ATTACHMENT TO LICENSE AMENDMENT NO. 20

TO FACILITY COMBINED LICENSE NO. NPF-93

DOCKET NO. 52-027

Replace the following page of the Facility Combined License No. NPF–93 and Appendix A to the Facility Combined License No. NPF–93 with the attached revised pages. The revised pages are identified by amendment number and contain marginal lines indicating the areas of change.

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(b) SCE&G shall report any violation of a requirement in Section 2.D.(3), Section 2.D.(4), Section 2.D.(5), and Section 2.D.(6) of this license within 24 hours. Initial notification shall be made to the NRC Operations Center in accordance with 10 CFR 50.72, with written follow up in accordance with 10 CFR 50.73.

(8) <u>Incorporation</u>

The Technical Specifications, Environmental Protection Plan, and ITAAC in Appendices A, B, and C, respectively of this license, as revised through Amendment No. 20, are hereby incorporated into this license.

(9) <u>Technical Specifications</u>

The technical specifications in Appendix A to this license become effective upon a Commission finding that the acceptance criteria in this license (ITAAC) are met in accordance with 10 CFR 52.103(g).

(10) Operational Program Implementation

SCE&G shall implement the programs or portions of programs identified below, on or before the date SCE&G achieves the following milestones.

- (a) Environmental Qualification Program implemented before initial fuel load;
- (b) Reactor Vessel Material Surveillance Program implemented before initial criticality;
- (c) Preservice Testing Program implemented before initial fuel load;
- (d) Containment Leakage Rate Testing Program implemented before initial fuel load;
- (e) Fire Protection Program
 - The fire protection measures in accordance with Regulatory Guide (RG) 1.189 for designated storage building areas (including adjacent fire areas that could affect the storage area) implemented before initial receipt of byproduct or special nuclear materials that are not fuel (excluding exempt quantities as described in 10 CFR 30.18);
 - The fire protection measures in accordance with RG 1.189 for areas containing new fuel (including adjacent areas where a fire could affect the new fuel) implemented before receipt of fuel onsite;

Virgil C. Summer Nuclear Station, Units 2 and 3 Technical Specification Upgrade License Amendment Request Enclosure 3

Part 1

Clean-Typed Technical Specifications Pages

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1.0 USE AND APPLICATION

1.1 Definitions

- NOTE -

The defined terms of this section appear in capitalized type and are applicable throughout these Technical Specifications and Bases.

<u>Term</u>	<u>Definition</u>
ACTIONS	ACTIONS shall be that part of a Specification that prescribes Required Actions to be taken under designated Conditions within specified Completion Times.
ACTUATION LOGIC TEST	An ACTUATION LOGIC TEST shall be the application of various simulated or actual input combinations in conjunction with each possible interlock logic state required for OPERABILITY of a logic circuit and the verification of the required logic output. The ACTUATION LOGIC TEST shall be conducted such that it provides component overlap with the actuated device.

AXIAL FLUX DIFFERENCE (AFD)

AFD shall be the difference in normalized flux signals between the top and bottom halves of a two-section excore neutron detector.

CHANNEL CALIBRATION

A CHANNEL CALIBRATION shall be the adjustment, as necessary, of the channel output such that it responds within the necessary range and accuracy to known values of the parameter that the channel monitors. The CHANNEL CALIBRATION shall encompass all devices in the channel required for OPERABILITY.

Calibration of instrument channels with resistance temperature detector (RTD) or thermocouple sensors may consist of an inplace qualitative assessment of sensor behavior and normal calibration of the remaining adjustable devices in the channel. The CHANNEL CALIBRATION may be performed by means of any series of sequential, overlapping, or total channel steps.

CHANNEL CHECK

A CHANNEL CHECK shall be the qualitative assessment, by observation, of channel behavior during operation. This determination shall include, where possible, comparison of the channel indication and status to other indications or status derived from independent instrument channels measuring the same parameter.

CHANNEL OPERATIONAL TEST (COT)

A COT shall be the injection of a simulated or actual signal into the channel as close to the sensor as practicable to verify OPERABILITY of all devices in the channel required for channel OPERABILITY. The COT shall include adjustments, as necessary, of the required alarm, interlock, and trip setpoints required for channel OPERABILITY such that the setpoints are within the necessary range and accuracy. The COT may be performed by means of any series of sequential, overlapping, or total channel steps.

CORE OPERATING LIMITS REPORT (COLR)

The COLR is the unit specific document that provides cycle specific parameter limits for the current reload cycle. These cycle specific parameter limits shall be determined for each reload cycle in accordance with Specification 5.6.3. Plant operation within these limits is addressed in individual Specifications.

DOSE EQUIVALENT I-131

DOSE EQUIVALENT I-131 shall be that concentration of I-131 (microcuries/gram) that alone would produce the same committed effective dose equivalent as the quantity and isotopic mixture of I-130, I-131, I-132, I-133, I-134, and I-135 actually present. The dose conversion factors used for this calculation shall be those listed in Table 2.1 of EPA Federal Guidance Report No. 11, "Limiting Values of Radionuclide Intake and Air Concentration and Dose Conversion Factors for Inhalation, Submersion, and Ingestion," EPA-520/1-88-020, September 1988.

DOSE EQUIVALENT XE-133

DOSE EQUIVALENT XE-133 shall be that concentration of Xe-133 (microcuries per gram) that alone would produce the same effective dose equivalent as the quantity and isotopic mixture of noble gases (Kr-85m, Kr-85, Kr-87, Kr-88, Xe-131m, Xe-133m, Xe-133, Xe-135m, Xe-135, and Xe-138) actually present. The dose conversion factors used for this calculation shall be those listed in Table III.1 of EPA Federal Guidance Report No. 12, "External Exposure to Radionuclides in Air, Water, and Soil," EPA 402-R-93-081, September 1993.

ENGINEERED SAFETY FEATURE (ESF) RESPONSE TIME The ESF RESPONSE TIME shall be that time interval from when the monitored parameter exceeds its actuation setpoint at the channel sensor until the ESF equipment is capable of performing its safety function (i.e., the valves travel to their required positions). The response time may be measured by means of any series of sequential, overlapping, or total steps so that the entire response time is measured. In lieu of measurement, response time may be verified for selected components provided that the components and methodology for verification have been previously reviewed and approved by the NRC.

LEAKAGE

LEAKAGE shall be:

a. Identified LEAKAGE

- LEAKAGE, such as that from seals or valve packing, that is captured and conducted to collection systems or a sump or collecting tank;
- LEAKAGE into the containment atmosphere from sources that are both specifically located and known either not to interfere with the operation of leakage detection systems or not to be pressure boundary LEAKAGE;
- 3. Reactor Coolant System (RCS) LEAKAGE through a steam generator (SG) to the Secondary System (primary to secondary LEAKAGE); or
- RCS LEAKAGE through the passive residual heat removal heat exchanger (PRHR HX) to the In-containment Refueling Water Storage Tank (IRWST).

b. Unidentified LEAKAGE

All LEAKAGE that is not identified LEAKAGE.

c. Pressure Boundary LEAKAGE

LEAKAGE (except primary to secondary LEAKAGE and PRHR HX tube LEAKAGE) through a nonisolatable fault in a RCS component body, pipe wall, or vessel wall.

MODE

A MODE shall correspond to any one inclusive combination of core reactivity condition, power level, average reactor coolant temperature, and reactor vessel head closure bolt tensioning specified in Table 1.1-1 with fuel in the reactor vessel.

OPERABLE-OPERABILITY

A system, subsystem, train, component, or device shall be OPERABLE or have OPERABILITY when it is capable of performing its specified safety function(s) and when all necessary attendant instrumentation, controls, normal or emergency electrical power, cooling and seal water, lubrication, and other auxiliary equipment that are required for the system, subsystem, train, component, or device to perform its specified safety function(s) are also capable of performing their related support function(s).

PHYSICS TESTS

PHYSICS TESTS shall be those tests performed to measure the fundamental nuclear characteristics of the reactor core and related instrumentation. These tests are:

- a. Described in Chapter 14, Initial Test Program, of the FSAR:
- b. Authorized under the provisions of 10 CFR 50.59; or
- Otherwise approved by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission.

PRESSURE AND TEMPERATURE LIMITS REPORT (PTLR)

The PTLR is the unit specific document that provides the reactor vessel pressure and temperature limits, including heatup and cooldown rates, for the current reactor vessel fluence period. These pressure and temperature limits shall be determined for each fluence period in accordance with Specification 5.6.4.

QUADRANT POWER TILT RATIO (QPTR)

QPTR shall be the ratio of the maximum upper excore detector calibrated output to the average of the upper excore detector calibrated outputs, or the ratio of maximum lower excore detector calibrated output to the average of the lower excore detector calibrated outputs, whichever is greater.

RATED THERMAL POWER (RTP)

RTP shall be a total reactor core heat transfer rate to the reactor coolant of 3400 MWt.

REACTOR TRIP SYSTEM (RTS) RESPONSE TIME

The RTS RESPONSE TIME shall be that time interval from when the monitored parameter exceeds its RTS trip setpoint at the channel sensor until loss of stationary gripper coil voltage. The response time may be measured by means of any series of sequential, overlapping, or total steps so that the entire response time is measured. In lieu of measurement, response time may be verified for selected components provided that the components and methodology for verification have been previously reviewed and approved by the NRC.

SHUTDOWN MARGIN (SDM)

SDM shall be the instantaneous amount of reactivity by which the reactor is subcritical or would be subcritical from its present condition assuming:

a. All rod cluster control assemblies (RCCAs) are fully inserted except for the single assembly of highest reactivity worth, which is assumed to be fully withdrawn.

However, with all RCCAs verified fully inserted by two independent means, it is not necessary to account for a stuck RCCA in the SDM calculation. With any RCCAs not capable of being fully inserted, the reactivity worth of these assemblies must be accounted for in the determination of SDM; and

- b. In MODES 1 and 2, the fuel and moderator temperatures are changed to the nominal zero power design level.
- c. In MODE 2 with $k_{\rm eff}$ < 1.0, and MODES 3, 4, and 5, the worth of fully inserted Gray Rod Cluster Assemblies (GRCAs) will be included in the SDM calculation.

STAGGERED TEST BASIS

A STAGGERED TEST BASIS shall consist of the testing of one of the systems, subsystems, channels, or other designated components during the interval specified by the Surveillance Frequency, so that all systems, subsystems, channels, or other designated components are tested during n Surveillance Frequency intervals, where n is the total number of systems, subsystems, channels, or other designated components in the associated function.

THERMAL POWER

THERMAL POWER shall be the total reactor core heat transfer rate to the reactor coolant.

TRIP ACTUATING DEVICE OPERATIONAL TEST (TADOT)

A TADOT shall consist of operating the trip actuating device and verifying the OPERABILITY of all devices in the channel required for trip actuating device OPERABILITY. The TADOT shall include adjustment, as necessary, of the trip actuating device so that it actuates at the required setpoint within the necessary accuracy. The TADOT may be performed by means of any series of sequential, overlapping, or total channel steps.

1.3 Completion Times

DESCRIPTION (continued)

limits, the Completion Time(s) may be extended. To apply this Completion Time extension, two criteria must first be met. The subsequent inoperability:

- a. Must exist concurrent with the first inoperability; and
- b. Must remain inoperable or not within limits after the first inoperability is resolved.

The total Completion Time allowed for completing a Required Action to address the subsequent inoperability shall be limited to the more restrictive of either:

- a. The stated Completion Time, as measured from the initial entry into the Condition, plus an additional 24 hours; or
- b. The stated Completion Time as measured from discovery of the subsequent inoperability.

The above Completion Time extensions do not apply to those Specifications that have exceptions that allow completely separate re-entry into the Condition (for each train, subsystem, component, or variable expressed in the Condition) and separate tracking of Completion Times based on this re-entry. These exceptions are stated in individual Specifications.

The above Completion Time extension does not apply to a Completion Time with a modified "time zero." This modified "time zero" may be expressed as a repetitive time (i.e., "once per 8 hours," where the Completion Time is referenced from a previous completion of the Required Action versus the time of Condition entry) or as a time modified by the phrase "from discovery"

1.3 Completion Times

EXAMPLES (continued)

On restoring one of the valves to OPERABLE status the Condition A Completion Time is not reset, but continues from the time the first valve was declared inoperable. This Completion Time may be extended if the valve restored to OPERABLE status was the first inoperable valve. A 24 hour extension to the stated 7 days is allowed, provided this does not result in the second valve being inoperable for > 7 days.

EXAMPLE 1.3-3

ACTIONS

	nonene				
	CONDITION		EQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME	
A.	One Function X train inoperable.	A.1	Restore Function X train to OPERABLE status.	7 days	
B.	One Function Y train inoperable.	B.1	Restore Function Y train to OPERABLE status.	72 hours	
C.	One Function X train inoperable. AND One Function Y train inoperable.	C.1 <u>OR</u> C.2	Restore Function X train to OPERABLE status. Restore Function Y train to OPERABLE status.	72 hours 72 hours	

When one Function X train and one Function Y train are inoperable, Condition A and Condition B are concurrently applicable. The Completion Times for Condition A and Condition B are tracked separately for each train starting from the time each train was declared inoperable and the Condition was entered. A separate Completion Time is established for Condition C and tracked from the time the second train was declared inoperable (i.e., the time the situation described in Condition C was discovered).

1.3 Completion Times

EXAMPLES (continued)

If Required Action C.2 is completed within the specified Completion Time, Conditions B and C are exited. If the Completion Time for Required Action A.1 has not expired, operation may continue in accordance with Condition A.

It is possible to alternate between Conditions A, B, and C in such a manner that operation could continue indefinitely without ever restoring systems to meet the LCO. However, doing so would be inconsistent with the basis of the Completion Times. Therefore, there shall be administrative controls to limit the maximum time allowed for any combination of Conditions that result in a single contiguous occurrence of failing to meet the LCO. These administrative controls shall ensure that the Completion Times for those Conditions are not inappropriately extended.

3.0 LIMITING CONDITIONS FOR OPERATION (LCO) APPLICABILITY

LCO 3.0.1 LCOs shall be met during the MODES or other specified conditions in the Applicability, except as provided in LCO 3.0.2 and LCO 3.0.7.

LCO 3.0.2

Upon discovery of a failure to meet an LCO, the Required Actions of the associated Conditions shall be met, except as provided in LCO 3.0.5 and 3.0.6.

If the LCO is met, or is no longer applicable prior to expiration of the specified Completion Time(s), completion of the Required Action(s) is not required, unless otherwise stated.

LCO 3.0.3

When an LCO is not met and the associated ACTIONS are not met, an associated ACTION is not provided, or if directed by the associated ACTIONS, the unit shall be placed in a MODE or other specified condition in which the LCO is not applicable. Action shall be initiated within 1 hour to place the unit, as applicable, in:

- a. MODE 3 within 7 hours; and
- b. MODE 4 within 13 hours; and
- c. MODE 5 within 37 hours.

Exceptions to this Specification are stated in the individual Specifications.

Where corrective measures are completed that permit operation in accordance with the LCO or ACTIONS, completion of the actions required by LCO 3.0.3 is not required.

LCO 3.0.3 is only applicable in MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4.

LCO 3.0.4

When an LCO is not met, entry into a MODE or other specified condition in the Applicability shall not be made except when the associated ACTIONS to be entered permit continued operation in the MODE or other specified condition in the Applicability for an unlimited period of time. This Specification shall not prevent changes in MODES or other specified conditions in the Applicability that are required to comply with ACTIONS or are part of a shutdown of the unit.

Exceptions to this Specification are stated in the individual Specifications.

LCO 3.0.4 is only applicable for entry into a MODE or other specified condition in the Applicability in MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4.

3.0 LCO Applicability

LCO 3.0.5

Equipment removed from service or declared inoperable to comply with ACTIONS may be returned to service under administrative control solely to perform testing required to demonstrate its OPERABILITY or the OPERABILITY of other equipment. This is an exception to LCO 3.0.2 for the system returned to service under administrative control to perform the test required to demonstrate OPERABILITY.

LCO 3.0.6

When a supported system LCO is not met solely due to a support system LCO not being met, the Conditions and Required Actions associated with this supported system are not required to be entered. Only the support system LCO ACTIONS are required to be entered. This is an exception to LCO 3.0.2 for the supported system. In this event, additional evaluations and limitations may be required in accordance with Specification 5.5.7, "Safety Function Determination Program (SFDP)." If a loss of safety function is determined to exist by this program, the appropriate Conditions and Required Actions of the LCO in which the loss of safety function exists are required to be entered.

When a support system's Required Action directs a supported system to be declared inoperable or directs entry into Conditions and Required Actions for a supported system, the applicable Conditions and Required Actions shall be entered in accordance with LCO 3.0.2.

LCO 3.0.7

Test Exception LCO 3.1.8 allows specified Technical Specification (TS) requirements to be changed to permit performance of special tests and operations. Unless otherwise specified, all other TS requirements remain unchanged. Compliance with Test Exception LCOs is optional. When a Test Exception LCO is desired to be met but is not met, the ACTIONS of the Test Exception LCO shall be met. When a Test Exception LCO is not desired to be met, entry into a MODE or other specified condition in the Applicability shall be made in accordance with the other applicable Specifications.

3.0 SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENT (SR) APPLICABILITY

SR 3.0.1

SRs shall be met during the MODES or other specified conditions in the Applicability of individual LCOs, unless otherwise stated in the SR. Failure to meet a Surveillance, whether such failure is experienced during the performance of the surveillance or between performances of the Surveillance, shall be a failure to meet the LCO. Failure to perform a Surveillance within the specified Frequency shall be failure to meet the LCO except as provided in SR 3.0.3. Surveillances do not have to be performed on inoperable equipment or variables outside specified limits.

SR 3.0.2

The specified Frequency for each SR is met if the Surveillance is performed within 1.25 times the interval specified in the Frequency, as measured from the previous performance or as measured from the time a specified condition of the Frequency is met.

For Frequencies specified as "once", the above interval extension does not apply.

If a Completion Time requires periodic performance on a "once per..." basis, the above Frequency extension applies to each performance after the initial performance.

Exceptions to this Specification are stated in the individual Specifications.

SR 3.0.3

If it is discovered that a Surveillance was not performed within its specified Frequency, then compliance with the requirement to declare the LCO not met may be delayed, from the time of discovery, up to 24 hours or up to the limit of the specified Frequency, which ever is greater. This delay period is permitted to allow performance of the Surveillance. A risk evaluation shall be performed for any Surveillance delayed greater than 24 hours and the risk impact shall be managed.

If the Surveillance is not performed within the delay period, the LCO must immediately be declared not met, and the applicable Condition(s) must be entered.

When the Surveillance is performed within the delay period, and the Surveillance is not met, the LCO must immediately be declared not met, and the applicable Condition(s) must be entered.

3.0 SR Applicability

SR 3.0.4

Entry into a MODE or other specified condition in the Applicability of a LCO shall not be made unless the LCO's Surveillances have been met within their specified Frequency. This provision shall not prevent entry into MODES or other specified conditions in the Applicability that are required to comply with ACTIONS or that are part of a shutdown of the unit.

SR 3.0.4 is only applicable for entry into a MODE or other specified condition in the Applicability in MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4.

3.1 REACTIVITY CONTROL SYSTEMS

3.1.2 Core Reactivity

LCO 3.1.2 The measured core reactivity shall be within $\pm 1\% \Delta k/k$ of the predicted

values.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1 and 2.

ACTIONS

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME
A.	Measured core reactivity not within limit.	A.1	Re-evaluate core design and safety analysis, and determine that the reactor core is acceptable for continued operation.	7 days
		<u>AND</u>		
		A.2	Establish appropriate operating restrictions and SRs.	7 days
В.	Required Action and associated Completion Time not met.	B.1	Be in MODE 3.	6 hours

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.1.2.1	- NOTE - The predicted reactivity values may be adjusted (normalized) to correspond to the measured core reactivity prior to exceeding a fuel burnup of 60 effective full power days (EFPD) after each fuel loading.	
	Verify measured core reactivity is within $\pm 1\%$ $\Delta k/k$ of predicted values.	Once prior to entering MODE 1 after each refueling AND

3.1 REACTIVITY CONTROL SYSTEMS

3.1.3 Moderator Temperature Coefficient (MTC)

LCO 3.1.3 The MTC shall be maintained within the limits specified in the COLR.

APPLICABILITY: MODE 1 for the upper MTC limit.

MODE 2 with $k_{\text{eff}} \ge 1.0$ for the upper MTC limit. MODES 1, 2, and 3 for the lower MTC limit.

ACTIONS

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME
A.	MTC not within upper limit.	A.1	Establish administrative withdrawal limits for control banks to maintain MTC within limit.	24 hours
В.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A not met.	B.1	Be in MODE 2 with k_{eff} < 1.0.	6 hours
C.	MTC not within lower limit.	C.1	Be in MODE 4.	12 hours

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.1.3.1	Verify MTC within upper limit.	Once prior to entering MODE 1 after each refueling

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS (continued)

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.1.3.2	- NOTE - Not required to be performed if the MTC measured at the equivalent of equilibrium RTP all rods out (ARO) boron concentration of ≤ 60 ppm is less negative than the 60 ppm Surveillance limit specified in the COLR.	
	Verify MTC is within lower limit.	Once within 7 effective full power days (EFPD) after reaching the equivalent of an equilibrium RTP ARO boron concentration of 300 ppm
		14 EFPD thereafter when MTC is more negative than the 300 ppm Surveillance limit (not LCO limit) specified in the COLR

3.1 REACTIVITY CONTROL SYSTEMS

3.1.4 Rod Group Alignment Limits

LCO 3.1.4 All shutdown and control rods shall be OPERABLE.

AND

Individual indicated rod positions shall be within 12 steps of their group step counter demand position.

- NOTE -

Not applicable to Gray Rod Cluster Assemblies (GRCAs) during GRCA bank sequence exchange with the On-Line Power Distribution Monitoring System (OPDMS) monitoring parameters.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1 and 2.

ACTIONS

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME
A.	One or more rod(s) inoperable.	A.1.1	Verify SDM to be within the limits specified in the COLR.	1 hour
		<u>OR</u>		
		A.1.2	Initiate boration to restore SDM within limit.	1 hour
		<u>AND</u>		
		A.2	Be in MODE 3.	6 hours

ACTIONS (continued)

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
B.	One rod not within alignment limits.	B.1	Restore rod to within alignment limits.	1 hour with the OPDMS not monitoring parameters
				AND
				8 hours
		<u>OR</u>		
		B.2.1.1	Verify SDM to be within the limits specified in the COLR.	1 hour
			<u>OR</u>	
		B.2.1.2	Initiate boration to restore SDM within limit.	1 hour
		ANI	<u> </u>	
		B.2.2	Reduce THERMAL POWER to ≤ 75% RTP.	2 hours
		ANI	<u> </u>	
		B.2.3	Verify SDM is within the limits specified in the COLR.	Once per 12 hours
		ANI	<u> </u>	
		B.2.4	- NOTE - Only required to be performed when OPDMS is not monitoring parameters.	
			Perform SR 3.2.1.1 and SR 3.2.1.2.	72 hours
		<u>ANI</u>	<u>0</u>	

ACTIONS

	CONDITION	<u> </u>	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
В.	(continued)	B.2.5		
			Perform SR 3.2.2.1.	72 hours
		<u>AND</u>		
		B.2.6	Re-evaluate safety analyses and confirm results remain valid for duration of operation under these conditions.	5 days
C.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition B not met.	C.1	Be in MODE 3.	6 hours
D.	More than one rod not within alignment limit.	D.1.1	Verify SDM is within the limits specified in the COLR.	1 hour
		<u>OR</u>		
		D.1.2	Initiate boration to restore required SDM to within limit.	1 hour
		<u>AND</u>		
		D.2	Be in MODE 3.	6 hours

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.1.4.1	Verify individual rod positions within alignment limit.	12 hours
SR 3.1.4.2	- NOTE - Not applicable to GRCAs.	
	Verify rod freedom of movement (trippability) by moving each rod not fully inserted in the core ≥ 10 steps in either direction.	92 days
SR 3.1.4.3		
	- NOTE - Not applicable to GRCAs.	
	Verify rod drop time of each rod, from the fully withdrawn position, is \leq 2.47 seconds from the beginning of decay of stationary gripper coil voltage to dashpot entry, with:	Once prior to reactor criticality after each removal of the reactor
	a. T _{avg} ≥ 500°F, and	head, and after each earthquake requiring plant
	b. All reactor coolant pumps operating.	shutdown

3.1 REACTIVITY CONTROL SYSTEMS

3.1.6 Control Bank Insertion Limits

LCO 3.1.6 Control banks shall be within the insertion, sequence, and overlap limits

specified in the COLR.

APPLICABILITY: MODE 1.

MODE 2 with $k_{eff} \ge 1.0$.

- NOTES -

- This LCO is not applicable while performing SR 3.1.4.2. 1.
- This LCO is not applicable to Gray Rod Cluster Assembly (GRCA) banks during GRCA bank sequence exchange with On-Line Power Distribution Monitoring System monitoring parameters.

ACTIONS

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME
A.	Control Bank insertion limits not met.	A.1.1	Verify SDM is within the limits specified in the COLR.	1 hour
		<u>OR</u>		
		A.1.2	Initiate boration to restore SDM to within limits.	1 hour
		<u>AND</u>		
		A.2	Restore control bank(s) to within insertion limits.	2 hours

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
B.	Control bank sequence or overlap limits not met.	B.1.1	Verify SDM is within the limits specified in the COLR.	1 hour
		<u>OR</u>		
		B.1.2	Initiate boration to restore SDM to within limits.	1 hour
		<u>AND</u>		
		B.2	Restore control bank sequence and overlap to within limits.	2 hours
C.	Required Action and associated Completion Time not met.	C.1	Be in MODE 2 with $k_{eff} < 1.0$.	6 hours

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.1.6.1	Verify the estimated critical control bank position is within limits specified in the COLR.	Within 4 hours prior to achieving criticality
SR 3.1.6.2	Verify each control bank insertion is within the limits specified in the COLR.	12 hours
SR 3.1.6.3	Verify sequence and overlap limits, specified in the COLR, are met for control banks not fully withdrawn from the core.	12 hours

3.1 REACTIVITY CONTROL SYSTEMS

3.1.7 Rod Position Indication

LCO 3.1.7 The Digital Rod Position Indication (DRPI) System and the Bank Demand

Position Indication System shall be OPERABLE.

