



October 3, 2013

Attn: Document Control Desk  
Director, Office of Federal and State Materials and  
Environmental Management Programs  
U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission  
Washington, DC 20555-0001

Attn: Document Control Desk  
U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission  
Deputy Director, Decommissioning and Uranium Recovery Licensing Directorate  
Division of Waste Management and Environmental Protection  
Office of Federal and State Materials and Environmental Management Protection  
Mail Stop T-8F5  
11545 Rockville Pike  
Two White Flint North  
Rockville, MD 20852-2738

RE: Uranerz Energy Corporation, Nichols Ranch Project, Source Materials License SUA-1597, Docket  
No. 40-9067, License Condition 12.12

Dear Mr. Director and Deputy Director,


License Condition 12.12 states "Prior to the preoperational inspection, the applicant will provide a survey plan for post reclamation and decommissioning verification surveys that demonstrates that residual radioactivity in soil meets the criteria in 10CFR Part 40, Appendix A, Criterion 6(6). The applicable cleanup criteria will be identified for radium-226 and soil cleanup criteria will be developed for natural uranium using the radium benchmark dose approach. Applicable criteria for thorium-230 will also be addressed in the plan."

In response to License Condition 12.12 please find the attached "Radium Benchmark Dose Assessment for Nichols Ranch facility. Within the attachment the chemical toxicity of uranium may also be found.

Upon review and acceptance of the Radium Benchmark Dose Assessment we request that License Condition 12.12 be removed from the license.

If you should have any questions regarding this matter or this proposed plan, please contact me by phone at 307-265-8900 or by e-mail at [mthomas@uranerz.com](mailto:mthomas@uranerz.com).

Sincerely,

  
Mike Thomas  
Vice President, Regulatory Affairs  
Uranerz Energy Corporation

MT/rs

cc: Ron Linton, Project Manager, NRC  
Linda Gersey, Lead Inspector, NRC

## Radium Benchmark Dose Assessment

### 1. Introduction

On April 12, 1999, the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) amended 10 CFR 40 by adding requirements to Criterion 6 (6) of Appendix A (64FR 17506, Radiological Criteria for License Termination of Uranium Recovery Facilities). The amendment to Criterion 6 (6) of 10CFR 40 was effective June 11, 1999, and required the use of a radium standard to derive a dose criterion for the cleanup of byproduct material. To comply with this “benchmark approach” the NRC licensees model site specific dose from the existing radium standard and then use that dose to determine the allowable quantity of other radionuclides that would result in a similar dose to the average member of the critical group. These determinations are then sent to the NRC with the site reclamation plan or as part of the license application. This report documents the modeling and assumptions made by Uranerz for developing standards for natural uranium in soil for the Nichols Ranch in-situ uranium recovery facility.

Final guidance (NRC, 2003) is published in Appendix E to the Standard Review Plan for In Situ Leach License Applications (NUREG-1569). This guidance outlines acceptable models and input parameters. This guidance along with the RESRAD User Manual (Yu et al. 2001), The Data Collection Handbook (ANL, 1993), radium benchmark dose assessment provided for Dewey-Burdock and Ludaman sites by Environmental Restoration Group (ERG), and site specific parameters were used in the modeling as discussed in the following sections.

#### 1.1. The RESRAD Code

The RESRAD family of codes was developed at Argonne National Laboratories (ANL), and are utilized to model dose as result of residual radioactivity. Default dose conversion factors in the RESRAD code are derived from the US EPA’s Federal Guidance Report (FGR) Number 11 (EPA 1988). The RESRAD code calculates effective dose equivalents from external radiation and committed dose equivalent from internal exposures, providing a total dose equivalent (TEDE). Version 6.5 of RESRAD was used in Uranerz analysis. (ANL,2001).

The RESRAD code is an accepted code by the USNRC for application of the radium benchmark as described in NUREG 1569 *Guidance to the US Nuclear Regulatory Commission Staff on the Radium Benchmark Dose Approach*.

### 2. Receptor Scenario

USNRC guidance (USNRC 2003) provides many scenarios for consideration at individual sites. At the Nichols Ranch site, a resident rancher is the most restrictive and realistic resident scenario. Home-based businesses are unlikely due to the rural and remote location of the permit area. A resident farmer is unlikely scenario since agronomic studies of the site, outlined in Section 2.2.2 of the Technical Report (TR), have indicated soils in the area are best suited for livestock grazing only. Light industry and mining are potential scenarios, however they would be less restrictive than a rancher who lives in the restricted area on the contaminated area and eats food (meat and some vegetables) grown in the area. The

rancher is appropriate for the site as the area has been historically used for lower density livestock production of cattle. The resident rancher would likely spend a significant portion of their life outdoors and would be likely to obtain meat from their own livestock and a limited amount of vegetables from the home garden. The resident rancher would likely construct small stock ponds that their livestock could drink from. It is assumed there is no contamination in the groundwater at the site when the model begins. The contaminated area is calculated as 10,000 m<sup>2</sup>, and the model was ran for 1000 years.

### 3. Determination of Radium Benchmark Dose

Doses for scenarios with both 5pCi/g Ra-226 in the first 15 cm of soil (surface scenario) and 15 pCi/g of Ra-226 in a 15 cm thick layer of soil with 15cm of clean cover (subsurface scenario) were calculated and are as follows.

Maximum Dose for surface scenario= 39.3 mrem/yr at t= 0 years  
 Maximum Dose for Subsurface Scenario= 103.6 mrem/yr at t= 299.7 ± 0.6 years.

Dose as a function of time in both scenarios is shown in Figure 1 and 2 for surface and subsurface scenarios respectively. Doses as a result of Ra-226 at the site are highly influenced by the soils strong absorption of Ra-226, making radium not mobile and allowing for removal primarily by erosion and radioactive decay. The two major dose pathways were external exposure and plant ingestion (water independent). Sensitivity analysis were performed on the parameters that would affect the maximum dose and can be seen in Appendix B and C.

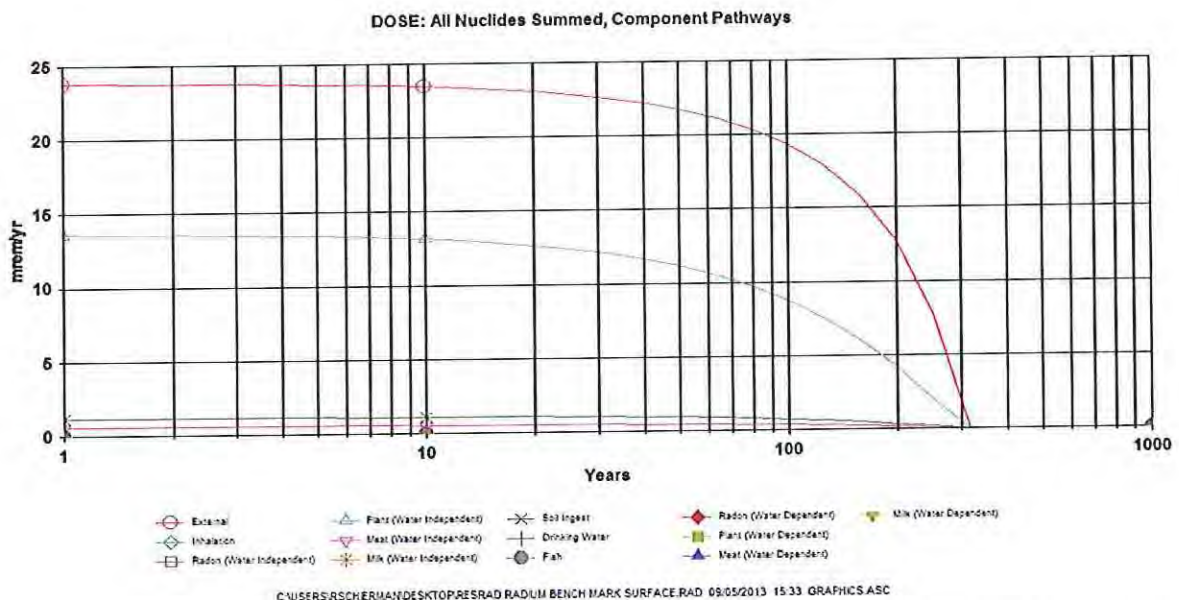
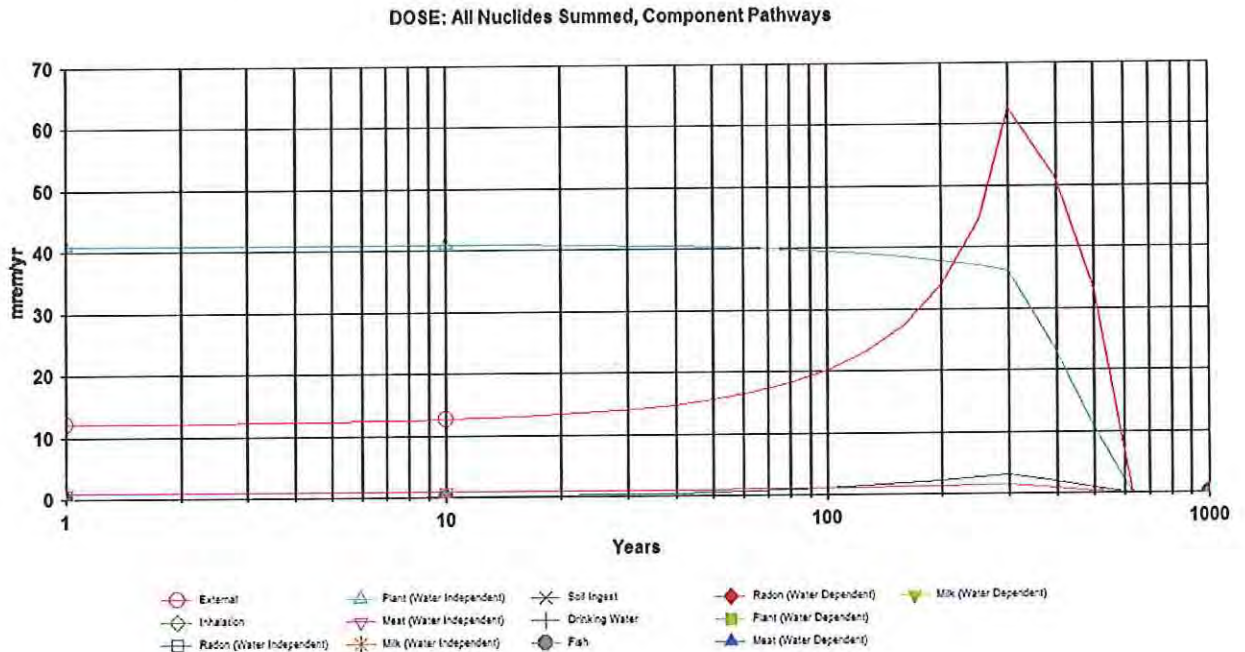


Figure 1: Dose from surface contamination of 5 pCi/g of Ra-226



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Figure 2: Dose from subsurface contamination of 15 pCi/g of Ra-226

#### 4. Determination of Natural Uranium Soil Standard

RESRAD was used to determine the concentration of natural uranium (U-nat) in soil distinguishable from background that would result in a maximum dose of 38.1 mrem/yr for surface and 103.6 mrem/yr for subsurface radium. The maximum allowable U-nat concentration in the soil is determined by modeling a set concentration of U-nat in soil and scaling the results to the radium benchmark to arrive at the maximum allowable concentration of natural uranium.

For ease of calculation a concentration of 100 pCi/ g of U-nat was used being divided into 49.2 percent U-234, 48.6 percent U-238 and 2.2 percent U-235. Distribution coefficients were selected from the RESRAD manual Table E.3. All other inputs were the same used for the surface and subsurface Radium-226 assessment.

Doses from the uranium contamination are as follows and shown visually in Figure 3 and 4:

Maximum Dose for surface scenario= 6.8 mrem/yr at t= 0 years  
 Maximum Dose for Subsurface Scenario= 1.91mrem/yr at t= 0 years

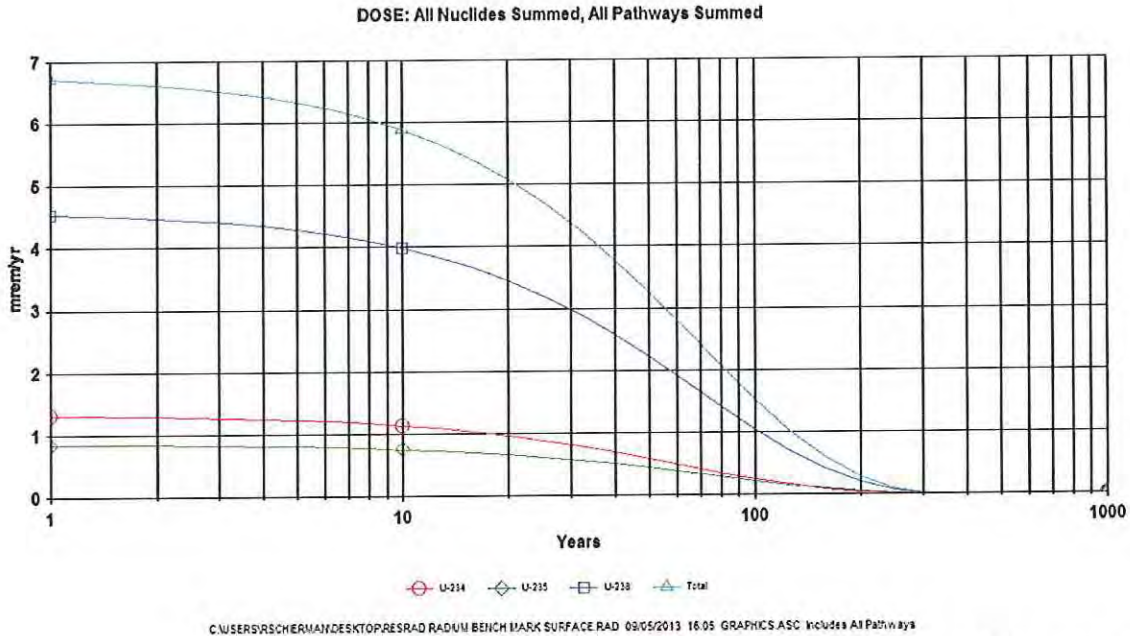


Figure 3: Dose from surface contamination of 100 pCi/g of U-nat

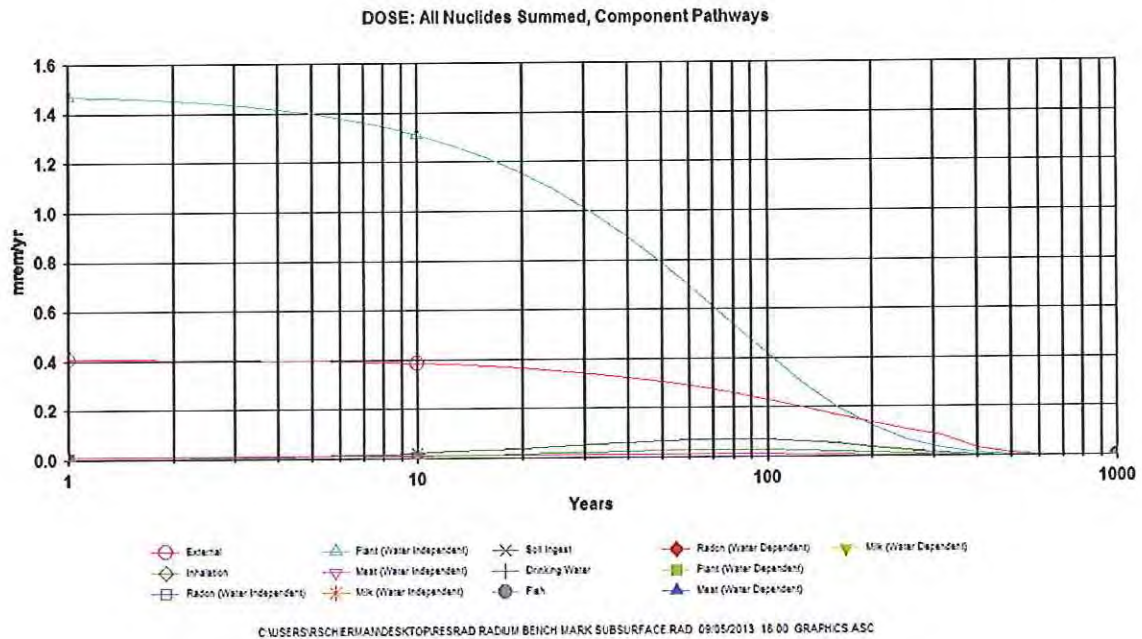


Figure 4: Dose from subsurface contamination of 100 pCi/g of U-nat

As shown in both scenarios the maximum dose from the uranium contamination occurs within the first year and then decreases with time. To determine the soil standard the uranium concentration was related to the radium bench mark by the following ratio:

Surface Scenario

$$\frac{6.8 \text{ mrem/yr}}{100 \text{ pCi/g}} = \frac{38.1 \text{ mrem/yr}}{X \text{ pCi/g}} = 560 \frac{\text{pCi}}{\text{g}} \text{ U}$$

Subsurface scenario

$$\frac{1.91 \text{ mrem/yr}}{100 \text{ pCi/g}} = \frac{103.6 \text{ mrem/yr}}{X \text{ pCi/g}} = 5424 \frac{\text{pCi}}{\text{g}} \text{ U}$$

The criteria for unrestricted use will be applied for Ra-226 and natural uranium using the unity rule, such that the radium benchmark dose is never exceeded for any combination of radionuclide concentration as required by 10CF 40 Appendix A criterion 6(6)

Surface Scenario

$$\frac{X \text{ pCi/g Unat}}{560 \text{ pCi/g Unat}} + \frac{Y \text{ pCi/g }^{226}\text{Ra}}{5 \text{ pCi/g }^{226}\text{Ra}} \leq 1$$

Subsurface Scenario

$$\frac{X \text{ pCi/g Unat}}{5424 \text{ pCi/g Unat}} + \frac{Y \text{ pCi/g }^{226}\text{Ra}}{15 \text{ pCi/g }^{226}\text{Ra}} \leq 1$$

This approach will be used at the Nichols Ranch facility to determine the radiological impact on the environment from releases of source and byproduct materials.

Additionally, it is noted that contamination by thorium isotopes were also considered. However, there is no evidence of elevated natural Th-230 mineralization in the Nichols Ranch environment and reports in the literature indicate very little Th-230 is mobilized in the ore body by the ISR process (Brown 2007). To verify this assumption samples of the incoming production fluid as well as fluids leaving the central processing plant will be collected and analyzed for thorium within one year from the start of operations. In the instance that thorium is present it will be applied to the unity rule.

## 5. Uranium Chemical Toxicity Assessment

The chemical toxicity effects from uranium exposure are evaluated assuming the same exposure scenarios as that used in the radiation benchmark dose assessment. In that exposure scenario it was assumed that 25 percent of the meat, fruits, and vegetables are grown on site. Intake of food through aquatic or milk pathways were considered improbable since it is unlikely that these activities could be supported in the local area. The RESRAD model showed that the contamination would not affect groundwater quality, and that same model will be used to assess the chemical toxicity. The intake from eating meat was considered insignificant as shown in Figure 3. The plant ingestion pathway was significant and will be evaluated with the chemical toxicity assessment.

The parameters for estimating human intake of uranium from ingestion are based on parameters given in NUREG/CR-5512 Vol.1 (NRC,1992). The uptake of uranium is the product of the concentration of uranium in the soil and the soil-to-plant conversion factor. The annual intake to humans is the product of the annual consumption of a particular food product by the uranium concentration in that food product. Soil-to-plant conversion factors are based on a dry weight; the annual consumption is adjusted to a dry weight basis by multiplying by the dry-weight to wet-weight ratio. Parameters for these calculations are located in NUREG/CR-5512 VOL. 1 (NRC,1992). Table 5.1 outlines the parameter used in these calculation and results for leafy vegetables, other vegetables, and fruit. It was assumed the individual annual consumption rates for leafy vegetables, other vegetables, and fruit were 11kg, 51kg, and 46kg respectively. Consistent with the RESRAD radium benchmark assessment it was assumed 25 percent of the food was grown on site. Uranium concentrations for food grow off site was not considered. It was also assumed the uranium concentration in the garden or orchard were 560 pCi/g. This corresponds to the uranium benchmark concentration established for surface soils. Using a conversion factor for U-nat of 1mg = 677 pCi, then 560 pCi/g is equivalent to 827 mg/kg. The human annual intake of uranium is shown in table 5.1 and is the result of the product of the subsequent columns. The total annual intake from all food sources is as shown in table 5.1

Table 5.1 Annual Intake of Uranium from Ingestion

Human Intake (mg/yr)	Soil Concentration (mg/kg)	Soil to Plant Ratio ( mg/kg plant to mg/kg soil)	Annual Consumption (kg)	Dry Weight to Wet Weight Ratio	Food Source
8.4	827	1.7E-2	3	0.2	Leafy Vegetable
37.6	827	1.4E-2	13	0.25	Other Vegetable
7.1	827	4.0E-3	12	0.18	Fruit
53.1					Total

The total burden to the kidney is the sum of the two compartments. The mathematical representation for the kidney burden of uranium at steady state can be derived as follows (ICRP,1995)

$$Q_p = \frac{IR \times f_1}{\lambda_p (1 - f_{ps} - f_{pr} - f_{pl} - f_{pt} - f_{pk1})}$$

Where:

- $Q_p$  = uranium burden in plasma,  $\mu\text{g}$
- $IR$  = dietary consumption rate,  $\text{mg U/d}$
- $f_1$  = fractional transfer of uranium from GI tract to blood, unit less
- $f_{ps}$  = fractional transfer of uranium from plasma to skeleton, unit less
- $f_{pr}$  = fractional transfer of uranium from plasma to red blood cells, unit less
- $f_{pl}$  = fractional transfer of uranium from plasma to the liver, unit less
- $f_{pt}$  = fractional transfer of uranium from plasma to soft tissue, unit less
- $f_{pk1}$  = fractional transfer of uranium from plasma to the kidneys, compartment 1, unit less
- $\lambda_p$  = biological retention constant in plasma,  $\text{d}^{-1}$

The burden in compartment 1 is

$$Q_{k1} = \lambda_p \times Q_p \times \frac{f_{pk1}}{\lambda_{k1}}$$

Where:

- $Q_{k1}$  = uranium burden in kidney compartment 1,  $\text{mg}$
- $\lambda_{k1}$  = biological retention constant of uranium in kidney compartment 1,  $\text{d}^{-1}$

Similarly, for compartment 2 in the kidney, the burden is

$$Q_{k2} = \lambda_p \times Q_p \times \frac{f_{pk2}}{\lambda_{k2}}$$

- $Q_{k2}$  = uranium burden in kidney compartment 2,  $\mu\text{g}$
- $\lambda_{k2}$  = biological retention constant of uranium in kidney compartment 2,  $\text{d}^{-1}$

The total burden to the kidney is then the sum of the two compartments:

$$Q_{K1} + Q_{K2} = \frac{IR \times f_1}{\lambda_p (1 - f_{ps} - f_{pr} - f_{pl} - f_{pt} - f_{pk1})} \times \left( \frac{f_{pk1}}{\lambda_{k1}} + \frac{f_{pk2}}{\lambda_{k2}} \right)$$



The parameter input values for the two compartmental kidney model include the daily intake of uranium estimated for residents at the site, and the ICRP69 values recommended by ICRP as listed below (ICRP, 1995). The daily uranium intake rate was estimated to be 0.15 mg/day (53.1 mg/yr) from ingestion while residing at this site.

$$\begin{aligned} IR &= 0.15 \text{ mg/day} \\ f_1 &= 0.02 \\ f_{ps} &= 0.105 \\ f_{pr} &= 0.007 \\ f_{pl} &= 0.0105 \\ f_{pt} &= 0.347 \\ f_{pk1} &= 0.00035 \\ f_{pk2} &= 0.084 \\ \lambda_{k1} &= \ln(2)/(5\text{yrs} \cdot 365 \text{ days/yr}) \\ \lambda_{k2} &= \ln(2)/7 \text{ days} \end{aligned}$$

Given a daily uranium intake of 0.15 mg/day at this site and the above equation, the calculated uranium in the kidney is 0.010 mg U. Using the reference kidney mass the concentration in the kidneys is 0.032  $\mu\text{g}$  of U per gram of kidney. This is 3.2 percent of the 1.0  $\mu\text{U/g}$  value that has been understood to protect the kidney from the toxic effects of uranium. Other researchers have stated that mild health effects from uranium may be observable at levels as low as 0.1  $\mu\text{g}$  U/g of kidney tissue. Using this as the criterion then the intake is 32 percent of the level where mild effects may be observable.

