

5.3.18 Mixed ANSTO-DIDO Payload Configuration

Previous sections have demonstrated the acceptability of transporting DIDO (annular ring), MOATA (MTR plate) and spiral assemblies. MOATA plate element and spiral assemblies have been defined to be ANSTO basket module payloads.

This section evaluates the placement of an ANSTO basket top module onto a DIDO basket stack. The DIDO baskets are loaded with DIDO fuel elements, while the ANSTO basket module may contain DIDO, MOATA or spiral fuel elements. The mixed payload ANSTO top module may also be located in the ANSTO basket assembly. Fuel elements may be disassembled and/or segmented and placed into an aluminum damaged fuel can (DFC) prior to placement within the ANSTO top basket module.

All three payloads are limited to their respective source (i.e., burnup and cool time limits) defined in their analysis sections. The DIDO elements placed within the ANSTO basket top module are limited to the 10 W payload limit, which is lower than the 18 W heat load defined in Section 5.3.9, to not require a top spacer.

Shielding discussions are divided into a basket comparison documenting acceptability of loading DIDO fuel into an ANSTO basket, a mixed payload discussion, and a canistered fuel discussion.

5.3.18.1 Basket Comparison

Based on the tube dimensions listed in the following table, the modeled basket for the DIDO payload evaluation bounds the ANSTO tube configuration. The ANSTO basket contains slightly larger and thicker tubes than the DIDO basket, providing a small increase in shield material. The aluminum components of the DIDO basket were not included in the DIDO shielding evaluations.

| Parameter | DIDO Basket | ANSTO Basket |
|---------------------------------|-------------|--------------|
| Fuel Assembly Openings | 7 | 7 |
| Fuel Tube OD (inch) | 4.25 | 4.375 |
| Fuel Tube Wall Thickness (inch) | 0.120 | 0.125 |

5.3.18.2 Mixed Payload Discussion

All fuel types are comprised of uranium metal within an aluminum matrix, with ^{235}U being the fissile isotope. The neutron source as the result of (α, n) production is accounted for in each fuel type source definition. The cask is transported in a dry configuration, with a corresponding high neutron energy spectrum in the cavity, minimizing the effect of secondary particle

production. Loading mixed payloads, therefore, does not result in adverse effects on system dose rates.

5.3.18.3 Canistered Fuel Element Discussion

Shielding evaluations of the bounding MEU DIDO payload, specified as bounding for the ANSTO spiral and plate fuels, applied the homogenized source region within an inch of the cask cavity lid (for a heat load of 18 W per basket module opening) and placed the source into a cylindrical shell near the tube surface. In addition, the homogenized density applied for self-shielding was significantly reduced in the DIDO models (volume fractions were calculated for a solid cylinder, while the material smear was then applied to a cylindrical shell extending from the inner to outer plate). As the aluminum DFC restrains fuel within a 9.84 cm envelope (5 mm larger than the modeled fuel region) and provides an offset from the lid of 3.8 cm, no adverse effects on dose rates occur due to loading of the material within the aluminum DFC.

Canned DIDO and ANSTO spiral fuel elements are further limited to a maximum heat load of 10 W per canister (MOATA elements are limited to less than 1 W per Section 5.3.16). This heat load reduction from the uncanistered configuration provides significant additional margin to the shielding evaluations.

5.3.18.4 Conclusions

Neither stacking ANSTO and DIDO baskets within the same basket assembly, nor including a mixed payload, nor the use of DFCs for compromised clad fuel results in increased dose rates. Conservatively, the DIDO MEU Transport Index (TI) may be assigned to the mixed and/or canned payloads.

5.3.19 Irradiated Hardware Shielding Evaluation

Irradiated hardware is evaluated for transport in the LWT cask. The irradiated hardware represents a potentially significant gamma source when compared to fuel material payloads due to the high energy spectrum feasible from activated materials. Typical irradiated hardware is irradiated steel where cobalt activation, and subsequent ^{60}Co decay, produces two gamma rays, each over 1 MeV in energy.

A source term for typical irradiated hardware is established by activating one kilogram of stainless steel with a 1.2 g/kg cobalt impurity in a PWR in-core neutron spectrum (PWR fuel assembly burnup to 45,000 MWd/MTU at a 3.5 wt % ^{235}U initial enrichment, followed by a 90-day cool time). This material will represent a baseline to establish source limits in terms of gammas per second and energy per second (γ/s and MeV/s). The gamma source activity is determined in the SCALE 27-group neutron and 18-group gamma structures using the SAS2H sequence of SCALE 4.3. The activated hardware may contain surface contamination (including actinides), but this component has no significant effect on cask surface dose rates compared to the activated material itself and is, therefore, neglected from the analysis. The SAS2H input for the gamma source generation is listed in Figure. The resulting gamma spectrum is summarized in Figure 5.3.19-1.

A radial one-dimensional shielding analysis is performed using SAS1 with a void source region. A void source region is by default conservative since it neglects the substantial self-shielding of the activated hardware. A sample radial SAS1 input for irradiated hardware evaluations is shown in Figure 5.3.19-2 with material compositions for the cask given in Table 5.3.19-2. Note that various irradiated hardware heights (and two radial configurations) are evaluated using SAS1. The buckling height in each case is set to the source region height of the particular analysis. The same conservative assumptions used in previous radial shielding analysis were applied, i.e., minimum shield dimensions, lead gap, a 0.94 g/cm^3 neutron shield solution density, and no boron in the neutron shield solution. In the accident analysis, the neutron shield is modeled as void. A one-dimensional sketch of the modeled cask geometry is shown in Figure 5.3.19-3. As demonstrated in the shielding evaluations for various other payloads (e.g., fuel skeleton with activated hardware), the axial dose of the NAC-LWT cask is not limiting. Therefore, only radial dose rates are evaluated in this section.

SAS1 dose rates are calculated using the SAS2H-generated gamma source (1 kg activated hardware). Dose rates are then scaled up to represent an increased source with a magnitude of $2 \times 10^{14} \gamma/\text{sec}$ or $2.2 \times 10^{14} \text{ MeV/sec}$ (equivalent of 10 kg of the SAS2H activated stainless).

This source represents a radionuclide content of approximately 8.9×10^3 Ci, with a ^{60}Co portion of 2×10^3 Ci. Normal condition transport cask surface and 2 meter dose rates, as well as accident condition 1 meter dose rates, are plotted in Figure 5.3.19-4 through Figure 5.3.19-6 for the increased source. Dose rates are well below regulatory limits at the surface (300 mrem/hr) and 2 meters from the truck bed (7.6 mrem/hr). The transport index, based on the normal condition of transport dose rate at 1 meter from the package, is less than 35.

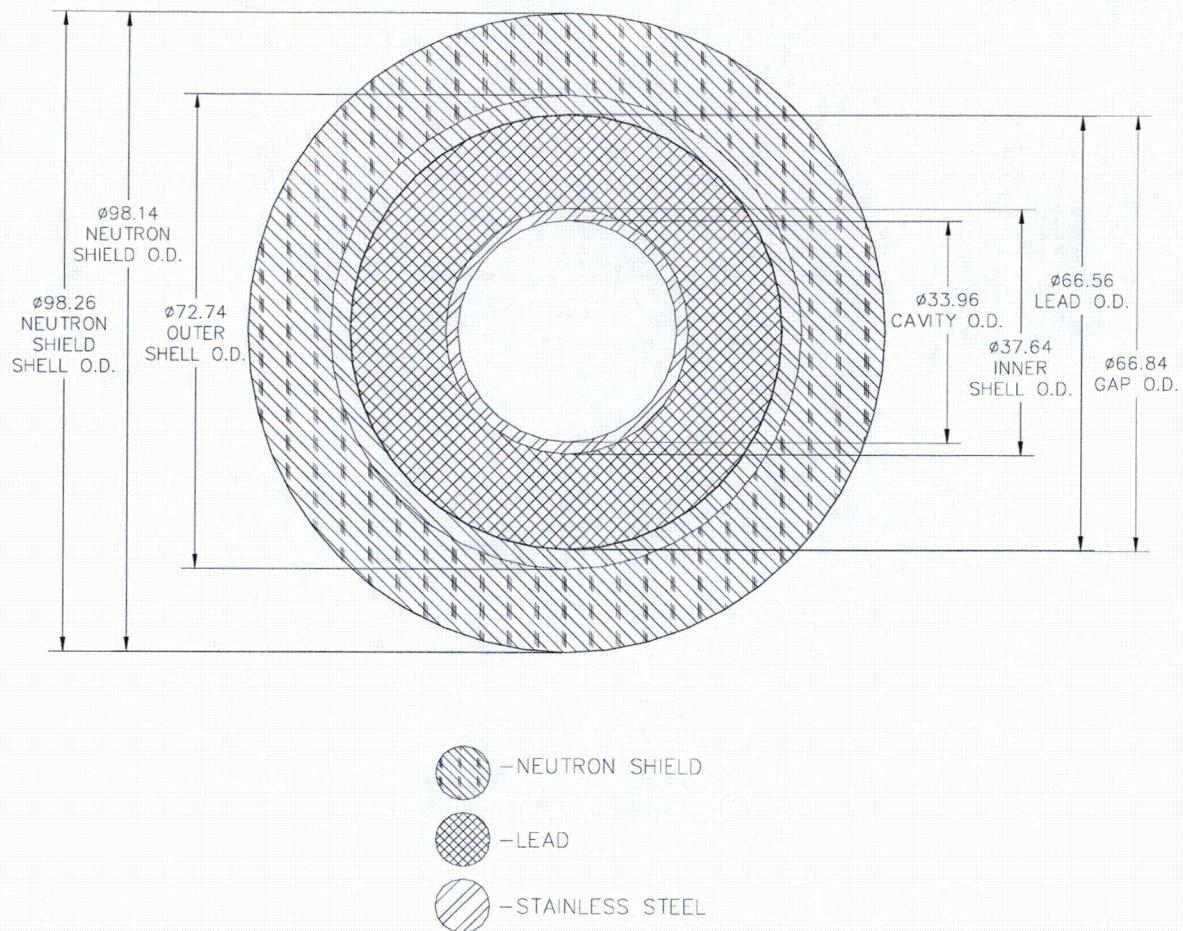
Figure 5.3.19-1 SAS2H Input for Irradiated Hardware (on a per kg basis)

```
=SAS2H      PARM=(HALT03,SKIPSHIPDATA)
WEST 15X15 3.5 WT % U235, 45000 MWd/MTU 5.0-10.0 YEAR COOLING
27GROUPNDF4 LATTICECELL
UO2      1 0.95 900 92235 3.5 92238 96.5 END
ZIRCALLOY 2 1.0 620 END
H2O      3 DEN=0.725 1.0 580 END
ARBM-BORMOD 0.725 1 1 0 0 5000 100 3 550.0E-6 580 END
END COMP
SQUAREPITCH 1.43 0.9294 1 3 1.0719 2 0.9489 0 END
NPIN=204 FUEL=365.76 NCYC=3 NLIB=1 PRIN=6 LIGH=5
INPL=1 NUMH=20 NUMI=1 ORTU=0.6922 SRTU=0.6541 END
POWER=16.28 BURN=428.0692 DOWN=60.0 END
POWER=16.28 BURN=428.0692 DOWN=60.0 END
POWER=16.28 BURN=428.0692 DOWN=0.0 END
FE 0.672 CR 0.190 NI 0.115 MN 0.020 CO 0.0012
END
=ORIGENS
0$$ A4 21 A8 26 A10 51 71 E
1$$ 1 1T
COOLING 0.25-4 YEARS AND LIGHT ELEMENT GAMMA REBIN
3$$ 21 0 1 A33 -86 E
54$$ A8 1 E T
35$$ 0 T
56$$ 0 6 A13 -2 5 3 E
57** 0.0 E T
COOLING 0.25-4 YEARS AND LIGHT ELEMENT GAMMA REBIN
SINGLE REACTOR ASSEMBLY
60** 0.25 0.5 0.75 1.0 1.5 2.0
65$$ A4 1 A7 1 A10 1 A25 1 A28 1 A31 1 A46 1 A49 1 A52 1 E
61** F.01
81$$ 2 51 26 1 E
82$$ F4 T
LIGHT ELEMENT SCALE GROUP STRUCTURE
56$$ F0 T
END
```

Figure 5.3.19-2 Sample SAS1 Input for Irradiated Hardware (Source 1 kg Material)

```
SAS1
Irradiated Hardware - Nrm Model - 16 cm Radius Source - 150cm Height Source
27N-18COUPLE      INFHOMMEDIUM
AL      2  1.0 END
SS304   3  1.0 END
PB      4  1.0 END
ARBMGLYC  0.9437 3 0 1 0 6012 2 1001 6 8016 2 5 .585 END
H2O      5 0.4160 END
END COMP
END
LAST
Irradiated Hardware in the NAC-LWT - GAMMA SOURCE
CYLINDRICAL
0 8 30 -1 0 0.0 0.0 6.678E+08
0 16.9863 1 0
3 18.8214 4 0
4 33.2890 60 0
0 33.4264 1 0
3 36.3728 12 0
5 49.0728 30 0
3 49.1338 4 0
END ZONE
27Z
0.000E+00 0.000E+00 0.000E+00 0.000E+00 2.631E-15 1.195E+05
7.709E+07 9.199E+09 3.249E+12 1.150E+13 3.950E+12 6.266E+08
5.980E+11 4.581E+11 5.615E+09 2.643E+10 6.543E+10 2.763E+11
DY=150 NDETEC=5
READ XSDOSE
150 49.1338 75 149.1338 75 249.1338 75
321.92 75 349.1338 75
END
```

Figure 5.3.19-3 Irradiated Hardware One-Dimensional Radial Model of NAC-LWT



Dimensions in cm.

Figure 5.3.19-4 Irradiated Hardware Normal Condition Surface Dose Rate as a Function of Irradiated Hardware Height

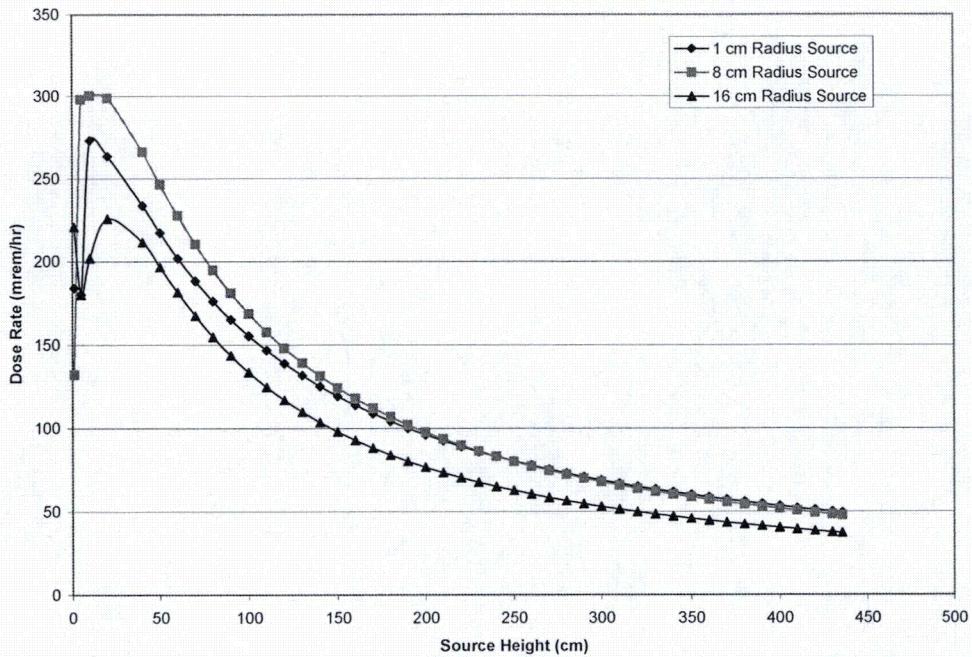


Figure 5.3.19-5 Irradiated Hardware Normal Condition 2 Meter Dose Rate as a Function of Irradiated Hardware Height

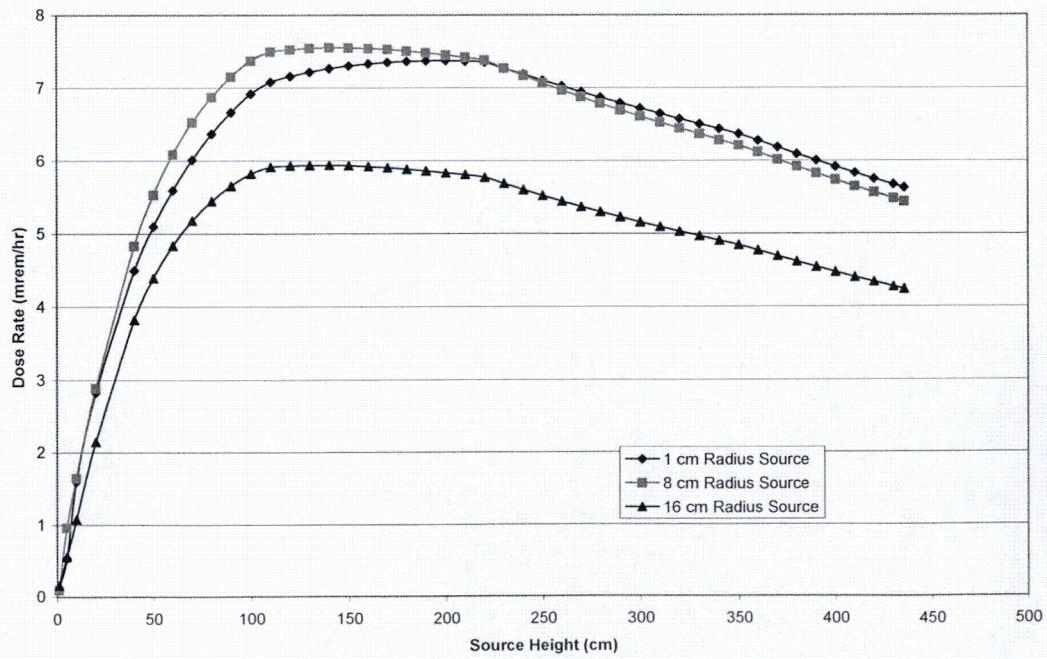


Figure 5.3.19-6 Irradiated Hardware Accident Condition 1 Meter Dose Rate as a Function of Irradiated Hardare Height

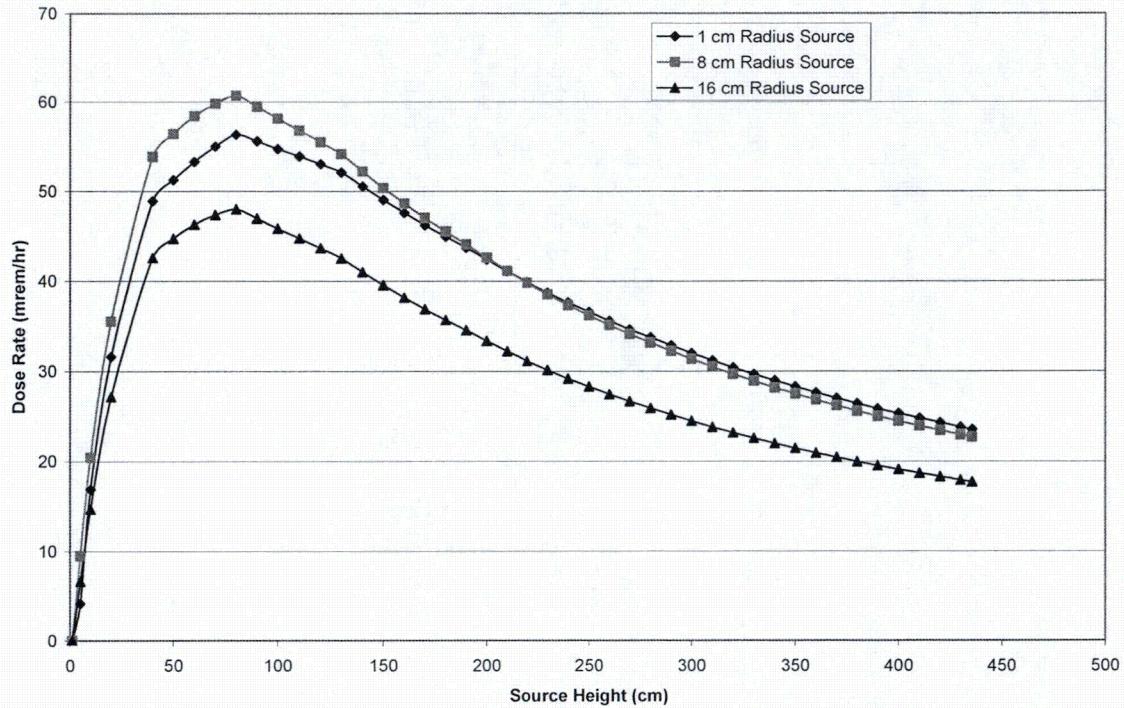


Table 5.3.19-1 Irradiated Hardware Gamma Spectra in SCALE Format (1 kg Activated Stainless Steel)

| Energy Group | Source | |
|--------------|-------------|-----------|
| | [gamma/sec] | [MeV/sec] |
| 1 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 |
| 2 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 |
| 3 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 |
| 4 | 0.000E+00 | 0.000E+00 |
| 5 | 2.631E-15 | 9.209E-15 |
| 6 | 1.195E+05 | 3.287E+05 |
| 7 | 7.709E+07 | 1.735E+08 |
| 8 | 9.199E+09 | 1.683E+10 |
| 9 | 3.249E+12 | 4.857E+12 |
| 10 | 1.150E+13 | 1.340E+13 |
| 11 | 3.950E+12 | 3.555E+12 |
| 12 | 6.266E+08 | 4.386E+08 |
| 13 | 5.980E+11 | 2.990E+11 |
| 14 | 4.581E+11 | 1.603E+11 |
| 15 | 5.615E+09 | 1.404E+09 |
| 16 | 2.643E+10 | 3.964E+09 |
| 17 | 6.543E+10 | 4.907E+09 |
| 18 | 2.763E+11 | 8.290E+09 |
| Total | 2.014E+13 | 2.231E+13 |

Table 5.3.19-2 Material Compositions of the NAC-LWT

| Material | SCALE Isotope/Element | Number Density [atom/b-cm] |
|-----------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Stainless Steel | CHROMIUM (SS304) | 1.74286E-02 |
| | MANGANESE | 1.73633E-03 |
| | IRON (SS304) | 5.93579E-02 |
| | NICKEL (SS304) | 7.72070E-03 |
| Lead | LEAD | 3.29690E-02 |
| Neutron Shield | HYDROGEN | 5.99351E-02 |
| | CARBON-12 | 1.07197E-02 |
| | OXYGEN-16 | 2.46077E-02 |

5.3.20 SLOWPOKE Fuel Configuration

Results of a shielding analysis for up to 800 fuel rods in the LWT cask are presented in this section. Maximum dose rates are calculated to demonstrate that dose rate limits of 10 CFR 71.47 are not exceeded.

Dose rates are calculated using the MCNP (MCNP5, Version 1.30) three-dimensional transport code. Source terms are calculated using the TRITON/NEWT module of the SCALE package (SCALE 6.1). Cross section tables used in the MCNP analysis are the default provided in the MCNP5 1.30 distribution and draw on mcplib04 for gamma analysis and isotope dependent data from actia, rmccs, or t16_2003 data for neutron evaluations.

5.3.20.1 SLOWPOKE Fuel Source Term

Source terms are calculated to bound the irradiation history of the SLOWPOKE fuel rods. Fuel rod characteristics are summarized in Table 5.3.20-1. Inputs for irradiation and material parameters required by TRITON are given in Table 5.3.20-2. Key parameters differing between the input and analysis are reduced enrichment, increased fuel mass, and increased irradiation time. All parameters revised to produce bounding source terms. Each of the modified parameters is described below as to its effect on source:

- Increased fuel mass at a fixed depletion value (% ^{235}U depletion) increases source as the total amount of ^{235}U depleted increases, thereby increasing fission product sources.
- Reduced enrichment has opposing effects on source due to its relative effects on fission product versus higher actinide sources. For a fixed depletion percentage, a reduction in ^{235}U percentage will reduce the amount of material depleted, thereby reducing fission product sources, but increasing source as higher actinides are formed by parasitic absorption at a higher rate increasing both neutron and gamma sources. Overall, the source effect from enrichment variations is minor as the enrichment is decreased by only 3% for a high >90% enriched fuel source. This effect is significantly more pronounced for low enrichment fuels.
- Increased irradiation time, in conjunction with a continuous burn at full core power, increases source as it raises the depletion percentage with corresponding increases in both fission products and higher actinides generated. Overall, the conservative irradiation time and fuel core power depletion resulted in a core average ^{235}U depletion of 4.5% versus ~2% average reported for the cores to be transported.

TRITON input is shown in Figure 5.3.20-3, with the resulting TRITON material model shown in Figure 5.3.20-2. Neutron and gamma source terms for a cool time of 14 years from discharge are

presented in Table 5.3.20-3 and Table 5.3.20-4, respectively. The calculated heat load at this cool time is 0.0027 W/rod or 2.17 W/cask (800 rods).

The SLOWPOKE core is designed to be critical using fixed beryllium reflectors surrounding the radial extent of the core and the core bottom. The beryllium reflector top, also referred to as beryllium shim, is adjusted to maintain a critical configuration. Top and bottom reflectors are not included within the scope of the 2-D Triton evaluation. A critical core was modeled by adjusting fuel rod pitch (actual pitch not available; core average source changes by less than 1% over evaluated range of pitch). By setting the system to critical ($k_{eff} = 1$) at beginning of life assures that the neutron spectrum is representative of that in the actual core. k_{eff} decreased during the modeled burnup from 1.0 to 0.99. This minor decrease is not expected to significantly effect neutron spectrum or source produced by the calculation. As a full core was modeled, fuel source was extracted at three radial locations (inner, middle, outer ring) to determine which location produces maximum source. The maximum gamma source (controlling for shielding) was obtained from the middle ring location. The middle ring source was then applied to all fuel rods. While the 2-D analysis cannot capture axial distribution of source in a rod, loading of rods in 5x5 arrays four high will assure that the source is relatively uniformly spread through the axial extent of the cask. Any postulated localized peaking in source will be further reduced after penetrating through the radial shield of the NAC-LWT cask. No dose peaking is expected on the cask surface as a result of axial burnup profile of the individual SLOWPOKE rods.

The effect of subcritical neutron multiplication is directly computed in the MCNP analysis.

5.3.20.2 SLOWPOKE Fuel Shielding Model

MCNP three-dimensional shielding analysis allows detailed modeling of the fuel, basket, and cask shield configurations. Some fuel rod detail is homogenized in the model to simplify model input and improve computational efficiency. The basket and cask body details are explicitly modeled, including the axial extents described by the License Drawings.

The geometric description of a MCNP model is based on the combinatorial geometry system embedded in the code. In this system, bodies such as cylinders and rectangular parallelepipeds, and their logical intersections and unions, are used to describe the extent of material zones.

Source and Canister Models

Options for loading include fuel rod arrays of 4x4 and 5x5 rods. Only the 5x5 array is modeled as it contains maximum fuel/source inventory. These arrays are stacked four high within a canister that also contains a handle. The canister is made of aluminum. Dimensions for the tube array and canister are shown in Table 5.3.20-7. The source region is modeled as a smear within

the canister tubes. The fuel homogenization, shown in Table 5.3.20-5, is based on an area bounded by the aluminum tube. The source height is the active fuel height, 22 cm.

While the fuel rods may be damaged, the results of this model will bound both normal and accident conditions. Aluminum metallic fuel, even when damaged, will not disperse through the canister. The material is also placed into individual tubes which will retain larger fuel sections. Shifts in the material within the canister will also be well bounded by having shifted the canister and payload.

Cross section of the VISED model of the source region are shown in Figure 5.3.20-4 and Figure 5.3.20-5. As shown, the model is moved to its maximum axial elevation which brings it closest to the reduced shielding area of the NAC-LWT. The lowest shielding region is the tapered area of the lead gamma neutron shield, the area below the cask cavity top with no lead shielding.

Basket Model

For a given fuel type, the MCNP description of the basket stack forms a common sub-model employed in the analysis. The key features of the model are the detailed representation of the basket structural members, base plates, and support plates. Basket models are identical to those described in Section 5.3.14. Only four of the basket openings are loaded with SLOWPOKE fuel and only the top two baskets are loaded. The lower two baskets are modeled as void, conservatively removing shielding material and increasing dose rates. Maximum of eight canisters per cask.

MCNP NAC-LWT Model

The three-dimensional model of the NAC-LWT cask is based on the following features.

Normal conditions:

- Radial neutron shield and shield shell
- Aluminum impact limiters with 0.5 g/cm^3 density (calculated based on the impact limiter weight and dimensions) and a diameter equal to the neutron shield shell diameter

Accident conditions:

- Removal of radial neutron shield and shield shell
- Loss of upper and lower impact limiters

Common to both the normal and accident conditions models is a 0.1374 cm gap between the lead outer diameter and the cask outer shell. As stated previously, the elevation of the source regions is set at its maximum axial extent. Detailed model parameters used in creating the three-dimensional model are taken directly from the License Drawings. Elevations associated with the three-dimensional features are established with respect to the center bottom of the NAC-LWT

cask cavity for the MCNP combinatorial model. The cask model is identical to that described in Section 5.3.14. A sample input file is provided in Figure 5.3.14-5.

Shield Regional Densities

Based on the homogenization described for the source, the resulting fuel regional densities are shown in Table 5.3.20-5. Material compositions for structural and shield materials are shown in Table 5.3.20-6.

5.3.20.3 SLOWPOKE Fuel Shielding Evaluation

Calculational Methods

The shielding evaluation is performed using MCNP.

The MCNP shielding model described in Section 5.3.20.2 is utilized with the source terms described in Section 5.3.20.1 to estimate the dose rate profiles at various distances from the side, top and bottom of the cask for both normal and accident conditions. The method of solution is continuous energy Monte Carlo with a Monte Carlo based weight window generator to accelerate code convergence. Weight window and problem convergence is verified by the 10 statistical checks performed by MCNP. Radial or axial biasing is performed depending on the desired dose location.

Significant validation literature is available for MCNP as it is an industry standard tool for spent fuel cask evaluations. Available literature covers a range of shielding penetration problems ranging from slab geometry to spent fuel cask geometries. Confirmatory calculations against other validated shielding codes (SCALE and MCBEND) on NAC casks have further validated the use of MCNP for shielding evaluations.

MCNP Flux-to-Dose Conversion Factors

The ANSI/ANS 6.1.1-1977 flux-to-dose rate conversion factors are employed in the MCNP analysis.

Three-Dimensional Dose Rates for SLOWPOKE Fuel

Table 5.3.20-8 provides maximum and average dose rates for the tabulated distances and transport conditions (normal and accident). Table 5.3.20-9 contains key results.

Calculated normal condition radial surface dose rates are below 200 mrem/hr, therefore do not require an exclusive use designation for the NAC-LWT. The maximum dose rate is dominated by the gamma component. The radial surface dose rate profile is shown in Figure 5.3.20-7. The normal condition maximum radial 2-meter dose rate is 0.002 mrem/hr. The dose rate profile is skewed towards the top of the cask, as shown Figure 5.3.20-8.

Accident condition radial 1-meter dose rates are well below the 1,000 mrem/hr limit. The dose rate profile is shown in Figure 5.3.20-9.

As shown in the dose summary table (Table 5.3.20-9), axial surface dose rates are well below limits for all three source models. Significant margin is present for the normal condition 2-meter and accident condition 1-meter dose rate limits.

Figure 5.3.20-1 SLOWPOKE Fuel Element

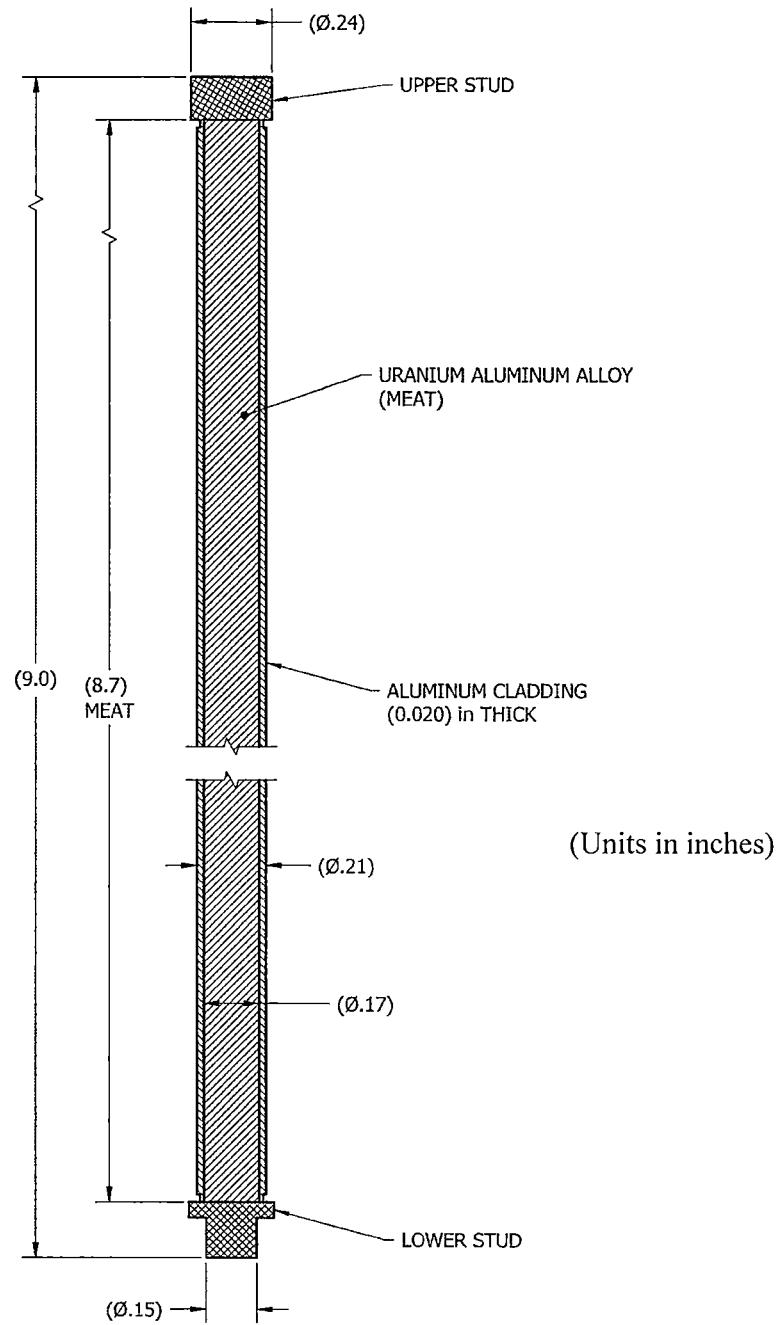


Figure 5.3.20-2 SLOWPOKE Core Model

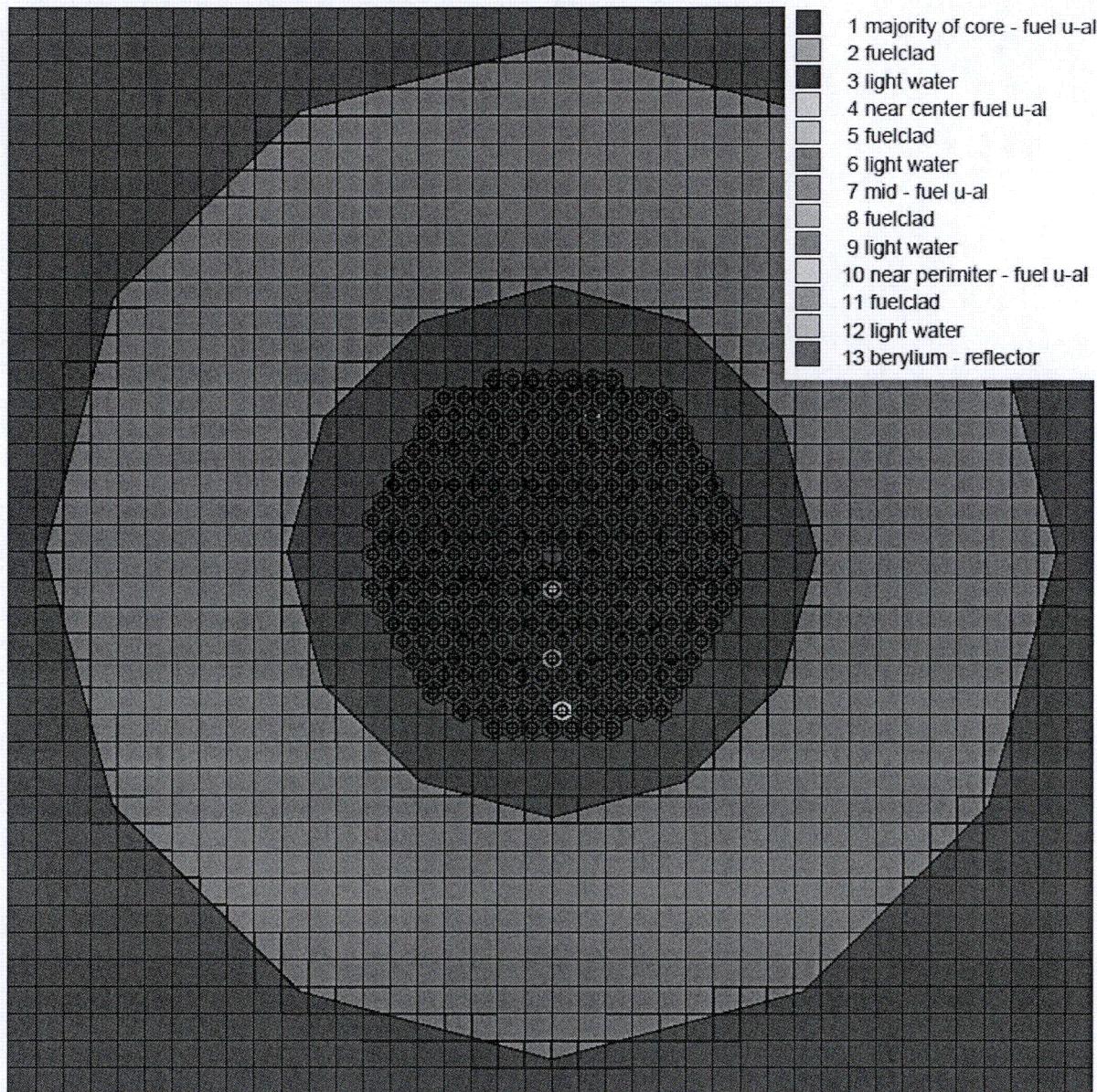


Figure 5.3.20-3 TRITON Input for SLOWPOKE Fuel

```
=t-depl
SLOWPOKE CORE NEWT / CENTRM Depletion - 0.85 cm Rod Pitch - 30 GWD/MTU
V7-238
read comp
U    1 DEN=3.51 0.288 373.0  92235 90.0  92238  10.0  END
AL   1 DEN=3.51 0.712 373.0  END
AL   2 1.0  363.0  END
H2O  3 1.0  313.0  END
U    4 DEN=3.51 0.288 373.0  92235 90.0  92238  10.0  END
AL   4 DEN=3.51 0.712 373.0  END
AL   5 1.0  363.0  END
H2O  6 1.0  313.0  END
U    7 DEN=3.51 0.288 373.0  92235 90.0  92238  10.0  END
AL   7 DEN=3.51 0.712 373.0  END
AL   8 1.0  363.0  END
H2O  9 1.0  313.0  END
U    10 DEN=3.51 0.288 373.0  92235 90.0  92238  10.0  END
AL  10 DEN=3.51 0.712 373.0  END
AL  11 1.0  363.0  END
H2O 12 1.0  313.0  END
BE   13 1.0  313.0  END
end comp
read celldata
latticecell triangpitch pitch=0.85 3 fueld=0.422 1 cladd=0.524 2 end
latticecell triangpitch pitch=0.85 6 fueld=0.422 4 cladd=0.524 5 end
latticecell triangpitch pitch=0.85 9 fueld=0.422 7 cladd=0.524 8 end
latticecell triangpitch pitch=0.85 12 fueld=0.422 10 cladd=0.524 11 end
end celldata
read depletion 1 4 7 10 end depletion
read opus
matl= 1 4 7 10 0 end units=grams
new case
units=watts
new case
typarms=gspectrum
units=part
new case
typarms=nspectrum
units=parts
end opus
read burndata
' 980 gram fuel - 20kW/Core - Core Diameter 22 cm - 7.8 l Water in Core
power=20 burn=1470 down=5100 end
end burndata
read model
SLOWPOKE 315 Rod Assembly - Beryllium Reflector - Collapse 44-group
read parm
prflux=no drawit=yes collapse=yes
xnlib=4 run=yes prtmxsec=no prt broad=no
prtmxtab=yes cmfd=no echo=yes
end parm
read materials
1 1 !majority of core - fuel u-al! end
2 1 !fuelclad! end
```

Figure 5.3.20-3 TRITON Input for SLOWPOKE Fuel (continued)

```
3 2 !light water! end
4 1 !near center fuel u-al! end
5 1 !fuelclad! end
6 2 !light water! end
7 1 !mid - fuel u-al! end
8 1 !fuelclad! end
9 2 !light water! end
10 1 !near perimiter - fuel u-al! end
11 1 !fuelclad! end
12 2 !light water! end
13 2 !beryllium - reflector! end
end materials
read collapse
7r1 2 3 2r4 5 6 7 8 8r9 14r10 6r11 10r12 13 7r14 11r15 12r16 30r17 16r18 2r19
6r20 3r21 6r22 14r23 3r24 5r25 4r26 5r27 5r28 5r29 10r30 5r31 32 33 34 2r35
36 37 38 2r39 2r40 3r41 2r42 43 44 45 46 47 3r48 9r49 end collapse
read geom
' Balance Core
unit 1
cylinder 10 0.2011
cylinder 20 0.262
hexprism 30 0.425
media 1 1 10
media 2 1 20 -10
media 3 1 30 -20
boundary 30 2 2
' Near Center
unit 2
cylinder 10 0.2011
cylinder 20 0.262
hexprism 30 0.425
media 4 1 10
media 5 1 20 -10
media 6 1 30 -20
boundary 30 2 2
' Mid Range
unit 3
cylinder 10 0.2011
cylinder 20 0.262
hexprism 30 0.425
media 7 1 10
media 8 1 20 -10
media 9 1 30 -20
boundary 30 2 2
' Near Perimeter
unit 4
cylinder 10 0.2011
cylinder 20 0.262
hexprism 30 0.425
media 10 1 10
media 11 1 20 -10
media 12 1 30 -20
boundary 30 2 2
global unit 10
cylinder 110 11.0
```

Figure 5.3.20-3 TRITON Input for SLOWPOKE Fuel (continued)

```
cylinder 120 21.0
cuboid 130 23.0 -23.0 23.0 -23.0
array 1 110 place 10 10 -0.425 -0.850
media 3 1 110
media 13 1 120 -110
media 3 1 130 -120
boundary 130 40 40
'
end geom
read array
ara=1 typ=shexagonal nux=21 tuy=21
fill
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 4 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0
0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 0
0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 0
0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 0
0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 0
0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 0
0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 0
0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 0
0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0
0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0
0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0
0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0
0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0
0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0
0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0
0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
end fill
end array
read bounds all=vacuum end bounds
end model
end
```

Figure 5.3.20-4 VISED X-Y Slice – SLOWPOKE – Normal Conditions

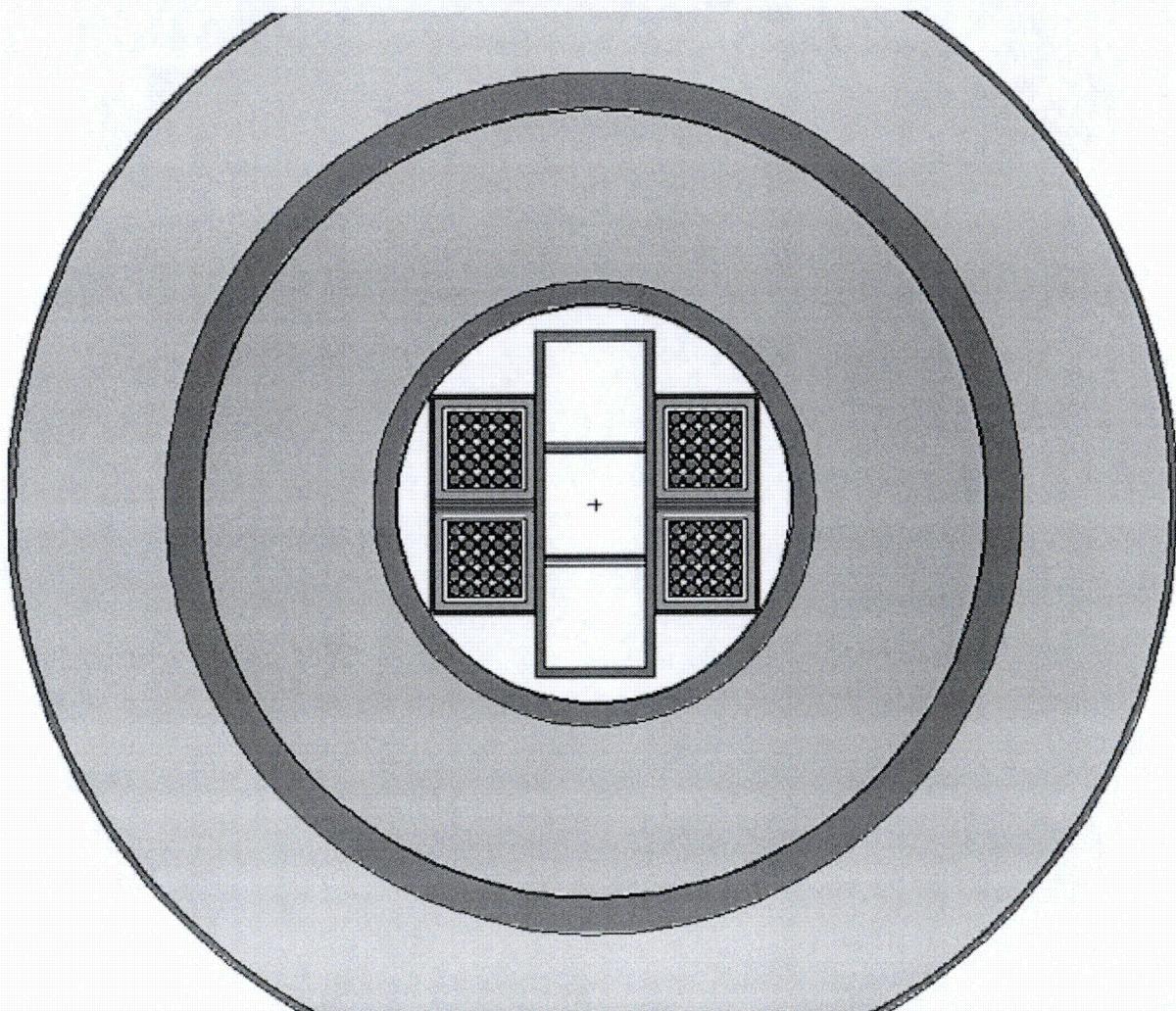
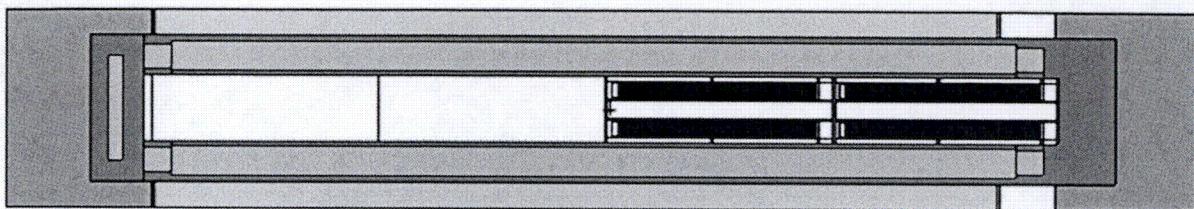


Figure 5.3.20-5 VISED Y-Z Slice – SLOWPOKE – Normal Conditions



Note: Conservatively moved material to cask cavity top.

