



ELECTRIC POWER
RESEARCH INSTITUTE

SCC of Alloy 52 & 152 Weld Metals in PWR Primary Water

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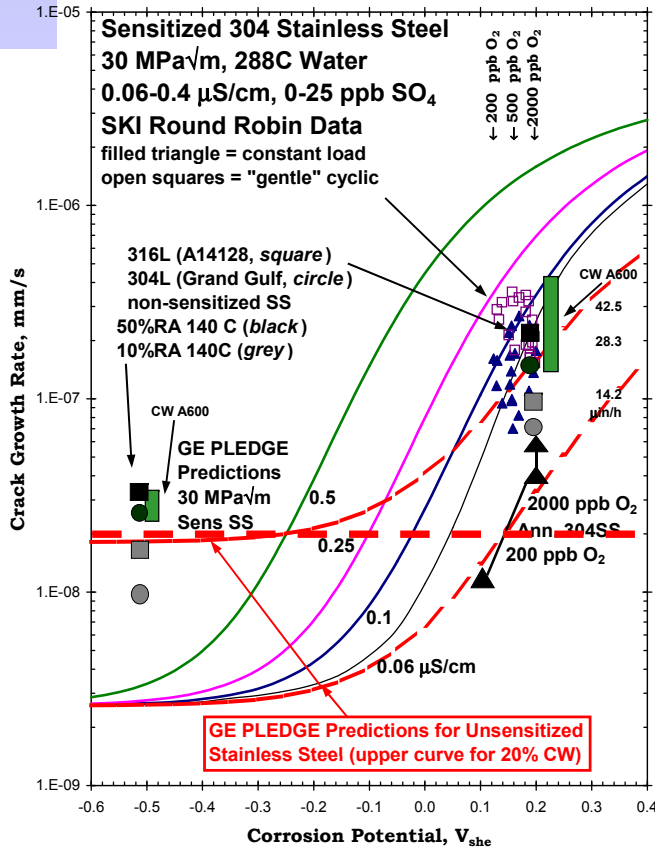
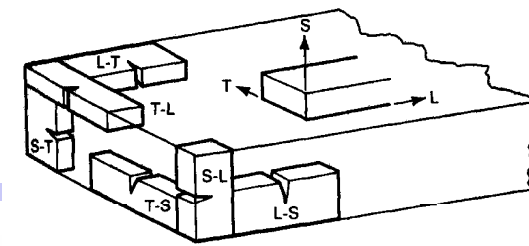


Key Issues in SCC of Alloy 152/52 Welds

Key questions potentially affecting crack growth in 152/52:

- 1. Inhomogeneous solidification micro-chemistry.*
- 2. Residual shrinkage strain in the weld metal.*
- 3. Ductility dip cracking, solidification cracking, etc.*
- 4. Variations in composition and welding practice/cleanliness*
- 5. Effect of weld repairs*
- 6. Effect of aging*

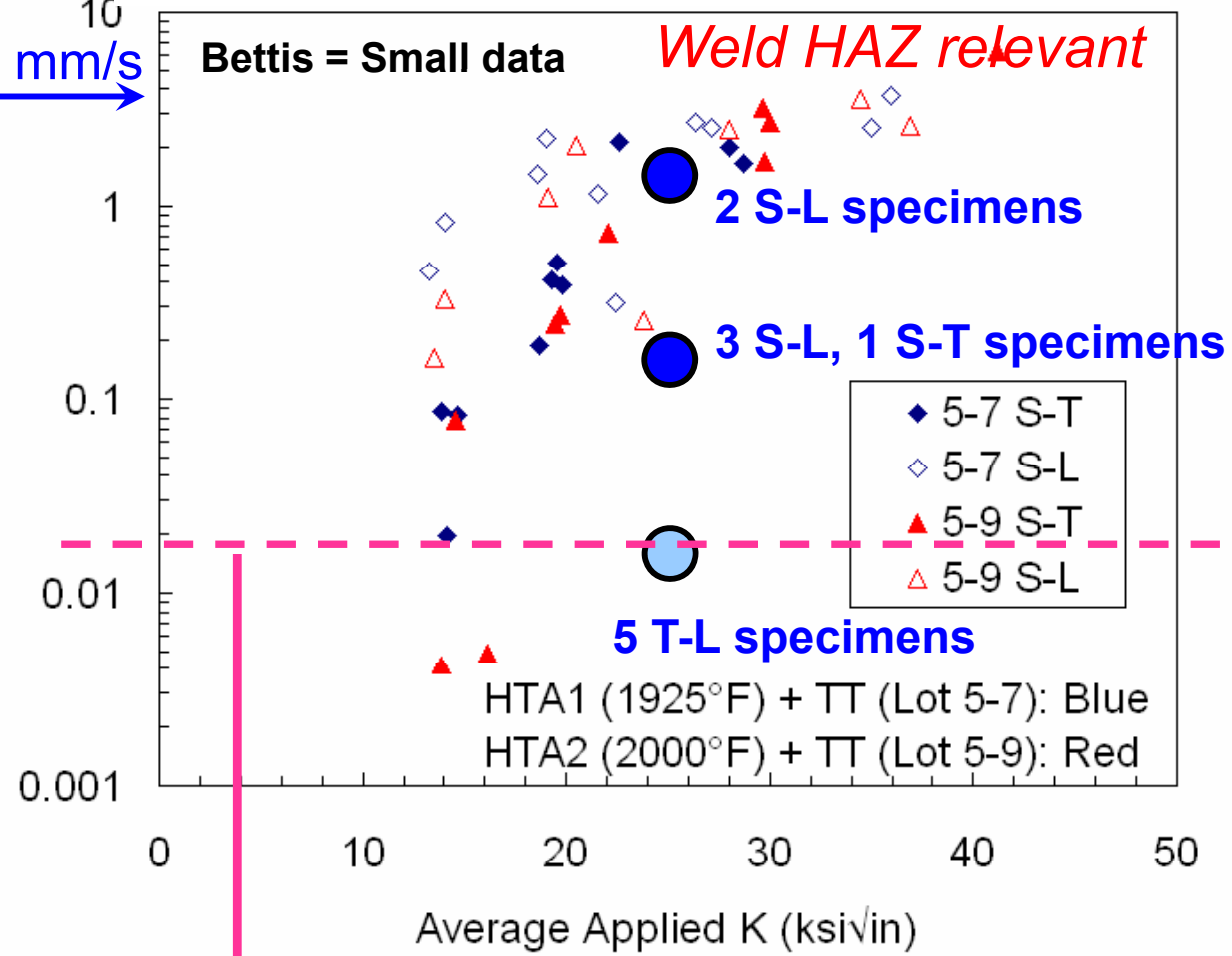
Alloy 152/52 SCC



No SCC in plants in ~30 yrs

10⁻⁶ mm/s

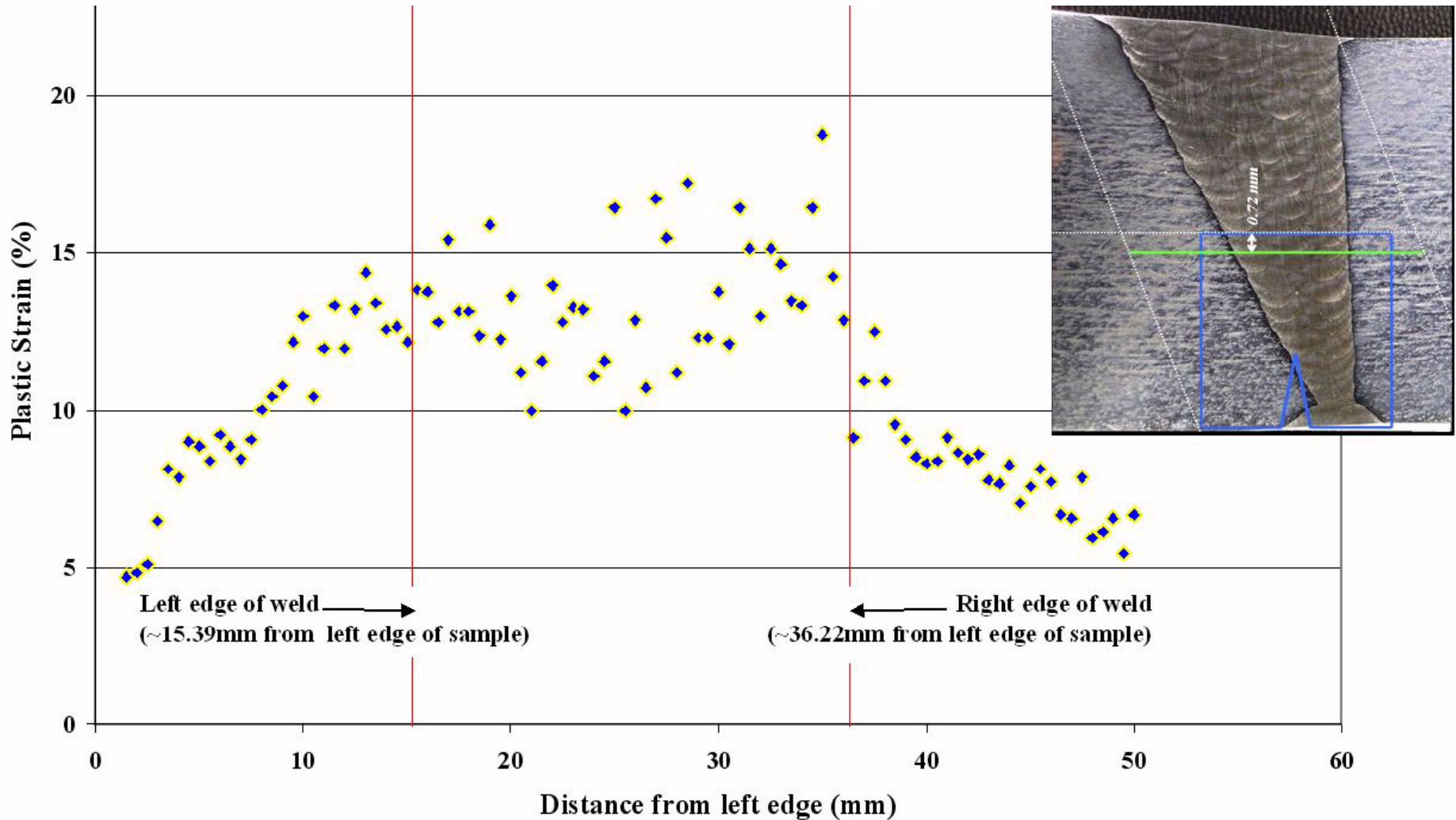
24% Cold Rolled 690, PWR Water



Sens & CW 304SS, BWR

All weld metals but one show pretty low growth rates

Residual Shrinkage Strain in the Weld Metal



Testing Approach

Crack growth rates conditions for alloy 690 and 152/52 welds:

- *690 cold worked by forging or 1-D rolling at 25 °C*
 - *by 20, 26 and 40% reduction in thickness*
 - *S-L, S-T and T-L orientations, ~10 heats, ~32 specimens*
 - *cold work broadly simulates weld residual strain in HAZ*
 - *152/52 weld: T-S orientations, ~6 heats, 6 specimens*
 - *used resistivity coupon for dcpd correction*
- *0.5T CT specimens in 360 °C (290–340°C) PWR primary water*
- *testing at 25 – 35+ ksi/in, including “Varying-K”*
- *H₂ level designed to be near Ni/NiO at the test temperature*
- *good water chemistry: ~2 volume exchanges per hour, full-flow demineralization, and active H₂ sparging*
- *measured potentials of 690 & Pt vs. Cu/Cu₂O/ZrO₂*

Alloy 52/152 Weld Metals Options

Options for 52/152 materials:

- *B&W Alloy 52 / 152 weld: tested*
- *GENE Alloy 52 weld: in test*
- *MHI/NMC/Charlotte Alloy 52 / 152 welds: 152 in test*
- *Areva Alloy 152 weld (small pieces): not tested*
- *KAPL MLTS-27 NG & DM welds: not tested*
- *KAPL 52i weld metal: EPRI weld about to start*
- *Bogdan's 152 mock-up*
- *PG&E mock-up*
- *MHI – 52 long. weld along CRDM, & 2" plate with 152*
- *CIEMAT / ENSA - two commercial welds*
- *Others: EPRI Charlotte, Efsing, MHI...*

