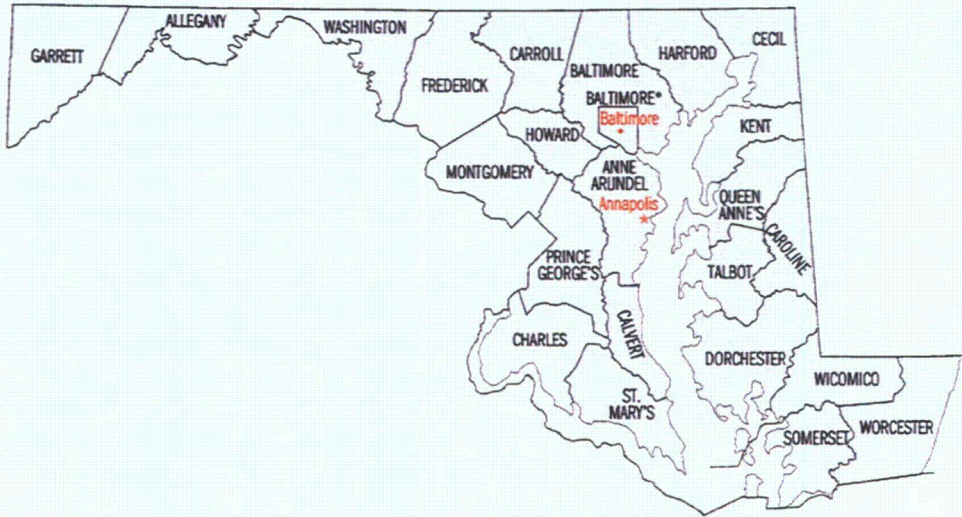


**Appendix D**  
**CCNPP Employee Demographics**



**Figure D1 – Maryland County Map**

**Table D1– Power Plant Employees Including Contractors – By County**

# Employees	Origin County	Site Approach	
		NB MD 2/4	SB MD 2/4
27	Anne Arundel		27
4	Baltimore		4
562	Calvert	281	281
2	Howard		2
6	Prince Georges		6
1	Alleghany		1
30	Charles		30
198	St Mary	139	59
1	Washington		1
2	Out of State		2
833		420	412
Overall %		50.4%	49.6%

**Table D2– Power Plant Employees Only – By County**

# Employees	Origin County	Site Approach	
		NB MD 2/4	SB MD 2/4
24	Anne Arundel		24
3	Baltimore		3
523	Calvert	262	262
2	Howard		2
4	Prince Georges		4
1	Alleghany		1
29	Charles		29
186	St Mary	130	56
1	Washington		1
2	Out of State		2
775		392	382
Overall %		50.6%	49.4%

## **Appendix E**

### **Construction Material Shipments**



<b>Civil Material</b>			
Construction Equipment	500 on+500 off	1,000	shipments
Concrete Material	848,355 tons / 15 tons per shipment	56,557	shipments
Formwork	2393 tons/15 tons per shipment	160	shipments
Rebar	55,331 tons/15 tons per shipment	3,689	shipments
Structural Steel	6,261 tons/15 tons per shipment	418	shipments
Misc. Steel	1,016 tons/15 tons per shipment	68	shipments
Mod Steel	225 tons/15 tons per shipment	15	shipments
Steel Liner	1,412 tons/15 tons per shipment	94	shipments
Embedded Steel	1903 tons/15 tons per shipment	127	shipments
Siding & Roofing	2056 tons/15 tons per shipment	137	shipments
Pre engineered building	60 tons/15 tons per shipment	4	shipments
Construction Debris	12,000 tons/15 tons per shipment	800	shipments
<b>Piping and Mechanical Material</b>			
Large and Small bore pipe	7500 tons/15 tons per shipment	500	shipments
Large bore hangers	2788 tons/15 tons per shipment	186	shipments
Nuclear Island EM package Equipment	15,377 tons/15 tons per shipment	1,025	shipments
Turbine Island and BOP Mechanical Equipment		1,000	shipments
Consumables		1,000	shipments
<b>Electrical Equipment</b>			
Conduit	1,356 tons/15 tons per shipment	90	shipments
Cable Tray	73 tons/15 tons per shipment	49	shipments
Power & Control wire	4,406 tons/15 tons per shipment	294	shipments
NI Electrical Equipment	5,000 ton/15 tons per shipment	333	shipments
TI Electrical Equipment	5,000 ton/15 tons per shipment	333	shipments
<b>Grand Total</b>			
		67,879	shipments

**Appendix F**  
**Journey to Work Census Data**  
**Vehicle Occupancy by Profession**

### Construction Workers Automobile Usage

From the Journey-To-Work Census Data (2000)

CTPP 2000: Part 2 Table 9: Occupation by Means of transportation to work – For the state of Maryland

TAB9X221	All workers; having Construction and excavation occupations; For All 11 Categories of Means of transportation to work	122925
TAB9X222	All workers; having Construction and excavation occupations; who drove alone	81790
TAB9X223	All workers; having Construction and excavation occupations; who travel to work by 2-person carpool	21920
TAB9X224	All workers; having Construction and excavation occupations; who travel to work by 3-person carpool	6130
TAB9X225	All workers; having Construction and excavation occupations; who travel to work by 4-or-more-person carpool	3945
TAB9X226	All workers; having Construction and excavation occupations; who travel to work by Bus or trolley bus	3285
TAB9X227	All workers; having Construction and excavation occupations; who travel to work by Streetcar, trolley car, subway, or elevated	670
TAB9X228	All workers; having Construction and excavation occupations; who travel to work by Railroad or ferryboat	90
TAB9X229	All workers; having Construction and excavation occupations; who travel to work by Bicycle or walked	2050
TAB9X230	All workers; having Construction and excavation occupations; who travel to work by Taxicab, motorcycle or other means	1595
TAB9X231	All workers; having Construction and excavation occupations; who worked at home	1455

(Data Source: [http://www.transtats.bts.gov/DL\\_SelectFields.asp?Table\\_ID=1344&DB\\_Short\\_Name=CTPP%202000](http://www.transtats.bts.gov/DL_SelectFields.asp?Table_ID=1344&DB_Short_Name=CTPP%202000))

Based on the table above, considering the automobile mode of travel

	Workers	Vehicle Occupancy	Vehicles
	81790	1	81790
	21920	2	10960
	6130	3	2043
	3945	4	986
Total	113785		95779

Average Vehicle Occupancy = No.OfWorkers/No.OfVehicles =  $113785/95779 = \underline{1.19}$

**Appendix G**  
**Projected Conditions During Construction**  
**LOS Analysis Worksheets**



This appendix contains the following:

	<u>Page</u>
• Derivation of volumes for No-Build (2016)	G-5
• September 7, 2010 meeting summary	G-20
• December 8, 2010 meeting summary	G-23
• Trip Distribution as provided by SHA	G-26
• Gate Queuing analysis	G-27
• Design concept for CC3 Access Road	G-31
• Synchro LOS reports for CC3 Access Road	G-32
• SimTraffic Queuing reports for CC3 Access Road	G-34
• CLV Worksheets	G-36
• Queue calculations using SHA methodology	G-44

The CLV calculations are summarized in Table G-1. Figure G-1 presents the traffic volumes and turning movements at the study intersections during the AM and PM peak hours. Figure G-2 shows added construction traffic only.

**Table G- 1 – Intersection LOS: Construction Peak (2016) Conditions**

<i><b>Intersection</b></i>	<i><b>CLV</b></i>		<i><b>LOS</b></i>	
	<i><b>AM</b></i>	<i><b>PM</b></i>	<i><b>AM</b></i>	<i><b>PM</b></i>
MD 2/MD 4 diverge	<b>1879</b>	<b>1946</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>
MD 231 & MD 2/MD 4	1331	<b>1640</b>	D	<b>F</b>
Calvert Beach/Ball Road & MD 2/MD 4	<b>1764</b>	<b>1757</b>	<b>F</b>	<b>F</b>
Calvert Cliffs Parkway & MD 2/MD 4	888	<b>1546</b>	A	<b>E</b>
White Sands Drive & MD 2/MD 4	782	1400	A	D
Nursery Road & MD 2/MD 4	1008	1268	B	C
Pardoe Road & MD 2/MD 4	1162	1261	C	C
Cove Point Road & MD 2/MD 4	997	1329	A	D

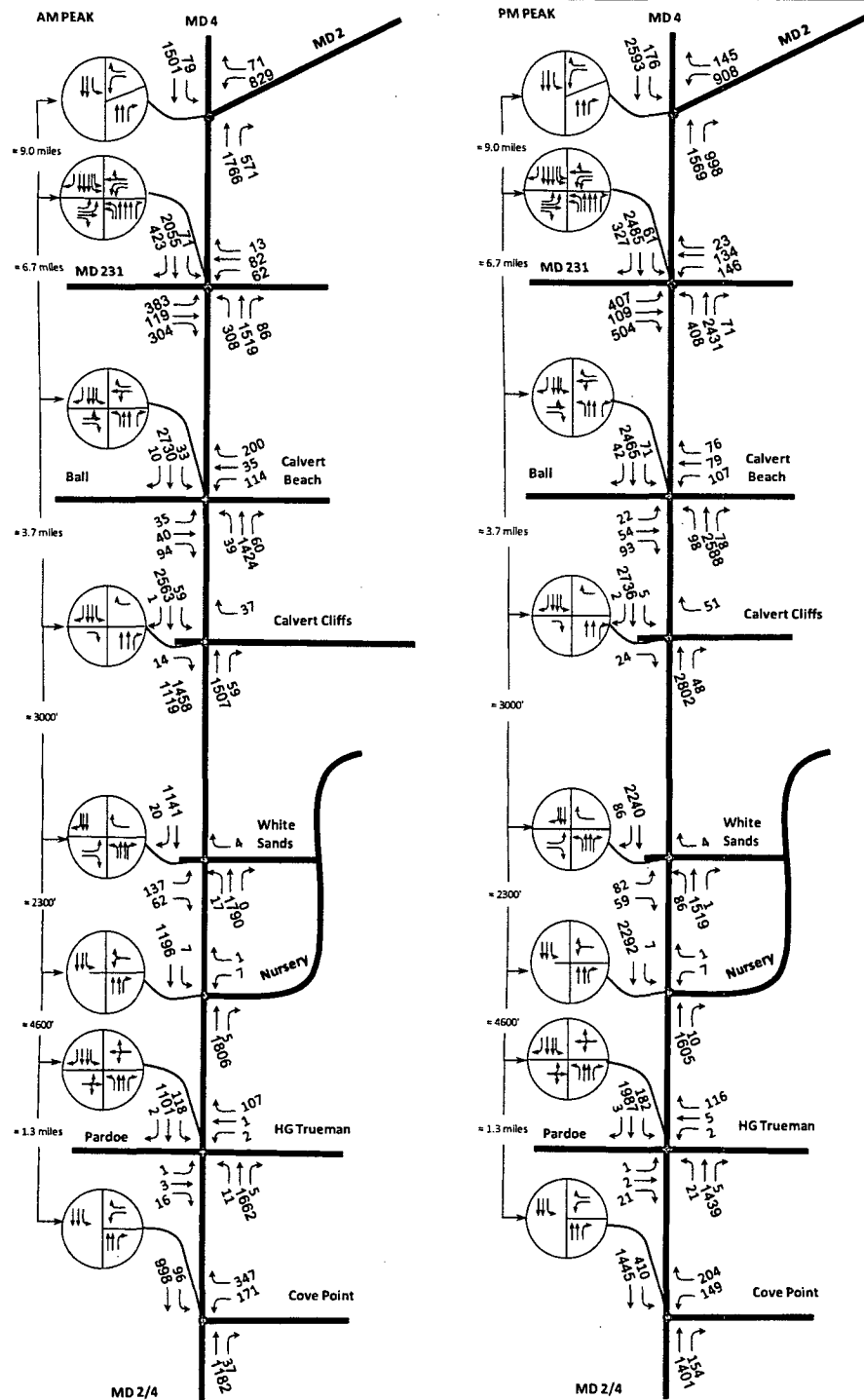
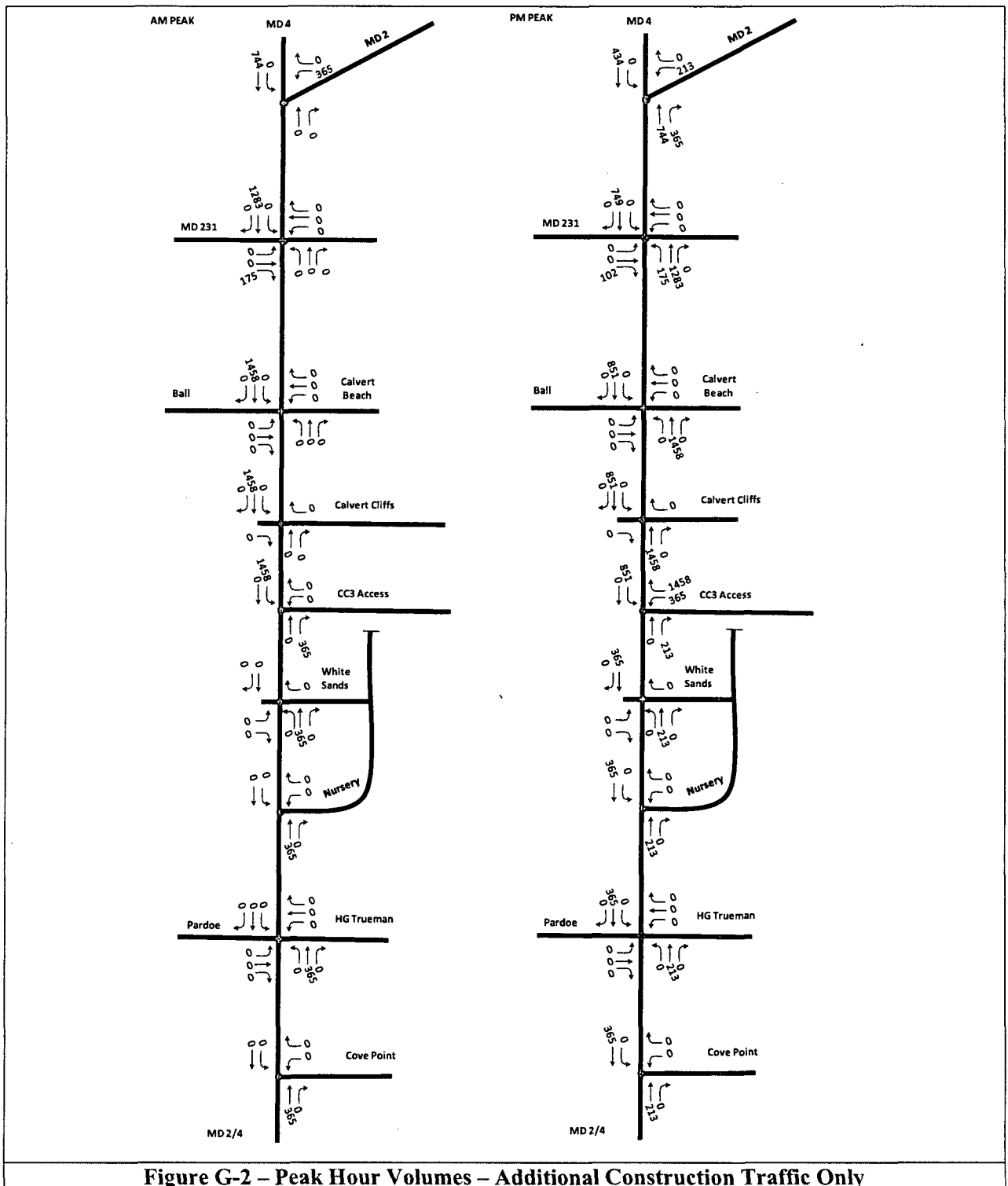
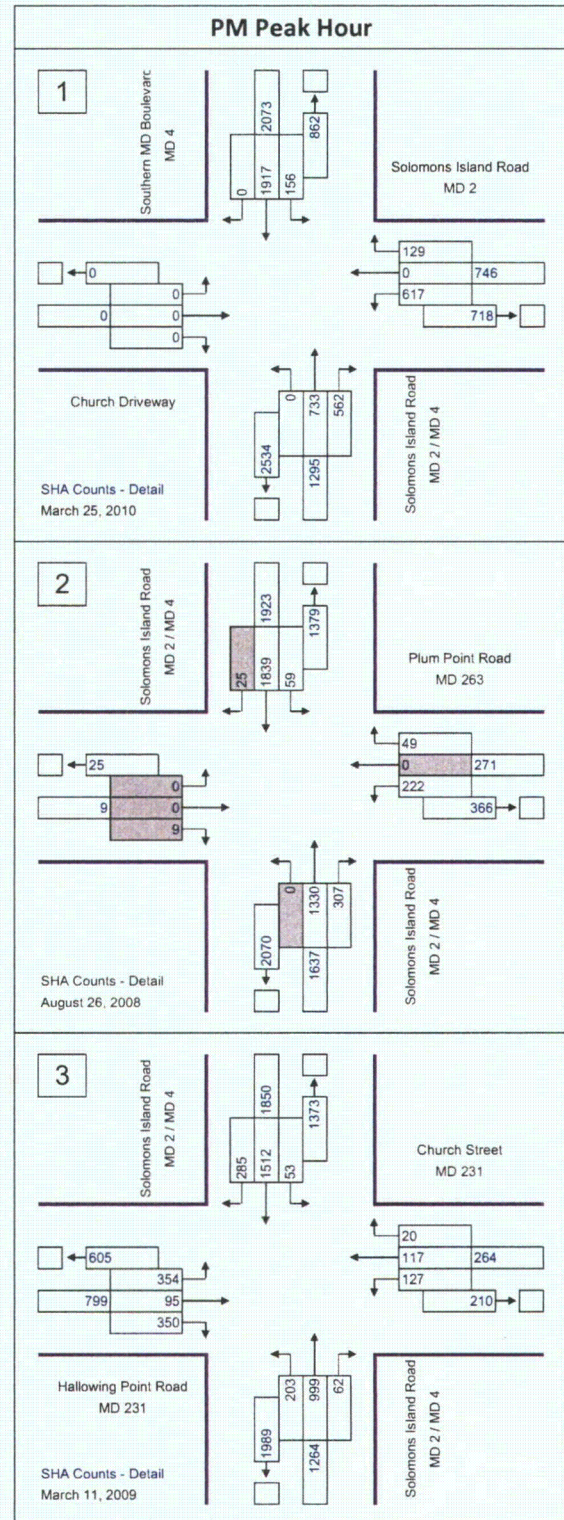
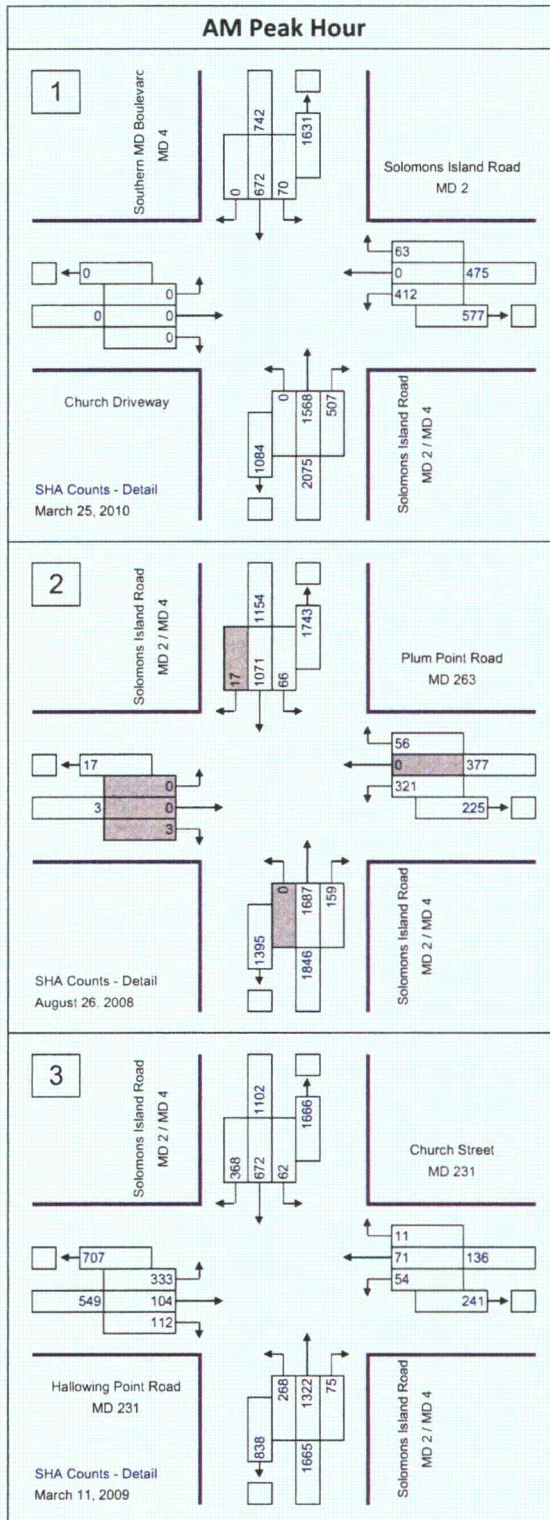
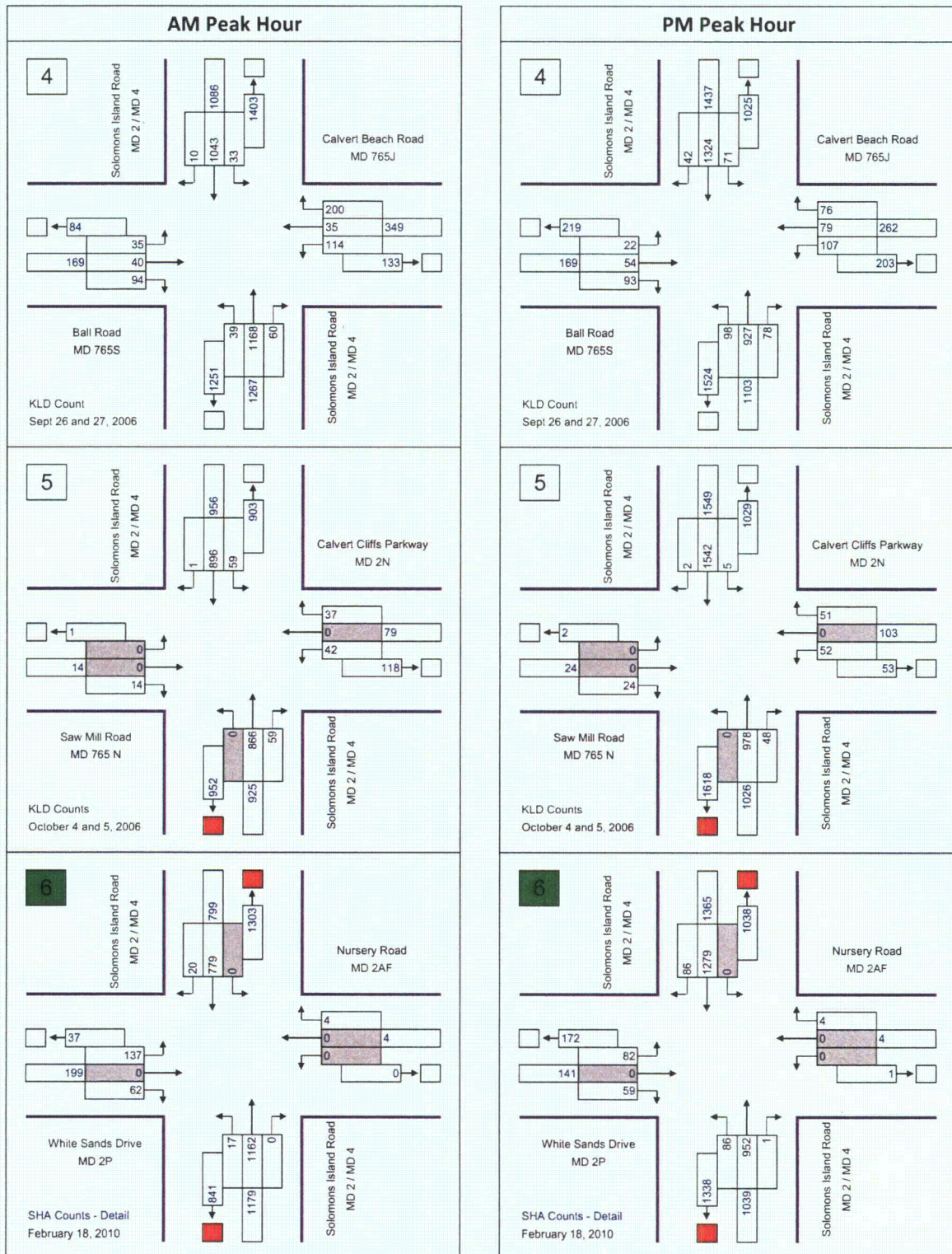


