

## **Pore Volume Restoration Analysis**

Cameco Resources
Crow Butte Operations
Dawes County, Nebraska

April 4, 2013

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#### 1. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Cameco Resources (Cameco) has conducted an analysis to determine the number of pore volumes necessary to restore the production aquifer at the Crow Butte uranium in-situ recovery (ISR) facility near Crawford, Nebraska. Prior to May 2009, groundwater restoration at the site was relatively inefficient, resulting in an excessive number of pore volumes being treated to achieve restoration goals. In order to improve the efficiency of groundwater restoration, Cameco Resources completed a study in 2009 which included the preparation of a comprehensive, model-based restoration plan (MBRP) for mine units MU-2 through MU-5. The MBRP was implemented beginning in May 2009 with full-scale restoration of MU-2, followed by full-scale restoration of MU-3 in December 2009. The efficiency of groundwater restoration has improved significantly since implementation of the MBRP.

Pore volume restoration requirements were calculated by applying the general approach of Zheng et al. (1991, 1992) using the concept of the mixed linear reservoir (MLR) or batch mixing model of Gelhar and Wilson (1974). This methodology has been previously employed to compute pore volume restoration requirements at Cameco's Smith Ranch-Highland facility in Converse County, Wyoming. This analysis was focused on recent groundwater restoration activities completed in MU-2 and MU-3 as part of the MBRP.

Results of the pore volume restoration analysis demonstrate that restoration of MU-2 and MU-3 was accomplished (with the exception of local elevated arsenic concentrations in MU-3) in approximately 6 to 9 months following the implementation of the MBRP. Restoration was achieved after 2.11 pore volumes of groundwater treatment in MU-2, and 0.74 pore volumes of groundwater treatment in MU-3, as computed by the MLR model. The total number of pore volumes treated in MU-2 and MU-3 as part of the MBRP was 2.25 and 1.72, respectively.

Spot treatment in MU-2 and MU-3 continued following full-scale restoration to address localized elevated arsenic and/or vanadium concentrations and to prepare for stability. Recent geochemical evaluations of arsenic and vanadium trends in MU-2 and MU-3 suggest localized elevated concentrations of arsenic and vanadium likely occur due to local over-treatment by injection of RO permeate, resulting in loss of aquifer buffering capacity and increased pH as inorganic carbon is removed (arsenic and vanadium mobility increases with increasing pH in this system). Care will be taken in the future to prevent over-treatment of restored areas to prevent the mobilization of arsenic and vanadium.

Results of the pore volume restoration analysis in MU-2 and MU-3 were expanded to evaluate the number of pore volumes required for future restoration of other mine units at the site. Results of this analysis indicate the theoretical number of pore volumes required to restore a mine unit from the post-mining condition to a fully restored condition at the site is 1.54 (MU-3 analogy) to 3.00 (MU-2 analogy).

The theoretical affected pore volume (APV) calculated from the MLR model is larger than Cameo's calculated APV by a factor of approximately 1.21 (MU-2) to 3.87 (MU-3). The difference between the theoretical and calculated APV represents a combination of uncertainties inherent in Cameco's APV calculations (e.g. estimated flare factor, porosity, pattern area, sand thickness), restoration inefficiencies (although much less than historical inefficiencies), deviation from the theoretical model assumption of complete mixing, and variation in the computed average water quality versus the actual average water quality. If Cameco's calculated APV for MU-2 and MU-3 is used instead of the theoretical APV computed by the MLR model, the total number of pore volumes required to restore groundwater from a post-mining condition to a fully restored condition is 3.63 (more efficient) to 5.96 (less efficient).



The results of this study can be used to compare the relative effectiveness of restoration before and after the implementation of the MBRP. Prior to May 2009 and the implementation of the MBRP in MU-2, more than 35 pore volumes of groundwater were treated as part of restoration activities (using Cameco's calculated APV). Likewise, prior to December 2009 and the implementation of the MBRP in MU-3, more than 59 pore volumes of groundwater were treated as part of restoration activities. Despite the relatively large number of pore volumes treated prior to implementation of the MBRP, MU-2 and MU-3 were only 30 to 50 percent restored, respectively, at the time the MBRP was implemented in May 2009. By comparison, results of this study indicate complete restoration of the production aquifer can be achieved in approximately 3.6 to 6.0 pore volumes using the MBRP and Cameco's calculated APV, a significant improvement in restoration efficiency.



## 2. INTRODUCTION

Cameco Resources (Cameco) has conducted an analysis to determine the number of pore volumes necessary to restore the production aquifer at the Crow Butte uranium in-situ recovery (ISR) facility (the site). The Crow Butte facility is located near Crawford, Nebraska in Dawes County. This analysis was focused on recent groundwater restoration activities completed in Mine Units 2 and 3 (MU-2 and MU-3) at the site.

## 2.1 Background

Prior to May 2009, groundwater restoration at the site was relatively inefficient, resulting in an excessive number of pore volumes being treated to achieve restoration goals. The primary reasons for the relative inefficiency of past restoration efforts include:

- location of restoration wells and pumping rates were not optimal, resulting in reduced effectiveness and prolonged duration of restoration,
- limited scale of restoration and use of a relatively small number of restoration wells given limited reverse osmosis (RO) treatment and disposal well capacity,
- lack of effective infrastructure to deliver RO permeate to wellfields,
- groundwater treatment using less than efficient methods including excessive groundwater sweep and water transfer,
- incursions of poor quality water into previously restored areas resulting from inefficient management of well pumping and injection rates (e.g. restoration bleed), and
- less management focus on restoration, with associated lack of formal restoration plan and optimization tools (e.g. computer model).

In order to improve the efficiency of groundwater restoration, Cameco Resources completed a study which included the preparation of a comprehensive, model-based restoration plan (MBRP) for mine units MU-2 through MU-5 at the site (WorleyParsons, 2009). The MBRP included the development and application of a three-dimensional groundwater flow and transport model for the purpose of optimizing restoration well locations, injection and extraction rates, and the overall restoration sequence for each mine unit. RO treatment capacity was also expanded to allow full-scale restoration of multiple wellhouses and/or mine units. The MBRP was implemented beginning in May 2009 with full-scale restoration of MU-2, followed by full-scale restoration of MU-3 in December 2009. The efficiency of groundwater restoration has improved significantly since implementation of the MBRP, as demonstrated in the following sections.

## 2.2 Purpose and Scope

The purpose of this analysis was to determine the number of pore volumes required to restore the production aquifer at the site based on results of the recent restoration of MU-2 and MU-3 as an example. The analysis included performance of the following tasks, described in detail in **Sections 3 and 4** of this report:

- develop a theoretical pore volume restoration curve for a conservative chemical constituent (e.g. chloride) in MU-2 and MU-3,
- compare the theoretical pore volume restoration curve to observed chloride concentrations during restoration,

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- · calculate the theoretical Affected Pore Volume (APV),
- calculate retardation factors for non-conservative constituents of concern,
- · develop theoretical pore volume restoration curves for remaining constituents of concern,
- compare theoretical restoration curves to observed concentration decline during restoration, and
- calculate the number of pore volumes required to restore a typical ISR wellfield.





#### 3. MINE UNIT 2 AND 3 RESTORATION AND WATER QUALITY

This analysis was focused on recent groundwater restoration activities completed as part of the MBRP in MU-2 and MU-3 (**Figure 3-1**). Historical groundwater sampling results (Guideline 8 analyses) from MU-2 and MU-3 were obtained from Cameco for this study. Water quality data were available for 12 wells in MU-2 and 13 wells in MU-3 for this analysis. Average concentrations were calculated using groundwater analytical data reported for individual wells completed in the production aquifer in each mine unit, and are assumed to be representative of the average groundwater quality in each mine unit. This assumption is supported by the close agreement between calculated average concentrations and results of composite samples analyzed periodically during the restoration period. **Tables 3-1 and 3-2** summarize the average concentration calculated for constituents of concern in MU-2 and MU-3, respectively.

#### 3.1 Mine Unit 2 Restoration

Full-scale groundwater restoration in MU-2 was conducted between May 2009 and March 2010 (11 months) in general accordance with the MBRP (WorleyParsons, 2009). Restoration during this period was conducted by groundwater extraction, treatment by Reverse Osmosis (RO), and injection of treated groundwater back into the production aquifer. The groundwater extraction/RO treatment rate in MU-2 is illustrated in **Figure 3-2**.

As shown in **Table 3-1**, groundwater in MU-2 was fully restored (e.g. had meet applicable NDEQ restoration standards) in January 2010 after nine months of full-scale restoration. Full-scale restoration continued for several months following January 2010, with concentrations of most chemical constituents continuing to decline for the duration of full-scale restoration. Restoration activities in MU-2 continued after March 2010, but restoration was not full-scale and was limited to spot treatment of specific areas having somewhat elevated concentrations of arsenic and/or vanadium, as shown by the reduced groundwater extraction rate in **Figure 3-2**. **Table 3-3** summarizes the volume of groundwater extracted and treated by RO in MU-2 during restoration.

## 3.2 Mine Unit 3 Restoration

Full-scale groundwater restoration in MU-3 was conducted between December 2009 and October 2011 (22 months) in general accordance with the MBRP (WorleyParsons, 2009). Restoration during this period was conducted by groundwater extraction, treatment by Reverse Osmosis (RO), and injection of treated groundwater back into the production aquifer. The groundwater extraction/RO treatment rate in MU-3 is illustrated in **Figure 3-3**. A significant decrease in flow occurred in October 2010, although restoration was still considered full-scale given the large number and wide distribution of wells being operated from October 2010 through October 2011.

As shown in **Table 3-2**, groundwater in MU-3 was fully restored with the exception of elevated average arsenic concentrations in May 2010 after six months of full-scale restoration. Full-scale restoration activities continued for approximately 16 months after May 2010, with concentrations of most constituents continuing to decline for the duration of full-scale restoration. Restoration activities in MU-3 continued after October 2011, but restoration was not full-scale and limited to spot treatment of specific areas having somewhat elevated concentrations of arsenic and/or vanadium, as shown by the reduced groundwater extraction rate in **Figure 3-3**. **Table 3-4** summarizes the volume of groundwater extracted and treated by RO in MU-3 during restoration.

TABLE 3-1 MU-2 Average Concentrations of Constituents of Concern in Groundwater

Sample Date	Units	Carbonate	Calcium	Chloride	Fluoride	Magnesium	Nitrogen Ammonia	Potassium	Sodium	Sulfate	рН	TDS	Arsenic	Barium	Cadmium	Copper	Iron	Lead	Manganese	Mercury	Molybdenum	Nickel	Selenium	Uranium	Vanadium	Zinc	Radium 226
NDEQ Restoration Value		585	134	250	4	35	10	126	4108	369	6.5-8.5	1170.4	0.05	1	0.005	1	0.3	0.050	0.05	0.002	1	0.15	0.050	5	0.2	5	1058
Apr-07	mg/l		35.67	259.78	0.36	8.11	-	14.23	478.63	458.33	7.92	1521.56	0.018	_	_	×0	0.10	-	0.10		0.18	_	0.002	3.81	0.70	0.01	335.43
Nov-09	mg/l	6.00	8.80	62.67	0.72	3.00	-	5.83	176.83	110.83	8,33	476.33	0.032	- W.		- Table	0.11	0.003	0.02	- 300	0.15	_	0.002	1.61	0.23		216.50
Jan-10	mg/l	9.00	5,00	33.60	0.70	2.00	-	4.80	112.40	59.80	8.10	308.80	0.040	Anna - Anna		-	0.10	0.007	0.03			(a) (a) (b) (b) (b) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c) (c	0.001	0.29	0.20	0.02	271.80
Mar-10	mg/l	9.00	3,17	27.29	0.77	1.00	0.06	3.57	108.00	51.43	8.01	314.29	0.033		-		0.37	0.004	0.02	4-7-43			-	0.46	0.23		91.71
Jun-10	mg/l	7.00	13.11	28.78	0.68	4.33	0.06	4.67	93.89	49.11	7.85	300.89	0.031	0.060		0.01	0.33	0.005	0.02		0.10	_	0.002	0.35	0.30	0.03	116.22
Jul-10	mg/l		2.63	33.25	0.67	1.00		3.75	110.75	57.50	7.39	286.75	0.037	_		-	0.40	0.003	0.02		10 to	-	0.001	0.23	0.25	0.01	98.13
Oct-10	mg/l	7.00	3.00	38.25	1.54	1.00		3.63	113.63	64.75	8.13	319.88	0.038	-			0.25	0.002	0.02	_	0.10	_	-	0.24	0.20	0.01	66.00
Apr-11	mg/l	6.20	4.90	54.00	1.21	1.60		5.40	154.90	99.30	8.04	428.30	0.026			7-1	0.18	0.002	0.02	_	0.13		_	0.50	0.20	0.02	119.10
Jun-11	mg/l	6.25	6.33	59.78	0.51	1.75	0.06	5.44	162.56	108.44	8.11	482.11	0.026			1-1	0.15	0.001	0.02	_	0.15	) ::	0.002	0.79	0.20	:: <b>****</b> ***	130.58
Jul-11	mg/l	5.50	6.44	59.33	0.51	2.00		5.89	181.22	112.44	8.06	489.67	0.026	_		-	0.19	-	0.03	_	0.15		0.002	0.63	0.20	0.05	102.57
Aug-11	mg/l	4.71	7.00	63.78	0.48	1.67	-	5.89	171.67	121.33	8.01	535.78	0.026	_	-	1-1	0.15	-	0.02	_	0.15		_	0.77	0.20	0.01	134.98
Sep-11	mg/l	4.67	7.22	68.22	0.47	1.67		6.67	183,11	129.44	7.88	560.78	0.024	-		_	0.13	10-1	0.02	-	0.13	-	0.002	0.92	0.10	-	133.79
Oct-11	mg/l	5.50	8.00	70.89	0.48	1.86	0.05	6.67	209.22	134.56	7.81	577.33	0.021	-	-	2-1	0.25	-	0.02		0.13	( <del></del> )	0.002	0.97	0.10	0.02	121.29
Nov-11	mg/l	5.40	6.67	66.22	0.54	2.00	0.05	7.00	194.67	127.44	7.78	573.89	0.024	-	No.	_	0.22	_	0.02	_	0.14	_	0.002	0.79	0.10	_	115.03
Dec-11	mg/l	5.00	6.67	70.00	0.44	2.00		6.33	183.11	134.67	7.84	531.22	0.021	_		_	0.16	0.002	0.02	_	0.12	-	0.006	0.72	-	-	116.91
Jan-12	mg/l	4.00	5.56	55.33	0.56	1.75	0.05	5.78	162.67	109.89	8.01	460.44	0.022	_		0.01	0.15	0.005	0.03	0.001	0.14	-	0.002	0.53	0.10	0.03	93.72
Feb-12	mg/l	4.00	6.22	59.78	0.58	2.25	-	6.22	174.56	118.00	7.95	493.44	0.024	_		0.01	0.19	0.004	0.02	_	0.14		0.002	0.44	0.20	0.02	133.49
Mar-12	mg/l	5.00	6.88	55.22	0.61	2.00	0.06	6.00	165.67	108.11	8.02	491.56	0.023			0.02	0.15	0.006	0.03	_	0.15		0.003	0.42	0.20	0.01	155.59
Apr-12	mg/l	7.00	6.50	49.89	0.60	2.33		5.56	152.00	98.11	8.01	447.78	0.025	-		0.02	0.16	0.006	0.03	-	0.17		0.004	0.42	0.20	***	228.66
May-12	mg/l	63.75	12.38	41.64	0.60	1.50	_	6.00	152.78	95.89	8.01	433.11	0.091	_	print:	0.02	0.17	0.014	0.05	-	0.20		0.090	1.47	0.18	-	193.96
Jun-12	mg/l	4.50	5.75	43.33	0.67	1.50	0.13	5.33	149.89	90.00	8.03	413.67	0.023	_	-	0.03	0.22	0.006	0.03	-	0.20	-	-	0.40	0.15	-	122.61
Jul-12	mg/l	6.00	5.50	46.78	0.69	1.75	-	5.44	142.33	90.22	8.01	399.67	0.024	***	***	0.02	0.17	0.005	0.04	-	0.20		0.001	0.44	0.20	0.01	223.33
Aug-12	mg/l	7.00	5.57	42.11	0.73	1.67	0.05	4.56	131.89	84.22	8.09	385.22	0.028	-	_	0.02	0.18	0.004	0.03	-	0.20	(man)	0.002	0.41	0.30	-	136.27
Sep-12	mg/l	5.33	5.57	39.67	0.69	1.33		4.78	127.11	80.00	8.09	366.33	0.028	-	-	0.02	0.21	0.004	0.04		0.20		0.002	0.39	0.30	-	133.26

Notes:

1. Excluded 8/4/2010 and 11/2/2010 sampling events (only one well sampled).

2. Excluded wells I180P, P113 and P97 after March 2010 (wells impacted by incursion after complete restoration).

3. Red Font = exceeded NDEQ Restoration Value

4. — = not analyzed

TABLE 3-2 MU-3 Average Concentrations of Constituents of Concern in Groundwater

Sample Date	Units	Carbonate	Calcium	Chloride	Fluoride	Magnesium	Nitrogen Ammonia	Potassium	Sodium	Sulfate	рН	TDS	Arsenic	Barium	Cadmium	Copper	Iron	Lead	Manganese	Mercury	Molybdenum	Nickel	Selenium	Uranium	Vanadium	Zinc	Radium 226
NDEQ Restoration Value		592	133	250	4	35	10	139	4280	404	6.5-8.5	1183	0.05	1	0.005	1	0.3	0.050	0.05	0.002	1	0.15	0.050	5	0.2	5	611
Nov-09	mg/l	6.50	38.25	296.25	0.58	9.50	0.08	19.75	594.00	469.25	8.19	1800.00	0.05	-	-	-	0.08	0.002	0.08		0.25		0.004	8.78	0.37		477.50
Dec-09	mg/l		41.67	304.67	0.50	10.67	0.06	20.67	642.00	468.33	8.01	1770.00	0.02	May - 1889		-	0.04		0.06	0.002	0.23	-	0.002	6.01	0.40	0.01	327.67
May-10	mg/l	- 4	14.50	130.50	0.85	3.50	0.07	10.50	357.50	230.50	7.81	976.50	0.15			BB - 85	0.03		0.03	-	0.40	_	0.001	2.07	0.20	0.04	263.00
Sep-10	mg/l	11.33	13.78	106.33	0.93	3.63	0.13	10.33	295.44	174.44	7.99	828.67	0.06		Sec. 10.	900a-sa	0.12	0.003	0.03	0.001	0.20		0.002	3.40	0.35		209.33
Apr-11	mg/l	7.25	9.25	72.38	0.99	5.00	0.15	8.00	226.38	126.88	8.04	596.88	0.07	Mark -		0.01	0.09	0.002	0.02	1000 - Lab	0.13	- 6	0.001	1.29	0.38	0.01	102.30
Jun-11	mg/l	5.83	6.40	62.82	0.85	2.40	0.09	6.09	189.09	113.73	8.25	538.09	0.07		-		0.07	0.001	0.02	-	0.13		0.003	0.99	0.47		44.62
Jul-11	mg/l	5.40	5.80	57.00	0.83	2.50	0.12	6.09	187.09	101.91	8.06	501.09	0.05	-		- S	0.07	<b>*************************************</b>	0.03	3-35-	0.12	-	0.005	0.79	0.40	0.07	74.01
Aug-11	mg/l	6.00	5.30	54.09	0.82	2.33	0.12	6.00	172.55	99.09	8.07	479.36	0.06		<b>-</b>	- I	0.07	0.001	0.03	-	0.13		0.012	0.73	0.40		50.04
Sep-11	mg/l	7.00	5.80	58.55	0.76	3.00	0.14	6.00	170.45	102.09	8.04	503.09	0.06	-		-	0.08		0.03	-	0.13	_	0.003	0.70	0.41		41.39
Oct-11	mg/l	7.67	6.50	54.64	0.75	2.75	0.12	6.60	172.73	95.09	8,11	484.45	0.05			-	0.10	0.003	0.02	0.001	0.14	-	0.004	0.67	0.40	0.02	44.22
Nov-11	mg/l	7.33	6.50	54.09	0.77	3.00	0.11	6.70	172.09	95.64	8.04	500.00	0.05	-	_		0.17	0.003	0.03		0.14	1-1	0.002	0.65	0.40		56.38
Dec-11	mg/l	6.00	6.80	55.73	0.74	3.00	0.11	6.40	163.45	99.91	7.96	475.09	0.05	-	_	_	0.06	0.002	0.03		0.14	-	0.002	0.58	0.33		63.17
Jan-12	mg/l	7.33	7.30	55.64	0.85	3.75	0.10	6.30	168.64	100.45	8.10	477.91	0.05	-	7-3	-	0.08	0.002	0.03		0.18	<b>-</b>	0.003	0.67	0.40	0.02	56.03
Feb-12	mg/l	7.00	7.30	53.18	0.87	3.25	0.12	6.80	168.18	95.36	8.10	472.27	0.05	-	-		0.07	0.002	0.03		0.16		0.003	0.61	0.40	0.01	46.05
Mar-12	mg/l	8.50	8.50	58.00	0.86	5.33	0.11	7.00	177.18	104.27	8.12	526.45	0.05		1-1	0.01	0.07	0.002	0.03		0.20		0.003	0.80	0.37	0.01	88.05
Apr-12	mg/l	10.00	7.20	51.73	0.84	5.00	0.12	6.78	155.91	92.91	8.12	475.45	0.05	-		-	0.06	0.002	0.02		0.15	-	0.003	0.62	0.37	-	83.69
May-12	mg/l	9.33	7.60	50.45	0.88	4.00	0.17	6.60	162.55	91.55	8.08	461.73	0.11	-	-		0.07	0.003	0.02	0.002	0.17	_	0.145	0.88	0.36	_	51.71
Jun-12	mg/l	6.00	7.40	49.18	0.92	3.50	0.16	6.89	167.09	90.27	8.21	469.00	0.05	-	_		0.08	0.002	0.03		0.20		0.006	0.53	0.43	_	63.75
Jul-12	mg/l	9.00	7.64	53.42	0.90	4.00	0.14	6.18	165.92	91.33	8.12	457.25	0.05	_	-	0.01	0.08	0.004	0.03	0.002	0.20		0.004	0.54	0.41	0.01	100.48
Aug-12	mg/l	5.00	7.55	53.08	0.89	4.00	0.12	6.18	162.67	96.50	8.14	471.08	0.05	_		0.01	0.09	0.005	0.03		0.20	-	0.004	0.62	0.41	-	197.93
Sep-12	mg/l	9.67	8.09	54.75	0.84	4.25	0.24	5.67	166.42	100.08	8.13	480.75	0.05			0.01	0.07	0.005	0.03		0.18	-	0.006	0.68	0.37	-	117.91

- 1. Excluded wells P246 and P217 in average calculations (initial concentrations at or near baseline chloride concentration at onset of full-scale restoration (<50 mg/L).

  2. Excluded Feburary 2010 and June 2010 sampling events (only 2 wells sampled) from average calculations.

  3. Red Font = exceeded NDEQ Restoration Value

  4. = not analyzed

TABLE 3-3
MU-2 Volume of Groundwater Treated During Restoration

Date	MU-2 RO (gallons)
May-09	2,327,993
Jun-09	11,135,811
Jul-09	9,714,166
Aug-09	7,542,964
Sep-09	4,588,780
Oct-09	5,954,106
Nov-09	6,068,685
Dec-09	4,061,045
Jan-10	3,920,318
Feb-10	1,987,572
Mar-10	1,569,100
Apr-10	1,259,559
May-10	1,272,850
Jun-10	1,286,686

Notes:

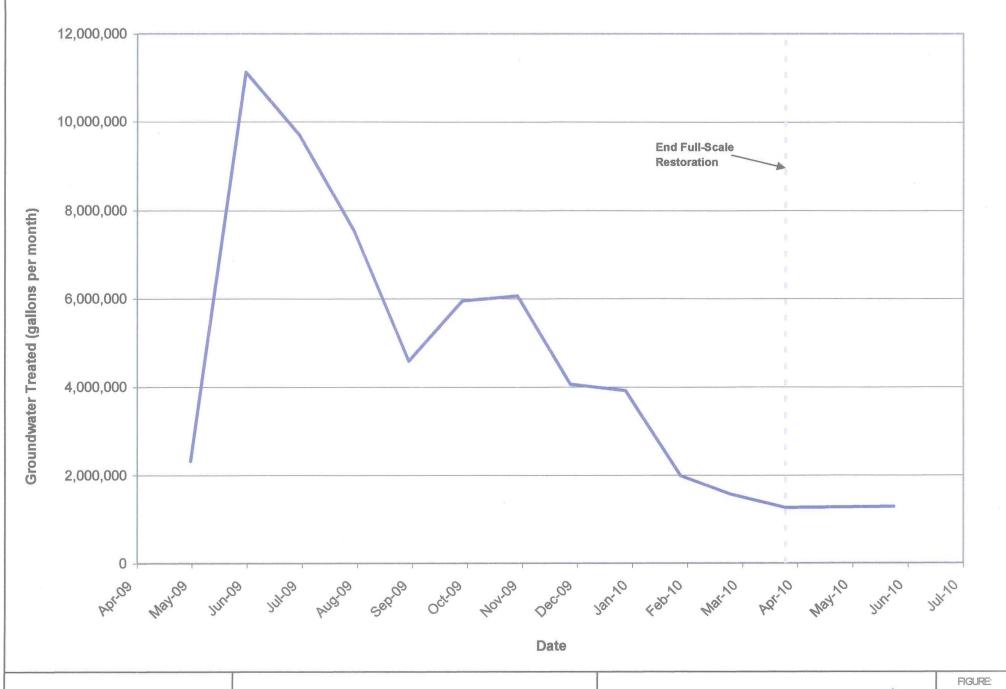
1. RO = Reverse Osmosis

TABLE 3-4
MU-3 Volume of Groundwater Treated During Restoration

Date	MU-3 RO (gallons)
Dec-09	9,241,922
Jan-10	8,486,645
Feb-10	7,709,118
Mar-10	8,710,379
Apr-10	10,108,820
May-10	10,179,871
Jun-10	8,492,464
Jul-10	8,686,296
Aug-10	9,193,635
Sep-10	5,549,331
Oct-10	7,257,347
Nov-10	1,571,039
Dec-10	1,932,584
Jan-11	2,942,281
Feb-11	3,540,161
Mar-11	3,871,855
Apr-11	3,382,771
May-11	1,764,783
Jun-11	3,211,305
Jul-11	3,224,826
Aug-11	3,236,451
Sep-11	3,463,516
Oct-11	3,347,188
Nov-11	1,830,082
Dec-11	1,723,149
Jan-12	1,332,812

Notes:

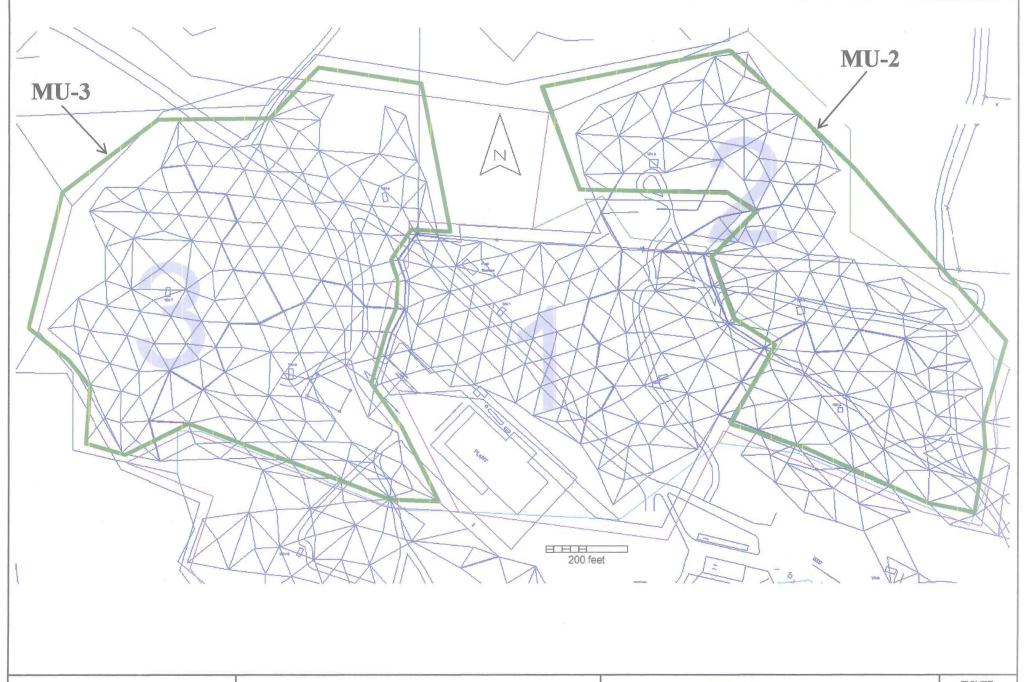
1. RO = Reverse Osmosis



MU-2 Groundwater Extraction and RO Treatment Rate

Cameco Resources Crow Butte Facility Dawes County, Nebraska





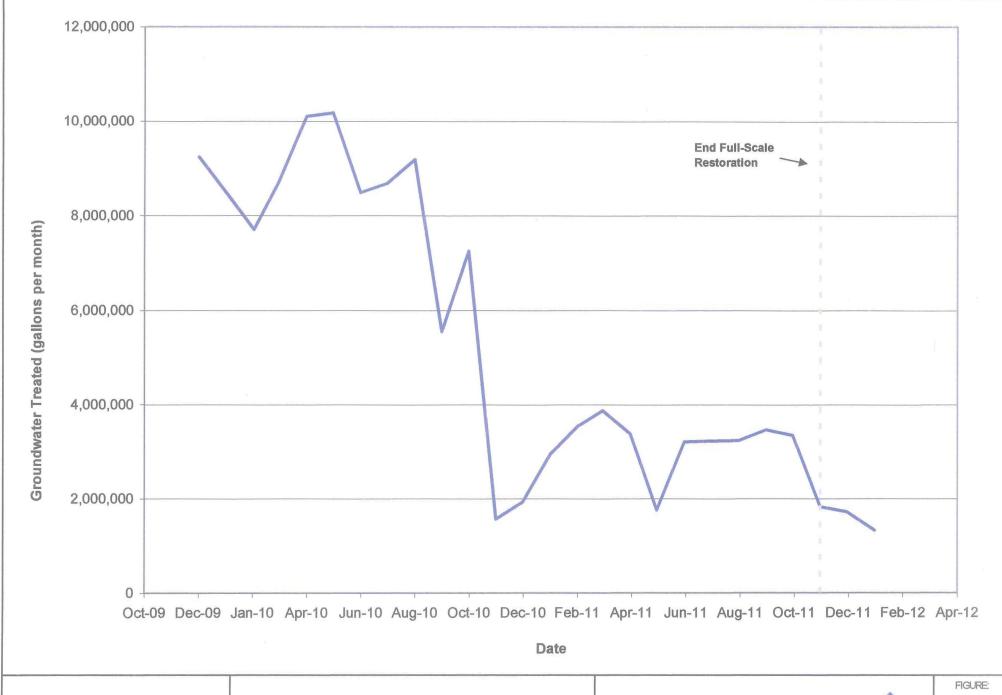
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Mine Units MU-2 and MU-3

Cameco Resources Crow Butte Facility Dawes County, Nebraska



FIGURE:



**MU-3 Groundwater Extraction** and RO Treatment Rate

Cameco Resources Crow Butte Facility Dawes County, Nebraska





### 4. PORE VOLUME RESTORATION MODELING

Pore volume restoration requirements were calculated by applying the general approach of Zheng et al. (1991, 1992) using the concept of the mixed linear reservoir (MLR) or batch mixing model of Gelhar and Wilson (1974). This methodology has been previously employed to compute pore volume restoration requirements at Cameco's Smith Ranch-Highland facility in Converse County, Wyoming (Lewis Water Consultants, 1999). The MLR model is based on the simple principle that an affected aquifer can be represented as a fully mixed solution at some average concentration. The concentration of this solute then changes instantaneously in response to changes in inflow, outflow, and solute mass.

## 4.1 Mixed Linear Reservoir (MLR) Model

The number of pore volumes (Npv) required to reduce the initial concentration (Ci) of a dissolved chemical constituent to a lesser or final concentration (Cs) based on the MLR model is given by:

$$Npv = -R \ln (Cs/Ci)$$
 (1)

Where R is the retardation factor, which is a measure of chemical attenuation within the aquifer. For a conservative or non-reactive chemical constituent such as chloride, R equals 1.0.

**Figures 4-1 and 4-2** compare the modeled and observed chloride pore volume restoration curves for MU-2 and MU-3, respectively. In general, modeled and observed pore volume restoration curves compare favorably for the duration of full-scale restoration. Given an initial chloride concentration of 259.78 mg/L, a final chloride concentration of 27.29 mg/L in March 2010, the total number of pore volumes treated in MU-2 as part of the MBRP was 2.25. Likewise, given an initial chloride concentration of 304.67 mg/L, a final chloride concentration of 54.64 mg/L in October 2011, the total number of pore volumes treated in MU-3 as part of the MBRP was 1.72.

Given the total number of pore volumes treated, retardation factors for other non-conservative chemical constituents can be calculated by rearranging equation (1) and solving for R. **Tables 4-1 and 4-2** summarize calculated R values for constituents of concern for MU-2 and MU-3, respectively. R values less than one are calculated for some dissolved metals, which is interpreted to represent accelerated restoration due to the injection of sodium sulfide and associated metal reduction, or other geochemical reactions. Figures **4-3 through 4-12** compare the resulting modeled and observed pore volume restoration curves in MU-2 for 10 constituents of concern. Similarly, **Figures 4-13 through 4-22** compare the resulting modeled and observed pore volume restoration curves in MU-3 for 10 constituents of concern. It is not possible to compute pore volume restoration curves for constituents with initial and final concentrations that were increasing or near the detection limit during the restoration period.

## 4.2 Affected Pore Volume Calculations

A benefit of the MLR model is the ability to calculate the affected pore volume (APV) as:

$$APV = TV/Npv$$
 (2)

where TV is the total volume of groundwater extracted as part of the MBRP. For example, given a total volume of groundwater extracted as part of the MBRP of 58,870,540 gallons and 2.25 pore volumes treated from equation (1), the theoretical APV for MU-2 from equation (2) is 26,164,684 gallons. By comparison, Cameco's calculated APV for MU-2 is 21,622,000 gallons. Similarly, given a total volume of groundwater extracted as part of the MBRP of 126,861,972 gallons and 1.72 pore volumes treated, the theoretical APV



for MU-3 is 73,756,960 gallons. Cameco's calculated APV for MU-3 is 19,073,000. The difference between the theoretical and calculated APV's represents a combination of uncertainties including:

- uncertainty in Cameco's APV calculations (e.g. estimated flare factor, porosity, pattern area, sand thickness),
- restoration inefficiency (although much less than historical inefficiencies described in 2.1), including
  over-treatment of restored areas and areas bordering MU-2 and MU-3 (e.g. injection fence along
  boundary with MU-4, restored areas bordering MU-1),
- deviation from the theoretical model assumption of complete mixing (e.g. variability in water quality across the mine unit), and
- uncertainty in the computed average water quality (e.g. sampling a large number of wells will better approximate the average water quality than sampling a small number of wells).

## 4.3 Summary of Pore Volume Restoration Analysis in MU-2 and MU-3

Results of the pore volume analysis in MU-2 and MU-3 demonstrate that restoration of these mine units was accomplished (with the exception of local elevated arsenic concentrations in MU-3) in approximately 6 to 9 months following the implementation of the MBRP. Restoration was achieved after 2.11 pore volumes of groundwater treatment in MU-3, and 0.74 pore volumes of groundwater treatment in MU-3. The total number of pore volumes treated in MU-2 and MU-3 as part of the MBRP was 2.25 and 1.72, respectively.

Spot treatment in MU-2 and MU-3 continued following full-scale restoration to address localized elevated arsenic and/or vanadium concentrations and to prepare for stability. Recent geochemical evaluations of arsenic and vanadium trends in MU-2 and MU-3 suggest localized elevated concentrations of arsenic and vanadium likely occur due to local over-treatment by injection of RO permeate, resulting in loss of aquifer buffering capacity and increased pH as inorganic carbon is removed (arsenic and vanadium mobility increases with increasing pH in this system). Care will be taken in the future to prevent over-treatment of restored areas to prevent the mobilization of arsenic and vanadium.