Figure 5.3.20-6 Sample MCNP Input File – Normal Conditions

```
NAC-LWT Cask - Assy_30b90e14y - Normal Transport Conditions
C Radial Biasing - Fuel Gamma Source
C Fuel Assembly Cells
 1 1 -0.8543 -1 +3   u=7 $ Homogenized Fuel Meat + Clad
 2 0    -1 -3   u=7 $ Void
 3 4 -2.7000 -2 +1   u=7 $ Tube OD
 4 0    +2   u=7 $ Outside Tube
 5 4 -2.7000 -5   u=6 $ Tube Base Plate
 6 0    -4 fill=7 trcl = ( -2.5400 2.5400 0.6351 )   u=6 $ Tube 1
 7 like 6 but fill=7 trcl = ( -1.2700 2.5400 0.6351 )   u=6 $ Tube 2
 8 like 6 but fill=7 trcl = ( 0.0000 2.5400 0.6351 )   u=6 $ Tube 3
 9 like 6 but fill=7 trcl = ( 1.2700 2.5400 0.6351 )   u=6 $ Tube 4
10 like 6 but fill=7 trcl = ( 2.5400 2.5400 0.6351 )   u=6 $ Tube 5
11 like 6 but fill=7 trcl = ( -2.5400 1.2700 0.6351 )   u=6 $ Tube 6
12 like 6 but fill=7 trcl = ( -1.2700 1.2700 0.6351 )   u=6 $ Tube 7
13 like 6 but fill=7 trcl = ( 0.0000 1.2700 0.6351 )   u=6 $ Tube 8
14 like 6 but fill=7 trcl = ( 1.2700 1.2700 0.6351 )   u=6 $ Tube 9
15 like 6 but fill=7 trcl = ( 2.5400 1.2700 0.6351 )   u=6 $ Tube 10
16 like 6 but fill=7 trcl = ( -2.5400 0.0000 0.6351 )   u=6 $ Tube 11
17 like 6 but fill=7 trcl = ( -1.2700 0.0000 0.6351 )   u=6 $ Tube 12
18 like 6 but fill=7 trcl = ( 0.0000 0.0000 0.6351 )   u=6 $ Tube 13
19 like 6 but fill=7 trcl = ( 1.2700 0.0000 0.6351 )   u=6 $ Tube 14
20 like 6 but fill=7 trcl = ( 2.5400 0.0000 0.6351 )   u=6 $ Tube 15
21 like 6 but fill=7 trcl = ( -2.5400 -1.2700 0.6351 )   u=6 $ Tube 16
22 like 6 but fill=7 trcl = ( -1.2700 -1.2700 0.6351 )   u=6 $ Tube 17
23 like 6 but fill=7 trcl = ( 0.0000 -1.2700 0.6351 )   u=6 $ Tube 18
24 like 6 but fill=7 trcl = ( 1.2700 -1.2700 0.6351 )   u=6 $ Tube 19
25 like 6 but fill=7 trcl = ( 2.5400 -1.2700 0.6351 )   u=6 $ Tube 20
26 like 6 but fill=7 trcl = ( -2.5400 -2.5400 0.6351 )   u=6 $ Tube 21
27 like 6 but fill=7 trcl = ( -1.2700 -2.5400 0.6351 )   u=6 $ Tube 22
28 like 6 but fill=7 trcl = ( 0.0000 -2.5400 0.6351 )   u=6 $ Tube 23
29 like 6 but fill=7 trcl = ( 1.2700 -2.5400 0.6351 )   u=6 $ Tube 24
30 like 6 but fill=7 trcl = ( 2.5400 -2.5400 0.6351 )   u=6 $ Tube 25
31 0      #5 #6 #7 #8 #9 #10 #11 #12 #13 #14 #15 #16 #17 #18
          #19 #20 #21 #22 #23 #24 #25 #26 #27 #28 #29 #30
          u=6 $ Void
32 4 -2.7000 -7   u=5 $ Can Base Plate
33 4 -2.7000 -9 +8 +7   u=5 $ Can
34 0    -6 fill=6 trcl = ( 0.0000 0.0000 3.0924 )   u=5 $ Tube Assy 1
35 like 34 but fill=6 trcl = ( 0.0000 0.0000 27.2225 )   u=5 $ Tube Assy 2
36 like 34 but fill=6 trcl = ( 0.0000 0.0000 51.3526 )   u=5 $ Tube Assy 3
37 like 34 but fill=6 trcl = ( 0.0000 0.0000 75.4827 )   u=5 $ Tube Assy 4
38 4 -2.7000 -10   u=5 $ Can Lid Bottom Plate
39 4 -2.7000 -11   u=5 $ Can Lid Top Plate
40 0      #32 #33 #34 #35 #36 #37 #38 #39   u=5 $ Void
C Cells - MTR 7 Element Basket
41 6 -7.9400 -13 +16 +17 +18 +19 +20 +21 +22   u=4 $ Base plate
42 6 -7.9400 -14 +23 +27   u=4 $ Support plate
43 6 -7.9400 -15 +23 +27   u=4 $ Support plate
44 6 -7.9400 -23 +24 #41 #42 #43   u=4 $ Center column
```

Figure 5.3.20-6 Sample MCNP Input File – Normal Conditions (continued)

```

45 6 -7.9400 -25 #41 #42 #43      u=4 $ Center divider upper
46 6 -7.9400 -26 #41 #42 #43      u=4 $ Center divider lower
47 6 -7.9400 -27 +28 +23 #41 #42 #43  u=4 $ Small side
48 6 -7.9400 -29 #41 #42 #43      u=4 $ Left divider
49 6 -7.9400 -30 #41 #42 #43      u=4 $ Right divider
50 0      #41 #42 #43 #44 #45 #46 #47 #48 #49      u=4 $ Void
C Cells - Basket Cavity
51 0      -12 fill=5 trcl = ( -9.5250 4.6990 3.1877 )  u=3 $ UL
52 like 51 but fill=5 trcl = ( -9.5250 -4.6990 3.1877 )  u=3 $ LL
53 like 51 but fill=5 trcl = ( 9.5250 4.6990 3.1877 )  u=3 $ UR
54 like 51 but fill=5 trcl = ( 9.5250 -4.6990 3.1877 )  u=3 $ LR
55 0      #51 #52 #53 #54      fill=4 u=3 $ Void
C Cells - LWT Cavity
56 0      -38      u=2
57 0      -39      u=2
58 0      -40 fill=3 ( 0.0000 0.0000 227.3300 )  u=2
59 0      -41 fill=3 ( 0.0000 0.0000 339.0900 )  u=2
60 0      #56 #57 #58 #59      u=2
C Cells - LWT Cask Normal Conditions
61 5 -11.344 -45      u=1 $ BotPb
62 0      -44 fill=2      u=1 $ Cavity
63 6 -7.9400 -42 -43 +45      u=1 $ Bottom
64 6 -7.9400 -42 +43 +47 +50 +44 u=1 $ OuterShell
65 6 -7.9400 -46 +49 +44      u=1 $ InnerShellTaper
66 6 -7.9400 -48 +44      u=1 $ InnerShell
67 5 -11.344 -49 +48      u=1 $ Lead
68 5 -11.344 -47 +46 +49      u=1 $ LeadTaper
69 0      -50 +49      u=1 $ LeadGap
70 3 -0.9669 -52 +42      u=1 $ NeutronShield
71 6 -7.9400 -51 +42 +52      u=1 $ NSShell
72 7 -0.4997 -53 +42      u=1 $ UpperLimiter
73 7 -0.4997 -54 +42      u=1 $ LowerLimiter
74 0      -55 +42 +51 +53 +54 u=1 $ Container
75 0      +55      u=1 $ Outside
C Detector Cells - Radial Biasing
100 0 -100 fill=1 $ Surface
200 0 -200 +100 $ 1ft
300 0 -300 +100 +200 $ 1m
400 0 -400 +100 +200 +300 $ 2m
500 0 -500 +100 +200 +300 +400 $ 2m+Convey
600 0 +100 +200 +300 +400 +500 $ Exterior

C Fuel Assembly Surfaces
1 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 23.4950 0.5080 $ Tube ID
2 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 23.4950 0.6349 $ Tube OD
3 PZ 1.4950      $ Fuel Cut Plain
4 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 23.4951 0.6350 $ Tube
5 RPP -3.1750 3.1750 -3.1750 3.1750 0.0000 0.6350 $ Tube Base Plate
6 RPP -3.1751 3.1751 -3.1751 3.1751 0.0000 24.1301 $ Tube Container
7 RPP -4.1910 4.1910 -4.1910 4.1910 0.0000 0.4699 $ Can Base Plate
8 RPP -3.5560 3.5560 -3.5560 3.5560 0.0000 100.6475 $ Can ID

```

Figure 5.3.20-6 Sample MCNP Input File – Normal Conditions (continued)

```
9 RPP -4.1910 4.1910 -4.1910 4.1910 0.0000 100.6475 $ Can OD
10 RPP -3.4925 3.4925 -3.4925 3.4925 99.6823 100.6475 $ Can Lid Lower Plate
11 RPP -4.1910 4.1910 -4.1910 4.1910 100.6475 102.2223 $ Can Lid Upper Plate
12 RPP -4.1911 4.1911 -4.1911 4.1911 0.0000 102.2223 $ Container
C Surfaces - MTR 7 Element Basket
13 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 1.2700 16.8466 $ Base plate
14 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 52.0700 0.0000 0.0000 1.2700 16.8466 $ Support plate
15 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 104.1400 0.0000 0.0000 1.2700 16.8466 $ Support plate
16 CZ 1.2700      $ Hole CC
17 C/Z 0.0000 9.5250 1.2700      $ Hole UC
18 C/Z 0.0000 -9.5250 1.2700      $ Hole LC
19 C/Z -9.5250 4.6990 1.2700      $ Hole UL
20 C/Z -9.5250 -4.6990 1.2700      $ Hole LL
21 C/Z 9.5250 4.6990 1.2700      $ Hole UR
22 C/Z 9.5250 -4.6990 1.2700      $ Hole LR
23 RPP -5.1604 5.1604 -14.6939 14.6939 1.2700 111.7600 $ Center column outer
24 RPP -4.3667 4.3667 -13.9002 13.9002 1.2700 111.7600 $ Center column inner
25 RPP -4.3667 4.3667 4.3688 5.1626 1.2700 111.7600 $ Center divider upper
26 RPP -4.3667 4.3667 -5.1626 -4.3688 1.2700 111.7600 $ Center divider lower
27 RPP -14.1986 14.1986 -9.3599 9.3599 1.2700 111.7600 $ Small side outer
28 RPP -13.8938 13.8938 -9.0551 9.0551 1.2700 111.7600 $ Small side inner
29 RPP -13.8938 -5.1604 -0.3175 0.3175 1.2700 111.7600 $ Left divider
30 RPP 5.1604 13.8938 -0.3175 0.3175 1.2700 111.7600 $ Right divider
C Surfaces - Basket Cavity
31 RPP -4.3667 4.3667 -4.3688 4.3688 1.2700 111.7600 $ CC
32 RPP -4.3667 4.3667 5.1626 13.9002 1.2700 111.7600 $ UC
33 RPP -4.3667 4.3667 -13.9002 -5.1626 1.2700 111.7600 $ LC
34 RPP -13.8938 -5.1604 0.6350 9.3726 1.2700 111.7600 $ UL
35 RPP -13.8938 -5.1604 -9.3726 -0.6350 1.2700 111.7600 $ LL
36 RPP 5.1604 13.8938 0.6350 9.3726 1.2700 111.7600 $ UR
37 RPP 5.1604 13.8938 -9.3726 -0.6350 1.2700 111.7600 $ LR
C Surfaces - LWT Cavity
38 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 3.8100 0.0000 0.0000 111.7600 16.8467 $ Basket
39 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 115.5700 0.0000 0.0000 111.7600 16.8467 $ Basket
40 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 227.3300 0.0000 0.0000 111.7600 16.8467 $ Basket
41 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 339.0900 0.0000 0.0000 111.7600 16.8467 $ Basket
C Surfaces - LWT Cask Normal Conditions
42 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 -26.6700 0.0000 0.0000 507.3650 36.5189 $ Lwt
43 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 -26.6700 0.0000 0.0000 26.6700 36.5189 $ Bottom
44 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 452.1200 16.9863 $ Cavity
45 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 -17.7800 0.0000 0.0000 7.6200 26.3525 $ Bottom gamma shield
46 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 444.5000 20.1740 $ Lead id - taper
47 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 444.5000 31.5976 $ Lead od - taper
48 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 13.8176 0.0000 0.0000 416.8648 18.9103 $ Lead id
49 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 13.8176 0.0000 0.0000 416.8648 33.3271 $ Lead od
50 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 13.8176 0.0000 0.0000 416.8648 33.4645 $ Lead gap
51 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 3.8100 0.0000 0.0000 419.1000 49.8183 $ Neutron shield shell
52 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 5.0800 0.0000 0.0000 416.5600 49.2189 $ Neutron shield
53 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 450.2150 0.0000 0.0000 70.5612 49.8183 $ Upper limiter
54 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 -68.0212 0.0000 0.0000 71.8312 49.8183 $ Lower limiter
55 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 -68.0212 0.0000 0.0000 588.7974 49.8183 $ Container
```

Figure 5.3.20-6 Sample MCNP Input File – Normal Conditions (continued)

```
C Radial Detector DRA (Surface)
100 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 -68.1212 0.0000 0.0000 588.9974 49.9184
101 PZ -38.6713
102 PZ -9.2215
103 PZ 20.2284
104 PZ 49.6783
105 PZ 79.1282
106 PZ 108.5780
107 PZ 138.0279
108 PZ 167.4778
109 PZ 196.9276
110 PZ 226.3775
111 PZ 255.8274
112 PZ 285.2772
113 PZ 314.7271
114 PZ 344.1770
115 PZ 373.6269
116 PZ 403.0767
117 PZ 432.5266
118 PZ 461.9765
119 PZ 491.4263

C Radial Detector DRB (1ft)
200 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 -98.6012 0.0000 0.0000 649.9574 80.2984
201 PZ -66.1033
202 PZ -33.6055
203 PZ -1.1076
204 PZ 31.3903
205 PZ 63.8882
206 PZ 96.3860
207 PZ 128.8839
208 PZ 161.3818
209 PZ 193.8796
210 PZ 226.3775
211 PZ 258.8754
212 PZ 291.3732
213 PZ 323.8711
214 PZ 356.3690
215 PZ 388.8669
216 PZ 421.3647
217 PZ 453.8626
218 PZ 486.3605
219 PZ 518.8583

C Radial Detector DRC (1m)
300 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 -168.1212 0.0000 0.0000 788.9974 149.8184
301 PZ -135.2463
302 PZ -102.3714
303 PZ -69.4965
304 PZ -36.6216
305 PZ -3.7467
306 PZ 29.1282
307 PZ 62.0030
```

Figure 5.3.20-6 Sample MCNP Input File – Normal Conditions (continued)

```
308 PZ 94.8779
309 PZ 127.7528
310 PZ 160.6277
311 PZ 193.5026
312 PZ 226.3775
313 PZ 259.2524
314 PZ 292.1273
315 PZ 325.0022
316 PZ 357.8771
317 PZ 390.7520
318 PZ 423.6269
319 PZ 456.5017
320 PZ 489.3766
321 PZ 522.2515
322 PZ 555.1264
323 PZ 588.0013
C Radial Detector DRD (2m)
400 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 -268.1212 0.0000 0.0000 988.9974 249.8184
401 PZ -226.9130
402 PZ -185.7048
403 PZ -144.4965
404 PZ -103.2883
405 PZ -62.0801
406 PZ -20.8719
407 PZ 20.3364
408 PZ 61.5446
409 PZ 102.7528
410 PZ 143.9611
411 PZ 185.1693
412 PZ 226.3775
413 PZ 267.5857
414 PZ 308.7940
415 PZ 350.0022
416 PZ 391.2104
417 PZ 432.4186
418 PZ 473.6269
419 PZ 514.8351
420 PZ 556.0433
421 PZ 597.2515
422 PZ 638.4598
423 PZ 679.6680
C Radial Detector DRE (2m+Convey)
500 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 -269.1212 0.0000 0.0000 990.9974 321.9200
501 PZ -227.8296
502 PZ -186.5381
503 PZ -145.2465
504 PZ -103.9550
505 PZ -62.6634
506 PZ -21.3719
507 PZ 19.9197
508 PZ 61.2113
```

Figure 5.3.20-6 Sample MCNP Input File – Normal Conditions (continued)

```
509 PZ 102.5028
510 PZ 143.7944
511 PZ 185.0859
512 PZ 226.3775
513 PZ 267.6691
514 PZ 308.9606
515 PZ 350.2522
516 PZ 391.5437
517 PZ 432.8353
518 PZ 474.1269
519 PZ 515.4184
520 PZ 556.7100
521 PZ 598.0015
522 PZ 639.2931
523 PZ 680.5846

C
C Materials List
C
C Homogenized U-Al Fuel
m1 92235 -1.7661E-01 92238 -1.9624E-02 13027 -8.0376E-01
C Water
m2 1001 6.6667E-01 8016 3.3333E-01
mt2 lwtr.01
C Water/Glycol
m3 1001 -1.03651E-01 8016 -6.75619E-01 6000 -2.20730E-01
C Aluminum
m4 13027 -1.0
C Lead
m5 82000 -1.0
C Stainless Steel 304
m6 26000 -0.695 24000 -0.190 28000 -0.095
    25055 -0.020
C Aluminum Honeycomb Impact Limiter
m7 13027 -1.0
C
C Cell Importances
imp:p 1 79r 0
C
C Source Definition - Fuel Gamma
C 30% burnup, wt % U-235, 14-year cool time, 2.786 g U-235 per rod, 0.003 W/rod
sdef RAD=d1 EXT=d2 ERG=d3 cell=100:62:d4:d5:d6:d7:1
    POS= 0.0000 0.0000 1.4950
    AXS= 0.0000 0.0000 1.0000
    si1 0 0.5080
    sp1 -21 1
    si2 0 22.0000
    sp2 -21 1
    si3 1.000E-02 4.500E-02 1.000E-01 2.000E-01 3.000E-01 4.000E-01
        6.000E-01 8.000E-01 1.000E+00 1.330E+00 1.660E+00 2.000E+00
        2.500E+00 3.000E+00 4.000E+00 5.000E+00 6.500E+00 8.000E+00
```

Figure 5.3.20-6 Sample MCNP Input File – Normal Conditions (continued)

```
1.000E+01
sp3 0.0000E+00 4.6619E+09 1.6170E+09 9.2992E+08 2.9371E+08 2.1001E+08
1.5357E+08 6.8443E+09 3.0713E+07 1.9365E+07 3.4947E+06 5.3655E+05
3.1683E+04 1.8502E+02 1.2818E+01 1.1290E-03 4.3894E-04 8.3643E-05
1.7944E-05
si4 l 58 59
sp4 1.0 1.0
si5 l 51 52 53 54
sp5 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0
si6 l 34 35 36 37
sp6 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0
si7 l 6 7 8 9 10 11
12 13 14 15 16 17
18 19 20 21 22 23
24 25 26 27 28 29
30
sp7 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0
1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0
1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0
1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0
1.0
mode p
nps 160000000
C
C ANSI/ANSI-6.1.1-1977 - Gamma Flux-to-Dose Conversion Factors
C (mrem/hr)/(photons/cm2-sec)
de0 0.01 0.03 0.05 0.07 0.1 0.15 0.2
0.25 0.3 0.35 0.4 0.45 0.5 0.55
0.6 0.65 0.7 0.8 1 1.4 1.8
2.2 2.6 2.8 3.25 3.75 4.25 4.75
5 5.25 5.75 6.25 6.75 7.5 9
11 13 15
df0 3.96E-03 5.82E-04 2.90E-04 2.58E-04 2.83E-04 3.79E-04 5.01E-04
6.31E-04 7.59E-04 8.78E-04 9.85E-04 1.08E-03 1.17E-03 1.27E-03
1.36E-03 1.44E-03 1.52E-03 1.68E-03 1.98E-03 2.51E-03 2.99E-03
3.42E-03 3.82E-03 4.01E-03 4.41E-03 4.83E-03 5.23E-03 5.60E-03
5.80E-03 6.01E-03 6.37E-03 6.74E-03 7.11E-03 7.66E-03 8.77E-03
1.03E-02 1.18E-02 1.33E-02
C
C Weight Window Generation - Radial
wwg 2 0 0 0
wwp:p 5 3 5 0 -1 0
mesh geom=cyl ref=0 13 243 origin=0.1 0.1 -568
imesh 16.8 17.0 18.9 33.3 36.5 49.2 49.8 549.8
iints 1 1 1 5 1 1 1 1
jmesh 500 541 550 558 568 577 1019 1020 1049 1089 1589
jints 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
kmesh 1
kints 1
wwge:p 1e-3 1 20
fc2 Radial Surface Tally
```

Figure 5.3.20-6 Sample MCNP Input File – Normal Conditions (continued)

```
f2:p +100.1
fm2 1.18116E+13
fs2 -101 -102 -103 -104 -105 -106
-107 -108 -109 -110 -111 -112
-113 -114 -115 -116 -117 -118
-119 T
tf2
fc12 Radial 1ft Tally
f12:p +200.1
fm12 1.18116E+13
fs12 -201 -202 -203 -204 -205 -206
-207 -208 -209 -210 -211 -212
-213 -214 -215 -216 -217 -218
-219 T
tf12
fc22 Radial 1m Tally
f22:p +300.1
fm22 1.18116E+13
fs22 -301 -302 -303 -304 -305 -306
-307 -308 -309 -310 -311 -312
-313 -314 -315 -316 -317 -318
-319 -320 -321 -322 -323 T
tf22
fc32 Radial 2m Tally
f32:p +400.1
fm32 1.18116E+13
fs32 -401 -402 -403 -404 -405 -406
-407 -408 -409 -410 -411 -412
-413 -414 -415 -416 -417 -418
-419 -420 -421 -422 -423 T
tf32
fc42 Radial 2m+Convey Tally
f42:p +500.1
fm42 1.18116E+13
fs42 -501 -502 -503 -504 -505 -506
-507 -508 -509 -510 -511 -512
-513 -514 -515 -516 -517 -518
-519 -520 -521 -522 -523 T
tf42
C
C Print Control
prdmp -30 -60 1 2
print
C Random Number Generator
rand gen=2 seed=15617098509349 stride=152917 hist=1
```

Figure 5.3.20-7 Normal Condition Radial Surface Dose Rate Profile by Source Type – SLOWPOKE Fuel

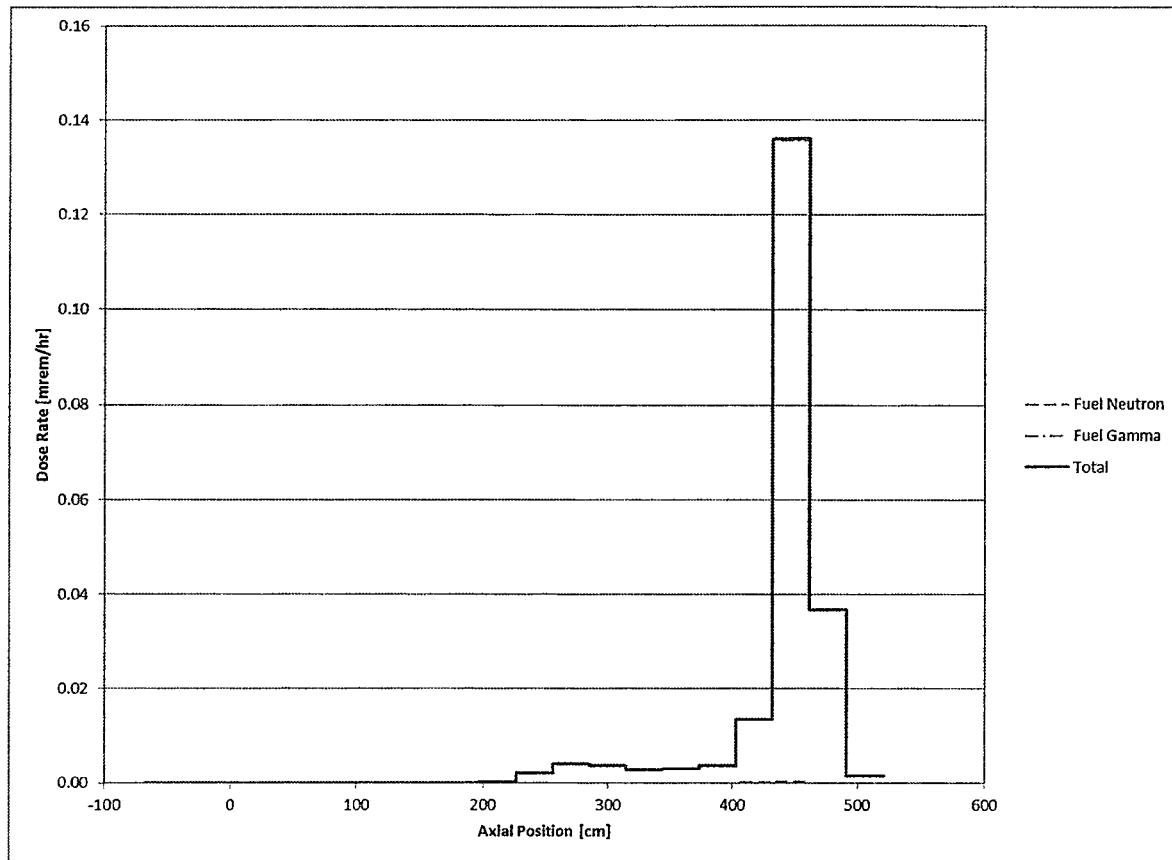


Figure 5.3.20-8 Normal Condition 2-m Radial Surface Dose Rate Profile by Source Type – SLOWPOKE Fuel

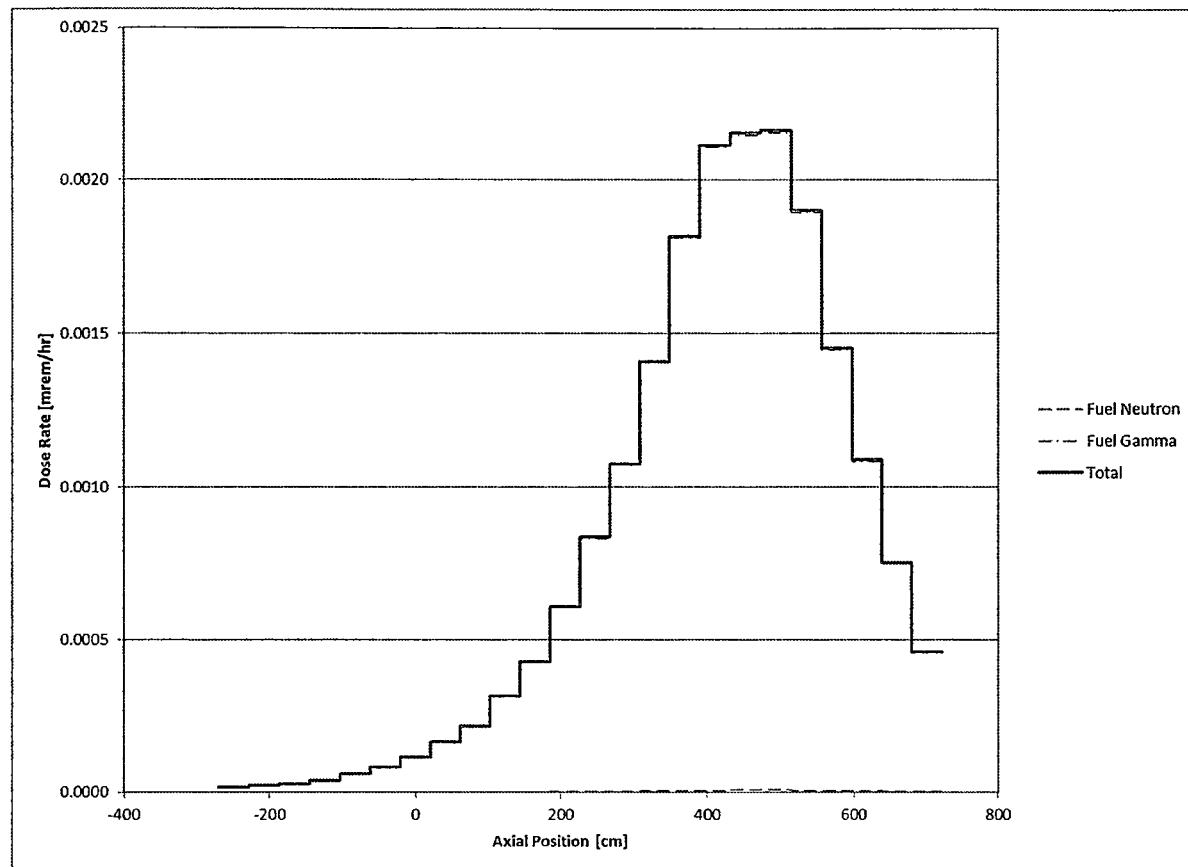


Figure 5.3.20-9 Accident Condition Radial 1m Dose Rate Profile by Source Type – SLOWPOKE

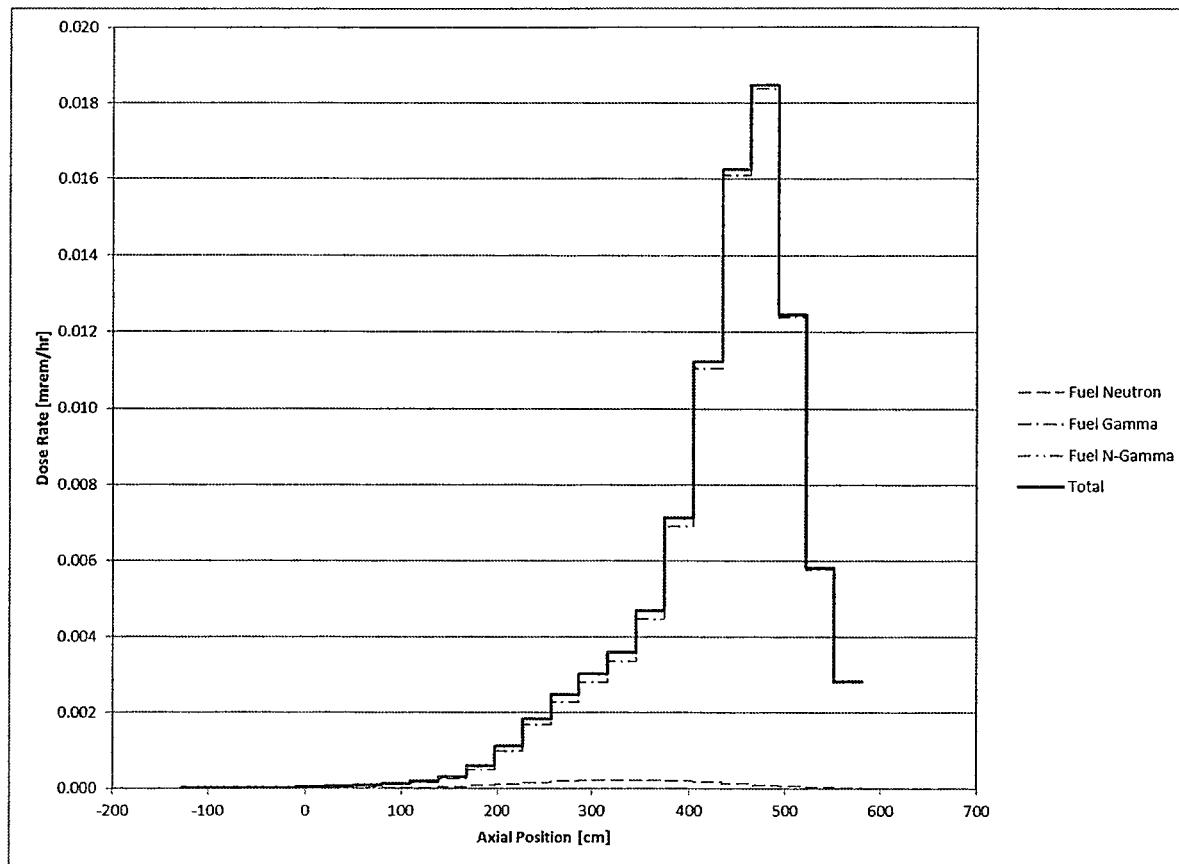


Table 5.3.20-1 SLOWPOKE Fuel Geometry and Materials

| | | |
|--|-----|------------|
| Fuel Element Type | | Rod |
| Chemical Form | | U-Al Alloy |
| Active Fuel Length | cm | 22 |
| Active Fuel Diameter | cm | 0.422 |
| Weight of U-235 | g | 2.786 |
| Weight of total U | g | 2.990 |
| Alloy or compound material weight | g | 7.688 |
| Total weight of fuel meat | g | 10.678 |
| Clad Thickness | cm | 0.051 |
| Clad Weight (including caps) | g | 4.981 |
| Clad Material | | Aluminum |
| Element Length | cm | 22.83 |
| Diameter (endcaps) | cm | 0.61 |
| Diameter (clad) | cm | 0.53 |
| Total weight of fuel element | g | 15.659 |
| Enrichment % | % | 93 |
| Burn Time | hrs | 32000 |
| Core Maximum Power | kW | 20 |
| Maximum Burnup (²³⁵ U depletion) | % | 2 |

Table 5.3.20-2 Source Term Generation Parameters for SLOWPOKE Fuel

| Parameter | Value |
|--|-------|
| U Mass Per Rod (grams) | 3.1 |
| Core Power (kW) | 20 |
| Number of Hours Burned | 35280 |
| Number of Years Cooled | 14 |
| Number of Rods / Core | 315 |
| Initial Enrichment (wt % ²³⁵ U) | 90 |
| Burnup (% ²³⁵ U) | 4.5 |
| Burnup (GWd/MTU) | 30 |
| Moderator/Box Temperature (C) | 40 |
| Clad Temperature (C) | 90 |
| Fuel Temperature (C) | 100 |

Table 5.3.20-3 SLOWPOKE Neutron Source Term (per MTU)

| Group | E Lower [MeV] | E Upper [MeV] | Source [neutrons/sec] |
|--------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| 1 | 6.380E+00 | 2.000E+01 | 8.392E+01 |
| 2 | 3.010E+00 | 6.380E+00 | 1.239E+03 |
| 3 | 1.830E+00 | 3.010E+00 | 2.221E+04 |
| 4 | 1.420E+00 | 1.830E+00 | 5.368E+04 |
| 5 | 9.070E-01 | 1.420E+00 | 9.340E+04 |
| 6 | 4.080E-01 | 9.070E-01 | 8.055E+04 |
| 7 | 1.110E-01 | 4.080E-01 | 3.950E+04 |
| 8 | 1.500E-02 | 1.110E-01 | 4.675E+03 |
| 9 | 3.040E-03 | 1.500E-02 | 1.404E+02 |
| 10 | 5.830E-04 | 3.040E-03 | 1.121E+01 |
| 11 | 1.010E-04 | 5.830E-04 | 1.063E+00 |
| 12 | 2.900E-05 | 1.010E-04 | 2.284E-02 |
| 13 | 1.070E-05 | 2.900E-05 | 3.852E-03 |
| 14 | 3.060E-06 | 1.070E-05 | 1.625E-04 |
| 15 | 1.860E-06 | 3.060E-06 | 1.011E-05 |
| 16 | 1.300E-06 | 1.860E-06 | 3.875E-06 |
| 17 | 1.130E-06 | 1.300E-06 | 1.030E-06 |
| 18 | 1.000E-06 | 1.130E-06 | 6.480E-07 |
| 19 | 8.000E-07 | 1.000E-06 | 1.132E-06 |
| 20 | 4.140E-07 | 8.000E-07 | 1.586E-06 |
| 21 | 3.250E-07 | 4.140E-07 | 2.069E-07 |
| 22 | 2.250E-07 | 3.250E-07 | 3.119E-07 |
| 23 | 1.000E-07 | 2.250E-07 | 2.064E-07 |
| 24 | 5.000E-08 | 1.000E-07 | 6.687E-08 |
| 25 | 3.000E-08 | 5.000E-08 | 3.531E-08 |
| 26 | 1.000E-08 | 3.000E-08 | 9.255E-11 |
| 27 | 1.000E-11 | 1.000E-08 | 5.251E-11 |
| Total | | | 2.955E+05 |

Table 5.3.20-4 SLOWPOKE Fuel Gamma Source Term (per MTU)

| Group | E Lower [MeV] | E Upper [MeV] | Source [photons/sec] |
|-------|---------------|---------------|----------------------|
| 1 | 8.00E+00 | 1.00E+01 | 5.7677E+00 |
| 2 | 6.50E+00 | 8.00E+00 | 2.6885E+01 |
| 3 | 5.00E+00 | 6.50E+00 | 1.4109E+02 |
| 4 | 4.00E+00 | 5.00E+00 | 3.6288E+02 |
| 5 | 3.00E+00 | 4.00E+00 | 4.1202E+06 |
| 6 | 2.50E+00 | 3.00E+00 | 5.9472E+07 |
| 7 | 2.00E+00 | 2.50E+00 | 1.0184E+10 |
| 8 | 1.66E+00 | 2.00E+00 | 1.7246E+11 |
| 9 | 1.33E+00 | 1.66E+00 | 1.1233E+12 |
| 10 | 1.00E+00 | 1.33E+00 | 6.2244E+12 |
| 11 | 8.00E-01 | 1.00E+00 | 9.8721E+12 |
| 12 | 6.00E-01 | 8.00E-01 | 2.2000E+15 |
| 13 | 4.00E-01 | 6.00E-01 | 4.9361E+13 |
| 14 | 3.00E-01 | 4.00E-01 | 6.7505E+13 |
| 15 | 2.00E-01 | 3.00E-01 | 9.4406E+13 |
| 16 | 1.00E-01 | 2.00E-01 | 2.9890E+14 |
| 17 | 4.50E-02 | 1.00E-01 | 5.1975E+14 |
| 18 | 1.00E-02 | 4.50E-02 | 1.4985E+15 |
| Total | | | 4.7457E+15 |

Table 5.3.20-5 Fuel Homogenization for SLOWPOKE Fuel

| Component | Area [cm ²] | Area Fraction |
|-----------|-------------------------|---------------|
| Fuel | 1.3987E-01 | 1.7252E-01 |
| Gap | 4.0055E-03 | 4.9406E-03 |
| Clad | 7.6746E-02 | 9.4663E-02 |
| Void | 5.9011E-01 | 7.2788E-01 |
| Total | 8.1073E-01 | 1.0000E+00 |

Note: Homogenization limited to smear of fuel rod within aluminum canister tube.

Table 5.3.20-6 Canister/Basket/Cask Material Descriptions for SLOWPOKE Fuel

| Material | Element | Density [g/cm ³] | Number Density [atom/b-cm] |
|---------------------|---------|------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Aluminum | Al | 2.67 | 7.278E-02 |
| Stainless Steel 304 | Fe | 7.94 | 5.9505E-02 |
| | Cr | | 1.7472E-02 |
| | Ni | | 7.7392E-03 |
| | Mn | | 1.7407E-03 |
| Lead | Pb | 11.34 | 3.2967E-02 |
| Neutron Shield | H | 0.97 | 5.9884E-02 |
| | O | | 2.4595E-02 |
| | C | | 1.0701E-02 |
| Impact Limiter | Al | 0.50 | 1.1153E-02 |

Table 5.3.20-7 Canister Dimensions SLOWPOKE Fuel

| Description | Dimension [in] |
|----------------------------|-------------------|
| CANISTER: | |
| Bottom Plate Thickness | 0.375 |
| Lid Thickness | 1.00 |
| OD | 3.30 |
| ID | 2.80 |
| Side Wall Height | 39.44 |
| Bottom Plate Inset 1 | 0.130 |
| Bottom Plate Inset 2 | 0.060 |
| Lid Lower Bottom Thickness | 0.38 |
| Lid Top Width | 3.30 |
| Lid Bottom Width | 2.75 |
| Lid Handle Height | 2.500 |
| CANISTER INSERT: | |
| Tube Length | 9.25 |
| Tube OD | 0.50 |
| Tube ID | 0.40 |
| Base Plate Thickness | 0.25 |
| Base Plate Width | 2.50 |

Table 5.3.20-8 Maximum and Average Dose Rates for SLOWPOKE Fuel

| Transport Condition | Dose Rate Location | Maximum | | Average | |
|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------|-------|-----------|-------|
| | | [mrem/hr] | FSD | [mrem/hr] | FSD |
| Normal | Side Surface of Cask | 0.14 | 7.6% | 0.01 | 23.0% |
| | Top Surface of Cask | 0.004 | 8.4% | 0.002 | 14.9% |
| | Bottom Surface of Cask | < 0.00001 | -- | < 0.00001 | -- |
| | Side 1m (Transport Index) | 0.01 | 7.1% | 0.002 | 12.6% |
| | 2m from Truck - Radial | 0.002 | 7.6% | 0.001 | 9.8% |
| | 2m from Top | 0.0004 | 58.3% | 0.0004 | 47.7% |
| | 2m from Bottom | < 0.00001 | -- | < 0.00001 | -- |
| | Edge of Truck - Top | 0.0001 | 30.1% | 0.00004 | 36.2% |
| | Edge of Truck - Bottom | < 0.00001 | -- | < 0.00001 | -- |
| | Dose at Cab of Truck | 0.00005 | 37.2% | 0.00003 | 46.0% |
| Accident | Side Surface of Cask | 0.29 | 8.8% | 0.02 | 24.5% |
| | Top Surface of Cask | 0.03 | 8.6% | 0.01 | 12.6% |
| | Bottom Surface of Cask | < 0.00001 | -- | < 0.00001 | -- |
| | Side 1m | 0.02 | 7.9% | 0.004 | 12.5% |
| | Top 1m | 0.002 | 7.4% | 0.001 | 9.7% |
| | Bottom 1m | < 0.00001 | -- | < 0.00001 | -- |

Table 5.3.20-9 Summarized Maximum Dose Rates for SLOWPOKE Fuel

| Transport Condition | Dose Rate Location | Maximum [mrem/hr] | Limit [mrem/hr] |
|---------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| Normal | Side Surface of Cask | 0.14 | 200 |
| | Side 1m (Transport Index) | 0.01 | 10 |
| | 2m from Truck - Radial | 0.002 | N/A |
| Accident | Side 1m | 0.02 | 1000 |

5.3.21 NRU and NRX Fuel Assemblies

Results of the shielding evaluation for up to 18 NRU (HEU or LEU) or up to 18 NRX fuel assemblies in the LWT cask are presented in this section. Fuel in undamaged and damaged configuration was considered for the shielding evaluation. The undamaged fuel configuration considers structurally sound rod or assemblies (i.e., any fuel not composed of rod section / broken rods). The NRU/NRX fuel is composed of a metal alloy and is not expected to fail during transport and will not produce rubble. Also included is a conservative damaged fuel configuration that analyzes the fuel collapsed at the top of the basket tubes to bound any hypothetical fuel reconfiguration. Both undamaged and damaged configuration are analyzed under normal and accident operating conditions to demonstrate compliance with 10 CFR 71.47 and 10 CFR 71.51.

NRU HEU, NRU LEU, and NRX HEU Source Terms

Source terms are calculated to bound the NRU and NRX assemblies using TRITON in SCALE 6.1. The TRITON models use the 238 group ENDF/B-VII library. Single unit cells were used for the TRITON source term calculation. The single unit cell (assembly reflected) was compared against a model using supercells (assembly plus surrounding incore material) to define surrounding fuel assemblies. The single unit cell was determined to be more conservative for neutron source terms and is not significantly different for gamma source terms which dominate dose rate contributions for the material. Unit cells were modeled using dimensions specified in AECL provided drawings. The assemblies are shown in Figure 5.3.21-1 and Figure 5.3.21-2 for the NRU and NRX assemblies, respectively. Key assembly dimensions are provided in Table 5.3.21-1 and Table 5.3.21-2 for the NRU and NRX assembly respectively.

NRU source terms are calculated using detailed operating histories for HEU and LEU fuel provided by AECL. NRX source terms are calculated using the maximum reactor power and ^{235}U Core Loading. The evaluated fuel material properties are provided in Table 5.3.21-3. The fuel material composition for the bounding properties is shown in Table 5.3.21-4. All sources are calculated for a ^{235}U depletion of greater than 80%. NRU LEU is composed of U₃-Si-Al. All Si is modeled as Al as aluminum will produce bounding neutron source terms due to (alpha,n) neutron production.

The TRITON inputs for all source term calculations are provided in Figure 5.3.21-3 through Figure 5.3.21-6. The comparison of neutron and gamma source terms for the single cell and supercell TRITON models are provided in Table 5.3.21-5 and Table 5.3.21-6, respectively. All source spectra are provided for each fuel type in Table 5.3.21-7 through Table 5.3.21-12.

For NAC thermal evaluations an alternative heat load for NRU LEU fuel is calculated that models a burnup of 347 MWd as oppose to the 363 MWd burnup for shielding evaluations. The burnup of 347 MWd still bounds the actual NRU LEU burnup of 327 MWd. The final burnup calculated in TRITON for the thermal evaluation heat load is 80.4%. The calculated heat load for thermal evaluations is 34 W/assembly (612 W for the loaded LWT). All shielding evaluations use the more conservative higher burnup source terms.

NRU and NRX Shielding Models

MCNP three dimensional shielding analysis allows detailed modeling of the source material, basket assembly, and cask shield configurations. The basket and cask are modeled as described in the license drawings. The basket spacer and lid collar have been conservatively omitted, but all axial extents are included to retain source position.

The geometric description of a MCNP model is based on the combinatorial geometry system embedded in the code. In this system, bodies such as cylinders and rectangular parallelepipeds and their logical intersections and unions are used to describe the extent of material zones.

Both undamaged and damaged fuel configurations are analyzed under normal and accident operating conditions. The undamaged fuel configuration includes NRU and NRX pins modeled as cropped for loading in the LWT. The damaged fuel configuration collapses the fuel in the basket tubes fully. Collapsed fuel is modeled at the nominal fuel density. The fuel meat alloy will not compact as a result of any transport condition. Collapsed models do not include clad or end plug material. The fuel and basket have been shifted towards the top of the LWT cavity. The radial lead gamma shield extends from the bottom of the NAC-LWT cavity to approximately 3 inches (7.62 cm) below the top of the cavity. Positioning the fissile material closest to the point of minimum gamma shielding is conservative.

The accident conditions of transport include the loss of neutron shielding material. The neutron shielding shell and the impact limiters are also removed while modeling accident conditions.

While normal conditions include a gap between the lead and outer shell, lead slump is not evaluated for accident conditions as NAC procedures dictate that the lead is allowed to cool from the lowest point with molten lead from the top filling gaps formed during solidification. Therefore no gap is expected to occur and further accident analyses detailing potential shifting of the lead gap are not necessary.

Detailed model parameters used in creating the three-dimensional model are taken directly from the License Drawings. Elevations associated with the three-dimensional features are established with respect to the center bottom of the NAC-LWT cask cavity for the MCNP combinatorial model. Material compositions for structural and shield materials are shown in Table 5.3.21-13. The three-dimensional NAC-LWT MCNP models are shown in Figure 5.3.21-7 through Figure

5.3.21-9 while sketches are shown in Figure 5.3.21-11 and Figure 5.3.21-12. Figure 5.3.21-10 shows a VISED comparison of the fuel detail for the undamaged and collapsed fuel models. Selected basket dimensions critical to model and dose results are listed in Table 5.3.21-14. A sample MCNP input file is provided in Figure 5.3.21-13.

NRU and NRX Fuel Shielding Evaluation

The shielding evaluation is performed using MCNP5 v1.60. The MCNP shielding model is utilized with the source terms to estimate the dose rate profiles at various distances from the side, top and bottom of the cask for both normal and accident conditions. The method of solution is continuous energy Monte Carlo with a Monte Carlo based weight window generator to accelerate code convergence. Weight window and problem convergence is verified by the 10 statistical checks performed by MCNP. Radial or axial biasing is performed depending on the desired dose location.

The ANSI/ANS 6.1.1-1977 flux-to-dose rate conversion factors are employed in the MCNP analysis. The ANSI/ANS neutron and gamma dose conversion factors are shown in Table 5.3.21-15 and Table 5.3.21-16, respectively.

NRU and NRX Dose Rates

Dose rates were computed for the three fuel sources (NRU HEU, NRU LEU, and NRX HEU) for both undamaged and collapsed configurations. NRU HEU dose rates (normal and accident) for both the undamaged and collapsed fuel configurations are summarized in Table 5.3.21-17 and Table 5.3.21-18, respectively. NRU LEU dose rates (normal and accident) for both the undamaged and collapsed fuel configurations are summarized in Table 5.3.21-19 and Table 5.3.21-20, respectively. NRX dose rates (normal and accident) for both the undamaged and collapsed fuel configurations are summarized in Table 5.3.21-21 and Table 5.3.21-22, respectively.

Results are summarized and compared to dose rate limits in Table 5.3.21-23 and Table 5.3.21-24 for undamaged and collapsed fuel, respectively. NRU LEU fuel provides the maximum dose rates for all dose rate limits. A payload of 18 assemblies for NRU or NRX fuel is found to be in compliance of 10 CFR 71.47 and 10 CFR 71.51 for an exclusive use shipment. Dose rate profiles for the maximum dose rate cases are provided Figure 5.3.21-14 through Figure 5.3.21-16.