The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) evaluated the chemical toxicity data for Uranium when establishing the National Primary Drinking Water Standards. Mild proteinuria has been observed at drinking water between 20 and 100  $\mu\text{g/liter}$ . Assuming an intake of 2 liters per day this corresponds to a daily intake of 0.04 to 0.2 mg/day. Through the use of animal data, and using a conservative factor of 100, the EPA arrived at a 30  $\mu\text{g/liter}$  standard for uranium in drinking water (Federal Register/Vol.65, No.236/Dec 7, 2000). The standard results in a daily intake of 0.06 mg/day for the average individual. Due to the fact that large diverse populations are potentially exposed to drinking water regulated with these standards, the EPA is very conservative in establishing their limits.

This analysis indicates that a soil limit of 560 pCi/g of U-nat would result in an intake of approximately 0.15 mg/day. Using the daily limit corresponding to the National Primary Drinking Water Standard the soil limit can be adjusted to address concerns regarding the chemical toxicity of uranium. A soil limit of 230 pCi/g corresponds to the EPA limit for drinking water with a daily intake of 0.06 mg/day. Therefore exposures to soils containing 230 pCi/g of natural uranium should not result in chemical toxicity effects. Since the root of a fruit tree may

penetrate to considerable depths, it would be best practice to limit subsurface uranium concentrations to the same limit.

## 6. Application of Radium Benchmark to Spills

Spills that occur at the Nichols Ranch will be evaluated to determine prudence of reclamation at the time of the spill or at decommissioning. The initial screening is to determine if the spill concentration will result in a dose greater than 100 mrem per year. The amount of contamination that would result in a 100mrem dose was calculated using the initial RESRAD output for 5 pCi/g as shown below:

Surface

$$\frac{39.3\text{mrem/yr}}{5\text{pci/g}} = \frac{7.86\text{mrem/yr}}{\text{pCi/g}}$$

$$\frac{100\text{mrem/yr}}{\frac{7.86\text{mrem/yr}}{\text{pCi/g}}} = 12.72 \text{ pCi/g}$$

The uranium concentration was calculated using the initial run for 100pCi/g of natural uranium and is shown as follows:

$$\frac{6.8 \text{ mrem/yr}}{100\text{pCi/g}} = \frac{100 \text{ mrem/yr}}{X\text{pCi/g}} = 1470.59 \frac{\text{pCi}}{\text{g}} U$$

To ensure that the 100 mrem is not exceeded by a combination of uranium or radium the unity rule applies and is shown below:

$$\frac{X\text{pCi/gUnat}}{1470.59 \text{ pCi/gUnat}} + \frac{Y\text{pCi/g}^{226}\text{Ra}}{12.72\text{pCi/g}^{226}\text{Ra}} \leq 1$$

The results of the unity rule will dictate if cleanup occurs at the time of decommissioning or sooner. Results that exceed the unity rule will be further evaluated using RESRAD specific calculations for the spill.

## 7. References

ANL,1993, "Data Collection Handbook to Support Modeling the Impacts of Radioactive Material in Soil", Environmental Assessment Division, Argonne National Laboratory, ANL/EAIS-8, Argonne, Illinois

Brown 2007. Brown S.H., *Radiological Aspects of In Situ Uranium Recovery*. American Society of Mechanical Engineers, Proceedings of 11<sup>th</sup> International Conference on Environmental Management, Bruges, Belgium, September; ASME Press, New York, NY, ISBN 0-7918-3813-8

Dewey-Burdock 2008. *Radium Benchmark Dose Assessment*. Oct 01, 2008. Environmental Restoration Group. ML 092870413. Accessible through ADAMS.

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NRC,1992, "Residual Radioactive Contamination from Decommissioning," U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, NUREG/CRR-5512 (PNL-7794) Vol. 1, Washington, DC.

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USGS,2004, Estimated Use of Water in the United States in 2000, U.S. Geological Survey, U.S. Department of the Interior, USGS Circular 1268, Reston Virginia.

Yu. C, Zielen A.J, Cheng J.J, Lepoire D.J, Gnanapragasam S, Kamboj S, Arnish J, Wallo III A, Williams W.A, Peterson H,; "User's Manual for RESRAD Version 6," ANL/EAD-4, Argonne National Laboratory (2001)

## Appendix A:RESRAD Data Inputs (Parameters)

This document summarizes the data input and modeling scenario that was used in determining the radium benchmark dose for the Nichols Ranch facility. RESRAD version 6.5 for windows was used for the analysis.

Data input was based on the following resources:

- NUREG-1569 (NRC,2003)
- Site Specific information found in license application
- The natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) 2003 Annual Natural Resources Inventory, State Report (NRCS 2007)
- US Geological Survey (USGS) Circular 1268 (USGS,2004)
- The Data Collection Handbook to Support Modeling Impacts of Radioactive Material in Soil (Data Collection Handbook) (ANL, 1993)
- The RESRAD User Manual (ANL,2001)

### Soil Concentration

#### Surface

- Lead-210: Used 5.0 pCi/g per NUREG-1569 (NRC,1993). Assumed to be in equilibrium at  $t=0$

No sensitivity analysis on this parameter was performed based on the guidance.

- Radium-226: Used 5.0 pCi/g regulatory limit used for establishing benchmark

No sensitivity analysis on this parameter was performed based on regulatory limit.

#### Subsurface

- Radium-226: Used 15.0 pCi/g regulatory limit used for establishing benchmark

No sensitivity analysis on this parameter was performed based on regulatory limit.

- Lead-210: Used 15.0 pCi/g per NUREG-1569 (NRC,1993) assumed to be in equilibrium with the Radium at  $t=0$

### Distribution Coefficient (Kd)

Based on discussion in section 2.7-2.8 of the Technical Report the contaminated zone is classified as a loam and the unsaturated and saturated zones were modeled as sand. Values for distribution coefficients can be found in the RESRAD manual or Data Collection Handbook.

- Lead-210: 16,000 cm<sup>3</sup>/g for the contaminated zone and 270 cm<sup>3</sup>/g for the unsaturated and saturated zone

Sensitivity analysis indicated with a multiple of 100, no appreciable impact on maximum dose using higher  $K_d$ . Values of 160, 16,000, and 1,600,000. With the subsurface Radium there was a change in maximum dose using the lower value, however the mid value is what is in agreement with the literature and is more conservative.

- Radium 226:: 36000 cm<sup>3</sup>/g for the contaminated zone and 500 cm<sup>3</sup>/g for the unsaturated and saturated zone

Sensitivity analysis indicated with a multiple of 100, no appreciable impact on maximum dose using higher  $K_d$ . Values of 360, 36,000, 3,600,000. With the subsurface Radium there was a change in maximum dose using the lower value, however the mid value is what is in agreement with the literature and is more conservative.

### Calculations Times

Times were set at 1 year, 200 years, and 1000 years. These times reflect recommendations that 200 years is the reasonable foreseeable time period for choosing the scenario of the critical group and 1000 years is the recommended total time of interest.

### Contaminated Zone

- Area: Used default value of 10,000 square meters.

Sensitivity analysis was performed with a multiple 2 multiple, 5,000 10,000, and 20,000 square meters. There was no impact on maximum dose for the external component.

- Thickness: 15 cm based on regulatory guidance

No sensitivity analysis was performed for this parameter since it is based on regulatory guidance

- Length Parallel to aquifer flow: Default value of 100 meters was used. This is based upon the square root of 10,000 square meters of contaminated zone.

No sensitivity analysis was performed since water dependent pathways were not significant to dose.

### Cover and Contaminated Zone

- Cover depth: 0 meters in accordance with NUREG-1569 ( NRC, 2003)

- Density of contaminated zone: Used the value of 1.44 g/cm<sup>3</sup> which corresponds to a Sandy Loam in the Data Collection Handbook (ANL1993)

Since the RESRAD Data Collection Handbook considers the value to be representative of that soil characterization no sensitivity analysis was performed.

- Contaminated Zone Erosion Rate: Erosion rates were determined from values presented in NRCS National Resource Inventory, State Report (NCRS,2007) for the state of Wyoming. Erosion rates for Wyoming are listed as 0.4 tons/acre-year for water erosion and 2.5 tons/acre-year from wind erosion. The total erosion for the year would be 2.9 tons/acre-year. Using the contaminated zone soil density (1.44 g/cm<sup>3</sup>), the total erosion rate was calculated as shown below:

$$Erosion\ Rate = \frac{2.9\ ton}{acre - yr} * \frac{9.07 * 10^5\ g}{ton} * \frac{acre}{4.047 * 10^7\ cm^2} * \frac{cm^3}{1.44\ g} * \frac{m}{100} = .00052$$

Sensitivity analysis of the external and plant (water independent) pathways were performed with a multiple of 2 (i.e. 0.001, 0.0005, and 0.00025). The maximum dose rate from external the external pathway did not change when the value was changed. The maximum dose rate for plant pathway decreased with the upper value. The midrange value represents Wyoming conditions and is both adequate for the model and conservative.

- Contaminated Zone total porosity: Default value of 0.4 was used based on the soil types at the Nichols Ranch Facility

Sensitivity analysis was not performed since water dependent pathways were not significant contributors to dose.

- Contaminated Zone Field Capacity: Default value of 0.2 was used since it is the midpoint of the range for the soil types at Nichols Ranch.

Sensitivity analysis was not performed since water dependent pathways were not significant contributors to dose.

- Contaminated Zone Hydraulic Conductivity: Section 2.8.2 of the Technical Report describes the soil as fine textured sandy loam. In table E.2 of the RESRAD User's manual the hydraulic conductivity is listed as 1.09E<sup>03</sup> for sandy loams.

Sensitivity analysis was not performed since water dependent pathways were not significant contributors to dose.

- Contaminated Zone B Parameter: Section 2.8.2 of the Technical Report describes the soil as fine textured sandy loam. In table E.2 of the RESRAD User's manual the b value is listed as 4.90

Sensitivity analysis was not performed since water dependent pathways were not significant contributors to dose.

- Evapotranspiration Coefficient: The RESRAD default value is 0.5. NUREG-1569 suggests that a value of 0.6 to 0.99 be used for uranium recovery sites. This is because these sites are typically used in semi-arid environments. For our purposes we used a mid-value of 0.7

Sensitivity analysis of the evapotranspiration coefficient was performed using 1.4 multiplier with the values (i.e. .5, .7, and .98). The analysis shows no effect on the dose estimates. The coefficient is primarily used in calculating of leaching components however since Ra-226 and Pb-210 have low leach rates the factor should not have a great impact on the dose.

- Wind Speed: In section 2.5.3.3 of the TR the average wind speed is listed as 4.92 m/sec.

Sensitivity analysis was not performed since this is actual site data.

- Precipitation: in section 2.5.2.2 of the TR the average precipitation was 0.28 m/yr.

Sensitivity analysis was not performed since this is actual site data.

- Irrigation Rate: The area is quite arid and not used for production of crops, the irrigation rate was set to 0, which is supported in USNRC guidance (USNRC 2003)

Sensitivity analysis was not performed since water dependent pathways were not significant contributors to dose.

- Runoff Coefficient: The Data Collection Handbook gives the following equation for runoff coefficient for an agricultural environment:

$$\text{Runoff Coefficient} = 1 - C_1 - C_2 - C_3$$

The values of  $C_1$ ,  $C_2$ , and  $C_3$  used were 0.2 (rolling land), 0.2 (intermediate combinations of clay and loam), and 0.1 (cultivated land), respectively. The runoff coefficient was determined to be 0.5

Sensitivity analysis was not performed since water dependent pathways were not significant contributors to dose.

- Watershed Area for nearby stream or pond: Used the default value of  $1 \times 10^5 \text{ m}^2$ .

Sensitivity analysis was not performed since water dependent pathways were not significant contributors to dose.

- Accuracy: Used the default value of 0.001

No sensitivity analysis was performed since water dependent pathways were not significant contributors to dose

### Saturated Zone

- Density of the Saturated Zone: Used the default density of  $1.5 \text{ g/cm}^3$  which corresponds with the RESRAD Handbook value for sands.

No sensitivity analysis was performed since water dependent pathways were not significant contributors to dose

- Saturated Zone Total Porosity: Value of 0.43 is based upon the formation type of the F sands ( shallowest aquifer) described in section 2.7.2.3 TR and the RESRAD user manual for sands

No sensitivity analysis was performed since water dependent pathways were not significant contributors to dose

- Saturated Zone Effective Porosity: Saturated Zone Total Porosity: Value of 0.33 is based upon the formation type of the F sands ( shallowest aquifer) described in section 2.7.2.3 TR and the RESRAD user manual for sands

No sensitivity analysis was performed since water dependent pathways were not significant contributors to dose.

- Contamination Zone Field Capacity: Used the value obtained from subtracting the effective porosity of the saturated zone from the total porosity of the saturated zone for a value of .10.

No sensitivity analysis was performed since water dependent pathways were not significant contributors to dose.

- Saturated Zone Hydraulic Conductivity: Used the value of 5550m/yr based on saturated zones physical properties and the RESRAD manual E.2

No sensitivity analysis was performed since water dependent pathways were not significant contributors to dose.



- Saturated Zone Hydraulic Gradient: Used the hydraulic gradient of .01 based on site specific data listed in 2.7.2.3 of the TR.

No sensitivity analysis was performed since water dependent pathways were not significant contributors to dose.

- Saturated zone b parameter: Used the b parameter for sand listed in the Data Collection Handbook, 4.05.

No sensitivity analysis was performed since water dependent pathways were not significant contributors to dose.

- Water Table Drop Rate: Used the default value of 0.001 m/yr. The site specific drop rate should be similar because there is little consumption of groundwater in the immediate area other than ranches that use local wells for domestic and livestock.

No sensitivity analysis was performed since water dependent pathways were not significant contributors to dose.

- Well Pump Intake Depth: Used the default value of 10m

No sensitivity analysis was performed since water dependent pathways were not significant contributors to dose.

- Model for Water Transport Parameters: Used non-dispersion per NUREG-1569 (NRC,2003)

No sensitivity analysis on this parameter was performed based on the guidance.

- Well Pumping Rate: Used default of 250 m<sup>3</sup>/yr

No sensitivity analysis was performed since water dependent pathways were not significant contributors to dose.

#### Unsaturated Zone

- Unsaturated Zone Thickness: Used value of 22.86 m based on average distances to water at the site presented in Table 2-13 of TR

No sensitivity analysis was performed since water dependent pathways were not significant contributors to dose

- Density of the Unsaturated Zone: Used the default density of 1.5 g/cm<sup>3</sup> which corresponds with the RESRAD Handbook value for sands.

No sensitivity analysis was performed since water dependent pathways were not significant contributors to dose

- Unsaturated Zone Total Porosity: Value of 0.43 is based upon the formation type of the F sands ( shallowest aquifer) described in section 2.7.2.3 TR and the RESRAD user manual for sands

No sensitivity analysis was performed since water dependent pathways were not significant contributors to dose

- Unsaturated Zone Effective Porosity: Saturated Zone Total Porosity: Value of 0.33 is based upon the formation type of the F sands ( shallowest aquifer) described in section 2.7.2.3 TR and the RESRAD user manual for sands

No sensitivity analysis was performed since water dependent pathways were not significant contributors to dose.

- Unsaturated Zone Field Capacity: Used the value obtained from subtracting the effective porosity of the saturated zone from the total porosity of the saturated zone for a value of .10.

No sensitivity analysis was performed since water dependent pathways were not significant contributors to dose.

- Unsaturated Zone Hydraulic Conductivity: Used the value of 5550m/yr based on saturated zones physical properties and the RESRAD manual E.2

No sensitivity analysis was performed since water dependent pathways were not significant contributors to dose.

- Unsaturated Zone b Parameter: Used the b parameter for sand listed in the Data Collection Handbook, 4.05.

No sensitivity analysis was performed since water dependent pathways were not significant contributors to dose.

### Occupancy

- Inhalation Rate: Used the default value of 8400 m<sup>3</sup>/yr

No sensitivity analysis was performed since inhalation pathways were not significant contributors to dose.

- Mass loading for Inhalation: Used the default value of 0.0001 g/m<sup>3</sup>

No sensitivity analysis was performed since inhalation pathways were not significant contributors to dose.

- Exposure Duration: Used default of 30 years
- Indoor dust filtration factor: Used the default value of 0.4

No sensitivity analysis was performed since inhalation pathways were not significant contributors to dose.

- External Gamma Shielding Factor: RESRAD default is 0.7, which assumes that indoor gamma radiation level is 30% lower than outdoor gamma radiation levels. NUREG-1569 requires that a value between 0.33 and 0.55 be used. The value of 0.55 was used as a screening methodology.

Sensitivity analysis of external pathways was performed using a multiple of 1.5 (i.e. 0.367, 0.55 and 0.825) The lower value resulted in a decrease in the maximum dose rate for external exposures. Using the higher value the maximum dose rate increased. The value 0.55 is the most conservative in the range specified in NUREG1569.

- Indoor/Outdoor Fractions: Used the values of 0.25 indoor time and 0.5 for outdoor time. It is assumed 25% of the rancher's time is spent off site. These alterations were made in accordance with NUREG-1569

No sensitivity analysis on this parameter was performed based on the guidance.

- Shape of Contaminated Zone: A circular shape was used.

#### **Ingestion: Dietary**

- Fruit, vegetable, and grain: Used the default value of 160 kg/yr which is based on EPA estimated consumptions. RESRAD adjusts for contaminated and uncontaminated fractions based upon the size of the contaminated area
- Leafy Vegetable: Used the default value of 14 Kg/yr. NRC regulatory guide 1.109 (NRC,1977) the consumption rate of leafy vegetables is 64 kg/yr while NRC recommend 30 Kg/yr when performing dose calculations for nuclear power plants. RESRAD adjusts for contaminated and uncontaminated fractions based upon the size of the contaminated area.
- Milk: No consumption of locally produced milk is assumed since dairy operations are not prevalent in the area. This is in accordance with NUREG-1569
- Meat and Poultry: Used RESRAD default value of 63 kg/yr.

- Fish /Seafood: No consumption of locally produced fish or seafood was assumed in agreement with NUREG-1569.
- Soil Ingestion: Used the RESRAD default of 36.5 g/yr
- Drinking Water Intake: Used the RESRAD default of 510L/yr which is based on EPA estimates of drinking water intakes.

#### **Ingestion: Dietary**

NUREG-1569 states that for sites with over 25 acres (10,117 square meters) of contamination, the fraction of diet from contaminated area should be assumed to be 25% (0.25). A sensitivity analysis on these parameters was not performed based upon the guidance.

- Water: Used the default value of 1. All current water use in the rural area around the site is from private wells and will continue for the foreseeable future.
- Live Stock Water: Used the default value of 1. All current water use in the rural area around the site is from private wells and will continue for the foreseeable future.
- Irrigation Water: The fraction of irrigation water was set to 0 as it is assumed no irrigation will be taking place in this region.
- Plant Food: The fraction for plant food was set to 0.25 as this is an arid region and it is unlikely that a family would be able to support all of the plant-based portions of their diets from a home garden alone.
- Meat: The fraction of meat was set at 0.25 default assuming that a resident rancher would have intake of meat locally raised.
- Aquatic Food: The fraction was set to 0 as there is no major bodies of water that support fish populations in the area.
- Milk: Used the value of 0 due to no consumption of locally produced milk per NUREG-1569.

#### **Ingestion: Non-dietary**

- Livestock fodder intake for meat: Used the default value of 68kg.day
- Livestock water intake for meat. Uses the default value of 50L/day

- Livestock intake of soil for meat: Used the default value of 0.5 g/day
- Mass loading for foliar deposition: Used default value of .0001 g/m<sup>3</sup>

Sensitivity analysis on the plant (water independent) was performed with a multiple of 100 ( i.e. 0.000001, 0.0001, and 0.01 g/m<sup>3</sup>)> The analysis displayed that there were no observable changes in the maximum dose between the different bounds.

