sup>#</sup> Forged steel Screwed Flange tested out at 189 Brinell as opposed to the maximum allowable of 187.

Evaluation: In our evaluation, we considered such things as, but not limited to, the following:

1. Service environment
2. Bolting preload
3. Welding or absence of
4. Piping stress levels (by stress Analysis Gr.)
5. Design margin (design pressure vs. code allowable pressure)

In this case, Stress Analysis Review is documented by their Memo of Aug. 9, 1988 which is page 4 of this calculation. Our Flange Evaluation Summary is on page 5 of this calculation.

Conclusion: Based on our evaluation, it is our judgement that this flange has no impact on plant operability.

OSC-3190  
pg. 3 of 5

DATA REPORT FOR NONCONFORMING  
OR INACCESSABLE FLANGES

In response to NRC Bulletin 88-05, Supplement 1, Oconee Nuclear Station has found a 1 inch, 150 pound, raised face, threaded flange, Heat # GDDE made from SA105 material that was above maximum hardness (187 Brinell). The readings were taken with an EQUOTIP Hardness Tester and the average was 462 Lp which converts to 187 Brinell. The temperature of the flange was 80° F. Using the temperature correction factor developed by EPRI (+2), the corrected value is 464 Lp which converts to 189 Brinell. The flange is located on the Unit 1 Emergency Feedwater PT Oil Cooler Pump and is classified as Duke Class F, QA Condition 1, ANSI B31.1, (Reference Drawing OFD-133A-1.2). Duke's Design Engineering Department is performing the JCO.

**SAMPLE NO.** ONS-004-A  
**LOCATION** Unit 1, EFWPT Oil Cooler Pump, Duke Class F (QA 1)  
**SIZE** 1 Inch, 150 Pound  
**TYPE** Raised Face, Threaded  
**HEAT NO.** GDDE  
**MATERIAL** ASME SA105 (Allowable Max. Hardness 187 Brinell)  
**IN-SITU HARDNESS TEST** 462 Lp (187 Brinell)  
**TEMPERATURE** 80.0° F (EPRI Correction Factor +2)  
**CORRECTED HARDNESS** 464 Lp (189 Brinell)  
**DATE FOUND** 07/26/88 **TIME** 15:00  
**DATE REPORTED** \_\_\_\_\_ **TIME** 9:45

OSC-3190  
pg. 4 of 5

August 9, 1988

Memo to File

Re: Oconee Nuclear Station, Unit 1  
PIR #4-88-150  
Piping Analysis Review for 1"  
Flange on EFWPT Oil Cooler Pump  
File No.: OS-27B

PIR #4-88-150 was written as an "umbrella" type PIR in response to NRC Bulletin 88-05 (including Supplement 1 to NRCB 88-05). The Bulletin concerns nonconforming materials supplied by West Jersey Manufacturing Company and Piping Supplies, Incorporated.

The one inch flange attached to the outlet of the Emergency Feedwater Pump Turbine Oil Cooler Pump was identified as one of the components not conforming to the required material specification. The flange was purchased as SA-105 material which specifies a maximum hardness of 187 Brinell. The flange was found to have an actual hardness of 189 Brinell.

The flange is located in piping problem 1-13-8, calculation OSC-1635. An evaluation of this nonconforming condition is contained in Revision 6 to OSC-1635.

The slight increase in hardness was concluded not to be significant considering the mild service environment, the low level of mechanical piping loads and the satisfactory performance with existing bolting preloads.

The calculation concluded that the system was operable with the 189 Brinell flange. The flange was determined to be suitable for its intended service, and the calculation recommends that the flange not be replaced.

*Robert L. Morgan, Jr.*  
By: Robert L. Morgan, Jr.  
Design Engineer I

*R. L. Cope, Jr.*  
Approved by: Robert L. Cope, Jr.  
Supervising Design Engineer

RLM/hrt

cc: M. S. Sills  
Central Records

OSC-3190

pg. 5 of 5

FLANGE EVALUATION

SUMMARY

- o Sample No. ONS-004-A Heat No. GDDE
- o Flange Description 1" - 150<sup>lb</sup> Forged Steel Screwed  
Flange to SA-105
- o Construction Isometric System 13 SH 7, Rev. 19(3/19/86)
- o Design Iso. and Flow Diagram O-400A, B & H and OFD-133A-1.2
- o Design Conditions 50 psig @ 100°F Code & Class B31-1
- o Corrected Brinell Hardness 189 Brinell
- o Equivalent Strength Approx. 90,000 psi Tensile
- o Piping Analysis Calculation No. OSC-1635 (problem 1-13-8)
- o Conclusions: The flange is in a system with a mild service environment. The mechanical loads are low. The design pressure is 50 psig compared to an allowable working pressure of 275 psig. The flange withstood the bolting preload. Base on the foregoing, we consider the flange suitable for continued operation.

Prepared by: R. L. Williams Date: 8/23/88

Checked by: [Signature] Date: 8/24/88

### 3. MCGUIRE NUCLEAR STATION - NRC BULLETIN 88-05 INVESTIGATION

#### 3.1 OVERVIEW

Through August 5, 1988, 84 WJM/PSI flanges had been identified as ordered for use at McGuire Nuclear Station. Each of these flanges was given an unique sample number designation and tabulated as appropriate behind either Tab 3.1, 3.2 or 3.3 depending on the installation or safety/non-safety related status.

#### 3.2 TEST RESULTS

No in-situ testing was done at McGuire. The locations of installed safety related flanges were not identified until after Supplement 2 of NRC Bulletin 88-05 was issued.

Forty-four flanges from five different line items were found in stock and sent to the Duke Metallurgy Laboratory. Four flanges from each line item underwent tensile tests, hardness tests, and chemical analysis. Sample A of each line item was micro etched and determined to be a forging. The samples tested, heat number, size, and any deviations from the ASME materials specification are given in the table below. All the test data is given behind Tab 3.4.

<u>SAMPLE</u>	<u>HEAT#</u>	<u>SIZE</u>	<u>DEVIATIONS FROM SPECIFICATION</u>
MNS-001-A	CMP	6"	None
MNS-001-B	CMP	6"	None
MNS-001-C	CMP	6"	None
MNS-001-D	CMP	6"	None
MNS-002-A	1533	1"	Yield Strength Low
MNS-002-B	1533	1"	None
MNS-002-C	1533	1"	None
MNS-002-D	1533	1"	None
MNS-003-A	CKS	1"	Hardness Low
MNS-003-B	CKS	1"	Hardness and Tensile Strength Low
MNS-003-C	CKS	1"	Hardness Low
MNS-003-D	CKS	1"	Hardness and Tensile Strength Low
MNS-004-A	6X11375	8"	None
MNS-004-B	6X11375	8"	None
MNS-004-C	6X11375	8"	None
MNS-004-D	6X11375	8"	None
MNS-005-A	AAZ-84	1 1/2"	None
MNS-005-B	AAZ-84	1 1/2"	% Elongation Low
MNS-005-C	AAZ-84	1 1/2"	% Elongation Low
MNS-005-D	AAZ-84	1 1/2"	None

\*When evaluating the tensile test data it should be taken into account that only one specimen was obtained from each flange and that because of the flange size the tensile specimen may not have been parallel to the direction of maximum working.

### 3. MCGUIRE NUCLEAR STATION - NRC BULLETIN 88-05 INVESTIGATION

#### 3.1 OVERVIEW

Through August 5, 1988, 84 WJM/PSI flanges had been identified as ordered for use at McGuire Nuclear Station. Each of these flanges was given a unique sample number designation and tabulated as appropriate behind either Tab 3.1, 3.2 or 3.3 depending on the installation or safety/non-safety related status.

#### 3.2 TEST RESULTS

No in-situ testing was done at McGuire. The locations of install safety related flanges were not identified until after Supplement 2 of NRC Bulletin 88-05 was issued.

Forty-four flanges from five different line items were found in stock and sent to the Duke Metallurgy Laboratory. Four flanges from each line item underwent tensile tests, hardness tests, and chemical analysis. Sample A of each of the line item was micro etched and determined to be a forging. The samples tested, heat number, size, and any deviations from the ASME materials specification are given in the table below. All the test data is given behind Tab 3.4.

<u>SAMPLE</u>	<u>HEAT#</u>	<u>SIZE</u>	<u>DEVIATIONS FROM SPECIFICATION</u>
MNS-001-A	CMP	6"	None
MNS-001-B	CMP	6"	None
MNS-001-C	CMP	6"	None
MNS-001-D	CMP	6"	None
MNS-002-A	1533	1"	Yield Strength Low
MNS-002-B	1533	1"	None
MNS-002-C	1533	1"	None
MNS-002-D	1533	1"	None
MNS-003-A	CKS	1"	Hardness Low
MNS-003-B	CKS	1"	Hardness and Tensile Strength Low
MNS-003-C	CKS	1"	Hardness Low
MNS-003-D	CKS	1"	Hardness and Tensile Strength Low
MNS-004-A	6X11375	8"	None
MNS-004-B	6X11375	8"	None
MNS-004-C	6X11375	8"	None
MNS-004-D	6X11375	8"	None
MNS-005-A	AAZ-84	1 1/2"	None
MNS-005-B	AAZ-84	1 1/2"	% Elongation Low
MNS-005-C	AAZ-84	1 1/2"	% Elongation Low
MNS-005-D	AAZ-84	1 1/2"	None

\*When evaluating the tensile test data it should be taken into account that only one specimen was obtained from each flange and that because of the flange size the tensile specimen may not have been parallel to the direction of maximum working.

### 3.3 REPORTABLE ITEMS

Through August 5, 1988 no reportable items had been identified at McGuire Nuclear Station.

### 3.4 JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CONTINUED OPERATION

None required.



LIST OF KNOWN WJM & PSI FLANGES INSTALLED IN  
SAFETY RELATED SYSTEMS  
(McGuire)

<u>SAMPLE</u>	<u>PO#</u>	<u>HEAT#</u>	<u>SIZE</u>	<u>TYPE</u>	<u>LOCATION</u>
MNS-007-?	F33884	80508	1"	RF, SW	Steam Supply to Aux. Equipment
MNS-007-?	F33884	80508	1"	RF, SW	Steam Supply to Aux. Equipment
MNS-007-?	F33884	80508	1"	RF, SW	Steam Supply to Aux. Equipment
MNS-007-?	F33884	80508	1"	RF, SW	Steam Supply to Aux. Equipment
MNS-007-?	F33884	80508	1"	RF, SW	Steam Supply to Aux. Equipment
MNS-007-?	F33884	80508	1"	RF, SW	Steam Supply to Aux. Equipment
MNS-007-?	F33884	80508	1"	RF, SW	Steam Supply to Aux. Equipment

MNS-008-? H47078 ? 3/4" RF, SW Unknown  
 The location of the six flanges ordered (Line Item MNS-008) was not determined at the time Supplement 2, which suspended work, was issued.

- ? = Indicated activity was not complete at issuance of Supplement 2 to NRC Bulletin 88-05
- RF = Raised Face
- SW = Socket Weld

LIST OF KNOWN WJM & PSI FLANGES INSTALLED IN  
 NONSAFETY RELATED SYSTEMS  
 (McGuire)

<u>SAMPLE</u>	<u>PQ#</u>	<u>HEAT#</u>	<u>SIZE</u>	<u>TYPE</u>	<u>LOCATION</u>
MNS-002-?	K07833	1533	1"	RF, SW	2B1 Feedwater Heater
MNS-002-?	K07833	1533	1"	RF, SW	1C2 Heater Drain Tank Pump
MNS-002-?	K07833	1533	1"	RF, SW	1C2 Heater Drain Tank Pump
MNS-006-?	F21954	A23	3/4"	RF, SW	Unit 1 Feedwater Relief Valve
MNS-006-?	F21954	A23	3/4"	RF, SW	Unit 1 Feedwater Relief Valve
MNS-006-?	F21954	A23	3/4"	RF, SW	Unit 1 Feedwater Relief Valve
MNS-006-?	F21954	A23	3/4"	RF, SW	Unit 1 Feedwater Relief Valve
MNS-006-?	F21954	A23	3/4"	RF, SW	Unit 1 Feedwater Relief Valve
MNS-006-?	F21954	A23	3/4"	RF, SW	Unit 1 Feedwater Relief Valve
MNS-006-?	F21954	A23	3/4"	RF, SW	Unit 1 Feedwater Relief Valve
MNS-006-?	F21954	A23	3/4"	RF, SW	Unit 1 Feedwater Relief Valve
MNS-006-?	F21954	A23	3/4"	RF, SW	Unit 1 Feedwater Relief Valve
MNS-006-?	F21954	A23	3/4"	RF, SW	Unit 1 Feedwater Relief Valve
MNS-006-?	F21954	A23	3/4"	RF, SW	Unit 1 Feedwater Relief Valve
MNS-006-?	F21954	A23	3/4"	RF, SW	Unit 1 Feedwater Relief Valve
MNS-006-?	F21954	A23	3/4"	RF, SW	Unit 2 Feedwater Relief Valve
MNS-006-?	F21954	A23	3/4"	RF, SW	Unit 2 Feedwater Relief Valve
MNS-006-?	F21954	A23	3/4"	RF, SW	Unit 2 Feedwater Relief Valve
MNS-006-?	F21954	A23	3/4"	RF, SW	Unit 2 Feedwater Relief Valve
MNS-006-?	F21954	A23	3/4"	RF, SW	Unit 2 Turbine Exhaust System
MNS-006-?	F21954	A23	3/4"	RF, SW	Unit 2 Turbine Exhaust System
MNS-006-?	F21954	A23	3/4"	RF, SW	1B FWP Turbine Stop Valve
MNS-006-?	F21954	A23	3/4"	RF, SW	1B FWP Turbine Stop Valve
MNS-007-?	F33884	80508	1"	RF, SW	Unknown Or Sold As Surplus
MNS-007-?	F33884	80508	1"	RF, SW	Unknown Or Sold As Surplus
MNS-007-?	F33884	80508	1"	RF, SW	Unknown Or Sold As Surplus

? = Indicated activity was not complete at issuance of Supplement 2 to NRC  
 Bulletin 88-05

RF = Raised Face  
 SW = Socket Weld

LIST OF KNOWN WJM & PSI FLANGES  
NON INSTALLED  
(McGuire)

<u>SAMPLE</u>	<u>PO#</u>	<u>HEAT#</u>	<u>SIZE</u>	<u>RATING</u>	<u>SCHEDULE</u>	<u>TYPE</u>
MNS-001-A	N51903	CMP	6"	150#	40	RF, WN
MNS-001-B	N51903	CMP	6"	150#	40	RF, WN
MNS-001-C	N51903	CMP	6"	150#	40	RF, WN
MNS-001-D	N51903	CMP	6"	150#	40	RF, WN

MNS-002-A	K07833	1533	1"	1500#	80	RF, SW
MNS-002-B	K07833	1533	1"	1500#	80	RF, SW
MNS-002-C	K07833	1533	1"	1500#	80	RF, SW
MNS-002-D	K07833	1533	1"	1500#	80	RF, SW

Thirteen additional flanges (Line Item MNS-002) will be held held at the laboratory until the resolution of NRC Bulletin 88-05 is complete.

MNS-003-A	N54234	CKS	1"	600#	40	RF, SW
MNS-003-B	N54234	CKS	1"	600#	40	RF, SW
MNS-003-C	N54234	CKS	1"	600#	40	RF, SW
MNS-003-D	N54234	CKS	1"	600#	40	RF, SW

Five additional flanges (Line Item MNS-003) will be held held at the laboratory until the resolution of NRC Bulletin 88-05 is complete. One flange was rejected due to lack of marking.

MNS-004-A	N51903	6X11375	8"	150#	40	RF, WN
MNS-004-B	N51903	6X11375	8"	150#	40	RF, WN
MNS-004-C	N51903	6X11375	8"	150#	40	RF, WN
MNS-004-D	N51903	6X11375	8"	150#	40	RF, WN

MNS-005-A	N54248	AAZ-84	1 1/2"	300#	40	RF, WN, Orifice
MNS-005-B	N54248	AAZ-84	1 1/2"	300#	40	RF, WN, Orifice
MNS-005-C	N54248	AAZ-84	1 1/2"	300#	40	RF, WN, Orifice
MNS-005-D	N54248	AAZ-84	1 1/2"	300#	40	RF, WN, Orifice

Six additional flanges (Line Item MNS-005) will be held held at the laboratory until the resolution of NRC Bulletin 88-05 is complete.

RF = Raised Face  
WN = Weld Neck  
SW = Socket Weld

LIST OF KNOWN WJM & PSI FLANGES  
(McGuire)

LINE ITEM	PO#	HEAT#	TAG#	#ORDERED	#INSTALLED		#AT LAB	#OTHER
					QA	Non QA		
MNS-001	N51903	CMP	MC-27750	4	0	0	4	0
MNS-002	K07833	1533	MC-21367	20	0	3 <sup>1</sup>	17	0
MNS-003	N54234	CKS	MC-27705	10	0	0	9	1 <sup>2</sup>
MNS-004	N51903	6X11375	MC-27751	4	0	0	4	0
MNS-005	N54248	AAZ-84	TD-08604	10	0	0	10	0
MNS-006	F21954	A23	MC-10827	20	0	20	0	0
MNS-007	F33884	80508	N/A	10	7	3 <sup>3</sup>	0	?
MNS-008	H47078	-	N/A	6	2 <sup>4</sup>	?	0	?
TOTAL				84			44	

<sup>1</sup>Used in non-QA applications, 2B1 Feedwater Heater and 1C2 Heater Drain Tank Pump.

<sup>2</sup>One was rejected due to lack of marking.

<sup>3</sup>Three have either been used in non-QA applications or discarded.

<sup>4</sup>May be difficult to determine location because of way traceability was maintained during construction. Would involve hand search of weld tickets.

NRC 88-05  
MATERIALS WORKSHEET

Plant McGuire

Line Item MNS-001

Heat-Lot CMP

Commodity FLG

Schedule 40

Type RF, WN

Grade NA

Vendor (WJM or PSI) PSI

NCA-3800 (Y/N) Y

Supplier 1 DuBoise Steel, Inc.

Quantity 4

Installed-Access 0

Add Test Results (Y/N) Y

Unit Warehouse

Transaction (A/C/D) C

ASME Class 2

Diameter 6

Rating 150

Spec. 105

Source PSI

CMTR Date 01/06/88

Supplier 2

Quantity In Stock 4

Installed-Not Access 0

Add Remarks (Y/N) Y

MNS-001-A was examined metallographically and found to be a forging. All flanges were marked 6 PS 150 SA 105 CMP STD.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item MNS-001      -- Specimen ID MNS-001-A

	<u>Test Data</u>	<u>CMTR Data</u>
Tensile Strength (psi)	<u>74,800</u>	<u>70,676</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	<u>48,000</u>	<u>36,150</u>
% Elongation	<u>32</u>	<u>25.0</u>
% Reduction in Area	<u>64</u>	<u>53.3</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>150</u>	
% Carbon	<u>0.18</u>	<u>0.23</u>
% Manganese	<u>0.87</u>	<u>0.90</u>
% Silicon	<u>0.21</u>	<u>0.22</u>
% Phosphorous	<u>0.009</u>	<u>0.011</u>
% Sulfur	<u>0.013</u>	<u>0.022</u>
% Chromium	<u>0.16</u>	-
% Nickel	<u>0.10</u>	-
% Molybdenum	<u>0.02</u>	-

Heat Treatment None shown on CMTR.

Another Test For This Line Item? Y      Add Remarks? Y

Hardness was performed at our inhouse Materials Laboratory on material from stock using Rockwell B and EQUOTIP hardness testers. The Rockwell B Hardness (80 for MNS-001-A) was converted to Brinell using Table 2 from ASTM E140 and entered into Test Data Worksheet. One EQUOTIP Hardness Value (379 L<sub>D</sub>) was obtained from at the same location as the Rockwell B, a flat surface where the sample for chemical analysis was removed. A second EQUOTIP Hardness Value (399 L<sub>D</sub>) was obtained after removing approximately 60 mils of metal from the rim of the flange. Chemistry was performed by an outside laboratory on Duke's Approved Vendors List. Tensile specimens were approximately 1/2 inch in diameter and the test was performed inhouse.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item MNS-001      -- Specimen ID MNS-001-B

	<u>Test Data</u>	<u>CMTR Data</u>
Tensile Strength (psi)	<u>76,600</u>	<u>70,676</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	<u>46,700</u>	<u>36,150</u>
% Elongation	<u>31</u>	<u>25.0</u>
% Reduction in Area	<u>64</u>	<u>53.3</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>150</u>	
% Carbon	<u>0.19</u>	<u>0.23</u>
% Manganese	<u>0.93</u>	<u>0.90</u>
% Silicon	<u>0.20</u>	<u>0.22</u>
% Phosphorous	<u>0.011</u>	<u>0.011</u>
% Sulfur	<u>0.012</u>	<u>0.022</u>
% Chromium	<u>0.12</u>	-
% Nickel	<u>0.13</u>	-
% Molybdenum	<u>0.02</u>	-

Heat Treatment None shown on CMTR.

Another Test For This Line Item? Y      Add Remarks? Y

Hardness was performed at our inhouse Materials Laboratory on material from stock using Rockwell B and EQUOTIP hardness testers. The Rockwell B Hardness (80 for MNS-001-B) was converted to Brinell using Table 2 from ASTM E140 and entered into Test Data Worksheet. One EQUOTIP Hardness Value (396 LD) was obtained from at the same location as the Rockwell B, a flat surface where the sample for chemical analysis was removed. A second EQUOTIP Hardness Value (400 LD) was obtained after removing approximately 60 mils of metal from the rim of the flange. Chemistry was performed by an outside laboratory on Duke's Approved Vendors List. Tensile specimens were approximately 1/2 inch in diameter and the test was performed inhouse.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item MNS-001      -- Specimen ID MNS-001-C

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	<u>75,900</u>	<u>70,676</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	<u>45,400</u>	<u>36,150</u>
% Elongation	<u>32</u>	<u>25.0</u>
% Reduction In Area	<u>63</u>	<u>53.3</u>
Hardness(BHN)	<u>150</u>	
% Carbon	<u>0.19</u>	<u>0.23</u>
% Manganese	<u>0.91</u>	<u>0.90</u>
% Silicon	<u>0.20</u>	<u>0.22</u>
% Phosphorous	<u>0.010</u>	<u>0.011</u>
% Sulfur	<u>0.016</u>	<u>0.022</u>
% Chromium	<u>0.18</u>	-
% Nickel	<u>0.14</u>	-
% Molybdenum	<u>0.04</u>	-

Heat Treatment None shown on CMTR.

Another Test For This Line Item? Y      Add Remarks? Y

Hardness was performed at our inhouse Materials Laboratory on material from stock using Rockwell B and EQUOTIP hardness testers. The Rockwell B Hardness (80 for MNS-001-C) was converted to Brinell using Table 2 from ASTM E140 and entered into Test Data Worksheet. One EQUOTIP Hardness Value (396 LD) was obtained from at the same location as the Rockwell B, a flat surface where the sample for chemical analysis was removed. A second EQUOTIP Hardness Value (398 LD) was obtained after removing approximately 60 mils of metal from the rim of the flange. Chemistry was performed by an outside laboratory on Duke's Approved Vendors List. Tensile specimens were approximately 1/2 inch in diameter and the test was performed inhouse.



NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item MNS-001      -- Specimen ID MNS-001-D

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	<u>74,800</u>	<u>70,676</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	<u>43,800</u>	<u>36,150</u>
% Elongation	<u>32</u>	<u>25.0</u>
% Reduction In Area	<u>63</u>	<u>53.3</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>147</u>	
% Carbon	<u>0.19</u>	<u>0.23</u>
% Manganese	<u>0.95</u>	<u>0.90</u>
% Silicon	<u>0.20</u>	<u>0.22</u>
% Phosphorous	<u>0.011</u>	<u>0.011</u>
% Sulfur	<u>0.011</u>	<u>0.022</u>
% Chromium	<u>0.12</u>	-
% Nickel	<u>0.13</u>	-
% Molybdenum	<u>0.03</u>	-

Heat Treatment None shown on CMTR.

Another Test For This Line Item? N      Add Remarks? Y

Hardness was performed at our inhouse Materials Laboratory on material from stock using Rockwell B and EQUOTIP hardness testers. The Rockwell B Hardness (79 for MNS-001-D) was converted to Brinell using Table 2 from ASTM E140 and entered into Test Data Worksheet. One EQUOTIP Hardness Value (393 LD) was obtained from at the same location as the Rockwell B, a flat surface where the sample for chemical analysis was removed. A second EQUOTIP Hardness Value (399 LD) was obtained after removing approximately 60 mils of metal from the rim of the flange. Chemistry was performed by an outside laboratory on Duke's Approved Vendors List. Tensile specimens were approximately 1/2 inch in diameter and the test was performed inhouse.

NRC 88-05  
MATERIALS WORKSHEET

Plant <u>McGuire</u>	Unit <u>1, 2 &amp; Warehouse</u>
Line Item <u>MNS-002</u>	Transaction (A/C/D) <u>C</u>
Heat-Lot <u>1533</u>	ASME Class <u>2</u>
Commodity <u>FLG</u>	Diameter <u>1</u>
Schedule <u>80</u>	Rating <u>1500</u>
Type <u>RF, SW</u>	Spec. <u>105</u>
Grade <u>NA</u>	Source <u>WJM</u>
Vendor (WJM or PSI) <u>WJM</u>	CMTR Date <u>03/20/84</u>
NCA-3900 (Y/N) <u>Y</u>	
Supplier 1 <u>McJunkin Corporation</u>	Supplier 2 <u>-</u>
Quantity <u>20</u>	Quantity In Stock <u>17</u>
Installed-Access <u>3</u>	Installed-Not Access <u>0</u>
Add Test Results (Y/N) <u>Y</u>	Add Remarks (Y/N) <u>Y</u>

MNS-002-A was examined metallographically and found to be a forging. The three installed flanges are used in non-safety applications, two are located on the 1C2 Heater Drain Tank, and one was used to replace a valve on the 2B1 Feedwater Heater. CFW is shown as the "Test or Code No." on the CMTR. The seventeen flanges in stock were marked 1-WJ-1500-SA-105-CL 2 CFW S-40.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item MNS-002      -- Specimen ID MNS-002-A

	<u>Test Data</u>	<u>CMTR Data</u>
Tensile Strength (psi)	<u>71,300</u>	<u>84,623</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	<u>35,900</u>	<u>54,084</u>
% Elongation	<u>35</u>	<u>32.5</u>
% Reduction In Area	<u>63</u>	<u>64.5</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>139</u>	
% Carbon	<u>0.21</u>	<u>0.21</u>
% Manganese	<u>1.28</u>	<u>1.31</u>
% Silicon	<u>0.25</u>	<u>0.24</u>
% Phosphorous	<u>0.018</u>	<u>0.018</u>
% Sulfur	<u>0.018</u>	<u>0.014</u>
% Chromium	<u>0.07</u>	-
% Nickel	<u>0.03</u>	-
% Molybdenum	<u>0.01</u>	-

Heat Treatment NORM

Another Test for This Line Item? Y      Add Remarks? Y

Hardness was performed at our inhouse Materials Laboratory on material from stock using Rockwell B and EQUOTIP hardness testers. The Rockwell B Hardness (76 for MNS-002-A) was converted to Brinell using Table 2 from ASTM E140 and entered into Test Data Worksheet. One EQUOTIP Hardness Value (387 LD) was obtained from at the same location as the Rockwell B, a flat surface where the sample for chemical analysis was removed. A second EQUOTIP Hardness Value (380 LD) was obtained after removing approximately 60 mils of metal from the rim of the flange. Chemistry was performed by an outside laboratory on Duke's Approved Vendors List. Tensile specimens were approximately 1/4 inch in diameter and the test was performed inhouse.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item MNS-002      --Specimen ID MNS-002-B

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	<u>71,700</u>	<u>84,623</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	<u>39,500</u>	<u>54,084</u>
% Elongation	<u>34</u>	<u>32.5</u>
% Reduction in Area	<u>64</u>	<u>64.5</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>141</u>	
% Carbon	<u>0.21</u>	<u>0.21</u>
% Manganese	<u>1.25</u>	<u>1.31</u>
% Silicon	<u>0.24</u>	<u>0.24</u>
% Phosphorous	<u>0.018</u>	<u>0.018</u>
% Sulfur	<u>0.017</u>	<u>0.014</u>
% Chromium	<u>0.07</u>	-
% Nickel	<u>0.03</u>	-
% Molybdenum	<u>0.01</u>	-

Heat Treatment NORM

Another Test For This Line Item? Y      Add Remarks? Y

Hardness was performed at our inhouse Materials Laboratory on material from stock using Rockwell B and EQUOTIP hardness testers. The Rockwell B Hardness (77 for MNS-002-B) was converted to Brinell using Table 2 from ASTM E140 and entered into Test Data Worksheet. One EQUOTIP Hardness Value (392 Lp) was obtained from at the same location as the Rockwell B, a flat surface where the sample for chemical analysis was removed. A second EQUOTIP Hardness Value (386 Lp) was obtained after removing approximately 60 mils of metal from the rim of the flange. Chemistry was performed by an outside laboratory on Duke's Approved Vendors List. Tensile specimens were approximately 1/4 inch in diameter and the test was performed inhouse.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item MNS-002      -- Specimen ID MNS-002-C

	<u>Test Data</u>	<u>CMTR Data</u>
Tensile Strength (psi)	<u>74,900</u>	<u>84,623</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	<u>36,500</u>	<u>54,084</u>
% Elongation	<u>32</u>	<u>32.5</u>
% Reduction in Area	<u>64</u>	<u>64.5</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>150</u>	
% Carbon	<u>0.21</u>	<u>0.21</u>
% Manganese	<u>1.24</u>	<u>1.31</u>
% Silicon	<u>0.24</u>	<u>0.24</u>
% Phosphorous	<u>0.018</u>	<u>0.018</u>
% Sulfur	<u>0.017</u>	<u>0.014</u>
% Chromium	<u>0.07</u>	-
% Nickel	<u>0.03</u>	-
% Molybdenum	<u>0.01</u>	-

Heat Treatment NORM

Another Test for This Line Item? Y      Add Remarks? Y

Hardness was performed at our inhouse Materials Laboratory on material from stock using Rockwell B and EQUOTIP hardness testers. The Rockwell B Hardness (80 for MNS-002-C) was converted to Brinell using Table 2 from ASTM E140 and entered into Test Data Worksheet. One EQUOTIP Hardness Value (398 L<sub>D</sub>) was obtained from at the same location as the Rockwell B, a flat surface where the sample for chemical analysis was removed. A second EQUOTIP Hardness Value (398 L<sub>D</sub>) was obtained after removing approximately 60 mils of metal from the rim of the flange. Chemistry was performed by an outside laboratory on Duke's Approved Vendors List. Tensile specimens were approximately 1/4 inch in diameter and the test was performed inhouse.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item MNS-002

--Specimen ID MNS-002-D

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	<u>78,100</u>	<u>84,623</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	<u>44,400</u>	<u>54,084</u>
% Elongation	<u>31</u>	<u>32.5</u>
% Reduction in Area	<u>59</u>	<u>64.5</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>159</u>	
% Carbon	<u>0.23</u>	<u>0.21</u>
% Manganese	<u>1.25</u>	<u>1.31</u>
% Silicon	<u>0.24</u>	<u>0.24</u>
% Phosphorous	<u>0.018</u>	<u>0.018</u>
% Sulfur	<u>0.018</u>	<u>0.014</u>
% Chromium	<u>0.07</u>	-
% Nickel	<u>0.03</u>	-
% Molybdenum	<u>0.01</u>	-

Heat Treatment NORM

Another Test For This Line Item? N

Add Remarks? Y

Hardness was performed at our inhouse Materials Laboratory on material from stock using Rockwell B and EQUOTIP hardness testers. The Rockwell B Hardness (83 for MNS-002-D) was converted to Brinell using Table 2 from ASTM E140 and entered into Test Data Worksheet. One EQUOTIP Hardness Value (408 Lp) was obtained from at the same location as the Rockwell B, a flat surface where the sample for chemical analysis was removed. A second EQUOTIP Hardness Value (410 Lp) was obtained after removing approximately 60 mils of metal from the rim of the flange. Chemistry was performed by an outside laboratory on Duke's Approved Vendors List. Tensile specimens were approximately 1/4 inch in diameter and the test was performed inhouse.