Figure G-1 – Peak Hour Traffic for Conditions During Construction



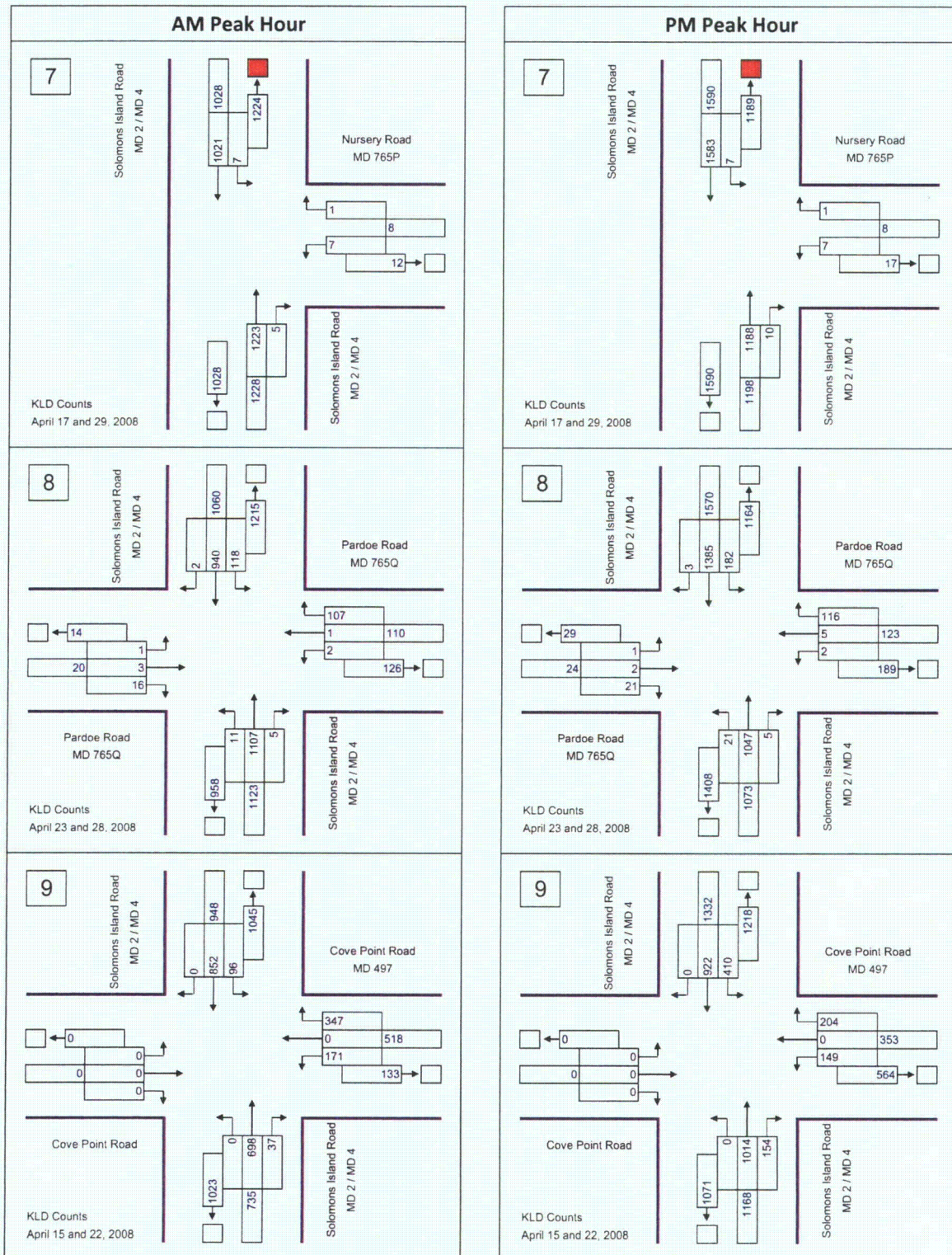


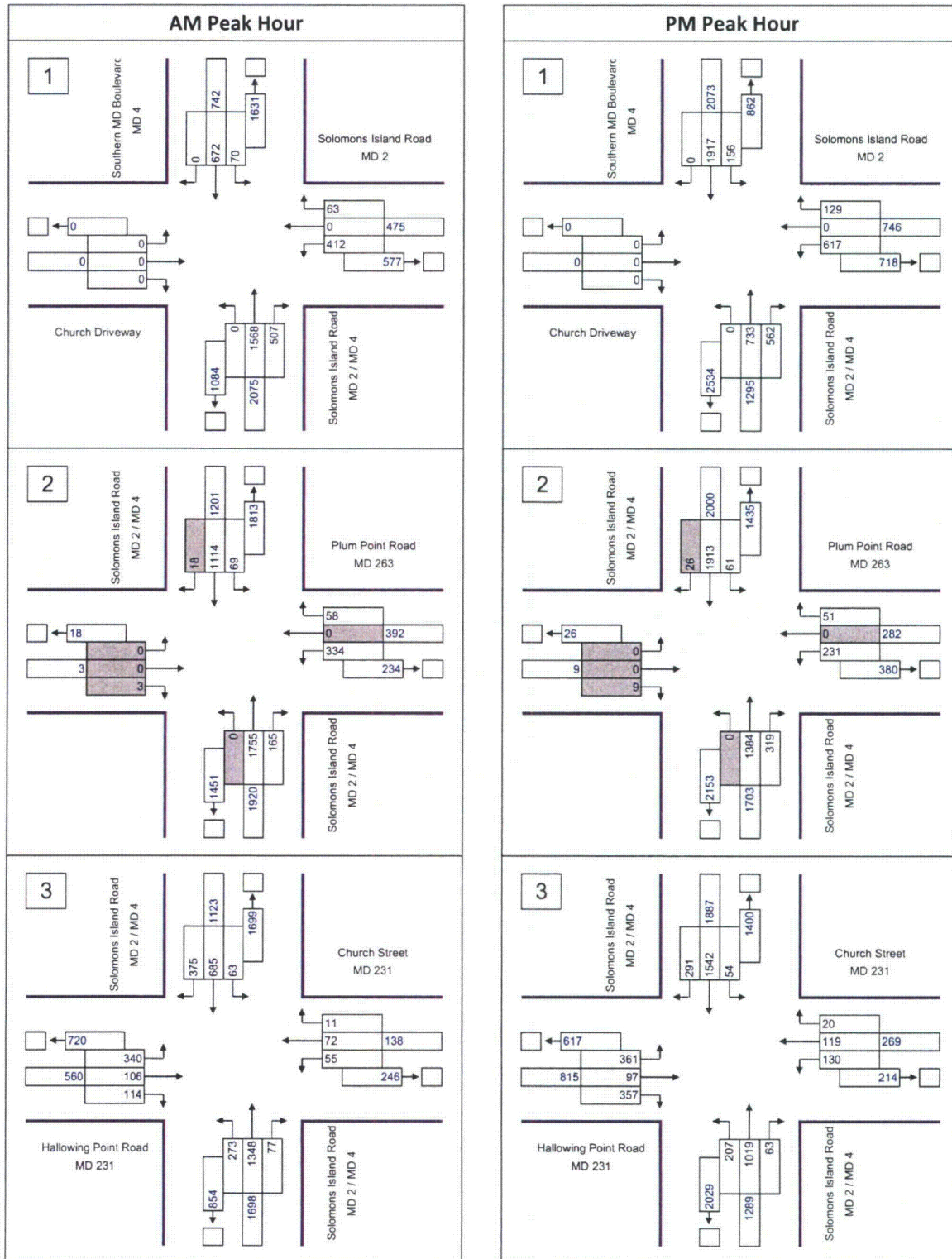




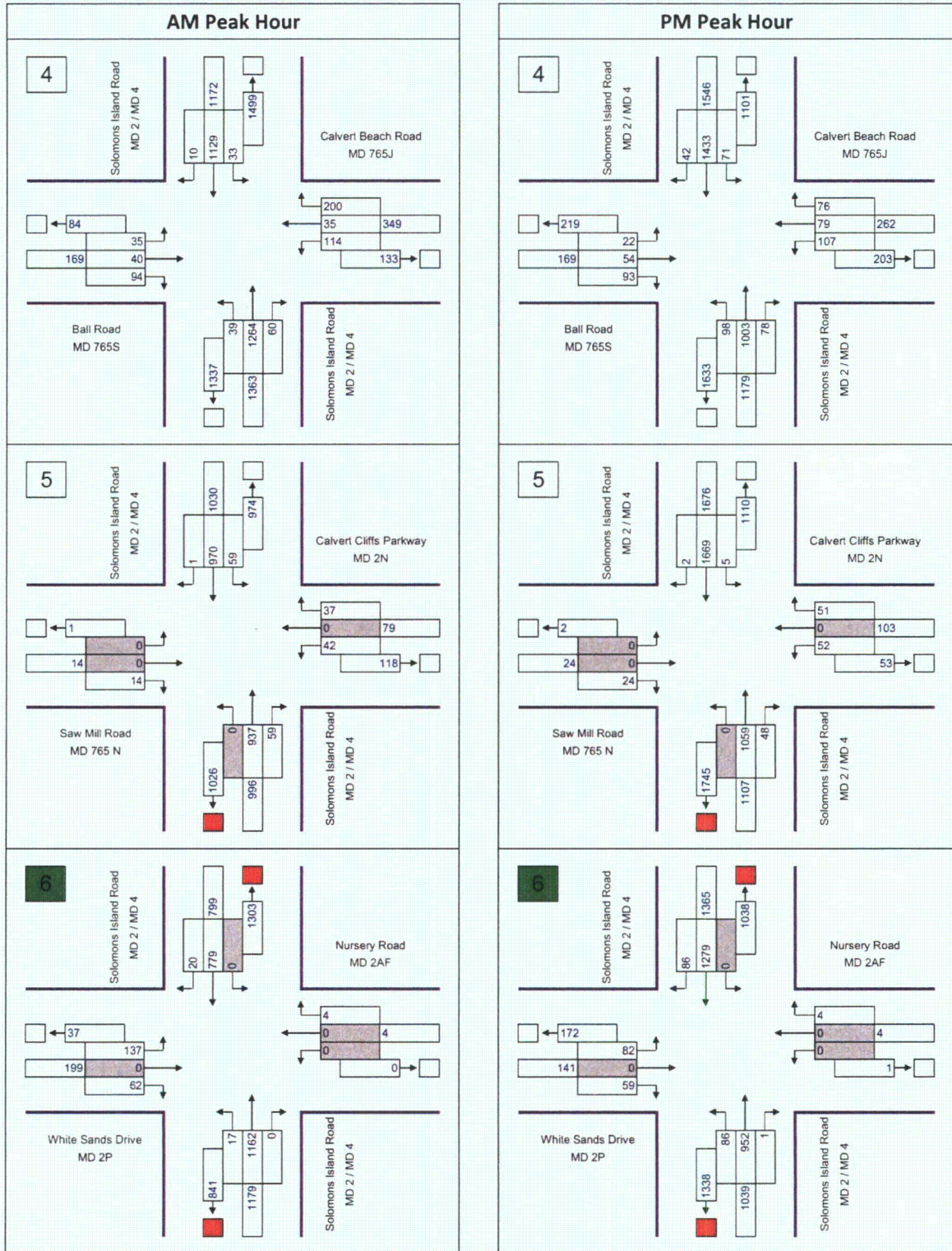


# Count Data

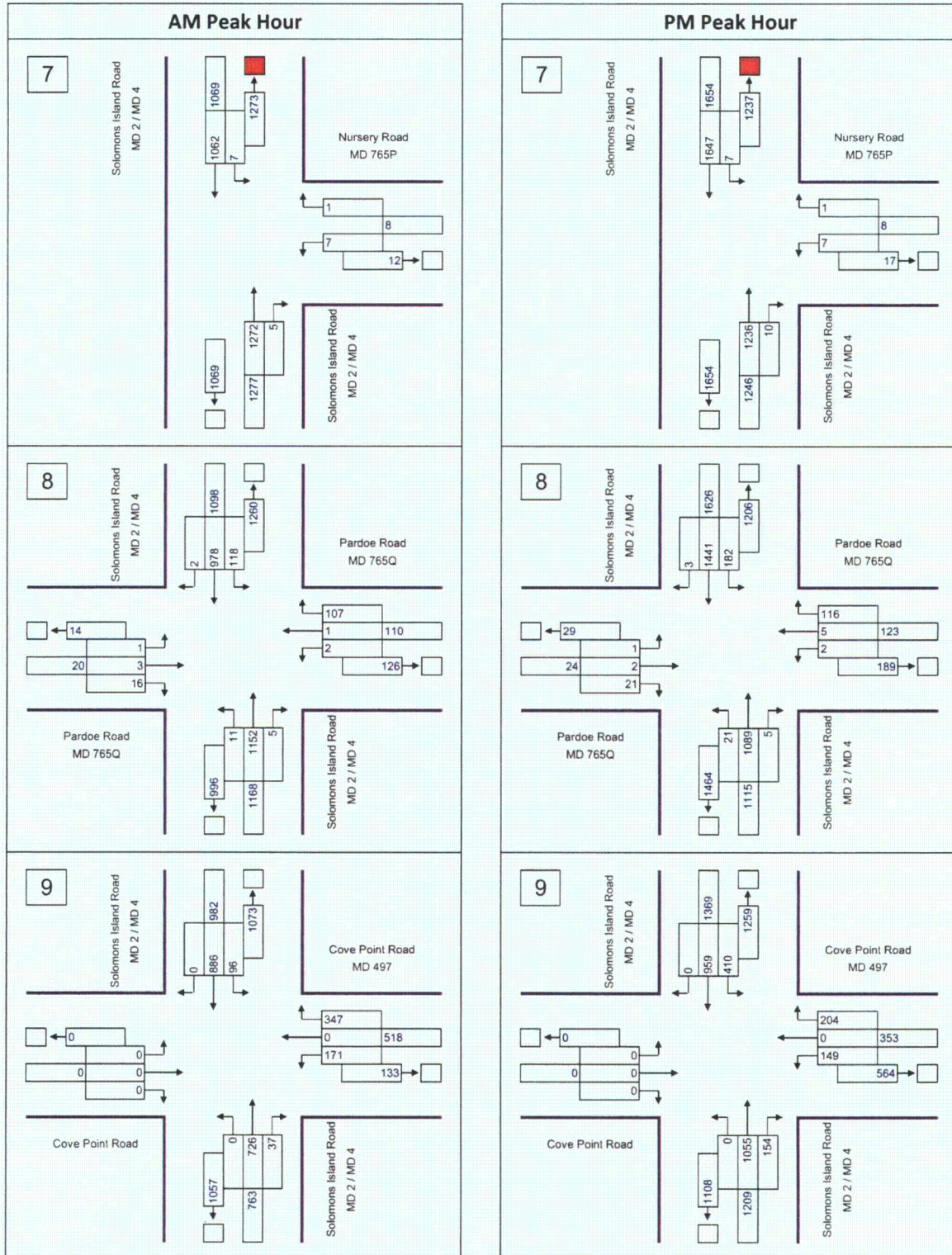






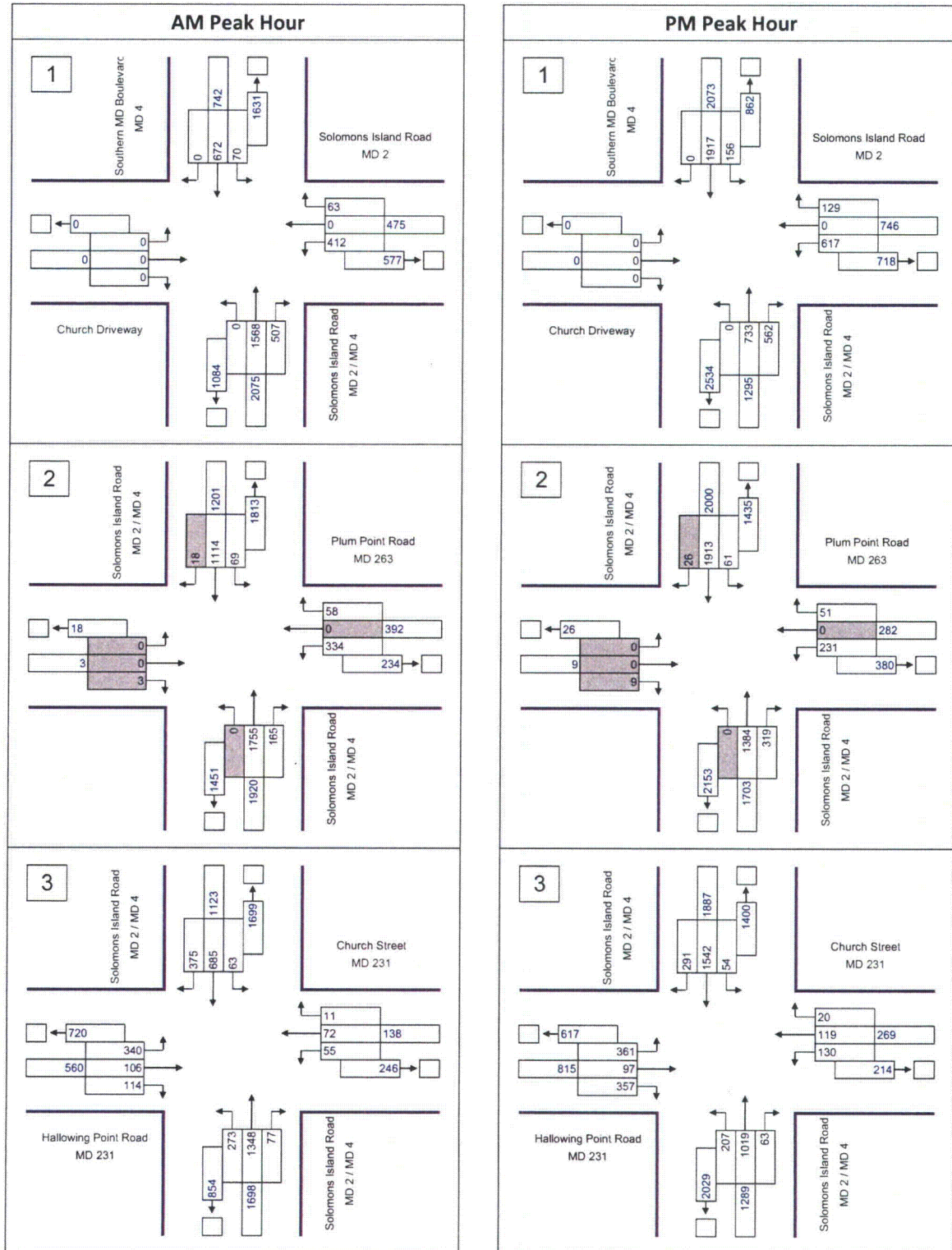






