



UNITED STATES
NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20555-0001

July 1, 2014

Mr. Adam C. Heflin
President, Chief Executive Officer,
and Chief Nuclear Officer
Wolf Creek Nuclear Operating Corporation
P.O. Box 411
Burlington, KS 66839

SUBJECT: WOLF CREEK GENERATING STATION - ISSUANCE OF AMENDMENT RE:
ADOPT TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS TASK FORCE (TSTF) TRAVELER
TSTF-522, REVISION 0, "REVISE VENTILATION SYSTEM SURVEILLANCE
REQUIREMENTS TO OPERATE FOR 10 HOURS PER MONTH" (TAC NO.
MF3243)

Dear Mr. Heflin:

The U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC, the Commission) has issued the enclosed Amendment No. 208 to Renewed Facility Operating License No. NPF-42 for the Wolf Creek Generating Station. The amendment consists of changes to the Technical Specifications (TSs) in response to your application dated December 17, 2013.

The amendment revises TS Surveillance Requirement (SR) 3.7.10.1 and SR 3.7.13.1 to reduce the required run time for periodic operation of the control room pressurization system filter trains and emergency exhaust system filter trains, with heaters on, from 10 hours to 15 minutes. The amendment is consistent with plant-specific options provided in the NRC's model safety evaluation in Technical Specifications Task Force (TSTF) Traveler TSTF-522, Revision 0, "Revise Ventilation System Surveillance Requirements to Operate for 10 hours per Month," as part of the consolidated line item improvement process.

A. Heflin

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A copy of our related Safety Evaluation is enclosed. The Notice of Issuance will be included in the Commission's next biweekly *Federal Register* notice.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "C. Lyon".

Carl F. Lyon, Project Manager
Plant Licensing Branch IV-1
Division of Operating Reactor Licensing
Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation

Docket No. 50-482

Enclosures:

1. Amendment No. 208 to NPF-42
2. Safety Evaluation

cc w/encls: Distribution via Listserv



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WOLF CREEK NUCLEAR OPERATING CORPORATION

WOLF CREEK GENERATING STATION

DOCKET NO. 50-482

AMENDMENT TO RENEWED FACILITY OPERATING LICENSE

Amendment No. 208
License No. NPF-42

1. The Nuclear Regulatory Commission (the Commission) has found that:
 - A. The application for amendment to the Wolf Creek Generating Station (the facility) Renewed Facility Operating License No. NPF-42 filed by the Wolf Creek Nuclear Operating Corporation (the Corporation), dated December 17, 2013, complies with the standards and requirements of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended (the Act), and the Commission's rules and regulations set forth in 10 CFR Chapter I;
 - B. The facility will operate in conformity with the application, as amended, the provisions of the Act, and the rules and regulations of the Commission;
 - C. There is reasonable assurance (i) that the activities authorized by this amendment can be conducted without endangering the health and safety of the public, and (ii) that such activities will be conducted in compliance with the Commission's regulations;
 - D. The issuance of this license amendment will not be inimical to the common defense and security or to the health and safety of the public; and
 - E. The issuance of this amendment is in accordance with 10 CFR Part 51 of the Commission's regulations and all applicable requirements have been satisfied.

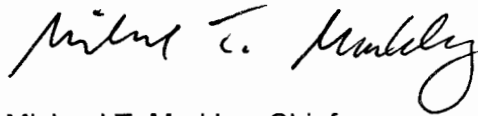
2. Accordingly, the license is amended by changes to the Technical Specifications as indicated in the attachment to this license amendment and Paragraph 2.C.(2) of Renewed Facility Operating License No. NPF-42 is hereby amended to read as follows:

- (2) Technical Specifications and Environmental Protection Plan

The Technical Specifications contained in Appendix A, as revised through Amendment No. 208, and the Environmental Protection Plan contained in Appendix B, both of which are attached hereto, are hereby incorporated in the license. The Corporation shall operate the facility in accordance with the Technical Specifications and the Environmental Protection Plan.

3. The license amendment is effective as of its date of issuance and shall be implemented within 90 days of the date of issuance.

FOR THE NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION



Michael T. Markley, Chief
Plant Licensing Branch IV-1
Division of Operating Reactor Licensing
Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation

Attachment:
Changes to the Renewed Facility
Operating License and
Technical Specifications

Date of Issuance: July 1, 2014

ATTACHMENT TO LICENSE AMENDMENT NO. 208

RENEWED FACILITY OPERATING LICENSE NO. NPF-42

DOCKET NO. 50-482

Replace the following pages of the Renewed Facility Operating License No. NPF-42 and Appendix A, Technical Specifications, with the attached revised pages. The revised pages are identified by amendment number and contain marginal lines indicating the areas of change.

