NRC FORM 618
(8-2000)
10 CFR 71

U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE
FOR RADIOACTIVE MATERIAL PACKAGES

1. a. CERTIFICATE NUMBER	b. REVISION NUMBER	c. DOCKET NUMBER	d. PACKAGE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER	PAGE	PAGES
9325	1	71-9325	USA/9325/B(U)F-96	1 OF	6

2. PREAMBLE

a. This certificate is issued to certify that the package (packaging and contents) described in Item 5 below meets the applicable safety standards set forth in Title 10, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 71, "Packaging and Transportation of Radioactive Material."

b. This certificate does not relieve the consignor from compliance with any requirement of the regulations of the U.S. Department of Transportation or other applicable regulatory agencies, including the government of any country through or into which the package will be transported.

3. THIS CERTIFICATE IS ISSUED ON THE BASIS OF A SAFETY ANALYSIS REPORT OF THE PACKAGE DESIGN OR APPLICATION

a. ISSUED TO *(Name and Address)*

Holtec International
One Holtec Drive
Marlton, NJ 08053

b. TITLE AND IDENTIFICATION OF REPORT OR APPLICATION

Holtec International Report No. HI-2073681,*Safety Analysis Report on the HI-STAR 180 Package,* Revision No. 6, dated April 21, 2014.

4. CONDITIONS

This certificate is conditional upon fulfilling the requirements of 10 CFR Part 71, as applicable, and the conditions specified below.

5.

(a) Packaging

(1) Model No.: HI-STAR 180

(2) Description

The HI-STAR 180 package is designed for transportation of undamaged irradiated Uranium Oxide (UO_2) and Mixed Oxide (MOX) fuel assemblies. The fuel basket provides criticality control and the packaging body provides the containment boundary, helium retention boundary, moderator exclusion barrier, gamma and neutron radiation shielding, and heat rejection capability. The outer diameter of the HI-STAR 180 packaging is approximately 2700 mm without impact limiters and approximately 3250 mm with impact limiters. The maximum gross weight of the loaded HI-STAR 180 package is 140 Metric Tons.

Fuel Basket

Metamic-HT, a metal matrix composite of aluminum and boron carbide, is the principal constituent material of the fuel basket, both as structural material and neutron absorber material. Two interchangeable fuel basket models, designated F-32 and F-37, contain either 32 or 37 Pressurized Water Reactor (PWR) fuel assemblies respectively, in regionalized and uniform loading patterns. The fuel basket features a honeycomb structure and flux traps between some but not all cells.

5.(a)(2) Description (continued)

Packaging Body

The cylindrical steel shell containment system is welded to a bottom steel baseplate and a top steel forging machined to receive two independent steel closure lids, with each lid being individually designated as a containment boundary component. The outer surface of the the cask inner shell is buttressed with a monolithic shield cylinder for gamma and neutron shielding. Each closure lid features a dual metallic self-energizing seal system designed to ensure its containment and moderator exclusion functions. For this package, the inner closure lid inner seal and the inner closure lid vent/drain port cover inner seals are the containment boundary components on the inner lid; the outer closure lid inner seal and the outer closure lid access port plug seal are the containment boundary components on the outer lid.

Impact Limiters

The HI-STAR 180 package is fitted with two impact limiters fabricated of aluminum honeycomb crush material completely enclosed by an all-welded austenitic stainless steel skin. Both impact limiters are attached to the cask with 16 bolts.

(3) Drawings

The packaging shall be constructed and assembled in accordance with the following Holtec International Drawings Numbers:

(a) HI-STAR 180 Cask	Drawing No. 4845, Sheets 1-6, Rev. 11
(b) F-37 Fuel Basket	Drawing No. 4847, Sheets 1-4, Rev. 7
(c) F-32 Fuel Basket	Drawing No. 4848, Sheets 1-4, Rev. 7
(d) HI-STAR 180 Impact Limiter	Drawing No. 5062, Sheets 1-5, Rev. 6

5.(b) Contents

(1) Type, Form, and Quantity of Material

(a) Only undamaged UO_2 and MOX PWR fuel assemblies, with a Zr cladding type, meeting the specifications and requirements provided in Conditions 5.b(1)(b) through 5.b(1)(j), and with the characteristics listed in Table 1 below, are authorized for transportation.

5.(b)(1)(a) continued

Table 1- PWR Fuel Assembly Characteristics

Fuel Assembly Type	14x14
Design Initial Heavy Metal Mass (kg/assembly)	341 Maximum
Maximum Fuel Assembly Mass (kg)	500
No. of Fuel Rod Locations	179
Fuel Rod Clad O.D. (mm)	≥ 10.72 Nominal
Fuel Rod Clad I.D. (mm)	≤ 9.61 Nominal
Fuel Pellet Diameter (mm)	≤ 9.31 Nominal
Fuel Rod Pitch (mm)	≤ 14.224 Nominal
Active Fuel Length (mm)	≤ 3070 Nominal
Maximum Fuel Assembly Length (mm)	3524 Nominal
Fuel Assembly Width (mm)	≤ 199.3 Nominal
No. of Guide and/or Instrument Tubes	17
Guide/Instrument Tube Thickness (mm)	≥ 0.285 Nominal
Minimum Cooling Time for Assemblies with Zr Guide/Instrument Tubes (years)	3
Minimum Cooling Time for Assemblies with Stainless Steel Guide/Instrument Tubes (years)	15
Minimum Cooling Time for Assemblies with NFH insertion more than 38 cm into the active region during full power operation (years)	20

(b) Damaged fuel assemblies, i.e., assemblies with known or suspected cladding defects greater than pinhole leaks or hairline cracks and which cannot be handled by normal means, as well as fuel debris, non-fuel hardware and neutron sources are not authorized contents.