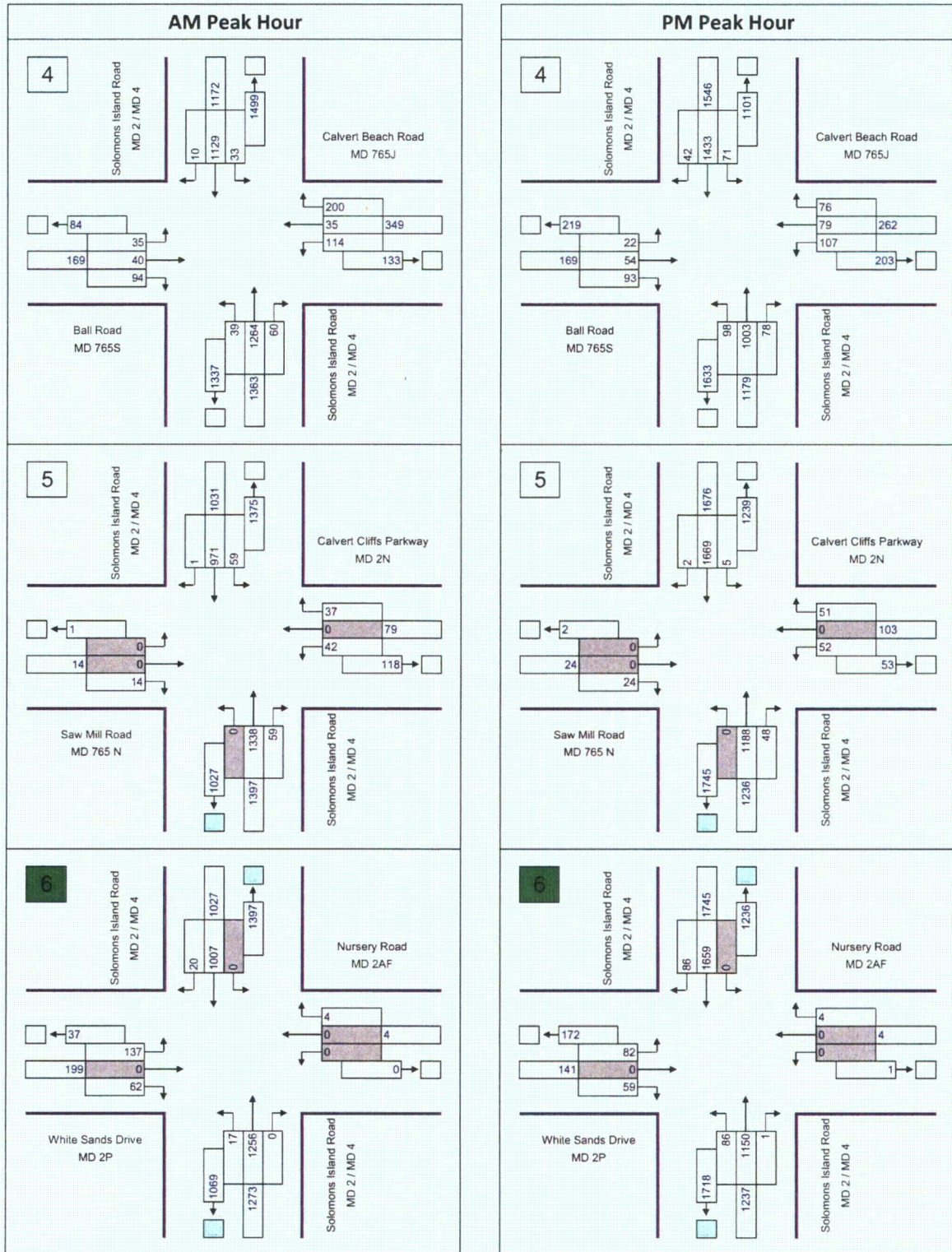
Grow thru volumes at 2% annual to 2010

# Existing (2010) Balanced



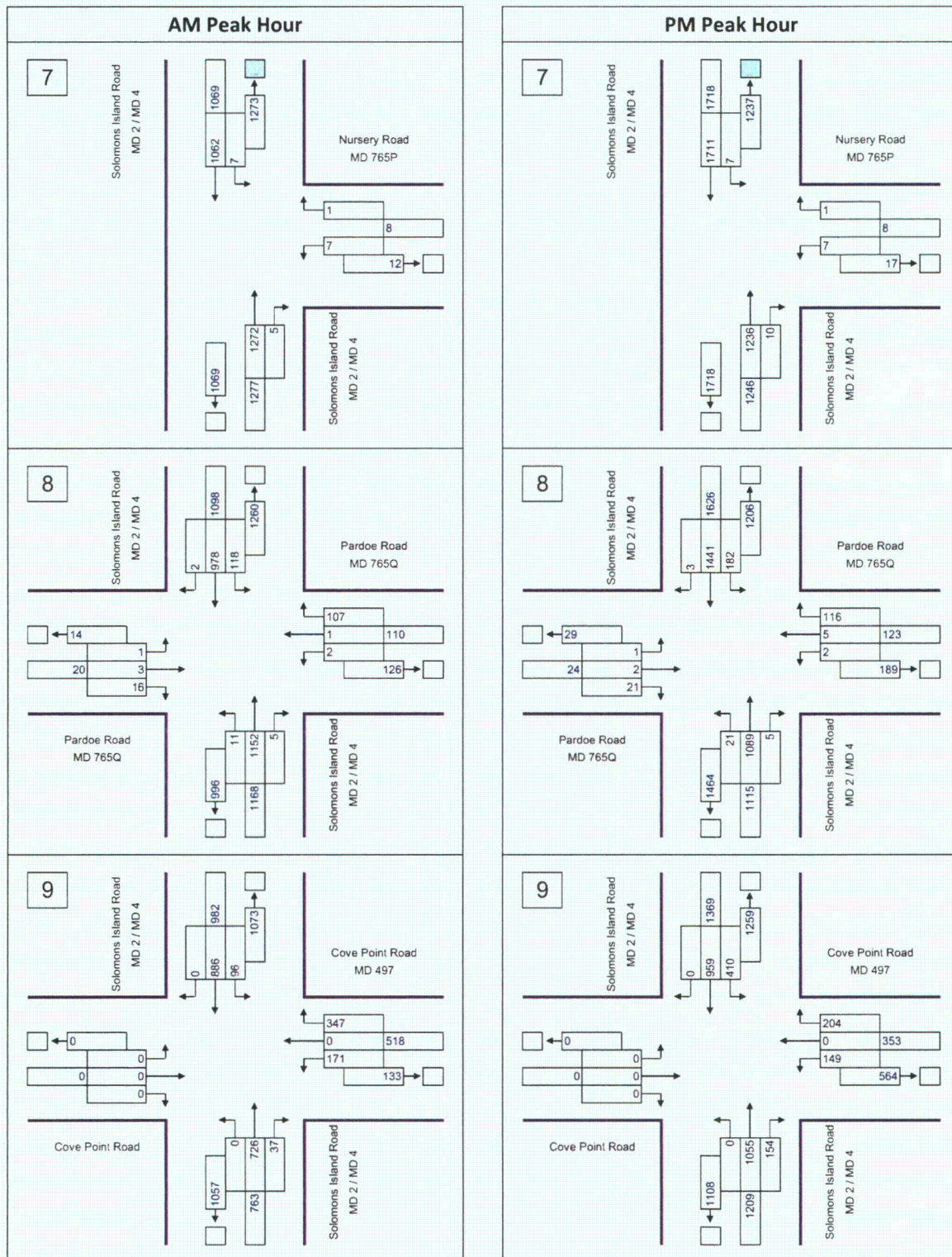


# Existing (2010) Balanced





# Existing (2010) Balanced



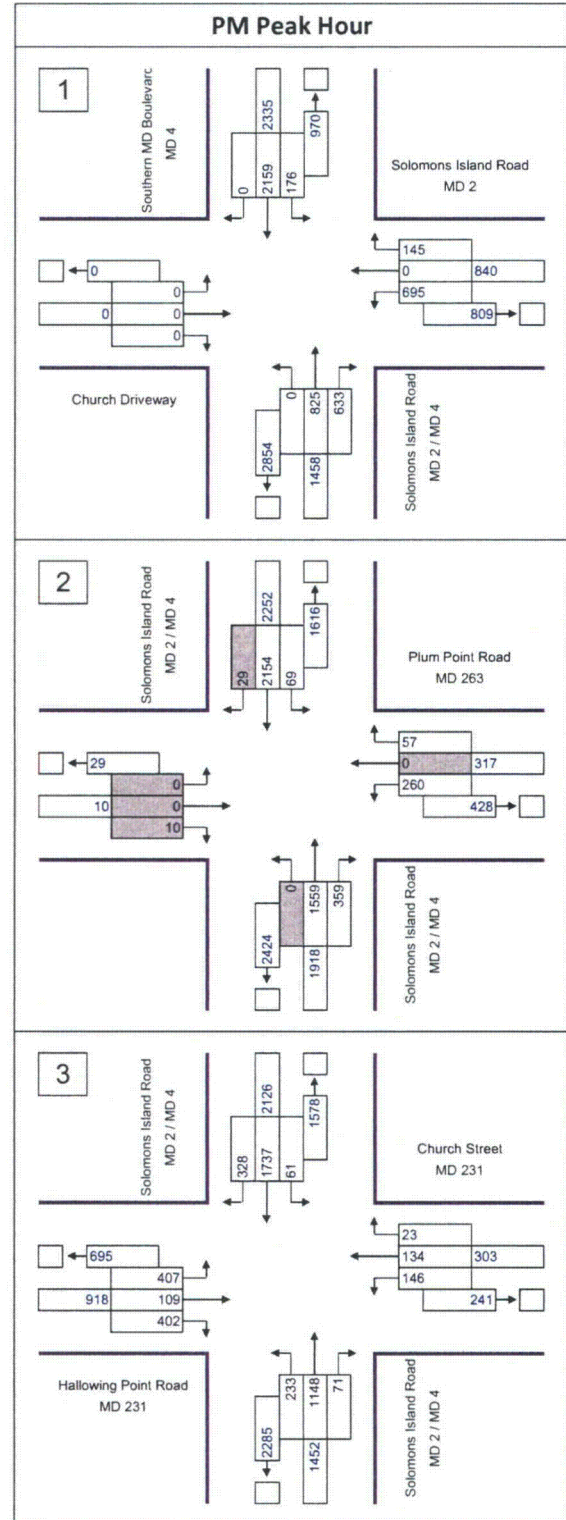
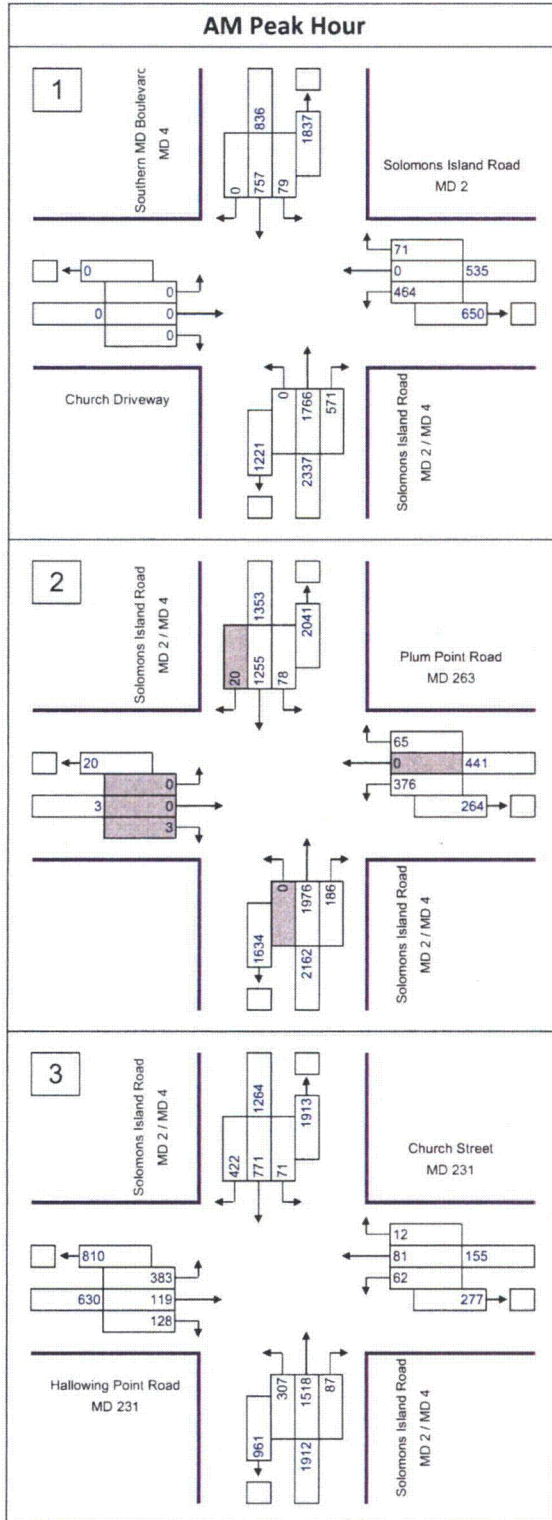
