

Proprietary Notice

This letter forwards proprietary information in accordance with 10CFR2.390. Upon the removal of Enclosure 1, the balance of this letter may be considered non-proprietary.

MFN 12-054

June 27, 2012

Attn: David Misenhimer
US Nuclear Regulatory Commission
Washington, DC 20555-0001

GE Hitachi Nuclear Energy

Jerald G. Head Senior Vice President, Regulatory Affairs

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Docket number: 05200010

Subject: NRC Requests for Additional Information Related to the Audit of the Economic Simplified Boiling Water Reactor (ESBWR) Steam Dryer Design Methodology Supporting Chapter 3 of the ESBWR Design Control Document – Draft Response for RAI 3.9-283

Reference:

 MFN 12-037 Letter from USNRC to Jerald G. Head, GEH, Subject: Request for Additional Information Letter No. 414 related to ESBWR Design Certification Application (DCD) Revision 9, received May 1, 2012

In regard to the Requests for Additional Information transmitted in your May 1, 2012 Letter, Reference 1, to support the NRC ESBWR Steam Dryer Methodology Audit conducted March 21 - 23, 2012 Docket 5200010, please find attached the draft response for RAI 3.9-283.

Enclosure 1 contains proprietary information. The proprietary information is contained within brackets [[]] and is designated in red and dotted underline to assist in identification. This RAI contains proprietary information identified by GE Hitachi Nuclear Energy, Americas LLC., and should be protected accordingly.

Enclosure 2 contains the draft response with the proprietary information redacted, and is acceptable for public release. Enclosure 3 provides an affidavit which sets forth the basis for requesting that Enclosure 1 be withheld from the public.

If you have any questions concerning this letter, please contact Peter Yandow at 910-819-6378.

Sincerely,

Jerald G. Head

Senior Vice President, Regulatory Affairs

Commitments: No commitments are made.

Enclosures:

- 1. Draft Response to RAI 3.9-283 Proprietary version
- 2. Draft Response to RAI 3.9-283 Non-Proprietary version
- 3. Affidavit for MFN 12-054

cc: Glen Watford, GEH
Peter Yandow, GEH
Patricia Campbell, GEH
Mark Colby, GEH
Scott Bowman, GEH
Draft eDRF Section 0000-0147-3908

Enclosure 3

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Affidavit

GE-Hitachi Nuclear Energy Americas LLC

AFFIDAVIT

I, Jerald G. Head, state as follows:

- (1) I am the Senior Vice President, Regulatory Affairs of GE-Hitachi Nuclear Energy Americas LLC (GEH), and have been delegated the function of reviewing the information described in paragraph (2) which is sought to be withheld, and have been authorized to apply for its withholding.
- (2) The information sought to be withheld is contained in Enclosure 1 of GEH's letter MFN 12-054, J. Head (GEH) to D. Misenhimer (NRC), "NRC Requests for Additional Information Related to the Audit of the Economic Simplified Boiling Water Reactor (ESBWR) Steam Dryer Design Methodology Supporting Chapter 3 of the ESBWR Design Control Document Draft Response for RAI 3.9-283," dated June 27, 2012. The GEH proprietary information in Enclosure 1 of MFN 12-054, is identified by a [[dark red, dotted underline inside double square brackets before and large equation objects are identified with double square brackets before and after the object. In each case, the superscript notation {3} refers to Paragraph (3) of this affidavit, which provides the basis for the proprietary determination.
- (3) In making this application for withholding and determination of proprietary information of which it is the owner or licensee, GEH relies upon the exemption from disclosure set forth in the Freedom of Information Act (FOIA), 5 USC Sec. 552(b)(4), and the Trade Secrets Act, 18 USC Sec. 1905, and NRC regulations 10 CFR 9.17(a)(4), and 2.390(a)(4) for trade secrets (Exemption 4). The material for which exemption from disclosure is here sought also qualifies under the narrower definition of trade secret, within the meanings assigned to those terms for purposes of FOIA Exemption 4 in, respectively, Critical Mass Energy Project v. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, 975 F2d 871 (DC Cir. 1992), and Public Citizen Health Research Group v. FDA, 704 F2d 1280 (DC Cir. 1983).
- (4) The information sought to be withheld is considered to be proprietary for the reasons set forth in paragraphs (4)a and (4)b. Some examples of categories of information that fit into the definition of proprietary information are:
 - a. Information that discloses a process, method, or apparatus, including supporting data and analyses, where prevention of its use by GEH's competitors without license from GEH constitutes a competitive economic advantage over GEH and/or other companies.
 - b. Information that, if used by a competitor, would reduce their expenditure of resources or improve their competitive position in the design, manufacture, shipment, installation, assurance of quality, or licensing of a similar product.