MODES 1 and 2. APPLICABILITY:

ACTIONS

- NOTE -

Separate Condition entry is allowed for each inoperable rod position indicator and each demand position indicator.

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME
A.	One DRPI per group inoperable for one or more groups.	A.1	Verify the position of the rods with inoperable position indicators by using the On-Line Power Distribution Monitoring System (OPDMS).	Once per 8 hours
		<u>OR</u>		
		A.2	Reduce THERMAL POWER to ≤ 50% RTP.	8 hours

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
В.	More than one DRPI per group inoperable.	B.1	Place the control rods under manual control.	Immediately
		<u>AND</u>		
		B.2	Monitor and record Reactor Coolant System (RCS) T _{avg} .	Once per 1 hour
		AND		
		B.3	Verify the position of the rods with inoperable position indicators indirectly by using the incore detectors.	Once per 8 hours
		AND		
		B.4	Restore inoperable position indicators to OPERABLE status such that a maximum of one DRPI per group is inoperable.	24 hours
C.	One or more rods with inoperable position indicators have been moved in excess of 24 steps in one	C.1	Verify the position of the rods with inoperable position indicators by using the OPDMS.	4 hours
	direction since the last determination of the rod's position.	<u>OR</u>		
		C.2	Reduce THERMAL POWER to ≤ 50% RTP.	8 hours

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
D.	One demand position indicator per bank inoperable for one or more banks.	D.1.1	Verify by administrative means all DRPIs for the affected banks are OPERABLE.	Once per 8 hours
		ANI	<u> </u>	
		D.1.2	Verify the most withdrawn rod and the least withdrawn rod of the affected banks are ≤ 12 steps apart.	Once per 8 hours
		<u>OR</u>		
		D.2	Reduce THERMAL POWER to ≤ 50% RTP.	8 hours
E.	Required Action and associated Completion Time not met.	E.1	Be in MODE 3.	6 hours

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.1.7.1	Verify each DRPI agrees within 12 steps of the group demand position for the full indicated range of rod travel.	Once prior to criticality after each removal of the reactor head

3.1.8

3.1 REACTIVITY CONTROL SYSTEMS

3.1.8 PHYSICS TESTS Exceptions - MODE 2

LCO 3.1.8 During the performance of PHYSICS TESTS, the requirements of:

LCO 3.1.3 "Moderator Temperature Coefficient (MTC),"

LCO 3.1.4 "Rod Group Alignment Limits,"

LCO 3.1.5 "Shutdown Bank Insertion Limits,"

LCO 3.1.6 "Control Bank Insertion Limits," and

LCO 3.4.2 "RCS Minimum Temperature for Criticality"

may be suspended, and the number of required channels for LCO 3.3.1, "Reactor Trip System (RTS) Instrumentation," Functions 1, 2, and 3 may be reduced to 3 provided:

- a. Reactor Coolant System (RCS) lowest loop average temperature is ≥ 541°F,
- b. SDM is within the limits specified in the COLR, and
- c. THERMAL POWER is $\leq 5\%$ RTP.

APPLICABILITY: During PHYSICS TESTS initiated in MODE 2.

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME
A.	SDM not within limits.	A.1	Initiate boration to restore SDM to within limits.	15 minutes
		<u>AND</u>		
		A.2	Suspend PHYSICS TESTS exceptions.	1 hour
В.	THERMAL POWER not within limit.	B.1	Open reactor trip breakers.	Immediately
C.	RCS lowest loop average temperature not within limit.	C.1	Restore RCS lowest loop average temperature to within limit.	15 minutes

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
D. Required Action and Associated Completion Time of Condition C not met.	D.1 Be in MODE 3.	15 minutes

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.1.8.1	Perform a COT on power range neutron flux and intermediate range neutron flux channels per SR 3.3.1.6, SR 3.3.1.7, and SR 3.3.3.2.	Prior to initiation of PHYSICS TESTS
SR 3.1.8.2	Verify the RCS lowest loop average temperature is ≥ 541°F.	30 minutes
SR 3.1.8.3	Verify THERMAL POWER is ≤ 5% RTP.	30 minutes
SR 3.1.8.4	Verify SDM is within the limits specified in the COLR.	24 hours

Technical Specifications

CVS Demineralized Water Isolation Valves and Makeup Line Isolation Valves 3.1.9

3.1 REACTIVITY CONTROL SYSTEMS

3.1.9 Chemical and Volume Control System (CVS) Demineralized Water Isolation Valves and Makeup Line Isolation Valves

LCO 3.1.9 Two CVS Demineralized Water Isolation Valves and two CVS Makeup

Line Isolation Valves shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5.

ACTIONS

- NOTE -

Flow path(s) may be unisolated intermittently under administrative controls.

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. One CVS demineralized water isolation valve inoperable. OR One CVS makeup line isolation valve inoperable. OR One CVS demineralized water isolation valve and one CVS makeup line isolation valve inoperable.	A.1 Restore two CVS demineralized water isolation valves and two CVS makeup line isolation valves to OPERABLE status.	72 hours

Technical Specifications

CVS Demineralized Water Isolation Valves and Makeup Line Isolation Valves 3.1.9

ACTIONS (continued)

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
В.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A not met. OR Two CVS demineralized water isolation valves inoperable. OR Two CVS makeup line isolation valves inoperable.	B.1	Isolate the affected flow path(s) from the demineralized water storage tank to the Reactor Coolant System by use of at least one closed manual or one closed and de-activated automatic valve.	1 hour

	FREQUENCY	
SR 3.1.9.1	In accordance with the Inservice Testing Program	
SR 3.1.9.2	Verify closure time of each CVS makeup isolation valve is within limits on an actual or simulated actuation signal.	In accordance with the Inservice Testing Program
SR 3.1.9.3	Verify each CVS demineralized water isolation valve actuates to the isolation position on an actual or simulated actuation signal.	24 months

3.2 POWER DISTRIBUTION LIMITS

3.2.1 Heat Flux Hot Channel Factor $(F_Q(Z))$ $(F_Q Methodology)$

LCO 3.2.1 $F_Q(Z)$, as approximated by $F_Q^C(Z)$ and $F_Q^W(Z)$, shall be within the limits

specified in the COLR.

APPLICABILITY: MODE 1 with On-Line Power Distribution Monitoring System (OPDMS)

not monitoring parameters.

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A.		A.1 AND	Reduce THERMAL POWER \geq 1% RTP for each 1% $F_Q^C(Z)$ exceeds limit.	15 minutes after each $F_Q^C(Z)$ determination
	$F_Q^C(Z)$ not within limit.	A.2	Reduce Power Range Neutron Flux – High trip setpoints \geq 1% for each 1% $F_Q^C(Z)$ exceeds limit.	72 hours after each $F_Q^C(Z)$ determination
		<u>AND</u>		
		A.3	Reduce Overpower ΔT trip setpoints \geq 1% for each 1% $F_Q^C(Z)$ exceeds limit.	72 hours after each $F_Q^C(Z)$ determination
		<u>AND</u>		
		A.4	Perform SR 3.2.1.1 and SR 3.2.1.2.	Prior to increasing THERMAL POWER above the limit of Required Action A.1

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.2.1.1	- NOTE - Not required to be performed if OPDMS was monitoring parameters upon exceeding 75% RTP.	
	Verify $F_Q^C(Z)$ within limit.	Once after each refueling prior to THERMAL POWER exceeding 75% RTP
SR 3.2.1.2		
	Verify $F_Q^W(Z)$ within limits.	Once after each refueling prior to THERMAL POWER exceeding 75% RTP

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.2.1.3		
	Verify F ^C _Q (Z) within limit.	Once within 12 hours after achieving equilibrium conditions after exceeding, by \geq 10% RTP, the THERMAL POWER at which $F_Q^C(Z)$ was last verified
		AND 31 effective full
		power days (EFPD) thereafter

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.2.1.4	 -NOTES - 1. Not required to be performed until 31 days after the last verification of OPDMS parameters. 2. If F_Q^W(Z) measurements indicate maximum over z F_Q^C(Z) has increased since the previous evaluation of F_Q^C(Z): a. Increase F_Q^W(Z) by the greater of a factor of 1.02 or by an appropriate factor specified in the COLR and reverify F_Q^W(Z) is within limits; or 	
	b. Repeat SR 3.2.1.4 once per 7 EFPD until two successive flux maps indicate maximum over z $F_Q^C(Z)$ has not increased.	
	Verify F ^W _Q (Z) within limits.	Once within 12 hours after achieving equilibrium conditions after exceeding, by \geq 10% RTP, the THERMAL POWER at which $F_{Q}^{W}(Z)$ was last verified
		AND 31 EFPD thereafter

3.2 POWER DISTRIBUTION LIMITS

3.2.2 Nuclear Enthalpy Rise Hot Channel Factor ($\textbf{F}^{N}_{\Delta H}$)

LCO 3.2.2 $F_{\Delta H}^{N}$ shall be within the limits specified in the COLR.

APPLICABILITY: MODE 1 with On-Line Power Distribution Monitoring System (OPDMS) not monitoring parameters.

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME
A.		A.1.1	Restore $F_{\Delta H}^{N}$ to within limit.	4 hours
	Required Actions A.2 and A.3 must be completed whenever Condition A is entered.	<u>OR</u> A.1.2.1	Reduce THERMAL POWER to < 50% RTP.	4 hours
	F_{AH}^{N} not within limits.	<u> </u>	<u>AND</u>	
	FAH NOT WITHIN IIMITS.	A.1.2.2	Reduce Power Range Neutron Flux – High trip setpoints to ≤ 55% RTP.	72 hours
		<u>AND</u>		
		A.2	Perform SR 3.2.2.1.	24 hours
		<u>AND</u>		

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.2.2.1		
	- NOTE - Not required to be performed if OPDMS was monitoring parameters upon exceeding 75% RTP.	
	Verify $F_{\Delta H}^N$ within limits specified in the COLR.	Once after each refueling prior to THERMAL POWER exceeding 75% RTP
SR 3.2.2.2		
	Verify $F_{\Delta H}^{N}$ within limits specified in the COLR.	31 effective full power days (EFPD)

3.2 POWER DISTRIBUTION LIMITS

3.2.3 AXIAL FLUX DIFFERENCE (AFD) (Relaxed Axial Offset Control (RAOC) Methodology)

LCO 3.2.3 The AFD in %-flux-difference units shall be maintained within the limits specified in the COLR.

- NOTE -

The AFD shall be considered outside limits when two or more OPERABLE excore channels indicate AFD to be outside limits.

APPLICABILITY: MODE 1 with THERMAL POWER ≥ 50% RTP and with the On-Line

Power Distribution Monitoring System (OPDMS) not monitoring

parameters.

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. AFD not within limits.	A.1 Reduce THERMAL POWER to < 50% RTP.	30 minutes

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.2.3.1		
	Verify AFD within limits for each OPERABLE excore channel.	7 days

3.2 POWER DISTRIBUTION LIMITS

3.2.4 QUADRANT POWER TILT RATIO (QPTR)

LCO 3.2.4 The QPTR shall be \leq 1.02.

APPLICABILITY: MODE 1 with THERMAL POWER > 50% RTP and with the On-Line

Power Distribution Monitoring System (OPDMS) not monitoring

parameters.

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
Α.	QPTR not within limit.	A.1	Reduce THERMAL POWER ≥ 3% from RTP for each 1% of QPTR > 1.00.	2 hours after each QPTR determination
		<u>AND</u>		
		A.2	Perform SR 3.2.4.1.	Once per 12 hours
		<u>AND</u>		
		A.3	Perform SR 3.2.1.1 and SR 3.2.2.1.	24 hours after achieving equilibrium conditions from a THERMAL POWER reduction per Required Action A.1
				AND
				Once per 7 days thereafter
		<u>AND</u>		
		A.4	Reevaluate safety analyses and confirm results remain valid for duration of operation under this condition.	Prior to increasing THERMAL POWER above the limit of Required Action A.1
		<u>AND</u>		

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A.	(continued)	A.5		
			2. Required Action A.6 shall be completed whenever Required Action A.5 is performed.	
			Normalize excore detectors to restore QPTR to within limit.	Prior to increasing THERMAL POWER above the limit of Required Action A.1
		<u>AND</u>		
		A.6	- NOTE - Perform Required Action A.6 only after Required Action A.5 is completed.	
			Perform SR 3.2.1.1, SR 3.2.1.2, and SR 3.2.2.1.	Within 24 hours after achieving equilibrium conditions at RTP not to exceed 48 hours after increasing THERMAL POWER above the limit of Required Action A.1
В.	Required Action and associated Completion Time not met.	B.1	Reduce THERMAL POWER to ≤ 50% RTP.	4 hours

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

- NOTE -

Not required to be performed until 12 hours after the last verification of OPDMS parameters.

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY			
SR 3.2.4.1	SR 3.2.4.1				
	 NOTES - With one power range channel inoperable and THERMAL POWER < 75% RTP, the remaining three power range channels can be used for calculating QPTR. 				
	SR 3.2.4.2 may be performed in lieu of this Surveillance				
	Verify QPTR within limit by calculation.	7 days			
SR 3.2.4.2					
	- NOTE - Not required to be performed until 12 hours after input from one or more Power Range Neutron Flux channels are inoperable with THERMAL POWER ≥ 75% RTP.				
	Verify QPTR is within limit using a minimum of 4 symmetric pairs of fixed incore detectors.	12 hours			

3.2 POWER DISTRIBUTION LIMITS

3.2.5 On-Line Power Distribution Monitoring System (OPDMS)-Monitored Parameters

LCO 3.2.5 The following parameters shall not exceed their operating limits as specified in the COLR:

a. Peak Linear Power Density;

b. $F_{\Delta H}^{N}$

c. DNBR; and

d. SDM.

APPLICABILITY: MODE 1 with THERMAL POWER > 50% RTP with OPDMS monitoring

parameters a, b, and c.

MODE 1 with OPDMS monitoring parameter d.

MODE 2 with $k_{eff} \ge 1.0$ and OPDMS monitoring parameter d.

ACTIONS

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME
A.	One or more of the parameters a. through c. above not within limits.	A.1	Restore all parameters to within limits.	1 hour
В.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A not met.	B.1	Reduce THERMAL POWER to ≤ 50% RTP.	4 hours
C.	Parameter d above not within limits.	C.1	Initiate boration to restore SDM to within limits.	15 minutes

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.2.5.1	Verify the parameters a. through d. to be within their limits.	24 hours

3.3 INSTRUMENTATION

3.3.1 Reactor Trip System (RTS) Instrumentation

The RTS instrumentation for each Function in Table 3.3.1-1 shall be LCO 3.3.1 OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: According to Table 3.3.1-1.

ACTIONS

- NOTE -

Separate Condition entry is allowed for each Function.

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A.	One or more Functions with one channel inoperable.	A.1	Place inoperable channel in bypass or trip.	6 hours
В.	One or more Functions with two channels inoperable.	B.1 <u>AND</u>	Place one inoperable channel in bypass.	6 hours
		B.2	Place one inoperable channel in trip.	6 hours
C.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A or B not met.	C.1	Enter the Condition Referenced in Table 3.3.1-1 for the channel(s).	Immediately
	<u>OR</u>			
	One or more Functions with three or more channels inoperable.			
D.	As required by Required Action C.1 and referenced in Table 3.3.1-1.	D.1	Be in MODE 3.	6 hours

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
E.	As required by Required Action C.1 and referenced in Table 3.3.1-1.	E.1	Reduce THERMAL POWER to < P-10.	6 hours

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

- NOTE -

Refer to Table 3.3.1-1 to determine which SRs apply for each RTS Function.

	n CHANNEL CHECK.	12 hours
Proif a 2. Re rea 3. If the index index index in the in	equired to be met within 12 hours after aching 15% RTP. he calorimetric heat balance is < 70% RTP, d if the nuclear instrumentation channel dicated power is: lower than the calorimetric measurement by > 1%, then adjust the nuclear instrumentation channel upward to match the calorimetric measurement.	
	then no adjustment is required.	24 hours
	2. Refered 3. If the and incompanion of the companion of	 if absolute difference is > 1% RTP. Required to be met within 12 hours after reaching 15% RTP. If the calorimetric heat balance is < 70% RTP, and if the nuclear instrumentation channel indicated power is: lower than the calorimetric measurement by > 1%, then adjust the nuclear instrumentation channel upward to match the calorimetric measurement. higher than the calorimetric measurement,

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY				
SR 3.3.1.3						
	 Required to be met within 12 hours after reaching 50% RTP. 					
	3. If the calorimetric heat balance is < 70% RTP, and if $q_{\Delta T}$ is:					
	 a. lower than the calorimetric measurement by > 5%, then adjust ΔT° to match the calorimetric measurement. 					
	b. higher than the calorimetric measurement, then no adjustment is required.					
	Compare results of calorimetric heat balance to the ΔT power calculation (q_{\Delta T}) output.	24 hours				
SR 3.3.1.4						
	 NOTES - Adjust nuclear instrument channel in PMS if absolute difference is ≥ 3% AFD. 					
	Required to be met within 24 hours after reaching 20% RTP					
	Compare results of the incore detector measurements to nuclear instrument channel AXIAL FLUX DIFFERENCE.	31 effective full power days (EFPD)				
SR 3.3.1.5						
	- NOTE - Required to be met within 24 hours after reaching 50% RTP.					
	Calibrate excore channels to agree with incore detector measurements.	92 EFPD				

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.3.1.6	Perform COT in accordance with Setpoint Program.	92 days
SR 3.3.1.7		
	Perform COT in accordance with Setpoint Program.	Prior to reactor startup
		4 hours after reducing power below P-10
		AND 92 days thereafter
SR 3.3.1.8	- NOTE - This Surveillance shall include verification that the time constants are adjusted to within limits.	
	Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION in accordance with Setpoint Program.	24 months
SR 3.3.1.9	- NOTE - Neutron detectors are excluded from CHANNEL CALIBRATION.	
	Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION in accordance with Setpoint Program.	24 months

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.3.1.10	- NOTE - Verification of setpoint is not required.	
	Perform TADOT.	24 months
SR 3.3.1.11	- NOTE - Neutron detectors are excluded from response time testing.	
	Verify RTS RESPONSE TIME is within limits.	24 months on a STAGGERED TEST BASIS

Table 3.3.1-1 (page 1 of 2) Reactor Trip System Instrumentation

FUNCTION	APPLICABLE MODES OR OTHER SPECIFIED CONDITIONS	REQUIRED CHANNELS	CONDITIONS	SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS
Power Range Neutron Flux				
a. High Setpoint	1,2	4	D	SR 3.3.1.1 SR 3.3.1.2 SR 3.3.1.6 SR 3.3.1.9 SR 3.3.1.11
b. Low Setpoint	1 ^(a) ,2	4	D	SR 3.3.1.1 SR 3.3.1.7 SR 3.3.1.9 SR 3.3.1.11
Power Range Neutron Flux High Positive Rate	1,2	4	D	SR 3.3.1.6 SR 3.3.1.9 SR 3.3.1.11
3. Overtemperature ΔT	1,2	4 (2/loop)	D	SR 3.3.1.1 SR 3.3.1.3 SR 3.3.1.4 SR 3.3.1.5 SR 3.3.1.6 SR 3.3.1.8 SR 3.3.1.11
4. Overpower ΔT	1,2	4 (2/loop)	D	SR 3.3.1.1 SR 3.3.1.3 SR 3.3.1.6 SR 3.3.1.8 SR 3.3.1.11
Pressurizer Pressure a. Low Setpoint	1 ^(b)	4	E	SR 3.3.1.1 SR 3.3.1.6 SR 3.3.1.8 SR 3.3.1.11
b. High Setpoint	1,2	4	D	SR 3.3.1.1 SR 3.3.1.6 SR 3.3.1.8 SR 3.3.1.11
6. Pressurizer Water Level – High 3	1 ^(b)	4	E	SR 3.3.1.1 SR 3.3.1.6 SR 3.3.1.8 SR 3.3.1.11

⁽a) Below the P-10 (Power Range Neutron Flux) interlocks.

⁽b) Above the P-10 (Power Range Neutron Flux) interlock.

Table 3.3.1-1 (page 2 of 2) Reactor Trip System Instrumentation

FUNCTION	APPLICABLE MODES OR OTHER SPECIFIED CONDITIONS	REQUIRED CHANNELS	CONDITIONS	SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS
7. Reactor Coolant Flow – Low	1 ^(b)	4 per hot leg	Е	SR 3.3.1.1 SR 3.3.1.6 SR 3.3.1.8 SR 3.3.1.11
Reactor Coolant Pump (RCP) Bearing Water Temperature – High	1,2	4 per RCP	D	SR 3.3.1.1 SR 3.3.1.6 SR 3.3.1.8 SR 3.3.1.11
9. RCP Speed – Low	1 ^(b)	4 (1/pump)	Е	SR 3.3.1.1 SR 3.3.1.6 SR 3.3.1.8 SR 3.3.1.11
10. Steam Generator (SG) Narrow Range Water Level – Low	1,2	4 per SG	D	SR 3.3.1.1 SR 3.3.1.6 SR 3.3.1.8 SR 3.3.1.11
11. Steam Generator (SG) Narrow Range Water Level – High 2	1,2 ^(c)	4 per SG	D	SR 3.3.1.1 SR 3.3.1.6 SR 3.3.1.8 SR 3.3.1.11
12. Passive Residual Heat Removal Actuation	1,2	4 per valve	D	SR 3.3.1.9 SR 3.3.1.10 SR 3.3.1.11

⁽b) Above the P-10 (Power Range Neutron Flux) interlock.

⁽c) Above the P-11 (Pressurizer Pressure) interlock.

3.3 INSTRUMENTATION

3.3.2 Reactor Trip System (RTS) Source Range Instrumentation

LCO 3.3.2 Four channels of RTS Source Range Neutron Flux - High Setpoint

instrumentation shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODE 2 with intermediate range neutron flux below the P-6 interlock,

MODES 3, 4, and 5 with Plant Control System capable of rod withdrawal

or one or more rods not fully inserted.

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A.	One channel inoperable in MODE 2.	A.1	Place inoperable channel in bypass or trip.	2 hours
В.	Two channels inoperable in MODE 2.	B.1	Place one inoperable channel in bypass.	2 hours
		<u>AND</u>		
		B.2	Place one inoperable channel in trip.	2 hours
C.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A or B not met.	C.1	Suspend operations involving positive reactivity additions.	Immediately
D.	One or two channels inoperable in MODE 3, 4, or 5.	D.1	Restore three of four channels to OPERABLE status.	48 hours

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
E.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition D not met.	E.1 <u>AND</u>	Intiate action to fully insert all rods.	1 hour
		E.2	Place the Plant Control System in a condition incapable of rod withdrawal.	1 hour
F.	Three or more channels inoperable.	F.1	Open reactor trip breakers (RTBs).	Immediately

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.3.2.1	Perform CHANNEL CHECK.	12 hours

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.3.2.2	 - NOTES - 1. Only required to be performed when not performed within previous 92 days. 2. Not required to be performed prior to entering MODE 3 from MODE 2 until 4 hours after entry into MODE 3. 	
	Perform COT in accordance with Setpoint Program.	Prior to reactor startup AND 4 hours after reducing power below P-6 AND 92 days thereafter
SR 3.3.2.3		24 months
SR 3.3.2.4	- NOTE - Neutron detectors are excluded from response time testing. Verify RTS RESPONSE TIME is within limits.	24 months on a STAGGERED TEST BASIS

3.3 INSTRUMENTATION

3.3.3 Reactor Trip System (RTS) Intermediate Range Instrumentation

Four channels of RTS Intermediate Range Neutron Flux – High LCO 3.3.3

instrumentation shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODE 1 with Power Range Neutron Flux below the P-10 interlock,

MODE 2.

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME
A.	One channel inoperable with THERMAL	A.1	Place one inoperable channel in bypass or trip.	2 hours
	POWER ≥ P-6.	<u>OR</u>		
		A.2	Reduce THERMAL POWER to < P-6.	2 hours
		<u>OR</u>		
		A.3	Increase THERMAL POWER to > P-10.	2 hours
В.	Two channels inoperable with THERMAL POWER	B.1.1	Place one inoperable channel in bypass.	2 hours
	P-6.	<u>AN</u>	<u>ID</u>	
		B.1.2	Place one inoperable channel in trip.	2 hours
		<u>OR</u>		
		B.2	Reduce THERMAL POWER to < P-6.	2 hours
		<u>OR</u>		
		B.3	Increase THERMAL POWER to > P-10.	2 hours

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME
C.	One or two channels inoperable with THERMAL POWER < P-6.	C.1	Restore three of four channels to OPERABLE status.	Prior to increasing THERMAL POWER to > P-6
D.	Three or more channels inoperable.	D.1	Suspend operations involving positive reactivity additions.	Immediately
		<u>AND</u>		
		D.2	Reduce THERMAL POWER to < P-6.	2 hours
		<u>AND</u>		
		D.3	Be in MODE 3.	7 hours

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.3.3.1	Perform CHANNEL CHECK.	12 hours
SR 3.3.3.2		
	- NOTE - Only required to be performed when not performed	
	within previous 92 days.	
	Perform COT in accordance with Setpoint Program.	Prior to reactor startup
		AND
		4 hours after reducing power below P-10
		AND
		92 days thereafter
SR 3.3.3.3		
	- NOTE - Neutron detectors are excluded from CHANNEL CALIBRATION.	
	Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION in accordance with Setpoint Program.	24 months
SR 3.3.3.4		
	- NOTE - Neutron detectors are excluded from response time testing.	
	Verify RTS RESPONSE TIME is within limits.	24 months on a STAGGERED TEST BASIS

3.3 INSTRUMENTATION

3.3.4 Reactor Trip System (RTS) Engineered Safety Feature Actuation System (ESFAS) Instrumentation

The RTS ESFAS instrumentation for each Function in Table 3.3.4-1 shall LCO 3.3.4

be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: According to Table 3.3.4-1.