Balanced grown volumes

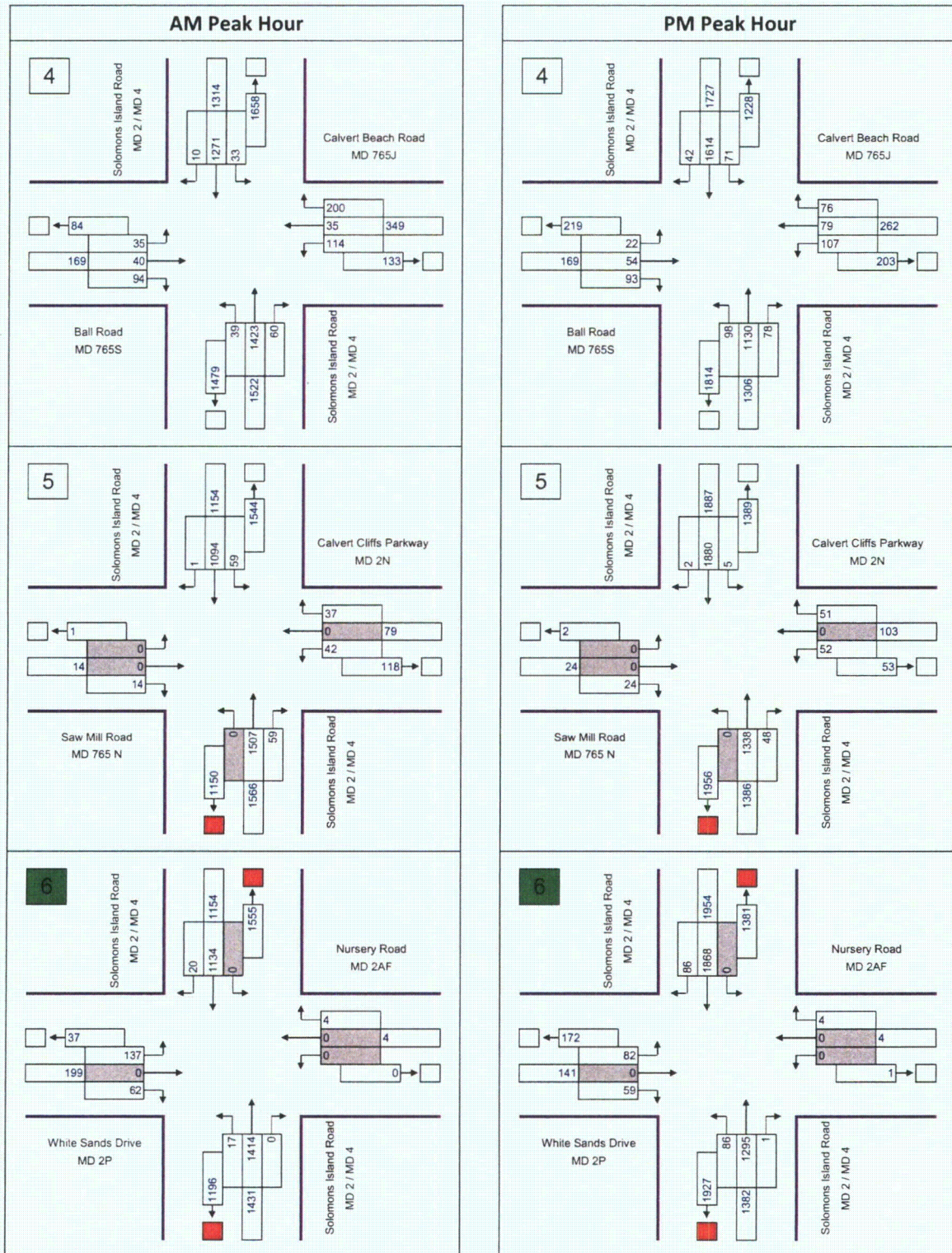
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Higher values rule



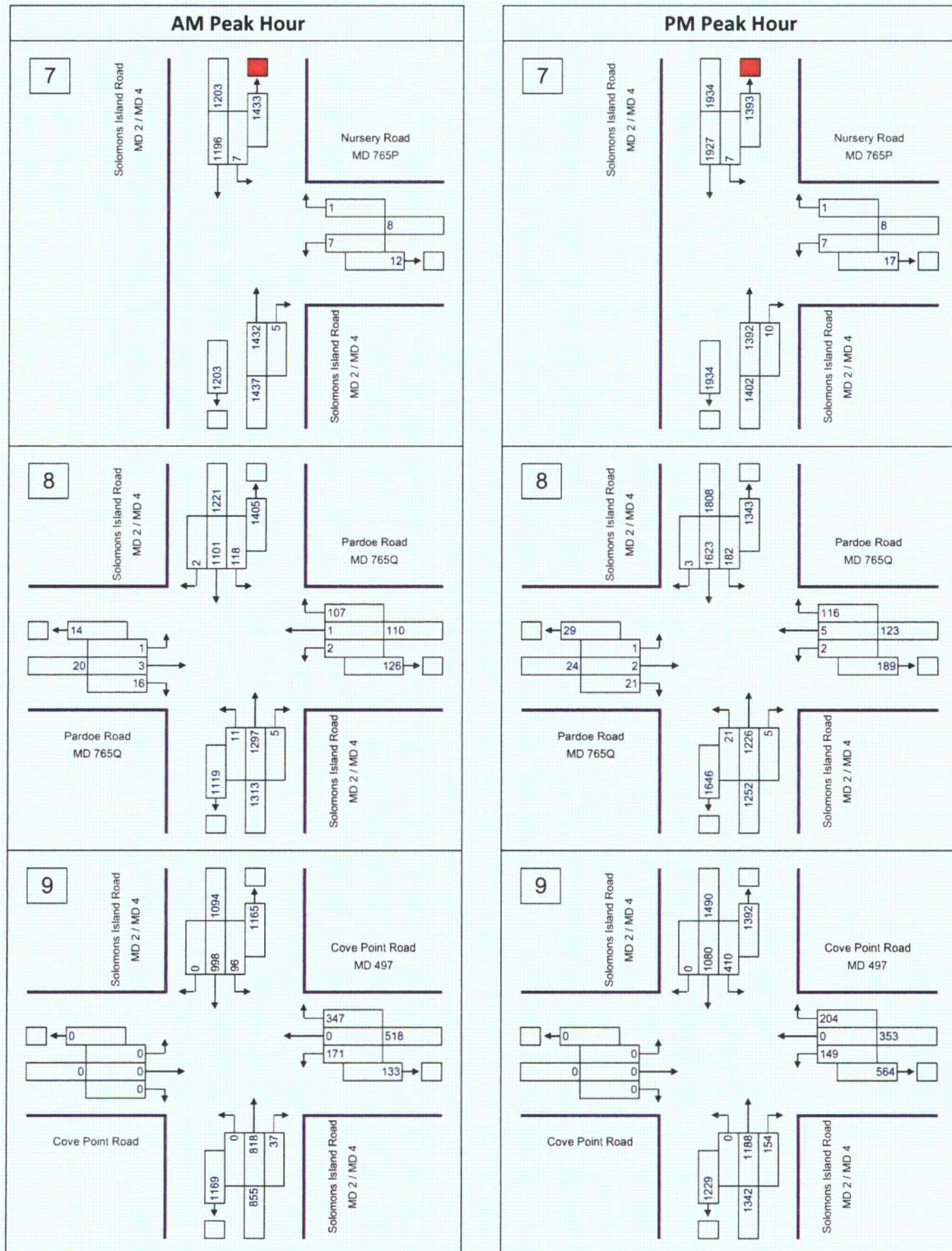
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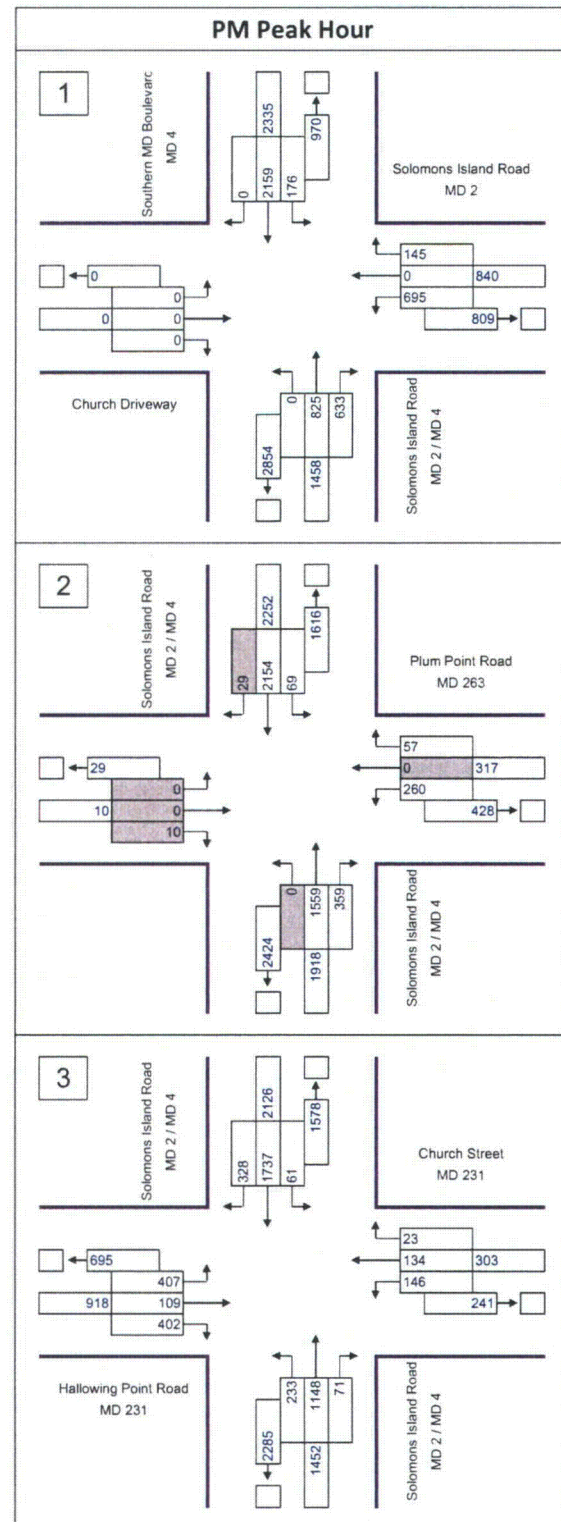
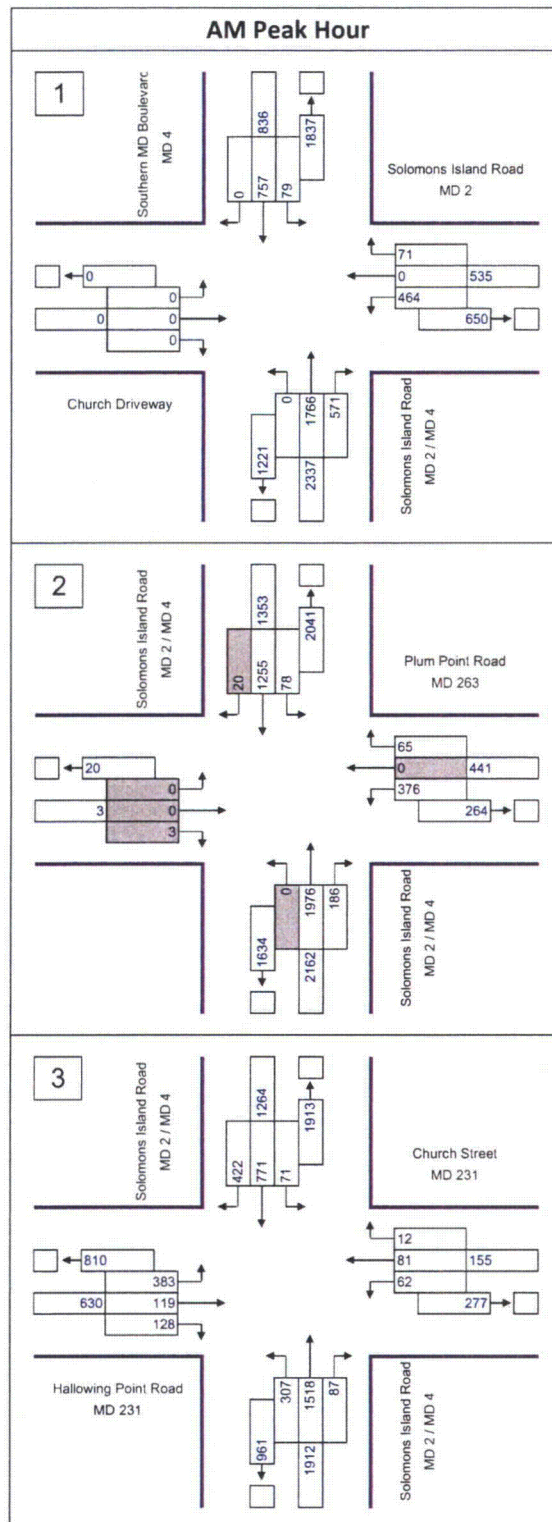