- c. Information that reveals aspects of past, present, or future GEH customerfunded development plans and programs, that may include potential products of GEH.
- d. Information that discloses trade secret and/or potentially patentable subject matter for which it may be desirable to obtain patent protection.
- (5) To address 10 CFR 2.390(b)(4), the information sought to be withheld is being submitted to the NRC in confidence. The information is of a sort customarily held in confidence by GEH, and is in fact so held. The information sought to be withheld has, to the best of my knowledge and belief, consistently been held in confidence by GEH, not been disclosed publicly, and not been made available in public sources. All disclosures to third parties, including any required transmittals to the NRC, have been made, or must be made, pursuant to regulatory provisions or proprietary and/or confidentiality agreements that provide for maintaining the information in confidence. The initial designation of this information as proprietary information and the subsequent steps taken to prevent its unauthorized disclosure are as set forth in the following paragraphs (6) and (7).
- (6) Initial approval of proprietary treatment of a document is made by the manager of the originating component, who is the person most likely to be acquainted with the value and sensitivity of the information in relation to industry knowledge, or who is the person most likely to be subject to the terms under which it was licensed to GEH. Access to such documents within GEH is limited to a "need to know" basis.
- (7) The procedure for approval of external release of such a document typically requires review by the staff manager, project manager, principal scientist, or other equivalent authority for technical content, competitive effect, and determination of the accuracy of the proprietary designation. Disclosures outside GEH are limited to regulatory bodies, customers, and potential customers, and their agents, suppliers, and licensees, and others with a legitimate need for the information, and then only in accordance with appropriate regulatory provisions or proprietary and/or confidentiality agreements.
- (8) The information identified in paragraph (2) above is classified as proprietary because it communicates sensitive business information regarding commercial communications, plans, and strategies associated with future actions related to GEH's extensive body of ESBWR technology, design, and regulatory information and it's protection is important to the design certification process.
- (9) Public disclosure of the information sought to be withheld is likely to cause substantial harm to GEH's competitive position and foreclose or reduce the availability of profit-making opportunities. The information is part of GEH's comprehensive BWR safety and technology base, and its commercial value extends beyond the original development cost. The value of the technology base goes beyond the extensive physical database and analytical methodology and includes development of the expertise to determine and apply the appropriate

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evaluation process. In addition, the technology base includes the value derived from providing analyses done with NRC-approved methods.

The research, development, engineering, analytical and NRC review costs comprise a substantial investment of time and money by GEH. The precise value of the expertise to devise an evaluation process and apply the correct analytical methodology is difficult to quantify, but it clearly is substantial. GEH's competitive advantage will be lost if its competitors are able to use the results of the GEH experience to normalize or verify their own process or if they are able to claim an equivalent understanding by demonstrating that they can arrive at the same or similar conclusions.

The value of this information to GEH would be lost if the information were disclosed to the public. Making such information available to competitors without their having been required to undertake a similar expenditure of resources would unfairly provide competitors with a windfall, and deprive GEH of the opportunity to exercise its competitive advantage to seek an adequate return on its large investment in developing and obtaining these very valuable analytical tools.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing affidavit and the matters stated therein are true and correct to the best of my knowledge, information, and belief.

Executed on this 27th day of June, 2012.