TABLE 4-1
Calculated Retardation Factors (R Values) in MU-2

Constituent	Ci (mg/l)	Cs (mg/l)	Cs/Ci	LN (Cs/Ci)	Npv	R
Ammonia	NA	NA	NA	NA	2.25	NA
Arsenic	0.018	0.033	1.857	0.62	2.25	NC
Barium	NA	NA	NA	NA	2.25	NA
Cadmium	NA	NA	NA	NA	2.25	NA
Chloride	259.78	27.29	0.105	-2.25	2.25	1.00
Copper	NA	NA	NA	NA	2.25	NA
Fluorine	0.36	0.77	2.156	0.77	2.25	NC
Iron	0.10	0.37	3.761	1.32	2.25	NC
Mercury	NA	NA	NA	NA	2.25	NA
Manganese	0.10	0.02	0.208	-1.57	2.25	1.43
Molybdenum	NA	NA	NA	NA	2.25	NA
Nickel	NA	NA	NA	NA	2.25	NA
Nitrate as N	NA	NA	NA	NA	2.25	NA
Lead	NA	NA	NA	NA	2.25	NA
Radium 226	335.43	91.71	0.273	-1.30	2.25	1.74
Selenium	0.002	0.001	0.625	-0.47	2.25	NC
Sodium	478.63	108.00	0.226	-1.49	2.25	1.51
Sulfate	458.33	51.43	0.112	-2.19	2.25	1.03
Uranium	3.81	0.46	0.120	-2.12	2.25	1.06
Vanadium	0.70	0.23	0.333	-1.10	2.25	2.05
Zinc	NA	NA	NA	NA	2.25	NA
Calcium	35.67	3.17	0.089	-2.42	2.25	0.93
Carbonate	NA	NA	NA	NA	2.25	NA
Potassium	14.23	3.57	0.251	-1.38	2.25	1.63
Magnesium	8.11	1.00	0.123	-2.09	2.25	1.07
Total Dissolved Solids	1521.56	314.29	0.207	-1.58	2.25	1.43

## Notes:

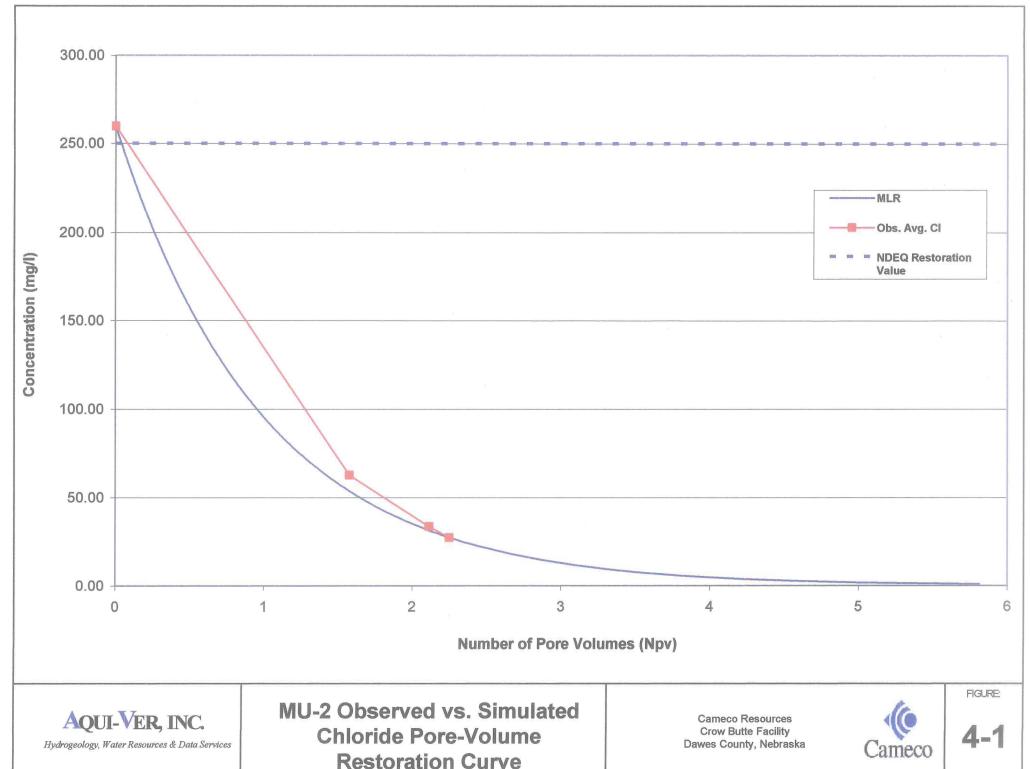
- 1. NC = not calculated due to steady or increasing concentrations, or concentrations near or below the detection limit.
- 2. NA = not applicable due to no available or limited groundwater sample data.
- 3. Ci = average initial concentration at the beginning of full-scale restoration.
- 4. Cs = average concentration at the end of full scale restoration.
- 5. Npv = number of pore volumes.
- 6. R (retardation factor) = Npv / LN (Cs/Ci).
- 7. mg/l = milligrams per liter.

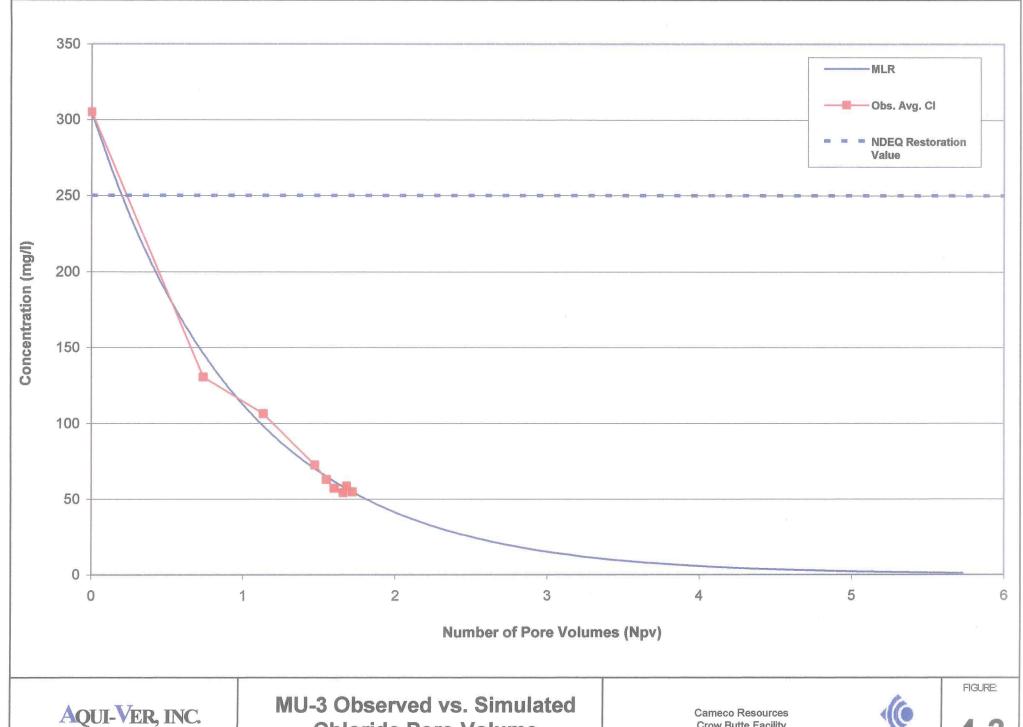
TABLE 4-2
Calculated Retardation Factors (R Values) in MU-3

Constituent	Ci (mg/l)	Cs (mg/l)	Cs/Ci	LN (Cs/Ci)	Npv	R
Ammonia	0.06	0.11	2.000	0.69	1.72	NC
Arsenic	0.02	0.05	2.143	0.76	1.72	NC
Barium	NA	NA	NA	NA	1.72	NA
Cadmium	NA	NA	NA	NA	1.72	NA
Chloride	304.67	54.64	0.179	-1.72	1.72	1.00
Copper	NA	NA	NA	NA	1.72	NA
Fluorine	0.50	0.75	1.491	0.40	1.72	NC
Iron	0.04	0.10	2.673	0.98	1.72	NC
Mercury	NA	NA	NA	NA	1.72	NA
Manganese	0.06	0.02	0.353	-1.04	1.72	1.65
Molybdenum	0.23	0.14	0.600	-0.51	1.72	3.37
Nickel	NA	NA	NA	NA	1.72	NA
Nitrate as N	NA	NA	NA	NA	1.72	NA
Lead	NA	NA	NA	NA	1.72	NA
Radium 226	327.67	44.22	0.135	-2.00	1.72	0.86
Selenium	0.002	0.004	2.667	0.98	1.72	NC
Sodium	642.00	172.73	0.269	-1.31	1.72	1.31
Sulfate	468.33	95.09	0.203	-1.59	1.72	1.08
Uranium	6.01	0.67	0.111	-2.20	1.72	0.78
Vanadium	0.40	0.40	1.000	0.00	1.72	NC
Zinc	NA	NA	NA	NA	1.72	NA
Calcium	41.67	6.50	0.156	-1.86	1.72	0.93
Carbonate	NA	NA	NA	NA	1.72	NA
Potassium	20.67	6.60	0.319	-1.14	1.72	1.51
Magnesium	10.67	2.75	0.258	-1.36	1.72	1.27
Total Dissolved Solids	1,770.00	484.45	0.274	-1.30	1.72	1.33

#### Notes:

- 1. NC = not calculated due to steady or increasing concentrations, or concentrations near or below the detection limit.
- 2. NA = not applicable due to no available or limited groundwater sample data.
- 3. Ci = average initial concentration at the beginning of full-scale restoration.
- 4. Cs = average concentration at the end of full-scale restoration.
- 5. Npv = number of pore volumes.
- 6. R (retardation factor) = Npv / LN (Cs/Ci).
- 7. mg/l = milligrams per liter.



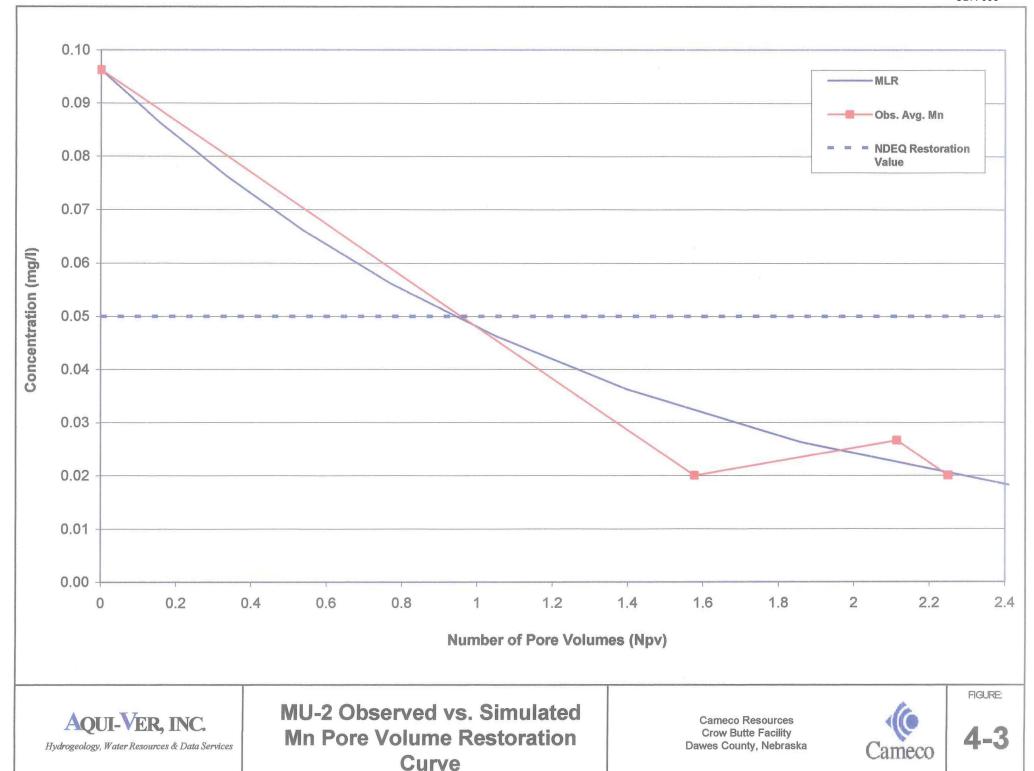


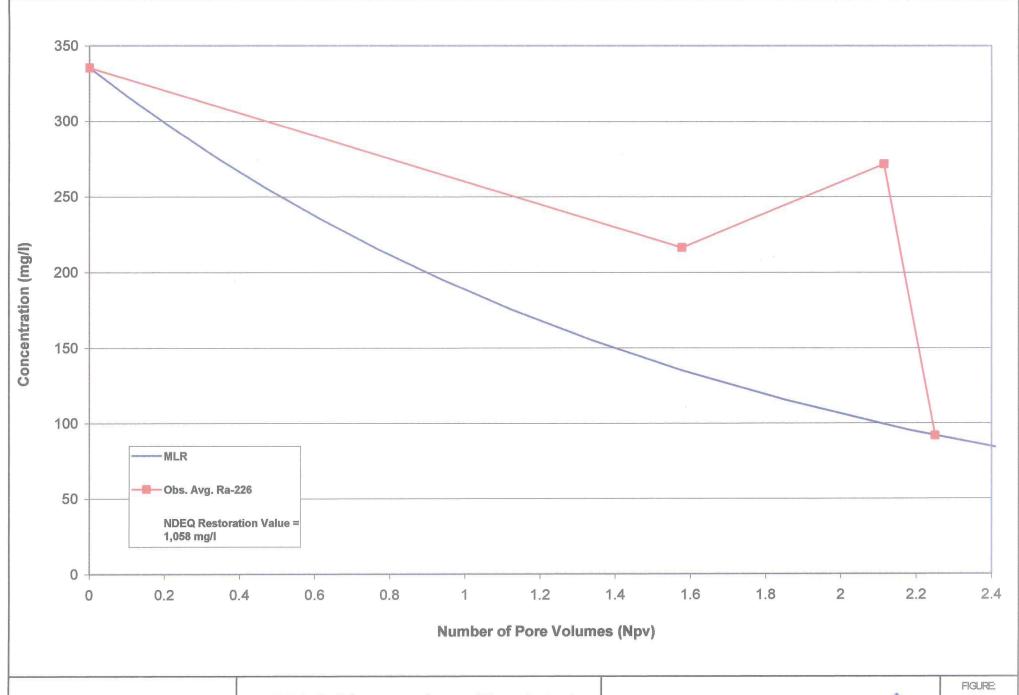
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**Chloride Pore-Volume Restoration Curve** 

**Crow Butte Facility** Dawes County, Nebraska





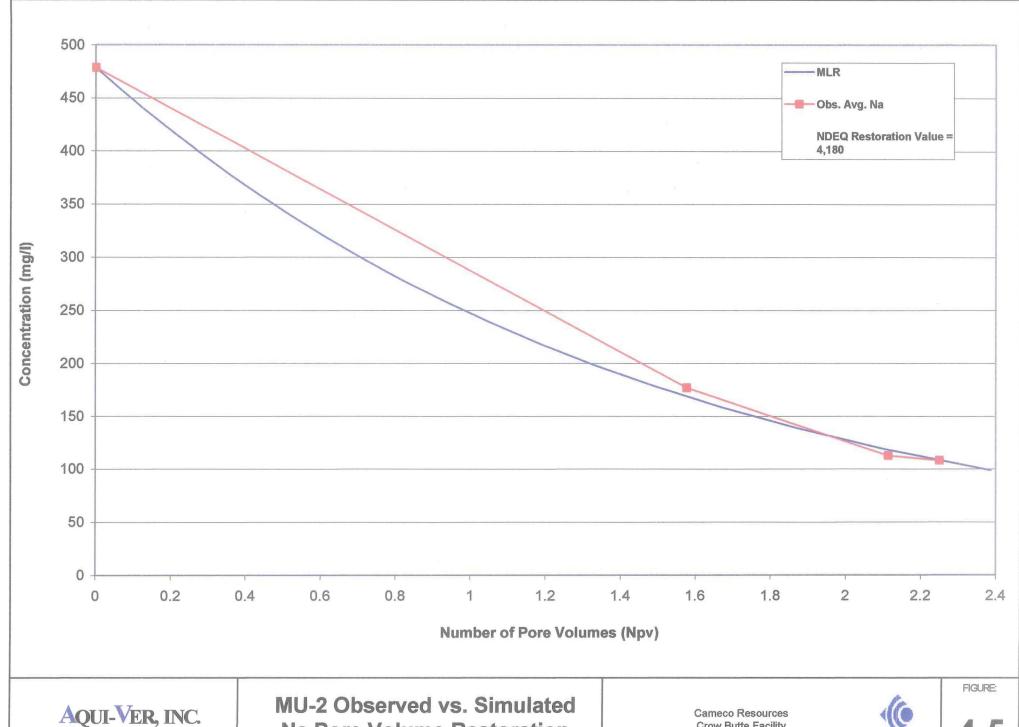


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MU-2 Observed vs. Simulated Ra-226 Pore Volume Restoration Curve

Cameco Resources Crow Butte Facility Dawes County, Nebraska



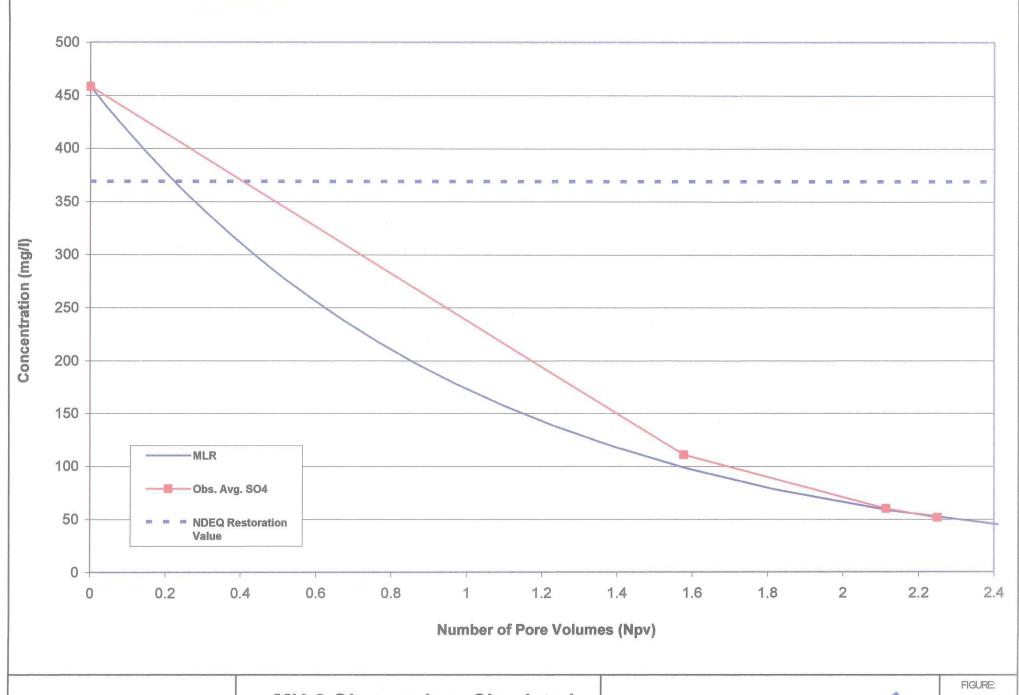


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Na Pore Volume Restoration Curve