Grown to 2016

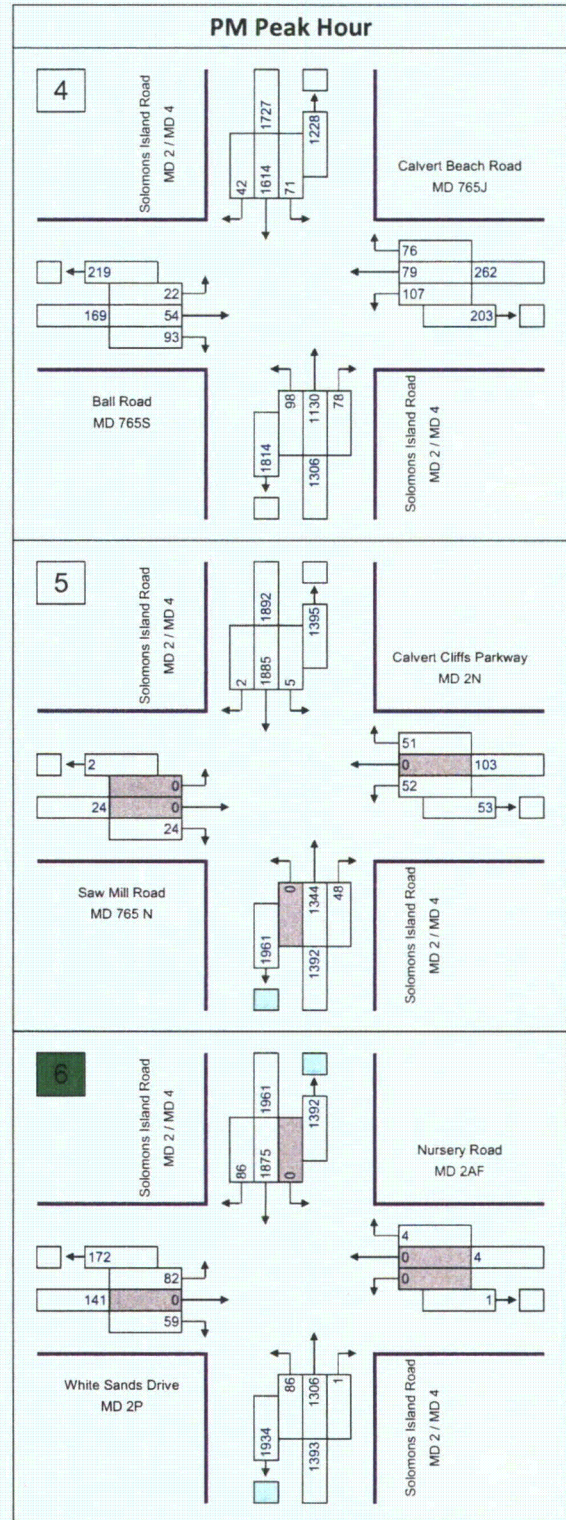
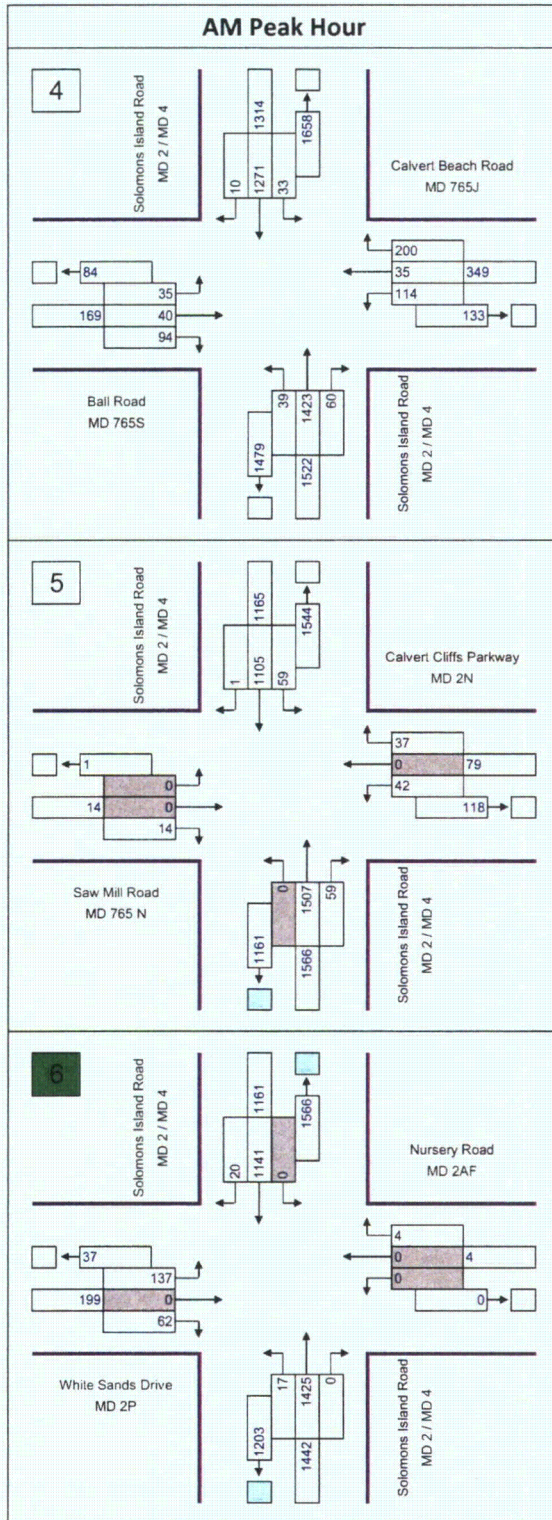


Grow thru volumes at 2% annual to 2015

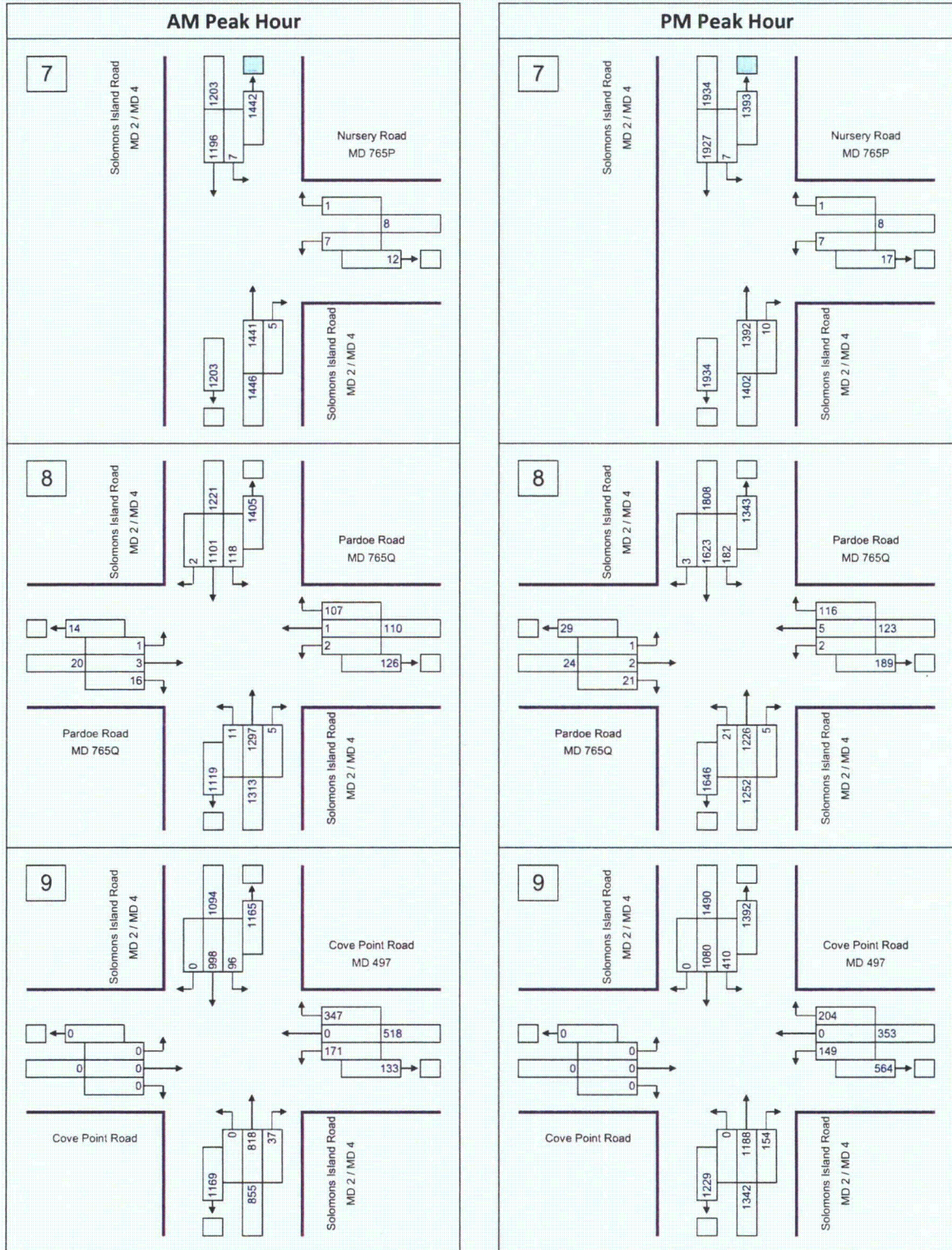




# Background (2016) Balanced







Balanced grown volumes

Adjusted thus only

Higher values rule

*In reply, please refer to: 20834532*

## MEMORANDUM

**TO:** Ed Miller, PE  
Principal Environmental Engineer  
Constellation Energy  
CPG – Environmental Services

**FROM:** Tim Ryan, PE, PTOE  
Senior Traffic Engineer  
URS Corporation

**DATE:** September 21, 2010

**RE:** Meeting Summary  
UniStar CC3 Traffic Issues Meeting  
September 7, 2010

---

A meeting for the topic referenced above was held in the offices of the Maryland State Highway Administration (SHA) on September 7, 2010, starting at 11:00 AM. The following individuals attended:

Frank Coxon	SHA Engineering and Access Permits Division (EAPD)
Steven Foster	SHA EAPD
Jim Holls	SHA EAPD (WBCM)
Mike Milbradt	UniStar
Ed Miller	UniStar
Dimitri Lutchenkov	UniStar
Wayne McFall	URS
Rebecca Myrick	URS
Tim Ryan	URS

On the phone, from SHA District 5, were the following individuals:

Kim Tran	SHA
Greg Phillips	SHA
Michelle Vrikkis	SHA

The following points were discussed:

MEMORANDUM  
Meeting Summary  
September 21, 2010  
Page 2

1. SHA's letter, responding to the July 30, 2010 Technical Memorandum for the Calvert Cliffs Nuclear Power Plant, was the first topic of discussion. UniStar expressed concern over one of the comments (discussed further below). There were no concerns with the other SHA comments; they will be incorporated into future traffic analyses.
2. One of SHA's comments was that 10% trucks should be assumed to enter the site from southbound MD 2/4 during the AM peak hour. Given UniStar's ability to control access to the site by any vehicle, at any time, UniStar feels that the 2% value (used in the July 30, 2010 Technical Memorandum) is more realistic. SHA expressed concern about the impacts on intersection operations and queuing on southbound MD2/4, if more trucks than anticipated arrive at the site during the peak hour. SHA also expressed concern that queuing of vehicles at UniStar's gate could extend back into MD 2/4, particularly if some vehicles are denied entry.

It was agreed that URS would perform additional Synchro/SimTraffic analyses, to determine the sensitivity of the assumed truck percentage to intersection operations, queuing on southbound MD 2/4 and queuing at the UniStar gate. The proposed gate layout and operation will be designed to minimize queues and avoid any impacts to MD 2/4. The proposed gate location will be over 4,000 feet from the White Sands/ MD 2/4 intersection. Potential mitigation strategies to accommodate unforeseen queuing will be developed. These strategies could include a truck "holding area" on the CC3 Access Road between MD 2/4 and the UniStar gate as well as "squared off" left turn lanes on southbound MD 2/4.

3. With regard to other parameters to be used in the Traffic Study:
  - a. At the intersection of MD 2/4 and White Sands Drive, SHA is open to either two or three southbound left turn lanes, provided that the queuing/delay criteria agreed upon at the June 11, 2010 meeting are met.
  - b. The intersection of MD 2/4 and MD 263 does not need to be addressed.
  - c. If widening to provide an additional thru lane is needed at an intersection, that additional thru lane should be carried downstream of the intersection in accordance with Figure 2C-6a of the Maryland Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices. The length of the additional through lane on the upstream side of the intersection should be long enough to handle the 95th percentile queue. Beyond this, additional mainline widening of MD 2/4 does not need to be considered.
  - d. SHA is still considering the trip distribution to be used north of the project site. SHA's final recommendations about this topic will be provided in about a week.

MEMORANDUM  
Meeting Summary  
September 21, 2010  
Page 3

- e. Critical lane analysis should be used for all intersections, with the exception of the intersection of MD 2/4 and White Sands Drive, where Synchro/SimTraffic can be used.
  - f. The Traffic Study should identify improvements necessary to provide level of service (LOS) D at all study area intersections for "2015 Build" conditions. If it appears that the extent of those improvements is unrealistic, the Traffic Study should also identify improvements that provide as close to LOS D as possible. For those intersections which are forecast to operate at LOS E or F under "2015 No Build" conditions, the Traffic Study should also identify improvements which would mitigate "Build" traffic such that the "2015 No Build" critical lane volume is maintained.
- 4. For "half signals" (such as the signal currently in operation at the MD 2 junction with MD 4), if a second left turn lane is proposed from the minor approach, the currently unsignalized thru movement should be signalized.
  - 5. URS will provide plots of the vehicle turning templates for the proposed White Sands Road/ MD 2/4 intersection to the SHA.
  - 6. In terms of formal agreements, SHA would strongly prefer a Letter of Intent between SHA and UniStar, rather than a Memorandum of Agreement (MOA).

*URS believes that this is an accurate summary of our meeting. However, we understand that others in attendance may have different recollections. We would appreciate receiving any comments you might have within 10 calendar days of your receipt of this document. If we receive no comments within that period, we will move ahead based on the premise that this summary is completely accurate.*

## MEMORANDUM

**TO:** Ed Miller, PE  
Principal Environmental Engineer  
Constellation Energy  
CPG – Environmental Services

**FROM:** Wayne McFall, PE  
Project Manager  
URS Corporation

**DATE:** December 10, 2010

**RE:** Draft Meeting Summary  
UniStar CC3 Traffic Issues Meeting  
December 8, 2010

---

A meeting for the topic referenced above was held in the offices of the Maryland State Highway Administration (SHA) on December 8, 2010, starting at 10:00 AM. The following individuals attended:

Frank Coxon	SHA Engineering and Access Permits Division (EAPD)
Steven Foster	SHA EAPD
Jim Holls	SHA EAPD (WBCM)
Mike Milbradt	UniStar
Ed Miller	UniStar
Dimitri Lutchenkov	UniStar
Tim Ryan	URS
Wayne McFall	URS

The following points were discussed:

1. UniStar explained that the project is still moving forward, despite the changes in corporate management of the project. The owner-applicant identified in previous submissions to various agencies has not changed.
2. SHA has reservations about the triple left turn lane proposed at White Sands Drive, because it is, in effect, a U-turn movement. SHA's research indicates that the efficiency of the movement could be decreased by as much as 55 percent, with resulting negative impacts on operations on MD 2/4. In addition, SHA is concerned about the possibility of sideswipe collisions due to the geometric constraints. As a result, the SHA developed a concept for a temporary at-grade intersection relocated to a point where the left turn does not result in a U-turn. The SHA provided a concept plan for this option to UniStar on December 3, 2010.



3. The SHA requested that UniStar consider a flyover ramp/bridge to provide the southbound left turn movement as an alternative to the temporary at-grade intersection. URS presented very preliminary results of analyses of a flyover, which revealed a number of complications such as potential right-of-way impacts, impacts to buildings on the east side of MD 2/4, utility impacts and the close proximity of the ramp terminus to the Saw Mill Road intersection. In addition, the construction and long term maintenance costs of providing a flyover are expected to be significantly higher than those related to providing a temporary at-grade intersection. The SHA requested a concept study of the flyover option, including an evaluation of the impacts and costs of this option versus the at-grade intersection option.
4. With specific regard to the relocated temporary at-grade intersection, the following points were discussed:
  - a. A break on the controlled-access line is acceptable for this location, provided the intersection will be closed after construction of CC3 is completed. An SHA administrative approval is all that is required for this temporary break.
  - b. SHA District 5, the Office of Traffic and Safety, and the SHA Administrator have agreed that this concept is feasible.
  - c. The existing left turn movement from Calvert Cliffs Parkway onto southbound MD 2/4 would need to be accommodated during the life of the temporary access intersections in one of the following ways:
    - i. Full signalization of the MD 2/4 at Calvert Cliffs Parkway intersection
    - ii. Requiring southbound left turners from Calvert Cliffs Parkway to actually turn right, and make a U-turn in the median of MD 2/4
    - iii. Internal connections on the Calvert Cliffs site, to allow those vehicles to use the temporary at-grade intersection to turn left onto southbound MD 2/4.
  - d. Any one of these three approaches would be acceptable. Unistar will investigate the corporate feasibility of the third approach.
5. Submission of both a Traffic Impact Study (TIS) and "Design Concepts" is now required. The Design Concepts should reflect the changes in intersection configurations proposed in the TIS. The Design Concepts for construction conditions should include a flyover, including an evaluation of the impacts and costs of this option versus the at-grade intersection option. The fly-over concept can be evaluated in two dimensions for the purposes of this study.

6. It was agreed that the TIS will be reviewed and approved in two parts. The first would deal only with construction conditions, and will be submitted first. The second, which will deal only with post-construction conditions, will be submitted at a later date.
7. Under "post-construction" conditions, it will be necessary for the relocated temporary at-grade intersection to be closed. As a result, access/egress for the CC3 site after construction is complete will need to be provided at White Sands Drive (with a full traffic signal), or at Nursery Road (perhaps with a partial signal), or at Calvert Cliffs Parkway (if shared access from MD 2/4 is a corporate possibility between the owners of CC1/CC2 and CC3).
8. The Letter of Intent (LOI) was then discussed. The SHA requested that UniStar prepare a draft LOI that will be the basis of the final Memorandum of Agreement (MOA) The SHA will prepare the final Memorandum of Agreement. Some of the issues that will be addressed in the MOA include:
  - Liability – use standard language in sample MOA's
  - Roles and Responsibilities of SHA and UniStar
  - Schedule – when do MD 2/4 improvements have to be complete?
  - Design submittal requirements - # of review submittals?
  - SHA review response times
  - Permits
  - Construction cost responsibility (including utility relocations)
  - SHA inspection cost reimbursement (requires a surety for 15% of construction cost)
  - Right-of-way acquisition
9. Since the proposed MD 2/4 Split intersection improvements will require right-of-way acquisition, UniStar requested that the MD 2/4 Split intersection improvements be an SHA project in which UniStar would contribute their share of the construction cost.