ACTIONS

- NOTE -

Separate Condition entry is allowed for each Function.

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME
A.	One or more Functions with one or two channels inoperable in MODE 1 or 2.	A.1	Restore three of four channels to OPERABLE status.	6 hours
В.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A not met. OR One or more Functions with three or more channels inoperable in MODE 1 or 2.	B.1	Be in MODE 3.	6 hours
C.	One or more Functions with one or two channels inoperable in MODE 3, 4, or 5.	C.1	Restore three of four channels to OPERABLE status.	48 hours

CONDITION			REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
D.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition C not met.	D.1 <u>AND</u>	Initiate action to fully insert all rods.	1 hour
	OR One or more Functions with three or more channels inoperable in MODE 3, 4, or 5.	D.2	Place the Plant Control System in a condition incapable of rod withdrawal.	1 hour

	SURVEILLANCE			
SR 3.3.4.1	Perform ACTUATION LOGIC TEST.	92 days		

Table 3.3.4-1 (page 1 of 1)
Reactor Trip System Engineered Safety Feature Actuation System Instrumentation

	FUNCTION	APPLICABLE MODES OR OTHER SPECIFIED CONDITIONS	REQUIRED CHANNELS
1.	Safeguards Actuation Input from Engineered Safety Feature Actuation System – Automatic	1,2	4
2.	ADS Stages 1, 2, and 3 Actuation Input from Engineered Safety Feature Actuation System – Automatic	1,2,3 ^(a) ,4 ^(a) ,5 ^(a)	4
3.	Core Makeup Tank Actuation Input from Engineered Safety Feature Actuation System – Automatic	1,2,3 ^(a) ,4 ^(a) ,5 ^(a)	4

⁽a) With Plant Control System capable of rod withdrawal or one or more rods not fully inserted.

3.3 INSTRUMENTATION

Reactor Trip System (RTS) Manual Actuation 3.3.5

The RTS manual actuation channels for each Function in Table 3.3.5-1 LCO 3.3.5

shall be OPERABLE.

According to Table 3.3.5-1. APPLICABILITY:

ACTIONS

- NOTE -

Separate Condition entry is allowed for each Function.

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME
A.	One or more Functions with one manual actuation channel inoperable.	A.1	Restore manual actuation channel to OPERABLE status.	48 hours
B.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A not met in MODE 1 or 2.	B.1	Be in MODE 3.	6 hours
	OR			
	One or more Functions with two manual actuation channels inoperable in MODE 1 or 2.			

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME
C.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A not met in MODE 3, 4, or 5.	C.1 <u>AND</u>	Initiate action to fully insert all rods.	1 hour
	OR One or more Functions with two manual actuation channels inoperable in MODE 3, 4, or 5.	C.2	Place the Plant Control System in a condition incapable of rod withdrawal.	1 hour

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.3.5.1	- NOTE - Verification of setpoint is not required.	
	Perform TADOT.	24 months

Table 3.3.5-1 (page 1 of 1) Reactor Trip System Manual Actuation

	FUNCTION	APPLICABLE MODES OR OTHER SPECIFIED CONDITIONS	REQUIRED CHANNELS
1.	Manual Reactor Trip	1,2,3 ^(a) ,4 ^(a) ,5 ^(a)	2
2.	Safeguards Actuation Input from Engineered Safety Feature Actuation System – Manual	1,2	2
3.	ADS Stages 1, 2, and 3 Actuation Input from Engineered Safety Feature Actuation System – Manual	1,2,3 ^(a) ,4 ^(a) ,5 ^(a)	2 switch sets
4.	Core Makeup Tank Actuation Input from Engineered Safety Feature Actuation System – Manual	1,2,3 ^(a) ,4 ^(a) ,5 ^(a)	2 switch sets

⁽a) With Plant Control System capable of rod withdrawal or one or more rods not fully inserted.

3.3.6 Reactor Trip System (RTS) Automatic Trip Logic

Four divisions of RTS Automatic Trip Logic shall be OPERABLE. LCO 3.3.6

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1 and 2,

MODES 3, 4, and 5 with Plant Control System capable of rod withdrawal

or one or more rods not fully inserted.

ACTIONS

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A.	One or two divisions inoperable in MODE 1 or 2.	A.1	Restore three of four divisions to OPERABLE status.	6 hours
B.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A not met.	B.1	Be in MODE 3.	6 hours
	OR			
	Three or more divisions inoperable in MODE 1 or 2.			
C.	One or two divisions inoperable in MODE 3, 4, or 5.	C.1	Restore three of four divisions to OPERABLE status.	48 hours
D.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition C not met.	D.1 <u>AND</u>	Initiate action to fully insert all rods.	1 hour
	OR Three or more divisions inoperable in MODE 3, 4, or 5.	D.2	Place the Plant Control System in a condition incapable of rod withdrawal.	1 hour

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.3.6.1	Perform ACTUATION LOGIC TEST.	92 days

3.3.7 Reactor Trip System (RTS) Trip Actuation Devices

LCO 3.3.7 Four divisions of RTS trip actuation devices for the following Functions

shall be OPERABLE:

a. Reactor Trip Breakers (RTBs); and

b. RTB Undervoltage and Shunt Trip Mechanisms.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1 and 2,

MODES 3, 4, and 5 with Plant Control System capable of rod withdrawal

or one or more rods not fully inserted.

ACTIONS

- NOTE -

Separate Condition entry is allowed for each Function.

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A.	One or both Functions within one division inoperable.	A.1	Open RTBs in inoperable division.	8 hours
В.	One or both Functions within two divisions inoperable.	B.1	Restore one division to OPERABLE status.	1 hour
C.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A or B not met in MODE 1 or 2. OR	C.1	Be in MODE 3.	6 hours
	One or both Functions within three or more divisions inoperable in MODE 1 or 2.			

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME
D.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A or B not met in MODE 3, 4, or 5.	D.1 <u>AND</u>	Initiate action to fully insert all rods.	6 hours
	OR One or both Functions within three or more divisions inoperable in MODE 3, 4, or 5.	D.2	Place the Plant Control System in a condition incapable of rod withdrawal.	6 hours

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.3.7.1	Perform TADOT on both reactor trip breakers in one division.	92 days on a STAGGERED TEST BASIS

3.3.8 Engineered Safety Feature Actuation System (ESFAS) Instrumentation

LCO 3.3.8 The ESFAS instrumentation channels for each Function in Table 3.3.8-1

shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: According to Table 3.3.8-1.

ACTIONS

- NOTE -

Separate condition entry is allowed for each Function.

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A.	One or more Functions with one channel inoperable.	A.1	Place inoperable channel in bypass or trip.	6 hours
B.	One or more Functions with two channels inoperable.	B.1 <u>AND</u>	Place one inoperable channel in bypass.	6 hours
		B.2	Place one inoperable channel in trip.	6 hours
C.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A or B not met.	C.1	Enter the Condition referenced in Table 3.3.8-1 for the channel(s).	Immediately
	<u>OR</u>			
	One or more Functions with three or more channels inoperable.			
D.	As required by Required Action C.1 and referenced in Table 3.3.8-1.	D.1	Be in MODE 3.	6 hours

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	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
E.	As required by Required Action C.1 and referenced in	E.1	Be in MODE 3.	6 hours
		<u>AND</u>		
	Table 3.3.8-1.	E.2	Be in MODE 4.	12 hours
F.	As required by Required Action C.1 and	F.1	Be in MODE 3.	6 hours
	referenced in	<u>AND</u>		
	Table 3.3.8-1.	F.2	Be in MODE 4 with the Reactor Coolant System (RCS) cooling provided by the Normal Residual Heat Removal System (RNS).	24 hours
G.	As required by Required Action C.1 and	G.1	Be in MODE 3.	6 hours
	referenced in Table 3.3.8-1.	<u>AND</u>		
	Table 3.3.6-1.	G.2	Be in MODE 4.	12 hours
		<u>AND</u>		
		G.3	Establish RCS cooling provided by RNS.	24 hours
Н.	As required by Required Action C.1 and	H.1	Be in MODE 3.	6 hours
	referenced in	<u>AND</u>		
	Table 3.3.8-1.	H.2	Be in MODE 5	36 hours
I.	As required by Required Action C.1 and referenced in Table 3.3.8-1.	I.1	Declare affected isolation valve(s) inoperable.	Immediately

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
J.	As required by Required Action C.1 and referenced in Table 3.3.8-1.	J.1	Be in MODE 5.	37 hours with three or more inoperable channels
				AND
				180 hours
		<u>AND</u>		
		J.2	Initiate action to open the RCS pressure boundary and establish a pressurizer level ≥ 20%.	180 hours
K.	As required by Required Action C.1 and referenced in Table 3.3.8-1.	K.1 <u>AND</u>	Suspend positive reactivity additions.	Immediately
	Table 6.6.6 T.	K.2	Initiate action to open RCS pressure boundary and establish ≥ 20% pressurizer level.	Immediately
L.	As required by Required Action C.1 and referenced in	L.1	Suspend positive reactivity additions.	Immediately
	Table 3.3.8-1.	<u>AND</u>		
		L.2	Initiate action to remove the upper internals.	Immediately
M.	As required by Required Action C.1 and	M.1	Suspend positive reactivity additions.	Immediately
	referenced in Table 3.3.8-1.	<u>AND</u>		
		M.2	Be in MODE 5.	12 hours
		AND		
		M.3	Initiate action to establish a pressurizer level ≥ 20% with the RCS pressure boundary intact.	12 hours

3.3.8

Technical Specifications ESFAS Instrumentation

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
N.	As required by Required Action C.1 and referenced in Table 3.3.8-1.	N.1 <u>AND</u>	Suspend positive reactivity additions.	Immediately
		N.2	Initiate action to establish water level ≥ 23 feet above the top of the reactor vessel flange.	Immediately
O.	As required by Required Action C.1 and referenced in Table 3.3.8-1.	O.1 <u>AND</u>	Declare affected isolation valve(s) inoperable.	Immediately
		O.2	Be in MODE 3.	6 hours
P.	As required by Required Action C.1 and referenced in Table 3.3.8-1.	P.1 AND	Be in MODE 3.	6 hours
		P.2	Be in MODE 5.	36 hours
		<u>AND</u>		
		P.3	Open a containment air flow path ≥ 6 inches in diameter.	44 hours

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.3.8.1	Perform CHANNEL CHECK.	12 hours
SR 3.3.8.2	Perform CHANNEL OPERATIONAL TEST (COT) in accordance with Setpoint Program.	92 days
SR 3.3.8.3	- NOTE – This surveillance shall include verification that the time constants are adjusted to within limits.	
	Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION in accordance with Setpoint Program.	24 months
SR 3.3.8.4	Verify ESF RESPONSE TIME is within limit.	24 months on a STAGGERED TEST BASIS

Table 3.3.8-1 (page 1 of 2) Engineered Safeguards Actuation System Instrumentation

	FUNCTION	APPLICABLE MODES OR OTHER SPECIFIED CONDITIONS	REQUIRED CHANNELS	CONDITIONS
1.	Containment Pressure –Low 2	1,2,3,4,5 ^(a) ,6 ^(a)	4	Р
2.	Containment Pressure – High 2	1,2,3,4	4	Н
3.	Containment Radioactivity – High 1	1,2,3,4 ^(b)	4	1
4.	Containment Radioactivity – High 2	1,2,3	4	I
5.	Pressurizer Pressure – Low	1,2,3 ^(c)	4	E
6.	Pressurizer Water Level – Low 1	1,2	4	D
7.	Pressurizer Water Level – Low 2	1,2,3,4 ^(b)	4	F
		$4^{(d)},5^{(e)(f)}$	4	J
8.	Pressurizer Water Level – High 1	1,2,3	4	1
9.	Pressurizer Water Level – High 2	1,2,3,4 ^(g)	4	1
10.	Pressurizer Water Level, High 3	1,2,3,4 ^(g)	4	F
11.	RCS Cold Leg Temperature (T _{cold}) – Low	1,2,3 ^(c)	4 per loop	E
12.	Reactor Coolant Average Temperature (T _{avg}) – Low 1	1,2	4	D
13.	Reactor Coolant Average Temperature (T _{avg}) – Low 2	1,2	4	D
14.	RCS Wide Range Pressure – Low	1,2,3,4	4	Н
		5	4	К
		6 ^(h)	4	L

- (a) Without an open containment air flow path \geq 6 inches in diameter.
- (b) With the RCS not being cooled by the Normal Residual Heat Removal System (RNS).
- (c) Above the P-11 (Pressurizer Pressure) interlock, when the RCS boron concentration is below that necessary to meet the SDM requirements at an RCS temperature of 200°F.
- (d) With the RCS being cooled by the RNS.
- (e) With the RCS pressure boundary intact.
- (f) With RCS not being cooled by the RNS and with pressurizer level ≥ 20%.
- (g) Above the P-19 (RCS Pressure) interlock with the RCS not being cooled by RNS.
- (h) With upper internals in place.

Table 3.3.8-1 (page 2 of 2) Engineered Safeguards Actuation System Instrumentation

	FUNCTION	APPLICABLE MODES OR OTHER SPECIFIED CONDITIONS	REQUIRED CHANNELS	CONDITIONS
15.	Core Makeup Tank (CMT) Level – Low 1	1,2,3,4	4 per tank	Н
		5 ⁽ⁱ⁾	4 per OPERABLE tank	J
16.	CMT Level – Low 2	1,2,3,4	4 per tank	Н
		5	4 per OPERABLE tank	J
17.	Source Range Neutron Flux Doubling	2 ^(j) ,3 ^(j) ,4	4	1
		5	4	1
18.	IRWST Level – Low 3	1,2,3,4 ^(b)	4	F
		4 ^(d) ,5	4	М
		6 ^(h)	4	N
19.	Reactor Coolant Pump Bearing Water Temperature – High	1,2,3,4	4 per RCP	0
20.	SG Narrow Range Water Level – Low	1,2,3,4 ^(b)	4 per SG	F
21.	SG Wide Range Water Level – Low	1,2,3,4 ^(b)	4 per SG	F
22.	SG Narrow Range Water Level High	1,2,3,4	4 per SG	1
23.	SG Narrow Range Water Level – High 2	1,2	4 per SG	D
		3,4	4 per SG	1
24.	Steam Line Pressure – Low	1,2,3,4 ^(b)	4 per steam line	G
25.	Steam Line Pressure – Negative Rate – High	3 ^(k)	4 per steam line	1

- (b) With the RCS not being cooled by the Normal Residual Heat Removal System (RNS).
- (d) With the RCS being cooled by the RNS.
- (g) Above the P-19 (RCS Pressure) interlock with the RCS not being cooled by RNS.
- (h) With upper internals in place.
- (i) With RCS pressure boundary intact and with pressurizer level \geq 20%.
- (j) Not applicable when critical or during intentional approach to criticality.
- (k) Below the P-11 (Pressurizer Pressure) interlock.

3.3.9 Engineered Safety Feature Actuation System (ESFAS) Manual Initiation

LCO 3.3.9 The ESFAS manual initiation channels for each Function in Table 3.3.9-1 shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: According to Table 3.3.9-1.

ACTIONS

- NOTE -

Separate condition entry is allowed for each Function.

CONDITION REQUIRED ACTION **COMPLETION TIME** A.1 Restore channel to 48 hours Α. OPERABLE status. - NOTE -Not applicable to Functions 1, 6, 7, 8, 12, and 13 in MODE 5 or 6. One or more Functions with one channel inoperable. B. B.1 Restore channel to 72 hours OPERABLE status. - NOTE -Only applicable to Functions 1, 6, 7, 8, 12, and 13 in MODE 5 or 6. One or more Functions with one channel inoperable.

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
C.	Requried Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A or B not met.	C.1	Enter the Condition referenced in Table 3.3.9-1 for the channel(s).	Immediately
	<u>OR</u>			
	One or more Functions with two channels inoperable.			
D.	As required by Required Action C.1	D.1	Be in MODE 3.	6 hours
	and referenced in	<u>AND</u>		
	Table 3.3.9-1.	D.2	Be in MODE 4 with the Reactor Coolant System (RCS) cooling provided by the Normal Residual Heat Removal System (RNS).	24 hours
E.	As required by Required Action C.1 and referenced in	E.1	Be in MODE 3.	6 hours
		<u>AND</u>		
	Table 3.3.9-1.	E.2	Be in MODE 5.	36 hours
F.	As required by Required Action C.1 and referenced in Table 3.3.9-1.	F.1	Declare affected isolation valve(s) inoperable.	Immediately
G.	As required by	G.1	Be in MODE 5.	12 hours
	Required Action C.1 and referenced in	<u>AND</u>		
	Table 3.3.9-1.	G.2	Initiate action to open the RCS pressure boundary.	12 hours

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
H.	As required by Required Action C.1 and referenced in Table 3.3.9-1.	H.1 AND	Suspend positive reactivity additions.	Immediately
		H.2	Initiate action to open RCS pressure boundary and establish ≥ 20% pressurizer level.	Immediately
1.	As required by Required Action C.1 and referenced in	l.1	Suspend positive reactivity additions.	Immediately
	Table 3.3.9-1.	<u>AND</u>		
		1.2	Initiate action to remove the upper internals.	Immediately
J.	As required by Required Action C.1	J.1	Suspend positive reactivity additions.	Immediately
	and referenced in Table 3.3.9-1.	<u>AND</u>		
		J.2	Be in MODE 5.	12 hours
		<u>AND</u>		
		J.3	Initiate action to establish a pressurizer level ≥ 20% with the RCS pressure boundary intact.	12 hours
K.	As required by Required Action C.1	K.1	Suspend positive reactivity additions.	Immediately
	and referenced in Table 3.3.9-1.	<u>AND</u>		
		K.2	Initiate action to establish water level ≥ 23 feet above the top of the reactor vessel flange.	Immediately

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
L.	As required by Required Action C.1 and referenced in	L.1 <u>AND</u>	Be in MODE 3.	6 hours
	Table 3.3.9-1.	L.2	Be in MODE 5.	36 hours
		<u>AND</u>		
		L.3	Open a containment air flow path ≥ 6 inches in diameter.	44 hours

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.3.9.1	- NOTE - Verification of setpoint not required.	
	Perform TRIP ACTUATING DEVICE OPERATIONAL TEST (TADOT).	24 months

Table 3.3.9-1 (page 1 of 2) Engineered Safeguards Actuation System Instrumentation

	FUNCTION	APPLICABLE MODES OR OTHER SPECIFIED CONDITIONS	REQUIRED CHANNELS	CONDITIONS
1.	Safeguards Actuation - Manual Initiation	1,2,3,4	2 switches	Е
		5	2 switches	J
2.	Core Makeup Tank (CMT) Actuation - Manual	1,2,3,4 ^(a)	2 switches	D
	Initiation	4 ^(b) , 5 ^(c)	2 switches	G
3.	Containment Isolation - Manual Initiation	1,2,3,4	2 switches	Е
4.	Steam Line Isolation - Manual Initiation	1,2,3,4	2 switches	F
5.	Feedwater Isolation - Manual Initiation	1,2,3,4	2 switches	F
6.	ADS Stages 1, 2 & 3 Actuation - Manual	1,2,3,4	2 switch sets	E
	Initiation	5 ^(d)	2 switch sets	Н
7.	ADS Stage 4 Actuation - Manual Initiation	1,2,3,4	2 switch sets	E
		5	2 switch sets	Н
		6 ^(e)	2 switch sets	1
3.	Passive Containment Cooling Actuation -	1,2,3,4	2 switches	Е
	Manual Initiation	5 ^(f)	2 switches	J
		6 ^(f)	2 switches	K
).	Passive Residual Heat Removal Heat	1,2,3,4	2 Switches	E
	Exchanger Actuation - Manual Initiation	5 ^(c)	2 switches	G
10.	Chemical Volume and Control System Makeup Isolation - Manual Initiation	1,2,3,4 ^(a)	2 switches	F
11.	Normal Residual Heat Removal System Isolation - Manual Initiation	1,2,3	2 switch sets	F

⁽a) With the RCS not being cooled by the Normal Residual Heat Removal System (RNS).

- (b) With the RCS being cooled by the RNS.
- (c) With the RCS pressure boundary intact.
- (d) With RCS pressure boundary intact and with pressurizer level \geq 20%.
- (e) With upper internals in place.
- (f) With decay heat > 6.0 MWt.

Table 3.3.9-1 (page 2 of 2) Engineered Safeguards Actuation System Instrumentation

	FUNCTION	APPLICABLE MODES OR OTHER SPECIFIED CONDITIONS	REQUIRED CHANNELS	CONDITIONS
12.	In-Containment Refueling Water Storage Tank	1,2,3,4 ^(a)	2 switch sets	D
	(IRWST) Injection Line Valve Actuation - Manual Initiation	4 ^(b) ,5	2 switch sets	J
		6	2 switch sets	K
13.	IRWST Containment Recirculation Valve	1,2,3,4 ^(a)	2 switch sets	D
	Actuation - Manual Initiation	4 ^(b) ,5	2 switch sets	J
		6	2 switch sets	K
14.	SG Power Operated Relief Valve and Block Valve Isolation - Manual Initiation	1,2,3,4 ^(a)	2 switches	D
15.	Containment Vacuum Relief Valve Actuation – Manual Initiation	1,2,3,4,5 ^(g) ,6 ^(g)	2 switches	L

⁽a) With the RCS not being cooled by the Normal Residual Heat Removal System (RNS).

⁽b) With the RCS being cooled by the RNS.

⁽g) Without an open containment air flow path ≥ 6 inches in diameter.

3.3.10 Engineered Safety Feature Actuation System (ESFAS) Reactor Coolant System (RCS) Hot Leg Level Instrumentation

LCO 3.3.10 The ESFAS RCS Hot Leg Level instrumentation channels for each

function in Table 3.3.10-1 shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: According to Table 3.3.10-1.

ACTIONS

- NOTE -

Separate condition entry is allowed for each Function.

CONDITION REQUIRED ACTION COMPLETION TIME A.1 A. One channel Place inoperable channel 6 hours inoperable. in bypass. <u>AND</u> A.2 - NOTE -Only applicable to Function 1. Continuously monitor hot 6 hours leg level. **B.1** Enter the Condition B. Required Action and Immediately associated Completion referenced in Time of Condition A not Table 3.3.10-1 for the met. channel.

	CONDITION	ı	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
C.	As required by Required Action B.1 and referenced in	C.1	Suspend positive reactivity additions.	Immediately
	Table 3.3.10-1.	<u>AND</u>		
		C.2	Be in MODE 5.	12 hours
		<u>AND</u>		
		C.3	Initiate action to establish a pressurizer level ≥ 20% with the RCS pressure boundary intact.	12 hours
D.	As required by Required Action B.1 and referenced in	D.1	Suspend positive reactivity additions.	Immediately
	Table 3.3.10-1.	<u>AND</u>		
		D.2	Initiate action to establish water level ≥ 23 feet above the top of the reactor vessel flange.	Immediately

<u>/ (0 1</u>			DECLUDED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
E.	As required by Required Action B.1 and referenced in Table 3.3.10-1.		- NOTE - th(s) may be unisolated ently under administrative	
		E.1.1	Isolate the affected flow path(s).	24 hours
		ANE	<u>)</u>	
		E.1.2.1	Isolate the affected flow path(s) by use of at least one closed and deactivated automatic valve, closed manual valve, blind flange, or check valve with flow through the valve secured.	7 days
			<u>OR</u>	
		E.1.2.2	Verify the affected flow path is isolated	Once per 7 days
		<u>OR</u>		
		E.2.1	Be in MODE 5.	12 hours
		ANE	<u>)</u>	
		E.2.2	Initiate action to establish a pressurizer level ≥ 20%	12 hours
F.	As required by Required Action B.1 and referenced in Table 3.3.10-1.	F.1	Initiate action to establish water level ≥ 23 feet above the top of the reactor vessel flange.	Immediately

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.3.10.1	Perform CHANNEL CHECK.	12 hours
SR 3.3.10.2	Perform CHANNEL OPERATIONAL TEST (COT) in accordance with Setpoint Program.	92 days
SR 3.3.10.3	- NOTE - This surveillance shall include verification that the time constants are adjusted to within limits.	
	Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION in accordance with Setpoint Program.	24 months
SR 3.3.10.4	Verify ESF RESPONSE TIME is within limit.	24 months on a STAGGERED TEST BASIS

Table 3.3.10-1 (page 1 of 1) Engineered Safeguards Actuation System Instrumentation

FUNCTION	APPLICABLE MODES OR OTHER SPECIFIED CONDITIONS	REQUIRED CHANNELS	CONDITIONS
1. Hot Leg Level – Low 2	4 ^(a) ,5	1 per loop	С
	6 ^(b)	1 per loop	D
2. Hot Leg Level – Low 1	4 ^{(a)(c)} ,5 ^(c)	1 per loop	E
	6 ^{(c)(d)}	1 per loop	F

- (a) With the RCS being cooled by the RNS.
- (b) With upper internals in place.
- (c) Below the P-12 (Pressurizer Level) interlock.
- (d) With the water level < 23 feet above the top of the reactor vessel flange.

3.3.11 Engineered Safety Feature Actuation System (ESFAS) Startup Feedwater Flow Instrumentation

LCO 3.3.11 Two channels of ESFAS Startup Feedwater Flow instrumentation for each

startup feedwater line shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, and 3,

MODE 4 with the Reactor Coolant System (RCS) not being cooled by the

Normal Residual Heat Removal System (RNS).

ACTIONS

- NOTE -

Separate condition entry is allowed for each startup feedwater line.

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME	
A.	One or more startup feedwater lines with one channel inoperable.	A.1	Place channel in trip.	6 hours	
В.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A not met.	B.1 AND	Be in MODE 3.	6 hours	
	<u>OR</u>	B.2	RCS cooli	Be in MODE 4 with the RCS cooling provided by the RNS.	24 hours
	One or more startup feedwater lines with two channels inoperable.		uic itivo.		