- Depth of Soil Mixing Layer: Used the default value of 0.15 meters
- Depth of Roots: Used 0.3 meters based on guidance in NUREG-1569

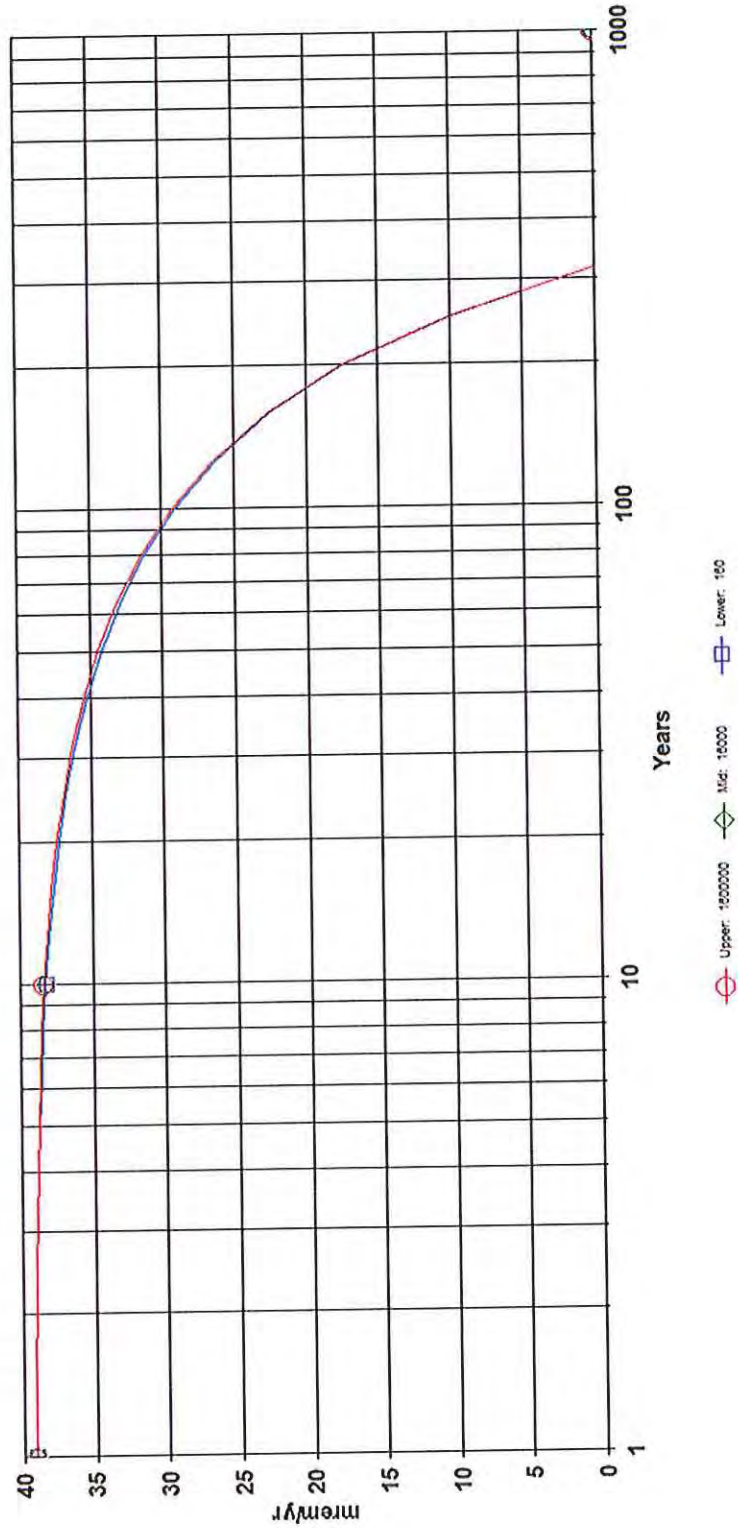
Sensitivity analysis on the plant (water independent) pathway was run with a multiple of 2 ( i.e. 0.15, 0.3, and 0.6) There was a significant impact on the maximum dose for subsurface radium but the surface radium there were differences. Assumptions of shallow root systems increased the dose significantly. The NRC guidance is based on shallow root consumptions, and therefore the use of the NUREG-1569 root depth is conservative.

- Groundwater fractional usage: Used default of 1 for all values except irrigation where 0 was used since no irrigation is used in the area.
- Storage Times: Used all default values for storage times

**Radium Bench Mark Dose Assessment**

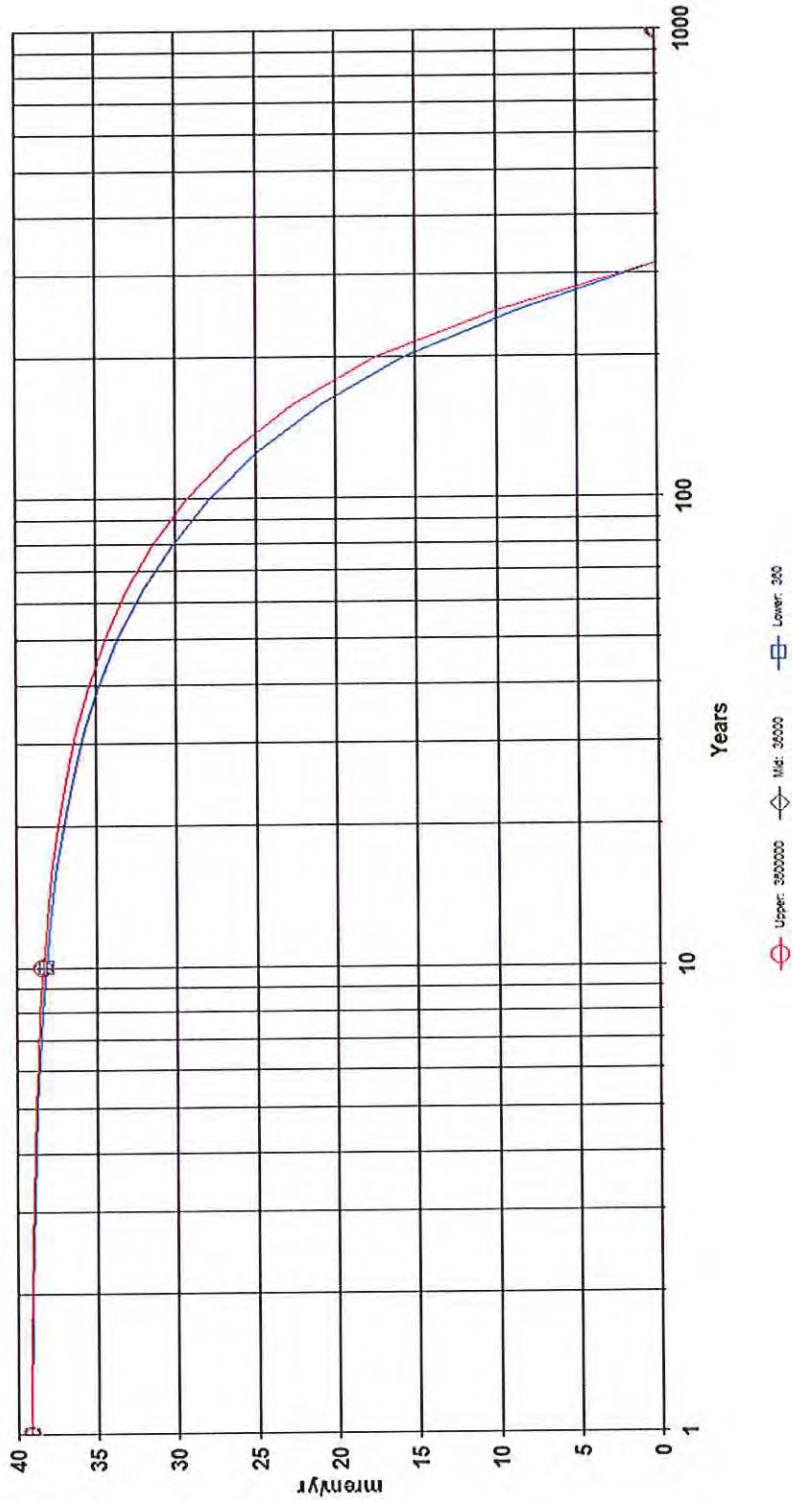
**Appendix B: Sensitivity Analysis for Surface Contamination**

DOSE: All Nuclides Summed, All Pathways Summed With SA on Pb-210 Contaminated Zone Distribution Coefficient



C:\RESRAD\_FAMILY\RESRAD\6.S\USERFILES\SITES\RAD\_09\05\2013\_13:02\_GRAPHICS.ASC Includes All Pathways

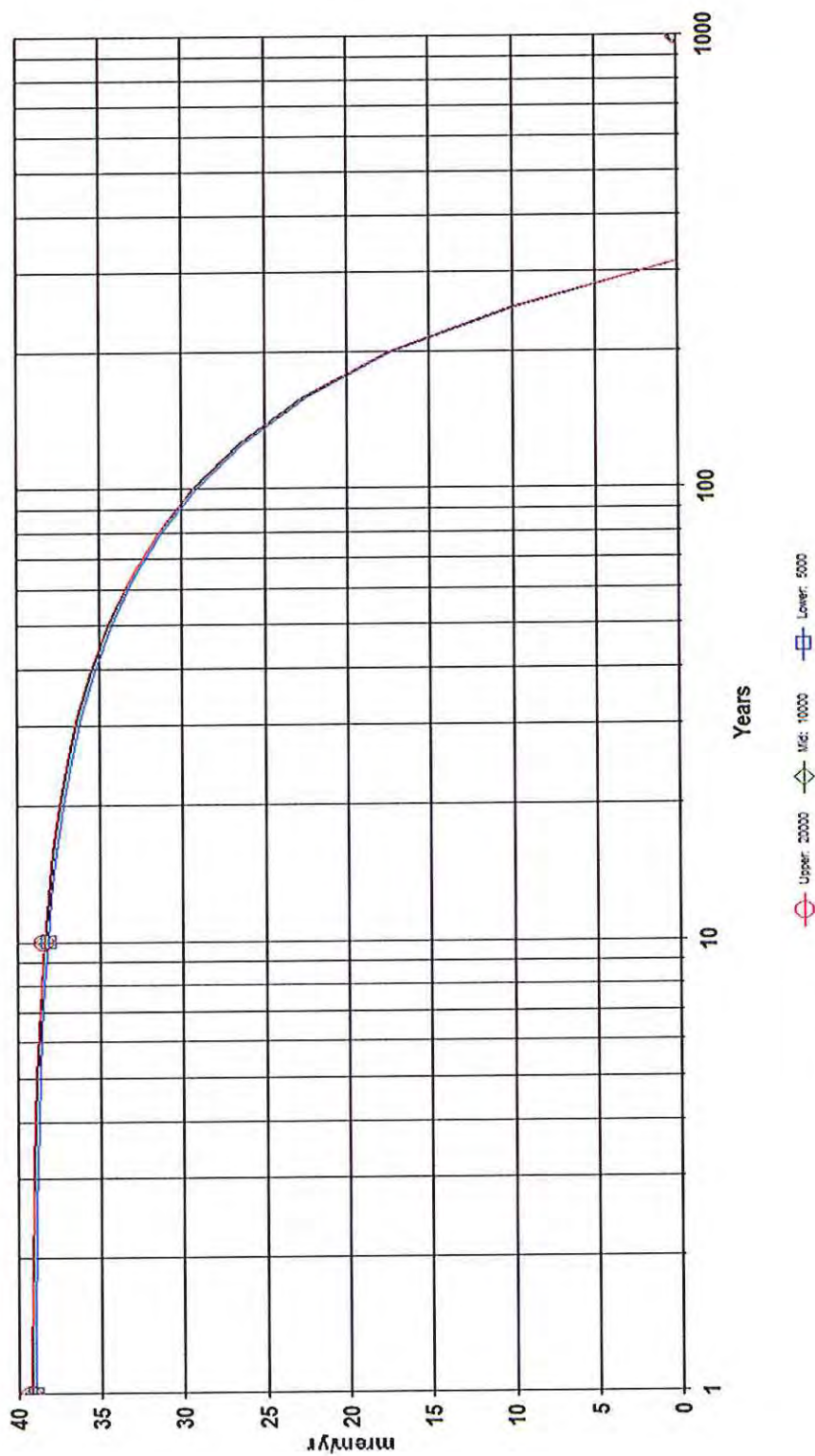
DOSE: All Nuclides Summed, All Pathways Summed With SA on Ra-226 Contaminated Zone Distribution Coefficient



C:\RESRAD\_FAMILY\RESRAD6.S\USERFILES\SITES.RAD 09/05/2013 11:55 GRAPHICS.ASC Includes All Pathways

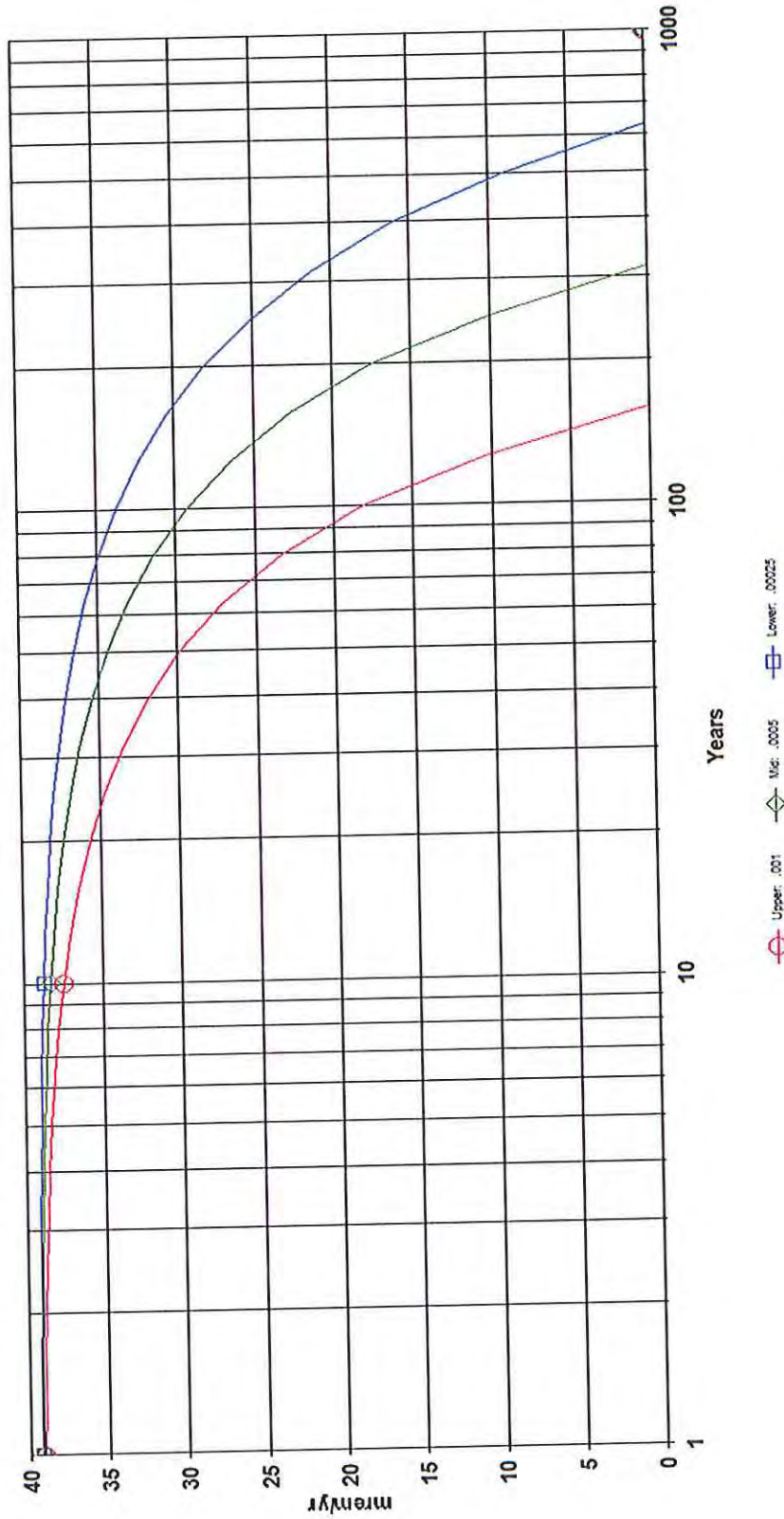


DOSE: All Nuclides Summed, All Pathways Summed With SA on Area of contaminated zone



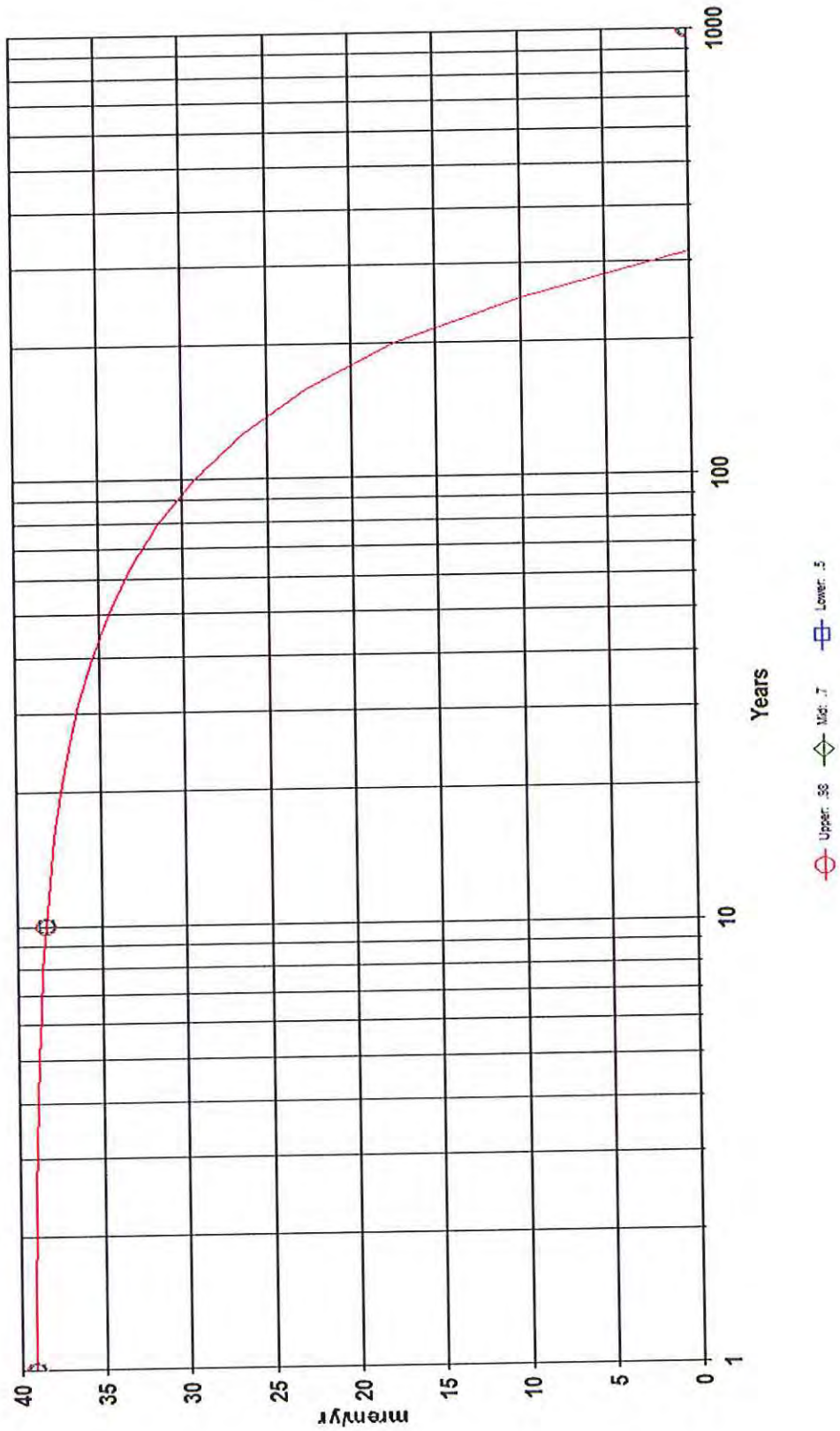
C:\RESRAD\_FAMILY\RESRAD6\S\USERFILES\SITES.RAD 09/05/2013 11:55 GRAPHICS.ASC Includes All Pathways

DOSE: All Nuclides Summed, All Pathways Summed With SA on Contaminated zone erosion rate



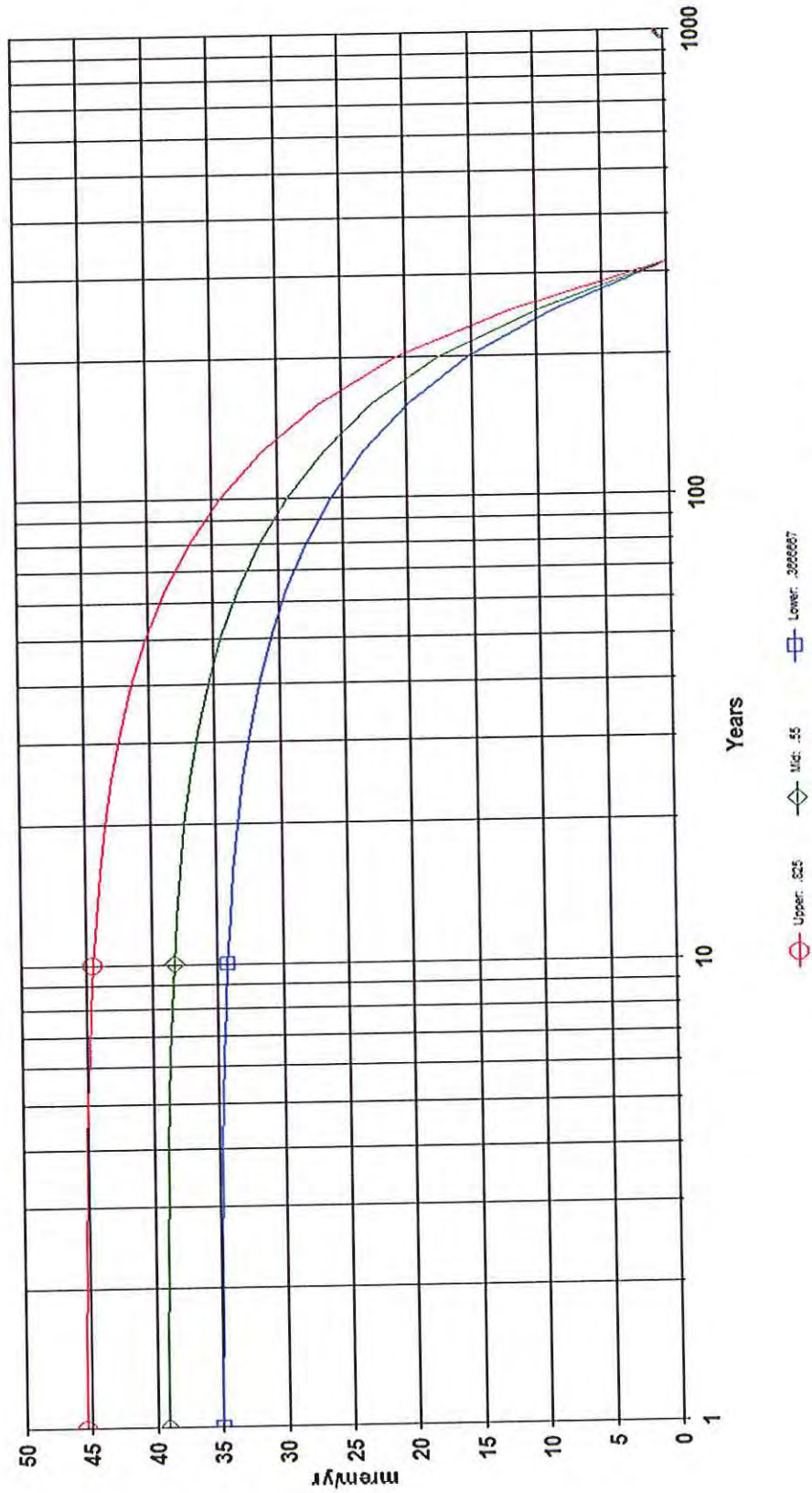
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DOSE: All Nuclides Summed, All Pathways Summed With SA on Evapotranspiration coefficient



