

Exhibit B

Monticello Nuclear Generating Plant

License Amendment Request dated July 31, 1990

Proposed Changes Marked Up on Existing
Technical Specification Pages

Exhibit B consists of the existing Technical Specification pages with the proposed changes marked up on those pages. Existing pages affected by this change are listed below:

Page

202

204

3.0 LIMITING CONDITIONS FOR OPERATION

- c. For the diesel generators to be considered operable, there shall be a minimum of ~~26,250~~ gallons of diesel fuel (7 days supply for 1 diesel generator at full load) in the diesel oil storage tank.

32,500

@ 2500 kw

4.0 SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

- c. At least once each Operating Cycle during shutdown simulate a loss of offsite power in conjunction with an ECCS actuation test signal, and:
1. Verify de-energization of the emergency busses and load shedding from the emergency busses.
 2. Verifying diesel starts from ambient conditions on the auto-start signal and is ready to accept emergency loads within ten seconds, energizes the emergency busses with permanently connected loads, energizes the auto-connected emergency loads in proper time sequence, and operates for greater than five minutes while its generator is loaded with the emergency loads.
- d. During the monthly generator test, the diesel fuel oil transfer pump and diesel oil service pump shall be operated.
- e. Once a month the quantity of diesel fuel available shall be logged.
- f. Once a month a sample of diesel fuel shall be taken and checked for quality.

Bases 3.9:

The general objective is to assure an adequate supply of power with at least one active and one standby source of power available for operation of equipment required for a safe plant shutdown, to maintain the plant in a safe shutdown condition, and to operate the required engineered safeguards equipment following an accident.

AC for shutdown requirements and operation of engineered safeguards equipment can be provided by either of the two standby sources of power (the diesel generators) or any of the three active sources of power (No. 1R, No. 2R, or No. 1AR transformers). Refer to Section 8 of the USAR.

To provide for maintenance and repair of equipment and still have redundancy of power sources, the requirement of one active and one standby source of power was established. The plant's main generator is not given credit as a source since it is not available during shutdown.

The plant 250 V dc power is supplied by two batteries. Most station 250 V loads are supplied by the original station 250 V battery. A new 250 V battery has been installed for HPCI loads and may be used for other station loads in the future. Each battery is maintained fully charged by two associated chargers which also supply the normal dc requirements with the batteries as a standby source during emergency conditions. The plant 125 V dc power is normally supplied by two batteries, each with an associated charger. Backup chargers are available.

The minimum diesel fuel supply of ^{32,500}~~26,250~~ gallons will supply one diesel generator for a minimum of seven days of full load operation. Additional diesel fuel can normally be obtained within a few hours. Maintaining at least seven days supply is therefore conservative.

In the normal mode of operation, ^{See attached} power is available from the off-site sources. One diesel may be allowed out of service based on the availability of off-site power and the daily testing of the remaining diesel generator. Thus, though one diesel generator is temporarily out of service, the off-site sources are available, as well as the remaining diesel generator. Based on a monthly testing period (Specification 4.9), the seven day repair period is justified. (1)

(1) "Reliability of Engineered Safety Features as a Function of Testing Frequency", I.M. Jacobs, Nuclear Safety, Volume 9, No. 4, July - August 1968.

Basis Insert

The diesel fuel oil requirement of 32,500 gallons ensures that one emergency diesel generator can run for 7 days at full load (2500 KW). The amount of fuel oil necessary to run one emergency diesel generator for 7 days is 31,248 gal. The difference between these two volumes allows for instrument inaccuracy, tank volume uncertainties, and the location of the suction pipe.

Exhibit C

Monticello Nuclear Generating Plant

License Amendment Request dated July 31, 1990

REVISED TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION PAGES

Exhibit C consists of revised pages for the Monticello Nuclear Generating Plant Technical Specifications with the proposed changes incorporated as listed below:

Page

202

204

3.0 LIMITING CONDITIONS FOR OPERATION

- c. For the diesel generators to be considered operable, there shall be a minimum of 32,500 gallons of diesel fuel (7 days supply for 1 diesel generator at full load @ 2500 KW) in the diesel oil storage tank.

4.0 SURVEILLANCE REQUIREMENTS

- c. At least once each Operating Cycle during shutdown simulate a loss of offsite power in conjunction with an ECCS actuation test signal, and:
 - 1. Verify de-energization of the emergency busses and load shedding from the emergency busses.
 - 2. Verifying diesel starts from ambient conditions on the auto-start signal and is ready to accept emergency loads within ten seconds, energizes the emergency busses with permanently connected loads, energizes the auto-connected emergency loads in proper time sequence, and operates for greater than five minutes while its generator is loaded with the emergency loads.
- d. During the monthly generator test, the diesel fuel oil transfer pump and diesel oil service pump shall be operated.
- e. Once a month the quantity of diesel fuel available shall be logged.
- f. Once a month a sample of diesel fuel shall be taken and checked for quality.

Bases 3.9:

The general objective is to assure an adequate supply of power with at least one active and one standby source of power available for operation of equipment required for a safe plant shutdown, to maintain the plant in a safe shutdown condition, and to operate the required engineered safeguards equipment following an accident.

AC for shutdown requirements and operation of engineered safeguards equipment can be provided by either of the two standby sources of power (the diesel generators) or any of the three active sources of power (No. 1R, No. 2R, or No. 1AR transformers). Refer to Section 8 of the USAR.

To provide for maintenance and repair of equipment and still have redundancy of power sources, the requirement of one active and one standby source of power was established. The plant's main generator is not given credit as a source since it is not available during shutdown.

The plant 250 V dc power is supplied by two batteries. Most station 250 V loads are supplied by the original station 250 V battery. A new 250 V battery has been installed for HPCI loads and may be used for other station loads in the future. Each battery is maintained fully charged by two associated chargers which also supply the normal dc requirements with the batteries as a standby source during emergency conditions. The plant 125 V dc power is normally supplied by two batteries, each with an associated charger. Backup chargers are available.

The minimum diesel fuel supply of 32,500 gallons will supply one diesel generator for a minimum of seven days of full load operation. The diesel fuel oil requirement of 32,500 gallons ensures that one emergency diesel generator can run for 7 days at full load (2500 KW). The amount of fuel oil necessary to run one emergency diesel generator for 7 days is 31,248 gallons. The difference between these two volumes allows for instrument inaccuracy, tank volume uncertainties, and the location of the suction pipe. Additional diesel fuel can normally be obtained within a few hours. Maintaining at least seven days supply is therefore conservative.

In the normal mode of operation, power is available from the off-site sources. One diesel may be allowed out of service based on the availability of off-site power and the daily testing of the remaining diesel generator. Thus, though one diesel generator is temporarily out of service, the off-site sources are available, as well as the remaining diesel generator. Based on a monthly testing period (Specification 4.9), the seven day repair period is justified. (1)

(1) "Reliability of Engineered Safety Features as a Function of Testing Frequency", I.M. Jacobs, Nuclear Safety, Volume 9, No. 4, July - August 1968.