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.3.11.1	Perform CHANNEL CHECK.	12 hours
SR 3.3.11.2	Perform CHANNEL OPERATIONAL TEST (COT) in accordance with Setpoint Program.	92 days
SR 3.3.11.3	- NOTE - This surveillance shall include verification that the time constants are adjusted to within limits. Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION in accordance with Setpoint Program.	24 months
SR 3.3.11.4	Verify ESF RESPONSE TIME is within limit.	24 months on a STAGGERED TEST BASIS

3.3.12 Engineered Safety Feature Actuation System (ESFAS) Reactor Trip Initiation

Three ESFAS Reactor Trip (P-4) divisions shall be OPERABLE. LCO 3.3.12

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4.

ACTIONS

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A.	One required division inoperable.	A.1	Restore required division to OPERABLE status.	6 hours
В.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A not met.	B.1 <u>AND</u>	Declare affected isolation valve(s) inoperable.	Immediately
	<u>OR</u>	B.2	Be in MODE 3.	6 hours
	Two or three required divisions inoperable.	<u>AND</u>		
	чизоно торегавіе.	B.3	Be in MODE 4.	12 hours

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.3.12.1	Perform TRIP ACTUATING DEVICE OPERATIONAL TEST (TADOT).	24 months

3.3.13 Engineered Safety Feature Actuation System (ESFAS) Control Room Air Supply Radiation Instrumentation

LCO 3.3.13 Two channels of ESFAS Control Room Air Supply Radiation - High 2

instrumentation shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4,

During movement of irradiated fuel assemblies.

ACTIONS

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
Α.	One channel inoperable in MODE 1, 2, 3, or 4.	A.1	Verify alternate radiation monitors are OPERABLE.	72 hours
		<u>AND</u>		
		A.2	Verify control room isolation and air supply initiation manual controls are OPERABLE.	72 hours
B.	One channel inoperable during movement of irradiated fuel assemblies.	B.1	Restore channel to OPERABLE status.	72 hours
C.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A not met.	C.1	Be in MODE 3.	6 hours
		<u>AND</u>		
	<u>OR</u>	C.2	Be in MODE 5.	36 hours
	Two channels inoperable in MODE 1, 2, 3, or 4.			

Technical Specifications

ESFAS Control Room Air Supply Radiation Instrumentation 3.3.13

ACTIONS (continued)

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME
D.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition B not met.	D.1	Suspend movement of irradiated fuel assemblies.	Immediately
	<u>OR</u>			
	Two channels inoperable during movement of irradiated fuel assemblies.			

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.3.13.1	Perform CHANNEL CHECK.	12 hours
SR 3.3.13.2	Perform CHANNEL OPERATIONAL TEST (COT) in accordance with Setpoint Program.	92 days
SR 3.3.13.3	- NOTE - This surveillance shall include verification that the time constants are adjusted to within limits. Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION in accordance	24 months
SR 3.3.13.4	with Setpoint Program. Verify ESF RESPONSE TIME is within limit.	24 months on a STAGGERED TEST BASIS

3.3.14 Engineered Safety Feature Actuation System (ESFAS) Spent Fuel Pool Level Instrumentation

LCO 3.3.14 Three channels of ESFAS Spent Fuel Pool Level – Low instrumentation

shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODE 6.

ACTIONS

ACI	IONS			
	CONDITION	ı	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
Α.	One channel inoperable.	A.1	Place channel in trip.	6 hours
В.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A not met. OR		- NOTE - h(s) may be unisolated ently under administrative	
	Two or more channels inoperable.	B.1 <u>AND</u>	Isolate the affected flow path(s).	24 hours
		B.2.1	Isolate the affected flow path(s) by use of at least one closed and deactivated automatic valve, closed manual valve, blind flange, or check valve with flow through the valve secured.	7 days
		<u>OR</u>		
		B.2.2	Verify the affected flow path is isolated.	Once per 7 days

Technical Specifications

ESFAS Spent Fuel Pool Level Instrumentation 3.3.14

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.3.14.1	Perform CHANNEL CHECK.	12 hours
SR 3.3.14.2	Perform CHANNEL OPERATIONAL TEST (COT) in accordance with Setpoint Program.	92 days
SR 3.3.14.3	- NOTE - This surveillance shall include verification that the time constants are adjusted to within limits. Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION in accordance with Setpoint Program.	24 months
SR 3.3.14.4	Verify ESF RESPONSE TIME is within limit.	24 months on a STAGGERED TEST BASIS

3.3.15 Engineered Safety Feature Actuation System (ESFAS) Actuation Logic – Operating

LCO 3.3.15 Four divisions with one subsystem for each of the following Functions

shall be OPERABLE:

a. ESF Coincidence Logic; and

b. ESF Actuation.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4.

ACTIONS

- NOTE -

Separate condition entry is allowed for each Function.

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A.	One or more Functions with one division inoperable.	A.1	Restore division to OPERABLE status.	6 hours
B.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A not met.	B.1 <u>AND</u> B.2	Be in MODE 3.	6 hours
	<u>OR</u>	B.2	Be in MODE 5.	36 hours
	One or more Functions within two or more divisions inoperable.			

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.3.15.1	Perform ACTUATION LOGIC TEST.	92 days on a STAGGERED TEST BASIS
SR 3.3.15.2		
	Verify pressurizer heater circuit breakers trip open on an actual or simulated actuation signal.	24 months
SR 3.3.15.3	Verify reactor coolant pump breakers trip open on an actual or simulated actuation signal.	24 months
SR 3.3.15.4		
	Verify CVS letdown isolation valves actuate to the isolation position on an actual or simulated actuation signal.	24 months
SR 3.3.15.5	Verify main feedwater and startup feedwater pump breakers trip open on an actual or simulated actuation signal.	24 months
SR 3.3.15.6		
	Verify auxiliary spray and purification line isolation valves actuate to the isolation position on an actual or simulated actuation signal.	24 months

Engineered Safety Feature Actuation System (ESFAS) Actuation Logic -3.3.16 Shutdown

LCO 3.3.16

Four divisions with one subsystem for each of the following Functions shall be OPERABLE:

- a. ESF Coincidence Logic; and
- b. ESF Actuation.

- NOTE -

Only the divisions necessary to support Main Control Room Isolation and Air Supply Initiation are required to be OPERABLE during movement of irradiated fuel assemblies when not in MODE 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6.

APPLICABILITY:

MODES 5 and 6,

During movement of irradiated fuel assemblies.

ACTIONS

- NOTE -

Separate condition entry is allowed for each Function.

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME
A.	One or more Functions within one required division inoperable.	A.1	Restore required division to OPERABLE status.	72 hours

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME
B.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A not met in MODE 5.	B.1 <u>AND</u>	Suspend positive reactivity additions.	Immediately
	OR One or more Functions within two or more divisions inoperable in MODE 5.	B.2	Initiate action to open RCS pressure boundary and establish ≥ 20% pressurizer level.	Immediately
		B.3	Initiate action to isolate the flow path from the demineralized water storage tank to the RCS by use of at least one closed and de-activated automatic valve or closed manual valve.	Immediately
C.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A not met in MODE 6.	C.1 <u>AND</u>	Suspend positive reactivity additions.	Immediately
	OR One or more Functions within two or more divisions inoperable in MODE 6.	C.2	Initiate action to establish water level ≥ 23 feet above the top of the reactor vessel flange.	Immediately

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME
D.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A not met during movement of irradiated fuel assemblies.	D.1	Suspend movement of irradiated fuel assemblies.	Immediately
	<u>OR</u>			
	One or more Functions within two or more required divisions inoperable during movement of irradiated fuel assemblies.			

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	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.3.16.1	Perform ACTUATION LOGIC TEST.	92 days on a STAGGERED TEST BASIS
SR 3.3.16.2		
	Verify reactor coolant pump breakers trip open on an actual or simulated actuation signal.	24 months

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS (continued)

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.3.16.3		
	- NOTES -	
	 Not required to be met in MODE 5 above the P-12 (Pressurizer Level) interlock. 	
	 Not required to be met in MODE 6 above the P-12 (Pressurizer Level) interlock and water level ≥ 23 feet above the top of the reactor vessel flange. 	
	Verify CVS letdown isolation valves actuate to the isolation position on an actual or simulated actuation signal.	24 months
SR 3.3.16.4		
	- NOTE - Only required to be met in MODE 6.	
	Verify Spent Fuel Pool Cooling System containment isolation valves actuate to the isolation position on an actual or simulated actuation signal.	24 months

3.3 INSTRUMENTATION

3.3.17 Post Accident Monitoring (PAM) Instrumentation

The PAM instrumentation for each Function in Table 3.3.17-1 shall be LCO 3.3.17 OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, and 3.

ACTIONS

- NOTES -

- 1. LCO 3.0.4 is not applicable.
- 2. Separate Condition entry is allowed for each Function.

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A.	One or more Functions with one required channel inoperable.	A.1	Restore required channel to OPERABLE status.	30 days
B.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A not met.	B.1	Initiate action in accordance with Specification 5.6.5.	Immediately
C.	One or more Functions with two required channels inoperable.	C.1	Restore one channel to OPERABLE status.	7 days
D.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition C not met.	D.1	Enter the Condition referenced in Table 3.3.17-1 for the channel.	Immediately
E.	As required by Required Action D.1 and referenced in Table 3.3.17-1.	E.1 AND	Be in MODE 3.	6 hours
		E.2	Be in MODE 4.	12 hours

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

- NOTE -

SR 3.3.17.1 and SR 3.3.17.2 apply to each PAM instrumentation Function in Table 3.3.17-1.

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.3.17.1	Perform CHANNEL CHECK for each required instrumentation channel that is normally energized.	31 days
SR 3.3.17.2		
	Perform CHANNEL CALIBRATION.	24 months

Technical Specifications

Table 3.3.17-1 (page 1 of 1) Post-Accident Monitoring Instrumentation

	FUNCTION	REQUIRED CHANNELS	CONDITION REFERENCED FROM REQUIRED ACTION D.1
1.	Neutron Flux (Intermediate Range)	2	E
2.	Reactor Coolant System (RCS) Hot Leg Temperature (Wide Range)	2	E
3.	RCS Cold Leg Temperature (Wide Range)	2	E
4.	RCS Pressure (Wide Range)	2	E
5.	RCS Subcooling Monitor	2	E
6.	Containment Water Level	2	E
7.	Containment Pressure	2	E
8.	Containment Pressure (Extended Range)	2	E
9.	Containment Area Radiation (High Range)	2	E
10.	Pressurizer Level and Associated Reference Leg Temperature	2	E
11.	In-Containment Refueling Water Storage Tank (IRWST) Water Level	2	E
12.	Passive Residual Heat Removal (PRHR) Heat Removal	2	E
13.	Core Exit Temperature Quadrant 1	2 ^(a)	E
14.	Core Exit Temperature Quadrant 2	2 ^(a)	E
15.	Core Exit Temperature Quadrant 3	2 ^(a)	E
16.	Core Exit Temperature Quadrant 4	2 ^(a)	E
17.	Passive Containment Cooling System (PCS) Heat Removal	2	E
18.	Penetration Flow Path Remotely Operated Containment Isolation Valve Position	2 per penetration flow path ^{(b)(c)}	Е
19.	IRWST to Normal Residual Heat Removal System (RNS) Suction Valve Status	2	E

⁽a) A channel consists of two thermocouples within a single division. Each quadrant contains two divisions. The minimum requirement is two OPERABLE thermocouples in each of the two divisions.

⁽b) Not required for isolation valves whose associated penetration is isolated by at least one closed and deactivated automatic valve, closed manual valve, blind flange, or check valve with flow through the valve secured.

⁽c) Only one position indication channel is required for penetration flow paths with only one installed control room indication channel.

3.3 INSTRUMENTATION

3.3.18 Remote Shutdown Workstation (RSW)

LCO 3.3.18 The RSW shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, and 3.

MODE 4 with Reactor Coolant System (RCS) average temperature (T_{avg})

≥ 350°F.

ACTIONS

- NOTE -

LCO 3.0.4 is not applicable.

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A.	RSW inoperable.	A.1	Restore to OPERABLE status.	30 days
B.	Required Action and associated Completion Time not met.	B.1 <u>AND</u>	Be in MODE 3.	6 hours
	met.	B.2	Be in MODE 4 with T_{avg} < 350°F.	12 hours

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.3.18.1	Verify each required transfer switch is capable of performing the required function.	24 months
SR 3.3.18.2	Verify the RSW communicates indication and controls with Division A, B, C and D of the Protection and Safety Monitoring System (PMS).	24 months
SR 3.3.18.3	Verify the OPERABILITY of the RSW hardware and software.	24 months

Technical Specifications

RSW 3.3.18

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS (continued)

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.3.18.4	Perform TADOT of the reactor trip breaker open/closed indication.	24 months

3.3 INSTRUMENTATION

3.3.19 Diverse Actuation System (DAS) Manual Controls

LCO 3.3.19 The DAS manual controls for each function in Table 3.3.19-1 shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: According to Table 3.3.19-1.

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A.	One or more manual DAS controls inoperable.	A.1	Restore DAS manual controls to OPERABLE status.	30 days
В.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A not met for inoperable DAS	B.1	Perform SR 3.3.7.1.	Once per 31 days on a STAGGERED TEST BASIS
	manual reactor trip control.	AND		
	Control.	B.2	Restore all controls to OPERABLE status.	Prior to entering MODE 2 following next MODE 5 entry
C.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A not met for inoperable DAS	C.1	Perform SRs 3.3.15.1 and 3.3.16.1, as applicable.	Once per 31 days on a STAGGERED TEST BASIS
	manual actuation	<u>AND</u>		
	control other than reactor trip.	C.2	Restore all controls to OPERABLE status.	Prior to entering MODE 2 following next MODE 5 entry

ACTIONS (continued)

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
D.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition B not met.	D.1 <u>AND</u>	Be in MODE 3.	6 hours
	<u>OR</u>	D.2	Be in MODE 5.	36 hours
	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition C not met.			

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.3.19.1		
	Perform TRIP ACTUATION DEVICE OPERATIONAL TEST (TADOT).	24 months

Table 3.3.19-1 (page 1 of 1) DAS Manual Controls

	FUNCTION	APPLICABLE MODES OR OTHER SPECIFIED CONDITIONS	REQUIRED CONTROLS
1.	Reactor trip manual controls	1,2	2 switches
2.	Passive Residual Heat Removal Heat Exchanger (PRHR HX) control and In-Containment Refueling Water Storage Tank (IRWST) gutter control valves	1,2,3,4,5 ^(a)	2 switches
3.	Core Makeup Tank (CMT) isolation valves	1,2,3,4,5 ^(a)	2 switches
4.	Automatic Depressurization System (ADS) stage 1 valves	1,2,3,4,5 ^(a)	2 switches
5.	ADS stage 2 valves	1,2,3,4,5 ^(a)	2 switches
6.	ADS stage 3 valves	1,2,3,4,5 ^(a)	2 switches
7.	ADS stage 4 valves	1,2,3,4,5,6 ^(c)	2 switches
8.	IRWST injection squib valves	1,2,3,4,5,6	2 switches
9.	Containment recirculation valves	1,2,3,4,5,6	2 switches
10.	Passive containment cooling drain valves	1,2,3,4,5 ^(b) ,6 ^(b)	2 switches
11.	Selected containment isolation valves	1,2,3,4,5,6	2 switches

- (a) With Reactor Coolant System (RCS) pressure boundary intact.
- (b) With the reactor decay heat > 6.0 MWt.
- (c) With reactor internals in place.

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.4.1.1	Verify pressurizer pressure is greater than or equal to the limit specified in the COLR.	12 hours
SR 3.4.1.2	Verify RCS average temperature is less than or equal to the limit specified in the COLR.	12 hours
SR 3.4.1.3	Verify RCS total flow rate is ≥ 301,670 gpm and greater than or equal to the limit specified in the COLR.	12 hours
SR 3.4.1.4	Perform a CHANNEL CALIBRATION of differential pressure RCS total flow rate indication channels.	24 months
SR 3.4.1.5	- NOTE - Not required to be performed until 24 hours after ≥ 90% RTP. Verify RCS total flow rate is ≥ 301,670 gpm and greater than or equal to the limit specified in the COLR as determined by precision heat balance or differential pressure RCS total flow rate indication measurements.	24 months

3.4.3 RCS Pressure and Temperature (P/T) Limits

LCO 3.4.3 RCS pressure, RCS temperature, and RCS heatup and cooldown rates

shall be maintained within the limits specified in the PTLR.

APPLICABILITY: At all times.

	CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME
A.		A.1 <u>AND</u> A.2	Restore parameters to within limits. Determine RCS is acceptable for continued operation.	30 minutes 72 hours
B.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A not met.	B.1 <u>AND</u> B.2	Be in MODE 3. Be in MODE 5.	6 hours 36 hours

Technical Specifications

ACTIONS (continued)

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
C	C.1 Initiate action to restore parameter(s) to within limits. AND C.2 Determine RCS is acceptable for continued operation.	Immediately Prior to entering MODE 4
3, or 4.		

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.4.3.1		30 minutes

3.4.4 RCS Loops

LCO 3.4.4

Two RCS loops shall be OPERABLE with four Reactor Coolant Pumps (RCPs) in operation with variable speed control bypassed.

- NOTES -

- 1. No RCP shall be started when the RCS temperature is ≥ 350°F unless pressurizer level is < 92%.
- 2. No RCP shall be started with any RCS cold leg temperature ≤ 350°F unless the secondary side water temperature of each steam generator (SG) is ≤ 50°F above each of the RCS cold leg temperatures and the RCP is started at ≤ 25% of RCP speed.
- 3. All RCPs may be removed from operation in MODE 3, 4, or 5 for ≤ 1 hour per 8 hour period provided:
 - No operations are permitted that would cause introduction into the RCS, coolant with boron concentration less than required to meet the SDM of LCO 3.1.1; and
 - b. Core outlet temperature is maintained at least 10°F below saturation temperature.

APPLICABILITY:

MODES 1 and 2,

MODES 3, 4, and 5 with Plant Control System capable of rod withdrawal or one or more rods not fully inserted.

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME
Α.		A.1	Suspend start of any RCP.	Immediately
	- NOTE - Required Actions must be completed whenever Condition A is entered.	AND A.2	Be in MODE 3.	6 hours
	Requirements of LCO not met in MODE 1 or 2.	<u>AND</u>		

Technical Specifications

ACTIONS (continued)

CONDITION			REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A.	(continued)	A.3	Initiate action to fully insert all rods.	6 hours
		<u>AND</u>		
		A.4	Place the Plant Control System in a condition incapable of rod withdrawal.	6 hours
В.		B.1	Suspend start of any RCP.	Immediately
	- NOTE - Required Actions must be completed whenever Condition B is entered	AND		
		B.2	Initiate action to fully insert all rods.	1 hour
		<u>AND</u>		
	not met in MODE 3, 4, or 5.	B.3	Place the Plant Control System in a condition incapable of rod withdrawal.	1 hour

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.4.4.1	Verify each RCS loop is in operation with variable speed control bypassed.	12 hours

3.4.5 Pressurizer

LCO 3.4.5 The pressurizer water level shall be \leq 92% of span.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, and 3.

ACTIONS

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME
Α.	Pressurizer water level not within limit.	A.1	Be in MODE 3.	6 hours
		<u>AND</u>		
		A.2	Initiate action to fully insert all rods.	6 hours
		<u>AND</u>		
		A.3	Place the Plant Control System in a condition incapable of rod withdrawal.	6 hours
		<u>AND</u>		
		A.4	Be in MODE 4.	12 hours

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.4.5.1	Verify pressurizer water level ≤ 92% of span.	12 hours

3.4.6 Pressurizer Safety Valves

LCO 3.4.6 Two pressurizer safety valves shall be OPERABLE with lift settings

 \geq 2460 psig and \leq 2510 psig.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, and 3,

MODE 4 with Normal Residual Heat Removal System (RNS) isolated,

MODE 4 with RCS temperature ≥ 275°F.

- NOTE -

The lift settings are not required to be within the LCO limits during MODES 3 and 4 for the purpose of setting the pressurizer safety valves under ambient (hot) conditions. One pressurizer safety valve at a time may be inoperable for hot lift setting adjustment.

This exception is allowed for 36 hours following entry into MODE 3, provided a preliminary cold setting was made prior to heatup.

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME
A.	One pressurizer safety valve inoperable.	A.1	Restore valve to OPERABLE status.	15 minutes
В.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A not met. OR Two pressurizer safety valves inoperable.	B.1 <u>AND</u> B.2	Be in MODE 3. Be in MODE 4 with RNS aligned to the RCS and RCS temperature < 275°F.	6 hours 24 hours

3.4.8 Minimum RCS Flow

LCO 3.4.8

At least one Reactor Coolant Pump (RCP) shall be in operation with a total flow through the core of \geq 3,000 gpm.

- NOTES -

- 1. All RCPs may be removed from operation for ≤ 1 hour per 8 hour period provided:
 - No operations are permitted that would cause introduction into the RCS, coolant with boron concentration less than required to meet the SDM of LCO 3.1.1; and
 - b. Core outlet temperature is maintained at least 10°F below saturation temperature.
- 2. No RCP shall be started when the RCS temperature is ≥ 350°F unless pressurizer level is < 92%.
- No RCP shall be started with any RCS cold leg temperature ≤ 350°F unless the secondary side water temperature of each steam generator (SG) is ≤ 50°F above each of the RCS cold leg temperatures and the RCP is started at ≤ 25% of RCP speed.

APPLICABILITY:

MODES 3, 4, and 5 with Plant Control System incapable of rod withdrawal, all rods fully inserted, and unborated water sources not isolated from the RCS.

	CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME
A.	 - NOTE -	A.1	Isolate all sources of unborated water.	1 hour
	Required Action A.2 shall be completed prior to starting any RCP whenever this Condition is entered.	AND A.2	Perform SR 3.1.1.1.	1 hour
	No RCP in operation.			

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.4.8.1	Verify at least one RCP is in operation with total flow through the core ≥ 3,000 gpm.	12 hours

3.4.9 RCS Leakage Detection Instrumentation

LCO 3.4.9 The following RCS leakage detection instrumentation shall be OPERABLE:

- a. Two containment sump level channels; and
- b. One containment atmosphere F18 particulate monitor.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4.

- NOTES -

- 1. The containment atmosphere F18 particulate monitor is only required to be OPERABLE in MODE 1 with RTP > 20%.
- Containment sump level measurements cannot be used for leak detection if leakage is prevented from draining to the sump such as by redirection to the In-Containment Refueling Water Storage Tank (IRWST) by the containment shell gutter drains.

ACTIONS

- NOTE -

LCO 3.0.4 is not applicable.

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME
A.	One required containment sump channel inoperable.	A.1	Verify that the volume input per day to the containment sump does not change (+ or -) more than 10 gallons or 33% of the volume input (whichever is greater). The volume used for comparison will be the value taken during the first day following the entrance into this CONDITION.	Once per 24 hours
		<u>AND</u>		

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A.	(continued)	A.2	Restore two containment sump channels to OPERABLE status.	14 days
B.	Two required containment sump channels inoperable.	B.1		
		AND	Perform SR 3.4.7.1.	Once per 24 hours
		B.2	Restore one containment sump channel to OPERABLE status.	72 hours
C.	Containment atmosphere F18 particulate monitor	C.1.1	Analyze grab samples of containment atmosphere.	Once per 24 hours
	inoperable.	<u>OR</u>		
		C.1.2		
			- NOTE - Not required until 12 hours after establishment of steady state operation.	
			Perform SR 3.4.7.1.	Once per 24 hours
		<u>AND</u>		
		C.2	Restore containment atmosphere F18 particulate monitor to OPERABLE status.	30 days
D.	Required Action	D.1	Be in MODE 3.	6 hours
	and associated Completion Time of	<u>AND</u>		
	Condition A, B, or C	1		1

Technical Specifications

RCS Leakage Detection Instrumentation 3.4.9

ACTIONS (continued)

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
E. All required monitors inoperable.	E.1 Enter LCO 3.0.3.	Immediately

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.4.9.1	Perform a CHANNEL CHECK of containment atmosphere F18 particulate monitor.	12 hours
SR 3.4.9.2	Perform a COT of containment atmosphere F18 particulate monitor.	92 days
SR 3.4.9.3	Perform a CHANNEL CALIBRATION of required containment sump monitor.	24 months
SR 3.4.9.4	Perform a CHANNEL CALIBRATION of containment atmosphere F18 particulate monitor.	24 months

3.4.10 RCS Specific Activity

LCO 3.4.10 The specific activity of the reactor coolant shall be within limits.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1 and 2.

MODE 3 with RCS average temperature $(T_{avg}) \ge 500$ °F.

	CONDITION	ı	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A.	A. DOSE EQUIVALENT I-131 > 1.0 μCi/gm.		- NOTE4 is not applicable.	
		A.1	Verify DOSE EQUIVALENT I-131 ≤ 60 μCi/gm.	Once per 4 hours
		<u>AND</u>		
		A.2	Restore DOSE EQUIVALENT I-131 to within limit.	48 hours
	DOSE EQUIVALENT XE-133 > 280 μCi/gm.	B.1	Be in MODE 3 with T _{avg} < 500°F.	6 hours
C.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A not met.	C.1	Be in MODE 3 with T _{avg} < 500°F.	6 hours
	<u>OR</u>			
	DOSE EQUIVALENT I-131 > 60 μCi/gm.			

3.4.11 Automatic Depressurization System (ADS) - Operating

LCO 3.4.11 Ten ADS flow paths shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4.

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A.	One stage 1, 2, or 3 ADS flow path inoperable.	A.1	Restore flow path to OPERABLE status.	7 days
В.	One stage 4 ADS flow path inoperable.	B.1	Restore flow path to OPERABLE status.	72 hours
C.	Two or three ADS flow paths inoperable with a combined inoperable flow capacity less than or equal to that of a division with the largest ADS flow capacity.	C.1	Restore flow paths to OPERABLE status.	72 hours
D.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A, B, or C not met.	D.1 <u>AND</u> D.2	Be in MODE 3. Be in MODE 5.	6 hours 36 hours
	<u>OR</u>			
	LCO not met for reasons other than Condition A, B, or C.			

