

# **LANS 380-B: Type B Shielded Package for Sources**

**AREVA Federal Services LLC**

under contract to

**Los Alamos National Security, LLC**



# Agenda

- ▶ **Introductions**
- ▶ **Meeting objectives**
- ▶ **Technical discussions and NRC staff feedback**
- ▶ **Planned Project schedule**
- ▶ **Discussion**

# Introductions

- ▶ **AREVA Federal Services LLC (AFS)**
  - ◆ Ron Burnham, LANS 380-B Project Manager
  - ◆ Tom Criddle, LANS 380-B Project Engineer
  - ◆ Phil Noss, AFS Licensing Manager
- ▶ **NNSA Global Threat Reduction Initiative, NA-21**
  - ◆ Frank Cocina
  - ◆ Temeka Taplin, Federal Project Manager
- ▶ **NNSA Office of Packaging and Transportation, NA-00-40**
  - ◆ Kathy Schwendenman
- ▶ **Los Alamos National Laboratory**
  - ◆ John Zarling, OSRP Program Manager
  - ◆ Darin Westley, OSRP Project Manager
  - ◆ Blair Menna, Project Engineer, Northern Nuclear Services

# Meeting Objectives

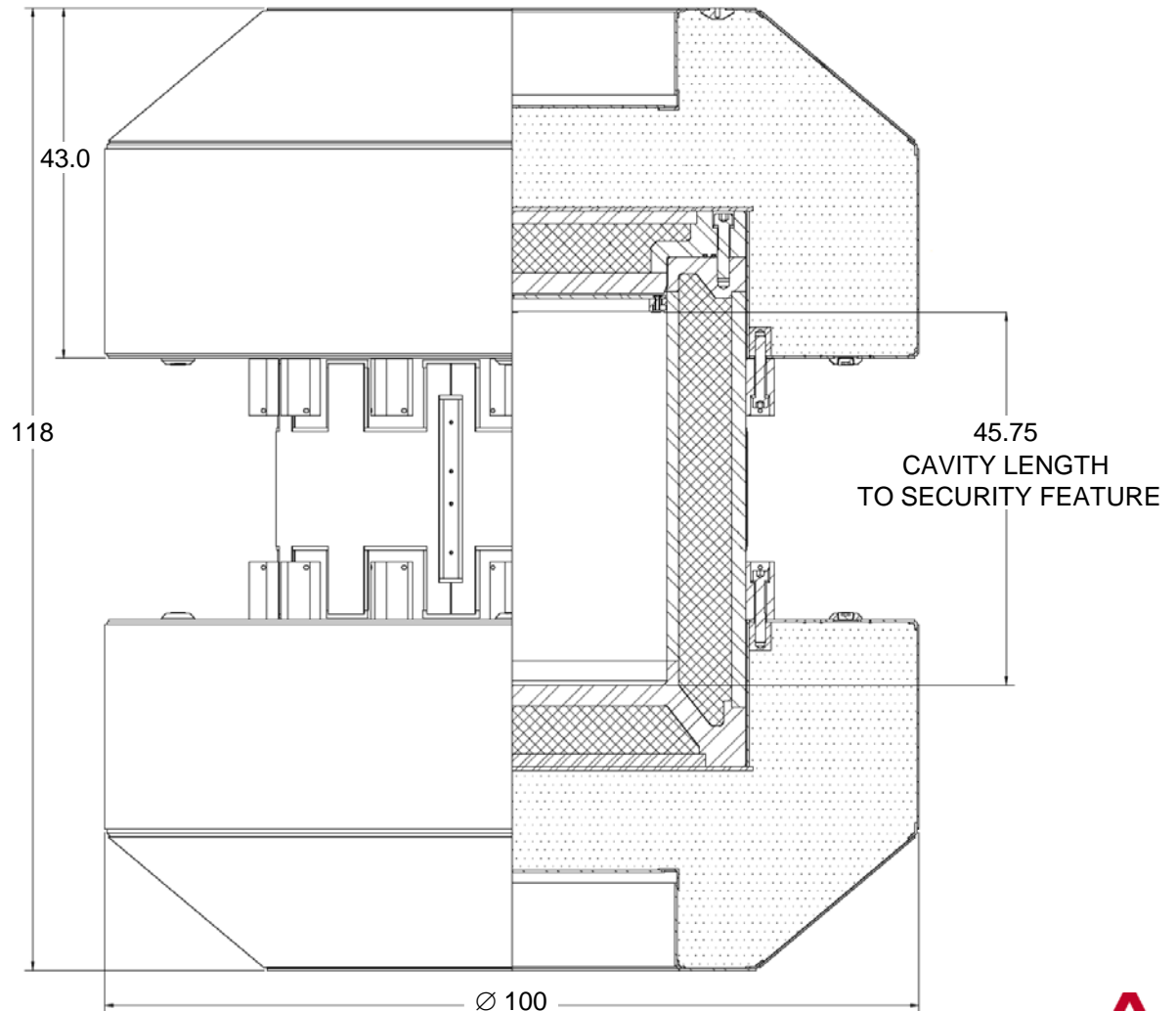
- ▶ **Description of the LANS 380-B Packaging**
- ▶ **Description of the payload**
- ▶ **Licensing Approach**
- ▶ **Preliminary Analysis Results**
- ▶ **Planned Project Schedule**
- ▶ **NRC Staff feedback**

# LAN S 380-B Packaging - General

- ▶ **The LAN S 380-B is a leak-tight, lead shielded transport cask.**
- ▶ **Will be used to safely transport disused radioactive sealed sources to facilitate recovery and management efforts for global threat reduction.**
- ▶ **Sources are located within medical, industrial, or research devices.**
- ▶ **No reliance will be placed on source device integrity.**
- ▶ **Sources are gamma- or beta-producing, non-fissile.**
- ▶ **A principal design driver is total conveyance weight.**
  - ◆ **Gross weight of conveyance < 120,000 lb**
  - ◆ **Gross weight of package approximately 66,000 lb**
  - ◆ **Maximum payload weight including dunnage approximately 12,000 lb**