NRC 88-05  
MATERIALS WORKSHEET

Plant <u>McGuire</u>	Unit <u>Warehouse</u>
Line Item <u>MNS-003</u>	Transaction (A/C/D) <u>C</u>
Heat-Lot <u>CKS</u>	ASME Class <u>2</u>
Commodity <u>FLG</u>	Diameter <u>1</u>
Schedule <u>40</u>	Rating <u>600</u>
Type <u>RF, SW</u>	Spec. <u>105</u>
Grade <u>NA</u>	Source <u>PSI</u>
Vendor (WJM or PSI) <u>PSI</u>	CMTR Date <u>11/10/87</u>
NCA-3800 (Y/N) <u>Y</u>	
Supplier 1 <u>Consolidated Power Supply</u>	Supplier 2 <u>-</u>
Quantity <u>10</u>	Quantity In Stock <u>9</u>
Installed-Access <u>0</u>	Installed-Not Access <u>0</u>
Add Test Results (Y/N) <u>Y</u>	Add Remarks (Y/N) <u>Y</u>

One was rejected due to lack of marking. The nine flanges in stock were marked 1-600-PS-SA 105-CKS-S/40-B16.5. MNS-003-A was examined metallographically and found to be a forging.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item MNS-003      -- Specimen ID MNS-003-A

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	<u>72,700</u>	<u>80,923</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	<u>40,300</u>	<u>58,888</u>
% Elongation	<u>35</u>	<u>28.7</u>
% Reduction In Area	<u>63</u>	<u>59</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>135</u>	
% Carbon	<u>0.18</u>	<u>0.20</u>
% Manganese	<u>0.83</u>	<u>1.35</u>
% Silicon	<u>0.22</u>	<u>0.35</u>
% Phosphorous	<u>0.026</u>	<u>0.021</u>
% Sulfur	<u>0.016</u>	<u>0.016</u>
% Chromium	<u>0.06</u>	-
% Nickel	<u>0.02</u>	-
% Molybdenum	<u>&lt;0.01</u>	-

Heat Treatment None shown on CMTR.

Another Test For This Line Item? Y      Add Remarks? Y

Hardness was performed at our inhouse Materials Laboratory on material from stock using Rockwell B and EQUOTIP hardness testers. The Rockwell B Hardness (74 for MNS-003-A) was converted to Brinell using Table 2 from ASTM E140 and entered into Test Data Worksheet. One EQUOTIP Hardness Value (383 Lp) was obtained from at the same location as the Rockwell B, a flat surface where the sample for chemical analysis was removed. A second EQUOTIP Hardness Value (384 Lp) was obtained after removing approximately 60 mils of metal from the rim of the flange. Chemistry was performed by an outside laboratory on Duke's Approved Vendors List. Tensile specimens were approximately 1/4 inch in diameter and the test was performed inhouse.



NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item MNS-003      --Specimen ID MNS-003-B

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	<u>69,600</u>	<u>80,923</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	<u>41,700</u>	<u>58,888</u>
% Elongation	<u>40</u>	<u>28.7</u>
% Reduction in Area	<u>63</u>	<u>59</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>132</u>	
% Carbon	<u>0.18</u>	<u>0.20</u>
% Manganese	<u>0.79</u>	<u>1.35</u>
% Silicon	<u>0.21</u>	<u>0.35</u>
% Phosphorous	<u>0.024</u>	<u>0.021</u>
% Sulfur	<u>0.013</u>	<u>0.016</u>
% Chromium	<u>0.06</u>	-
% Nickel	<u>0.02</u>	-
% Molybdenum	<u>&lt;0.01</u>	-

Heat Treatment None shown on CMTR.

Another Test For This Line Item? Y      Add Remarks? Y

Hardness was performed at our inhouse Materials Laboratory on material from stock using Rockwell B and EQUOTIP hardness testers. The Rockwell B Hardness (73 for MNS-003-B) was converted to Brinell using Table 2 from ASTM E140 and entered into Test Data Worksheet. One EQUOTIP Hardness Value (380 LD) was obtained from at the same location as the Rockwell B, a flat surface where the sample for chemical analysis was removed. A second EQUOTIP Hardness Value (383 LD) was obtained after removing approximately 60 mils of metal from the rim of the flange. Chemistry was performed by an outside laboratory on Duke's Approved Vendors List. Tensile specimens were approximately 1/4 inch in diameter and the test was performed inhouse.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item MNS-003      --Specimen ID MNS-003-C

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	<u>72,200</u>	<u>80,923</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	<u>44,000</u>	<u>58,888</u>
% Elongation	<u>35</u>	<u>28.7</u>
% Reduction in Area	<u>65</u>	<u>59</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>132</u>	
% Carbon	<u>0.18</u>	<u>0.20</u>
% Manganese	<u>1.03</u>	<u>1.35</u>
% Silicon	<u>0.31</u>	<u>0.35</u>
% Phosphorous	<u>0.022</u>	<u>0.021</u>
% Sulfur	<u>0.022</u>	<u>0.016</u>
% Chromium	<u>0.05</u>	-
% Nickel	<u>0.02</u>	-
% Molybdenum	<u>&lt;0.01</u>	-

Heat Treatment None shown on CMTR.

Another Test For This Line Item? Y      Add Remarks? Y

Hardness was performed at our inhouse Materials Laboratory on material from stock using Rockwell B and EQUOTIP hardness testers. The Rockwell B Hardness (73 for MNS-003-C) was converted to Brinell using Table 2 from ASTM E140 and entered into Test Data Worksheet. One EQUOTIP Hardness Value (383 Lp) was obtained from at the same location as the Rockwell B, a flat surface where the sample for chemical analysis was removed. A second EQUOTIP Hardness Value (374 Lp) was obtained after removing approximately 60 mils of metal from the rim of the flange. Chemistry was performed by an outside laboratory on Duke's Approved Vendors List. Tensile specimens were approximately 1/4 inch in diameter and the test was performed inhouse.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item MNS-003      -- Specimen ID MNS-003-D

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	<u>67,800</u>	<u>80,923</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	<u>40,000</u>	<u>58,888</u>
% Elongation	<u>34</u>	<u>28.7</u>
% Reduction in Area	<u>64</u>	<u>59</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>132</u>	
% Carbon	<u>0.17</u>	<u>0.20</u>
% Manganese	<u>0.79</u>	<u>1.35</u>
% Silicon	<u>0.21</u>	<u>0.35</u>
% Phosphorous	<u>0.023</u>	<u>0.021</u>
% Sulfur	<u>0.012</u>	<u>0.016</u>
% Chromium	<u>0.06</u>	-
% Nickel	<u>0.02</u>	-
% Molybdenum	<u>&lt;0.01</u>	-

Heat Treatment None shown on CMTR.

Another Test For This Line Item? N      Add Remarks? Y

Hardness was performed at our inhouse Materials Laboratory on material from stock using Rockwell B and EQUOTIP hardness testers. The Rockwell B Hardness (73 for MNS-003-D) was converted to Brinell using Table 2 from ASTM E140 and entered into Test Data Worksheet. One EQUOTIP Hardness Value (386 Lp) was obtained from at the same location as the Rockwell B, a flat surface where the sample for chemical analysis was removed. A second EQUOTIP Hardness Value (379 Lp) was obtained after removing approximately 60 mils of metal from the rim of the flange. Chemistry was performed by an outside laboratory on Duke's Approved Vendors List. Tensile specimens were approximately 1/4 inch in diameter and the test was performed inhouse.

NRC 88-05  
MATERIALS WORKSHEET

Plant <u>McGuire</u>	Unit <u>Warehouse</u>
Line Item <u>MNS-004</u>	Transaction (A/C/D) <u>C</u>
Heat-Lot <u>6X11375</u>	ASME Class <u>2</u>
Commodity <u>FLG</u>	Diameter <u>8</u>
Schedule <u>40</u>	Rating <u>150</u>
Type <u>RF, WN</u>	Spec. <u>105</u>
Grade <u>NA</u>	Source <u>PSI</u>
Vendor (WJM or PSI) <u>PSI</u>	CMTR Date <u>01/06/88</u>
NCA-3800 (Y/N) <u>Y</u>	
Supplier 1 <u>DuBose Steel, Inc.</u>	Supplier 2 <u>-</u>
Quantity <u>4</u>	Quantity In Stock <u>4</u>
Installed-Access <u>Q</u>	Installed-Not Access <u>Q</u>
Add Test Results (Y/N) <u>Y</u>	Add Remarks (Y/N) <u>N</u>

The four flanges were sent to the Materials Laboratory. All flanges were marked 8"-150-PS-SA 105 CL 2 6X11375 STD. MNS-004-A was examined metallographically and found to be a forging.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item MNS-004      -- Specimen ID MNS-004-A

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	<u>75,500</u>	<u>81,700</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	<u>43,000</u>	<u>52,800</u>
% Elongation	<u>29</u>	<u>33.0</u>
% Reduction in Area	<u>69</u>	<u>60.0</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>153</u>	
% Carbon	<u>0.18</u>	<u>0.28</u>
% Manganese	<u>1.18</u>	<u>0.91</u>
% Silicon	<u>0.23</u>	<u>0.19</u>
% Phosphorous	<u>0.013</u>	<u>0.012</u>
% Sulfur	<u>0.008</u>	<u>0.020</u>
% Chromium	<u>0.16</u>	-
% Nickel	<u>0.08</u>	-
% Molybdenum	<u>0.02</u>	-

Heat Treatment None shown on CMTR.

Another Test For This Line Item? Y      Add Remarks? Y

Hardness was performed at our inhouse Materials Laboratory on material from stock using Rockwell B and EQUOTIP hardness testers. The Rockwell B Hardness (81 for MNS-004-A) was converted to Brinell using Table 2 from ASTM E140 and entered into Test Data Worksheet. One EQUOTIP Hardness Value (406 L<sub>D</sub>) was obtained from at the same location as the Rockwell B, a flat surface where the sample for chemical analysis was removed. A second EQUOTIP Hardness Value (413 L<sub>D</sub>) was obtained after removing approximately 60 mils of metal from the rim of the flange. Chemistry was performed by an outside laboratory on Duke's Approved Vendors List. Tensile specimens were approximately 1/2 inch in diameter and the test was performed inhouse.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item MNS-004      -- Specimen ID MNS-004-B

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	<u>77,600</u>	<u>81,700</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	<u>46,000</u>	<u>52,800</u>
% Elongation	<u>30</u>	<u>33.0</u>
% Reduction in Area	<u>58</u>	<u>60.0</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>153</u>	
% Carbon	<u>0.21</u>	<u>0.28</u>
% Manganese	<u>0.90</u>	<u>0.91</u>
% Silicon	<u>0.21</u>	<u>0.19</u>
% Phosphorous	<u>0.008</u>	<u>0.012</u>
% Sulfur	<u>0.010</u>	<u>0.020</u>
% Chromium	<u>0.14</u>	-
% Nickel	<u>0.12</u>	-
% Molybdenum	<u>0.03</u>	-

Heat Treatment None shown on CMTR.

Another Test For This Line Item? Y      Add Remarks? Y

Hardness was performed at our inhouse Materials Laboratory on material from stock using Rockwell B and EQUOTIP hardness testers. The Rockwell B Hardness (81 for MNS-004-B) was converted to Brinell using Table 2 from ASTM E140 and entered into Test Data Worksheet. One EQUOTIP Hardness Value (409 Lp) was obtained from at the same location as the Rockwell B, a flat surface where the sample for chemical analysis was removed. A second EQUOTIP Hardness Value (411 Lp) was obtained after removing approximately 60 mils of metal from the rim of the flange. Chemistry was performed by an outside laboratory on Duke's Approved Vendors List. Tensile specimens were approximately 1/2 inch in diameter and the test was performed inhouse.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item MNS-004      --Specimen ID MNS-004-C

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	<u>76,200</u>	<u>81,700</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	<u>44,300</u>	<u>52,800</u>
% Elongation	<u>29</u>	<u>33.0</u>
% Reduction in Area	<u>58</u>	<u>60.0</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>156</u>	
% Carbon	<u>0.20</u>	<u>0.28</u>
% Manganese	<u>0.89</u>	<u>0.91</u>
% Silicon	<u>0.21</u>	<u>0.19</u>
% Phosphorous	<u>0.009</u>	<u>0.012</u>
% Sulfur	<u>0.013</u>	<u>0.020</u>
% Chromium	<u>0.20</u>	-
% Nickel	<u>0.12</u>	-
% Molybdenum	<u>0.05</u>	-

Heat Treatment None shown on CMTR.

Another Test For This Line Item? Y      Add Remarks? Y

Hardness was performed at our inhouse Materials Laboratory on material from stock using Rockwell B and EQUOTIP hardness testers. The Rockwell B Hardness (82 for MNS-004-C) was converted to Brinell using Table 2 from ASTM E140 and entered into Test Data Worksheet. One EQUOTIP Hardness Value (413 L<sub>D</sub>) was obtained from at the same location as the Rockwell B, a flat surface where the sample for chemical analysis was removed. A second EQUOTIP Hardness Value (413 L<sub>D</sub>) was obtained after removing approximately 60 mils of metal from the rim of the flange. Chemistry was performed by an outside laboratory on Duke's Approved Vendors List. Tensile specimens were approximately 1/2 inch in diameter and the test was performed inhouse.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item MNS-004      -- Specimen ID MNS-004-D

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	<u>79,400</u>	<u>81,700</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	<u>45,000</u>	<u>52,800</u>
% Elongation	<u>29</u>	<u>33.0</u>
% Reduction In Area	<u>61</u>	<u>60.0</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>162</u>	
% Carbon	<u>0.22</u>	<u>0.28</u>
% Manganese	<u>0.88</u>	<u>0.91</u>
% Silicon	<u>0.21</u>	<u>0.19</u>
% Phosphorous	<u>0.009</u>	<u>0.012</u>
% Sulfur	<u>0.015</u>	<u>0.020</u>
% Chromium	<u>0.20</u>	--
% Nickel	<u>0.20</u>	--
% Molybdenum	<u>0.05</u>	--

Heat Treatment None shown on CMTR.

Another Test For This Line Item? N      Add Remarks? Y

Hardness was performed at our inhouse Materials Laboratory on material from stock using Rockwell B and EQUOTIP hardness testers. The Rockwell B Hardness (84 for MNS-004-D) was converted to Brinell using Table 2 from ASTM E140 and entered into Test Data Worksheet. One EQUOTIP Hardness Value (422 Lp) was obtained from at the same location as the Rockwell B, a flat surface where the sample for chemical analysis was removed. A second EQUOTIP Hardness Value (427 Lp) was obtained after removing approximately 60 mils of metal from the rim of the flange. Chemistry was performed by an outside laboratory on Duke's Approved Vendors List. Tensile specimens were approximately 1/2 inch in diameter and the test was performed inhouse.



NRC 88-05  
MATERIALS WORKSHEET

Plant <u>McGuire</u>	Unit <u>Warehouse</u>
Line Item <u>MNS-005</u>	Transaction (A/C/D) <u>C</u>
Heat-Lot <u>AAZ-84</u>	ASME Class <u>2</u>
Commodity <u>FLG</u>	Diameter <u>1 1/2</u>
Schedule <u>40</u>	Rating <u>300</u>
Type <u>RF, WN, Orifice</u>	Spec. <u>105</u>
Grade <u>NA</u>	Source <u>PSI</u>
Vendor (WJM or PSI) <u>PSI</u>	CMTR Date <u>12/01/87</u>
NCA-3800 (Y/N) <u>Y</u>	
Supplier 1 <u>Consolidated Power Supply</u>	Supplier 2 <u>-</u>
Quantity <u>10</u>	Quantity in Stock <u>10</u>
Installed-Access <u>0</u>	Installed-Not Access <u>0</u>
Add Test Results (Y/N) <u>Y</u>	Add Remarks (Y/N) <u>Y</u>

The flanges in stock were marked 1-1/2 300-PS-SA 105-CL. 2 AAZ 84 S/40. MNS-005-A was examined metallographically and found to be a forging.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item MNS-005      --Specimen ID MNS-005-A

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	<u>88,000</u>	<u>73,538</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	<u>45,300</u>	<u>38,538</u>
% Elongation	<u>24</u>	<u>25.0</u>
% Reduction In Area	<u>35</u>	<u>47.0</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>172</u>	
% Carbon	<u>0.34</u>	<u>0.25</u>
% Manganese	<u>0.81</u>	<u>0.73</u>
% Silicon	<u>0.21</u>	<u>0.21</u>
% Phosphorous	<u>0.012</u>	<u>0.015</u>
% Sulfur	<u>0.023</u>	<u>0.010</u>
% Chromium	<u>0.02</u>	-
% Nickel	<u>0.02</u>	-
% Molybdenum	<u>&lt;0.01</u>	-
% Vanadium	<u>0.009</u>	-

Heat Treatment NORM

Another Test For This Line Item? Y      Add Remarks? Y

Hardness was performed at our inhouse Materials Laboratory on material from stock using Rockwell B hardness tester. The Rockwell B Hardness (87 for MNS-005-A) was converted to Brinell using Table 2 from ASTM E140 and entered into Test Data Worksheet. An EQUOTIP Hardness Value (438 LD) was obtained from a flat surface where the tensile sample or the sample for chemical analysis was removed. Chemistry was performed by an outside laboratory on Duke's Approved Vendors List. Tensile specimens were approximately 1/4 inch in diameter and the tests were performed inhouse.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item MNS-005      -- Specimen ID MNS-005-8

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	<u>83,300</u>	<u>73,538</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	<u>42,400</u>	<u>38,538</u>
% Elongation	<u>20</u>	<u>25.0</u>
% Reduction in Area	<u>35</u>	<u>47.0</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>159</u>	
% Carbon	<u>0.35</u>	<u>0.25</u>
% Manganese	<u>0.78</u>	<u>0.73</u>
% Silicon	<u>0.21</u>	<u>0.21</u>
% Phosphorous	<u>0.010</u>	<u>0.015</u>
% Sulfur	<u>0.020</u>	<u>0.010</u>
% Chromium	<u>0.02</u>	-
% Nickel	<u>0.02</u>	-
% Molybdenum	<u>&lt;0.01</u>	-
% Vanadium	<u>0.008</u>	-

Heat Treatment NORM

Another Test For This Line Item? Y      Add Remarks? Y

Hardness was performed at our inhouse Materials Laboratory on material from stock using Rockwell B hardness tester. The Rockwell B Hardness (83 for MNS-005-B) was converted to Brinell using Table 2 from ASTM E140 and entered into Test Data Worksheet. An EQUOTIP Hardness Value (424 Lp) was obtained from a flat surface where the tensile sample or the sample for chemical analysis was removed. Chemistry was performed by an outside laboratory on Duke's Approved Vendors List. Tensile specimens were approximately 1/4 inch in diameter and the tests were performed inhouse.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item MNS-005      --Specimen ID MNS-005-C

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	<u>85,300</u>	<u>73,538</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	<u>44,800</u>	<u>38,538</u>
% Elongation	<u>16</u>	<u>25.0</u>
% Reduction In Area	<u>30</u>	<u>47.0</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>165</u>	
% Carbon	<u>0.34</u>	<u>0.25</u>
% Manganese	<u>0.81</u>	<u>0.73</u>
% Silicon	<u>0.22</u>	<u>0.21</u>
% Phosphorous	<u>0.012</u>	<u>0.015</u>
% Sulfur	<u>0.021</u>	<u>0.010</u>
% Chromium	<u>0.02</u>	-
% Nickel	<u>0.02</u>	-
% Molybdenum	<u>&lt;0.009</u>	-
% Vanadium	<u>0.009</u>	-

Heat Treatment NORM

Another Test for This Line Item? Y      Add Remarks? Y

Hardness was performed at our inhouse Materials Laboratory on material from stock using Rockwell B hardness tester. The Rockwell B Hardness (85 for MNS-005-C) was converted to Brinell using Table 2 from ASTM E140 and entered into Test Data Worksheet. An EQUOTIP Hardness Value (435 Lp) was obtained from a flat surface where the tensile sample or the sample for chemical analysis was removed. Chemistry was performed by an outside laboratory on Duke's Approved Vendors List. Tensile specimens were approximately 1/4 inch in diameter and the tests were performed inhouse.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item MNS-005      -- Specimen ID MNS-005-D

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	<u>83,200</u>	<u>73,538</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	<u>40,800</u>	<u>38,538</u>
% Elongation	<u>23</u>	<u>25.0</u>
% Reduction in Area	<u>37</u>	<u>47.0</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>156</u>	
% Carbon	<u>0.34</u>	<u>0.25</u>
% Manganese	<u>0.80</u>	<u>0.73</u>
% Silicon	<u>0.21</u>	<u>0.21</u>
% Phosphorous	<u>0.011</u>	<u>0.015</u>
% Sulfur	<u>0.020</u>	<u>0.010</u>
% Chromium	<u>0.02</u>	-
% Nickel	<u>0.02</u>	-
% Molybdenum	<u>&lt;0.01</u>	-
% Vanadium	<u>0.009</u>	-

Heat Treatment NORM

Another Test For This Line Item? N      Add Remarks? Y

Hardness was performed at our inhouse Materials Laboratory on material from stock using Rockwell B hardness tester. The Rockwell B Hardness (82 for MNS-005-D) was converted to Brinell using Table 2 from ASTM E140 and entered into Test Data Worksheet. An EQUOTIP Hardness Value (431 LD) was obtained from a flat surface where the tensile sample or the sample for chemical analysis was removed. Chemistry was performed by an outside laboratory on Duke's Approved Vendors List. Tensile specimens were approximately 1/4 inch in diameter and the tests were performed inhouse.

NRC 88-05  
MATERIALS WORKSHEET

Plant <u>McGuire</u>	Unit <u>1,2</u>
Line Item <u>MNS-006</u>	Transaction (A/C/D) <u>A</u>
Heat-Lot <u>A23</u>	ASME Class <u>2</u>
Commodity <u>FLG</u>	Diameter <u>3/4</u>
Schedule <u>STD.</u>	Rating <u>1500</u>
Type <u>RF_SW</u>	Spec. <u>105</u>
Grade <u>NA</u>	Source <u>WJM</u>
Vendor (WJM or PSI) <u>WJM</u>	CMTR Date <u>11/03/80</u>
NCA-3800 (Y/N) <u>Y</u>	
Supplier 1 <u>Capitol Pipe &amp; Steel Prod./ Inc</u>	Supplier 2 <u>-</u>
Quantity <u>20</u>	Quantity in Stock <u>0</u>
Installed-Access <u>?</u>	Installed-Not Access <u>?</u>
Add Test Results (Y/N) <u>Y</u>	Add Remarks (Y/N) <u>Y</u>

All twenty flanges were installed in non QA applications under Work Request Numbers 91569, 113921, 117636, 119062, 120274, 119061, 56955, 129205, and 132414.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item MNS-006      --Specimen ID MNS-006-A

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	-	<u>72,500</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	-	<u>41,500</u>
% Elongation	-	<u>28</u>
% Reduction in Area	-	<u>50</u>
Hardness(BHN)	-	
% Carbon	-	<u>0.28</u>
% Manganese	-	<u>0.77</u>
% Silicon	-	<u>0.24</u>
% Phosphorous	-	<u>0.010</u>
% Sulfur	-	<u>0.021</u>
% Chromium	-	-
% Nickel	-	-
% Molybdenum	-	-

Heat Treatment ANN

Another Test For This Line Item? N      Add Remarks? N

NRC 88-05  
MATERIALS WORKSHEET

Plant <u>McGuire</u>	Unit <u>2?</u>
Line Item <u>MNS-007</u>	Transaction (A/C/D) <u>A</u>
Heat-Lot <u>80508</u>	ASME Class <u>?</u>
Commodity <u>FLG</u>	Diameter <u>1</u>
Schedule <u>80</u>	Rating <u>1500</u>
Type <u>RF, SW</u>	Spec. <u>105</u>
Grade <u>NA</u>	Source <u>WJM</u>
Vendor (WJM or PSI) <u>WJM</u>	CMTR Date <u>?</u>
NCA-3800 (Y/N) <u>Y</u>	
Supplier 1 <u>?</u>	Supplier 2 <u>-</u>
Quantity <u>10</u>	Quantity in Stock <u>0</u>
Installed-Access <u>?</u>	Installed-Not Access <u>?</u>
Add Test Results (Y/N) <u>N</u>	Add Remarks (Y/N) <u>Y</u>

Worksheet is incomplete because CMTR was not obtained before work was stopped due to Supplement 2 of NRC Bulletin 88-05.



NRC 88-05  
MATERIALS WORKSHEET

Plant <u>McGuire</u>	Unit <u>?</u>
Line Item <u>MNS-008</u>	Transaction (A/C/D) <u>A</u>
Heat-Lot <u>?</u>	ASME Class <u>2</u>
Commodity <u>FLG</u>	Diameter <u>3/4</u>
Schedule <u>40</u>	Rating <u>150</u>
Type <u>RF, SW</u>	Spec. <u>105</u>
Grade <u>NA</u>	Source <u>?</u>
Vendor (WJM or PSI) <u>?</u>	CMTR Date <u>?</u>
NCA-3800 (Y/N) <u>Y</u>	
Supplier 1 <u>?</u>	Supplier 2 <u>-</u>
Quantity <u>6</u>	Quantity In Stock <u>0</u>
Installed-Access <u>?</u>	Installed-Not Access <u>?</u>
Add Test Results (Y/N) <u>N</u>	Add Remarks (Y/N) <u>Y</u>

Worksheet is incomplete because CMTR was not obtained before work was stopped due to Supplement 2 of NRC Bulletin 88-05.

#### 4. CATAWBA NUCLEAR STATION - NRC BULLETIN 88-05 INVESTIGATION

##### 4.1 OVERVIEW

Through August 5, 1988, 413 WJM/PSI flanges had been identified as ordered for Catawba Nuclear Station. Each of these flanges was given an unique sample identification number designation and tabulated as appropriate behind either Tab 4.1, 4.2 or 4.3 depending on the installation or safety/non-safety related status.

##### 4.2 TEST RESULTS

Twenty-two flanges from eight different line items were tested in-situ using an EQUOTIP hardness tester. The samples tested, heat number, size, and hardness are listed in the following table:

<u>SAMPLE</u>	<u>HEAT #</u>	<u>SIZE</u>	<u>BRINELL HARDNESS</u>
CNS-004-E	COP	2"	150
CNS-004-F	COP	2"	145
CNS-012-A	44036	12"	138
CNS-013-A	A23	1"	142
CNS-013-B	A23	1"	140
CNS-013-C	A23	1"	176
CNS-013-D	A23	1"	156
CNS-013-E	A23	1"	178
CNS-014-A	A23	3/4"	136 (Low)
CNS-014-B	A23	3/4"	147
CNS-014-C	A23	3/4"	147
CNS-014-D	A23	3/4"	138
CNS-014-E	A23	3/4"	138
CNS-014-F	A23	3/4"	138
CNS-014-G	A23	3/4"	146
CNS-014-H	A23	3/4"	137
CNS-016-A	GDEB	4"	157
CNS-016-B	GDEB	4"	151
CNS-017-B	T8834	2"	168
CNS-017-C	T8834	2"	175
CNS-017-D	T8834	2"	158
CNS-017-E	T8834	2"	166
CNS-018-A	56245	3/4"	155
CNS-025-A	UE	1"	211 (High)

\* The Leeb hardness values obtained in the field were corrected for temperature using a correlation factor developed by EPRI and then converted to Brinell hardness numbers using conversion tables provided by EQUOTIP.

Eighty-six flanges from thirteen different line items were found in stock and sent to the Duke Metallurgy Laboratory. Thirty-six flanges underwent a tensile test, hardness test, and chemical analysis. At least one sample from each line item was macro etched in an attempt to determine if it was a forging.

CNS-001-A and CNS-001-B appeared to be made from plate. The grains in CNS-027-A were equiaxial and a determination could not be made. The rest of the flanges all appeared to be forgings. The samples tested, heat number, size, and any deviations from the ASME materials specification are given in the table below. All the test data is given behind Tab 4.4.

<u>SAMPLE</u>	<u>HEAT #</u>	<u>SIZE</u>	<u>DEVIATIONS FROM SPECIFICATION</u>
CNS-001-A	6579	1"	Plate
CNS-001-B	6579	1"	Plate
CNS-002-A	A91	2"	% Elongation & Reduction in Area Low
CNS-002-B	A91	2"	% Elongation & Reduction in Area Low
CNS-002-C	A91	2"	% Elongation & Reduction in Area Low
CNS-002-D	A91	2"	% Elongation & Reduction in Area Low
CNS-003-A	1G5129	10"	None
CNS-004-A	COP	2"	None
CNS-004-B	COP	2"	None
CNS-007-A	56245	1"	None
CNS-007-B	56245	1"	None
CNS-007-C	56245	1"	None
CNS-007-D	56245	1"	None
CNS-008-A	6072802	2"	% Elongation Low
CNS-008-B	6072802	2"	% Elongation Low
CNS-008-C	6072802	2"	% Elongation & Reduction in Area Low
CNS-008-D	6072802	2"	% Elongation Low
CNS-009-A	6X11237	4"	% Elongation & Reduction in Area Low
CNS-009-B	6X11237	4"	% Elongation Low
CNS-010-A	6X11237	12"	None
CNS-010-B	6X11237	12"	None
CNS-010-C	6X11237	12"	None
CNS-015-A	2095	2"	None
CNS-015-B	2095	2"	% Elongation & Reduction in Area Low
CNS-015-C	2095	2"	% Carbon High
CNS-015-D	2095	2"	Low Tensile Strength (Broke Outside Marks)
CNS-017-A	T8834	2"	None
CNS-019-A	25904	1"	% Elongation Low, Hardness High
CNS-019-B	25904	1"	Hardness High
CNS-019-C	25904	1"	% Elongation Low, Hardness High
CNS-020-A	25904	1"	% Elongation Low, Hardness High
CNS-020-B	25904	1"	% Elongation Low, Hardness High
CNS-027-A	GDKD	2"	None
CNS-027-B	GDKD	2"	None
CNS-027-C	GDKD	2"	None
CNS-027-D	GDKD	2"	None

\*When evaluating the tensile test data it should be taken into account that only one specimen was obtained from each flange and that because of the flange size the tensile specimen may not have been parallel to the direction of maximum working.