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.4.11.1	Verify the motor operated valve in series with each 4th stage ADS valve is fully open.	12 hours
SR 3.4.11.2	Verify each stage 1, 2, and 3 ADS valve strokes open.	In accordance with the Inservice Testing Program
SR 3.4.11.3	Verify each stage 4 ADS valve is OPERABLE in accordance with the Inservice Testing Program.	In accordance with the Inservice Testing Program
SR 3.4.11.4	Verify each stage 1, 2, and 3 ADS valve actuates to the open position on an actual or simulated actuation signal.	24 months
SR 3.4.11.5	- NOTE - Squib actuation may be excluded.	
	Verify continuity of the circuit from the Protection Logic Cabinets to each stage 4 ADS valve.	24 months

3.4.12 Automatic Depressurization System (ADS) – Shutdown, RCS Intact

Nine ADS flow paths shall be OPERABLE. LCO 3.4.12

MODE 5 with RCS pressure boundary intact. APPLICABILITY:

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A.	One required stage 1, 2, or 3 ADS flow path inoperable.	A.1	Restore required flow path to OPERABLE status.	7 days
B.	One required stage 4 ADS flow path inoperable.	B.1	Restore required flow path to OPERABLE status.	72 hours
C.	Two or three required ADS flow paths inoperable with a combined inoperable flow capacity less than or equal to that of a division with the largest ADS flow capacity.	C.1	Restore required flow paths to OPERABLE status.	72 hours
D.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A, B, or C not met.	D.1	Initiate action to open the RCS pressure boundary.	Immediately
	<u>OR</u>			
	LCO not met for reasons other than Condition A, B, or C.			

3.4.13 Automatic Depressurization System (ADS) – Shutdown, RCS Open

LCO 3.4.13 ADS stage 1, 2, and 3 flow paths shall be open.

Two ADS stage 4 flow paths shall be OPERABLE.

- NOTE -

In MODE 5, the ADS valves may be closed to facilitate RCS vacuum fill operations to establish a pressurizer level ≥ 20%, provided ADS valve OPERABILITY meets LCO 3.4.12, ADS – Shutdown, RCS Intact.

APPLICABILITY: MODE 5 with pressurizer level < 20%,

MODE 5 with RCS pressure boundary open,

MODE 6 with upper internals in place.

CONDITION		_	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A.	One ADS stage 1, 2, or 3 flow path not open.	A.1	Open the affected flow path.	72 hours
		<u>OR</u>		
		A.2	Open an alternative flow path with an equivalent area.	72 hours
В.	One required ADS stage 4 flow path inoperable.	B.1	Open an alternative flow path with an equivalent area.	36 hours
		<u>OR</u>		
		B.2	Restore required ADS stage 4 flow paths to OPERABLE status.	36 hours

ACTIONS (continued)

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
C.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A or B not met while in MODE 5.	C.1	Initiate action to fill the RCS to establish ≥ 20% pressurizer level.	Immediately
	OR LCO not met for reasons other than Condition A or B while in MODE 5.	C.2	Suspend positive reactivity additions.	Immediately
D.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A or B not met while in MODE 6.	D.1 <u>AND</u> D.2	Initiate action to remove the upper internals. Suspend positive reactivity additions.	Immediately
	LCO not met for reasons other than Condition A or B while in MODE 6.			

	FREQUENCY			
SR 3.4.13.1	Verify each ADS stage 1, 2, and 3 valve is in the open position.	12 hours		
SR 3.4.13.2	SR 3.4.13.2 For each ADS stage 4 flow path required to be OPERABLE, the following SRs are applicable:			
	SR 3.4.11.1			
	SR 3.4.11.3			
	SR 3.4.11.5			

3.4.14 Low Temperature Overpressure Protection (LTOP)

LCO 3.4.14 At least one of the following overpressure protection methods shall be OPERABLE, with the accumulators isolated:

- a. The Normal Residual Heat Removal System (RNS) suction relief valve with lift setting within the limit specified in the PTLR; or
- b. The RCS depressurized and an RCS vent of \geq 4.15 square inches.

- NOTES -

- 1. No reactor coolant pump (RCP) shall be started when the RCS temperature is ≥ 350°F unless pressurizer level is < 92%.
- 2. No RCP shall be started with any RCS cold leg temperature ≤ 350°F unless the secondary side water temperature of each steam generator (SG) is ≤ 50°F above each of the RCS cold leg temperatures and the RCP is started at ≤ 25% of RCP speed.
- Accumulator isolation is only required when accumulator pressure is greater than or equal to the maximum RCS pressure for the existing RCS cold leg temperature allowed by the P/T limit curves provided in the PTLR.

APPLICABILITY:

MODE 4 when any cold leg temperature is $\leq 275^{\circ}$ F,

MODE 5.

MODE 6 when the reactor vessel head is on.

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. An accumulator not isolated when the accumulator pressure is greater than or equal to the maximum RCS pressure for existing cold leg temperature allowed in the PTLR.	A.1 Isolate affected accumulator.	1 hour

ACTIONS (continued)

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
B.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A not met.	B.1	Increase RCS cold leg temperature to a level acceptable for the existing accumulator pressure allowed in the PTLR.	12 hours
		<u>OR</u>		
		B.2	Depressurize affected accumulator to less than the maximum RCS pressure for existing cold leg temperature allowed in the PTLR.	12 hours
C.	Required LTOP method inoperable for reasons other than Condition A or B.	C.1	Restore the RNS suction relief valve to OPERABLE status.	12 hours
		<u>OR</u>		
		C.2	Depressurize RCS and establish RCS vent of ≥ 4.15 square inches.	12 hours

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.4.14.1		
	Only required to be met when accumulator pressure is greater than or equal to the maximum RCS pressure for the existing RCS cold leg temperature allowed by the P/T limit curves provided in the PTLR.	
	Verify each accumulator is isolated.	12 hours

SURVEILANCE REQUIREMENTS (continued)

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.4.14.2		
	Verify both RNS suction isolation valves in one RNS suction flow path are open.	12 hours
SR 3.4.14.3	- NOTE - Only required to be met when complying with LCO 3.4.14.b. Verify RCS vent ≥ 4.15 square inches is open.	12 hours for unlocked-open vent
		AND 31 days for locked-open vent
SR 3.4.14.4		
	Verify the lift setting of the RNS suction relief valve.	In accordance with the Inservice Testing Program

3.4.16 Reactor Vessel Head Vent (RVHV)

LCO 3.4.16 The Reactor Vessel Head Vent shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, and 3.

MODE 4 with the RCS not being cooled by the Normal Residual Heat

Removal System (RNS).

ACTIONS

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME
Α.	One flow path inoperable.	A.1	Restore flow path to OPERABLE status.	72 hours
В.	Two flow paths inoperable.	B.1	Restore at least one flow path to OPERABLE status.	6 hours
C.	Required Action and associated Completion Time not met.	C.1 <u>AND</u> C.2	Be in MODE 3. Be in MODE 4, with the	6 hours
		0.2	RCS cooling provided by the RNS.	12 110015

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.4.16.1	Verify each RVHV valve strokes open.	In accordance with the Inservice Testing Program

3.4.17 Steam Generator (SG) Tube Integrity

LCO 3.4.17 SG tube integrity shall be maintained.

<u>AND</u>

All SG tubes satisfying the tube repair criteria shall be plugged in accordance with the Steam Generator Program.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4.

ACTIONS

- NOTE -

Separate Condition entry is allowed for each SG tube.

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME
A.	One or more SG tubes satisfying the tube repair criteria and not plugged in accordance with the Steam Generator Program.	A.1	Verify tube integrity of the affected tube(s) is maintained until the next refueling outage or SG tube inspection.	7 days
		A.2	Plug the affected tube(s) in accordance with the Steam Generator Program.	Prior to entering MODE 4 following the next refueling outage or SG tube inspection
В.	Required Action and associated Completion	B.1	Be in MODE 3.	6 hours
	Time of Condition A not met.	<u>AND</u>		
	<u>OR</u>	B.2	Be in MODE 5.	36 hours
	SG tube integrity not maintained.			

Technical Specifications

	FREQUENCY	
SR 3.4.17.1	Verify SG tube integrity in accordance with the Steam Generator Program.	In accordance with the Steam Generator Program
SR 3.4.17.2	Verify each inspected SG tube that satisfies the tube repair criteria is plugged in accordance with the Steam Generator Program.	Once prior to entering MODE 4 following a SG tube inspection

3.5 PASSIVE CORE COOLING SYSTEM (PXS)

3.5.1 Accumulators

LCO 3.5.1 Both accumulators shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1 and 2.

MODES 3 and 4 with Reactor Coolant System (RCS) pressure

> 1000 psig.

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A.	One accumulator inoperable due to boron concentration outside limits.	A.1	Restore boron concentration to within limits.	72 hours
В.	One accumulator inoperable for reasons other than Condition A.	B.1	Restore accumulator to OPERABLE status.	1 hour from discovery of LCO 3.5.1 Condition B entry concurrent with LCO 3.5.2 Condition C or E entry AND 8 hours
C.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A or B not met.	C.1 <u>AND</u> C.2	Be in MODE 3. Reduce RCS pressure to ≤ 1000 psig.	6 hours 12 hours
D.	Two accumulators inoperable.	D.1	Enter LCO 3.0.3.	Immediately

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.5.1.1	Verify each accumulator isolation valve is fully open.	12 hours
SR 3.5.1.2	Verify the borated water volume in each accumulator is ≥ 1667 cu. ft., and ≤ 1732 cu. ft.	12 hours
SR 3.5.1.3	Verify the nitrogen cover gas pressure in each accumulator is ≥ 637 psig and ≤ 769 psig.	12 hours
SR 3.5.1.4	Verify the boron concentration in each accumulator is ≥ 2600 ppm and ≤ 2900 ppm.	31 days AND
		- NOTE - Only required for affected accumulators Once within 6 hours after each solution volume increase of ≥ 51 cu. ft. that is not the result of addition from the in-containment refueling water storage tank
SR 3.5.1.5	Verify power is removed from each accumulator isolation valve operator when pressurizer pressure is ≥ 2000 psig.	31 days
SR 3.5.1.6	Verify system flow performance of each accumulator in accordance with the System Level OPERABILITY Testing Program.	10 years

3.5 PASSIVE CORE COOLING SYSTEM (PXS)

3.5.2 Core Makeup Tanks (CMTs) – Operating

LCO 3.5.2 Both CMTs shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, and 3.

MODE 4 with the Reactor Coolant System (RCS) not being cooled by the

Normal Residual Heat Removal System (RNS).

CONDITION			REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A.	One CMT inoperable due to one CMT outlet isolation valve inoperable.	A.1	Restore outlet isolation valve to OPERABLE status.	72 hours
В.	One CMT inoperable due to water temperature or boron concentration not within limits.	B.1	Restore water temperature and boron concentration to within limits.	72 hours
C.	Two CMTs inoperable due to water temperature or boron concentration not within limits.	C.1	Restore water temperature and boron concentration to within limits for one CMT.	1 hour from discovery of LCO 3.5.2 Condition C entry concurrent with LCO 3.5.1 Condition B entry AND 8 hours
D.	One CMT inlet line with noncondensible gas volume not within limit.	D.1	Restore CMT inlet line noncondensible gas volume to within limit.	24 hours
E.	One CMT inoperable for reasons other than Condition A, B, or D.	E.1	Restore CMT to OPERABLE status.	1 hour from discovery of LCO 3.5.2 Condition E entry concurrent with LCO 3.5.1 Condition B entry
				AND
				8 hours

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME
F.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A, B, C, D,	F.1 AND	Be in MODE 3.	6 hours
	or E not met.	F.2	Be in MODE 5.	36 hours
	<u>OR</u>			
	Two CMTs inoperable for reasons other than Condition C.			

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.5.2.1	Verify the temperature of the borated water in each CMT is < 120°F.	24 hours
SR 3.5.2.2	Verify the borated water volume in each CMT is ≥ 2500 cu. ft.	7 days
SR 3.5.2.3	Verify each CMT inlet isolation valve is fully open.	12 hours
SR 3.5.2.4	Verify the volume of noncondensible gases in each CMT inlet line has not caused the high-point water level to drop below the sensor.	24 hours
SR 3.5.2.5	Verify the boron concentration in each CMT is ≥ 3400 ppm, and ≤ 3700 ppm.	7 days
SR 3.5.2.6	Verify each CMT outlet isolation valve strokes open.	In accordance with the Inservice Testing Program
SR 3.5.2.7	Verify each CMT outlet isolation valve actuates to the open position on an actual or simulated actuation signal.	24 months

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS (continued)

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.5.2.8	Verify system flow performance of each CMT in accordance with the System Level OPERABILITY Testing Program.	10 years

3.5 PASSIVE CORE COOLING SYSTEM (PXS)

3.5.3 Core Makeup Tanks (CMTs) – Shutdown, Reactor Coolant System (RCS) Intact

LCO 3.5.3 One CMT shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODE 4 with the RCS cooling provided by the Normal Residual Heat

Removal System (RNS).

MODE 5 with the RCS pressure boundary intact.

	CONDITION	I	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A.	Required CMT inoperable due to one outlet isolation valve inoperable.	A.1	Restore required isolation valve to OPERABLE status.	72 hours
В.	Required CMT inoperable due to water temperature or boron concentration not within limits.	B.1	Restore water temperature and boron concentration to within limits.	72 hours
C.	Required CMT inoperable for reasons other than Condition A or B.	C.1	Restore required CMT to OPERABLE status.	8 hours
D.	Required Action and associated Completion Time not met.	D.1	Initiate action to be in MODE 5 with RCS pressure boundary open.	Immediately

3.5 PASSIVE CORE COOLING SYSTEM (PXS)

3.5.4 Passive Residual Heat Removal Heat Exchanger (PRHR HX) – Operating

LCO 3.5.4 The PRHR HX shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, and 3.

MODE 4 with the Reactor Coolant System (RCS) not being cooled by the

Normal Residual Heat Removal System (RNS).

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
Α.	One air operated PRHR HX outlet isolation valve inoperable.	A.1	Restore air operated PRHR HX outlet isolation valve to OPERABLE status.	72 hours
В.	One air operated In- Containment Refueling Water Storage Tank (IRWST) gutter isolation valve inoperable.	B.1	Restore air operated IRWST gutter isolation valve to OPERABLE status.	72 hours
C.	PRHR HX inlet line noncondensible gas volume not within limit.	C.1	Restore PRHR HX inlet line noncondensible gas volume to within limit.	24 hours
D.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A, B, or C not met.	D.1 <u>AND</u> D.2	Be in MODE 3. Be in MODE 4 with the RCS cooling provided by the RNS.	6 hours 24 hours
E.	LCO not met for reasons other than Condition A, B, or C.	E.1	Restore PRHR HX to OPERABLE status.	8 hours

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
F.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition E not met.	F.1	- NOTE - If redundant means of providing steam generator (SG) feedwater are not available, suspend LCO 3.0.3 and all other LCO Required Actions requiring MODE changes until redundant means are available.	
			Be in MODE 3.	6 hours from discovery of redundant means of providing SG feedwater
		<u>AND</u>		
		F.2		
			- NOTE - If redundant means of cooling the RCS to MODE 5 are not available, suspend LCO 3.0.3 and all other LCO Required Actions requiring MODE changes until redundant means are available.	
			Be in MODE 5.	36 hours from discovery of redundant means of cooling the RCS to MODE 5

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.5.4.1	Verify the PRHR HX outlet manual isolation valve is fully open.	12 hours
SR 3.5.4.2	Verify the PRHR HX inlet motor operated isolation valve is open.	12 hours
SR 3.5.4.3	Verify the volume of noncondensible gases in the PRHR HX inlet line has not caused the high-point water level to drop below the sensor.	24 hours
SR 3.5.4.4	Only required to be met when one or more reactor coolant pumps (RCPs) are in operation.	
	Verify one Loop 1 RCP is in operation.	12 hours
SR 3.5.4.5	Verify power is removed from the PRHR HX inlet motor operated isolation valve.	31 days
SR 3.5.4.6	Verify both PRHR HX air operated outlet isolation valves and both IRWST gutter isolation valves stroke open.	In accordance with the Inservice Testing Program
SR 3.5.4.7	Verify by visual inspection that the IRWST gutters are not restricted by debris.	24 months
SR 3.5.4.8	Verify both PRHR HX air operated outlet isolation valves actuate to the open position and both IRWST gutter isolation valves actuate to the isolation position on an actual or simulated actuation signal.	24 months
SR 3.5.4.9	Verify PRHR HX heat transfer performance in accordance with the System Level OPERABILITY Testing Program.	10 years

3.5 PASSIVE CORE COOLING SYSTEM (PXS)

3.5.5 Passive Residual Heat Removal Heat Exchanger (PRHR HX) – Shutdown, Reactor Coolant System (RCS) Intact

LCO 3.5.5 The PRHR HX shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODE 4 with the RCS cooling provided by the Normal Residual Heat

Removal System (RNS).

MODE 5 with the RCS pressure boundary intact and pressurizer

level ≥ 20%.

	CONDITION	ı	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A.	One air operated PRHR HX outlet isolation valve inoperable.	A.1	Restore air operated PRHR HX outlet valve to OPERABLE status.	72 hours
В.	One air operated In- Containment Refueling Water Storage Tank (IRWST) gutter isolation valve inoperable.	B.1	Restore air operated IRWST gutter isolation valve to OPERABLE status.	72 hours
C.	PRHR HX inlet line noncondensible gas volume not within limit.	C.1	Restore PRHR HX inlet line noncondensible gas volume to within limit.	24 hours
D.	PRHR HX inoperable for reasons other than Condition A, B, or C.	D.1	Restore PRHR HX to OPERABLE status.	8 hours
E.	Required Action and associated Completion Time not met.	E.1	Initiate action to be in MODE 5 with the RCS pressure boundary open.	Immediately

Technical Specifications PRHR HX – Shutdown, **RCS** Intact 3.5.5

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.5.5.1	The SRs of Specification 3.5.4, "Passive Residual Heat Removal Heat Exchanger (PRHR HX) – Operating" are applicable.	In accordance with applicable SRs

3.5 PASSIVE CORE COOLING SYSTEM (PXS)

3.5.6 In-containment Refueling Water Storage Tank (IRWST) – Operating

LCO 3.5.6 The IRWST, with two injection flow paths and two containment

recirculation flow paths, shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4.

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A.	One IRWST injection line actuation valve flow path inoperable.	A.1	Restore the inoperable actuation valve flow path to OPERABLE status.	72 hours
	<u>OR</u>			
	One containment recirculation line actuation valve flow path inoperable.			
B.	One IRWST injection flow path with noncondensible gas volume in one squib valve outlet line pipe stub not within limit.	B.1	Restore noncondensible gas volume in squib valve outlet line pipe stub to within limit.	72 hours
C.	One IRWST injection flow path with noncondensible gas volume in both squib valve outlet line pipe stubs not within limit.	C.1	Restore noncondensible gas volume in one squib valve outlet line pipe stub to within limit.	8 hours

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
D.	IRWST boron concentration not within limits.	D.1	Restore IRWST to OPERABLE status.	8 hours
	<u>OR</u>			
	IRWST borated water temperature not within limits.			
	<u>OR</u>			
	IRWST borated water volume ≤ 73,100 cu. ft and > 70,907 cu. ft.			
E.	One motor operated IRWST isolation valve not fully open. OR	E.1	Restore motor operated IRWST isolation valve to fully open condition with power removed from both valves.	1 hour
	Power is not removed from one or more motor operated IRWST isolation valves.			
F.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A, B, C, D, or E not met.	F.1 AND	Be in MODE 3.	6 hours
	OR	F.2	Be in MODE 5.	36 hours
	LCO not met for reasons other than Condition A, B, C, D, or E.			

Technical Specifications

00:11 2:22/11102	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
OD 0504		
SR 3.5.6.1	Verify the IRWST water temperature is < 120°F.	24 hours
SR 3.5.6.2	Verify the IRWST borated water volume is > 73,100 cu. ft.	24 hours
SR 3.5.6.3	Verify the volume of noncondensible gases in each of the four IRWST injection squib valve outlet line pipe stubs has not caused the high-point water level to drop below the sensor.	24 hours
SR 3.5.6.4	Verify the IRWST boron concentration is ≥ 2600 ppm and ≤ 2900 ppm.	31 days
	und = 2000 ppm.	AND
		Once within 6 hours after each solution volume increase of ≥ 15,000 gal
SR 3.5.6.5	Verify each motor operated IRWST isolation valve is fully open.	12 hours
SR 3.5.6.6	Verify power is removed from each motor operated IRWST isolation valve.	31 days
SR 3.5.6.7	Verify each motor operated containment recirculation isolation valve is fully open.	31 days
SR 3.5.6.8	Verify each IRWST injection and containment recirculation squib valve is OPERABLE in accordance with the Inservice Testing Program.	In accordance with the Inservice Testing Program
SR 3.5.6.9	NOTE	
	- NOTE -	
	Squib actuation may be excluded.	
	Verify continuity of the circuit from the Protection Logic Cabinets to each IRWST injection and containment recirculation squib valve on an actual or simulated actuation signal.	24 months

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS (continued)

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.5.6.10	Verify by visual inspection that the IRWST screens and the containment recirculation screens are not restricted by debris.	24 months
SR 3.5.6.11	Verify IRWST injection and recirculation system flow performance in accordance with the System Level OPERABILITY Testing Program.	10 years

3.5 PASSIVE CORE COOLING SYSTEM (PXS)

3.5.7 In-containment Refueling Water Storage Tank (IRWST) – Shutdown, MODE 5

LCO 3.5.7 The IRWST, with one injection flow path and one containment

recirculation flow path, shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODE 5.

	ic none				
	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME	
A.	Required motor operated containment recirculation isolation valve not fully open.	A.1	Open required motor operated containment recirculation isolation valve.	72 hours	
B.	Required IRWST injection flow path with noncondensible gas volume in one squib valve outlet line pipe stub not within limit.	B.1	Restore noncondensible gas volume in squib valve outlet line pipe stub to within limit.	72 hours	
C.	Required IRWST injection flow path with noncondensible gas volume in both squib valve outlet line pipe stubs not within limit.	C.1	Restore noncondensible gas volume in one squib valve outlet line pipe stub to within limit.	8 hours	

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
D.	IRWST boron concentration not within limits.	D.1	Restore IRWST to OPERABLE status.	8 hours
	<u>OR</u>			
	IRWST borated water temperature not within limits.			
	<u>OR</u>			
	IRWST borated water volume ≤ 73,100 cu. ft. and > 70,907 cu ft.			
E.	Required motor operated IRWST isolation valve not fully open.	E.1	Restore required motor operated IRWST isolation valve to fully open condition with power	1 hour
	<u>OR</u>		removed.	
	Power is not removed from required motor operated IRWST isolation valve.			
F.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A, B, C, D, or E not met.	F.1	Initiate action to establish ≥ 20% pressurizer level with the Reactor Coolant System (RCS) pressure	Immediately
	<u>OR</u>		boundary intact.	
	LCO not met for reasons other than	<u>AND</u>		
	Condition A, B, C, D, or E.	F.2	Suspend positive reactivity additions.	Immediately

Technical Specifications IRWST – Shutdown, MODE 5 3.5.7

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.5.7.1	For the IRWST and flow paths required to be OPERABLE, the SRs of Specification 3.5.6, "In-containment Refueling Water Storage Tank (IRWST) – Operating," are applicable.	In accordance with applicable SRs

3.5 PASSIVE CORE COOLING SYSTEM (PXS)

3.5.8 In-containment Refueling Water Storage Tank (IRWST) – Shutdown, MODE 6

LCO 3.5.8 The IRWST, with one injection flow path and one containment

recirculation flow path, shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODE 6.

	10110			
	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A.	Required motor operated containment recirculation isolation valve not fully open.	A.1	Open required motor operated containment recirculation isolation valve.	72 hours
В.	Required IRWST injection flow path with noncondensible gas volume in one squib valve outlet line pipe stub not within limit.	B.1	Restore noncondensible gas volume in squib valve outlet line pipe stub to within limit.	72 hours
C.	Required IRWST injection flow path with noncondensible gas volume in both squib valve outlet line pipe stubs not within limit.	C.1	Restore noncondensible gas volume in one squib valve outlet line pipe stub to within limit.	8 hours
D.	IRWST and refueling cavity boron concentration not within limits. OR	D.1	Restore IRWST to OPERABLE status.	8 hours
	IRWST and refueling cavity borated water temperature not within limits.			
	<u>OR</u>			
	IRWST and refueling cavity borated water volume ≤ 73,100 cu. ft and > 70,907 cu. ft.			

	, ,			
	CONDITION	ı	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
E.	Required motor operated IRWST isolation valve not fully open. OR Power is not removed from required motor	E.1	Restore required motor operated IRWST isolation valve to fully open condition with power removed.	1 hour
	operated IRWST isolation valve.			
F.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A, B, C, D, or E not met.	F.1	Initiate action to establish water level ≥ 23 feet above the top of the reactor vessel flange.	Immediately
	OR	<u>AND</u>		
	LCO not met for reasons other than Condition A, B, C, D, or E.	F.2	Suspend positive reactivity additions.	Immediately

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.5.8.1	Verify the IRWST and refueling cavity water temperature is < 120°F.	24 hours
SR 3.5.8.2	Verify the IRWST and refueling cavity water total borated water volume is > 73,100 cu. ft.	24 hours

Technical Specifications IRWST – Shutdown,

IRWST – Shutdown, MODE 6 3.5.8

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS (continued)

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.5.8.3	Verify the IRWST and refueling cavity boron concentration is ≥ 2600 ppm and ≤ 2900 ppm.	31 days
	2000 ppm.	AND
		Once within 6 hours after each solution volume increase of ≥ 15,000 gal
SR 3.5.8.4	For the IRWST and flow paths required to be OPERABLE, the following SRs are applicable:	In accordance with applicable SRs
	SR 3.5.6.3 SR 3.5.6.6 SR 3.5.6.8 SR 3.5.6.10 SR 3.5.6.5 SR 3.5.6.7 SR 3.5.6.9 SR 3.5.6.11	

3.6.3 Containment Isolation Valves

LCO 3.6.3 Each containment isolation valve shall be OPERABLE, except for the

containment isolation valves associated with closed systems.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4.