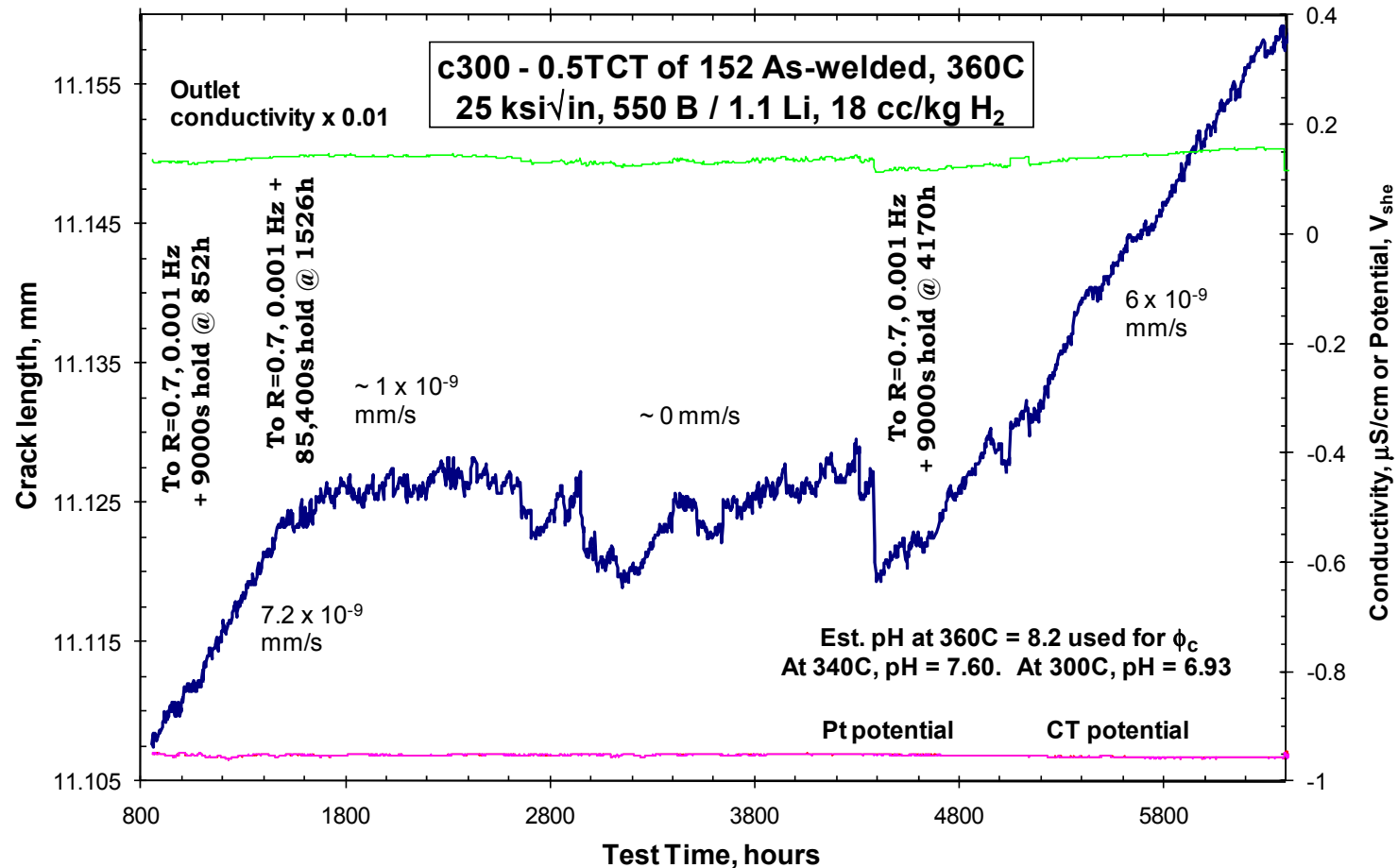
Preliminary Alloy 152/52 CGR Data

| CT | Material | Source | Orient. | Condition | Hours | No Cycling CGR, mm/s | MPa/m | Mat'l - Heat | Location |
|--------------|---------------|-------------|---------|--------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|----------|
| Welds | | | | | <5e-9 | code | >5e-8 | >3e-7 mm/s | |
| c528 | 25Cr, MLTS-25 | KAPL | T-S | As-Welded | 2400 | 2.50E-09 | 33 | 52i | 82SK8 |
| c527 | 152, 307380 | MHI Archive | T-S | AW+20%CW | 2400 | 7.00E-09 | 33 | 152 | 82SK8 |
| c526 | 52i, 187775 | EPRI | T-S | As-Welded | 2500 | 2.60E-09 | 33 | 52i | 82SK7 |
| c525 | 152, 146444 | ANL | T-S | As-Welded | 2500 | 4.00E-09 | 33 | 152 | 82SK7 |
| c511 | 52 NX2686JK | MHI Archive | T-S | As-Welded | 6200 | 6.00E-10 | 33 | 152 | 84SK2 |
| c510 | 152 WC51G0 | Arvea | T-S | As-Welded | 6200 | 1.00E-09 | 33 | 152 | 84SK2 |
| c502 | 52 NX6133JK | Ciemat | T-S | As-Welded | 5154 | 3.00E-09 | 33 | 52 | 82SK8 |
| c501 | 152 747136 | Ciemat | T-S | As-Welded | 5154 | 2.50E-09 | 33 | 152 | 82SK8 |
| c500 | 152i 187775 | KAPL | T-S | As-Welded | 6111 | 4.00E-09 | 33 | 152i | 82SK7 |
| c499 | 52i 187775 | KAPL | T-S | As-Welded | 6111 | 2.50E-09 | 33 | 52i | 82SK7 |
| c337 | 52 NX0B05TS | GE Nuclear | T-S | As-Welded | 5553 | 2.00E-09 | 27.5 | 52AW | 82SK5 |
| c336 | 152 307380 | MHI Archive | T-S | As-Welded | 5553 | 5.00E-10 | 27.5 | 152AW | 82SK5 |
| c301 | 52 NX2578JK | B&W Canada | T-S | As-Welded | 10278 | 4.00E-10 | 27.5 | 52AW | 45A2 |
| c300 | 152 WC10E7 | B&W Canada | T-S | As-Welded | 10278 | 1.00E-09 | 27.5 | 152AW | 45A2 |
| | | | | TOTAL Hrs = | 76392 | | | | |

*All weld metals have cracked at low rates in our tests
(except c527 with 20% additional cold work)*

152 Weld – B&W

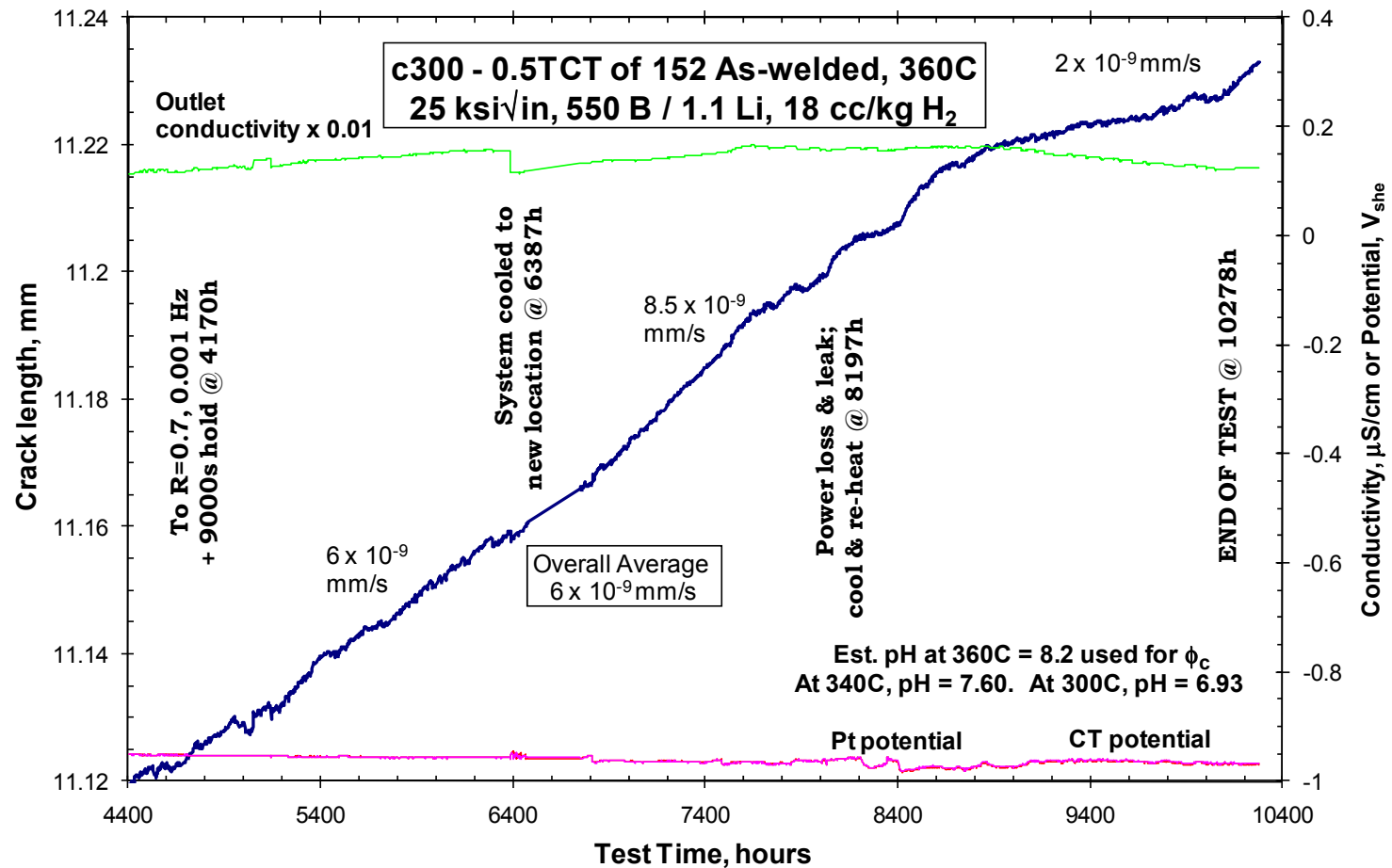
SCC#2 - c300 - Alloy 152 As-welded - heat WC10E7



No growth even when cycling with long hold time

152 Weld – B&W

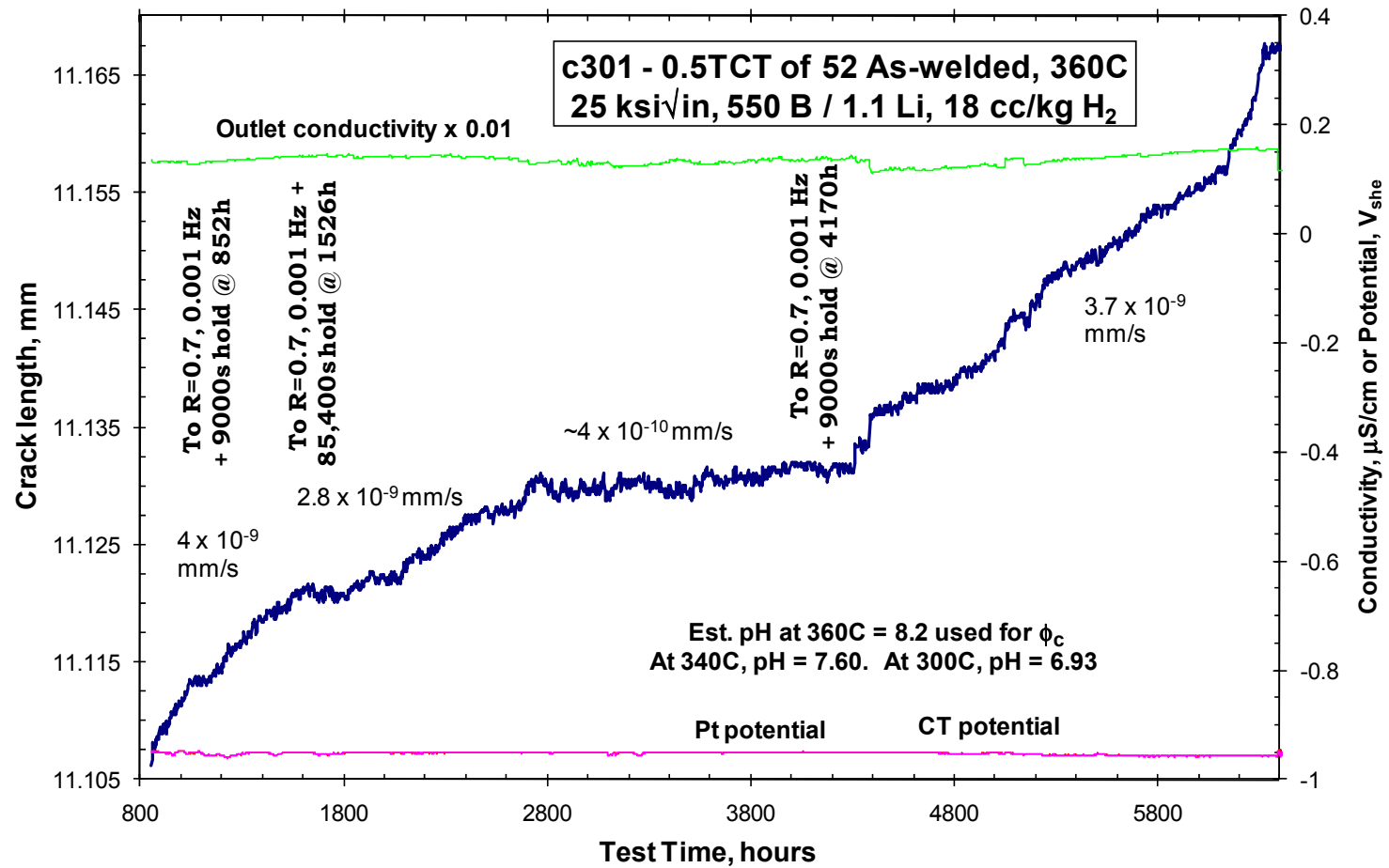
SCC#4 - c300 - Alloy 152 As-welded - heat WC10E7



Low growth rate even when cycling with 9000s hold time

52 Weld – B&W

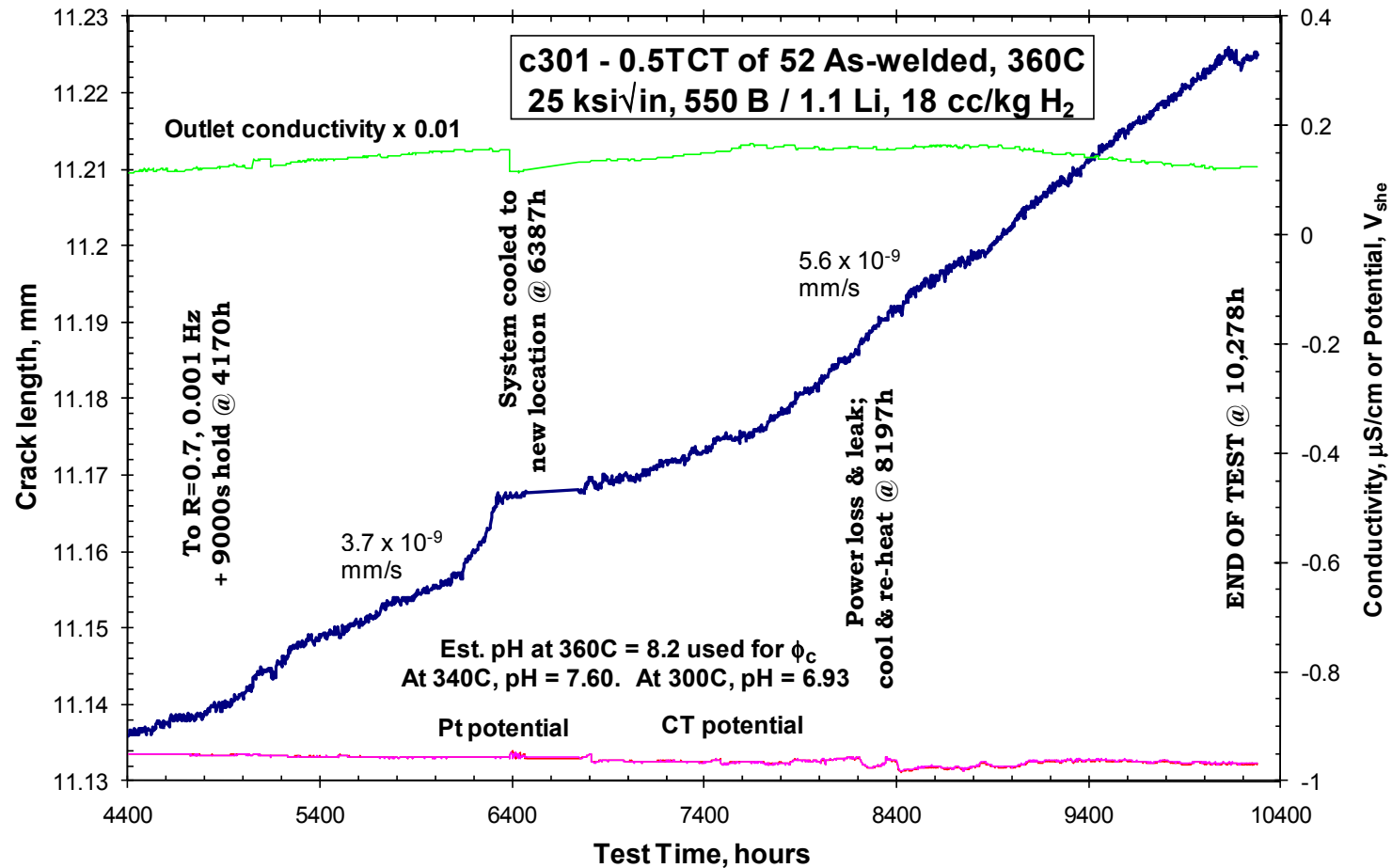
SCC#3 - c301 - Alloy 52 As-welded - heat NX2579JK