Jerald G. Head

GE-Hitachi Nuclear Energy Americas LLC

Enclosure 2

MFN 12-054

Draft Response for RAI 3.9-283

Non-Proprietary Version

This is a non-proprietary version of Enclosure 1, from which the proprietary information has been removed. Portions of the document that have been removed are identified by white space within double brackets, as shown here [[]].

IMPORTANT NOTICE REGARDING CONTENTS OF THIS DOCUMENT

Please Read Carefully

The information contained in this document is furnished solely for the purpose(s) stated in the transmittal letter. The only undertakings of GEH with respect to information in this document are contained in the contracts between GEH and its customers or participating utilities, and nothing contained in this document shall be construed as changing that contract. The use of this information by anyone for any purpose other than that for which it is intended is not authorized; and with respect to any unauthorized use, GEH makes no representation or warranty, and assumes no liability as to the completeness, accuracy, or usefulness of the information contained in this document.

NRC RAI 3.9-283

During the audit, the staff discussed w	rith GEH the GGNS summarized [[
]] approach resulted			
in higher stress with a difference greate	r than [[]] for the following several			
dryer components: [[
]] Entergy ju	stified these high stress areas by performing a			
submodel analysis [[]] showing that the submodel results are lower			
than the overlay and MPC approaches.	However, that location is not the higher stress			
location in terms of magnitude [[]] or the higher percentage			
difference location [[]] If	a similar approach was applied to SSES steam			
dryer, GEH is requested to provide a	dditional justification for the other significant			
locations noted above for the applicability of the submodel analysis conclusion, or				
validate the conclusion based on additional submodels.				

GEH Response Summary

The following information explains and justifies why GEH did not perform a similar approach as described in your request on the Susquehanna Steam Electric Station (SSES) dryer. The table below provides a summary of related GGNS RAI responses and how they relate to the approach that would be used on the ESBWR Steam Dryers designs. The specific SSES submodel results do not impact the finite element benchmark because the benchmark only accounts for stresses in the global model relative to the stresses measured at strain gage locations.

GEH Response:

]] which

were discussed in the response to EMCB-GGNS1-SD-4-RAI-04.

Table 1 [[

]] studies

	Table I [[jj studies	
GGNS Reference	GEH Design Record	Synopsis	
GNRO- 2012/00023 Attachment 1	eDRF Section 0000-0146-2686	EMCB-GGNS1-SD-7-RAI-03 – [[
GNRO- 2012/00016 Attachment 1	eDRF Section 0000-0145-3856	EMCB-GGNS1-SD-6-RAI-01 – This was a follow-up RAI to EMCB-GGNS1-SD-4-RAI-04. [[
Attachment			
101			
		=	
		11	
GNRO-	eDRF Section	[]]	
2012/00009	0000-0144-4904	EMCB-GGNS1-SD-4-RAI-04 – [[
Attachment 1	0000-0144-4904		
Attachment			
	The last the burner	。	
	B. B. American Roberts		
	William Charles		
		。	

1]] was not performed for t	he Susquehanna	Steam Electric Station
(SSES) dryer.	So a similar approach has no	ot been applied to	the SSES steam dryer.

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]]

In order to explain why [[]], it is helpful to remember that this is a very large FE model that consumes significant computational resources in order to produce results. The global model takes advantage of carefully selected simplifications, [[

must maintain consistency with the methodology basis. In other words, the methods that will be applied to the ESBWR dryer will be consistent with the methods applied to establish FE model bias and uncertainty, since these techniques influence accuracy.

This discussion illustrates why it is not necessary to [[

]], but

there is no reason to depart from the current methodology and basis.

References

- 1. NEDE-33312P-A, ESBWR Steam Dryer Acoustic Load Definition, Class III, Revision 2, October 2010.
- 2. NEDE-33313P-A, ESBWR Steam Dryer Structural Evaluation, Class III, Revision 2, October 2010.

DCD/LTR Changes:

No change is proposed for the DCD or referenced License Topical Reports.