Figure 5.3.21-1 Sketch of NRU Assembly

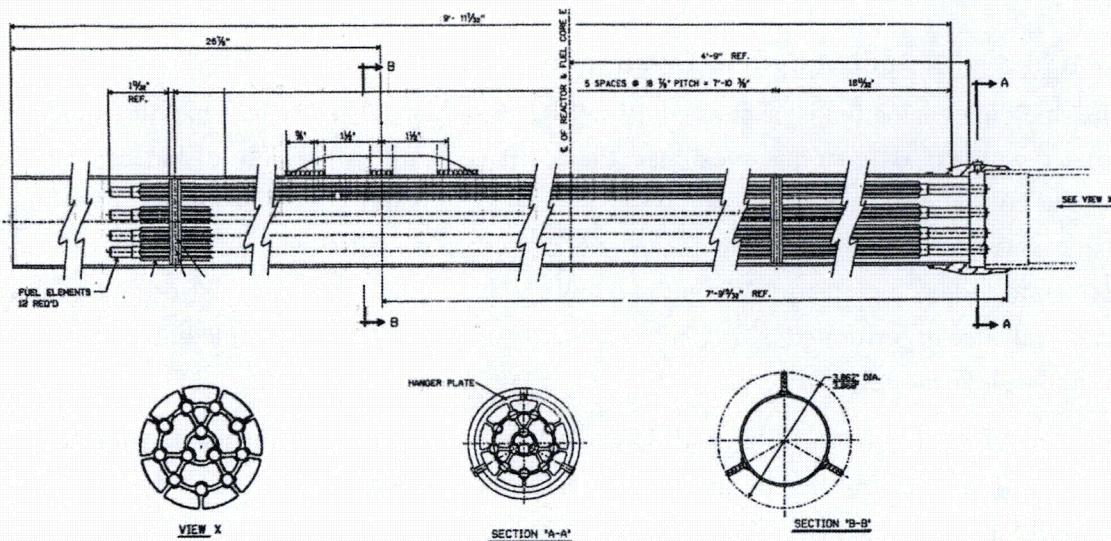


Figure 5.3.21-2 Sketch of NRX Assembly

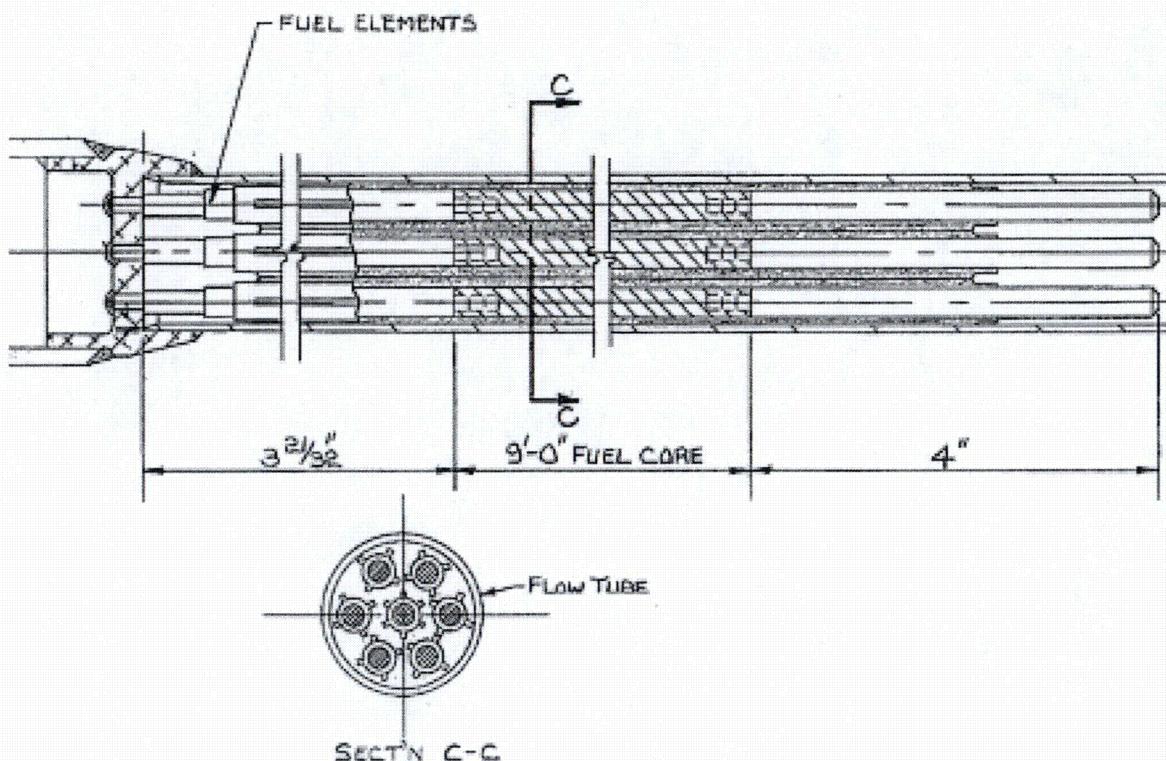


Figure 5.3.21-3 TRITON Input for NRU HEU Single Unit Cell

```
=t-depl
NRU CORE NEWT / CENTRM Depletion
V7-238
read comp
WTPTUAL 1 3.288 3 13000 77.570 92235 20.411 92238 2.019 1.0 373.0 END
AL 2 1.0 363.0 END
H2O 3 DEN=1.1 0.0015 311 END
D2O 3 DEN=1.1 0.9985 311 END
AL 4 1.0 309 END
H2O 5 DEN=1.1 0.00150 307 END
D2O 5 DEN=1.1 0.9984 307 END
b 5 DEN=1.1 0.0001 307 END
end comp
read celldata
latticecell triangpitch pitch=1.133 3 fueld=0.5486 1 cladd=0.7101 2 end
end celldata
read depletion -1 end depletion
read opus
matl= 1 end units=grams
new case
units=watts
new case
typarms=gspectrum
units=part
new case
typarms=nspectrum
units=part
end opus
read burndata
' power history
Power=2.321E+03 Burn=45 Down=0 nlib=5 end
Power=2.708E+03 Burn=135 Down=0 nlib=5 end
Power=1.355E+03 Burn=120 Down=6935 nlib=5 end
end burndata
read timetable
density 5 1 5010
0.0 1.08
22.50 0.96
92.50 0.75
150.50 0.50
250.5 0.25
280.0 0.13
320.0 0.05 end
end timetable
read model
NRU Core
read parm
prtflux=no drawit=yes collapse=yes
xnlib=4 run=yes prtmxsec=no prtBroad=no
prtmxtab=yes cmfd=no echo=yes
end parm
read materials
1 1 !fuel u-al! end
2 1 !fuel clad! end
3 2 !heavy water! end
4 1 !flow tube! end
5 2 !heavy water! end
end materials
read geom
' Fuel Pin
unit 1
cylinder 1 0.2745
cylinder 2 0.3761
media 1 1 1
media 2 1 2 -1
boundary 2 4 4
' Global unit
```

Figure 5.3.21-3 TRITON Input for NRU HEU Single Unit Cell (continued)

```
global unit 10
cylinder 10 2.4994
cylinder 20 2.6327
hexprism 50 9.85
hole 1 origin x=0.6502
hole 1 origin x=-0.3251 y=0.5631
hole 1 origin x=-0.3251 y=-0.5631
hole 1 origin x=1.6183 y=0.5890
hole 1 origin x=0.8611 y=1.4914
hole 1 origin x=-0.2990 y=1.6960
hole 1 origin x=-1.3192 y=1.1070
hole 1 origin x=-1.7221
hole 1 origin x=-1.3192 y=-1.1070
hole 1 origin x=-0.2990 y=-1.6960
hole 1 origin x=0.8611 y=-1.4914
hole 1 origin x=1.6183 y=-0.5890
media 3 1 10
media 4 1 20 -10
media 5 1 50 -20
boundary 50 50 50
end geom
read bounds all=white end bounds
end model
end
```

Figure 5.3.21-4 TRITON Input for NRU HEU Supercell Model

```
=t-depl
NRU CORE NEWT / CENTRM Depletion
v7-238
read composition
WTPTUAL 1 3.288 3 13000 77.570 92235 20.411 92238 2.019 1.0 373.0 END
AL 4 1.0 363.0 END
H2O 7 DEN=1.1 0.0015 311 END
D2O 7 DEN=1.1 0.9985 311 END
AL 10 1.0 309 END
H2O 11 DEN=1.1 0.0015 307 END
D2O 11 DEN=1.1 0.9985 307 END
WTPTsc1 2 1.1 4 1002 19.62 1001 0.01 8016 78.61 92235 1.76 1.0 307 END
AL 5 1.0 363.0 END
H2O 8 DEN=1.1 0.0015 311 END
D2O 8 DEN=1.1 0.9985 311 END
WTPTsc2 3 1.1 4 1002 19.65 1001 0.02 8016 78.74 92235 1.59 1.0 307 END
AL 6 1.0 363.0 END
H2O 9 DEN=1.1 0.0015 311 END
D2O 9 DEN=1.1 0.9985 311 END
WTPTb1 13 1.1 4 1002 19.97 1001 0.02 8016 80.00 5010 0.01 1.0 307 END
end composition
read celldata
latticecell triangpitch pitch=1.133 7 fuled=0.5486 1 cladd=0.7101 4 end
latticecell triangpitch pitch=1.133 8 fuled=0.5486 2 cladd=0.7101 5 end
latticecell triangpitch pitch=1.133 9 fuled=0.5486 3 cladd=0.7101 6 end
end celldata
read depletion -1 2 3 end depletion
read opus
matl= 1 end units=grams
new case
units=watts
new case
typarms=gspectrum
units=part
new case
typarms=nspectrum
units=part
end opus
read burndata
' power history
Power=2.321E+03 Burn=45 Down=0 nlib=10 end
Power=2.708E+03 Burn=135 Down=0 nlib=10 end
Power=1.355E+03 Burn=120 Down=6935 nlib=10 end
end burndata
read timetable
density 13 1 5010
0.0 1.26
22.50 0.94
92.50 0.67
150.50 0.25
200.0 0.15
250.5 0.10
290.0 0.00 end
end timetable
read model
NRU Core
read parm
```

Figure 5.3.21-4 TRITON Input for NRU HEU Supercell Model (continued)

```
prtflux=no drawit=yes collapse=yes
xnlib=4 run=yes prtmxsec=no prtBroad=no
prtmxtab=yes cmfd=no echo=yes   outers=500
end parm
read materials
 1 1 !fuel u-al! end
 4 1 !fuel clad! end
 7 2 !heavy water! end
10 1 !flow tube! end
11 2 !heavy water! end
2 1 !supercell 1! end
3 1 !supercell 2! end
13 2 !boron ring! end
end materials
read geom
' Fuel Pin
unit 1
cylinder 1 0.2745
cylinder 2 0.3761
media 1 1 1
media 4 1 2 -1
boundary 2 4 4
' Fuel Assembly
unit 2
' Flow Tube
cylinder 10 2.4994
cylinder 20 2.6327
hole 1 origin x=0.6502
hole 1 origin x=-0.3251 y=0.5631
hole 1 origin x=-0.3251 y=-0.5631
hole 1 origin x=1.6183 y=0.5890
hole 1 origin x=0.8611 y=1.4914
hole 1 origin x=-0.2990 y=1.6960
hole 1 origin x=-1.3192 y=1.1070
hole 1 origin x=-1.7221
hole 1 origin x=-1.3192 y=-1.1070
hole 1 origin x=-0.2990 y=-1.6960
hole 1 origin x=0.8611 y=-1.4914
hole 1 origin x=1.6183 y=-0.5890
media 7 1 10
media 10 1 20 -10
boundary 20 50 50
' Global unit
global unit 10
' Unit Cell
hex prism 50 9.85
' Supercell 1 - 2.394g U235/cm
cylinder 60 19.2
cylinder 70 20.2
' Supercell 2 - 4.341g U235/cm
cylinder 80 38.9
cylinder 90 39.9
' Boron ring to adjust k-eff
cylinder 100 60.0
cylinder 110 61.0
hex prism 120 70.0
hole 2
```

Figure 5.3.21-4 TRITON Input for NRU HEU Supercell Model (continued)

```
media 11 1 50
media 11 1 60 -50
media 2 1 70 -60
media 11 1 80 -70
media 3 1 90 -80
media 11 1 100 -90
media 13 1 110 -100
media 11 120 -110
boundary 120 10 10
end geom
read bounds all=white end bounds
end model
end
```

Figure 5.3.21-5 TRITON Input for NRU LEU Single Unit Cell

```
=t-depl
NRU CORE NEWT / CENTRM Depletion
v7-238
read comp
WPTPTUAL 1 3.288 3 13000 37.838 92235 11.811 92238 50.351 1.0 373.0 END
AL 2 1.0 363.0 END
H2O 3 DEN=1.1 0.0015 311 END
D2O 3 DEN=1.1 0.9985 311 END
AL 4 1.0 309 END
H2O 5 DEN=1.1 0.00150 307 END
D2O 5 DEN=1.1 0.9984 307 END
b 5 DEN=1.1 0.0001 307 END
end comp
read celldata
latticecell triangpitch pitch=1.133 3 fueld=0.5486 1 cladd=0.7101 2 end
end celldata
read depletion -1 end depletion
read opus
matl= 1 end units=grams
new case
units=watts
new case
typarams=gspectrum
units=part
new case
typarams=nspectrum
units=part
end opus
read burndata
' power history
Power=4.844E+02 Burn=45 Down=0 nlib=2 end
Power=5.667E+02 Burn=135 Down=0 nlib=2 end
Power=2.783E+02 Burn=120 Down=1095 nlib=2 end
end burndata
read timetable
density 5 1 5010
0.0 0.75
22.50 0.65
92.50 0.52
150.50 0.30
250.5 0.18
280.0 0.09 end
end timetable
read model
NRU Core
read parm
prtflux=no drawit=yes collapse=yes
xnlib=4 run=yes prtmxsec=no prtBroad=no
prtmxtab=yes cmfd=no echo=yes
end parm
read materials
1 1 !fuel u-al! end
2 1 !fuel clad! end
3 2 !heavy water! end
4 1 !flow tube! end
5 2 !heavy water! end
end materials
```

Figure 5.3.21-5 TRITON Input for NRU LEU Single Unit Cell (continued)

```
read geom
' Fuel Pin
unit 1
cylinder 1 0.2745
cylinder 2 0.3761
media 1 1 1
media 2 1 2 -1
boundary 2 4 4
' Global unit
global unit 10
cylinder 10 2.4994
cylinder 20 2.6327
hexprism 50 9.85
hole 1 origin x=0.6502
hole 1 origin x=-0.3251 y=0.5631
hole 1 origin x=-0.3251 y=-0.5631
hole 1 origin x=1.6183 y=0.5890
hole 1 origin x=0.8611 y=1.4914
hole 1 origin x=-0.2990 y=1.6960
hole 1 origin x=-1.3192 y=1.1070
hole 1 origin x=-1.7221
hole 1 origin x=-1.3192 y=-1.1070
hole 1 origin x=-0.2990 y=-1.6960
hole 1 origin x=0.8611 y=-1.4914
hole 1 origin x=1.6183 y=-0.5890
media 3 1 10
media 4 1 20 -10
media 5 1 50 -20
boundary 50 50 50
end geom
read bounds all=white end bounds
end model
end
```

Figure 5.3.21-6 TRITON Input for NRX Single Unit Cell

```
=t-depl
NRX CORE NEWT / CENTRM Depletion
V7-238
read comp
WTPTUAL 1 3.2088 3 13000 68.929 92235 28.275 92238 2.796 1.0 373.0 END
AL 2 1.0 363.0 END
H2O 3 DEN=1.1 0.0015 311 END
D2O 3 DEN=1.1 0.9985 311 END
AL 4 1.0 309 END
H2O 5 DEN=1.1 0.00150 307 END
D2O 5 DEN=1.1 0.9984 307 END
b 5 DEN=1.1 0.0001 307 END
AL 6 1.0 307 END
end comp
read celldata
latticecell triangpitch pitch=1.054 3 fueld=0.635 1 cladd=0.8181 2 end
end celldata
read depletion -1 end depletion
read opus
matl= 1 end units=grams
new case
units=watts
new case
typarams=gspectrum
units=part
new case
typarams=nspectrum
units=part
end opus
read burndata
' power history
Power= 1.685E+03 Burn=365 Down=6570 nlib=10 end
end burndata
read timetable
density 5 1 5010
0.0 1.22
22.50 1.06
92.50 0.93
150.50 0.82
250.5 0.55
280.0 0.42
320.0 0.32
365.0 0.15 end
end timetable
read model
NRX Core
read parm
prtflux=no drawit=yes collapse=yes
xnlib=4 run=yes prtmxsec=no prtBroad=no
prtmxtab=yes cmfd=no echo=yes outer=500
end parm
read materials
1 1 !fuel u-al! end
2 1 !fuel clad! end
3 2 !heavy water! end
4 1 !flow tube! end
5 2 !heavy water! end
```

Figure 5.3.21-6 TRITON Input for NRX Single Unit Cell (continued)

```
6 1 !guide tube! end
end materials
read geom
' Fuel Pin
unit 1
cylinder 1 0.3175
cylinder 2 0.4090
media 1 1 1
media 2 1 2 -1
boundary 2 4 4
' Global unit
global unit 10
cylinder 10 1.5761
cylinder 20 1.7539
cylinder 30 2.8573
cylinder 40 3.0163
hexprism 50 8.6519
hole 1
hole 1 origin x=1.0541
hole 1 origin x=0.5271 y=0.913
hole 1 origin x=-0.5271 y=0.913
hole 1 origin x=-1.0541 y=0.000
hole 1 origin x=-0.5271 y=-0.913
hole 1 origin x=0.5271 y=-0.913
media 3 1 10
media 4 1 20 -10
media 5 1 30 -20
media 6 1 40 -30
media 5 1 50 -40
boundary 50 50 50
end geom
read bounds all=white end bounds
end model
end
```

Figure 5.3.21-7 VISED Sketch of LWT with NRU Fuel Radial Detail

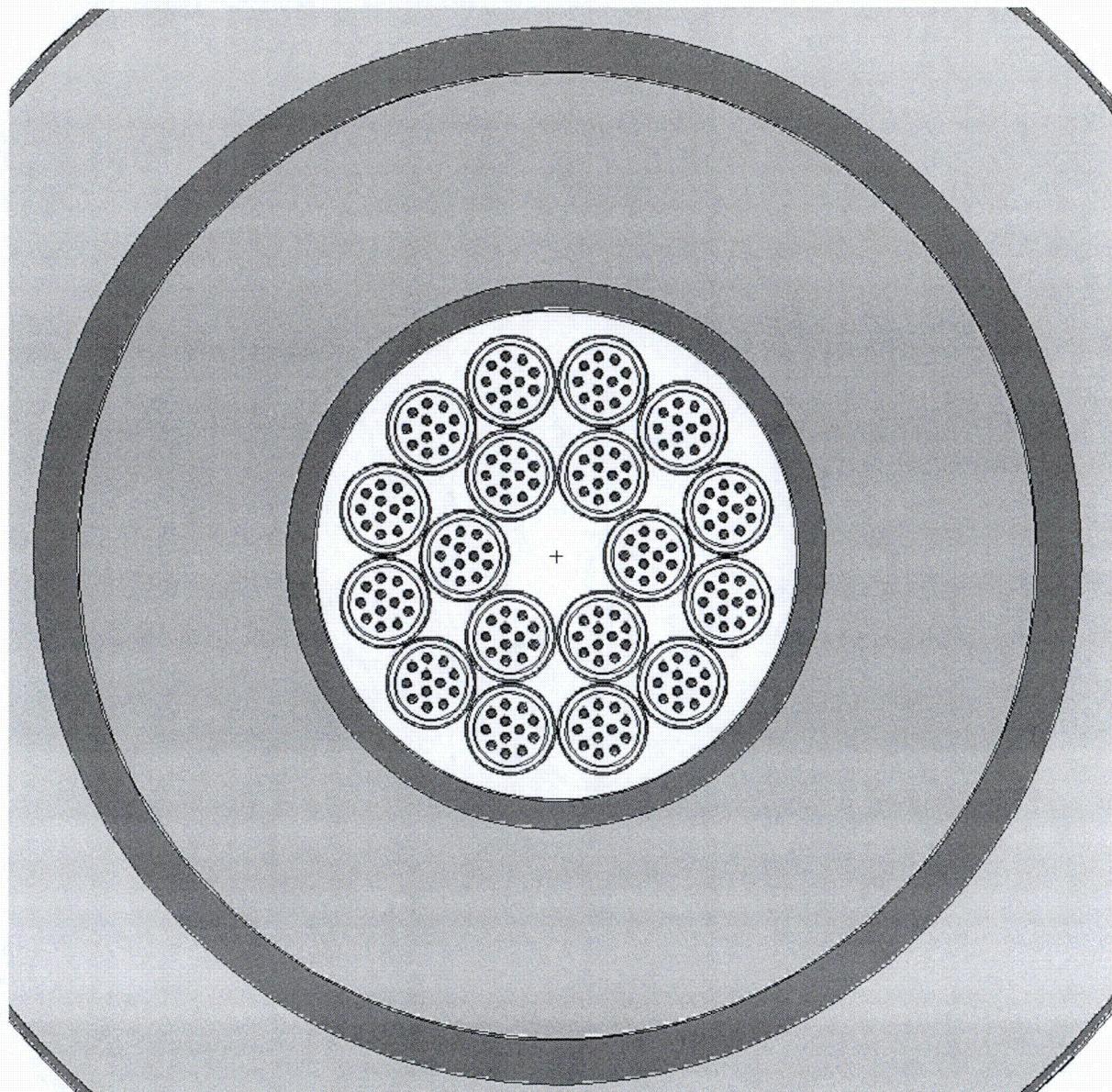


Figure 5.3.21-8 VISED Sketch of LWT with NRX Fuel Radial Detail

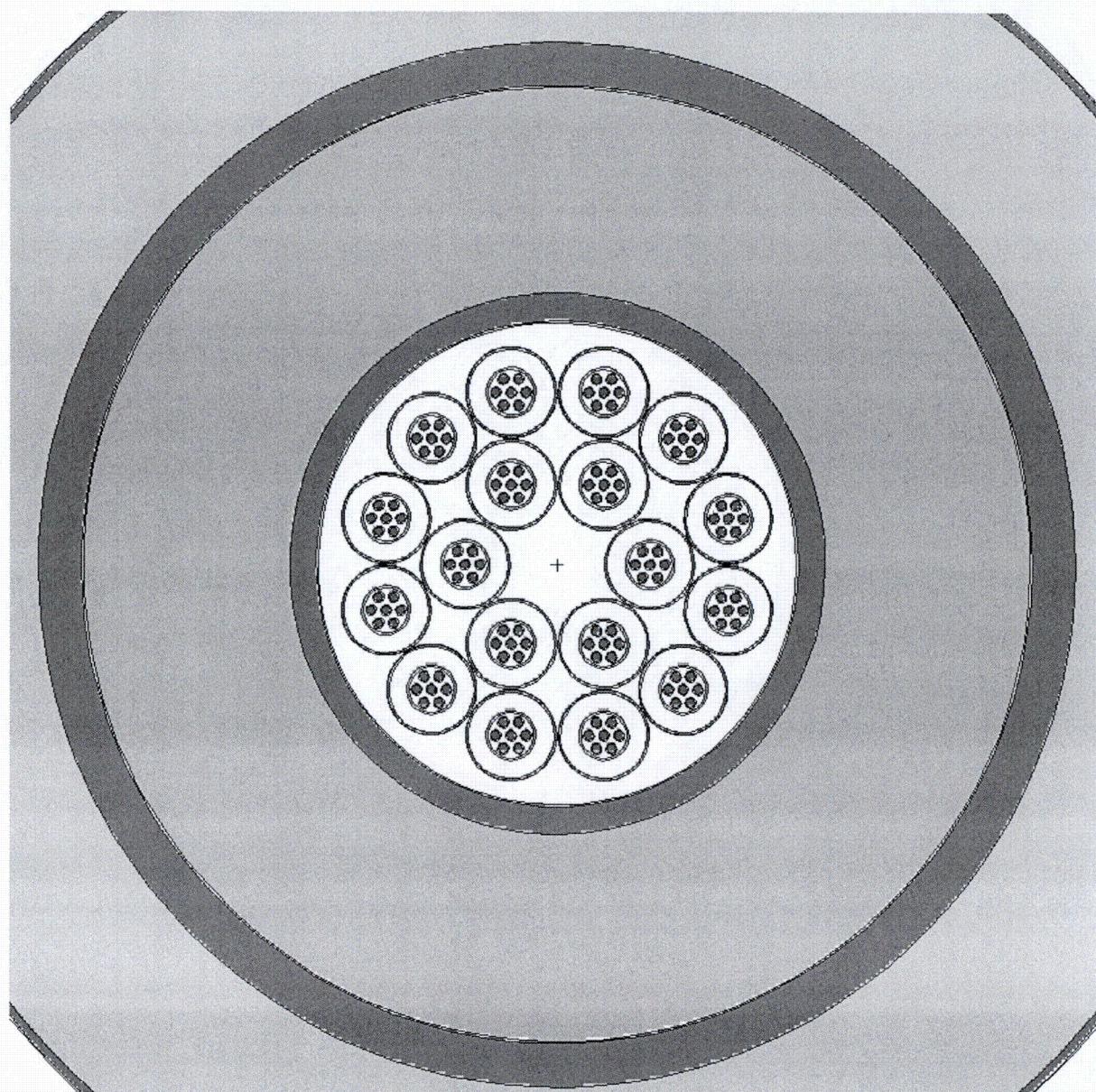


Figure 5.3.21-9 VISED Sketch of LWT Axial Detail

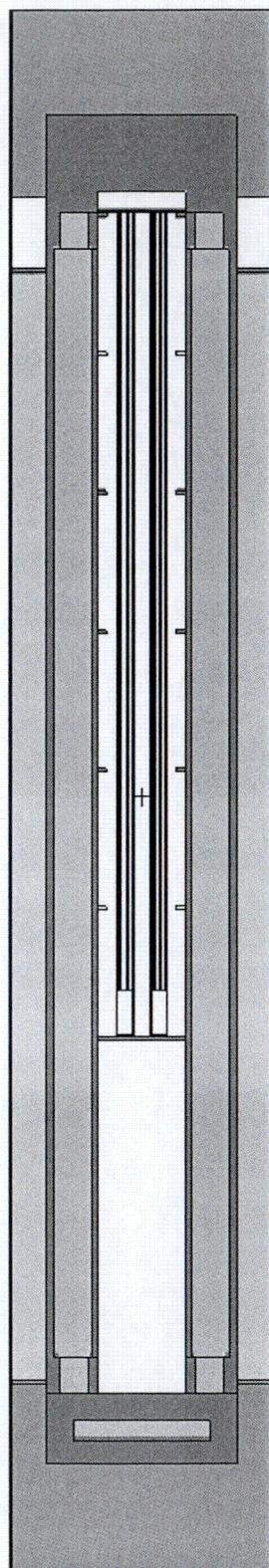


Figure 5.3.21-10 VISED Comparison of Collapsed Fuel (Left) and Undamaged Fuel (Right)

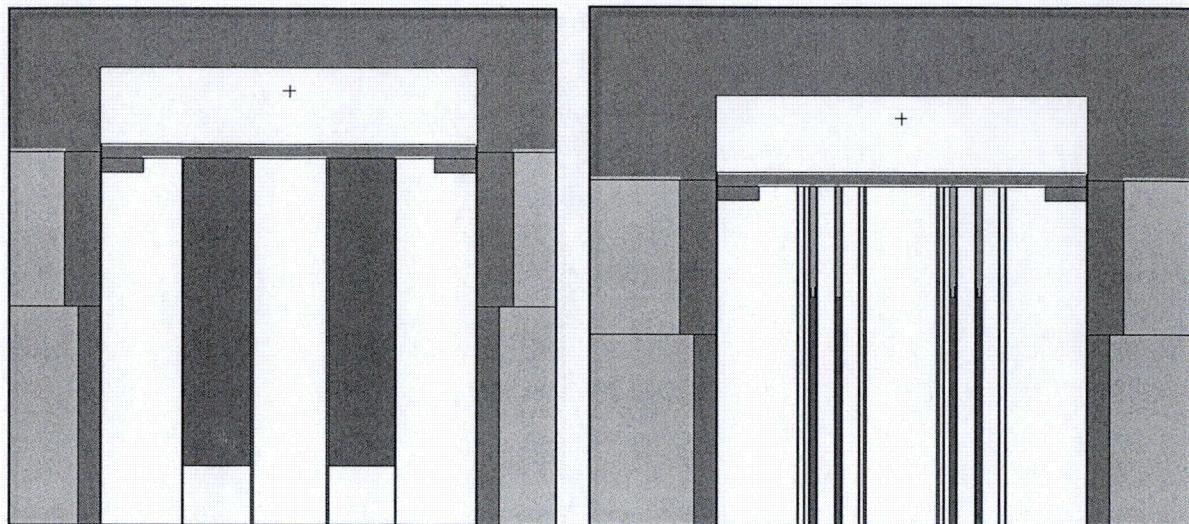
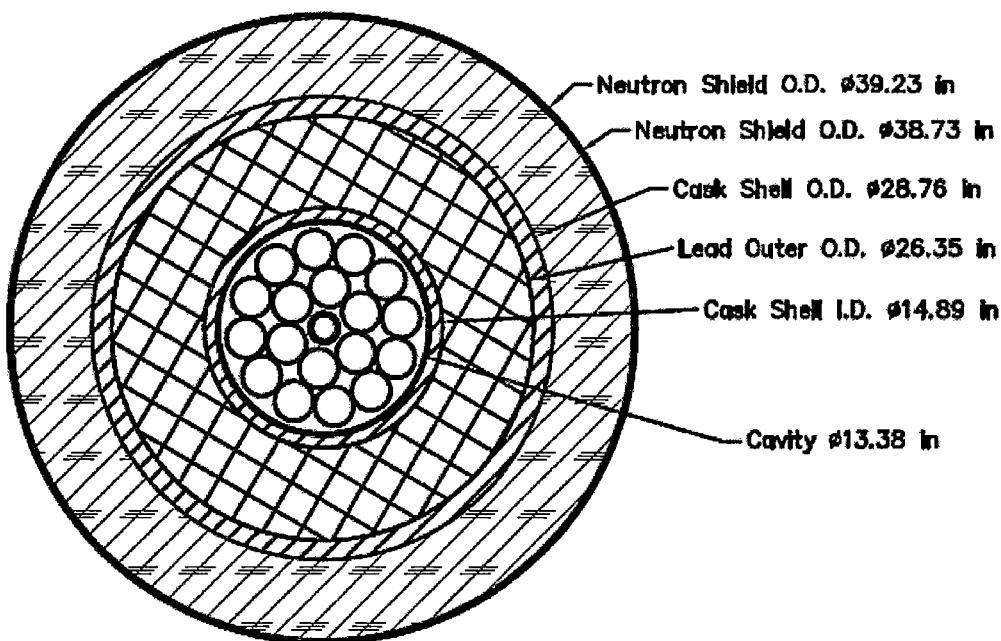


Figure 5.3.21-11 VISED Sketch of LWT Radial Detail



Steel

Lead

Liquid Neutron Shield

Figure 5.3.21-12 VISED Sketch of LWT Axial Detail

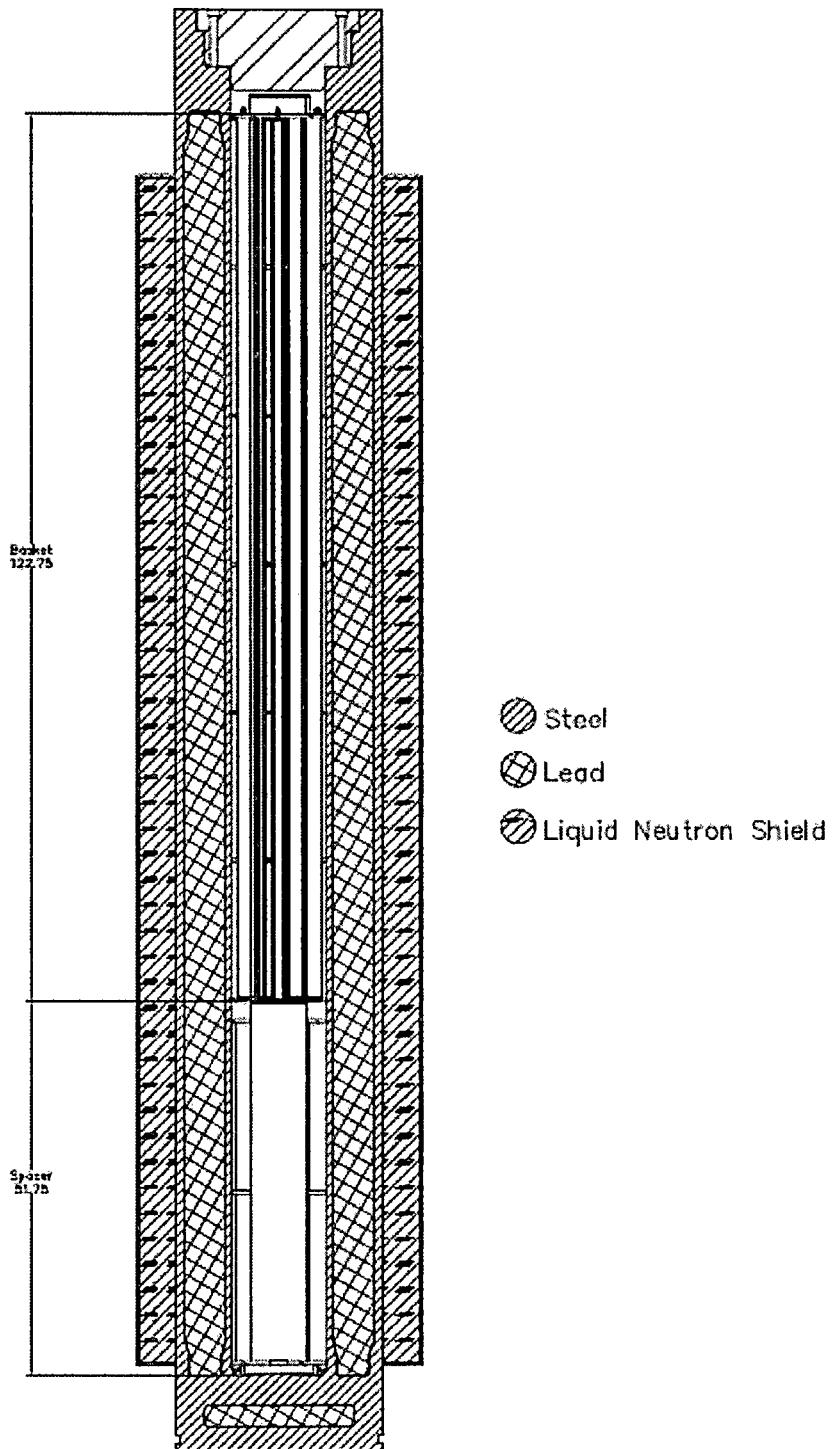


Figure 5.3.21-13 Sample MCNP Input for NRU or NRX Fuel

```

NAC-LWT Cask - NRU - Normal Transport Conditions
C Radial Biasing - Gamma Source
C Fuel Rod Cells
 1 4 -2.7000 -1 : -2 : -3 u=5      $ Bottom Plug
 2 1 -3.2880 -4 +3 +5      u=5      $ Fuel Meat
 3 4 -2.7000 -5 : -6      u=5      $ Top Plug
 4 4 -2.7000 -11 +4 +2 +6 +9 -10 u=5 $ Clad
 5 0      +7 -9 #1 -11      u=5      $ Outside Lower Plug
 6 0      +10 -8 +6 -11      u=5      $ Outside Top Plug
 7 0      +11 : -7 : +8 u=5      $ Outside Fuel Rod
C Fuel Assembly Cells
 14 0      -14 +15      u=4      $ Assembly Tube
 15 0      -16 fill=5 trcl = ( 0.6502 0.0000 0.0000 )      u=4      $ Fuel Rod - Inner
 16 like 15 but trcl = ( -0.3251 0.5631 0.0000 )      u=4      $ Fuel Rod - Inner
 17 like 15 but trcl = ( -0.3251 -0.5631 0.0000 )      u=4      $ Fuel Rod - Outer
 18 like 15 but trcl = ( 1.6183 0.5890 0.0000 )      u=4      $ Fuel Rod - Outer
 19 like 15 but trcl = ( 0.8611 1.4914 0.0000 )      u=4      $ Fuel Rod - Outer
 20 like 15 but trcl = ( -0.2990 1.6960 0.0000 )      u=4      $ Fuel Rod - Outer
 21 like 15 but trcl = ( -1.3192 1.1070 0.0000 )      u=4      $ Fuel Rod - Outer
 22 like 15 but trcl = ( -1.7221 0.0000 0.0000 )      u=4      $ Fuel Rod - Outer
 23 like 15 but trcl = ( -1.3192 -1.1070 0.0000 )      u=4      $ Fuel Rod - Outer
 24 like 15 but trcl = ( -0.2990 -1.6960 0.0000 )      u=4      $ Fuel Rod - Outer
 25 like 15 but trcl = ( 0.8611 -1.4914 0.0000 )      u=4      $ Fuel Rod - Outer
 26 like 15 but trcl = ( 1.6183 -0.5890 0.0000 )      u=4      $ Fuel Rod - Outer
 27 0 -15 #15 #16 #17 #18 #19 #20 #21 #22 #23 #24 #25 #26      u=4      $ Inside Tube
Assembly
 28 0      +14      u=4      $ Outside Tube Assembly
C Basket Tube Cells
 31 6 -7.9400 -33 +32      u=3      $ Basket Tube
 32 0      -31 fill=4 trcl = ( 0.0000 0.0000 16.5100 )      u=3      $ Basket Tube Cavity
 33 0      -32 #32      u=3      $ Inside Tube Cavity
 34 0      +33      u=3      $ Outside Basket Tube
C Basket Assembly Cells
 41 0      -69 fill=3 trcl = ( 6.4262 0.0000 1.9050 )      u=2      $ Assembly Inner Tube
 42 like 41 but trcl = ( 3.2131 5.5653 1.9050 )      u=2      $ Assembly Inner Tube
 43 like 41 but trcl = ( -3.2131 5.5653 1.9050 )      u=2      $ Assembly Inner Tube
 44 like 41 but trcl = ( -6.4262 0.0000 1.9050 )      u=2      $ Assembly Inner Tube
 45 like 41 but trcl = ( -3.2131 -5.5653 1.9050 )      u=2      $ Assembly Inner Tube
 46 like 41 but trcl = ( 3.2131 -5.5653 1.9050 )      u=2      $ Assembly Inner Tube
 47 like 41 but trcl = ( 11.9974 3.2147 1.9050 )      u=2      $ Assembly Outer Tube
 48 like 41 but trcl = ( 8.7827 8.7827 1.9050 )      u=2      $ Assembly Outer Tube
 49 like 41 but trcl = ( 3.2147 11.9974 1.9050 )      u=2      $ Assembly Outer Tube
 50 like 41 but trcl = ( -3.2147 11.9974 1.9050 )      u=2      $ Assembly Outer Tube
 51 like 41 but trcl = ( -8.7827 8.7827 1.9050 )      u=2      $ Assembly Outer Tube
 52 like 41 but trcl = ( -11.9974 3.2147 1.9050 )      u=2      $ Assembly Outer Tube
 53 like 41 but trcl = ( -11.9974 -3.2147 1.9050 )      u=2      $ Assembly Outer Tube
 54 like 41 but trcl = ( -8.7827 -8.7827 1.9050 )      u=2      $ Assembly Outer Tube
 55 like 41 but trcl = ( -3.2147 -11.9974 1.9050 )      u=2      $ Assembly Outer Tube
 56 like 41 but trcl = ( 3.2147 -11.9974 1.9050 )      u=2      $ Assembly Outer Tube
 57 like 41 but trcl = ( 8.7827 -8.7827 1.9050 )      u=2      $ Assembly Outer Tube
 58 like 41 but trcl = ( 11.9974 -3.2147 1.9050 )      u=2      $ Assembly Outer Tube
 59 0      -50 #41      u=2      $ Assembly Inner Tube
 60 0      -51 #42      u=2      $ Assembly Inner Tube
 61 0      -52 #43      u=2      $ Assembly Inner Tube
 62 0      -53 #44      u=2      $ Assembly Inner Tube
 63 0      -54 #45      u=2      $ Assembly Inner Tube
 64 0      -55 #46      u=2      $ Assembly Inner Tube
 65 0      -56 #47      u=2      $ Assembly Outer Tube
 66 0      -57 #48      u=2      $ Assembly Outer Tube
 67 0      -58 #49      u=2      $ Assembly Outer Tube
 68 0      -59 #50      u=2      $ Assembly Outer Tube
 69 0      -60 #51      u=2      $ Assembly Outer Tube
 70 0      -61 #52      u=2      $ Assembly Outer Tube
 71 0      -62 #53      u=2      $ Assembly Outer Tube
 72 0      -63 #54      u=2      $ Assembly Outer Tube
 73 0      -64 #55      u=2      $ Assembly Outer Tube
 74 0      -65 #56      u=2      $ Assembly Outer Tube
 75 0      -66 #57      u=2      $ Assembly Outer Tube
 76 0      -67 #58      u=2      $ Assembly Outer Tube

```

Figure 5.3.21-13 Sample MCNP Input for NRU or NRX Fuel (continued)

```

77 6 -7.9400 -41      u=2    $ Bottom Disk
78 6 -7.9400 -43 +50 +51 +52 +53 +54 +55
    +56 +57 +58 +59 +60 +61 +62 +63
    +64 +65 +66 +67 +42      u=2    $ Intermediate Disk 1
79 6 -7.9400 -44 +50 +51 +52 +53 +54 +55
    +56 +57 +58 +59 +60 +61 +62 +63
    +64 +65 +66 +67 +42      u=2    $ Intermediate Disk 2
80 6 -7.9400 -45 +50 +51 +52 +53 +54 +55
    +56 +57 +58 +59 +60 +61 +62 +63
    +64 +65 +66 +67 +42      u=2    $ Intermediate Disk 3
81 6 -7.9400 -46 +50 +51 +52 +53 +54 +55
    +56 +57 +58 +59 +60 +61 +62 +63
    +64 +65 +66 +67 +42      u=2    $ Intermediate Disk 4
82 6 -7.9400 -47 +50 +51 +52 +53 +54 +55
    +56 +57 +58 +59 +60 +61 +62 +63
    +64 +65 +66 +67 +42      u=2    $ Intermediate Disk 5
83 6 -7.9400 -49 +50 +51 +52 +53 +54 +55
    +56 +57 +58 +59 +60 +61 +62 +63
    +64 +65 +66 +67 +48      u=2    $ Top Disk
84 0           -68 +50 +51 +52 +53 +54 +55
    +56 +57 +58 +59 +60 +61 +62 +63
    +64 +65 +66 +67 #77 #78
#79 #80 #81 #82 #83 #86 u=2    $ Inside Basket
85 0           +68      u=2    $ Outside Basket
86 6 -7.9400 -70      u=2    $ Basket Lid
C Cells - LWT Cask Normal Conditions
91 5 -11.344 -94      u=1    $ BotPb
92 0           -93 fill=2 ( 0 0 133.35 )      u=1    $ Cavity
93 6 -7.9400 -91 -92 +94      u=1    $ Bottom
94 6 -7.9400 -91 +92 +96 +99 +93      u=1    $ OuterShell
95 6 -7.9400 -95 +98 +93      u=1    $ InnerShellTaper
96 6 -7.9400 -97 +93      u=1    $ InnerShell
97 5 -11.344 -98 +97      u=1    $ Lead
98 5 -11.344 -96 +95 +98      u=1    $ LeadTaper
99 0           -99 +98      u=1    $ LeadGap
100 3 -0.9669 -101 +91      u=1    $ NeutronShield
101 6 -7.9400 -100 +91 +101      u=1    $ NSShell
102 7 -0.4997 -102 +91      u=1    $ UpperLimiter
103 7 -0.4997 -103 +91      u=1    $ LowerLimiter
104 0           -104 +91 +100 +102 +103      u=1    $ Container
105 0           +104      u=1    $ Outside
C Detector Cells - Radial Biasing
250 0 -250 fill=1 $ Surface
275 0 -275 +250 $ PbSlumpAzi
350 0 -350 +250 +275 $ 1ft
450 0 -450 +250 +275 +350 $ 1m
550 0 -550 +250 +275 +350 +450 $ 2m
650 0 -650 +250 +275 +350 +450 +550 $ 2m+Convey
750 0 +250 +275 +350 +450 +550 +650 $ Exterior
C Fuel Rod Surfaces
1 RCC 0.0 0.0 0.0000 0.0 0.0 1.1100 0.2350      $ Bottom Plug - Lower Section
2 RCC 0.0 0.0 1.1100 0.0 0.0 7.7800 0.2743      $ Bottom Plug - Mid Section
3 RCC 0.0 0.0 8.8900 0.0 0.0 0.9525 0.1905      $ Bottom Plug - Tip
4 RCC 0.0 0.0 8.8900 0.0 0.0 274.3200 0.2743      $ Fuel Meat
5 RCC 0.0 0.0 283.2100 0.0 0.0 -0.9525 0.1905      $ Top Plug - Tip
6 RCC 0.0 0.0 283.2100 0.0 0.0 8.8900 0.2743      $ Top Plug - Mid Section
7 PZ 0.0000      $ Bottom of Pin
8 PZ 292.1000      $ Top of Pin
9 PZ 2.3019      $ Bottom of Clad
10 PZ 290.8300      $ Top of Clad
11 CZ 0.3505      $ Clad
C Fuel Assembly Surfaces
14 RCC 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 292.1000 2.6264      $ Assembly Tube OD
15 RCC 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 292.1000 2.4994      $ Assembly ID
16 RCC 0.0 0.0 0.0000 0.0 0.0 292.1000 0.3510      $ Rod Outline
C Basket Tube Surfaces
31 RCC 0.0 0.0 0.0000 0.0 0.0 308.6100 3.0094      $ Assembly Outline

```

Figure 5.3.21-13 Sample MCNP Input for NRU or NRX Fuel (continued)

```

32 RCC 0.0 0.0 0.0000 0.0 0.0 308.6100 3.0099 $ Tube Inner Diameter
33 RCC 0.0 0.0 -0.6350 0.0 0.0 309.2450 3.1750 $ Tube Outer Diameter
C Basket Assembly Surfaces
41 RCC 0.0 0.0 0.0000 0.0 0.0 1.2700 16.8529 $ Bottom Disk
42 RCC 0.0 0.0 48.8950 0.0 0.0 209.5500 13.3350 $ Intermediate Disks ID
43 RCC 0.0 0.0 50.1650 0.0 0.0 -1.2700 16.8529 $ Intermediate Disk 1
44 RCC 0.0 0.0 102.2350 0.0 0.0 -1.2700 16.8529 $ Intermediate Disk 2
45 RCC 0.0 0.0 154.3050 0.0 0.0 -1.2700 16.8529 $ Intermediate Disk 3
46 RCC 0.0 0.0 206.3750 0.0 0.0 -1.2700 16.8529 $ Intermediate Disk 4
47 RCC 0.0 0.0 258.4450 0.0 0.0 -1.2700 16.8529 $ Intermediate Disk 5
48 RCC 0.0 0.0 310.5150 0.0 0.0 -1.2700 13.0810 $ Top Disk ID
49 RCC 0.0 0.0 310.5150 0.0 0.0 -1.2700 16.8529 $ Top Disk OD
50 RCC 6.4262 0.0000 1.2700 0.0 0.0 309.2450 3.1760 $ Assembly Inner Tube
51 RCC 3.2131 5.5653 1.2700 0.0 0.0 309.2450 3.1760 $ Assembly Inner Tube
52 RCC -3.2131 5.5653 1.2700 0.0 0.0 309.2450 3.1760 $ Assembly Inner Tube
53 RCC -6.4262 0.0000 1.2700 0.0 0.0 309.2450 3.1760 $ Assembly Inner Tube
54 RCC -3.2131 -5.5653 1.2700 0.0 0.0 309.2450 3.1760 $ Assembly Inner Tube
55 RCC 3.2131 -5.5653 1.2700 0.0 0.0 309.2450 3.1760 $ Assembly Inner Tube
56 RCC 11.9974 3.2147 1.2700 0.0 0.0 309.2450 3.1760 $ Assembly Outer Tube
57 RCC 8.7827 8.7827 1.2700 0.0 0.0 309.2450 3.1760 $ Assembly Outer Tube
58 RCC 3.2147 11.9974 1.2700 0.0 0.0 309.2450 3.1760 $ Assembly Outer Tube
59 RCC -3.2147 11.9974 1.2700 0.0 0.0 309.2450 3.1760 $ Assembly Outer Tube
60 RCC -8.7827 8.7827 1.2700 0.0 0.0 309.2450 3.1760 $ Assembly Outer Tube
61 RCC -11.9974 3.2147 1.2700 0.0 0.0 309.2450 3.1760 $ Assembly Outer Tube
62 RCC -11.9974 -3.2147 1.2700 0.0 0.0 309.2450 3.1760 $ Assembly Outer Tube
63 RCC -8.7827 -8.7827 1.2700 0.0 0.0 309.2450 3.1760 $ Assembly Outer Tube
64 RCC -3.2147 -11.9974 1.2700 0.0 0.0 309.2450 3.1760 $ Assembly Outer Tube
65 RCC 3.2147 -11.9974 1.2700 0.0 0.0 309.2450 3.1760 $ Assembly Outer Tube
66 RCC 8.7827 -8.7827 1.2700 0.0 0.0 309.2450 3.1760 $ Assembly Outer Tube
67 RCC 11.9974 -3.2147 1.2700 0.0 0.0 309.2450 3.1760 $ Assembly Outer Tube
68 RCC 0.0 0.0 0.0000 0.0 0.0 311.7850 16.8534 $ Basket Outline
69 RCC 0.0 0.0 -0.6350 0.0 0.0 309.2450 3.1755 $ Tube Outline
70 RCC 0.0 0.0 310.5150 0.0 0.0 1.2700 16.8529 $ Basket Lid
C Surfaces - LWT Cask Normal Conditions
91 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 -26.6700 0.0000 0.0000 507.3650 36.5189 $ Lwt
92 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 -26.6700 0.0000 0.0000 26.6700 36.5189 $ Bottom
93 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 452.1200 16.9863 $ Cavity
94 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 -17.7800 0.0000 0.0000 7.6200 26.3525 $ Bottom gamma shield
95 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 444.5000 20.1740 $ Lead id - taper
96 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 444.5000 31.5976 $ Lead od - taper
97 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 13.8176 0.0000 0.0000 416.8648 18.9103 $ Lead id
98 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 13.8176 0.0000 0.0000 416.8648 33.3271 $ Lead od
99 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 13.8176 0.0000 0.0000 416.8648 33.4645 $ Lead gap
100 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 3.8100 0.0000 0.0000 419.1000 49.8183 $ Neutron shield shell
101 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 5.0800 0.0000 0.0000 416.5600 49.2189 $ Neutron shield
102 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 450.2150 0.0000 0.0000 70.5612 49.8183 $ Upper limiter
103 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 -68.0212 0.0000 0.0000 71.8312 49.8183 $ Lower limiter
104 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 -68.0212 0.0000 0.0000 588.7974 49.8183 $ Container
C Radial Detector DRA (Surface)
250 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 -68.1212 0.0000 0.0000 588.9974 49.9184
251 PZ -38.6713
252 PZ -9.2215
253 PZ 20.2284
254 PZ 49.6783
255 PZ 79.1282
256 PZ 108.5780
257 PZ 138.0279
258 PZ 167.4778
259 PZ 196.9276
260 PZ 226.3775
261 PZ 255.8274
262 PZ 285.2772
263 PZ 314.7271
264 PZ 344.1770
265 PZ 373.6269
266 PZ 403.0767
267 PZ 432.5266
268 PZ 461.9765

```

Figure 5.3.21-13 Sample MCNP Input for NRU or NRX Fuel (continued)

```
269 PZ 491.4263
C Radial Detector DRAA (PbSlumpAzi)
275 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 275.4825 0.0000 0.0000 30.4800 49.9284
276 PX 0.0000
277 1 PX 0.0000
278 3 PX 0.0000
279 5 PX 0.0000
280 6 PX 0.0000
281 9 PX 0.0000
282 10 PX 0.0000
283 11 PX 0.0000
284 14 PX 0.0000
285 PY 0.0000
286 16 PX 0.0000
287 18 PX 0.0000
288 19 PX 0.0000
289 20 PX 0.0000
290 21 PX 0.0000
291 23 PX 0.0000
292 25 PX 0.0000
293 27 PX 0.0000
C Radial Detector DRB (lft)
350 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 -98.6012 0.0000 0.0000 649.9574 80.2984
351 PZ -66.1033
352 PZ -33.6055
353 PZ -1.1076
354 PZ 31.3903
355 PZ 63.8882
356 PZ 96.3860
357 PZ 128.8839
358 PZ 161.3818
359 PZ 193.8796
360 PZ 226.3775
361 PZ 258.8754
362 PZ 291.3732
363 PZ 323.8711
364 PZ 356.3690
365 PZ 388.8669
366 PZ 421.3647
367 PZ 453.8626
368 PZ 486.3605
369 PZ 518.8583
C Radial Detector DRC (1m)
450 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 -168.1212 0.0000 0.0000 788.9974 149.8184
451 PZ -135.2463
452 PZ -102.3714
453 PZ -69.4965
454 PZ -36.6216
455 PZ -3.7467
456 PZ 29.1282
457 PZ 62.0030
458 PZ 94.8779
459 PZ 127.7528
460 PZ 160.6277
461 PZ 193.5026
462 PZ 226.3775
463 PZ 259.2524
464 PZ 292.1273
465 PZ 325.0022
466 PZ 357.8771
467 PZ 390.7520
468 PZ 423.6269
469 PZ 456.5017
470 PZ 489.3766
471 PZ 522.2515
472 PZ 555.1264
473 PZ 588.0013
C Radial Detector DRD (2m)
```

Figure 5.3.21-13 Sample MCNP Input for NRU or NRX Fuel (continued)

```
550  RCC  0.0000  0.0000  -268.1212  0.0000  0.0000  988.9974  249.8184
551  PZ   -226.9130
552  PZ   -185.7048
553  PZ   -144.4965
554  PZ   -103.2883
555  PZ   -62.0801
556  PZ   -20.8719
557  PZ   20.3364
558  PZ   61.5446
559  PZ   102.7528
560  PZ   143.9611
561  PZ   185.1693
562  PZ   226.3775
563  PZ   267.5857
564  PZ   308.7940
565  PZ   350.0022
566  PZ   391.2104
567  PZ   432.4186
568  PZ   473.6269
569  PZ   514.8351
570  PZ   556.0433
571  PZ   597.2515
572  PZ   638.4598
573  PZ   679.6680
C Radial Detector DRE (2m+Convey)
650  RCC  0.0000  0.0000  -269.1212  0.0000  0.0000  990.9974  321.9200
651  PZ   -227.8296
652  PZ   -186.5381
653  PZ   -145.2465
654  PZ   -103.9550
655  PZ   -62.6634
656  PZ   -21.3719
657  PZ   19.9197
658  PZ   61.2113
659  PZ   102.5028
660  PZ   143.7944
661  PZ   185.0859
662  PZ   226.3775
663  PZ   267.6691
664  PZ   308.9606
665  PZ   350.2522
666  PZ   391.5437
667  PZ   432.8353
668  PZ   474.1269
669  PZ   515.4184
670  PZ   556.7100
671  PZ   598.0015
672  PZ   639.2931
673  PZ   680.5846

C
C Materials List
C
C U-Al
m1    92235  -2.0411E-01
      92238  -2.0187E-02
      13027  -7.7570E-01
C Water
m2    1001  6.6667E-01  8016  3.3333E-01
mt2    lwtr.01
C Water/Glycol
m3    1001  -1.03651E-01  8016  -6.75619E-01  6000  -2.20730E-01
C Aluminum
m4    13027  -1.0
C Lead
m5    82000  -1.0
C Stainless Steel 304
m6    26000  -0.695  24000  -0.190  28000  -0.095
```