Low growth rate even when cycling with long hold time

52 Weld – B&W

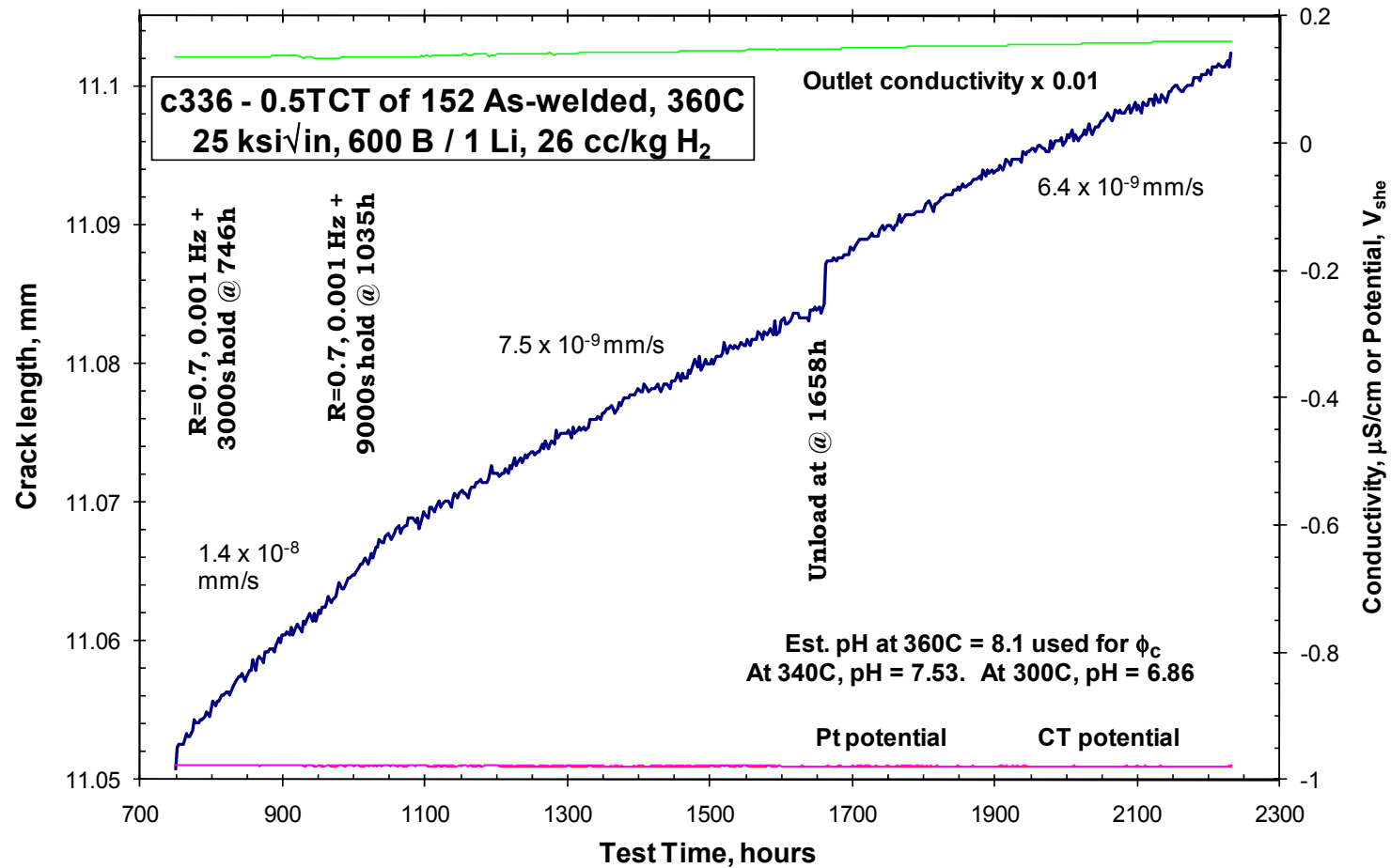
SCC#4 - c301 - Alloy 52 As-welded - heat NX2579JK



Low growth rate even when cycling with 9000s hold time

152 Weld – MHI

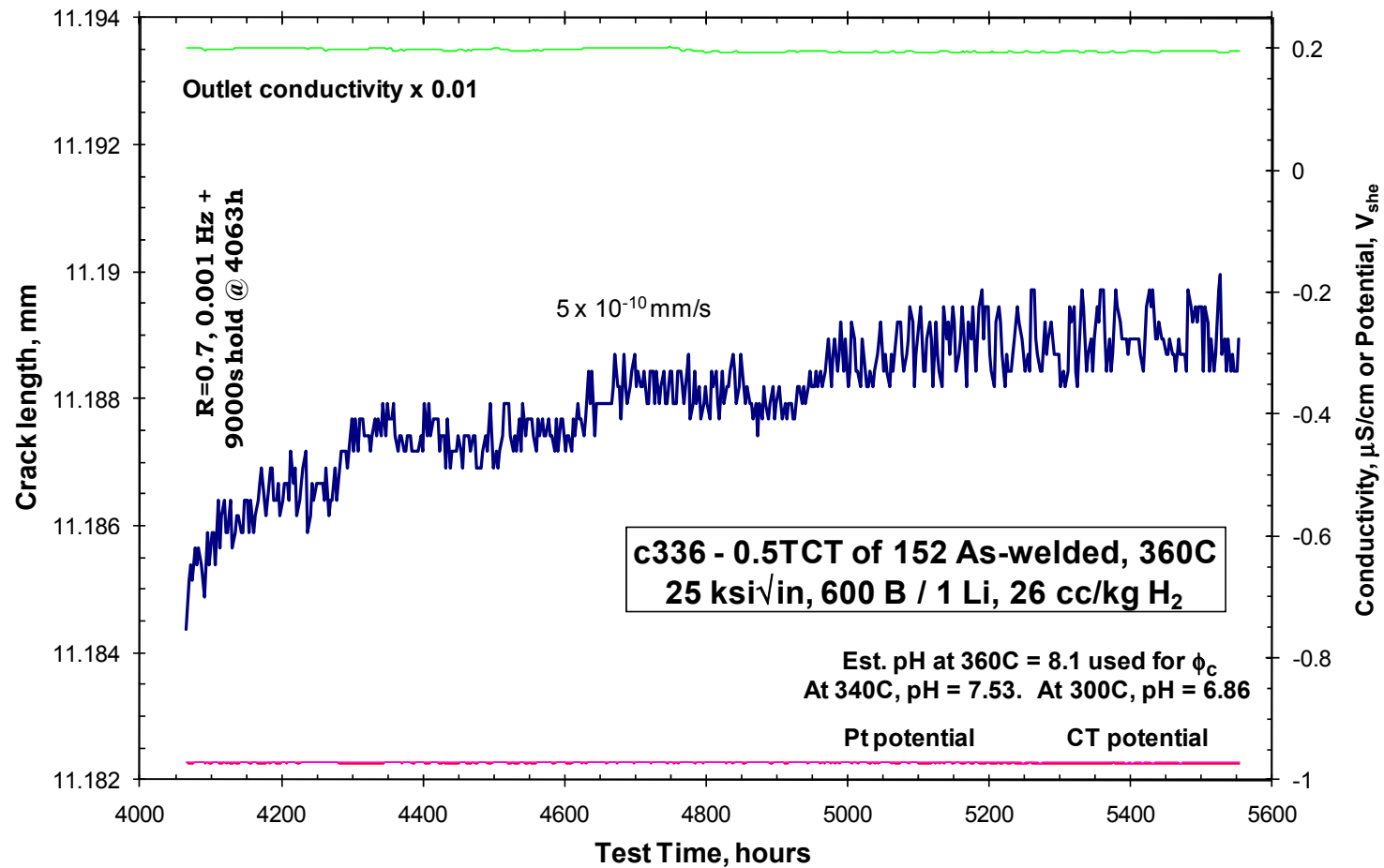
SCC#2 - c336 - Alloy 152 As-welded - heat 307380 - EPRI/MHI



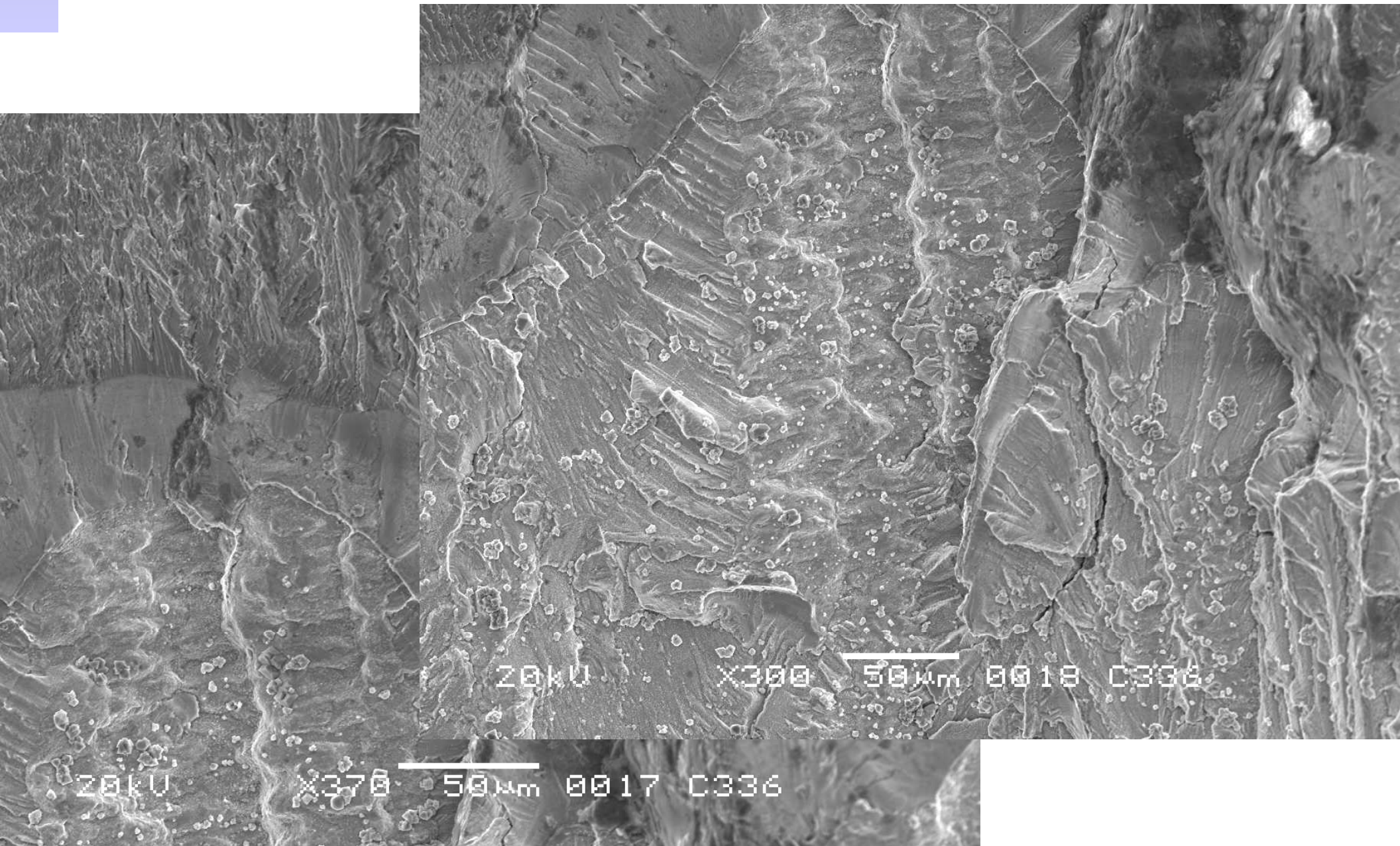
~Low growth rate even when cycling with 9000s hold time