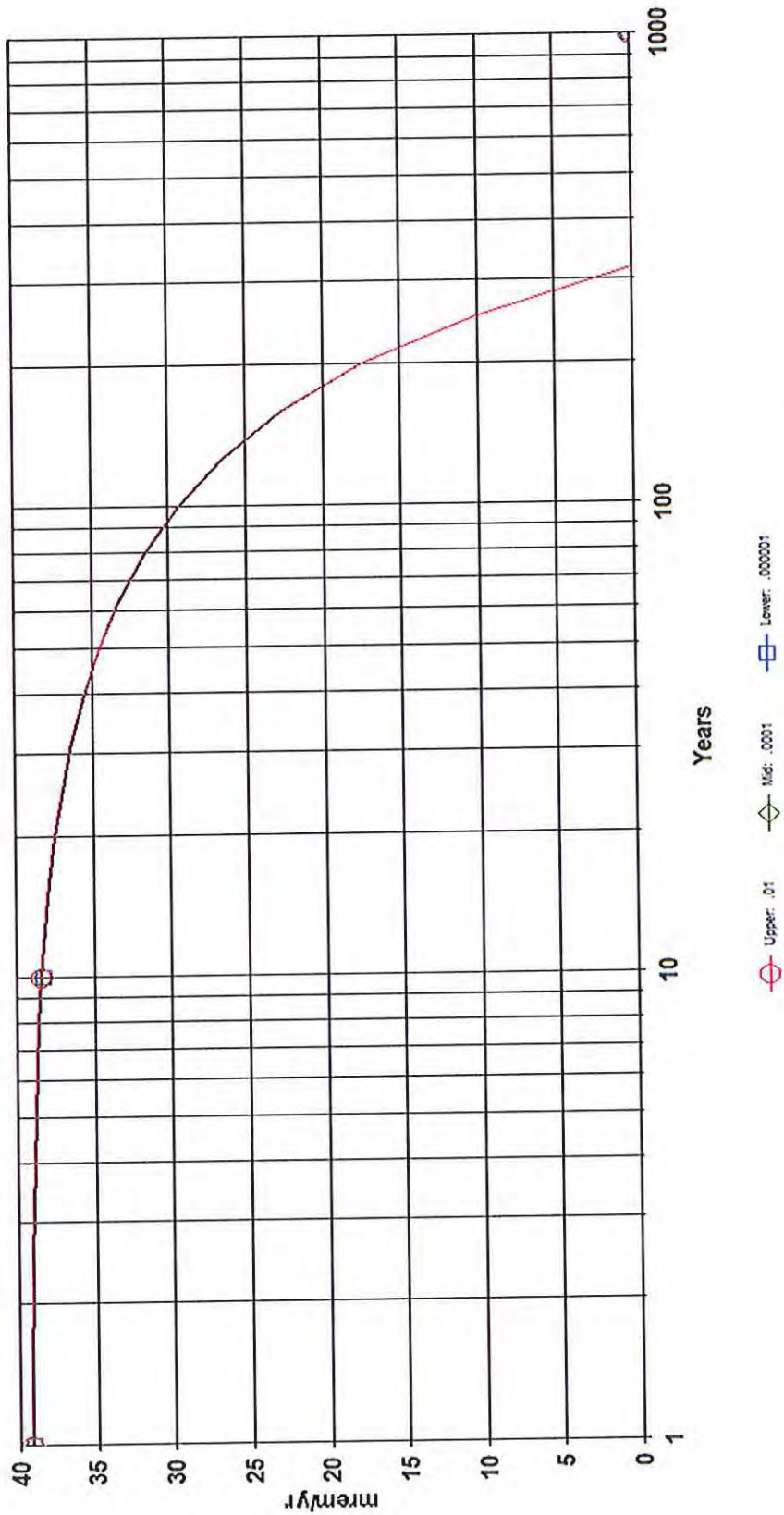
C:\RESRAD\_FAMILY\RESRAD6.SU\SERFILES\SITES.RAD 09/05/2013 11:55 GRAPHICS.ASC Includes All Pathways

DOSE: All Nuclides Summed, All Pathways Summed With SA on External Gamma Shielding factor



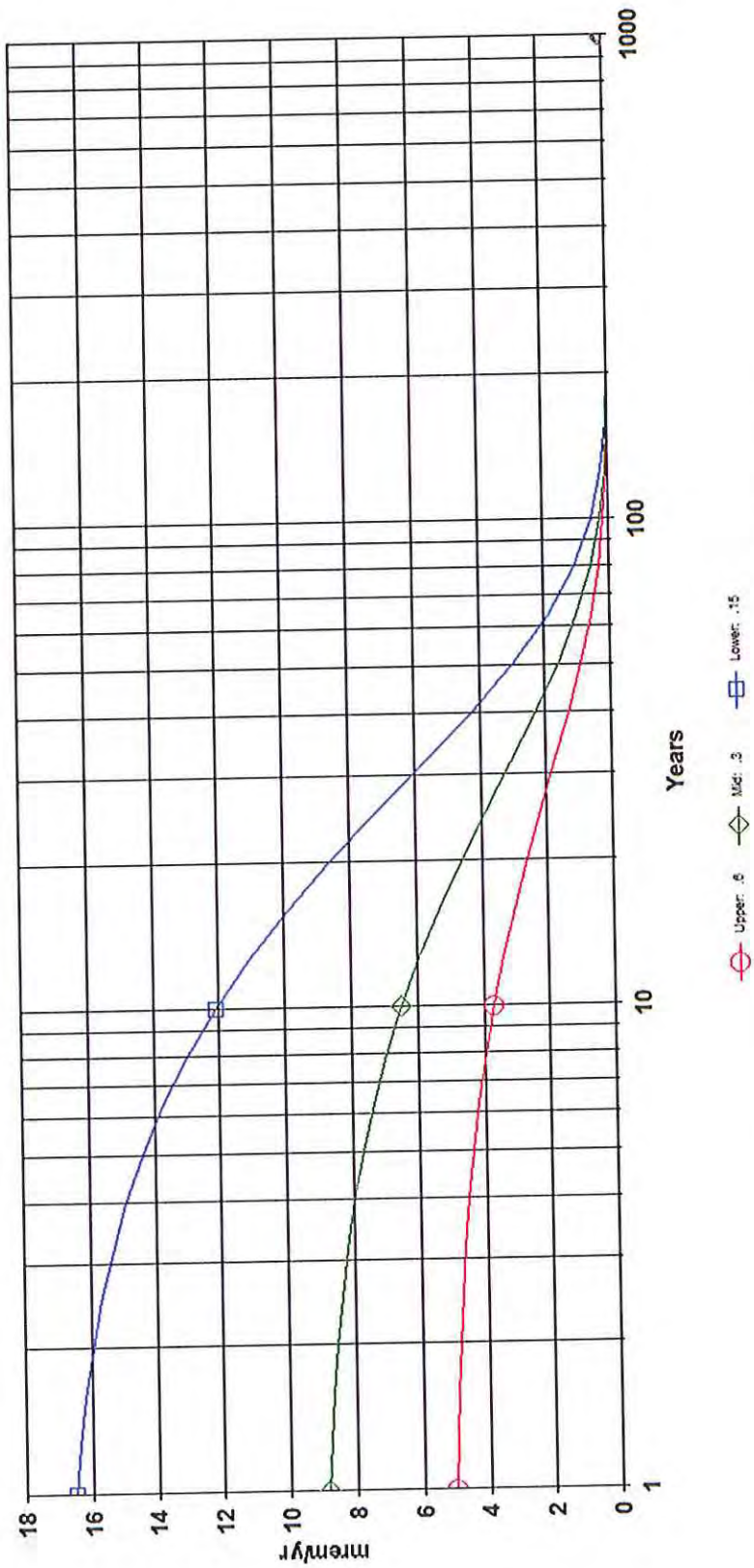
C:\RESRAD\_FAMILY\RESRAD16\SUSERFILES\SITES.RAD\_09/05/2013 11:55 GRAPHICS.ASC Includes All Pathways

DOSE: All Nuclides Summed, All Pathways Summed With SA on Mass loading for foliar deposition



C:\RESRAD\_FAMILY\RESRAD\6\_S\USERFILES\SITES.RAD 09/05/2013 12:24 GRAPHICS.ASC Includes All Pathways

DOSE: Pb-210, All Pathways Summed With SA on Depth of roots

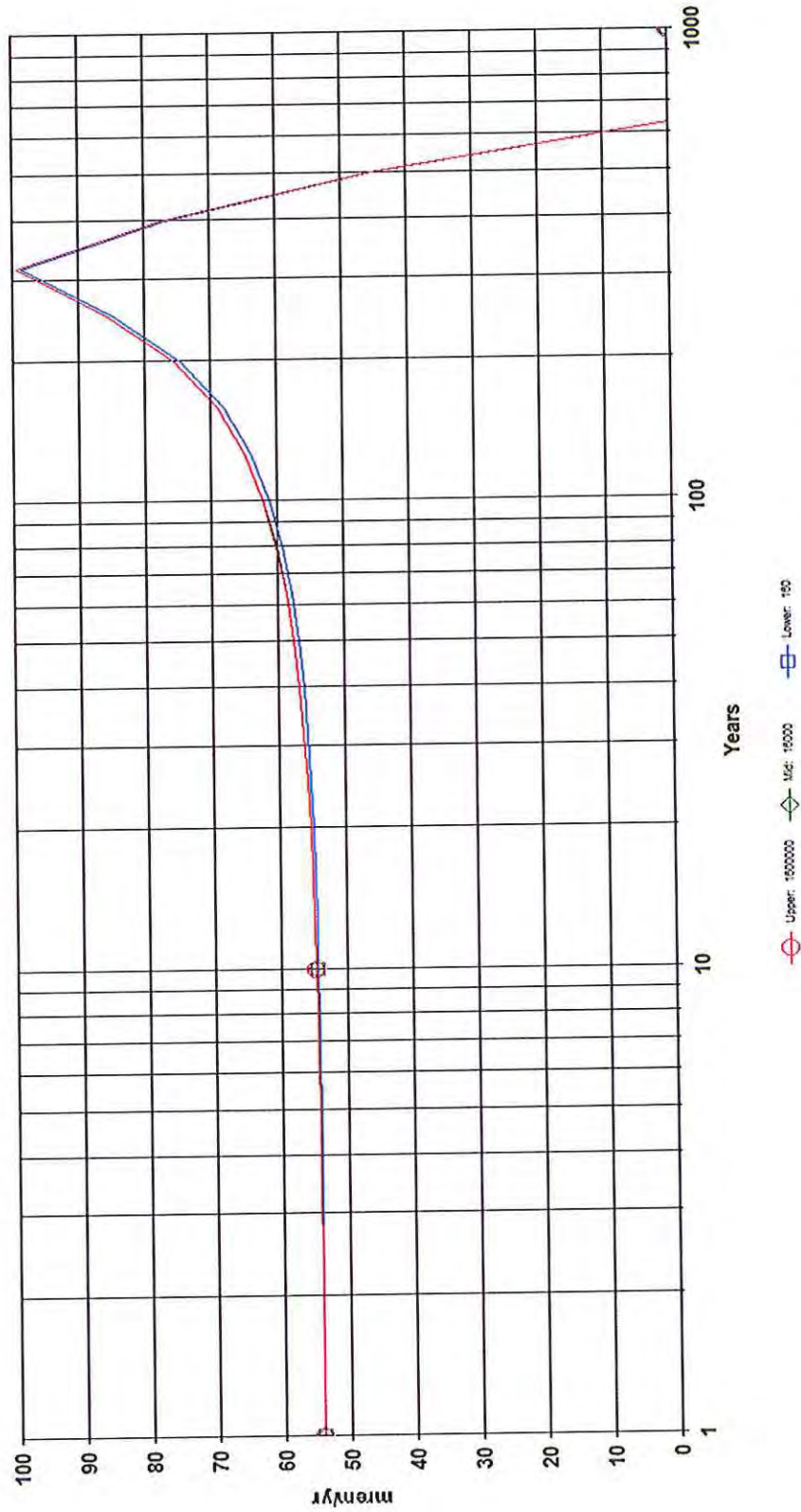


C:\RESRAD\_FAMILY\RESRAD\6.S\USERFILES\SITES.RAD 09/05/2013 12:54 GRAPHICS.ASC Includes All Pathways

**Radium Bench Mark Dose Assessment**

**Appendix C: Sensitivity Analysis for Subsurface Contamination**

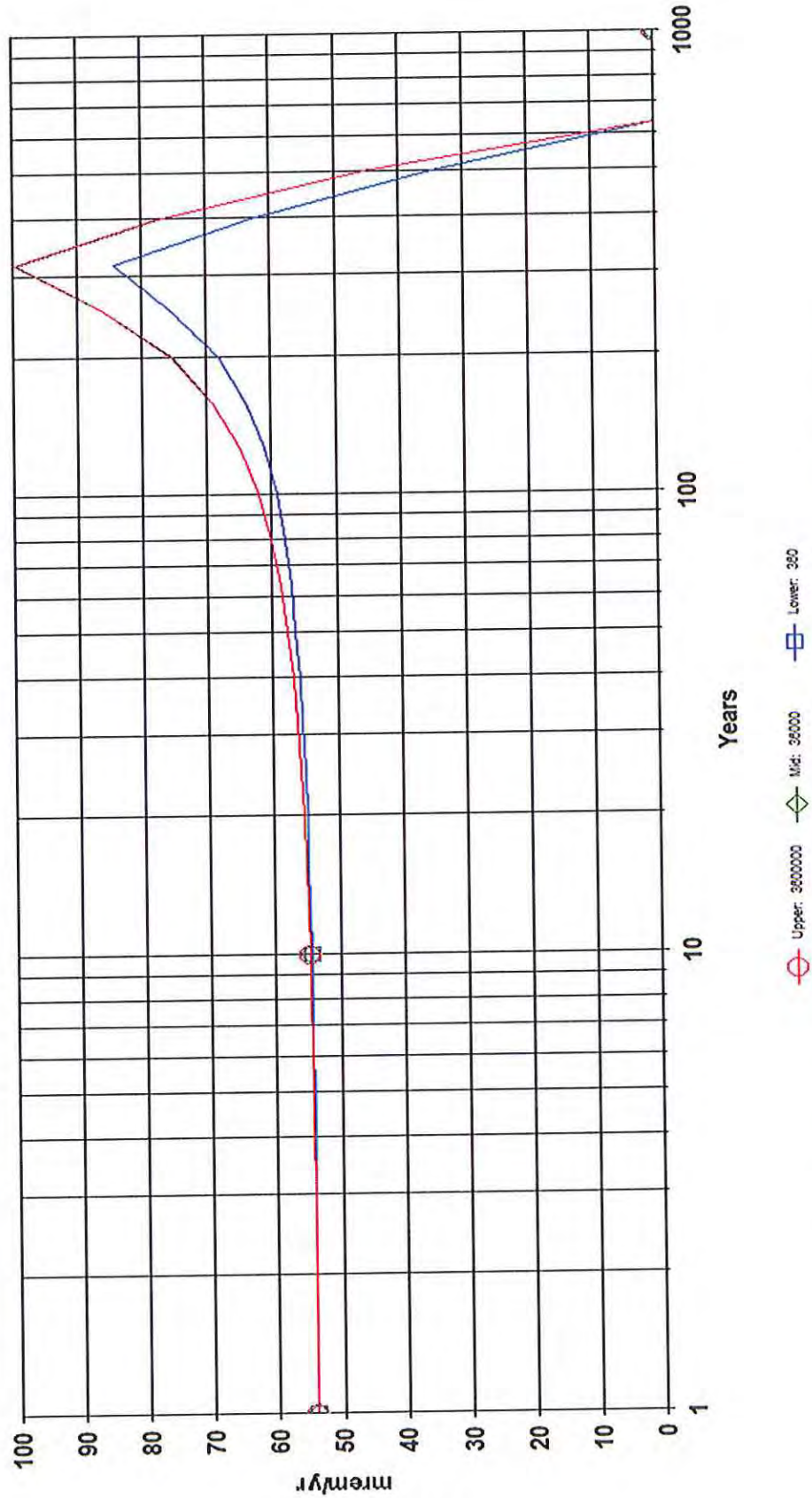
DOSE: All Nuclides Summed, All Pathways Summed With SA on Pb-210 Contaminated Zone Distribution Coefficient



C:\USERS\RSCHERJ\ANDESKTOP\RESRAD RADIUM BENCH MARK SUBSURFACE.RAD 09/05/2013 14:50 GRAPHICS.ASC Includes All Pathways

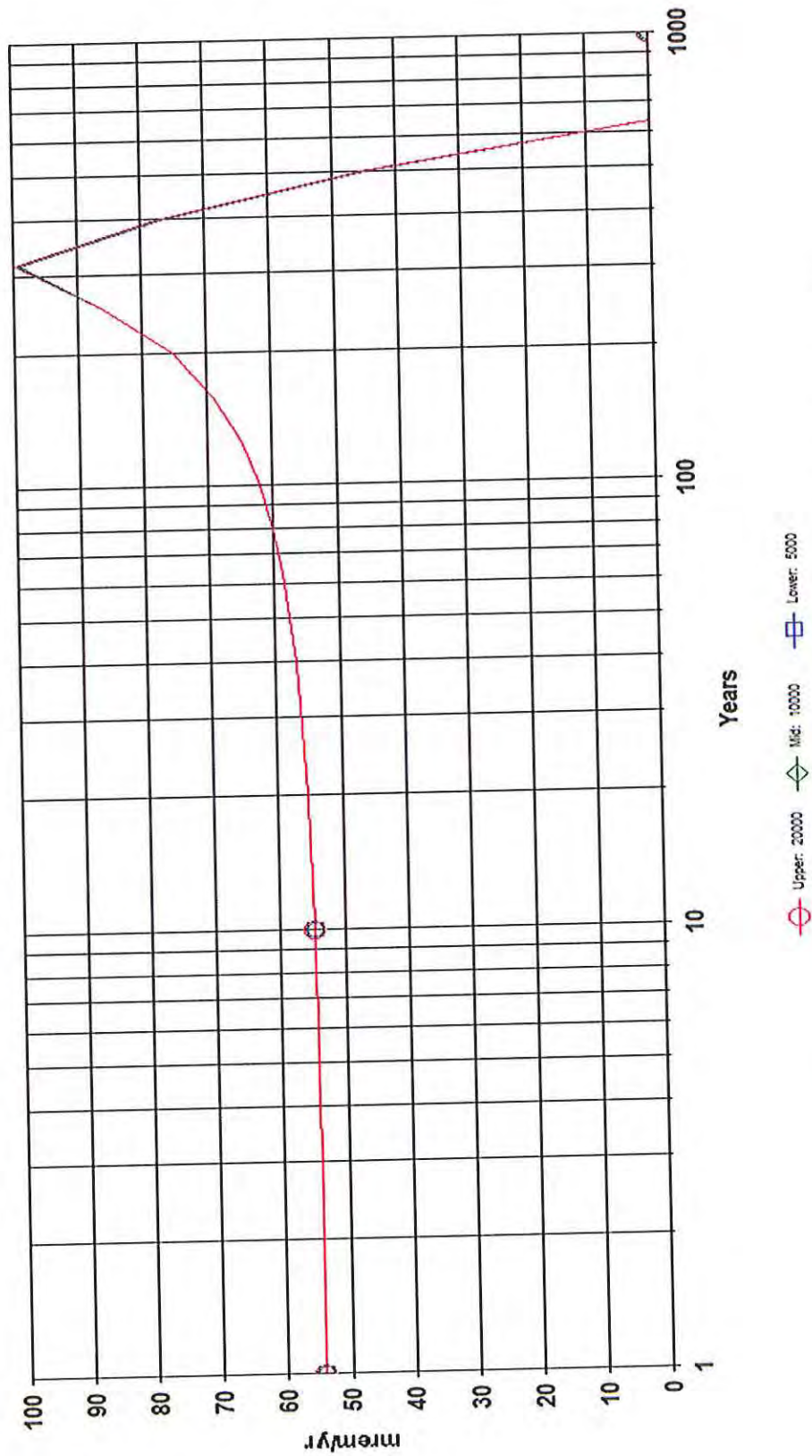


DOSE: All Nuclides Summed, All Pathways Summed With SA on Ra-226 Contaminated Zone Distribution Coefficient