**Crow Butte Facility** Dawes County, Nebraska

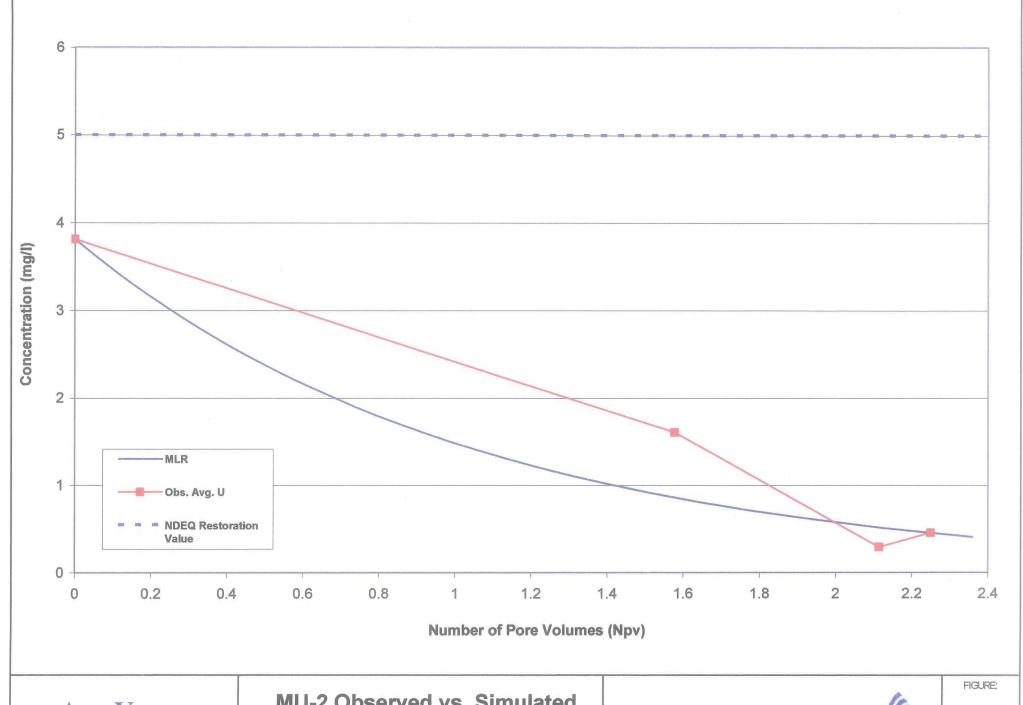




MU-2 Observed vs. Simulated SO<sub>4</sub> Pore Volume Restoration Curve

Cameco Resources Crow Butte Facility Dawes County, Nebraska

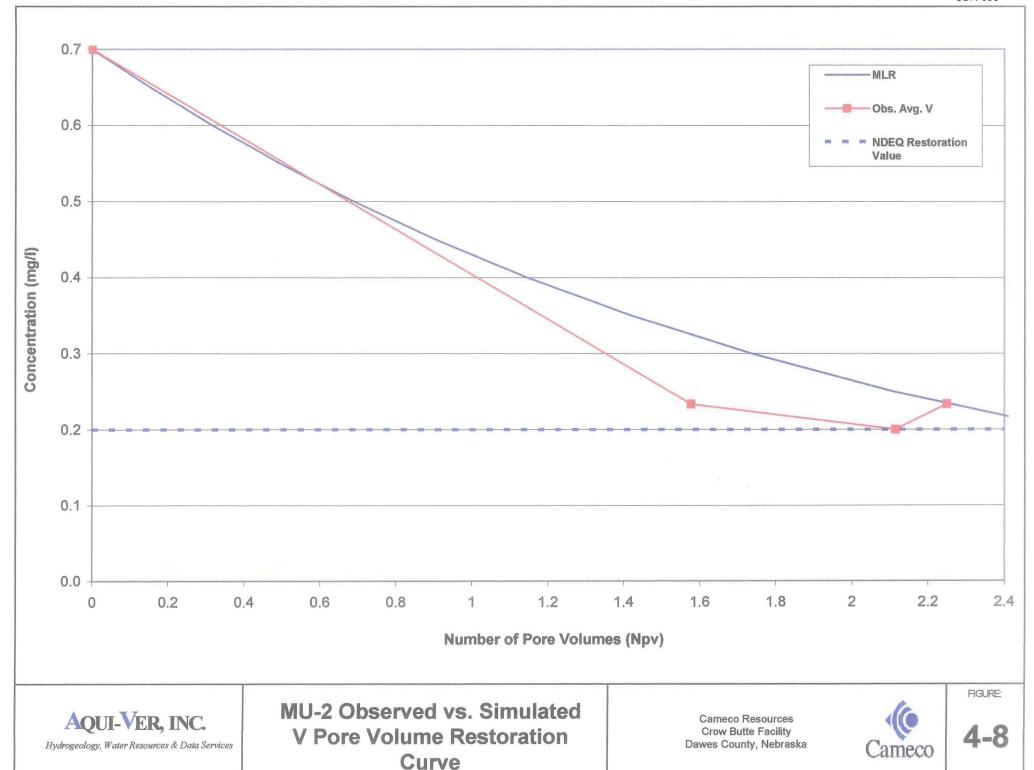


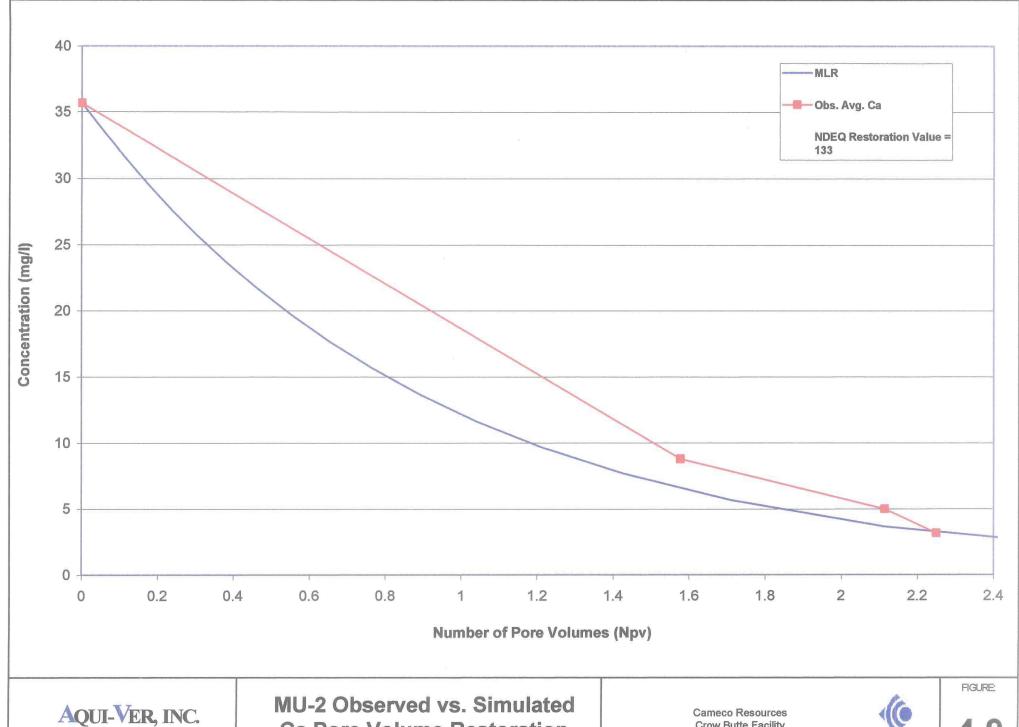


MU-2 Observed vs. Simulated U Pore Volume Restoration Curve

Cameco Resources Crow Butte Facility Dawes County, Nebraska





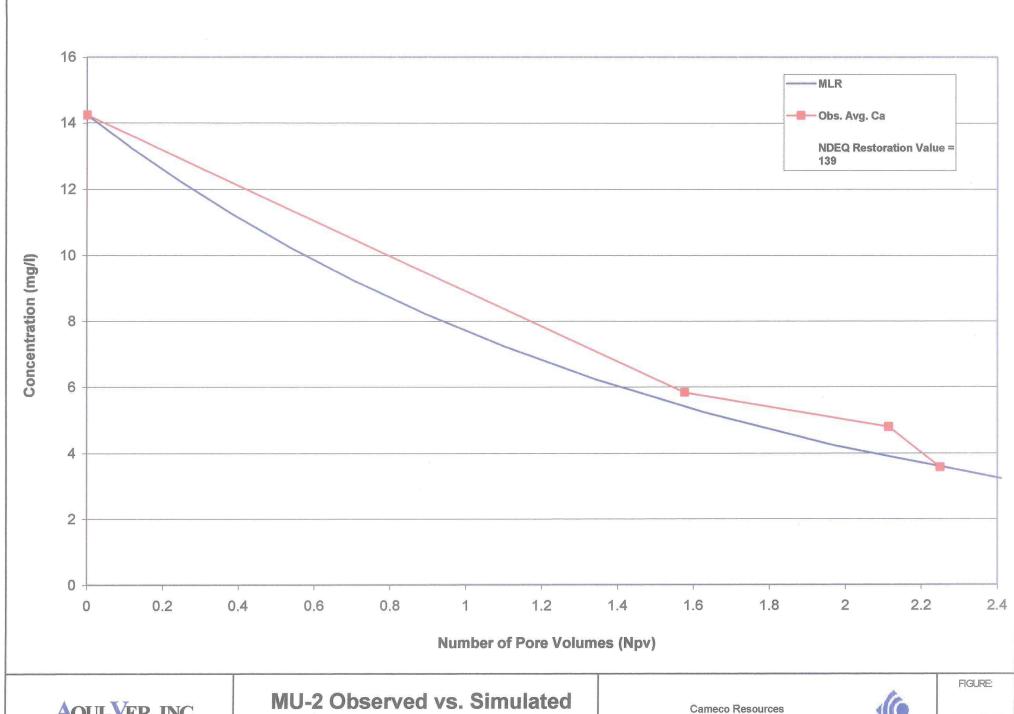


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**Ca Pore Volume Restoration** Curve

**Crow Butte Facility** Dawes County, Nebraska

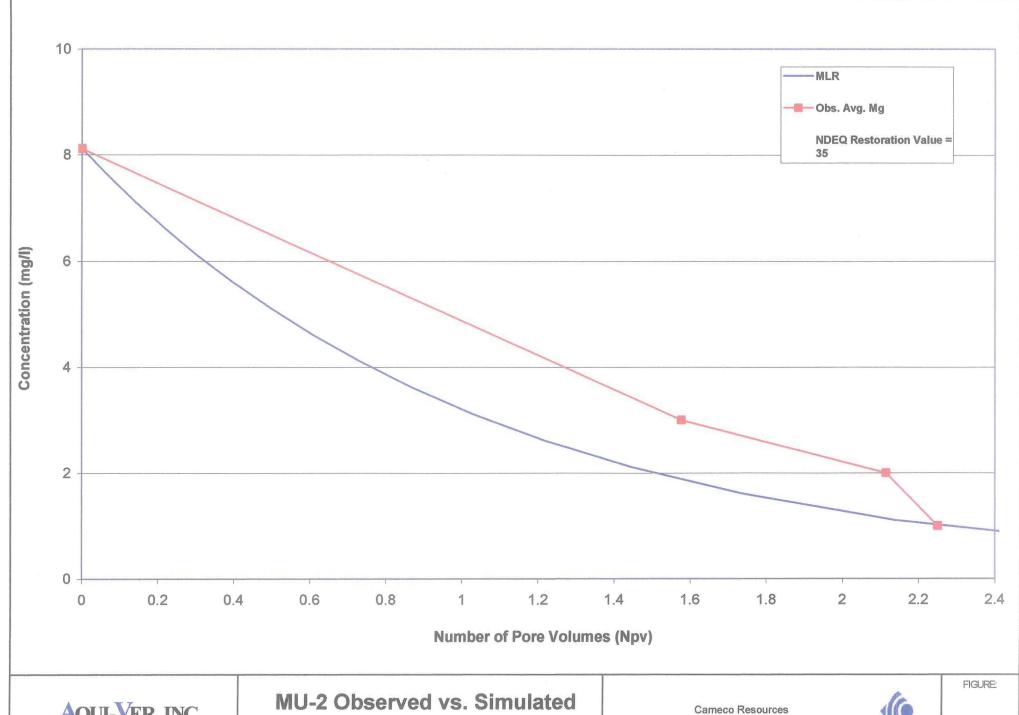




MU-2 Observed vs. Simulated K Pore Volume Restoration Curve

Cameco Resources Crow Butte Facility Dawes County, Nebraska

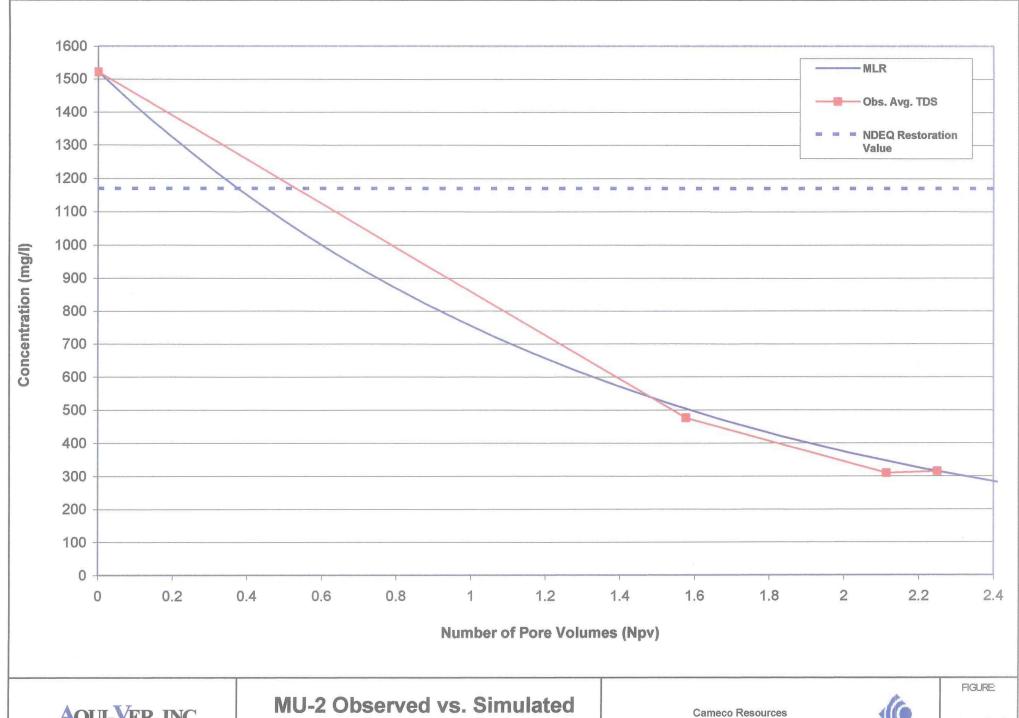




MU-2 Observed vs. Simulated Mg Pore Volume Restoration Curve

Cameco Resources Crow Butte Facility Dawes County, Nebraska

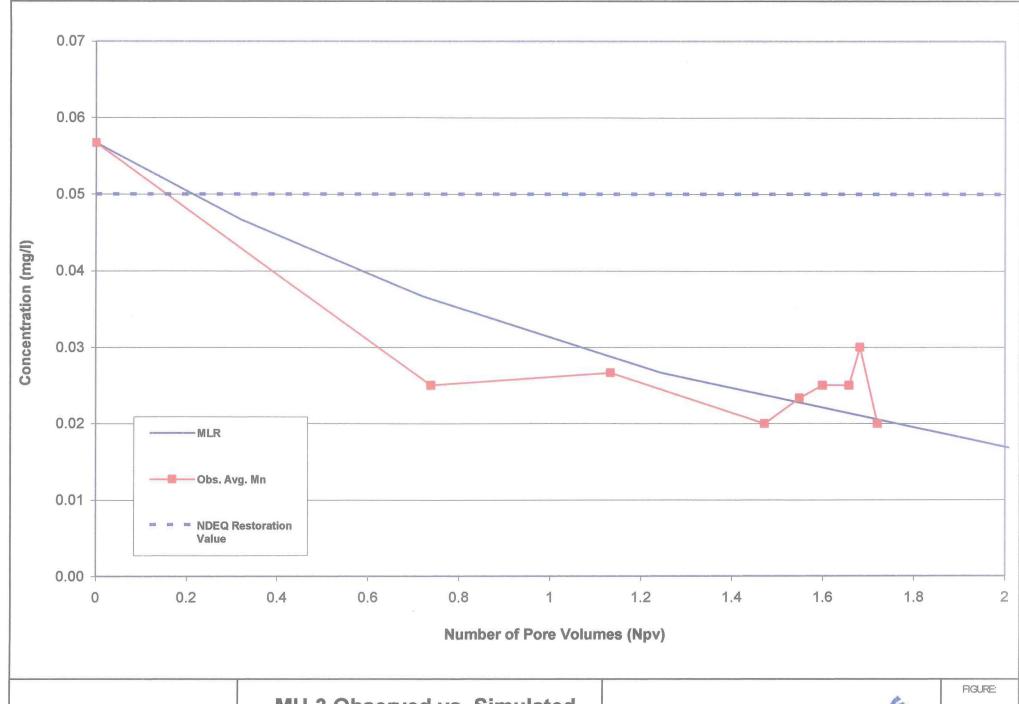




MU-2 Observed vs. Simulated TDS Pore Volume Restoration Curve

Cameco Resources Crow Butte Facility Dawes County, Nebraska



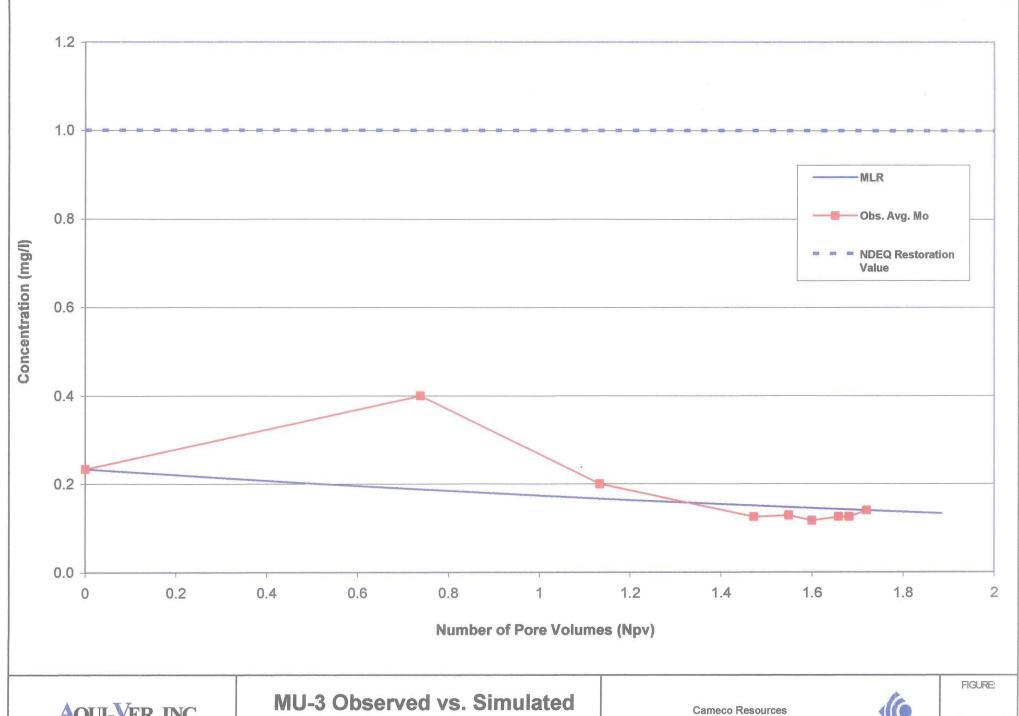


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MU-3 Observed vs. Simulated **Mn Pore Volume Restoration** Curve