### 4.3 REPORTABLE ITEMS

Ten flanges: CNS-004E, CNS-004F, CNS-013A, CNS-013B, CNS-014A, CNS-014D, CNS-014E, CNS-014F, CNS-014G, and CNS-025A installed in safety related or seismic applications at Catawba Nuclear Station initially failed the in-situ hardness test. These flanges were reported to the NRC Operations Center as required by Supplement 1 to NRC Bulletin 88-05.

When these flanges were initially reported, NUMARC/EPRI temperature correlation had not been applied. Based upon a later interpretation from the NRC/ONRR technical contact for Bulletin 88-05, allowing application of temperature correction factors prior to determining reportability, only samples CNS-014A and CNS-025A failed the in-situ hardness test and were thereby reportable.

The details of the reports for samples CNS-014A and CNS-025A are contained in the Data Reports for nonconforming or inaccessible flanges and the Memorandum for File located behind Tab 4.5.

### 4.4 JUSTIFICATIONS FOR CONTINUED OPERATION (JCO)

A JCO for flanges CNS-014A and CNS-025A reported to the NRC as having failed the in-situ hardness tests was performed by the Duke Design Engineering Department. This JCO is located behind Tab 4.6 and is identified as Design Engineering Calculation CNC-1232.00-00-0096.

### 4.5 CORRECTIVE ACTIONS

In addition to the corrective actions described in section 1.4, Catawba Sample CNS-025 will be further tested using liquid dye penetrant. This sample, a blind flange with a welded attachment, will undergo this additional testing to further ascertain the acceptability of this flange.

LIST OF KNOWN WJM & PSI FLANGES INSTALLED IN  
SAFETY RELATED SYSTEMS  
(Catawba)

<u>SAMPLE</u>	<u>PO#</u>	<u>HEAT#</u>	<u>SIZE</u>	<u>TYPE</u>	<u>LOCATION</u>
CNS-004-E	K54259	80508	2"	RF, SW	Unit 1 Aux Feedwater (Seismic)
CNS-004-F	K54259	80508	2"	RF, SW	Unit 1 Aux Feedwater (Seismic)
CNS-012-A	K10226	44036	12"	RF, SO	2B Diesel Gen. Lub Oil System
CNS-013-A	G04551	A23	1"	RF, SW	Unit 2 Diesel Gen. Starting Air
CNS-013-B	G04551	A23	1"	RF, SW	Unit 2 Diesel Gen. Starting Air
CNS-013-C	G04551	A23	1"	RF, SW	Unit 2 Diesel Gen. Starting Air
CNS-013-D	G04551	A23	1"	RF, SW	Unit 2 Diesel Gen. Starting Air
CNS-013-E	G04551	A23	1"	RF, SW	Unit 2 Diesel Gen. Starting Air
CNS-014-A	G04551	A23	3/4"	RF, SW	Unit 2 Aux. FDWP Turbine
CNS-014-B	G04551	A23	3/4"	RF, SW	Unit 2 Aux. FDWP Turbine
CNS-014-C	G04551	A23	3/4"	RF, SW	Unit 2 Aux. FDWP Turbine
CNS-014-D	G04551	A23	3/4"	RF, SW	Unit 1 Aux. FDWP Turbine
CNS-014-E	G04551	A23	3/4"	RF, SW	Unit 1 Aux. FDWP Turbine
CNS-014-F	G04551	A23	3/4"	RF, SW	Unit 1 Aux. FDWP Turbine
CNS-014-G	G04551	A23	3/4"	RF, SW	Unit 1 Aux. FDWP Turbine
CNS-014-H	G04551	A23	3/4"	RF, SW	Unit 2 Aux. FDWP Turbine
CNS-016-A	G04551	GDEB	4"	RF, WN	Unit 2 Aux. Feedwater System
CNS-016-B	G04551	GDEB	4"	RF, WN	Unit 2 Aux. Feedwater System
CNS-017-B	H08878	T8834	2"	RF, WN	2A Diesel Gen. Cooling Water
CNS-017-C	H08878	T8834	2"	RF, WN	2A Diesel Gen. Cooling Water
CNS-017-D	H08878	T8834	2"	RF, WN	2B Diesel Gen. Cooling Water
CNS-017-E	H08878	T8834	2"	RF, WN	2B Diesel Gen. Cooling Water
CNS-018-A	H08878	56245	3/4"	RF, SW	Unit 1 Component Cooling System
CNS-025-A	G53724	UE	1"	BL, RF	1B Diesel Gen. Lub Oil System
CNS-025-?	G53724	UE	1"	BL, RF	1A Diesel Gen. Lub Oil System
CNS-025-?	G53724	UE	1"	BL, RF	2B Diesel Gen. Lub Oil System

? = Indicated activity was not complete at issuance of Supplement 2 to NRC  
Bulletin 88-05

RF = Raised Face  
WN = Weld Neck  
BL = Blind  
SW = Socket Weld  
SO = Slip On

LIST OF KNOWN WJM & PSI FLANGES INSTALLED IN  
 NONSAFETY RELATED SYSTEMS  
 (Catawba)

<u>SAMPLE</u>	<u>PQ*</u>	<u>HEAT#</u>	<u>SIZE</u>	<u>TYPE</u>	<u>LOCATION</u>
CNS-001-?	F31659	6579	1"	RF, WN, Orifice	Unknown
CNS-001-?	F31659	6579	1"	RF, WN, Orifice	Unknown
Two flanges (Line Item CNS-001) were sold as surplus.					
CNS-002-?	F31659	A91	2"	RF, WN Orifice	Unknown, or Sold as Surplus
CNS-002-?	F31659	A91	2"	RF, WN Orifice	Unknown, or Sold as Surplus
CNS-002-?	F31659	A91	2"	RF, WN Orifice	Unknown, or Sold as Surplus
CNS-002-?	F31659	A91	2"	RF, WN Orifice	Unknown, or Sold as Surplus
CNS-002-?	F31659	A91	2"	RF, WN Orifice	Unknown, or Sold as Surplus
CNS-002-?	F31659	A91	2"	RF, WN Orifice	Unknown, or Sold as Surplus
CNS-002-?	F31659	A91	2"	RF, WN Orifice	Unknown, or Sold as Surplus
CNS-002-?	F31659	A91	2"	RF, WN Orifice	Unknown, or Sold as Surplus
CNS-002-?	F31659	A91	2"	RF, WN Orifice	Unknown, or Sold as Surplus
The isometric drawings for seven flanges (Line Item CNS-002) have been deleted indicating that the flanges have been discarded.					
CNS-004-?	K54259	COP	2"	RF, SW	Work Request # 4577MNT
Two flanges (Line Item CNS-004) were deleted during inventory adjustment.					
Three flanges (Line Item CNS-005) were used in a flush of the LT System and then discarded. One was transferred to Oconee.					
CNS-007-?	H45250	56245	1"	RF, TH	Unknown, Surplused, or Deleted
CNS-007-?	H45250	56245	1"	RF, TH	Unknown, Surplused, or Deleted
CNS-007-?	H45250	56245	1"	RF, TH	Unknown, Surplused, or Deleted
CNS-007-?	H45250	56245	1"	RF, TH	Unknown, Surplused, or Deleted
CNS-007-?	H45250	56245	1"	RF, TH	Unknown, Surplused, or Deleted
CNS-007-?	H45250	56245	1"	RF, TH	Unknown, Surplused, or Deleted
CNS-007-?	H45250	56245	1"	RF, TH	Unknown, Surplused, or Deleted
CNS-007-?	H45250	56245	1"	RF, TH	Unknown, Surplused, or Deleted
CNS-007-?	H45250	56245	1"	RF, TH	Unknown, Surplused, or Deleted
CNS-007-?	H45250	56245	1"	RF, TH	Unknown, Surplused, or Deleted
CNS-007-?	H45250	56245	1"	RF, TH	Unknown, Surplused, or Deleted
CNS-007-?	H45250	56245	1"	RF, TH	Unknown, Surplused, or Deleted
CNS-007-?	H45250	56245	1"	RF, TH	Unknown, Surplused, or Deleted
CNS-007-?	H45250	56245	1"	RF, TH	Unknown, Surplused, or Deleted
CNS-007-?	H45250	56245	1"	RF, TH	Unknown, Surplused, or Deleted
CNS-007-?	H45250	56245	1"	RF, TH	Unknown, Surplused, or Deleted

Six flanges (Line Item CNS-008) were sold as surplus.

Three flanges (Line Item CNS-009) were sold as surplus.

Two flanges (Line Item CNS-010) were sold as surplus.

Five flanges (Line Item CNS-011) were installed in temporary piping or sold as surplus.

For Line Items CNS-013 thru CNS-027 the determination of how many of the flanges may have been installed in nonsafety related systems, sold as surplus, or deleted during inventory adjustment was not made at the time NRC Bulletin 88-05 Supplement 2 was issued. Items installed in nonsafety related systems are only traceable by material identification numbers which are unique to the type of item but may consist of several different heats from different purchase orders. The materials identification numbers are recorded on tickets at the time items are issued from the warehouse. The tickets for these particular items are not stored on computers and must be obtained from archives.

At Catawba, the heat number of items installed in safety related systems are entered into a computer along with the installed location. This enabled the location of the above suspect flanges installed in safety related systems to be identified by the issuance of Supplement 2.

RF = Raised Face  
WN = Weld Neck  
BL = Blind  
SW = Socket Weld  
SO = Slip On  
TH = Threaded

LIST OF KNOWN WJM & PSI FLANGES  
NON INSTALLED  
(Catawba)

<u>SAMPLE</u>	<u>PO#</u>	<u>HEAT#</u>	<u>SIZE</u>	<u>RATING</u>	<u>SCHEDULE</u>	<u>TYPE</u>
CNS-001-A	F31659	6579	1"	1500#	80	RF, WN, Orifice
CNS-001-B	F31659	6579	1"	1500#	80	RF, WN, Orifice
Four additional flanges (Line Item CNS-001) will be held at the laboratory until the resolution of NRC Bulletin 88-05 is complete.						
CNS-002-A	F31659	A91	2"	300#	40	RF, WN, Orifice
CNS-002-B	F31659	A91	2"	300#	40	RF, WN, Orifice
CNS-002-C	F31659	A91	2"	300#	40	RF, WN, Orifice
CNS-002-D	F31659	A91	2"	300#	40	RF, WN, Orifice
Ten additional flanges (Line Item CNS-002) will be held at the laboratory until the resolution of NRC Bulletin 88-05 is complete.						
CNS-003-A	N55031	1G5129	10"	150#	40	RF, WN
CNS-004-A	K54259	COP	2"	1500#	80	RF, SW
CNS-004-B	K54259	COP	2"	1500#	80	RF, SW
Three additional flanges (Line Item CNS-004) will be held at the laboratory until the resolution of NRC Bulletin 88-05 is complete.						
CNS-007-A	H45250	56245	1"	150#	-	RF, TH
CNS-007-B	H45250	56245	1"	150#	-	RF, TH
CNS-007-C	H45250	56245	1"	150#	-	RF, TH
CNS-007-D	H45250	56245	1"	150#	-	RF, TH
One additional flange (Line Item CNS-007) will be held at the laboratory until the resolution of NRC Bulletin 88-05 is complete.						
CNS-008-A	J32195	6072802	2"	2500#	XXH	RF, WN, Orifice
CNS-008-B	J32195	6072802	2"	2500#	XXH	RF, WN, Orifice
CNS-008-C	J32195	6072802	2"	2500#	XXH	RF, WN, Orifice
CNS-008-D	J32195	6072802	2"	2500#	XXH	RF, WN, Orifice
CNS-009-A	J32195	6X11237	4"	900#	-	RF, BL
CNS-009-B	J32195	6X11237	4"	900#	-	RF, BL
CNS-010-A	J32195	6X11237	12"	300#	Std.	RF, WN
CNS-010-B	J32195	6X11237	12"	300#	Std.	RF, WN
CNS-010-C	J32195	6X11237	12"	300#	Std.	RF, WN
CNS-015-A	G04551	2095	2"	300#	40	RF, SW
CNS-015-B	G04551	2095	2"	300#	40	RF, SW
CNS-015-C	G04551	2095	2"	300#	40	RF, SW
CNS-015-D	G04551	2095	2"	300#	40	RF, SW
Ten additional flanges (Line Item CNS-015) will be held at the laboratory until the resolution of NRC Bulletin 88-05 is complete.						



CNS-017-A	H08878	T8834	2"	150*	40	RF, WN
CNS-019-A	H08878	25904	1"	150*	-	RF, TH
CNS-019-B	H08878	25904	1"	150*	-	RF, TH
CNS-019-C	H08878	25904	1"	150*	-	RF, TH

One additional flange (Line Item CNS-019) will be held at the laboratory until the resolution of NRC Bulletin 88-05 is complete.

CNS-020-A	H08878	25904	1"	150*	-	RF, BL
CNS-020-B	H08878	25904	1"	150*	-	RF, BL
CNS-027-A	G53724	GDKD	2"	150*	-	RF, TH
CNS-027-B	G53724	GDKD	2"	150*	-	RF, TH
CNS-027-C	G53724	GDKD	2"	150*	-	RF, TH
CNS-027-D	G53724	GDKD	2"	150*	-	RF, TH

Twenty-one additional flanges (Line Item CNS-015) will be held at the laboratory until the resolution of NRC Bulletin 88-05 is complete.

- ? = Indicated activity was not complete at issuance of Supplement 2 to NRC Bulletin 88-05
- RF = Raised Face
- WN = Weld Neck
- BL = Blind
- SW = Socket Weld
- TH = Threaded

LIST OF KNOWN WJM & PSI FLANGES  
(Catawba)

LINE ITEM	PO#	HEAT#	TAG#	*ORDERED	*INSTALLED		# AT LAB	# OTHER
					QA	Non QA		
CNS-001	F31659	6579	CC-03096	10	0	2 <sup>1</sup>	6	2
CNS-002	F31659	A91	N/A	30	0	? <sup>2</sup>	14	?
CNS-003	N55031	1G5129	CC-10578	1	0	0	1	0
CNS-004	K54259	COP	CC-09460	10	2 <sup>3</sup>	1	5	2
CNS-005	J05092	6061273	CC-03096	4	0	0	0	3 <sup>4</sup>
CNS-006	M04431	COX	N/A	10 <sup>5</sup>	0	0	0	0
CNS-007	H45250	56245	N/A	20	0	? <sup>6</sup>	5	?
CNS-008	J32195	6072802	CC-03099	10	0	0	4	6 <sup>7</sup>
CNS-009	J32195	6X11237	CC-00384	5	0	0	2	3 <sup>8</sup>
CNS-010	J32195	6X11237	CC-00343	5	0	0	3	2 <sup>9</sup>
CNS-011	J32195	6X11237	N/A	5	0	0	0	5 <sup>10</sup>
CNS-012	K10226	44036	N/A	1	1	0	0	0
CNS-013	G04551	A23	N/A	25	5	?	0	?
CNS-014	G04551	A23	N/A	10	8	?	0	?
CNS-015	G04551	2095	N/A	100	0	?	14	?
CNS-016	G04551	GDEB	N/A	2	2	0	0	?

<sup>1</sup>Two were surplused and two were downgraded to non-QA.

<sup>2</sup>For seven the ISOs have been deleted indicating that the piping has been removed and the flanges discarded. The other nine are installed in non-QA systems or have been surplused.

<sup>3</sup>Two are installed a QA Condition 4 (seismic) systems (Auxiliary Feedwater). One in a non-QA system under WR# 4577MNT. The other two were deleted during inventory adjustment.

<sup>4</sup>One transferred to Oconee ( Transfer Requisition 7310 835534, NSM 2193, LPSW 356 repair). The other three were used in a flush of LT and then discarded.

<sup>5</sup>Located on tube side inlet and outlet of 5 coolers which are used with 3 Westinghouse motors which have not been installed and are in the warehouse on hold.

<sup>6</sup>Fifteen are either installed in non-QA systems (2YV, 4 tickets missing), were sold as surplus or deleted during inventory adjustment.

<sup>7</sup>Six were sold as surplus.

<sup>8</sup>Three were sold as surplus.

<sup>9</sup>Two were sold as surplus.

<sup>10</sup>Five were sold as surplus.

LINE ITEM	PO*	HEAT*	TAG*	*ORDERED	*INSTALLED		#AT LAB	#OTHER
					QA	Non QA		
CNS-017	H08878	T8834	N/A	25	4	?	1	?
CNS-018	H08878	56245	N/A	5	1 <sup>1</sup>	?	0	?
CNS-019	H08878	25904	N/A	15	0 <sup>2</sup>	?	4	?
CNS-020	H08878	25904	N/A	5	0	?	2	?
CNS-021	H08878	85148	N/A	10	0	?	0	?
CNS-022	H08878	220821	N/A	23	0	?	0	?
CNS-023	H08878	6028835	N/A	1	0	?	0	?
CNS-024	H08878	213158	N/A	1	0	?	0	?
CNS-025	G53724	UE	N/A	5	3 <sup>3</sup>	?	0	?
CNS-026	G53724	G DAT	N/A	3	0	?	0	?
CNS-027	G53724	GDKD	N/A	<u>72</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>?</u>	<u>25</u>	<u>?</u>
Total				413	25	?	86	?

\* This list does not include 16 different Heats of WJM flanges which came with a spare Delaval Emergency Diesel Generator purchased from Carolina Power and Light.

<sup>1</sup>One is installed in Component Cooling (1KC017 Weld#19) a QA Condition 1 system.

<sup>2</sup>One was sent to Oconee, Transfer Rec. #7310 852771, to repair the EFW PT Oil Cooler-RW#22842D.

<sup>3</sup>One on 1B diesel was tested. Two found in the same location on the 1A and 2B diesel after NRC 88-05 Supplement 2 had gone into effect were not tested.

NRC 88-05  
MATERIALS WORKSHEET

Plant <u>Catawba</u>	Unit <u>Warehouse</u>
Line Item <u>CNS-001</u>	Transaction (A/C/D) <u>C</u>
Heat-Lot <u>6579</u>	ASME Class <u>2</u>
Commodity <u>FLG</u>	Diameter <u>1</u>
Schedule <u>80</u>	Rating <u>1500</u>
Type <u>RF, WN, Orifice</u>	Spec. <u>105</u>
Grade <u>NA</u>	Source <u>WJM</u>
Vendor (WJM or PSI) <u>WJM</u>	CMTR Date <u>01/26/81</u>
NCA-3800 (Y/N) <u>Y</u>	
Supplier 1 <u>HUB, Inc.</u>	Supplier 2 <u>-</u>
Quantity <u>10</u>	Quantity In Stock <u>6</u>
Installed-Acess <u>0</u>	Installed-Not Acess <u>0</u>
Add Test Results (Y/N) <u>Y</u>	Add Remarks (Y/N) <u>Y</u>

CNS-001-A and CNS-001-B were examined metallographically and were found to be made from plate. Two flanges were surplused and two were downgraded to non-QA. The ones in stock were marked 1" WJ 1500 SA 105 6579 S 80.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item CNS-001

--Specimen ID CNS-001-A

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	<u>74,600</u>	<u>85,482</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	<u>43,700</u>	<u>53,053</u>
% Elongation	<u>30</u>	<u>26</u>
% Reduction In Area	<u>63</u>	<u>40</u>
Hardness (HBM)	<u>156</u>	
% Carbon	<u>0.15</u>	<u>0.28</u>
% Manganese	<u>1.07</u>	<u>0.62</u>
% Silicon	<u>0.21</u>	<u>0.26</u>
% Phosphorous	<u>0.017</u>	<u>0.013</u>
% Sulfur	<u>0.029</u>	<u>0.050</u>
% Chromium	<u>0.23</u>	-
% Nickel	<u>0.14</u>	-
% Molybdenum	<u>0.04</u>	-

Heat Treatment NORM

Another Test For This Line Item? Y

Add Remarks? Y

Hardness was performed at our inhouse Materials Laboratory on material from stock using Rockwell B and EQUOTIP hardness testers. The Rockwell B Hardness (82 for CNS-001-A) was converted to Brinell using Table 2 from ASTM E140 and entered into Test Data Worksheet. One EQUOTIP Hardness Value (413 L<sub>D</sub>) was obtained from at the same location as the Rockwell B, a flat surface where the sample for chemical analysis was removed. A second EQUOTIP Hardness Value (409L<sub>D</sub>) was obtained after removing approximately 60 mils of metal from the rim of the flange. Chemistry was performed by an outside laboratory on Duke's Approved Vendors List. Tensile specimens were approximately 1/4 inch in diameter and the test was performed inhouse.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item CNS-001

-- Specimen ID CNS-001-B

	<u>Test Data</u>	<u>CMTR Data</u>
Tensile Strength (psi)	<u>76,100</u>	<u>85,482</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	<u>44,900</u>	<u>53,053</u>
% Elongation	<u>29</u>	<u>26</u>
% Reduction in Area	<u>61</u>	<u>40</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>156</u>	
% Carbon	<u>0.16</u>	<u>0.28</u>
% Manganese	<u>1.06</u>	<u>0.62</u>
% Silicon	<u>0.21</u>	<u>0.26</u>
% Phosphorous	<u>0.016</u>	<u>0.013</u>
% Sulfur	<u>0.025</u>	<u>0.050</u>
% Chromium	<u>0.23</u>	<u>-</u>
% Nickel	<u>0.14</u>	<u>-</u>
% Molybdenum	<u>0.04</u>	<u>-</u>

Heat Treatment NORM

Another Test For This Line Item? N

Add Remarks? Y

Hardness was performed at our inhouse Materials Laboratory on material from stock using Rockwell B and EQUOTIP hardness testers. The Rockwell B Hardness (82 for CNS-001-B) was converted to Brinell using Table 2 from ASTM E140 and entered into Test Data Worksheet. One EQUOTIP Hardness Value (415 LD) was obtained from at the same location as the Rockwell B, a flat surface where the sample for chemical analysis was removed. A second EQUOTIP Hardness Value (415 LD) was obtained after removing approximately 60 mils of metal from the rim of the flange. Chemistry was performed by an outside laboratory on Duke's Approved Vendors List. Tensile specimens were approximately 1/4 inch in diameter and the test was performed inhouse.

NRC 88-05  
MATERIALS WORKSHEET

Plant <u>Catawba</u>	Unit ? & Warehouse
Line Item <u>CNS-002</u>	Transaction (A/C/D) <u>C</u>
Heat-Lot <u>A91</u>	ASME Class <u>2</u>
Commodity <u>FLG</u>	Diameter <u>2</u>
Schedule <u>40</u>	Rating <u>300</u>
Type <u>RF, WN, Orifice</u>	Spec. <u>105</u>
Grade <u>NA</u>	Source <u>WJM</u>
Vendor (WJM or PSI) <u>WJM</u>	CMTR Date <u>01/26/81</u>
NCA-3800 (Y/N) <u>Y</u>	Supplier 2 <u>-</u>
Supplier 1 <u>HUB, Inc.</u>	Quantity In Stock <u>14</u>
Quantity <u>30</u>	Installed-Not Access <u>-</u>
Installed-Access <u>-</u>	Add Remarks (Y/N) <u>Y</u>
Add Test Results (Y/N) <u>Y</u>	

The Isometric Drawings which eight of the flanges were listed as being on have been deleted, indicating that the piping has been removed and the flanges discarded. The eight other flanges are installed in non-safety applications or surplus. The flanges in stock were all marked 2" WJ 300 SA 105-A91-S-40. CNS-002-A was examined metallographically and found to be a forging.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item CNS-002

--Specimen ID CNS-002-A

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	<u>85,300</u>	<u>87,000</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	<u>43,100</u>	<u>56,000</u>
% Elongation	<u>18</u>	<u>26</u>
% Reduction In Area	<u>20</u>	<u>58</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>156</u>	
% Carbon	<u>0.34</u>	<u>0.35</u>
% Manganese	<u>0.61</u>	<u>0.62</u>
% Silicon	<u>0.17</u>	<u>0.19</u>
% Phosphorous	<u>0.006</u>	<u>0.008</u>
% Sulfur	<u>0.016</u>	<u>0.021</u>
% Chromium	<u>0.13</u>	-
% Nickel	<u>0.07</u>	-
% Molybdenum	<u>0.02</u>	-

Heat Treatment None given on CMTR.

Another Test For This Line Item? Y

Add Remarks? Y

Hardness was performed at our inhouse Materials Laboratory on material from stock using Rockwell B and EQUOTIP hardness testers. The Rockwell B Hardness (84 for CNS-002-A) was converted to Brinell using Table 2 from ASTM E140 and entered into Test Data Worksheet. One EQUOTIP Hardness Value (435 L<sub>D</sub>) was obtained from at the same location as the Rockwell B, a flat surface where the sample for chemical analysis was removed. A second EQUOTIP Hardness Value (432 L<sub>D</sub>) was obtained after removing approximately 60 mils of metal from the rim of the flange. Chemistry was performed by an outside laboratory on Duke's Approved Vendors List. Tensile specimens were approximately 1/4 inch in diameter and the test was performed inhouse.



NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item CNS-002

--Specimen ID CNS-002-B

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	<u>81,600</u>	<u>87,000</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	<u>39,800</u>	<u>56,000</u>
% Elongation	<u>17</u>	<u>26</u>
% Reduction In Area	<u>25</u>	<u>58</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>165</u>	
% Carbon	<u>0.35</u>	<u>0.35</u>
% Manganese	<u>0.64</u>	<u>0.62</u>
% Silicon	<u>0.19</u>	<u>0.19</u>
% Phosphorous	<u>0.007</u>	<u>0.008</u>
% Sulfur	<u>0.021</u>	<u>0.021</u>
% Chromium	<u>0.13</u>	-
% Nickel	<u>0.07</u>	-
% Molybdenum	<u>0.02</u>	-

Heat Treatment None given on CMTR.

Another Test For This Line Item? Y

Add Remarks? Y

Hardness was performed at our inhouse Materials Laboratory on material from stock using Rockwell B and EQUOTIP hardness testers. The Rockwell B Hardness (82 for CNS-002-B) was converted to Brinell using Table 2 from ASTM E140 and entered into Test Data Worksheet. One EQUOTIP Hardness Value (428 L<sub>D</sub>) was obtained from at the same location as the Rockwell B, a flat surface where the sample for chemical analysis was removed. A second EQUOTIP Hardness Value (422 L<sub>D</sub>) was obtained after removing approximately 60 mils of metal from the rim of the flange. Chemistry was performed by an outside laboratory on Duke's Approved Vendors List. Tensile specimens were approximately 1/4 inch in diameter and the test was performed inhouse.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item CNS-002

--Specimen ID CNS-002-C

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	<u>82,300</u>	<u>87,000</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	<u>40,800</u>	<u>56,000</u>
% Elongation	<u>17</u>	<u>26</u>
% Reduction In Area	<u>18</u>	<u>58</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>156</u>	
% Carbon	<u>0.34</u>	<u>0.35</u>
% Manganese	<u>0.63</u>	<u>0.62</u>
% Silicon	<u>0.19</u>	<u>0.19</u>
% Phosphorous	<u>0.006</u>	<u>0.008</u>
% Sulfur	<u>0.018</u>	<u>0.021</u>
% Chromium	<u>0.13</u>	<u>-</u>
% Nickel	<u>0.07</u>	<u>-</u>
% Molybdenum	<u>0.02</u>	

Heat Treatment None given on CMTR.

Another Test For This Line Item? Y

Add Remarks? Y

Hardness was performed at our inhouse Materials Laboratory on material from stock using Rockwell B and EQUOTIP hardness testers. The Rockwell B Hardness (82 for CNS-002-C) was converted to Brinell using Table 2 from ASTM E140 and entered into Test Data Worksheet. One EQUOTIP Hardness Value (428 LD) was obtained from at the same location as the Rockwell B, a flat surface where the sample for chemical analysis was removed. A second EQUOTIP Hardness Value (426 LD) was obtained after removing approximately 60 mils of metal from the rim of the flange. Chemistry was performed by an outside laboratory on Duke's Approved Vendors List. Tensile specimens were approximately 1/4 inch in diameter and the test was performed inhouse.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item CNS-002

--Specimen ID CNS-002-D

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	<u>86,400</u>	<u>87,000</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	<u>43,700</u>	<u>56,000</u>
% Elongation	<u>16</u>	<u>26</u>
% Reduction In Area	<u>18</u>	<u>58</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>165</u>	
% Carbon	<u>0.35</u>	<u>0.35</u>
% Manganese	<u>0.63</u>	<u>0.62</u>
% Silicon	<u>0.18</u>	<u>0.19</u>
% Phosphorous	<u>0.006</u>	<u>0.008</u>
% Sulfur	<u>0.019</u>	<u>0.021</u>
% Chromium	<u>0.13</u>	-
% Nickel	<u>0.07</u>	-
% Molybdenum	<u>0.02</u>	-

Heat Treatment None given on CMTR.

Another Test For This Line Item? N

Add Remarks? Y

Hardness was performed at our inhouse Materials Laboratory on material from stock using Rockwell B and EQUOTIP hardness testers. The Rockwell B Hardness (85 for CNS-002-B) was converted to Brinell using Table 2 from ASTM E140 and entered into Test Data Worksheet. One EQUOTIP Hardness Value (440 LD) was obtained from at the same location as the Rockwell B, a flat surface where the sample for chemical analysis was removed. A second EQUOTIP Hardness Value (437 LD) was obtained after removing approximately 60 mils of metal from the rim of the flange. Chemistry was performed by an outside laboratory on Duke's Approved Vendors List. Tensile specimens were approximately 1/4 inch in diameter and the test was performed inhouse.

NRC 88-05  
MATERIALS WORKSHEET

Plant <u>Catawba</u>	Unit <u>Warehouse</u>
Line Item <u>CNS-003</u>	Transaction (A/C/D) <u>C</u>
Heat-Lot <u>1G5129</u>	ASME Class <u>2</u>
Commodity <u>FLG</u>	Diameter <u>10</u>
Schedule <u>40</u>	Rating <u>150</u>
Type <u>RF, WN</u>	Spec. <u>182</u>
Grade <u>F304</u>	Source <u>PSI</u>
Vendor (WJM or PSI) <u>PSI</u>	CMTR Date <u>11/05/87</u>
NCA-3800 (Y/N) <u>Y</u>	
Supplier 1 <u>Consolidated Power Supply</u>	Supplier 2 <u>-</u>
Quantity <u>1</u>	Quantity In Stock <u>1</u>
Installed-Access <u>0</u>	Installed-Not Access <u>0</u>
Add Test Results (Y/N) <u>Y</u>	Add Remarks (Y/N) <u>Y</u>

The flange was marked 10 150 PS SA 182-F304 CL 2 1G5129 S/40  
B16.5. CNS-003-A was examined metallographically and found to be a  
forging.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item CNS-003

--Specimen ID CNS-003-A

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	<u>86,500</u>	<u>82,100</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	<u>44,800</u>	<u>37,200</u>
% Elongation	<u>53</u>	<u>57.2</u>
% Reduction In Area	<u>72</u>	<u>63</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>176</u>	
% Carbon	<u>0.06</u>	<u>0.055</u>
% Manganese	<u>1.51</u>	<u>1.62</u>
% Silicon	<u>0.67</u>	<u>0.58</u>
% Phosphorous	<u>0.024</u>	<u>0.027</u>
% Sulfur	<u>0.017</u>	<u>0.026</u>
% Chromium	<u>18.70</u>	<u>18.27</u>
% Nickel	<u>9.17</u>	<u>8.90</u>
% Molybdenum	<u>0.43</u>	-

Heat Treatment ANN (Solution)

Another Test For This Line Item? N

Add Remarks? Y

Hardness was performed at our inhouse Materials Laboratory on material from stock using Rockwell B and EQUOTIP hardness testers. The Rockwell B Hardness (88 for CNS-003-A) was converted to Brinell using Table 2 from ASTM E140 and entered into Test Data Worksheet. One EQUOTIP Hardness Value (450 LD) was obtained from at the same location as the Rockwell B, a flat surface where the sample for chemical analysis was removed. A second EQUOTIP Hardness Value (453 LD) was obtained after removing approximately 60 mils of metal from the rim of the flange. Chemistry was performed by an outside laboratory on Duke's Approved Vendors List. Tensile specimens were approximately 1/2 inch in diameter and the test was performed inhouse.