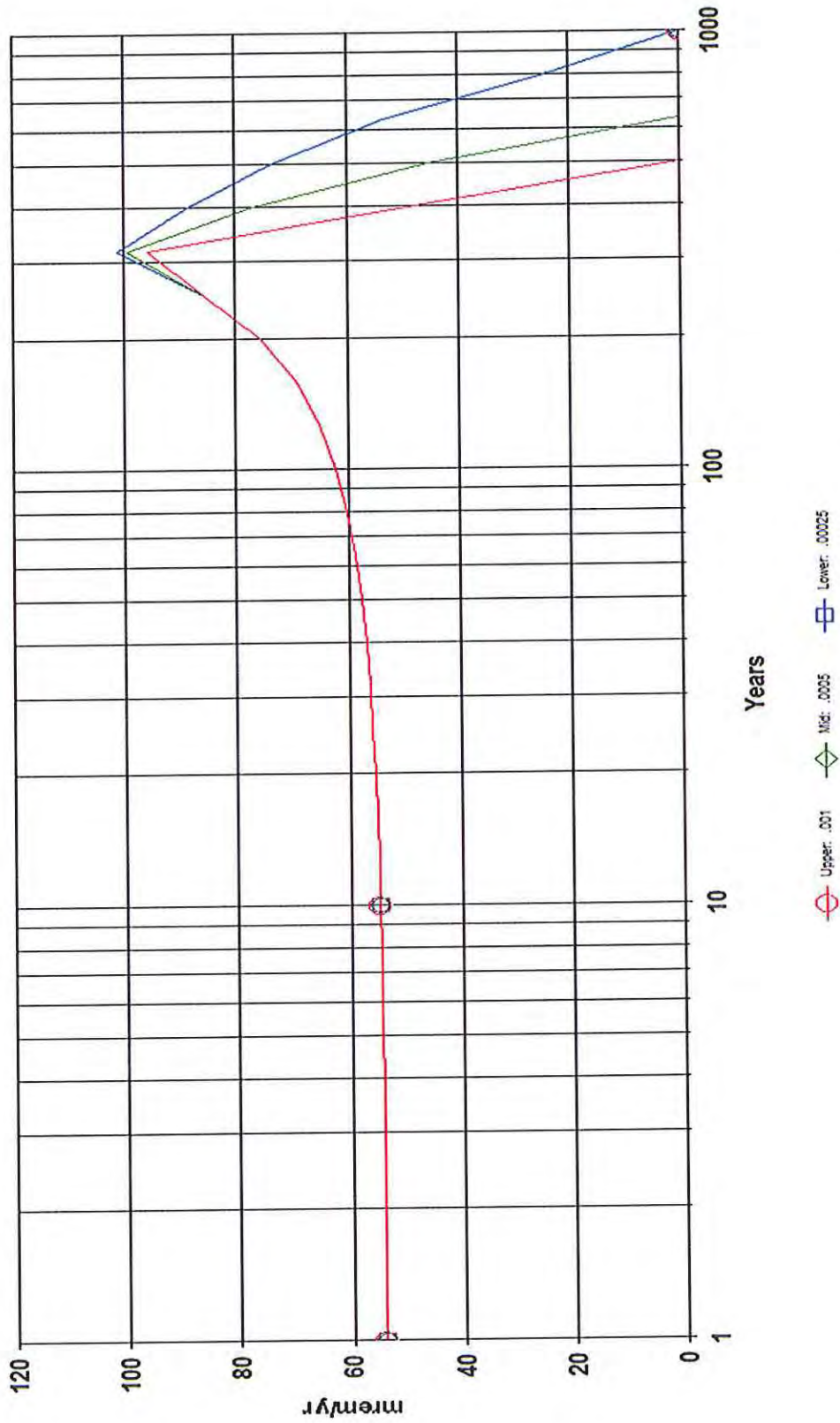
C:\USERS\RSCHERMAN\DESKTOP\RESRAD RADIUM BENCH MARK SUBSURFACE.RAD 09/05/2013 14:50 GRAPHICS.ASC Includes All Pathways

DOSE: All Nuclides Summed, All Pathways Summed With SA on Area of contaminated zone



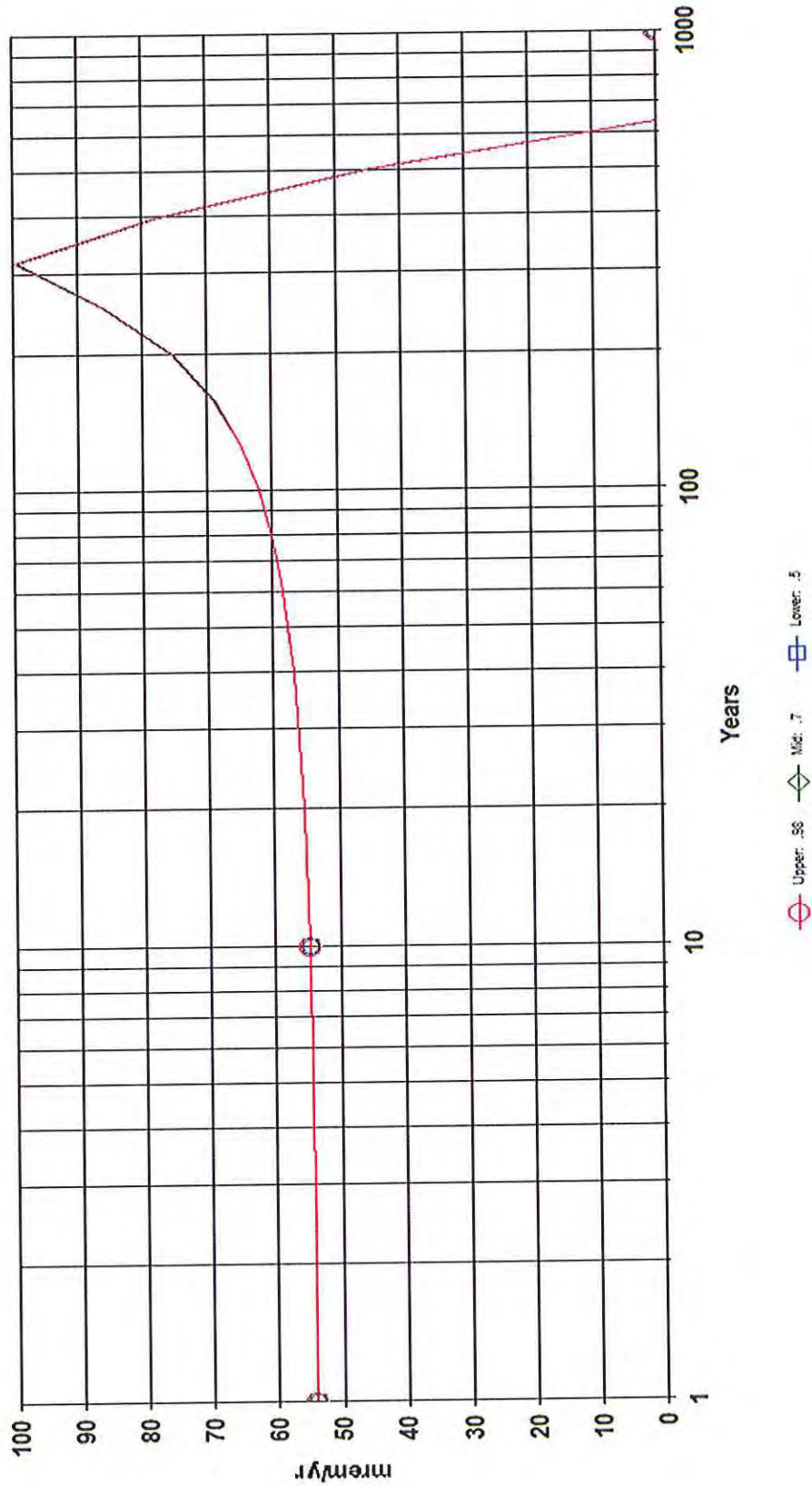
C:\USERS\RSCHEER\DESKTOP\RESRAD RADIUM BENCH MARK SUBSURFACE.RAD 09/05/2013 14:50 GRAPHICS.ASC Includes All Pathways

DOSE: All Nuclides Summed, All Pathways Summed With SA on Contaminated zone erosion rate



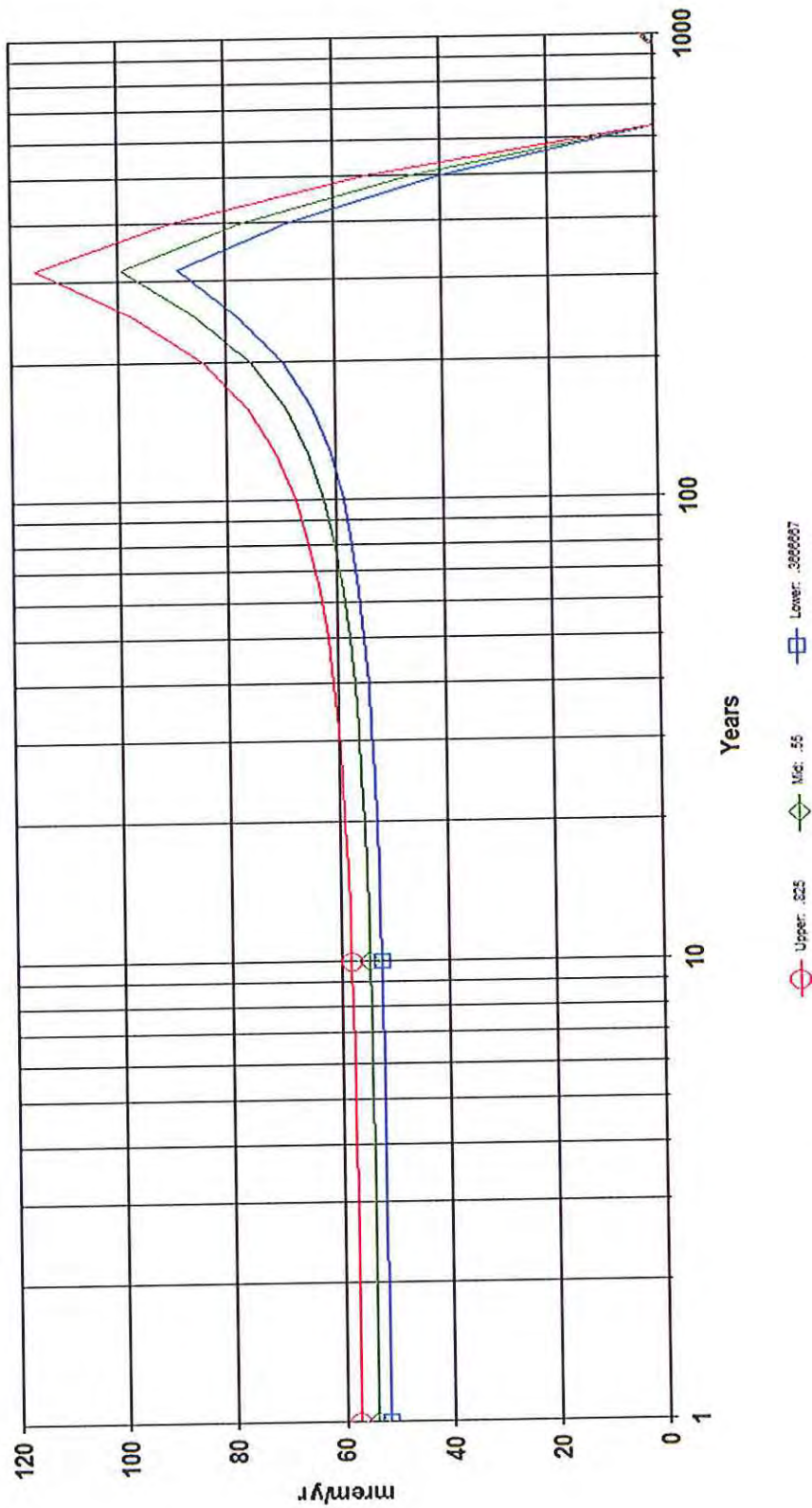
C:\USERS\RSCHERMAN\DESKTOP\RESRAD RADIUM BENCH MARK SUBSURFACE.RAD 09/05/2013 14:50 GRAPHICS.ASC Includes All Pathways

DOSE: All Nuclides Summed, All Pathways Summed With SA on Evapotranspiration coefficient



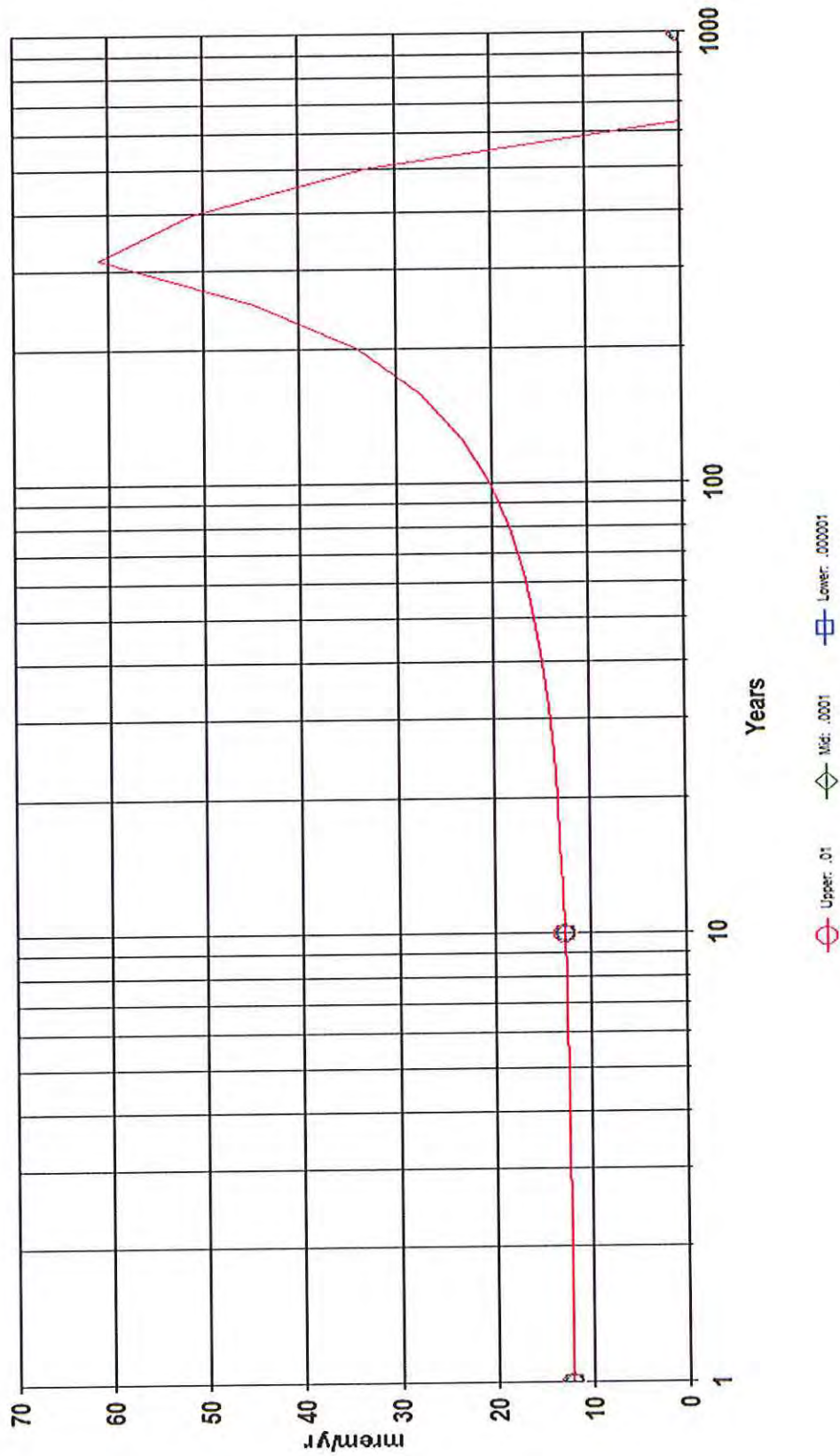
C:\USERS\RSHERMAN\DESKTOP\RESRAD RADIUM BENCH MARK SUBSURFACE.RAD 09/05/2013 14:50 GRAPHICS.ASC Includes All Pathways

DOSE: All Nuclides Summed, All Pathways Summed With SA on External Gamma Shielding factor



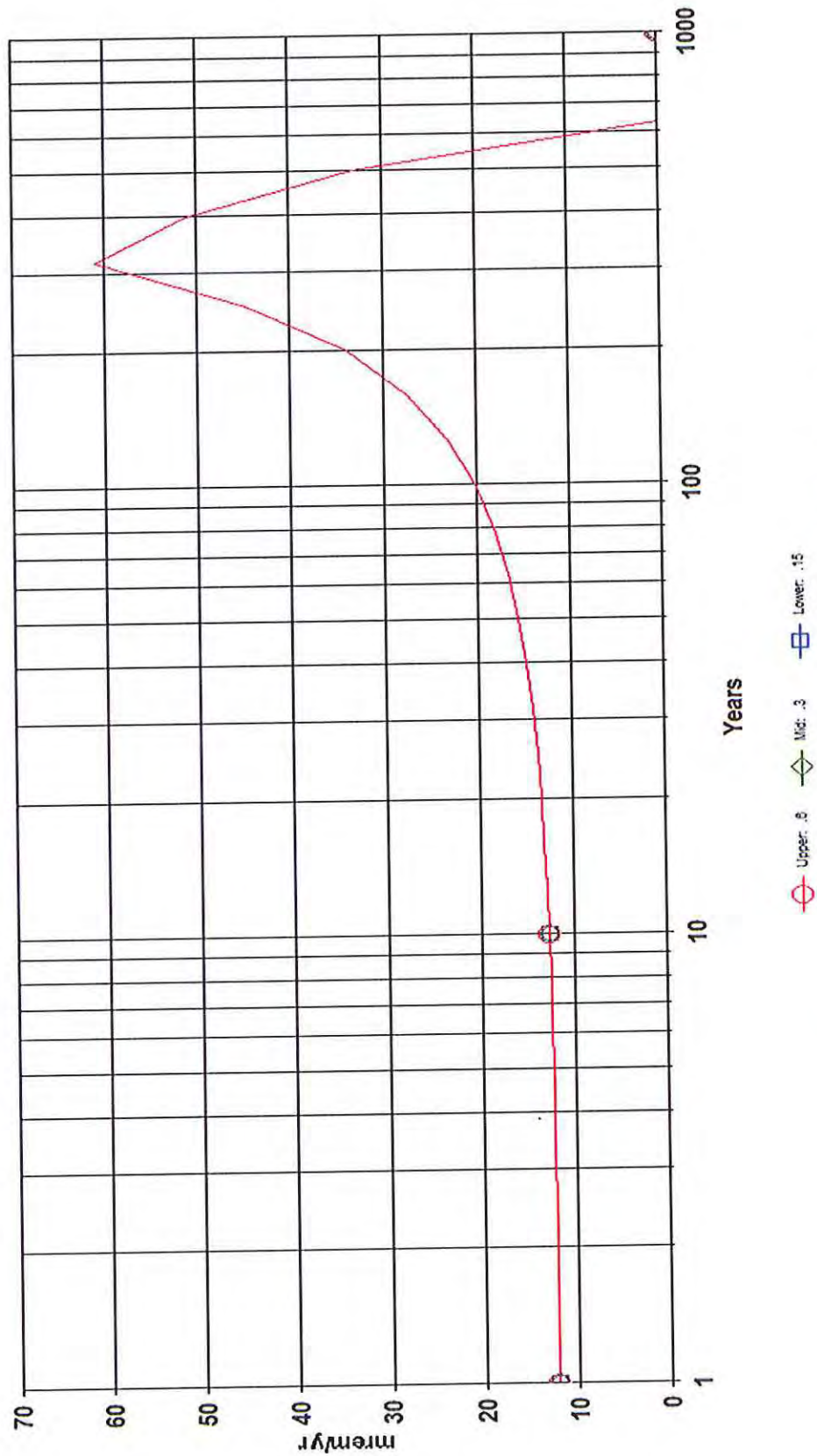
C:\USERS\RSCHERMAN\DESKTOP\RESRAD RADIUM BENCH MARK SUBSURFACE.RAD 09/05/2013 15:02 GRAPHICS.ASC Includes All Pathways

DOSE: All Nuclides Summed, External With SA on Mass loading for foliar deposition



C:\USERS\RSCHERMAN\DESKTOP\RESRAD RADUIM BENCH MARK SUBSURFACE.RAD 09/05/2013 15:02 GRAPHICS.ASC Pathways: External

DOSE: All Nuclides Summed, External With SA on Depth of roots



C:\USERS\RSCHERMAN\DESKTOP\RESRAD RADIUM BENCH MARK SUBSURFACE RAD 09/05/2013 15:02 GRAPHICS.ASC Pathways: External

**Appendix C Radium Surface Report**



1RESRAD, Version 6.5      surface final      T« Limit = 180 days      09/09/2013 07:14 Page 1  
 Summary : RESRAD surface radium benchmark  
 File : C:\USERS\RSCHIERMAN\DESKTOP\RESRAD RADIUM BENCH MARK SURFACE.RAD

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1RESRAD, Version 6.5      T« Limit = 180 days      09/09/2013 07:14 Page 2  
 Summary : RESRAD surface radium benchmark  
 File : C:\USERS\RSCHIERMAN\DESKTOP\RESRAD RADIUM BENCH MARK SURFACE.RAD

Dose Conversion Factor (and Related) Parameter Summary  
 Dose Library: FGR 12 & FGR 11