*URS believes that this is an accurate summary of our meeting. However, we understand that others in attendance may have different recollections. We would appreciate receiving any comments you might have within 10 calendar days of your receipt of this document. If we receive no comments within that period, we will move ahead based on the premise that this summary is completely accurate.*

## PEAK HOUR VOLUMES

A = 284/215

B = 169/326

C = 507/562

D = 1568/733

2528/1836

## PEAK HOUR DISTRIBUTIONS

A = 11%/12%

B = 7%/18%

C = 20%/30%

D = 62%/40%

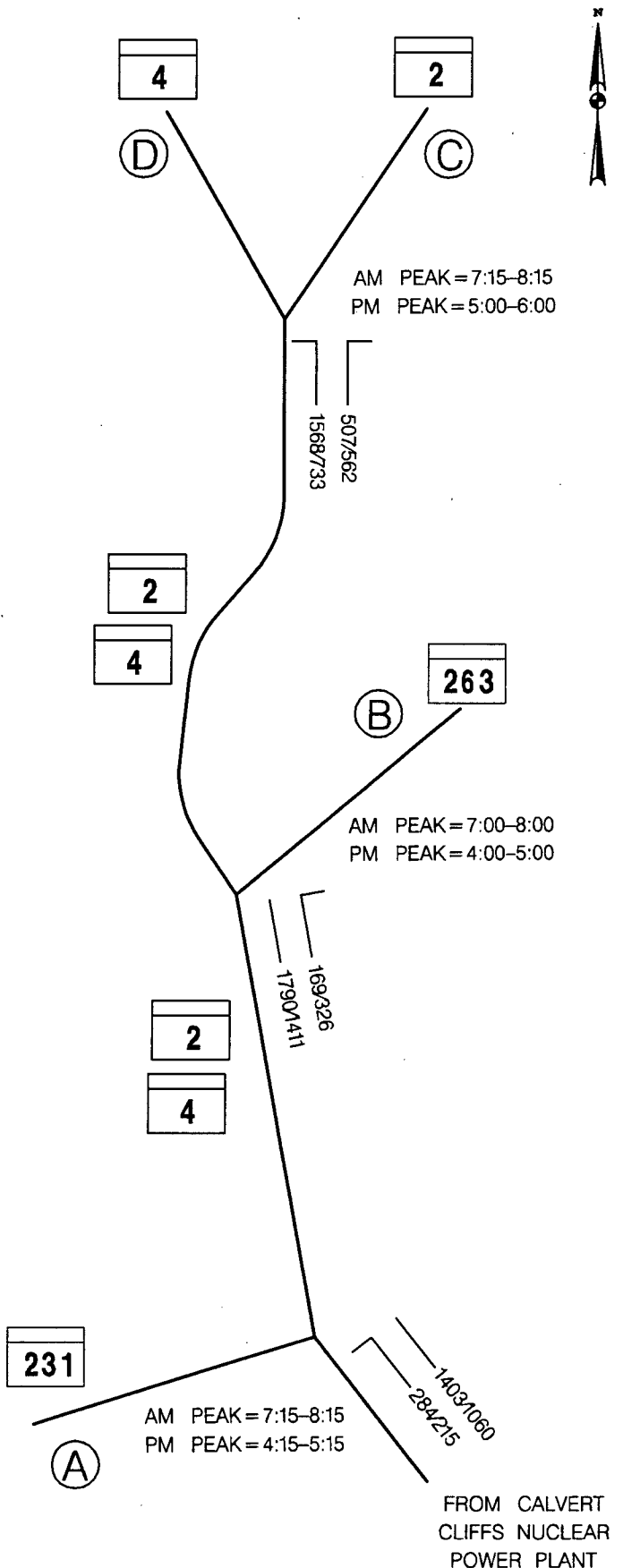
## AVERAGE DISTRIBUTION FOR DESIGN

A = 12%

B = 12%

C = 25%

D = 51%



CALVERT CLIFFS NUCLEAR  
POWER PLANT  
NB DISTRIBUTION AT  
MD 231, MD 263, MD 2 AND MD 4



**From:** Wayne\_McFall@URSCorp.com  
**Sent:** Tuesday, October 26, 2010 3:31 PM  
**To:** Satya Muthuswamy  
**Cc:** 'Bill\_McShane' <bmcshane@kldcompanies.com/O=, Rebecca\_Myrick@URSCorp.com, 'PEPTOETimothyA.Ryan' <timothy\_ryan  
**Subject:** Fw: Calvert Cliffs CC3 - gate queue analysis

Thanks,  
Wayne

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Subject Calvert Cliffs CC3 - gate queue analysis

The gate will be located approximately 3,100 feet from the proposed White Sands/ MD 2/4 intersection. One of the key





**Brian Damiani**

---

**From:** Satya Muthuswamy [satya@kldcompanies.com]  
**Sent:** Friday, December 17, 2010 1:50 PM  
**To:** Brian Damiani  
**Subject:** Fw: Direction from UniStar to KLD

**Flag Status:** Flagged

Fyi

Satya Muthuswamy, PE (OH), PTOE  
Senior Traffic Engineer  
KLD  
(631) 617-5650 x 216

---

**From:** Rebecca\_Myrick@URSCorp.com  
**Date:** Fri, 17 Dec 2010 13:05:39 -0500  
**To:** <satya@kldcompanies.com>  
**Cc:** 'Bill McShane' <bmcshane@kldcompanies.com>; 'Miller, Edward A' <Edward.Miller@constellation.com>; <Timothy\_Ryan@URSCorp.com>; <Wayne\_McFall@URSCorp.com>  
**Subject:** RE: Direction from UniStar to KLD

We did the gate queue analysis for the relocated entrance. The gate needs 4 lanes, if we assume 7 second service times.

Thanks.

Rebecca L. Myrick, PE, PTOE (formerly Rebecca L. Thomas)

URS Corporation  
4 North Park Drive, Suite 300 \* Hunt Valley, Maryland 21030  
Office Tel: 410-785-7220 \* Fax: 410-785-6818  
Direct Tel: 410-891-9527 \* Cell: 443-275-8083

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Satya Muthuswamy <satya@kldcompanies.com>

12/17/2010 12:58 PM

Please respond to satya@kldcompanies.com
---

To Wayne\_McFall@URSCorp.com

cc 'Bill McShane' <bmcshane@kldcompanies.com>, "Miller, Edward A" <Edward.Miller@constellation.com>, Timothy\_Ryan@URSCorp.com, Rebecca\_Myrick@URSCorp.com

Subject RE: Direction from UniStar to KLD



# Queuing and Blocking Report

Security Gate AM SimTraffic Queues

## Intersection: 6: CC3 Access Road & Gate

Movement	EB	EB	EB	EB
Directions Served	T	T	T	T
Maximum Queue (ft)	702	683	482	415
Average Queue (ft)	363	333	291	298
95th Queue (ft)	547	506	394	390
Link Distance (ft)	1188	1188	1188	
Upstream Blk Time (%)				
Queuing Penalty (veh)				
Storage Bay Dist (ft)				500
Storage Blk Time (%)			0	
Queuing Penalty (veh)			0	







# HCM Signalized Intersection Capacity Analysis

CC3 Access Road AM

Movement	WBL	WBR	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT
Lane Configurations	2	2	2	1	3	2
Volume (vph)	42	0	1566	365	1458	1119
Ideal Flow (vphpl)	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900
Total Lost time (s)	5.0		7.0	7.0	6.0	7.0
Lane Util. Factor	0.97		0.95	1.00	0.94	0.95
Frt	1.00		1.00	0.85	1.00	1.00
Flt Protected	0.95		1.00	1.00	0.95	1.00
Satd. Flow (prot)	3183		3539	1468	4627	3539
Flt Permitted	0.95		1.00	1.00	0.95	1.00
Satd. Flow (perm)	3183		3539	1468	4627	3539
Peak-hour factor, PHF	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Adj. Flow (vph)	46	0	1702	397	1585	1216
RTOR Reduction (vph)	0	0	0	39	0	0
Lane Group Flow (vph)	46	0	1702	358	1585	1216
Heavy Vehicles (%)	10%	10%	2%	10%	10%	2%
Turn Type	pm+ov		Perm		Prot	
Protected Phases	8	1	2		1	6
Permitted Phases		8		2		
Actuated Green, G (s)	4.0		94.3	94.3	63.7	164.0
Effective Green, g (s)	4.0		94.3	94.3	63.7	164.0
Actuated g/C Ratio	0.02		0.52	0.52	0.35	0.91
Clearance Time (s)	5.0		7.0	7.0	6.0	7.0
Vehicle Extension (s)	3.0		3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
Lane Grp Cap (vph)	71		1854	769	1637	3224
v/s Ratio Prot	c0.01		c0.48		c0.34	0.34
v/s Ratio Perm				0.24		
v/c Ratio	0.65		0.92	0.47	0.97	0.38
Uniform Delay, d1	87.3		39.3	27.0	57.2	1.1
Progression Factor	1.00		1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Incremental Delay, d2	18.5		8.8	2.0	13.2	0.1
Delay (s)	105.8		48.1	29.0	70.4	1.1
Level of Service	F		D	C	E	A
Approach Delay (s)	105.8		44.5			40.3
Approach LOS	F		D			D
<b>Intersection Summary</b>						
HCM Average Control Delay			42.7		HCM Level of Service	D
HCM Volume to Capacity ratio			0.93			
Actuated Cycle Length (s)			180.0		Sum of lost time (s)	18.0
Intersection Capacity Utilization			90.2%		ICU Level of Service	E
Analysis Period (min)			15			

c Critical Lane Group



# HCM Signalized Intersection Capacity Analysis

CC3 Access Road PM

Movement	WBL	WBR	NBT	NBR	SBL	SBT
Lane Configurations	2	2	2	1	3	2
Volume (vph)	417	1458	1392	213	851	1909
Ideal Flow (vphpl)	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900	1900
Total Lost time (s)	5.0	5.0	7.0	7.0	6.0	7.0
Lane Util. Factor	0.97	0.88	0.95	1.00	0.94	0.95
Fr <sub>t</sub>	1.00	0.85	1.00	0.85	1.00	1.00
Flt Protected	0.95	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.95	1.00
Satd. Flow (prot)	3183	2584	3539	1468	4627	3539
Flt Permitted	0.95	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.95	1.00
Satd. Flow (perm)	3183	2584	3539	1468	4627	3539
Peak-hour factor, PHF	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92	0.92
Adj. Flow (vph)	453	1585	1513	232	925	2075
RTOR Reduction (vph)	0	0	0	122	0	0
Lane Group Flow (vph)	453	1585	1513	110	925	2075
Heavy Vehicles (%)	10%	10%	2%	10%	10%	2%
Turn Type	pt+ov		Perm		Prot	
Protected Phases	8	8 1	2		1	6
Permitted Phases				2		
Actuated Green, G (s)	24.0	83.0	85.0	85.0	53.0	144.0
Effective Green, g (s)	24.0	77.0	85.0	85.0	53.0	144.0
Actuated g/C Ratio	0.13	0.43	0.47	0.47	0.29	0.80
Clearance Time (s)	5.0		7.0	7.0	6.0	7.0
Vehicle Extension (s)	3.0		3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0
Lane Grp Cap (vph)	424	1105	1671	693	1362	2831
v/s Ratio Prot	0.14	c0.61	c0.43		0.20	0.59
v/s Ratio Perm				0.07		
v/c Ratio	1.07	1.43	0.91	0.16	0.68	0.73
Uniform Delay, d <sub>1</sub>	78.0	51.5	43.8	27.1	56.0	8.7
Progression Factor	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Incremental Delay, d <sub>2</sub>	63.1	200.7	8.6	0.5	1.1	0.8
Delay (s)	141.1	252.2	52.4	27.6	57.0	9.5
Level of Service	F	F	D	C	E	A
Approach Delay (s)	227.5		49.1			24.2
Approach LOS	F		D			C
Intersection Summary						
HCM Average Control Delay			91.7		HCM Level of Service	F
HCM Volume to Capacity ratio			1.15			
Actuated Cycle Length (s)			180.0		Sum of lost time (s)	17.0
Intersection Capacity Utilization			99.5%		ICU Level of Service	F
Analysis Period (min)			15			
c Critical Lane Group						



# Queuing and Blocking Report

## CC3 Access Road AM SimTraffic Queues

Intersection: 5: CC3 Access Road & MD 2 / MD 4

Movement	WB	WB	NB	NB	NB	SB	SB	SB	SB	SB
Directions Served	L	L	T	T	R	L	L	L	T	T
Maximum Queue (ft)	75	69	885	990	625	652	630	741	619	607
Average Queue (ft)	21	26	476	484	229	490	496	536	37	44
95th Queue (ft)	57	64	742	757	484	657	617	675	218	219
Link Distance (ft)	1188	1188	1085	1085				1067	1067	1067
Upstream Blk Time (%)										
Queuing Penalty (veh)										
Storage Bay Dist (ft)					600	1000	1000			
Storage Blk Time (%)				3	0					
Queuing Penalty (veh)				10	0					

# Queuing and Blocking Report

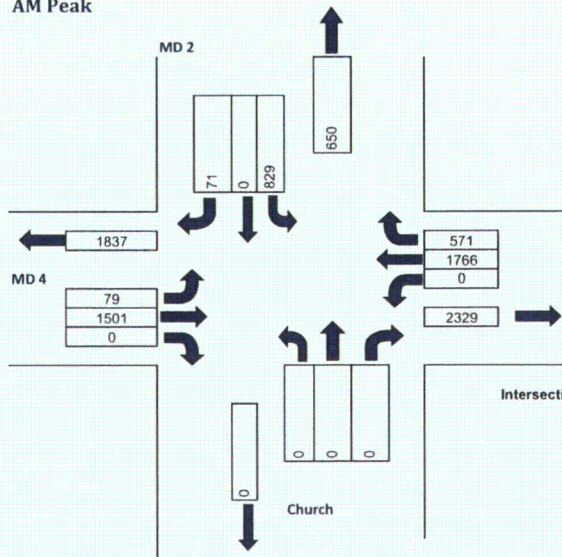
## CC3 Access Road PM SimTraffic Queues

Intersection: 5: CC3 Access Road & MD 2 / MD 4

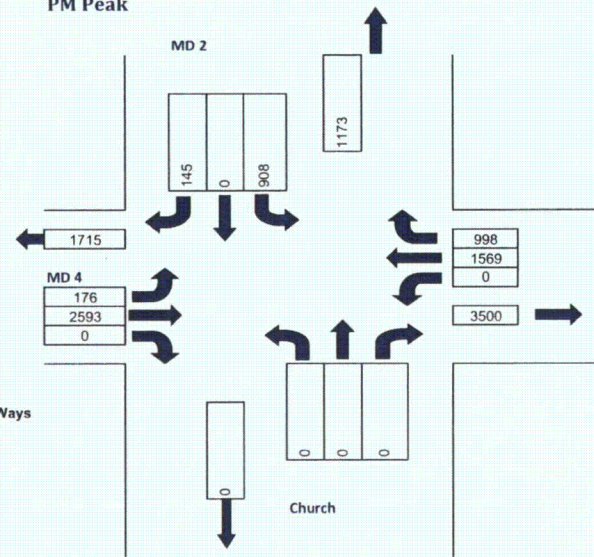
Movement	WB	WB	WB	WB	NB	NB	NB	SB	SB	SB	SB	SB
Directions Served	L	L	R	R	T	T	R	L	L	L	T	T
Maximum Queue (ft)	1250	1238	325	312	682	663	625	311	345	415	463	455
Average Queue (ft)	1223	1210	322	308	447	452	80	205	230	262	219	234
95th Queue (ft)	1256	1234	329	325	617	614	256	307	340	374	338	360
Link Distance (ft)	1188	1188			1085	1085				1067	1067	1067
Upstream Blk Time (%)	37	45										
Queuing Penalty (veh)	349	424										
Storage Bay Dist (ft)			300	300			600	1000	1000			
Storage Blk Time (%)		20	38	30		1						
Queuing Penalty (veh)		285	79	62		1						



AM Peak



PM Peak



Intersection Control : ☒ Signal ☐ Stop ☐ Ways

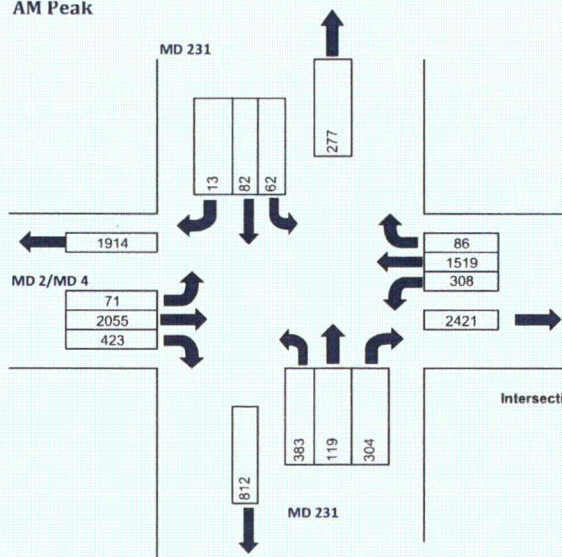
MD 2/MD 4 Diverge  
Construction, 2016, No Mitigation  
KLD Engineering, P.C.