Figure 5.3.21-13 Sample MCNP Input for NRU or NRX Fuel (continued)

```

25055 -0.020
C Aluminum Honeycomb Impact Limiter
m7    13027 -1.0
C
C Cell Importances
imp:p 1 92r 0
C
C Source Definition - Gamma
C
sdef  RAD=d1  EXT=d2  ERG=d3  cell=250:92:d4:32:d5:2
      POS=  0.0000  0.0000  0.0000
      AXS=  0.0000  0.0000  1.0000
s1l  0  0.5486
sp1  0  1
si2  8.89  283.2100
sp2  0  1
si3  1.000E-02  4.500E-02  1.000E-01  2.000E-01  3.000E-01  4.000E-01
      6.000E-01  8.000E-01  1.000E+00  1.330E+00  1.660E+00  2.000E+00
      2.500E+00  3.000E+00  4.000E+00  5.000E+00  6.500E+00  8.000E+00
      1.000E+01
sp3  0.0000E+00  2.7550E+16  9.5130E+15  5.6100E+15  1.7620E+15  1.2380E+15
      1.0040E+15  4.0800E+16  3.5190E+14  3.3890E+14  3.3730E+13  3.1660E+12
      1.6300E+11  4.1940E+08  6.5250E+06  1.4530E+05  5.7290E+04  1.1060E+04
      2.3940E+03
si4  l  41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58
sp4  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1
si5  l  15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26
sp5  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1  1
mode p
nps  1000000000
C
C ANSI/ANS-6.1.1-1977 - Gamma Flux-to-Dose Conversion Factors
C (mrrem/hr) / (photons/cm2-sec)
de0  0.01  0.03  0.05  0.07  0.1  0.15  0.2
      0.25  0.3  0.35  0.4  0.45  0.5  0.55
      0.6  0.65  0.7  0.8  1  1.4  1.8
      2.2  2.6  2.8  3.25  3.75  4.25  4.75
      5  5.25  5.75  6.25  6.75  7.5  9
      11  13  15
df0  3.96E-03  5.82E-04  2.90E-04  2.58E-04  2.83E-04  3.79E-04  5.01E-04
      6.31E-04  7.59E-04  8.78E-04  9.85E-04  1.08E-03  1.17E-03  1.27E-03
      1.36E-03  1.44E-03  1.52E-03  1.68E-03  1.98E-03  2.51E-03  2.99E-03
      3.42E-03  3.82E-03  4.01E-03  4.41E-03  4.83E-03  5.23E-03  5.60E-03
      5.80E-03  6.01E-03  6.37E-03  6.74E-03  7.11E-03  7.66E-03  8.77E-03
      1.03E-02  1.18E-02  1.33E-02
C
C Weight Window Generation - Radial
wwg  2 0 0 0
wwp:p  5 3 5 0 -1 0
mesh  geom=cyl ref=0 14 292 origin=0.1 0.1 -668
      imesh 16.9 17.0 18.9 33.3 36.5 49.2 49.8 549.8
      iints 6 1 1 5 1 1 1 1
      jmesh 600 641 650 658 668 799 1110 1120 1149 1189 1989
      jint 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
      kmesh 1
      kints 1
      wwg:p  1e-3 1 20
fc2 Radial Surface Tally
f2:p +250.1
fm2 9.14508E+14
fs2  -251  -252  -253  -254  -255  -256
      -257  -258  -259  -260  -261  -262
      -263  -264  -265  -266  -267  -268
      -269  T
tf2
fc12 Radial PbSlumpAzi Tally Q1 (+x+y)
f12:p +275.1
fm12 9.14508E+14

```

Figure 5.3.21-13 Sample MCNP Input for NRU or NRX Fuel (continued)

```
fs12 -276 -285
      -277 -278 -279 -280 -281 -282
      -283 -284 T
sd12 4.7809E+03 2.3905E+03 2.6561E+02 8r 9.5619E+03
tf12
fc22 Radial PbSlumpAzi Tally Q2 (-x+y)
f22:p +275.1
fm22 9.14508E+14
fs22 +276 -285
      +286 +287 +288 +289 +290 +291
      +292 +293 T
sd22 4.7809E+03 2.3905E+03 2.6561E+02 8r 9.5619E+03
tf22
fc32 Radial PbSlumpAzi Tally Q3 (-x-y)
f32:p +275.1
fm32 9.14508E+14
fs32 +276 +285
      +277 +278 +279 +280 +281 +282
      +283 +284 T
sd32 4.7809E+03 2.3905E+03 2.6561E+02 8r 9.5619E+03
tf32
fc42 Radial PbSlumpAzi Tally Q4 (+x-y)
f42:p +275.1
fm42 9.14508E+14
fs42 -276 +285
      -286 -287 -288 -289 -290 -291
      -292 -293 T
sd42 4.7809E+03 2.3905E+03 2.6561E+02 8r 9.5619E+03
tf42
fc52 Radial lft Tally
f52:p +350.1
fm52 9.14508E+14
fs52 -351 -352 -353 -354 -355 -356
      -357 -358 -359 -360 -361 -362
      -363 -364 -365 -366 -367 -368
      -369 T
tf52
fc62 Radial lm Tally
f62:p +450.1
fm62 9.14508E+14
fs62 -451 -452 -453 -454 -455 -456
      -457 -458 -459 -460 -461 -462
      -463 -464 -465 -466 -467 -468
      -469 -470 -471 -472 -473 T
tf62
fc72 Radial 2m Tally
f72:p +550.1
fm72 9.14508E+14
fs72 -551 -552 -553 -554 -555 -556
      -557 -558 -559 -560 -561 -562
      -563 -564 -565 -566 -567 -568
      -569 -570 -571 -572 -573 T
tf72
fc82 Radial 2m+Convey Tally
f82:p +650.1
fm82 9.14508E+14
fs82 -651 -652 -653 -654 -655 -656
      -657 -658 -659 -660 -661 -662
      -663 -664 -665 -666 -667 -668
      -669 -670 -671 -672 -673 T
tf82
C
C Print Control
prdmp -30 -60 1 2
print
C Random Number Generator
rand gen=2 seed=33613157428409 stride=152917 hist=1
C
```

Figure 5.3.21-13 Sample MCNP Input for NRU or NRX Fuel (continued)

```
C Rotation Matrix
C
*TR1  0.0  0.0  0.0  10 100 90 -80 10 90 90 90 0
*TR2  0.0  0.0  0.0  12 102 90 -78 12 90 90 90 0
*TR3  0.0  0.0  0.0  20 110 90 -70 20 90 90 90 0
*TR4  0.0  0.0  0.0  24 114 90 -66 24 90 90 90 0
*TR5  0.0  0.0  0.0  30 120 90 -60 30 90 90 90 0
*TR6  0.0  0.0  0.0  40 130 90 -50 40 90 90 90 0
*TR7  0.0  0.0  0.0  45 135 90 -45 45 90 90 90 0
*TR8  0.0  0.0  0.0  48 138 90 -42 48 90 90 90 0
*TR9  0.0  0.0  0.0  50 140 90 -40 50 90 90 90 0
*TR10 0.0  0.0  0.0  60 150 90 -30 60 90 90 90 0
*TR11 0.0  0.0  0.0  70 160 90 -20 70 90 90 90 0
*TR12 0.0  0.0  0.0  72 162 90 -18 72 90 90 90 0
*TR13 0.0  0.0  0.0  78 168 90 -12 78 90 90 90 0
*TR14 0.0  0.0  0.0  80 170 90 -10 80 90 90 90 0
*TR15 0.0  0.0  0.0  96 186 90 6 96 90 90 90 0
*TR16 0.0  0.0  0.0  100 190 90 10 100 90 90 90 0
*TR17 0.0  0.0  0.0  102 192 90 12 102 90 90 90 0
*TR18 0.0  0.0  0.0  110 200 90 20 110 90 90 90 0
*TR19 0.0  0.0  0.0  120 210 90 30 120 90 90 90 0
*TR20 0.0  0.0  0.0  130 220 90 40 130 90 90 90 0
*TR21 0.0  0.0  0.0  140 230 90 50 140 90 90 90 0
*TR22 0.0  0.0  0.0  144 234 90 54 144 90 90 90 0
*TR23 0.0  0.0  0.0  150 240 90 60 150 90 90 90 0
*TR24 0.0  0.0  0.0  156 246 90 66 156 90 90 90 0
*TR25 0.0  0.0  0.0  160 250 90 70 160 90 90 90 0
*TR26 0.0  0.0  0.0  168 258 90 78 168 90 90 90 0
*TR27 0.0  0.0  0.0  170 260 90 80 170 90 90 90 0
*TR28 0.0  0.0  0.0  192 282 90 102 192 90 90 90 0
*TR29 0.0  0.0  0.0  216 306 90 126 216 90 90 90 0
*TR30 0.0  0.0  0.0  240 330 90 150 240 90 90 90 0
*TR31 0.0  0.0  0.0  264 354 90 174 264 90 90 90 0
*TR32 0.0  0.0  0.0  288 378 90 198 288 90 90 90 0
*TR33 0.0  0.0  0.0  312 402 90 222 312 90 90 90 0
*TR34 0.0  0.0  0.0  330 420 90 240 330 90 90 90 0
*TR35 0.0  0.0  0.0  336 426 90 246 336 90 90 90 0
*TR36 0.0  0.0  0.0  348 438 90 258 348 90 90 90 0
*TR37 0.0  0.0  0.0  350 440 90 260 350 90 90 90 0
```

**Figure 5.3.21-14 Maximum Radial Surface Dose Rate Profile for Normal Conditions –
NRU LEU Fuel – Collapsed**

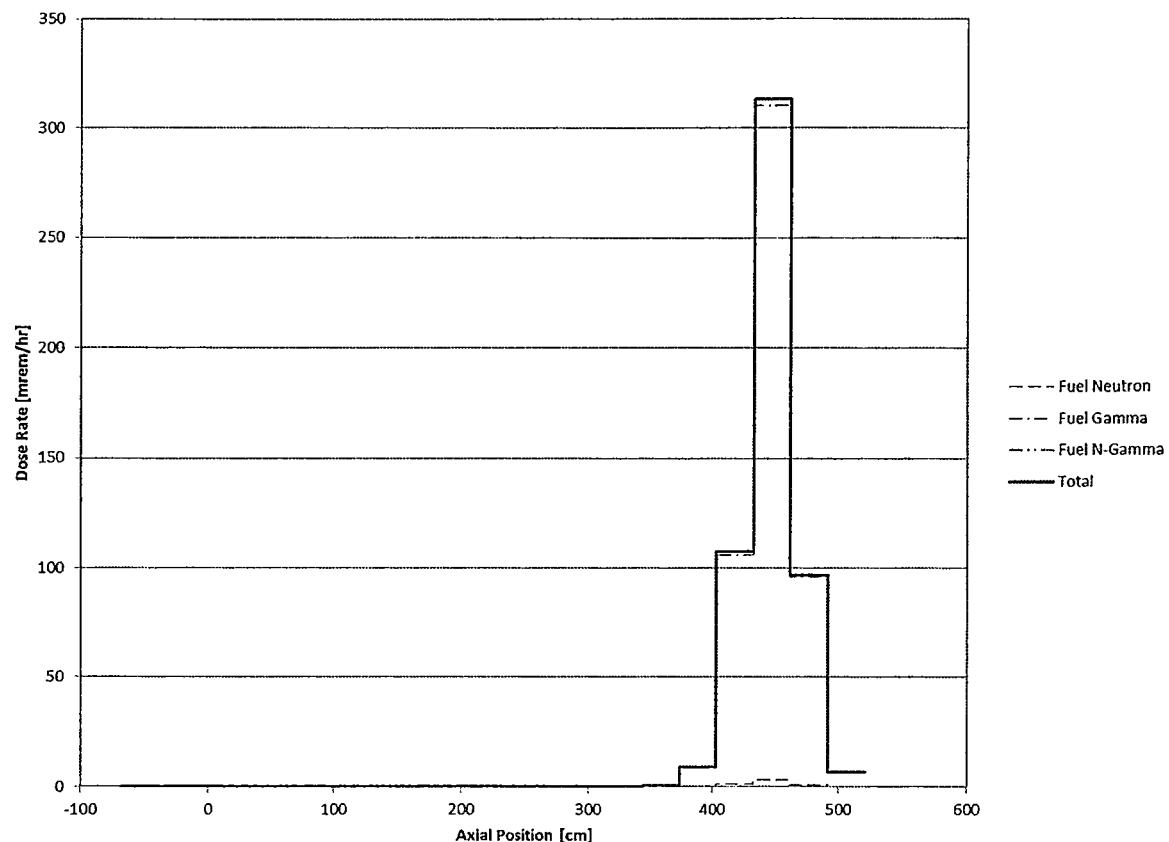


Figure 5.3.21-15 Maximum Radial 2m Dose Rate Profile for Normal Conditions – NRU LEU Fuel – Collapsed

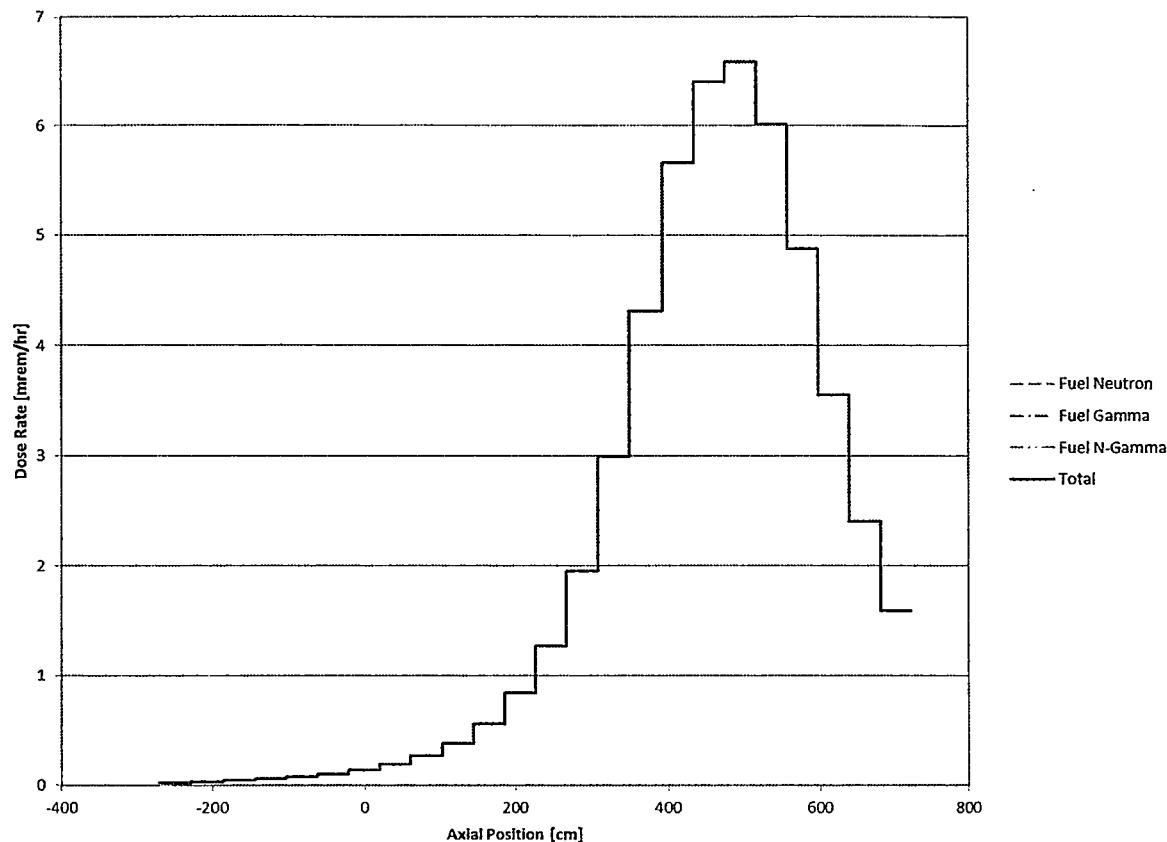


Figure 5.3.21-16 Maximum Radial 1m Dose Rate Profile for Accident Conditions – NRU LEU Fuel – Collapsed

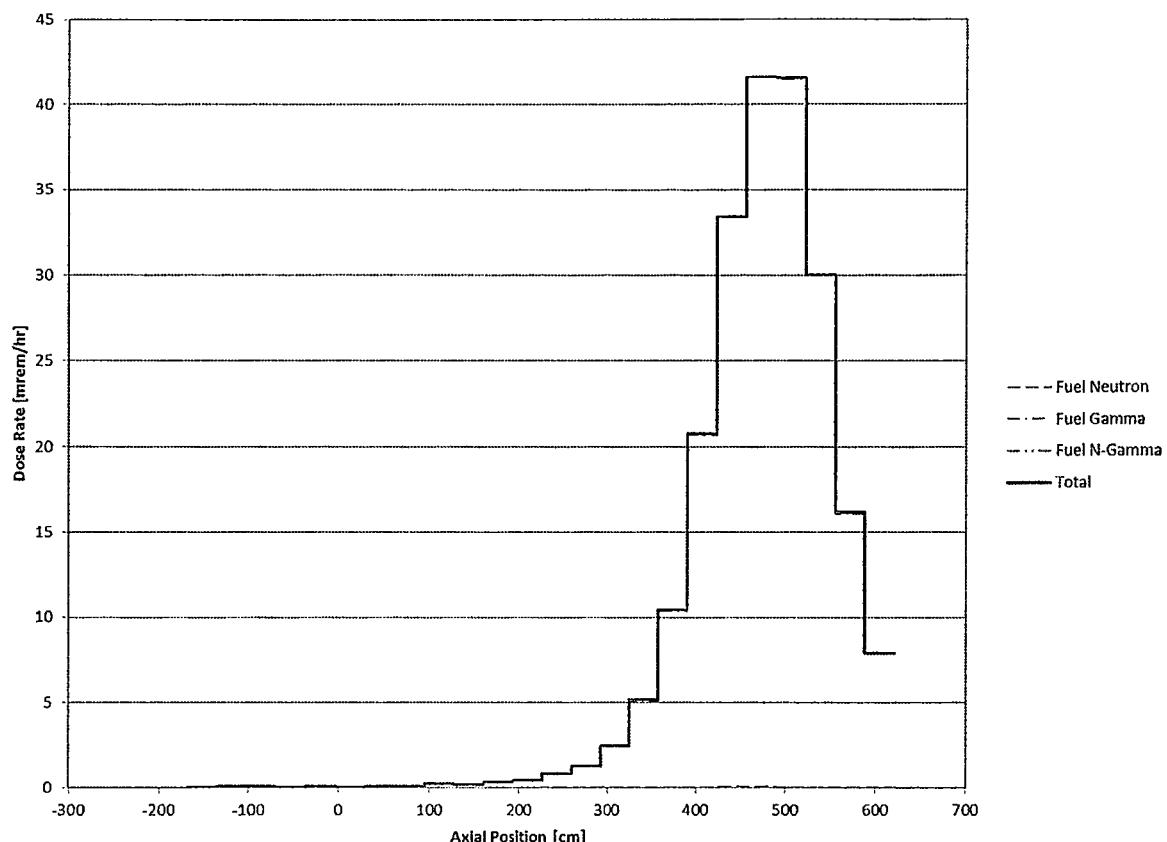


Table 5.3.21-1 NRU Fuel Assembly Dimensions

| Description | Value [in] | Value [cm] |
|------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Fuel Meat Length | 108 | 274.32 |
| Fuel Rod Diameter | 0.216 | 0.5486 |
| Clad Thickness | 0.03 | 0.0762 |
| Top End Plug Length | 3.5 | 8.89 |
| Bottom End Plug Length | 3.5 | 8.89 |
| Assembly Tube Wall Thickness | 0.050 | 0.127 |
| Assembly Tube ID | 1.9680 | 4.9987 |

Table 5.3.21-2 NRX Fuel Assembly Dimensions

| Description | Value [in] | Value [cm] |
|------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Fuel Meat Length | 108 | 274.32 |
| Fuel Rod Diameter | 0.25 | 0.6350 |
| Clad Thickness | 0.03 | 0.0762 |
| Top End Plug Length | 4.00 | 10.16 |
| Bottom End Plug Length | 4.00 | 10.16 |
| Assembly Tube OD | 1.3810 | 3.5077 |
| Assembly Tube ID | 1.2410 | 3.1521 |

Table 5.3.21-3 NRU and NRX Evaluated Fuel Material Properties

| PARAMETER | NRU HEU | NRU LEU | NRX |
|--|---------|---------|------|
| Weight of ^{235}U (g per pin) | 43.7 | 43.7 | 79.2 |
| Weight of Total U (g per pin) | 48.0 | 230 | 87.0 |
| Enrichment (%) | 91.0 | 19.0 | 91.0 |
| Burnup (MWd) | 364 | 363 | 375 |
| ^{235}U Depletion (%) | 87.4 | 83.6 | 85.1 |
| Minimum Cool Time (years) | 19 | 3 | 18 |
| Max Decay Heat (W/cask) | 162 | 641 | 171 |

Table 5.3.21-4 Fuel Material Compositions

| Element | NRU HEU Wt % | NRU LEU Wt % | NRX Wt % |
|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-------------|
| ^{235}U | 20.411 | 11.811 | 28.275 |
| ^{238}U | 2.019 | 50.351 | 2.796 |
| Al | 77.570 | 37.838 | 68.929 |

Table 5.3.21-5 Neutron Source Term Comparison for NRU HEU Fuel Assembly

| Group | E Lower [MeV] | E Upper [MeV] | Single Cell Source [n/sec-MTU] | Supercell Source [n/sec-MTU] | Percent Difference |
|--------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|---|-------------------------------|
| 1 | 6.38E+00 | 2.00E+01 | 3.9105E+01 | 9.1798E+00 | -76.5% |
| 2 | 3.01E+00 | 6.38E+00 | 4.1109E+02 | 1.0543E+02 | -74.4% |
| 3 | 1.83E+00 | 3.01E+00 | 9.1987E+03 | 4.6275E+03 | -49.7% |
| 4 | 1.42E+00 | 1.83E+00 | 1.3219E+04 | 6.7836E+03 | -48.7% |
| 5 | 9.07E-01 | 1.42E+00 | 1.9198E+04 | 9.8613E+03 | -48.6% |
| 6 | 4.08E-01 | 9.07E-01 | 1.9509E+04 | 1.0014E+04 | -48.7% |
| 7 | 1.11E-01 | 4.08E-01 | 8.5190E+03 | 4.3704E+03 | -48.7% |
| 8 | 1.50E-02 | 1.11E-01 | 1.3876E+03 | 7.1183E+02 | -48.7% |
| 9 | 3.04E-03 | 1.50E-02 | 4.3073E+01 | 2.1978E+01 | -49.0% |
| 10 | 5.83E-04 | 3.04E-03 | 3.5136E+00 | 1.7896E+00 | -49.1% |
| 11 | 1.01E-04 | 5.83E-04 | 2.8702E-01 | 1.4610E-01 | -49.1% |
| 12 | 2.90E-05 | 1.01E-04 | 2.4486E-02 | 1.2558E-02 | -48.7% |
| 13 | 1.07E-05 | 2.90E-05 | 3.8771E-03 | 1.9841E-03 | -48.8% |
| 14 | 3.06E-06 | 1.07E-05 | 3.7135E-05 | 1.2127E-05 | -67.3% |
| 15 | 1.86E-06 | 3.06E-06 | 2.1928E-06 | 6.0681E-07 | -72.3% |
| 16 | 1.30E-06 | 1.86E-06 | 8.2886E-07 | 2.2720E-07 | -72.6% |
| 17 | 1.13E-06 | 1.30E-06 | 2.2810E-07 | 6.2452E-08 | -72.6% |
| 18 | 1.00E-06 | 1.13E-06 | 1.7407E-07 | 4.4165E-08 | -74.6% |
| 19 | 8.00E-07 | 1.00E-06 | 2.1421E-07 | 6.4780E-08 | -69.8% |
| 20 | 4.14E-07 | 8.00E-07 | 3.6300E-07 | 9.5193E-08 | -73.8% |
| 21 | 3.25E-07 | 4.14E-07 | 5.3205E-08 | 1.7026E-08 | -68.0% |
| 22 | 2.25E-07 | 3.25E-07 | 6.0826E-08 | 1.6177E-08 | -73.4% |
| 23 | 1.00E-07 | 2.25E-07 | 6.6240E-08 | 1.6427E-08 | -75.2% |
| 24 | 5.00E-08 | 1.00E-07 | 1.0858E-08 | 4.0357E-09 | -62.8% |
| 25 | 3.00E-08 | 5.00E-08 | 1.0944E-08 | 2.8958E-09 | -73.5% |
| 26 | 1.00E-08 | 3.00E-08 | 9.1411E-11 | 2.5999E-11 | -71.6% |
| 27 | 1.00E-11 | 1.00E-08 | 2.5569E-10 | 8.0739E-11 | -68.4% |
| Total | | | 7.1529E+04 | 3.6507E+04 | -49.0% |

Table 5.3.21-6 Gamma Source Term Comparison for NRU HEU Fuel Assembly

| Group | E Lower [MeV] | E Upper [MeV] | Single Cell Source [g/sec-MTU] | Supercell Source [g/sec-MTU] | Percent Difference |
|-------|---------------|---------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|
| 1 | 8.00E+00 | 1.00E+01 | 2.3940E+03 | 7.0612E+02 | -70.5% |
| 2 | 6.50E+00 | 8.00E+00 | 1.1060E+04 | 3.2906E+03 | -70.2% |
| 3 | 5.00E+00 | 6.50E+00 | 5.7290E+04 | 1.7259E+04 | -69.9% |
| 4 | 4.00E+00 | 5.00E+00 | 1.4530E+05 | 4.4338E+04 | -69.5% |
| 5 | 3.00E+00 | 4.00E+00 | 6.5250E+06 | 6.1054E+06 | -6.4% |
| 6 | 2.50E+00 | 3.00E+00 | 4.1940E+08 | 2.9798E+08 | -28.9% |
| 7 | 2.00E+00 | 2.50E+00 | 1.6300E+11 | 1.6329E+11 | 0.2% |
| 8 | 1.66E+00 | 2.00E+00 | 3.1660E+12 | 3.1706E+12 | 0.1% |
| 9 | 1.33E+00 | 1.66E+00 | 3.3730E+13 | 3.1693E+13 | -6.0% |
| 10 | 1.00E+00 | 1.33E+00 | 3.3890E+14 | 3.1146E+14 | -8.1% |
| 11 | 8.00E-01 | 1.00E+00 | 3.5190E+14 | 3.2636E+14 | -7.3% |
| 12 | 6.00E-01 | 8.00E-01 | 4.0800E+16 | 4.0797E+16 | 0.0% |
| 13 | 4.00E-01 | 6.00E-01 | 1.0040E+15 | 9.7981E+14 | -2.4% |
| 14 | 3.00E-01 | 4.00E-01 | 1.2380E+15 | 1.2400E+15 | 0.2% |
| 15 | 2.00E-01 | 3.00E-01 | 1.7620E+15 | 1.7613E+15 | 0.0% |
| 16 | 1.00E-01 | 2.00E-01 | 5.6100E+15 | 5.6001E+15 | -0.2% |
| 17 | 4.50E-02 | 1.00E-01 | 9.5130E+15 | 9.5202E+15 | 0.1% |
| 18 | 1.00E-02 | 4.50E-02 | 2.7550E+16 | 2.7567E+16 | 0.1% |
| Total | | | 8.8205E+16 | 8.8138E+16 | -0.1% |

Table 5.3.21-7 Neutron Source Terms for NRU HEU Fuel Assembly

| Group | E Lower [MeV] | E Upper [MeV] | Source [neutrons/sec-MTU] |
|--------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 1 | 6.38E+00 | 2.00E+01 | 6.7890E+04 |
| 2 | 3.01E+00 | 6.38E+00 | 7.1370E+05 |
| 3 | 1.83E+00 | 3.01E+00 | 1.5970E+07 |
| 4 | 1.42E+00 | 1.83E+00 | 2.2950E+07 |
| 5 | 9.07E-01 | 1.42E+00 | 3.3330E+07 |
| 6 | 4.08E-01 | 9.07E-01 | 3.3870E+07 |
| 7 | 1.11E-01 | 4.08E-01 | 1.4790E+07 |
| 8 | 1.50E-02 | 1.11E-01 | 2.4090E+06 |
| 9 | 3.04E-03 | 1.50E-02 | 7.4780E+04 |
| 10 | 5.83E-04 | 3.04E-03 | 6.1000E+03 |
| 11 | 1.01E-04 | 5.83E-04 | 4.9830E+02 |
| 12 | 2.90E-05 | 1.01E-04 | 4.2510E+01 |
| 13 | 1.07E-05 | 2.90E-05 | 6.7310E+00 |
| 14 | 3.06E-06 | 1.07E-05 | 6.4470E-02 |
| 15 | 1.86E-06 | 3.06E-06 | 3.8070E-03 |
| 16 | 1.30E-06 | 1.86E-06 | 1.4390E-03 |
| 17 | 1.13E-06 | 1.30E-06 | 3.9600E-04 |
| 18 | 1.00E-06 | 1.13E-06 | 3.0220E-04 |
| 19 | 8.00E-07 | 1.00E-06 | 3.7190E-04 |
| 20 | 4.14E-07 | 8.00E-07 | 6.3020E-04 |
| 21 | 3.25E-07 | 4.14E-07 | 9.2370E-05 |
| 22 | 2.25E-07 | 3.25E-07 | 1.0560E-04 |
| 23 | 1.00E-07 | 2.25E-07 | 1.1500E-04 |
| 24 | 5.00E-08 | 1.00E-07 | 1.8850E-05 |
| 25 | 3.00E-08 | 5.00E-08 | 1.9000E-05 |
| 26 | 1.00E-08 | 3.00E-08 | 1.5870E-07 |
| 27 | 1.00E-11 | 1.00E-08 | 4.4390E-07 |
| Total | | | 1.2418E+08 |

Table 5.3.21-8 Gamma Source Terms for NRU HEU Fuel Assembly

| Group | E Lower [MeV] | E Upper [MeV] | Source [photons/sec-MTU] |
|--------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 1 | 8.00E+00 | 1.00E+01 | 2.3940E+03 |
| 2 | 6.50E+00 | 8.00E+00 | 1.1060E+04 |
| 3 | 5.00E+00 | 6.50E+00 | 5.7290E+04 |
| 4 | 4.00E+00 | 5.00E+00 | 1.4530E+05 |
| 5 | 3.00E+00 | 4.00E+00 | 6.5250E+06 |
| 6 | 2.50E+00 | 3.00E+00 | 4.1940E+08 |
| 7 | 2.00E+00 | 2.50E+00 | 1.6300E+11 |
| 8 | 1.66E+00 | 2.00E+00 | 3.1660E+12 |
| 9 | 1.33E+00 | 1.66E+00 | 3.3730E+13 |
| 10 | 1.00E+00 | 1.33E+00 | 3.3890E+14 |
| 11 | 8.00E-01 | 1.00E+00 | 3.5190E+14 |
| 12 | 6.00E-01 | 8.00E-01 | 4.0800E+16 |
| 13 | 4.00E-01 | 6.00E-01 | 1.0040E+15 |
| 14 | 3.00E-01 | 4.00E-01 | 1.2380E+15 |
| 15 | 2.00E-01 | 3.00E-01 | 1.7620E+15 |
| 16 | 1.00E-01 | 2.00E-01 | 5.6100E+15 |
| 17 | 4.50E-02 | 1.00E-01 | 9.5130E+15 |
| 18 | 1.00E-02 | 4.50E-02 | 2.7550E+16 |
| Total | | | 8.8205E+16 |

Table 5.3.21-9 Neutron Source Terms for NRU LEU Fuel Assembly

| Group | E Lower [MeV] | E Upper [MeV] | Source [neutrons/sec-MTU] |
|--------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 1 | 6.38E+00 | 2.00E+01 | 9.4220E+04 |
| 2 | 3.01E+00 | 6.38E+00 | 1.0060E+06 |
| 3 | 1.83E+00 | 3.01E+00 | 3.6630E+06 |
| 4 | 1.42E+00 | 1.83E+00 | 4.3320E+06 |
| 5 | 9.07E-01 | 1.42E+00 | 6.5140E+06 |
| 6 | 4.08E-01 | 9.07E-01 | 6.4600E+06 |
| 7 | 1.11E-01 | 4.08E-01 | 2.9010E+06 |
| 8 | 1.50E-02 | 1.11E-01 | 4.3960E+05 |
| 9 | 3.04E-03 | 1.50E-02 | 1.4680E+04 |
| 10 | 5.83E-04 | 3.04E-03 | 1.2240E+03 |
| 11 | 1.01E-04 | 5.83E-04 | 1.0320E+02 |
| 12 | 2.90E-05 | 1.01E-04 | 7.1260E+00 |
| 13 | 1.07E-05 | 2.90E-05 | 1.1320E+00 |
| 14 | 3.06E-06 | 1.07E-05 | 8.9590E-02 |
| 15 | 1.86E-06 | 3.06E-06 | 8.8510E-03 |
| 16 | 1.30E-06 | 1.86E-06 | 3.3040E-03 |
| 17 | 1.13E-06 | 1.30E-06 | 5.6500E-04 |
| 18 | 1.00E-06 | 1.13E-06 | 4.3130E-04 |
| 19 | 8.00E-07 | 1.00E-06 | 5.2580E-04 |
| 20 | 4.14E-07 | 8.00E-07 | 9.0870E-04 |
| 21 | 3.25E-07 | 4.14E-07 | 1.1730E-04 |
| 22 | 2.25E-07 | 3.25E-07 | 1.6490E-04 |
| 23 | 1.00E-07 | 2.25E-07 | 1.5810E-04 |
| 24 | 5.00E-08 | 1.00E-07 | 2.7700E-05 |
| 25 | 3.00E-08 | 5.00E-08 | 2.6320E-05 |
| 26 | 1.00E-08 | 3.00E-08 | 2.3080E-07 |
| 27 | 1.00E-11 | 1.00E-08 | 7.2050E-07 |
| Total | | | 2.5426E+07 |

Table 5.3.21-10 Gamma Source Terms for NRU LEU Fuel Assembly

| Group | E Lower [MeV] | E Upper [MeV] | Source [photons/sec-MTU] |
|--------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 1 | 8.00E+00 | 1.00E+01 | 3.3110E+03 |
| 2 | 6.50E+00 | 8.00E+00 | 1.5150E+04 |
| 3 | 5.00E+00 | 6.50E+00 | 7.7470E+04 |
| 4 | 4.00E+00 | 5.00E+00 | 1.9370E+05 |
| 5 | 3.00E+00 | 4.00E+00 | 8.7460E+10 |
| 6 | 2.50E+00 | 3.00E+00 | 1.0900E+12 |
| 7 | 2.00E+00 | 2.50E+00 | 1.8520E+14 |
| 8 | 1.66E+00 | 2.00E+00 | 2.6290E+13 |
| 9 | 1.33E+00 | 1.66E+00 | 2.6780E+14 |
| 10 | 1.00E+00 | 1.33E+00 | 5.5510E+14 |
| 11 | 8.00E-01 | 1.00E+00 | 2.2570E+15 |
| 12 | 6.00E-01 | 8.00E-01 | 1.7910E+16 |
| 13 | 4.00E-01 | 6.00E-01 | 6.1870E+15 |
| 14 | 3.00E-01 | 4.00E-01 | 1.5540E+15 |
| 15 | 2.00E-01 | 3.00E-01 | 2.0350E+15 |
| 16 | 1.00E-01 | 2.00E-01 | 8.5930E+15 |
| 17 | 4.50E-02 | 1.00E-01 | 9.9880E+15 |
| 18 | 1.00E-02 | 4.50E-02 | 2.7200E+16 |
| Total | | | 7.6760E+16 |

Table 5.3.21-11 Neutron Source Terms for NRX Fuel Assembly

| Group | E Lower [MeV] | E Upper [MeV] | Source [neutrons/sec-MTU] |
|--------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 1 | 6.380E+00 | 2.000E+01 | 8.7730E+04 |
| 2 | 3.010E+00 | 6.380E+00 | 9.0610E+05 |
| 3 | 1.830E+00 | 3.010E+00 | 1.5140E+07 |
| 4 | 1.420E+00 | 1.830E+00 | 2.1460E+07 |
| 5 | 9.070E-01 | 1.420E+00 | 3.1170E+07 |
| 6 | 4.080E-01 | 9.070E-01 | 3.1670E+07 |
| 7 | 1.110E-01 | 4.080E-01 | 1.3840E+07 |
| 8 | 1.500E-02 | 1.110E-01 | 2.2530E+06 |
| 9 | 3.040E-03 | 1.500E-02 | 7.0200E+04 |
| 10 | 5.830E-04 | 3.040E-03 | 5.7350E+03 |
| 11 | 1.010E-04 | 5.830E-04 | 4.6860E+02 |
| 12 | 2.900E-05 | 1.010E-04 | 3.9750E+01 |
| 13 | 1.070E-05 | 2.900E-05 | 6.2990E+00 |
| 14 | 3.060E-06 | 1.070E-05 | 7.5330E-02 |
| 15 | 1.860E-06 | 3.060E-06 | 4.7510E-03 |
| 16 | 1.300E-06 | 1.860E-06 | 1.7990E-03 |
| 17 | 1.130E-06 | 1.300E-06 | 4.9550E-04 |
| 18 | 1.000E-06 | 1.130E-06 | 3.8450E-04 |
| 19 | 8.000E-07 | 1.000E-06 | 4.5430E-04 |
| 20 | 4.140E-07 | 8.000E-07 | 7.9620E-04 |
| 21 | 3.250E-07 | 4.140E-07 | 1.1080E-04 |
| 22 | 2.250E-07 | 3.250E-07 | 1.3320E-04 |
| 23 | 1.000E-07 | 2.250E-07 | 1.4690E-04 |
| 24 | 5.000E-08 | 1.000E-07 | 2.1630E-05 |
| 25 | 3.000E-08 | 5.000E-08 | 2.4010E-05 |
| 26 | 1.000E-08 | 3.000E-08 | 1.7980E-07 |
| 27 | 1.000E-11 | 1.000E-08 | 4.7410E-07 |
| Total | | | 1.1660E+08 |

Table 5.3.21-12 Gamma Source Terms for NRX Fuel Assembly

| Group | E Lower [MeV] | E Upper [MeV] | Source [photons/sec-MTU] |
|-------|---------------|---------------|--------------------------|
| 1 | 8.00E+00 | 1.00E+01 | 2.9410E+03 |
| 2 | 6.50E+00 | 8.00E+00 | 1.3550E+04 |
| 3 | 5.00E+00 | 6.50E+00 | 7.0020E+04 |
| 4 | 4.00E+00 | 5.00E+00 | 1.7700E+05 |
| 5 | 3.00E+00 | 4.00E+00 | 1.2010E+07 |
| 6 | 2.50E+00 | 3.00E+00 | 6.6300E+08 |
| 7 | 2.00E+00 | 2.50E+00 | 1.6340E+11 |
| 8 | 1.66E+00 | 2.00E+00 | 3.1520E+12 |
| 9 | 1.33E+00 | 1.66E+00 | 3.5670E+13 |
| 10 | 1.00E+00 | 1.33E+00 | 3.5100E+14 |
| 11 | 8.00E-01 | 1.00E+00 | 3.7940E+14 |
| 12 | 6.00E-01 | 8.00E-01 | 4.0630E+16 |
| 13 | 4.00E-01 | 6.00E-01 | 1.0520E+15 |
| 14 | 3.00E-01 | 4.00E-01 | 1.2330E+15 |
| 15 | 2.00E-01 | 3.00E-01 | 1.7560E+15 |
| 16 | 1.00E-01 | 2.00E-01 | 5.5950E+15 |
| 17 | 4.50E-02 | 1.00E-01 | 9.4790E+15 |
| 18 | 1.00E-02 | 4.50E-02 | 2.7460E+16 |
| Total | | | 8.7974E+16 |

Table 5.3.21-13 Cask/Basket Material Descriptions for NRU/NRX

| Material | Element | Density [g/cm ³] | Number Density [atom/b-cm] |
|---------------------|---------|------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Aluminum | Al | 2.70 | 6.0265E-02 |
| Stainless Steel 304 | Fe | 7.94 | 5.9505E-02 |
| | Cr | | 1.7472E-02 |
| | Ni | | 7.7392E-03 |
| | Mn | | 1.7407E-03 |
| Lead | Pb | 11.34 | 3.2967E-02 |
| Neutron Shield | H | 0.97 | 5.9884E-02 |
| | O | | 2.4595E-02 |
| | C | | 1.0701E-02 |
| Impact Limiter | Al | 0.50 | 1.1153E-02 |

Table 5.3.21-14 NRU/NRX Basket Dimensions

| Description | Value [in] | Value [cm] |
|----------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Bottom Spacer Length | 51.75 | 131.445 |
| Basket Length | 122.25 | 310.515 |
| Tube Wall Thickness | 0.065 | 0.1651 |
| Tube OD | 2.50 | 6.35 |
| Tube Length | 121.50 | 308.61 |
| Tube Inner PCD | 5.06 | 12.8524 |
| Tube Outer PCD | 9.78 | 24.8412 |
| Lid Collar Height | 2.50 | 6.985 |
| Lid Plate Thickness | 0.50 | 1.27 |

Table 5.3.21-15 ANSI/ANS 6.1.1-1977 Neutron Flux-to-Dose Conversion Factors

| Energy [MeV] | Response [(rem/hr)/(n/cm ² /sec)] |
|-----------------|---|
| 20.0 | 2.27E-04 |
| 14.0 | 2.08E-04 |
| 10.0 | 1.47E-04 |
| 7.0 | 1.47E-04 |
| 5.0 | 1.56E-04 |
| 2.5 | 1.25E-04 |
| 1.0 | 1.32E-04 |
| 5.0E-01 | 9.26E-05 |
| 1.0E-01 | 2.17E-05 |
| 1.0E-02 | 3.56E-06 |
| 1.0E-03 | 3.76E-06 |
| 1.0E-04 | 4.18E-06 |
| 1.0E-05 | 4.54E-06 |
| 1.0E-06 | 4.46E-06 |
| 1.0E-07 | 3.67E-06 |
| 2.5E-08 | 3.67E-06 |

Table 5.3.21-16 ANSI/ANS 6.1.1-1977 Gamma Flux-to-Dose Conversion Factors

| Energy, E [MeV] | Response [(rem/hr)/(γ/cm²/sec)] | Energy, E [MeV] | Response [(rem/hr)/(γ/cm²/sec)] |
|--------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|
| 15.0 | 1.33E-05 | 1.0 | 1.98E-06 |
| 13.0 | 1.18E-05 | 0.8 | 1.68E-06 |
| 11.0 | 1.03E-05 | 0.7 | 1.52E-06 |
| 9.0 | 8.77E-06 | 0.65 | 1.44E-06 |
| 7.5 | 7.66E-06 | 0.6 | 1.36E-06 |
| 6.75 | 7.11E-06 | 0.55 | 1.27E-06 |
| 6.25 | 6.74E-06 | 0.5 | 1.17E-06 |
| 5.75 | 6.37E-06 | 0.45 | 1.08E-06 |
| 5.25 | 6.01E-06 | 0.4 | 9.85E-07 |
| 5.0 | 5.80E-06 | 0.35 | 8.78E-07 |
| 4.75 | 5.60E-06 | 0.3 | 7.59E-07 |
| 4.25 | 5.23E-06 | 0.25 | 6.31E-07 |
| 3.75 | 4.83E-06 | 0.2 | 5.01E-07 |
| 3.25 | 4.41E-06 | 0.15 | 3.79E-07 |
| 2.8 | 4.01E-06 | 0.1 | 2.83E-07 |
| 2.6 | 3.82E-06 | 0.07 | 2.58E-07 |
| 2.2 | 3.42E-06 | 0.05 | 2.90E-07 |
| 1.8 | 2.99E-06 | 0.03 | 5.82E-07 |
| 1.4 | 2.51E-06 | 0.01 | 3.96E-06 |

Table 5.3.21-17 Undamaged NRU HEU Fuel Dose Rate Summary

| Transport Condition | Dose Rate Location | Maximum | | Average | |
|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------|-------|-----------|--------|
| | | [mrem/hr] | FSD | [mrem/hr] | FSD |
| Normal | Side Surface of Cask | 2.28 | 2.5% | 0.444 | 3.9% |
| | Top Surface of Cask | 0.191 | 17.0% | 0.079 | 13.8% |
| | Bottom Surface of Cask | 0.003 | 17.0% | 0.001 | 15.7% |
| | Side 1m (Transport Index) | 0.219 | 2.1% | 0.089 | 2.5% |
| | 2m from ISO - Radial | 0.064 | 1.5% | 0.030 | 2.1% |
| | Dose at Cab of Truck | 0.001 | 26.4% | 0.001 | 20.9% |
| Accident | Side Surface of Cask | 4.52 | 3.0% | 2.36 | 2.1% |
| | Top Surface of Cask | 1.99 | 21.3% | 0.530 | 22.0% |
| | Bottom Surface of Cask | 0.036 | 25.2% | 0.013 | 37.2% |
| | Side 1m | 0.463 | 1.2% | 0.236 | 1.9% |
| | Top 1m | 0.095 | 11.1% | 0.045 | 10.5% |
| | Bottom 1m | 0.020 | 73.0% | 0.006 | 103.5% |

Table 5.3.21-18 Collapsed NRU HEU Fuel Dose Rate Summary

| Transport Condition | Dose Rate Location | Maximum | | Average | |
|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------|-------|-----------|-------|
| | | [mrem/hr] | FSD | [mrem/hr] | FSD |
| Normal | Side Surface of Cask | 30.3 | 0.4% | 2.26 | 1.5% |
| | Top Surface of Cask | 1.48 | 4.4% | 0.710 | 4.0% |
| | Bottom Surface of Cask | < 0.001 | 27.7% | < 0.001 | 28.1% |
| | Side 1m (Transport Index) | 2.23 | 0.5% | 0.453 | 1.0% |
| | 2m from ISO - Radial | 0.450 | 0.6% | 0.152 | 0.9% |
| | Dose at Cab of Truck | 0.010 | 26.1% | 0.007 | 11.3% |
| Accident | Side Surface of Cask | 61.3 | 1.2% | 5.25 | 5.8% |
| | Top Surface of Cask | 13.7 | 5.5% | 4.02 | 5.7% |
| | Bottom Surface of Cask | 0.001 | 19.4% | 0.001 | 23.9% |
| | Side 1m | 3.75 | 2.4% | 0.700 | 4.7% |
| | Top 1m | 0.903 | 39.1% | 0.478 | 22.2% |
| | Bottom 1m | 0.002 | 2.8% | 0.001 | 4.0% |

Table 5.3.21-19 Undamaged NRU LEU Fuel Dose Rate Summary

| Transport Condition | Dose Rate Location | Maximum | | Average | |
|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------|-------|-----------|-------|
| | | [mrem/hr] | FSD | [mrem/hr] | FSD |
| Normal | Side Surface of Cask | 41.5 | 0.8% | 21.5 | 1.3% |
| | Top Surface of Cask | 4.65 | 8.4% | 2.00 | 7.9% |
| | Bottom Surface of Cask | 0.088 | 24.7% | 0.036 | 30.6% |
| | Side 1m (Transport Index) | 11.69 | 0.5% | 4.81 | 0.8% |
| | 2m from ISO - Radial | 4.02 | 0.4% | 1.72 | 0.7% |
| | Dose at Cab of Truck | 0.057 | 64.4% | 0.025 | 33.9% |
| Accident | Side Surface of Cask | 113.4 | 1.2% | 64.0 | 1.6% |
| | Top Surface of Cask | 34.7 | 11.6% | 10.6 | 13.3% |
| | Bottom Surface of Cask | 0.594 | 28.7% | 0.175 | 46.5% |
| | Side 1m | 25.1 | 0.7% | 10.7 | 1.1% |
| | Top 1m | 2.48 | 7.4% | 0.898 | 32.7% |
| | Bottom 1m | 0.035 | 27.1% | 0.013 | 33.3% |

Table 5.3.21-20 Collapsed NRU LEU Fuel Dose Rate Summary

| Transport Condition | Dose Rate Location | Maximum | | Average | |
|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------|-------|-----------|--------|
| | | [mrem/hr] | FSD | [mrem/hr] | FSD |
| Normal | Side Surface of Cask | 313.3 | 0.4% | 26.7 | 1.1% |
| | Top Surface of Cask | 24.2 | 2.8% | 11.6 | 2.8% |
| | Bottom Surface of Cask | 0.002 | 52.3% | 0.001 | 66.7% |
| | Side 1m (Transport Index) | 30.74 | 0.4% | 5.99 | 0.8% |
| | 2m from ISO - Radial | 6.59 | 0.4% | 2.10 | 0.7% |
| | Dose at Cab of Truck | 0.153 | 3.9% | 0.132 | 4.0% |
| Accident | Side Surface of Cask | 626.5 | 0.7% | 54.9 | 3.3% |
| | Top Surface of Cask | 164.1 | 3.4% | 56.4 | 4.8% |
| | Bottom Surface of Cask | 0.027 | 74.2% | 0.006 | 148.2% |
| | Side 1m | 41.6 | 1.0% | 8.90 | 2.7% |
| | Top 1m | 11.8 | 2.4% | 5.47 | 8.2% |
| | Bottom 1m | 0.108 | 98.2% | 0.023 | 210.2% |

Table 5.3.21-21 Undamaged NRX Fuel Dose Rate Summary

| Transport Condition | Dose Rate Location | Maximum | | Average | |
|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------|-------|-----------|-------|
| | | [mrem/hr] | FSD | [mrem/hr] | FSD |
| Normal | Side Surface of Cask | 1.98 | 2.5% | 0.437 | 3.6% |
| | Top Surface of Cask | 0.148 | 11.1% | 0.075 | 13.0% |
| | Bottom Surface of Cask | 0.002 | 3.5% | 0.001 | 3.7% |
| | Side 1m (Transport Index) | 0.206 | 2.1% | 0.087 | 2.3% |
| | 2m from ISO - Radial | 0.065 | 1.3% | 0.030 | 1.9% |
| | Dose at Cab of Truck | 0.001 | 37.7% | 0.001 | 22.2% |
| Accident | Side Surface of Cask | 4.15 | 1.5% | 2.38 | 2.1% |
| | Top Surface of Cask | 1.55 | 15.9% | 0.439 | 21.1% |
| | Bottom Surface of Cask | 0.020 | 23.5% | 0.008 | 27.8% |
| | Side 1m | 0.481 | 1.4% | 0.240 | 1.9% |
| | Top 1m | 0.152 | 79.6% | 0.045 | 48.7% |
| | Bottom 1m | 0.009 | 36.0% | 0.004 | 35.8% |

Table 5.3.21-22 Collapsed NRX Fuel Dose Rate Summary

| Transport Condition | Dose Rate Location | Maximum | | Average | |
|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------|-------|-----------|--------|
| | | [mrem/hr] | FSD | [mrem/hr] | FSD |
| Normal | Side Surface of Cask | 39.9 | 0.4% | 2.93 | 1.5% |
| | Top Surface of Cask | 1.79 | 3.4% | 0.901 | 3.6% |
| | Bottom Surface of Cask | < 0.001 | 7.4% | < 0.001 | 7.8% |
| | Side 1m (Transport Index) | 2.98 | 0.5% | 0.597 | 1.0% |
| | 2m from ISO - Radial | 0.595 | 0.6% | 0.202 | 0.9% |
| | Dose at Cab of Truck | 0.011 | 20.6% | 0.009 | 11.5% |
| Accident | Side Surface of Cask | 78.3 | 1.3% | 6.43 | 6.1% |
| | Top Surface of Cask | 17.2 | 5.1% | 5.21 | 5.4% |
| | Bottom Surface of Cask | 0.006 | 72.9% | 0.002 | 117.0% |
| | Side 1m | 4.68 | 2.4% | 0.885 | 4.9% |
| | Top 1m | 1.25 | 51.1% | 0.608 | 25.4% |
| | Bottom 1m | 0.077 | 97.3% | 0.016 | 206.8% |

Table 5.3.21-23 Summarized Maximum Dose Rates for Undamaged Fuel

| Transport Condition | Dose Rate Location | NRU HEU | NRU LEU | NRX HEU | Limit [mrem/hr] |
|---------------------|------------------------|---------|---------|---------|-----------------|
| Normal | Side Surface of Cask | 2.28 | 41.5 | 1.98 | 1000 |
| | 2m from Truck - Radial | 0.064 | 4.02 | 0.065 | 10 |
| | Dose at Cab of Truck | 0.001 | 0.057 | 0.001 | 2 |
| Accident | Side 1m | 0.463 | 25.1 | 0.481 | 1000 |

Table 5.3.21-24 Summarized Maximum Dose Rates for Collapsed Fuel

| Transport Condition | Dose Rate Location | NRU HEU | NRU LEU | NRX HEU | Limit [mrem/hr] |
|---------------------|------------------------|---------|---------|---------|-----------------|
| Normal | Side Surface of Cask | 30.3 | 313.3 | 39.9 | 1000 |
| | 2m from Truck - Radial | 0.450 | 6.59 | 0.595 | 10 |
| | Dose at Cab of Truck | 0.010 | 0.153 | 0.011 | 2 |
| Accident | Side 1m | 3.75 | 41.6 | 4.68 | 1000 |



5.3.22 HEUNL

Results of the shielding evaluation for four HEUNL containers in the LWT cask are presented in this section. An inventory of gamma-emitting radionuclides is used with the actinide and nitrate contents to calculate gamma and neutron source terms. HEUNL containers are analyzed under normal and accident operating conditions to demonstrate compliance with 10 CFR 71.47 and 10 CFR 71.51.

