APPENDIX D

Results for Kleinfelder Specimen ID K2-13-003

- Specimen Preparation Notes
- RCTS Testing Results



A-202 SPECIMEN PREPARATION NOTES

No.: K2-13-00	Project No	: 136473	Page <u>1</u> of <u>4</u>				
Boring No.: B-728		Date of Preparation:	10/12/13				
Sample No: 728-C	S-04	Depth:	53.7 - 54.2 feet				
Disposition of Rock Core Sample							
🛛 No Apparent Distur	bance 🗌 Apparent Dis	sturbance 🗌 App	parent Slaking Due to Coring				
Other (Describe)	Sample consisted of a Lime vugs	stone of the Fort Thomps	on Formation with Small to Medium				

Specimen Preparation Notes								
Trimming Method :	Rotary coring 1.5-inch OD d	with water lubricant, liameter core barrel	Affixation to Platens :	Epoxied to 2.8-inch diameter steel top cap and base pedestal				
Ave. Length (in.) :	4.0893	Ave. Diameter (in.):	1.449	L/D	2.8			
Total Unit Weight .		Moisture Content		% Saturation				
(pcf) :	144.3	(%)	7.7	(Assume SG = 2.70)	80.7			

Specimen Testing Comments

1) Sample 728-CS-04 was predominately a medium strong rock with small to medium sized vugs (see Photo D.1 to D.2). Due to the rock hardness, the sample could not be trimmed by hand and it was decided to core the nominally 2.5-inch diameter sample with a 1.5-inch outside diameter (OD), thin-walled diamond-impregnated core barrel.

2) Sample was trimmed to an approximate 6-inch length and grouted into an CMU block on 10/12/13. See Photos D.3 through D.4.

3) Sample was cored on 10/13/13. See Photo D.5. One approximately 1.45-inch diameter specimen resulted from the rotary coring. The specimen was of sufficient length for RCTS Testing and the sample ends were trimmed to the final length of about 4.1-inches.

4) Specimen was epoxied to the 2.8-inch diameter steel top cap and base pedestal on 12/11/13.

5) Testing commenced on 12/12/13, beginning with 5 psi pressure.

6) A membrane leak was detected during low-amplitude resonant column testing of Pressure Stage 4 (47 psi). Due to the leak, testing was terminated at Pressure Stage 4. Testing ended on 12/14/13.

See Attached Photographs



A-203 SPECIMEN PREPARATION NOTES

Specimen No: K2-13-003

Page 2 of 4





A-204 SPECIMEN PREPARATION NOTES

Specimen No: K2-13-003

Page 3 of 4





A-205 SPECIMEN PREPARATION NOTES

Specimen No: K2-13-003

Page 4 of 4



Photo D.7

Specimen after affixation to the steal top cap and base pedestal using epoxy. Note modeling clay placed in natural vugs to prevent membrane puncture during testing.



Kleinfelder Specimen ID: K2-13-003

Boring No: B-728 Sample No: CS-04

Limestone (Fort Thompson Formation) Depth = 53.7 ft – 54.2 ft (below existing ground surface) Total Unit Weight = 144.3 lb/ft³ Natural Moisture Content = 7.7% Estimated In-Situ Mean Effective Stress = 18 psi





Note:

Membrane puncture at 47 psi prevented testing at higher confining pressures.

Figure D.1 Variation in Low-Amplitude Shear Modulus with Magnitude and Duration of Isotropic Confining Pressure from Resonant Column Tests of Specimen K2-13-003

A-208 RCTS TEST RESULTS





Membrane puncture at 47 psi prevented testing at higher confining pressures.

Figure D.2 Variation in Low-Amplitude Material Damping Ratio with Magnitude and Duration of Isotropic Confining Pressure from Resonant Column Tests of Specimen K2-13-003





Note: Membrane puncture at 47 psi prevented testing at higher confining pressures.

Figure D.3 Variation in Estimated Void Ratio with Magnitude and Duration of Isotropic Confining Pressure from Resonant Column Test of Specimen K2-13-003





Membrane puncture at 47 psi prevented testing at higher confining pressures.

Figure D.4 Variation in Estimated Total Unit Weight with Magnitude and Duration of Isotropic Confining Pressure from Resonant Column Tests of Specimen K2-13-003

A-211 RCTS TEST RESULTS





Membrane puncture at 47 psi prevented testing at higher confining pressures.

Figure D.5 Variation in Low-Amplitude Shear Wave Velocity with Isotropic Confining Pressure from Resonant Column Tests of Specimen K2-13-003







Isotropic Confining Pressure, σ_{o} , kPa

Membrane puncture at 47 psi prevented testing at higher confining pressures.

Figure D.6 Variation in Low-Amplitude Shear Modulus with Isotropic Confining Pressure from Resonant Column Test of Specimen K2-13-003





Membrane puncture at 47 psi prevented testing at higher confining pressures.

Figure D.7 Variation in Low-Amplitude Material Damping Ratio with Isotropic Confining Pressure from Resonant Column Tests of Specimen K2-13-003

A-214 RCTS TEST RESULTS





Isotropic Confining Pressure, σ_o , kPa

Membrane puncture at 47 psi prevented testing at higher confining pressures.

Figure D.8 Variation in Estimated Void Ratio with Isotropic Confining Pressure from Resonant Column Tests of Specimen K2-13-003

A-215 RCTS TEST RESULTS





Isotropic Confining Pressure, σ_{o} , kPa

Figure D.9 Variation in Estimated Total Unit Weight with Isotropic Confining Pressure from Resonant Column Tests of Specimen K2-13-003





Membrane puncture at 47 psi prevented testing at higher confining pressures.

