ANSI Radiography Equipment Standard
Sec. 34.20  Performance requirements for ind. radiography equipment

Equipment used in industrial radiographic operations must meet the following minimum criteria:

Radiological Safety for the Design and Construction of Apparatus for Gamma Radiography
American National Standard N432; 
Radiological Safety for the 
Design and Construction 
of Apparatus for Gamma Radiography

American National Standards Institute 
Subcommittee N43-3.5

Under the sponsorship of the 
National Bureau of Standards 
Washington, DC 20234

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ANSI N432-1980

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE, Philip M. Klutznick, Secretary

Jordan J. Baruch, Assistant Secretary for Productivity, Technology and Innovation
ANSI N432

Definitions

Gamma Radiography System

All components necessary to make radiographic exposures, including the exposure device, source assembly, control, & other components associated with positioning the source such as source guide tubes, exposure head, & collimators, if used
Classifications

Class P  Portable Exposure Device
         Designed to be carried by one person

Class M  Mobile Exposure Device
         Designed to be moved by a suitable means provided for the purpose, but not portable

Class F  Fixed Exposure Device
         Designed to be installed in a fixed location or with mobility restricted to a particular working area
5.1 General Requirements

5.1.1 Design Considerations: For conditions during use.

a. Durable and corrosion resistant

b. Minimize entry of water, sand, mud.

c. Ease of safe cleaning

d. Effects of temperature

e. Effects of radiation on materials

f. Appropriate mounting accessories

g. Security of fasteners
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5.1.2 Locks

5.1.2.1 Not easily removable by unauthorized personnel.

5.1.2.2 Cannot remove source assembly or move shielding when locked.

5.1.2.3 Cannot unlock with easily available substitute for key.

5.1.2.4 Cannot operate lock unless source assembly fully shielded.

5.1.2.5 Cannot remove source assembly through back of unlocked device.
6. Design and Construction of Controls

6.1 General Requirements

6.1.1 Cannot remove if source not in stored position OR removing control causes source assembly to return to stored position.

6.1.2 Expose / retract direction clearly marked.

6.1.3 Drive cable “stop” to prevent cable disengagement AND drive cable travel distance indicator (if so equipped) can be zeroed.

6.1.4 Control must be connected for source to be exposed.
8.1 Shielding Efficiency Test

8.1.1 Demonstrate that locked device at maximum capacity meets required radiation levels.

8.1.2 Remove accessories, lock source in stored position and install plugs and caps.

Examine (survey) entire surface to determine that maximum radiation levels meet requirements.

Measure exposure rate at 50 mm, and average the reading over 10 cm², with no linear dimension greater than 5 cm.

Measure exposure rate at 1 mm, and average the reading over 100 cm², with no linear dimension greater than 20 cm.
## Table 8.1 Maximum Exposure Rate

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Class</th>
<th>At surface</th>
<th>50 mm from surface</th>
<th>1 m from surface</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>P</td>
<td>200 mR/h or 50 mR/h</td>
<td>2 mR/h (0.1 nA/kg)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(14.3 nA/kg)</td>
<td>(3.6 nA/kg)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>M</td>
<td>200 mR/h or 100 mR/h</td>
<td>5 mR/h (0.4 nA/kg)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(14.3 nA/kg)</td>
<td>(7.2 nA/kg)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>F</td>
<td>200 mR/h or 100 mR/h</td>
<td>10 mR/h (0.7 nA/kg)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(14.3 nA/kg)</td>
<td>(7.2 nA/kg)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Fig. 8.1  Horizontal Shock Test
Fig. 8.2  Vertical Shock Test (Class P)
Fig. 8.3  Vertical Shock Test (Class M)
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Accidental Drop Tests

Drop 1
Allow the exposure device to free-fall from 9 m onto a steel plate in such an attitude as to suffer the maximum damage

Drop 2
Allow the exposure device to free-fall from 1 m onto a 150 mm diameter steel pin in such an attitude as to suffer the maximum damage

Drop 3
Drop the exposure device 500 m from a helicopter onto a 150 mm diameter steel pin

(Just kidding!)
Fig. 8.4  Kinking Test
Fig. 8.5  Crushing Test
Tensile Test for Controls

Attach remote control to exposure device; To the final position of the remote control apply a tensile load of 500 N for 30 sec; repeat 10 times

Lock the crank arm & apply a force of 1000 N for 10 sec to the end portion of the control cable which links with the source assembly; repeat 10 times
Tensile Test for Source Assemblies

Apply a tensile load of 890 N for 30 sec to each of the following attachments:

- Sealed source to source assembly
- Stop ball to source assembly
- Source assembly connector to source assembly

Connect the drive cable to the source assembly; secure source capsule & apply a tensile load of 890 N to the drive cable for 30 sec
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Endurance Test

Requires demonstration that the gamma radiography system will remain operational after 20,000 cycles

A device shall be used for automatically actuating the apparatus... by rotating any manually operated crankshaft at a speed of 1 r/s minimum... by exerting a torque of 500L N-m
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Appendix A - Product Assurance

(This appendix is not a part of N432.)

A1. General

A Product Assurance program is essential in both the design and manufacture of radioisotope exposure devices. Each manufacturer of such devices should develop a Quality program appropriate to the complexity and quantity of devices being designed and manufactured. A recommended basic program follows.
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Endurance Test

If no overload clutch is built into the apparatus for gamma radiography, the automatic testing device shall exert a torque of $500 \times L \text{ B-m}$ where $L$ is the length of the lever or crank arm in meters ($112 \times L \text{ lb-ft}$ where $L$ is the length of the lever or crank arm in feet) at the extreme positions.
Revision Objectives

– Add QA requirements
– Delete or reduce unnecessary requirements
– Resolve issues related to qualifications for associated equipment & definition of "radiography system"
– Use clear, objective terms that will allow the standard to be incorporated into regulation & are enforceable
Questions?