HEUNL Source Terms

HEUNL source terms are calculated using an inventory of gamma-emitting radionuclides, actinide contents, and nitrate contents. The ORIGEN-S control module in SCALE 6.1 is used to calculate neutron and gamma source spectra.

Analysis reference composition of the HEUNL material is provided in Table 5.3.22-1. Analysis reference actinide concentrations (2003) are provided in Table 5.3.22-2. The reference inventory of gamma-emitting radionuclides (2012) is provided in Table 5.3.22-3 and consists of all fission products. There have been no additions of radioactive liquid containing fission products or fissile material since 2003.

Data provided in Tables 5.3.22-1, Table 5.3.22-2, and Table 5.3.22-3 are representative values applied as a starting point for the analysis presented in this chapter. Variations in the listed values do not impact the conclusion drawn from this evaluation to any significant extent provided the maximum curie per liter gamma emitter content specified later in this section is maintained. Material composition not producing gamma sources (e.g., inorganic content breakdown specified in Table 4.3.22-1) has no impact on the analysis. As this type of solution has no significant neutron emitter content, the actinide content used as reference data has a negligible effect on the conclusions of the chapter.

Actinides listed in Table 5.3.22-2 are the only neutron source producers of the HEUNL material and minor gamma source contributors. The primary gamma source contributors are fission products listed in the gamma-emitting radionuclide inventory in Table 5.3.22-3. There is no significant light element gamma source in the material. Actinide source calculations require the inclusion of the light element materials to accurately calculate the (α , n) component of the neutron source. Therefore, two ORIGEN-S calculations are used for the source term calculation, one for fission products and another for actinides and light elements. All results are provided on a “per liter” basis.

The fission product inventory credits some short-lived or metastable radionuclides to their parent radionuclide. In order to calculate source spectra, all gamma-emitting radionuclides must be accounted for in ORIGEN-S. Using a decay period in ORIGEN-S to achieve equilibrium

between parent and daughter radionuclide is not desirable as some short-lived gamma producers (e.g. ^{140}La) who lack their long-lived parent radionuclides will be non-conservatively removed. Therefore, all undefined radionuclides are identified using an ORIGEN-S test case and are evaluated at 100% of the parent radionuclide activity. Undefined radionuclides are identified using the nuclide gamma power in the output.

Defined and undefined fission product Curie contents are provided in Table 5.3.22-4 and Table 5.3.22-5, respectively. Conversion from Bq/g to Ci/L is performed using the HEUNL density of 1.30 g/cc. A 50% increase in Curie content is applied to the uncertainty adjusted reference values as additional conservatism for the source term calculation. The reference concentration and uncertainty input values listed in Table 5.3.22-4 and Table 5.3.22-5 have no significant safety importance provided the Ci/liter limit, based on the evaluated column in Table 5.3.22-4, is met. The Curie limit for the source term evaluation is 9.0 Ci/L and determined using the defined fission product evaluated activity. The ORIGEN-S input used for determining undefined gamma emitters is shown in Figure 5.3.22-1. The ORIGEN-S output gamma power by radionuclide used for determining undefined gamma emitters is shown in Figure 5.3.22-2. The ORIGEN-S input for fission products is shown in Figure 5.3.22-3.

Calculation of the (α , n) neutron source in ORIGEN-S requires the light element nuclide concentrations of the nitrate solutions and actinide concentrations. The shielding model HEUNL material content evaluated is shown in Table 5.3.22-6. The isotopic content of actinides and light elements for insertion into ORIGEN-S is provided in Table 5.3.22-7. Decay time has negligible effects for the actinide contributions. A decay time of one year is applied to the calculation to allow for minor actinides not defined to be accounted for in the ORIGEN-S gamma spectra. Actinide gamma source is negligible in the results. The ORIGEN-S input for actinides and light elements is shown in Figure 5.3.22-4.

The neutron and gamma source terms per liter of HEUNL material are provided in Table 5.3.22-8 and Table 5.3.22-9, respectively. Neutron source terms are minor and primarily from (α , n) contributions from the actinide alpha interaction with light elements in the material. Gamma source terms are primarily from fission products. The source is applied in the shielding model for a container volume of 64.3 L.

HEUNL Shielding Models

MCNP three dimensional shielding analysis allows detailed modeling of the HEUNL containers and cask. The containers and cask are modeled as described in the license drawings. Tube quick disconnect fittings, the bottom portion of the container outer shell that rests on the shoulder and axially overlaps the container and neck, and base plate are conservatively omitted from the shielding model. Containers are shifted towards the top of the cask cavity. The radial lead

gamma shield extends from the bottom of the NAC-LWT cavity to approximately 3 inches (7.62 cm) below the top of the cavity. Positioning the HEUNL material closest to the point of minimum gamma shielding is conservative.



The geometric description of an MCNP model is based on the combinatorial geometry system embedded in the code. In this system, bodies such as cylinders and rectangular parallelepipeds and their logical intersections and unions are used to describe the extent of material zones. The shielding evaluation considers both normal and accident conditions. The accident conditions of transport include the loss of neutron shielding material and lead slump. The neutron shielding shell and the impact limiters are also removed while modeling accident conditions.

While normal conditions include a gap between the lead and outer shell, lead slump is not evaluated for accident conditions as NAC procedures dictate that the lead is allowed to cool from the lowest point with molten lead from the top filling gaps formed during solidification. Therefore, no gap is expected to occur and further accident analyses detailing potential shifting of the lead gap are not necessary.

Detailed model parameters used in creating the three-dimensional model are derived from the license drawings. Elevations associated with the three-dimensional features are established with respect to the center bottom of the NAC-LWT cask cavity for the MCNP combinatorial model.

Material representation of the HEUNL material is modeled using the material content listed in Table 5.3.22-6. The isotopic content of the HEUNL material used as input into MCNP is provided in Table 5.3.22-10. ^{237}Np , ^{239}Pu , and ^{240}Pu are not included in the shielding model as they are minor constituents. Water content of the solution is calculated using the difference of the solution density and mass concentrations of all nitrates.

Material compositions for structural and shield materials are shown in Table 5.3.22-11. The three-dimensional NAC-LWT MCNP models are shown in Figure 5.3.22-5 through Figure 5.3.22-7, while sketches are shown in Figure 5.3.22-8 and Figure 5.3.22-9. Selected basket dimensions critical to model and dose results are listed in Table 5.3.22-12. A sample MCNP input file is provided in Figure 5.3.22-10.

HEUNL Shielding Evaluation

The shielding evaluation is performed using MCNP5 v1.60. The MCNP shielding model is utilized with the source terms to estimate the dose rate profiles at various distances from the side, top and bottom of the cask for both normal and accident conditions. The method of solution is

continuous energy Monte Carlo with a Monte Carlo based weight window generator to accelerate code convergence. Weight window and problem convergence is verified by the 10 statistical checks performed by MCNP. Radial or axial biasing is performed depending on the desired dose location.

The ANSI/ANS 6.1.1-1977 flux-to-dose rate conversion factors are employed in the MCNP analysis. The ANSI/ANS neutron and gamma dose conversion factors are shown in Table 5.3.22-13 and Table 5.3.22-14, respectively.

HEUNL Dose Rates

Dose rates were computed for the HEUNL containers for both normal and accident conditions. HEUNL dose rates (normal and accident) are summarized in Table 5.3.22-15. The Transportation Index (TI) for the package is 1.5.

Results are summarized and compared to dose rate limits in Table 5.3.22-16. Gamma dose primarily from fission product sources is the dominant contributor to dose rates. A payload of 4 HEUNL containers is found to be in compliance of 10 CFR 71.47 and 10 CFR 71.51. Dose rate profiles for the maximum dose rate cases are provided in Figure 5.3.22-11 through Figure 5.3.22-13.

Figure 5.3.22-1 ORIGEN-S Input for Determining Undefined Fission Products

```
=ORIGENS
' 71 is FT71 temporary files for storing concentration
0$$ A11 71 E T
DECAY CASE
' Item 1: 21 - Library Unit number
' Item 2: 1 - Not used
' Item 3: 1 - Binary library position - no multiple libraries
' Item 4: -82 - xn27g19v7 energy group structure
' Item 11: 0 - print suppressed for nuclear data library calculation
' Item 16: 4 - material input in Curies
' Item 33: -82 - xn27g19v7 energy group structure
3$$ 21 1 1 -82 A11 0 A16 4 A33 -82 E T
' Block not used - left for backward compatibility
35$$ 0 T
' Item 8: 1 - specify cut as percent of total
' Item 11: 0 - problem dependent material for alpha,n (0 would be UO2, 2 for problem dependent)
54$$ A8 1 A11 2 E
' Item 2: 6 - number of time intervals
' Item 6: 1 - continuation problem control (block 5 used)- not applicable here
' Item 10: 0 - new concentration input
' Item 13: 14 - number of nuclides input into 73,74,75 arrays
' Item 14: 2 - decay time unit control (Min)
' Item 15: 3 - input cards both title and basis entered
56$$ A2 6 A6 1 A10 0 A13 14 A14 2 A15 3 E
' Item 1: 0 - Time subtracted from 60* Array values
' Item 2: 1.30 - Density of material - Should not be needed in this case
' Item 3: 1e-05 alpha-n control for cut-off for determining important nuclides
57** 0 1.3 1E-05 E T
HEUNL MATERIAL
Curies PER Liter
' Decay time
60** 0.5 15 60 1440 43200 525600
' Cut-off for output table significance (fill array)
61** F1E-08
' Print all available data gram-atoms, grams, curies, watts but no m3
' GRAM-ATOMS    GRAMS     CURIES      WATTS-ALL   WATTS-GAMMA
65$$
15R1 6R0
15R1 6R0
15R1 6R0
' Item 1: 2 - Apply line energy yield from master photon library
' Item 2: 0 - No longer used
' Item 3: 26 - Master photon library (default value is 26)
' Item 4: 1 - library is in binary format (2 for ascii)
81$$ 2 0 26 1 E
' Gamma source print-out trigger - 2 for total source per second (4/LE, 5/ACT, 6/FP)
82$$ 2 2 2 2 2
' Nuclide ids for input concentration - FP
73$$ 410950 400950 441030 441060 531310 521320 551370 561400
571400 581410 581440 601470 631540 631550
' Material quantities of each nuclide - FP
74** 1.792E-01 6.851E-01 4.901E-01 1.476E-02 5.270E-01 2.793E-01
1.897E+00 1.581E+00 1.528E+00 1.159E+00 2.214E-01 4.269E-01
2.266E-03 5.270E-03' Determines library of each nuclide (1 for LE, 2 for Act, 3 for FP)
75$$ 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 T
56$$ F0 T
END
```

Figure 5.3.22-2 ORIGEN-S Output Gamma Power for Determining Undefined Fission Products

HEUNL MATERIAL
fission products page 57
0 nuclide gamma power, watts
basis =Curies PER Liter

| | initial | 0 m | 15 m | 60 m | 1440 m | 43200 m | 525600 m |
|--------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| zr 95 | 2.973E-03 | 2.973E-03 | 2.973E-03 | 2.972E-03 | 2.941E-03 | 2.149E-03 | 5.719E-05 |
| nb 95 | 8.121E-04 | 8.121E-04 | 8.125E-04 | 8.139E-04 | 8.561E-04 | 1.615E-03 | 1.272E-04 |
| nb 95m | 0.000E+00 | 7.140E-10 | 2.140E-08 | 8.532E-08 | 1.861E-06 | 8.167E-06 | 2.183E-07 |
| xu103 | 1.441E-03 | 1.441E-03 | 1.441E-03 | 1.440E-03 | 1.416E-03 | 8.487E-04 | 2.291E-06 |
| rh103m | 0.000E+00 | 7.028E-07 | 1.930E-05 | 5.973E-05 | 1.123E-04 | 6.728E-05 | 1.816E-07 |
| rh106 | 0.000E+00 | 9.057E-06 | 1.803E-05 | 1.803E-05 | 1.800E-05 | 1.705E-05 | 9.159E-06 |
| i131 | 1.195E-03 | 1.195E-03 | 1.194E-03 | 1.190E-03 | 1.096E-03 | 8.940E-05 | 2.388E-17 |
| xe131m | 0.000E+00 | 1.484E-11 | 4.450E-10 | 1.776E-09 | 3.976E-08 | 1.501E-07 | 8.046E-16 |
| te132 | 3.863E-04 | 3.863E-04 | 3.854E-04 | 3.828E-04 | 3.111E-04 | 5.865E-07 | 0.000E+00 |
| i132 | 0.000E+00 | 9.415E-06 | 2.721E-04 | 9.718E-04 | 3.107E-03 | 5.862E-06 | 0.000E+00 |
| cs137 | 1.849E-08 | 1.849E-08 | 1.849E-08 | 1.849E-08 | 1.849E-08 | 1.845E-08 | 1.807E-08 |
| ba137m | 0.000E+00 | 8.069E-04 | 6.247E-03 | 6.355E-03 | 6.354E-03 | 6.343E-03 | 6.210E-03 |
| ba140 | 1.706E-03 | 1.706E-03 | 1.705E-03 | 1.703E-03 | 1.616E-03 | 3.341E-04 | 4.127E-12 |
| la140 | 2.091E-02 | 2.091E-02 | 2.091E-02 | 2.092E-02 | 2.094E-02 | 4.878E-03 | 6.025E-11 |
| ce141 | 5.252E-04 | 5.252E-04 | 5.251E-04 | 5.247E-04 | 5.141E-04 | 2.770E-04 | 2.189E-07 |
| ce144 | 2.521E-05 | 2.521E-05 | 2.521E-05 | 2.521E-05 | 2.515E-05 | 2.344E-05 | 1.038E-05 |
| pr144 | 0.000E+00 | 7.451E-07 | 1.704E-05 | 3.444E-05 | 3.778E-05 | 3.521E-05 | 1.559E-05 |
| pr144m | 0.000E+00 | 3.504E-08 | 5.697E-07 | 7.433E-07 | 7.439E-07 | 6.932E-07 | 3.068E-07 |
| nd147 | 3.532E-04 | 3.531E-04 | 3.529E-04 | 3.522E-04 | 3.315E-04 | 5.315E-05 | 3.475E-14 |
| eu154 | 1.675E-05 | 1.675E-05 | 1.675E-05 | 1.675E-05 | 1.675E-05 | 1.664E-05 | 1.545E-05 |
| eu155 | 1.902E-06 | 1.902E-06 | 1.902E-06 | 1.902E-06 | 1.901E-06 | 1.879E-06 | 1.644E-06 |
| total | 3.034E-02 | 3.117E-02 | 3.692E-02 | 3.778E-02 | 3.970E-02 | 1.676E-02 | 6.450E-03 |

1

Figure 5.3.22-3 ORIGEN-S Input for Fission Products

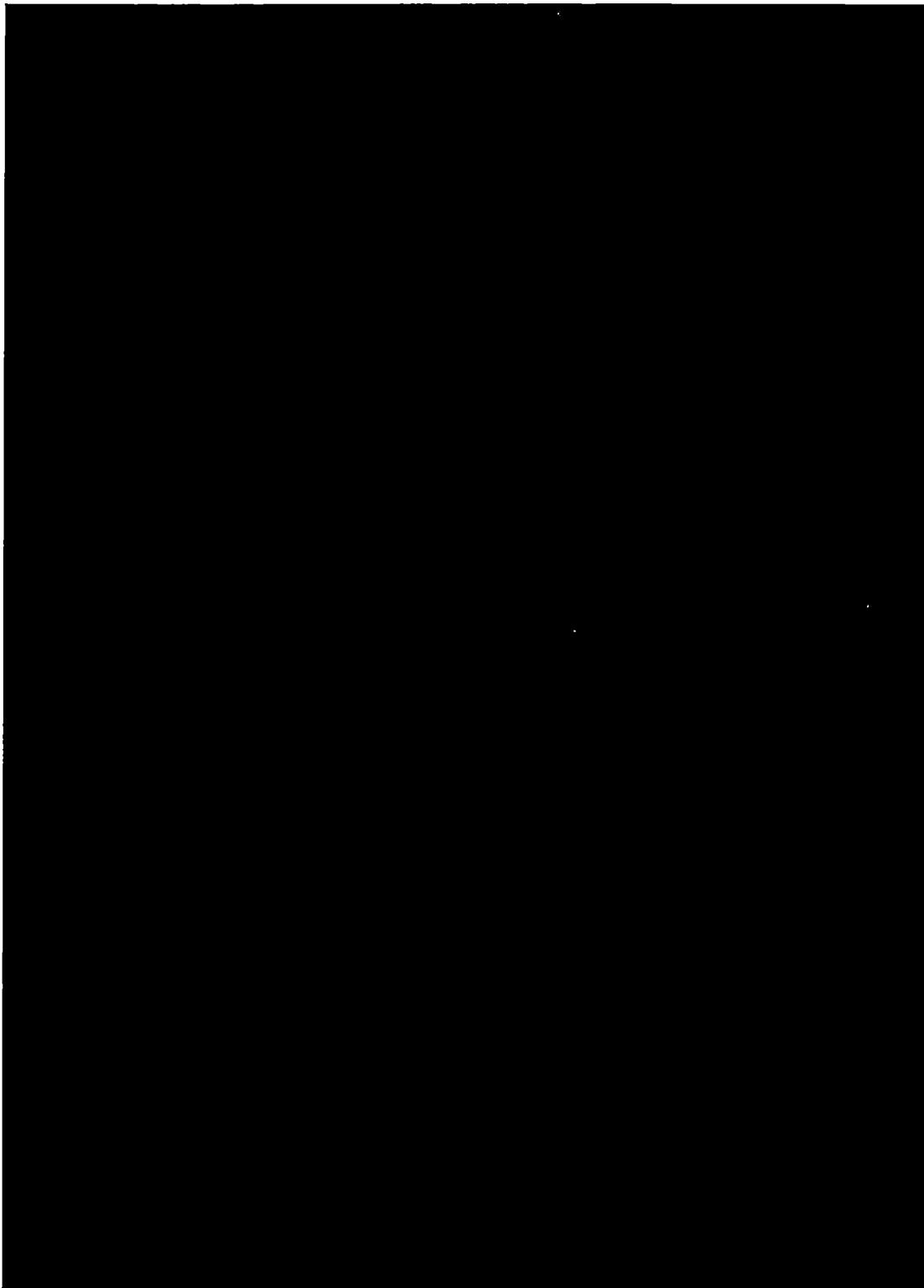
Figure 5.3.22-4 ORIGEN-S Model for Actinides and Light Elements

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Figure 5.3.22-5 Axial VISED Slice of LWT with HEUNL Container Detail



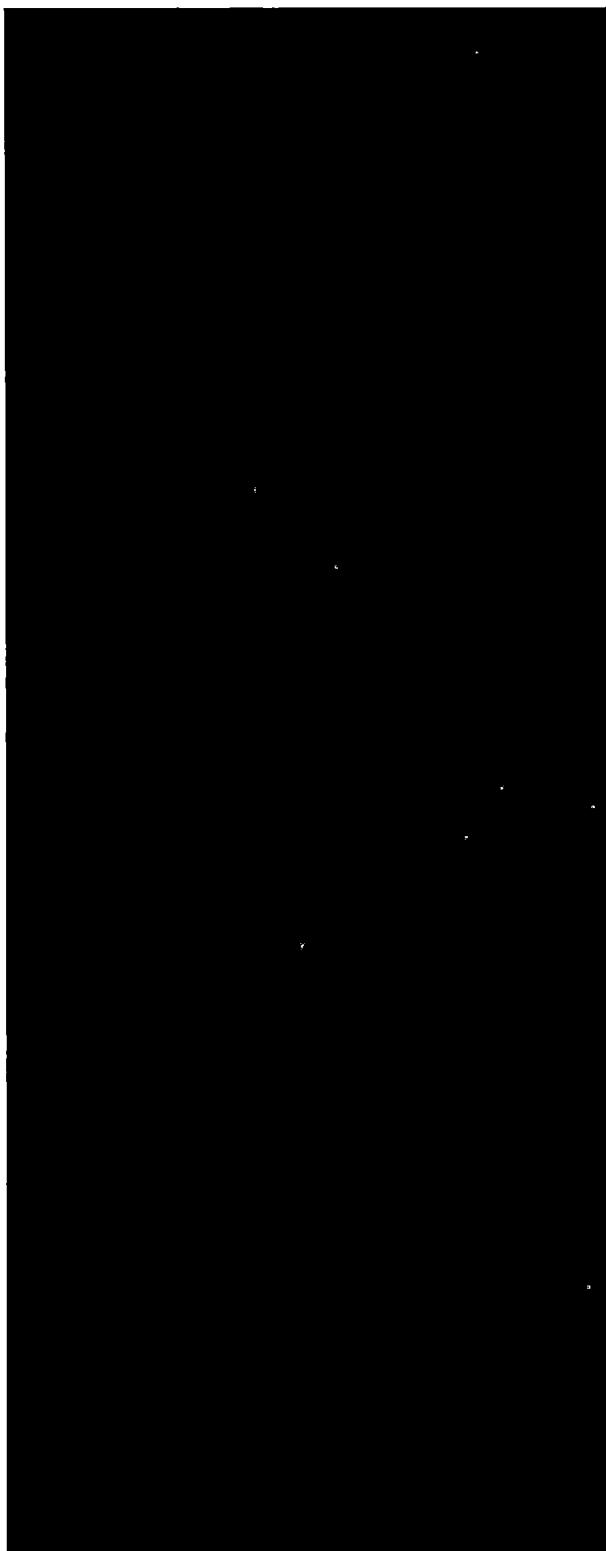
"NAC PROPRIETARY INFORMATION REMOVED"

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Figure 5.3.22-6 Axial VISED Slice of LWT with HEUNL Containers



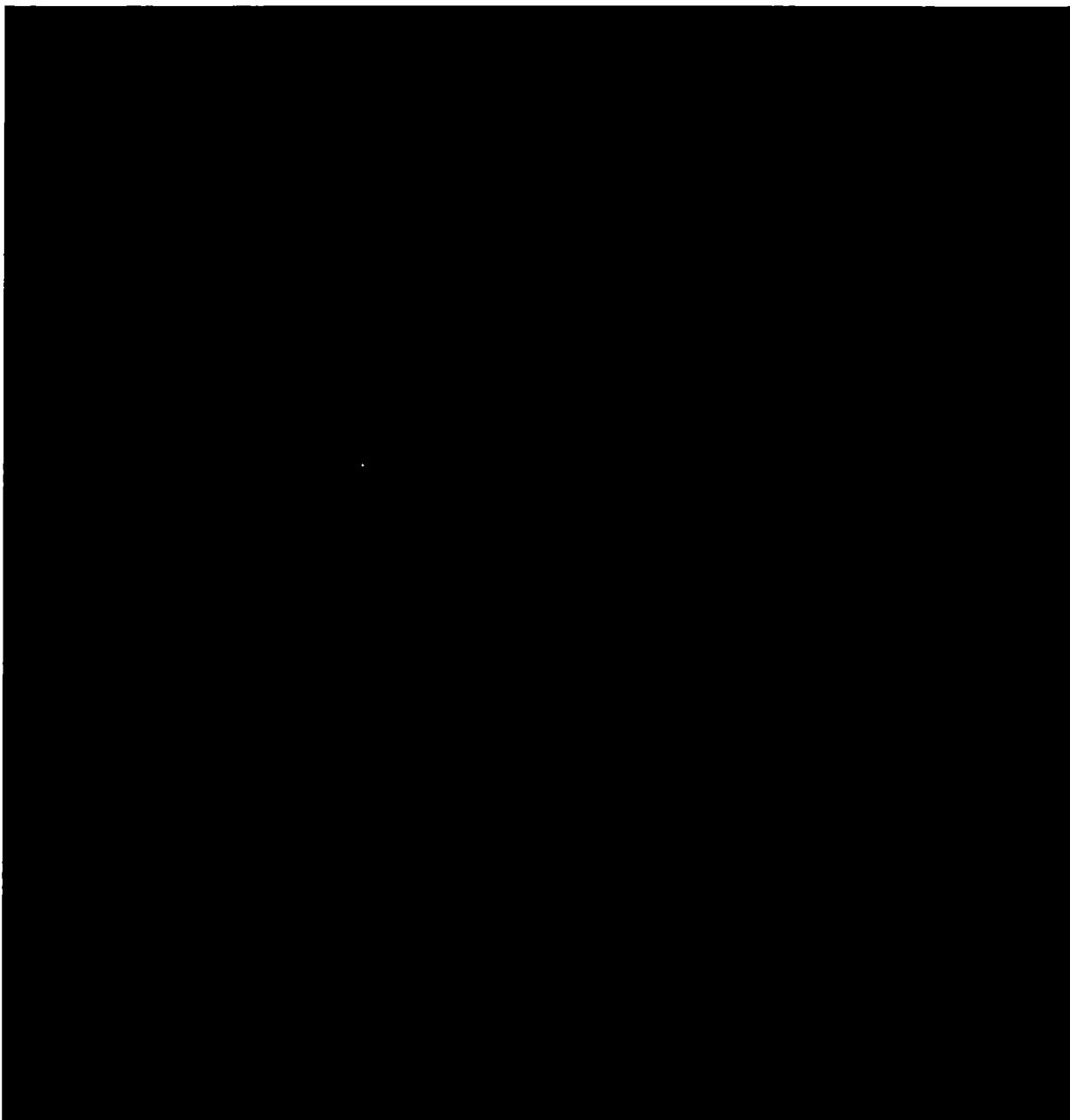
"NAC PROPRIETARY INFORMATION REMOVED"

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Figure 5.3.22-7 Radial VISED Slice of LWT with HEUNL Containers

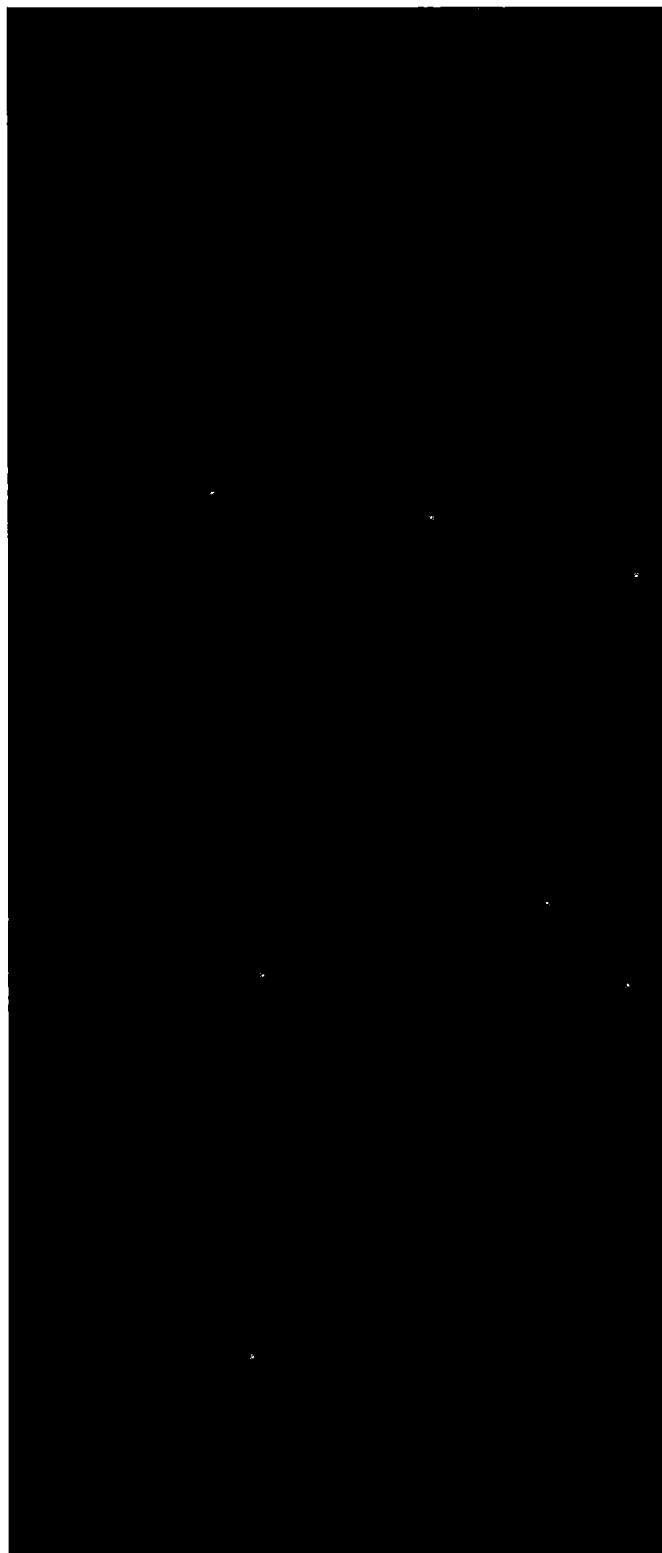


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Figure 5.3.22-8 Axial Sketch of LWT with HEUNL Containers



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Figure 5.3.22-9 Radial Sketch of LWT with HEUNL Containers



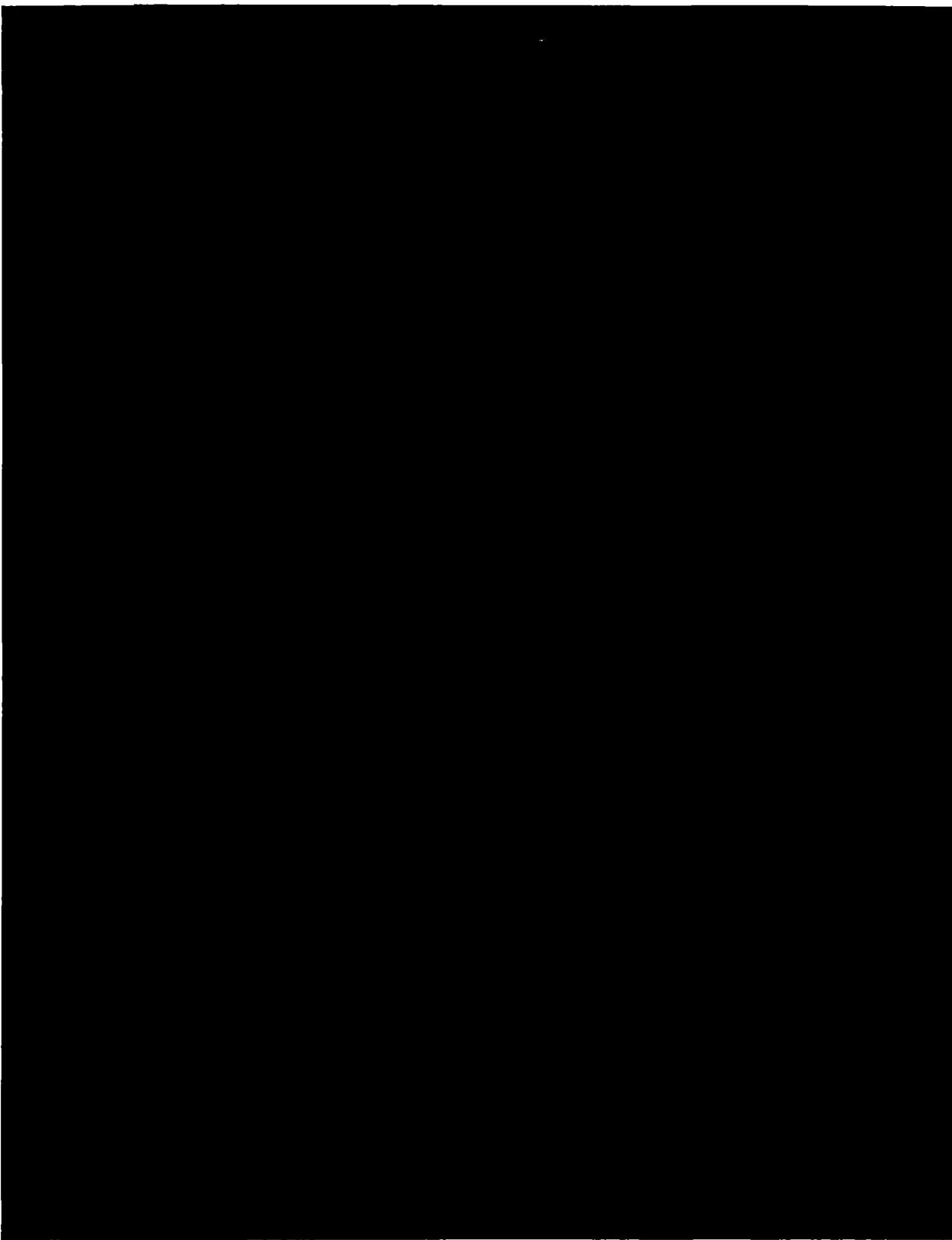
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Figure 5.3.22-10 Sample MCNP Input for HEUNL



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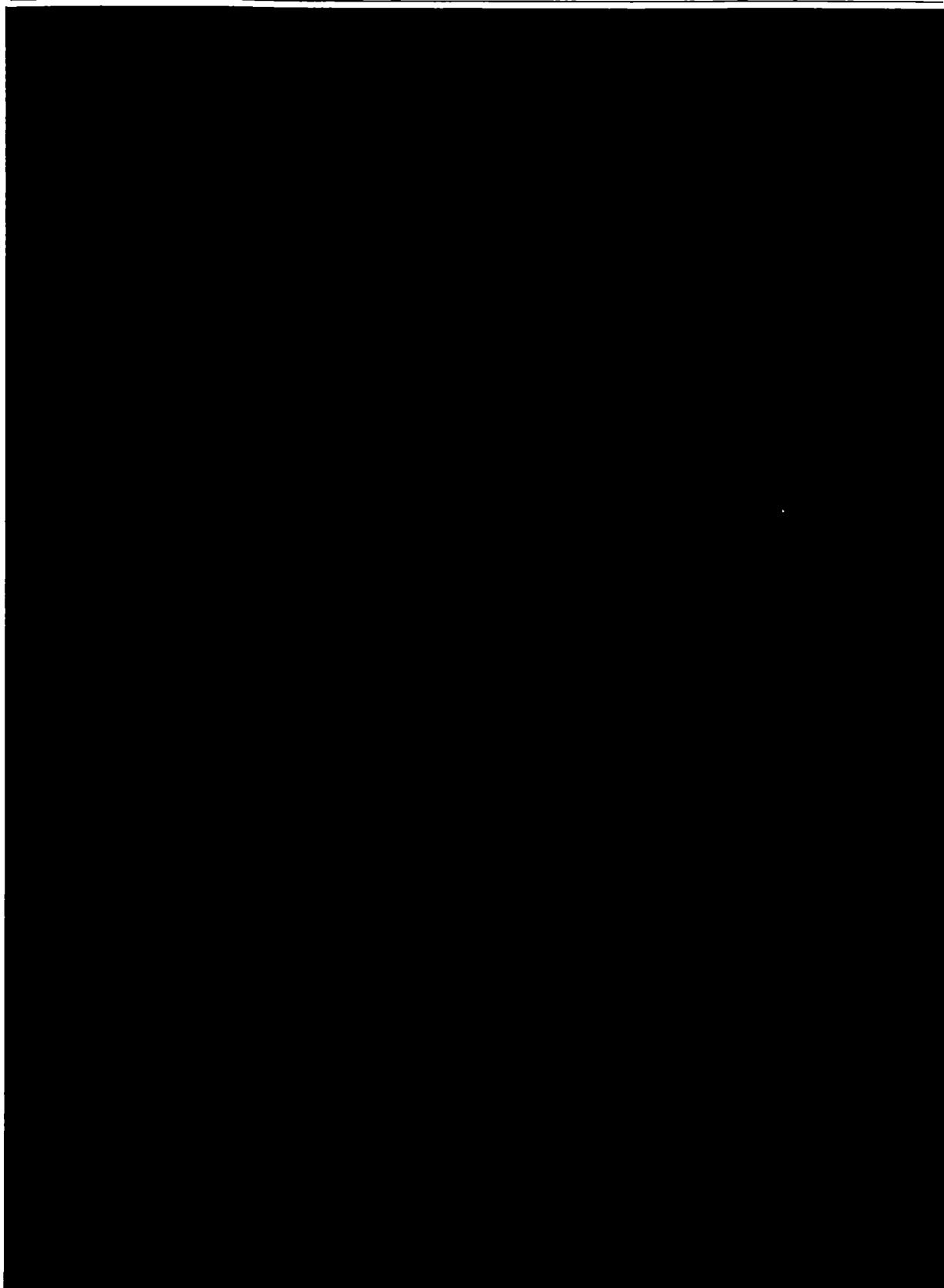
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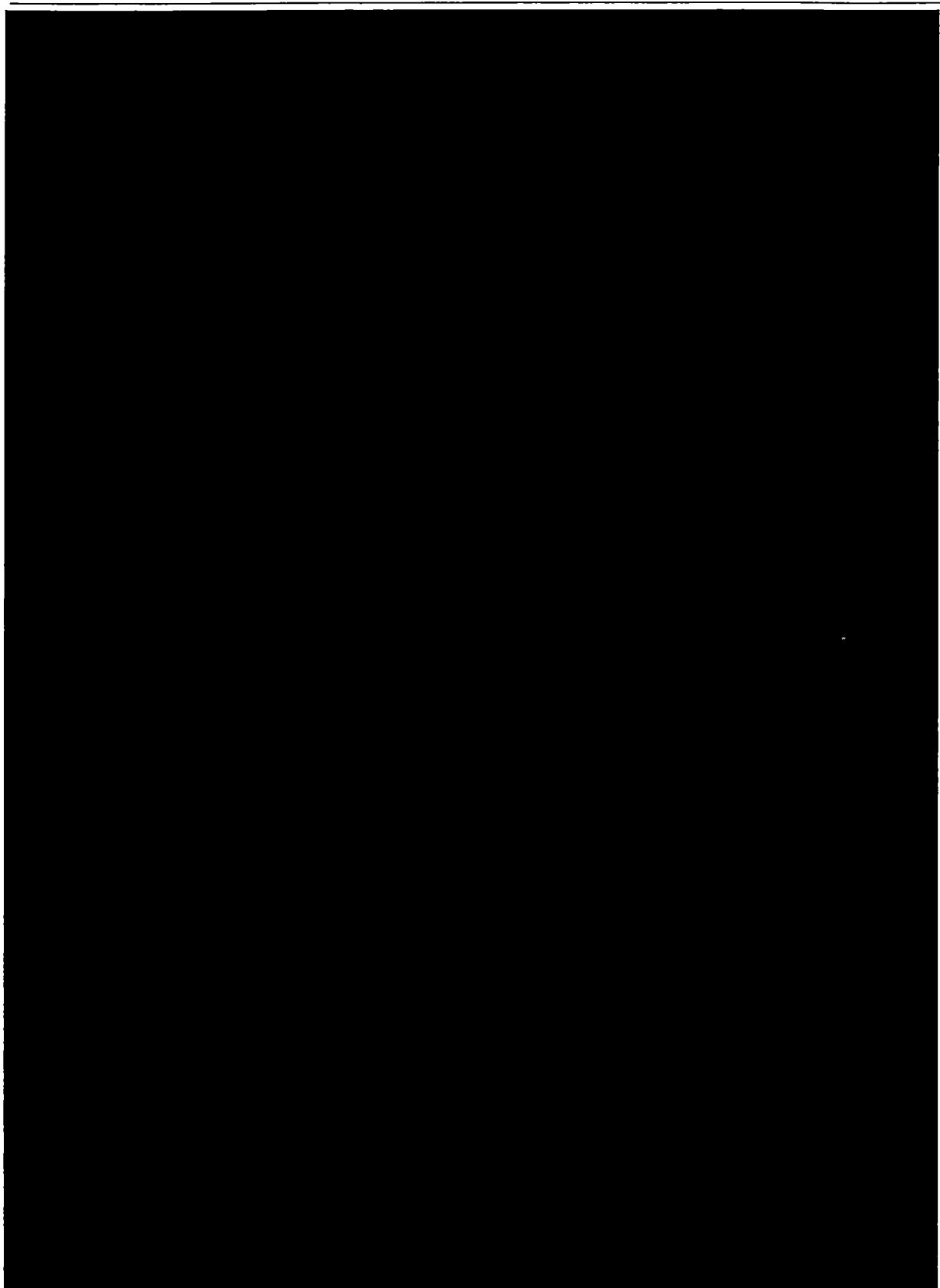
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Figure 5.3.22-11 Radial Surface Dose Rate Profile for Normal Conditions – HEUNL

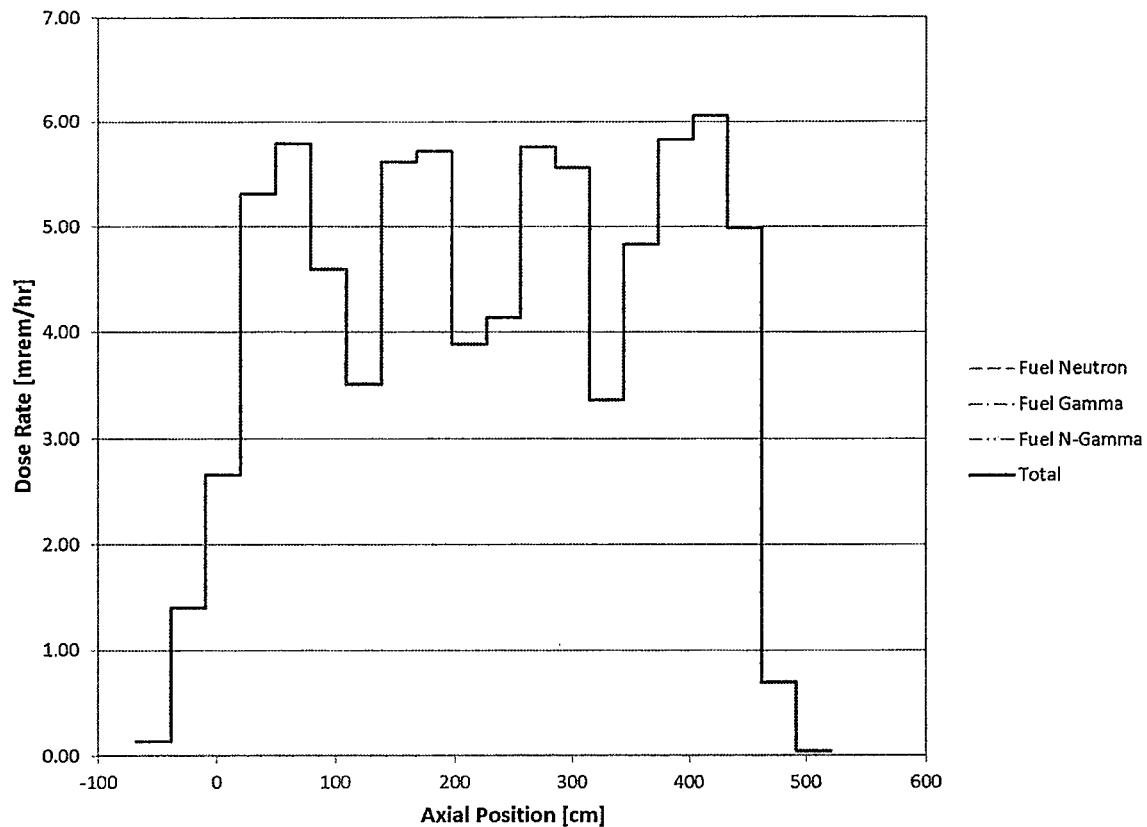


Figure 5.3.22-12 Radial 1 m Dose Rate Profile for Normal Conditions – HEUNL

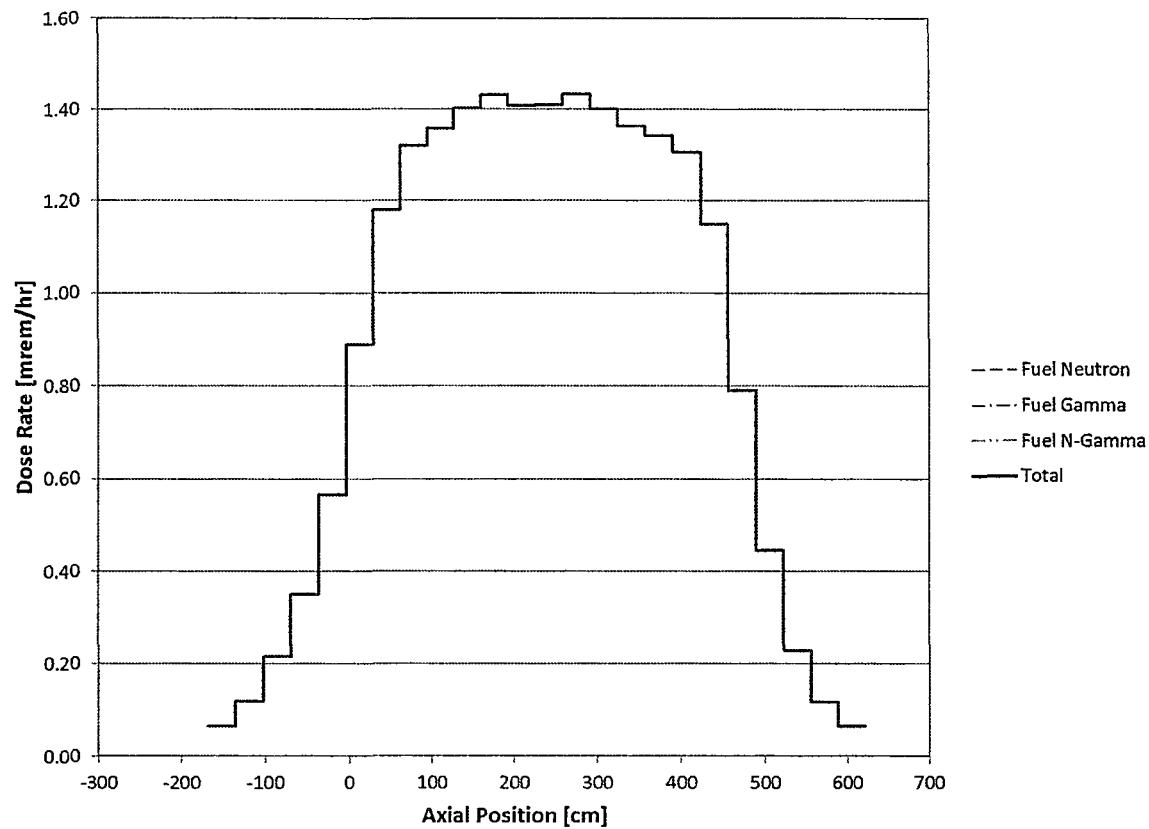


Figure 5.3.22-13 Radial 1m Dose Rate Profile for Accident Conditions – HEUNL

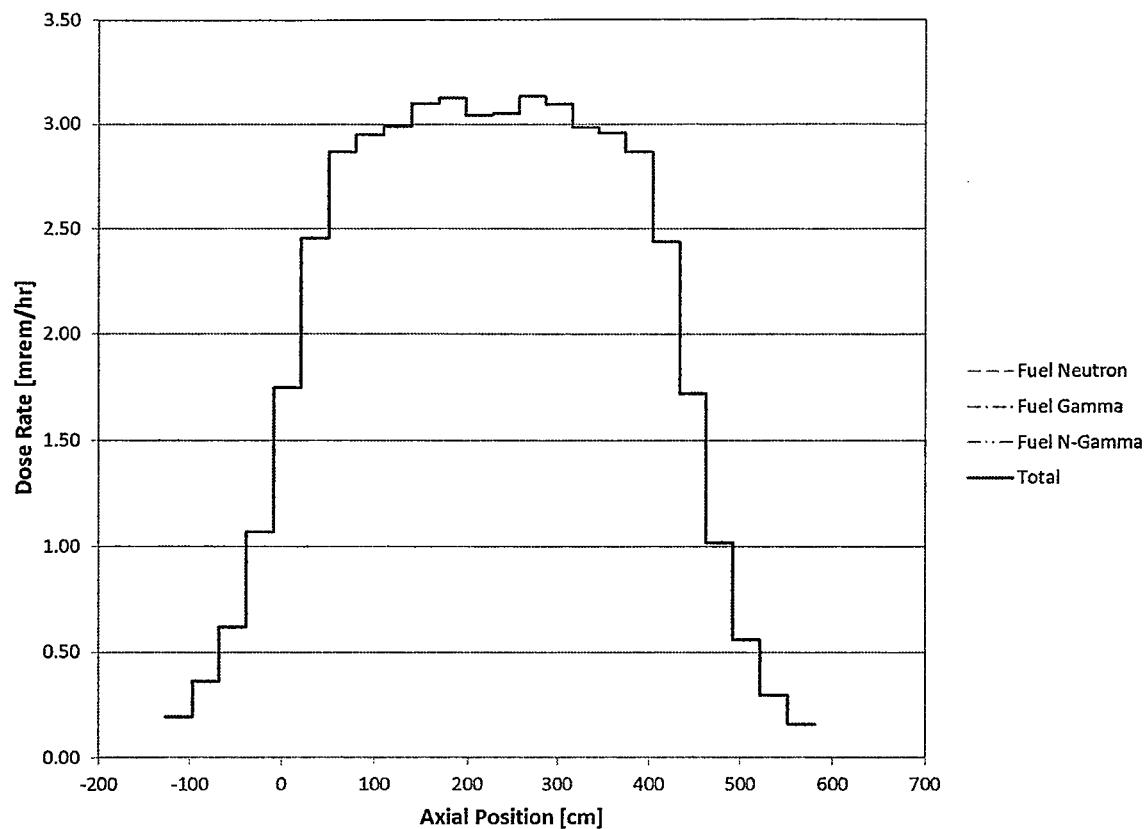


Table 5.3.22-1 Composition of Solution Inorganic Chemicals

| Chemical Compound | Concentration (mol/L) | Concentration of Metal Ion (g/L) |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|
| HNO ₃ | 0.96 | N/A |
| Al(NO ₃) ₃ | 1.5 | 40.5 |
| Hg(NO ₃) ₂ | 0.053 | 10.6 |
| Fe(NO ₃) ₃ | 0.019 | 1.06 |
| Cr(NO ₃) ₃ | 0.005 | 0.26 |
| Ni(NO ₃) ₂ | 0.003 | 0.18 |

