Figures to Support Conference Call with NRC for RAI 2.5.1-8

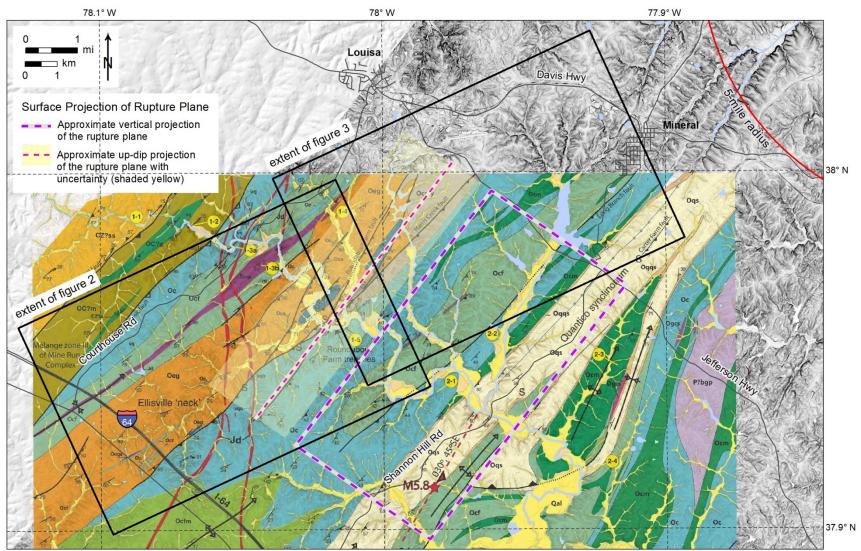
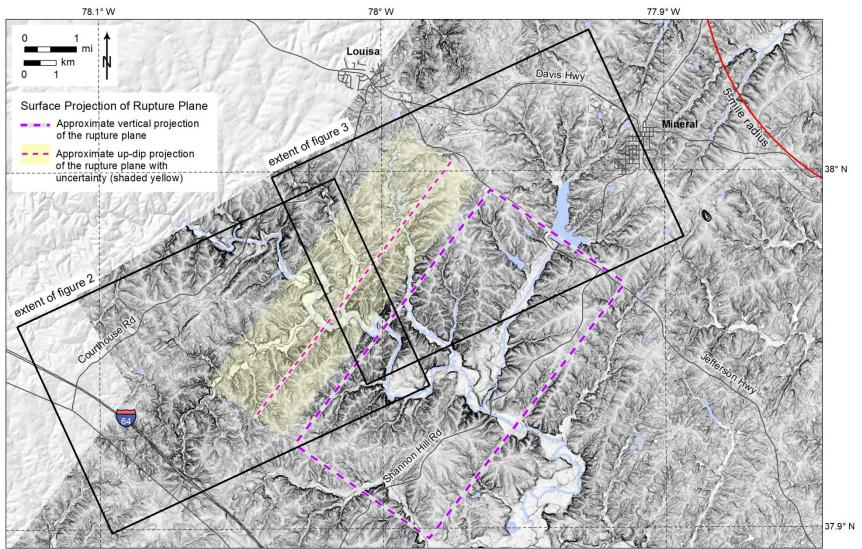


Figure 1A. Geologic mapping by Burton et al. (2014) covering the epicentral region of the 2011 Mineral earthquake.

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**Figure 1B**. Slope map of the epicentral region of the 2011 Mineral earthquake. Slope map saturates angles greater than 15° in black, with progressively shallower slope angles corresponding to progressively lighter shades of gray, and 0° slope angles in white.