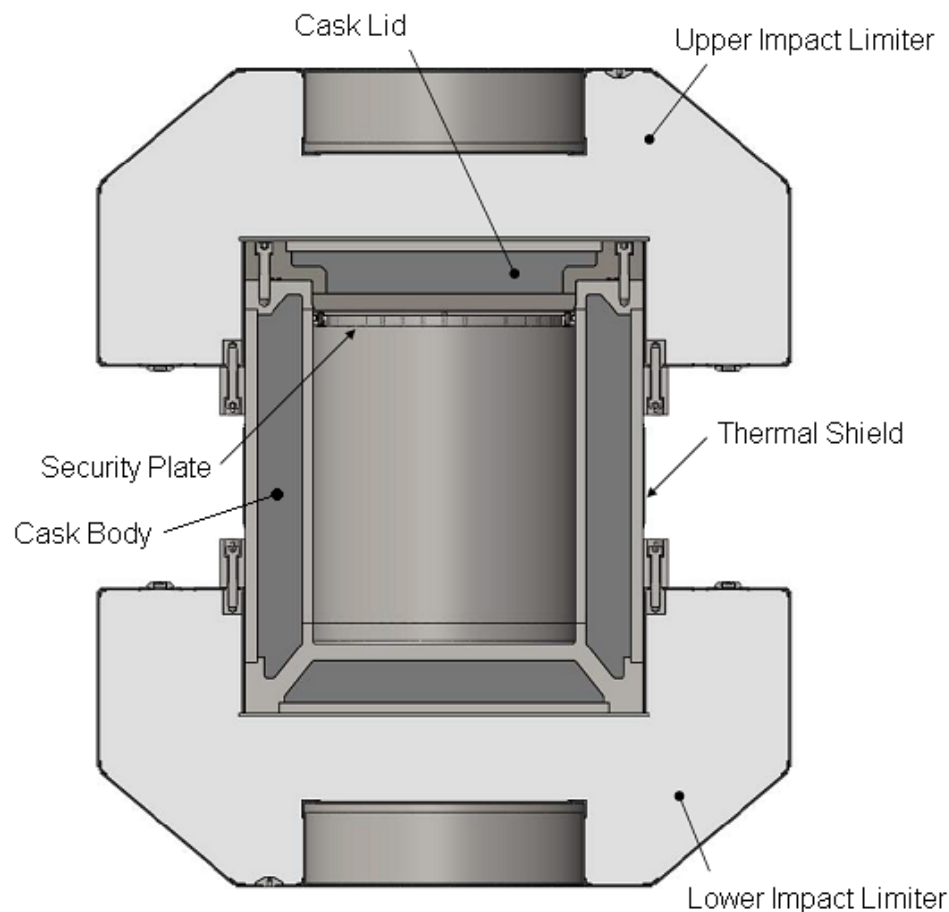
# LANS 380-B Packaging Description

- ▶ Overall height, 118 inches
- ▶ Overall diameter, 100 inches at impact limiters
- ▶ Cask outer diameter, 57½ inches
- ▶ Thin gauge thermal shield covers area between impact limiters and lugs



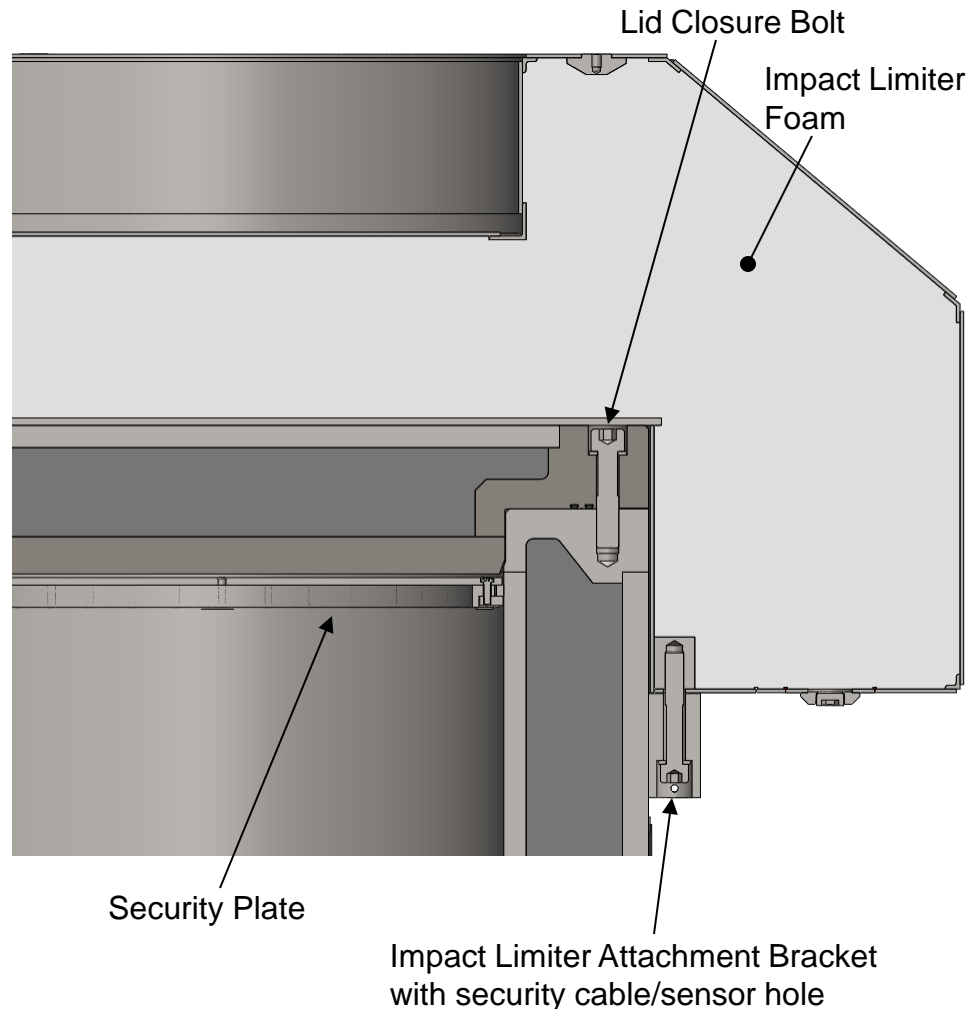
# LANS 380-B Packaging Description

- ▶ **Lead shielded cask with leak-tight containment boundary**
- ▶ **Bolted closure lid**
- ▶ **Cavity dimensions**
  - ◆ Inner diameter 38.0 inches
  - ◆ Minimum opening 37.0 inches
  - ◆ Height to lid 48.13 inches
  - ◆ Height to security plate mounting hardware 45.75 inches
- ▶ **Component thicknesses**
  - ◆ 1 <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub> inch outer shell
  - ◆ 1 <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> inch inner shell
  - ◆ 2 <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> inch cavity end plates
  - ◆ 1 <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> inch outer cover plates
  - ◆ 6 inch minimum shielding
- ▶ **Material: Type 304 austenitic stainless steel and lead**