Cameco Resources **Crow Butte Facility** Dawes County, Nebraska

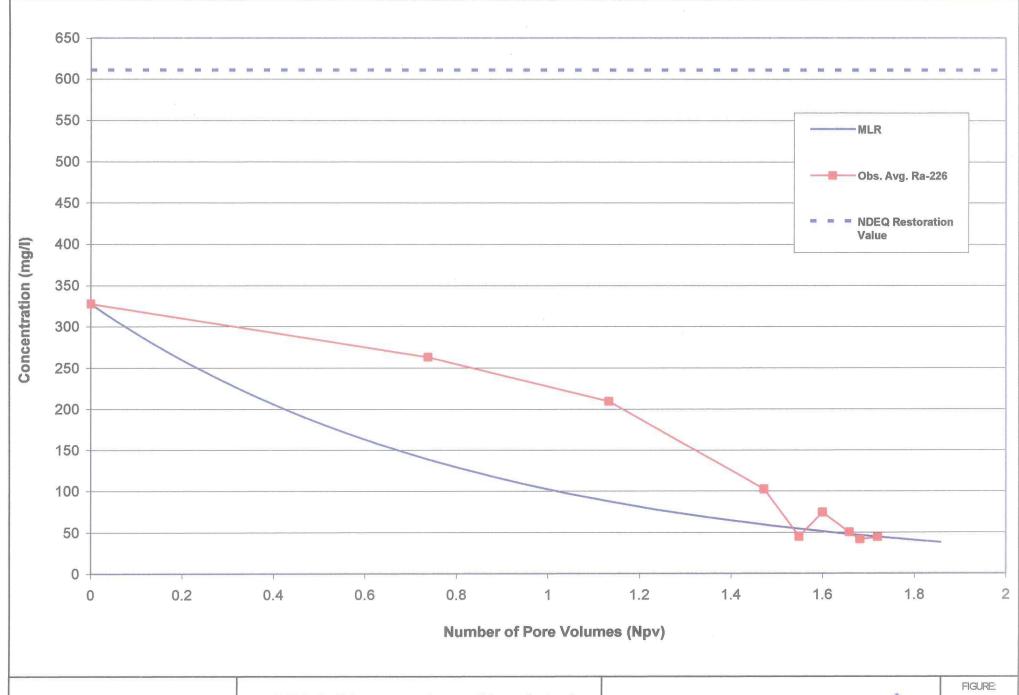




MU-3 Observed vs. Simulated Mo Pore Volume Restoration Curve

Cameco Resources Crow Butte Facility Dawes County, Nebraska



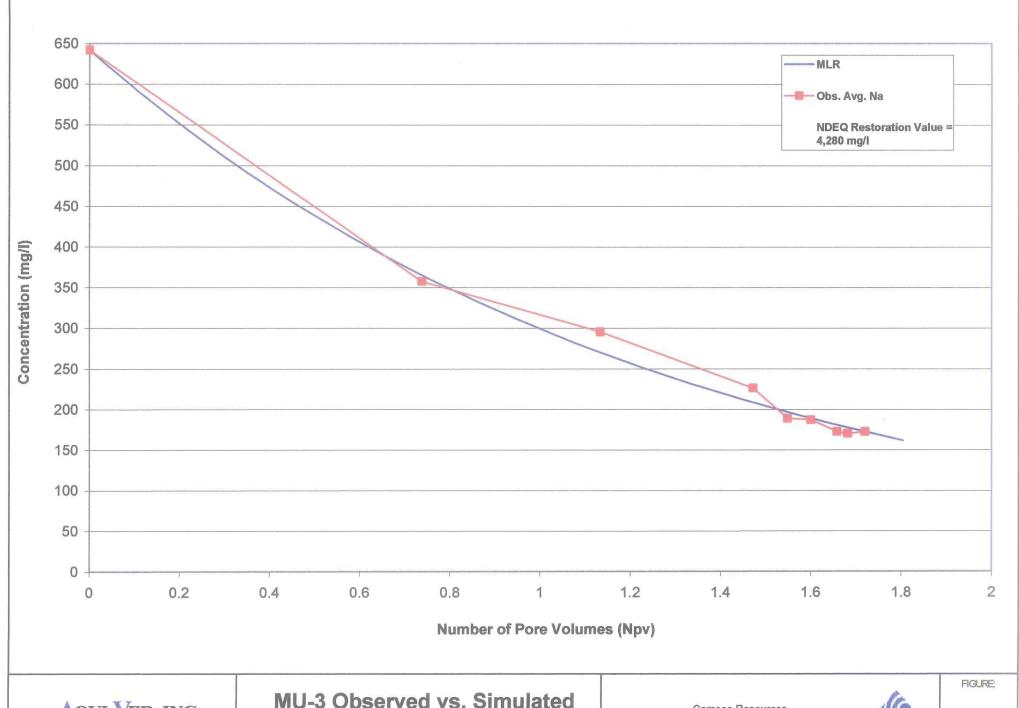


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MU-3 Observed vs. Simulated Ra-226 Pore Volume Restoration Curve

