Bradley Werling

From: Sent: Ronn Smith [rsmith@imlinc.com] Thursday, July 18, 2013 11:02 AM

To:

Bradley Werling John Mays

Cc: Subject:

D-B 1st high PM10/PM2.5 for PSD discussion

Bradley,

Confirming our phone conversation of this morning, following is the highest modeled 1st high 24-hour PM_{2.5} concentration for the Wind Cave boundary receptors. The 2nd high for any year of the modeling period must be less than this value, and is therefore under the allowable Class I PSD increment of 2 μ g/m³.

Easting UTM = 633859, Northing UTM = 4828062, Concentration = $0.45 \mu g/m^3$

The modeled 1^{st} high 24-hour PM $_{10}$ concentrations at the Wind Cave boundary were barely above the Class I increment of 8 $\mu g/m^3$ at three receptors.

Easting UTM = 634196, Northing UTM = 4829651, Concentration = $8.30 \,\mu\text{g/m}^3$ Easting UTM = 633859, Northing UTM = 4828062, Concentration = $8.23 \,\mu\text{g/m}^3$ Easting UTM = 633849, Northing UTM = 4829656, Concentration = $8.20 \,\mu\text{g/m}^3$

The 4^{th} high values at these receptors during the 3-year period were 0.84, 1.66 and 0.79 $\mu g/m^3$ respectively. It seems reasonable to assume the 2^{nd} high values would be less than 8, especially the 2^{nd} high for any single year. Also of note, these results were obtained without dry depletion, which was only used for the top 50 receptors overall.

I hope this information will be useful for the SEIS. For any interested party, the 1st-high numbers can be found in the 24H1GALL.PLT files produced by AERMOD for PM_{2.5} and PM₁₀.

Best regards, Ronn