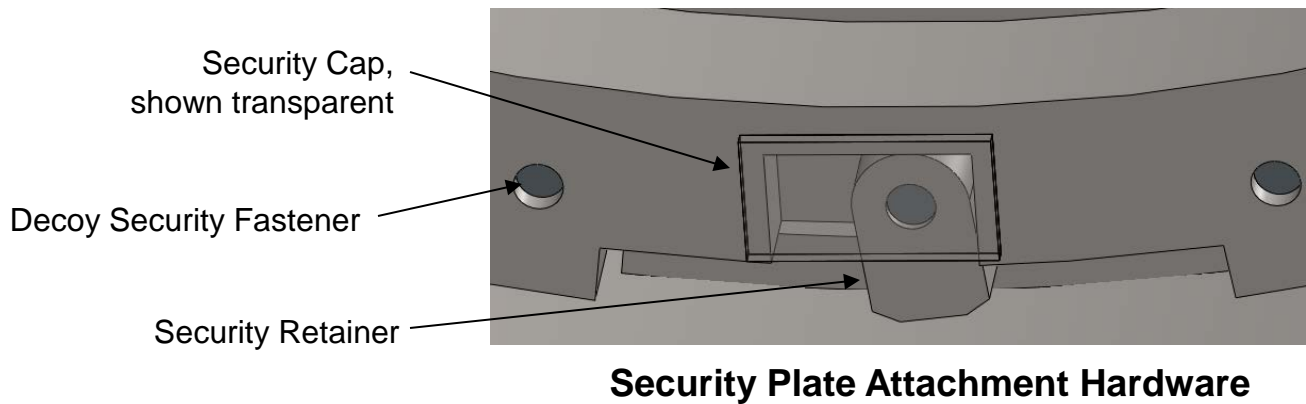
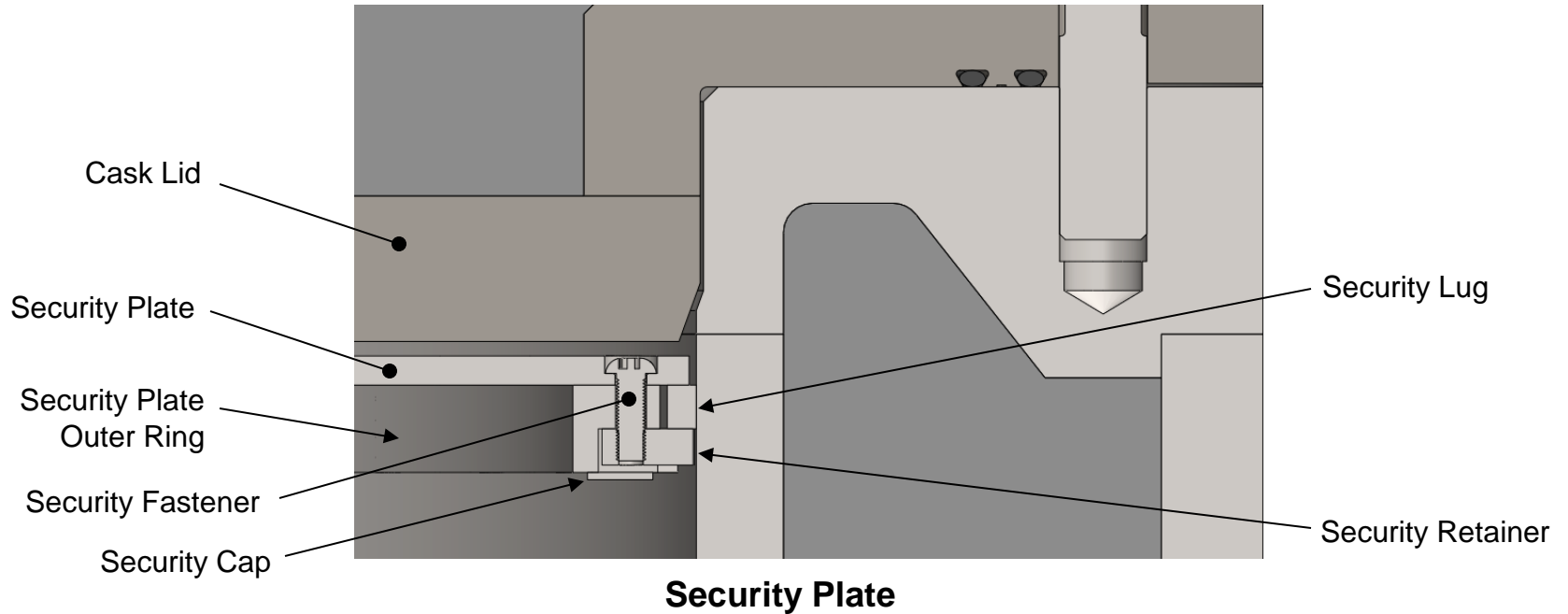
# LANS 380-B Packaging Description

- ▶ **Thick section lid flange with lead shielding material and outer cover plate.**
- ▶ **36, 1-1/2 inch diameter closure bolts & washers made from ASTM A564 Type 630, Condition H1100**
- ▶ **Internal security plate**
  - ◆ 1/2 inch thick type 304
  - ◆ 1 1/2 inch thick outer ring for mounting and shielding exclusion zone
- ▶ **Impact limiter lugs have 1/2 inch holes for security cables/sensors**