Cameco Resources Crow Butte Facility Dawes County, Nebraska

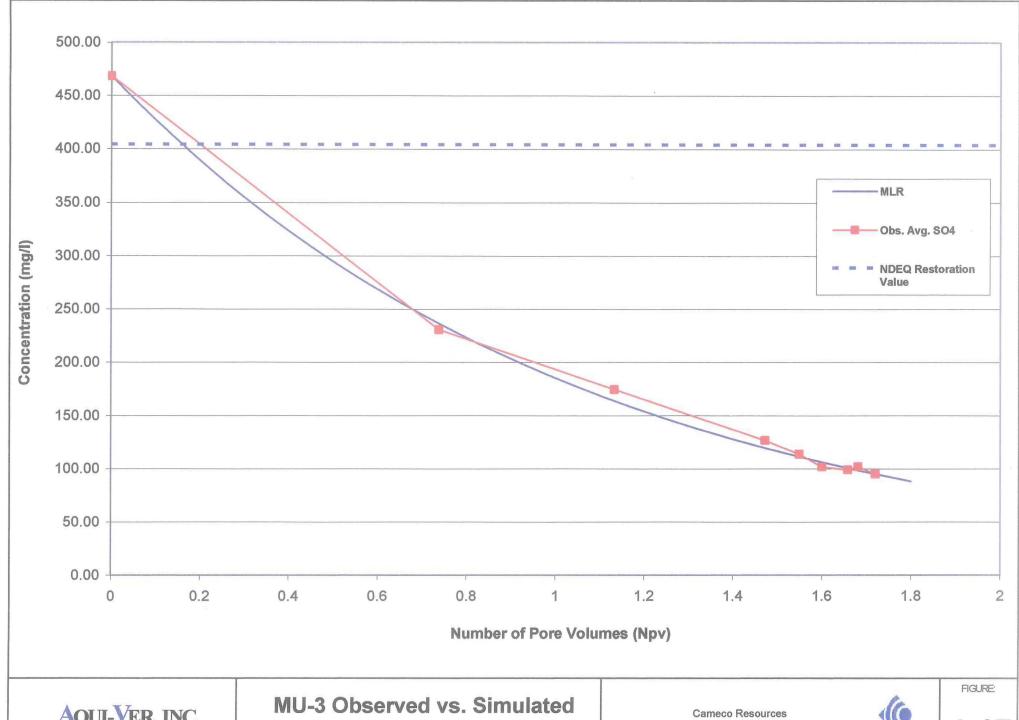




MU-3 Observed vs. Simulated Na Pore Volume Restoration Curve

Cameco Resources Crow Butte Facility Dawes County, Nebraska

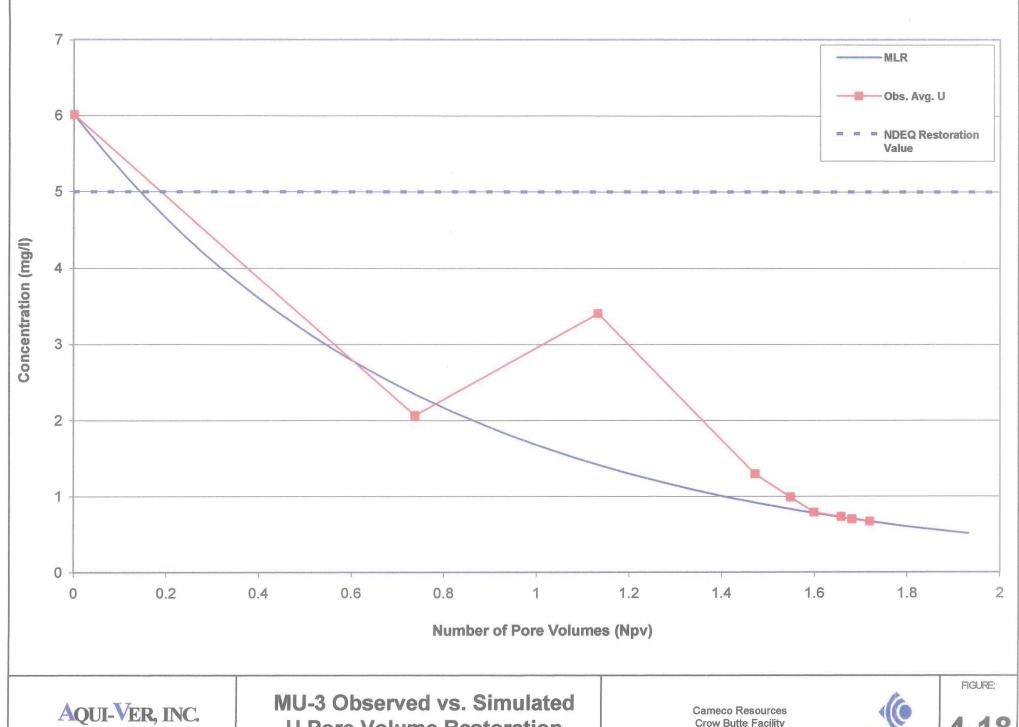




MU-3 Observed vs. Simulated SO<sub>4</sub> Pore Volume Restoration Curve

Cameco Resources Crow Butte Facility Dawes County, Nebraska



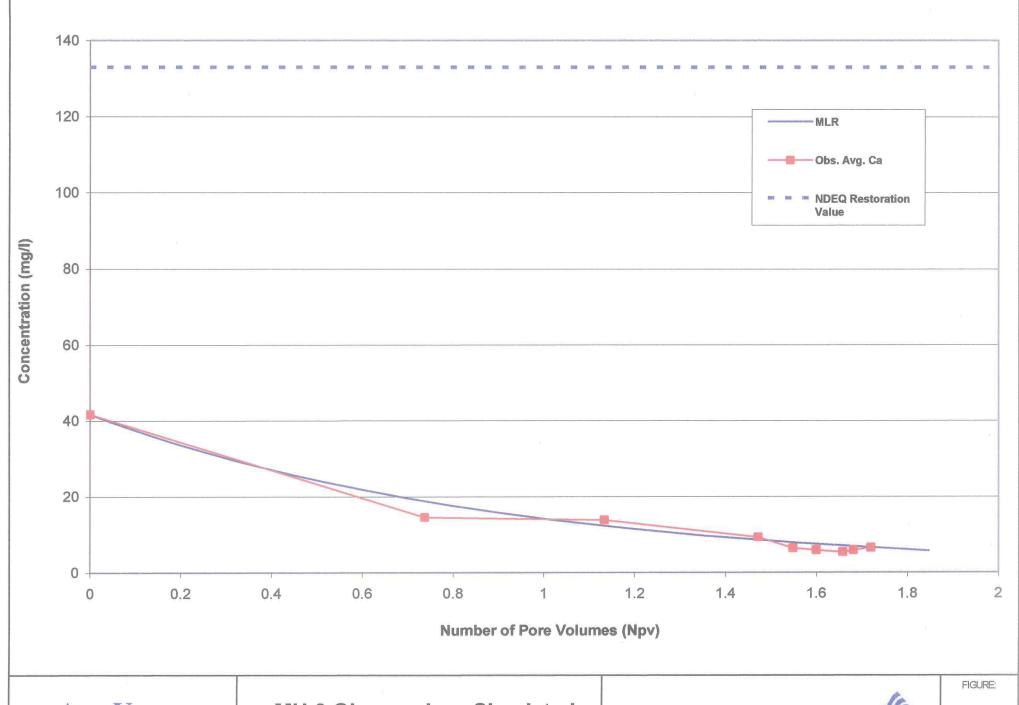


Hydrogeology, Water Resources & Data Services

**U Pore Volume Restoration** Curve

**Crow Butte Facility** Dawes County, Nebraska

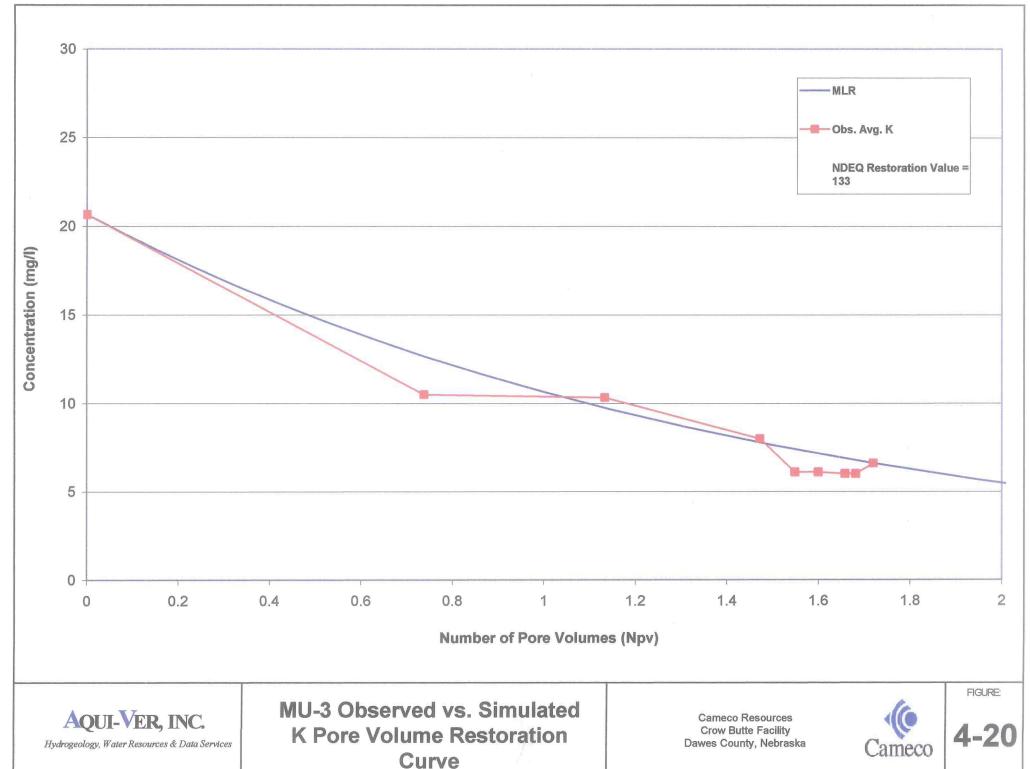


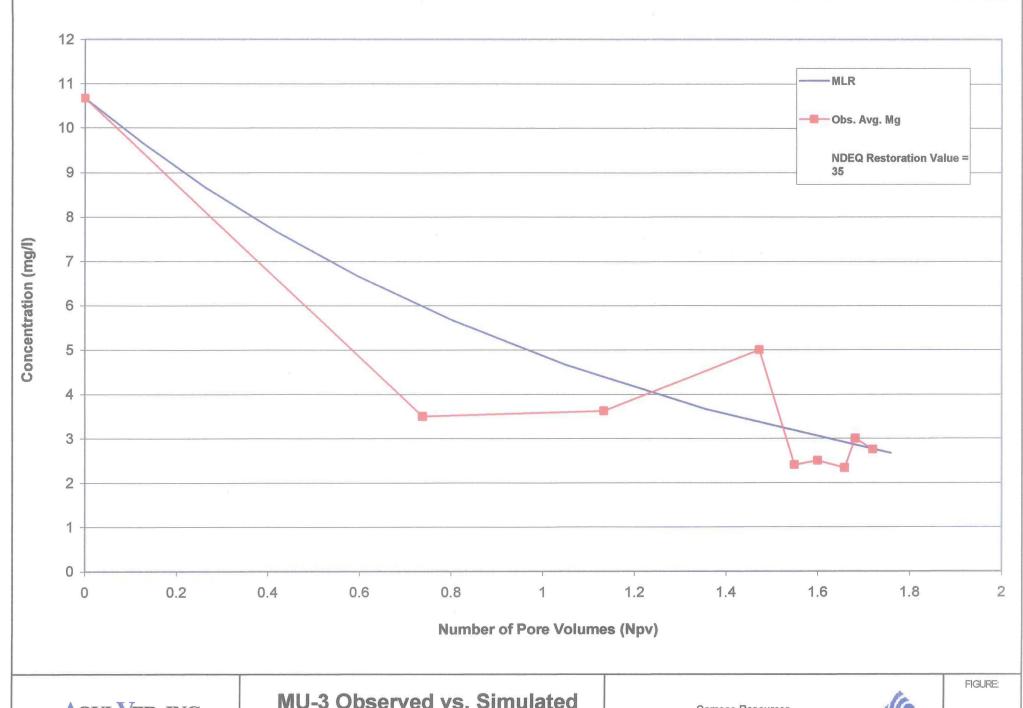


MU-3 Observed vs. Simulated Ca Restoration Curve

Cameco Resources Crow Butte Facility Dawes County, Nebraska



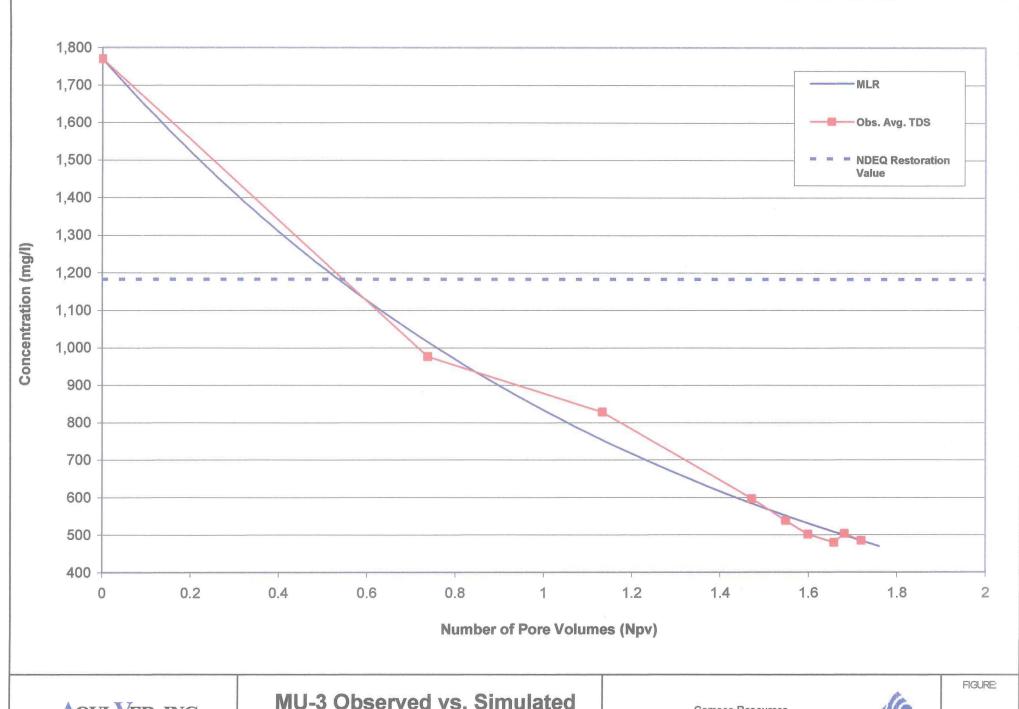




MU-3 Observed vs. Simulated Mg Pore Volume Restoration Curve

Cameco Resources Crow Butte Facility Dawes County, Nebraska





MU-3 Observed vs. Simulated TDS Pore Volume Restoration Curve

Cameco Resources Crow Butte Facility Dawes County, Nebraska



#### AQUI-VER, INC.



## 5. PORE VOLUME RESTORATION REQUIREMENTS FOR OTHER MINE UNITS

Results of the pore volume restoration analysis described in **Section 4** can be expanded to evaluate the pore volume restoration requirements for other mine units at the site. The pore volume restoration requirements for future mine units can be evaluated by using the MLR model to calculate the additional number of pore volumes needed to lower the chloride concentration from a post-mining condition to a fully restored condition. Groundwater quality data collected from MU-2 and MU-3 in 1996 and 1999 indicate average post-mining concentrations of chloride were approximately 633 and 681 mg/l, respectively (**Attachment A**). Given an initial average chloride concentration (Ci) of 633 mg/L for MU-2, the additional number of pore volumes needed to restore the production aquifer from a post-mining condition to a fully restored condition is 0.89. Given an initial chloride concentration (Ci) of 681 mg/L for MU-3, the additional number of pore volumes needed to restore the production aquifer from a post-mining condition to a fully restored condition is 0.80. By summing together these additional pore volume requirements and the full-scale pore volume restoration requirements for MU-2 and MU-3 (2.11 and 0.74 pore volumes, respectively), we can conclude the theoretical number of pore volumes required to restore a mine unit from the post-mining condition to a fully restored condition at the site is 1.54 (MU-3 analogy) to 3.00 (MU-2 analogy).

It was noted in **Section 4.2** that the theoretical affected pore volume (APV) computed from the MLR model differs somewhat from the historical APV calculated by Cameco. The theoretical APV calculated by the MLR model for MU-2 and MU-3 is larger than the historical APV calculated by Cameco by a factor of approximately 1.21 (MU-2) to 3.87 (MU-3). The difference between the theoretical and calculated APV represents a combination of uncertainties inherent in Cameco's APV calculations (e.g. estimated flare factor, porosity, pattern area, sand thickness), restoration inefficiencies (although much less than historical inefficiencies), deviation from the theoretical model assumption of complete mixing, and uncertainty in the computed average water quality. If Cameco's calculated APV for MU-2 and MU-3 is used instead of the theoretical APV computed by the MLR model, the total number of pore volumes required to restore groundwater from a post-mining condition to a fully restored condition is approximately 3.63 (more efficient) to 5.96 (less efficient).





#### SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

Results of the pore volume analysis in MU-2 and MU-3 demonstrate that restoration of these mine units was accomplished (with the exception of local elevated arsenic concentrations in MU-3) in approximately 6 to 9 months following the implementation of the MBRP. Restoration was achieved after 2.11 pore volumes of groundwater treatment in MU-2, and 0.74 pore volumes of groundwater treatment in MU-3. The total number of pore volumes treated in MU-2 and MU-3 as part of the MBRP was 2.25 and 1.72, respectively.

Results of the pore volume restoration analysis in MU-2 and MU-3 were expanded to evaluate the number of pore volumes required for future restoration of other mine units at the site. Results of this analysis indicate the theoretical number of pore volumes required to restore a mine unit from the post-mining condition to a fully restored condition at the site is 1.54 (MU-3 analogy) to 3.00 (MU-2 analogy).

The theoretical APV calculated from the MLR model is larger than Cameo's calculated APV by a factor of approximately 1.21 (MU-2) to 3.87 (MU-3). The difference between the theoretical and calculated APV represents a combination of uncertainties inherent in Cameco's APV calculations (e.g. estimated flare factor, porosity, pattern area, sand thickness, restoration inefficiencies, deviation from the theoretical model assumption of complete mixing, and uncertainty in the computed average water quality. If Cameco's calculated APV for MU-2 and MU-3 is used instead of the theoretical APV computed by the MLR model, the total number of pore volumes required to restore groundwater from a post-mining condition to a fully restored condition is approximately 3.63 (more efficient) to 5.96 (less efficient).

The results of this study can be used to compare the relative effectiveness of restoration before and after the implementation of the MBRP. Prior to May 2009 and the implementation of the MBRP in MU-2, the total volume of groundwater treated as part of MU-2 restoration was approximately 767 million gallons, or approximately 35 pore volumes using Cameco's calculated APV. Likewise, prior to December 2009 and the implementation of the MBRP in MU-3, the total volume of groundwater treated as part of MU-3 restoration was 1.123 billion gallons, or approximately 59 pore volumes using Cameco's calculated APV. Despite the relatively large number of pore volumes treated prior to implementation of the MBRP, MU-2 and MU-3 were only 30 to 50 percent restored, respectively, at the time the MBRP was implemented in May 2009. By comparison, results of this study indicate complete restoration of the production aquifer can be achieved in approximately 3.6 to 6.0 pore volumes using the MBRP and Cameco's calculated APV.

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#### 7. REFERENCES

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# ATTACHMENT A Post-Mining Water Quality Analyses



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WATER ANALYSIS REPORT - Crow B	utte Resources		
Report Date: 08-05-96 Sample L.D.: Sample Date: Sample Number:		BL-1 (L-171) 02-15-96 96-13442	
Major Ions	Units	Results	<b>Detection Limit</b>
Calcium (Ca)	mg/l	111	1.0
Magnesium (Mg)	mg/l	30.9	1.0
Sodium (Na)	mg/l	1159	1.0
Potassium (K)	mg/l	41.4	1.0
Carbonate (CO <sub>3</sub> )	mg/l	0	0.10
Bicarbonate (HCO <sub>3</sub> )	mg/l	1341	0.10
Sulfate (SO <sub>4</sub> )	mg/l	1155	1.0
Chloride (Cl)	mg/l	643	1.0
Ammonium (NH <sub>4</sub> ) as N	mg/l	0.08	0.05
Nitrite (NO <sub>2</sub> ) as N	mg/l	< 0.10	0.10
Nitrate (NO <sub>3</sub> ) as N	mg/l	0.96	0.10
Fluoride (F)	mg/l	0.39	0.10
Silica (SiO <sub>2</sub> )	mg/l	24.5	1.0
Non-Metals			
Total Dissolved Solids (TDS) @ 180°C	mg/l	4043	1.0
Conductivity	µmho/cm	5993	1.0
Alkalinity; measured as CaCO,	mg/l	1099	1.0
рН	std. units	7.67	0.10
Trace Metals			
Aluminum (Al)	mg/l	< 0.10	0.10
Arsenic (As)	mg/l	0.032	0.001
Barium (Ba)	mg/l	< 0.10	0.10
Boron (B)	mg/l	1.03	0.10
Cadmium (Cd)	mg/l	< 0.01	0.01
Chromium (Cr)	mg/l	< 0.05	0.05
Copper (Cu)	mg/l	0.01	0.01
Iron (Fe)	mg/l	< 0.05	0.05
Lead (Pb)	mg/l	< 0.05	0.05
Manganese (Mn)	mg/l	0.36	0.01
Mercury (Hg)	mg/l	< 0.001	0.001
Molybdenum (Mo)	mg/l	0.45	0.10
Nickel (Ni)	mg/l	0.12	0.05
Selenium (Se)	mg/l	0.112	0.001
Vanadium (V)	mg/l	0.72	0.10
Zinc (Zn)	mg/l	0.12	0.01
Radiometric			
Uranium (U <sup>Nat</sup> )	mg/l	4.519	0.0003
Radium 226 (Ŕa <sup>226</sup> )	pCi/l	1347	0.2
Radium Precision ±		12.1	
Quality Assurance Data			Acceptance Range
Anion	meg	64.25	
Cation	meg	59.62	
WYDEQ A/C Balance	%	-3.74	-5 - +5
Calc TDS	mg/l	3841	
TDS A/C Balance	dec. %	1.05	0.90 - 1.10

Report Approved by: R.a. leading PIM 13442cbr.wk3



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WATER ANALYSIS REPORT - Crow B	utte Resources		
Report Date: 03-05-96 Sample I.D.: Sample Date: Sample Number:	F	BL-2 (P-94) 02-15-96 96-13446	
Major Ions	Units	Results	<b>Detection Limit</b>
Calcium (Ca)	mg/l	142	1.0
Magnesium (Mg)	mg/l	37.1	1.0
Sodium (Na)	mg/l	1197	1.0
Potassium (K)	mg/l	43.8	1.0
Carbonate (CO <sub>3</sub> )	mg/l	0	0.10
Bicarbonate (HCO <sub>3</sub> )	mg/l	1338	0.10
Sulfate (SO <sub>4</sub> )	mg/l	1325	1.0
Chloride (Cl)	mg/l	685	1.0
Ammonium (NH <sub>4</sub> ) as N	mg/l	< 0.05	0.05
Nitrite (NO <sub>2</sub> ) as N	mg/l	< 0.10	0.10
Nitrate (NO <sub>3</sub> ) as N	mg/l	0.62	0.10
Fluoride (F)	mg/l	0.37	0.10
Silica (SiO <sub>2</sub> )	mg/l	28.1	1.0
Non-Metals			
Total Dissolved Solids (TDS) @ 180°C	mg/l	4310	1.0
Conductivity	µmho/cm	6220	1.0
Alkalinity; measured as CaCO <sub>3</sub>	mg/l	1097	1.0
pH	std. units	7.51	0.10
Trace Metals			
Aluminum (Al)	mg/l	< 0.10	0.10
Arsenic (As)	mg/l	0.018	0.001
Barium (Ba)	mg/l	< 0.10	0.10
Boron (B)	mg/l	1.15	0.10
Cadmium (Cd)	mg/l	< 0.01	0.01
Chromium (Cr)	mg/l	< 0.05	0.05
Copper (Cu)	mg/l	0.01	0.01
Iron (Fe)	mg/l	< 0.05	0.05
Lead (Pb)	mg/l	< 0.05	0.05
Manganese (Mn)	mg/l	0.22	0.01
Mercury (Hg)	mg/l	< 0.001	0.001
Molybdenum (Mo)	mg/l	0.41	0.10
Nickel (Ni)	mg/l	0.73	0.05
Selenium (Se)	mg/l	0.125	0.001
Vanadium (V)	mg/l	0.50	0.10
Zinc (Zn)	mg/l	0.13	0.01
Radiometric			
Uranium (U <sup>Nat</sup> )	mg/i	9.847	0.0003
Radium 226 (Ra <sup>226</sup> )	pCi/l	510	0.2
Radium Precision ±	11-	7.2	97 4 600
Quality Assurance Data			Acceptance Range
Anion	meg	68.91	
Cation	meg	63.39	
WYDEQ A/C Balance	%	-4.17	-5 - +5
Calc TDS	mg/l	4131	
TDS A/C Balance	dec. %	1.04	0.90 - 1.10



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WATER ANALYSIS REPORT - Crow B	utte Resources		
Report Date: 08-05-96 Sample I.D.; Sample Date: Sample Number:	Г	PM-2 (I-188) 02-16-96 96-13444	
Major lons	Units	Results	<b>Detection Limit</b>
Calcium (Ca)	mg/l	119	1.0
Magnesium (Mg)	mg/l	34.0	1.0
Sodium (Na)	mg/l	1183	1.0
Potassium (K)	mg/l	45.1	1.0
Carbonate (CO <sub>3</sub> )	mg/l	0	0.10
Bicarbonate (HČO <sub>3</sub> )	mg/l	1248	0.10
Sulfate (SO <sub>4</sub> )	mg/l	1240	1.0
Chloride (Cl)	mg/l	609	1.0
Ammonium (NH <sub>4</sub> ) as N	mg/l	0.19	0.05
Nitrite (NO <sub>2</sub> ) as N	mg/l	< 0.10	0.10
Nitrate (NO <sub>3</sub> ) as N	mg/l	0.79	0.10
Fluoride (F)	mg/l	0.32	0.10
Silica (SiO <sub>2</sub> )	mg/l	26.8	1.0
Non-Metals			
Total Dissolved Solids (TDS) @ 180°C	mg/l	4160	1.0
Conductivity	µmho/cm	6027	1.0
Alkalinity; measured as CaCO,	mg/l	1023	1.0
рН	std. units	7.49	0.10
Trace Metals			
Aluminum (AI)	mg/l	< 0.10	0.10
Arsenic (As)	mg/l	0.025	0.001
Barium (Ba)	mg/l	< 0.10	0.10
Boron (B)	mg/l	1.15	0.10
Cadmium (Cd)	mg/l	< 0.01	0.01
Chromium (Cr)	mg/l	< 0.05	0.05
Copper (Cu)	mg/l	0.01	0.01
Iron (Fe)	mg/l	< 0.05	0.05
Lead (Pb)	mg/l	< 0.05	0.05
Manganese (Mn)	mg/l	0.21	0.01
Mercury (Hg)	mg/l	< 0.001	0.001
Molybdenum (Mo)	mg/l	0.40	0.10
Nickel (Ni)	mg/l	< 0.05	0.05
Selenium (Se)	mg/l	0.178	0.001
Vanadium (V) Zinc (Zn)	mg/l	0.34	0.10 0.01
The second secon	mg/l	0.00	0.01
Radiometric			
Uranium (U <sup>Nat</sup> )	mg/l	21.52	0.0003
Radium 226 (Ra <sup>226</sup> ) Radium Precision ±	pCi/l	882 9.6	0.2
Quality Assurance Data		0.0	Acceptance Range
	100000	CO E0	northering light
Anion	med	63.53	
Cation	meq	61.42	-5 - +5
WYDEQ A/C Balance	%	-1.69	-5 - +5
Calc TDS TDS A/C Balance	mg/l dec. %	3886 1.07	0.90 - 1.10