Figures to Support Conference Call with NRC for RAI 2.5.1-8

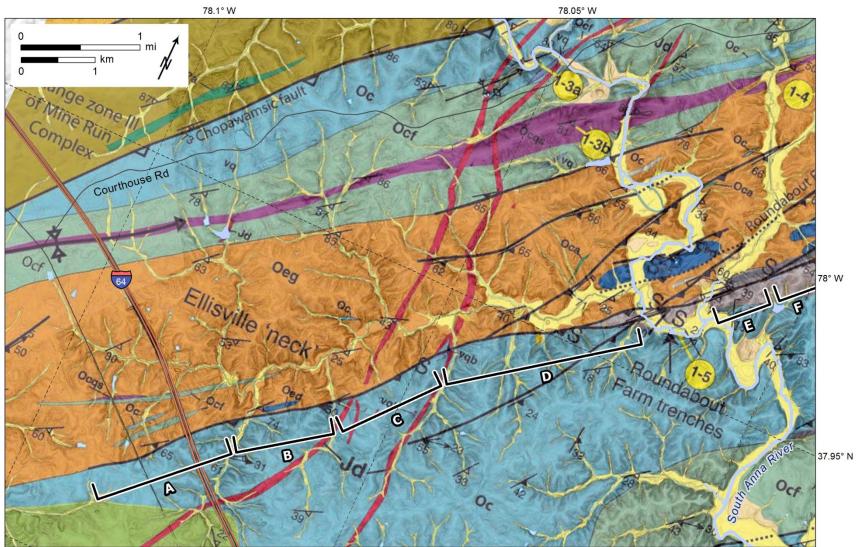


Figure 2A. Geologic map of the southwestern Harris Creek fault. Brackets depict locations discussed in the text.

Figures to Support Conference Call with NRC for RAI 2.5.1-8

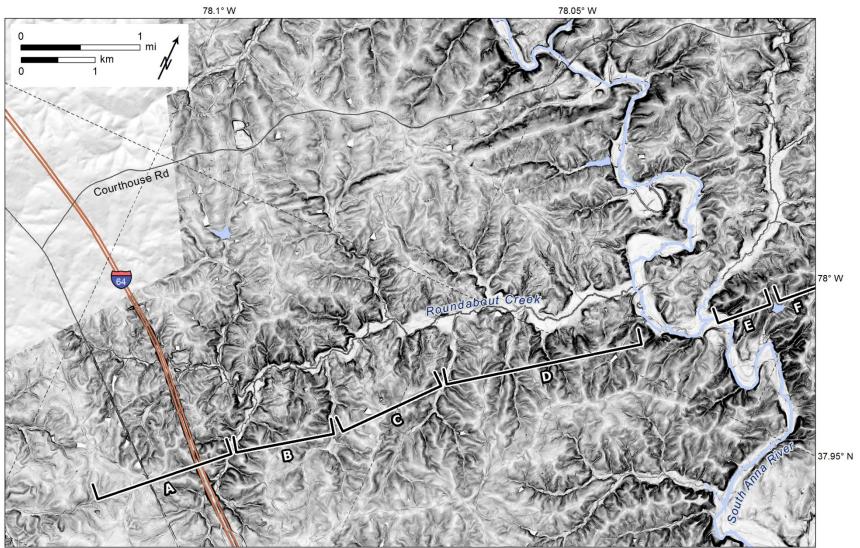


Figure 2B. Slope map (as described in Figure 1B) of the southwestern Harris Creek fault. Brackets depict locations discussed in the text.

Figures to Support Conference Call with NRC for RAI 2.5.1-8

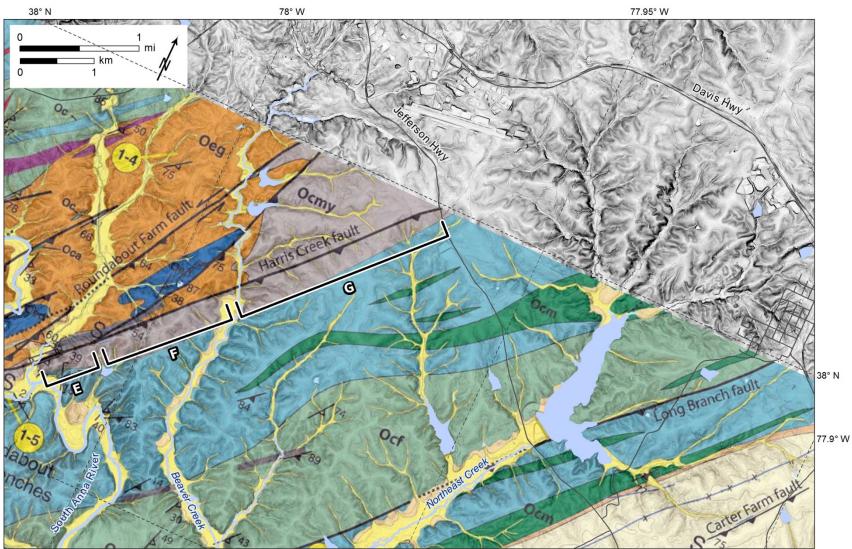


Figure 3A. Geologic map of the northeastern Harris Creek fault. Brackets depict locations discussed in the text.