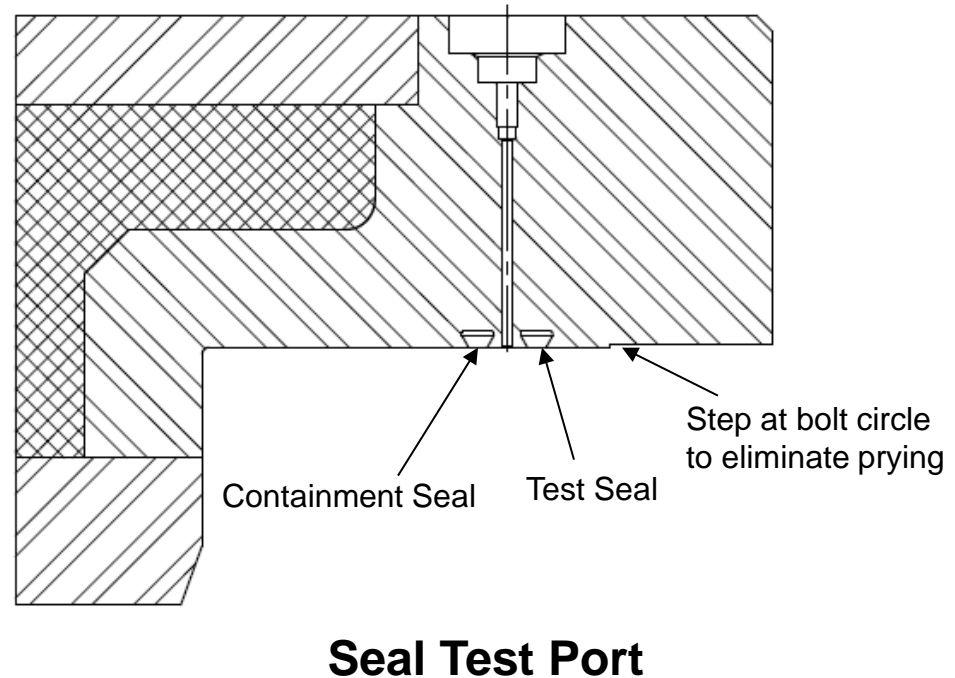


# LANS 380-B Packaging Description

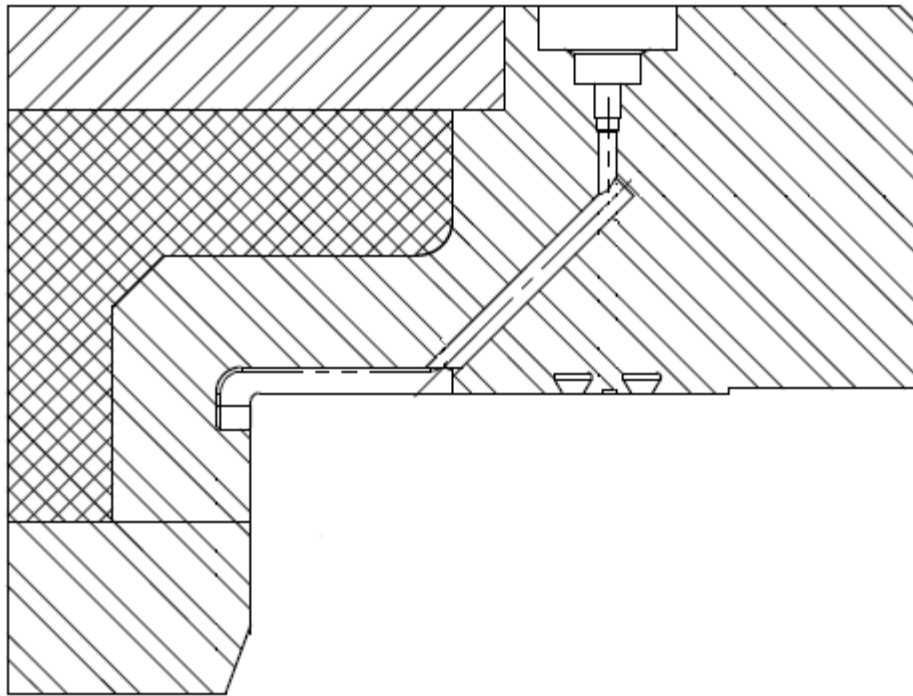


# LANS 380-B Packaging Description

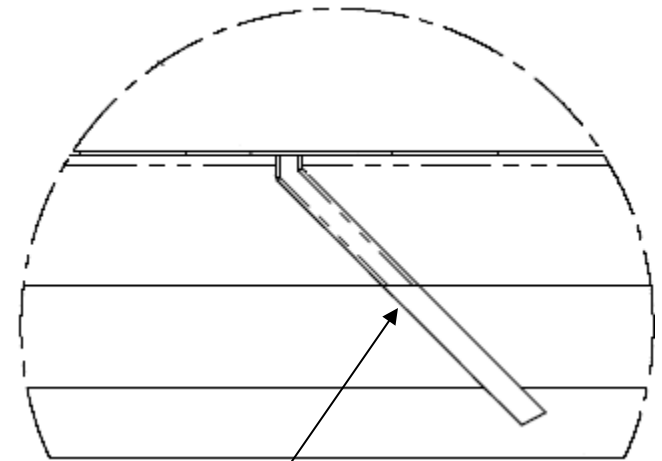
- ▶ **Containment seal and test seal  $\frac{3}{8}$ -inch diameter butyl rubber on flange face**
- ▶ **Seal material made from Rainier Rubber R-0405-70**
- ▶ **Bolt circle step to relieve bolt prying**
- ▶ **Vent port and seal test port located inboard of bolt circle, with brass covers, brass port plugs, and sealing washers using same butyl elastomer**