Renewed Facility Operating License

REMOVE

INSERT

4

4

Technical Specifications

REMOVE

INSERT

3.7-28

3.7-28

3.7-35

3.7-35

- (5) The Operating Corporation, pursuant to the Act and 10 CFR Parts 30, 40 and 70, to receive, possess, and use in amounts as required any byproduct, source or special nuclear material without restriction to chemical or physical form, for sample analysis or instrument calibration or associated with radioactive apparatus or components; and
 - (6) The Operating Corporation, pursuant to the Act and 10 CFR Parts 30, 40 and 70, to possess, but not separate, such byproduct and special nuclear materials as may be produced by the operation of the facility.
- C. This renewed operating license shall be deemed to contain and is subject to the conditions specified in the Commission's regulations in 10 CFR Chapter I and is subject to all applicable provisions of the Act and to the rules, regulations, and orders of the Commission, now or hereafter in effect; and is subject to the additional conditions specified or incorporated below:
- (1) Maximum Power Level

The Operating Corporation is authorized to operate the facility at reactor core power levels not in excess of 3565 megawatts thermal (100% power) in accordance with the conditions specified herein.
 - (2) Technical Specifications and Environmental Protection Plan

The Technical Specifications contained in Appendix A, as revised through Amendment No. 208, and the Environmental Protection Plan contained in Appendix B, both of which are attached hereto, are hereby incorporated in the license. The Corporation shall operate the facility in accordance with the Technical Specifications and the Environmental Protection Plan.
 - (3) Antitrust Conditions

Kansas Gas & Electric Company and Kansas City Power & Light Company shall comply with the antitrust conditions delineated in Appendix C to this license.
 - (4) Environmental Qualification (Section 3.11, SSER #4, Section 3.11, SSER #5)*

Deleted per Amendment No. 141.

*The parenthetical notation following the title of many license conditions denotes the section of the supporting Safety Evaluation Report and/or its supplements wherein the license condition is discussed.

ACTIONS (continued)

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
F. Two CREVS trains inoperable in MODE 1, 2, 3, or 4 for reasons other than Condition B.	F.1 Enter LCO 3.0.3.	Immediately

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
SR 3.7.10.1 Operate each CREVS train pressurization filter unit for ≥ 15 continuous minutes with the heaters operating and each CREVS train filtration filter unit for ≥ 15 continuous minutes.	31 days
SR 3.7.10.2 Perform required CREVS filter testing in accordance with the Ventilation Filter Testing Program (VFTP).	In accordance with the VFTP
SR 3.7.10.3 Verify each CREVS train actuates on an actual or simulated actuation signal.	18 months
SR 3.7.10.4 Perform required unfiltered air inleakage testing of the CRE and CBE boundaries in accordance with the Control Room Envelope Habitability Program.	In accordance with the Control Room Habitability Program

ACTIONS (continued)

CONDITION	REQUIRED ACTION	COMPLETION TIME
<p>F. Required Action and associated Completion Time of Condition E not met.</p> <p><u>OR</u></p> <p>Two EES trains inoperable during movement of irradiated fuel assemblies in the fuel building for reasons other than Condition E.</p>	<p>F.1 Suspend movement of irradiated fuel assemblies in the fuel building.</p>	<p>Immediately</p>

SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

SURVEILLANCE	FREQUENCY
<p>SR 3.7.13.1 Operate each EES train for ≥ 15 continuous minutes with the heaters operating.</p>	<p>31 days</p>
<p>SR 3.7.13.2 Perform required EES filter testing in accordance with the Ventilation Filter Testing Program (VFTP).</p>	<p>In accordance with the VFTP</p>
<p>SR 3.7.13.3 Verify each EES train actuates on an actual or simulated actuation signal.</p>	<p>18 months</p>

(continued)



UNITED STATES
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SAFETY EVALUATION BY THE OFFICE OF NUCLEAR REACTOR REGULATION