Table 5.3.22-2 Actinide Concentrations in the Solution

| Nuclide | Initial Concentration | |
|-------------------|-----------------------|----------|
| | Bq/mL | g/L |
| ²³⁴ U | 2.84E+04 | 1.23E-01 |
| ²³⁵ U | 5.59E+02 | 7.00E+00 |
| ²³⁶ U | 3.66E+02 | 1.53E-01 |
| ²³⁸ U | 5.59E+00 | 4.49E-01 |
| ²³⁷ Np | 4.51E+00 | 1.72E-04 |
| ²³⁹ Pu | 1.30E+03 | 5.63E-04 |
| ²⁴⁰ Pu | 8.99E+01 | 1.07E-05 |

Table 5.3.22-3 Inventory of Gamma-Emitting Radionuclides

| Radionuclide | Conc. (Bq/g) | σ^1 (Bq/g) |
|-------------------|-----------------|----------------------|
| ^{95}Nb | 3.2E+06 | 1.0E+05 |
| ^{95}Zr | 1.1E+07 | 1.0E+06 |
| ^{103}Ru | 8.7E+06 | 3.0E+05 |
| ^{106}Ru | 1.8E+05 | 5.0E+04 |
| ^{131}I | 9.2E+06 | 4.0E+05 |
| ^{132}Te | 4.3E+06 | 5.0E+05 |
| ^{137}Cs | 3.4E+07 | 1.0E+06 |
| ^{140}Ba | 2.8E+07 | 1.0E+06 |
| ^{140}La | 2.7E+07 | 1.0E+06 |
| ^{141}Ce | 2.0E+07 | 1.0E+06 |
| ^{144}Ce | 3.8E+06 | 2.0E+05 |
| ^{147}Nd | 7.3E+06 | 4.0E+05 |
| ^{154}Eu | 2.7E+04 | 8.0E+03 |
| ^{155}Eu | 8.0E+04 | 1.0E+04 |

¹ Uncertainty of measured content

Table 5.3.22-4 Fission Product Content for Defined Radionuclides

| Isotope | Total (Bq/g) | σ (Bq/g) | Conc. + 2 σ (Bq/g) | Eval. Conc. (Bq/g) | Eval. Conc. (Ci/L) |
|-------------------|-----------------|--------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| ⁹⁵ Nb | 3.2E+06 | 1.0E+05 | 3.4E+06 | 5.1E+06 | 1.792E-01 |
| ⁹⁵ Zr | 1.1E+07 | 1.0E+06 | 1.3E+07 | 2.0E+07 | 6.851E-01 |
| ¹⁰³ Ru | 8.7E+06 | 3.0E+05 | 9.3E+06 | 1.4E+07 | 4.901E-01 |
| ¹⁰⁶ Ru | 1.8E+05 | 5.0E+04 | 2.8E+05 | 4.2E+05 | 1.476E-02 |
| ¹³¹ I | 9.2E+06 | 4.0E+05 | 1.0E+07 | 1.5E+07 | 5.270E-01 |
| ¹³² Te | 4.3E+06 | 5.0E+05 | 5.3E+06 | 8.0E+06 | 2.793E-01 |
| ¹³⁷ Cs | 3.4E+07 | 1.0E+06 | 3.6E+07 | 5.4E+07 | 1.897E+00 |
| ¹⁴⁰ Ba | 2.8E+07 | 1.0E+06 | 3.0E+07 | 4.5E+07 | 1.581E+00 |
| ¹⁴⁰ La | 2.7E+07 | 1.0E+06 | 2.9E+07 | 4.4E+07 | 1.528E+00 |
| ¹⁴¹ Ce | 2.0E+07 | 1.0E+06 | 2.2E+07 | 3.3E+07 | 1.159E+00 |
| ¹⁴⁴ Ce | 3.8E+06 | 2.0E+05 | 4.2E+06 | 6.3E+06 | 2.214E-01 |
| ¹⁴⁷ Nd | 7.3E+06 | 4.0E+05 | 8.1E+06 | 1.2E+07 | 4.269E-01 |
| ¹⁵⁴ Eu | 2.7E+04 | 8.0E+03 | 4.3E+04 | 6.5E+04 | 2.266E-03 |
| ¹⁵⁵ Eu | 8.0E+04 | 1.0E+04 | 1.0E+05 | 1.5E+05 | 5.270E-03 |
| Total | 1.6E+08 | | 1.7E+08 | 2.6E+08 | 8.998E+00 |

Table 5.3.22-5 Fission Product Content for Undefined Radionuclides

| Isotope | Parent Isotope | Total (Bq/g) | σ (Bq/g) | Conc. + 2 σ (Bq/g) | Eval. Conc. (Bq/g) | Eval. Conc. (Ci/L) |
|--------------------|-------------------|-----------------|--------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| ^{95m} Nb | ⁹⁵ Zr | 1.1E+07 | 1.0E+06 | 1.3E+07 | 2.0E+07 | 6.851E-01 |
| ¹⁰⁶ Rh | ¹⁰⁶ Ru | 1.8E+05 | 5.0E+04 | 2.8E+05 | 4.2E+05 | 1.476E-02 |
| ^{103m} Rh | ¹⁰³ Ru | 8.7E+06 | 3.0E+05 | 9.3E+06 | 1.4E+07 | 4.901E-01 |
| ^{131m} Xe | ¹³¹ I | 9.2E+06 | 4.0E+05 | 1.0E+07 | 1.5E+07 | 5.270E-01 |
| ^{137m} Ba | ¹³⁷ Cs | 3.4E+07 | 1.0E+06 | 3.6E+07 | 5.4E+07 | 1.897E+00 |
| ¹⁴⁴ Pr | ¹⁴⁴ Ce | 3.8E+06 | 2.0E+05 | 4.2E+06 | 6.3E+06 | 2.214E-01 |
| ^{144m} Pr | ¹⁴⁴ Ce | 3.8E+06 | 2.0E+05 | 4.2E+06 | 6.3E+06 | 2.214E-01 |
| Total | | 7.1E+07 | | 7.7E+07 | 1.2E+08 | 4.057E+00 |

Table 5.3.22-6 Modeled HEUNL Nitrate Contents

| Solution | Metal Ion | mol/L | A_r(metal) | Concentration (g/L) | | | |
|---|------------------|--------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------|----------|--------------|
| | | | | Ion | N | O | Total |
| HNO ₃ | H | 0.96 | 1.00794 | 0.97 | 13.45 | 46.08 | 60.49 |
| Al(NO ₃) ₃ | Al | 1.5 | 26.982 | 40.5 | 63.03 | 215.99 | 319.50 |
| Hg(NO ₃) ₂ | Hg | 0.053 | 200.59 | 10.6 | 1.48 | 5.09 | 17.20 |
| Fe(NO ₃) ₃ | Fe | 0.019 | 55.845 | 1.06 | 0.80 | 2.74 | 4.60 |
| Cr(NO ₃) ₃ | Cr | 0.005 | 51.9961 | 0.26 | 0.21 | 0.72 | 1.19 |
| Ni(NO ₃) ₂ | Ni | 0.003 | 58.6934 | 0.18 | 0.08 | 0.29 | 0.55 |
| UO ₂ (NO ₃) ₂ | U | 0.0328 | 235.1783 | 7.73 | 0.92 | 4.20 | 12.85 |
| | | | | Total: | 79.97 | 275.11 | 416.37 |

Table 5.3.22-7 Isotopic Contents of Actinides and Light Elements for ORIGEN-S Source Term Calculation

| Element | Isotope | NA (%) | Conc. (g/L) |
|---------|---------|--------|-------------|
| H | 1 | 99.985 | 9.675E-01 |
| | 2 | 0.015 | 1.451E-04 |
| Al | 27 | 100 | 4.047E+01 |
| Hg | 196 | 0.15 | 1.595E-02 |
| | 198 | 9.97 | 1.060E+00 |
| | 199 | 16.87 | 1.793E+00 |
| | 200 | 23.1 | 2.456E+00 |
| | 201 | 13.18 | 1.401E+00 |
| | 202 | 29.86 | 3.174E+00 |
| | 204 | 6.87 | 7.304E-01 |
| Fe | 54 | 5.8 | 6.154E-02 |
| | 56 | 91.72 | 9.732E-01 |
| | 57 | 2.2 | 2.334E-02 |
| | 58 | 0.28 | 2.971E-03 |
| Cr | 50 | 4.345 | 1.130E-02 |
| | 52 | 83.789 | 2.178E-01 |
| | 53 | 9.501 | 2.470E-02 |
| | 54 | 2.365 | 6.149E-03 |
| Ni | 58 | 68.077 | 1.199E-01 |
| | 60 | 26.223 | 4.617E-02 |
| | 61 | 1.14 | 2.007E-03 |
| | 62 | 3.634 | 6.399E-03 |
| | 64 | 0.926 | 1.631E-03 |
| N | 14 | 99.634 | 7.968E+01 |
| | 15 | 0.366 | 2.927E-01 |
| O | 16 | 99.76 | 2.744E+02 |
| | 17 | 0.039 | 1.073E-01 |
| | 18 | 0.201 | 5.530E-01 |
| U | 234 | | 1.230E-01 |
| | 235 | | 7.000E+00 |
| | 236 | | 1.530E-01 |
| | 238 | | 4.490E-01 |
| Np | 237 | | 1.720E-04 |
| Pu | 239 | | 5.630E-04 |
| | 240 | | 1.070E-05 |

Table 5.3.22-8 Neutron Source Terms per Liter

| Group | E Lower [MeV] | E Upper [MeV] | Source [neutrons/sec/L] |
|-------|------------------|------------------|----------------------------|
| 1 | 6.380E+00 | 2.000E+01 | 1.9390E-04 |
| 2 | 3.010E+00 | 6.380E+00 | 1.0150E-01 |
| 3 | 1.830E+00 | 3.010E+00 | 5.0590E-01 |
| 4 | 1.420E+00 | 1.830E+00 | 1.6400E-01 |
| 5 | 9.070E-01 | 1.420E+00 | 2.3570E-01 |
| 6 | 4.080E-01 | 9.070E-01 | 1.9990E-01 |
| 7 | 1.110E-01 | 4.080E-01 | 6.2580E-02 |
| 8 | 1.500E-02 | 1.110E-01 | 1.0690E-02 |
| 9 | 3.040E-03 | 1.500E-02 | 6.0760E-04 |
| 10 | 5.830E-04 | 3.040E-03 | 5.1430E-05 |
| 11 | 1.010E-04 | 5.830E-04 | 4.2930E-06 |
| 12 | 2.900E-05 | 1.010E-04 | 3.2370E-07 |
| 13 | 1.070E-05 | 2.900E-05 | 1.0470E-08 |
| 14 | 3.060E-06 | 1.070E-05 | 2.5070E-09 |
| 15 | 1.860E-06 | 3.060E-06 | 3.7860E-10 |
| 16 | 1.300E-06 | 1.860E-06 | 1.7290E-10 |
| 17 | 1.130E-06 | 1.300E-06 | 5.4000E-11 |
| 18 | 1.000E-06 | 1.130E-06 | 3.8430E-11 |
| 19 | 8.000E-07 | 1.000E-06 | 6.1730E-11 |
| 20 | 4.140E-07 | 8.000E-07 | 1.1760E-10 |
| 21 | 3.250E-07 | 4.140E-07 | 2.6730E-11 |
| 22 | 2.250E-07 | 3.250E-07 | 3.0320E-11 |
| 23 | 1.000E-07 | 2.250E-07 | 3.1420E-11 |
| 24 | 5.000E-08 | 1.000E-07 | 9.3470E-12 |
| 25 | 3.000E-08 | 5.000E-08 | 3.7480E-12 |
| 26 | 1.000E-08 | 3.000E-08 | 2.8070E-12 |
| 27 | 1.000E-11 | 1.000E-08 | 6.3210E-16 |
| Total | | | 1.2811E+00 |

Table 5.3.22-9 Gamma Source Terms per Liter

| Group | E Lower [MeV] | E Upper [MeV] | Source [photons/sec/L] |
|-------|------------------|------------------|---------------------------|
| 1 | 1.00E+01 | 2.00E+01 | 3.5920E-07 |
| 2 | 8.00E+00 | 1.00E+01 | 2.2040E-05 |
| 3 | 6.50E+00 | 8.00E+00 | 1.1990E-04 |
| 4 | 5.00E+00 | 6.50E+00 | 7.5230E-04 |
| 5 | 4.00E+00 | 5.00E+00 | 2.2670E-03 |
| 6 | 3.00E+00 | 4.00E+00 | 1.4540E+07 |
| 7 | 2.50E+00 | 3.00E+00 | 1.8860E+09 |
| 8 | 2.00E+00 | 2.50E+00 | 5.7190E+08 |
| 9 | 1.66E+00 | 2.00E+00 | 3.8810E+07 |
| 10 | 1.33E+00 | 1.66E+00 | 5.7640E+10 |
| 11 | 1.00E+00 | 1.33E+00 | 1.5950E+08 |
| 12 | 8.00E-01 | 1.00E+00 | 2.0900E+10 |
| 13 | 6.00E-01 | 8.00E-01 | 9.9190E+10 |
| 14 | 4.00E-01 | 6.00E-01 | 6.4380E+10 |
| 15 | 3.00E-01 | 4.00E-01 | 3.1060E+10 |
| 16 | 2.00E-01 | 3.00E-01 | 1.8480E+10 |
| 17 | 1.00E-01 | 2.00E-01 | 3.2181E+10 |
| 18 | 4.50E-02 | 1.00E-01 | 1.9170E+10 |
| 19 | 1.00E-02 | 4.50E-02 | 1.1040E+11 |
| Total | | | 4.5607E+11 |

Table 5.3.22-10 Isotopic Contents of HEUNL Materials for MCNP Shielding Evaluation

| Element | Z | A | Conc. (g/L) | wt.% |
|----------------------|----|-----------------|-------------|---------|
| H | 1 | 1 | 9.676E-01 | 0.074% |
| Al | 13 | 27 | 4.047E+01 | 3.113% |
| Hg | 80 | NA ¹ | 1.063E+01 | 0.818% |
| Fe | 26 | NA | 1.061E+00 | 0.082% |
| Cr | 24 | NA | 2.600E-01 | 0.020% |
| Ni | 28 | NA | 1.761E-01 | 0.014% |
| N | 7 | 14 | 7.997E+01 | 6.152% |
| O | 8 | 16 | 2.751E+02 | 21.162% |
| U | 92 | 234 | 1.230E-01 | 0.009% |
| | 92 | 235 | 7.000E+00 | 0.538% |
| | 92 | 236 | 1.530E-01 | 0.012% |
| | 92 | 238 | 4.490E-01 | 0.035% |
| Np | 93 | 237 | 1.720E-04 | 0.000% |
| Pu | 94 | 239 | 5.630E-04 | 0.000% |
| | 94 | 240 | 1.070E-05 | 0.000% |
| Total - Nitrates | | | 4.164E+02 | 32.029% |
| Water Content | | | | |
| H | 1 | 1 | 9.818E+01 | 7.552% |
| O | 8 | 16 | 7.854E+02 | 60.419% |
| Total - Water | | | 8.836E+02 | 67.971% |
| Total - HEUNL | | | 1.300E+03 | |

¹ Natural abundance

Table 5.3.22-11 Cask/Container Material Descriptions for HEUNL

| Material | Element | Density [g/cm ³] | Number Density [atom/b-cm] |
|---------------------|---------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Aluminum | Al | 2.70 | 6.0265E-02 |
| Stainless Steel 304 | Fe | 7.94 | 5.9505E-02 |
| | Cr | | 1.7472E-02 |
| | Ni | | 7.7392E-03 |
| | Mn | | 1.7407E-03 |
| Lead | Pb | 11.34 | 3.2967E-02 |
| Neutron Shield | H | 0.97 | 5.9884E-02 |
| | O | | 2.4595E-02 |
| | C | | 1.0701E-02 |
| Impact Limiter | Al | 0.50 | 1.1153E-02 |

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Table 5.3.22-12 HEUNL Container Dimensions



Table 5.3.22-13 ANSI/ANS 6.1.1-1977 Neutron Flux-to-Dose Conversion Factors

| Energy [MeV] | Response [(rem/hr)/(n/cm ² /sec)] |
|-----------------|---|
| 20.0 | 2.27E-04 |
| 14.0 | 2.08E-04 |
| 10.0 | 1.47E-04 |
| 7.0 | 1.47E-04 |
| 5.0 | 1.56E-04 |
| 2.5 | 1.25E-04 |
| 1.0 | 1.32E-04 |
| 5.0E-01 | 9.26E-05 |
| 1.0E-01 | 2.17E-05 |
| 1.0E-02 | 3.56E-06 |
| 1.0E-03 | 3.76E-06 |
| 1.0E-04 | 4.18E-06 |
| 1.0E-05 | 4.54E-06 |
| 1.0E-06 | 4.46E-06 |
| 1.0E-07 | 3.67E-06 |
| 2.5E-08 | 3.67E-06 |

Table 5.3.22-14 ANSI/ANS 6.1.1-1977 Gamma Flux-to-Dose Conversion Factors

| Energy, E [MeV] | Response [(rem/hr)/(γ/cm²/sec)] | Energy, E [MeV] | Response [(rem/hr)/(γ/cm²/sec)] |
|--------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|
| 15.0 | 1.33E-05 | 1.0 | 1.98E-06 |
| 13.0 | 1.18E-05 | 0.8 | 1.68E-06 |
| 11.0 | 1.03E-05 | 0.7 | 1.52E-06 |
| 9.0 | 8.77E-06 | 0.65 | 1.44E-06 |
| 7.5 | 7.66E-06 | 0.6 | 1.36E-06 |
| 6.75 | 7.11E-06 | 0.55 | 1.27E-06 |
| 6.25 | 6.74E-06 | 0.5 | 1.17E-06 |
| 5.75 | 6.37E-06 | 0.45 | 1.08E-06 |
| 5.25 | 6.01E-06 | 0.4 | 9.85E-07 |
| 5.0 | 5.80E-06 | 0.35 | 8.78E-07 |
| 4.75 | 5.60E-06 | 0.3 | 7.59E-07 |
| 4.25 | 5.23E-06 | 0.25 | 6.31E-07 |
| 3.75 | 4.83E-06 | 0.2 | 5.01E-07 |
| 3.25 | 4.41E-06 | 0.15 | 3.79E-07 |
| 2.8 | 4.01E-06 | 0.1 | 2.83E-07 |
| 2.6 | 3.82E-06 | 0.07 | 2.58E-07 |
| 2.2 | 3.42E-06 | 0.05 | 2.90E-07 |
| 1.8 | 2.99E-06 | 0.03 | 5.82E-07 |
| 1.4 | 2.51E-06 | 0.01 | 3.96E-06 |

Table 5.3.22-15 HEUNL Dose Rate Summary

| Transport Condition | Dose Rate Location | Maximum | | Average | |
|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------|------|-----------|------|
| | | [mrem/hr] | FSD | [mrem/hr] | FSD |
| Normal | Side Surface of Cask | 6.05E+00 | 0.2% | 3.99E+00 | 0.2% |
| | Top Surface of Cask | 5.37E-02 | 2.8% | 3.25E-02 | 3.3% |
| | Bottom Surface of Cask | 3.66E-01 | 1.9% | 2.05E-01 | 2.1% |
| | Side 1m (Transport Index) | 1.43E+00 | 0.1% | 8.90E-01 | 0.2% |
| Accident | Side Surface of Cask | 1.59E+01 | 0.2% | 1.20E+01 | 0.2% |
| | Top Surface of Cask | 4.08E-01 | 5.2% | 1.30E-01 | 5.2% |
| | Bottom Surface of Cask | 2.54E+00 | 2.2% | 1.01E+00 | 3.0% |
| | Side 1m | 3.13E+00 | 0.1% | 2.03E+00 | 0.2% |

Table 5.3.22-16 Summarized Maximum Dose Rates for HEUNL Transport

| Transport Condition | Dose Rate Location | Maximum [mrem/hr] | Limit [mrem/hr] |
|---------------------|---|-------------------|-----------------|
| Normal | Surface of Cask 1m (Transport Index) | 6.05 1.5 | 200 10 |
| Accident | 1m | 3.13 | 1000 |

5.3.23 SLOWPOKE Core Configuration

Results of a shielding analysis for one SLOWPOKE core (up to 298 fuel rods and 930 g U) in the LWT cask are presented in this section. Maximum dose rates are calculated to demonstrate that dose rate limits of 10 CFR 71.47 and 10 CFR 71.51 are not exceeded.

Dose rates are calculated using the MCNP (MCNP5, Version 1.60) three-dimensional transport code. Source terms are calculated using the TRITON module of the SCALE package (SCALE 6.1).

5.3.23.1 SLOWPOKE Core Source Term

Source terms are calculated to bound the irradiation history of the SLOWPOKE core. A sketch of the fuel rod is shown in Figure 5.3.23-1. Reference fuel design characteristics, i.e., those documented in available references, are summarized in Table 5.3.23-1. Depletion and shielding evaluation code input characteristics, i.e., input data applied in TRITON depletion/irradiation and MCNP shielding model parameters, are given in Table 5.3.23-2. Key parameters differing between the reference information code and input are reduced enrichment, increased fuel mass, and increased irradiation time. All parameters are revised to produce bounding source terms.

Each of the modified parameters is described below as to its effect on source:

- Increased fuel mass at a fixed depletion value (% ^{235}U depletion) increases source as the total amount of ^{235}U depleted increases, thereby increasing fission product sources.
- Reduced enrichment has opposing effects on source due to its relative effects on fission product versus higher actinide sources. For a fixed depletion percentage, a reduction in ^{235}U percentage will reduce the amount of material depleted, thereby reducing fission product sources, but increasing source as higher actinides are formed by parasitic absorption at a higher rate, increasing both neutron and gamma sources. Overall, the source effect from enrichment variations is minor, as the enrichment is decreased by only 3% for a high >90% enriched fuel source. This effect is significantly more pronounced for low enrichment fuels.
- Increased irradiation time, in conjunction with a continuous burn at full core power, increases source as it raises the depletion percentage with corresponding increases in both fission products and higher actinides generated.

As the exact configuration of the rods in the core is unknown, two configurations were evaluated; a reference core and a compact core. The configuration shown in Figure 5.3.23-2 is referred to as the reference configuration in which the rods are symmetrically distributed through the core. Figure 5.3.23-3 displays the compact core in which the rods are all shifted towards the center of the core. As the reference core configuration produces maximum gamma source spectra, it is used for the dose rate evaluation.

The SLOWPOKE core is designed to be critical, using fixed beryllium reflectors surrounding the radial extent of the core and the core bottom. The beryllium reflector top, also referred to as beryllium shim, is adjusted to maintain a critical configuration. Top and bottom reflectors are not included within the scope of the 2-D TRITON evaluation.

As a full core was modeled, fuel source was extracted at each ring of the core to determine which location produces maximum source spectra. The maximum gamma source (controlling for shielding) was obtained from the inner ring location (ring 1). This source was then applied to all fuel rods for the dose rate analysis. Gamma source from ring 1 (adjust on a per rod basis) is 24 percent higher for the reference core than the compact core model. The ring 1 per rod source of the reference model is 44 percent higher than the core average per rod source of the reference model.

No axial burnup profile for the SLOWPOKE core is available in open literature. Burnup profile impacts gamma and neutron source shape. The primary impact of a burnup profile is neutron source shape because burnup impacts fuel neutron source significantly faster than gamma source. SLOWPOKE HEU cores do not produce a significant neutron source. SLOWPOKE cores apply beryllium reflectors which will reduce axial shape effects. Radial core burnup studies demonstrate a slightly higher power in the periphery rather than a typical drop off. This type of effect from the axial reflectors would produce a slight flattening of the axial dose profile. Furthermore, as the core is ~22 cm in diameter versus a ~100 cm diameter, cask surface geometry effects/dispersion will assure that any minor axial profile on the core will not result in any significant cask surface dose changes.

TRITON input is shown in Figure 5.3.23-4, with the resulting TRITON material model shown in Figure 5.3.23-2. Neutron and gamma source terms for a cool time of 14 days from discharge are presented in Table 5.3.23-3 and Table 5.3.23-4, respectively. The modeled heat load in the dose rate analysis is 56.6 W. The calculated core average heat load at this cool time is 39.3 W or 42.2 kW/MTU.

The effect of subcritical neutron multiplication is directly computed in the MCNP analysis.

5.3.23.2 SLOWPOKE Core Shielding Model

MCNP three-dimensional shielding analysis allows detailed modeling of the fuel, basket, and cask shield configurations. The geometric description of a MCNP model is based on the combinatorial geometry system embedded in the code. In this system, bodies such as cylinders and rectangular parallelepipeds, and their logical intersections and unions, are used to describe the extent of material zones.

Fuel Models

The SLOWPOKE core is modeled in MCNP in the same configuration which produced the bounding source spectra. The fuel rods are explicitly modeled.

Cross-section of the VISED model of the source region are shown in Figure 5.3.23-5 and Figure 5.3.23-6 under normal conditions and Figure 5.3.23-8 and Figure 5.3.23-9 under accident conditions. As shown, the model is moved to its maximum axial elevation which brings it closest to the reduced shielding area of the NAC-LWT. The lowest shielding region is the tapered area of the lead gamma neutron shield, the area below the cask cavity top with no lead shielding.

Basket Model

For a given fuel type, the MCNP description of the basket stack forms a common sub-model employed in the analysis. For the SLOWPOKE core analysis, only the top basket containing the SLOWPOKE fuel is modeled. The remaining baskets are modeled as void, conservatively removing material from the shielding model. Similarly, the basket handle structure is modeled as void.

The characteristics of the analyzed SLOWPOKE core basket are summarized in Table 5.3.23-6. The analyzed design for the basket contains a 3-inch steel shield plug attached to the bottom (inside) of the basket lid and a separate spacer to push the fuel down in the basket. The design was updated to incorporate the shield plug and spacer into a single piece. The resulting spacer has a 2.5-inch top plate and a 1.5-inch bottom plate and maintains the 15.75-inch total spacing from the bottom of the lid to the top of the SLOWPOKE core. The modeled basket is conservative as the updated spacer contains an additional inch of shielding material as well as placing shielding directly above the core.

The as modeled basket can be seen in Figure 5.3.23-9, while a sketch of the updated lid design is shown in Figure 5.3.23-10.

MCNP NAC-LWT Model

The three-dimensional model of the NAC-LWT cask is based on the following features:

Normal conditions:

- Radial neutron shield and shield shell
- Aluminum impact limiters with 0.5 g/cm^3 density (calculated based on the impact limiter weight and dimensions) and a diameter equal to the neutron shield shell diameter

Accident conditions:

- Removal of radial neutron shield and shield shell

- Loss of upper and lower impact limiters
- Lead slump – Radial and Axial modeled simultaneously

A 0.1374 cm gap between the lead outer diameter and the cask outer shell is applied under normal conditions of operations. A lead gap slump, based on the normal condition gap, is evaluated under hypothetical accident conditions. The lead gap volume is applied to both the axial slump and radial slump simultaneously. No lead slump is expected as the cask lead shield is poured in stages, with heaters controlling lead conditions, assuring minimal contraction gaps. The modeled top end drop gap is 2.71 inches which is conservative versus the gap calculated in Chapter 2. The radial gap modeled is 0.788 inch. The modeled radial and axial lead slump can be seen in Figure 5.3.23-8 and Figure 5.3.23-9, respectively. As stated previously, the elevation of the source regions is set at its maximum axial extent. Elevations associated with the three-dimensional features are established with respect to the center bottom of the NAC-LWT cask cavity for the MCNP combinatorial model. Sample input files are provided in Figure 5.3.23-7 and Figure 5.3.23-11 for normal and accident conditions, respectively.

Tally/Detector Description

MCNP surface (F2) tallies are applied in the calculation of system dose rates. As the normal condition cask model is symmetric around the z-axis, dose rates are calculated as averages around the circumference of the cask. The dose rate profile as a function of z-elevation is generated at the radius of the neutron shield shell for normal conditions. An additional tally is placed in the gap between impact limiter and neutron shield shell on the cask outer shell. Hypothetical accident condition dose rates remove both impact limiter and neutron shield and shield shell. Axial and radial lead slumps are included. As a radial lead slump is evaluated, the tally results are not symmetric around the cask periphery (peaking at the radial slump location). Azimuthal tally divisions are applied to capture peaks around the circumference of the cask. While the plot of dose versus z-elevation for the accident condition displays circumferential average dose rates, the maximum accident condition dose rates reported in the summary table are based on the azimuthal tally results.

Shield Regional Densities

Material compositions for structural and shield materials are shown in Table 5.3.23-5.

5.3.23.3 SLOWPOKE Core Shielding Evaluation

Calculational Methods

The shielding evaluation is performed using MCNP5 v1.6.

The MCNP shielding model described in Section 5.3.23.2 is utilized with the source terms described in Section 5.3.23.1 to estimate the dose rate profiles at various distances from the side,

top and bottom of the cask for both normal and accident conditions. The method of solution is continuous energy Monte Carlo with a Monte Carlo based weight window generator to accelerate code convergence. Weight window and problem convergence is verified by the 10 statistical checks performed by MCNP. Radial or axial biasing is performed depending on the desired dose location.

Significant validation literature is available for MCNP as it is an industry standard tool for spent fuel cask evaluations. Available literature covers a range of shielding penetration problems ranging from slab geometry to spent fuel cask geometries. Confirmatory calculations against other validated shielding codes (SCALE and MCBEND) on NAC casks have further validated the use of MCNP for shielding evaluations.

MCNP Flux-to-Dose Conversion Factors

The ANSI/ANS 6.1.1-1977 flux-to-dose rate conversion factors are employed in the MCNP analysis.

Three-Dimensional Dose Rates for SLOWPOKE Fuel

Table 5.3.23-7 provides maximum dose rates for the tabulated distances and transport conditions (normal and accident). Table 5.3.23-8 contains key results. Significant margin is present for all dose rate limits.

Calculated normal condition radial surface dose rates are below 200 mrem/hr. The Transportation Index (TI) is 15.2 (dose at 1 meter). As the transport index is over 10, an exclusive use designation for the NAC-LWT is used.

The maximum dose rate is dominated by the gamma component. The radial surface dose rate profile is shown in Figure 5.3.23-12. The normal condition maximum radial 2-meter dose rate is 3.1 mrem/hr. As expected, the dose rate profile is skewed towards the top of the cask, as shown Figure 5.3.23-13.

The maximum dose rate at the exposed cask surface above the neutron shield is 42.3 mrem/hr, significantly below the maximum radial dose rate taken from the surface of the neutron shield shell.

Accident condition radial 1-meter dose rates are well below the 1,000 mrem/hr limit. The radial dose rate profile is shown in Figure 5.3.23-14, with the bounding dose rate taken from the azimuthal profile shown in Figure 5.3.23-15.

Figure 5.3.23-1 SLOWPOKE Fuel Element

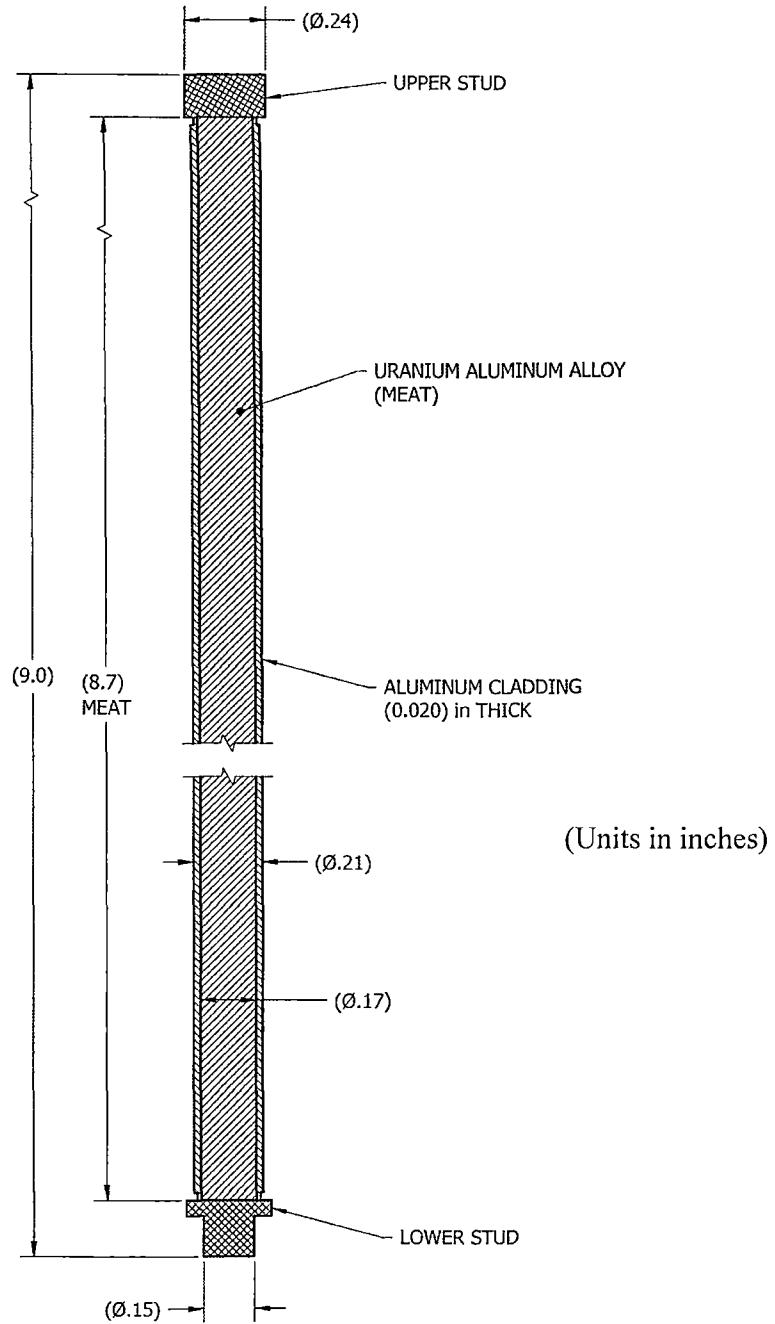


Figure 5.3.23-2 SLOWPOKE Core TRITON Model - Reference

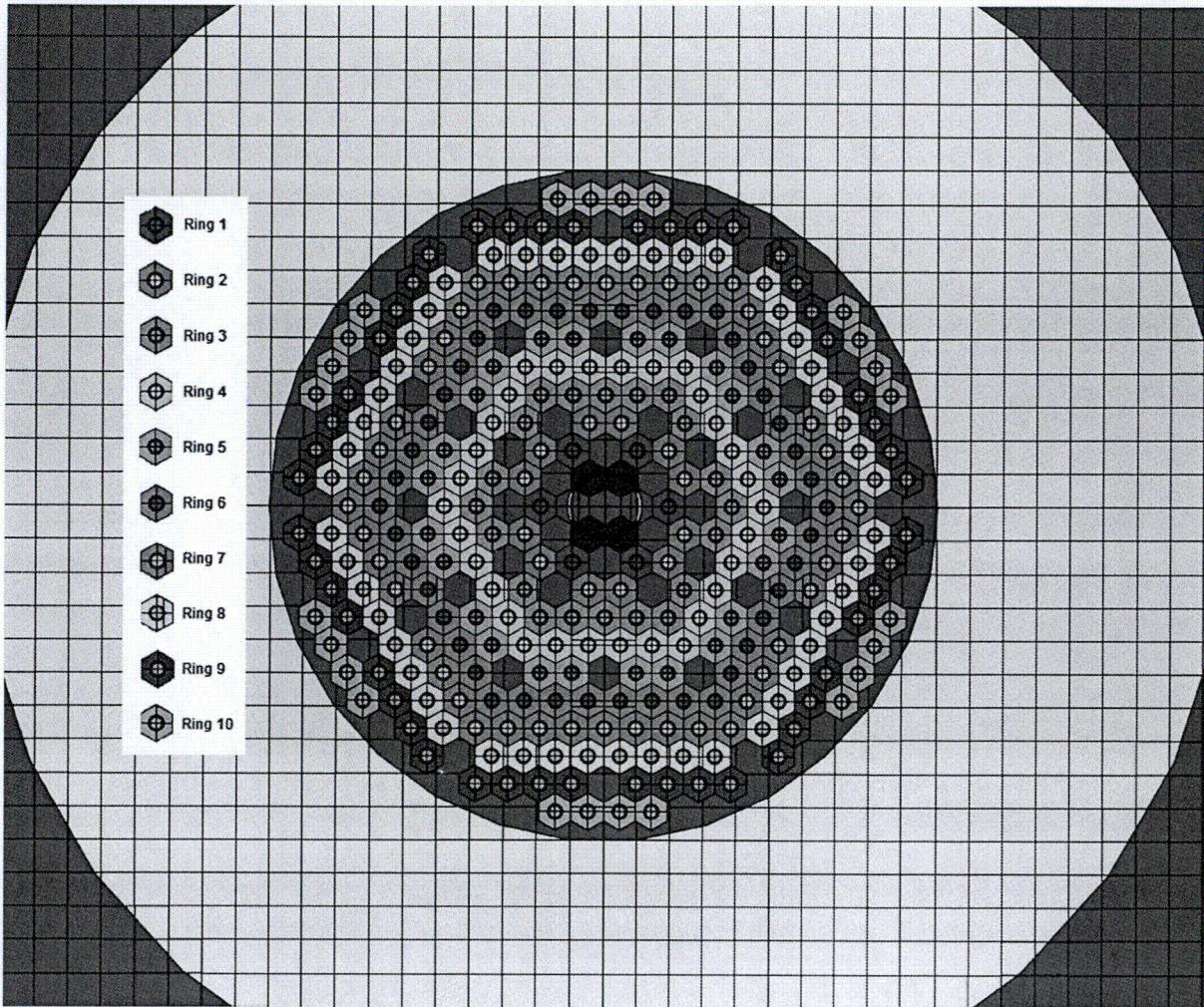


Figure 5.3.23-3 SLOWPOKE Core TRITON Model - Compact

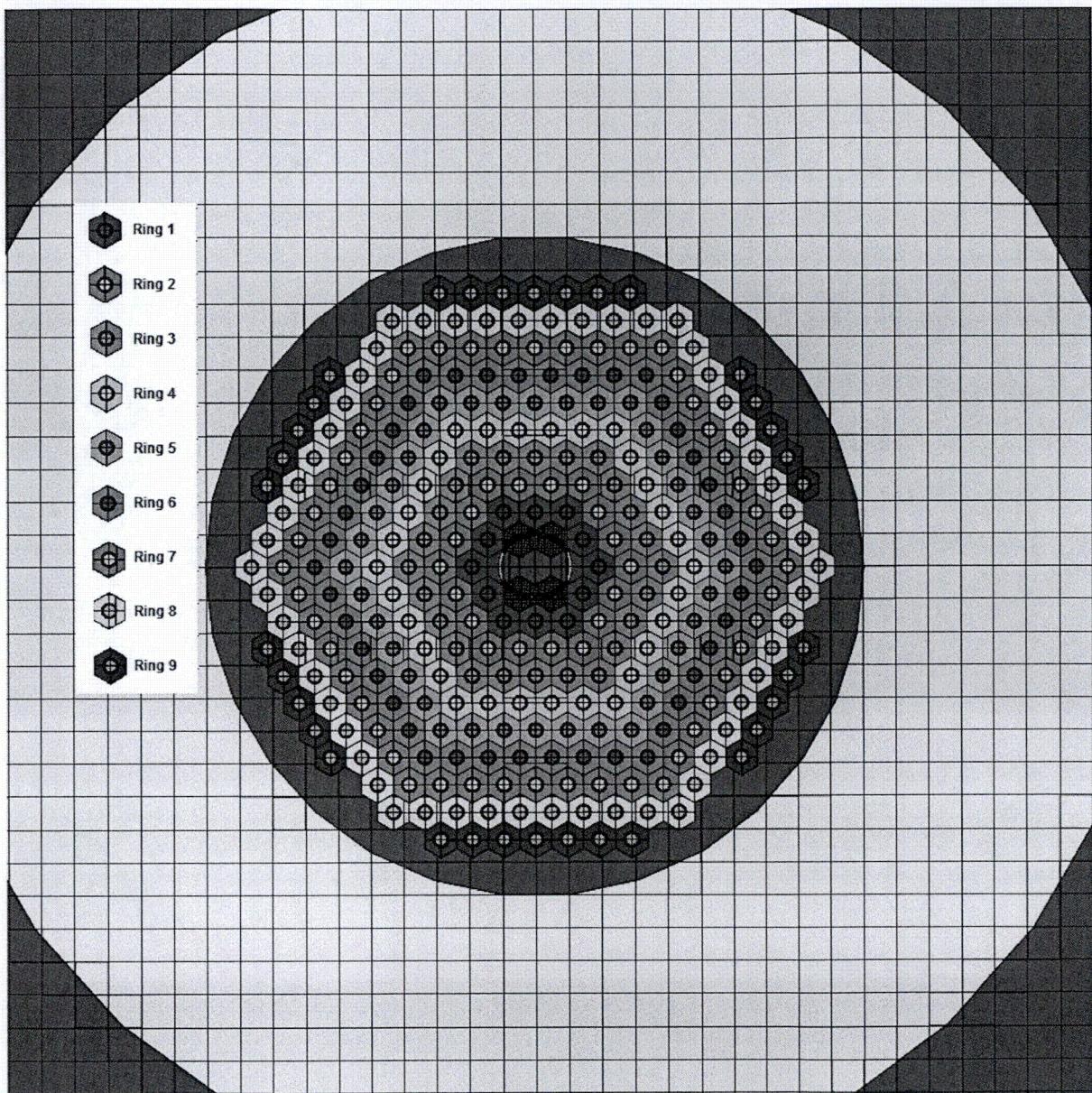


Figure 5.3.23-4 TRITON Input for SLOWPOKE Fuel - Reference

```

=t-depl      (parm=centrm)
SLOWPOKE CORE NEWT / CENTRM Depletion - 1.104 cm Rod Pitch - 15 GWD/MTU
V7-238
read comp
U     1 DEN=3.51 0.288 373.0  92235 90.0  92238 10.0  END
AL    1 DEN=3.51 0.712 373.0  END
AL   11 1.0 363.0 END
H2O  21 1.0 313.0 END
U     2 DEN=3.51 0.288 373.0  92235 90.0  92238 10.0  END
AL    2 DEN=3.51 0.712 373.0  END
AL   12 1.0 363.0 END
H2O  22 1.0 313.0 END
U     3 DEN=3.51 0.288 373.0  92235 90.0  92238 10.0  END
AL    3 DEN=3.51 0.712 373.0  END
AL   13 1.0 363.0 END
H2O  23 1.0 313.0 END
U     4 DEN=3.51 0.288 373.0  92235 90.0  92238 10.0  END
AL    4 DEN=3.51 0.712 373.0  END
AL   14 1.0 363.0 END
H2O  24 1.0 313.0 END
U     5 DEN=3.51 0.288 373.0  92235 90.0  92238 10.0  END
AL    5 DEN=3.51 0.712 373.0  END
AL   15 1.0 363.0 END
H2O  25 1.0 313.0 END
U     6 DEN=3.51 0.288 373.0  92235 90.0  92238 10.0  END
AL    6 DEN=3.51 0.712 373.0  END
AL   16 1.0 363.0 END
H2O  26 1.0 313.0 END
U     7 DEN=3.51 0.288 373.0  92235 90.0  92238 10.0  END
AL    7 DEN=3.51 0.712 373.0  END
AL   17 1.0 363.0 END
H2O  27 1.0 313.0 END
U     8 DEN=3.51 0.288 373.0  92235 90.0  92238 10.0  END
AL    8 DEN=3.51 0.712 373.0  END
AL   18 1.0 363.0 END
H2O  28 1.0 313.0 END
U     9 DEN=3.51 0.288 373.0  92235 90.0  92238 10.0  END
AL    9 DEN=3.51 0.712 373.0  END
AL   19 1.0 363.0 END
H2O  29 1.0 313.0 END
U    10 DEN=3.51 0.288 373.0  92235 90.0  92238 10.0  END
AL   10 DEN=3.51 0.712 373.0  END
AL   20 1.0 363.0 END
H2O  30 1.0 313.0 END
BE   33 1.0 313.0 END
end comp
read celldata
latticecell triangpitch pitch=1.104  21 fueld=0.422 1 cladd=0.524 11 end
latticecell triangpitch pitch=1.104  22 fueld=0.422 2 cladd=0.524 12 end
latticecell triangpitch pitch=1.104  23 fueld=0.422 3 cladd=0.524 13 end
latticecell triangpitch pitch=1.104  24 fueld=0.422 4 cladd=0.524 14 end
latticecell triangpitch pitch=1.104  25 fueld=0.422 5 cladd=0.524 15 end
latticecell triangpitch pitch=1.104  26 fueld=0.422 6 cladd=0.524 16 end
latticecell triangpitch pitch=1.104  27 fueld=0.422 7 cladd=0.524 17 end
latticecell triangpitch pitch=1.104  28 fueld=0.422 8 cladd=0.524 18 end
latticecell triangpitch pitch=1.104  29 fueld=0.422 9 cladd=0.524 19 end
latticecell triangpitch pitch=1.104  30 fueld=0.422 10 cladd=0.524 20 end
end celldata
read depletion 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 end depletion
read opus
matl= 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 0 end units=grams
new case
units=watts
new case
typarams=gspectrum
units=part
new case