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Sample I.D., Sample Date: Sample Number:		PM-8 (I-196) 02-16-96 96-13453	
Major Ions	Units	Results	<b>Detection Limit</b>
Calcium (Ca)	mg/l	134	1.0
Magnesium (Mg)	mg/l	37.0	1.0
Sodium (Na)	mg/l	1135	1.0
Potassium (K)	mg/l	44.1	1.0
Carbonate (CO <sub>3</sub> )	mg/l	0	0.10
Bicarbonate (HČO <sub>3</sub> )	mg/l	1124	0.10
Sulfate (SO <sub>4</sub> )	mg/l	1431	1.0
Chloride (CI)	mg/l	622	1.0
Ammonium (NH <sub>4</sub> ) as N	mg/l	0.21	0.05
Nitrite (NO <sub>2</sub> ) as N	mg/l	< 0.10	0.10
Nitrate (NO <sub>2</sub> ) as N	mg/l	0.55	0.10
Fluoride (F)	mg/l	0.26	0.10
Silica (SiO <sub>2</sub> )	mg/l	27.2	1.0
Non-Metals			
Total Dissolved Solids (TDS) @ 180°C	mg/l	4268	1.0
Conductivity	µmho/cm	6061	1.(
Alkalinity; measured as CaCO,	mg/l	921	1.0
pH	std. units	7,50	-0.10
Γrace Metals			
Aluminum (AI)	mg/l	< 0.10	0.10
Arsenic (As)	mg/l	0.025	0.00
Barium (Ba)	mg/l	< 0.10	0,10
Boron (B)	mg/l	1.20	0.10
Cadmium (Cd)	mg/l	< 0.01	0.0
Chromium (Cr)	mg/l	< 0.05	0.0
Copper (Cu)	mg/l	0.02	0.0
Iron (Fe)	mg/l	< 0.05	0.0
Lead (Pb)	mg/l	< 0.05	0.0
Manganese (Mn)	mg/l	0.10	0.0
Mercury (Hg)	mg/l	< 0.001	0,00
Molybdenum (Mo)	mg/l	0.30	0.10
Nickel (Ni)	mg/l	< 0.05	0.0
Selenium (Se)	mg/l	0.112	0.00
Vanadium (V)	mg/l	0.62	0.1
Zinc (Zn)	mg/l	0.14	0.0
Radiometric			
Uranium (U <sup>Nat</sup> )	mg/l	17.52	0.000
Radium 226 (Ra <sup>226</sup> )	pCi/I	1231	0.3
Radium Precision ±		16.2	
Quality Assurance Data			Acceptance Range
Anion	meg	65.81	
Cation	meg	60.30	
WYDEQ A/C Balance	%	-4.37	-5 - +5
Calc TDS TDS A/C Balance	mg/l	3996	

Report Approved by: R. A. Larling /pst



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Report Date: 03-05-96 Sample I.D.: Sample Date:		PM-9 (P-97) 02-16-96	
Sample Number:		96-13449	
Major lons	Units	Results	Detection Limit
Calcium (Ca)	mg/l	126	1.0
Magnesium (Mg)	mg/l	36.2	1.0
Sodium (Na)	mg/l	1156	1.0
Potassium (K)	mg/l	45.1	1.0
Carbonate (CO <sub>3</sub> )	mg/l	0	0.10
Bicarbonate (HCO <sub>3</sub> )	mg/l	1192	0.10
Sulfate (SO <sub>4</sub> )	mg/l	1351	1.0
Chloride (Cl) Ammonium (NH <sub>4</sub> ) as N	mg/l	654 < 0.05	1.0
Nitrite (NO <sub>2</sub> ) as N	mg/l	< 0.05 < 0.10	0.05
Nitrate (NO <sub>2</sub> ) as N	mg/l	0.10	0.10
Fluoride (F)	mg/l mg/l	0.24	0.10
Silica (SiO <sub>2</sub> )	mg/l	26.1	1.0
San di	1119/1	20.1	1,0
Non – Metals		Ann A	
Total Dissolved Solids (TDS) @ 180°C	mg/l	3791	1.0
Conductivity	μmho/cm	5585	1.0
Alkalinity; measured as CaCO <sub>3</sub>	mg/l	977	1.0
pH	std. units	7.66	0.10
Trace Metals			
Aluminum (Al)	mg/l	< 0.10	0.10
Arsenic (As)	mg/l	0.017	0.001
Barium (Ba)	mg/l	< 0.10	0.10
Boron (B)	mg/l	1.20	0.10
Cadmium (Cd)	mg/l	< 0.01	0.01
Chromium (Cr)	mg/l	< 0.05	0.05
Copper (Cu)	mg/l	0,02	0.01
Iron (Fe) Lead (Pb)	mg/l	< 0.05	0.05
	mg/l	< 0.05 0.05	0.05
Manganese (Mn) Mercury (Hg)	mg/l		0.01 0.001
Molybdenum (Mo)	mg/l	< 0.001 0.35	0.10
Nickel (Ni)	mg/l mg/l	< 0.05	0.05
Selenium (Se)	mg/l	0.161	0.001
Vanadium (V)	mg/l	0.23	0.10
Zinc (Zn)	mg/l	0.10	0.01
Radiometric	1119/1	0.10	0.01
The state of the s	n 1	34 83	0.000
Uranium (U <sup>Nat</sup> )	mg/l	14.51	0.0003
Radium 226 (Ra <sup>226</sup> ) Radium Precision ±	pCi/l	709 10.0	0.2
		10,0	Accortones Dans
Quality Assurance Data		20.10	Acceptance Range
Anion	meq	66.18	
Cation	meq	60.76	gat wa
	9/	1 17	
WYDEQ A/C Balance Calc TDS	% mg/l	-4.27 3994	-5 - +5



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Report Date: 03-05-96 Sample I.D.: Sample Date: Sample Number:		CMI-4 (I-144) 02-15-96 96-13445	
Major Ions	Units	Results	<b>Detection Limit</b>
Calcium (Ca)	mg/l	123	1.0
Magnesium (Mg)	mg/l	33.3	1.0
Sodium (Na)	mg/l	1203	1.0
Potassium (K)	mg/l	42.9	1.0
Carbonate (CO <sub>2</sub> )	mg/l	0	0.10
Bicarbonate (HCO <sub>2</sub> )	mg/l	1351	0.10
Sulfate (SO <sub>a</sub> )	mg/l	1211	1.0
Chloride (Cl)	mg/l	655	1.0
Ammonium (NH <sub>4</sub> ) as N	mg/l	0.14	0.05
Nitrite (NO <sub>2</sub> ) as N	mg/l	< 0.10	0.10
Nitrate (NO <sub>3</sub> ) as N	mg/l	0.67	0.10
Fluoride (F)	mg/l	0.41	0.10
Silica (SiO <sub>2</sub> )	mg/l	31.3	1.0
Non-Metals			
Total Dissolved Solids (TDS) @ 180°C	mg/l	4142	1.0
Conductivity	μmho/cm	6061	1.0
Alkalinity; measured as CaCO <sub>3</sub>	mg/l	1107	1.0
pH	std. units	7.58	0.10
Trace Metals	0.001 0011100	3100	0110
Aluminum (Al)	mg/l	< 0.10	0.10
Arsenic (As)	mg/l	0.031	0.001
Barium (Ba)	mg/l	< 0.10	0.10
Boron (B)	mg/l	1.09	0,10
Cadmium (Cd)	mg/l	< 0.01	0.01
Chromium (Cr)	mg/l	< 0.05	0.05
Copper (Cu)	mg/l	0.01	0.01
Iron (Fe)	mg/l	< 0.05	0.05
Lead (Pb)	mg/l	< 0.05	0.05
Manganese (Mn)	mg/l	0.15	0.01
Mercury (Hg)	mg/l	< 0.001	0.001
Molybdenum (Mo)	mg/l	0.40	0.10
Nickel (Ni)	mg/l	< 0.05	0.05
Selenium (Se)	mg/l	0.131	0.001
Vanadium (V)	mg/l	0.40	0.10
Zinc (Zn)	mg/l	0.12	0.01
Radiometric			
Uranium (U <sup>Nat</sup> )	mg/l	8.188	0.0003
Radium 226 (Ra <sup>226</sup> )	pCi/l	1697	0.2
Radium Precision ±	1	13.3	
Quality Assurance Data			Acceptance Range
Anion	meg	65.90	
Cation	mea	62.37	
WYDEQ A/C Balance	%	-2.75	-5 - +5
Calc TDS	mg/l	3979	
TDS A/C Balance	dec. %	1.04	0.90 - 1.10



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Report Date:   03-05-96     CMI -5 (I-175P)   Sample 1.Dt.:   02-16-96   Sample Date:   02-16-96     Sample Number:   96-13448	
Major Ions   Units   Results   Detect	
Calcium (Ca)   mg/l   34.0     Magnesium (Mg)   mg/l   34.0     Sodium (Na)   mg/l   1105     Potassium (K)   mg/l   37.8     Carbonate (CO₁)   mg/l   0     Bicarbonate (HCO₁)   mg/l   1312     Sulfate (SO₂)   mg/l   1163     Chioride (Cl)   mg/l   610     Ammonium (NH₁) as N   mg/l   0.38     Nitrite (NO₂) as N   mg/l   < 0.10     Nitrate (NO₂) as N   mg/l   0.37     Silica (SiO₂)   mg/l   1075     Silica (SiO₂)   mg/l   1075     Phuride (F)   mg/l   1003     Phuride (F)   mg/l	i an I insit
Magnesium (Mg)   mg/l   34.0   Sodium (Na)   mg/l   1105   Potassium (K)   mg/l   37.8   37.8   Carbonate (CO₁)   mg/l   0   Bicarbonate (CO₁)   mg/l   1312   Sulfate (SO₂)   mg/l   1163   Chloride (Cl)   mg/l   610   Ammonium (NH₂) as N   mg/l   0.38   Nitrite (NO₂) as N   mg/l   < 0.10   Nitrate (NO₂) as N   mg/l   < 0.10   Fluoride (F)   mg/l   0.37   Silica (SiO₂)   mg/l   23.6   Mon—Metals   Total Dissolved Solids (TDS) @ 180°C   mg/l   1075   PH   std. units   7.64   Trace Metals   Trace Metals   Alkalinity; measured as CaCO₂   mg/l   1075   PH   std. units   7.64   Trace Metals   Aliminum (Al)   mg/l   < 0.10   Arsenic (As)   mg/l   < 0.10   Arsenic (As)   mg/l   < 0.005   Barium (Ba)   mg/l   < 0.005   Chopper (Cu)   mg/l   < 0.01   Chromium (Cr)   mg/l   < 0.05   Chopper (Cu)   mg/l   < 0.06   Chopper (Cu)   mg/l   < 0.07   Chopper (Cu)   Chopper (Cu)   mg/l   < 0.08   Chopper (Cu)   Chopper (C	
Sodium (Na)	1.0
Potassium (K)	1.0
Carbonate (CO <sub>2</sub> )   mg/l   1312   312   312   3132   3132   3132   313322   313322   313322   313322   313322   313322   313322   31322   31322   31322   31322   3	1.0
Sicarbonate (HCO.)   mg/l   1312     Sulfate (SO.)   mg/l   1163     Chloride (Cl)   mg/l   610     Ammonium (NH.) as N   mg/l   0.38     Nitrite (NO.) as N   mg/l   < 0.10     Nitrate (NO.) as N   mg/l   < 0.10     Fluoride (F)   mg/l   0.37     Silica (SiO.)   mg/l   23.6     Non-Metals     Total Dissolved Solids (TDS) @ 180°C   mg/l   1075     PH   std. units   7.64     Trace Metals     Alixalinity; measured as CaCO.3   mg/l   1075     PH   std. units   7.64     Arsenic (As)   mg/l   0.035     Barium (Ba)   mg/l   0.10     Arsenic (As)   mg/l   0.035     Barium (Ba)   mg/l   0.10     Chromium (Cr)   mg/l   0.05     Copper (Cu)   mg/l   0.05     Copper (Cu)   mg/l   0.03     Iron (Fe)   mg/l   0.05     Manganese (Mn)   mg/l   0.05     Manganese (Mn)   mg/l   0.05     Manganese (Mn)   mg/l   0.04     Molybdenum (Mo)   mg/l   0.05     Vanadium (Se)   mg/l   0.06     Radium (Se)   mg/l   0.06     Radium (Se)   mg/l   0.06     Radium (Se)   mg/l   0.08     Radium (Se)   mg/l   0.08     Radium Precision ±   20.1     Radium Precision ± 20.1	1.0
Sulfate (SO.)   mg/l   1163   Chloride (Cl)   mg/l   610   610   mg/l   610   610   mg/l   610	0.10
Chloride (Cl)	0.10
Ammonium (NH <sub>A</sub> ) as N   mg/l	1.0
Nitrite (NO <sub>2</sub> ) as N   mg/l   < 0.10     Nitrate (NO <sub>2</sub> ) as N   mg/l   < 0.10     Fluoride (F)   mg/l   0.37     Silica (SiO <sub>2</sub> )   mg/l   23.6     Non-Metals     Total Dissolved Solids (TDS) @ 180°C   mg/l   3955     Conductivity   μmho/cm   5743     Alkalinity; measured as CaCO <sub>3</sub>   mg/l   1075     pH   std. units   7.64     Trace Metals     Aluminum (Al)   mg/l   < 0.10     Arsenic (As)   mg/l   0.035     Barium (Ba)   mg/l   < 0.10     Boron (B)   mg/l   1.13     Cadmium (Cd)   mg/l   < 0.05     Capper (Cu)   mg/l   < 0.05     Copper (Cu)   mg/l   < 0.05     Lead (Pb)   mg/l   < 0.05     Manganese (Mn)   mg/l   < 0.05     Manganese (Mn)   mg/l   < 0.05     Molybdenum (Mo)   mg/l   < 0.05     Selenium (Se)   mg/l   < 0.05     Radium etric   mg/l   < 0.05     Radium 226 (Ra <sup>27b</sup> )   pCi/l   3038     Radium Precision ±   20.1	0.05
Nitrate (NO	0.03
Fluoride (F)   mg/l   0.37   Silica (SiO <sub>2</sub> )   mg/l   23.6	0.10
Silica (SiO₂)         mg/l         23.6           Non - Metals           Total Dissolved Solids (TDS) @ 180°C         mg/l         3955           Conductivity         μmho/cm         5743           Alkalinity; measured as CaCO₃         mg/l         1075           pH         std. units         7.64           Trace Metals           Aluminum (Al)         mg/l         < 0.10	0.10
Non-Metals           Total Dissolved Solids (TDS) @ 180°C         mg/l         3955           Conductivity         μmho/cm         5743           Alkalinity; measured as CaCO₃         mg/l         1075           pH         std. units         7.64           Trace Metals           Aluminum (Al)         mg/l         < 0.10	1.0
Conductivity	1.0
Alkalinity; measured as CaCO   mg/l   1075   pH   std. units   7.64	1.0
Std. units   7.64	1.0
Aluminum (Al)	0.10
Arsenic (As)       mg/l       0.035         Barium (Ba)       mg/l       0.10         Boron (B)       mg/l       1.13         Cadmium (Cd)       mg/l       0.01         Chromium (Cr)       mg/l       0.05         Copper (Cu)       mg/l       0.03         Iron (Fe)       mg/l       0.05         Lead (Pb)       mg/l       0.05         Manganese (Mn)       mg/l       0.37         Mercury (Hg)       mg/l       0.001         Molybdenum (Mo)       mg/l       0.44         Nickel (Ni)       mg/l       0.05         Selenium (Se)       mg/l       0.63         Zinc (Zn)       mg/l       0.08         Radiometric         Uranium (U <sup>Nac</sup> )       mg/l       35.03         Radium 226 (Ra <sup>226</sup> )       pCi/l       3038         Radium Precision ±       20.1	0.10
Barium (Ba)   mg/l	0.001
Boron (B)	0.10
Cadmium (Cd)         mg/l          0.01           Chromium (Cr)         mg/l          0.05           Copper (Cu)         mg/l         0.03           Iron (Fe)         mg/l          0.05           Lead (Pb)         mg/l          0.05           Manganese (Mn)         mg/l         0.37           Mercury (Hg)         mg/l          0.001           Molybdenum (Mo)         mg/l         0.44           Nickel (Ni)         mg/l          0.05           Selenium (Se)         mg/l         0.022           Vanadium (V)         mg/l         0.63           Zinc (Zn)         mg/l         0.08           Radiometric           Uranium (U <sup>Na±</sup> )         mg/l         35.03           Radium 226 (Ra <sup>226</sup> )         pCi/l         3038           Radium Precision ±         20.1	0.10
Chromium (Cr)         mg/l          0.05           Copper (Cu)         mg/l         0.03           Iron (Fe)         mg/l         < 0.05	0.01
Copper (Cu)       mg/l       0.03         Iron (Fe)       mg/l       0.05         Lead (Pb)       mg/l       0.05         Manganese (Mn)       mg/l       0.37         Mercury (Hg)       mg/l       0.001         Molybdenum (Mo)       mg/l       0.44         Nickel (Ni)       mg/l       0.05         Selenium (Se)       mg/l       0.022         Vanadium (V)       mg/l       0.63         Zinc (Zn)       mg/l       0.08         Radiometric         Uranium (U <sup>Nat</sup> )       mg/l       35.03         Radium 226 (Ra <sup>226</sup> )       pCi/l       3038         Radium Precision ±       20.1	0.05
Iron (Fe)	0.01
Lead (Pb)       mg/l       < 0.05	0.05
Mercury (Hg)         mg/l          0.001           Molybdenum (Mo)         mg/l         0.44           Nickel (Ni)         mg/l         0.05           Selenium (Se)         mg/l         0.022           Vanadium (V)         mg/l         0.63           Zinc (Zn)         mg/l         0.08           Radiometric           Uranium (U <sup>NAE</sup> )         mg/l         35.03           Radium 226 (Ra <sup>226</sup> )         pCi/l         3038           Radium Precision ±         20.1	0.05
Molybdenum (Mo)         mg/l         0.44           Nickel (Ni)         mg/l         0.05           Selenium (Se)         mg/l         0.022           Vanadium (V)         mg/l         0.63           Zinc (Zn)         mg/l         0.08           Radiometric           Uranium (U <sup>Nat</sup> )         mg/l         35.03           Radium 226 (Ra <sup>22b</sup> )         pCi/l         3038           Radium Precision ±         20.1	0.01
Nickel (Ni)         mg/l          0.05           Selenium (Se)         mg/l         0.022           Vanadium (V)         mg/l         0.63           Zinc (Zn)         mg/l         0.08           Radiometric           Uranium (U <sup>Nat</sup> )         mg/l         35.03           Radium 226 (Ra <sup>226</sup> )         pCi/l         3038           Radium Precision ±         20.1	0.001
Selenium (Se)         mg/l         0.022           Vanadium (V)         mg/l         0.63           Zinc (Zn)         mg/l         0.08           Radiometric           Uranium (U <sup>Nat</sup> )         mg/l         35.03           Radium 226 (Ra <sup>226</sup> )         pCi/l         3038           Radium Precision ±         20.1	0.10
Vanadium (V)       mg/l       0.63         Zinc (Zn)       mg/l       0.08         Radiometric         Uranium (U <sup>Nat</sup> )       mg/l       35.03         Radium 226 (Ra <sup>226</sup> )       pCi/l       3038         Radium Precision ±       20.1	0.05
Zinc (Zn)         mg/l         0.08           Radiometric           Uranium (U <sup>Nat</sup> )         mg/l         35.03           Radium 226 (Ra <sup>226</sup> )         pCi/l         3038           Radium Precision ±         20.1	0.001
Radiometric           Uranium (U <sup>Nat</sup> )         mg/l         35.03           Radium 226 (Ra <sup>226</sup> )         pCi/l         3038           Radium Precision ±         20.1	0.10
Uranium (U <sup>Nat</sup> )         mg/l         35.03           Radium 226 (Ra²²²⁶)         pCi/l         3038           Radium Precision ±         20.1	0.01
Radium 226 (Ra <sup>226</sup> )         pCi/l         3038           Radium Precision ±         20.1	
Radium Precision ± 20.1	0.0003
	0.2
Quality Assurance Data Acceptan	
	ce Range
Anion med 62.95	
Cation med 58.11	En 1 ho
WYDEQ A/C Balance         %         -4.00           Calc TDS         mg/l         3755	-5 - +5
	90 - 1.10