RELATED TO AMENDMENT NO. 208 TO

RENEWED FACILITY OPERATING LICENSE NO. NPF-42

WOLF CREEK NUCLEAR OPERATING CORPORATION

WOLF CREEK GENERATING STATION

DOCKET NO. 50-482

1.0 INTRODUCTION

By letter dated December 17, 2013 (Agencywide Documents Access and Management System (ADAMS) Accession No. ML13358A238), Wolf Creek Nuclear Operating Corporation (the licensee), submitted a request to revise the Technical Specifications (TSs) for the Wolf Creek Generating Station (WCGS). Specifically, the licensee requested to adopt U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC)-approved Technical Specifications Task Force (TSTF) Traveler TSTF-522, Revision 0, "Revise Ventilation System Surveillance Requirements to Operate for 10 hours per Month" (ADAMS Accession No. ML100890316), dated March 30, 2010.

The proposed change would revise TS Surveillance Requirements (SRs), which currently require operating each of the pressurization filter units of the Control Room Emergency Ventilation System (CREVS) trains and each Emergency Exhaust System (EES) train for at least 10 continuous hours, with the heaters operating at a frequency of 31 days. The SRs would be changed to require at least 15 continuous minutes of system operation, with the heaters operating at a frequency of 31 days.

Specifically, the licensee proposes to change TS 3.7.10, "Control Room Emergency Ventilation System (CREVS)," and TS 3.7.13, "Emergency Exhaust System (EES)." In particular, SR 3.7.10.1 and SR 3.7.13.1, which currently require operating the respective systems for at least 10 continuous hours with heaters operating at a frequency of 31 days, would be changed to require at least 15 continuous minutes of ventilation system operation at a frequency of 31 days.

The licensee stated that the license amendment request is consistent with NRC-approved TSTF-522. The availability of this TS improvement was announced in the *Federal Register* on September 20, 2012 (77 FR 58421), as part of the consolidated line item improvement process.

2.0 REGULATORY EVALUATION

One of the reasons air filtration and adsorption systems are required at nuclear power plants is to lower the concentration of airborne radioactive material that may be released from the site to the environment due to a design basis event. Lowering the concentration of airborne radioactive materials can mitigate doses to plant operators and members of the public in the event of a design basis event. A typical system consists of ventilation ductwork, fans, dampers, valves, instrumentation, prefilters or demisters, high-efficiency particulate air (HEPA) filters, heaters, and activated charcoal adsorbers. These systems are tested by operating the systems and monitoring the response of the overall system as well as individual components. Laboratory tests of charcoal adsorbers are also performed to ensure the charcoal adsorbs an acceptable amount of radioactive gasses.

Current testing requirements for the air filtration and adsorption systems state that the systems should be operated for at least 10 continuous hours with heaters operating at a frequency of 31 days. These requirements are based on original NRC staff guidance for testing air filtration and adsorption systems that has been superseded. The current NRC staff guidance states that at least 15 continuous minutes of ventilation system operation with heaters operating every 31 days is acceptable for those plants that test ventilation system adsorption at a relative humidity of less than 95 percent.

The licensee proposed revising its SRs, which currently require operating the ventilation systems for at least 10 continuous hours with the heaters operating at a frequency of 31 days, to require at least 15 continuous minutes of ventilation system operation at a frequency of 31 days.

The regulatory requirements for the design and testing of these systems are contained in Title 10 of the *Code of Federal Regulations* (10 CFR) Section 50.67, "Accident source term," and Part 100, "Reactor Site Criteria," as well as 10 CFR Part 50, Appendix A, "General Design Criteria for Nuclear Power Plants," General Design Criteria 19, 41, 42, 43, and 61.

NRC Regulatory Guide (RG) 1.52, Revision 2, "Design, Testing, and Maintenance Criteria for Post Accident Engineered-Safety-Feature Atmosphere Cleanup System Air Filtration and Adsorption Units of Light-Water-Cooled Nuclear Power Plants" (ADAMS Accession No. ML003740139) was published in March 1978. RG 1.52, Revision 2 provided guidance and criteria acceptable to the NRC staff for licensees to implement the regulations in 10 CFR related to air filtration and adsorption systems.

Regulatory Position 4.d of RG 1.52, Revision 2 states that

Each ESF [engineered safety feature] atmosphere cleanup train should be operated at least 10 hours per month, with the heaters on (if so equipped), in order to reduce the buildup of moisture on the adsorbers and HEPA filters.