0	Parameter	Parameter	Current
Base	Parameter	Value#	
Menu	Name		
Case*			
A-1	DCF's for external ground radiation, (mrem/yr)/(pci/g)		
A-1	At-218 (Source: FGR 12)		5.847E-03
5.847E-03	DCF1( 1)		
A-1	Bi-210 (Source: FGR 12)		3.606E-03
3.606E-03	DCF1( 2)		
A-1	Bi-214 (Source: FGR 12)		9.808E+00
9.808E+00	DCF1( 3)		
A-1	Pb-210 (Source: FGR 12)		2.447E-03
2.447E-03	DCF1( 4)		
A-1	Pb-214 (Source: FGR 12)		1.341E+00
1.341E+00	DCF1( 5)		
A-1	Po-210 (Source: FGR 12)		5.231E-05
5.231E-05	DCF1( 6)		
A-1	Po-214 (Source: FGR 12)		5.138E-04
5.138E-04	DCF1( 7)		
A-1	Po-218 (Source: FGR 12)		5.642E-05
5.642E-05	DCF1( 8)		
A-1	Ra-226 (Source: FGR 12)		3.176E-02
3.176E-02	DCF1( 9)		
A-1	Rn-222 (Source: FGR 12)		2.354E-03
2.354E-03	DCF1( 10)		
A-1	Tl-210 (Source: no data)		0.000E+00
-2.000E+00	DCF1( 11)		
B-1	Dose conversion factors for inhalation, mrem/pCi:		
B-1	Pb-210+D		2.320E-02
1.360E-02	DCF2( 1)		

```

                                surface final
B-1 ³ Ra-226+D                    ³ 8.594E-03 ³
8.580E-03 ³ DCF2( 2)                ³          ³
³                                     ³          ³
D-1 ³ Dose conversion factors for ingestion, mrem/pci:
³                                     ³          ³
D-1 ³ Pb-210+D                      ³ 7.276E-03 ³
5.370E-03 ³ DCF3( 1)                ³          ³
D-1 ³ Ra-226+D                      ³ 1.321E-03 ³
1.320E-03 ³ DCF3( 2)                ³          ³
³                                     ³          ³
D-34 ³ Food transfer factors:
³                                     ³          ³
D-34 ³ Pb-210+D ³ plant/soil concentration ratio, dimensionless ³ 1.000E-02 ³
1.000E-02 ³ RTF( 1,1)
D-34 ³ Pb-210+D ³ beef/livestock-intake ratio, (pci/kg)/(pci/d) ³ 8.000E-04 ³
8.000E-04 ³ RTF( 1,2)
D-34 ³ Pb-210+D ³ milk/livestock-intake ratio, (pci/L)/(pci/d) ³ 3.000E-04 ³
3.000E-04 ³ RTF( 1,3)
D-34 ³
³                                     ³          ³
D-34 ³ Ra-226+D ³ plant/soil concentration ratio, dimensionless ³ 4.000E-02 ³
4.000E-02 ³ RTF( 2,1)
D-34 ³ Ra-226+D ³ beef/livestock-intake ratio, (pci/kg)/(pci/d) ³ 1.000E-03 ³
1.000E-03 ³ RTF( 2,2)
D-34 ³ Ra-226+D ³ milk/livestock-intake ratio, (pci/L)/(pci/d) ³ 1.000E-03 ³
1.000E-03 ³ RTF( 2,3)
D-34 ³
³                                     ³          ³
D-5 ³ Bioaccumulation factors, fresh water, L/kg:
³                                     ³          ³
D-5 ³ Pb-210+D ³ fish                    ³ 3.000E+02 ³
3.000E+02 ³ BIOFAC( 1,1)
D-5 ³ Pb-210+D ³ crustacea and mollusks ³ 1.000E+02 ³
1.000E+02 ³ BIOFAC( 1,2)
D-5 ³
³                                     ³          ³
D-5 ³ Ra-226+D ³ fish                    ³ 5.000E+01 ³
5.000E+01 ³ BIOFAC( 2,1)
D-5 ³ Ra-226+D ³ crustacea and mollusks ³ 2.500E+02 ³
2.500E+02 ³ BIOFAC( 2,2)

```

#For DCF1(XXX) only, factors are for infinite depth & area. See ETFG table in Ground Pathway of Detailed Report.  
 \*Base Case means Default.Lib w/o Associate Nuclide contributions.  
 RESRAD, Version 6.5 T« Limit = 180 days 09/09/2013 07:14 Page 3  
 Summary : RESRAD surface radium benchmark  
 File : C:\USERS\RSCHIERMAN\DESKTOP\RESRAD RADIUM BENCH MARK SURFACE.RAD

		Site-Specific Parameter Summary	
		User	Summary
0	Used by RESRAD	Parameter	Parameter
Menu	(If different from user input)	Input	Default
R011	Area of contaminated zone (m**2)	1.000E+04	1.000E+04
---	AREA		
R011	Thickness of contaminated zone (m)	1.500E-01	2.000E+00
---	THICKO		
R011	Fraction of contamination that is submerged	0.000E+00	0.000E+00
---	SUBMFRACT		
R011	Length parallel to aquifer flow (m)	1.000E+02	1.000E+02

		surface final	
R011	Basic radiation dose limit (mrem/yr)	LCZPAQ	1.000E+02 3.000E+01
R011	Time since placement of material (yr)	BRDL	0.000E+00 0.000E+00
R011	Times for calculations (yr)	TI	1.000E+00 1.000E+00
R011	Times for calculations (yr)	T( 2)	1.000E+01 3.000E+00
R011	Times for calculations (yr)	T( 3)	1.000E+03 1.000E+01
R011	Times for calculations (yr)	T( 4)	not used 3.000E+01
R011	Times for calculations (yr)	T( 5)	not used 1.000E+02
R011	Times for calculations (yr)	T( 6)	not used 3.000E+02
R011	Times for calculations (yr)	T( 7)	not used 1.000E+03
R011	Times for calculations (yr)	T( 8)	not used 0.000E+00
R011	Times for calculations (yr)	T( 9)	not used 0.000E+00
R011	Times for calculations (yr)	T(10)	not used 0.000E+00
R012	Initial principal radionuclide (pCi/g): Pb-210	S1(1)	5.000E+00 0.000E+00
R012	Initial principal radionuclide (pCi/g): Ra-226	S1(2)	5.000E+00 0.000E+00
R012	Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): Pb-210	W1( 1)	not used 0.000E+00
R012	Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): Ra-226	W1( 2)	not used 0.000E+00
R013	Cover depth (m)	COVER0	0.000E+00 0.000E+00
R013	Density of cover material (g/cm**3)	DENSCV	not used 1.500E+00
R013	Cover depth erosion rate (m/yr)	VCV	not used 1.000E-03
R013	Density of contaminated zone (g/cm**3)	DENSCZ	1.440E+00 1.500E+00
R013	Contaminated zone erosion rate (m/yr)	VCZ	5.000E-04 1.000E-03
R013	contaminated zone total porosity	TPCZ	4.000E-01 4.000E-01
R013	contaminated zone field capacity	FCCZ	2.000E-01 2.000E-01
R013	contaminated zone hydraulic conductivity (m/yr)	HCCZ	1.090E+03 1.000E+01
R013	contaminated zone b parameter	BCZ	4.900E+00 5.300E+00
R013	Average annual wind speed (m/sec)	WIND	4.920E+00 2.000E+00
R013	Humidity in air (g/m**3)	HUMID	not used 8.000E+00
R013	Evapotranspiration coefficient	EVAPTR	7.000E-01 5.000E-01
R013	Precipitation (m/yr)	PRECIP	2.800E-01 1.000E+00
R013	Irrigation (m/yr)	RI	0.000E+00 2.000E-01

```

                                surface final
R013 * Irrigation mode                * overhead * overhead *
      ----
R013 * Runoff coefficient              * IDITCH   * 5.000E-01 * 2.000E-01 *
      ----
R013 * Watershed area for nearby stream or pond (m**2) * RUNOFF   * 1.000E+06 * 1.000E+06 *
      ----
R013 * Accuracy for water/soil computations * WAREA    * 1.000E-03 * 1.000E-03 *
      ----
      * EPS
      *
R014 * Density of saturated zone (g/cm**3) *          * 1.500E+00 * 1.500E+00 *
      ----
R014 * Saturated zone total porosity * DENSAQ   * 4.300E-01 * 4.000E-01 *
      ----
R014 * Saturated zone effective porosity * TPSZ     * 3.300E-01 * 2.000E-01 *
      ----
R014 * Saturated zone field capacity * EPSZ     * 1.000E-01 * 2.000E-01 *
      ----
R014 * Saturated zone hydraulic conductivity (m/yr) * FCSZ     * 5.550E+03 * 1.000E+02 *
      ----
R014 * Saturated zone hydraulic gradient * HCSZ     * 1.000E-02 * 2.000E-02 *
      ----
R014 * Saturated zone b parameter * HGWT     * 4.050E+00 * 5.300E+00 *
      ----
R014 * Water table drop rate (m/yr) * BSZ      * 1.000E-03 * 1.000E-03 *
      ----
R014 * Well pump intake depth (m below water table) * VWT      * 1.000E+01 * 1.000E+01 *
      ----
R014 * Model: Nondispersion (ND) or Mass-Balance (MB) * DWIBWT   * ND        * ND        *
      ----
      * MODEL
1RESRAD, Version 6.5      T< Limit = 180 days      09/09/2013 07:14 Page 4
Summary : RESRAD surface radium benchmark
File    : C:\USERS\RSCHIERMAN\DESKTOP\RESRAD RADIUM BENCH MARK SURFACE.RAD
  
```

## Site-Specific Parameter Summary

```

(continued)
0
      * User *
Menu * Used by RESRAD * Parameter * Input * Default *
      * Parameter * Name
(If different from user input) *
R014 * Well pumping rate (m**3/yr) *          * 2.500E+02 * 2.500E+02 *
      ----
      * UW
      *
R015 * Number of unsaturated zone strata *          * 1          * 1          *
      ----
      * NS
R015 * Unsat. zone 1, thickness (m) *          * 2.286E+01 * 4.000E+00 *
      ----
      * H(1)
R015 * Unsat. zone 1, soil density (g/cm**3) *          * 1.500E+00 * 1.500E+00 *
      ----
      * DENSUZ(1)
R015 * Unsat. zone 1, total porosity *          * 4.300E-01 * 4.000E-01 *
      ----
      * TPUZ(1)
R015 * Unsat. zone 1, effective porosity *          * 3.300E-01 * 2.000E-01 *
      ----
      * EPUZ(1)
R015 * Unsat. zone 1, field capacity *          * 1.000E-01 * 2.000E-01 *
      ----
      * FCUZ(1)
R015 * Unsat. zone 1, soil-specific b parameter *          * 4.050E+00 * 5.300E+00 *
      ----
      * BUZ(1)
R015 * Unsat. zone 1, hydraulic conductivity (m/yr) *          * 5.550E+03 * 1.000E+01 *
      ----
      * HCUZ(1)
      *
      *
  