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Report Date: 03-05-96 Sample I.D.: Sample Date: Sample Number:	E	I-142 02-16-96 96-13451	
Major lons	Units	Results	<b>Detection Limit</b>
Calcium (Ca)	mg/l	93.3	1.0
Magnesium (Mg)	mg/l	26.4	1.0
Sodium (Na)	mg/l	1028	1.0
Potassium (K)	mg/l	37.7	1.0
Carbonate (CO <sub>3</sub> )	mg/l	0	0.10
Bicarbonate (HCO3)	mg/l	1049	0.10
Sulfate (SO <sub>4</sub> )	mg/l	1106	1.0
Chloride (CI)	mg/l	601	1.0
Ammonium (NH <sub>4</sub> ) as N	mg/l	< 0.05	0.05
Nitrite (NO <sub>2</sub> ) as N	mg/l	< 0.10	0.10
Nitrate (NO <sub>3</sub> ) as N	mg/l	0.32	0.10
Fluoride (F)	mg/l	< 0.10	0.10
Silica (SiO <sub>2</sub> )	mg/l	24.8	1.0
Non-Metals			
Total Dissolved Solids (TDS) @ 180°C	mg/l	3601	1.0
Conductivity	µmho/cm	5346	1.0
Alkalinity; measured as CaCO,	mg/l	860	1.0
pH	std. units	7.75	0.10
Trace Metals			
Aluminum (AI)	mg/l	< 0.10	0.10
Arsenic (As)	mg/l	0.023	0.001
Barium (Ba)	mg/l	< 0.10	0.10
Boron (B)	mg/l	1.05	0.10
Cadmium (Cd)	mg/l	< 0.01	0.01
Chromium (Cr)	mg/l	< 0.05	0.05
Copper (Cu)	mg/l	< 0.01	0.01
Iron (Fe)	mg/l	< 0.05	0.05
Lead (Pb)	mg/l	< 0.05	0.05
Manganese (Mn)	mg/l	0.18	0.01
Mercury (Hg)	mg/l	< 0.001	0.001
Molybdenum (Mo)	mg/l	0.48	0.10
Nickel (Ni)	mg/l	< 0.05	0.05
Selenium (Se)	mg/l	0.051	0.001
Vanadium (V)	mg/l	1.27	0.10
Zinc (Zn)	mg/l	0.05	0.01
Radiometric			
Uranium (U <sup>Nat</sup> )	mg/l	7.380	0.0003
Radium 226 (Ra <sup>226</sup> )	pCi/l	1268	0.2
Radium Precision ±		13.0	
Quality Assurance Data			Acceptance Range
Anion	meq	57.21	
Cation	meq	52.56	
WYDEQ A/C Balance	%	-4.24	-5 - +5
Calc TDS	mg/l	3444	
TDS A/C Balance	dec. %	1.05	0.90 - 1.10



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Report Date: 03-05-96 Sample I.D.: Sample Date: Sample Number:	E	I-180 02-16-96 96-13452	
Major Ions	Units	Results	<b>Detection Limit</b>
Calcium (Ca)	mg/l	109	1.0
Magnesium (Mg)	mg/l	29.2	1.0
Sodium (Na)	mg/l	1081	1.0
Potassium (K)	mg/l	39.5	1.0
Carbonate (CO <sub>3</sub> )	mg/l	0	0.10
Bicarbonate (HČO <sub>3</sub> )	mg/l	1192	0.10
Sulfate (SO <sub>A</sub> )	mg/l	1097	1.0
Chloride (CI)	mg/l	640	1.0
Ammonium (NH <sub>4</sub> ) as N	mg/l	< 0.05	0.05
Nitrite (NO <sub>2</sub> ) as N	mg/l	< 0.10	0.10
Nitrate (NO <sub>3</sub> ) as N	mg/l	1.20	0.10
Fluoride (F)	mg/l	0.43	0.10
Silica (SiO <sub>2</sub> )	mg/l	31.5	1.0
Non-Metals			
Total Dissolved Solids (TDS) @ 180°C	mg/l	3757	1.0
Conductivity	µmho/cm	5550	1.0
Alkalinity; measured as CaCO,	mg/l	977	1.0
pH	std. units	7.96	0.10
Trace Metals			
Aluminum (AI)	mg/l	< 0.10	0.10
Arsenic (As)	mg/l	0.035	0.001
Barium (Ba)	mg/l	< 0.10	0.10
Boron (B)	mg/l	1.16	0.10
Cadmium (Cd)	mg/l	< 0.01	0.01
Chromium (Cr)	mg/l	< 0.05	0.05
Copper (Cu)	mg/l	0.03	0.01
Iron (Fe)	mg/l	< 0.05	0.05
Lead (Pb)	mg/l	< 0.05	0.05
Manganese (Mn)	mg/l	0.11	0.01
Mercury (Hg)	mg/l	< 0.001	0.00
Molybdenum (Mo)	mg/l	0.49	0.10
Nickel (Ni)	mg/l	< 0.05	0.05
Selenium (Se)	mg/l	0.119	0.00
Vanadium (V)	mg/l	0.92	0.10
Zinc (Zn)	mg/l	0.08	0.01
Radiometric			
Uranium (U <sup>Nat</sup> )	mg/l	3.320	0.0003
Radium 226 (Řa <sup>226</sup> )	pCi/l	1622	0.2
Radium Precision ±		14.4	
Quality Assurance Data			Acceptance Range
Anion	meq	60.54	
Cation	meq	55.92	
WYDEQ A/C Balance	%	-3.96	-5 - +5
Calc TDS	mg/l	3630	
TDS A/C Balance	dec. %	1.04	0.90 - 1.10



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WATER ANALYSIS REPORT - Crow B	utte Resources	400	
Report Date: 03-05-96	_		
Sample I.D.:		P-21 (I-137)	
Sample Date:	<u> </u>	02-16-96	
Sample Number:	L	96-13450	
Major Ions	Units	Results	Detection Limit
Calcium (Ca)	mg/l	140	1.0
Magnesium (Mg)	mg/l	38.0	.1.0
Sodium (Na)	mg/l	1186	1.0
Potassium (K)	mg/l	46.0	1.0
Carbonate (CO <sub>3</sub> )	mg/l	0	0.10
Bicarbonate (HCO3)	mg/l	1232	0.10
Sulfate (SO <sub>4</sub> )	mg/l	1406	1.0
Chloride (Cl)	mg/l	668	1.0
Ammonium (NH <sub>4</sub> ) as N	mg/l	0.09	0.05
Nitrite (NO <sub>2</sub> ) as N	mg/l	< 0.10	0.10
Nitrate (NO <sub>3</sub> ) as N	mg/l	0.61	0.10
Fluoride (F)	mg/l	0.94	0.10
Silica (SiO <sub>2</sub> )	mg/l	31.0	1.0
Non-Metals			~
Total Dissolved Solids (TDS) @ 180°C	mg/l	4298	1.0
Conductivity	µmho/cm	6084	1.0
Alkalinity; measured as CaCO,	mg/l	1010	1.0
pH	std. units	7.44	0.10
Trace Metals			
Aluminum (Al)	mg/l	< 0.10	0.10
Arsenic (As)	mg/l	0.022	0.001
Barium (Ba)	mg/l	< 0.10	0.10
Boron (B)	mg/l	1.25	0.10
Cadmium (Cd)	mg/l	< 0.01	0.01
Chromium (Cr)	mg/l	< 0.05	0.05
Copper (Cu)	mg/l	0.04	0.01
Iron (Fe)	mg/l	< 0.05	0.05
Lead (Pb)	mg/l	< 0.05	0.05
Manganese (Mn)	mg/l	0.12	0.01
Mercury (Hg)	mg/l	< 0.001	0.001
Molybdenum (Mo)	mg/l	0.34	0.10
Nickel (Ni)	mg/l	< 0.05	0.05
Selenium (Se)	mg/l	0.059	0.001
Vanadium (V)	mg/l	0.60	0.10
Zinc (Zn)	mg/l	0.10	0.01
Radiometric			
Uranium (U <sup>Nat</sup> )	mg/i	36.88	0.0003
Radium 226 (Ra <sup>226</sup> )	pCi/l	2101	0.2
Radium Precision ±		21.4	
Quality Assurance Data			Acceptance Range
Anion	meq	68.41	
Cation	meq	62.94	
WYDEQ A/C Balance	%	-4.16	-5 - +5
Calc TDS	mg/l	4135	
TDS A/C Balance	dec. %	1.04	0.90 - 1.10



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WATER ANALYSIS REPORT — Crow B Report Date: 03-05-96 Sample I.D.: Sample Date: Sample Number:		P-118 02-15-96 96-13447	
Major lons	Units	Results	Detection Limit
Calcium (Ca)	mg/l	85.3	1.0
Magnesium (Mg)	mg/l	22.0	1.0
Sodium (Na)	mg/l	962	1.0
Potassium (K)	mg/l	35.7	1.0
Carbonate (CO <sub>3</sub> ) Bicarbonate (HCO <sub>3</sub> )	mg/l	0	0.10
Bicarbonate (HCO <sub>3</sub> )	mg/l	922	0.10
Sulfate (SO <sub>4</sub> )	mg/l	1040	1.0
Chloride (Cl)	mg/l	581	1.0
Ammonium (NH <sub>4</sub> ) as N	mg/l	< 0.05	0.05
Nitrite (NO <sub>2</sub> ) as N	mg/l	< 0.10	0.10
Nitrate (NO <sub>3</sub> ) as N	mg/l	1.54	0.10
Fluoride (F)	mg/l	0.38	0.10
Silica (SiO <sub>2</sub> )	mg/l	24.4	1.0
Non-Metals			
Total Dissolved Solids (TDS) @ 180°C	mg/l	3268	1.0
Conductivity	µmho/cm	5006	1.0
Alkalinity; measured as CaCO,	mg/l	756	1.0
рН	std. units	7.69	0.10
Trace Metals			
Aluminum (AI)	mg/l	< 0.10	0.10
Arsenic (As)	mg/l	0.025	0.001
Barium (Ba)	mg/l	< 0.10	0.10
Boron (B)	mg/l	0.91	0.10
Cadmium (Cd)	mg/l	< 0.01	0.01
Chromium (Cr)	mg/l	< 0.05	0.05
Copper (Cu)	mg/l	0.02	0.01
Iron (Fe)	mg/l	< 0.05	0.05
Lead (Pb)	mg/l	< 0.05	0.05
Manganese (Mn)	mg/l	0.21	0.01
Mercury (Hg)	mg/l	< 0.001	0.001
Molybdenum (Mo)	mg/l	0.43	0.10
Nickel (Ni)	mg/l	0.10	0.05
Selenium (Se)	mg/l	0.273	0.001
Vanadium (V)	mg/l	0.64	0.10
Zinc (Zn)	mg/l	0.05	0.01
Radiometric			
Uranium (U <sup>Nat</sup> )	mg/l	9.826	0.0003
Radium 226 (Ra <sup>226</sup> )	pCi/l	1110	0.2
Radium Precision ±		10.9	
Quality Assurance Data			Acceptance Range
Anion	meq	53.29	
Cation	meq	48.87	
WYDEQ A/C Balance	%	-4.33	-5 - +5
Calc TDS	mg/l	3219	
TDS A/C Balance	dec. %	1.02	0.90 - 1.10



ENERGY LABORATORIES, INC.

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WATER ANALYSIS REPORT - Crow B	Butte Resources		
Report Date: 03-05-96			
Sample LD.:	Γ	BL-3 (I-136)	
Sample Date:		02-15-96	
Sample Number:	<u> </u>	96-13443	
Major Ions	Units	Results	Detection Limit
Calcium (Ca)	mg/l	118	1.0
Magnesium (Mg)	mg/l	32.1	1.0
Sodium (Na)	mg/l	1154	1.0
Potassium (K)	mg/l	40.0	1.0
Carbonate (CO <sub>3</sub> )	mg/l	0	0.10
Bicarbonate (HCO <sub>3</sub> )	mg/l	1364	0.10
Sulfate (SO <sub>4</sub> )	mg/l	1138	1.0
Chloride (Cl)	mg/l	624	1.0
Ammonium (NH <sub>a</sub> ) as N	mg/l	0.41	0.05
Nitrite (NO <sub>2</sub> ) as N	mg/l	< 0.10	0.10
Nitrate (NO <sub>3</sub> ) as N	mg/l	0.89	0,10
Fluoride (F)	mg/l	0.42	0.10
Silica (SiO <sub>2</sub> )	mg/l	29.9	1.0
Non-Metals			
Total Dissolved Solids (TDS) @ 180°C	mg/l	4077	1.0
Conductivity	μmho/cm	5993	1.0
Alkalinity; measured as CaCO,	mg/l	1118	1.0
рН	std. units	7,56	0.10
Trace Metals			
Aluminum (Al)	mg/l	< 0.10	0.10
Arsenic (As)	mg/l	0.042	0.001
Barium (Ba)	mg/l	< 0.10	0.10
Boron (B)	mg/l	1.12	0.10
Cadmium (Cd)	mg/l	< 0.01	0.01
Chromium (Cr)	mg/l	< 0.05	0.05
Copper (Cu)	mg/l	< 0.01	0.01
Iron (Fe)	mg/l	< 0.05	0.05
Lead (Pb)	mg/l	< 0.05	0.05
Manganese (Mn)	mg/l	0.93	0.01
Mercury (Hg)	mg/l	< 0.001	0.001
Molybdenum (Mo)	mg/l	0.41	0.10
Nickel (Ni)	mg/l	0.05	0.05
Selenium (Se)	mg/l	0.124	0.001
Vanadium (V)	mg/l	0.72	0.10
Zinc (Zn) Radiometric	mg/l	0.11	0.01
	7	0.000	0.0000
Uranium (U <sup>Nat</sup> )	mg/l	3.600	0.0003
Radium 226 (Ra <sup>226</sup> ) Radium Precision ±	pCi/l	2108	0.2
		14.8	A
Quality Assurance Data		AA W.	Acceptance Range
Anion	meq	63.74	
Cation	meq	59.87	
WYDEQ A/C Balance	%	-3.13	-5 - +5
Calc TDS	mg/l	3824	0.00
TDS A/C Balance	dec. %	1.07	0.90 - 1.10



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#### LABORATORY ANALYSIS REPORT CROW BUTTE RESOURCES

Sample ID: Sample Date: Sample Matrix: Laboratory ID: Report Date: Sample #1 MU#3 Inj. 07-23-99 Water 99-36358 August 16, 1999

Major Ions		Method	Units	Reporting Limit	Results
Calcium	Ca	EPA 200.7	mg/L	1.0	95.0
Magnesium	Mg	EPA 200.7	mg/L	1.0	25.0
Sodium	Na	EPA 200.7	mg/L	1.0	1240
Potassium	K	EPA 200.7	mg/L	1.0	40.0
Carbonate	CO <sub>3</sub>	SM 2320 B.	mg/L	1.0	< 1.0
Bicarbonate	HCO <sub>3</sub>	SM 2320 B.	mg/L	1.0	1440
Sulfate	SO <sub>4</sub>	SM 4500-SO <sub>4</sub> E.	mg/L	1.0	740
Chloride	Cl	SM 4500-Cl B.	mg/L	1.0	681
Ammonium as N	NH <sub>4</sub>	EPA 350.1	mg/L	0.05	< 0.05
Nitrite as N	NO <sub>2</sub>	SM 4500-NO <sub>2</sub> B.	mg/L	0.10	< 0.10
Nitrate + Nitrite as N	$NO_3 + NO_2$	EPA 353.2	mg/L	0.10	0.49
Fluoride	F	SM 4500-F C.	mg/L	0.10	0.47
Silica	SiO <sub>2</sub>	EPA 200.7	mg/L	1.0	21.5
Non-Metals		200			
Fotal Dissolved Solids @ 180°C	TDS	SM 2540 C. Mod.	mg/L	2.0	3680
Conductivity	100	EPA 120.1	μmho/cm	1.0	6020
Alkalinity	CaCO <sub>3</sub>	SM 2320 B.	mg/L	1.0	1180
ЭН	Cacos	SM 4500-H B.	std. units	0.10	7.81
JEI		31V1 4300-11 D.	Stu. utilits	0.10	7.61
Trace Metals		parameter and the second			
Aluminum	Al	EPA 200.7	mg/L	0.10	< 0.10
Arsenic	As	EPA 200.8	mg/L	0.001	0.062
Barium	Ba	EPA 200.7	mg/L	0.10	< 0.10
Boron	В	EPA 200.7	mg/L	0.10	1.0
Cadmium	Cd	EPA 200.8	mg/L	0.005	< 0.005
Chromium	Cr	EPA 200.7	mg/L	0.05	< 0.05
Copper	Cu	EPA 200.7	mg/L	0.01	0.06
Iron	Fe	EPA 200.7	mg/L	0.05	< 0.05
Lead	Pb	EPA 200.7	mg/L	0.05	< 0.05
Manganese	Mn	EPA 200.7	mg/L	0.01	0.07
Mercury	Hg	EPA 200.8	mg/L	0.001	< 0.001
Molybdenum	Mo	EPA 200.7	mg/L	0.10	0.40
Nickel	Ni	EPA 200.7	mg/L	0.05	< 0.05
Selenium	Se	EPA 200.8	mg/L	0.001	0.065
Vanadium	V	EPA 200.7	mg/L	0.10	1.10
Zinc	Zn	EPA 200.7	mg/L	0.01	0.10
		1			
Radiometrics	Nat	EDA 200 8		0.0003	2.10
Uranium Radium 226	226Ra	EPA 200.8	mg/L	0.0003	991
Radium 226 Radium Error Estimate ±	Ra	EPA 903.0	pCi/L	U.Z	9.4

Anion	meq		58.26
Cation	meq		61.80
WYDEQ A/C Balance	%	-5 - +5	2.95
Calc TDS	mg/L		3565
TDS A/C Balance	dec. %	0.80 - 1.20	1.03