```

```
typarms=nspectrum
units=parts
end opus
read burndata
' 298rods-927 gram fuel - 20kW/Core (21.50MW/MTU)
power=21.50 burn=100 down=0 end
power=21.50 burn=200 down=0 end
power=21.50 burn=200 down=0 end
power=21.50 burn=198 down=14 end
end burndata
read model
SLOWPOKE 298 Rod Assembly - Beryllium Reflector - Collapse 44-group
read parm
prtflux=no drawit=yes
xnlib=4 run=yes prtmxsec=no prt broad=no
prtmxtab=yes cmfd=no echo=yes
end parm
read materials
mix=1 pn=1 end
mix=11 pn=1 end
mix=21 pn=2 end
mix=2 pn=1 end
mix=12 pn=1 end
mix=22 pn=2 end
mix=3 pn=1 end
mix=13 pn=1 end
mix=23 pn=2 end
mix=4 pn=1 end
mix=14 pn=1 end
mix=24 pn=2 end
mix=5 pn=1 end
mix=15 pn=1 end
mix=25 pn=2 end
mix=6 pn=1 end
mix=16 pn=1 end
mix=26 pn=2 end
mix=7 pn=1 end
mix=17 pn=1 end
mix=27 pn=2 end
mix=8 pn=1 end
mix=18 pn=1 end
mix=28 pn=2 end
mix=9 pn=1 end
mix=19 pn=1 end
mix=29 pn=2 end
mix=10 pn=1 end
mix=20 pn=1 end
mix=30 pn=2 end
mix=33 pn=2 end
end materials
read geom
' Ring 1
unit 1
cylinder 10 0.211
cylinder 20 0.262
hex prism 30 0.552
media 1 1 10
media 11 1 20 -10
media 21 1 30 -20
boundary 30 2 2
' Ring 2
unit 2
cylinder 10 0.211
cylinder 20 0.262
hex prism 30 0.552
media 2 1 10
media 12 1 20 -10
media 22 1 30 -20
boundary 30 2 2
' Ring 3
unit 3
```

```
cylinder 10 0.211
cylinder 20 0.262
hexprism 30 0.552
media 3 1 10
media 13 1 20 -10
media 23 1 30 -20
boundary 30 2 2
' Ring 4
unit 4
cylinder 10 0.211
cylinder 20 0.262
hexprism 30 0.552
media 4 1 10
media 14 1 20 -10
media 24 1 30 -20
boundary 30 2 2
' Ring 5
unit 5
cylinder 10 0.211
cylinder 20 0.262
hexprism 30 0.552
media 5 1 10
media 15 1 20 -10
media 25 1 30 -20
boundary 30 2 2
' Ring 6
unit 6
cylinder 10 0.211
cylinder 20 0.262
hexprism 30 0.552
media 6 1 10
media 16 1 20 -10
media 26 1 30 -20
boundary 30 2 2
' Ring 7
unit 7
cylinder 10 0.211
cylinder 20 0.262
hexprism 30 0.552
media 7 1 10
media 17 1 20 -10
media 27 1 30 -20
boundary 30 2 2
' Ring 8
unit 8
cylinder 10 0.211
cylinder 20 0.262
hexprism 30 0.552
media 8 1 10
media 18 1 20 -10
media 28 1 30 -20
boundary 30 2 2
' Ring 9
unit 9
cylinder 10 0.211
cylinder 20 0.262
hexprism 30 0.552
media 9 1 10
media 19 1 20 -10
media 29 1 30 -20
boundary 30 2 2
' Ring 10
unit 10
cylinder 10 0.211
cylinder 20 0.262
hexprism 30 0.552
media 10 1 10
media 20 1 20 -10
media 30 1 30 -20
boundary 30 2 2
' Center Empty
```

```
unit 11
hexprism 30 0.552
media 21 1 30
boundary 30 2 2
' Around Center Empty
unit 12
hexprism 30 0.552
media 21 1 30
boundary 30 2 2
' Right Side Test Unit
unit 14
cylinder 20 1.1684 sides=36 origin x=-1.102
    chord +x=-0.20 chord +y=-0.55
    chord -y=+0.55
cylinder 25 1.27 sides=36 origin x=-1.102
    chord +x=-0.20 chord +y=-0.55
    chord -y=+0.55
hexprism 30 0.552
media 21 1 20 30
media 11 1 25 30 -20
media 21 1 30 -25 -20
boundary 30 2 2
' Bottom Right Side Test Unit
unit 15
cuboid 20 0.5 0.0 0.2 0.1 rotate a1=35
cuboid 25 -0.0 -0.5 -0.00 -0.10 rotate a1=12
hexprism 30 0.552
media 11 1 20
media 11 1 25
media 21 1 30 -20 -25
boundary 30 15 15
' Bottom Left Side Test Unit
unit 16
cuboid 20 0.5 0.0 -0.0 -0.10 rotate a1=-12
cuboid 25 -0.0 -0.5 0.2 0.1 rotate a1=-35
hexprism 30 0.552
media 11 1 20
media 11 1 25
media 21 1 30 -20 -25
boundary 30 15 15
' Left Side Test Unit
unit 17
cylinder 20 1.1684 sides=36 origin x=1.102
    chord -x=0.20 chord +y=-0.55
    chord -y=+0.55
cylinder 25 1.27 sides=36 origin x=1.102
    chord -x=0.20 chord +y=-0.55
    chord -y=+0.55
hexprism 30 0.552
media 21 1 20 30
media 11 1 25 30 -20
media 21 1 30 -25 -20
boundary 30 2 2
' Top Right Side Test Unit
unit 18
cuboid 20 0.5 0.0 -0.00 -0.10 rotate a1=-35
cuboid 25 -0.0 -0.5 0.2 0.1 rotate a1=-12
hexprism 30 0.552
media 11 1 20
media 11 1 25
media 21 1 30 -20 -25
boundary 30 15 15
' Top Left Side Test Unit
unit 19
cuboid 20 0.5 0.0 0.2 0.1 rotate a1=12
cuboid 25 -0.0 -0.5 -0.0 -0.10 rotate a1=35
hexprism 30 0.552
media 11 1 20
media 11 1 25
media 21 1 30 -20 -25
boundary 30 15 15
```


Figure 5.3.23-5 VISED X-Y Slice – SLOWPOKE Core – Normal Conditions

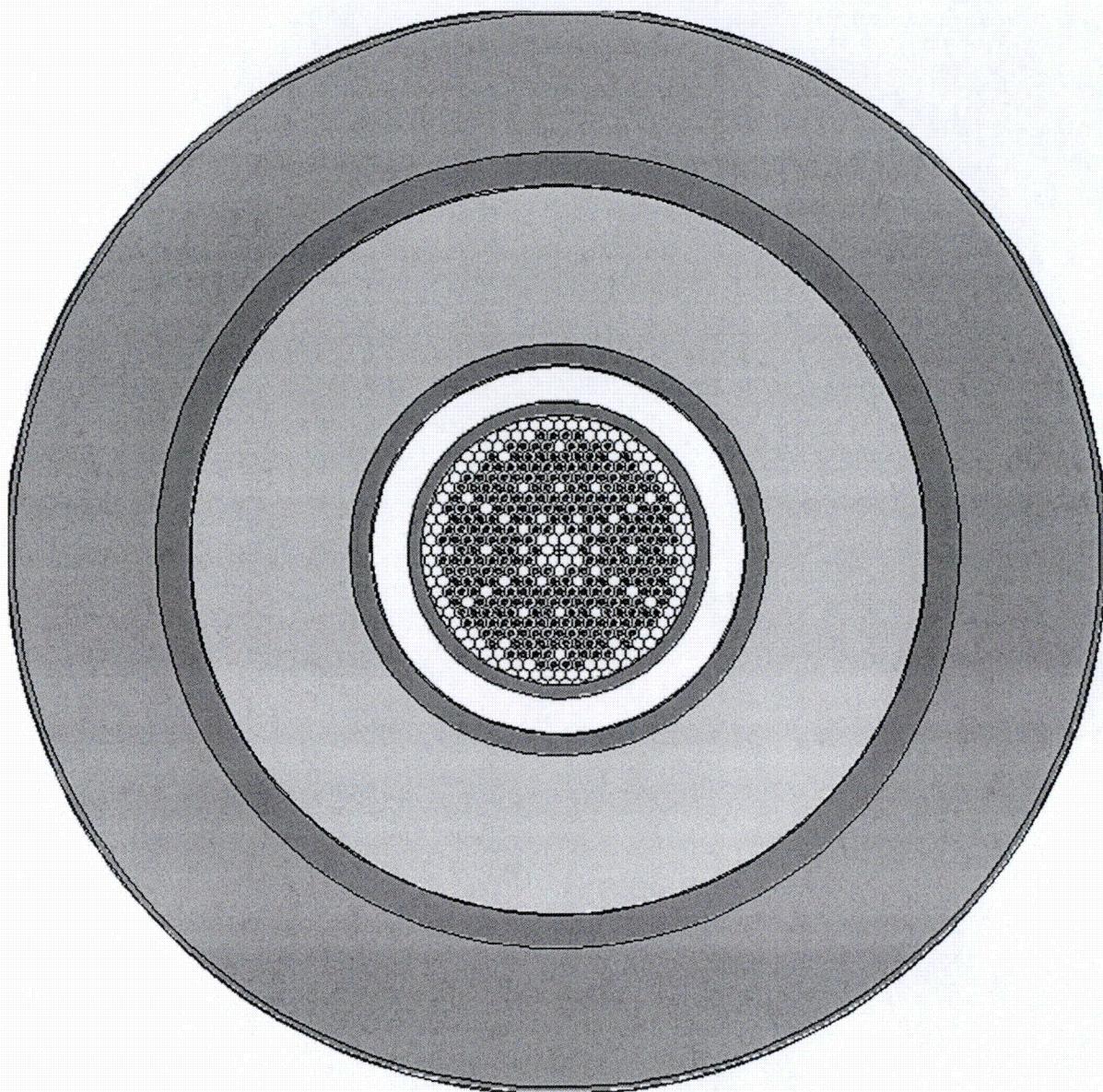
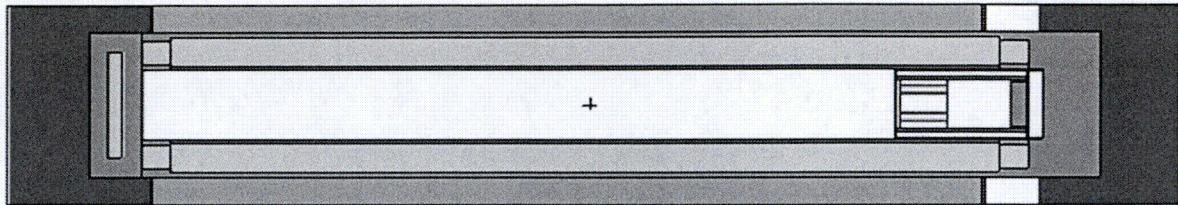


Figure 5.3.23-6 VISED Y-Z Slice – SLOWPOKE Core – Normal Conditions



Note: SLOWPOKE fuel core basket is shifted to the NAC-LWT lid. Void space indicated by model is the space occupied by the basket lid collar whose material, but not spacing, is conservatively removed from the model. Location of the fuel core near the bottom of the basket cavity is maintained by a spacer structurally evaluated to survive both normal and accident conditions of transport.

Figure 5.3.23-7 Sample MCNP Input File – Normal Conditions

```

100 0 -100 fill=1 $ AziTrun
110 0 -110 +100 fill=1 $ Surface
310 0 -310 +110 $ AziSurFuel
329 0 -329 +110 +310 $ lft
429 0 -429 +110 +310 +329 $ lm
529 0 -529 +110 +310 +329 +429 $ Azilm
548 0 -548 +110 +310 +329 +429 +529 $ 2m
648 0 -648 +110 +310 +329 +429 +529 +548 $ 2m+Convey
748 0 -748 +110 +310 +329 +429 +529 +548 +648 $ Azi2m+Con
848 0 +110 +310 +329 +429 +529 +548 +648 +748 $ Exterior

C Fuel Rod Surfaces
1 CZ 0.2108      $ Fuel Meat OD
2 CZ 0.2616      $ Clad OD
3 PZ 0.4572      $ Lower Fuel Cut Plain
4 PZ 22.4536     $ Upper Fuel Cut Plain
5 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 0.3302 0.0000 0.0000 0.1270 0.3048 $ Lower Stud Rim
6 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.3302 0.1930 $ Lower Stud Cap
7 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 22.4536 0.0000 0.0000 0.3810 0.3048 $ Upper Stud
C Fuel Core Lattice Surface
8 RHP 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 22.8346
          0.5518 0.0 0.0 $ Lattice Cell
C Surfaces - SLOWPOKE Core Basket
9 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 3.3274 0.0000 0.0000 22.8346 12.3824 $ Core
10 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 1.2700 16.8466 $ Base Plate
11 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 1.2700 0.0000 0.0000 64.8970 13.6525 $ Tube OD
12 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 1.2700 0.0000 0.0000 64.8970 12.3825 $ Tube ID
13 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 58.5470 0.0000 0.0000 7.6200 10.9982 $ Shield Plug
14 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 66.1670 0.0000 0.0000 1.2700 16.8466 $ Lid Plate
15 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 67.4370 0.0000 0.0000 6.9850 16.84655 $ Lid Spacer
C Surfaces - LWT Cavity
16 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 377.6980 0.0000 0.0000 74.4220 16.8467 $ Basket
C Surfaces - LWT Cask Normal Conditions
17 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 -26.6700 0.0000 0.0000 507.3650 36.5189 $ Lwt
18 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 -26.6700 0.0000 0.0000 26.6700 36.5189 $ Bottom
19 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 452.1200 16.9863 $ Cavity
20 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 -17.7800 0.0000 0.0000 7.6200 26.3525 $ Bottom gamma shield
21 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 444.5000 20.1740 $ Lead id - taper
22 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 444.5000 31.5976 $ Lead od - taper
23 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 13.8176 0.0000 0.0000 416.8648 18.9103 $ Lead id
24 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 13.8176 0.0000 0.0000 416.8648 33.3271 $ Lead od
25 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 13.8176 0.0000 0.0000 416.8648 33.4645 $ Lead gap
26 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 3.8100 0.0000 0.0000 419.1000 49.8183 $ Neutron shield shell
27 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 5.0800 0.0000 0.0000 416.5600 49.2189 $ Neutron shield
28 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 450.2150 0.0000 0.0000 70.5612 49.8183 $ Upper limiter
29 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 -68.0212 0.0000 0.0000 71.8312 49.8183 $ Lower limiter
30 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 -68.0212 0.0000 0.0000 588.7974 49.8183 $ Container
C Radial Detector DRA (AziTrun)
100 PZ 0.0000 0.0000 422.9200 0.0000 0.0000 27.2850 36.6189
101 PZ 425.6485
102 PZ 428.3770
103 PZ 431.1055
104 PZ 433.8340
105 PZ 436.5625
106 PZ 439.2910
107 PZ 442.0195
108 PZ 444.7480
109 PZ 447.4765
C Radial Detector DRB (Surface)
110 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 -68.1212 0.0000 0.0000 588.9974 49.9184
111 PZ -65.1762
112 PZ -62.2312
113 PZ -59.2862
114 PZ -56.3413
115 PZ -53.3963
116 PZ -50.4513
117 PZ -47.5063
118 PZ -44.5613
119 PZ -41.6163
120 PZ -38.6713
121 PZ -35.7263

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| 122 | PZ | -32.7814 |
| 123 | PZ | -29.8364 |
| 124 | PZ | -26.8914 |
| 125 | PZ | -23.9464 |
| 126 | PZ | -21.0014 |
| 127 | PZ | -18.0564 |
| 128 | PZ | -15.1114 |
| 129 | PZ | -12.1664 |
| 130 | PZ | -9.2215 |
| 131 | PZ | -6.2765 |
| 132 | PZ | -3.3315 |
| 133 | PZ | -0.3865 |
| 134 | PZ | 2.5585 |
| 135 | PZ | 5.5035 |
| 136 | PZ | 8.4485 |
| 137 | PZ | 11.3934 |
| 138 | PZ | 14.3384 |
| 139 | PZ | 17.2834 |
| 140 | PZ | 20.2284 |
| 141 | PZ | 23.1734 |
| 142 | PZ | 26.1184 |
| 143 | PZ | 29.0634 |
| 144 | PZ | 32.0084 |
| 145 | PZ | 34.9533 |
| 146 | PZ | 37.8983 |
| 147 | PZ | 40.8433 |
| 148 | PZ | 43.7883 |
| 149 | PZ | 46.7333 |
| 150 | PZ | 49.6783 |
| 151 | PZ | 52.6233 |
| 152 | PZ | 55.5683 |
| 153 | PZ | 58.5132 |
| 154 | PZ | 61.4582 |
| 155 | PZ | 64.4032 |
| 156 | PZ | 67.3482 |
| 157 | PZ | 70.2932 |
| 158 | PZ | 73.2382 |
| 159 | PZ | 76.1832 |
| 160 | PZ | 79.1282 |
| 161 | PZ | 82.0731 |
| 162 | PZ | 85.0181 |
| 163 | PZ | 87.9631 |
| 164 | PZ | 90.9081 |
| 165 | PZ | 93.8531 |
| 166 | PZ | 96.7981 |
| 167 | PZ | 99.7431 |
| 168 | PZ | 102.6880 |
| 169 | PZ | 105.6330 |
| 170 | PZ | 108.5780 |
| 171 | PZ | 111.5230 |
| 172 | PZ | 114.4680 |
| 173 | PZ | 117.4130 |
| 174 | PZ | 120.3580 |
| 175 | PZ | 123.3030 |
| 176 | PZ | 126.2479 |
| 177 | PZ | 129.1929 |
| 178 | PZ | 132.1379 |
| 179 | PZ | 135.0829 |
| 180 | PZ | 138.0279 |
| 181 | PZ | 140.9729 |
| 182 | PZ | 143.9179 |
| 183 | PZ | 146.8629 |
| 184 | PZ | 149.8078 |
| 185 | PZ | 152.7528 |
| 186 | PZ | 155.6978 |
| 187 | PZ | 158.6428 |
| 188 | PZ | 161.5878 |
| 189 | PZ | 164.5328 |
| 190 | PZ | 167.4778 |
| 191 | PZ | 170.4227 |
| 192 | PZ | 173.3677 |

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| 193 | PZ | 176.3127 |
| 194 | PZ | 179.2577 |
| 195 | PZ | 182.2027 |
| 196 | PZ | 185.1477 |
| 197 | PZ | 188.0927 |
| 198 | PZ | 191.0377 |
| 199 | PZ | 193.9826 |
| 200 | PZ | 196.9276 |
| 201 | PZ | 199.8726 |
| 202 | PZ | 202.8176 |
| 203 | PZ | 205.7626 |
| 204 | PZ | 208.7076 |
| 205 | PZ | 211.6526 |
| 206 | PZ | 214.5976 |
| 207 | PZ | 217.5425 |
| 208 | PZ | 220.4875 |
| 209 | PZ | 223.4325 |
| 210 | PZ | 226.3775 |
| 211 | PZ | 229.3225 |
| 212 | PZ | 232.2675 |
| 213 | PZ | 235.2125 |
| 214 | PZ | 238.1574 |
| 215 | PZ | 241.1024 |
| 216 | PZ | 244.0474 |
| 217 | PZ | 246.9924 |
| 218 | PZ | 249.9374 |
| 219 | PZ | 252.8824 |
| 220 | PZ | 255.8274 |
| 221 | PZ | 258.7724 |
| 222 | PZ | 261.7173 |
| 223 | PZ | 264.6623 |
| 224 | PZ | 267.6073 |
| 225 | PZ | 270.5523 |
| 226 | PZ | 273.4973 |
| 227 | PZ | 276.4423 |
| 228 | PZ | 279.3873 |
| 229 | PZ | 282.3323 |
| 230 | PZ | 285.2772 |
| 231 | PZ | 288.2222 |
| 232 | PZ | 291.1672 |
| 233 | PZ | 294.1122 |
| 234 | PZ | 297.0572 |
| 235 | PZ | 300.0022 |
| 236 | PZ | 302.9472 |
| 237 | PZ | 305.8921 |
| 238 | PZ | 308.8371 |
| 239 | PZ | 311.7821 |
| 240 | PZ | 314.7271 |
| 241 | PZ | 317.6721 |
| 242 | PZ | 320.6171 |
| 243 | PZ | 323.5621 |
| 244 | PZ | 326.5071 |
| 245 | PZ | 329.4520 |
| 246 | PZ | 332.3970 |
| 247 | PZ | 335.3420 |
| 248 | PZ | 338.2870 |
| 249 | PZ | 341.2320 |
| 250 | PZ | 344.1770 |
| 251 | PZ | 347.1220 |
| 252 | PZ | 350.0670 |
| 253 | PZ | 353.0119 |
| 254 | PZ | 355.9569 |
| 255 | PZ | 358.9019 |
| 256 | PZ | 361.8469 |
| 257 | PZ | 364.7919 |
| 258 | PZ | 367.7369 |
| 259 | PZ | 370.6819 |
| 260 | PZ | 373.6269 |
| 261 | PZ | 376.5718 |
| 262 | PZ | 379.5168 |
| 263 | PZ | 382.4618 |

264 PZ 385.4068
265 PZ 388.3518
266 PZ 391.2968
267 PZ 394.2418
268 PZ 397.1867
269 PZ 400.1317
270 PZ 403.0767
271 PZ 406.0217
272 PZ 408.9667
273 PZ 411.9117
274 PZ 414.8567
275 PZ 417.8017
276 PZ 420.7466
277 PZ 423.6916
278 PZ 426.6366
279 PZ 429.5816
280 PZ 432.5266
281 PZ 435.4716
282 PZ 438.4166
283 PZ 441.3616
284 PZ 444.3065
285 PZ 447.2515
286 PZ 450.1965
287 PZ 453.1415
288 PZ 456.0865
289 PZ 459.0315
290 PZ 461.9765
291 PZ 464.9214
292 PZ 467.8664
293 PZ 470.8114
294 PZ 473.7564
295 PZ 476.7014
296 PZ 479.6464
297 PZ 482.5914
298 PZ 485.5364
299 PZ 488.4813
300 PZ 491.4263
301 PZ 494.3713
302 PZ 497.3163
303 PZ 500.2613
304 PZ 503.2063
305 PZ 506.1513
306 PZ 509.0963
307 PZ 512.0412
308 PZ 514.9862
309 PZ 517.9312
C Radial Detector DRBA (AziSurFuel)
310 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 385.0000 0.0000 0.0000 10.0000 49.9185
311 PX 0.0000
312 1 PX 0.0000
313 2 PX 0.0000
314 3 PX 0.0000
315 4 PX 0.0000
316 5 PX 0.0000
317 6 PX 0.0000
318 7 PX 0.0000
319 8 PX 0.0000
320 PY 0.0000
321 10 PX 0.0000
322 11 PX 0.0000
323 12 PX 0.0000
324 13 PX 0.0000
325 14 PX 0.0000
326 15 PX 0.0000
327 16 PX 0.0000
328 17 PX 0.0000
C Radial Detector DRC (1ft)
329 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 -98.6012 0.0000 0.0000 649.9574 80.2984
330 PZ -92.1016
331 PZ -85.6021
332 PZ -79.1025

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| 333 | PZ | -72.6029 |
| 334 | PZ | -66.1033 |
| 335 | PZ | -59.6038 |
| 336 | PZ | -53.1042 |
| 337 | PZ | -46.6046 |
| 338 | PZ | -40.1050 |
| 339 | PZ | -33.6055 |
| 340 | PZ | -27.1059 |
| 341 | PZ | -20.6063 |
| 342 | PZ | -14.1067 |
| 343 | PZ | -7.6072 |
| 344 | PZ | -1.1076 |
| 345 | PZ | 5.3920 |
| 346 | PZ | 11.8916 |
| 347 | PZ | 18.3911 |
| 348 | PZ | 24.8907 |
| 349 | PZ | 31.3903 |
| 350 | PZ | 37.8899 |
| 351 | PZ | 44.3894 |
| 352 | PZ | 50.8890 |
| 353 | PZ | 57.3886 |
| 354 | PZ | 63.8882 |
| 355 | PZ | 70.3877 |
| 356 | PZ | 76.8873 |
| 357 | PZ | 83.3869 |
| 358 | PZ | 89.8864 |
| 359 | PZ | 96.3860 |
| 360 | PZ | 102.8856 |
| 361 | PZ | 109.3852 |
| 362 | PZ | 115.8847 |
| 363 | PZ | 122.3843 |
| 364 | PZ | 128.8839 |
| 365 | PZ | 135.3835 |
| 366 | PZ | 141.8830 |
| 367 | PZ | 148.3826 |
| 368 | PZ | 154.8822 |
| 369 | PZ | 161.3818 |
| 370 | PZ | 167.8813 |
| 371 | PZ | 174.3809 |
| 372 | PZ | 180.8805 |
| 373 | PZ | 187.3801 |
| 374 | PZ | 193.8796 |
| 375 | PZ | 200.3792 |
| 376 | PZ | 206.8788 |
| 377 | PZ | 213.3784 |
| 378 | PZ | 219.8779 |
| 379 | PZ | 226.3775 |
| 380 | PZ | 232.8771 |
| 381 | PZ | 239.3766 |
| 382 | PZ | 245.8762 |
| 383 | PZ | 252.3758 |
| 384 | PZ | 258.8754 |
| 385 | PZ | 265.3749 |
| 386 | PZ | 271.8745 |
| 387 | PZ | 278.3741 |
| 388 | PZ | 284.8737 |
| 389 | PZ | 291.3732 |
| 390 | PZ | 297.8728 |
| 391 | PZ | 304.3724 |
| 392 | PZ | 310.8720 |
| 393 | PZ | 317.3715 |
| 394 | PZ | 323.8711 |
| 395 | PZ | 330.3707 |
| 396 | PZ | 336.8703 |
| 397 | PZ | 343.3698 |
| 398 | PZ | 349.8694 |
| 399 | PZ | 356.3690 |
| 400 | PZ | 362.8686 |
| 401 | PZ | 369.3681 |
| 402 | PZ | 375.8677 |
| 403 | PZ | 382.3673 |

404 PZ 388.8669
405 PZ 395.3664
406 PZ 401.8660
407 PZ 408.3656
408 PZ 414.8651
409 PZ 421.3647
410 PZ 427.8643
411 PZ 434.3639
412 PZ 440.8634
413 PZ 447.3630
414 PZ 453.8626
415 PZ 460.3622
416 PZ 466.8617
417 PZ 473.3613
418 PZ 479.8609
419 PZ 486.3605
420 PZ 492.8600
421 PZ 499.3596
422 PZ 505.8592
423 PZ 512.3588
424 PZ 518.8583
425 PZ 525.3579
426 PZ 531.8575
427 PZ 538.3571
428 PZ 544.8566
C Radial Detector DRD (1m)
429 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 -168.1212 0.0000 0.0000 788.9974 149.8184
430 PZ -160.2312
431 PZ -152.3413
432 PZ -144.4513
433 PZ -136.5613
434 PZ -128.6713
435 PZ -120.7814
436 PZ -112.8914
437 PZ -105.0014
438 PZ -97.1114
439 PZ -89.2215
440 PZ -81.3315
441 PZ -73.4415
442 PZ -65.5515
443 PZ -57.6616
444 PZ -49.7716
445 PZ -41.8816
446 PZ -33.9916
447 PZ -26.1017
448 PZ -18.2117
449 PZ -10.3217
450 PZ -2.4317
451 PZ 5.4582
452 PZ 13.3482
453 PZ 21.2382
454 PZ 29.1282
455 PZ 37.0181
456 PZ 44.9081
457 PZ 52.7981
458 PZ 60.6880
459 PZ 68.5780
460 PZ 76.4680
461 PZ 84.3580
462 PZ 92.2479
463 PZ 100.1379
464 PZ 108.0279
465 PZ 115.9179
466 PZ 123.8078
467 PZ 131.6978
468 PZ 139.5878
469 PZ 147.4778
470 PZ 155.3677
471 PZ 163.2577
472 PZ 171.1477
473 PZ 179.0377

474 PZ 186.9276
475 PZ 194.8176
476 PZ 202.7076
477 PZ 210.5976
478 PZ 218.4875
479 PZ 226.3775
480 PZ 234.2675
481 PZ 242.1574
482 PZ 250.0474
483 PZ 257.9374
484 PZ 265.8274
485 PZ 273.7173
486 PZ 281.6073
487 PZ 289.4973
488 PZ 297.3873
489 PZ 305.2772
490 PZ 313.1672
491 PZ 321.0572
492 PZ 328.9472
493 PZ 336.8371
494 PZ 344.7271
495 PZ 352.6171
496 PZ 360.5071
497 PZ 368.3970
498 PZ 376.2870
499 PZ 384.1770
500 PZ 392.0670
501 PZ 399.9569
502 PZ 407.8469
503 PZ 415.7369
504 PZ 423.6269
505 PZ 431.5168
506 PZ 439.4068
507 PZ 447.2968
508 PZ 455.1867
509 PZ 463.0767
510 PZ 470.9667
511 PZ 478.8567
512 PZ 486.7466
513 PZ 494.6366
514 PZ 502.5266
515 PZ 510.4166
516 PZ 518.3065
517 PZ 526.1965
518 PZ 534.0865
519 PZ 541.9765
520 PZ 549.8664
521 PZ 557.7564
522 PZ 565.6464
523 PZ 573.5364
524 PZ 581.4263
525 PZ 589.3163
526 PZ 597.2063
527 PZ 605.0963
528 PZ 612.9862
C Radial Detector DRDA (Azilm)
529 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 385.0000 0.0000 0.0000 15.0000 149.8185
530 PX 0.0000
531 1 PX 0.0000
532 2 PX 0.0000
533 3 PX 0.0000
534 4 PX 0.0000
535 5 PX 0.0000
536 6 PX 0.0000
537 7 PX 0.0000
538 8 PX 0.0000
539 PY 0.0000
540 10 PX 0.0000
541 11 PX 0.0000
542 12 PX 0.0000
543 13 PX 0.0000

544 14 PX 0.0000
545 15 PX 0.0000
546 16 PX 0.0000
547 17 PX 0.0000
C Radial Detector DRE (2m)
548 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 -268.1212 0.0000 0.0000 988.9974 249.8184
549 PZ -258.2312
550 PZ -248.3413
551 PZ -238.4513
552 PZ -228.5613
553 PZ -218.6713
554 PZ -208.7814
555 PZ -198.8914
556 PZ -189.0014
557 PZ -179.1114
558 PZ -169.2215
559 PZ -159.3315
560 PZ -149.4415
561 PZ -139.5515
562 PZ -129.6616
563 PZ -119.7716
564 PZ -109.8816
565 PZ -99.9916
566 PZ -90.1017
567 PZ -80.2117
568 PZ -70.3217
569 PZ -60.4317
570 PZ -50.5418
571 PZ -40.6518
572 PZ -30.7618
573 PZ -20.8719
574 PZ -10.9819
575 PZ -1.0919
576 PZ 8.7981
577 PZ 18.6880
578 PZ 28.5780
579 PZ 38.4680
580 PZ 48.3580
581 PZ 58.2479
582 PZ 68.1379
583 PZ 78.0279
584 PZ 87.9179
585 PZ 97.8078
586 PZ 107.6978
587 PZ 117.5878
588 PZ 127.4778
589 PZ 137.3677
590 PZ 147.2577
591 PZ 157.1477
592 PZ 167.0377
593 PZ 176.9276
594 PZ 186.8176
595 PZ 196.7076
596 PZ 206.5976
597 PZ 216.4875
598 PZ 226.3775
599 PZ 236.2675
600 PZ 246.1574
601 PZ 256.0474
602 PZ 265.9374
603 PZ 275.8274
604 PZ 285.7173
605 PZ 295.6073
606 PZ 305.4973
607 PZ 315.3873
608 PZ 325.2772
609 PZ 335.1672
610 PZ 345.0572
611 PZ 354.9472
612 PZ 364.8371
613 PZ 374.7271

614 PZ 384.6171
615 PZ 394.5071
616 PZ 404.3970
617 PZ 414.2870
618 PZ 424.1770
619 PZ 434.0670
620 PZ 443.9569
621 PZ 453.8469
622 PZ 463.7369
623 PZ 473.6269
624 PZ 483.5168
625 PZ 493.4068
626 PZ 503.2968
627 PZ 513.1867
628 PZ 523.0767
629 PZ 532.9667
630 PZ 542.8567
631 PZ 552.7466
632 PZ 562.6366
633 PZ 572.5266
634 PZ 582.4166
635 PZ 592.3065
636 PZ 602.1965
637 PZ 612.0865
638 PZ 621.9765
639 PZ 631.8664
640 PZ 641.7564
641 PZ 651.6464
642 PZ 661.5364
643 PZ 671.4263
644 PZ 681.3163
645 PZ 691.2063
646 PZ 701.0963
647 PZ 710.9862
C Radial Detector DRF (2m+Convey)
648 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 -269.1212 0.0000 0.0000 990.9974 321.9200
649 PZ -259.2112
650 PZ -249.3013
651 PZ -239.3913
652 PZ -229.4813
653 PZ -219.5713
654 PZ -209.6614
655 PZ -199.7514
656 PZ -189.8414
657 PZ -179.9314
658 PZ -170.0215
659 PZ -160.1115
660 PZ -150.2015
661 PZ -140.2915
662 PZ -130.3816
663 PZ -120.4716
664 PZ -110.5616
665 PZ -100.6516
666 PZ -90.7417
667 PZ -80.8317
668 PZ -70.9217
669 PZ -61.0117
670 PZ -51.1018
671 PZ -41.1918
672 PZ -31.2818
673 PZ -21.3719
674 PZ -11.4619
675 PZ -1.5519
676 PZ 8.3581
677 PZ 18.2680
678 PZ 28.1780
679 PZ 38.0880
680 PZ 47.9980
681 PZ 57.9079
682 PZ 67.8179
683 PZ 77.7279

684 PZ 87.6379
685 PZ 97.5478
686 PZ 107.4578
687 PZ 117.3678
688 PZ 127.2778
689 PZ 137.1877
690 PZ 147.0977
691 PZ 157.0077
692 PZ 166.9177
693 PZ 176.8276
694 PZ 186.7376
695 PZ 196.6476
696 PZ 206.5576
697 PZ 216.4675
698 PZ 226.3775
699 PZ 236.2875
700 PZ 246.1974
701 PZ 256.1074
702 PZ 266.0174
703 PZ 275.9274
704 PZ 285.8373
705 PZ 295.7473
706 PZ 305.6573
707 PZ 315.5673
708 PZ 325.4772
709 PZ 335.3872
710 PZ 345.2972
711 PZ 355.2072
712 PZ 365.1171
713 PZ 375.0271
714 PZ 384.9371
715 PZ 394.8471
716 PZ 404.7570
717 PZ 414.6670
718 PZ 424.5770
719 PZ 434.4870
720 PZ 444.3969
721 PZ 454.3069
722 PZ 464.2169
723 PZ 474.1269
724 PZ 484.0368
725 PZ 493.9468
726 PZ 503.8568
727 PZ 513.7667
728 PZ 523.6767
729 PZ 533.5867
730 PZ 543.4967
731 PZ 553.4066
732 PZ 563.3166
733 PZ 573.2266
734 PZ 583.1366
735 PZ 593.0465
736 PZ 602.9565
737 PZ 612.8665
738 PZ 622.7765
739 PZ 632.6864
740 PZ 642.5964
741 PZ 652.5064
742 PZ 662.4164
743 PZ 672.3263
744 PZ 682.2363
745 PZ 692.1463
746 PZ 702.0563
747 PZ 711.9662
C Radial Detector DRFA (Azi2m+Con)
748 RCC 0.0000 0.0000 390.0000 0.0000 0.0000 20.0000 321.9201
749 PX 0.0000
750 1 PX 0.0000
751 2 PX 0.0000
752 3 PX 0.0000
753 4 PX 0.0000

```
754 5 PX 0.0000
755 6 PX 0.0000
756 7 PX 0.0000
757 8 PX 0.0000
758 PY 0.0000
759 10 PX 0.0000
760 11 PX 0.0000
761 12 PX 0.0000
762 13 PX 0.0000
763 14 PX 0.0000
764 15 PX 0.0000
765 16 PX 0.0000
766 17 PX 0.0000

C
C Materials List
C
C U-Al Fuel
m1 92235 -2.5201E-01 92238 -2.8001E-02 13027 -7.1999E-01
C Water
m2 1001 6.6667E-01 8016 3.3333E-01
mt2 lwtr.01
C Water/Glycol
m3 1001 -1.03200E-01 8016 -6.82400E-01 6000 -2.14400E-01
C Aluminum
m4 13027 -1.0
C Lead
m5 82000 -1.0
C Stainless Steel 304
m6 26000 -0.695 24000 -0.190 28000 -0.095
25055 -0.020
C Aluminum Honeycomb Impact Limiter
m7 13027 -1.0
C
C Cell Importances
imp:p 1 38r 0
C
C Source Definition - Fuel Gamma
C 15 Gwd/MTU burnup, 90 wt% U-235, 14-day cool time, 2.786 g U-235 per rod, 39 W/core
sdef RAD=d1 EXT=d2 ERG=d3 cell=d4
    POS= 0.0000 0.0000 0.4572
    AXS= 0.0000 0.0000 1.0000
sil 0 0.2108
spl -21 1
si2 0 21.9964
sp2 0 1
si3 1.000E-02 4.500E-02 1.000E-01 2.000E-01 3.000E-01 4.000E-01
6.000E-01 8.000E-01 1.000E+00 1.330E+00 1.660E+00 2.000E+00
2.500E+00 3.000E+00 4.000E+00 5.000E+00 6.500E+00 8.000E+00
1.000E+01
sp3 0.0000E+00 3.1684E+11 1.0982E+11 1.3380E+11 2.3964E+10 5.7276E+10
1.5811E+11 4.3248E+11 4.1310E+10 2.5592E+09 1.0587E+11 3.5978E+08
2.0105E+09 3.4304E+09 2.6553E+07 7.9396E-04 1.8338E-04 3.4862E-05
7.4653E-06
# SI4 SP4
L D
110:17:14:7:6:-1 1.0000
mode p
nps 6.40E+07
C
C ANSI/ANS-6.1.1-1977 - Gamma Flux-to-Dose Conversion Factors
C (mrem/hr)/(photons/cm2-sec)
de0 0.01 0.03 0.05 0.07 0.1 0.15 0.2
0.25 0.3 0.35 0.4 0.45 0.5 0.55
0.6 0.65 0.7 0.8 1 1.4 1.8
2.2 2.6 2.8 3.25 3.75 4.25 4.75
5 5.25 5.75 6.25 6.75 7.5 9
11 13 15
df0 3.96E-03 5.82E-04 2.90E-04 2.58E-04 2.83E-04 3.79E-04 5.01E-04
6.31E-04 7.59E-04 8.78E-04 9.85E-04 1.08E-03 1.17E-03 1.27E-03
1.36E-03 1.44E-03 1.52E-03 1.68E-03 1.98E-03 2.51E-03 2.99E-03
```

```
3.42E-03 3.82E-03 4.01E-03 4.41E-03 4.83E-03 5.23E-03 5.60E-03
5.80E-03 6.01E-03 6.37E-03 6.74E-03 7.11E-03 7.66E-03 8.77E-03
1.03E-02 1.18E-02 1.33E-02

C
C Weight Window Generation - Radial
wwg 2 0 0 0
wwp:p 5 3 5 0 -1 0
mesh geom=cyl ref=0 13 402 origin=0.1 0.1 -568
imesh 16.8 17.0 18.9 33.3 36.5 49.2 49.8 549.8
iints 1 1 1 5 1 1 1 1
jmesh 500 541 550 558 568 947 969 1020 1049 1089 1589
jints 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
kmesh 1
kints 1
wwge:p 1e-3 1 20
fc2 Radial AziTrun Tally
f2:p +100.1
fm2 4.13583E+14
fs2 -101 -102 -103 -104 -105 -106
-107 -108 -109 T
tf2
fc12 Radial Surface Tally
f12:p +110.1
fm12 4.13583E+14
fs12 -111 -112 -113 -114 -115 -116
-117 -118 -119 -120 -121 -122
-123 -124 -125 -126 -127 -128
-129 -130 -131 -132 -133 -134
-135 -136 -137 -138 -139 -140
-141 -142 -143 -144 -145 -146
-147 -148 -149 -150 -151 -152
-153 -154 -155 -156 -157 -158
-159 -160 -161 -162 -163 -164
-165 -166 -167 -168 -169 -170
-171 -172 -173 -174 -175 -176
-177 -178 -179 -180 -181 -182
-183 -184 -185 -186 -187 -188
-189 -190 -191 -192 -193 -194
-195 -196 -197 -198 -199 -200
-201 -202 -203 -204 -205 -206
-207 -208 -209 -210 -211 -212
-213 -214 -215 -216 -217 -218
-219 -220 -221 -222 -223 -224
-225 -226 -227 -228 -229 -230
-231 -232 -233 -234 -235 -236
-237 -238 -239 -240 -241 -242
-243 -244 -245 -246 -247 -248
-249 -250 -251 -252 -253 -254
-255 -256 -257 -258 -259 -260
-261 -262 -263 -264 -265 -266
-267 -268 -269 -270 -271 -272
-273 -274 -275 -276 -277 -278
-279 -280 -281 -282 -283 -284
-285 -286 -287 -288 -289 -290
-291 -292 -293 -294 -295 -296
-297 -298 -299 -300 -301 -302
-303 -304 -305 -306 -307 -308
-309 T
tf12
fc22 Radial AziSurFuel Tally Q1 (+x+y)
f22:p +310.1
fm22 4.13583E+14
fs22 -311 -320
-312 -313 -314 -315 -316 -317
-318 -319 T
sd22 1.5682E+03 7.8412E+02 8.7124E+01 8r 3.1365E+03
tf22
fc32 Radial AziSurFuel Tally Q2 (-x+y)
f32:p +310.1
fm32 4.13583E+14
fs32 +311 -320
```

```
+321  +322  +323  +324  +325  +326
+327  +328  T
sd32 1.5682E+03  7.8412E+02  8.7124E+01  8r  3.1365E+03
tf32
fc42 Radial AziSurFuel Tally Q3 (-x-y)
f42:p +310.1
fm42 4.13583E+14
fs42 +311  +320
+312  +313  +314  +315  +316  +317
+318  +319  T
sd42 1.5682E+03  7.8412E+02  8.7124E+01  8r  3.1365E+03
tf42
fc52 Radial AziSurFuel Tally Q4 (+x-y)
f52:p +310.1
fm52 4.13583E+14
fs52 -311  +320
-321  -322  -323  -324  -325  -326
-327  -328  T
sd52 1.5682E+03  7.8412E+02  8.7124E+01  8r  3.1365E+03
tf52
fc62 Radial lft Tally
f62:p +329.1
fm62 4.13583E+14
fs62 -330  -331  -332  -333  -334  -335
-336  -337  -338  -339  -340  -341
-342  -343  -344  -345  -346  -347
-348  -349  -350  -351  -352  -353
-354  -355  -356  -357  -358  -359
-360  -361  -362  -363  -364  -365
-366  -367  -368  -369  -370  -371
-372  -373  -374  -375  -376  -377
-378  -379  -380  -381  -382  -383
-384  -385  -386  -387  -388  -389
-390  -391  -392  -393  -394  -395
-396  -397  -398  -399  -400  -401
-402  -403  -404  -405  -406  -407
-408  -409  -410  -411  -412  -413
-414  -415  -416  -417  -418  -419
-420  -421  -422  -423  -424  -425
-426  -427  -428  T
tf62
fc72 Radial lm Tally
f72:p +429.1
fm72 4.13583E+14
fs72 -430  -431  -432  -433  -434  -435
-436  -437  -438  -439  -440  -441
-442  -443  -444  -445  -446  -447
-448  -449  -450  -451  -452  -453
-454  -455  -456  -457  -458  -459
-460  -461  -462  -463  -464  -465
-466  -467  -468  -469  -470  -471
-472  -473  -474  -475  -476  -477
-478  -479  -480  -481  -482  -483
-484  -485  -486  -487  -488  -489
-490  -491  -492  -493  -494  -495
-496  -497  -498  -499  -500  -501
-502  -503  -504  -505  -506  -507
-508  -509  -510  -511  -512  -513
-514  -515  -516  -517  -518  -519
-520  -521  -522  -523  -524  -525
-526  -527  -528  T
tf72
fc82 Radial Azilm Tally Q1 (+x+y)
f82:p +529.1
fm82 4.13583E+14
fs82 -530  -539
-531  -532  -533  -534  -535  -536
-537  -538  T
sd82 7.0600E+03  3.5300E+03  3.9222E+02  8r  1.4120E+04
tf82
fc92 Radial Azilm Tally Q2 (-x+y)
```

```
f92:p +529.1
fm92 4.13583E+14
fs92 +530 -539
    +540 +541 +542 +543 +544 +545
    +546 +547 T
sd92 7.0600E+03 3.5300E+03 3.9222E+02 8r 1.4120E+04
tf92
fc102 Radial Azilm Tally Q3 (-x-y)
f102:p +529.1
fm102 4.13583E+14
fs102 +530 +539
    +531 +532 +533 +534 +535 +536
    +537 +538 T
sd102 7.0600E+03 3.5300E+03 3.9222E+02 8r 1.4120E+04
tf102
fc112 Radial Azilm Tally Q4 (+x-y)
f112:p +529.1
fm112 4.13583E+14
fs112 -530 +539
    -540 -541 -542 -543 -544 -545
    -546 -547 T
sd112 7.0600E+03 3.5300E+03 3.9222E+02 8r 1.4120E+04
tf112
fc122 Radial 2m Tally
f122:p +548.1
fm122 4.13583E+14
fs122 -549 -550 -551 -552 -553 -554
    -555 -556 -557 -558 -559 -560
    -561 -562 -563 -564 -565 -566
    -567 -568 -569 -570 -571 -572
    -573 -574 -575 -576 -577 -578
    -579 -580 -581 -582 -583 -584
    -585 -586 -587 -588 -589 -590
    -591 -592 -593 -594 -595 -596
    -597 -598 -599 -600 -601 -602
    -603 -604 -605 -606 -607 -608
    -609 -610 -611 -612 -613 -614
    -615 -616 -617 -618 -619 -620
    -621 -622 -623 -624 -625 -626
    -627 -628 -629 -630 -631 -632
    -633 -634 -635 -636 -637 -638
    -639 -640 -641 -642 -643 -644
    -645 -646 -647 T
tf122
fc132 Radial 2m+Convey Tally
f132:p +648.1
fm132 4.13583E+14
fs132 -649 -650 -651 -652 -653 -654
    -655 -656 -657 -658 -659 -660
    -661 -662 -663 -664 -665 -666
    -667 -668 -669 -670 -671 -672
    -673 -674 -675 -676 -677 -678
    -679 -680 -681 -682 -683 -684
    -685 -686 -687 -688 -689 -690
    -691 -692 -693 -694 -695 -696
    -697 -698 -699 -700 -701 -702
    -703 -704 -705 -706 -707 -708
    -709 -710 -711 -712 -713 -714
    -715 -716 -717 -718 -719 -720
    -721 -722 -723 -724 -725 -726
    -727 -728 -729 -730 -731 -732
    -733 -734 -735 -736 -737 -738
    -739 -740 -741 -742 -743 -744
    -745 -746 -747 T
tf132
fc142 Radial Azi2m+Con Tally Q1 (+x+y)
f142:p +748.1
fm142 4.13583E+14
fs142 -749 -758
    -750 -751 -752 -753 -754 -755
    -756 -757 T
```