NRC 88-05  
MATERIALS WORKSHEET

Plant Catawba

Line Item CNS-004

Heat-Lot COP

Commodity FLG

Schedule 80

Type RF, SW

Grade NA

Vendor (WJM or PSI) WJM

NCA-3800 (Y/N) Y

Supplier 1 Capital Pipe & Steel Products

Quantity 10

Installed-Access 3

Add Test Results (Y/N) Y

Unit 1 & Warehouse

Transaction (A/C/D) C

ASME Class 2

Diameter 2

Rating 1500

Spec. 105

Source Dallas Forge, Inc.

CMTR Date 02/22/84

Supplier 2 -

Quantity In Stock 5

Installed-Not Access 0

Add Remarks (Y/N) Y

Dallas Forges CMTR shows Heat Number of 75065 typed in and Heat Code of COP written in. Two flanges are installed in seismicly qualified systems (Auxiliary Feedwater). One was installed in a non-QA system under Work Request #4577MNT. The other two were deleted during inventory adjustment. The five in stock and the flanges tested in-situ were all marked 2-WJ 1500 SA105 CL 2 COP X H. CNS-004-A was examined metallographically and found to be a forging.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item CNS-004

--Specimen ID CNS-004-A

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	<u>75,700</u>	<u>88,079</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	<u>47,300</u>	<u>55,674</u>
% Elongation	<u>30</u>	<u>24</u>
% Reduction In Area	<u>55</u>	<u>52</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>147</u>	
% Carbon	<u>0.24</u>	<u>0.27</u>
% Manganese	<u>1.01</u>	<u>0.99</u>
% Silicon	<u>0.28</u>	<u>0.31</u>
% Phosphorous	<u>0.005</u>	<u>0.010</u>
% Sulfur	<u>0.016</u>	<u>0.023</u>
% Chromium	<u>0.08</u>	-
% Nickel	<u>0.12</u>	-
% Molybdenum	<u>0.04</u>	-

Heat Treatment NORM

Another Test For This Line Item? Y

Add Remarks? Y

Hardness was performed at our inhouse Materials Laboratory on material from stock using Rockwell B and EQUOTIP hardness testers. The Rockwell B Hardness (79 for CNS-004-A) was converted to Brinell using Table 2 from ASTM E140 and entered into Test Data Worksheet. One EQUOTIP Hardness Value (402 L<sub>D</sub>) was obtained from at the same location as the Rockwell B, a flat surface where the sample for chemical analysis was removed. A second EQUOTIP Hardness Value (404 L<sub>D</sub>) was obtained after removing approximately 60 mils of metal from the rim of the flange. Chemistry was performed by an outside laboratory on Duke's Approved Vendors List. Tensile specimens were approximately 1/2 inch in diameter and the test was performed inhouse.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item CNS-004

--Specimen ID CNS-004-B

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	<u>75,700</u>	<u>88,079</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	<u>45,900</u>	<u>55,674</u>
% Elongation	<u>28</u>	<u>24</u>
% Reduction in Area	<u>52</u>	<u>52</u>
Hardness (BHM)	<u>141</u>	
% Carbon	<u>0.24</u>	<u>0.27</u>
% Manganese	<u>0.97</u>	<u>0.99</u>
% Silicon	<u>0.24</u>	<u>0.31</u>
% Phosphorous	<u>0.006</u>	<u>0.010</u>
% Sulfur	<u>0.017</u>	<u>0.023</u>
% Chromium	<u>0.09</u>	-
% Nickel	<u>0.12</u>	-
% Molybdenum	<u>0.04</u>	-

Heat Treatment NORM

Another Test For This Line Item? Y

Add Remarks? Y

Hardness was performed at our inhouse Materials Laboratory on material from stock using Rockwell B and EQUOTIP hardness testers. The Rockwell B Hardness (77 for CNS-004-B) was converted to Brinell using Table 2 from ASTM E140 and entered into Test Data Worksheet. One EQUOTIP Hardness Value (394 LD) was obtained from at the same location as the Rockwell B, a flat surface where the sample for chemical analysis was removed. A second EQUOTIP Hardness Value (404 LD) was obtained after removing approximately 60 mils of metal from the rim of the flange. Chemistry was performed by an outside laboratory on Duke's Approved Vendors List. Tensile specimens were approximately 1/2 inch in diameter and the test was performed inhouse.



NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item CNS-004

--Specimen ID CNS-004-E

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	-	<u>88,079</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	-	<u>55,674</u>
% Elongation	-	<u>24</u>
% Reduction In Area	-	<u>52</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>150</u>	
% Carbon	-	<u>0.27</u>
% Manganese	-	<u>0.99</u>
% Silicon	-	<u>0.31</u>
% Phosphorous	-	<u>0.010</u>
% Sulfur	-	<u>0.023</u>
% Chromium	-	-
% Nickel	-	-
% Molybdenum	-	-

Heat Treatment NORM

Another Test For This Line Item? Y

Add Remarks? Y

The hardness testing was performed in-situ using an EQUOTIP Hardness Tester. Approximately 40-60 mils of metal was removed from the outside edge of the flange and ten hardness readings were taken. The surface was then reground and a second set of ten hardness readings was taken. If the average of the second set of readings was within 10 L- units of the average of the first set, the data was valid. The average value of the two sets data was 362 L<sub>D</sub> for flange CNS-004-E. The temperature of the flange was 323<sup>0</sup> F and there was no vibration or magnetic field. Adding the EPRI developed correction factor for temperature (+52) gives a corrected value of 414 L<sub>D</sub>.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item CNS-004

--Specimen ID CNS-004-F

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	-	<u>88,079</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	-	<u>55,674</u>
% Elongation	-	<u>24</u>
% Reduction In Area	-	<u>52</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>145</u>	
% Carbon	-	<u>0.27</u>
% Manganese	-	<u>0.99</u>
% Silicon	-	<u>0.31</u>
% Phosphorous	-	<u>0.010</u>
% Sulfur	-	<u>0.023</u>
% Chromium	-	-
% Nickel	-	-
% Molybdenum	-	-

Heat Treatment NORM

Another Test For This Line Item? N

Add Remarks? Y

The hardness testing was performed in-situ using an EQUOTIP Hardness Tester. Approximately 40-60 mils of metal was removed from the outside edge of the flange and ten hardness readings were taken. The surface was then reground and a second set of ten hardness readings was taken. If the average of the second set of readings was within 10 L-units of the average of the first set, the data was valid. The average value of the two sets data was 355 Lp for flange CNS-004-F. The temperature of the flange was 323<sup>0</sup> F and there was no vibration or magnetic field. Adding the EPRI developed correction factor for temperature (+52) gives a corrected value of 407 Lp.

NRC 88-05  
MATERIALS WORKSHEET

Plant <u>Catawba</u>	Unit <u>2 (Oconee) ONS-003-A</u>
Line Item <u>CNS-005</u>	Transaction (A/C/D) <u>C</u>
Heat-Lot <u>6061273</u>	ASME Class <u>2</u>
Commodity <u>FLG</u>	Diameter <u>12</u>
Schedule <u>80</u>	Rating <u>150</u>
Type <u>BL RF</u>	Spec. <u>105</u>
Grade <u>NA</u>	Source <u>WJM</u>
Vendor (WJM or PSI) <u>WJM</u>	CMTR Date <u>03/30/83</u>
NCA-3800 (Y/N) <u>Y</u>	
Supplier 1 <u>McJunkin Corporation</u>	Supplier 2 <u>-</u>
Quantity <u>4</u>	Quantity In Stock <u>0</u>
Installed-Access <u>1</u>	Installed-Not Access <u>0</u>
Add Test Results (Y/N) <u>Y</u>	Add Remarks (Y/N) <u>Y</u>

One was transferred to Oconee, and is installed in the Low Pressure Service Water System which is safety related. The other three were used in a flush and then discarded. The one at Oconee was marked 12" WJ 150 SA 105 CL2 6061273

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item CNS-005

--Specimen ID ONS-003-A

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	-	<u>82,000</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	-	<u>44,900</u>
% Elongation	-	<u>32.0</u>
% Reduction In Area	-	<u>61.0</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>153</u>	
% Carbon	-	<u>0.24</u>
% Manganese	-	<u>1.18</u>
% Silicon	-	<u>0.23</u>
% Phosphorous	-	<u>0.006</u>
% Sulfur	-	<u>0.022</u>
% Chromium	-	-
% Nickel	-	-
% Molybdenum	-	-

Heat Treatment None given on CRTM.

Another Test For This Line Item? N

Add Remarks? Y

The hardness testing was performed in-situ using an EQUOTIP Hardness Tester. Approximately 40-60 mils of metal was removed from the outside edge of the flange and ten hardness readings were taken. The surface was then reground and a second set of ten hardness readings was taken. If the average of the second set of readings was within 10 L- units of the average of the first set, the data was valid. The average value of the two sets data was 410 L<sub>D</sub> for flange CNS-005-A. The temperature of the flange was 100.4<sup>o</sup> F. There was slight to moderate vibration and no magnetic field. Adding the EPRI developed correction factor for temperature (+8) gives a corrected value of 418 L<sub>D</sub>.

NRC 88-05  
MATERIALS WORKSHEET

Plant <u>Catawba</u>	Unit <u>Warehouse</u>
Line Item <u>CNS-006</u>	Transaction (A/C/D) <u>A</u>
Heat-Lot <u>COX</u>	ASME Class <u>3</u>
Commodity <u>FLG</u>	Diameter <u>1 1/2 X 6</u>
Schedule <u>N/A</u>	Rating <u>150</u>
Type <u>RED, SO</u>	Spec. <u>105</u>
Grade <u>NA</u>	Source <u>WJM</u>
Vendor (WJM or PSI) <u>WJM</u>	CMTR Date <u>11/29/85</u>
NCA-3800 (Y/N) <u>Y</u>	
Supplier 1 <u>Chicago Tube &amp; Iron</u>	Supplier 2 <u>Sentry Equipment Corp.</u>
Quantity <u>10</u>	Quantity In Stock <u>10</u>
Installed-Access <u>0</u>	Installed-Not Access <u>0</u>
Add Test Results (Y/N) <u>Y</u>	Add Remarks (Y/N) <u>Y</u>

The ten flanges were supplied by Westinghouse Electric Corp. and are located on the tube side inlet and outlet of 5 coolers which are used with 3 motors which have not been installed and are on hold in the warehouse.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item CNS-006

--Specimen ID CNS-006-A

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	=	<u>87,663</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	=	<u>50,575</u>
% Elongation	=	<u>22.0</u>
% Reduction In Area	=	<u>43.0</u>
Hardness (BHN)	=	
% Carbon	=	<u>0.28</u>
% Manganese	=	<u>0.75</u>
% Silicon	=	<u>0.22</u>
% Phosphorous	=	<u>0.017</u>
% Sulfur	=	<u>0.027</u>
% Chromium	=	=
% Nickel	=	=
% Molybdenum	=	=

Heat Treatment None given on CRTM.

Another Test For This Line Item? N

Add Remarks? N

NRC 88-05  
MATERIALS WORKSHEET

Plant <u>Catawba</u>	Unit <u>? Warehouse</u>
Line Item <u>CNS-007</u>	Transaction (A/C/D) <u>C</u>
Heat-Lot <u>56245</u>	ASME Class <u>2</u>
Commodity <u>FLG</u>	Diameter <u>1</u>
Schedule <u>N/A</u>	Rating <u>150</u>
Type <u>RF, TH</u>	Spec. <u>105</u>
Grade <u>NA</u>	Source <u>WJM</u>
Vendor (WJM or PSI) <u>WJM</u>	CMTR Date <u>01/05/83</u>
NCA-3800 (Y/N) <u>Y</u>	
Supplier 1 <u>Capitol Pipe &amp; Steel Prod./ Inc</u>	Supplier 2 <u>-</u>
Quantity <u>20</u>	Quantity In Stock <u>5</u>
Installed-Access <u>?</u>	Installed-Not Access <u>?</u>
Add Test Results (Y/N) <u>Y</u>	Add Remarks (Y/N) <u>Y</u>

CNS-007-A was examined metallographically and found to be a forging. WJM shows the Heat No. as 56245 and the Test or Code No. as GDKG. The flanges not in stock have either been sold as surplus or installed in a non-QA system. All flanges examined were marked 1"- WJ-150-SA-105- CL.2 -GDKG - H45250-13.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item CNS-007

--Specimen ID CNS-007-A

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	<u>84,000</u>	<u>83,620</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	<u>51,000</u>	<u>56,240</u>
% Elongation	<u>25</u>	<u>31.0</u>
% Reduction in Area	<u>60</u>	<u>59.7</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>172</u>	
% Carbon	<u>0.24</u>	<u>0.24</u>
% Manganese	<u>0.86</u>	<u>0.90</u>
% Silicon	<u>0.25</u>	<u>0.26</u>
% Phosphorous	<u>0.007</u>	<u>0.010</u>
% Sulfur	<u>0.027</u>	<u>0.020</u>
% Chromium	<u>0.09</u>	<u>-</u>
% Nickel	<u>0.06</u>	<u>-</u>
% Molybdenum	<u>0.01</u>	<u>-</u>
% Vanadium	<u>0.029</u>	<u>-</u>

Heat Treatment None given on CRTM.

Another Test For This Line Item? Y

Add Remarks? Y

Hardness was performed at our inhouse Materials Laboratory on material from stock using Rockwell B hardness tester. The Rockwell B Hardness (87 for CNS-007-A) was converted to Brinell using Table 2 from ASTM E140 and entered into Test Data Worksheet. Chemistry was performed by an outside laboratory on Duke's Approved Vendors List. Tensile specimens were approximately 1/4 inch in diameter and the tests were performed inhouse.



NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item CNS-007

--Specimen ID CNS-007-B

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	<u>83,100</u>	<u>83,620</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	<u>50,500</u>	<u>56,240</u>
% Elongation	<u>25</u>	<u>31.0</u>
% Reduction In Area	<u>60</u>	<u>59.7</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>169</u>	
% Carbon	<u>0.25</u>	<u>0.24</u>
% Manganese	<u>0.84</u>	<u>0.90</u>
% Silicon	<u>0.24</u>	<u>0.26</u>
% Phosphorous	<u>0.007</u>	<u>0.010</u>
% Sulfur	<u>0.019</u>	<u>0.020</u>
% Chromium	-	-
% Nickel	<u>0.07</u>	-
% Molybdenum	<u>0.01</u>	-
% Vanadium	<u>0.028</u>	-

Heat Treatment None given on CRTM.

Another Test For This Line Item? Y      Add Remarks? Y

Hardness was performed at our inhouse Materials Laboratory on material from stock using Rockwell B hardness tester. The Rockwell B Hardness (86 for CNS-007-B) was converted to Brinell using Table 2 from ASTM E140 and entered into Test Data Worksheet. Chemistry was performed by an outside laboratory on Duke's Approved Vendors List. Tensile specimens were approximately 1/4 inch in diameter and the tests were performed inhouse.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item CNS-007

--Specimen ID CNS-007-C

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	<u>83,800</u>	<u>83,620</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	<u>52,600</u>	<u>56,240</u>
% Elongation	<u>26</u>	<u>31.0</u>
% Reduction In Area	<u>57</u>	<u>59.7</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>169</u>	
% Carbon	<u>0.25</u>	<u>0.24</u>
% Manganese	<u>0.83</u>	<u>0.90</u>
% Silicon	<u>0.24</u>	<u>0.26</u>
% Phosphorous	<u>0.007</u>	<u>0.010</u>
% Sulfur	<u>0.018</u>	<u>0.020</u>
% Chromium	<u>0.09</u>	-
% Nickel	<u>0.07</u>	-
% Molybdenum	<u>0.01</u>	-
% Vanadium	<u>0.027</u>	-

Heat Treatment None given on CRTM.

Another Test For This Line Item? Y

Add Remarks? Y

Hardness was performed at our inhouse Materials Laboratory on material from stock using Rockwell B hardness tester. The Rockwell B Hardness (86 for CNS-007-C) was converted to Brinell using Table 2 from ASTM E140 and entered into Test Data Worksheet. Chemistry was performed by an outside laboratory on Duke's Approved Vendors List. Tensile specimens were approximately 1/4 inch in diameter and the tests were performed inhouse.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item CNS-007

--Specimen ID CNS-007-D

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	<u>86,100</u>	<u>83,620</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	<u>52,600</u>	<u>56,240</u>
% Elongation	<u>27</u>	<u>31.0</u>
% Reduction In Area	<u>57</u>	<u>59.7</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>172</u>	
% Carbon	<u>0.24</u>	<u>0.24</u>
% Manganese	<u>0.85</u>	<u>0.90</u>
% Silicon	<u>0.23</u>	<u>0.26</u>
% Phosphorous	<u>0.007</u>	<u>0.010</u>
% Sulfur	<u>0.018</u>	<u>0.020</u>
% Chromium	<u>0.10</u>	-
% Nickel	<u>0.07</u>	-
% Molybdenum	<u>0.01</u>	-
% Vanadium	<u>0.028</u>	-

Heat Treatment None given on CRTM.

Another Test For This Line Item? N

Add Remarks? Y

Hardness was performed at our inhouse Materials Laboratory on material from stock using Rockwell B hardness tester. The Rockwell B Hardness (87 for CNS-007-D) was converted to Brinell using Table 2 from ASTM E140 and entered into Test Data Worksheet. Chemistry was performed by an outside laboratory on Duke's Approved Vendors List. Tensile specimens were approximately 1/4 inch in diameter and the tests were performed inhouse.

NRC 88-05  
MATERIALS WORKSHEET

Plant <u>Catawba</u>	Unit <u>Warehouse</u>
Line Item <u>CNS-008</u>	Transaction (A/C/D) <u>C</u>
Heat-Lot <u>6072802</u>	ASME Class <u>2</u>
Commodity <u>FLG</u>	Diameter <u>2</u>
Schedule <u>XXH</u>	Rating <u>2500</u>
Type <u>RF, W.N. Orifice</u>	Spec. <u>105</u>
Grade <u>NA</u>	Source <u>Republic Steel</u>
Vendor (WJM or PSI) <u>WJM</u>	CMTR Date <u>08/11/83</u>
NCA-3800 (Y/N) <u>Y</u>	
Supplier 1 <u>Capitol Pipe &amp; Steel Prod./ Inc.</u>	Supplier 2 <u>-</u>
Quantity <u>10</u>	Quantity In Stock <u>4</u>
Installed-Access <u>0</u>	Installed-Not Access <u>0</u>
Add Test Results (Y/N) <u>Y</u>	Add Remarks (Y/N) <u>Y</u>

CNS-008-A was examined metallographically and found to be a forging. The material was purchased as forged bars from Republic Steel by Gulf Coast Machine and Supply Company where they were rough forged. The rough forgings were then sold to WJM. Six flanges have been sold as surplus. The flanges in stock were marked 2 WJ 2500 SA 105 CL 2 6072802 XXH.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item CNS-008

--Specimen ID CNS-008-A

	<u>Test Data</u>	<u>CMTR Data</u>
Tensile Strength (psi)	<u>79,100</u>	<u>78,400</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	<u>55,500</u>	<u>51,600</u>
% Elongation	<u>18</u>	<u>31.0</u>
% Reduction In Area	<u>30</u>	<u>55.0</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>156</u>	
% Carbon	<u>0.26</u>	<u>0.26</u>
% Manganese	<u>1.17</u>	<u>1.23</u>
% Silica	<u>0.20</u>	<u>0.20</u>
% Phosphorous	<u>0.010</u>	<u>0.010</u>
% Sulfur	<u>0.021</u>	<u>0.024</u>
% Chromium	<u>0.14</u>	<u>0.13</u>
% Nickel	<u>0.08</u>	<u>0.07</u>
% Molybdenum	<u>0.06</u>	<u>0.05</u>

Heat Treatment NORM

Another Test For This Line Item? Y

Add Remarks? Y

Hardness was performed at our inhouse Materials Laboratory on material from stock using Rockwell B hardness tester. The Rockwell B Hardness (82 for CNS-008-A) was converted to Brinell using Table 2 from ASTM E140 and entered into Test Data Worksheet. An EQUOTIP Hardness Value (416 Lp) was obtained from a flat surface where the tensile sample or the sample for chemical analysis was removed. Chemistry was performed by an outside laboratory on Duke's Approved Vendors List. Tensile specimens were approximately 1/2 inch in diameter and the tests were performed inhouse.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item CNS-008

--Specimen ID CNS-008-B

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	<u>78,100</u>	<u>78,400</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	<u>54,500</u>	<u>51,600</u>
% Elongation	<u>19</u>	<u>31.0</u>
% Reduction in Area	<u>31</u>	<u>55.0</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>156</u>	
% Carbon	<u>0.26</u>	<u>0.26</u>
% Manganese	<u>1.22</u>	<u>1.23</u>
% Silicon	<u>0.21</u>	<u>0.20</u>
% Phosphorous	<u>0.010</u>	<u>0.010</u>
% Sulfur	<u>0.027</u>	<u>0.024</u>
% Chromium	<u>0.15</u>	<u>0.13</u>
% Nickel	<u>0.08</u>	<u>0.07</u>
% Molybdenum	<u>0.06</u>	<u>0.05</u>

Heat Treatment NORM

Another Test For This Line Item? Y

Add Remarks? Y

Hardness was performed at our inhouse Materials Laboratory on material from stock using Rockwell B hardness tester. The Rockwell B Hardness (82 for CNS-008-B) was converted to Brinell using Table 2 from ASTM E140 and entered into Test Data Worksheet. An EQUOTIP Hardness Value (409 LD) was obtained from a flat surface where the tensile sample or the sample for chemical analysis was removed. Chemistry was performed by an outside laboratory on Duke's Approved Vendors List. Tensile specimens were approximately 1/2 inch in diameter and the tests were performed inhouse.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item CNS-008

--Specimen ID CNS-008-C

	<u>Test Data</u>	<u>CMTR Data</u>
Tensile Strength (psi)	<u>78,100</u>	<u>78,400</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	<u>55,300</u>	<u>51,600</u>
% Elongation	<u>19</u>	<u>31.0</u>
% Reduction In Area	<u>28</u>	<u>55.0</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>156</u>	
% Carbon	<u>0.25</u>	<u>0.26</u>
% Manganese	<u>1.23</u>	<u>1.23</u>
% Silicon	<u>0.21</u>	<u>0.20</u>
% Phosphorous	<u>0.010</u>	<u>0.010</u>
% Sulfur	<u>0.026</u>	<u>0.024</u>
% Chromium	<u>0.14</u>	<u>0.13</u>
% Nickel	<u>0.08</u>	<u>0.07</u>
% Molybdenum	<u>0.06</u>	<u>0.05</u>

Heat Treatment NORM

Another Test For This Line Item? Y

Add Remarks? Y

Hardness was performed at our inhouse Materials Laboratory on material from stock using Rockwell B hardness tester. The Rockwell B Hardness (82 for CNS-008-C) was converted to Brinell using Table 2 from ASTM E140 and entered into Test Data Worksheet. An EQUOTIP Hardness Value (409 LD) was obtained from a flat surface where the tensile sample or the sample for chemical analysis was removed. Chemistry was performed by an outside laboratory on Duke's Approved Vendors List. Tensile specimens were approximately 1/2 inch in diameter and the tests were performed inhouse.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item CNS-008

--Specimen ID CNS-008-D

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	<u>77,700</u>	<u>78,400</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	<u>53,000</u>	<u>51,600</u>
% Elongation	<u>20</u>	<u>31.0</u>
% Reduction In Area	<u>35</u>	<u>55.0</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>153</u>	
% Carbon	<u>0.25</u>	<u>0.26</u>
% Manganese	<u>1.31</u>	<u>1.23</u>
% Silicon	<u>0.24</u>	<u>0.20</u>
% Phosphorous	<u>0.012</u>	<u>0.010</u>
% Sulfur	<u>0.031</u>	<u>0.024</u>
% Chromium	<u>0.15</u>	<u>0.13</u>
% Nickel	<u>0.08</u>	<u>0.07</u>
% Molybdenum	<u>0.06</u>	<u>0.05</u>

Heat Treatment NORM

Another Test For This Line Item? N

Add Remarks? Y

Hardness was performed at our inhouse Materials Laboratory on material from stock using Rockwell B hardness tester. The Rockwell B Hardness (81 for CNS-008-D) was converted to Brinell using Table 2 from ASTM E140 and entered into Test Data Worksheet. An EQUOTIP Hardness Value (419 Lp) was obtained from a flat surface where the tensile sample or the sample for chemical analysis was removed. Chemistry was performed by an outside laboratory on Duke's Approved Vendors List. Tensile specimens were approximately 1/2 inch in diameter and the tests were performed inhouse.



NRC 88-05  
MATERIALS WORKSHEET

Plant <u>Catawba</u>	Unit <u>Warehouse</u>
Line Item <u>CNS-009</u>	Transaction (A/C/D) <u>C</u>
Heat-Lot <u>6X11237</u>	ASME Class <u>2</u>
Commodity <u>FLG</u>	Diameter <u>4</u>
Schedule <u>N/A</u>	Rating <u>900</u>
Type <u>BL, RF</u>	Spec. <u>105</u>
Grade <u>NA</u>	Source <u>Republic Steel</u>
Vendor (WJM or PSI) <u>WJM</u>	CMTR Date <u>05/31/83</u>
NCA-3800 (Y/N) <u>Y</u>	
Supplier 1 <u>Capitol Pipe &amp; Steel Prod./ Inc</u>	Supplier 2 <u>-</u>
Quantity <u>5</u>	Quantity In Stock <u>2</u>
Installed-Access <u>0</u>	Installed-Not Access <u>0</u>
Add Test Results (Y/N) <u>Y</u>	Add Remarks (Y/N) <u>Y</u>

CNS-009-A was examined metallographically and found to be a forging. The material was purchased as forged bars from Republic Steel by Gulf Coast Machine and Supply Company where they were rough forged. The rough forgings were then sold to WJM. Three flanges have been sold as surplus. The flanges in stock were marked 4 WJ 900 SA 105 CL 2 6X11237.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item CNS-009

--Specimen ID CNS-009-A

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	<u>75,800</u>	<u>78,400</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	<u>48,700</u>	<u>48,700</u>
% Elongation	<u>19</u>	<u>33.0</u>
% Reduction in Area	<u>28</u>	<u>63.0</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>147</u>	
% Carbon	<u>0.27</u>	<u>0.27</u>
% Manganese	<u>0.94</u>	<u>0.94</u>
% Silicon	<u>0.19</u>	<u>0.20</u>
% Phosphorous	<u>0.016</u>	<u>0.016</u>
% Sulfur	<u>0.021</u>	<u>0.021</u>
% Chromium	<u>0.06</u>	<u>0.06</u>
% Nickel	<u>0.01</u>	<u>0.02</u>
% Molybdenum	<u>0.01</u>	<u>0.01</u>

Heat Treatment NORM

Another Test For This Line Item? Y

Add Remarks? Y

Hardness was performed at our inhouse Materials Laboratory on material from stock using Rockwell B hardness tester. The Rockwell B Hardness (79 for CNS-009-A) was converted to Brinell using Table 2 from ASTM E140 and entered into Test Data Worksheet. An EQUOTIP Hardness Value (410 Lp) was obtained from a flat surface where the tensile sample or the sample for chemical analysis was removed. Chemistry was performed by an outside laboratory on Duke's Approved Vendors List. Tensile specimens were approximately 1/2 inch in diameter and the tests were performed inhouse.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item CNS-009      -- Specimen ID CNS-009-B

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	<u>75,500</u>	<u>78,400</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	<u>48,000</u>	<u>48,700</u>
% Elongation	<u>20</u>	<u>33.0</u>
% Reduction In Area	<u>31</u>	<u>63.0</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>141</u>	
% Carbon	<u>0.27</u>	<u>0.27</u>
% Manganese	<u>0.94</u>	<u>0.94</u>
% Silicon	<u>0.19</u>	<u>0.20</u>
% Phosphorous	<u>0.014</u>	<u>0.016</u>
% Sulfur	<u>0.019</u>	<u>0.021</u>
% Chromium	<u>0.06</u>	<u>0.06</u>
% Nickel	<u>0.01</u>	<u>0.02</u>
% Molybdenum	<u>0.01</u>	<u>0.01</u>

Heat Treatment NORM

Another Test For This Line Item? N      Add Remarks? Y

Hardness was performed at our inhouse Materials Laboratory on material from stock using Rockwell B hardness tester. The Rockwell B Hardness (77 for CNS-009-B) was converted to Brinell using Table 2 from ASTM E140 and entered into Test Data Worksheet. An EQUOTIP Hardness Value (416 L<sub>D</sub>) was obtained from a flat surface where the tensile sample or the sample for chemical analysis was removed. Chemistry was performed by an outside laboratory on Duke's Approved Vendors List. Tensile specimens were approximately 1/2 inch in diameter and the tests were performed inhouse.