152 Weld – MHI

SCC#5 - c336 - Alloy 152 As-welded - heat 307380 - EPRI/MHI

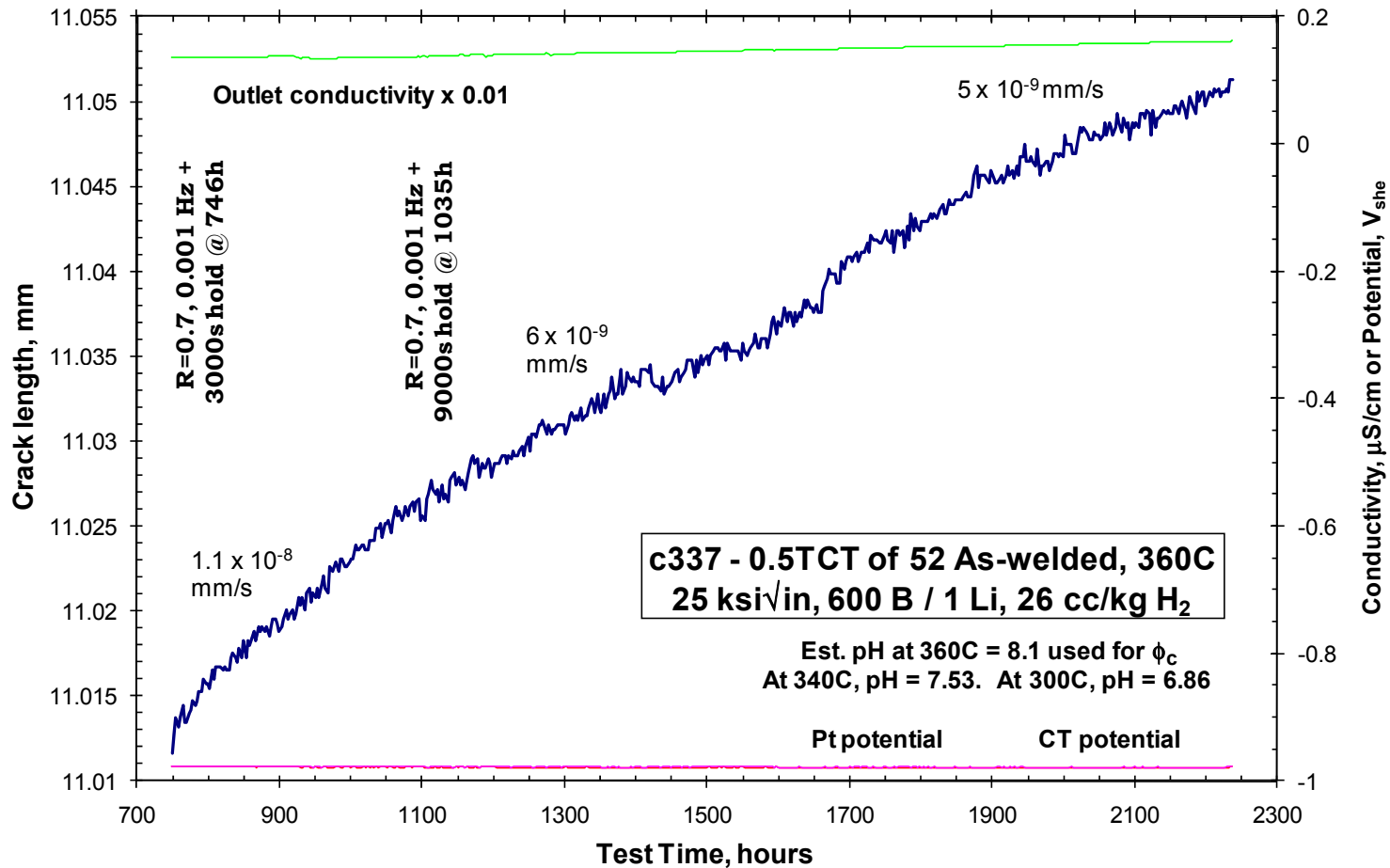


Low growth rate even when cycling with 9000s hold time



52 Weld – GE Nuclear

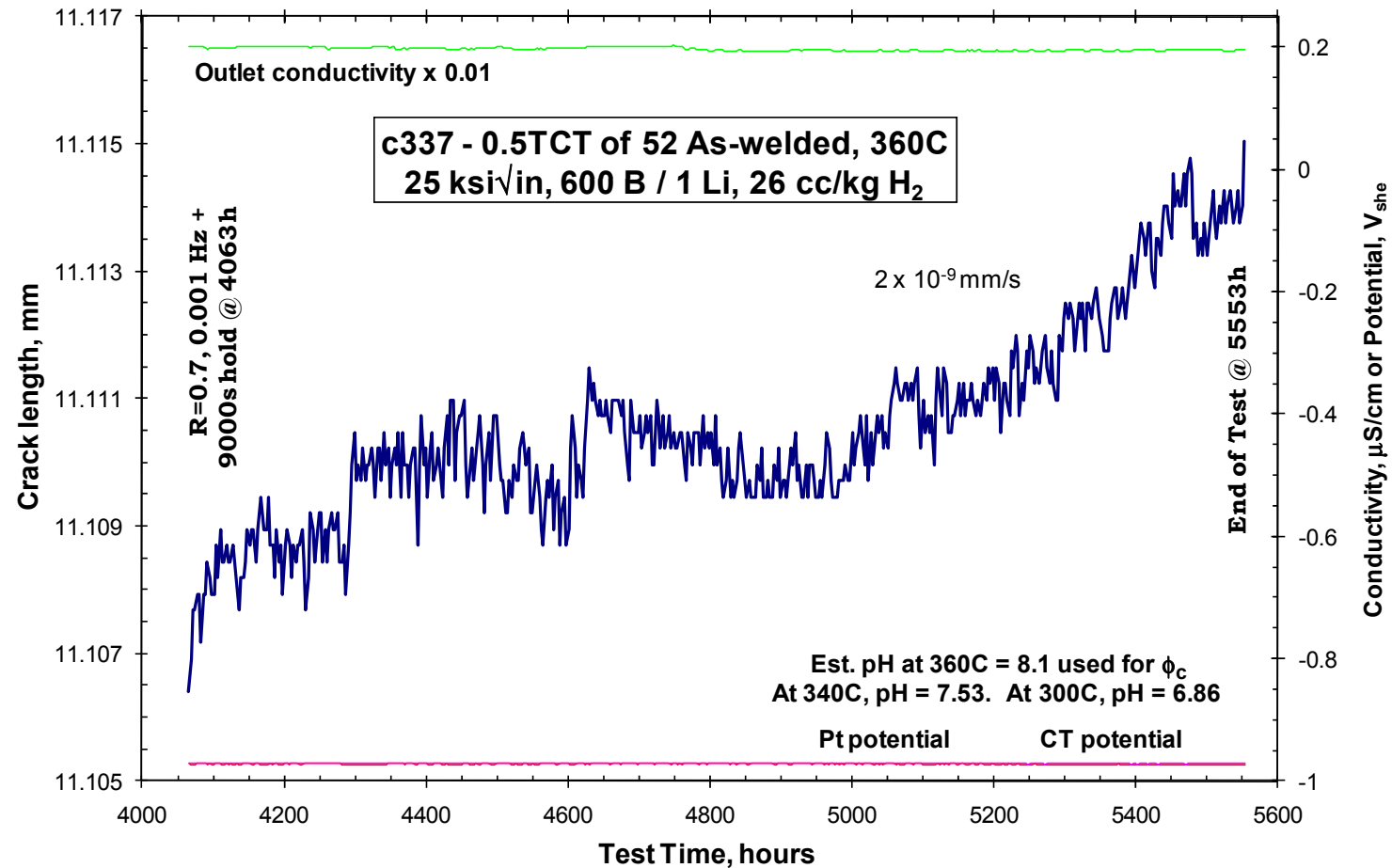
SCC#2 - c337 - Alloy 52 As-welded - heat NX0B05TS - GENE



~Low growth rate even when cycling with 9000s hold time

52 Weld – GE Nuclear

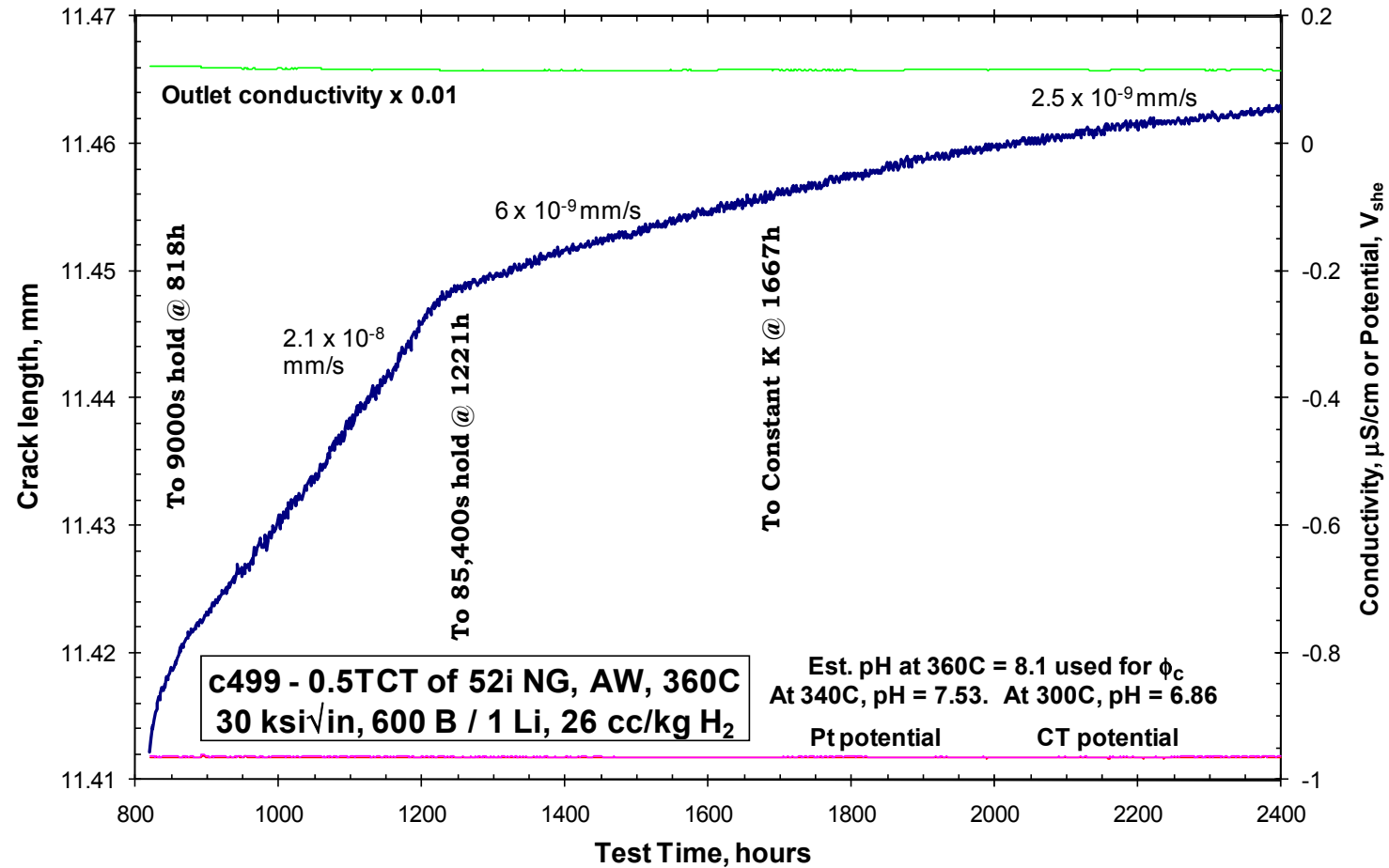
SCC#4a - c337 - Alloy 52 As-welded - heat NX0B05TS - GENE



Low growth rate even when cycling with 9000s hold time

52i Weld – KAPL

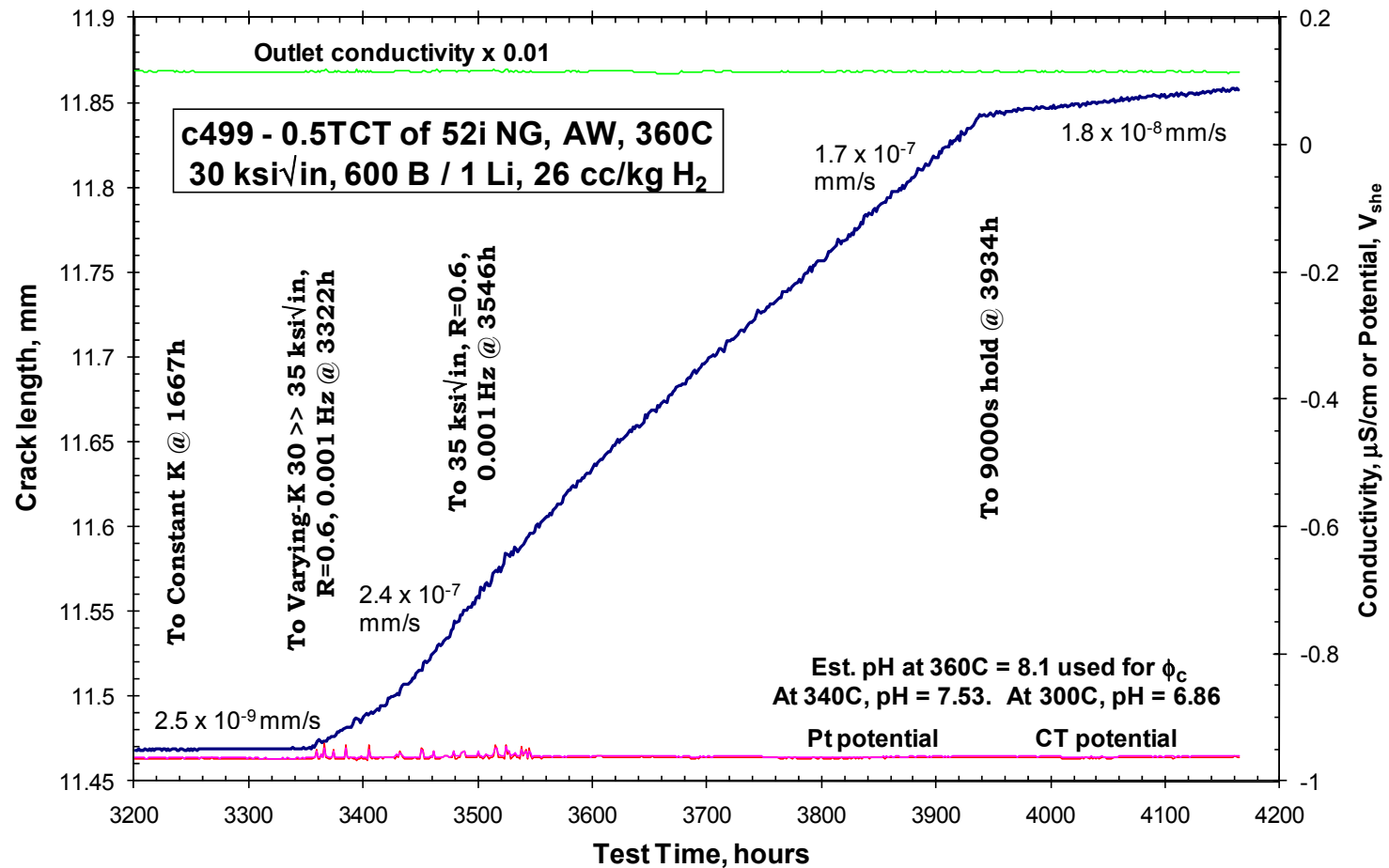
SCC#3 - c499 - Alloy 52i, NG As-welded - heat 187775 - KAPL



Low growth rate at constant K

52i Weld – KAPL

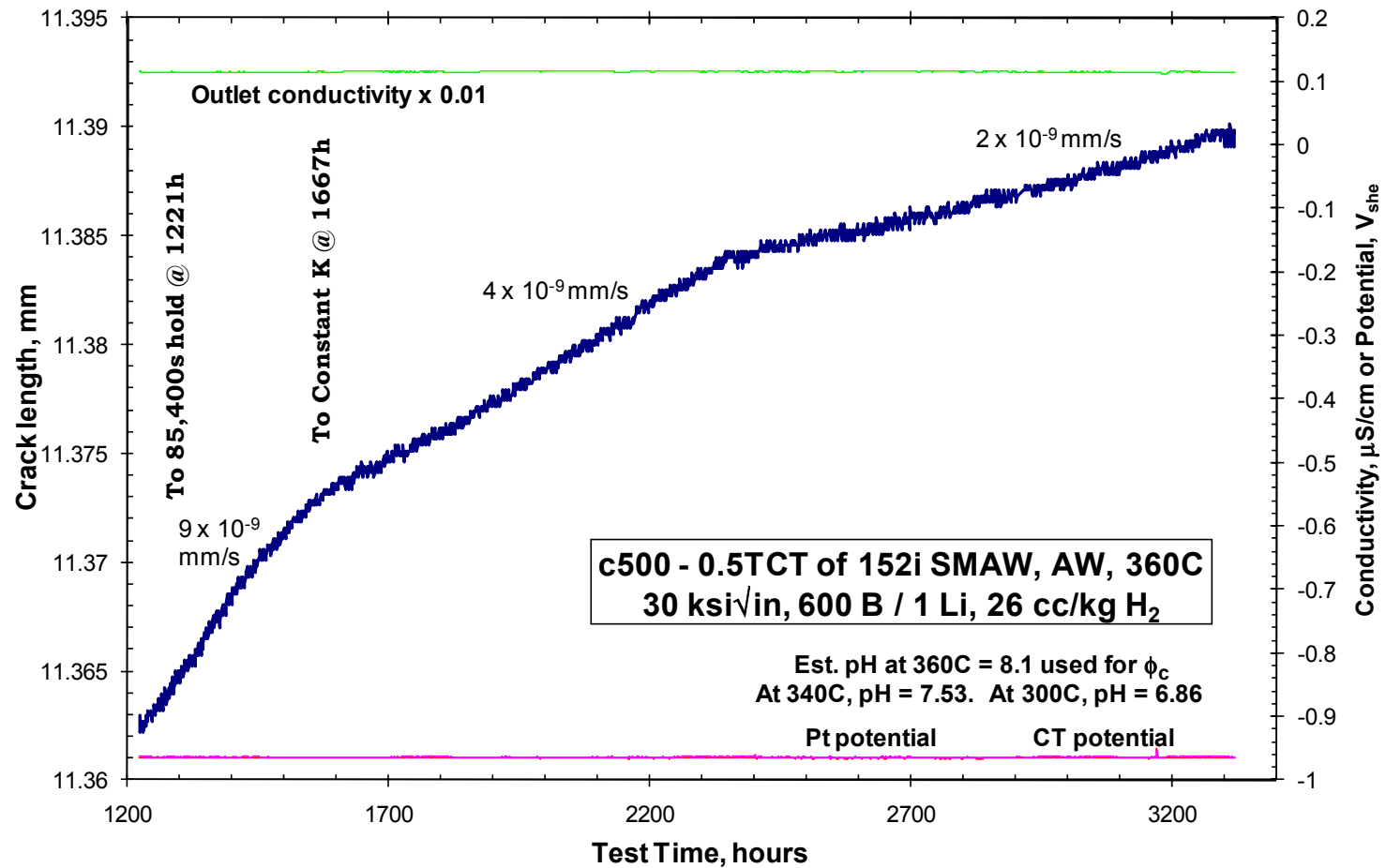
SCC#5 - c499 - Alloy 52i, NG As-welded - heat 187775 - KAPL