Figure D.10 Comparison of the Variation in Shear Modulus with Shearing Strain and Isotropic Confining Pressure from the Resonant Column Tests of Specimen K2-13-003





Membrane puncture at 47 psi prevented testing at higher confining pressures.

Figure D.11 Comparison of the Variation in Normalized Shear Modulus with Shearing Strain and Isotropic Confining Pressure from the Resonant Column Tests of Specimen K2-13-003





Membrane puncture at 47 psi prevented testing at higher confining pressures.

Figure D.12 Comparison of the Variation in Material Damping Ratio with Shearing Strain and Isotropic Confining Pressure from the Resonant Column Tests of Specimen K2-13-003





Figure D.13 Comparison of the Variation in Shear Modulus with Shearing Strain at an Isotropic Confining Pressure of 18 psi (=2.6ksf=124kPa) from the Combined RCTS Tests of Specimen K2-13-003





Figure D.14 Comparison of the Variation in Normalized Shear Modulus with Shearing Strain at an Isotropic Confining Pressure of 18 psi (=2.6ksf=124kPa) from the Combined RCTS Tests of Specimen K2-13-003





Figure D.15 Comparison of the Variation in Material Damping Ratio with Shearing Strain at an Isotropic Confining Pressure of 18 psi (=2.6ksf=124kPa) from the Combined RCTS Tests of Specimen K2-13-003





Figure D.16 Comparison of the Variation in Shear Modulus with Loading Frequency at an Isotropic Confining Pressure of 18 psi (=2.6ksf=124kPa) from the Combined RCTS Tests of Specimen K2-13-003

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A-223 RCTS TEST RESULTS



Figure D.17 Comparison of the Variation in Material Damping Ratio with Loading Frequency at an Isotropic Confining Pressure of 18 psi (=2.6ksf=124kPa) from the Combined RCTS Tests of Specimen K2-13-003



Table D.1Variation in Low-Amplitude Shear Wave Velocity, Low-Amplitude Shear Modulus, Low-
Amplitude Material Damping Ratio, Estimated Void Ratio, and Estimated Total Unit Weight with
Isotropic Confining Pressure from RC Tests of Specimen K2-13-003

Isotropic Confining Pressure, $\sigma_0^{(1)}$		Low-Amplitude Shear Modulus, G _{max}		Low- Amplitude Shear Wave Velocity, V _s	Low- Amplitude Material Damping Ratio, D _{min}	Estimated Void Ratio, e	Estimated Total Unit Weight, γ _t	
(psi)	(psf)	(kPa)	(ksf)	(MPa)	(fps)	(%)	(Unitless)	(pcf)
5	720	34	208800	9999	6830	0.46	0.26	144.2
9	1296	62	209300	10020	6830	0.43	0.26	144.2
18	2592	124	209700	10040	6840	0.43	0.26	144.2

⁽¹⁾ Membrane puncture at 47 psi prevented testing at higher confining pressures

Table D.2Variation in Shear Modulus, Normalized Shear Modulus and Material Damping Ratio with
Shearing Strain from TS Tests of Specimen K2-13-003; Isotropic Confining Pressure
 $\sigma_o = 18 \text{ psi} (=2.6 \text{ ksf} = 124 \text{ kPa})$

Second Cycle				Tenth Cycle			
Peak Shearing Strain, γ, %	Shear Modulus, G, ksf	Normalized Shear Modulus, G/G _{max}	Material Damping Ratio, D, %	Peak Shearing Strain, γ, %	Shear Modulus, G, ksf	Normalized Shear Modulus, G/G _{max}	Material Damping Ratio, D, %
3.44E-04 ⁽¹⁾	169500	1.00	0.45	3.45E-04 ⁽¹⁾	169300	1.00	0.45
6.12E-04	168900	0.99	0.51	6.08E-04	169900	1.00	0.51
1.02E-03	169000	0.99	0.55	1.01E-03	172000	1.01	0.59

⁽¹⁾ Damping Results were Averaged for the First Ten Cycles at this Shearing Strain



Table D.3Variation in Shear Modulus, Normalized Shear Modulus, and Material Damping with
Shearing Strain from RC Tests of Specimen K2-13-003; Isotropic Confining Pressure
 $\sigma_0 = 18 \text{ psi} (=2.6 \text{ ksf} = 124 \text{ kPa})$

Peak Shearing Strain, γ, %	Shear Modulus, G, ksf	Normalized Shear Modulus, G/G _{max}	Average Shearing Strain, % ⁽¹⁾	Material Damping Ratio, D, % ⁽²⁾
5.97E-05	209800	1.00	5.14E-05	0.45
9.94E-05	209700	1.00	8.59E-05	0.45
2.02E-04	209500	1.00	1.80E-04	0.51
3.74E-04	209400	1.00	3.34E-04	0.51
5.91E-04	208900	1.00	5.27E-04	0.53
1.04E-03	208000	0.99	9.45E-04	0.57
1.98E-03	206100	0.98	1.87E-03	0.75
3.11E-03	202200	0.96	2.98E-03	0.99

⁽¹⁾ Average Shearing Strain from the First Three Cycle of the Free Vibration Decay Curve or from Half Power Damping for shearing strains less than 0.001%

⁽²⁾ Average Damping Ratio from the First Three Cycle of the Free Vibration Decay Curve or from Half Power Damping for shearing strains less than 0.001%

Table D.4Variation in Shear Modulus and Material Damping with Frequency from RC/TS Tests
of Specimen K2-13-003; Isotropic Confining Pressure $\sigma_0 = 18$ psi (=2.6 ksf = 124 kPa)

Approximate Shearing Strain, γ, %	Frequency, Hz	Shear Modulus, G, ksf	Material Damping Ratio, D, %
	0.1	180000	0.82
	0.5	172000	0.59
0.001	1.0	177100	0.63
	5.0	175700	0.51
	379.7	208000	0.58