

U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

MATERIALS LICENSE

Pursuant to the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, the Energy Reorganization Act of 1974 (Public Law 93-438), and Title 10, Code of Federal Regulations, Chapter I, Parts 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 39, 40, and 70, and in reliance on statements and representations heretofore made by the licensee, a license is hereby issued authorizing the licensee to receive, acquire, possess, and transfer byproduct, source, and special nuclear material designated below; to use such material for the purpose(s) and at the place(s) designated below; to deliver or transfer such material to persons authorized to receive it in accordance with the regulations of the applicable Part(s). This license shall be deemed to contain the conditions specified in Section 183 of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended, and is subject to all applicable rules, regulations, and orders of the Nuclear Regulatory Commission now or hereafter in effect and to any conditions specified below.

<p style="text-align: center;">Licensee</p> <p>1. Children's National Medical Center</p> <p>2. 111 Michigan Avenue, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20010-2970</p>	<p>In accordance with the letter dated May 19, 2015,</p> <p>3. License number 08-03309-01 is amended in its entirety to read as follows:</p> <hr/> <p>4. Expiration date May 31, 2015, extended</p> <hr/> <p>5. Docket No. 030-01323 Reference No.</p>
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<p>6. Byproduct, source, and/or special nuclear material</p> <p>A. Any byproduct material with atomic numbers 3 through 83 and half life less than or equal to 120 days</p> <p>B. Hydrogen 3</p> <p>C. Carbon 14</p> <p>D. Iodine 125</p> <p>E. Technetium 99m</p> <p>F. Fluorine 18</p>	<p>7. Chemical and/or physical form</p> <p>A. Any, except sealed sources</p> <p>B. Any</p> <p>C. Any</p> <p>D. Any</p> <p>E. Any</p> <p>F. Any</p>	<p>8. Maximum amount that licensee may possess at any one time under this license</p> <p>A. 100 millicuries per radionuclide and 2.5 curies total</p> <p>B. 400 millicuries</p> <p>C. 60 millicuries</p> <p>D. 500 millicuries</p> <p>E. 2 curies</p> <p>F. 2 curies</p>
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9. Authorized use:
A. through F. Medical diagnosis, therapy and research in humans. Research and development as defined in 10 CFR 30.4, including instrument calibration and student instruction.

CONDITIONS

10. Licensed material may be used or stored only at the licensee's facilities located at 111 Michigan Avenue, N.W., Washington, D.C.
11. A. The use of licensed material in or on humans shall be by an authorized user as defined in 10 CFR 35.2.

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- B. Individuals designated to work as authorized users, authorized nuclear pharmacists or authorized medical physicists, as defined in 10 CFR 35.2, shall meet the training, experience, and recentness of training criteria established in 10 CFR Part 35, and shall be designated, in writing, by the licensee's Radiation Safety Committee.
- C. Licensed material for other than human use shall be used by, or under the supervision of, individuals designated by the Radiation Safety Committee.
- D. The Radiation Safety Officer for this license is Sarah E. McKenney, Ph.D.
12. The licensee shall not use licensed material in field applications where it is released except as provided otherwise by specific condition of this license.
13. Experimental animals, or the products from experimental animals, that have been administered licensed materials shall not be used for human consumption.
14. For sealed sources not associated with 10 CFR Part 35 use, the following conditions apply:
- A. Sealed sources shall be tested for leakage and/or contamination at intervals not to exceed six months or at the intervals specified in the certificate of registration issued by the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission under 10 CFR 32.210 or under equivalent regulations of an Agreement State.
- B. Notwithstanding Paragraph A of this Condition, sealed sources designed to primarily emit alpha particles shall be tested for leakage and/or contamination at intervals not to exceed 3 months.
- C. Each sealed source fabricated by the licensee shall be inspected and tested for construction defects, leakage, and contamination prior to any use or transfer as a sealed source.
- D. In the absence of a certificate from a transferor indicating that a leak test has been made within the intervals specified in the certificate of registration issued by the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission under 10 CFR 32.210 or under equivalent regulations of an Agreement State, prior to the transfer, a sealed source received from another person shall not be put into use until tested and the test results received.
- E. Sealed sources need not be tested if they contain only hydrogen-3; or they contain only a radioactive gas; or the half-life of the isotope is 30 days or less; or they contain not more than 100 microcuries of beta- and/or gamma-emitting material or not more than 10 microcuries of alpha-emitting material.