Approaching low growth rate at 9000s hold time

152i Weld – KAPL

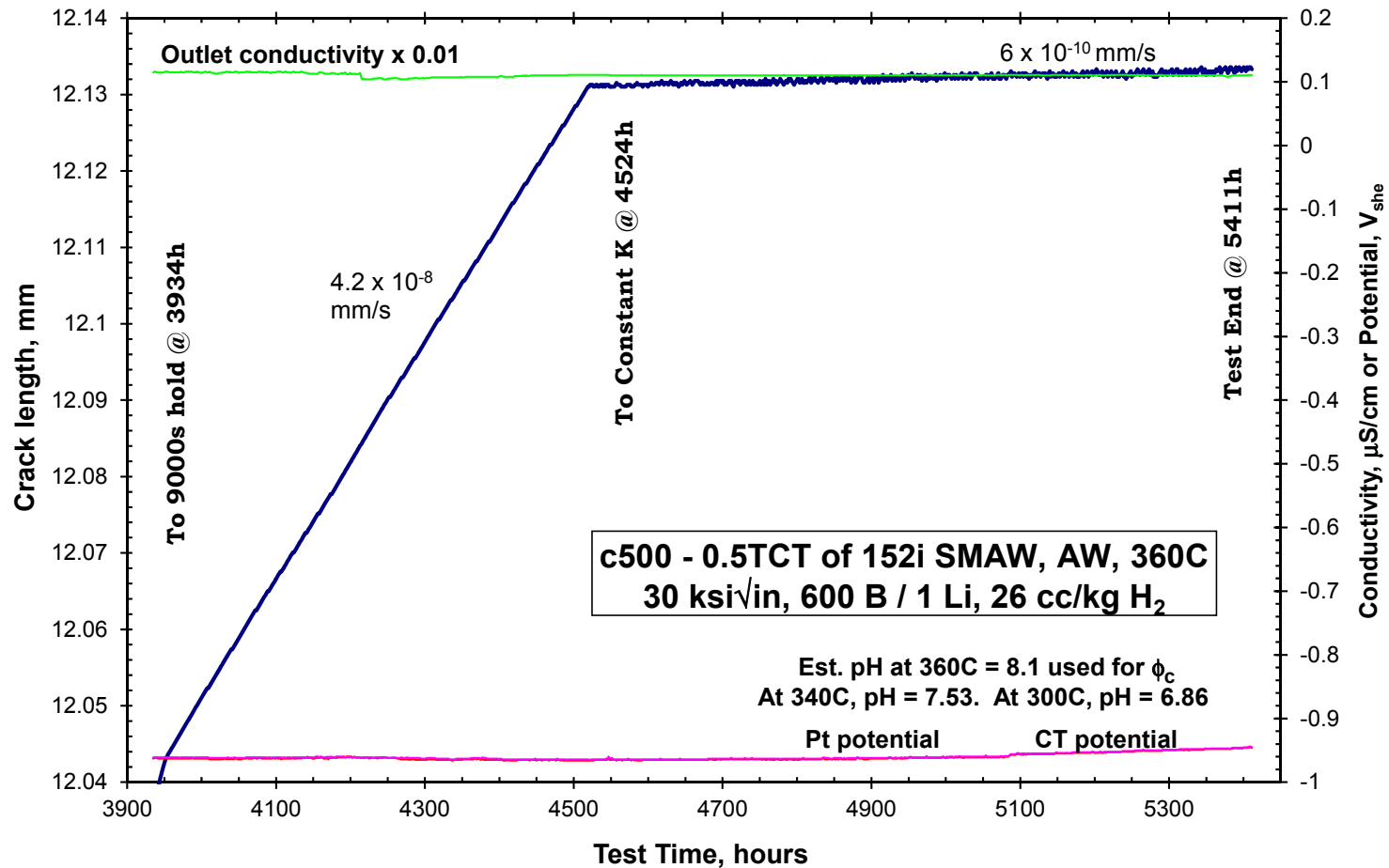
SCC#4 - c500 - Alloy 152i, SMAW, As-welded - heat 187775 - KAPL



Low growth rate at constant K

152i Weld – KAPL

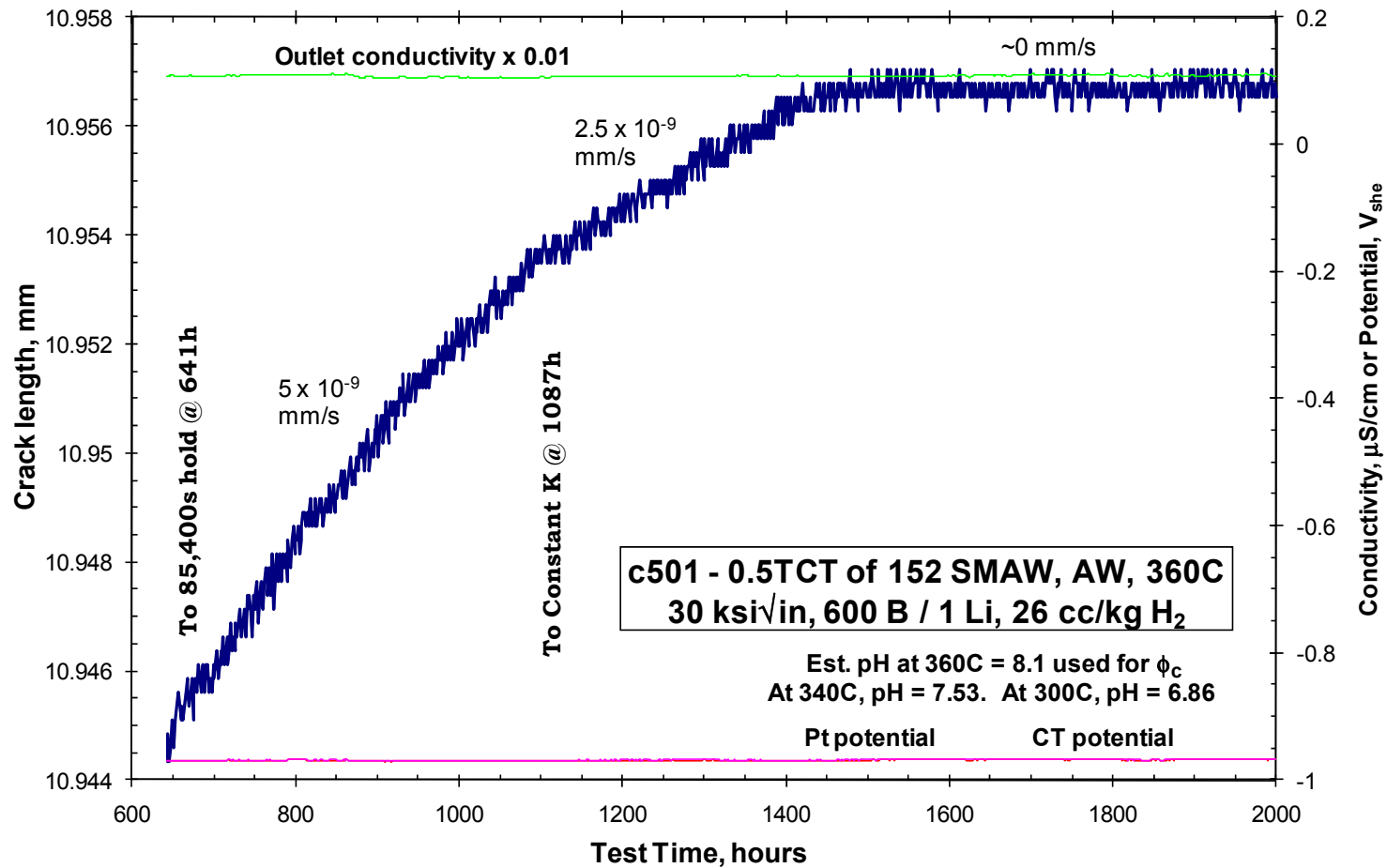
SCC#6 - c500 - Alloy 152i, SMAW, As-welded - heat 187775 - KAPL



Medium growth rate when cycling with 9000s hold time

152 Weld – CIEMAT

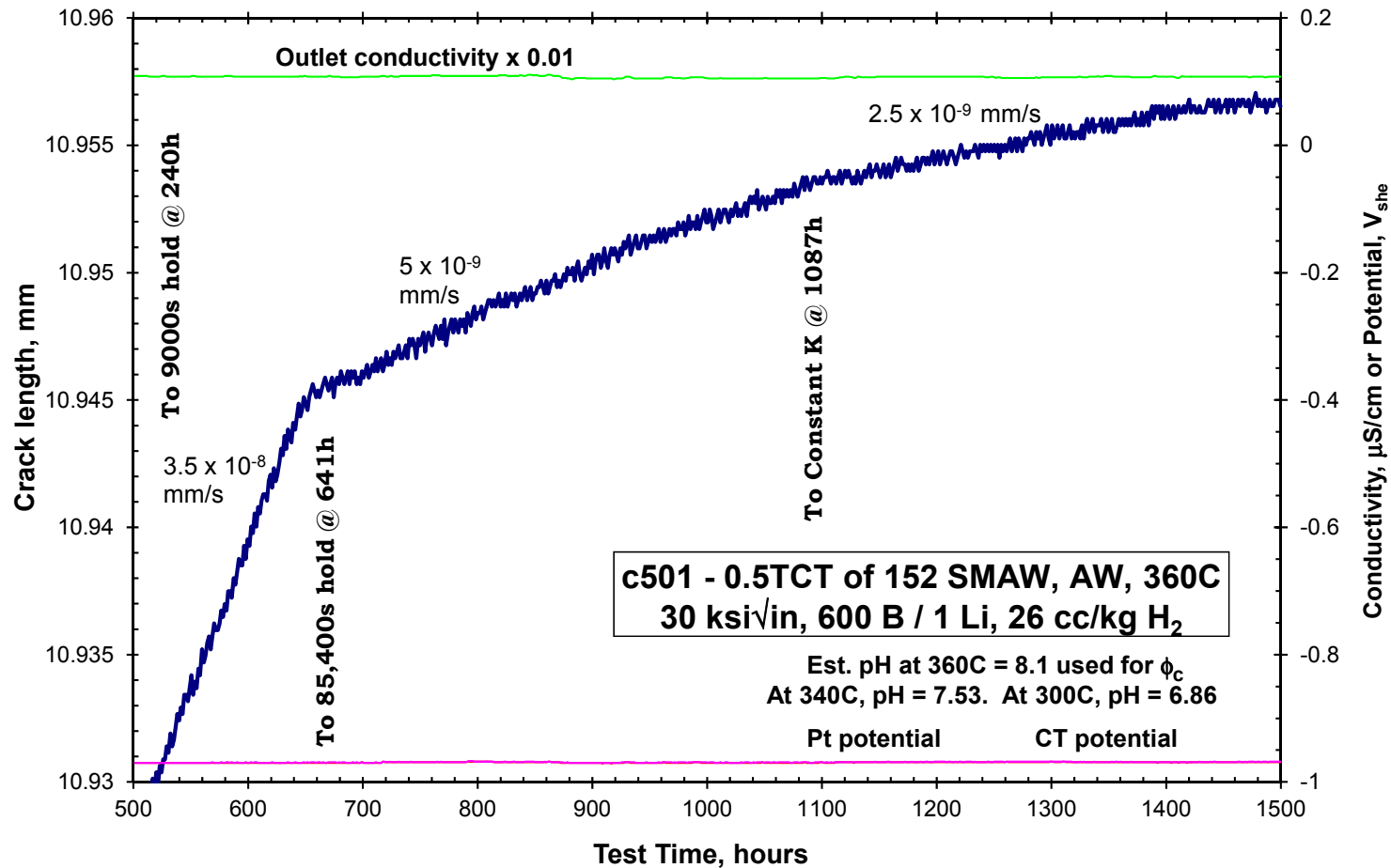
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Very low growth rate at constant K

152 Weld – CIEMAT

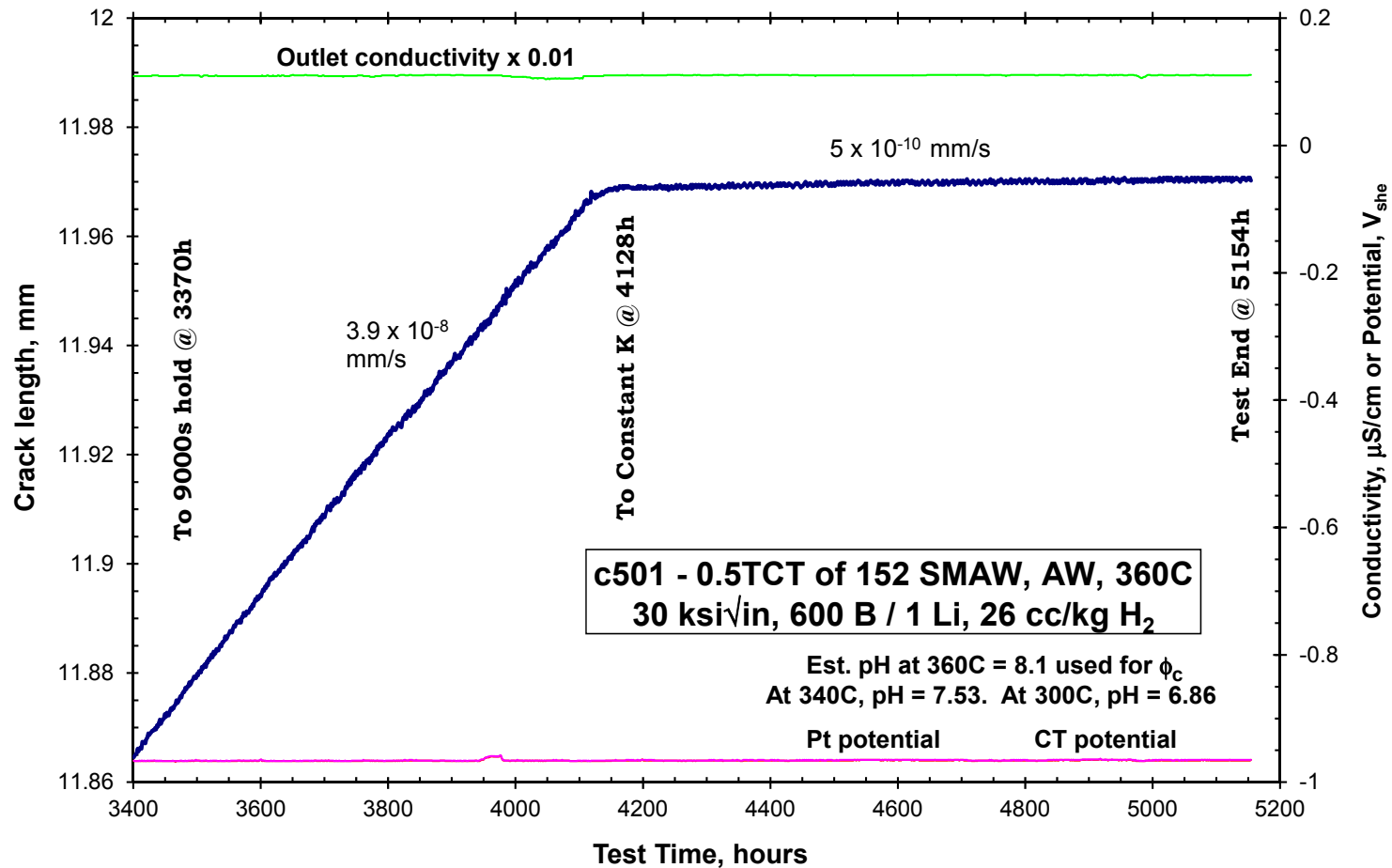
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Medium growth rate with 9000s hold time