ACTIONS

- NOTES -

- 1. Penetration flow path(s) may be unisolated intermittently under administrative controls.
- 2. Separate Condition entry is allowed for each penetration flow path.
- 3. Enter applicable Conditions and Required Actions for systems made inoperable by containment isolation valves.
- 4. Enter applicable Conditions and Required Actions of LCO 3.6.1, "Containment," when isolation valve leakage results in exceeding the overall containment leakage rate acceptance criteria.

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME
A.	One or more penetration flow paths with one containment isolation valve inoperable.	A.1	Isolate the affected penetration flow path by use of at least one closed and de-activated automatic valve, closed manual valve, blind flange, or check valve with flow through the valve secured.	4 hours

CONDITION		CONDITION REQUIRED		COMPLETION TIME
A.	(continued)	A.2	- NOTES - 1. Isolation devices in high radiation areas may be verified by use of administrative means. 2. Isolation devices that are locked, sealed, or otherwise secured may be verified by administrative means. Verify the affected penetration flow path is isolated.	Once per 31 days for isolation devices outside containment AND Prior to entering MODE 4 from MODE 5 if not performed within the previous 92 days for isolation devices inside containment
B.	One or more penetration flow paths with two containment isolation valves inoperable.	B.1	Isolate the affected penetration flow path by use of at least one closed and de-activated automatic valve, closed manual valve, or blind flange.	1 hour
C.	Required Action and associated	C.1	Be in MODE 3.	6 hours
	Completion Time not met.	<u>AND</u>		
		C.2	Be in MODE 5.	36 hours

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.6.3.1	Verify each 16 inch containment purge valve is closed, except when the 16 inch containment purge valves are open for pressure control, ALARA or air quality considerations for personnel entry, or for Surveillances which require the valves to be open.	31 days
SR 3.6.3.2	Valves and blind flanges in high radiation areas may be verified by use of administrative controls.	
	Verify each containment isolation manual valve and blind flange that is located outside containment and not locked, sealed, or otherwise secured and required to be closed during accident conditions is closed, except for containment isolation valves that are open under administrative controls.	31 days
SR 3.6.3.3		
	Verify each containment isolation manual valve and blind flange that is located inside containment and not locked, sealed, or otherwise secured and required to be closed during accident conditions is closed, except for containment isolation valves that are open under administrative controls.	Prior to entering MODE 4 from MODE 5 if not performed within the previous 92 days
SR 3.6.3.4	Verify the isolation time of each automatic power operated containment isolation valve is within limits.	In accordance with the Inservice Testing Program
SR 3.6.3.5	Verify each automatic containment isolation valve that is not locked, sealed or otherwise secured in position, actuates to the isolation position on an actual or simulated actuation signal.	24 months

3.6.4 Containment Pressure

LCO 3.6.4 Containment pressure shall be \geq -0.2 psig and \leq +1.0 psig.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4.

MODES 5 and 6 without an open containment air flow path ≥ 6 inches in

diameter.

- NOTE -

The high pressure LCO limit is not applicable in MODES 5 or 6.

ACTIONS

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME
A.	Containment pressure not within limits.	A.1	Restore containment pressure to within limits.	1 hour
B.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A not met in MODE 1, 2, 3, or 4.	B.1 <u>AND</u> B.2	Be in MODE 3. Be in MODE 5.	6 hours 36 hours
C.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condtion A not met in MODE 5 or 6.	C.1	Open a containment air flow path ≥ 6 inches in diameter.	8 hours

	FREQUENCY	
SR 3.6.4.1	Verify containment pressure is within limits.	12 hours

3.6.5 Containment Air Temperature

LCO 3.6.5 Containment average air temperature shall be ≤ 120°F.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4,

MODES 5 and 6 with both containment equipment hatches and both

containment airlocks closed.

ACTIONS

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME
A.	Containment average air temperature not within limit.	A.1	Restore containment average air temperature to within limit.	8 hours
В.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A not met in MODE 1, 2, 3, or 4.	B.1 <u>AND</u> B.2	Be in MODE 3. Be in MODE 5.	6 hours 36 hours
C.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A not met in MODE 5 or 6.	C.1	Open containment equipment hatch or containment airlock.	8 hours

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.6.5.1	Verify containment average air temperature is within limit.	12 hours

3.6.6 Passive Containment Cooling System (PCS)

LCO 3.6.6 The passive containment cooling system shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4,

MODES 5 and 6 with the reactor decay heat > 6.0 MWt.

ACTIONS				
CONDITION			REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
Α.	One passive containment cooling water flow path inoperable.	A.1	Restore flow path to OPERABLE status.	7 days
В.	Two passive containment cooling water flow paths inoperable.	B.1	Restore one flow path to OPERABLE status.	72 hours
C.	One or more water storage tank parameters not within limits.	C.1	Restore water storage tank to OPERABLE status.	8 hours
D.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A, B, or C not met in MODE 1, 2, 3, or 4.	D.1 <u>AND</u> D.2	Be in MODE 3. Be in MODE 5.	6 hours 84 hours
	<u>OR</u>			
	LCO not met for reasons other than Condition A, B, or C in MODE 1, 2, 3, or 4.			

CONDITION			REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
E.	Required Action and associated Completion time of Condition A, B, or C not met in MODE 5.	E.1	Initiate action to establish pressurizer level ≥ 20% with the Reactor Coolant System (RCS) pressure boundary intact.	Immediately
	<u>OR</u>	<u>AND</u>		
	LCO not met for reasons other than Condition A, B, or C in MODE 5.	E.2	Suspend positive reactivity additions.	Immediately
F.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A, B, or C not met in MODE 6.	F.1	Initiate action to establish water level ≥ 23 ft above the top of the reactor vessel flange.	Immediately
	<u>OR</u>	F.2	Suspend positive reactivity	Immediately
	LCO not met for reasons other than Condition A, B, or C in MODE 6.		additions.	,

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.6.6.1	Verify the water storage tank temperature ≥ 40°F and ≤ 120°F.	24 hours
SR 3.6.6.2	Verify the water storage tank volume ≥ 756,700 gallons.	7 days
SR 3.6.6.3	Verify each passive containment cooling system manual, power operated, and automatic valve in each flow path that is not locked, sealed, or otherwise secured in position, is in the correct position.	31 days

Technical Specifications

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS (continued)

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.6.6.4	Verify each passive containment cooling system automatic valve in each flow path that is not locked, sealed, or otherwise secured in position, actuates to the correct position on an actual or simulated actuation signal.	24 months
SR 3.6.6.5	Verify the air flow path from the shield building annulus inlet to the exit is unobstructed and, that all air baffle sections are in place.	24 months
SR 3.6.6.6	Verify passive containment cooling system flow and water coverage performance in accordance with the System Level OPERABILITY Testing Program.	At first refueling AND 10 years

3.6.7 Containment Penetrations

LCO 3.6.7 The containment penetrations shall be in the following status:

- a. The equipment hatches closed and held in place by four bolts or, if open, can be closed prior to steaming into the containment.
- b. One door in each air lock closed or, if open, can be closed prior to steaming into the containment.
- c. The containment spare penetrations, if open, can be closed prior to steaming into the containment.
- d. Each penetration providing direct access from the containment atmosphere to the outside atmosphere, if open, can be closed by a manual or automatic isolation valve, blind flange, or equivalent prior to steaming into the containment.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 5 and 6.

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. One or more containment penetrations not in required status.	A.1 Restore containment penetrations to required status.	1 hour

	CONDITION	F	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
B.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A not met. OR	B.1.1	If in MODE 5, initiate action to establish ≥ 20% pressurizer level with the Reactor Coolant System (RCS) pressure boundary intact.	Immediately
	LCO not met for reasons other than Condition A.	<u>OR</u> B.1.2	If in MODE 6, initiate action to establish water level ≥ 23 feet above the top of the reactor vessel flange.	Immediately
		<u>AND</u>		
		B.2	Suspend positive reactivity additions.	Immediately

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.6.7.1	Verify each required containment penetration is in the required status.	7 days
SR 3.6.7.2	- NOTE - Only required to be met for an open equipment hatch. Verify the hardware, tools, equipment and power source necessary to close the equipment hatch are available.	Prior to hatch removal AND 7 days

3.6.8 pH Adjustment

LCO 3.6.8 The pH adjustment baskets shall contain ≥ 26,460 lbs of trisodium

phosphate (TSP).

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4.

ACTIONS

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME
A.	The weight of TSP in the pH adjustment baskets not within limit.	A.1	Restore weight of TSP in the pH adjustment baskets to within limit.	72 hours
B.	Required Action and associated Completion Time not met.	B.1 <u>AND</u>	Be in MODE 3.	6 hours
		B.2	Be in MODE 5.	84 hours

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.6.8.1	Verify the pH adjustment baskets contain ≥ 26,460 lbs of TSP.	24 months
SR 3.6.8.2	Verify a sample from the pH adjustment baskets provides adequate pH adjustment of the postaccident water.	24 months

3.6.9 Vacuum Relief Valves

LCO 3.6.9 Two vacuum relief flow paths shall be OPERABLE.

<u>AND</u>

Containment inside to outside differential air temperature shall be ≤ 90°F.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4.

MODES 5 and 6 without an open containment air flow path ≥ 6 inches in

diameter.

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
Α.	One vacuum relief flow path inoperable.	A.1	Restore vacuum relief flow path to OPERABLE status.	72 hours
В.	Containment inside to outside differential air temperature > 90°F.	B.1	Restore containment inside to outside differential air temperature to within limit.	8 hours
		<u>OR</u>		
		B.2	Reduce containment average temperature ≤ 80°F.	8 hours
C.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A or B not met in MODE 1, 2, 3, or 4.	C.1 <u>AND</u> C.2	Be in MODE 3. Be in MODE 5.	6 hours 36 hours
	<u>OR</u>			
	Both vacuum relief flow paths inoperable in MODE 1, 2, 3, or 4.			

Technical Specifications Vacuum Relief Valves

ACTIONS

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME
D.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A or B not met in MODE 5 or 6.	D.1	Open a containment air flow path ≥ 6 inches in diameter.	8 hours
	<u>OR</u>			
	Both vacuum relief flow paths inoperable in MODE 5 or 6.			

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.6.9.1	Verify containment inside to outside differential air temperature is ≤ 90°F.	12 hours
SR 3.6.9.2	Verify each vacuum relief flow path is OPERABLE in accordance with the Inservice Testing Program.	In accordance with the Inservice Testing Program
SR 3.6.9.3	Verify each vacuum relief valve actuates to relieve vacuum on an actual or simulated signal.	24 months

3.7 PLANT SYSTEMS

3.7.1 Main Steam Safety Valves (MSSVs)

LCO 3.7.1 Six MSSVs per steam generator shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4.

- NOTE -

The MSSVs are not required to be OPERABLE for opening in MODE 4 when the Reactor Coolant System (RCS) is being cooled by the Normal Residual Heat Removal System (RNS).

ACTIONS

- NOTE -

Separate Condition entry is allowed for each MSSV.

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A.	One or both steam generators with one or more MSSVs inoperable for opening.	A.1	Reduce THERMAL POWER to less than or equal to the Maximum Allowable % RTP specified in Table 3.7.1-1 for the number of OPERABLE MSSVs.	4 hours
		<u>AND</u>		

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME
A.	(continued)	A.2	- NOTE - Only required in MODE 1.	
			Reduce the Power Range Neutron Flux – High reactor trip setpoint to less than or equal to the Maximum Allowable % RTP specified in Table 3.7.1-1 for the number of OPERABLE MSSVs.	36 hours
В.	One or both steam generators with one or more MSSVs inoperable for closing.	B.1	Restore MSSV to OERABLE status.	72 hours
and as Comp	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A not met.	C.1 AND	Be in MODE 3.	6 hours
		C.2	Be in MODE 4 with the RCS cooling provided by the RNS.	24 hours
	One or both steam generators with ≥ 5 MSSVs inoperable for opening.		uic ivivo.	
Ο.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition B not met.	D.1	Be in MODE 3.	6 hours
		<u>AND</u>		
		D.2	Be in MODE 5.	36 hours

Technical Specifications

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.7.1.1		In accordance with the Inservice
		Testing Program

Technical Specifications

Table 3.7.1-1 (page 1 of 1) OPERABLE MSSVs versus Maximum Allowable Power

NUMBER OF OPERABLE MSSVs PER STEAM GENERATOR	MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE POWER (% RTP)
5	60
4	46
3	32
2	18

Table 3.7.1-2 (page 1 of 1)
Main Steam Safety Valve Lift Settings

VALVE 1	LIFT SETTING		
STEAM G	STEAM GENERATOR		
# 1	#2		
V030A	V030B	1185	
V031A	V031B	1197	
V032A	V032B	1209	
V033A	V033B	1221	
V034A	V034B	1232	
V035A	V035B	1232	

Technical Specifications

3.7 PLANT SYSTEMS

3.7.2 Main Steam Line Flow Path Isolation Valves

LCO 3.7.2 Each of the following main steam line flow path isolation valves shall be OPERABLE:

- a. Main steam isolation valves (MSIVs);
- b. MSIV bypass valves;
- c. Main steam line drain valves;
- d. Turbine stop valves or turbine control valves;
- e. Turbine bypass valves; and
- f. Moisture separator reheater 2nd stage steam isolation valves.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4.

ACTIONS

<u> </u>	TOTION				
CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME	
A.	One MSIV inoperable in MODE 1.	A.1	Restore valve to OPERABLE status.	8 hours	
В.	One or more of the turbine stop valves and associated turbine control valves, turbine bypass valves, or moisture separator reheater 2nd stage steam isolation valves inoperable in MODE 1.	B.1	Restore valve(s) to OPERABLE status.	72 hours	

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
C.	Two MSIVs inoperable in MODE 1.	C.1	Be in MODE 2.	6 hours
	<u>OR</u>			
	One MSIV inoperable and one or more of the turbine stop valves and associated turbine control valves, turbine bypass valves, or moisture separator reheater 2nd stage steam isolation valves inoperable in MODE 1.			
	<u>OR</u>			
	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A or B not met.			

	CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTIO	N COMPLETION TIME
D.	- NOTE - Separate Condition entry is allowed for each main steam line flow path One or two MSIVs inoperable in MODE 2, 3, or 4. OR One or more of the turbine stop valves and associated turbine control valves, turbine bypass valves, or moisture separator reheater 2nd stage steam isolation valves inoperable in MODE 2, 3, or 4.	D.1 Isolate affected masteam line flow parameters. AND D.2 Verify affected master line flow path is is	ain steam Once per 7 days
E.		- NOTE – Penetration flow path(s) may unisolated intermittently und administrative controls. E.1 Isolate the affected penetration flow puse of at least one and de-activated a valve, closed mar valve, or blind flar	72 hours et closed automatic hual
		AND	

ACTIONS

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
E.	(continued)	E.2		
			Verify the affected penetration flow path is isolated.	Once per 31 days
F.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition D or E not met.	F.1 <u>AND</u> F.2	Be in MODE 3. Be in MODE 4 with the Reactor Coolant System (RCS) cooling provided by the Normal Residual Heat Removal System (RNS).	6 hours 24 hours
		<u>AND</u>		
		F.3	Be in MODE 5.	36 hours

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.7.2.1		
	Only required to be performed prior to entry into MODE 2.	
	Verify MSIV closure time is within limits on an actual or simulated actuation signal.	In accordance with the Inservice Testing Program
SR 3.7.2.2		
	- NOTE - Only required to be performed prior to entry into MODE 2.	
	Verify required turbine stop, turbine control, turbine bypass, and moisture separator reheater 2nd stage steam isolation valves' closure time is within limits on an actual or simulated actuation signal.	In accordance with the Inservice Testing Program
SR 3.7.2.3	Verify the isolation time of each MSIV bypass valve and main steam line drain isolation valve is within limits.	In accordance with the Inservice Testing Program
SR 3.7.2.4	Verify each MSIV bypass valve and main steam line drain isolation valve actuates to the isolation position on an actual or simulated actuation signal.	24 months

3.7.3 Main Feedwater Isolation Valves (MFIVs) and Main Feedwater Control Valves (MFCVs)

LCO 3.7.3 The MFIV and the MFCV for each Steam Generator shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4.

ACTIONS

- NOTE -

Separate Condition entry is allowed for each feedwater flow path.

CONDITION		ı	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
Α.	One or both feedwater flow paths with MFIV or MFCV inoperable.	A.1 <u>AND</u>	Isolate the affected flow path.	72 hours
		A.2	Verify affected flow path is isolated.	Once per 7 days
В.	One or both feedwater flow paths with associated MFIV and MFCV inoperable.	B.1	Isolate affected flow path.	8 hours
C.	Required Action and associated Completion Time not met.	C.1	Be in MODE 3.	6 hours
		<u>AND</u>		
	not met.	C.2	Be in MODE 4 with the Reactor Coolant System (RCS) cooling provided by the Normal Residual Heat Removal System (RNS).	24 hours
		<u>AND</u>		
		C.3	Be in MODE 5.	36 hours

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.7.3.1	- NOTE - Only required to be performed prior to entry into MODE 2.	
	Verify the closure time of each MFIV and MFCV is within limits on an actual or simulated actuation signal.	In accordance with the Inservice Testing Program

3.7.5 Spent Fuel Pool Water Level

LCO 3.7.5 The spent fuel pool water level shall be ≥ 23 ft above the top of irradiated

fuel assemblies seated in the storage racks.

APPLICABILITY: When irradiated fuel assemblies are stored in the spent fuel pool.

ACTIONS

- NOTE -

LCO 3.0.3 is not applicable.

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME
A.	Spent fuel pool water level < 23 ft.	A.1	Suspend movement of irradiated fuel assemblies in the spent fuel pool.	Immediately
		<u>AND</u>		
		A.2	Initiate action to restore water level to ≥ 23 ft.	1 hour

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.7.5.1	Verify the spent fuel pool water level is ≥ 23 ft above the top of the irradiated fuel assemblies seated in the storage racks.	7 days

3.7.6 Main Control Room Emergency Habitability System (VES)

LCO 3.7.6 The VES shall be OPERABLE.

- NOTE -

The main control room envelope (MCRE) boundary may be opened

intermittently under administrative control.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4,

During movement of irradiated fuel assemblies.

ACTIONS

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
Α.	One valve or damper inoperable.	A.1	Restore valve or damper to OPERABLE status.	7 days
В.	MCRE air temperature not within limit.	B.1	Restore MCRE air temperature to within limit.	24 hours
C.	VES inoperable due to inoperable MCRE boundary in MODE 1, 2, 3, or 4.	C.1 <u>AND</u>	Initiate action to implement mitigating actions.	Immediately
		C.2	Verify mitigating actions ensure MCRE occupant exposures to radiological, chemical, and smoke hazards will not exceed limits.	24 hours
		<u>AND</u>		
		C.3	Restore MCRE boundary to OPERABLE status.	90 days

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
D.	One bank of VES air tanks inoperable.	D.1	Verify that the OPERABLE tanks contain > 245,680 scf of compressed air.	2 hours AND Once per 12 hours thereafter
		<u>AND</u>		
		D.2	Verify VBS MCRE ancillary fans and supporting equipment are available.	24 hours
		<u>AND</u>		
		D.3	Restore VES to OPERABLE status.	7 days
E.	Required Action	E.1	Be in MODE 3.	6 hours
	and associated Completion Time of	AND		
	Condition A, B, C, or D not met in MODE 1, 2, 3, or 4.	E.2	Be in MODE 5.	36 hours
	<u>OR</u>			
	VES inoperable for reasons other than Condition A, B, C, or D in MODE 1, 2, 3, or 4.			

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
F.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A, B, C, or D not met during movement of irradiated fuel.	F.1	Suspend movement of irradiated fuel assemblies.	Immediately
	<u>OR</u>			
	VES inoperable for reasons other than Condition A, B, C, or D during movement of irradiated fuel.			
	<u>OR</u>			
	VES inoperable due to inoperable MCRE boundary during movement of irradiated fuel.			

	FREQUENCY						
SR 3.7.6.1	SR 3.7.6.1 Verify MCRE air temperature is ≤ 75°F.						
SR 3.7.6.2	Verify the compressed air storage tanks contain > 327,574 scf of compressed air.	24 hours					
SR 3.7.6.3	Verify each VES air delivery isolation valve is OPERABLE.	In accordance with the Inservice Testing Program					
SR 3.7.6.4	Operate VES for ≥ 15 minutes.	31 days					
SR 3.7.6.5	Verify each VES air header manual isolation valve is in an open position.	31 days					

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS (continued)

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY				
SR 3.7.6.6	SR 3.7.6.6 Verify the air quality of the air storage tanks is within limits.					
SR 3.7.6.7	Verify all MCRE isolation valves are OPERABLE and will close upon receipt of an actual or simulated actuation signal.	24 months				
SR 3.7.6.8	Verify each VES pressure relief isolation valve within the MCRE pressure boundary is OPERABLE.	In accordance with the Inservice Testing Program				
SR 3.7.6.9	Verify each VES pressure relief damper is OPERABLE.	24 months				
SR 3.7.6.10	Verify the self-contained pressure regulating valve in each VES air delivery flow path is OPERABLE.	In accordance with the Inservice Testing Program				
SR 3.7.6.11	Perform required MCRE unfiltered air inleakage testing in accordance with the Main Control Room Envelope Habitability Program.	In accordance with the Main Control Room Envelope Habitability Program				
SR 3.7.6.12	Perform required VES Passive Filtration system filter testing in accordance with the Ventilation Filter Testing Program (VFTP).	In accordance with the VFTP				

3.7.7 Startup Feedwater Isolation and Control Valves

LCO 3.7.7 Each Startup Feedwater Isolation Valve and Control Valve shall be

OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4.

ACTIONS

- NOTES -

1. Flow paths may be unisolated intermittently under administrative controls.

2. Separate Condition entry is allowed for each flow path.

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A.	One or more flow paths with one inoperable valve.	A.1	Isolate the affected flow path.	72 hours
		<u>AND</u>		
		A.2	Verify affected flow path is isolated.	Once per 7 days
В.	One flow path with two inoperable valves.	B.1	Isolate the affected flow path.	8 hours
C.	Required Action and associated	C.1	Be in MODE 3.	6 hours
	Completion Time not met.	<u>AND</u>		
	met.	C.2	Be in MODE 4 with the Reactor Coolant System (RCS) cooling provided by the Normal Residual Heat Removal System (RNS).	24 hours
		<u>AND</u>		
		C.3	Be in MODE 5.	36 hours

	FREQUENCY	
SR 3.7.7.1	Verify each startup feedwater isolation and control valve is OPERABLE.	In accordance with the Inservice Testing Program
SR 3.7.7.2	Verify each startup feedwater isolation and control valve actuates to the isolation position on an actual or simulated actuation signal.	24 months

3.7.8 Main Steam Line Leakage

LCO 3.7.8 Main Steam Line leakage through the pipe walls inside containment shall

be ≤ 0.5 gpm.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4.

ACTIONS

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME
Α.	Main Steam Line	A.1	Be in MODE 3.	6 hours
	leakage > 0.5 gpm.	<u>AND</u>		
		A.2	Be in MODE 5.	36 hours

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.7.8.1	Verify main steam line leakage into the containment sump ≤ 0.5 gpm.	Per SR 3.4.7.1

3.7.9 Spent Fuel Pool Makeup Water Sources

LCO 3.7.9 Spent fuel pool makeup water sources shall be OPERABLE.

- NOTES -

- 1. OPERABILITY of the cask washdown pit is required when the spent fuel pool decay heat > 4.7 MWt and ≤ 7.2 MWt.
- 2. OPERABILITY of the cask loading pit is required when the spent fuel pool decay heat > 5.6 MWt and ≤ 7.2 MWt.
- 3. OPERABILITY of the Passive Containment Cooling Water Storage Tank (PCCWST) is required as a spent fuel pool makeup water source when the spent fuel pool decay heat > 7.2 MWt. If the reactor decay heat is > 6.0 MWt, the PCCWST must be exclusively available for containment cooling in accordance with LCO 3.6.6.

APPLICABILITY: During storage of fuel in the spent fuel pool with a decay heat > 4.7 MWt.

ACTIONS

- NOTE -

LCO 3.0.3 is not applicable.

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME
A.	One or more required spent fuel pool makeup water sources inoperable.	A.1	Initiate action to restore the required makeup water source(s) to OPERABLE status.	Immediately

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.7.9.1		
	- NOTE -	
	Only required to be performed when spent fuel pool decay heat is > 7.2 MWt.	
	Verify one passive containment cooling system, motor-operated valve in each flow path is closed and locked, sealed, or otherwise secured in position.	7 days
SR 3.7.9.2		
	- NOTE -	
	Only required to be performed when spent fuel pool decay heat is > 7.2 MWt.	
	Verify the PCCWST volume is ≥ 756,700 gallons.	7 days
SR 3.7.9.3		
	Only required to be performed when spent fuel pool decay heat is ≤ 7.2 MWt.	
	Verify the water level in the cask washdown pit is ≥ 13.75 ft.	31 days
SR 3.7.9.4		
	- NOTE - Only required to be performed when spent fuel pool decay heat is > 5.6 MWt and ≤ 7.2 MWt.	
	Verify the water level in the cask loading pit is ≥ 43.9 ft. and in communication with the spent fuel pool.	31 days

Technical Specifications

Spent Fuel Pool Makeup Water Sources 3.7.9

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS (continued)

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.7.9.5	Verify the spent fuel pool makeup isolation valves PCS-PL-V009, PCS-PL-V045, PCS-PL-V051, SFS-PL-V042, SFS-PL-V045, SFS-PL-V049, SFS-PL-V066, and SFS-PL-V068 are OPERABLE in accordance with the Inservice Testing Program.	In accordance with the Inservice Testing Program

3.7.10 Steam Generator (SG) Isolation Valves

LCO 3.7.10 Each SG power operated relief valve (PORV), PORV block valve, and SG

blowdown isolation valve shall be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4.

- NOTE -

PORV OPERABILITY is not required in MODE 4 with Reactor Coolant System (RCS) being cooled by the Normal Residual Heat Removal System (RNS).