NRC 88-05  
MATERIALS WORKSHEET

Plant <u>Catawba</u>	Unit <u>Warehouse</u>
Line Item <u>CNS-010</u>	Transaction (A/C/D) <u>C</u>
Heat-Lot <u>6X11237</u>	ASME Class <u>2</u>
Commodity <u>FLG</u>	Diameter <u>12</u>
Schedule Standard	Rating <u>300</u>
Type <u>RF, WN</u>	Spec. <u>105</u>
Grade <u>NA</u>	Source <u>Republic Steel</u>
Vendor (WJM or PSI) <u>WJM</u>	CMTR Date <u>05/31/83</u>
NCA-3800 (Y/N) <u>Y</u>	
Supplier 1 <u>Capitol Pipe &amp; Steel Prod./ Inc</u>	Supplier 2 <u>-</u>
Quantity <u>5</u>	Quantity In Stock <u>3</u>
Installed-Access <u>0</u>	Installed-Not Access <u>0</u>
Add Test Results (Y/N) <u>Y</u>	Add Remarks (Y/N) <u>Y</u>

CNS-0010-A was examined metallographically and found to be a forging. The material was purchased as forged bars from Republic Steel by Gulf Coast Machine and Supply Company where they were rough forged. The rough forgings were then sold to WJM. Two flanges have been sold as surplus. The flanges in stock were marked 12" WJ 300 SA 105 6X11237 STD CL 2.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item CNS-010

--Specimen ID CNS-010-A

	<u>Test Data</u>	<u>CMTR Data</u>
Tensile Strength (psi)	<u>78,400</u>	<u>78,400</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	<u>51,000</u>	<u>48,700</u>
% Elongation	<u>26</u>	<u>33.0</u>
% Reduction In Area	<u>52</u>	<u>63.0</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>147</u>	
% Carbon	<u>0.27</u>	<u>0.27</u>
% Manganese	<u>1.02</u>	<u>0.94</u>
% Silicon	<u>0.22</u>	<u>0.20</u>
% Phosphorous	<u>0.017</u>	<u>0.016</u>
% Sulfur	<u>0.027</u>	<u>0.021</u>
% Chromium	<u>0.07</u>	<u>0.06</u>
% Nickel	<u>0.01</u>	<u>0.02</u>
% Molybdenum	<u>0.01</u>	<u>0.01</u>

Heat Treatment NORM

Another Test For This Line Item? Y

Add Remarks? Y

Hardness was performed at our inhouse Materials Laboratory on material from stock using Rockwell B hardness tester. The Rockwell B Hardness (79 for CNS-010-A) was converted to Brinell using Table 2 from ASTM E140 and entered into Test Data Worksheet. An EQUOTIP Hardness Value (421 Lp) was obtained from a flat surface where the tensile sample or the sample for chemical analysis was removed. Chemistry was performed by an outside laboratory on Duke's Approved Vendors List. Tensile specimens were approximately 1/2 inch in diameter and the tests were performed inhouse.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item CNS-010

--Specimen ID CNS-010-B

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	<u>77,300</u>	<u>78,400</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	<u>49,700</u>	<u>48,700</u>
% Elongation	<u>27</u>	<u>33.0</u>
% Reduction in Area	<u>54</u>	<u>63.0</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>144</u>	
% Carbon	<u>0.27</u>	<u>0.27</u>
% Manganese	<u>0.97</u>	<u>0.94</u>
% Silicon	<u>0.20</u>	<u>0.20</u>
% Phosphorous	<u>0.016</u>	<u>0.016</u>
% Sulfur	<u>0.024</u>	<u>0.021</u>
% Chromium	<u>0.06</u>	<u>0.06</u>
% Nickel	<u>0.01</u>	<u>0.02</u>
% Molybdenum	<u>0.01</u>	<u>0.01</u>

Heat Treatment NORM

Another Test For This Line Item? Y

Add Remarks? Y

Hardness was performed at our inhouse Materials Laboratory on material from stock using Rockwell B hardness tester. The Rockwell B Hardness (78 for CNS-010-B) was converted to Brinell using Table 2 from ASTM E140 and entered into Test Data Worksheet. An EQUOTIP Hardness Value (412 Lp) was obtained from a flat surface where the tensile sample or the sample for chemical analysis was removed. Chemistry was performed by an outside laboratory on Duke's Approved Vendors List. Tensile specimens were approximately 1/2 inch in diameter and the tests were performed inhouse.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item CNS-010

--Specimen ID CNS-010-C

	<u>Test Data</u>	<u>CMTR Data</u>
Tensile Strength (psi)	<u>77,300</u>	<u>78,400</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	<u>51,500</u>	<u>48,700</u>
% Elongation	<u>26</u>	<u>33.0</u>
% Reduction In Area	<u>51</u>	<u>63.0</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>150</u>	
% Carbon	<u>0.27</u>	<u>0.27</u>
% Manganese	<u>0.95</u>	<u>0.94</u>
% Silicon	<u>0.19</u>	<u>0.20</u>
% Phosphorous	<u>0.015</u>	<u>0.016</u>
% Sulfur	<u>0.023</u>	<u>0.021</u>
% Chromium	<u>0.06</u>	<u>0.06</u>
% Nickel	<u>0.01</u>	<u>0.02</u>
% Molybdenum	<u>0.01</u>	<u>0.01</u>

Heat Treatment NORM

Another Test For This Line Item? N

Add Remarks? Y

Hardness was performed at our inhouse Materials Laboratory on material from stock using Rockwell B hardness tester. The Rockwell B Hardness (80 for CNS-010-C) was converted to Brinell using Table 2 from ASTM E140 and entered into Test Data Worksheet. An EQUOTIP Hardness Value (412 L<sub>D</sub>) was obtained from a flat surface where the tensile sample or the sample for chemical analysis was removed. Chemistry was performed by an outside laboratory on Duke's Approved Vendors List. Tensile specimens were approximately 1/2 inch in diameter and the tests were performed inhouse.

NRC 88-05  
MATERIALS WORKSHEET

Plant <u>Catawba</u>	Unit <u>N/A</u>
Line Item <u>CNS-011</u>	Transaction (A/C/D) <u>A</u>
Heat-Lot <u>6X11237</u>	ASME Class <u>2</u>
Commodity <u>FLG</u>	Diameter <u>16</u>
Schedule <u>Standard</u>	Rating <u>150</u>
Type <u>RF, WN</u>	Spec. <u>105</u>
Grade <u>NA</u>	Source <u>Republic Steel</u>
Vendor (WJM or PSI) <u>WJM</u>	CMTR Date <u>05/31/83</u>
NCA-3800 (Y/N) <u>Y</u>	
Supplier 1 <u>Capitol Pipe &amp; Steel Prod./ Inc</u>	Supplier 2 <u>-</u>
Quantity <u>5</u>	Quantity in Stock <u>0</u>
Installed-Access <u>?</u>	Installed-Not Access <u>?</u>
Add Test Results (Y/N) <u>Y</u>	Add Remarks (Y/N) <u>Y</u>

The material was purchased as forged bars from Republic Steel by Gulf Coast Machine and Supply Company where they were rough forged. The rough forgings were then sold to WJM. Flanges have been sold as surplus or are installed as temporary piping.



NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item CNS-011

--Specimen ID CNS-011-A

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	-	<u>78,400</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	-	<u>48,700</u>
% Elongation	-	<u>33.0</u>
% Reduction In Area	-	<u>63.0</u>
Hardness (BHN)	-	
% Carbon	-	<u>0.27</u>
% Manganese	-	<u>0.94</u>
% Silicon	-	<u>0.20</u>
% Phosphorous	-	<u>0.016</u>
% Sulfur	-	<u>0.021</u>
% Chromium	-	<u>0.06</u>
% Nickel	-	<u>0.02</u>
% Molybdenum	-	<u>0.01</u>

Heat Treatment NORM

Another Test For This Line Item? N

Add Remarks? N

NRC 88-05  
MATERIALS WORKSHEET

Plant <u>Catawba</u>	Unit <u>Diesel Generator</u>
Line Item <u>CNS-012</u>	Transaction (A/C/D) <u>A</u>
Heat-Lot <u>44036</u>	ASME Class <u>3</u>
Commodity <u>FLG</u>	Diameter <u>12</u>
Schedule <u>N/A</u>	Rating <u>150</u>
Type <u>RF, SO</u>	Spec. <u>105</u>
Grade <u>NA</u>	Source <u>WJM</u>
Vendor (WJM or PSI) <u>WJM</u>	CMTR Date <u>05/08/85</u>
NCA-3800 (Y/N) <u>Y</u>	
Supplier 1 <u>Transamerica Delaval</u>	Supplier 2 <u>-</u>
Quantity <u>1</u>	Quantity In Stock <u>0</u>
Installed-Access <u>1</u>	Installed-Not Access <u>0</u>
Add Test Results (Y/N) <u>Y</u>	Add Remarks (Y/N) <u>Y</u>

The flange was located in the LD system (Lube Oil-Emergency Diesel Generator) and was marked 12" WJ 150 SA-105 CL 3 44036.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item CNS-012      --Specimen ID CNS-012-A

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	-	<u>74,500</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	-	<u>45,500</u>
% Elongation	-	<u>36.0</u>
% Reduction in Area	-	<u>71.0</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>138</u>	
% Carbon	-	<u>0.18</u>
% Manganese	-	<u>1.04</u>
% Silicon	-	<u>0.22</u>
% Phosphorous	-	<u>0.014</u>
% Sulfur	-	<u>0.016</u>
% Chromium	-	-
% Nickel	-	-
% Molybdenum	-	-

Heat Treatment NORM

Another Test For This Line Item? N      Add Remarks? Y

The hardness testing was performed in-situ using an EQUOTIP Hardness Tester. Approximately 40-60 mils of metal was removed from the outside edge of the flange and ten hardness readings were taken. The surface was then reground and a second set of ten hardness readings was taken. If the average of the second set of readings was within 10 L-units of the average of the first set, the data was valid. The average value of the two sets data was 380 Lp for flange CNS-012-A. The temperature of the flange was 134° F. There was no vibration and the magnetic field was 2.5 Gauss. Adding the EPRI developed correction factor for temperature (+ 18) gives a corrected value of 398 Lp.

NRC 88-05  
MATERIALS WORKSHEET

Plant <u>Catawba</u>	Unit <u>2, ?</u>
Line Item <u>CNS-013</u>	Transaction (A/C/D) <u>A</u>
Heat-Lot <u>A23</u>	ASME Class <u>2</u>
Commodity <u>FLG</u>	Diameter <u>1</u>
Schedule <u>40</u>	Rating <u>300</u>
Type <u>RF, SW</u>	Spec. <u>105</u>
Grade <u>NA</u>	Source <u>WJM</u>
Vendor (WJM or PSI) <u>WJM</u>	CMTR Date <u>04/03/81</u>
NCA-3800 (Y/N) <u>Y</u>	
Supplier 1 <u>Capitol Pipe &amp; Steel Prod./ Inc</u>	Supplier 2 <u>-</u>
Quantity <u>25</u>	Quantity In Stock <u>0</u>
Installed-Access <u>5?</u>	Installed-Not Access <u>?</u>
Add Test Results (Y/N) <u>Y</u>	Add Remarks (Y/N) <u>Y</u>

Five flanges are located in the YG system which is ASME Class 3. They were marked 1"-WJ-300-SA-105-A23-S-40.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item CNS-013

--Specimen ID CNS-013-A

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	-	<u>72,500</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	-	<u>41,500</u>
% Elongation	-	<u>28</u>
% Reduction in Area	-	<u>50</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>142</u>	
% Carbon	-	<u>0.28</u>
% Manganese	-	<u>0.77</u>
% Silicon	-	<u>0.24</u>
% Phosphorous	-	<u>0.010</u>
% Sulfur	-	<u>0.021</u>
% Chromium	-	-
% Nickel	-	-
% Molybdenum	-	-

Heat Treatment None given on CMTR

Another Test For This Line Item? Y

Add Remarks? Y

The hardness testing was performed in-situ using an EQUOTIP Hardness Tester. Approximately 40-60 mils of metal was removed from the outside edge of the flange and ten hardness readings were taken. The surface was then reground and a second set of ten hardness readings was taken. If the average of the second set of readings was within 10 L-units of the average of the first set, the data was valid. The average value of the two sets data was 391 Lp for flange CNS-013-A. The temperature of the flange was 111.2<sup>o</sup>F and there was no vibration or magnetic field. Adding the EPRI developed correction factor for temperature (+12) gives a corrected value of 403 Lp.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item CNS-013

--Specimen ID CNS-013-B

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	-	<u>72,500</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	-	<u>41,500</u>
% Elongation	-	<u>28</u>
% Reduction in Area	-	<u>50</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>140</u>	
% Carbon	-	<u>0.28</u>
% Manganese	-	<u>0.77</u>
% Silicon	-	<u>0.24</u>
% Phosphorous	-	<u>0.010</u>
% Sulfur	-	<u>0.021</u>
% Chromium	-	-
% Nickel	-	-
% Molybdenum	-	-

Heat Treatment None given on CMTR

Another Test For This Line Item? Y

Add Remarks? Y

The hardness testing was performed in-situ using an EQUOTIP Hardness Tester. Approximately 40-60 mils of metal was removed from the outside edge of the flange and ten hardness readings were taken. The surface was then reground and a second set of ten hardness readings was taken. If the average of the second set of readings was within 10 L-units of the average of the first set, the data was valid. The average value of the two sets data was 391 L<sub>D</sub> for flange CNS-013-B. The temperature of the flange was 102° F and there was no vibration or magnetic field. Adding the EPRI developed correction factor for temperature (+9) gives a corrected value of 400 L<sub>D</sub>.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item CNS-013

--Specimen ID CNS-013-C

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	-	<u>72,500</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	-	<u>41,500</u>
% Elongation	-	<u>28</u>
% Reduction In Area	-	<u>50</u>
Hardness (BHM)	<u>176</u>	
% Carbon	-	<u>0.28</u>
% Manganese	-	<u>0.77</u>
% Silicon	-	<u>0.24</u>
% Phosphorous	-	<u>0.010</u>
% Sulfur	-	<u>0.021</u>
% Chromium	-	-
% Nickel	-	-
% Molybdenum	-	-

Heat Treatment None given on CMTR

Another Test For This Line Item? Y

Add Remarks? Y

The hardness testing was performed in-situ using an EQUOTIP Hardness Tester. Approximately 40-60 mils of metal was removed from the outside edge of the flange and ten hardness readings were taken. The surface was then reground and a second set of ten hardness readings was taken. If the average of the second set of readings was within 10 L-units of the average of the first set, the data was valid. The average value of the two sets data was 440 Lp for flange CNS-013-C. The temperature of the flange was 103<sup>0</sup> F and there was no vibration or magnetic field. Adding the EPRI developed correction factor for temperature (+9) gives a corrected value of 449 Lp.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item CNS-013

--Specimen ID CNS-013-D

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	-	<u>72,500</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	-	<u>41,500</u>
% Elongation	-	<u>28</u>
% Reduction in Area	-	<u>50</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>156</u>	
% Carbon	-	<u>0.28</u>
% Manganese	-	<u>0.77</u>
% Silicon	-	<u>0.24</u>
% Phosphorous	-	<u>0.010</u>
% Sulfur	-	<u>0.021</u>
% Chromium	-	-
% Nickel	-	-
% Molybdenum	-	-

Heat Treatment None given on CMTR

Another Test For This Line Item? Y

Add Remarks? Y

The hardness testing was performed in-situ using an EQUOTIP Hardness Tester. Approximately 40-60 mils of metal was removed from the outside edge of the flange and ten hardness readings were taken. The surface was then reground and a second set of ten hardness readings was taken. If the average of the second set of readings was within 10 L-units of the average of the first set, the data was valid. The average value of the two sets data was 408 L<sub>D</sub> for flange CNS-013-D. The temperature of the flange was 118.7<sup>o</sup> F and there was no vibration or magnetic field. Adding the EPRI developed correction factor for temperature (+14) gives a corrected value of 422 L<sub>D</sub>.



NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item CNS-013      --Specimen ID CNS-013-E

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	-	<u>72,500</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	-	<u>41,500</u>
% Elongation	-	<u>28</u>
% Reduction in Area	-	<u>50</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>178</u>	
% Carbon	-	<u>0.28</u>
% Manganese	-	<u>0.77</u>
% Silicon	-	<u>0.24</u>
% Phosphorous	-	<u>0.010</u>
% Sulfur	-	<u>0.021</u>
% Chromium	-	-
% Nickel	-	-
% Molybdenum	-	-

Heat Treatment None given on CMTR

Another Test For This Line Item? N      Add Remarks? Y

The hardness testing was performed in-situ using an EQUOTIP Hardness Tester. Approximately 40-60 mils of metal was removed from the outside edge of the flange and ten hardness readings were taken. The surface was then reground and a second set of ten hardness readings was taken. If the average of the second set of readings was within 10 L-units of the average of the first set, the data was valid. The average value of the two sets data was 438 Lp for flange CNS-013-E. The temperature of the flange was 115.1° F and there was no vibration or magnetic field. Adding the EPRI developed correction factor for temperature (+13) gives a corrected value of 451 Lp.

NRC 88-05  
MATERIALS WORKSHEET

Plant <u>Catawba</u>	Unit <u>1, 2</u>
Line Item <u>CNS-014</u>	Transaction (A/C/D) <u>A</u>
Heat-Lot <u>A23</u>	ASME Class <u>2</u>
Commodity <u>FLG</u>	Diameter <u>3/4</u>
Schedule <u>80</u>	Rating <u>1500</u>
Type <u>RF, SW</u>	Spec. <u>105</u>
Grade <u>NA</u>	Source <u>WJM</u>
Vendor (WJM or PSI) <u>WJM</u>	CMTR Date <u>05/08/81</u>
NCA-3800 (Y/N) <u>Y</u>	
Supplier 1 <u>Capitol Pipe &amp; Steel Prod./ Inc.</u>	Supplier 2 <u>-</u>
Quantity <u>10</u>	Quantity In Stock <u>0</u>
Installed-Access <u>8?</u>	Installed-Not Access <u>?</u>
Add Test Results (Y/N) <u>Y</u>	Add Remarks (Y/N) <u>Y</u>

Six flanges are located in the SA system which is ASME Class 2. Two are in the TE system which is ASME Class 3. The flanges were marked 3/4-WJ-1500-SA-105-A23-S-80.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item CNS-014

--Specimen ID CNS-014-A

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	-	<u>72,500</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	-	<u>41,500</u>
% Elongation	-	<u>28</u>
% Reduction in Area	-	<u>50</u>
Hardness(BHN)	<u>136</u>	
% Carbon	-	<u>0.28</u>
% Manganese	-	<u>0.77</u>
% Silicon	-	<u>0.24</u>
% Phosphorous	-	<u>0.010</u>
% Sulfur	-	<u>0.021</u>
% Chromium	-	-
% Nickel	-	-
% Molybdenum	-	-

Heat Treatment ANN

Another Test For This Line Item? Y

Add Remarks? Y

The hardness testing was performed in-situ using an EQUOTIP Hardness Tester. Approximately 40-60 mils of metal was removed from the outside edge of the flange and ten hardness readings were taken. The surface was then reground and a second set of ten hardness readings was taken. If the average of the second set of readings was within 10 L-units of the average of the first set, the data was valid. The average value of the two sets data was 387 Lp for flange CNS-014-A. The temperature of the flange was 97° F. There was no vibration and the magnetic field was 0.5 Gauss. Adding the EPRI developed correction factor for temperature (+7) gives a corrected value of 394 Lp.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item CNS-014

--Specimen ID CNS-014-B

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	-	<u>72,500</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	-	<u>41,500</u>
% Elongation	-	<u>28</u>
% Reduction In Area	-	<u>50</u>
Hardness(BHN)	<u>147</u>	
% Carbon	-	<u>0.28</u>
% Manganese	-	<u>0.77</u>
% Silicon	-	<u>0.24</u>
% Phosphorous	-	<u>0.010</u>
% Sulfur	-	<u>0.021</u>
% Chromium	-	-
% Nickel	-	-
% Molybdenum	-	-

Heat Treatment ANN

Another Test For This Line Item? Y

Add Remarks? Y

The hardness testing was performed in-situ using an EQUOTIP Hardness Tester. Approximately 40-60 mils of metal was removed from the outside edge of the flange and ten hardness readings were taken. The surface was then reground and a second set of ten hardness readings was taken. If the average of the second set of readings was within 10 L-units of the average of the first set, the data was valid. The average value of the two sets data was 400 L<sub>D</sub> for flange CNS-014-B. The temperature of the flange was 105.1° F and there was no vibration or magnetic field. Adding the EPRI developed correction factor for temperature (+10) gives a corrected value of 410 L<sub>D</sub>.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item CNS-014

--Specimen ID CNS-014-C

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	-	<u>72,500</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	-	<u>41,500</u>
% Elongation	-	<u>28</u>
% Reduction in Area	-	<u>50</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>147</u>	
% Carbon	-	<u>0.28</u>
% Manganese	-	<u>0.77</u>
% Silicon	-	<u>0.24</u>
% Phosphorous	-	<u>0.010</u>
% Sulfur	-	<u>0.021</u>
% Chromium	-	-
% Nickel	-	-
% Molybdenum	-	-

Heat Treatment ANN

Another Test For This Line Item? Y

Add Remarks? Y

The hardness testing was performed in-situ using an EQUOTIP Hardness Tester. Approximately 40-60 mils of metal was removed from the outside edge of the flange and ten hardness readings were taken. The surface was then reground and a second set of ten hardness readings was taken. If the average of the second set of readings was within 10 L-units of the average of the first set, the data was valid. The average value of the two sets data was 400 L<sub>D</sub> for flange CNS-014-C. The temperature of the flange was 107.3<sup>o</sup>F and there was no vibration or magnetic field. Adding the EPRI developed correction factor for temperature (+10) gives a corrected value of 410 L<sub>D</sub>.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item CNS-014      --Specimen ID CNS-014-D

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	-	<u>72,500</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	-	<u>41,500</u>
% Elongation	-	<u>28</u>
% Reduction in Area	-	<u>50</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>138</u>	
% Carbon	-	<u>0.28</u>
% Manganese	-	<u>0.77</u>
% Silicon	-	<u>0.24</u>
% Phosphorous	-	<u>0.010</u>
% Sulfur	-	<u>0.021</u>
% Chromium	-	-
% Nickel	-	-
% Molybdenum	-	-

Heat Treatment ANN

Another Test For This Line Item? Y      Add Remarks? Y

The hardness testing was performed in-situ using an EQUOTIP Hardness Tester. Approximately 40-60 mils of metal was removed from the outside edge of the flange and ten hardness readings were taken. The surface was then reground and a second set of ten hardness readings was taken. If the average of the second set of readings was within 10 L-units of the average of the first set, the data was valid. The average value of the two sets data was 382 L<sub>D</sub> for flange CNS-014-D. The temperature of the flange was 126<sup>o</sup> F and there was no vibration or magnetic field. Adding the EPRI developed correction factor for temperature (+16) gives a corrected value of 398 L<sub>D</sub>.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item CNS-014      --Specimen ID CNS-014-E

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	-	<u>72,500</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	-	<u>41,500</u>
% Elongation	-	<u>28</u>
% Reduction in Area	-	<u>50</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>138</u>	
% Carbon	-	<u>0.28</u>
% Manganese	-	<u>0.77</u>
% Silicon	-	<u>0.24</u>
% Phosphorous	-	<u>0.010</u>
% Sulfur	-	<u>0.021</u>
% Chromium	-	-
% Nickel	-	-
% Molybdenum	-	-

Heat Treatment ANN

Another Test For This Line Item? Y      Add Remarks? Y

The hardness testing was performed in-situ using an EQUOTIP Hardness Tester. Approximately 40-60 mils of metal was removed from the outside edge of the flange and ten hardness readings were taken. The surface was then reground and a second set of ten hardness readings was taken. If the average of the second set of readings was within 10 L-units of the average of the first set, the data was valid. The average value of the two sets data was 378 L<sub>D</sub> for flange CNS-014-E. The temperature of the flange was 139<sup>o</sup> F and there was no vibration or magnetic field. Adding the EPRI developed correction factor for temperature (+19) gives a corrected value of 397 L<sub>D</sub>.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item CNS-014      --Specimen ID CNS-014-F

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	-	<u>72,500</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	-	<u>41,500</u>
% Elongation	-	<u>28</u>
% Reduction In Area	-	<u>50</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>138</u>	
% Carbon	-	<u>0.28</u>
% Manganese	-	<u>0.77</u>
% Silicon	-	<u>0.24</u>
% Phosphorous	-	<u>0.010</u>
% Sulfur	-	<u>0.021</u>
% Chromium	-	-
% Nickel	-	-
% Molybdenum	-	-

Heat Treatment ANN

Another Test For This Line Item? Y      Add Remarks? Y

The hardness testing was performed in-situ using an EQUOTIP Hardness Tester. Approximately 40-60 mils of metal was removed from the outside edge of the flange and ten hardness readings were taken. The surface was then reground and a second set of ten hardness readings was taken. If the average of the second set of readings was within 10 L-units of the average of the first set, the data was valid. The average value of the two sets data was 384 L<sub>D</sub> for flange CNS-014-F. The temperature of the flange was 118<sup>o</sup> F and there was no vibration or magnetic field. Adding the EPRI developed correction factor for temperature (+ 14) gives a corrected value of 398 L<sub>D</sub>.



NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item CNS-014

--Specimen ID CNS-014-G

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	-	<u>72,500</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	-	<u>41,500</u>
% Elongation	-	<u>28</u>
% Reduction in Area	-	<u>50</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>146</u>	
% Carbon	-	<u>0.28</u>
% Manganese	-	<u>0.77</u>
% Silicon	-	<u>0.24</u>
% Phosphorous	-	<u>0.010</u>
% Sulfur	-	<u>0.021</u>
% Chromium	-	-
% Nickel	-	-
% Molybdenum	-	-

Heat Treatment ANN

Another Test For This Line Item? Y

Add Remarks? Y

The hardness testing was performed in-situ using an EQUOTIP Hardness Tester. Approximately 40-60 mils of metal was removed from the outside edge of the flange and ten hardness readings were taken. The surface was then reground and a second set of ten hardness readings was taken. If the average of the second set of readings was within 10 L-units of the average of the first set, the data was valid. The average value of the two sets data was 394 L<sub>D</sub> for flange CNS-014-G. The temperature of the flange was 123<sup>0</sup> F and there was no vibration or magnetic field. Adding the EPRI developed correction factor for temperature (+15) gives a corrected value of 409 L<sub>D</sub>.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item CNS-014      --Specimen ID CNS-014-H

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	-	<u>72,500</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	-	<u>41,500</u>
% Elongation	-	<u>28</u>
% Reduction in Area	-	<u>50</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>137</u>	
% Carbon	-	<u>0.28</u>
% Manganese	-	<u>0.77</u>
% Silicon	-	<u>0.24</u>
% Phosphorous	-	<u>0.010</u>
% Sulfur	-	<u>0.021</u>
% Chromium	-	-
% Nickel	-	-
% Molybdenum	-	-

Heat Treatment ANN

Another Test For This Line Item? N      Add Remarks? Y

The hardness testing was performed in-situ using an EQUOTIP Hardness Tester. Approximately 40-60 mils of metal was removed from the outside edge of the flange and ten hardness readings were taken. The surface was then reground and a second set of ten hardness readings was taken. If the average of the second set of readings was within 10 L-units of the average of the first set, the data was valid. The average value of the two sets data was 379 L<sub>D</sub> for flange CNS-014-H. The temperature of the flange was 125<sup>o</sup>F and there was no vibration or magnetic field. Adding the EPRI developed correction factor for temperature (+16) gives a corrected value of 395 L<sub>D</sub>.

NRC 88-05  
MATERIALS WORKSHEET

Plant <u>Catawba</u>	Unit <u>?</u>
Line Item <u>CNS-015</u>	Transaction (A/C/D) <u>C</u>
Heat-Lot <u>2095</u>	ASME Class <u>2</u>
Commodity <u>FLG</u>	Diameter <u>2</u>
Schedule <u>40</u>	Rating <u>300</u>
Type <u>RF, SW</u>	Spec. <u>105</u>
Grade <u>NA</u>	Source <u>WJM</u>
Vendor (WJM or PSI) <u>WJM</u>	CMTR Date <u>06/05/81</u>
NCA-3800 (Y/N) <u>Y</u>	
Supplier 1 <u>Capitol Pipe &amp; Steel Prod./ Inc</u>	Supplier 2 <u>-</u>
Quantity <u>100</u>	Quantity In Stock <u>14</u>
Installed-Access <u>?</u>	Installed-Not Access <u>?</u>
Add Test Results (Y/N) <u>Y</u>	Add Remarks (Y/N) <u>Y</u>

CNS-0015-A was examined metallographically and found to be a forging. All flanges in stock were marked 2"-WJ-300-SA-105-2095-STD.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item CNS-015

--Specimen ID CNS-015-A

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	<u>73,200</u>	<u>77,944</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	<u>37,700</u>	<u>49,924</u>
% Elongation	<u>25</u>	<u>31.6</u>
% Reduction in Area	<u>53</u>	<u>40</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>144</u>	
% Carbon	<u>0.25</u>	<u>0.23</u>
% Manganese	<u>0.74</u>	<u>0.78</u>
% Silicon	<u>0.19</u>	<u>0.33</u>
% Phosphorous	<u>0.029</u>	<u>0.016</u>
% Sulfur	<u>0.034</u>	<u>0.029</u>
% Chromium	<u>0.18</u>	-
% Nickel	<u>0.09</u>	-
% Molybdenum	<u>0.02</u>	-

Heat Treatment Not given on CMTR

Another Test For This Line Item? Y

Add Remarks? Y

Hardness was performed at our inhouse Materials Laboratory on material from stock using Rockwell B hardness tester. The Rockwell B Hardness (78 for CNS-015-A) was converted to Brinell using Table 2 from ASTM E140 and entered into Test Data Worksheet. An EQUOTIP Hardness Value (401 LD) was obtained from a flat surface where the tensile sample or the sample for chemical analysis was removed. Chemistry was performed by an outside laboratory on Duke's Approved Vendors List. Tensile specimens were approximately 1/4 inch in diameter and the tests were performed inhouse.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item CNS-015      --Specimen ID CNS-015-B

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	<u>78,900</u>	<u>77,944</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	<u>46,400</u>	<u>49,924</u>
% Elongation	<u>12</u>	<u>31.6</u>
% Reduction In Area	<u>18</u>	<u>40</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>159</u>	
% Carbon	<u>0.29</u>	<u>0.23</u>
% Manganese	<u>0.78</u>	<u>0.78</u>
% Silicon	<u>0.21</u>	<u>0.33</u>
% Phosphorous	<u>0.026</u>	<u>0.016</u>
% Sulfur	<u>0.025</u>	<u>0.029</u>
% Chromium	<u>0.21</u>	-
% Nickel	<u>0.07</u>	-
% Molybdenum	<u>0.01</u>	-

Heat Treatment Not given on CMTR

Another Test For This Line Item? Y      Add Remarks? Y

Hardness was performed at our inhouse Materials Laboratory on material from stock using Rockwell B hardness tester. The Rockwell B Hardness (83 for CNS-015-B) was converted to Brinell using Table 2 from ASTM E140 and entered into Test Data Worksheet. An EQUOTIP Hardness Value (410 Lp) was obtained from a flat surface where the tensile sample or the sample for chemical analysis was removed. Chemistry was performed by an outside laboratory on Duke's Approved Vendors List. Tensile specimens were approximately 1/4 inch in diameter and the tests were performed inhouse.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item CNS-015

--Specimen ID CNS-015-C

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	<u>97,500</u>	<u>77,944</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	<u>55,200</u>	<u>49,924</u>
% Elongation	<u>23</u>	<u>31.6</u>
% Reduction in Area	<u>38</u>	<u>40</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>185</u>	
% Carbon	<u>0.42</u>	<u>0.23</u>
% Manganese	<u>0.77</u>	<u>0.78</u>
% Silicon	<u>0.30</u>	<u>0.33</u>
% Phosphorous	<u>0.031</u>	<u>0.016</u>
% Sulfur	<u>0.029</u>	<u>0.029</u>
% Chromium	<u>0.12</u>	<u>-</u>
% Nickel	<u>0.10</u>	<u>-</u>
% Molybdenum	<u>0.02</u>	<u>-</u>

Heat Treatment Not given on CMTR

Another Test For This Line Item? Y

Add Remarks? Y

Hardness was performed at our inhouse Materials Laboratory on material from stock using Rockwell B hardness tester. The Rockwell B Hardness (90 for CNS-015-C) was converted to Brinell using Table 2 from ASTM E140 and entered into Test Data Worksheet. An EQUOTIP Hardness Value (453 Lp) was obtained from a flat surface where the tensile sample or the sample for chemical analysis was removed. Chemistry was performed by an outside laboratory on Duke's Approved Vendors List. Tensile specimens were approximately 1/4 inch in diameter and the tests were performed inhouse.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item CNS-015      -- Specimen ID CNS-015-D

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	<u>66,000</u>	<u>77,944</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	<u>40,000</u>	<u>49,924</u>
% Elongation	(Broke outside	<u>31.6</u>
% Reduction In Area	gage marks)	<u>40</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>147</u>	
% Carbon	<u>0.22</u>	<u>0.23</u>
% Manganese	<u>0.83</u>	<u>0.78</u>
% Silicon	<u>0.21</u>	<u>0.33</u>
% Phosphorous	<u>0.032</u>	<u>0.016</u>
% Sulfur	<u>0.031</u>	<u>0.029</u>
% Chromium	<u>0.22</u>	-
% Nickel	<u>0.07</u>	-
% Molybdenum	<u>0.01</u>	-

Heat Treatment Not given on CMTR

Another Test for This Line Item? N      Add Remarks? Y

Hardness was performed at our inhouse Materials Laboratory on material from stock using Rockwell B hardness tester. The Rockwell B Hardness (79 for CNS-015-D) was converted to Brinell using Table 2 from ASTM E140 and entered into Test Data Worksheet. An EQUOTIP Hardness Value (396 L<sub>D</sub>) was obtained from a flat surface where the tensile sample or the sample for chemical analysis was removed. Chemistry was performed by an outside laboratory on Duke's Approved Vendors List. Tensile specimens were approximately 1/4 inch in diameter and the tests were performed inhouse.