152 Weld – CIEMAT

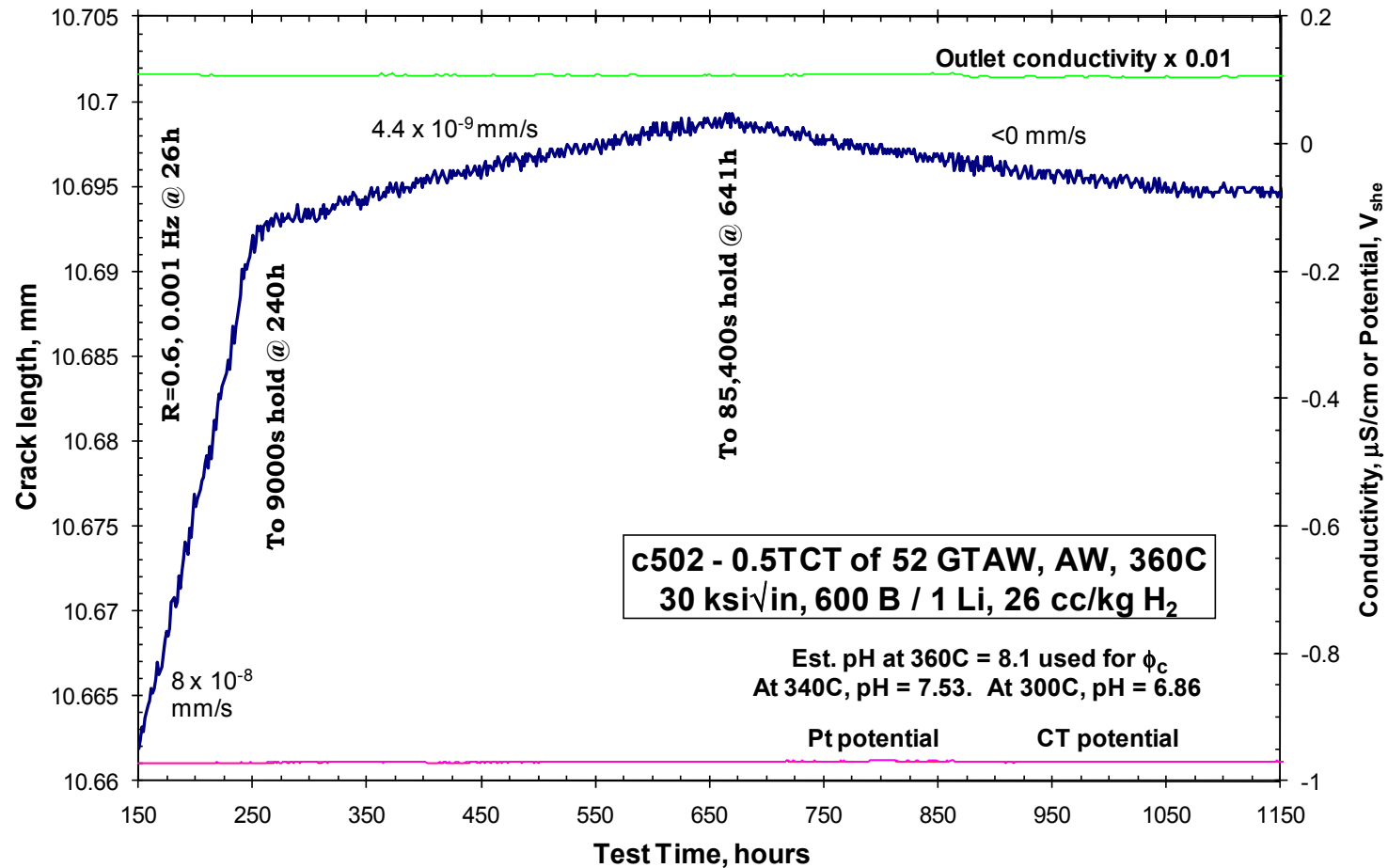
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Medium growth rate with 9000s hold time

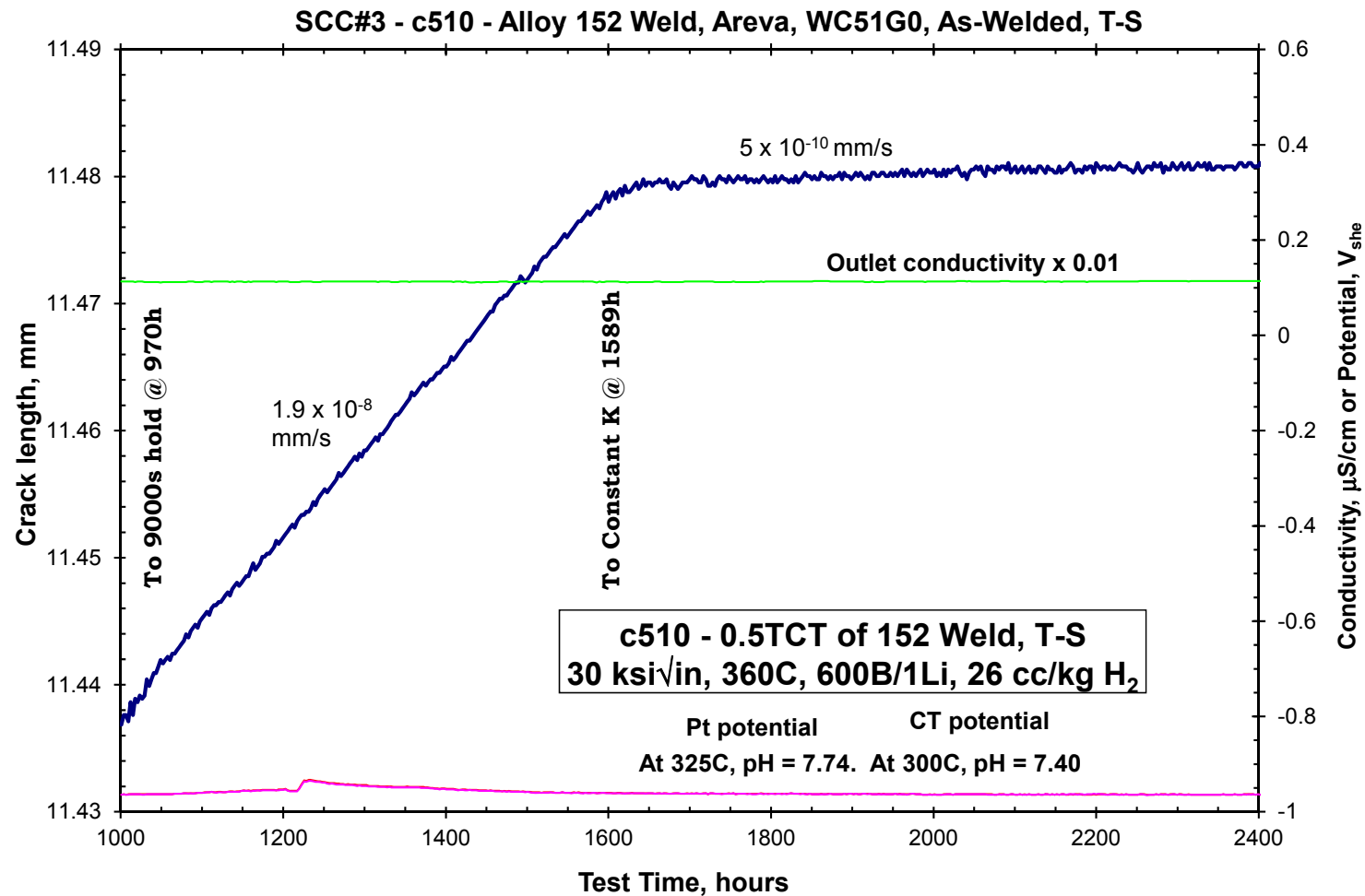
52 Weld – CIEMAT

SCC#2 - c502 - Alloy 52, GTAW, As-welded - heat NX6133JK - CIEMAT



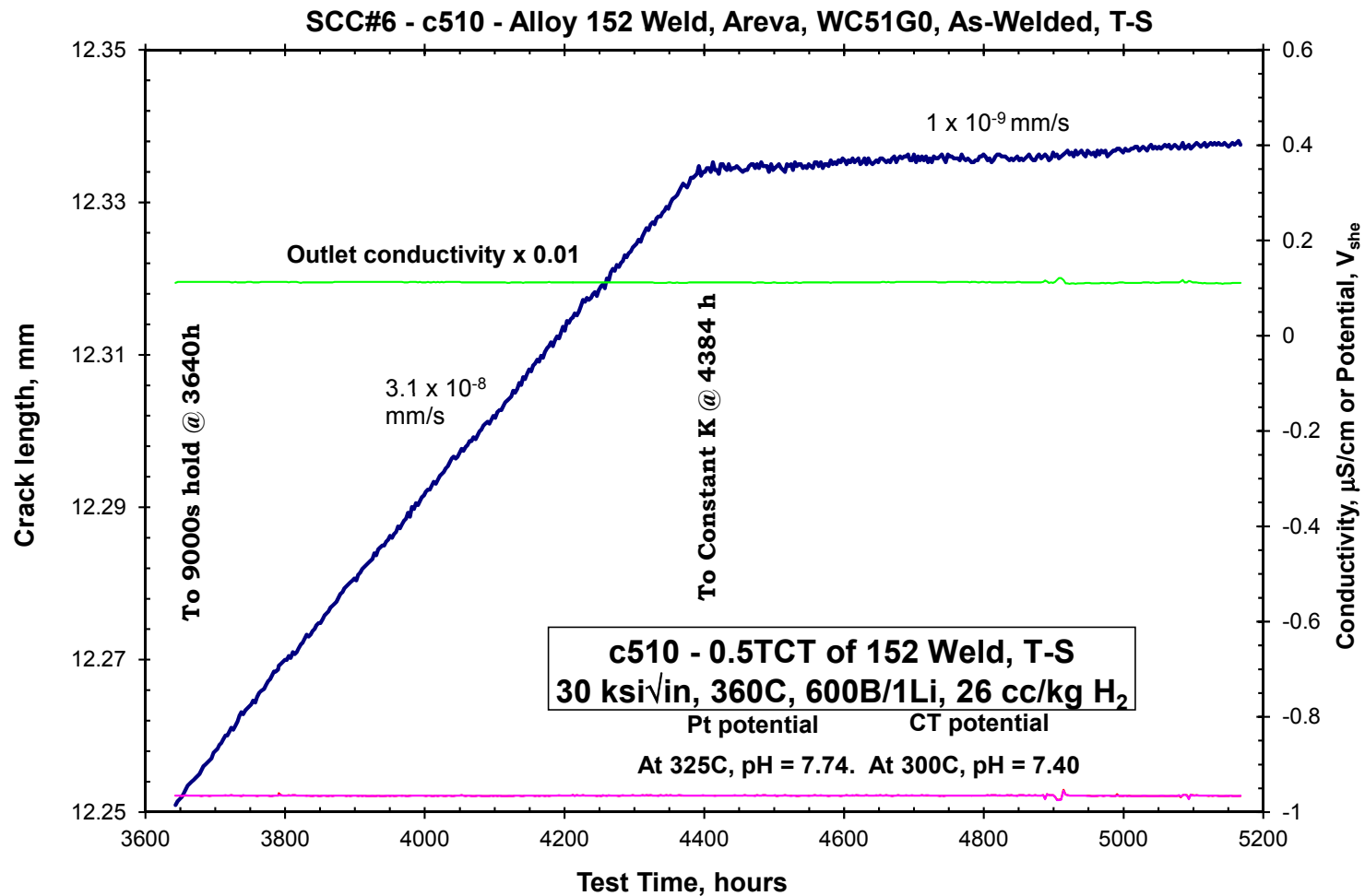
Low growth rate even when cycling with 9000s hold time

152 Weld – Areva



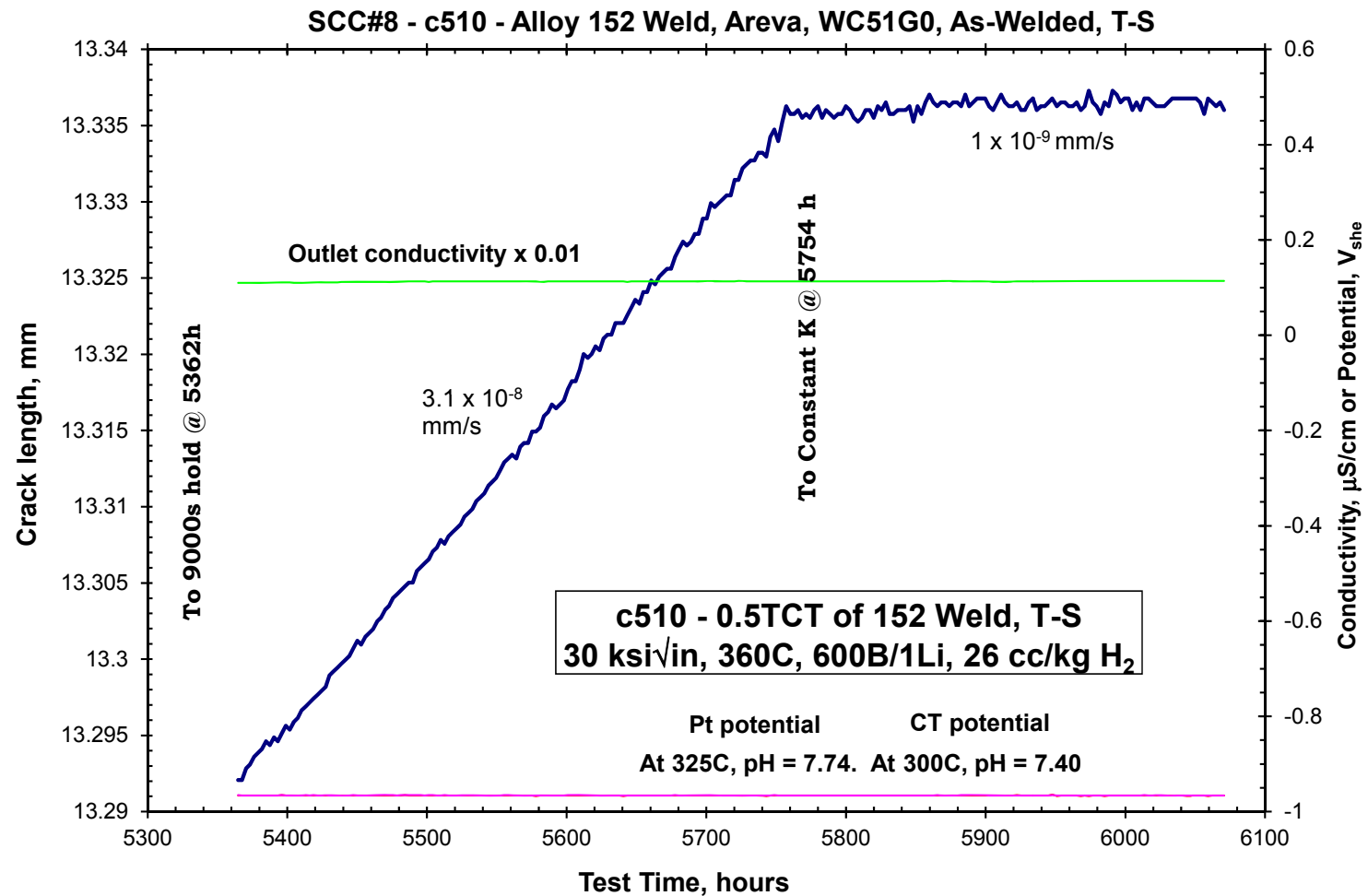
Low growth rate even when cycling with 9000s hold time