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- F. Sealed sources need not be tested if they are in storage and are not being used; however, when they are removed from storage for use or transferred to another person and have not been tested within the required leak test interval, they shall be tested before use or transfer. No sealed source shall be stored for a period of more than 10 years without being tested for leakage and/or contamination.
- G. The leak test shall be capable of detecting the presence of 0.005 microcurie (185 becquerels) of radioactive material on the test sample. If the test reveals the presence of 0.005 microcurie (185 becquerels) or more of removable contamination, a report shall be filed with the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission in accordance with 10 CFR 30.50(c)(2), and the source shall be removed immediately from service and decontaminated, repaired, or disposed of in accordance with Commission regulations.
- H. Tests for leakage and/or contamination, including leak test sample collection and analysis, shall be performed by the licensee or by other persons specifically licensed by the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission or an Agreement State to perform such services.
- I. Records of leak test results shall be kept in units of microcuries and shall be maintained for 5 years.
15. Sealed sources or detector cells containing licensed material shall not be opened or sources removed from source holders by the licensee.
16. The licensee shall conduct a physical inventory every six months, or at other intervals approved by the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, to account for all sources and/or devices received and possessed under the license. Records of inventories shall be maintained for 5 years from the date of each inventory and shall include the radionuclides, quantities, manufacturer's name and model numbers, and the date of the inventory.
17. A. Detector cells containing a titanium tritide foil or a scandium tritide foil shall only be used in conjunction with a properly operating temperature control mechanism which prevents the foil temperatures from exceeding that specified in the certificate of registration referred to in 10 CFR 32.210.
- B. When in use, detector cells containing a titanium tritide foil or a scandium tritide foil shall be vented to the outside.
18. The licensee is authorized to hold byproduct material with a physical half-life of less than or equal to 120 days for decay-in-storage before disposal without regard to its radioactivity if the licensee:
- A. Monitors byproduct material at the surface before disposal and determines that its radioactivity cannot be distinguished from the background radiation level with an appropriate radiation detection survey meter set on its most sensitive scale and with no interposed shielding; and

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- B. Removes or obliterates all radiation labels, except for radiation labels on materials that are within containers and that will be managed as biomedical waste after they have been released from the licensee; and
- C. Maintains records of the disposal of licensed materials for 3 years. The record must include the date of disposal, the survey instrument used, the background radiation level, the radiation level measured at the surface of each waste container, and the name of the individual who performed the disposal.
19. The licensee is authorized to transport licensed material in accordance with the provisions of 10 CFR Part 71, "Packaging and Transportation of Radioactive Material."
20. Except as specifically provided otherwise in this license, the licensee shall conduct its program in accordance with the statements, representations, and procedures contained in the documents, including any enclosures, listed below. This license condition applies only to those procedures that are required to be submitted in accordance with the regulations. Additionally, this license condition does not limit the licensee's ability to make changes to the radiation protection program as provided for in 10 CFR 35.26. The U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission's regulations shall govern unless the statements, representations, and procedures in the licensee's application and correspondence are more restrictive than the regulations.
- A. Letter with application dated February 13, 2004 (ML040680598)
 B. Letter dated April 27, 2004 (ML041200588)
 C. Facsimile dated January 10, 2011 (ML110100596)
 D. Application dated April 20, 2014 (ML14136A389)

For the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission

Original signed by Penny Lanzisera

Date July 30, 2015

By _____

Penny Lanzisera
 Medical Branch
 Division of Nuclear Materials Safety
 Region I
 King of Prussia, Pennsylvania 19406