NRC 88-05  
MATERIALS WORKSHEET

Plant <u>Catswba</u>	Unit <u>2</u>
Line Item <u>CNS-016</u>	Transaction (A/C/D) <u>A</u>
Heat-Lot <u>GDEB</u>	ASME Class <u>2</u>
Commodity <u>FLG</u>	Diameter <u>4</u>
Schedule <u>160</u>	Rating <u>900</u>
Type <u>RF,WN</u>	Spec. <u>105</u>
Grade <u>NA</u>	Source <u>WJM</u>
Vendor (WJM or PSI) <u>WJM</u>	CMTR Date <u>07/19/81</u>
NCA-3800 (Y/N) <u>Y</u>	
Supplier 1 <u>Capitol Pipe &amp; Steel Prod./ Inc</u>	Supplier 2 <u>-</u>
Quantity <u>2</u>	Quantity in Stock <u>0</u>
Installed-Access <u>2</u>	Installed-Not Access <u>0</u>
Add Test Results (Y/N) <u>Y</u>	Add Remarks (Y/N) <u>Y</u>

The two flanges are located in the Auxiliary Feedwater System, on an ASME Class 3 system. All flanges were marked 4"-WJ-900-SA-105-GDEB S-160.



NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item CNS-016

--Specimen ID CNS-016-A

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	=	<u>76,300</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	=	<u>55,080</u>
% Elongation	=	<u>31.5</u>
% Reduction In Area	=	<u>52.2</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>157</u>	
% Carbon	=	<u>0.27</u>
% Manganese	=	<u>0.85</u>
% Silicon	=	<u>0.15</u>
% Phosphorous	=	<u>0.009</u>
% Sulfur	=	<u>0.029</u>
% Chromium	=	=
% Nickel	=	=
% Molybdenum	=	=

Heat Treatment Not given on CMTR

Another Test For This Line Item? Y      Add Remarks? Y

The hardness testing was performed in-situ using an EQUOTIP Hardness Tester. Approximately 40-60 mils of metal was removed from the outside edge of the flange and ten hardness readings were taken. The surface was then reground and a second set of ten hardness readings was taken. If the average of the second set of readings was within 10 L-units of the average of the first set, the data was valid. The average value of the two sets data was 418 Lp for flange CNS-016-A. The temperature of the flange was 89.7<sup>o</sup> F and there was no vibration or magnetic field. Adding the EPRI developed correction factor for temperature (+5) gives a corrected value of 423 Lp.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item CNS-016

--Specimen ID CNS-016-B

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	-	<u>76,300</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	-	<u>55,080</u>
% Elongation	-	<u>31.5</u>
% Reduction In Area	-	<u>52.2</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>151</u>	
% Carbon	-	<u>0.27</u>
% Manganese	-	<u>0.85</u>
% Silicon	-	<u>0.15</u>
% Phosphorous	-	<u>0.009</u>
% Sulfur	-	<u>0.029</u>
% Chromium	-	-
% Nickel	-	-
% Molybdenum	-	-

Heat Treatment Not given on CMTR

Another Test for This Line Item? N

Add Remarks? Y

The hardness testing was performed in-situ using an EQUOTIP Hardness Tester. Approximately 40-60 mils of metal was removed from the outside edge of the flange and ten hardness readings were taken. The surface was then reground and a second set of ten hardness readings was taken. If the average of the second set of readings was within 10 L-units of the average of the first set, the data was valid. The average value of the two sets data was 409 Lp for flange CNS-016-B. The temperature of the flange was 93.1<sup>o</sup>F and there was no vibration or magnetic field. Adding the EPRI developed correction factor for temperature (+6) gives a corrected value of 415 Lp.

NRC 88-05  
MATERIALS WORKSHEET

Plant <u>Catawba</u>	Unit <u>2.?</u>
Line Item <u>CNS-017</u>	Transaction (A/C/D) <u>C</u>
Heat-Lot <u>T8834</u>	ASME Class <u>2</u>
Commodity <u>FLG</u>	Diameter <u>2</u>
Schedule <u>40</u>	Rating <u>150</u>
Type <u>RF, W/N</u>	Spec. <u>105</u>
Grade <u>NA</u>	Source <u>WJM</u>
Vendor (WJM or PSI) <u>WJM</u>	CMTR Date <u>07/21/82</u>
NCA-3900 (Y/N) <u>Y</u>	
Supplier 1 <u>Guigon Alloys, Inc.</u>	Supplier 2 <u>-</u>
Quantity <u>25</u>	Quantity in Stock <u>1</u>
Installed-Access <u>4?</u>	Installed-Not Access <u>?</u>
Add Test Results (Y/N) <u>Y</u>	Add Remarks (Y/N) <u>Y</u>

CNS-017-A was examined metallographically and found to be a forging. WJM gave the Heat No. as T8834 and the Test or Code No. as GDFO. Four flanges are located in the Diesel Generator Engine Cooling Water System, which is ASME Class 3. They were marked 2"-WJ-150-SA-105-GDFO-SDT.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item CNS-017

--Specimen ID CNS-017-A

	<u>Test Data</u>	<u>CMTR Data</u>
Tensile Strength (psi)	<u>84,200</u>	<u>82,795</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	<u>48,700</u>	<u>48,232</u>
% Elongation	<u>24</u>	<u>28.0</u>
% Reduction in Area	<u>56</u>	<u>58.3</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>165</u>	
% Carbon	<u>0.27</u>	<u>0.29</u>
% Manganese	<u>0.98</u>	<u>0.92</u>
% Silicon	<u>0.23</u>	<u>0.20</u>
% Phosphorous	<u>0.016</u>	<u>0.012</u>
% Sulfur	<u>0.015</u>	<u>0.014</u>
% Chromium	<u>0.04</u>	-
% Nickel	<u>0.02</u>	-
% Molybdenum	<u>&lt;0.01</u>	-
% Vanadium	<u>0.009</u>	-

Heat Treatment Not given on CMTR

Another Test For This Line Item? Y

Add Remarks? Y

The Rockwell B Hardness (85 for CNS-017-A) was converted to Brinnell using Table 2 from ASTM E 140 and entered into test Data Worksheet.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item CNS-017      -- Specimen ID CNS-017-B

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	=	<u>82,795</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	=	<u>48,232</u>
% Elongation	=	<u>28.0</u>
% Reduction in Area	=	<u>58.3</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>168</u>	
% Carbon	=	<u>0.29</u>
% Manganese	=	<u>0.92</u>
% Silicon	=	<u>0.20</u>
% Phosphorous	=	<u>0.012</u>
% Sulfur	=	<u>0.014</u>
% Chromium	=	=
% Nickel	=	=
% Molybdenum	=	=

Heat Treatment Not given on CMTR

Another Test For This Line Item? Y      Add Remarks? Y

The hardness testing was performed in-situ using an EQUOTIP Hardness Tester. Approximately 40-60 mils of metal was removed from the outside edge of the flange and ten hardness readings were taken. The surface was then reground and a second set of ten hardness readings was taken. If the average of the second set of readings was within 10 L-units of the average of the first set, the data was valid. The average value of the two sets data was 419 L<sub>D</sub> for flange CNS-017-B. The temperature of the flange was 137.8<sup>o</sup>F. There was no vibration and the magnetic field was 0.5 Gauss. Adding the EPRI developed correction factor for temperature (+19) gives a corrected value of 438 L<sub>D</sub>.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item CNS-017

--Specimen ID CNS-017-C

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	-	<u>82,795</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	-	<u>48,232</u>
% Elongation	-	<u>28.0</u>
% Reduction in Area	-	<u>58.3</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>175</u>	
% Carbon	-	<u>0.29</u>
% Manganese	-	<u>0.92</u>
% Silicon	-	<u>0.20</u>
% Phosphorous	-	<u>0.012</u>
% Sulfur	-	<u>0.014</u>
% Chromium	-	-
% Nickel	-	-
% Molybdenum	-	-

Heat Treatment Not given on CMTR

Another Test For This Line Item? Y

Add Remarks? Y

The hardness testing was performed in-situ using an EQUOTIP Hardness Tester. Approximately 40-60 mils of metal was removed from the outside edge of the flange and ten hardness readings were taken. The surface was then reground and a second set of ten hardness readings was taken. If the average of the second set of readings was within 10 L-units of the average of the first set, the data was valid. The average value of the two sets data was 427 L<sub>p</sub> for flange CNS-017-C. The temperature of the flange was 142.2<sup>o</sup>F. There was no vibration and the magnetic field was 1 Gauss. Adding the EPRI developed correction factor for temperature (+20) gives a corrected value of 447 L<sub>p</sub>.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item CNS-017

--Specimen ID CNS-017-D

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	-	<u>82,795</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	-	<u>48,232</u>
% Elongation	-	<u>28.0</u>
% Reduction in Area	-	<u>58.3</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>158</u>	
% Carbon	-	<u>0.29</u>
% Manganese	-	<u>0.92</u>
% Silicon	-	<u>0.20</u>
% Phosphorous	-	<u>0.012</u>
% Sulfur	-	<u>0.014</u>
% Chromium	-	-
% Nickel	-	-
% Molybdenum	-	-

Heat Treatment Not given on CMTR

Another Test for This Line Item? Y

Add Remarks? Y

The hardness testing was performed in-situ using an EQUOTIP Hardness Tester. Approximately 40-60 mils of metal was removed from the outside edge of the flange and ten hardness readings were taken. The surface was then reground and a second set of ten hardness readings was taken. If the average of the second set of readings was within 10 L-units of the average of the first set, the data was valid. The average value of the two sets data was 411 Lp for flange CNS-017-D. The temperature of the flange was 122.5° F. There was no vibration and the magnetic field was 0.5 Gauss. Adding the EPRI developed correction factor for temperature (+ 15) gives a corrected value of 426 Lp.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item CNS-017

--Specimen ID CNS-017-E

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	=	<u>82,795</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	=	<u>48,232</u>
% Elongation	=	<u>28.0</u>
% Reduction in Area	=	<u>58.3</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>166</u>	
% Carbon	=	<u>0.29</u>
% Manganese	=	<u>0.92</u>
% Silicon	=	<u>0.20</u>
% Phosphorous	=	<u>0.012</u>
% Sulfur	=	<u>0.014</u>
% Chromium	=	=
% Nickel	=	=
% Molybdenum	=	=

Heat Treatment Not given on CMTR

Another Test For This Line Item? N

Add Remarks? Y

The hardness testing was performed in-situ using an EQUOTIP Hardness Tester. Approximately 40-60 mils of metal was removed from the outside edge of the flange and ten hardness readings were taken. The surface was then reground and a second set of ten hardness readings was taken. If the average of the second set of readings was within 10 L- units of the average of the first set, the data was valid. The average value of the two sets data was 419 L<sub>D</sub> for flange CNS-017-E. The temperature of the flange was 128.0<sup>o</sup> F. There was no vibration and the magnetic field was 0.5 Gauss. Adding the EPRI developed correction factor for temperature (+ 17) gives a corrected value of 436 L<sub>D</sub>.



NRC 88-05  
MATERIALS WORKSHEET

Plant <u>Catawba</u>	Unit <u>1?</u>
Line Item <u>CNS-018</u>	Transaction (A/C/D) <u>A</u>
Heat-Lot <u>56245</u>	ASME Class <u>2</u>
Commodity <u>FLG</u>	Diameter <u>3/4</u>
Schedule <u>40</u>	Rating <u>300</u>
Type <u>RF, SW</u>	Spec. <u>105</u>
Grade <u>NA</u>	Source <u>WJM</u>
Vendor (WJM or PSI) <u>WJM</u>	CMTR Date <u>07/21/82</u>
NCA-3800 (Y/N) <u>Y</u>	
Supplier 1 <u>Guyon Alloys, Inc.</u>	Supplier 2 <u>-</u>
Quantity <u>5</u>	Quantity in Stock <u>0</u>
Installed-Access <u>1?</u>	Installed-Not Access <u>?</u>
Add Test Results (Y/N) <u>Y</u>	Add Remarks (Y/N) <u>Y</u>

WJM gave the Heat No. as 56245 and the Test or Code No. as GDKG. One flanges is located in the Unit 1 Component Cooling System, and is ASME Class 3. The flange was marked WJ 300 SA 105 GDKG STD (need to remove more paint).

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item CNS-018

-- Specimen ID CNS-018-A

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	-	<u>83,620</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	-	<u>56,240</u>
% Elongation	-	<u>31.0</u>
% Reduction In Area	-	<u>59.7</u>
Hardness (BHM)	<u>155</u>	
% Carbon	-	<u>0.24</u>
% Manganese	-	<u>0.90</u>
% Silicon	-	<u>0.26</u>
% Phosphorous	-	<u>0.010</u>
% Sulfur	-	<u>0.020</u>
% Chromium	-	-
% Nickel	-	-
% Molybdenum	-	-

Heat Treatment Not given on CMTR

Another Test For This Line Item? N      Add Remarks? Y

The hardness testing was performed in-situ using an EQUOTIP Hardness Tester. Approximately 40-60 mils of metal was removed from the outside edge of the flange and ten hardness readings were taken. The surface was then reground and a second set of ten hardness readings was taken. If the average of the second set of readings was within 10 L-units of the average of the first set, the data was valid. The average value of the two sets data was 416 L<sub>D</sub> for flange CNS-018-A. The temperature of the flange was 90.1<sup>o</sup>F. There was no vibration and only a slight magnetic field. Adding the EPRI developed correction factor for temperature (+5) gives a corrected value of 421 L<sub>D</sub>.

NRC 88-05  
MATERIALS WORKSHEET

Plant <u>Catawba</u>	Unit <u>1(Oconee) ONS-004-A</u>
Line Item <u>CNS-019</u>	Transaction (A/C/D) <u>C</u>
Heat-Lot <u>25904</u>	ASME Class <u>2</u>
Commodity <u>FLG</u>	Diameter <u>1</u>
Schedule <u>N/A</u>	Rating <u>150</u>
Type <u>RF, TH</u>	Spec. <u>105</u>
Grade <u>NA</u>	Source <u>WJM</u>
Vendor (WJM or PSI) <u>WJM</u>	CMTR Date <u>07/21/82</u>
NCA-3800 (Y/N) <u>Y</u>	
Supplier 1 <u>Guyon Alloys, Inc.</u>	Supplier 2 <u>-</u>
Quantity <u>15</u>	Quantity In Stock <u>4</u>
Installed-Access <u>1?</u>	Installed-Not Access <u>?</u>
Add Test Results (Y/N) <u>Y</u>	Add Remarks (Y/N) <u>Y</u>

CNS-019-A was examined metallographically and found to be a forging. WJM gave the Heat No. as 25904 and the Test or Code No. as GDDE. One flanges was transfered to Oconee, and installed on the Emergency Feedwater PT Oil Cooler a safety related system. The flanges were marked 1"-WJ-150-SA-105-GDDE.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item CNS-019

--Specimen ID ONS-004-A

	<u>Test Data</u>	<u>CMTR Data</u>
Tensile Strength (psi)	<u>99,200</u>	<u>96,970</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	<u>68,000</u>	<u>69,370</u>
% Elongation	<u>21</u>	<u>23.5</u>
% Reduction In Area	<u>52</u>	<u>51.0</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>205</u>	
% Carbon	<u>.30</u>	<u>0.31</u>
% Manganese	<u>.75</u>	<u>0.76</u>
% Silicon	<u>.22</u>	<u>0.25</u>
% Phosphorous	<u>.020</u>	<u>0.018</u>
% Sulfur	<u>.024</u>	<u>0.024</u>
% Chromium	<u>0.16</u>	<u>-</u>
% Nickel	<u>0.07</u>	<u>-</u>
% Molybdenum	<u>0.01</u>	<u>-</u>
% Vanadium	<u>0.068</u>	<u>-</u>

Heat Treatment Not given on CMTR

Another Test For This Line Item? Y      Add Remarks? Y

Hardness was performed at our inhouse Materials Laboratory on material from stock using Rockwell B hardness tester. The Rockwell B Hardness (94 for CNS-019-A) was converted to Brinell using Table 2 from ASTM E140 and entered into Test Data Worksheet. Chemistry was performed by an outside laboratory on Duke's Approved Vendors List. Tensile specimens were approximately 1/4 inch in diameter and the tests were performed inhouse.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item CNS-019

--Specimen ID CNS-019-B

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	<u>96,300</u>	<u>96,970</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	<u>67,600</u>	<u>69,370</u>
% Elongation	<u>22</u>	<u>23.5</u>
% Reduction In Area	<u>52</u>	<u>51.0</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>195</u>	
% Carbon	<u>.31</u>	<u>0.31</u>
% Manganese	<u>.73</u>	<u>0.76</u>
% Silicon	<u>.22</u>	<u>0.25</u>
% Phosphorous	<u>.020</u>	<u>0.018</u>
% Sulfur	<u>.024</u>	<u>0.024</u>
% Chromium	<u>0.10</u>	-
% Nickel	<u>0.07</u>	-
% Molybdenum	<u>0.01</u>	-
% Vanadium	<u>0.066</u>	-

Heat Treatment Not given on CMTR

Another Test For This Line Item? Y      Add Remarks? Y

Hardness was performed at our inhouse Materials Laboratory on material from stock using Rockwell B hardness tester. The Rockwell B Hardness (92 for CNS-019-B) was converted to Brinell using Table 2 from ASTM E140 and entered into Test Data Worksheet. Chemistry was performed by an outside laboratory on Duke's Approved Vendors List. Tensile specimens were approximately 1/4 inch in diameter and the tests were performed inhouse.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item CNS-019

--Specimen ID CNS-019-C

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	<u>98,000</u>	<u>96,970</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	<u>63,800</u>	<u>69,370</u>
% Elongation	<u>19</u>	<u>23.5</u>
% Reduction In Area	<u>52</u>	<u>51.0</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>195</u>	
% Carbon	<u>.30</u>	<u>0.31</u>
% Manganese	<u>.75</u>	<u>0.76</u>
% Silicon	<u>.22</u>	<u>0.25</u>
% Phosphorous	<u>.020</u>	<u>0.018</u>
% Sulfur	<u>.025</u>	<u>0.024</u>
% Chromium	<u>0.10</u>	-
% Nickel	<u>0.07</u>	-
% Molybdenum	<u>0.01</u>	-
% Vanadium	<u>0.066</u>	-

Heat Treatment Not given on CMTR

Another Test For This Line Item? Y      Add Remarks? Y

Hardness was performed at our inhouse Materials Laboratory on material from stock using Rockwell B hardness tester. The Rockwell B Hardness (92 for CNS-019-C) was converted to Brinell using Table 2 from ASTM E140 and entered into Test Data Worksheet. Chemistry was performed by an outside laboratory on Duke's Approved Vendors List. Tensile specimens were approximately 1/4 inch in diameter and the tests were performed inhouse.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item CNS-019

--Specimen ID CNS-019-D

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	-	<u>96,970</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	-	<u>69,370</u>
% Elongation	-	<u>23.5</u>
% Reduction In Area	-	<u>51.0</u>
Hardness (BHN)	-	
% Carbon	-	<u>0.31</u>
% Manganese	-	<u>0.76</u>
% Silicon	-	<u>0.25</u>
% Phosphorous	-	<u>0.018</u>
% Sulfur	-	<u>0.024</u>
% Chromium	-	-
% Nickel	-	-
% Molybdenum	-	-

Heat Treatment Not given on CMTR

Another Test For This Line Item? Y

Add Remarks? N

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item CNS-019

--Specimen ID CNS-019-E

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	-	<u>96,970</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	-	<u>69,370</u>
% Elongation	-	<u>23.5</u>
% Reduction In Area	-	<u>51.0</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>189</u>	
% Carbon	-	<u>0.31</u>
% Manganese	-	<u>0.76</u>
% Silicon	-	<u>0.25</u>
% Phosphorous	-	<u>0.018</u>
% Sulfur	-	<u>0.024</u>
% Chromium	-	-
% Nickel	-	-
% Molybdenum	-	-

Heat Treatment Not given on CMTR

Another Test For This Line Item? N      Add Remarks? Y

The hardness testing was performed in-situ using an EQUOTIP Hardness Tester. Approximately 40-60 mils of metal was removed from the outside edge of the flange and ten hardness readings were taken. The surface was then reground and a second set of ten hardness readings was taken. If the average of the second set of readings was within 10 L-units of the average of the first set, the data was valid. The average value of the two sets data was 462 L<sub>D</sub> for flange CNS-019-A. The temperature of the flange was 80.0<sup>o</sup> F. There was slight vibration and no magnetic field. Adding the EPRI developed correction factor for temperature (+2) gives a corrected value of 464 L<sub>D</sub>.



NRC 88-05  
MATERIALS WORKSHEET

Plant <u>Catawba</u>	Unit <u>?</u>
Line Item <u>CNS-020</u>	Transaction (A/C/D) <u>C</u>
Heat-Lot <u>25904</u>	ASME Class <u>2</u>
Commodity <u>FLG</u>	Diameter <u>1</u>
Schedule <u>N/A</u>	Rating <u>150</u>
Type <u>BL,RF</u>	Spec. <u>105</u>
Grade <u>NA</u>	Source <u>WJM</u>
Vendor (WJM or PSI) <u>WJM</u>	CMTR Date <u>07/21/82</u>
NCA-3800 (Y/N) <u>Y</u>	
Supplier 1 <u>Guyon Alloys, Inc.</u>	Supplier 2 <u>-</u>
Quantity <u>5</u>	Quantity In Stock <u>2</u>
Installed-Access <u>1?</u>	Installed-Not Access <u>?</u>
Add Test Results (Y/N) <u>Y</u>	Add Remarks (Y/N) <u>Y</u>

CNS-020-A was examined metallographically and found to be a forging. WJM gave the Heat No. as 25904 and the Test or Code No. as GDDE. All flanges in stock were marked 1"- WJ-150-SA-105-GDDE.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item CNS-020      --Specimen ID CNS-020-A

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	<u>91,400</u>	<u>96,970</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	<u>60,200</u>	<u>69,370</u>
% Elongation	<u>19</u>	<u>23.5</u>
% Reduction In Area	<u>51</u>	<u>51.0</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>200</u>	
% Carbon	<u>0.31</u>	<u>0.31</u>
% Manganese	<u>0.76</u>	<u>0.76</u>
% Silicon	<u>0.22</u>	<u>0.25</u>
% Phosphorous	<u>0.021</u>	<u>0.018</u>
% Sulfur	<u>0.025</u>	<u>0.024</u>
% Chromium	<u>0.10</u>	-
% Nickel	<u>0.07</u>	-
% Molybdenum	<u>0.01</u>	-
% Vanadium	<u>0.070</u>	-

Heat Treatment Not given on CMTR

Another Test For This Line Item? Y      Add Remarks? Y

Hardness was performed at our inhouse Materials Laboratory on material from stock using Rockwell B hardness tester. The Rockwell B Hardness (93 for CNS-020-A) was converted to Brinell using Table 2 from ASTM E140 and entered into Test Data Worksheet. Chemistry was performed by an outside laboratory on Duke's Approved Vendors List. Tensile specimens were approximately 1/4 inch in diameter and the tests were performed inhouse.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item CNS-020

--Specimen ID CNS-020-B

	<u>Test Data</u>	<u>CMTR Data</u>
Tensile Strength (psi)	<u>92,400</u>	<u>96,970</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	<u>57,900</u>	<u>69,370</u>
% Elongation	<u>21</u>	<u>23.5</u>
% Reduction In Area	<u>51</u>	<u>51.0</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>195</u>	
% Carbon	<u>0.31</u>	<u>0.31</u>
% Manganese	<u>0.77</u>	<u>0.76</u>
% Silicon	<u>0.23</u>	<u>0.25</u>
% Phosphorous	<u>0.019</u>	<u>0.018</u>
% Sulfur	<u>0.021</u>	<u>0.024</u>
% Chromium	<u>0.10</u>	<u>-</u>
% Nickel	<u>0.07</u>	<u>-</u>
% Molybdenum	<u>0.01</u>	<u>-</u>
% Vanadium	<u>0.070</u>	<u>-</u>

Heat Treatment Not given on CMTR

Another Test For This Line Item? N      Add Remarks? Y

Hardness was performed at our inhouse Materials Laboratory on material from stock using Rockwell B hardness tester. The Rockwell B Hardness (92 for CNS-020-B) was converted to Brinell using Table 2 from ASTM E140 and entered into Test Data Worksheet. Chemistry was performed by an outside laboratory on Duke's Approved Vendors List. Tensile specimens were approximately 1/4 inch in diameter and the tests were performed inhouse.

NRC 88-05  
MATERIALS WORKSHEET

Plant Catawba

Line Item CNS-021

Heat-Lot 85148

Commodity FLG

Schedule N/A

Type RF,SO

Grade NA

Vendor (WJM or PSI) WJM

NCA-3800 (Y/N) Y

Supplier 1 Guyon Alloys, Inc.

Quantity 10

Installed-Access ?

Add Test Results (Y/N) Y

Unit ?

Transaction (A/C/D) C

ASME Class 2

Diameter 6

Rating 150

Spec. 105

Source WJM

CMTR Date 07/19/82

Supplier 2 -

Quantity In Stock 0

Installed-Not Access ?

Add Remarks (Y/N) Y

WJM gave the Heat No. as 85148 and the Test or Code No. as GDBA.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item CNS-021

--Specimen ID CNS-021-A

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	-	<u>72,430</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	-	<u>37,090</u>
% Elongation	-	<u>25.5</u>
% Reduction In Area	-	<u>41.7</u>
Hardness (BHN)	-	
% Carbon	-	<u>0.25</u>
% Manganese	-	<u>.83</u>
% Silicon	-	<u>0.20</u>
% Phosphorous	-	<u>0.006</u>
% Sulfur	-	<u>0.021</u>
% Chromium	-	-
% Nickel	-	-
% Molybdenum	-	-

Heat Treatment Not given on CMTR

Another Test For This Line Item? N

Add Remarks? N

NRC 88-05  
MATERIALS WORKSHEET

Plant Catawba

Line Item CNS-022

Heat-Lot 220821

Commodity FLG

Schedule N/A

Type RF, BL

Grade NA

Vendor (WJM or PSI) WJM

NCA-3800 (Y/N) Y

Supplier 1 Guyon Alloys, Inc.

Quantity 23

Installed-Access ?

Add Test Results (Y/N) Y

Unit ?

Transaction (A/C/D) A

ASME Class 2

Diameter 12

Rating 900

Spec. 105

Source WJM

CMTR Date 07/19/82

Supplier 2 -

Quantity In Stock 0

Installed-Not Access ?

Add Remarks (Y/N) N

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item CNS-022

--Specimen ID CNS-022-A

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	-	<u>74,000</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	-	<u>46,700</u>
% Elongation	-	<u>36.0</u>
% Reduction In Area	-	<u>63.0</u>
Hardness (BHN)	-	
% Carbon	-	<u>0.20</u>
% Manganese	-	<u>1.07</u>
% Silicon	-	<u>0.20</u>
% Phosphorous	-	<u>0.013</u>
% Sulfur	-	<u>0.022</u>
% Chromium	-	<u>.10</u>
% Nickel	-	<u>.07</u>
% Molybdenum	-	<u>.02</u>

Heat Treatment Not given on CMTR

Another Test For This Line Item? N

Add Remarks? N

NRC 88-05  
MATERIALS WORKSHEET

Plant Catawba  
Line Item CNS-023  
Heat-Lot 6028835  
Commodity FLG  
Schedual N/A  
Type RF, BL  
Grade NA  
Vendor (WJM or PSI) WJM  
NCA-3800 (Y/N) Y  
Supplier 1 Guyon Alloys, Inc.  
Quantity 1  
Installed-Access ?  
Add Test Results (Y/N) Y

Unit ?  
Transaction (A/C/D) A  
ASME Class 2  
Diameter 12  
Rating 900  
Spec. 105  
Source WJM  
CMTR Date 09/21/82  
  
Supplier 2 -  
Quantity In Stock 0  
Installed-Not Access ?  
Add Remarks (Y/N) N



NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item CNS-023

--Specimen ID CNS-023-A

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	-	<u>81,000</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	-	<u>53,000</u>
% Elongation	-	<u>32.0</u>
% Reduction In Area	-	<u>66.0</u>
Hardness (BHN)	-	
% Carbon	-	<u>0.23</u>
% Manganese	-	<u>1.19</u>
% Silicon	-	<u>0.20</u>
% Phosphorous	-	<u>0.019</u>
% Sulfur	-	<u>0.023</u>
% Chromium	-	-
% Nickel	-	-
% Molybdenum	-	-

Heat Treatment Not given on CMTR

Another Test For This Line Item? N

Add Remarks? N

NRC 88-05  
MATERIALS WORKSHEET

Plant Catawba  
Line Item CNS-024  
Heat-Lot 213158  
Commodity FLG  
Schedual N/A  
Type RF, BL  
Grade NA  
Vendor (WJM or PSI) WJM  
NCA-3800 (Y/N) Y  
Supplier 1 Guyon Alloys, Inc.  
Quantity 1  
Installed-Access ?  
Add Test Results (Y/N) Y

Unit ?  
Transaction (A/C/D) A  
ASME Class 2  
Diameter 12  
Rating 900  
Spec. 105  
Source WJM  
CMTR Date 09/21/82  
  
Supplier 2 -  
Quantity In Stock 0  
Installed-Not Access ?  
Add Remarks (Y/N) N

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item CNS-024      --Specimen ID CNS-024-A

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	-	<u>79,000</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	-	<u>51,500</u>
% Elongation	-	<u>35.0</u>
% Reduction In Area	-	<u>66.0</u>
Hardness (BHN)	-	
% Carbon	-	<u>0.22</u>
% Manganese	-	<u>1.16</u>
% Silicon	-	<u>0.23</u>
% Phosphorous	-	<u>0.012</u>
% Sulfur	-	<u>0.019</u>
% Chromium	-	-
% Nickel	-	-
% Molybdenum	-	-

Heat Treatment Not given on CMTR

Another Test For This Line Item? N      Add Remarks? N

NRC 88-05  
MATERIALS WORKSHEET

Plant <u>Catawba</u>	Unit <u>1, 2</u>
Line Item <u>CNS-025</u>	Transaction (A/C/D) <u>A</u>
Heat-Lot <u>UE</u>	ASME Class <u>2</u>
Commodity <u>FLG</u>	Diameter <u>1</u>
Schedule <u>N/A</u>	Rating <u>150</u>
Type <u>RF, BL</u>	Spec. <u>105</u>
Grade <u>NA</u>	Source <u>WJM</u>
Vendor (WJM or PSI) <u>WJM</u>	CMTR Date <u>02/17/81</u>
NCA-3800 (Y/N) <u>Y</u>	
Supplier 1 <u>Guyon Alloys, Inc.</u>	Supplier 2 <u>-</u>
Quantity <u>5</u>	Quantity In Stock <u>0</u>
Installed-Access <u>3?</u>	Installed-Not Access <u>?</u>
Add Test Results (Y/N) <u>Y</u>	Add Remarks (Y/N) <u>N</u>

The flange located in the Lube Oil System of the 1B Emergency Diesel Generator and was marked 1"-WJ-150-SA-105-UE.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item CNS-025

--Specimen ID CNS-025-A

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	-	<u>78,800</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	-	<u>44,200</u>
% Elongation	-	<u>28.0</u>
% Reduction in Area	-	<u>54.0</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>211</u>	
% Carbon	-	<u>0.28</u>
% Manganese	-	<u>.76</u>
% Silicon	-	<u>0.18</u>
% Phosphorous	-	<u>0.010</u>
% Sulfur	-	<u>0.019</u>
% Chromium	-	-
% Nickel	-	-
% Molybdenum	-	-

Heat Treatment Not given on CMTR

Another Test For This Line Item? N      Add Remarks? Y

The hardness testing was performed in-situ using an EQUOTIP Hardness Tester. Approximately 40-60 mils of metal was removed from the outside edge of the flange and ten hardness readings were taken. The surface was then reground and a second set of ten hardness readings was taken. If the average of the second set of readings was within 10 L-units of the average of the first set, the data was valid. The average value of the two sets data was 477 L<sub>D</sub> for flange CNS-025-A. The temperature of the flange was 117<sup>o</sup> F. There was sight vibration and the magnetic field was 1 Gauss. Adding the EPRI developed correction factor for temperature (+13) gives a corrected value of 490 L<sub>D</sub>.