```

R016	surface final Distribution coefficients for Pb-210			
R016	Contaminated zone (cm**3/g) ---- DCNUCC( 1)	1.600E+04	1.000E+02	
R016	Unsaturated zone 1 (cm**3/g) ---- DCNUCU( 1,1)	2.700E+02	1.000E+02	
R016	Saturated zone (cm**3/g) ---- DCNUCS( 1)	2.700E+02	1.000E+02	
R016	Leach rate (/yr) 1.215E-05	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	
R016	Solubility constant not used	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	
R016	Distribution coefficients for Ra-226			
R016	Contaminated zone (cm**3/g) ---- DCNUCC( 2)	3.600E+04	7.000E+01	
R016	Unsaturated zone 1 (cm**3/g) ---- DCNUCU( 2,1)	5.000E+02	7.000E+01	
R016	Saturated zone (cm**3/g) ---- DCNUCS( 2)	5.000E+02	7.000E+01	
R016	Leach rate (/yr) 5.401E-06	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	
R016	Solubility constant not used	0.000E+00	0.000E+00	
R017	Inhalation rate (m**3/yr) ---- INHALR	8.400E+03	8.400E+03	
R017	Mass loading for inhalation (g/m**3) ---- MLINH	1.000E-04	1.000E-04	
R017	Exposure duration ---- ED	3.000E+01	3.000E+01	
R017	Shielding factor, inhalation ---- SHF3	4.000E-01	4.000E-01	
R017	Shielding factor, external gamma ---- SHF1	5.500E-01	7.000E-01	
R017	Fraction of time spent indoors ---- FIND	5.000E-01	5.000E-01	
R017	Fraction of time spent outdoors (on site) ---- FOTD	2.500E-01	2.500E-01	
R017	Shape factor flag, external gamma >0 shows circular AREA. ---- FS	1.000E+00	1.000E+00	
R017	Radii of shape factor array (used if FS = -1):			
R017	Outer annular radius (m), ring 1: ---- RAD_SHAPE( 1)	not used	5.000E+01	
R017	Outer annular radius (m), ring 2: ---- RAD_SHAPE( 2)	not used	7.071E+01	
R017	Outer annular radius (m), ring 3: ---- RAD_SHAPE( 3)	not used	0.000E+00	
R017	Outer annular radius (m), ring 4: ---- RAD_SHAPE( 4)	not used	0.000E+00	
R017	Outer annular radius (m), ring 5: ---- RAD_SHAPE( 5)	not used	0.000E+00	
R017	Outer annular radius (m), ring 6: ---- RAD_SHAPE( 6)	not used	0.000E+00	
R017	Outer annular radius (m), ring 7: ---- RAD_SHAPE( 7)	not used	0.000E+00	
R017	Outer annular radius (m), ring 8: ---- RAD_SHAPE( 8)	not used	0.000E+00	
R017	Outer annular radius (m), ring 9: ---- RAD_SHAPE( 9)	not used	0.000E+00	

```

                                surface final
R017  *  ---          *  RAD_SHAPE( 9)          *  not used  *  0.000E+00  *
      *  Outer annular radius (m), ring 10:      *
R017  *  ---          *  RAD_SHAPE(10)         *  not used  *  0.000E+00  *
      *  Outer annular radius (m), ring 11:      *
R017  *  ---          *  RAD_SHAPE(11)         *  not used  *  0.000E+00  *
      *  Outer annular radius (m), ring 12:      *
      *  ---          *  RAD_SHAPE(12)         *
      *
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Site-Specific Parameter Summary

(continued)		User	
0			
Menu	Used by RESRAD	Parameter	Default
(If different from user input)	Parameter Name		
R017	Fractions of annular areas within AREA:		
R017	Ring 1	FRACA( 1)	not used 1.000E+00
R017	Ring 2	FRACA( 2)	not used 2.732E-01
R017	Ring 3	FRACA( 3)	not used 0.000E+00
R017	Ring 4	FRACA( 4)	not used 0.000E+00
R017	Ring 5	FRACA( 5)	not used 0.000E+00
R017	Ring 6	FRACA( 6)	not used 0.000E+00
R017	Ring 7	FRACA( 7)	not used 0.000E+00
R017	Ring 8	FRACA( 8)	not used 0.000E+00
R017	Ring 9	FRACA( 9)	not used 0.000E+00
R017	Ring 10	FRACA(10)	not used 0.000E+00
R017	Ring 11	FRACA(11)	not used 0.000E+00
R017	Ring 12	FRACA(12)	not used 0.000E+00
R018	Fruits, vegetables and grain consumption (kg/yr)	DIET(1)	1.600E+02 1.600E+02
R018	Leafy vegetable consumption (kg/yr)	DIET(2)	1.400E+01 1.400E+01
R018	Milk consumption (L/yr)	DIET(3)	not used 9.200E+01
R018	Meat and poultry consumption (kg/yr)	DIET(4)	6.300E+01 6.300E+01
R018	Fish consumption (kg/yr)	DIET(5)	0.000E+00 5.400E+00
R018	Other seafood consumption (kg/yr)	DIET(6)	0.000E+00 9.000E-01
R018	Soil ingestion rate (g/yr)	SOIL	3.650E+01 3.650E+01
R018	Drinking water intake (L/yr)		5.100E+02 5.100E+02

		surface final	
R018	Contamination fraction of drinking water	1.000E+00	1.000E+00
R018	Contamination fraction of household water	not used	1.000E+00
R018	Contamination fraction of livestock water	1.000E+00	1.000E+00
R018	Contamination fraction of irrigation water	0.000E+00	1.000E+00
R018	Contamination fraction of aquatic food	0.000E+00	5.000E-01
R018	Contamination fraction of plant food	2.500E-01	-1
R018	Contamination fraction of meat	2.500E-01	-1
R018	Contamination fraction of milk	not used	-1
R019	Livestock fodder intake for meat (kg/day)	6.800E+01	6.800E+01
R019	Livestock fodder intake for milk (kg/day)	not used	5.500E+01
R019	Livestock water intake for meat (L/day)	5.000E+01	5.000E+01
R019	Livestock water intake for milk (L/day)	not used	1.600E+02
R019	Livestock soil intake (kg/day)	5.000E-01	5.000E-01
R019	Mass loading for foliar deposition (g/m**3)	1.000E-04	1.000E-04
R019	Depth of soil mixing layer (m)	1.500E-01	1.500E-01
R019	Depth of roots (m)	3.000E-01	9.000E-01
R019	Drinking water fraction from ground water	1.000E+00	1.000E+00
R019	Household water fraction from ground water	not used	1.000E+00
R019	Livestock water fraction from ground water	1.000E+00	1.000E+00
R019	Irrigation fraction from ground water	1.000E+00	1.000E+00
R19B	Wet weight crop yield for Non-Leafy (kg/m**2)	7.000E-01	7.000E-01
R19B	Wet weight crop yield for Leafy (kg/m**2)	1.500E+00	1.500E+00
R19B	Wet weight crop yield for Fodder (kg/m**2)	1.100E+00	1.100E+00
R19B	Growing Season for Non-Leafy (years)	1.700E-01	1.700E-01
R19B	Growing Season for Leafy (years)	2.500E-01	2.500E-01
R19B	Growing Season for Fodder (years)	8.000E-02	8.000E-02

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## site-Specific Parameter Summary

(continued)

		surface final			
0	Used by RESRAD	Parameter	User		
Menu		Parameter	Input	Default	
(If different from user input)		Name			
R19B	Translocation Factor for Non-Leafy	TIV(1)	1.000E-01	1.000E-01	
R19B	Translocation Factor for Leafy	TIV(2)	1.000E+00	1.000E+00	
R19B	Translocation Factor for Fodder	TIV(3)	1.000E+00	1.000E+00	
R19B	Dry Foliar Interception Fraction for Non-Leafy	RDRY(1)	2.500E-01	2.500E-01	
R19B	Dry Foliar Interception Fraction for Leafy	RDRY(2)	2.500E-01	2.500E-01	
R19B	Dry Foliar Interception Fraction for Fodder	RDRY(3)	2.500E-01	2.500E-01	
R19B	Wet Foliar Interception Fraction for Non-Leafy	RWET(1)	2.500E-01	2.500E-01	
R19B	Wet Foliar Interception Fraction for Leafy	RWET(2)	2.500E-01	2.500E-01	
R19B	Wet Foliar Interception Fraction for Fodder	RWET(3)	2.500E-01	2.500E-01	
R19B	Weathering Removal Constant for Vegetation	WLAM	2.000E+01	2.000E+01	
C14	C-12 concentration in water (g/cm**3)	C12WTR	not used	2.000E-05	
C14	C-12 concentration in contaminated soil (g/g)	C12CZ	not used	3.000E-02	
C14	Fraction of vegetation carbon from soil	CSOIL	not used	2.000E-02	
C14	Fraction of vegetation carbon from air	CAIR	not used	9.800E-01	
C14	C-14 evasion layer thickness in soil (m)	DMC	not used	3.000E-01	
C14	C-14 evasion flux rate from soil (1/sec)	EVSN	not used	7.000E-07	
C14	C-12 evasion flux rate from soil (1/sec)	REVSN	not used	1.000E-10	
C14	Fraction of grain in beef cattle feed	AVFG4	not used	8.000E-01	
C14	Fraction of grain in milk cow feed	AVFG5	not used	2.000E-01	
STOR	Storage times of contaminated foodstuffs (days):				
STOR	Fruits, non-leafy vegetables, and grain	STOR_T(1)	1.400E+01	1.400E+01	
STOR	Leafy vegetables	STOR_T(2)	1.000E+00	1.000E+00	
STOR	Milk	STOR_T(3)	1.000E+00	1.000E+00	
STOR	Meat and poultry	STOR_T(4)	2.000E+01	2.000E+01	
STOR	Fish	STOR_T(5)	7.000E+00	7.000E+00	
STOR	Crustacea and mollusks	STOR_T(6)	7.000E+00	7.000E+00	
STOR	Well water	STOR_T(7)	1.000E+00	1.000E+00	



STOR	Surface water	surface final	1.000E+00	1.000E+00
STOR	Livestock fodder	STOR_T(8)	4.500E+01	4.500E+01
		STOR_T(9)		
R021	Thickness of building foundation (m)	FLOOR1	not used	1.500E-01
R021	Bulk density of building foundation (g/cm**3)	DENSFL	not used	2.400E+00
R021	Total porosity of the cover material	TPCV	not used	4.000E-01
R021	Total porosity of the building foundation	TPFL	not used	1.000E-01
R021	Volumetric water content of the cover material	PH2OCV	not used	5.000E-02
R021	Volumetric water content of the foundation	PH2OFL	not used	3.000E-02
R021	Diffusion coefficient for radon gas (m/sec):			
R021	in cover material	DIFCV	not used	2.000E-06
R021	in foundation material	DIFFL	not used	3.000E-07
R021	in contaminated zone soil	DIFCZ	not used	2.000E-06
R021	Radon vertical dimension of mixing (m)	HMIX	not used	2.000E+00
R021	Average building air exchange rate (1/hr)	REXG	not used	5.000E-01
R021	Height of the building (room) (m)	HRM	not used	2.500E+00
R021	Building interior area factor	FAI	not used	0.000E+00
R021	Building depth below ground surface (m)	DMFL	not used	-1.000E+00
R021	Emanating power of Rn-222 gas	EMANA(1)	not used	2.500E-01
R021	Emanating power of Rn-220 gas	EMANA(2)	not used	1.500E-01
TITL	Number of graphical time points	NPTS	32	---

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## site-specific Parameter Summary

(continued)		User	
0	Used by RESRAD	Input	Default
Menu	Parameter Name		
(If different from user input)			
TITL	Maximum number of integration points for dose	17	---
	LYMAX		
TITL	Maximum number of integration points for risk	1	---
	KYMAX		

surface final  
Summary of Pathway Selections

Pathway	User Selection
1 -- external gamma	active
2 -- inhalation (w/o radon)	active
3 -- plant ingestion	active
4 -- meat ingestion	active
5 -- milk ingestion	suppressed
6 -- aquatic foods	active
7 -- drinking water	active
8 -- soil ingestion	active
9 -- radon	suppressed
Find peak pathway doses	active

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Contaminated Zone Dimensions Initial Soil Concentrations, pCi/g

Area: 10000.00 square meters Pb-210 5.000E+00  
Thickness: 0.15 meters Ra-226 5.000E+00  
Cover Depth: 0.00 meters

0 Total Dose TDOSE(t), mrem/yr

Basic Radiation Dose Limit = 1.000E+02 mrem/yr

Total Mixture Sum M(t) = Fraction of Basic Dose Limit Received at Time (t)

t (years): 0.000E+00 1.000E+00 1.000E+01 1.000E+03  
TDOSE(t): 3.925E+01 3.917E+01 3.833E+01 0.000E+00  
M(t): 3.925E-01 3.917E-01 3.833E-01 0.000E+00  
Maximum TDOSE(t): 3.925E+01 mrem/yr at t = 0.000E+00 years  
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Summary : RESRAD surface radium benchmark  
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Total Dose Contributions TDOSE(i,p,t) for Individual Radionuclides (i) and Pathways (p)

As mrem/yr and Fraction of Total Dose At t = 0.000E+00 years

0 Water Independent Pathways (Inhalation excludes radon)

Radio-Nuclide	Ground		Inhalation Soil		Radon		Plant	
	mrem/yr	fract.	mrem/yr	fract.	mrem/yr	fract.	mrem/yr	fract.
Pb-210	1.498E-02	0.0004	2.907E-03	0.0001	0.000E+00	0.0000	7.780E+00	0.1982
3.787E-01	0.0096	0.000E+00	0.0000	9.790E-01	0.0249			
Ra-226	2.382E+01	0.6068	1.139E-03	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	5.880E+00	0.1498
2.016E-01	0.0051	0.000E+00	0.0000	1.957E-01	0.0050			
iiiiiiii	iiiiiiii	iiiiiiii	iiiiiiii	iiiiiiii	iiiiiiii	iiiiiiii	iiiiiiii	iiiiiiii
iiiiiiii	iiiiiiii	iiiiiiii	iiiiiiii	iiiiiiii	iiiiiiii	iiiiiiii	iiiiiiii	iiiiiiii
Total	2.383E+01	0.6072	4.047E-03	0.0001	0.000E+00	0.0000	1.366E+01	0.3480
5.803E-01	0.0148	0.000E+00	0.0000	1.175E+00	0.0299			

surface final  
Total Dose Contributions TDOSE(i,p,t) for Individual  
Radionuclides (i) and Pathways (p) As mrem/yr and Fraction of Total Dose At t =

0.000E+00 years  
0  
0

Radio- Nuclide	Water		Fish		Water Dependent Pathways	
	mrem/yr	fract.	mrem/yr	fract.	mrem/yr	fract.
Pb-210	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000
Ra-226	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000
Total	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000

0\*Sum of all water independent and dependent pathways.  
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Summary : RESRAD surface radium benchmark  
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Total Dose Contributions TDOSE(i,p,t) for Individual  
Radionuclides (i) and Pathways (p) As mrem/yr and Fraction of Total Dose At t =

1.000E+00 years  
0  
0  
excludes radon)

Radio- Nuclide	Ground		Inhalation		Radon		Plant	
	mrem/yr	fract.	mrem/yr	fract.	mrem/yr	fract.	mrem/yr	fract.
Pb-210	1.452E-02	0.0004	2.809E-03	0.0001	0.000E+00	0.0000	7.517E+00	0.1919
Ra-226	2.378E+01	0.6072	1.224E-03	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	6.099E+00	0.1557
Total	2.380E+01	0.6076	4.033E-03	0.0001	0.000E+00	0.0000	1.362E+01	0.3476

Total Dose Contributions TDOSE(i,p,t) for Individual  
Radionuclides (i) and Pathways (p) As mrem/yr and Fraction of Total Dose At t =

1.000E+00 years  
0  
0

Radio- Nuclide	Water		Fish		Water Dependent Pathways	
	mrem/yr	fract.	mrem/yr	fract.	mrem/yr	fract.
Pb-210	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000
Ra-226	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000
Total	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000

0\*Sum of all water independent and dependent pathways.  
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surface final

Summary : RESRAD surface radium benchmark  
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Total Dose Contributions TDOSE(i,p,t) for Individual  
 Radionuclides (i) and Pathways (p) As mrem/yr and Fraction of Total Dose At t =

1.000E+01 years  
 0 Water Independent Pathways (Inhalation  
 0 excludes radon)

	Ground		Inhalation		Radon		Plant	
	Meat	Milk	Soil					
Radio- Nuclide	mrem/yr	fract.	mrem/yr	fract.	mrem/yr	fract.	mrem/yr	fract.
	mrem/yr	fract.	mrem/yr	fract.	mrem/yr	fract.	mrem/yr	fract.
Pb-210	1.094E-02	0.0003	2.059E-03	0.0001	0.000E+00	0.0000	5.511E+00	0.1438
2.682E-01	0.0070	0.000E+00	0.0000	6.934E-01	0.0181			
Ra-226	2.344E+01	0.6116	1.845E-03	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	7.667E+00	0.2000
2.920E-01	0.0076	0.000E+00	0.0000	4.406E-01	0.0115			
Total	2.346E+01	0.6119	3.905E-03	0.0001	0.000E+00	0.0000	1.318E+01	0.3438
5.603E-01	0.0146	0.000E+00	0.0000	1.134E+00	0.0296			

Total Dose Contributions TDOSE(i,p,t) for Individual  
 Radionuclides (i) and Pathways (p) As mrem/yr and Fraction of Total Dose At t =

1.000E+01 years  
 0 Water Dependent Pathways  
 0

	Water		Fish		Radon		Plant	
	Meat	Milk	All Pathways*					
Radio- Nuclide	mrem/yr	fract.	mrem/yr	fract.	mrem/yr	fract.	mrem/yr	fract.
	mrem/yr	fract.	mrem/yr	fract.	mrem/yr	fract.	mrem/yr	fract.
Pb-210	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000
0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	6.485E+00	0.1692			
Ra-226	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000
0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	3.185E+01	0.8308			
Total	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000
0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	3.833E+01	1.0000			

0\*Sum of all water independent and dependent pathways.  
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Total Dose Contributions TDOSE(i,p,t) for Individual  
 Radionuclides (i) and Pathways (p) As mrem/yr and Fraction of Total Dose At t =

1.000E+03 years  
 0 Water Independent Pathways (Inhalation  
 0 excludes radon)

	Ground		Inhalation		Radon		Plant	
	Meat	Milk	Soil					
Radio- Nuclide	mrem/yr	fract.	mrem/yr	fract.	mrem/yr	fract.	mrem/yr	fract.
	mrem/yr	fract.	mrem/yr	fract.	mrem/yr	fract.	mrem/yr	fract.
Pb-210	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000
0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000			
Ra-226	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000
0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000			

surface final

Total 0.000E+00 0.0000 0.000E+00 0.0000 0.000E+00 0.0000 0.000E+00 0.0000  
 0.000E+00 0.0000 0.000E+00 0.0000 0.000E+00 0.0000  
 0

Total Dose Contributions TDOSE(i,p,t) for Individual  
 Radionuclides (i) and Pathways (p) As mrem/yr and Fraction of Total Dose At t =  
 1.000E+03 years

Radio- Nuclide mrem/yr	Water		Fish All Pathways*		Water Dependent Pathways Radon Plant	
	mrem/yr	fract.	mrem/yr	fract.	mrem/yr	fract.
Pb-210	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000
Ra-226	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000
Total	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000

\*Sum of all water independent and dependent pathways.  
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Dose/Source Ratios Summed over All Pathways

Parent and Progeny Principal Radionuclide Contributions Indicated

Parent (i)	Product (j)	Thread Fraction	DSR(j,t) At Time in Years (mrem/yr)/(pci/g)
Pb-210+D	Pb-210+D	1.000E+00	1.831E+00 1.769E+00 1.297E+00 0.000E+00
ORa-226+D	Ra-226+D	1.000E+00	5.986E+00 5.974E+00 5.864E+00 0.000E+00
Ra-226+D	Pb-210+D	1.000E+00	3.355E-02 9.011E-02 5.049E-01 0.000E+00
Ra-226+D	äDSR(j)		6.019E+00 6.064E+00 6.369E+00 0.000E+00

The DSR includes contributions from associated (half-life ó 180 days) daughters.

Single Radionuclide Soil Guidelines G(i,t) in pci/g

Basic Radiation Dose Limit = 1.000E+02 mrem/yr

ONuclide (i)	t=	0.000E+00	1.000E+00	1.000E+01	1.000E+03
Pb-210		5.461E+01	5.652E+01	7.710E+01	*7.634E+13
Ra-226		1.661E+01	1.649E+01	1.570E+01	*9.885E+11

\*At specific activity limit

ONuclide (i)	Initial (pci/g)	tmin (years)	Summed Dose/Source Ratios DSR(i,t) in (mrem/yr)/(pci/g) and Single Radionuclide Soil Guidelines G(i,t) in pci/g at tmin = time of minimum single radionuclide soil guideline and at tmax = time of maximum total dose = 0.000E+00 years	DSR(i,tmin) (pci/g)	G(i,tmin) (pci/g)	DSR(i,tmax) (pci/g)	G(i,tmax) (pci/g)
--------------	-----------------	--------------	---	---------------------	-------------------	---------------------	-------------------

			surface final			
Pb-210	5.000E+00	0.000E+00	1.831E+00	5.461E+01	1.831E+00	5.461E+01
Ra-226	5.000E+00	34.20	6.643E+00	1.505E+01	6.019E+00	1.661E+01

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Individual Nuclide Dose Summed over All Pathways  
 Parent Nuclide and Branch Fraction Indicated

ONuclide (j)	Parent (i)	THF(i)	DOSE(j,t), mrem/yr			
			t= 0.000E+00	1.000E+00	1.000E+01	1.000E+03
Pb-210	Pb-210	1.000E+00	9.156E+00	8.846E+00	6.485E+00	0.000E+00
Pb-210	Ra-226	1.000E+00	1.677E-01	4.505E-01	2.524E+00	0.000E+00
Pb-210	As(j)		9.323E+00	9.296E+00	9.010E+00	0.000E+00
Ra-226	Ra-226	1.000E+00	2.993E+01	2.987E+01	2.932E+01	0.000E+00

THF(i) is the thread fraction of the parent nuclide.

Individual Nuclide Soil Concentration  
 Parent Nuclide and Branch Fraction Indicated

ONuclide (j)	Parent (i)	THF(i)	s(j,t), pci/g			
			t= 0.000E+00	1.000E+00	1.000E+01	1.000E+03
Pb-210	Pb-210	1.000E+00	5.000E+00	4.847E+00	3.664E+00	1.565E-13
Pb-210	Ra-226	1.000E+00	0.000E+00	1.530E-01	1.333E+00	3.269E+00
Pb-210	As(j)		5.000E+00	5.000E+00	4.996E+00	3.269E+00
Ra-226	Ra-226	1.000E+00	5.000E+00	4.998E+00	4.978E+00	3.225E+00

THF(i) is the thread fraction of the parent nuclide.  
 ORESALC.EXE execution time = 0.37 seconds

**Appendix D Radium Subsurface Report**

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Dose Conversion Factor (and Related) Parameter Summary  
 Dose Library: FGR 12 & FGR 11

0	Parameter	Current
Base Menu Case*	Parameter Name	Value#
A-1	DCF's for external ground radiation, (mrem/yr)/(pCi/g)	
A-1	At-218 (Source: FGR 12)	5.847E-03
A-1	5.847E-03 DCF1( 1)	
A-1	Bi-210 (Source: FGR 12)	3.606E-03
A-1	3.606E-03 DCF1( 2)	
A-1	Bi-214 (Source: FGR 12)	9.808E+00
A-1	9.808E+00 DCF1( 3)	
A-1	Pb-210 (Source: FGR 12)	2.447E-03
A-1	2.447E-03 DCF1( 4)	
A-1	Pb-214 (Source: FGR 12)	1.341E+00
A-1	1.341E+00 DCF1( 5)	
A-1	Po-210 (Source: FGR 12)	5.231E-05
A-1	5.231E-05 DCF1( 6)	
A-1	Po-214 (Source: FGR 12)	5.138E-04
A-1	5.138E-04 DCF1( 7)	
A-1	Po-218 (Source: FGR 12)	5.642E-05
A-1	5.642E-05 DCF1( 8)	
A-1	Ra-226 (Source: FGR 12)	3.176E-02
A-1	3.176E-02 DCF1( 9)	
A-1	Rn-222 (Source: FGR 12)	2.354E-03
A-1	2.354E-03 DCF1( 10)	
A-1	Tl-210 (Source: no data)	0.000E+00
A-1	-2.000E+00 DCF1( 11)	
B-1	Dose conversion factors for inhalation, mrem/pCi:	
B-1	Pb-210+D	2.320E-02
B-1	1.360E-02 DCF2( 1)	



```

subsurface final
B-1 Ra-226+D
8.580E-03 DCF2( 2) * 8.594E-03 *
*
D-1 Dose conversion factors for ingestion, mrem/pci:
*
D-1 Pb-210+D
5.370E-03 DCF3( 1) * 7.276E-03 *
D-1 Ra-226+D
1.320E-03 DCF3( 2) * 1.321E-03 *
*
D-34 Food transfer factors:
*
D-34 Pb-210+D plant/soil concentration ratio, dimensionless * 1.000E-02 *
1.000E-02 RTF( 1,1)
D-34 Pb-210+D beef/livestock-intake ratio, (pci/kg)/(pci/d) * 8.000E-04 *
8.000E-04 RTF( 1,2)
D-34 Pb-210+D milk/livestock-intake ratio, (pci/L)/(pci/d) * 3.000E-04 *
3.000E-04 RTF( 1,3)
D-34
*
D-34 Ra-226+D plant/soil concentration ratio, dimensionless * 4.000E-02 *
4.000E-02 RTF( 2,1)
D-34 Ra-226+D beef/livestock-intake ratio, (pci/kg)/(pci/d) * 1.000E-03 *
1.000E-03 RTF( 2,2)
D-34 Ra-226+D milk/livestock-intake ratio, (pci/L)/(pci/d) * 1.000E-03 *
1.000E-03 RTF( 2,3)
*
D-5 Bioaccumulation factors, fresh water, L/kg:
*
D-5 Pb-210+D fish
3.000E+02 BIOFAC( 1,1) * 3.000E+02 *
D-5 Pb-210+D crustacea and mollusks
1.000E+02 BIOFAC( 1,2) * 1.000E+02 *
D-5
*
D-5 Ra-226+D fish
5.000E+01 BIOFAC( 2,1) * 5.000E+01 *
D-5 Ra-226+D crustacea and mollusks
2.500E+02 BIOFAC( 2,2) * 2.500E+02 *

```

#For DCF1(xxx) only, factors are for infinite depth & area. See ETPG table in Ground Pathway of Detailed Report.  
 \*Base Case means Default.Lib w/o Associate Nuclide contributions.  
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0	Used by RESRAD Menu: (if different from user input)	Parameter Name	Site-Specific Parameter Summary	
			User Input	Default
R011	Area of contaminated zone (m**2)	AREA	1.000E+04	1.000E+04
R011	Thickness of contaminated zone (m)	THICKO	1.500E-01	2.000E+00
R011	Fraction of contamination that is submerged	SUBMFRACT	0.000E+00	0.000E+00
R011	Length parallel to aquifer flow (m)		1.000E+02	1.000E+02

subsurface final			
R011	Basic radiation dose limit (mrem/yr)	LCZPAQ	1.000E+02 3.000E+01
R011	Time since placement of material (yr)	BRDL	0.000E+00 0.000E+00
R011	Times for calculations (yr)	TI	1.000E+00 1.000E+00
R011	Times for calculations (yr)	T( 2)	1.000E+01 3.000E+00
R011	Times for calculations (yr)	T( 3)	1.000E+03 1.000E+01
R011	Times for calculations (yr)	T( 4)	not used 3.000E+01
R011	Times for calculations (yr)	T( 5)	not used 1.000E+02
R011	Times for calculations (yr)	T( 6)	not used 3.000E+02
R011	Times for calculations (yr)	T( 7)	not used 1.000E+03
R011	Times for calculations (yr)	T( 8)	not used 0.000E+00
R011	Times for calculations (yr)	T( 9)	not used 0.000E+00
R011	Times for calculations (yr)	T(10)	not used 0.000E+00
R012	Initial principal radionuclide (pCi/g): Pb-210	S1(1)	1.500E+01 0.000E+00
R012	Initial principal radionuclide (pCi/g): Ra-226	S1(2)	1.500E+01 0.000E+00
R012	Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): Pb-210	W1( 1)	not used 0.000E+00
R012	Concentration in groundwater (pCi/L): Ra-226	W1( 2)	not used 0.000E+00
R013	Cover depth (m)	COVER0	1.500E-01 0.000E+00
R013	Density of cover material (g/cm**3)	DENSCV	1.440E+00 1.500E+00
R013	Cover depth erosion rate (m/yr)	VCV	5.000E-04 1.000E-03
R013	Density of contaminated zone (g/cm**3)	DENSCZ	1.440E+00 1.500E+00
R013	Contaminated zone erosion rate (m/yr)	VCZ	5.000E-04 1.000E-03
R013	Contaminated zone total porosity	TPCZ	4.000E-01 4.000E-01
R013	Contaminated zone field capacity	FCCZ	2.000E-01 2.000E-01
R013	Contaminated zone hydraulic conductivity (m/yr)	HCCZ	1.090E+03 1.000E+01
R013	Contaminated zone b parameter	BCZ	4.900E+00 5.300E+00
R013	Average annual wind speed (m/sec)	WIND	4.920E+00 2.000E+00
R013	Humidity in air (g/m**3)	HUMID	not used 8.000E+00
R013	Evapotranspiration coefficient	EVAPTR	7.000E-01 5.000E-01
R013	Precipitation (m/yr)	PRECIP	2.800E-01 1.000E+00
R013	Irrigation (m/yr)	RI	0.000E+00 2.000E-01

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subsurface final
R013 Irrigation mode          overhead overhead
      IDITCH
R013 Runoff coefficient      5.000E-01 2.000E-01
      RUNOFF
R013 Watershed area for nearby stream or pond (m**2) 1.000E+06 1.000E+06
      WAREA
R013 Accuracy for water/soil computations 1.000E-03 1.000E-03
      EPS

R014 Density of saturated zone (g/cm**3) 1.500E+00 1.500E+00
      DENSAQ
R014 Saturated zone total porosity 4.300E-01 4.000E-01
      TPSZ
R014 Saturated zone effective porosity 3.300E-01 2.000E-01
      EPSZ
R014 Saturated zone field capacity 1.000E-01 2.000E-01
      FCSZ
R014 Saturated zone hydraulic conductivity (m/yr) 5.550E+03 1.000E+02
      HCSZ
R014 Saturated zone hydraulic gradient 1.000E-02 2.000E-02
      HGWT
R014 Saturated zone b parameter 4.050E+00 5.300E+00
      BSZ
R014 Water table drop rate (m/yr) 1.000E-03 1.000E-03
      VWT
R014 Well pump intake depth (m below water table) 1.000E+01 1.000E+01
      DWIBWT
R014 Model: Nondispersion (ND) or Mass-Balance (MB) ND ND
      MODEL

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site-Specific Parameter Summary

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(continued)
0      User
Used by RESRAD      Parameter
Menu      Parameter
      Input      Default
(If different from user input)      Name

R014 Well pumping rate (m**3/yr) 2.500E+02 2.500E+02
      Uw

R015 Number of unsaturated zone strata 1 1
      NS
R015 Unsat. zone 1, thickness (m) 2.286E+01 4.000E+00
      H(1)
R015 Unsat. zone 1, soil density (g/cm**3) 1.500E+00 1.500E+00
      DENSUZ(1)
R015 Unsat. zone 1, total porosity 4.300E-01 4.000E-01
      TPUZ(1)
R015 Unsat. zone 1, effective porosity 3.300E-01 2.000E-01
      EPUZ(1)
R015 Unsat. zone 1, field capacity 1.000E-01 2.000E-01
      FCUZ(1)
R015 Unsat. zone 1, soil-specific b parameter 4.050E+00 5.300E+00
      BUZ(1)
R015 Unsat. zone 1, hydraulic conductivity (m/yr) 5.550E+03 1.000E+01
      HCUZ(1)

```

```

subsurface final
R016 Distribution coefficients for Pb-210
R016 Contaminated zone (cm**3/g)
----
DCNUCC( 1)
R016 Unsaturated zone 1 (cm**3/g)
----
DCNUCU( 1,1)
R016 Saturated zone (cm**3/g)
----
DCNUCS( 1)
R016 Leach rate (/yr)
1.215E-05
ALEACH( 1)
R016 Solubility constant
not used
SOLUBK( 1)
R016 Distribution coefficients for Ra-226
R016 Contaminated zone (cm**3/g)
----
DCNUCC( 2)
R016 Unsaturated zone 1 (cm**3/g)
----
DCNUCU( 2,1)
R016 Saturated zone (cm**3/g)
----
DCNUCS( 2)
R016 Leach rate (/yr)
5.401E-06
ALEACH( 2)
R016 Solubility constant
not used
SOLUBK( 2)
R017 Inhalation rate (m**3/yr)
----
INHALR
R017 Mass loading for inhalation (g/m**3)
----
MLINH
R017 Exposure duration
----
ED
R017 Shielding factor, inhalation
----
SHF3
R017 Shielding factor, external gamma
----
SHF1
R017 Fraction of time spent indoors
----
FIND
R017 Fraction of time spent outdoors (on site)
----
FOTD
R017 Shape factor flag, external gamma
>0 shows circular AREA.
FS
R017 Radii of shape factor array (used if FS = -1):
R017 Outer annular radius (m), ring 1:
----
RAD_SHAPE( 1)
R017 Outer annular radius (m), ring 2:
----
RAD_SHAPE( 2)
R017 Outer annular radius (m), ring 3:
----
RAD_SHAPE( 3)
R017 Outer annular radius (m), ring 4:
----
RAD_SHAPE( 4)
R017 Outer annular radius (m), ring 5:
----
RAD_SHAPE( 5)
R017 Outer annular radius (m), ring 6:
----
RAD_SHAPE( 6)
R017 Outer annular radius (m), ring 7:
----
RAD_SHAPE( 7)
R017 Outer annular radius (m), ring 8:
----
RAD_SHAPE( 8)
R017 Outer annular radius (m), ring 9:

```

```

subsurface final
R017  * ---          * RAD_SHAPE( 9)          * not used * 0.000E+00 *
      * Outer annular radius (m), ring 10:
      * ---          * RAD_SHAPE(10)         * not used * 0.000E+00 *
R017  * Outer annular radius (m), ring 11:
      * ---          * RAD_SHAPE(11)         * not used * 0.000E+00 *
R017  * Outer annular radius (m), ring 12:
      * ---          * RAD_SHAPE(12)         * not used * 0.000E+00 *
      *
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Site-Specific Parameter Summary