(c) The maximum initial enrichment of any UO_2 assembly is 5.0 percent by weight of uranium-235.

(d) Each loaded MOX fuel assembly must meet one of the criteria sets (1-4) from Table 2 and one of the criteria sets (1-3) from Table 3. MOX fuel isotopic compositions in Table 2 are bounding for dose and decay heat and used to establish the loading patterns. MOX fuel isotopic characteristics in Table 3 are bounding for criticality purposes.

Table 2

Isotopic Characteristics of MOX Fuel

	Isotopic Composition (gram/assembly)			
Criteria / Isotope	1	2	3	4
Pu238	≤ 700	≤ 202	≤ 202	≤ 202
Pu239	≥ 13000	≥ 11000	≥ 7524	≥ 8000
Pu240	≥ 5800	≥ 3800	≥ 1700	≥ 1700
Pu241	≤ 2300	≤ 1600	≤ 1250	≤ 1600
Pu242	≤ 1900	≤ 751	≤ 700	≤ 751
U235	≥ 730	≥ 720	≥ 2100	≥ 720
U238	≤ 297000	≤ 320200	≤ 326000	≤ 326000

Table 3

Isotopic Characteristics of MOX Fuel

Criteria / Composition	1	2	3
Pu-239 (g/kg-HM)	≤ 39.5	≤ 49	≤ 26
Pu-238/Pu-239 (g/g)	≥ 0.0	≥ 0.015	≥ 0.0
Pu-240/Pu-239 (g/g)	≥ 0.27	≥ 0.38	≥ 0.21
Pu-241/Pu-239 (g/g)	≤ 0.15	≤ 0.20	≤ 0.16
Pu-242/Pu-239 (g/g)	≥ 0.012	≥ 0.06	≥ 0.012
Am-241(g/kg-HM)	≥ 0.0	≥ 0.0	≥ 0.0
U-235 (g/kg-HM)	≤ 7.1	≤ 7.1	≤ 7.1

5(b)(1) Continued

(e) The post-irradiation minimum cooling time, maximum burnup, maximum decay heat load, and minimum initial enrichment per assembly are listed in Tables 1.2.8 and 1.2.9 of the application. The F-32 and F-37 fuel basket cell numbering and quadrant identification are depicted in Figures 1.2.3 and 1.2.4 respectively.

(f) Regions, cells and quadrants for regionalized loading of the F-32 and F-37 baskets are identified in Tables 1.2.6.a and 1.2.6.b of the application. Table 1.2.7 of the application provides the minimum burnup requirements for the F-37 basket, based on initial enrichment.

(g) In-core operating limits for those assemblies that need to meet the burnup requirements in Table 1.2.7 of the application are as follows:

Parameter	Requirement
Assembly Average Specific Power	≤ 39.4 MW/MTU
Assembly Average Moderator Temperature	≤ 597° K
Maximum Assembly Average Fuel Temperature	1127°K
Core Average Soluble Boron Concentration	≤ 700 ppmb

(h) For those spent fuel assemblies that need to meet the burnup requirements specified in Table 1.2.7 of the application, a burnup verification shall be performed either in accordance with Section 6.F.3.1 or 6.F.3.2 of the application.

(i) Allowable loading patterns and fuel specifications for each basket region are referenced in Tables 1.2.8 and 1.2.9 of the application. Alternative fuel specifications for each regional loading pattern are presented in Table 1.2.10 of the application.

(j) The maximum decay heat for either the F-32 or F-37 basket model is 32 kW per basket, with 8 kW maximum decay heat per basket quadrant.

5.b.(2) Maximum Quantity of Material Per Package

32 or 37 PWR fuel assemblies, as described in 5(b)(1), in the F-32 or F-37 basket respectively.

5.(c) Criticality Safety Index (CSI)= 0.0

6. In addition to the requirements of Subpart G of 10 CFR Part 71:

   (a) The package shall be prepared for shipment and operated in accordance with Chapter 7 of the application.

   (b) The package shall meet the acceptance tests and be maintained in accordance with Chapter 8 of the application.

7. The personnel barrier shall be installed and remain installed while transporting the package if necessary to meet package surface temperature and/or package dose rates requirements.

8. The package authorized by this certificate is hereby approved for use under the general license provisions of 10 CFR 71.17.

9. Transport by air of fissile material is not authorized.

10. The package may be used in the U.S. for shipment of UO_2 fuel meeting the above specifications.

11. Expiration Date: October 31, 2014

REFERENCES:

Holtec International application “Safety Analysis Report on the HI-STAR 180 Package”, Revision No. 6, dated April 21, 2014.

FOR THE U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

/RA/

Michele Sampson, Chief
Licensing Branch
Division of Spent Fuel Storage and Transportation
Office of Nuclear Material Safety
and Safeguards

Date: May 9, 2014