# LANS 380-B Packaging Description



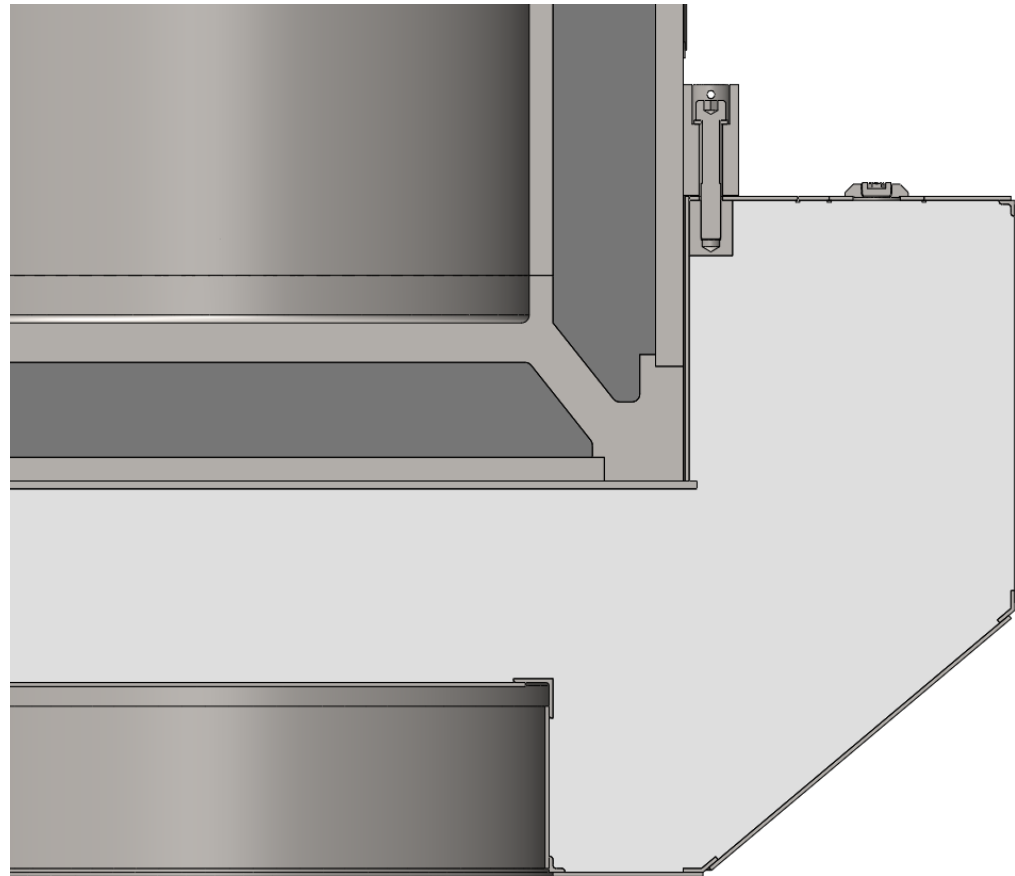
**Vent Port**



Angled slot on lid to minimize streaming

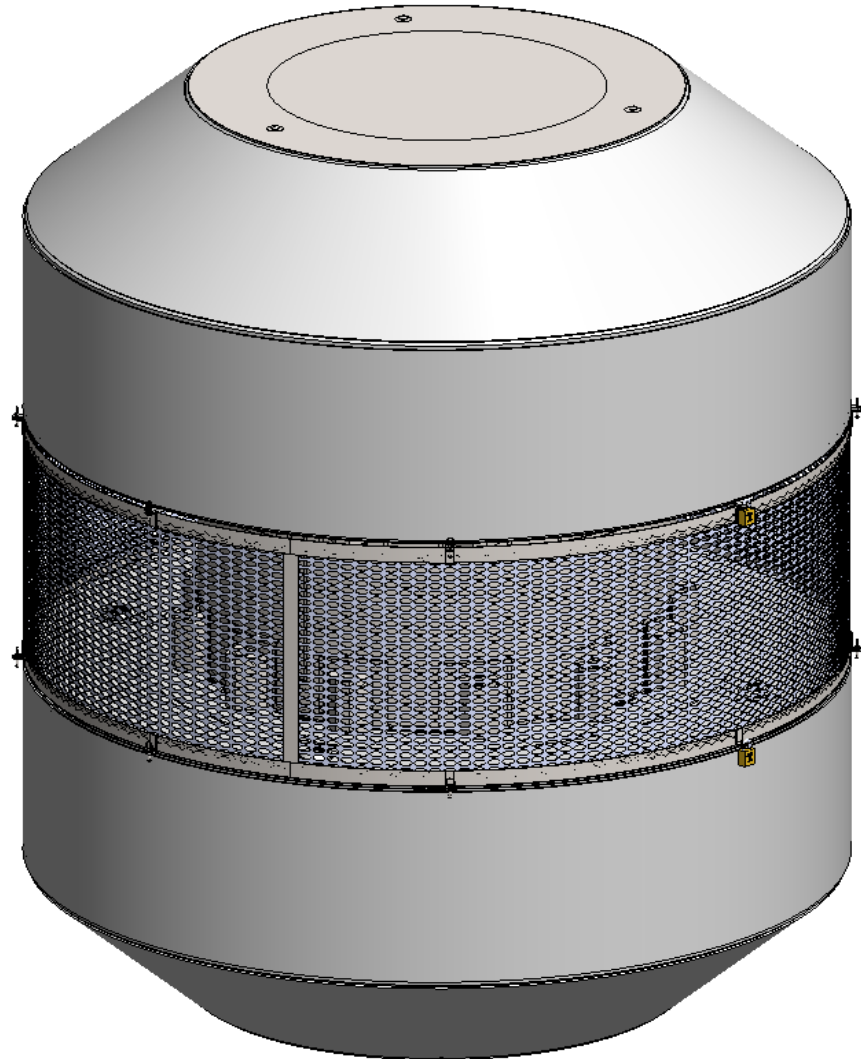
# LANS 380-B Packaging Description

- ▶ **Base forging or casting with lead shielding material and outer cover plate**
- ▶ **Complete joint penetration welds to inner and outer shells**