ACTIONS

- NOTES -

1. SG blowdown flow path(s) may be unisolated intermittently under administrative controls.

2. Separate Condition entry is allowed for each flow path.

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME
A.	One or more SG PORV flow paths with one isolation valve inoperable.	A.1	Isolate the flow path by use of at least one closed and deactivated automatic valve.	72 hours
		<u>AND</u>		

Technical Specifications

ACTIONS

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A.	(continued)	1.	- NOTES – Isolation devices in high radiation areas may be verified by use of administrative means. Isolation devices that are locked, sealed, or otherwise secured may be verified by administrative means.	
		A.2	Verify the affected flow path is isolated.	Once per 31 days
B.	One or more SG blowdown flow paths with one isolation valve inoperable.	B.1	Isolate the flow path by one closed valve.	72 hours
		B.2	Verify the affected flow path is isolated.	Once per 7 days
C.	One or more SG PORV flow paths with two isolation valves inoperable.	C.1	Isolate the affected flow path by use of at least one closed and deactivated automatic valve.	8 hours
D.	One or more SG blowdown flow paths with two isolation valves inoperable.	D.1	Isolate the flow path by one closed valve.	8 hours

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME
E.	Required Action and associated	E.1	Be in MODE 3.	6 hours
	Completion Time not met.	<u>AND</u>		
	ot.	E.2	Be in MODE 4 with the RCS cooling provided by the RNS.	24 hours
		<u>AND</u>		
		Not app PORV(s	- NOTE – licable for inoperable).	
		E.3	Be in MODE 5.	36 hours

	FREQUENCY	
SR 3.7.10.1	Verify each SG PORV, PORV block valve, and SG blowdown isolation valve strokes closed.	In accordance with the Inservice Testing Program
SR 3.7.10.2	Verify the isolation time of each PORV block valve and SG blowdown isolation valve is within limits.	In accordance with the Inservice Testing Program
SR 3.7.10.3	Verify each SG PORV, PORV block valve, and SG blowdown isolation valve actuates to the isolation position on an actual or simulated actuation signal.	24 months

Technical Specifications

Spent Fuel Pool Boron Concentration 3.7.11

3.7 PLANT SYSTEMS

3.7.11 Spent Fuel Pool Boron Concentration

LCO 3.7.11 The spent fuel pool boron concentration shall be \geq 2300 ppm.

APPLICABILITY: When fuel assemblies are stored in the spent fuel pool and a spent fuel

pool storage verification has not been performed since the last

movement of fuel assemblies in the spent fuel pool.

ACTIONS

- NOTE -

LCO 3.0.3 is not applicable.

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A.	Spent fuel pool boron concentration not within limit.	A.1	Suspend movement of fuel assemblies in the spent fuel pool.	Immediately
		<u>AND</u>		
		A.2.1	Initiate action to restore spent fuel pool boron concentration to within limit.	Immediately
		<u>OR</u>		
		A.2.2	Initiate action to perform a spent fuel pool storage verification.	Immediately

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.7.11.1	Verify the spent fuel pool boron concentration is within limit.	7 days

3.7.12

3.7 PLANT SYSTEMS

3.7.12 Spent Fuel Pool Storage

LCO 3.7.12 The combination of initial enrichment and burnup of each fuel assembly

stored in Region 2 shall be within the limits specified in Figure 3.7.12-1.

APPLICABILITY: Whenever any fuel assembly is stored in Region 2 of the spent fuel pool.

ACTIONS

- NOTE -

LCO 3.0.3 is not applicable.

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. Requirements of the LCO not met.	A.1 Initiate action to move the noncomplying fuel assembly to an acceptable storage location.	Immediately

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.7.12.1	Verify by administrative means the initial enrichment and burnup of the fuel assembly is in accordance with Figure 3.7.12-1.	Prior to storing the fuel assembly in Region 2

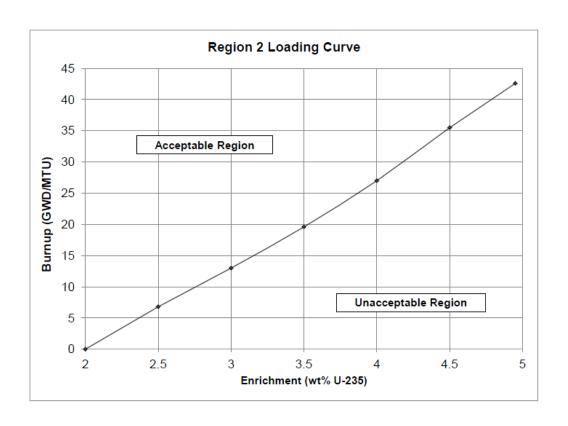


Figure 3.7.12-1

Minimum Fuel Assembly Burnup Versus Initial Enrichment for Region 2 Spent Fuel Cells

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS (continued)

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.8.1.2	24 months	
	Verify each battery charger can recharge the battery to the fully charged state within 24 hours while supplying the largest combined demands of the various continuous steady state loads, after a battery discharge to the bounding design basis event discharge state.	
SR 3.8.1.3		
	Verify battery capacity is adequate to supply, and maintain in OPERABLE status, the required emergency loads for the design duty cycle when subjected to a battery service test.	24 months

3.8 ELECTRICAL POWER SYSTEMS

3.8.2 DC Sources - Shutdown

LCO 3.8.2 DC electrical power subsystems shall be OPERABLE to support the

DC electrical power distribution subsystem(s) required by LCO 3.8.6,

"Distribution Systems - Shutdown."

APPLICABILITY: MODES 5 and 6,

During movement of irradiated fuel assemblies.

ACTIONS

- NOTE -

LCO 3.0.3 is not applicable.

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME
A.	One or more required battery chargers in one division inoperable.	A.1	Restore battery terminal voltage to greater than or equal to the minimum established float voltage.	6 hours
		<u>AND</u>		
		A.2	Verify battery float current ≤ 2 amps	Once per 24 hours
		<u>AND</u>		
		A.3	Restore battery charger(s) to OPERABLE status.	72 hours

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
В.	One or more required DC electrical power	B.1	Declare affected required features inoperable.	Immediately
	subsystems inoperable.	<u>OR</u>		
		B.2.1	Suspend movement of irradiated fuel assemblies.	Immediately
		<u>ANI</u>	<u>D</u>	
		B.2.2	Suspend operations with a potential for draining the reactor vessel.	Immediately
		<u>ANI</u>	<u>D</u>	
		B.2.3	Suspend operations involving positive reactivity additions that could result in loss of required SDM or boron concentration.	Immediately
		ANI	<u>D</u>	
		B.2.4	Initiate action to restore required DC electrical power subsystems to OPERABLE status.	Immediately

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.8.2.1	- NOTE - The following SRs are not required to be performed: SR 3.8.1.2 and SR 3.8.1.3. For DC sources required to be OPERABLE, the following SRs are applicable: SR 3.8.1.1 SR 3.8.1.2 SR 3.8.1.3	In accordance with applicable SRs

3.8 ELECTRICAL POWER SYSTEMS

3.8.3 Inverters – Operating

LCO 3.8.3 The Division A, B, C, and D inverters shall be OPERABLE.

- NOTES -

One inverter may be disconnected from its associated DC bus for ≤ 72 hours to perform an equalizing charge on its associated battery, providing:

- The associated instrument and control bus is energized from its Class 1E constant voltage source transformer; and
- 2. All other AC instrument and control buses are energized from their associated OPERABLE inverters.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4.

ACTIONS

	CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A.	One inverter inoperable.	A.1	- NOTE - Enter applicable Conditions and Required Actions of LCO 3.8.5 "Distribution Systems – Operating" with any instrument and control bus de-energized.	
			Restore inverter to OPERABLE status.	24 hours
В.	Required Action and associated Completion Time not met.	B.1 <u>AND</u> B.2	Be in MODE 3. Be in MODE 5.	6 hours 36 hours

3.8 ELECTRICAL POWER SYSTEMS

3.8.4 Inverters - Shutdown

LCO 3.8.4 Inverters shall be OPERABLE to support the onsite Class 1E power

distribution subsystems required by LCO 3.8.6, "Distribution Systems -

Shutdown."

APPLICABILITY: MODES 5 and 6,

During movement of irradiated fuel assemblies.

ACTIONS

- NOTE -

LCO 3.0.3 is not applicable.

	CONDITION	ı	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A.	One or more required inverters inoperable.	A.1	Declare affected required features inoperable.	Immediately
	•	<u>OR</u>		
		A.2.1	Suspend movement of irradiated fuel assemblies.	Immediately
		ANE	2	
		A.2.2	Suspend operations with a potential for draining the reactor vessel.	Immediately
		ANE	2	
		A.2.3	Suspend operations involving positive reactivity additions that could result in loss of required SDM or boron concentration.	Immediately
		ANE	2	
		A.2.4	Initiate action to restore required inverters to OPERABLE status.	Immediately

	FREQUENCY	
SR 3.8.4.1	Verify correct inverter voltage, frequency, and alignments to required AC instrument and control buses.	7 days

3.8 ELECTRICAL POWER SYSTEMS

3.8.5 Distribution Systems – Operating

LCO 3.8.5 The following Division A, B, C, and D electrical power distribution

subsystems shall be OPERABLE:

a. DC; and

b. AC instrument and control.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 1, 2, 3, and 4.

ACTIONS

<u> </u>	10110			
CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME
A.	One AC instrument and control division inoperable.	A.1	Restore AC instrument and control division to OPERABLE status.	6 hours
В.	One DC division inoperable.	B.1	Restore DC division to OPERABLE status.	6 hours
C.	Two AC instrument and control divisions inoperable.	C.1	Restore one AC instrument and control division to OPERABLE status.	2 hours
D.	Two DC divisions inoperable.	D.1	Restore one DC division to OPERABLE status.	2 hours
E.	Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition A, B, C, or D not met.	E.1 <u>AND</u> E.2	Be in MODE 3. Be in MODE 5.	6 hours 36 hours
F.	Two inoperable divisions that result in a loss of safety function.	F.1	Enter LCO 3.0.3.	Immediately

Technical Specifications

Distribution Systems

- Operating
3.8.5

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.8.5.1	Verify correct breaker and switch alignments and voltage to required DC and AC instrument and control electrical power distribution subsystems.	7 days

3.8 ELECTRICAL POWER SYSTEMS

3.8.6 Distribution Systems – Shutdown

LCO 3.8.6 The necessary portions of DC and AC instrument and control electrical

power distribution subsystems shall be OPERABLE to support equipment

required to be OPERABLE.

APPLICABILITY: MODES 5 and 6,

During movement of irradiated fuel assemblies.

ACTIONS

- NOTE -

LCO 3.0.3 is not applicable.

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME
A.	One or more required DC or AC instrument and control electrical power distribution subsystems inoperable.	A.1 <u>OR</u>	Declare affected required features inoperable.	Immediately
		A.2.1	Suspend movement of irradiated fuel assemblies.	Immediately
		<u>AND</u>		
		A.2.2	Initiate action to suspend operations with a potential for draining the reactor vessel.	Immediately
		AND		
		A.2.3	Suspend operations involving positive reactivity additions that could result in loss of required SDM or boron concentration.	Immediately
		<u>ANI</u>	2	

Technical Specifications

Distribution Systems
- Shutdown
3.8.6

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. (continued)	A.2.4 Initiate actions to restore required DC and AC instrument and control electrical power distribution subsystems to OPERABLE status.	Immediately

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.8.6.1	Verify correct breaker and switch alignments and voltage to required DC and AC instrument and control electrical power distribution subsystems.	7 days

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME
C.	One or more batteries in one division with one or more cells electrolyte level less than minimum established design limits.	C.1	Restore electrolyte level to above top of plates.	8 hours
		C.2	Verify no evidence of leakage.	12 hours
		<u>AND</u>		
		C.3	Restore electrolyte level to greater than or equal to minimum established design limits.	31 days
D.	One or more batteries in one division with pilot cell electrolyte temperature less than minimum established design limits.	D.1	Restore battery pilot cell temperature to greater than or equal to minimum established design limits.	12 hours
E.	One or more batteries in two or more divisions with battery parameters not within limits.	E.1	Restore battery parameters for batteries in three divisions to within limits.	2 hours

Technical Specifications

ACTIONS (continued)

CONDITION			REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
F.	Required Action and associated Completion Time not met.	F.1	Declare associated battery inoperable.	Immediately
	<u>OR</u>			
	One or more batteries in one division with one or more battery cells float voltage < 2.07 V and float current > 2 amps.			

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.8.7.1		
	Verify each battery float current is ≤ 2 amps.	7 days
SR 3.8.7.2	Verify each battery pilot cell float voltage is ≥ 2.07 V.	31 days
SR 3.8.7.3	Verify each battery connected cell electrolyte level is greater than or equal to minimum established design limits.	31 days
SR 3.8.7.4	Verify each battery pilot cell temperature is greater than or equal to minimum established design limits.	31 days
SR 3.8.7.5	Verify each battery connected cell float voltage is ≥ 2.07 V.	92 days

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS (continued)

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.8.7.6	Verify battery capacity is ≥ 80% of the manufacturer's rating when subjected to a performance discharge	60 months
	test or a modified performance discharge test.	AND
		12 months when battery shows degradation, or has reached 85% of the expected life with capacity < 100% of manufacturer's rating
		AND
		24 months when battery has reached 85% of the expected life with capacity ≥ 100% of manufacturer's rating

3.9.1 Boron Concentration

LCO 3.9.1 Boron concentration of the Reactor Coolant System (RCS), the fuel

transfer canal, and the refueling cavity shall be maintained within the limit

specified in COLR.

APPLICABILITY:	MODE 6
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- NOTE -

Applicable to the fuel transfer canal and the refueling cavity only when connected to the RCS.

ACTIONS

CONDITION		REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME
A.	Boron concentration not within limit.	A.1	Suspend positive reactivity additions.	Immediately
		<u>AND</u>		
		A.2	Initiate actions to restore boron concentration to within limits.	Immediately

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.9.1.1	Verify boron concentration is within the limit specified in the COLR.	72 hours

3.9.2 Unborated Water Source Flow Paths

LCO 3.9.2 One valve in each unborated water source flow path shall be secured in

the closed position.

APPLICABILITY: MODE 6.

ACTIONS

- NOTE -

Separate condition entry is allowed for each unborated water source flow path.

	CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION		COMPLETION TIME
A.		A.1 <u>AND</u> A.2	Initiate actions to secure one valve in the flow path in the closed position. Perform SR 3.9.1.1.	Immediately 4 hours
	water source flow paths with no valve secured in the closed position.			

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.9.2.1	Verify one valve in each unborated water source flow path is secured in the closed position.	31 days

3.9.3 Nuclear Instrumentation

Two source range neutron flux monitors shall be OPERABLE. LCO 3.9.3

APPLICABILITY: MODE 6.

ACTIONS

CONDITION			REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A.	One required source range neutron flux monitor inoperable.	A.1 <u>AND</u>	Suspend positive reactivity additions.	Immediately
		A.2	Suspend operations that would cause introduction into the Reactor Coolant System (RCS), coolant with boron concentration less than required to meet the boron concentration of LCO 3.9.1.	Immediately
B.	Two required source range neutron flux monitors inoperable.	B.1	Initiate action to restore one source range neutron flux monitor to OPERABLE status.	Immediately
		<u>AND</u>		
		B.2	Perform SR 3.9.1.1.	Once per 12 hours

Technical Specifications

3.9.4

3.9 REFUELING OPERATIONS

3.9.4 Refueling Cavity Water Level

LCO 3.9.4 Refueling Cavity Water Level shall be maintained ≥ 23 ft above the top of

the reactor vessel flange.

APPLICABILITY: During movement of irradiated fuel assemblies within containment.

ACTIONS

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
Refueling cavity was level not within lim	Suspend movement of irradiated fuel assemblies within containment.	Immediately

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.9.4.1	Verify refueling cavity water level is ≥ 23 ft above the top of reactor vessel flange.	24 hours

3.9.5 Decay Time

LCO 3.9.5 The reactor shall be subcritical for \geq 48 hours.

APPLICABILITY: During movement of irradiated fuel in the reactor pressure vessel.

<u>ACTIONS</u>

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
A. Reactor subcritical < 48 hours.	A.1 Suspend all operations involving movement of irradiated fuel in the reactor pressure vessel.	Immediately

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

	SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.9.5.1	Verify the reactor has been subcritical for ≥ 48 hours by verification of the date and time of subcriticality.	Prior to movement of irradiated fuel in the reactor vessel

4.0 DESIGN FEATURES

4.1 Site

VCSNS is located in Fairfield County, South Carolina, on the eastern side of the Broad River at the Monticello Reservoir and it is approximately 15 miles west of the county seat of Winnsboro and 26 miles northwest of Columbia, the state capital.

4.1.1 Site and Exclusion Boundaries

The Site Boundary is shown in Figure 4.1-2.

The Exclusion Area Boundary is shown in Figure 4.1-2.

4.1.2 Low Population Zone (LPZ)

The LPZ is defined by the 3 mile radius from VCSNS Unit 1 as shown in Figure 4.1-1.

4.2 Reactor Core

4.2.1 Fuel Assemblies

The reactor shall contain 157 fuel assemblies. Each assembly shall consist of a matrix of fuel rods clad with a zirconium based alloy and containing an initial composition of natural or slightly enriched uranium dioxide (UO₂) as fuel material. Limited substitutions of zirconium based alloy or stainless steel filler rods for fuel rods, in accordance with approved applications of fuel rod configurations, may be used. Fuel assemblies shall be limited to those fuel designs that have been analyzed with applicable NRC staff approved codes and methods and shown by tests or analyses to comply with fuel safety design bases. A limited number of lead test assemblies that have not completed representative testing may be placed in nonlimiting core regions.

4.2.2 Control Rod and Gray Rod Assemblies

The reactor core shall contain 53 Rod Cluster Control Assemblies (RCCAs), each with 24 rodlets/RCCA. The RCCA absorber material shall be silver indium cadmium as approved by the NRC.

Additionally, there are 16 low worth Gray Rod Cluster Assemblies (GRCAs), with 24 rodlets/GRCA, which, in conjunction with the RCCAs, are used to augment mechanical shim (MSHIM) load follow operation.

4.0 DESIGN FEATURES

4.3 Fuel Storage

4.3.1 Criticality

- 4.3.1.1 The spent fuel storage racks are designed and shall be maintained with:
 - a. Fuel assemblies having a maximum U-235 enrichment of 4.95 weight percent;
 - k_{eff} ≤ 0.95 if flooded with unborated water which includes an allowance for uncertainties (Region 1 racks);
 - c. A nominal 10.93 inch center-to-center distance between fuel assemblies placed in Region 1 of the spent fuel storage racks;
 - d. A nominal 9.04 inch center-to-center distance between fuel assemblies placed in Region 2 of the spent fuel storage racks;
 - e. A nominal 11.65 inch center-to-center distance between fuel assemblies placed in the Defective Fuel Cells;
 - f. New or partially spent fuel assemblies with any discharge burnup may be allowed unrestricted storage in Region 1 and the Defective Fuel Cells of Figure 4.3-1;
 - g. Partially spent fuel assemblies meeting the initial enrichment and burnup requirements of LCO 3.7.12, "Spent Fuel Pool Storage," may be stored in Region 2 of Figure 4.3-1; and
 - h. $k_{\rm eff}$ < 1.0 if flooded with unborated water and $k_{\rm eff}$ ≤ 0.95 if flooded with borated water at a minimum soluble boron concentration described in the Bases for LCO 3.7.12 for normal and design basis criticality-related accident conditions, which includes an allowance for uncertainties (Region 2 racks).
- 4.3.1.2 The new fuel storage racks are designed and shall be maintained with:
 - a. Fuel assemblies having a maximum U-235 enrichment of 5.0 weight percent;
 - b. The maximum k_{eff} value, including all biases and uncertainties, shall be less than or equal to 0.95 with full density unborated water;

4.0 DESIGN FEATURES

- c. The maximum k_{eff} value, including all biases and uncertainties, shall be less than or equal to 0.98 with optimum moderation and full reflection conditions; and
- d. A nominal 10.90 inch center-to-center distance between fuel assemblies placed in the new fuel storage racks.

4.3.2 Drainage

The spent fuel pool is designed and shall be maintained to prevent inadvertent draining of the pool below a minimum water depth of ≥ 23 ft above the surface of the fuel storage racks.

4.3.3 Capacity

The spent fuel pool is designed and shall be maintained with a storage capacity limited to no more than 889 fuel assemblies.

5.0 ADMINISTRATIVE CONTROLS

5.5 Programs and Manuals

The following programs shall be established, implemented, and maintained.

5.5.1 Offsite Dose Calculation Manual (ODCM)

- a. The ODCM shall contain the methodology and parameters used in the calculation of offsite doses resulting from radioactive gaseous and liquid effluents, in the calculation of gaseous and liquid effluent monitoring alarm and trip setpoints, and in the conduct of the radiological environmental monitoring program; and
- b. The ODCM shall also contain the radioactive effluent controls and radiological environmental monitoring activities, and descriptions of the information that should be included in the Annual Radiological Environmental Operating, and Radioactive Effluent Release Reports required by Specification 5.6.1 and Specification 5.6.2.
- c. Licensee initiated changes to the ODCM:
 - Shall be documented and records of reviews performed shall be retained. This documentation shall contain:
 - i. Sufficient information to support the change(s) together with the appropriate analyses or evaluations justifying the change(s), and
 - ii. A determination that the change(s) maintain the levels of radioactive effluent control required by 10 CFR 20. 1302, 40 CFR 190, 10 CFR 50.36a, and 10 CFR 50, Appendix I, and not adversely impact the accuracy or reliability of effluent, dose, or setpoint calculations;
 - 2. Shall become effective after the approval of the plant manager; and
 - 3. Shall be submitted to the NRC in the form of a complete, legible copy of the changed portion of the ODCM as a part of or concurrent with the Radioactive Effluent Release Report for the period of the report in which any change in the ODCM was made. Each change shall be identified by markings in the margin of the affected pages, clearly indicating the area of the page that was changed, and shall indicate the date (i.e., month and year) the change was implemented.

5.5.2 <u>Radioactive Effluent Control Program</u>

- a. This program conforms to 10 CFR 50.36a for the control of radioactive effluents and for maintaining the doses to members of the public from radioactive effluents as low as reasonably achievable. The program shall be contained in the ODCM, shall be implemented by procedures, and shall include remedial actions to be taken whenever the program limits are exceeded. The program shall include the following elements:
 - 1. Limitations on the functional capability of radioactive liquid and gaseous monitoring instrumentation including surveillance tests and setpoints determination in accordance with the methodology in the ODCM;
 - 2. Limitations on the concentrations of radioactive material released in liquid effluents to unrestricted areas, conforming to ten times the concentration values in Appendix B, Table 2, Column 2 to 10 CFR 20;
 - 3. Monitoring, sampling, and analysis of radioactive liquid and gaseous effluents in accordance with 10 CFR 20.1302 and with the methodology and parameters in the ODCM;
 - 4. Limitations on the annual and quarterly doses or dose commitment to a member of the public for radioactive materials in liquid effluents released form each unit to unrestricted areas, conforming to 10 CFR 50, Appendix I;
 - 5. Determination of cumulative dose contributions from radioactive effluents for the current calendar quarter and current calendar year in accordance with the methodology and parameters in the ODCM at least every 31 days. Determination of projected dose contributions from radioactive effluents in accordance with the methodology in the ODCM at least every 31 days;
 - 6. Limitations on the functional capability and use of the liquid and gaseous effluent treatment systems to ensure that appropriate portions of these systems are used to reduce releases of radioactivity when the projected doses in a period of 31 days would exceed 2% of the guidelines for the annual dose or dose commitment, conforming to 10 CFR 50, Appendix I;
 - 7. Limitations on the dose rate resulting from radioactive material released in gaseous effluents to areas beyond the site boundary shall be in accordance with the following:
 - i. For noble gases: a dose rate ≤ 500 mrem/yr to the whole body and a dose rate ≤ 3000 mrem/yr to the skin and

5.5.2 <u>Radioactive Effluent Control Program</u> (continued)

- ii. For iodine-131, iodine-133, tritium, and all radionuclides in particulate form with half-lives greater than 8 days: a dose rate ≤ 1500 mrem/yr to any organ;
- 8. Limitations on the annual and quarterly air doses resulting from noble gases released in gaseous effluents from each unit to areas beyond the site boundary, conforming to 10 CFR 50, Appendix I;
- Limitations on the annual and quarterly doses to a member of the public from iodine-131, iodine-133, tritium, and all radionuclides in particulate form with half lives > 8 days in gaseous effluents released from each unit to areas beyond the site boundary, conforming to 10 CFR 50, Appendix I; and
- Limitations on the annual dose or dose commitment to any member of the public, beyond the site boundary, due to releases of radioactivity and to radiation from uranium fuel cycle sources, conforming to 40 CFR 190.
- b. The provisions of SR 3.0.2 and SR 3.0.3 are applicable to the Radioactive Effluent Controls Program surveillance frequency.

5.5.3 Inservice Testing Program

This program provides control for inservice testing of ASME Code Class 1, 2, and 3 components including applicable supports. The program shall include the following:

a. Testing frequencies applicable to the ASME Code for Operations and Maintenance of Nuclear Power Plants (ASME OM Code) and applicable Addenda as follows:

Required Fraguencies

Addenda Terminology for inservice testing activities	for performing inservice testing activities	
Weekly	At least once per 7 days	
Monthly	At least once per 31 days	
Quarterly or every 3 months	At least once per 92 days	
Semiannually or every 6 months	At least once per 184 days	
Every 9 months	At least once per 276 days	
Yearly or annually	At least once per 366 days	
Biennially or every 2 years	At least once per 731 days	

ASME OM Code and applicable

5.5.3 <u>Inservice Testing Program</u> (continued)

- b. The provisions of SR 3.0.2 are applicable to the above required Frequencies and other normal and accelerated Frequencies specified as 2 years or less in the Inservice Testing Program for performing inservice testing activities;
- c. The provisions of SR 3.0.3 are applicable to inservice testing activities;
- d. Nothing in the ASME OM Code shall be construed to supersede the requirements of any TS.