Lanes	LUF	CLV	LOS	Opposing Volume	PCE
1	1	0	A		
2	0.55	1000	B	0	1.1
3	0.4	1150	C	200	2
4	0.3	1300	D	600	3
Dbl LT	0.6	1450	E	800	4
		1600	F	1000	5

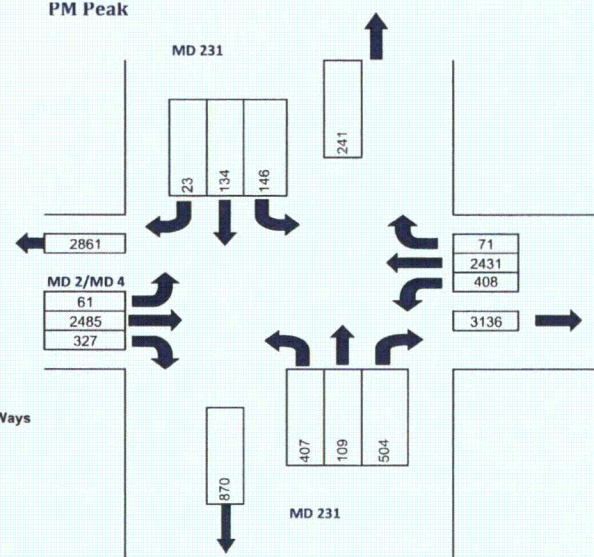
Movement	Volume (1)	LUF (2)	Lane Volume (1) X (2) = (3)	Opposing Lefts (4)	LUF (5)	Opposing CLV (4)X(5) = (6)	CLV (5)+(6)=(7)	Movement	Volume (1)	LUF (2)	Lane Volume (1) X (2) = (3)	Opposing Lefts (4)	LUF (5)	Opposing CLV (4)X(5) = (6)	CLV (5)+(6)=(7)
NBT	1,766	0.55	971	79	1	79	1,050	NBT	1,569	0.55	863	176	1	176	1,039
SBT	1,501	0.55	825					SBT	2,593	0.55	1426				
WBL	829	1	829	0	1	0	829	WBL	908	1	908	0	1	0	908
Remarks: Critical Lane Volume Total 1,879								Remarks: Critical Lane Volume Total 1,946							
NBR has RTOR, is concurrent with WBL								NBR has RTOR, is concurrent with WBL							
SBT not included in CLV calculation due to signal phasing								SBT not included in CLV calculation due to signal phasing							
LOS F								LOS F							
V/C 1.17								V/C 1.22							



AM Peak



PM Peak



Intersection Control : ☒ Signal ☐ Stop ☐ Ways

MD 231 & MD 2/MD 4

Construction, 2016, No Mitigation

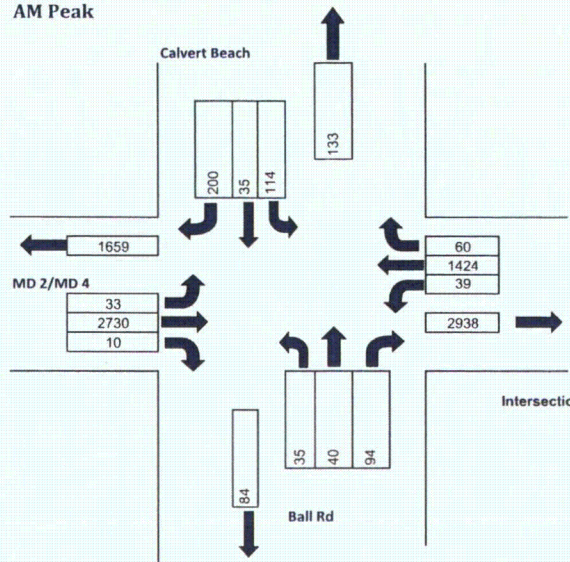
KLD Engineering, P.C.

Lanes	LUF	CLV	LOS	Opposing Volume	PCE
1	1	0	A		
2	0.55	1000	B	0	1.1
3	0.4	1150	C	200	2
4	0.3	1300	D	600	3
Dbt LT	0.6	1450	E	800	4
		1600	F	1000	5

Movement	Volume (1)	LUF (2)	Lane Volume (1) X (2) = (3)	Opposing Lefts (4)	LUF (5)	Opposing CLV (4)X(5) = (6)	CLV (5)+(6)=(7)	Movement	Volume (1)	LUF (2)	Lane Volume (1) X (2) = (3)	Opposing Lefts (4)	LUF (5)	Opposing CLV (4)X(5) = (6)	CLV (5)+(6)=(7)
NBT	1,519	0.40	607	71	0.6	43	650	NBT	2,431	0.4	972	61	0.6	37	1,009
SBT	2,055	0.40	822	308	0.6	185	1,007	SBT	2,485	0.4	994	408	0.6	245	1,239
EBL	383	0.60	230	0	1	0	230	EBL	407	0.6	244	0	1	0	244
WBTR	94	1	94	0	1	0	94	WBTR	157	1	157	0	1	0	157
Remarks: Split Phase, EB & WB				Critical Lane Volume				Remarks: Split Phase, EB & WB				Critical Lane Volume			
Right turns with a dedicated lane >150 ft are excluded				Total				Right turns with a dedicated lane >150 ft are excluded				Total			
				LOS								LOS			
				V/C								V/C			
				1,331								1,640			
				D								F			
				0.83								1.03			

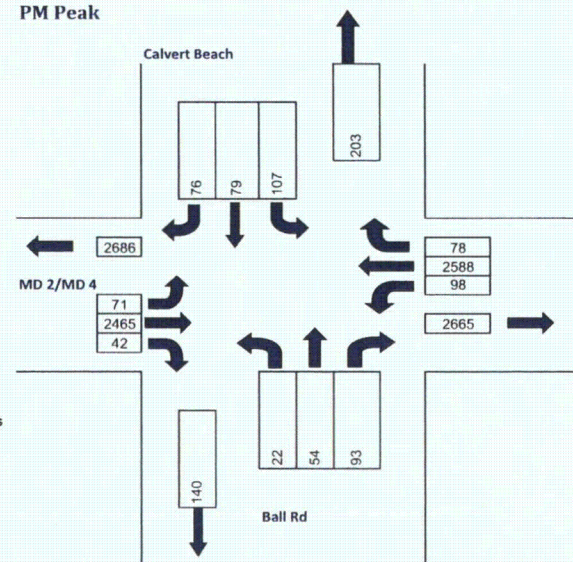


AM Peak



Intersection Control :  
☒ Signal    ☐ Stop    ☐ Ways

PM Peak



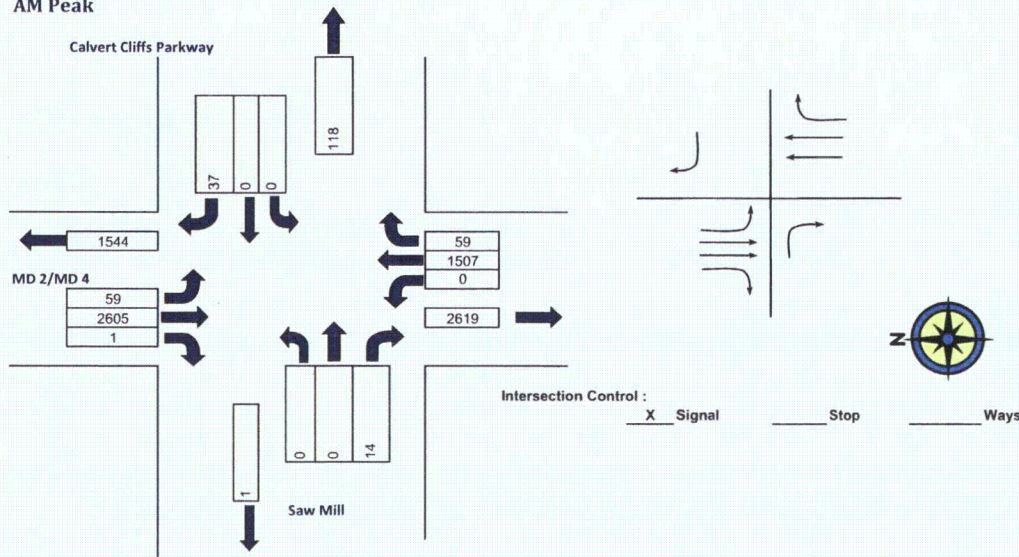
Calvert Beach/Ball Road &  
 MD 2/MD 4  
 Construction, 2016, No Mitigation  
 KLD Engineering, P.C.

Lanes	LUF	CLV	LOS	Opposing Volume	PCE
1	1	0	A		
2	0.55	1000	B	0	1.1
3	0.4	1150	C	200	2
4	0.3	1300	D	600	3
Dbl LT	0.6	1450	E	800	4
		1600	F	1000	5

Movement	Volume (1)	LUF (2)	Lane Volume (1) X (2) = (3)	Opposing Lefts (4)	LUF (5)	Opposing CLV (4)X(5) = (6)	CLV (5)+(6)=(7)	Movement	Volume (1)	LUF (2)	Lane Volume (1) X (2) = (3)	Opposing Lefts (4)	LUF (5)	Opposing CLV (4)X(5) = (6)	CLV (5)+(6)=(7)
NBT	1,424	0.55	783	33	1	33	816	NBT	2,588	0.55	1424	71	1	71	1,495
SBT	2,730	0.55	1,501	39	1	39	1,540	SBT	2,465	0.55	1356	98	1	98	1,454
EBTL	75	1.00	75	0	1	0	75	EBTL	76	1	76	0	1	0	76
WBTL	149	1	149	0	1	0	149	WBTL	186	1	186	0	1	0	186
Remarks: Split Phase, EB & WB Right turns with a dedicated lane >150 ft are excluded								Remarks: Split Phase, EB & WB Right turns with a dedicated lane >150 ft are excluded							
Critical Lane Volume								Critical Lane Volume							
Total								Total							
LOS								LOS							
V/C								V/C							
1,764								1,757							
F								F							
1.10								1.10							



# AM Peak



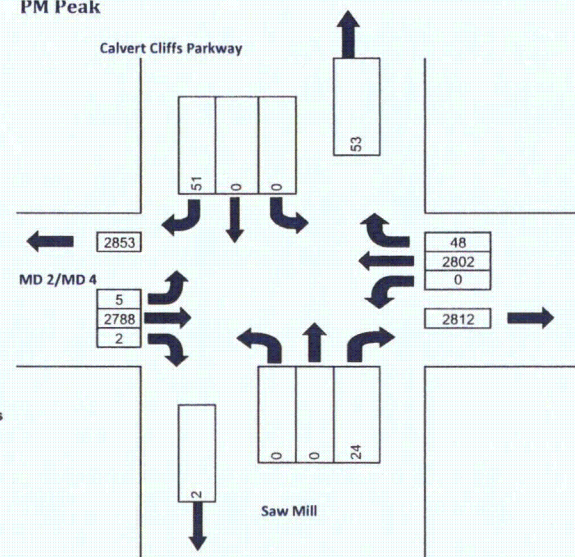
Intersection Control : ☒ Signal ☐ Stop ☐ Ways

Calvert Cliffs Parkway & MD 2/MD 4

Construction, 2016, No Mitigation

KLD Engineering, P.C.

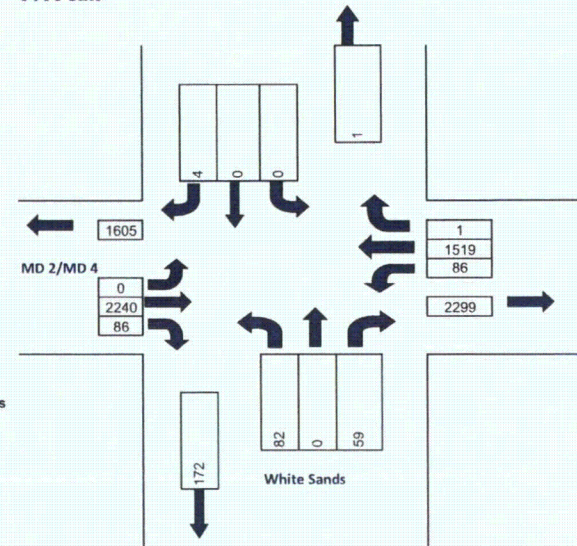
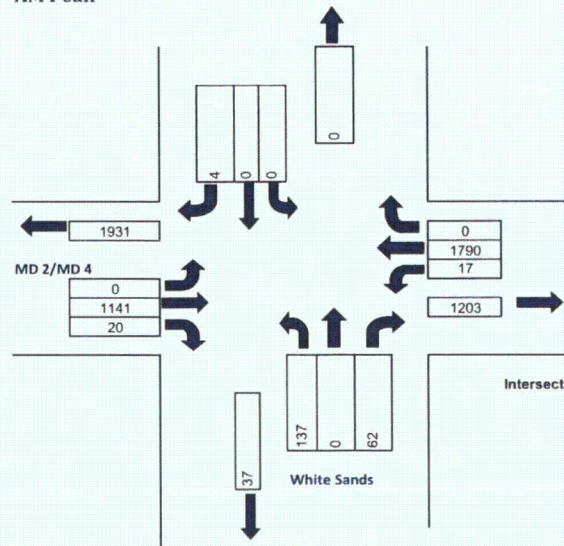
# PM Peak



Lanes	LUF	CLV	LOS	Opposing Volume	PCE
1	1	0	A		
2	0.55	1000	B	0	1.1
3	0.4	1150	C	200	2
4	0.3	1300	D	600	3
Dbl LT	0.6	1450	E	800	4
		1600	F	1000	5

Movement	Volume (1)	LUF (2)	Lane Volume (1) X (2) = (3)	Opposing Lefts (4)	LUF (5)	Opposing CLV (4)X(5) = (6)	CLV (5)+(6)=(7)	Movement	Volume (1)	LUF (2)	Lane Volume (1) X (2) = (3)	Opposing Lefts (4)	LUF (5)	Opposing CLV (4)X(5) = (6)	CLV (5)+(6)=(7)
NBT	1,507	0.55	829	59	1	59	888	NBT	2,802	0.55	1541	5	1	5	1,546
WBL	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	WBL	0	1	0	0	1	0	0
Remarks: Critical Lane Volume Total 888								Remarks: Critical Lane Volume Total 1,546							
Right turns with a dedicated lane >150 ft are excluded								Right turns with a dedicated lane >150 ft are excluded							
LOS A								LOS E							
V/C 0.55								V/C 0.97							



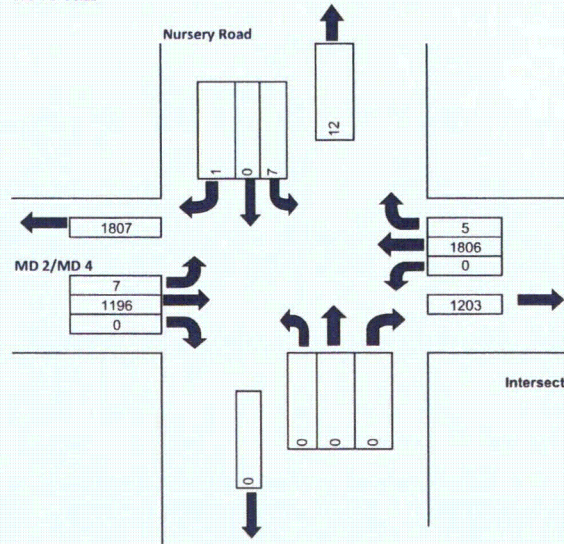


Intersection Control :     X     Signal          Stop          Ways

	Movement	Volume (1)	LUF (2)	Lane Volume (1) X (2) = (3)	Opposing Lefts (4)	LUF (5)	Opposing CLV (4)X(5) = (6)	CLV (5)+(6)=(7)		Movement	Volume (1)	LUF (2)	Lane Volume (1) X (2) = (3)	Opposing Lefts (4)	LUF (5)	Opposing CLV (4)X(5) = (6)	CLV (5)+(6)=(7)		
	SBT	1,141	0.55	628	17	1	17	645		SBT	2,240	0.55	1232	86	1	86	1,318		
	EBTL	137	1.00	137	0	1	0	137		EBTL	82	1	82	0	1	0	82		
Remarks:				Critical Lane Volume				Total	782	Remarks:				Critical Lane Volume				Total	1,400
Right turns with a dedicated lane >150 ft are excluded								LOS	A	Right turns with a dedicated lane >150 ft are excluded								LOS	D
								V/C	0.49									V/C	0.87



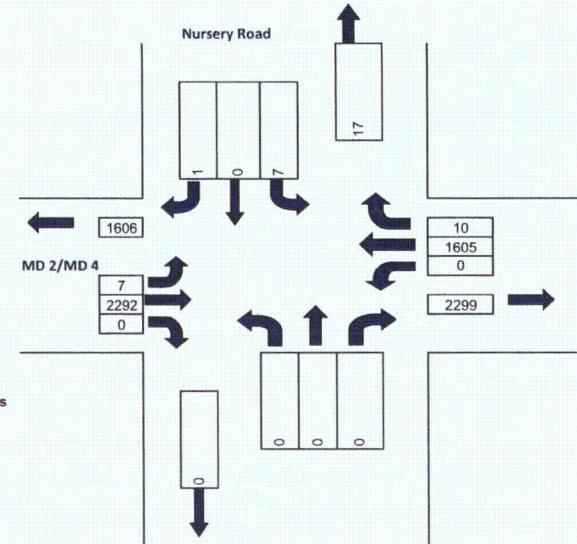
# AM Peak



Intersection Control : ☐ Signal ☒ Stop ☐ 1 Ways

Nursery Road & MD 2/MD 4  
Construction, 2016, No Mitigation  
KLD Engineering, P.C.