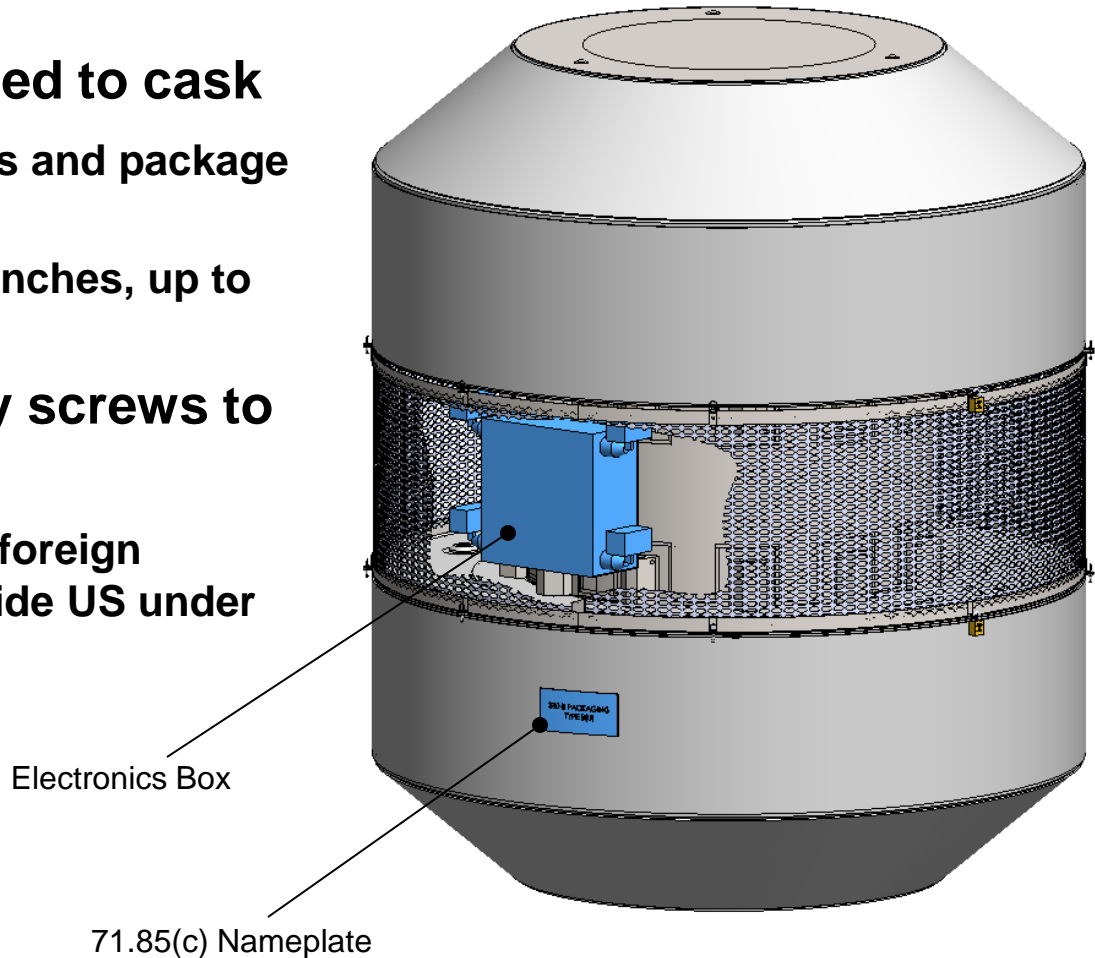
# LANS 380-B Packaging Description

- ▶ Impact limiters protect from direct impact and provide fire protection
- ▶ Polyurethane foam, approx. 16 lb/ft<sup>3</sup>
- ▶ IL shell is ¼ inch thick
- ▶ 12, 1 ¼ inch diameter impact limiter attachment bolts, made from ASTM A564 Type 630, Condition H1100 & washers
- ▶ Personnel barrier between limiters at limiter OD



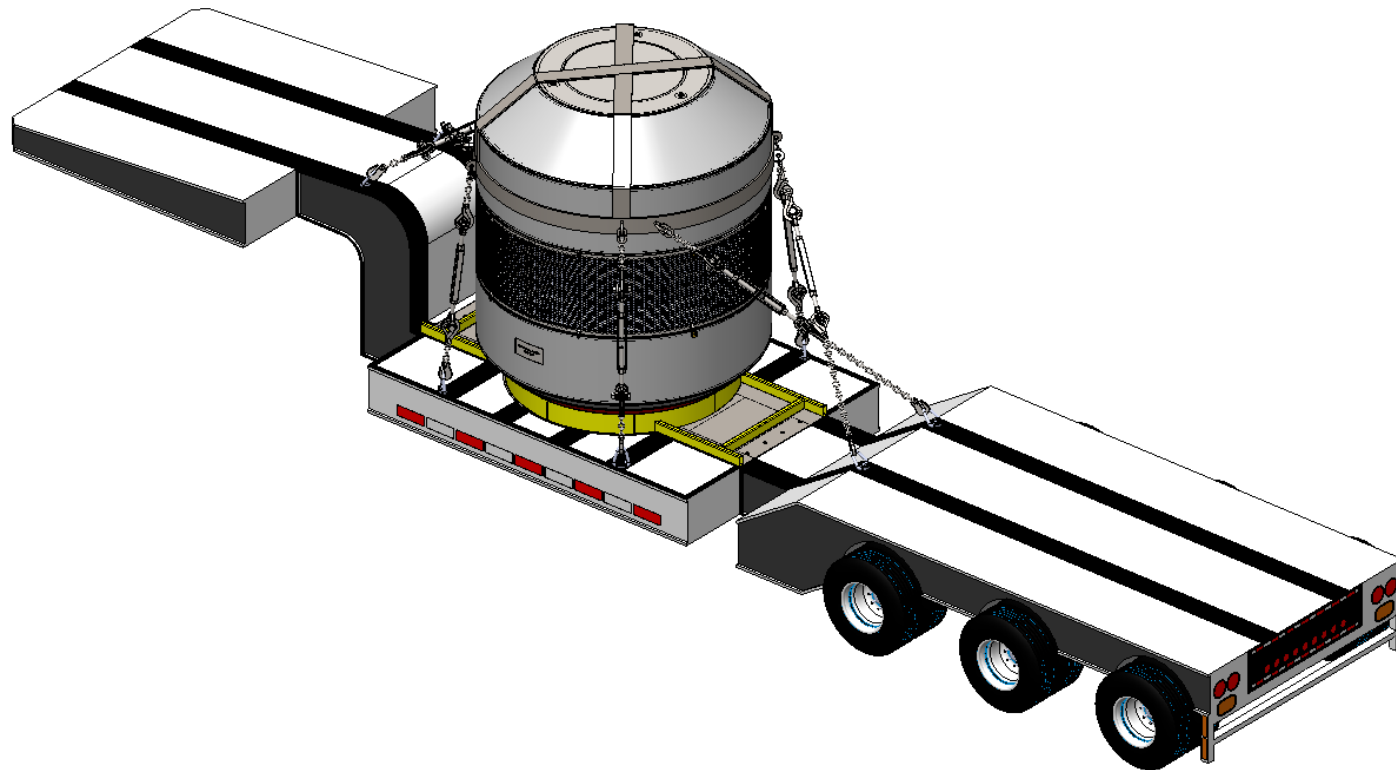
# LANS 380-B Packaging Description

- ▶ **Electronics box attached to cask**
  - ◆ Used for security cables and package tracking
  - ◆ Approximately 20 x 20 inches, up to 250 lb
- ▶ **Nameplate attached by screws to impact limiter OD**
  - ◆ Permits changeover to foreign nameplate for use outside US under foreign certificate



# LANS 380-B Packaging Description

- ▶ Tie-downs go over top of upper impact limiter, anchored to conveyance.



