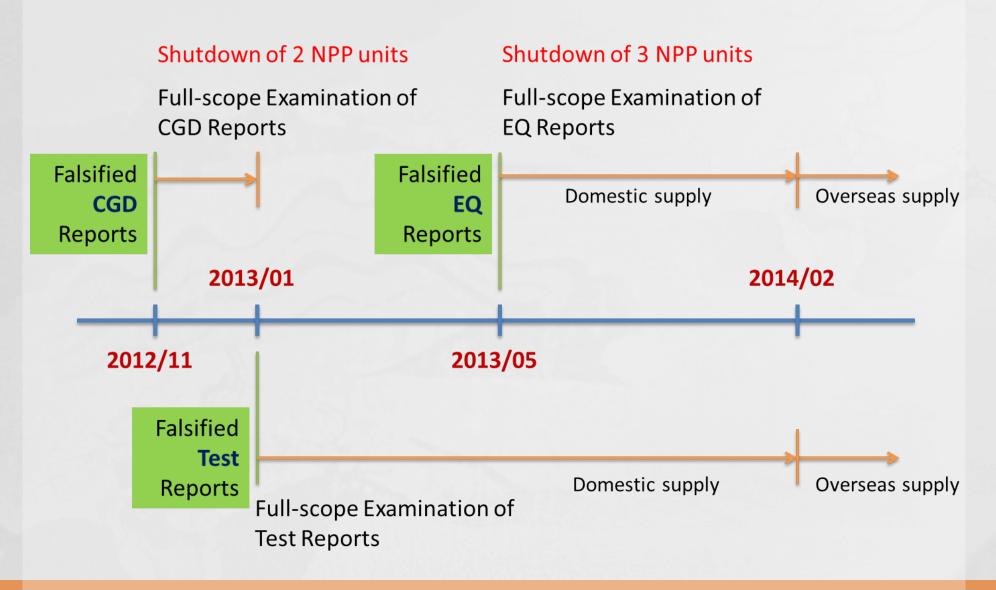
Korean Industry Perspective on CFSIs - Regulatory Consideration -

Presented at the NRC Workshop on Vendor Oversight Portland, Oregon / 12 June 2014

CHANG, Hyunsop

Korea Institute of Nuclear Safety

Recent Experience on CFSIs in Korea



CFSI Experience - Regulatory Actions

Issuance of Regulatory Orders

- Actions taken after a series of anonymous reports
- Licensees to examine all the relevant quality verification documents (QVDs) submitted by vendors/suppliers
- For all NPPs in operation and under construction

Review of Licensees' Examination Results

Independent verification with sampled QVDs

Approval of Corrective Actions

- For items supplied with forged/untraceable QVDs
- Review of licensee's functionality assessment, operability determination, and corrective actions

Procedure for QVD Examination

- Inter-organizational agreement on examination
 - National Board of Audit & Inspection
 - Regulatory bodies (NSSC, KINS)
 - Licensee (KHNP)
- Procedure development based on the agreement
- Contents of the procedure
 - Examination scope and methods
 - Proceeding of examination : 3 steps
 - Interaction between licensee and regulator

Scope/Methods of Examination

| | | Test reports | EQ reports |
|------------------|----------------------------|--|--|
| Target Period | Operating Units | - Recent 10 years (2003-2012) | - Since domestic EQ test started (1996-2012) |
| | New Builds | - Whole construction period | - Whole construction period |
| Priorities | | Issued by domestic testing entities (priority #1) Issued by foreign testing entities and submitted by domestic suppliers (#2) Issued by foreign testing entities and submitted by foreign suppliers (#3) | Issued by domestic EQ entities (priority #1) Issued by foreign EQ entities and supplied by domestic suppliers (#2) Issued by foreign EQ entities and submitted by foreign suppliers (#2) |
| Methods | Domestic Testing Entity | - Visit testing entities | - Compare with raw test data or other test evidence |
| | Overseas Testing Entity | - Letters, E-mails, or Visit entities | Inquiry of EQ entities by letters, E-mails, or Compare with original reports sent by EQ entities |

3 Steps / Licensee-Regulator Interaction

Licensee

Full QVD packages

STEP 1

 List of QVDs (to be examined)

Regulator

Independent verification with sampled QVD packages



Inquiry of testing entity about the issuance of QVD (whole QVDs)

STEP 2

 Examination of Listed QVDs Independent inquiry with sampled QVDs



Action plan for QVDs, identified as "falsified"/"untraceable"

STEP 3

- Functionality Assessments
- Operability Determinations
- Corrective Actions

Review of licensee's assessments, approval/monitoring of corrective action

Examination Results

Domestic supply

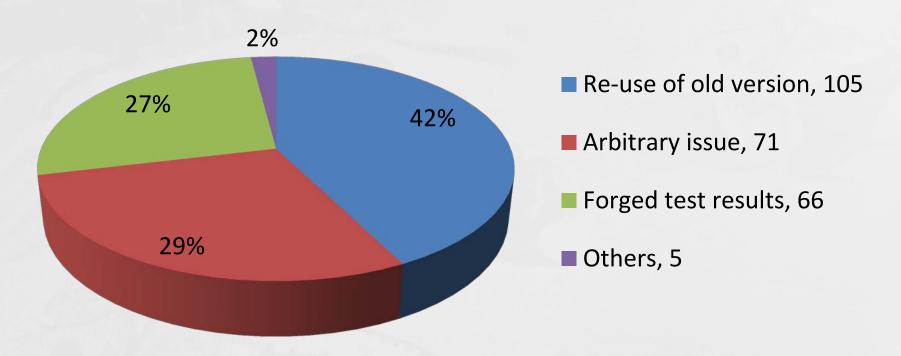
| | | Total reports examined | Identified as "falsified" | Identified as "untraceable" |
|--------------|-----------------|------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Test reports | Operating Units | 21,681 (100%) | 247 (1.1%) | 408 (1.9%) |
| | New | 268,302 | 1,867 | 3,000 |
| | Builds | (100%) | (0.7%) | (1.1%) |
| EQ | Operating Units | 1,031 | 30 | 7 |
| reports | | (100%) | (2.9%) | (0.7%) |
| | New | 1,668 | 32 | 46 |
| | Builds | (100%) | (1.9%) | (2.8%) |

Overseas supply

Under examination since Feb. 2014

Types of Falsification

Among 247 test reports identified as "falsified"



Vulnerabilities of Regulatory Oversight

- Lack of awareness of / preparedness for CFSI issue
 - Little prior knowledge/experience about CFSI issue
 - Ignorance of international alert signals
- Loose regulatory involvement for supply chain integrity
 - Regulatory oversight focused on licensee's own activities
 - Licensee, suffering from the lack of resource, incapable of paying enough attention to supply chain oversight
- Little attention to the safety culture
 - Insensitive to safety culture deterioration and complacency
 - Negligence of market practices adverse to safety and quality (e.g., procurement by the lowest-price bidding system)

Measures to Enhance CFSI Control

- Encouraging the anonymous-reporting / whistleblowing
 - An "nuclear safety ombudsman" in the regulatory body
 - New legal provision to guarantee an incentive to whistleblower (reward / alleviation of responsibility)
- Strengthening oversight on CFSIs and nuclear supply chain
 - CFSI attributes into the inspection of licensees/vendors
 - Introduction of "vendor inspection" & "non-compliance reporting"
- Promoting nuclear safety culture
 - Safety culture attributes into the inspection of licensees/vendors
 - Development of a regulatory guide/a monitoring manual
- Enhancing international collaboration (MDEP-VICWG, Bilateral)