

- d. If one residual heat exchanger becomes inoperable during normal reactor operation, the reactor may remain in operation for a period not to exceed 24 hours.
- e. If any one flow path including valves of the safety injection or residual heat removal system is found to be inoperable during normal reactor operation, the reactor may remain in operation for a period not to exceed 24 hours, provided the other flow path(s) are demonstrated to be operable prior to initiating repairs. The hot leg injection paths of the Safety Injection System, including valves, are not subject to the requirements of this specification.
- f. If the boron concentration in the boron injection tank falls below 20,000 ppm, and is greater than 15,000 ppm, the reactor may remain in operation for a period not to exceed 24 hours. If the concentration is less than 15,000 ppm, the reactor will be placed in the cold shutdown condition utilizing normal operating procedures.
- g. Power or air supply may be restored to any valve referenced in 3.3.1.1.h. and 3.3.1.1.i. for the purpose of valve testing or maintenance providing no more than one valve has power restored and provided that testing and maintenance is completed and power removed within 24 hours except for accumulator isolation valves (MOV 865 A,B,&C) which will have this time period limited to four hours.
- h. One channel of heat tracing may be out of service for 24 hours.

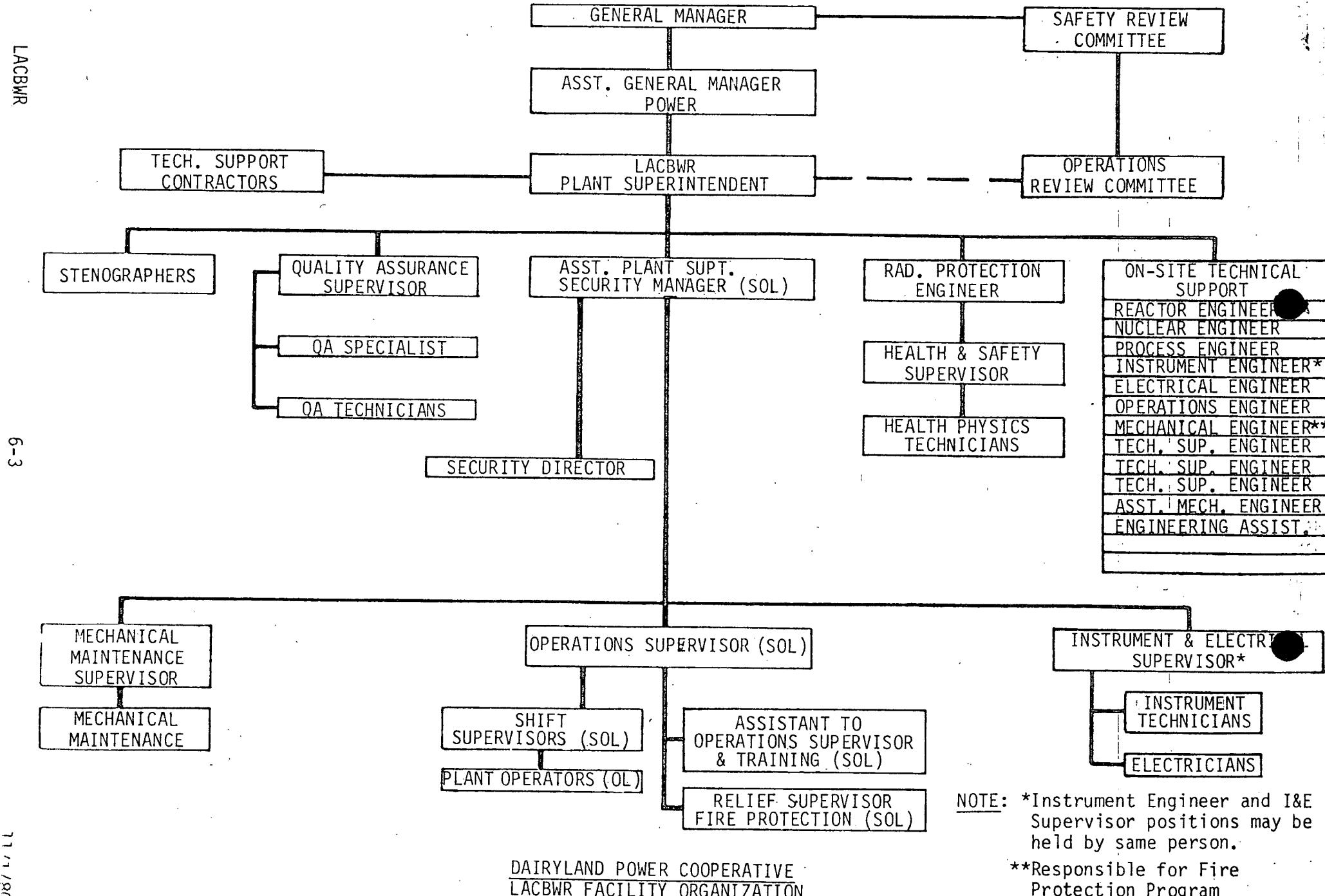


FIGURE 6.2.2-1