The purpose of this position is to minimize the moisture content in the system and thereby enhance efficiency in the event the system is called upon to perform its design basis function. Testing requirements for air filtration and adsorption systems currently require operating the heaters in the respective ventilation and filtering systems for at least 10 continuous hours every

31 days. The current Standard TS (STS) Bases explain that operation of heaters for 10 hours would eliminate moisture on the charcoal adsorbers and HEPA filters.

Following subsequent industry experience and testing, the NRC staff learned that 10 continuous hours of system operation would dry out the charcoal adsorber for a brief period of time but, following heater de-energization, the level of moisture accumulation in adsorbers would rapidly return to the pre-test level. The NRC staff found this information persuasive and subsequently issued NRC Generic Letter (GL) 99-02: "Laboratory Testing of Nuclear-Grade Activated Charcoal," dated June 3, 1999 (ADAMS Accession No. ML082350935 and errata sheet dated August 23, 1999, at ADAMS Accession No. ML031110094). GL 99-02 requested licensees to confirm that their charcoal testing protocols accurately reflected the adsorber gaseous activity capture capability. GL 99-02 also requested licensees to account for the effects of moisture accumulation in adsorbers.

As a result, the NRC staff updated RG 1.52 in June 2001 to include the new information (ADAMS Accession No. ML011710176). RG 1.52, Revision 3, Regulatory Position 6.1 states, that

Each ESF atmosphere cleanup train should be operated continuously for at least 15 minutes each month, with the heaters on (if so equipped), to justify the operability of the system and all its components.

One of the reasons for the previous 10-hour requirement for ventilation system operation with heaters operating was to minimize the effects of moisture on the adsorber's ability to capture gaseous activity. However, these effects are already accounted for in the Ventilation Filter Testing Program (VFTP). WCGS TS 5.5.11, "Ventilation Filter Testing Program (VFTP)," requires testing charcoal adsorbers in a manner to account for the effects of moisture on the adsorber's ability to capture gaseous activity. Therefore, the licensee proposed to remove the 10-hour requirement for ventilation system operation with heaters operating from SR 3.7.10.1 and SR 3.7.13.1.

The NRC's regulatory requirements related to the content of the TS are contained in 10 CFR 50.36. The regulations at 10 CFR 50.36 require that the TS include items in the following categories: (1) safety limits, limiting safety system settings, and limiting control settings; (2) limiting conditions for operation (LCOs); (3) SRs; (4) design features; and (5) administrative controls. SRs are requirements relating to test, calibration, or inspection to assure that the necessary quality of systems and components is maintained, that facility operation will be within safety limits, and that the LCOs will be met.

The NRC's guidance for the format and content of the STS applicable to WCGS can be found in NUREG-1431, "Standard Technical Specifications - Westinghouse Plants."

3.0 TECHNICAL EVALUATION

3.1 Proposed TS Changes

Current SR 3.7.10.1 states:

Operate each CREVS train pressurization filter unit for ≥ 10 continuous hours with the heaters operating and each CREVS train filtration filter unit for ≥ 15 minutes.

Revised SR 3.7.10.1 would state:

Operate each CREVS train pressurization filter unit for ≥ 15 continuous minutes with the heaters operating and each CREVS train filtration filter unit for ≥ 15 continuous minutes.

Current SR 3.7.13.1 states:

Operate each EES train for ≥ 10 continuous hours with the heaters operating.

Revised SR 3.7.13.1 would state:

Operate each EES train for ≥ 15 continuous minutes with the heaters operating.

3.2 NRC Staff Evaluation

The NRC staff evaluated the licensee's proposed changes against the applicable regulatory guidance in RG 1.52, Revision 3, guidance in the STS as modified by TSTF-522, and the regulatory requirements of 10 CFR 50.36.

The NRC staff evaluated the licensee's proposed changes against the applicable regulatory guidance in RG 1.52, Revision 3, which states that each ESF atmosphere cleanup train should be operated continuously for at least 15 minutes with heaters on. The proposed change would require at least 15 minutes of CREVS and EES operation with the heaters operating. Therefore, the NRC staff concludes that the proposed changes are consistent with the guidance in RG 1.52, Revision 3.

The NRC staff evaluated the licensee's proposed changes against the applicable regulatory guidance in the STS, as modified by TSTF-522. The proposed changes adopt the TS format and content, to the extent practicable, contained in the changes made to NUREG-1431, "Standard Technical Specifications - Westinghouse Plants" by TSTF-522. Therefore, the NRC staff concludes that the proposed changes are consistent with guidance in the STS, as modified by TSTF-522.