Package on Trailer

# Package Design Summary

- ▶ **Type B(U)-96**
- ▶ **Heavy lead shielding.**
- ▶ **Leaktight containment ( $<1.0 \times 10^{-7}$  std-cc/sec, air) for both NCT and HAC.**
- ▶ **For transport by truck, rail, ship, and air.**
- ▶ **Weight (approximate):**
  - ◆ **120,000 lb total conveyance maximum (highway truck case)**
  - ◆ **66,000 lb licensed maximum weight**
  - ◆ **12,000 lb payload + dunnage**



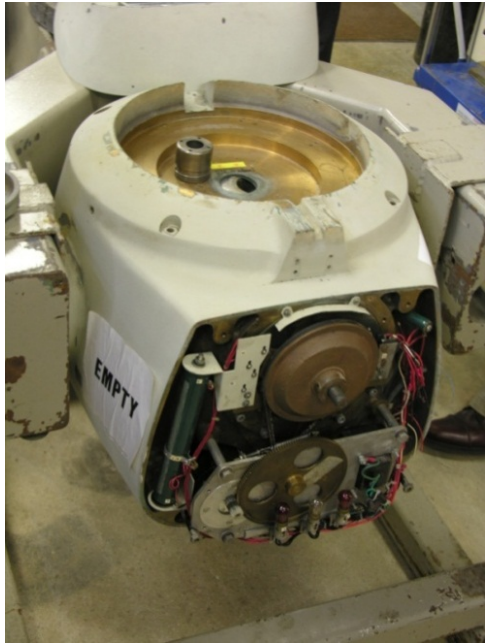
# Payloads

- ▶ **Payloads will consist of radioactive sources contained in shielded medical, industrial, or research devices.**
- ▶ **Devices consist of a source exposure mechanism and a thick shield.**
- ▶ **Shielding is typically lead, may be DU or tungsten.**
- ▶ **Maximum dimensions are 36 inches in diameter and 44.5 inches long.**
- ▶ **Maximum decay heat is 205W.**
- ▶ **Maximum weight is 10,000 lb.**
- ▶ **Source nuclides: Co-60, Cs-137, Sr-90, Ra-226, Ir-192.**
  - ◆ **Governing activity is 7,500 Ci of Co-60**
- ▶ **Devices will be blocked within the cask with dunnage.**

# Payloads

- ▶ **The 380-B cask does not rely on the payload device for shielding or containment.**
  - ◆ **The shielding analysis assumes a point source in any location within the package**
- ▶ **Consequently, the 380-B package can be used for devices where the integrity of the device shielding or exposure mechanism is not known or is suspect.**
- ▶ **There is no need to consider the integrity of the device shielding or of the mechanism when considering the effects of free drop or puncture.**
- ▶ **The 380-B can transport any device that meets the isotopic, activity, wattage, size, and weight limits.**

# Payloads



# Licensing Strategy

- ▶ **Safety demonstration primarily by analysis.**
- ▶ **Impact limiter performance will be demonstrated by half-scale test of prototypic design, including prototypic attachments.**
- ▶ **Test cask will be an equivalent weight dummy.**
- ▶ **Active accelerometers will be used.**
- ▶ **LS-DYNA calculations used to determine worst-case orientations and behavior at other foam temperatures.**
- ▶ **Test plan to be developed in 2013.**
  - ◆ **Test plan will be discussed with NRC Staff prior to test.**
  - ◆ **NRC Staff will be invited to observe test.**
- ▶ **SAR will be written in terms of both Part 71 and TS-R-1.**

# Licensing Strategy

- ▶ **Test protocols will satisfy both 10 CFR 71 and IAEA TS-R-1**
  - ◆ -40 °F cold free drop requirement of TS-R-1 will be addressed.
  - ◆ The order of puncture will be considered and if necessary, extra puncture drops will be performed to satisfy both regulations.
- ▶ **Structural analysis**
  - ◆ General stress criteria per Reg. Guide 7.6.
  - ◆ Load combinations per Reg. Guide 7.8.
  - ◆ Stress analysis using conservative bound impact acceleration from test.
  - ◆ Elastic stress in seal area.
  - ◆ Lead slump analysis.
  - ◆ Bolting analysis per guidance of NUREG/CR-6007.
  - ◆ Cask shell immersion buckling analysis per ASME B&PV Code Case N-284-2.

# Licensing Strategy

## ▶ Thermal by analysis

- ◆ Heat source 205 W.
- ◆ Decay heat will be applied to cask inner surfaces. Temperature of source or device will not be calculated.
- ◆ Half- or quarter- symmetry model using SINDA/FLUINT<sup>®</sup> analysis software.
- ◆ Thermal model will include worst-case HAC free drop and puncture damage to impact limiters.

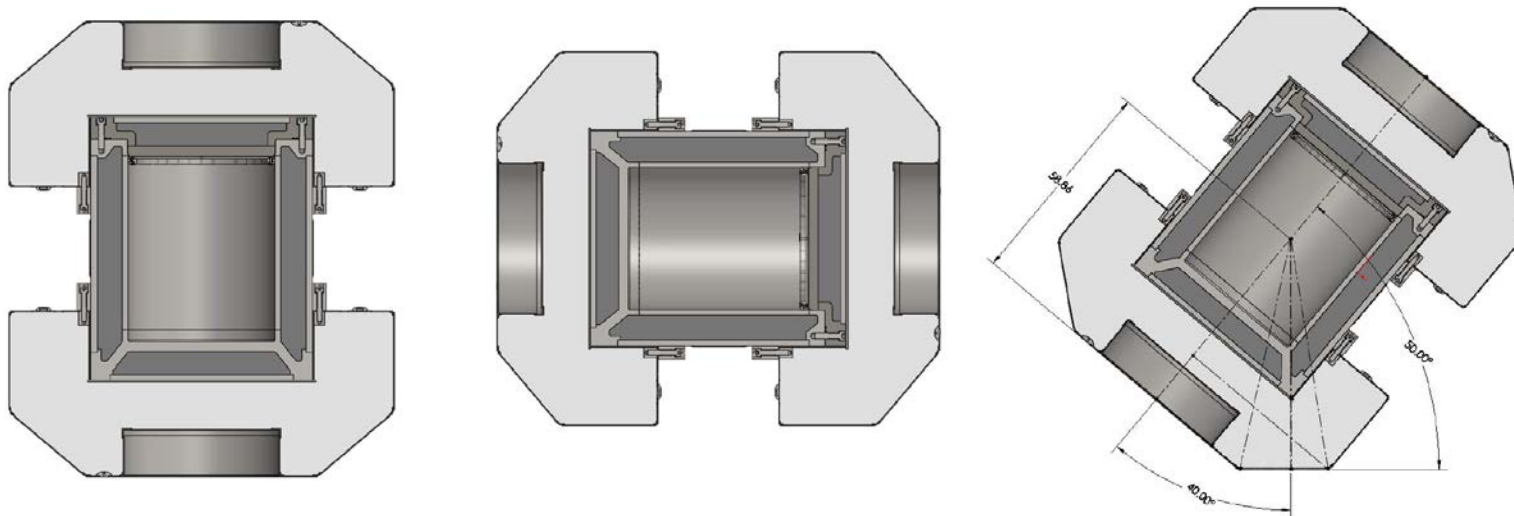
## ▶ Shielding analysis

- ◆ MCNP model developed using a bounding point source of 7,500 Ci Co-60
- ◆ No credit taken for shielding of the source by the device.
- ◆ Source is assumed to escape the device shield and be located anywhere in payload cavity for NCT and HAC.
- ◆ Streaming in lower corners and in lid closure area will be considered.