# PM Peak

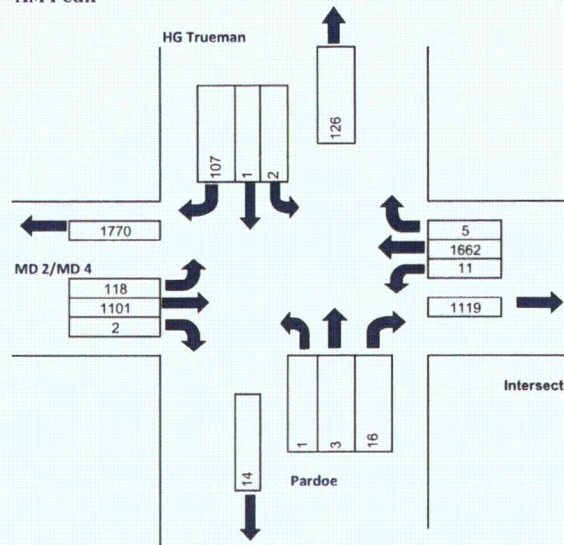


Lanes	LUF	CLV	LOS	Opposing Volume	PCE
1	1	0	A		
2	0.55	1000	B	0	1.1
3	0.4	1150	C	200	2
4	0.3	1300	D	600	3
Dbt LT	0.6	1450	E	800	4
		1600	F	1000	5

Movement	Volume (1)	LUF (2)	Lane Volume (1) X (2) = (3)	Opposing Lefts (4)	LUF (5)	Opposing CLV (4)X(5) = (6)	CLV (5)+(6)=(7)	Movement	Volume (1)	LUF (2)	Lane Volume (1) X (2) = (3)	Opposing Lefts (4)	LUF (5)	Opposing CLV (4)X(5) = (6)	CLV (5)+(6)=(7)
NBT	1,806	0.55	993	7	1	7	1,000	NBT	1,605	0.55	883	7	1	7	890
SBT	1,196	0.55	658	0	1	0	658	SBT	2,292	0.55	1260	0	1	0	1,260
WBLR	8	1	8	0	1	0	8	WBLR	8	1	8	0	1	0	8
Remarks: Right turns with a dedicated lane >150 ft are excluded								Remarks: Right turns with a dedicated lane >150 ft are excluded							
Critical Lane Volume								Critical Lane Volume							
Total								Total							
LOS								LOS							
V/C								V/C							



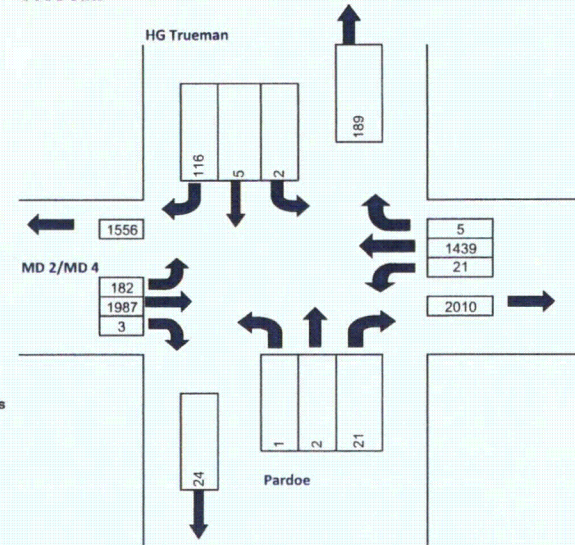
# AM Peak



Intersection Control : ☐ Signal ☒ X Stop ☐ 2 Ways

HG Trueman/Pardoe & MD 2/MD 4  
Construction, 2016, No Mitigation  
KLD Engineering, P.C.

# PM Peak

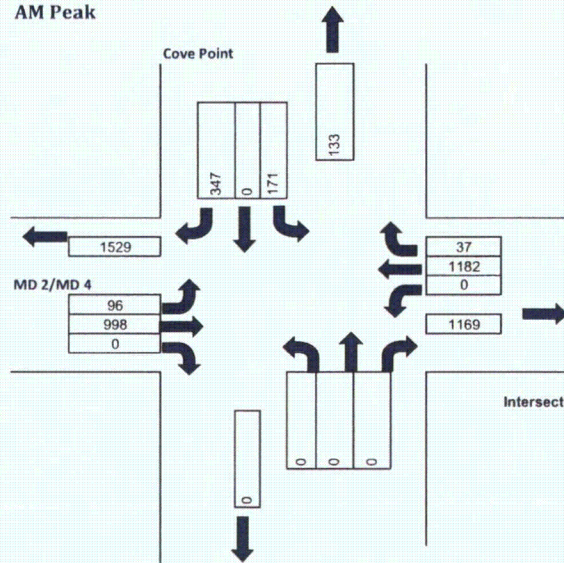


Lanes	LUF	CLV	LOS	Opposing Volume	PCE
1	1	0	A		
2	0.55	1000	B	0	1.1
3	0.4	1150	C	200	2
4	0.3	1300	D	600	3
Dbt LT	0.6	1450	E	800	4
		1600	F	1000	5

Movement	Volume (1)	LUF (2)	Lane Volume (1) X (2) = (3)	Opposing Lefts (4)	LUF (5)	Opposing CLV (4)X(5) = (6)	CLV (5)+(6)=(7)	Movement	Volume (1)	LUF (2)	Lane Volume (1) X (2) = (3)	Opposing Lefts (4)	LUF (5)	Opposing CLV (4)X(5) = (6)	CLV (5)+(6)=(7)
NBT	1,662	0.55	914	118	1	118	1,032	NBT	1,439	0.55	792	182	1	182	974
SBT	1,101	0.55	606	11	1	11	617	SBT	1,987	0.55	1093	21	1	21	1,114
EBLTR	20	1	20	0	1	0	20	EBLTR	24	1	24				24
WBLTR	110	1	110	0	1	0	110	WBLTR	123	1	123	0	1	0	123
Remarks: Critical Lane Volume Total 1,162 Right turns with a dedicated lane >150 ft are excluded LOS C V/C 0.73								Remarks: Critical Lane Volume Total 1,261 Right turns with a dedicated lane >150 ft are excluded LOS C V/C 0.79							



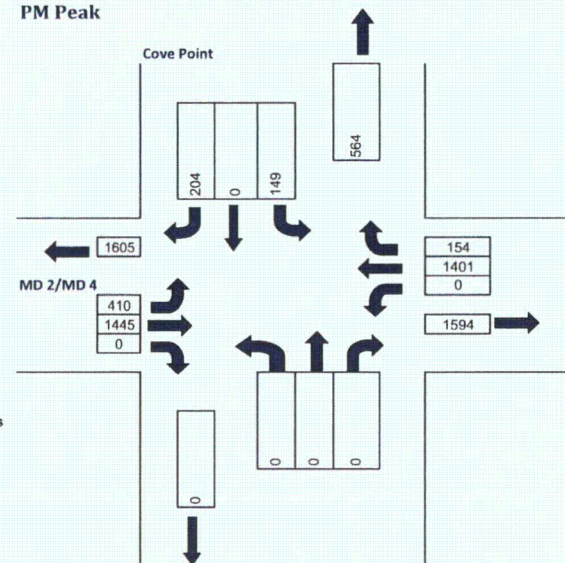
# AM Peak



Intersection Control : ☐ Signal ☒ Stop ☐ 1 Ways

Cove Point Road & MD 2/MD 4  
Construction, 2016, No Mitigation  
KLD Engineering, P.C.

# PM Peak



Lanes	LUF	CLV	LOS	Opposing Volume	PCE
1	1	0	A		
2	0.55	1000	B	0	1.1
3	0.4	1150	C	200	2
4	0.3	1300	D	600	3
Dbl LT	0.6	1450	E	800	4
		1600	F	1000	5

Movement	Volume (1)	LUF (2)	Lane Volume (1) X (2) = (3)	Opposing Lefts (4)	LUF (5)	Opposing CLV (4)X(5) = (6)	CLV (5)+(6)=(7)	Movement	Volume (1)	LUF (2)	Lane Volume (1) X (2) = (3)	Opposing Lefts (4)	LUF (5)	Opposing CLV (4)X(5) = (6)	CLV (5)+(6)=(7)
NBT	1,182	0.55	650	96	1	96	746	NBT	1,401	0.55	770	410	1	410	1,180
SBT	998	0.55	549	0	1	0	549	SBT	1,445	0.55	795	0	1	0	795
WBL	171	1	171	0	1	0	171	WBL	149	1	149	0	1	0	149
WBR	251	1	251	0	1	0	251	WBR	0	1	0	0	1	0	0
Remarks: Some WBR Coincide with SBL Right turns with a dedicated lane >150 ft are excluded								Remarks: Some WBR Coincide with SBL Right turns with a dedicated lane >150 ft are excluded							
Critical Lane Volume				Total				Critical Lane Volume				Total			
				LOS								LOS			
				V/C								V/C			
				997								1,329			
				A								D			
				0.62								0.83			



### Maryland SHA Queuing Analysis

Location: MD 2/MD 4 Diverge

Scenario	Year	Peak Hour	Level of Service	Number of Phases per Cycle	Cycle Length (sec)	Volume	Lane Use Factor	Critical Lane Volume	Average Vehicles per Cycle per Lane	Maximum Vehicles per Cycle per Lane	Max Queue Length per Cycle per Lane (ft)
<b>Construction, 2016, No Mitigation</b>											
SBL	2016	AM	F	3	165	79	1.00	79	3.6	5.1	126
SBL	2016	PM	F	3	165	176	1.00	176	8.1	11.3	282
800 feet of storage available (approximately)											
WBL	2016	AM	F	3	165	829	1.00	829	38.0	53.2	1329
WBL	2016	PM	F	3	165	908	1.00	908	41.6	58.2	1456
450 feet of storage available (approximately)											
NBT	2016	AM	F	3	165	1766	0.55	971	44.5	62.3	1558
NBT	2016	PM	F	3	165	1569	0.55	863	39.6	55.4	1385
950 feet of storage available (approximately) before NBT blocks NBR bypass lane at the Church Driveway											
Queue length exceeds available storage											



### Maryland SHA Queuing Analysis

Location: MD 2/MD 4 and MD 231

Scenario	Year	Peak Hour	Level of Service	Number of Phases per Cycle	Cycle Length (sec)	Volume	Lane Use Factor	Critical Lane Volume	Average Vehicles per Cycle per Lane	Maximum Vehicles per Cycle per Lane	Max Queue Length per Cycle per Lane (ft)
<b>Construction, 2016, No Mitigation</b>											
NBL	2016	AM	D	5	135	308	0.60	185	6.9	9.7	242
NBL	2016	PM	F	5	165	408	0.60	245	11.2	15.7	393
400 feet of storage available (approximately)											
SBL	2016	AM	D	5	135	71	0.60	43	1.6	2.2	56
SBL	2016	PM	F	5	165	61	0.60	37	1.7	2.3	59
400 feet of storage available (approximately)											
EBL	2016	AM	D	5	135	383	0.60	230	8.6	12.0	301
EBL*	2016	PM	F	5	165	407	0.60	244	11.2	15.7	391
385 feet of storage available (approximately)											
WBL	2016	AM	D	5	135	62	0.60	37	1.4	2.0	49
WBL	2016	PM	F	5	165	146	0.60	88	4.0	5.6	140
360 feet of storage available (approximately)											
Queue length exceeds available storage											

\* Note - Queue storage deficiency is addressed by proposed mitigation concepts



### Maryland SHA Queuing Analysis

Location: MD 2/MD 4 and Calvert Beach Road

Scenario	Year	Peak Hour	Level of Service	Number of Phases per Cycle	Cycle Length (sec)	Volume	Lane Use Factor	Critical Lane Volume	Average Vehicles per Cycle per Lane	Maximum Vehicles per Cycle per Lane	Max Queue Length per Cycle per Lane (ft)
<b>Construction, 2016, No Mitigation</b>											
NBL	2016	AM	F	5	165	39	1.00	39	1.8	2.5	63
NBL	2016	PM	F	5	165	98	1.00	98	4.5	6.3	157
500 feet of storage available (approximately)											
SBL	2016	AM	F	5	165	33	1.00	33	1.5	2.1	53
SBL	2016	PM	F	5	165	71	1.00	71	3.3	4.6	114
575 feet of storage available (approximately)											
EBTL	2016	AM	F	5	165	75	1.00	75	3.4	4.8	120
EBTL	2016	PM	F	5	165	76	1.00	76	3.5	4.9	122
300 feet of storage available (approximately) before EBTL blocks the EBR bypass lane											
WBTL	2016	AM	F	5	165	149	1.00	149	6.8	9.6	239
WBTL	2016	PM	F	5	165	186	1.00	186	8.5	11.9	298
350 feet of storage available (approximately) before WBTL blocks the WBR bypass lane											
NBT	2016	AM	F	5	165	1424	0.55	783	35.9	50.2	1256
NBT	2016	PM	F	5	165	2588	0.55	1424	65.3	91.4	2284
SBT	2016	AM	F	5	165	2730	0.55	1501	68.8	96.3	2409
SBT	2016	PM	F	5	165	2465	0.55	1356	62.1	87.0	2175
Queue length exceeds available storage											



### Maryland SHA Queuing Analysis

Location: MD 2/MD 4 and Calvert Cliffs Parkway

Scenario	Year	Peak Hour	Level of Service	Number of Phases per Cycle	Cycle Length (sec)	Volume	Lane Use Factor	Critical Lane Volume	Average Vehicles per Cycle per Lane	Maximum Vehicles per Cycle per Lane	Max Queue Length per Cycle per Lane (ft)
<b>Construction, 2016, No Mitigation</b>											
SBL	2016	AM	A	3	100	59	1.00	59	1.6	2.3	57
SBL	2016	PM	E	3	150	5	1.00	5	0.2	0.3	7
600 feet of storage available (approximately)											
NBT	2016	AM	A	3	100	1507	0.55	829	23.0	32.2	806
NBT*	2016	PM	E	3	150	2802	0.55	1541	64.2	89.9	2248
1150 feet available prior to CC3 Access Road (approximately)											
Queue length exceeds available storage											

\* Note - Queue storage deficiency is addressed by proposed mitigation concept



### Maryland SHA Queuing Analysis

Location: MD 2/MD 4 and White Sands Drive

Scenario	Year	Peak Hour	Level of Service	Number of Phases per Cycle	Cycle Length (sec)	Volume	Lane Use Factor	Critical Lane Volume	Average Vehicles per Cycle per Lane	Maximum Vehicles per Cycle per Lane	Max Queue Length per Cycle per Lane (ft)
<b>Construction, 2016, No Mitigation</b>											
NBL	2016	AM	A	3	100	17	1.00	17	0.5	0.7	17
NBL	2016	PM	D	3	135	86	1.00	86	3.2	4.5	113
550 feet of storage available (approximately)											
EBTL*	2016	AM	A	3	100	137	1.00	137	3.8	5.3	133
EBTL*	2016	PM	D	3	135	82	1.00	82	3.1	4.3	108
80 feet of storage available (approximately)											
SBT	2016	AM	A	3	100	1141	0.55	628	17.4	24.4	610
SBT	2016	PM	D	3	135	2240	0.55	1232	46.2	64.7	1617
1850 feet available prior to CC3 Access Road (approximately)											
Queue length exceeds available storage											

\* - Note that there are small storage deficiencies in the No-Build condition, Construction traffic is not loaded onto this approach.



### Maryland SHA Queuing Analysis

Location: MD 2/MD 4 and Nursery Road

Scenario	Year	Peak Hour	Level of Service	Number of Phases per Cycle	Cycle Length (sec)	Volume	Lane Use Factor	Critical Lane Volume	Average Vehicles per Cycle per Lane	Maximum Vehicles per Cycle per Lane	Max Queue Length per Cycle per Lane (ft)
<b>Construction, 2016, No Mitigation</b>											
SBL	2016	AM	B	3	100	7	1.00	7	0.2	0.3	7
SBL	2016	PM	C	3	120	0	1.00	0	0.0	0.0	0
570 feet of storage available (approximately)											
	Queue length exceeds available storage										



### Maryland SHA Queuing Analysis

Location: MD 2/MD 4 and Pardoe Road

Scenario	Year	Peak Hour	Level of Service	Number of Phases per Cycle	Cycle Length (sec)	Volume	Lane Use Factor	Critical Lane Volume	Average Vehicles per Cycle per Lane	Maximum Vehicles per Cycle per Lane	Max Queue Length per Cycle per Lane (ft)
Construction, 2016, No Mitigation											
SBL	2016	AM	C	5	120	118	1.00	118	3.9	5.5	138
SBL	2016	PM	C	5	120	182	1.00	182	6.1	8.5	212
570 feet of storage available (approximately)											
NBL	2016	AM	C	5	120	11	1.00	11	0.4	0.5	13
NBL	2016	PM	C	5	120	21	1.00	21	0.7	1.0	25
600 feet of storage available (approximately)											
	Queue length exceeds available storage										



### Maryland SHA Queuing Analysis

Location: MD 2/MD 4 and Cove Point Road

Scenario	Year	Peak Hour	Level of Service	Number of Phases per Cycle	Cycle Length (sec)	Volume	Lane Use Factor	Critical Lane Volume	Average Vehicles per Cycle per Lane	Maximum Vehicles per Cycle per Lane	Max Queue Length per Cycle per Lane (ft)
<b>Construction, 2016, No Mitigation</b>											
SBL	2016	AM	A	3	100	96	1.00	96	2.7	3.7	93
SBL	2016	PM	D	3	135	410	1.00	410	15.4	21.5	538
550 feet of storage available (approximately)											
WBL	2016	AM	A	3	100	171	1.00	171	4.8	6.7	166
WBL	2016	PM	D	3	135	149	1.00	149	5.6	7.8	196
300 feet of storage available (approximately)											
	Queue length exceeds available storage										