The NRC staff compared the proposed changes to the existing SRs, as well as the regulatory requirements of 10 CFR 50.36. The existing SRs provide assurance that the necessary quality of ventilation systems and components will be maintained and that the LCOs will be met. The proposed changes reduce the amount of required system operational time from 10 hours to

15 minutes. The 10-hour operational requirement for heaters was based on using the SRs to eliminate moisture in the adsorbers and thus ensure that the adsorbers would capture gaseous activity. As discussed in Section 2.0 of this safety evaluation, the effects of moisture on the adsorber's ability to capture gaseous activity are now accounted for in the licensee's VFTP. Since the SRs are no longer relied upon to ensure that the effects of moisture on the adsorber's ability to capture gaseous activity are accounted for, the 10-hour heater operational requirement is unnecessary. The NRC staff found that reducing the required minimum system operation time to 15 minutes, consistent with RG 1.52, Revision 3, in conjunction with the VFTP, is sufficient to justify operability of the system and all its components. The NRC staff concludes that the proposed SRs meet the regulatory requirements of 10 CFR 50.36 because they provide assurance that the necessary quality of ventilation systems and components will be maintained and that the LCOs will be met. Therefore, the NRC staff concludes that the proposed changes are acceptable.

The regulation at 10 CFR 50.36 states: "A summary statement of the bases or reasons for such specifications ... shall also be included in the application, but shall not become part of the technical specifications." The licensee may make changes to the TS Bases without prior NRC staff review and approval in accordance with TS 5.5.14, "Technical Specifications (TS) Bases Control Program." Accordingly, along with the proposed TS changes, the licensee also submitted TS Bases changes corresponding to the proposed TS changes. The NRC staff determined that these TS Bases changes are consistent with the proposed TS changes and provide the purpose for each requirement in the specification consistent with the Commission's "Final Policy Statement on Technical Specifications Improvements for Nuclear Power Reactors," dated July 22, 1993 (58 FR 39132).

4.0 STATE CONSULTATION

In accordance with the Commission's regulations, the Kansas State official was notified of the proposed issuance of the amendment. The State official had no comments.

5.0 ENVIRONMENTAL CONSIDERATION

The amendment changes requirements with respect to the installation or use of facility components located within the restricted area as defined in 10 CFR Part 20 or changes to surveillance requirements. The NRC staff has determined that the amendment involves no significant increase in the amounts, and no significant change in the types, of any effluents that may be released offsite, and that there is no significant increase in individual or cumulative occupational radiation exposure. The Commission has previously issued a proposed finding that the amendment involves no significant hazards consideration, and there has been no public comment on such finding published in the *Federal Register* on March 18, 2014 (79 FR 15151). Accordingly, the amendment meets the eligibility criteria for categorical exclusion set forth in 10 CFR 51.22(c)(9). Pursuant to 10 CFR 51.22(b), no environmental impact statement or environmental assessment need be prepared in connection with the issuance of the amendment.

6.0 CONCLUSION

The Commission has concluded, based on the considerations discussed above, that: (1) there is reasonable assurance that the health and safety of the public will not be endangered by operation in the proposed manner, (2) there is reasonable assurance that such activities will be conducted in compliance with the Commission's regulations, and (3) the issuance of the amendment will not be inimical to the common defense and security or to the health and safety of the public.

Principal Contributor: M. Hamm, NRR/DSS/STSB

Date: July 1, 2014

A. Heflin

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A copy of our related Safety Evaluation is enclosed. The Notice of Issuance will be included in the Commission's next biweekly *Federal Register* notice.

Sincerely,

/RA/

Carl F. Lyon, Project Manager
Plant Licensing Branch IV-1
Division of Operating Reactor Licensing
Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation

Docket No. 50-482

Enclosures:

1. Amendment No. 208 to NPF-42
2. Safety Evaluation

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MHamm, NRR/DSS/STSB

ADAMS Accession No.: ML14157A082

***via memo dated May 28, 2014**

OFFICE	NRR/DORL/LPL4-1/PM	NRR/DORL/LPL4-1/LA	NRR/DSS/STSB/BC*
NAME	FLyon	JBurkhardt	RElliott
DATE	7/1/14	6/17/14	5/28/14
OFFICE	OGC	NRR/DORL/LPL4-1/BC	NRR/DORL/LPL4-1/PM
NAME	JWachutka	MMarkley	FLyon
DATE	6/25/14	7/1/14	7/1/14

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