5.5.4 Steam Generator (SG) Program

A Steam Generator Program shall be established and implemented to ensure that SG tube integrity is maintained. In addition, the Steam Generator Program shall include the following provisions:

- a. Provisions for condition monitoring assessments. Condition monitoring assessment means an evaluation of the "as found" condition of the tubing with respect to the performance criteria for structural integrity and accident induced leakage. The "as found" condition refers to the condition of the tubing during an SG inspection outage, as determined from the inservice inspection results or by other means, prior to the plugging of tubes. Condition monitoring assessments shall be conducted during each outage during which the SG tubes are inspected or plugged, to confirm that the performance criteria are being met.
- Performance criteria for SG tube integrity. SG tube integrity shall be maintained by meeting the performance criteria for tube structural integrity, accident induced leakage, and operational LEAKAGE.
 - Structural integrity performance criterion: All in-service steam generator tubes shall retain structural integrity over the full range of normal operating conditions (including startup, operation in the power range, hot standby, and cool down and all anticipated transients included in the design specification) and design basis accidents. This includes retaining a safety factor of 3.0 against burst under normal steady state full power operation primary-to-secondary pressure differential and a safety factor of 1.4 against burst applied to the design basis accident primary-to-secondary pressure differentials. Apart from the above requirements, additional loading conditions associated with the design basis accidents, or combination of accidents in accordance with the design and licensing basis, shall also be evaluated to determine if the associated loads contribute significantly to burst or collapse. In the

5.5.4 <u>Steam Generator (SG) Program</u> (continued)

assessment of tube integrity, those loads that do significantly affect burst or collapse shall be determined and assessed in combination with the loads due to pressure with a safety factor of 1.2 on the combined primary loads and 1.0 on axial secondary loads.

- Accident induced leakage performance criterion: The primary to secondary accident induced leakage rate for any design basis accident, other than a SG tube rupture, shall not exceed the leakage rate assumed in the accident analysis in terms of total leakage rate for all SGs and leakage rate for an individual SG. Leakage is not to exceed 150 gpd per SG.
- 3. The operational LEAKAGE performance criterion is specified in LCO 3.4.7, "RCS Operational LEAKAGE."
- c. Provisions for SG tube repair criteria. Tubes found by inservice inspection to contain flaws with a depth equal to or exceeding 40% of the nominal tube wall thickness shall be plugged.
- d. Provisions for SG tube inspections. Periodic SG tube inspections shall be performed. The number and portions of the tubes inspected and methods of inspection shall be performed with the objective of detecting flaws of any type (e.g., volumetric flaws, axial and circumferential cracks) that may be present along the length of the tube, from the tube-to-tubesheet weld at the tube inlet to the tube-to-tubesheet weld at the tube outlet, and that may satisfy the applicable tube repair criteria. The tube-to-tubesheet weld is not part of the tube. In addition to meeting the requirements of d.1, d.2, and d.3 below, the inspection scope, inspection methods, and inspection intervals shall be such as to ensure that SG tube integrity is maintained until the next SG inspection. An assessment of degradation shall be performed to determine the type and location of flaws to which the tubes may be susceptible and, based on this assessment, to determine which inspection methods need to be employed and at what locations.
 - 1. Inspect 100% of the tubes in each SG during the first refueling outage following installation.
 - 2. Inspect 100% of the tubes at sequential periods of 144, 108, 72, and, thereafter, 60 effective full power months. The first sequential period shall be considered to begin after the first inservice inspection of the SGs. In addition, inspect 50% of the tubes by the refueling outage nearest the midpoint of the period and the remaining 50% by the refueling outage nearest the end of the period. No SG shall operate for more than 72 effective full power months or three refueling outages (whichever is less) without being inspected.

5.5.4 <u>Steam Generator (SG) Program</u> (continued)

- 3. If crack indications are found in any SG tube, then the next inspection for each SG for the degradation mechanism that caused the crack indication shall not exceed 24 effective full power months or one refueling outage (whichever is less). If definitive information, such as from examination of a pulled tube, diagnostic non-destructive testing, or engineering evaluation indicates that a crack-like indication is not associated with a crack(s), then the indication need not be treated as a crack.
- e. Provisions for monitoring operational primary to secondary LEAKAGE.

5.5.5 Secondary Water Chemistry Program

This program provides controls for monitoring secondary water chemistry to inhibit SG tube degradation and low pressure turbine disc stress corrosion cracking. The program shall include:

- a. Identification of a sampling schedule for the critical variables and control points for these variables;
- b. Identification of the procedures used to measure the values of the critical variables:
- c. Identification of process sampling points, which shall include monitoring the discharge of the condensate pumps for evidence of condenser in leakage;
- d. Procedures for the recording and management of data:
- e. Procedures defining corrective actions for all off control point chemistry conditions; and
- f. A procedure identifying the authority responsible for the interpretation of the data and the sequence and timing of administrative events, which is required to initiate corrective action.

5.5.6 <u>Technical Specifications (TS) Bases Control Program</u>

This program provides a means for processing changes to the Bases of these Technical Specifications.

a. Changes to the Bases of the TS shall be made under appropriate administrative controls and reviews.

5.5.6 <u>Technical Specifications (TS) Bases Control Program</u> (continued)

- b. Licensees may make changes to Bases without prior NRC approval provided the changes do not require either of the following:
 - 1. A change in the TS incorporated in the license; or
 - 2. A change to the updated FSAR or Bases that requires NRC approval pursuant to 10 CFR 50.59.
- c. The Bases Control Program shall contain provisions to ensure that the Bases are maintained consistent with the FSAR.
- d. Proposed changes that meet the criteria of (b) above shall be reviewed and approved by the NRC prior to implementation. Changes to the Bases implemented without prior NRC approval shall be provided to the NRC on a frequency consistent with 10 CFR 50.71(e).

5.5.7 <u>Safety Function Determination Program (SFDP)</u>

- a. This program ensures loss of safety function is detected and appropriate action taken. Upon entry into LCO 3.0.6, an evaluation shall be made to determine if loss of safety function exists. Additionally, other appropriate actions may be taken as a result of the support system inoperability and corresponding exception to entering supported system Condition and Required Actions. This program implements the requirement of LCO 3.0.6. The SFDP shall contain the following:
 - Provisions for cross train checks to ensure a loss of the capability to perform the safety function assumed in the accident analysis does not go undetected;
 - Provisions for ensuring the plant is maintained in a safe condition if a loss of function condition exists:
 - Provisions to ensure that an inoperable supported system's Completion Time is not inappropriately extended as a result of multiple support system inoperabilities; and
 - 4. Other appropriate limitations and remedial or compensatory actions.

5.5.7 <u>Safety Function Determination Program (SFDP)</u> (continued)

- b. A loss of safety function exists when, assuming no concurrent single failure, a safety function assumed in the accident analysis cannot be performed. For the purpose of this program, a loss of safety function may exist when a support system is inoperable, and:
 - 1. A required system redundant to the system(s) supported by the inoperable support system is also inoperable; or
 - 2. A required system redundant to the system(s) in turn supported by the inoperable supported system is also inoperable; or
 - 3. A required system redundant to the support system(s) for the supported systems b.1 and b.2 above is also inoperable.
- c. The SFDP identifies where a loss of safety function exists. If a loss of safety function is determined to exist by this program, the appropriate Conditions and Required Actions of the LCO in which the loss of safety function exists are required to be entered. When a loss of safety function is caused by the inoperability of a single Technical Specification support system, the appropriate Conditions and Required Actions to enter are those of the support system.

5.5.8 Containment Leakage Rate Testing Program

- a. A program shall be established to implement the leakage rate testing of the containment as required by 10 CFR 50.54(o) and 10 CFR 50, Appendix J, Option B, as modified by approved exemptions. This program shall be in accordance with the guidelines contained in Regulatory Guide 1.163, "Performance-Based Containment Leak-Test Program, dated September 1995," as modified by approved exceptions.
- b. The calculated peak containment internal pressure for the design basis loss of coolant accident, P_a, is 58.3 psig. The containment design pressure is 59 psig.
- c. The maximum allowable primary containment leakage rate, L_a, at P_a, shall be 0.10% of primary containment air weight per day.

5.5.8 <u>Containment Leakage Rate Testing Program</u> (continued)

- d. Leakage Rate acceptance criteria are:
 - Containment leakage rate acceptance criterion is 1.0 L_a. During the first unit startup following testing in accordance with this program, the leakage rate acceptance criteria are < 0.60 L_a for the Type B and Type C tests and ≤ 0.75 L_a for Type A tests;
 - 2. Air lock testing acceptance criteria are:
 - i. Overall air lock leakage rate is $\leq 0.05 L_a$ when tested at $\geq P_a$,
 - ii. For each door, leakage rate is \leq 0.01 L_a when pressurized to \geq 10 psig.
- e. The provisions of SR 3.0.3 are applicable to the Containment Leakage Rate Testing Program.
- f. Nothing in these Technical Specifications shall be construed to modify the testing Frequencies required by 10 CFR 50, Appendix J.

5.5.9 <u>System Level OPERABILITY Testing Program</u>

The System Level OPERABILITY Testing Program provides requirements for performance tests of passive systems. The System Level Inservice Tests specified in FSAR Section 3.9.6 and FSAR Table 3.9-17 apply when specified by individual Surveillance Requirements.

- The provisions of SR 3.0.2 are applicable to the test frequencies specified in FSAR Table 3.9-17 for performing system level OPERABILITY testing activities; and
- b. The provisions of SR 3.0.3 are applicable to system level OPERABILITY testing activities.

5.5.10 Component Cyclic or Transient Limit

This program provides controls to track the FSAR Table 3.9-1 cyclic and transient occurrences to ensure that components are maintained within the design limits.

5.5.11 <u>Battery Monitoring and Maintenance Program</u>

This Program provides for battery restoration and maintenance, based on the recommendations of IEEE Standard 450-1995, "IEEE Recommended Practice for Maintenance, Testing, and Replacement of Vented Lead-Acid Batteries for Stationary Applications," or of the battery manufacturer including the following:

- a. Actions to restore battery cells with float voltage < 2.13 V, and
- b. Actions to equalize and test battery cells that had been discovered with electrolyte level below the minimum established design limit.

5.5.12 Main Control Room Envelope Habitability Program

A Main Control Room Envelope (MCRE) Habitability Program shall be established and implemented to ensure that MCRE habitability is maintained such that, with an OPERABLE Main Control Room Emergency Habitability System (VES), MCRE occupants can control the reactor safely under normal conditions and maintain it in a safe condition following a radiological event, hazardous chemical release, or a smoke challenge. The program shall ensure that adequate radiation protection is provided to permit access and occupancy of the MCRE under design basis accident (DBA) conditions without personnel receiving radiation exposures in excess of 5 rem total effective dose equivalent (TEDE) for the duration of the accident. The program shall include the following elements:

- a. The definition of the MCRE and the MCRE boundary.
- b. Requirements for maintaining the MCRE boundary in its design condition, including configuration control and preventive maintenance.
- c. Requirements for (i) determining the unfiltered air inleakage past the MCRE boundary into the MCRE in accordance with the testing methods and at the Frequencies specified in Sections C.1 and C.2 of Regulatory Guide 1.197, "Demonstrating Control Room Envelope Integrity at Nuclear Power Reactors," Revision 0, May 2003, and (ii) assessing MCRE habitability at the Frequencies specified in Sections C.1 and C.2 of Regulatory Guide 1.197, Revision 0.
- d. Measurement, at designated locations, of the MCRE pressure relative to all external areas adjacent to the MCRE boundary during the pressurization mode of operation of one VES air delivery flow path, operating at the required flow rate of 65 ± 5 scfm, at a Frequency of 24 months on a STAGGERED TEST BASIS. The results shall be trended and used as part of the 24 month assessment of the MCRE boundary.

5.5.12 <u>Main Control Room Envelope Habitability Program</u> (continued)

- e. The quantitative limits on unfiltered air inleakage into the MCRE. These limits shall be stated in a manner to allow direct comparison to the unfiltered air inleakage measured by the testing described in paragraph c. The unfiltered air inleakage limit for radiological challenges is the inleakage flow rate assumed in the licensing basis analyses of DBA consequences. Unfiltered air inleakage limits for hazardous chemicals must ensure that exposure of MCRE occupants to these hazards will be within the assumptions in the licensing basis.
- f. The provisions of SR 3.0.2 are applicable to the Frequencies for assessing MCRE habitability, determining MCRE unfiltered inleakage, and measuring MCRE pressure and assessing the MCRE boundary as required by paragraphs c and d, respectively.

5.5.13 <u>Ventilation Filter Testing Program (VFTP)</u>

 A program shall be established to implement the following required testing of the VES.

Tests described in Specification 5.5.13.a.1 and 5.5.13.a.2 shall be performed: i) initially, ii) once each 24 months, iii) after partial or complete replacement of a HEPA filter or charcoal adsorber, iv) following detection of, or evidence of, penetration or intrusion of water or other material into any portion of the VES that may have an adverse effect on the functional capability of the filters, and v) following painting, fire, or chemical release in any ventilation zone communicating with the VES that may have an adverse effect on the functional capability of the system.

Tests described in Specification 5.5.13.a.3 shall be performed: i) after each 720 hours of system operation or at least once each 24 months, whichever comes first, ii) following painting, fire, or chemical release in any ventilation zone communicating with the VES that may have an adverse effect on the functional capability of the carbon media, and iii) following detection of, or evidence of, penetration or intrusion of water or other material into any portion of the VES that may have an adverse effect on the functional capability of the carbon media.

Tests described in 5.5.13.a.4 shall be performed once per 24 months.

5.5.13 <u>Ventilation Filter Testing Program</u> (continued)

Demonstrate for the VES that an inplace test of the high efficiency particulate air (HEPA) filter shows a penetration and system bypass ≤ 0.05% when tested in accordance with Regulatory Guide 1.52, Revision 3, and ASME N510-1989 at a flow rate at least 600 cfm greater than the VES makeup flow rate.

Ventilation System Flow Rate VES ≥ 600 + VES makeup flow rate (cfm)

 Demonstrate for the VES that an inplace test of the charcoal adsorber shows a penetration and system bypass ≤ 0.05% when tested in accordance with Regulatory Guide 1.52, Revision 3, and ASME N510-1989 at a flow rate at least 600 cfm greater than the VES makeup flow rate.

Ventilation System	Flow Rate
VES	≥ 600 + VES makeup flow rate (cfm)

3. Demonstrate for the VES that a laboratory test of a sample of the charcoal adsorber, when obtained as described in Regulatory Guide 1.52, Revision 3, shows the methyl iodide penetration less than the value specified below when tested in accordance with ASTM D3803-1989 at a temperature of 30°C (86°F) and the relative humidity specified below.

Ventilation System	Penetration	RH
VES	5%	95%

4. Demonstrate for the VES that the pressure drop across the combined HEPA filter, the charcoal adsorber, and the post filter is less than the value specified below when tested at the system flow rate specified below +/- 10%.

ESF Ventilation System	Delta P	Flow Rate
VES	5 in. water gauge	660 cfm

b. The provisions of SR 3.0.2 and SR 3.0.3 are applicable to the VFTP test frequencies.

5.5.14 <u>Setpoint Program (SP)</u>

- a. The Setpoint Program (SP) implements the regulatory requirement of 10 CFR 50.36(c)(1)(ii)(A) that technical specifications will include items in the category of limiting safety system settings (LSSS), which are settings for automatic protective devices related to those variables having significant safety functions.
- b. The Nominal Trip Setpoint (NTS), As-Found Tolerance (AFT), and As-Left Tolerance (ALT) for each Technical Specification required automatic protection instrumentation function shall be calculated in conformance with WCAP-16361-P, "Westinghouse Setpoint Methodology for Protection Systems AP1000," February 2011.
- c. For each Technical Specification required automatic protection instrumentation function, performance of a CHANNEL CALIBRATION or CHANNEL OPERATIONAL TEST (COT) surveillance "in accordance with the Setpoint Program" shall include the following:
 - 1. The as-found value of the instrument channel trip setting shall be compared with the previously recorded as-left value.
 - i. If the as-found value of the instrument channel trip setting differs from the previously recorded as-left value by more than the pre-defined test acceptance criteria band (i.e., the specified AFT), then the instrument channel shall be evaluated to verify that it is functioning in accordance with its design basis before declaring the surveillance requirement met and returning the instrument channel to service. An Instrument Channel is determined to be functioning in accordance with its design basis if it can be set to within the ALT. This as-found condition shall be entered into the plant's corrective action program.
 - ii. If the as-found value of the instrument channel trip setting is less conservative than the specified AFT, the surveillance requirement is not met and the instrument channel shall be immediately declared inoperable.

5.5.14 <u>Setpoint Program (SP)</u> (continued)

- The instrument channel trip setting shall be set to a value within the specified ALT around the specified NTS at the completion of the surveillance; otherwise, the surveillance requirement is not met and the instrument channel shall be immediately declared inoperable.
- d. The difference between the instrument channel trip setting as-found value and the previously recorded as-left value for each Technical Specification required automatic protection instrumentation function shall be trended and evaluated to verify that the instrument channel is functioning in accordance with its design basis.
- e. The SP shall establish a document containing the current value of the specified NTS, AFT, and ALT for each Technical Specification required automatic protection instrumentation function and references to the calculation documentation. Changes to this document shall be governed by the regulatory requirement of 10 CFR 50.59. In addition, changes to the specified NTS, AFT, and ALT values shall be governed by the approved setpoint methodology. This document, including any revisions or supplements, shall be provided upon issuance to the NRC.

5.0 ADMINISTRATIVE CONTROLS

5.6 Reporting Requirements

The following reports shall be submitted in accordance with 10 CFR 50.4.

5.6.1 Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Report

- NOTE -

A single submittal may be made for a multiple unit station. The submittal should combine sections common to all units at the station.

The Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Report covering the operation of the unit during the previous calendar year shall be submitted by May 15 of each year. The report shall include summaries, interpretations, and analyses of trends of the results of the radiological environmental monitoring program for the reporting period. The material provided shall be consistent with the objectives outlined in the Offsite Dose Calculation Manual (ODCM), and in 10 CFR 50, Appendix I, Sections IV.B.2, IV.B.3, and IV.C.

The Annual Radiological Environmental Operating Report shall include the results of analyses of all radiological environmental samples and of all environmental radiation measurements taken during the period pursuant to the locations specified in the table and figures in the ODCM, as well as summarized and tabulated results of these analyses and measurements in the format of the table in the Radiological Assessment Branch Technical Position, Revision 1, November 1979. In the event that some individual results are not available for inclusion with the report, the report shall be submitted noting and explaining the reasons for the missing results. The missing data shall be submitted in a supplementary report as soon as possible.

5.6.2 Radioactive Effluent Release Report

- NOTE -

A single submittal may be made for a multiple unit station.

The Radioactive Effluent Release Report covering the operation of the unit in the previous year shall be submitted prior to May 1 of each year in accordance with 10 CFR 50.36a. The report shall include a summary of the quantities of radioactive liquid and gaseous effluents and solid waste released from the unit. The material provided shall be consistent with the objectives outlined in the ODCM and Process Control Program and in conformance with 10 CFR 50.36a and 10 CFR 50, Appendix I, Section IV.B.1.

5.6.3 <u>CORE OPERATING LIMITS REPORT (COLR)</u>

- a. Core operating limits shall be established prior to each reload cycle, or prior to any remaining portion of a reload cycle, and shall be documented in the COLR for the following:
 - 2.1.1, "Reactor Core SLs":
 - 3.1.1, "SHUTDOWN MARGIN (SDM)";
 - 3.1.3, "Moderator Temperature Coefficient (MTC)";
 - 3.1.5, "Shutdown Bank Insertion Limits";
 - 3.1.6, "Control Bank Insertion Limits":
 - 3.2.1, "Heat Flux Hot Channel Factor $(F_Q(Z))$ (F_Q Methodology)";
 - 3.2.2, "Nuclear Enthalpy Rise Hot Channel Factor $(F_{\Lambda H}^{N})$ ";
 - 3.2.3, "AXIAL FLUX DIFFERENCE (AFD) (Relaxed Axial Offset Control (RAOC) Methodology)";
 - 3.2.5, "On-Line Power Distribution Monitoring System (OPDMS)-Monitored Parameters":
 - 3.3.1, "Reactor Trip System (RTS) Instrumentation";
 - 3.4.1, "RCS Pressure, Temperature, and Flow Departure from Nucleate Boiling (DNB) Limits"; and
 - 3.9.1, "Boron Concentration."
- b. The analytical methods used to determine the core operating limits shall be those previously reviewed and approved by the NRC, specifically those described in the following documents:
 - WCAP-9272-P-A, "Westinghouse Reload Safety Evaluation Methodology," July 1985 (Westinghouse Proprietary) and WCAP-9273-NP-A (Non-Proprietary).

(Methodology for Specifications 3.1.3 - Moderator Temperature Coefficient, 3.1.5 - Shutdown Bank Insertion Limits, 3.1.6 - Control Bank Insertion Limits, 3.2.1 - Heat Flux Hot Channel Factor, 3.2.2 - Nuclear Enthalpy Rise Hot Channel Factor, 3.2.3 - AXIAL FLUX DIFFERENCE, and 3.9.1 - Boron Concentration.)

2a. WCAP-8385, "Power Distribution Control and Load Following Procedures - Topical Report," September 1974 (Westinghouse Proprietary) and WCAP-8403 (Non-Proprietary).

(Methodology for Specification 3.2.3 - AXIAL FLUX DIFFERENCE (Constant Axial Offset Control).)

5.6.3 <u>CORE OPERATING LIMITS REPORT (COLR)</u> (continued)

- 2b. T. M. Anderson to K. Kniel (Chief of Core Performance Branch, NRC)
 January 31, 1980 Attachment: Operation and Safety Analysis Aspects
 of an Improved Load Follow Package.
 - (Methodology for Specification 3.2.3 AXIAL FLUX DIFFERENCE (Constant Axial Offset Control).)
- NUREG-0800, Standard Review Plan, U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Section 4.3, Nuclear Design, July 1981. Branch Technical Position CPB 4.3-1, Westinghouse Constant Axial Offset Control (CAOC), Rev. 2, July 1981.
 - (Methodology for Specification 3.2.3 AXIAL FLUX DIFFERENCE (Constant Axial Offset Control).)
- 3. WCAP-10216-P-A, Revision 1A, "Relaxation of Constant Axial Offset Control FQ Surveillance Technical Specification," February 1994 (Westinghouse Proprietary) and WCAP-10217-A (Non-Proprietary).
 - (Methodology for Specifications 3.2.3 AXIAL FLUX DIFFERENCE (Relaxed Axial Offset Control) and 3.2.1 Heat Flux Hot Channel Factor (W(Z) surveillance requirements for FQ Methodology).)
- 4. WCAP-12945-P-A, Volumes 1-5, "Westinghouse Code Qualification Document for Best Estimate Loss of Coolant Accident Analysis," Revision 2, March 1998 (Westinghouse Proprietary) and WCAP-14747 (Non-Proprietary).
 - (Methodology for Specification 3.2.1 Heat Flux Hot Channel Factor.)
- 5. WCAP-12472-P-A, "BEACON Core Monitoring and Operations Support System," August 1994, Addendum 1, May 1996 (Westinghouse Proprietary), and Addendum 2, March 2001 (Westinghouse Proprietary) and WCAP-12473-A (Non-Proprietary).
 - (Methodology for Specification 3.2.5 OPDMS Monitored Parameters.)
- 6. APP-GW-GLR-137, Revision 1, "Bases of Digital Overpower and Overtemperature Delta-T (ΟΡΔΤ/ΟΤΔΤ) Reactor Trips," Westinghouse Electric Company LLC.
 - (Methodology for Specification 2.1.1 Reactor Core Safety Limits, and 3.3.1 Reactor Trip System (RTS) Instrumentation.)

5.6.3 <u>CORE OPERATING LIMITS REPORT (COLR)</u> (continued)

- c. The core operating limits shall be determined such that all applicable limits (e.g., fuel thermal mechanical limits, core thermal hydraulic limits, Passive Core Cooling Systems limits, nuclear limits such as SDM, transient analysis limits, and accident analysis limits) of the safety analysis are met.
- d. The COLR, including any midcycle revisions or supplements, shall be provided upon issuance for each reload cycle to the NRC.

5.6.4 Reactor Coolant System (RCS) PRESSURE AND TEMPERATURE LIMITS REPORT (PTLR)

- a. RCS pressure and temperature limits for heat up, cooldown, low temperature operation, criticality, and hydrostatic testing as well as heatup and cooldown rates shall be established and documented in the PTLR for the following:
 - 3.4.3, "RCS Pressure and Temperature (P/T) Limits"; and 3.4.14, "Low Temperature Overpressure Protection (LTOP)."
- b. The analytical methods used to determine the RCS pressure and temperature limits shall be those previously reviewed and approved by the NRC, specifically those described in the following document:
 - WCAP-14040-A, "Methodology Used to Develop Cold Overpressure Mitigating System Setpoints and RCS Heatup and Cooldown Limit Curves." (Limits for LCO 3.4.3 and LCO 3.4.14).
- c. The PTLR shall be provided to the NRC upon issuance for each reactor vessel fluency period and for any revision or supplement thereto.

5.6.5 Post Accident Monitoring Report

When a report is required by Condition B of LCO 3.3.17, "Post Accident Monitoring (PAM) Instrumentation," a report shall be submitted within the following 14 days. The report shall outline the preplanned alternate method of monitoring, the cause of the inoperability, and the plans and schedule for restoring the instrumentation channels of the Function to OPERABLE status.

5.6.6 <u>Steam Generator Tube Inspection Report</u>

A report shall be submitted within 180 days after the initial entry into MODE 4 following completion of an inspection performed in accordance with the Specification 5.5.4, "Steam Generator (SG) Program." The report shall include:

- a. The scope of inspections performed on each SG,
- b. Active degradation mechanisms found,
- c. Nondestructive examination techniques utilized for each degradation mechanism.
- d. Location, orientation (if linear), and measured sizes (if available) of service induced indications.
- e. Number of tubes plugged during the inspection outage for each active degradation mechanism,
- f. Total number and percentage of tubes plugged to date,
- g. The results of condition monitoring, including the results of tube pulls and insitu testing, and
- The effective plugging percentage for all plugging in each SG.