152 Weld – Areva



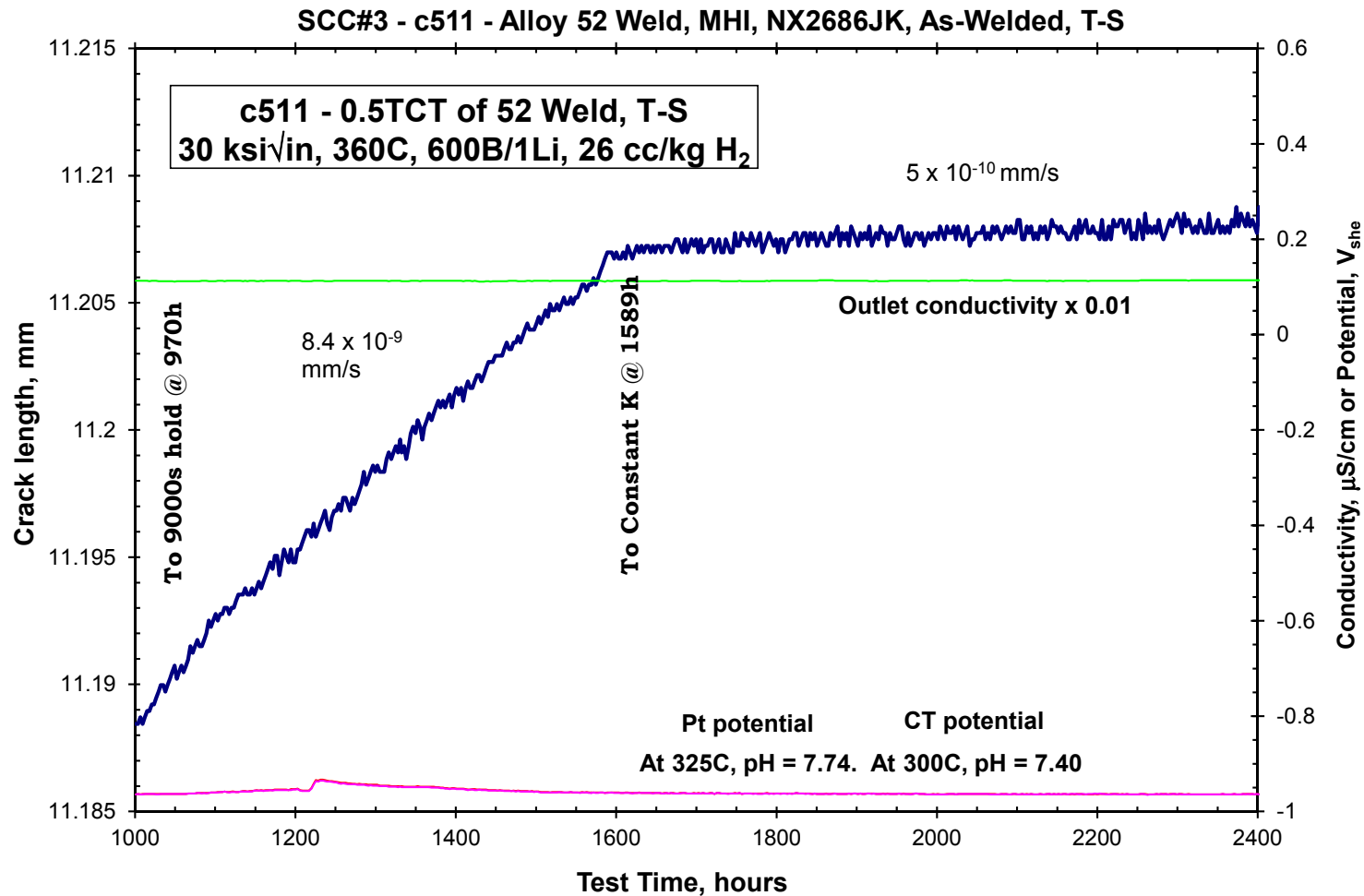
Low growth rate even when cycling with 9000s hold time

152 Weld – Areva



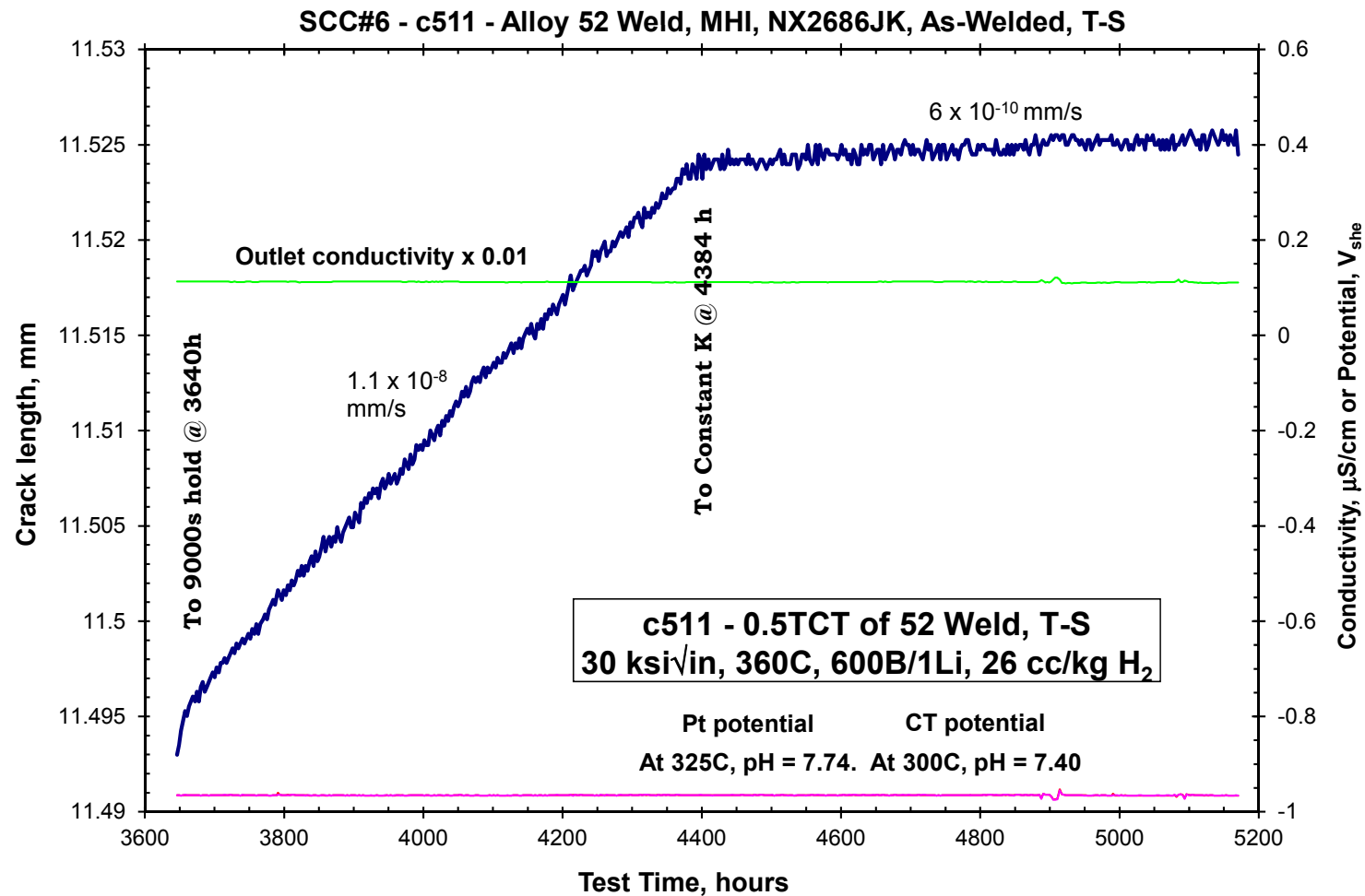
Low growth rate even when cycling with 9000s hold time

52 Weld – MHI, NX2686JK



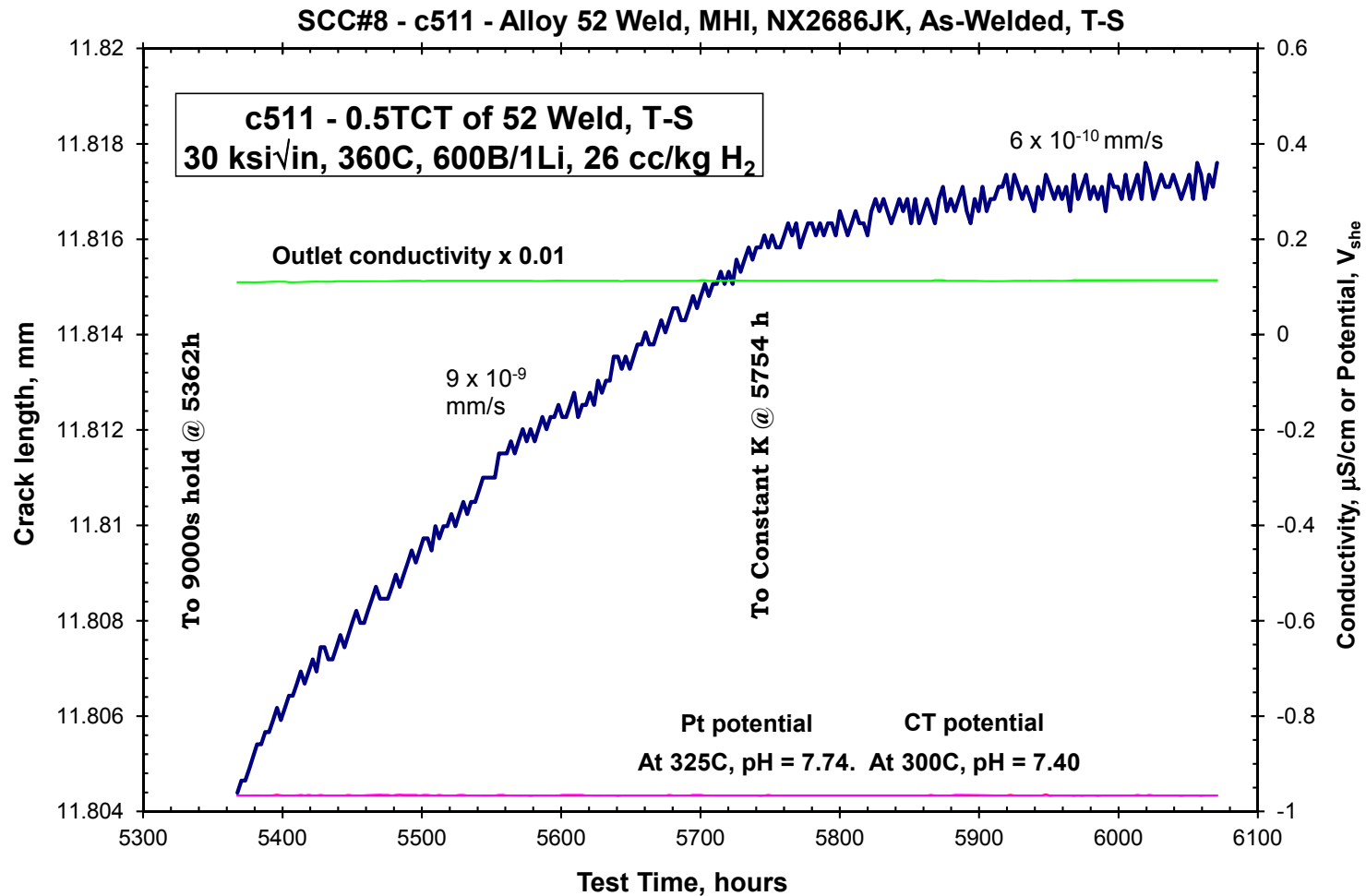
Low growth rate even when cycling with 9000s hold time

52 Weld – MHI, NX2686JK



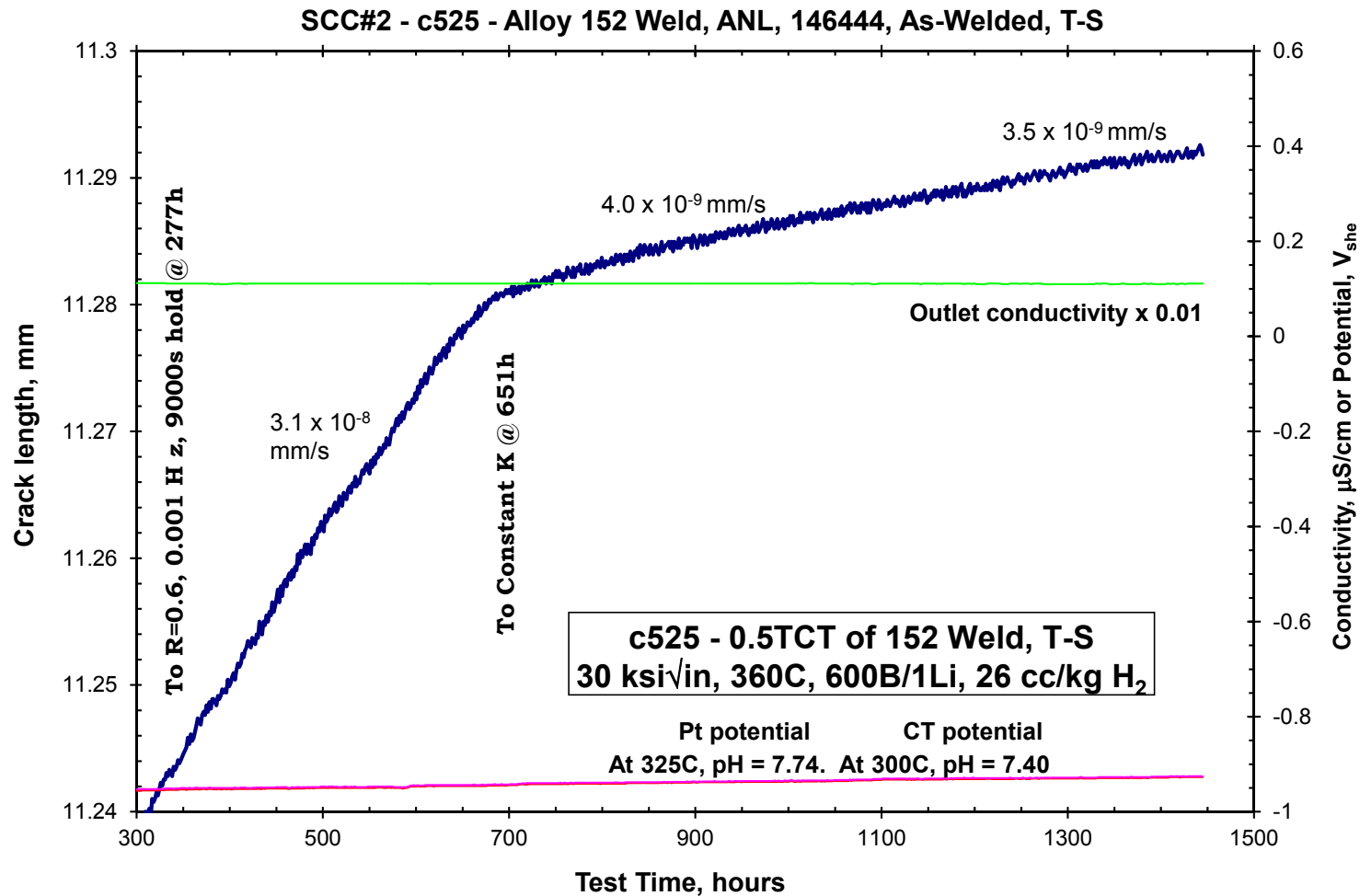
Low growth rate even when cycling with 9000s hold time