Preliminary / Draft – For discussion purposes only.

Figures to Support Conference Call with NRC for RAI 2.5.1-8

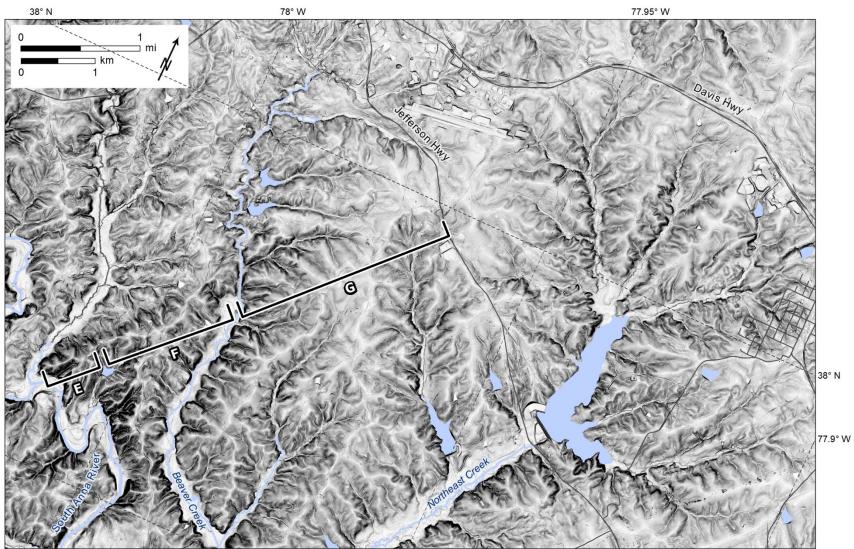
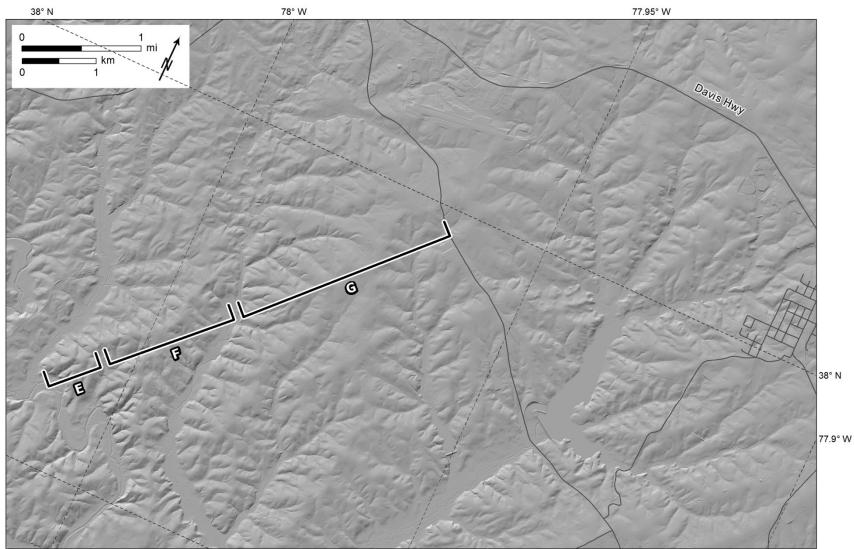


Figure 3B. Slope map (as described in Figure 1B) of the northeastern Harris Creek fault. Brackets depict locations discussed in the text.

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**Figure 3C**. Hillshade map of the northeastern Harris Creek fault. This hillshade is illuminated with a sun azimuth of 315°, sun angle of 40°, and no vertical exaggeration. Brackets depict locations discussed in the text.