```

sd142 2.0227E+04 1.0113E+04 1.1237E+03 8r 4.0454E+04
tf142
fc152 Radial Azi2m+Con Tally Q2 (-x+y)
f152:p +748.1
fm152 4.13583E+14
fs152 +749 -758
    +759 +760 +761 +762 +763 +764
    +765 +766 T
sd152 2.0227E+04 1.0113E+04 1.1237E+03 8r 4.0454E+04
tf152
fc162 Radial Azi2m+Con Tally Q3 (-x-y)
f162:p +748.1
fm162 4.13583E+14
fs162 +749 +758
    +750 +751 +752 +753 +754 +755
    +756 +757 T
sd162 2.0227E+04 1.0113E+04 1.1237E+03 8r 4.0454E+04
tf162
fc172 Radial Azi2m+Con Tally Q4 (+x-y)
f172:p +748.1
fm172 4.13583E+14
fs172 -749 +758
    -759 -760 -761 -762 -763 -764
    -765 -766 T
sd172 2.0227E+04 1.0113E+04 1.1237E+03 8r 4.0454E+04
tf172
C
C Print Control
prdmp -30 -60 1 2
print
C Random Number Generator
rand gen=2 seed=33982735979567 stride=152917 hist=1
C
C Rotation Matrix
C
*TR1 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 10 100 90 -80 10 90 90 90 0
*TR2 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 20 110 90 -70 20 90 90 90 0
*TR3 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 30 120 90 -60 30 90 90 90 0
*TR4 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 40 130 90 -50 40 90 90 90 0
*TR5 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 50 140 90 -40 50 90 90 90 0
*TR6 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 60 150 90 -30 60 90 90 90 0
*TR7 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 70 160 90 -20 70 90 90 90 0
*TR8 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 80 170 90 -10 80 90 90 90 0
*TR9 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 90 180 90 0 90 90 90 90 0
*TR10 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 100 190 90 10 100 90 90 90 0
*TR11 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 110 200 90 20 110 90 90 90 0
*TR12 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 120 210 90 30 120 90 90 90 0
*TR13 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 130 220 90 40 130 90 90 90 0
*TR14 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 140 230 90 50 140 90 90 90 0
*TR15 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 150 240 90 60 150 90 90 90 0
*TR16 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 160 250 90 70 160 90 90 90 0
*TR17 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 170 260 90 80 170 90 90 90 0
*TR18 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 180 270 90 90 180 90 90 90 0
*TR19 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 190 280 90 100 190 90 90 90 0
*TR20 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 200 290 90 110 200 90 90 90 0
*TR21 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 210 300 90 120 210 90 90 90 0
*TR22 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 220 310 90 130 220 90 90 90 0
*TR23 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 230 320 90 140 230 90 90 90 0
*TR24 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 240 330 90 150 240 90 90 90 0
*TR25 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 250 340 90 160 250 90 90 90 0
*TR26 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 260 350 90 170 260 90 90 90 0
*TR27 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 270 360 90 180 270 90 90 90 0
*TR28 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 280 370 90 190 280 90 90 90 0
*TR29 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 290 380 90 200 290 90 90 90 0
*TR30 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 300 390 90 210 300 90 90 90 0
*TR31 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 310 400 90 220 310 90 90 90 0
*TR32 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 320 410 90 230 320 90 90 90 0
*TR33 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 330 420 90 240 330 90 90 90 0
*TR34 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 340 430 90 250 340 90 90 90 0
*TR35 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 350 440 90 260 350 90 90 90 0
*TR36 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 360 450 90 270 360 90 90 90 0

```

Figure 5.3.23-8 VISED X-Y Slice – SLOWPOKE Core – Accident Conditions

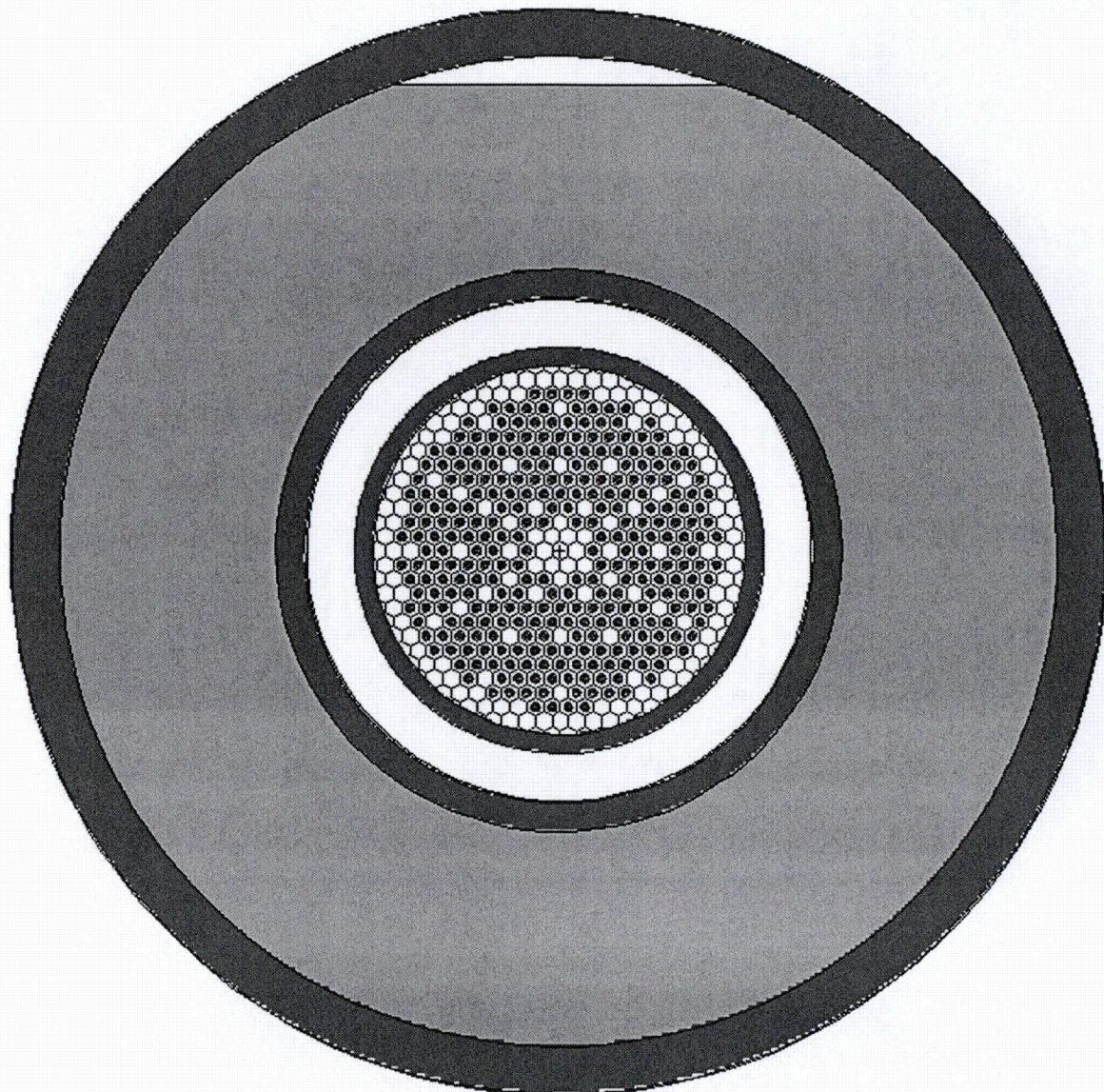
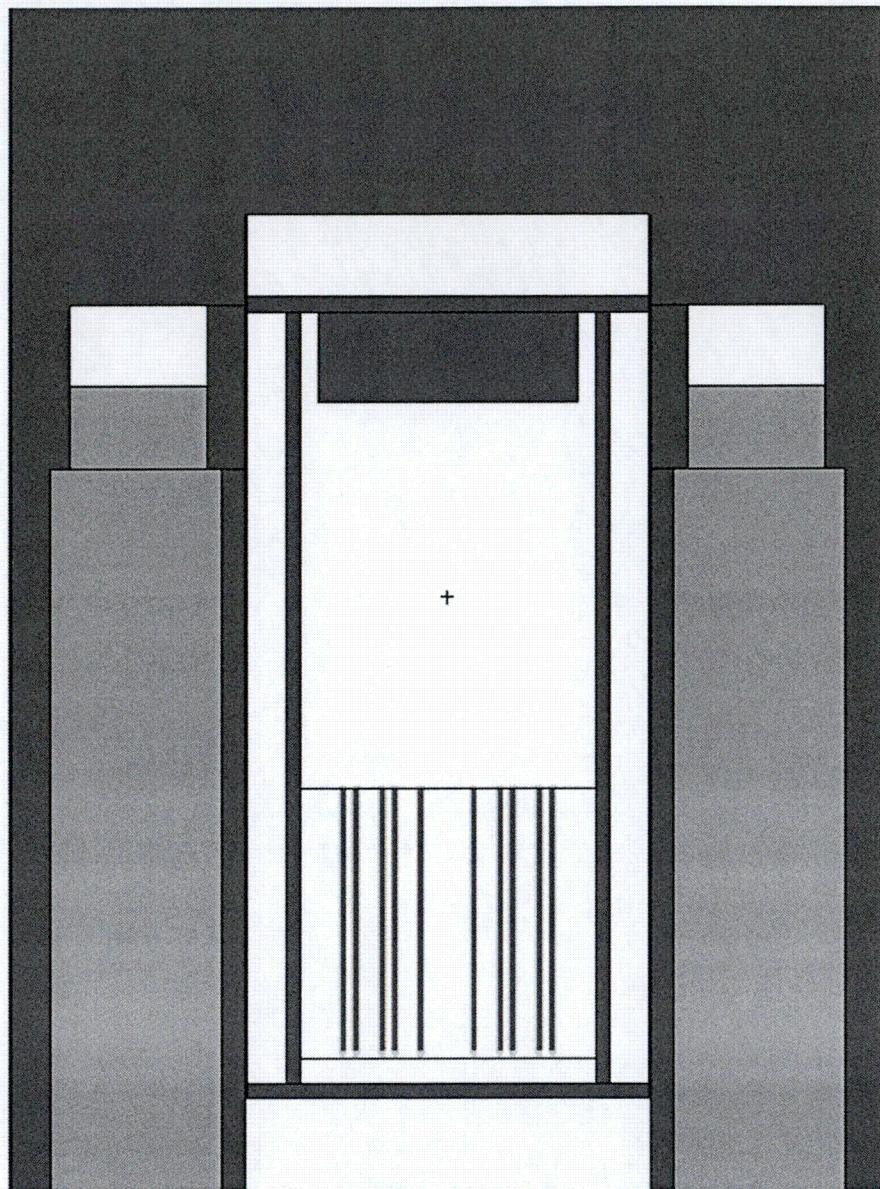


Figure 5.3.23-9 VISED Y-Z Slice – SLOWPOKE – Accident Conditions



Note: SLOWPOKE fuel core basket is shifted to the NAC-LWT lid. Void space indicated by the model is the space occupied by the basket lid collar whose material, but not spacing, is conservatively removed from the model. Location of the fuel core near the bottom of the basket cavity is maintained by a spacer structurally evaluated to survive both normal and accident conditions of transport.

Figure 5.3.23-10 SLOWPOKE Core Basket Sketch

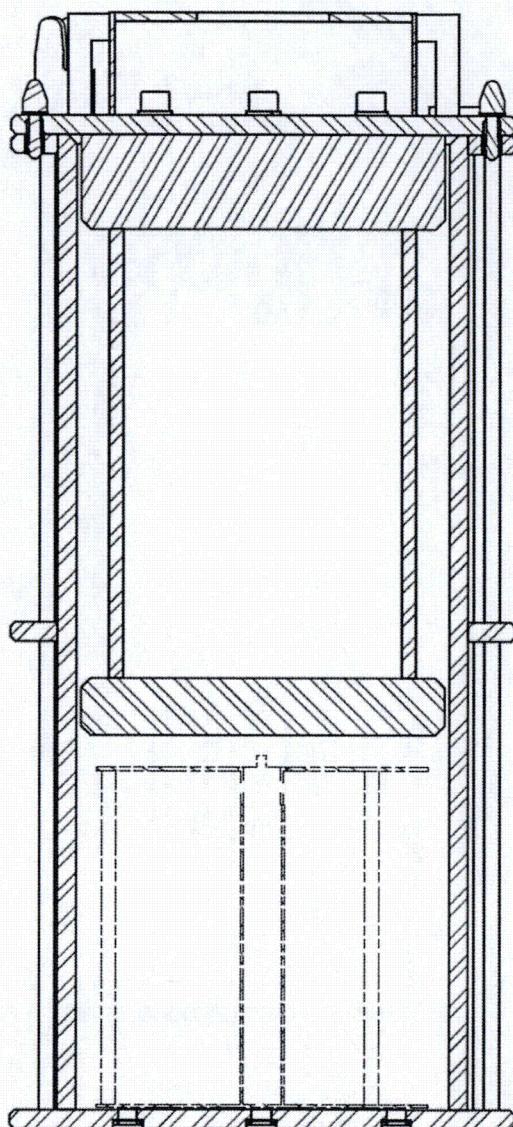


Figure 5.3.23-11 Sample MCNP Input File – Accident Conditions

| | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----|----------|--------|----------|--------|--------|-----------|-------------|-------------------------|
| 300 | 0 | -300 | +100 | +200 | \$ 2m | | | | |
| 400 | 0 | -400 | +100 | +200 | +300 | \$ 5m | | | |
| 500 | 0 | -500 | +100 | +200 | +300 | +400 | \$ Edge | | |
| 600 | 0 | -600 | +100 | +200 | +300 | +400 | +500 | \$ Driver | |
| 700 | 0 | +100 | +200 | +300 | +400 | +500 | +600 | \$ Exterior | |
| C Fuel Rod Surfaces | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | CZ | 0.2108 | | | | | | | \$ Fuel Meat OD |
| 2 | CZ | 0.2616 | | | | | | | \$ Clad OD |
| 3 | PZ | 0.4572 | | | | | | | \$ Lower Fuel Cut Plain |
| 4 | PZ | 22.4536 | | | | | | | \$ Upper Fuel Cut Plain |
| 5 | RCC | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.3302 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.1270 | 0.3048 | \$ Lower Stud Rim |
| 6 | RCC | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.3302 | 0.1930 | \$ Lower Stud Cap |
| 7 | RCC | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 22.4536 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.3810 | 0.3048 | \$ Upper Stud |
| C Fuel Core Lattice Surface | | | | | | | | | |
| 8 | RHP | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 22.8346 | | |
| | | | | | | | 0.5518 | 0.0 | \$ Lattice Cell |
| C Surfaces - SLOWPOKE Core Basket | | | | | | | | | |
| 9 | RCC | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 3.3274 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 22.8346 | 12.3824 | \$ Core |
| 10 | RCC | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.2700 | 16.8466 | \$ Base Plate |
| 11 | RCC | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.2700 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 64.8970 | 13.6525 | \$ Tube OD |
| 12 | RCC | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.2700 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 64.8970 | 12.3825 | \$ Tube ID |
| 13 | RCC | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 58.5470 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 7.6200 | 10.9982 | \$ Shield Plug |
| 14 | RCC | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 66.1670 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1.2700 | 16.8466 | \$ Lid Plate |
| 15 | RCC | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 67.4370 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 6.9850 | 16.84655 | \$ Lid Spacer |
| C Surfaces - LWT Cavity | | | | | | | | | |
| 16 | RCC | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 377.6980 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 74.4220 | 16.8467 | \$ Basket |
| C Surfaces - LWT Cask Accident Conditions | | | | | | | | | |
| 17 | RCC | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | -26.6700 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 507.3650 | 36.5189 | \$ Lwt |
| 18 | RCC | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | -26.6700 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 26.6700 | 36.5189 | \$ Bottom |
| 19 | RCC | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 452.1200 | 16.9863 | \$ Cavity |
| 20 | RCC | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | -17.7800 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 7.6200 | 26.3525 | \$ Bottom Gamma Shield |
| 21 | RCC | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 444.5000 | 20.1740 | \$ Lead ID - Taper |
| 22 | RCC | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 444.5000 | 31.5976 | \$ Lead OD - Taper |
| 23 | RCC | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 13.8176 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 416.8648 | 18.9103 | \$ Lead ID |
| 24 | RCC | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 13.8176 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 416.8648 | 33.3271 | \$ Lead OD |
| 25 | PY | 31.4618 | | | | | | | \$ Radial Slump - Main |
| 26 | PY | 31.4618 | | | | | | | \$ Radial Slump - Taper |
| 27 | PZ | 437.6266 | | | | | | | \$ Top Lead Slump |
| C Axial Detector DTA (Surface) | | | | | | | | | |
| 100 | RCC | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | -26.7700 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 507.5650 | 36.5190 | |
| 101 | CZ | 7.3038 | | | | | | | |
| 102 | CZ | 14.6076 | | | | | | | |
| 103 | CZ | 21.9114 | | | | | | | |
| 104 | CZ | 29.2152 | | | | | | | |
| C Axial Detector DTB (1m) | | | | | | | | | |
| 200 | RCC | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | -26.7700 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 607.5650 | 136.5190 | |
| 201 | CZ | 27.3038 | | | | | | | |
| 202 | CZ | 54.6076 | | | | | | | |
| 203 | CZ | 81.9114 | | | | | | | |
| 204 | CZ | 109.2152 | | | | | | | |
| C Axial Detector DTC (2m) | | | | | | | | | |
| 300 | RCC | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | -26.7700 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 707.5650 | 236.5190 | |
| 301 | CZ | 47.3038 | | | | | | | |
| 302 | CZ | 94.6076 | | | | | | | |
| 303 | CZ | 141.9114 | | | | | | | |
| 304 | CZ | 189.2152 | | | | | | | |
| C Axial Detector DTD (5m) | | | | | | | | | |
| 400 | RCC | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | -26.7700 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1007.5650 | 236.6190 | |
| 401 | CZ | 47.3238 | | | | | | | |
| 402 | CZ | 94.6476 | | | | | | | |
| 403 | CZ | 141.9714 | | | | | | | |
| 404 | CZ | 189.2952 | | | | | | | |
| C Axial Detector DTE (Edge) | | | | | | | | | |
| 500 | RCC | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | -26.7700 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1091.6650 | 236.7190 | |
| 501 | CZ | 47.3438 | | | | | | | |
| 502 | CZ | 94.6876 | | | | | | | |
| 503 | CZ | 142.0314 | | | | | | | |
| 504 | CZ | 189.3752 | | | | | | | |
| C Axial Detector DTF (Driver) | | | | | | | | | |
| 600 | RCC | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | -26.7700 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 1244.0650 | 236.8190 | |

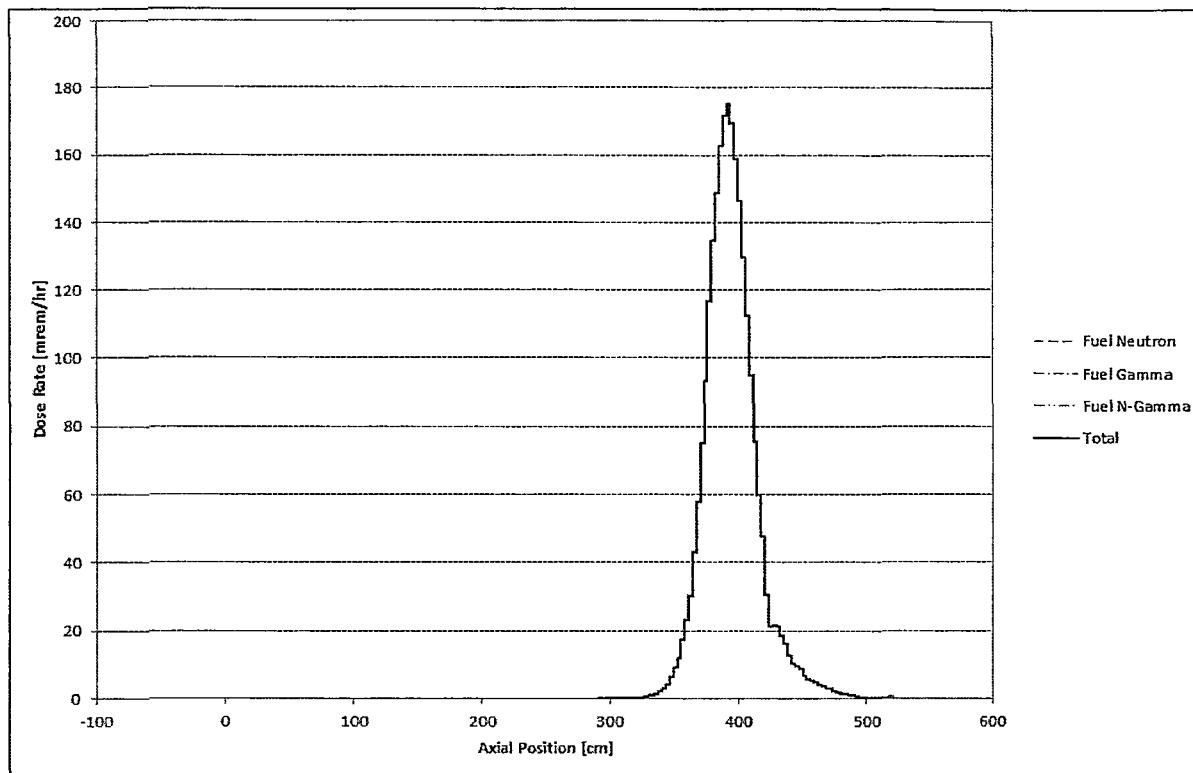
```
601 CZ 47.3638
602 CZ 94.7276
603 CZ 142.0914
604 CZ 189.4552

C
C Materials List
C
C U-Al Fuel
m1 92235 -2.5201E-01 92238 -2.8001E-02 13027 -7.1999E-01
C Water
m2 1001 6.6667E-01 8016 3.3333E-01
mt2 lwtr.01
C Water/Glycol
m3 1001 -1.03200E-01 8016 -6.82400E-01 6000 -2.14400E-01
C Aluminum
m4 13027 -1.0
C Lead
m5 82000 -1.0
C Stainless Steel 304
m6 26000 -0.695 24000 -0.190 28000 -0.095
25055 -0.020
C Aluminum Honeycomb Impact Limiter
m7 13027 -1.0
C
C Cell Importances
imp:n 1 32r 0
C
C Source Definition - Fuel Neutron
C 15 Gwd/MTU burnup, 90 wt% U-235, 14-day cool time, 2.786 g U-235 per rod, 39 w/core
sdef RAD=d1 EXT=d2 ERG=d3 cell=d4
    POS= 0.0000 0.0000 0.4572
    AXS= 0.0000 0.0000 1.0000
si1 0 0.2108
sp1 -21 1
si2 0 21.9964
sp2 0 1
si3 1.000E-11 1.000E-08 3.000E-08 5.000E-08 1.000E-07 2.250E-07
3.250E-07 4.140E-07 8.000E-07 1.000E-06 1.130E-06 1.300E-06
1.860E-06 3.060E-06 1.070E-05 2.900E-05 1.010E-04 5.830E-04
3.040E-03 1.500E-02 1.110E-01 4.080E-01 9.070E-01 1.420E+00
1.830E+00 3.010E+00 6.380E+00 2.000E+01
sp3 0.0000E+00 7.7644E-17 1.7532E-16 3.4335E-14 7.9442E-14 2.6321E-13
4.0690E-13 2.2042E-13 2.1252E-12 1.5718E-12 8.2450E-13 1.3824E-12
6.4949E-12 1.6664E-11 1.8663E-10 2.4523E-09 1.5003E-08 1.2291E-06
1.2619E-05 1.5888E-04 5.3354E-03 4.7898E-02 9.6974E-02 1.1373E-01
6.2345E-02 2.3453E-02 1.4419E-03 8.5813E-05
# SI4 SP4
L D
100:17:14:7:6:-1 1.0000
mode n
nps 6.40E+06
C
C ANSI/ANS-6.1.1-1977 - Neutron Flux-to-Dose Conversion Factors
C (mrrem/hr)/(neutrons/cm2-sec)
de0 2.5E-08 1E-07 1E-06 0.00001 0.0001 0.001 0.01
0.1 0.5 1 2.5 5 7 10
14 20
df0 3.67E-03 3.67E-03 4.46E-03 4.54E-03 4.18E-03 3.76E-03 3.56E-03
2.17E-02 9.26E-02 1.32E-01 1.25E-01 1.56E-01 1.47E-01 1.47E-01
2.08E-01 2.27E-01
C
C Weight Window Generation - Top Axial
wwg 2 0 0 0
wwp:n 5 3 5 0 -1 0
mesh geom=cyl ref=0 0 400 origin=0.1 0.1 -527
    imesh 16.8 17.0 18.9 33.3 36.5 536.5
    iints 1 1 1 1 1 1
    jmesh 500 509 517 527 906 928 979 1007 1507
    jint 1 1 1 1 1 1 12 1 1 1
    kmesh 1
```

```
kints 1
wwge:n 1e-5 1e-3 1 20
fc2 Axial Surface Tally
f2:n +100.2
fm2 1.04728E+02
fs2 -101 -102 -103 -104 T
tf2
fc12 Axial 1m Tally
f12:n +200.2
fm12 1.04728E+02
fs12 -201 -202 -203 -204 T
tf12
fc22 Axial 2m Tally
f22:n +300.2
fm22 1.04728E+02
fs22 -301 -302 -303 -304 T
tf22
fc32 Axial 5m Tally
f32:n +400.2
fm32 1.04728E+02
fs32 -401 -402 -403 -404 T
tf32
fc42 Axial Edge Tally
f42:n +500.2
fm42 1.04728E+02
fs42 -501 -502 -503 -504 T
tf42
fc52 Axial Driver Tally
f52:n +600.2
fm52 1.04728E+02
fs52 -601 -602 -603 -604 T
tf52
C
C Print Control
prdmp -30 -60 1 2
print
C Random Number Generator
rand gen=2 seed=46929924663793 stride=152917 hist=1
C
C Rotation Matrix
C
*TR1 0.0 0.0 0.0 10 100 90 -80 10 90 90 90 0
*TR2 0.0 0.0 0.0 20 110 90 -70 20 90 90 90 0
*TR3 0.0 0.0 0.0 30 120 90 -60 30 90 90 90 0
*TR4 0.0 0.0 0.0 40 130 90 -50 40 90 90 90 0
*TR5 0.0 0.0 0.0 50 140 90 -40 50 90 90 90 0
*TR6 0.0 0.0 0.0 60 150 90 -30 60 90 90 90 0
*TR7 0.0 0.0 0.0 70 160 90 -20 70 90 90 90 0
*TR8 0.0 0.0 0.0 80 170 90 -10 80 90 90 90 0
*TR9 0.0 0.0 0.0 90 180 90 0 90 90 90 90 0
*TR10 0.0 0.0 0.0 100 190 90 10 100 90 90 90 0
*TR11 0.0 0.0 0.0 110 200 90 20 110 90 90 90 0
*TR12 0.0 0.0 0.0 120 210 90 30 120 90 90 90 0
*TR13 0.0 0.0 0.0 130 220 90 40 130 90 90 90 0
*TR14 0.0 0.0 0.0 140 230 90 50 140 90 90 90 0
*TR15 0.0 0.0 0.0 150 240 90 60 150 90 90 90 0
*TR16 0.0 0.0 0.0 160 250 90 70 160 90 90 90 0
*TR17 0.0 0.0 0.0 170 260 90 80 170 90 90 90 0
*TR18 0.0 0.0 0.0 180 270 90 90 180 90 90 90 0
*TR19 0.0 0.0 0.0 190 280 90 100 190 90 90 90 0
*TR20 0.0 0.0 0.0 200 290 90 110 200 90 90 90 0
*TR21 0.0 0.0 0.0 210 300 90 120 210 90 90 90 0
*TR22 0.0 0.0 0.0 220 310 90 130 220 90 90 90 0
*TR23 0.0 0.0 0.0 230 320 90 140 230 90 90 90 0
*TR24 0.0 0.0 0.0 240 330 90 150 240 90 90 90 0
*TR25 0.0 0.0 0.0 250 340 90 160 250 90 90 90 0
*TR26 0.0 0.0 0.0 260 350 90 170 260 90 90 90 0
*TR27 0.0 0.0 0.0 270 360 90 180 270 90 90 90 0
*TR28 0.0 0.0 0.0 280 370 90 190 280 90 90 90 0
*TR29 0.0 0.0 0.0 290 380 90 200 290 90 90 90 0
*TR30 0.0 0.0 0.0 300 390 90 210 300 90 90 90 0
```

```
*TR31 0.0 0.0 0.0 310 400 90 220 310 90 90 90 0
*TR32 0.0 0.0 0.0 320 410 90 230 320 90 90 90 0
*TR33 0.0 0.0 0.0 330 420 90 240 330 90 90 90 0
*TR34 0.0 0.0 0.0 340 430 90 250 340 90 90 90 0
*TR35 0.0 0.0 0.0 350 440 90 260 350 90 90 90 0
*TR36 0.0 0.0 0.0 360 450 90 270 360 90 90 90 0
```

Figure 5.3.23-12 Normal Condition Radial Surface Dose Rate Profile by Source Type – SLOWPOKE Core



Note: Results based on tally located at the radius of the cask neutron shield shell.

Peak dose rates occur at the SLOWPOKE core centerline elevation. Dose rates at the cask surface between impact limiter and neutron shield shell are lower than at the fuel core midplane.

Figure 5.3.23-13 Normal Condition 2-m + Conveyance Radial Surface Dose Rate Profile by Source Type – SLOWPOKE Core

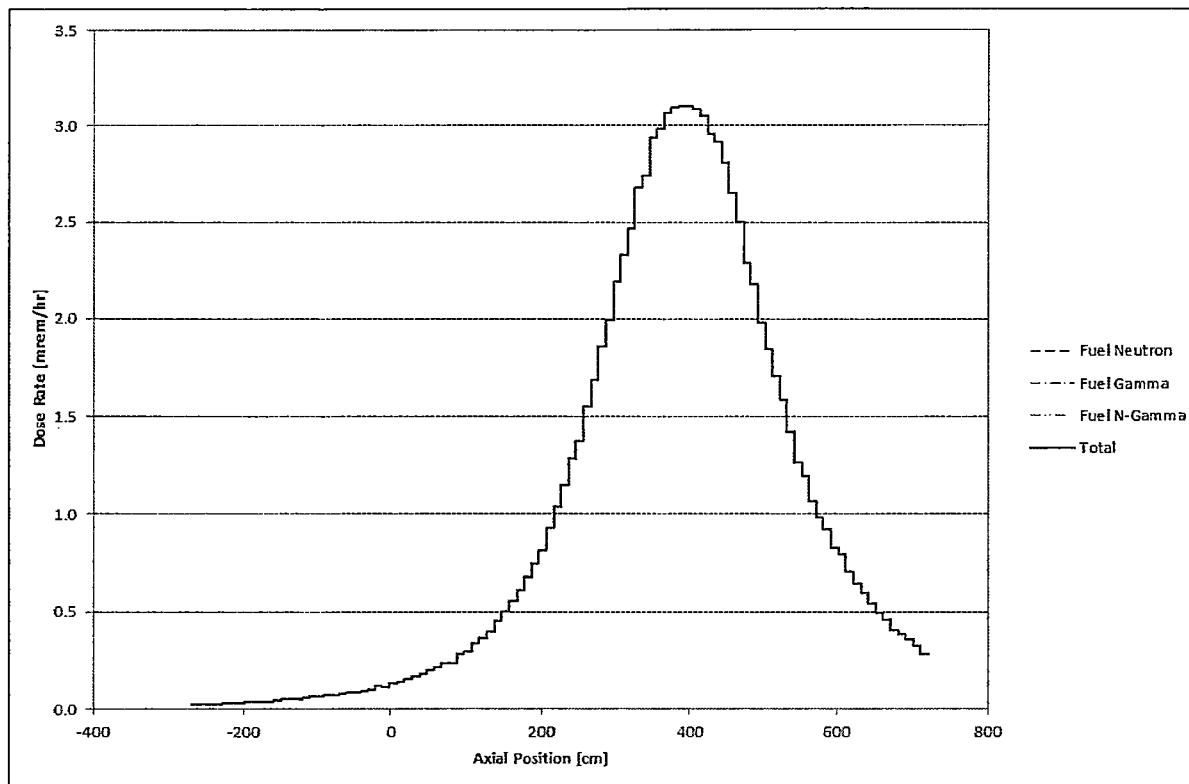
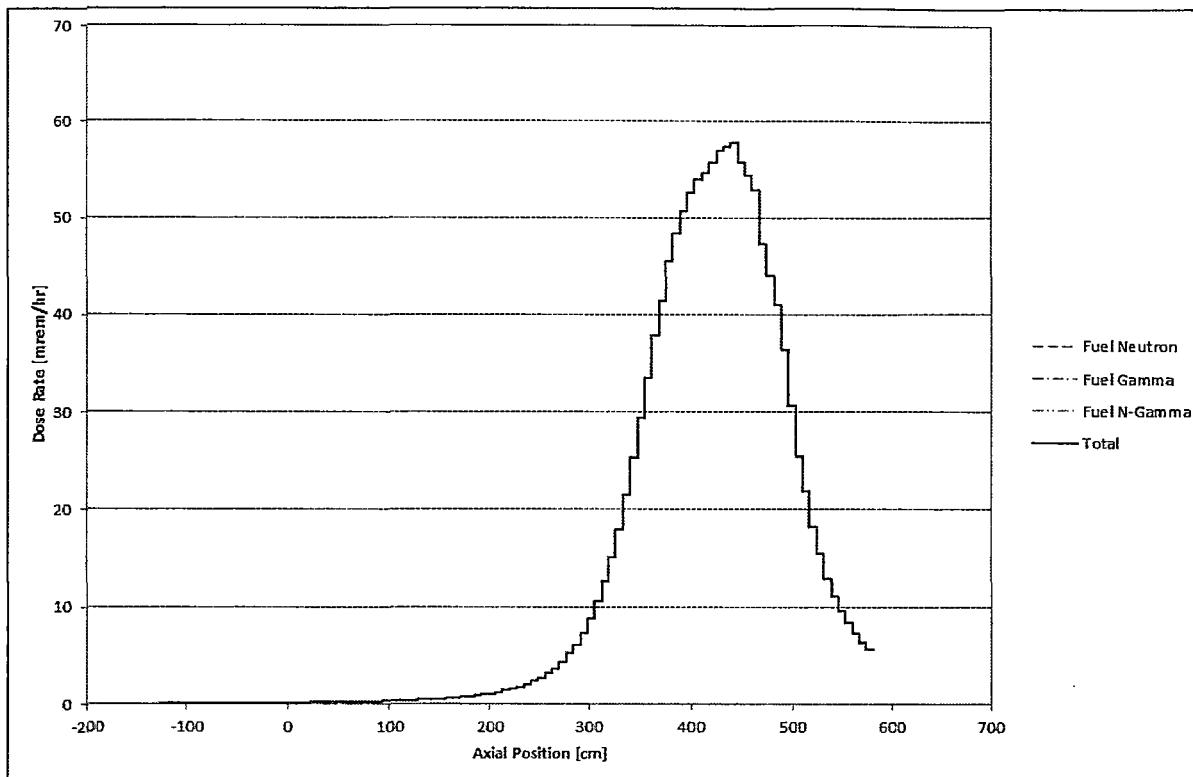


Figure 5.3.23-14 Accident Condition Radial 1m Dose Rate Profile by Source Type – SLOWPOKE Core



Note: Dose rates are circumferential average. Maximum dose rate of 80.7 mrem/hr was calculated using an azimuthal tally at the location of the lead slump.

Figure 5.3.23-15 Accident Condition Radial 1m Dose Rate Azimuthal Profile at Fuel Height – SLOWPOKE Core

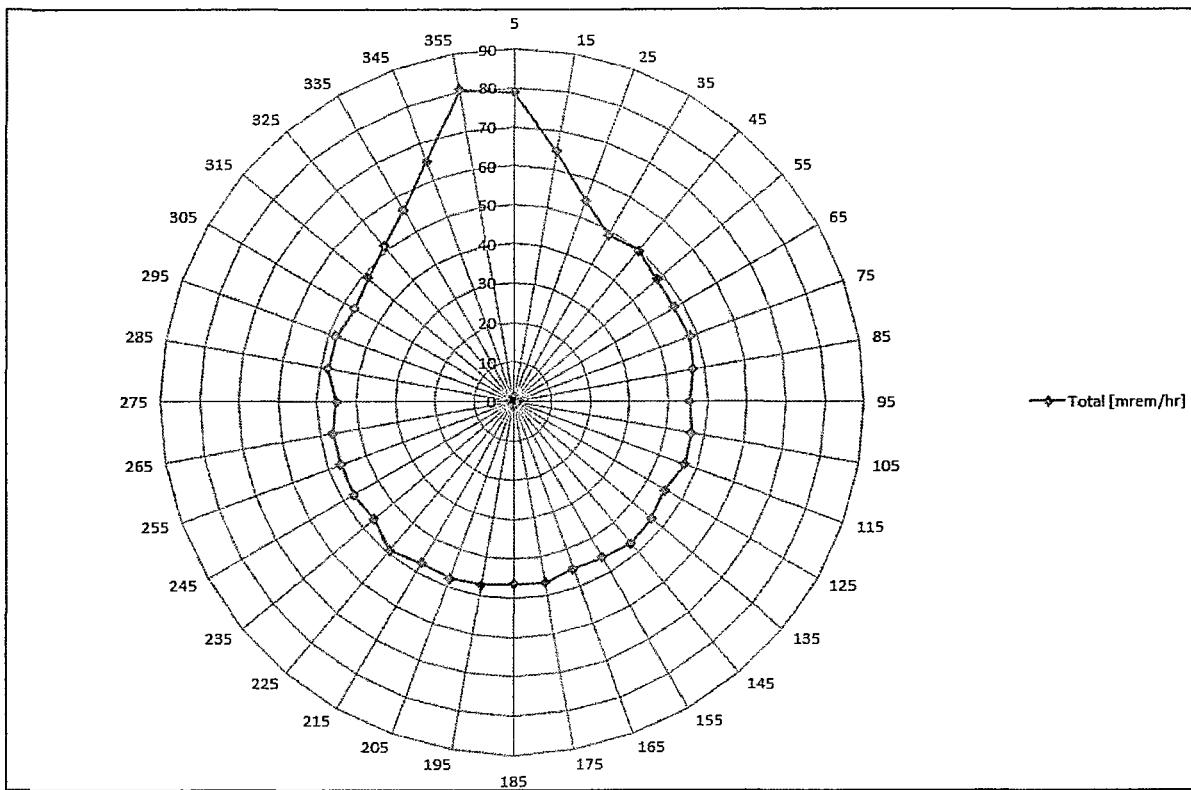


Table 5.3.23-1 SLOWPOKE Fuel Geometry and Materials

| | | |
|--|----|------------|
| Fuel Element Type | | Rod |
| Chemical Form | | U-Al Alloy |
| Active Fuel Length | cm | 22 |
| Active Fuel Diameter | cm | 0.422 |
| Weight of U-235 | g | 2.795 |
| Weight of total U | g | 3.0 |
| Alloy or compound material weight | g | 7.714 |
| Total weight of fuel meat | g | 10.714 |
| Clad Thickness | cm | 0.051 |
| Clad Weight (including caps) | g | 4.981 |
| Clad Material | | Aluminum |
| Element Length | cm | 22.83 |
| Diameter (endcaps) | cm | 0.61 |
| Diameter (clad) | cm | 0.52 |
| Total weight of fuel element | g | 15.695 |
| Enrichment % | % | 93 |
| Core Maximum Power | kW | 20 |
| Maximum Burnup (^{235}U depletion) | % | 0.65 |

Table 5.3.23-2 Source Term Generation Parameters for SLOWPOKE Fuel

| Parameter | Value |
|---|-------|
| U Mass Per Rod (grams) | 3.121 |
| ^{235}U per Core (grams) | 837.1 |
| Core Power (kW) | 20 |
| Number of Hours Burned | 16752 |
| Number of Days Cooled | 14 |
| Number of Rods / Core | 298 |
| Initial Enrichment (wt % ^{235}U) | 90 |
| Burnup (% ^{235}U) | 2.12 |
| Burnup (GWd/MTU) | 15 |
| Moderator/Box Temperature (C) | 40 |
| Clad Temperature (C) | 90 |
| Fuel Temperature (C) | 100 |

Table 5.3.23-3 SLOWPOKE Neutron Source Term (per rod)

| Group | E Lower [MeV] | E Upper [MeV] | Source [neutrons/sec] |
|--------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1 | 6.380E+00 | 2.000E+01 | 8.581E-05 |
| 2 | 3.010E+00 | 6.380E+00 | 1.442E-03 |
| 3 | 1.830E+00 | 3.010E+00 | 2.345E-02 |
| 4 | 1.420E+00 | 1.830E+00 | 6.234E-02 |
| 5 | 9.070E-01 | 1.420E+00 | 1.137E-01 |
| 6 | 4.080E-01 | 9.070E-01 | 9.697E-02 |
| 7 | 1.110E-01 | 4.080E-01 | 4.790E-02 |
| 8 | 1.500E-02 | 1.110E-01 | 5.335E-03 |
| 9 | 3.040E-03 | 1.500E-02 | 1.589E-04 |
| 10 | 5.830E-04 | 3.040E-03 | 1.262E-05 |
| 11 | 1.010E-04 | 5.830E-04 | 1.229E-06 |
| 12 | 2.900E-05 | 1.010E-04 | 1.500E-08 |
| 13 | 1.070E-05 | 2.900E-05 | 2.452E-09 |
| 14 | 3.060E-06 | 1.070E-05 | 1.866E-10 |
| 15 | 1.860E-06 | 3.060E-06 | 1.666E-11 |
| 16 | 1.300E-06 | 1.860E-06 | 6.495E-12 |
| 17 | 1.130E-06 | 1.300E-06 | 1.382E-12 |
| 18 | 1.000E-06 | 1.130E-06 | 8.245E-13 |
| 19 | 8.000E-07 | 1.000E-06 | 1.572E-12 |
| 20 | 4.140E-07 | 8.000E-07 | 2.125E-12 |
| 21 | 3.250E-07 | 4.140E-07 | 2.204E-13 |
| 22 | 2.250E-07 | 3.250E-07 | 4.069E-13 |
| 23 | 1.000E-07 | 2.250E-07 | 2.632E-13 |
| 24 | 5.000E-08 | 1.000E-07 | 7.944E-14 |
| 25 | 3.000E-08 | 5.000E-08 | 3.433E-14 |
| 26 | 1.000E-08 | 3.000E-08 | 1.753E-16 |
| 27 | 1.000E-11 | 1.000E-08 | 7.764E-17 |
| Total | | | 3.514E-01 |

Table 5.3.23-4 SLOWPOKE Fuel Gamma Source Term (per rod)

| Group | E Lower [MeV] | E Upper [MeV] | Source [photons/sec] |
|-------|------------------|------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 | 8.00E+00 | 1.00E+01 | 7.4653E-06 |
| 2 | 6.50E+00 | 8.00E+00 | 3.4862E-05 |
| 3 | 5.00E+00 | 6.50E+00 | 1.8338E-04 |
| 4 | 4.00E+00 | 5.00E+00 | 7.9396E-04 |
| 5 | 3.00E+00 | 4.00E+00 | 2.6553E+07 |
| 6 | 2.50E+00 | 3.00E+00 | 3.4304E+09 |
| 7 | 2.00E+00 | 2.50E+00 | 2.0105E+09 |
| 8 | 1.66E+00 | 2.00E+00 | 3.5978E+08 |
| 9 | 1.33E+00 | 1.66E+00 | 1.0587E+11 |
| 10 | 1.00E+00 | 1.33E+00 | 2.5592E+09 |
| 11 | 8.00E-01 | 1.00E+00 | 4.1310E+10 |
| 12 | 6.00E-01 | 8.00E-01 | 4.3248E+11 |
| 13 | 4.00E-01 | 6.00E-01 | 1.5811E+11 |
| 14 | 3.00E-01 | 4.00E-01 | 5.7276E+10 |
| 15 | 2.00E-01 | 3.00E-01 | 2.3964E+10 |
| 16 | 1.00E-01 | 2.00E-01 | 1.3380E+11 |
| 17 | 4.50E-02 | 1.00E-01 | 1.0982E+11 |
| 18 | 1.00E-02 | 4.50E-02 | 3.1684E+11 |
| Total | | | 1.3879E+12 |

Table 5.3.23-5 Canister/Basket/Cask Material Descriptions for SLOWPOKE Fuel

| Material | Element | Density [g/cm ³] | Number Density [atom/b-cm] |
|---------------------|---------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Aluminum | Al | 2.67 | 7.278E-02 |
| Stainless Steel 304 | Fe | 7.94 | 5.9505E-02 |
| | Cr | | 1.7472E-02 |
| | Ni | | 7.7392E-03 |
| | Mn | | 1.7407E-03 |
| Lead | Pb | 11.34 | 3.2967E-02 |
| Neutron Shield | H | 0.94 | 5.7965E-02 |
| | O | | 2.4151E-02 |
| | C | | 1.0105E-02 |
| Impact Limiter | Al | 0.50 | 1.1153E-02 |

Table 5.3.23-6 Modeled SLOWPOKE Core Basket Dimensions

| Description | Dimension [in] |
|----------------------------------|-------------------|
| Core Basket Base Plate Thickness | 0.500 |
| Core Basket Base Plate OD | 13.265 |
| Core Basket Spacer Height | 12.750 |
| Core Basket Lid Height | 3.250 |
| Core Basket Lid Plate Thickness | 0.500 |
| Core Basket Lid OD | 13.265 |
| Core Basket Shield Thickness | 3.000 |
| Core Basket Shield OD | 8.660 |
| Core Basket Tube Height | 25.550 |
| Core Basket Tube OD | 10.750 |
| Core Basket Tube Thickness | 0.500 |

Table 5.3.23-7 Maximum Dose Rates for SLOWPOKE Fuel

| Transport Condition | Dose Rate Location | Maximum | |
|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------|-------|
| | | [mrem/hr] | FSD |
| Normal | Side Surface of Cask | 175.1 | 0.9% |
| | Top Surface of Cask | 3.1 | 1.2% |
| | Bottom Surface of Cask | 0.29 | 8.2% |
| | Side 1ft | 57.2 | 0.8% |
| | Side 1m (Transport Index) | 15.2 | 1.0% |
| | 2m from Truck - Radial | 3.1 | 1.1% |
| | 2m from Top | 0.24 | 1.2% |
| | Edge of Truck - Top | 0.045 | 2.5% |
| | Edge of Truck - Bottom | 0.018 | 8.4% |
| | Dose at Cab of Truck | 0.031 | 3.3% |
| Accident | Side Surface of Cask | 2127 | 1.7% |
| | Top Surface of Cask | 16.3 | 0.8% |
| | Bottom Surface of Cask | 1.2 | 9.8% |
| | Side 1m | 80.7 | 2.1% |
| | Top 1m | 2.0 | 26.6% |
| | Bottom 1m | 0.15 | 9.9% |

Note: The bounding accident side 1 meter dose rate is taken from the azimuthal tally at the fuel height.

Table 5.3.23-8 Summarized Maximum Dose Rates for SLOWPOKE Fuel

| Transport Condition | Dose Rate Location | Maximum [mrem/hr] | Limit [mrem/hr] |
|---------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| Normal | Side Surface of Cask | 175.1 | 1000 |
| | Side 1ft | 57.2 | 200 |
| | Side 1m (Transport Index) | 15.2 | N/A |
| | 2m from Truck - Radial | 3.1 | 10 |
| Accident | Side 1m | 80.7 | 1000 |

Note: The side 1 ft detector is closer to the cask than the edge of the conveyance where the 200 mrem/hr limit occurs.

5.4 Shielding Evaluation

5.4.1 Shielding Evaluation Codes

The two codes used in the shielding evaluation of the NAC-LWT cask are XSDRNPM (NUREG/CR-0200, Vol. 2, F3) and QAD-CG (Cain). XSDRNPM is a 1-dimensional multigroup code developed by Oak Ridge National Laboratories (ORNL) for reactivity calculations. In this case, it is used to perform shielding analysis by solving the Boltzmann transport equation including anisotropic scattering by the discrete ordinates method. In this analysis, the P₃S₈ approximation is used for a more accurate dose rate calculation. The SCALE (NUREG/CR-0200) 27N/18G group coupled neutron-gamma cross section master library is processed through NITAWL (NUREG/CR-0200, Vol. 2, F2) and XSDRNPM for self-shielding resonance treatment and cell weighting. This step is necessary to generate the working data library required as input for XSDRNPM to perform dose rate calculations. The QAD-CG combinatorial geometry version of QAD was also developed at ORNL. It is a 3-dimensional computer code that is used extensively in industry and yields good results for gamma-ray calculations and usually satisfactory results for neutron calculations. The code uses buildup factors based on the Goldstein and Wilkins moments method calculations for gamma-ray transport in an infinite homogeneous medium. The code uses Capo's fit to the Goldstein-Wilkins data with bivariate polynomial expressions to calculate the approximate buildup factors as a function of the gamma-ray energy and the number of mean free paths from the source to the detector. The buildup factor selected for all of the shielding calculations in this case is for iron, which yields conservative results. For neutron dose calculations, the code uses either a modified Albert-Welton kernel or kernels obtained from the moments method solution of the Boltzmann transport equation. With the moments method kernels, the neutron spectrum penetrating a shield is determined on the basis of the equivalent length of a reference material between the source point and the receiver point.

XSDRNPM has been shown to be an accurate shielding code, but it has geometrical limitations. To perform calculations with XSDRNPM, a flat source distribution along the fuel axial direction and an equivalent circularized cylindrical source core are used. For the design basis Westinghouse 15 × 15 PWR assembly, the fuel area is 458.05 square centimeters, which yields an effective radius of 12.07 centimeters, as shown in Figure 5.3.3-6. In actuality, an axial source distribution (Figure 3.4-2) exists, which introduces higher dose rates at the peak axial source location. Also, the circularized core underestimates the dose at points where the real source region is nearer the cask surface.

QAD-CG is used to correct for the axial source distribution and the three-dimensional effects of geometry. Calculations are done with QAD for a three-dimensional model with an axial source distribution (Table 5.4.1-1) and for a 1-dimensional model with a flat source distribution. The flux to dose conversion factors for these models are found in the Radiological Health Handbook and are listed in Table 5.4.1-2. The buildup factor used for both of these models is for iron, since it has the largest number of mean free paths. The detector points are placed on the surface for the flat source distribution and at 2 meters from the personnel barrier for the axial source distribution. This gives a 3-dimensional to 1-dimensional correction factor, which is applied to the XSDRNPM results to calculate the actual dose. This method is used to calculate the dose rates from the side of the cask, at the surface, and at 2 meters from the personnel barrier (Table 5.1.1-4).

For the radial dose rates, an additional correction factor is applied to account for scattering. Schaeffer's Reactor Engineering for Nuclear Engineers is used to determine the scattering factors of 5 percent for primary and secondary gammas and 45 percent for neutrons. These values are found in tables 7.10 and 7.18 (Schaeffer) generated using total albedos. The use of total albedos rather than differential albedos is conservative, since total albedos take into account scattering angles that do not allow radiation to reach the detector point. It is also important to note that since this is high energy radiation, the probability of it scattering through large angles is very low.

The end-fitting calculations are straight forward. To calculate the end-fitting gamma as well as the fuel contribution to the dose rates at the ends of the cask, a simple QAD-CG model is used. The model is an arrangement of stacked disks and uses a flat source distribution so that a correction factor is not necessary. The various contributions are added together to obtain the total dose rate. The dose rates are included in Table 5.1.1-4.

The dose rates for a loss of the neutron shield are calculated using both XSDRNPM and QAD-CG. XSDRNPM is used to calculate a ratio of the dose rate on the surface with the neutron shield to the dose rate without the neutron shield. QAD-CG is used to calculate a 3-dimensional to 1-dimensional geometrical correction factor. The QAD-CG dose points are located on the surface, with a flat source distribution, and at 1 meter using an axial source distribution (Figure 3.4-2). The dose rates at 1 meter without the neutron shield are obtained by multiplying the normal operations dose rate at the surface by the 3-dimensional to 1-dimensional geometric correction factor. This product is then multiplied by the ratio of dose rates without water to with water, to obtain the hypothetical accident dose rate at 1 meter. The dose rate at 1 meter from the surface of the cask for this accident is 77.5 mrem/hour (Table 5.1.1-5), which is well below the limits of 49 CFR 173.

The lead slump accident is analyzed using QAD-CG. Models are created for the top and bottom end-fittings of a PWR and the bottom end-fitting of a BWR. The BWR bottom end-fitting is analyzed since it is bigger and has a larger ^{60}Co source than the PWR bottom end-fitting. It also sits closer to the bottom of the cask and, therefore, closer to the lead slump than the PWR bottom end-fitting. The analysis is not performed for the BWR top end-fitting because it is smaller and, therefore, has a lower source strength than the BWR bottom end-fitting. Detector points are placed at various positions along the outside of the cask in order to determine if the lead “window” that could be created during the cask drop would have adverse shielding consequences. The resulting dose rates are presented in Table 5.1.1-6.

For completeness, a normal transport conditions shielding analysis is performed for the NAC-LWT cask, which takes into account the shell tolerances found in the license drawings (Section 1.4). The method used is identical to the one used for the fuel radial calculations; however, neutrons and secondary gammas are not recalculated because a small reduction in the lead thickness would not significantly affect either the neutrons or the secondary gammas. The lead density in this analysis was determined by multiplying the maximum density at room temperature (11.35 g/cc) by a ratio of the volume of lead at 620°F to the volume of lead at room temperature (335,779.9/339,930.5). A thermal insulator is used to preclude lead melt during the 10 CFR 71 hypothetical fire accident. The displacement of the lead by the thermal insulator is also taken into account. The dose rate, accounting for tolerances and thermal insulator, is 8.93 mrem/hour at the fuel midplane, 2 meters from the personnel barrier, an increase of only 0.79 mrem/hour. Therefore, under normal transport conditions, with the tolerances and the thermal insulator taken into account, the cask is within the limits of 10 CFR 71.

Table 5.4.1-1 Discrete Axial Source Distribution

| Axial Location Above Bottom of Active Fuel Length (cm) | Relative Axial Source Strength | Axial Location Above Bottom of Active Fuel Length (cm) | Relative Axial Source Strength |
|--|--------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|
| 0.0 | 0.35 | 99.72 | 1.20 |
| 5.54 | 0.45 | 105.26 | 1.20 |
| 11.08 | 0.563 | 110.80 | 1.20 |
| 16.62 | 0.685 | 116.34 | 1.20 |
| 22.16 | 0.768 | 121.88 | 1.20 |
| 27.70 | 0.843 | 127.42 | 1.20 |
| 33.24 | 0.909 | 132.96 | 1.20 |
| 38.78 | 0.965 | 138.50 | 1.20 |
| 44.32 | 1.015 | 144.04 | 1.20 |
| 49.86 | 1.039 | 149.58 | 1.20 |
| 55.40 | 1.074 | 155.12 | 1.20 |
| 60.94 | 1.103 | 160.66 | 1.20 |
| 66.48 | 1.128 | 166.20 | 1.20 |
| 72.02 | 1.148 | 171.74 | 1.20 |
| 77.56 | 1.166 | 177.28 | 1.20 |
| 83.10 | 1.175 | 182.82 | 1.20 |
| 88.64 | 1.20 | 188.36 | 1.20 |
| 94.18 | 1.20 | 193.90 | 1.187 |

Table 5.4.1-1 Discrete Axial Source Distribution (Continued)

| Axial Location Above Bottom of Active Fuel Length (cm) | Relative Axial Source Strength | Axial Location Above Bottom of Active Fuel Length (cm) | Relative Axial Source Strength |
|--|--------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|
| 199.44 | 1.175 | 288.08 | 1.04 |
| 204.98 | 1.175 | 293.62 | 0.934 |
| 210.52 | 1.175 | 299.16 | 0.88 |
| 216.06 | 1.175 | 304.70 | 0.88 |
| 221.60 | 1.152 | 310.24 | 0.88 |
| 227.14 | 1.14 | 315.78 | 0.88 |
| 232.68 | 1.14 | 321.32 | 0.88 |
| 238.22 | 1.14 | 326.86 | 0.88 |
| 243.76 | 1.14 | 332.40 | 0.839 |
| 249.30 | 1.14 | 337.94 | 0.769 |
| 254.84 | 1.14 | 343.48 | 0.665 |
| 260.38 | 1.089 | 349.02 | 0.591 |
| 265.92 | 1.04 | 354.56 | 0.513 |
| 271.46 | 1.04 | 360.10 | 0.523 |
| 277.00 | 1.04 | 365.75 | 0.301 |
| 282.54 | 1.04 | | |

Table 5.4.1-2 Flux to Dose Conversion Factors

| Energy (MeV) | Flux-to-Dose |
|---------------------|---------------------|
| 0.35 | 5.13E-4 |
| 0.452 | 8.00E-4 |
| 0.79 | 1.52E-3 |
| 0.90 | 1.67E-3 |
| 1.25 | 2.17E-3 |
| 1.29 | 2.38E-3 |
| 1.58 | 2.63E-3 |
| 1.74 | 2.86E-3 |
| 2.35 | 3.45E-3 |