NRC 88-05  
MATERIALS WORKSHEET

Plant Catawba  
Line Item CNS-026  
Heat-Lot GDAT  
Commodity FLG  
Schedual N/A  
Type RF,TH  
Grade NA  
Vendor (WJM or PSI) WJM  
NCA-3800 (Y/N) Y  
Supplier 1 Guvon Alloys, Inc.  
Quantity 3  
Installed-Access ?  
Add Test Results (Y/N) Y

Unit ?  
Transaction (A/C/D) A  
ASME Class 2  
Diameter 2  
Rating 150  
Spec. 105  
Source WJM  
CMTR Date 01/18/82  
  
Supplier 2 -  
Quantity In Stock 0  
Installed-Not Access ?  
Add Remarks (Y/N) N

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item CNS-026

--Specimen ID CNS-026-A

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	=	<u>81,210</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	=	<u>48,625</u>
% Elongation	=	<u>28.5</u>
% Reduction In Area	=	<u>56.0</u>
Hardness (BHN)	=	
% Carbon	=	<u>0.28</u>
% Manganese	=	<u>.90</u>
% Silicon	=	<u>0.23</u>
% Phosphorous	=	<u>0.010</u>
% Sulfur	=	<u>0.018</u>
% Chromium	=	=
% Nickel	=	=
% Molybdenum	=	=

Heat Treatment Not given on CMTR

Another Test For This Line Item? N

Add Remarks? N

NRC 88-05  
MATERIALS WORKSHEET

Plant <u>Catawba</u>	Unit <u>?</u>
Line Item <u>CNS-027</u>	Transaction (A/C/D) <u>C</u>
Heat-Lot <u>GDKD</u>	ASME Class <u>2</u>
Commodity <u>FLG</u>	Diameter <u>2</u>
Schedule <u>N/A</u>	Rating <u>150</u>
Type <u>RF,TH</u>	Spec. <u>105</u>
Grade <u>NA</u>	Source <u>WJM</u>
Vendor (WJM or PSI) <u>WJM</u>	CMTR Date <u>01/18/82</u>
NCA-3800 (Y/N) <u>Y</u>	
Supplier 1 <u>Guyon Alloys, Inc.</u>	Supplier 2 <u>-</u>
Quantity <u>72</u>	Quantity In Stock <u>25</u>
Installed-Access <u>?</u>	Installed-Not Access <u>?</u>
Add Test Results (Y/N) <u>Y</u>	Add Remarks (Y/N) <u>Y</u>

CNS-027-A was examined metallographically and was found to have an equiaxial grain structure (could not determine if it was forged). All flanges in stock were marked = 2"-WJ-150-SA-105-GDKD =.



NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item CNS-027

--Specimen ID CNS-027-A

	<u>Test Data</u>	<u>CMTR Data</u>
Tensile Strength (psi)	<u>82,600</u>	<u>73,345</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	<u>42,900</u>	<u>40,280</u>
% Elongation	<u>24</u>	<u>30.5</u>
% Reduction in Area	<u>54</u>	<u>54.6</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>172</u>	
% Carbon	<u>0.30</u>	<u>0.27</u>
% Manganese	<u>0.87</u>	<u>0.86</u>
% Silicon	<u>0.21</u>	<u>0.23</u>
% Phosphorous	<u>0.009</u>	<u>0.010</u>
% Sulfur	<u>0.017</u>	<u>0.016</u>
% Chromium	<u>0.04</u>	-
% Nickel	<u>0.03</u>	-
% Molybdenum	<u>0.01</u>	-

Heat Treatment Not given on CMTR

Another Test For This Line Item? Y

Add Remarks? Y

Hardness was performed at our inhouse Materials Laboratory on material from stock using Rockwell B hardness tester. The Rockwell B Hardness (87 for CNS-027-A) was converted to Brinell using Table 2 from ASTM E140 and entered into Test Data Worksheet. Chemistry was performed by an outside laboratory on Duke's Approved Vendors List. The tensile specimens was approximately 1/2 inch in diameter and the test was performed inhouse.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item CNS-027

--Specimen ID CNS-027-B

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	<u>79,500</u>	<u>73,345</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	<u>43,000</u>	<u>40,280</u>
% Elongation	<u>30</u>	<u>30.5</u>
% Reduction In Area	<u>58</u>	<u>54.6</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>153</u>	
% Carbon	<u>0.27</u>	<u>0.27</u>
% Manganese	<u>0.92</u>	<u>0.86</u>
% Silicon	<u>0.23</u>	<u>0.23</u>
% Phosphorous	<u>0.006</u>	<u>0.010</u>
% Sulfur	<u>0.016</u>	<u>0.016</u>
% Chromium	<u>0.05</u>	-
% Nickel	<u>0.07</u>	-
% Molybdenum	<u>0.01</u>	-

Heat Treatment Not given on CMTR

Another Test For This Line Item? Y      Add Remarks? Y

Hardness was performed at our inhouse Materials Laboratory on material from stock using Rockwell B hardness tester. The Rockwell B Hardness (81 for CNS-027-B) was converted to Brinell using Table 2 from ASTM E140 and entered into Test Data Worksheet. An EQUOTIP Hardness Value (414 Lp) was obtained from a flat surface where the tensile sample or the sample for chemical analysis was removed. Chemistry was performed by an outside laboratory on Duke's Approved Vendors List. The tensile specimens was approximately 1/4 inch in diameter and the test was performed inhouse.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item CNS-027

--Specimen ID CNS-027-C

	<u>Test Data</u>	<u>CMTR Data</u>
Tensile Strength (psi)	<u>86,800</u>	<u>73,345</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	<u>44,900</u>	<u>40,280</u>
% Elongation	<u>22</u>	<u>30.5</u>
% Reduction In Area	<u>49</u>	<u>54.6</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>169</u>	
% Carbon	<u>0.31</u>	<u>0.27</u>
% Manganese	<u>0.88</u>	<u>0.86</u>
% Silicon	<u>0.20</u>	<u>0.23</u>
% Phosphorous	<u>0.010</u>	<u>0.010</u>
% Sulfur	<u>0.019</u>	<u>0.016</u>
% Chromium	<u>0.04</u>	<u>-</u>
% Nickel	<u>0.03</u>	<u>-</u>
% Molybdenum	<u>0.01</u>	<u>-</u>

Heat Treatment Not given on CMTR

Another Test For This Line Item? Y      Add Remarks? Y

Hardness was performed at our inhouse Materials Laboratory on material from stock using Rockwell B hardness tester. The Rockwell B Hardness (86 for CNS-027-C) was converted to Brinell using Table 2 from ASTM E140 and entered into Test Data Worksheet. An EQUOTIP Hardness Value (430 L<sub>D</sub>) was obtained from a flat surface where the tensile sample or the sample for chemical analysis was removed. Chemistry was performed by an outside laboratory on Duke's Approved Vendors List. The tensile specimens was approximately 1/2 inch in diameter and the test was performed inhouse.

NRC 88-05  
TEST DATA WORKSHEET

Test Results for Line Item CNS-027      -- Specimen ID CNS-027-D

	Test Data	CMTR Data
Tensile Strength (psi)	<u>86,200</u>	<u>73,345</u>
Yield Strength (psi)	<u>45,700</u>	<u>40,280</u>
% Elongation	<u>22</u>	<u>30.5</u>
% Reduction In Area	<u>49</u>	<u>54.6</u>
Hardness (BHN)	<u>165</u>	
% Carbon	<u>0.31</u>	<u>0.27</u>
% Manganese	<u>0.88</u>	<u>0.86</u>
% Silicon	<u>0.21</u>	<u>0.23</u>
% Phosphorous	<u>0.009</u>	<u>0.010</u>
% Sulfur	<u>0.018</u>	<u>0.016</u>
% Chromium	<u>0.04</u>	-
% Nickel	<u>0.03</u>	-
% Molybdenum	<u>0.01</u>	-

Heat Treatment Not given on CMTR

Another Test For This Line Item? N      Add Remarks? Y

Hardness was performed at our inhouse Materials Laboratory on material from stock using Rockwell B hardness tester. The Rockwell B Hardness (85 for CNS-027-D) was converted to Brinell using Table 2 from ASTM E140 and entered into Test Data Worksheet. An EQUOTIP Hardness Value (432 L<sub>D</sub>) was obtained from a flat surface where the tensile sample or the sample for chemical analysis was removed. Chemistry was performed by an outside laboratory on Duke's Approved Vendors List. The tensile specimens was approximately 1/2 inch in diameter and the test was performed inhouse.

DATA REPORT FOR NONCONFORMING  
OR INACCESSABLE FLANGES

In response to NRC Bulletin 88-05, Supplement 1, Catawba Nuclear Station has found a 3/4 inch, 1500 pound, raised face, socket weld flange, Heat # A23 made from SA105 material that was below minimum hardness (137 Brinell). The readings were taken with an EQUOTIP Hardness Tester and the average was 387 L<sub>D</sub> which converts to 131 Brinell. The temperature of the flange was 97<sup>0</sup> F. Using the temperature correction factor developed by EPRI (+7), the corrected value is 394 L<sub>D</sub> which converts to 136 Brinell. The flange is located in the Unit 2 Main Steam Auxiliary Equipment System (ASME Class 2) next to the Auxiliary Feedwater Pump Turbine (ISO# CN-2SA-029, Weld #1). Duke's Design Engineering Department is performing the JCO.

**SAMPLE NO.** CNS-014-A

**LOCATION** ISO# CN-2SA-029 WELD #1, ASME Class 2.

Line is connected to Aux. FDWP Turbine Stop Valve

**SIZE** 3/4 Inch, 1500 Pound, Sch. 80

**TYPE** Raised Face, Socket Weld

**HEAT NO.** A23

**MATERIAL** ASME SA105 (Allowable Min. Hardness 137 Brinell)

**IN-SITU HARDNESS TEST** 387 L<sub>D</sub> (131 Brinell)

**TEMPERATURE** 97<sup>0</sup> F (EPRI Correction Factor +7)

**CORRECTED HARDNESS** 394 L<sub>D</sub> (136 Brinell)

**DATE FOUND** 07/20/88 **TIME** 10:00

**DATE REPORTED** 07/22/88 **TIME** 9:45

DATA REPORT FOR NONCONFORMING  
OR INACCESSABLE FLANGES

In response to NRC Bulletin 88-05, Supplement 1, Catawba Nuclear Station has found a 2 inch, 1500 pound, raised face, socket weld flange, Heat # COP made from SA105 material that was below minimum hardness (137 Brinell). The readings were taken with an EQUOTIP Hardness Tester and the average was 362 Lp which converts to 115 Brinell. The temperature of the flange was 323<sup>0</sup> F. Using the temperature correction factor developed by EPRI (+52), the corrected value is 414 Lp which converts to 150 Brinell. The flange is located in the Unit 1 Auxiliary Feedwater System and is classified as Duke Class F, seismic, (ISO# CN-1CF-046, Weld #8). Duke's Design Engineering Department is performing the JCO.

**SAMPLE NO.** CNS-004-E  
**LOCATION** ISO# CN-1CF-046 WELD #8, Duke Class F (seismic)  
**SIZE** 2 Inch, 1500 Pound, Sch. 80  
**TYPE** Raised Face, Socket Weld  
**HEAT NO.** COP  
**MATERIAL** ASME SA105 (Allowable Min. Hardness 137 Brinell)  
**IN-SITU HARDNESS TEST** 362 Lp (115 Brinell)  
**TEMPERATURE** 323<sup>0</sup> F (EPRI Correction Factor +52)  
**CORRECTED HARDNESS** 414 Lp (150 Brinell)  
**DATE FOUND** Non-Safety **TIME** =  
**DATE REPORTED** 07/22/88 **TIME** 9:45

**DATA REPORT FOR NONCONFORMING  
OR INACCESSABLE FLANGES**

In response to NRC Bulletin 88-05, Supplement 1, Catawba Nuclear Station has found a 2 inch, 1500 pound, raised face, socket weld flange, Heat # COP made from SA105 material that was below minimum hardness (137 Brinell). The readings were taken with an EQUOTIP Hardness Tester and the average was 355 L<sub>D</sub> which converts to 111 Brinell. The temperature of the flange was 323<sup>0</sup> F. Using the temperature correction factor developed by EPRI (+52), the corrected value is 407 L<sub>D</sub> which converts to 145 Brinell. The flange is located in the Unit 1 Auxiliary Feedwater System and is classified as Duke Class F, seismic, (ISO# CN-1CA-104, Weld #1). Duke's Design Engineering Department is performing the JCO.

**SAMPLE NO.** CNS-004-F

**LOCATION** ISO# CN-1CA-104 WELD #1, Duke Class F (seismic).

**SIZE** 2 Inch, 1500 Pound, Sch. 80

**TYPE** Raised Face, Socket Weld

**HEAT NO.** COP

**MATERIAL** ASME SA105 (Allowable Min. Hardness 137 Brinell)

**IN-SITU HARDNESS TEST** 355 L<sub>D</sub> (111 Brinell)

**TEMPERATURE** 323<sup>0</sup> F (EPRI Correction Factor +52)

**CORRECTED HARDNESS** 407 L<sub>D</sub> (145 Brinell)

**DATE FOUND** Non-Safety **TIME** =

**DATE REPORTED** 07/22/88 **TIME** 9:45

DATA REPORT FOR NONCONFORMING  
OR INACCESSABLE FLANGES

In response to NRC Bulletin 88-05, Supplement 1, Catawba Nuclear Station has found a 1 inch, 300 pound, raised face, socket weld flange, Heat # A23 made from SA105 material that was below minimum hardness (137 Brinell). The readings were taken with an EQUOTIP Hardness Tester and the average was 391 L<sub>D</sub> which converts to 134 Brinell. The temperature of the flange was 111<sup>0</sup> F. Using the temperature correction factor developed by EPRI (+12), the corrected value is 403 L<sub>D</sub> which converts to 142 Brinell. The flange is located in the Unit 2 Diesel Generator Engine Starting Air System (ASME Class 3) on a drain line coming from the 2A2 Starting Air Tank (ISO# CN-2VG-005, Weld #4). Duke's Design Engineering Department is performing the JCO.

**SAMPLE NO.** CNS-013-A

**LOCATION** ISO# CN-2VG-005 WELD #4, ASME Class 3.

Drain line to the 2A2 Diesel Gen. Starting Air Tank

**SIZE** 1 Inch, 300 Pound, Sch. 40

**TYPE** Raised Face, Socket Weld

**HEAT NO.** A23

**MATERIAL** ASME SA105 (Allowable Min. Hardness 137 Brinell)

**IN-SITU HARDNESS TEST** 391 L<sub>D</sub> (134 Brinell)

**TEMPERATURE** 111<sup>0</sup> F (EPRI Correction Factor +12)

**CORRECTED HARDNESS** 403 L<sub>D</sub> (142 Brinell)

**DATE FOUND** 07/21/88 **TIME** 16:00

**DATE REPORTED** 07/22/88 **TIME** 9:45



DATA REPORT FOR NONCONFORMING  
OR INACCESSABLE FLANGES

In response to NRC Bulletin 88-05, Supplement 1, Catawba Nuclear Station has found a 1 inch, 300 pound, raised face, socket weld flange, Heat # A23 made from SA105 material that was below minimum hardness (137 Brinell). The readings were taken with an EQUOTIP Hardness Tester and the average was 391 L<sub>D</sub> which converts to 134 Brinell. The temperature of the flange was 102<sup>0</sup> F. Using the temperature correction factor developed by EPRI (+9), the corrected value is 400 L<sub>D</sub> which converts to 140 Brinell. The flange is located in the Unit 2 Diesel Generator Engine Starting Air System (ASME Class 3) on a drain line coming from the 2B2 Starting Air Tank (ISO# CN-2VG-006, Weld #4). Duke's Design Engineering Department is performing the JCO.

**SAMPLE NO.** CNS-013-B

**LOCATION** ISO# CN-2VG-006 WELD #4, ASME Class 3.

Drain line to the 2B2 Diesel Gen. Starting Air Tank

**SIZE** 1 Inch, 300 Pound, Sch. 40

**TYPE** Raised Face, Socket Weld

**HEAT NO.** A23

**MATERIAL** ASME SA105 (Allowable Min. Hardness 137 Brinell)

**IN-SITU HARDNESS TEST** 391 L<sub>D</sub> (134 Brinell)

**TEMPERATURE** 102<sup>0</sup> F (EPRI Correction Factor +9)

**CORRECTED HARDNESS** 400 L<sub>D</sub> (140 Brinell)

**DATE FOUND** 07/21/88 **TIME** 16:00

**DATE REPORTED** 07/22/88 **TIME** 9:45

July 26, 1988

MEMORANDUM FOR FILE

Subject: NRC Bulletin 88-05, Supplement 1  
Nonconforming Materials Supplied By  
Piping Supplies, Inc. at Folsom, New  
Jersey and West Jersey Manufacturing  
Company at Williamstown, New Jersey  
Report of Deviation from Specification  
Based on In-Situ Hardness Testing (EQUOTIP)  
Report Number 1

This memorandum documents a report made to the NRC Operations Center in accordance with NRC Bulletin 88-05, Supplement 1.

Date Found: July 20, 1988  
Time Found: 10:00  
Date of Call: July 22, 1988  
Time of Call: 09:45  
Duke Personnel Participating: D.W. Whitaker, P.G. LeRoy, J.S. Warren, and  
R.L. Williams  
NRC Duty Person: Gould  
Unit(s) Affected: Catawba 1 and 2  
Power Level - Unit 1: 100%  
Power Level - Unit 2: 5% (Mode 2)

The following information (except sample number and ISO number) on five flanges installed at Catawba was given to the NRC:

Sample (ISO #): CNS - 014A (ISO CN-2SA-029-1)  
Size: 3/4 inch  
Rating: 1500 psi  
Type: Raised Face, Socket Weld  
Heat Code #: A23  
Minimum Allowable Hardness Reading: 137 Brinell  
Material: SA 105  
Actual Hardness Reading: 131 Brinell (136 Brinell with  
temperature correlation)

Location: System SA, Main Steam Supply to  
Auxiliary Equipment (Includes  
Auxiliary Feedwater Pump Turbine) Unit  
2 only  
Class: ASME 2  
Temperature: 97 degrees-F

Samples (ISO #'s): CNS - 004E, F (ISO CN-1CF-46-8);  
CN-1CA-104-1)  
Size: 2 inches  
Rating: 1500 #  
Type: Raised Face, Socket Weld  
Heat Code #: COP  
Minimum Allowable Hardness Reading: 137 Brinell  
Material: SA 105  
Location: System CA, Auxiliary Feedwater Warming  
Line to S/G Nozzles Unit 1 Only  
Actual Hardness Reading: 115, 111 Brinell (150, 145 Brinell  
with temperature correlation)  
Class: Duke Class F (Seismic)  
Temperature: 323 degrees-F, 323 degrees-F

The above samples were stated to be in a seismically designed system, not safety-related.

Samples (ISO #'s): CNS - 013A, B (ISO CN-2VG-5-4);  
CN-2VG-6-4)  
Size: 1 inch  
Rating: 300 #  
Type: Raised Face, Socket Weld  
Heat Code #: A23  
Minimum Allowable Hardness Reading: 137 Brinell  
Material: SA 105  
Location: Diesel Generator Starting  
Air System (VG) Unit 2 Only  
Actual Hardness Reading: 134, 134 Brinell (142, 140 Brinell  
with temperature correlation)  
Class: ASME 3  
Temperature: 111 degrees-F, 102 degrees-F


The NRC duty person was advised that all reported hardness readings did not use NUMARC/EPRI temperature correlations.

Memorandum for File (Report Number 1)

July 26, 1988

Page 3

The acceptability of applying these temperature correlations prior to determining 48-hour reportability and the need for a justification for continued operation was confirmed in a July 26, 1988 call to Ed Baker, ONRR, the NRC technical contact for Bulletin 88-05 and Supplement 1. Based upon this later interpretation received from the NRC, the above flanges - except for Sample CNS-014-A (ISO CNS-2SA-029-1) - would have passed the EQUOTIP Hardness Testing.



J.S. Warren  
Licensing

JSW/217/bhp

xc: J.W. Glenn  
R.D. Ivey  
R.L. Williams  
R.M. Glover  
D.E. Whitaker  
N.A. Rutherford  
P.G. LeRoy  
CN-801.01  
CN-815.02  
(9)

DATA REPORT FOR NONCONFORMING  
OR INACCESSABLE FLANGES

In response to NRC Bulletin 88-05, Supplement 1, Catawba Nuclear Station has found a 3/4 inch, 1500 pound, raised face, socket weld flange, Heat # A23 made from SA105 material that was below minimum hardness (137 Brinell). The readings were taken with an EQUOTIP Hardness Tester and the average was 382 L<sub>D</sub> which converts to 128 Brinell. The temperature of the flange was 126<sup>0</sup> F. Using the temperature correction factor developed by EPRI (+16), the corrected value is 398 L<sub>D</sub> which converts to 138 Brinell. The flange is located in the Unit 1 Feedwater Pump Turbine Exhaust System (ASME Class 3) next to the Auxiliary Feedwater Pump Turbine (ISO# CN-1TE-027, Weld #26). Duke's Design Engineering Department is performing the JCO.

**SAMPLE NO.** CNS-014-D

**LOCATION** ISO# CN-1TE-027 WELD #26, ASME Class 3.

**SIZE** 3/4 Inch, 1500 Pound, Sch. 80

**TYPE** Raised Face, Socket Weld

**HEAT NO.** A23

**MATERIAL** ASME SA105 (Allowable Min. Hardness 137 Brinell)

**IN-SITU HARDNESS TEST** 382 L<sub>D</sub> (128 Brinell)

**TEMPERATURE** 126<sup>0</sup> F (EPRI Correction Factor +16)

**CORRECTED HARDNESS** 398 L<sub>D</sub> (138 Brinell)

**DATE FOUND** 07/22/88 **TIME** 14:15

**DATE REPORTED** 07/22/88 **TIME** 14:45

DATA REPORT FOR NONCONFORMING  
OR INACCESSABLE FLANGES

In response to NRC Bulletin 88-05, Supplement 1, Catawba Nuclear Station has found a 3/4 inch, 1500 pound, raised face, socket weld flange, Heat # A23 made from SA105 material that was below minimum hardness (137 Brinell). The readings were taken with an EQUOTIP Hardness Tester and the average was 378 L<sub>D</sub> which converts to 125 Brinell. The temperature of the flange was 139<sup>0</sup> F. Using the temperature correction factor developed by EPRI (+19), the corrected value is 397 L<sub>D</sub> which converts to 138 Brinell. The flange is located in the Unit 1 Feedwater Pump Turbine Exhaust System (ASME Class 3) next to the Auxiliary Feedwater Pump Turbine (ISO# CN-1TE-027, Weld #27). Duke's Design Engineering Department is performing the JCO.

**SAMPLE NO.** CNS-014-E

**LOCATION** ISO# CN-1TE-027 WELD #27, ASME Class 3.

**SIZE** 3/4 Inch, 1500 Pound, Sch. 80

**TYPE** Raised Face, Socket Weld

**HEAT NO.** A23

**MATERIAL** ASME SA105 (Allowable Min. Hardness 137 Brinell)

**IN-SITU HARDNESS TEST** 378 L<sub>D</sub> (125 Brinell)

**TEMPERATURE** 139<sup>0</sup> F (EPRI Correction Factor +19)

**CORRECTED HARDNESS** 397 L<sub>D</sub> (138 Brinell)

**DATE FOUND** 07/22/88 **TIME** 14:15

**DATE REPORTED** 07/22/88 **TIME** 14:45

DATA REPORT FOR NONCONFORMING  
OR INACCESSABLE FLANGES

In response to NRC Bulletin 88-05, Supplement 1, Catawba Nuclear Station has found a 3/4 inch, 1500 pound, raised face, socket weld flange, Heat \* A23 made from SA105 material that was below minimum hardness (137 Brinell). The readings were taken with an EQUOTIP Hardness Tester and the average was 384 L<sub>D</sub> which converts to 129 Brinell. The temperature of the flange was 118<sup>0</sup> F. Using the temperature correction factor developed by EPRI (+14), the corrected value is 398 L<sub>D</sub> which converts to 138 Brinell. The flange is located in the Unit 1 Main Steam Auxiliary Equipment System (ASME Class 2) next to the Auxiliary Feedwater Pump Turbine (ISO\* CN-1SA-024, Weld \*13). Duke's Design Engineering Department is performing the JCO.

**SAMPLE NO.** CNS-014-F

**LOCATION** ISO\* CN-1SA-024 WELD \*13, ASME Class 2.

**SIZE** 3/4 Inch, 1500 Pound, Sch. 80

**TYPE** Raised Face, Socket Weld

**HEAT NO.** A23

**MATERIAL** ASME SA105 (Allowable Min. Hardness 137 Brinell)

**IN-SITU HARDNESS TEST** 384 L<sub>D</sub> (129 Brinell)

**TEMPERATURE** 118<sup>0</sup> F (EPRI Correction Factor +14)

**CORRECTED HARDNESS** 398 L<sub>D</sub> (138 Brinell)

**DATE FOUND** 07/22/88 **TIME** 14:15

**DATE REPORTED** 07/22/88 **TIME** 14:45

DATA REPORT FOR NONCONFORMING  
OR INACCESSABLE FLANGES

In response to NRC Bulletin 88-05, Supplement 1, Catawba Nuclear Station has found a 3/4 inch, 1500 pound, raised face, socket weld flange, Heat # A23 made from SA105 material that was below minimum hardness (137 Brinell). The readings were taken with an EQUOTIP Hardness Tester and the average was 394 L<sub>D</sub> which converts to 136 Brinell. The temperature of the flange was 123<sup>0</sup> F. Using the temperature correction factor developed by EPRI (+15), the corrected value is 409 L<sub>D</sub> which converts to 146 Brinell. The flange is located in the Unit 1 Main Steam Auxiliary Equipment System (ASME Class 2) next to the Auxiliary Feedwater Pump Turbine (ISO# CN-1SA-025, Weld #13). Duke's Design Engineering Department is performing the JCO.

**SAMPLE NO.** CNS-014-G

**LOCATION** ISO# CN-1SA-025 WELD #13, ASME Class 2.

**SIZE** 3/4 Inch, 1500 Pound, Sch. 80

**TYPE** Raised Face, Socket Weld

**HEAT NO.** A23

**MATERIAL** ASME SA105 (Allowable Min. Hardness 137 Brinell)

**IN-SITU HARDNESS TEST** 394 L<sub>D</sub> (136 Brinell)

**TEMPERATURE** 123<sup>0</sup> F (EPRI Correction Factor +15)

**CORRECTED HARDNESS** 409 L<sub>D</sub> (146 Brinell)

**DATE FOUND** 07/22/88 **TIME** 14:15

**DATE REPORTED** 07/22/88 **TIME** 14:45



July 26, 1988

MEMORANDUM FOR FILE

Subject: NRC Bulletin 88-05, Supplement 1  
Nonconforming Materials Supplied By  
Piping Supplies, Inc. at Folsom, New  
Jersey and West Jersey Manufacturing  
Company at Williamstown, New Jersey  
Report of Deviation from Specification  
Based on In-Situ Hardness Testing (EQUOTIP)  
Report Number 2

This memorandum documents a report made to the NRC Operations Center in accordance with NRC Bulletin 88-05, Supplement 1.

Date Found: July 22, 1988  
Time Found: 14:15  
Date of Call: July 22, 1988  
Time of Call: 14:45  
Duke Personnel Participating: D.W. Whitaker and J.S. Warren  
NRC Duty Person: Jolliffe  
Unit(s) Affected: Catawba 1  
Power Level - Unit 1: 100%  
Power Level - Unit 2: 5% - 10%

The following information (except sample number and ISO number) on four flanges installed at Catawba was given to the NRC:

Sample (ISO #): CNS - 014D (ISO CN-1TE-027-26)  
Size: 3/4 inch  
Rating: 1500 #  
Type: Raised Face, Socket Weld  
Heat Code #: A23  
Minimum Allowable Hardness Reading: 137 Brinell  
Material: SA 105  
Actual Hardness Reading: 128 Brinell (138 Brinell with  
temperature correlation)  
Location: FDWP Turbine Exhaust System (System  
TE)  
Class: ASME 3  
Temperature: 126 degrees-F

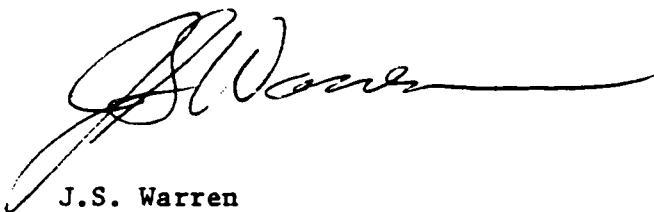
Sample (ISO #): CNS - 014E, (ISO CN-1TE-027-27)  
Size: 3/4 inch  
Rating: 1500 #  
Type: Raised Face, Socket Weld  
Heat Code #: A23  
Minimum Allowable Hardness Reading: 137 Brinell  
Material: SA 105  
Location: FDWP Turbine Exhaust System (System TE)  
  
Actual Hardness Reading: 125 Brinell (138 Brinell with temperature correlation)  
  
Class: ASME 3  
Temperature: 139 degrees-F

Sample (ISO #): CNS - 014F (ISO CN-1SA-024-13)  
Size: 3/4 inch  
Rating: 1500 #  
Type: Raised Face, Socket Weld  
Heat Code #: A23  
Minimum Allowable Hardness Reading: 137 Brinell  
Material: SA 105  
Location: Main Steam to Auxiliary Equipment (System SA)  
  
Actual Hardness Reading: 129 Brinell (138 Brinell with temperature correlation)  
  
Class: ASME Class 2  
Temperature: 118 degrees-F

Sample (ISO #): CNS - 014G (ISO CN-1SA-025-13)  
Size: 3/4 inch  
Rating: 1500 #  
Type: Raised Face, Socket Weld  
Heat Code #: A23  
Minimum Allowable Hardness Reading: 137 Brinell  
Material: SA 105  
Location: Main Steam to Auxiliary Equipment (System SA)  
  
Actual Hardness Reading: 136 Brinell (146 Brinell with temperature correlation)  
  
Class: ASME Class 2  
Temperature: 123 degrees-F

The NRC duty person was advised that all reported hardness readings did not use NUMARC/EPRI temperature correlations.