```

(continued)
0
Menu      Used by RESRAD      Parameter
(If different from user input)  Name
R017  * Fractions of annular areas within AREA:
R017  * Ring 1                * FRACA( 1)          * not used * 1.000E+00 *
R017  * Ring 2                * FRACA( 2)          * not used * 2.732E-01 *
R017  * Ring 3                * FRACA( 3)          * not used * 0.000E+00 *
R017  * Ring 4                * FRACA( 4)          * not used * 0.000E+00 *
R017  * Ring 5                * FRACA( 5)          * not used * 0.000E+00 *
R017  * Ring 6                * FRACA( 6)          * not used * 0.000E+00 *
R017  * Ring 7                * FRACA( 7)          * not used * 0.000E+00 *
R017  * Ring 8                * FRACA( 8)          * not used * 0.000E+00 *
R017  * Ring 9                * FRACA( 9)          * not used * 0.000E+00 *
R017  * Ring 10               * FRACA(10)          * not used * 0.000E+00 *
R017  * Ring 11               * FRACA(11)          * not used * 0.000E+00 *
R017  * Ring 12               * FRACA(12)          * not used * 0.000E+00 *
      *
R018  * Fruits, vegetables and grain consumption (kg/yr) * 1.600E+02 * 1.600E+02 *
      * ---          * DIET(1)
R018  * Leafy vegetable consumption (kg/yr)             * 1.400E+01 * 1.400E+01 *
      * ---          * DIET(2)
R018  * Milk consumption (L/yr)                         * not used * 9.200E+01 *
      * ---          * DIET(3)
R018  * Meat and poultry consumption (kg/yr)            * 6.300E+01 * 6.300E+01 *
      * ---          * DIET(4)
R018  * Fish consumption (kg/yr)                       * 0.000E+00 * 5.400E+00 *
      * ---          * DIET(5)
R018  * Other seafood consumption (kg/yr)               * 0.000E+00 * 9.000E-01 *
      * ---          * DIET(6)
R018  * Soil ingestion rate (g/yr)                     * 3.650E+01 * 3.650E+01 *
      * ---          * SOIL
R018  * Drinking water intake (L/yr)                   * 5.100E+02 * 5.100E+02 *

```

		subsurface final	
R018	Contamination fraction of drinking water	1.000E+00	1.000E+00
R018	Contamination fraction of household water	not used	1.000E+00
R018	Contamination fraction of livestock water	1.000E+00	1.000E+00
R018	Contamination fraction of irrigation water	0.000E+00	1.000E+00
R018	Contamination fraction of aquatic food	0.000E+00	5.000E-01
R018	Contamination fraction of plant food	2.500E-01	-1
R018	Contamination fraction of meat	2.500E-01	-1
R018	Contamination fraction of milk	not used	-1
R019	Livestock fodder intake for meat (kg/day)	6.800E+01	6.800E+01
R019	Livestock fodder intake for milk (kg/day)	not used	5.500E+01
R019	Livestock water intake for meat (L/day)	5.000E+01	5.000E+01
R019	Livestock water intake for milk (L/day)	not used	1.600E+02
R019	Livestock soil intake (kg/day)	5.000E-01	5.000E-01
R019	Mass loading for foliar deposition (g/m**3)	1.000E-04	1.000E-04
R019	Depth of soil mixing layer (m)	1.500E-01	1.500E-01
R019	Depth of roots (m)	3.000E-01	9.000E-01
R019	Drinking water fraction from ground water	1.000E+00	1.000E+00
R019	Household water fraction from ground water	not used	1.000E+00
R019	Livestock water fraction from ground water	1.000E+00	1.000E+00
R019	Irrigation fraction from ground water	1.000E+00	1.000E+00
R19B	Wet weight crop yield for Non-Leafy (kg/m**2)	7.000E-01	7.000E-01
R19B	Wet weight crop yield for Leafy (kg/m**2)	1.500E+00	1.500E+00
R19B	Wet weight crop yield for Fodder (kg/m**2)	1.100E+00	1.100E+00
R19B	Growing Season for Non-Leafy (years)	1.700E-01	1.700E-01
R19B	Growing Season for Leafy (years)	2.500E-01	2.500E-01
R19B	Growing Season for Fodder (years)	8.000E-02	8.000E-02

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## Site-Specific Parameter Summary

(continued)

0	Used by RESRAD	Parameter Name	User Input	Default
subsurface final				
Menu (If different from user input)		Parameter Name	Input	Default
R19B		Translocation Factor for Non-Leafy --- TIV(1)	1.000E-01	1.000E-01
R19B		Translocation Factor for Leafy --- TIV(2)	1.000E+00	1.000E+00
R19B		Translocation Factor for Fodder --- TIV(3)	1.000E+00	1.000E+00
R19B		Dry Foliar Interception Fraction for Non-Leafy --- RDRY(1)	2.500E-01	2.500E-01
R19B		Dry Foliar Interception Fraction for Leafy --- RDRY(2)	2.500E-01	2.500E-01
R19B		Dry Foliar Interception Fraction for Fodder --- RDRY(3)	2.500E-01	2.500E-01
R19B		Wet Foliar Interception Fraction for Non-Leafy --- RWET(1)	2.500E-01	2.500E-01
R19B		Wet Foliar Interception Fraction for Leafy --- RWET(2)	2.500E-01	2.500E-01
R19B		Wet Foliar Interception Fraction for Fodder --- RWET(3)	2.500E-01	2.500E-01
R19B		Weathering Removal Constant for Vegetation --- WLAM	2.000E+01	2.000E+01
C14		C-12 concentration in water (g/cm**3) --- C12WTR	not used	2.000E-05
C14		C-12 concentration in contaminated soil (g/g) --- C12C2	not used	3.000E-02
C14		Fraction of vegetation carbon from soil --- CSOIL	not used	2.000E-02
C14		Fraction of vegetation carbon from air --- CAIR	not used	9.800E-01
C14		C-14 evasion layer thickness in soil (m) --- DMC	not used	3.000E-01
C14		C-14 evasion flux rate from soil (1/sec) --- EVSN	not used	7.000E-07
C14		C-12 evasion flux rate from soil (1/sec) --- REVSN	not used	1.000E-10
C14		Fraction of grain in beef cattle feed --- AVFG4	not used	8.000E-01
C14		Fraction of grain in milk cow feed --- AVFG5	not used	2.000E-01
STOR		Storage times of contaminated foodstuffs (days):		
STOR		Fruits, non-leafy vegetables, and grain --- STOR_T(1)	1.400E+01	1.400E+01
STOR		Leafy vegetables --- STOR_T(2)	1.000E+00	1.000E+00
STOR		Milk --- STOR_T(3)	1.000E+00	1.000E+00
STOR		Meat and poultry --- STOR_T(4)	2.000E+01	2.000E+01
STOR		Fish --- STOR_T(5)	7.000E+00	7.000E+00
STOR		Crustacea and mollusks --- STOR_T(6)	7.000E+00	7.000E+00
STOR		Well water --- STOR_T(7)	1.000E+00	1.000E+00

```

subsurface final
STOR ³ Surface water          ³ 1.000E+00 ³ 1.000E+00 ³
    ---                    ³ STOR_T(8) ³
STOR ³ Livestock fodder      ³ 4.500E+01 ³ 4.500E+01 ³
    ---                    ³ STOR_T(9) ³
    ³                        ³
R021 ³ Thickness of building ³ not used ³ 1.500E-01 ³
    ---                    ³ FLOOR1    ³
R021 ³ Bulk density of building ³ not used ³ 2.400E+00 ³
    ---                    ³ DENSFL    ³
R021 ³ Total porosity of the ³ not used ³ 4.000E-01 ³
    ---                    ³ TPCV      ³
R021 ³ Total porosity of the ³ not used ³ 1.000E-01 ³
    ---                    ³ TPFL      ³
R021 ³ Volumetric water content ³ not used ³ 5.000E-02 ³
    ---                    ³ PH2OCV    ³
R021 ³ Volumetric water content ³ not used ³ 3.000E-02 ³
    ---                    ³ PH2OFL    ³
R021 ³ Diffusion coefficient ³
    ---                    ³
    ³ in cover material      ³ not used ³ 2.000E-06 ³
    ---                    ³ DIFCV     ³
R021 ³ in foundation material ³ not used ³ 3.000E-07 ³
    ---                    ³ DIFFL     ³
R021 ³ in contaminated zone ³ not used ³ 2.000E-06 ³
    ---                    ³ DIFCZ     ³
R021 ³ Radon vertical dimension ³ not used ³ 2.000E+00 ³
    ---                    ³ HMIX      ³
R021 ³ Average building air ³ not used ³ 5.000E-01 ³
    ---                    ³ REXG      ³
R021 ³ Height of the building ³ not used ³ 2.500E+00 ³
    ---                    ³ HRM       ³
R021 ³ Building interior area ³ not used ³ 0.000E+00 ³
    ---                    ³ FAI       ³
R021 ³ Building depth below ³ not used ³ -1.000E+00 ³
    ---                    ³ DMFL      ³
R021 ³ Emanating power of Rn-222 ³ not used ³ 2.500E-01 ³
    ---                    ³ EMANA(1)  ³
R021 ³ Emanating power of Rn-220 ³ not used ³ 1.500E-01 ³
    ---                    ³ EMANA(2)  ³
    ³                        ³
TITL ³ Number of graphical ³ 32 ³ --- ³
    ---                    ³ NPTS      ³
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Summary : RESRAD surface radium benchmark
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Site-Specific Parameter Summary
(continued)
0
    ³ Used by RESRAD      ³ Parameter
Menu ³                    ³ Name
(If different from user input) ³
TITL ³ Maximum number of integration points for dose ³ 17 ³ --- ³
    ---                    ³ LYMAX      ³
TITL ³ Maximum number of integration points for risk ³ 1 ³ --- ³
    ---                    ³ KYMAX      ³

```



subsurface final

Pathway	*	User Selection
1 -- external gamma	*	active
2 -- inhalation (w/o radon)	*	active
3 -- plant ingestion	*	active
4 -- meat ingestion	*	active
5 -- milk ingestion	*	suppressed
6 -- aquatic foods	*	active
7 -- drinking water	*	active
8 -- soil ingestion	*	active
9 -- radon	*	suppressed
Find peak pathway doses	*	active

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Contaminated Zone Dimensions Initial Soil Concentrations, pCi/g

Area: 10000.00 square meters Pb-210 1.500E+01  
 Thickness: 0.15 meters Ra-226 1.500E+01  
 Cover Depth: 0.15 meters

0

Total Dose TDOSE(t), mrem/yr

Basic Radiation Dose Limit = 1.000E+02 mrem/yr

Total Mixture Sum M(t) = Fraction of Basic Dose Limit Received at Time (t)

t (years): 0.000E+00 1.000E+00 1.000E+01 1.000E+03  
 TDOSE(t): 5.399E+01 5.407E+01 5.469E+01 0.000E+00  
 M(t): 5.399E-01 5.407E-01 5.469E-01 0.000E+00  
 0 Maximum TDOSE(t): 1.036E+02 mrem/yr at t = 299.7 ñ 0.6 years

Total Dose Contributions TDOSE(i,p,t) for Individual Radionuclides (i) and Pathways (p)

As mrem/yr and Fraction of Total Dose At t = 2.997E+02 years

0 Water Independent Pathways (Inhalation excludes radon)

Radio-Nuclide	Ground		Inhalation Soil		Radon		Plant	
	mrem/yr	fract.	mrem/yr	fract.	mrem/yr	fract.	mrem/yr	fract.
Pb-210	4.021E-06	0.0000	7.819E-07	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	2.093E-03	0.0000
Ra-226	6.270E+01	0.6050	1.076E-02	0.0001	0.000E+00	0.0000	3.625E+01	0.3498
Total	6.270E+01	0.6050	1.076E-02	0.0001	0.000E+00	0.0000	3.625E+01	0.3498

1.542E+00 0.0149 0.000E+00 0.0000 3.128E+00 0.0302

1.542E+00 0.0149 0.000E+00 0.0000 3.128E+00 0.0302

Total Dose Contributions TDOSE(i,p,t) for Individual Radionuclides (i) and Pathways (p)

As mrem/yr and Fraction of Total Dose At t = 2.997E+02 years

subsurface final

0 0	Water		Fish		Water Dependent Pathways			
	Meat	Milk	All	Pathways*	Radon	Plant		
Radio- Nuclide	mrem/yr fract.	mrem/yr fract.	mrem/yr fract.	mrem/yr fract.	mrem/yr fract.	mrem/yr fract.	mrem/yr fract.	mrem/yr fract.
Pb-210	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000
0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	2.462E-03	0.0000			
Ra-226	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000
0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	1.036E+02	1.0000			
Total	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000
0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	1.036E+02	1.0000			

0\*Sum of all water independent and dependent pathways.  
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Total Dose Contributions TDOSE(i,p,t) for Individual Radionuclides (i) and Pathways (p)

As mrem/yr and Fraction of Total Dose At t = 0.000E+00 years

0 excludes radon

0 0	Ground		Inhalation		Radon		Plant	
	Meat	Milk	Soil					
Radio- Nuclide	mrem/yr fract.	mrem/yr fract.	mrem/yr fract.	mrem/yr fract.	mrem/yr fract.	mrem/yr fract.	mrem/yr fract.	mrem/yr fract.
Pb-210	1.347E-03	0.0000	1.449E-05	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	2.337E+01	0.4329
4.614E-01	0.0085	0.000E+00	0.0000	4.878E-03	0.0001			
Ra-226	1.204E+01	0.2231	5.781E-06	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	1.767E+01	0.3272
4.391E-01	0.0081	0.000E+00	0.0000	1.006E-03	0.0000			
Total	1.204E+01	0.2231	2.027E-05	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	4.104E+01	0.7601
9.005E-01	0.0167	0.000E+00	0.0000	5.883E-03	0.0001			

Total Dose Contributions TDOSE(i,p,t) for Individual Radionuclides (i) and Pathways (p)

As mrem/yr and Fraction of Total Dose At t = 0.000E+00 years

0

0 0	Water		Fish		Water Dependent Pathways			
	Meat	Milk	All	Pathways*	Radon	Plant		
Radio- Nuclide	mrem/yr fract.	mrem/yr fract.	mrem/yr fract.	mrem/yr fract.	mrem/yr fract.	mrem/yr fract.	mrem/yr fract.	mrem/yr fract.
Pb-210	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000
0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	2.384E+01	0.4416			
Ra-226	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000
0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	3.015E+01	0.5584			
Total	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000
0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	5.399E+01	1.0000			

0\*Sum of all water independent and dependent pathways.  
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 Summary : RESRAD surface radium benchmark  
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subsurface final  
Total Dose Contributions TDOSE(i,p,t) for Individual  
Radionuclides (i) and Pathways (p) As mrem/yr and Fraction of Total Dose At t =  
1.000E+00 years  
0 excludes radon) Water Independent Pathways (Inhalation  
0

Radio- Nuclide	Ground		Inhalation		Radon		Plant	
	mrem/yr	fract.	mrem/yr	fract.	mrem/yr	fract.	mrem/yr	fract.
Pb-210	1.319E-03	0.0000	4.227E-05	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	2.266E+01	0.4190
4.494E-01	0.0083	0.000E+00	0.0000	1.423E-02	0.0003			
Ra-226	1.210E+01	0.2239	1.852E-05	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	1.839E+01	0.3400
4.548E-01	0.0084	0.000E+00	0.0000	3.414E-03	0.0001			
Total	1.211E+01	0.2239	6.079E-05	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	4.104E+01	0.7591
9.043E-01	0.0167	0.000E+00	0.0000	1.765E-02	0.0003			

Total Dose Contributions TDOSE(i,p,t) for Individual  
Radionuclides (i) and Pathways (p) As mrem/yr and Fraction of Total Dose At t =  
1.000E+00 years  
0 Water Dependent Pathways  
0

Radio- Nuclide	Water		Fish		Radon		Plant	
	mrem/yr	fract.	mrem/yr	fract.	mrem/yr	fract.	mrem/yr	fract.
Pb-210	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000
0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	2.312E+01	0.4276			
Ra-226	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000
0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	3.095E+01	0.5724			
Total	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000
0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	5.407E+01	1.0000			

0\*Sum of all water independent and dependent pathways.  
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Summary : RESRAD surface radium benchmark  
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Total Dose Contributions TDOSE(i,p,t) for Individual  
Radionuclides (i) and Pathways (p) As mrem/yr and Fraction of Total Dose At t =  
1.000E+01 years  
0 excludes radon) Water Independent Pathways (Inhalation  
0

Radio- Nuclide	Ground		Inhalation		Radon		Plant	
	mrem/yr	fract.	mrem/yr	fract.	mrem/yr	fract.	mrem/yr	fract.
Pb-210	1.086E-03	0.0000	2.240E-04	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	1.713E+01	0.3132
3.546E-01	0.0065	0.000E+00	0.0000	7.543E-02	0.0014			
Ra-226	1.268E+01	0.2318	2.008E-04	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	2.383E+01	0.4357
5.729E-01	0.0105	0.000E+00	0.0000	4.796E-02	0.0009			
Total	1.268E+01	0.2319	4.249E-04	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	4.096E+01	0.7489
9.275E-01	0.0170	0.000E+00	0.0000	1.234E-01	0.0023			

subsurface final  
Total Dose Contributions TDOSE(i,p,t) for Individual  
Radionuclides (i) and Pathways (p) As mrem/yr and Fraction of Total Dose At t =

1.000E+01 years

Radio- Nuclide	Water		Fish		Water Dependent Pathways	
	mrem/yr	fract.	mrem/yr	fract.	mrem/yr	fract.
Pb-210	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000
Ra-226	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000
Total	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000

0\*Sum of all water independent and dependent pathways.  
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Summary : RESRAD surface radium benchmark  
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Total Dose Contributions TDOSE(i,p,t) for Individual  
Radionuclides (i) and Pathways (p) As mrem/yr and Fraction of Total Dose At t =

1.000E+03 years  
excludes radon)

Radio- Nuclide	Ground		Inhalation		Radon		Plant	
	mrem/yr	fract.	mrem/yr	fract.	mrem/yr	fract.	mrem/yr	fract.
Pb-210	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000
Ra-226	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000
Total	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000

Total Dose Contributions TDOSE(i,p,t) for Individual  
Radionuclides (i) and Pathways (p) As mrem/yr and Fraction of Total Dose At t =

1.000E+03 years

Radio- Nuclide	Water		Fish		Water Dependent Pathways	
	mrem/yr	fract.	mrem/yr	fract.	mrem/yr	fract.
Pb-210	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000
Ra-226	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000
Total	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000	0.000E+00	0.0000

0\*Sum of all water independent and dependent pathways.  
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subsurface final  
Summary : RESRAD surface radium benchmark  
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Dose/Source Ratios Summed Over All Pathways

Parent and Progeny Principal Radionuclide Contributions Indicated

0 Parent	Product	Thread	DSR(j,t)	At Time	in Years	(mrem/yr)/(pCi/g)
(i)	(j)	Fraction	0.000E+00	1.000E+00	1.000E+01	1.000E+03
Pb-210+D	Pb-210+D	1.000E+00	1.589E+00	1.542E+00	1.171E+00	0.000E+00
ORa-226+D	Ra-226+D	1.000E+00	1.980E+00	1.984E+00	2.019E+00	0.000E+00
Ra-226+D	Pb-210+D	1.000E+00	2.978E-02	7.928E-02	4.564E-01	0.000E+00
Ra-226+D	ADSR(j)		2.010E+00	2.063E+00	2.475E+00	0.000E+00

The DSR includes contributions from associated (half-life of 180 days) daughters.

0 Single Radionuclide Soil Guidelines G(i,t) in pCi/g

Basic Radiation Dose Limit = 1.000E+02 mrem/yr

0 Nuclide	t=	0.000E+00	1.000E+00	1.000E+01	1.000E+03
Pb-210	6.292E+01	6.487E+01	8.543E+01	*7.634E+13	
Ra-226	4.975E+01	4.847E+01	4.040E+01	*9.885E+11	

\*At specific activity limit

0 Nuclide	Initial	tmin	DSR(i,tmin)	G(i,tmin)	DSR(i,tmax)	G(i,tmax)
(i)	(pCi/g)	(years)		(pCi/g)		(pCi/g)
Pb-210	1.500E+01	0.000E+00	1.589E+00	6.292E+01	1.642E-04	6.091E+05
Ra-226	1.500E+01	299.7 ñ 0.6	6.909E+00	1.447E+01	6.909E+00	1.447E+01

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Summary : RESRAD surface radium benchmark  
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Individual Nuclide Dose Summed Over All Pathways

0 Nuclide	Parent	THF(i)	DOSE(j,t), mrem/yr				
(j)	(i)		t=	0.000E+00	1.000E+00	1.000E+01	1.000E+03
Pb-210	Pb-210	1.000E+00	2.384E+01	2.312E+01	1.756E+01	0.000E+00	
Pb-210	Ra-226	1.000E+00	4.467E-01	1.189E+00	6.846E+00	0.000E+00	
Pb-210	ADDOSE(j)		2.429E+01	2.431E+01	2.440E+01	0.000E+00	
ORa-226	Ra-226	1.000E+00	2.970E+01	2.976E+01	3.028E+01	0.000E+00	

THF(i) is the thread fraction of the parent nuclide.

Individual Nuclide Soil Concentration  
Parent Nuclide and Branch Fraction Indicated  
Page 14

ONuclide (j)	Parent (i)	THF(i)	subsurface final			
			t= 0.000E+00	S(j,t), 1.000E+00	pci/g 1.000E+01 1.000E+03	
Pb-210	Pb-210	1.000E+00	1.500E+01	1.454E+01	1.099E+01	4.696E-13
Pb-210	Ra-226	1.000E+00	0.000E+00	4.590E-01	3.998E+00	9.808E+00
Pb-210	äS(j):		1.500E+01	1.500E+01	1.499E+01	9.808E+00
ORa-226	Ra-226	1.000E+00	1.500E+01	1.499E+01	1.493E+01	9.674E+00

THF(i) is the thread fraction of the parent nuclide.  
 ORESALC.EXE execution time = 0.40 seconds