# Preliminary Analysis Results

## ► Preliminary structural results:

- ◆ Bottom end drop <100g
- ◆ Side drop <100g
- ◆ Center of Gravity over Corner drop <80g
- ◆ Max foam strain <90% (CG over Corner, on corner)



# Preliminary Analysis Results

- ▶ **Preliminary shielding results:**
- ▶ **Source is assumed outside of device, located nearest to dose location.**
  - ◆ **Package side (at personnel barrier), 93.0 mrem/hr < 200**
  - ◆ **Top impact limiter, 135 mrem/hr < 200**
  - ◆ **Bottom impact limiter, 59.7 mrem/hr < 200**
  - ◆ **2 meters from conveyance side, 6.8 mrem/hr < 10**

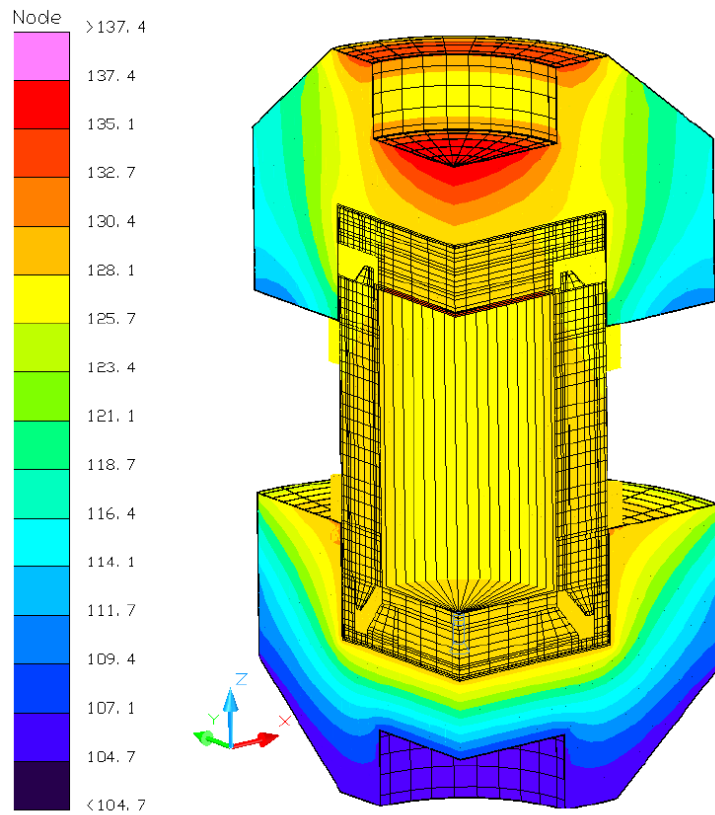


# Preliminary Analysis Results

## ▶ Preliminary thermal results:

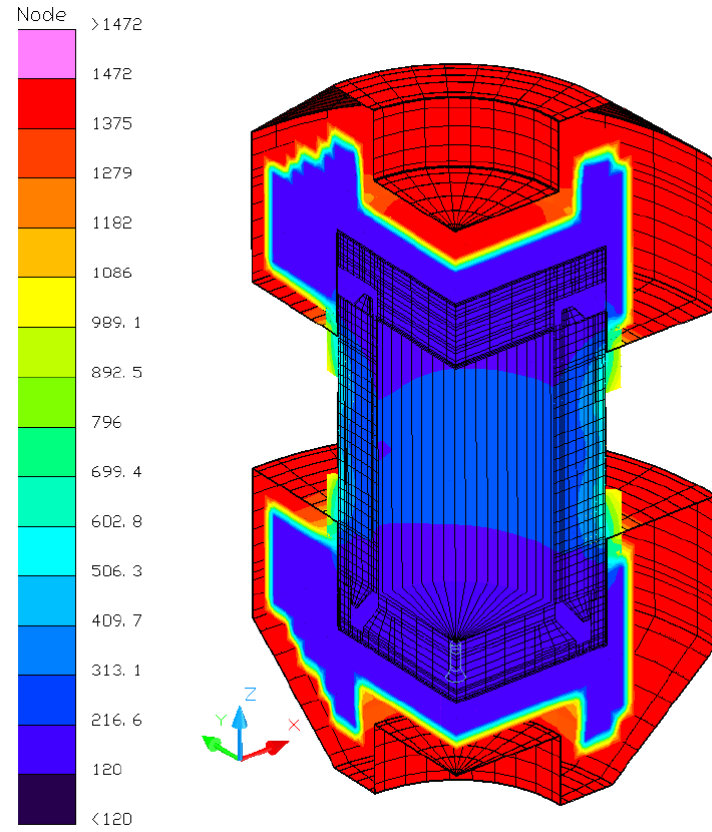
- ◆ NCT hot with solar, containment elastomer seal temperature ~128 °F  
(Long term limit is 250 °F)
- ◆ HAC maximum seal temperature (~2.3 hrs after fire start) ~245 °F  
(Short term limit is 8 hours at 400 °F)
- ◆ HAC maximum lead temperature 460 °F  
(Lead melts at 620 °F)
- ◆ HAC result includes conservatively estimated free drop damage on the impact limiter

# Preliminary Analysis Results



Temperature [F], Time = 0 hr

**NCT Hot with Solar**



Temperature [F], Time = 30 min

**HAC with Drop Damage**

# Planned Project Schedule

(Calendar Year Basis)



- ▶ Test plan review meeting with NRC staff – 1<sup>st</sup> Quarter 2014
- ▶ Half scale certification tests – 3<sup>rd</sup> Quarter 2014
- ▶ NNSA application review – approx. 1<sup>st</sup> Quarter 2015
- ▶ Licensing application submittal to NRC – approx. 3<sup>rd</sup> Quarter 2015
- ▶ RAIs – by approx. 1<sup>st</sup> Quarter 2016
- ▶ CoC – by approx. mid 2016

# Conclusion



## ▶ NRC Staff Comments and Suggestions