The acceptability of applying these temperature correlations prior to determining 48-hour reportability and the need for a justification for continued operation was confirmed in a July 26, 1988 call to Ed Baker, ONRR, the NRC technical contact for Bulletin 88-05 and Supplement 1. Based upon this later interpretation received from the NRC, the above flanges would have passed the EQUOTIP Hardness Testing.



J.S. Warren  
Licensing

JSW/218/bhp

xc: J.W. Glenn  
R.D. Ivey  
R.L. Williams  
R.M. Glover  
D.E. Whitaker  
N.A. Rutherford  
P.G. LeRoy  
CN-801.01  
CN-815.02  
(9)

DATA REPORT FOR NONCONFORMING  
OR INACCESSABLE FLANGES

In response to NRC Bulletin 88-05, Supplement 1, Catawba Nuclear Station has found a 1 inch, 150 pound, raised face, blind flange, Heat # UE made from SA105 material that was above maximum hardness (187 Brinell). The readings were taken with an EQUOTIP Hardness Tester and the average was 477 L<sub>D</sub> which converts to 200 Brinell. The temperature of the flange was 117<sup>0</sup> F. Using the temperature correction factor developed by EPRI (+13), the corrected value is 490 L<sub>D</sub> which converts to 211 Brinell. The flange is located in the Unit 1 Lube Oil System on the 1B Emergency Diesel Generator and is classified as ASME Class 3. Duke's Design Engineering Department is performing the JCO.

**SAMPLE NO.** CNS-025-A

**LOCATION** DRAWING CNI-LD 1503 Rev. 2. ASME Class 3.

**SIZE** 1 Inch, 150 Pound

**TYPE** Raised Face, Blind

**HEAT NO.** UE

**MATERIAL** ASME SA105 (Allowable Max. Hardness 187 Brinell)

**IN-SITU HARDNESS TEST** 477 L<sub>D</sub> (200 Brinell)

**TEMPERATURE** 117<sup>0</sup> F (EPRI Correction Factor +13)

**CORRECTED HARDNESS** 490 L<sub>D</sub> (211 Brinell)

**DATE FOUND** 08/03/88 **TIME** 15:30

**DATE REPORTED** 08/05/88 **TIME** 9:00

August 5, 1988

MEMORANDUM FOR FILE

Subject: NRC Bulletin 88-05, Supplement 1  
Nonconforming Materials Supplied By  
Piping Supplies, Inc. at Folsom, New  
Jersey and West Jersey Manufacturing  
Company at Williamstown, New Jersey  
Report of Deviation from Specification  
Based on In-Situ Hardness Testing (EQUOTIP)  
Report Number 4 (Catawba Unit 1)

This memorandum documents a report made to the NRC Operations Center in accordance with NRC Bulletin 88-05, Supplement 1.

Date Found: August 3, 1988  
Time Found: 15:30  
Date of Call: August 5, 1988  
Time of Call: 09:00  
Duke Personnel Participating: J.W. Glenn, J.S. Warren, and D.E. Whitaker  
NRC Duty Person: Gould  
Unit(s) Affected: Catawba Unit 1  
Power Level - Unit 1: 100%  
Power Level - Unit 2: 100%

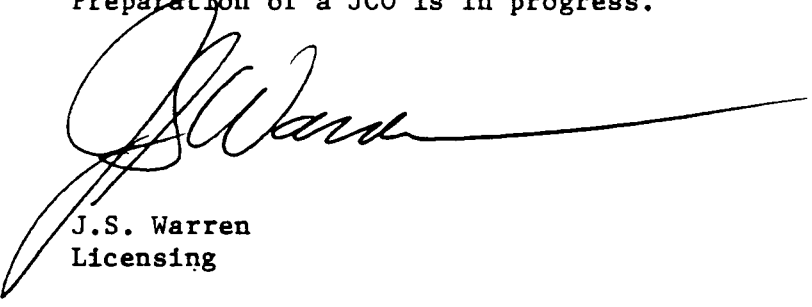
The following information (except sample number and ISO number) on one flange installed at Catawba was given to the NRC:

Sample (ISO #): CNS - 025A (CNI-LD 1503.Rev.2)  
Size: 1 inch  
Rating: 150 #  
Type: Raised Face, Blind  
Heat Code #: UE  
Maximum Allowable Hardness Reading: 187 Brinell  
Material: SA 105  
Actual Hardness Reading: 200 Brinell (211 Brinell with temperature correlation)

Memorandum for File (Report Number 4)  
August 5, 1988  
Page 2

Location: 1B Emergency Deisel Generator Lube Oil  
System, Unit 1 Only  
Class: ASME Class 3  
Temperature: 117 Degrees-F

Preparation of a JCO is in progress.



J.S. Warren  
Licensing

JSW/218/bhp

xc: J.W. Glenn  
R.D. Ivey  
R.L. Williams  
R.M. Glover  
D.E. Whitaker  
N.A. Rutherford  
P.G. LeRoy  
CN-801.01  
CN-815.02  
(9)

**CERTIFICATION OF ENGINEERING CALCULATION**

STATION AND UNIT NUMBER Catawba 1-2

TITLE OF CALCULATION Operability Evaluation on  
PIR No.  $\phi$ -C88- $\phi$ 222

CALCULATION NUMBER CNC - 1232.00 - 00 - 0096

ORIGINALLY CONSISTING OF:

PAGES 1 THROUGH 8

TOTAL ATTACHMENTS — TOTAL MICROFICHE ATTACHMENTS —

TOTAL VOLUMES 1

THESE ENGINEERING CALCULATIONS COVER QA CONDITION 1 ITEMS, IN ACCORDANCE WITH ESTABLISHED PROCEDURES. THE QUALITY HAS BEEN ASSURED AND I CERTIFY THAT THE ABOVE CALCULATION HAS BEEN ORIGINATED, CHECKED OR APPROVED AS NOTED BELOW:

ORIGINATED BY R. L. Williams DATE 8/30/88

CHECKED BY J. D. Keller DATE 8/31/88

APPROVED BY D. M. Collins DATE 8/31/88

ISSUED TO GENERAL SERVICES DIVISION \_\_\_\_\_ DATE \_\_\_\_\_

RECEIVED BY GENERAL SERVICES DIVISION \_\_\_\_\_ DATE \_\_\_\_\_

MICROFICHE ATTACHMENT LIST:  Yes  No SEE BACK OF FORM

REV. NO.	CALCULATION PAGES (VOL)			ATTACHMENTS (VOL)			VOLUMES		ORIG	CHKD	APPR	ISSUE DATE
	REVISED	DELETED	ADDED	REVISED	DELETED	ADDED	DELETED	ADDED	DATE	DATE	DATE	REC'D DATE

1.1 Design Procedure utilized in the preparation of these calculations based on internal  ; external  pressure criteria

a. Calculation for required pipe wall thickness:

b. Calculation for overpressure capability for prespecified pipe wall thicknesses:

c. Method utilized for calculations: Manual  Computer

Mark "X" in all applicable blocks.

1.2 Brief Statement of Problems: See body of Calculation

1.3 Statement of the Relation to Nuclear Safety: Duke Class B and C, Q.A. Condition 1

1.4 Applicable Codes and Standards Utilized:

ASME Section III  
(Sponsor Soc.) (Unique Identity No. & Date) (Subsection or Paragraph No.)

1.5 List All Other Design Criteria Utilized: None

1.6 List Design Criteria in the PSAR/FSAR bearing on these calculations, including page, paragraph, and revision date as applicable:

None

1.7 List all Other Design Assumptions Utilized: No.

1.8 Statement of General or Specific Conclusions, As Applicable: These flanges do not impact plant operability.

1.9 The complete calculation(s) and necessary supporting documents shall be bound together with an appropriate cover sheet properly labeled. The completed presentation of these calculations shall be such that an appropriately qualified person can review the documentation.



Dev./Station Catawba Unit - File No. -  
 Subject Operability Evaluation for PIR #  $\phi$ -C88- $\phi$ 222  
 By R. L. Wilkin Date 8/30/88  
 Sheet No. 2 of 8 Problem No. - Checked By R. L. Wilkin Date 8/31/88

Purpose = This calculation documents Design Engineering's operability evaluation for PIR No.  $\phi$ -C88- $\phi$ 222.

Problem = NRC Bulletin 88-05 required identification, testing, and evaluation of flanges made by WJM/PSI and used in safety Related Systems. The subject PIR was written to track our work. Some of the flanges did not pass hardness test requirements. These were reported to Design Engineering by the Report forms on pages 4 and 7 of this calculation.

We have two cases:

1. Sample CNS-014-A which is a  $\frac{3}{4}$ "-1500<sup>#</sup> socket weld flange to SA-105. This flange tested out at 136 Brinnell as opposed to the minimum allowable of 137.
2. Sample CNS-025-A which is a 1"-150<sup>#</sup> blind flange to SA-105. This flange tested out at 211 Brinnell as opposed to the maximum allowable of 187.

Evaluations = In our evaluation, we considered such things as, but not limited to, the following:

1. Service environment
2. Boltting preload
3. Welding or absence of
4. Piping stress levels (by Stress Analysis Group)
5. Design margin (design pressure versus code allowable pressure).

The results of our review and evaluations are shown as follows:

Dev./Station Catawba Unit - File No. -  
Subject Operability Evaluation for PIR\* 0-C88-0222  
By R.L. Wilkin Date 8/30/88  
Sheet No. 3 of 8 Problem No. - Checked By R.L. Wilkin Date 8/31/88

1. Sample CNS-014-A. Documentation of the stress analysis review of this item is shown on pg. 5 of this calculation. Our Flange Evaluation Summary is on pg. 6 of this calculation.
2. Sample CNS-025-A. No piping was involved so we did not have this one reviewed by Stress Analysis. Our Flange Evaluation Summary is on pg. 8 of this calculation.

Conclusion: Based on our evaluation, it is our judgement that these flanges have no impact on plant operability.

**DATA REPORT FOR NONCONFORMING  
OR INACCESSABLE FLANGES**

In response to NRC Bulletin 88-05, Supplement 1, Catawba Nuclear Station has found a 3/4 inch, 1500 pound, raised face, socket weld flange, Heat # A23 made from SA105 material that was below minimum hardness (137 Brinell). The readings were taken with an EQUOTIP Hardness Tester and the average was 387 Lp which converts to 131 Brinell. The temperature of the flange was 97° F. Using the temperature correction factor developed by EPRI (+7), the corrected value is 394 Lp which converts to 136 Brinell. The flange is located in the Unit 2 Main Steam Auxiliary Equipment System (ASME Class 2) next to the Auxiliary Feedwater Pump Turbine (ISO# CN-2SA-029, Weld #1). Duke's Design Engineering Department is performing the JCO.

**SAMPLE NO.** CNS-014-A

**LOCATION** ISO# CN-2SA-029 WELD #1, ASME Class 2.

Line is connected to Aux. FDWP Turbine Stop Valve

**SIZE** 3/4 Inch, 1500 Pound, Sch. 80

**TYPE** Raised Face, Socket Weld

**HEAT NO.** A23

**MATERIAL** ASME SA105 (Allowable Min. Hardness 137 Brinell)

**IN-SITU HARDNESS TEST** 387 Lp (131 Brinell)

**TEMPERATURE** 97° F (EPRI Correction Factor +7)

**CORRECTED HARDNESS** 394 Lp (136 Brinell)

**DATE FOUND** 07/20/88 **TIME** 10:00

**DATE REPORTED** 07/22/88 **TIME** 9:45

CNC - 1232.00-00-0096

pg. 5 of 8

CSPT-88-CN-082

August 24, 1988

T. F. Wyke, Chief Engineer  
Mechanical/Nuclear Division

Attention: R. L. Williams

Re: Catawba Nuclear Station, Unit 2  
PIR O-C88-0222  
Flange Operability Review  
for NRC Bulletin 88-05  
File No.: CN-1206.02-86

CSPE has reviewed the flange data transmitted by memo from R. L. Williams on July 21, 1988 for Flange ID #CNS-014, a 3/4 inch, 1500 pound, raised face, socket weld flange. The system is found to be operable for piping analysis considerations with the subject flange in place.

If there are any questions, please contact F. T. Rickenbaker at extension 3-7451.

S. B. Hager, Chief Engineer  
Civil/Environmental Division



By: D. L. Caldwell  
Supervising Design Engineer

FTR/cnm

cc: M. S. Sills  
Central Records

FLANGE EVALUATIONSUMMARY

- o Sample No. CNS-014-A Heat No. A23
- o Flange Description 3/4" 1500# Forged Steel Socket Weld to SA-105
- o Construction Isometric CN-25A-029
- o Design Iso. and Flow Diagram CN-2492-SA008, CN-2593-1.1
- o Design Conditions 1185 psig at 600°F Code & Class Sec. III Cl. 2
- o Corrected Brinell Hardness 136
- o Equivalent Strength 64,000 psi Tensile
- o Piping Analysis Calculation No. CNC-2206-02-86-2001
- o Conclusions: Stress Analysis has reviewed this and finds no problems from a stress standpoint. The equivalent strength of 64,000 psi is only about 9% less than the required 70,000 psi. The normal pressure rating for this flange is over 2600 psi compared to a design pressure of 1185 psi. Based on our review and the design margin, we consider this flange acceptable for continued operation.

Prepared by: R. L. Williams Date: 7/26/88

Checked by: [Signature] Date: 7/27/88

CNC - 1232.  $\phi\phi - \phi\phi - \phi\phi$  96  
pg - 7 of 8

**DATA REPORT FOR NONCONFORMING  
OR INACCESSABLE FLANGES**

In response to NRC Bulletin 88-05, Supplement 1, Catawba Nuclear Station has found a 1 inch, 150 pound, raised face, blind flange, Heat # UE made from SA105 material that was above maximum hardness (187 Brinell). The readings were taken with an EQUOTIP Hardness Tester and the average was 477 Lp which converts to 200 Brinell. The temperature of the flange was 117° F. Using the temperature correction factor developed by EPRI (+13), the corrected value is 490 Lp which converts to 211 Brinell. The flange is located in the Unit 1 Lube Oil System on the 1B Emergency Diesel Generator and is classified as ASME Class 3. Duke's Design Engineering Department is performing the JCO.

**SAMPLE NO.** CNS-025-A

**LOCATION** DRAWING CNI-LD 1503 Rev. 2. ASME Class 3.

**SIZE** 1 Inch, 150 Pound

**TYPE** Raised Face, Blind

**HEAT NO.** UE

**MATERIAL** ASME SA105 (Allowable Max. Hardness 187 Brinell)

**IN-SITU HARDNESS TEST** 477 Lp (200 Brinell)

**TEMPERATURE** 117° F (EPRI Correction Factor +13)

**CORRECTED HARDNESS** 490 Lp (211 Brinell)

**DATE FOUND** 08/03/88 **TIME** 15:30

**DATE REPORTED** 08/05/88 **TIME** 9:00

CNC-1232.  $\phi\phi$  -  $\phi\phi$  -  $\phi\phi$ 96

p9-8 of 8

FLANGE EVALUATION

SUMMARY

- o Sample No. CNS-025-A Heat No. UE
- o Flange Description 1"-150<sup>o</sup> Forged Steel Blind Flange, SA-105 (Drilled & Tapped for 3/8" NPT connection)
- o Construction Isometric Instrument Detail CNI-LD2503
- o Design Iso. and Flow Diagram CNM-1301.00-0192-001 & CN-2609-2.2
- o Design Conditions 20 psig @ 200°F Code & Class ASME III C1.3
- o Corrected Brinell Hardness 211 (Max. allow. 187)
- o Equivalent Strength N.A.
- o Piping Analysis Calculation No. NA
- o Conclusions: The flange is mounted on top of a tank which is vented to atmosphere so there are no pressure loads. A 1/4" o.d. tube is tied into the flange so there should be no appreciable external loads applied. The flange withstood the bolting preload so it has some degree of ductility. Any welding that might have been done would be a seal weld or small fillet weld. The loads on the flange are low enough that should any cracks occur, they should not propagate. Based on our review, we consider this flange acceptable for continued operation.

Prepared by: R. L. Williams Date: 8/23/88

Checked by: S. S. Refler Date: 8/31/88

**PROPRIETARY**

UNCONTROLLED DOCUMENT  
INFORMATION ONLY

LEEB HARDNESS TESTING (EQUOTIP)  
OF INSTALLED PIPING FLANGES

PROCEDURE 1404.1

ORIGINAL DATE 7/18/88

*J.M. Shuping*  
PREPARED BY

*J.B. Weigle*  
*Lester Hunt*  
REVIEWED BY

*J.B. Weigle*  
SUBUNIT APPROVAL

*Mike Majure*  
UNIT APPROVAL

REVISION DATE 9/07/88



## 1.0 Scope

- 1.1 This procedure provides instructions for determining the hardness of installed flanges using the EQUOTIP Hardness Tester in response to NRC Compliance Bulletin 88-05.
- 1.2 The Leeb hardness test is a dynamic method based on the principle of energy measurement. A ball tipped by tungsten carbide impacts under a spring force against the test surface and then rebounds. The impact and rebound velocities are measured and processed into a hardness value which is displayed on the device's digital readout as an L-value. This number is related to the ratio of the rebound velocity to the impact velocity of a 3 mm diameter impact body and multiplied by 1000.

$$L = \frac{\text{Rebound Velocity}}{\text{Impact Velocity}} \times 1000$$

The Leeb hardness number, LHV, is the corrected L-value based on probe position as calculated in Step 5.3.6. The EQUOTIP Hardness Tester is a patented trade name of the Leeb hardness test device based on the acronym for Energy - QUotient (EQUO).

- 1.3 The operator may rule a test invalid due to inadequate surface finish or if operator error is involved. If a reading is discarded, another hardness test is performed and recorded.

If hardness readings are taken in any orientation other than vertical downward, a correction value must be applied to the L-value. This correction factor for routine measurements can be made by subtracting the appropriate amount as shown in Figure 1.

Confirmation of the correctness of the hardness values is required by repetitive grinding on the edge of the flange and two sets of sequential hardness tests being made with the mean values not varying by greater than  $\pm 10$  LHV. The first or second set of 5 consecutive hardness readings for a given group of 10 should be within a range of  $\pm 10$  L numbers.

If a situation does arise which prevents normal operation of the test equipment, refer to the operating instruction manual for possible cause and correction.

## 2.0 References

- 2.1 Operating instructions for the EQUOTIP Hardness Tester
- 2.2 "Guidelines For Hardness Testing In Response To NRC Bulletin 88-05," a two page EPRI handout
- 2.3 "Degradation And Failure Of Bolting In Nuclear Power Plants Volume 2," EPRI NP 5769

### 3.0 Apparatus

- 3.1 Equotip Hardness Tester with type "D" impact device
- 3.2 Digital thermometer with type J thermocouple probe
- 3.3 Gauss meter capable of measuring 4 gauss

### 4.0 Limits and Precautions

- 4.1 The piping connecting to the flange must be intact.
- 4.2 The insulation must be removed from the flange.
- 4.3 The following precautions shall be observed.
  - 4.3.1 Do not use the device unless the instrument temperature is between 40° F (5° C) and 122° F (50° C).
  - 4.3.2 Do not take hardness measurements on critical sealing surfaces.
  - 4.3.3 Do not place the cocked impact device against head, hands, arms, etc. and discharge as serious injury may result.
  - 4.3.4 Do not take hardness measurements if the flange is subjected to excess vibration.
  - 4.3.5 The test is invalid when conducted in magnetic fields greater than 4 gauss in strength.
- 4.4 The instrument's batteries are replaced when the indicating meter is out of the green portion of its field.

### 5.0 Method

- 5.1 The EQUOTIP Hardness Tester contains no adjustments and therefore only a verification of calibration is necessary.
  - 5.1.1 The verification of calibration shall be performed prior to and at the close of each day's use. It shall also be performed each time the batteries are replaced.
  - 5.1.2 Re-verify the instrument after 100 hardness tests are performed.
  - 5.1.3 Calibration verification is determined by the use of a standard test block. Make at least five hardness tests on the standardized test block being valid for the impact device under investigation. Record the readings on the "Calibration Verification Data Sheet".

Make tests no closer than 1/8 inch (3mm) together, and no closer than 1/4 inch (6mm) from the edge of the block. The EQUOTIP Hardness instrument shall be considered verified if 80% of the L readings taken on the test block deviate no more than  $\pm 6$  L numbers from the mean in L hardness numbers marked on the block.

- 5.2 The surface of the specimen to be tested must have a clean, smooth metallic surface containing no corrosion products, scale, or other irregularities that would affect the hardness test. Excessive surface roughness results in lower L-values and broad variations of the individual measurements. Cold worked surfaces produce excessively large L-values. The surface of the flange should be prepared as follows.
- 5.2.1 An area of not less than 1-3 square inches should be prepared on the edge of the flange on which to take the hardness measurements.
- 5.2.2 Remove 0.04" - 0.06" material from the edge of the flange using a coarse grinder to remove any detrimental edge effects resulting from cold working or decarburization.
- 5.2.3 Use a handheld die grinder to further prepare the surface until the roughness equivalent of a 240 grit surface finish is obtained.
- 5.2.4 Care must be exercised not to overheat the surface during preparation.
- 5.3 Make the hardness test as follows.
- 5.3.1 Connect the impact device prior to turning on the instrument switch. When it is turned on, the instrument display will show three zeros and the battery indicator will move to the green portion of its scale (If the instrument is not equipped with a battery indicator, the presence of three zeros in the display indicates that battery power is adequate). If either of these conditions is not met, the batteries are discharged and must be replaced.
- 5.3.2 Allow approximately five minutes for the instrument to warm-up before taking the first measurements. For all subsequent measurements, no warm-up or waiting time is required.
- 5.3.3 To prepare the device to take a hardness reading, hold the impact device near its base with one hand and with the other depress the charging tube towards the base until contact is felt. The probe "clicks" when properly cocked. Then allow the tube to slowly return to the starting position.

- 5.3.4 To take a hardness reading, place the base of the impact device on the test surface in a clean area making sure it is flush with the surface and does not rock. Trigger the impact device by lightly depressing the release button on top of the probe. The hardness value will appear on the digital display. Record the reading on the "Leeb Hardness Test Data Sheet".
- 5.3.5 The next reading can now be taken by repeating Steps 5.3.3 and 5.3.4. A minimum of 10 readings shall be taken per flange. Record the readings on the data sheet.
- 5.3.6 If the test position of the impact device is other than vertical, a correction factor (fcorr) must be used from Figure 1. LHV is calculated by the following formula and recorded on the data sheet.

$$L - fcorr = LHV$$

## 6.0 Enclosures

- 6.1 Figure 1 - Correction Values for Other Impact Directions
- 6.2 Figure 2 - Hardness Conversion Table
- 6.3 An Example of a Leeb Hardness Test Calibration Verification Data Sheet
- 6.4 An Example of a Leeb Hardness Test Data Sheet
- 6.5 An Example of a Physical Data Sheet

**CORRECTION VALUES FOR OTHER IMPACT DIRECTIONS**



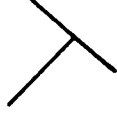

Measured L-Value				
200	7	14	23	33
250	6	13	22	31
300	6	12	20	29
350	6	12	19	27
400	5	11	18	25
450	5	10	17	24
500	5	10	16	22
550	4	9	15	20
600	4	8	14	19
650	4	8	13	18
700	3	7	12	17
750	3	6	11	16
800	3	6	10	15
850	2	5	9	14
900				

Figure 1 - Correction Values for Other Impact Directions

Equotip Leeb Hardness Impact Device D	Brinell Hardness 300 Kg Load 10MM Ball	Rockwell C Scale 150 Kg Load Diamond Indenter	Rockwell B Scale 100 Kg Load 1/16" Ball	Vickers Hardness Number	Shore Hardness Number	Tensile Strength 1,000 lbs. Per Sq.In.
HL <sub>D</sub>	HB	HRC	HRB	HV	HS	Tens. Str.
456	182		89	189		
454	180		89	187		87
452	179		88	185		85
450	177		88	183		
448	175		88	182		84
446	174		87	180		
444	172		87	178		83
442	171		86	176		82
440	169		86	175		
438	168		86	173		81
436	166		85	171		
434	165		85	170		80
432	163		84	168		
430	162		84	166		78
428	160		83	164		
426	158		83	163		
424	157		82	161		76
422	156		82	159		
420	154		82	158		74
418	153		81	156		
416	151		81	155		
414	150		80	153		72
412	148		80	151		
410	147		79	150		70
408	145		79	148		
406	144		78	147		
404	143		77	145		68
402	141		77	143		
400	140		76	142		
398	138		76	140		66
396	137		75	139		
394	136		75	137		
392	134		74	136		64
390	133		74	134		
388	132		73	133		
386	130		72	131		62
384	129		72	130		
382	128		71	128		
380	126		71	127		60
378	125		70	126		
376	124		69	124		
374	122		69	123		58
372	121		68	121		
370	120		67	120		56
368	119		67	119		

Figure 2- Hardness Conversion Table

LEEB H/ S TEST  
CALIBRATION VERIFICATION DATA SHEET

Time Performed \_\_\_\_\_  
L-Values

- 1. \_\_\_\_\_
- 2. \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. \_\_\_\_\_
- 4. \_\_\_\_\_
- 5. \_\_\_\_\_

Time Performed \_\_\_\_\_  
L-Values

- 1. \_\_\_\_\_
- 2. \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. \_\_\_\_\_
- 4. \_\_\_\_\_
- 5. \_\_\_\_\_

Time Performed \_\_\_\_\_  
L-Values

- 1. \_\_\_\_\_
- 2. \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. \_\_\_\_\_
- 4. \_\_\_\_\_
- 5. \_\_\_\_\_

Time Performed \_\_\_\_\_  
L-Values

- 1. \_\_\_\_\_
- 2. \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. \_\_\_\_\_
- 4. \_\_\_\_\_
- 5. \_\_\_\_\_

Time Performed \_\_\_\_\_  
L-Values

- 1. \_\_\_\_\_
- 2. \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. \_\_\_\_\_
- 4. \_\_\_\_\_
- 5. \_\_\_\_\_

Time Performed \_\_\_\_\_  
L-Values

- 1. \_\_\_\_\_
- 2. \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. \_\_\_\_\_
- 4. \_\_\_\_\_
- 5. \_\_\_\_\_

Time Performed \_\_\_\_\_  
L-Values

- 1. \_\_\_\_\_
- 2. \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. \_\_\_\_\_
- 4. \_\_\_\_\_
- 5. \_\_\_\_\_

Time Performed \_\_\_\_\_  
L-Values

- 1. \_\_\_\_\_
- 2. \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. \_\_\_\_\_
- 4. \_\_\_\_\_
- 5. \_\_\_\_\_

Time Performed \_\_\_\_\_  
L-Values

- 1. \_\_\_\_\_
- 2. \_\_\_\_\_
- 3. \_\_\_\_\_
- 4. \_\_\_\_\_
- 5. \_\_\_\_\_

Operator \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_

Test Block Value \_\_\_\_\_

**PROPERTY**

**UNCONTROLLED DOCUMENT  
INFORMATION ONLY**

Operator \_\_\_\_\_

Specimen ID/N \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_

EQUOTIP S/N \_\_\_\_\_

Hardness Readings ( L-Value )

Metal Removed	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	Average Hardness	Position	Correction Factor	LHV

Comments:

**PROPERTY**

UNCONTROLLED DOCUMENT  
INFORMATION ONLY

A-9



**PROPRIETARY**

**UNCONTROLLED DOCUMENT  
INFORMATION ONLY**

PHYSICAL DATA SHEET

Operator \_\_\_\_\_

Digital Therm S/N \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_

Cal Due Date \_\_\_\_\_

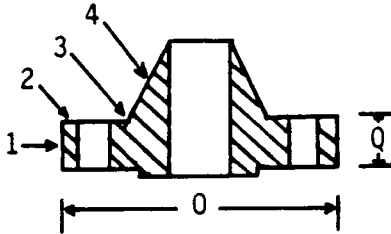
Flange ID/N \_\_\_\_\_

Gauss Meter S/N \_\_\_\_\_

Cal Due Date \_\_\_\_\_

Caliper S/N \_\_\_\_\_

Cal Due Date \_\_\_\_\_



Width of Rim (Q) \_\_\_\_\_

Diameter (O) \_\_\_\_\_ or Circumference \_\_\_\_\_

Temperature \_\_\_\_\_

Magnetic Field \_\_\_\_\_

Vibration \_\_\_\_\_

Marking:

Surface Finish (Forged or rolled, Machined, Flame Cut)

1. \_\_\_\_\_

2. \_\_\_\_\_

3. \_\_\_\_\_

4. \_\_\_\_\_

Comments:

TI 1572 I VINE (NSAC/EPRI) 12-JUL-88 17:04 EDT  
SUBJECT: NRC Bulletin 88-05 -- Temperature Correction Factors for  
In-Situ

EPRI has developed the following correction factors for in-situ Equotip hardness testing which must be performed at elevated temperatures. This correlation has been provided to NRC for information, but it has not been formally reviewed by NRC. These factors are for A-105 material. Our previous NETWORK entry TI-1557, dated July 7, 1988, noted the need for these correction factors. These factors should be added to the measured hardness (Equotip "L" value) to obtain the corrected (75 degrees F) hardness prior to conversion to Brinell. The table should be linearly interpolated for values between those listed. It is recommended that the temperature be measured with a surface contact pyrometer capable of calibration within plus or minus 10 degrees F. (Omega and Fluke are two manufacturers of such devices.) It is also recommended that, if possible, the temperature be measured in the same local area where the hardness measurement is made. Please note the temperature and the correction factor in the "remarks" data field of the previously provided diskette when reporting results for the industry database.

Measured Temperature (F)	Temperature Correction (L)
75	0
100	8
125	16
150	22
175	28
200	33
225	38
250	42
275	46
300	49
325	52
350	54
375	56
400	58
425	60
450	62
475	64
500	66
525	68
550	70
575	72
600	74

INFORMATION CONTACT: Biff Bradley (202) 872-1280

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