52 Weld – MHI, NX2686JK



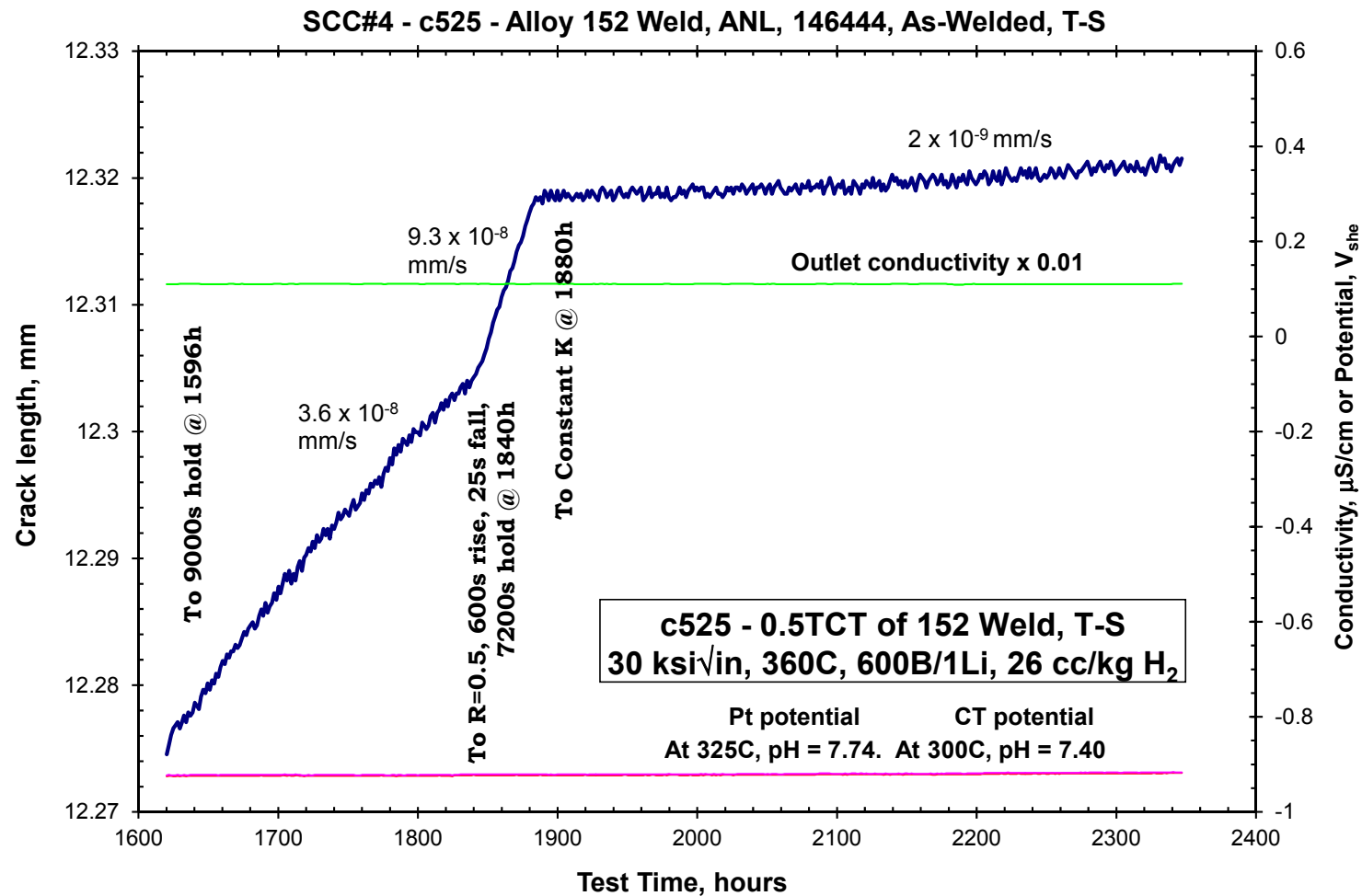
Low growth rate even when cycling with 9000s hold time

152 Weld – ANL, 146444



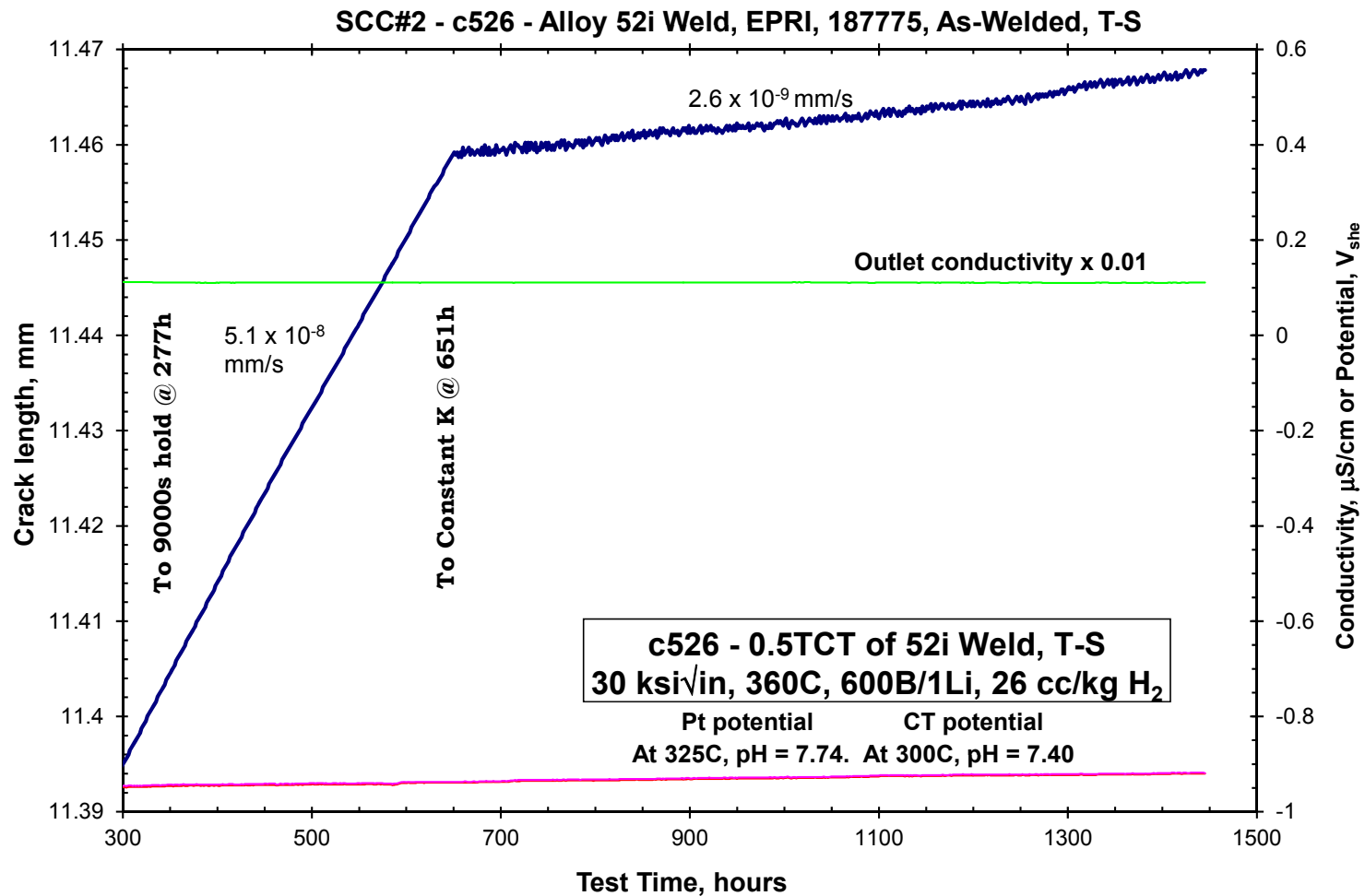
Low growth rate even when cycling with 9000s hold time

152 Weld – ANL, 146444



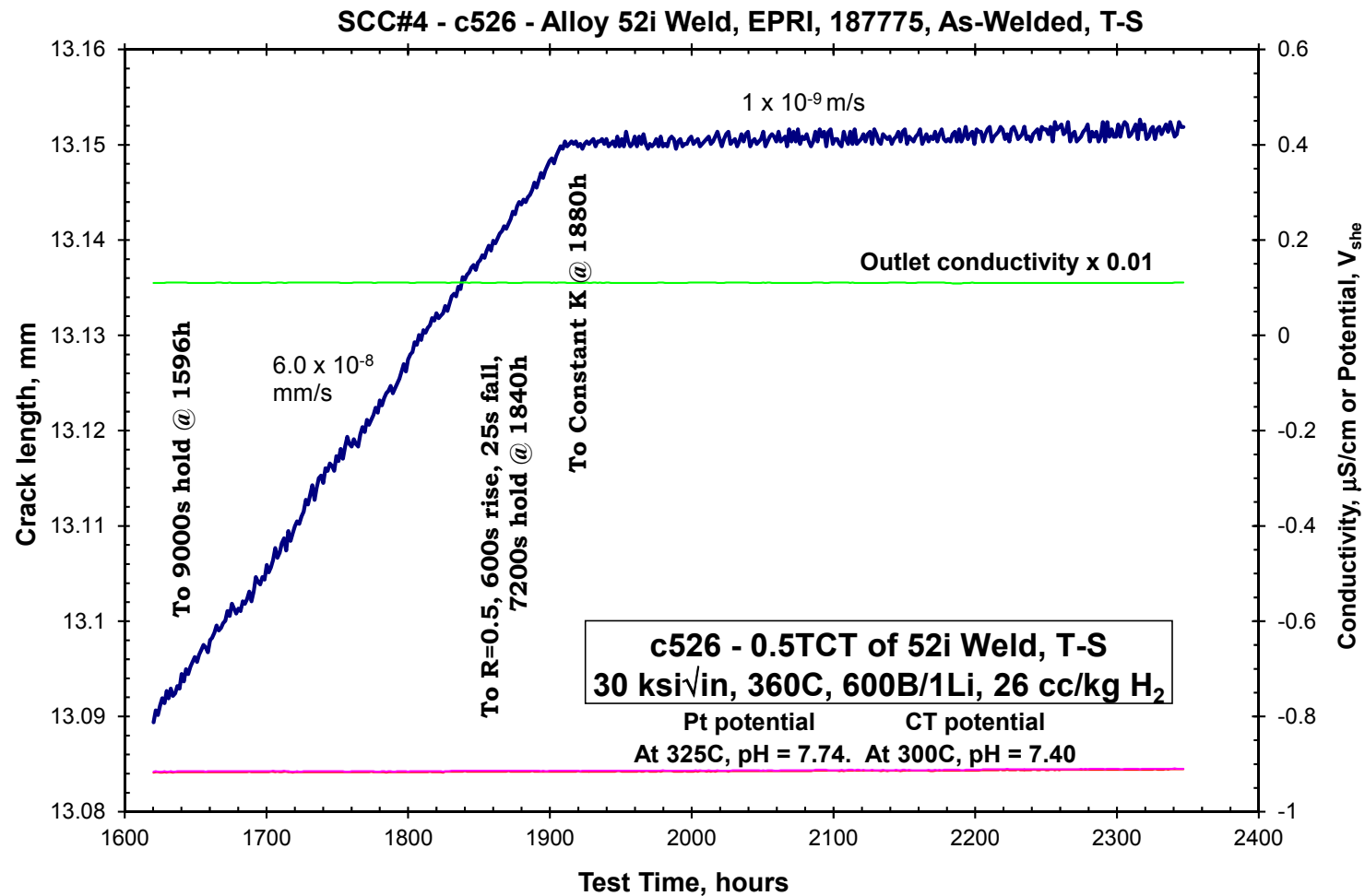
Low growth rate even when cycling with 9000s hold time

52i Weld – EPRI, 187775



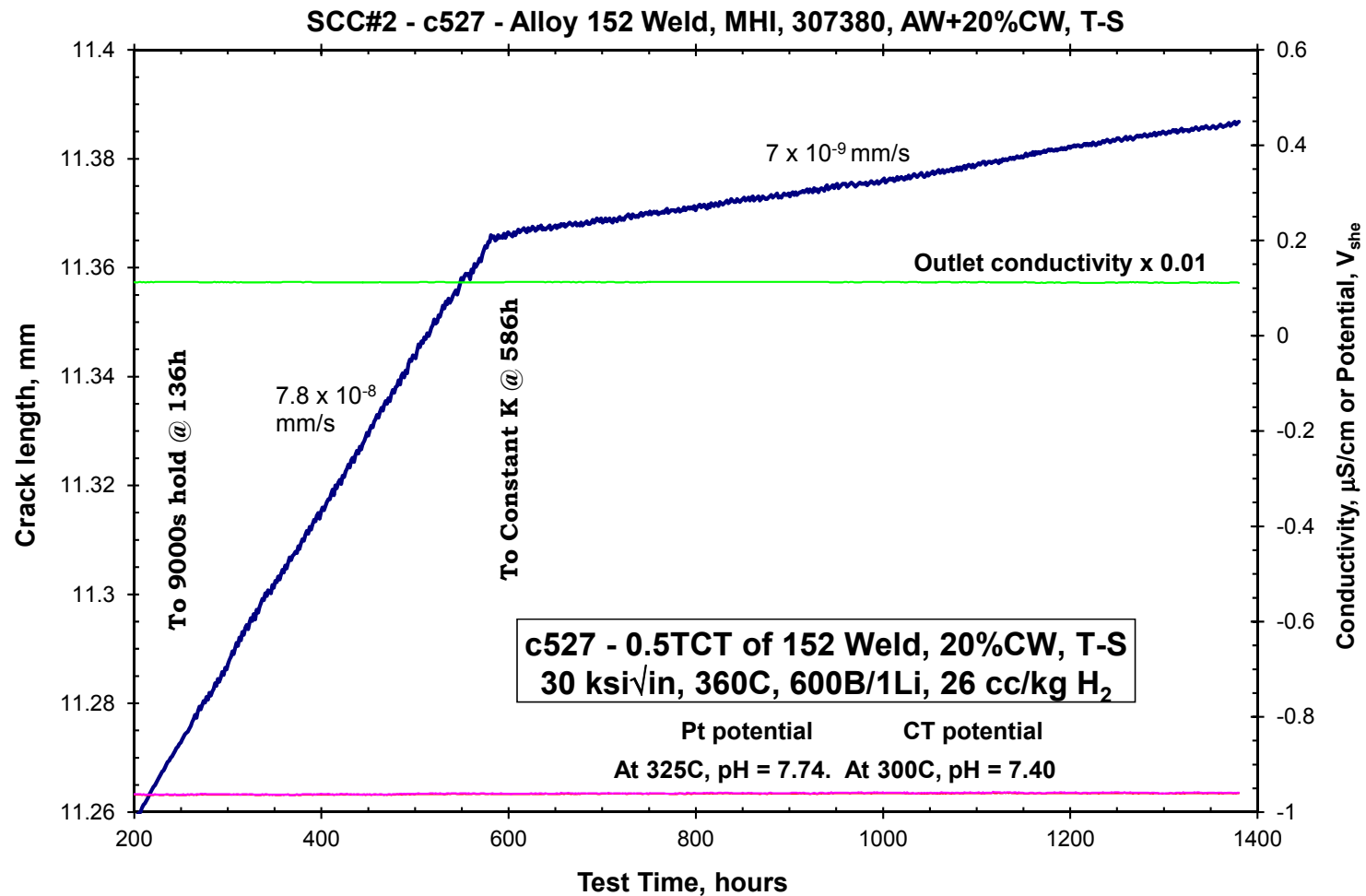
Low growth rate even when cycling with 9000s hold time

52i Weld – EPRI, 187775



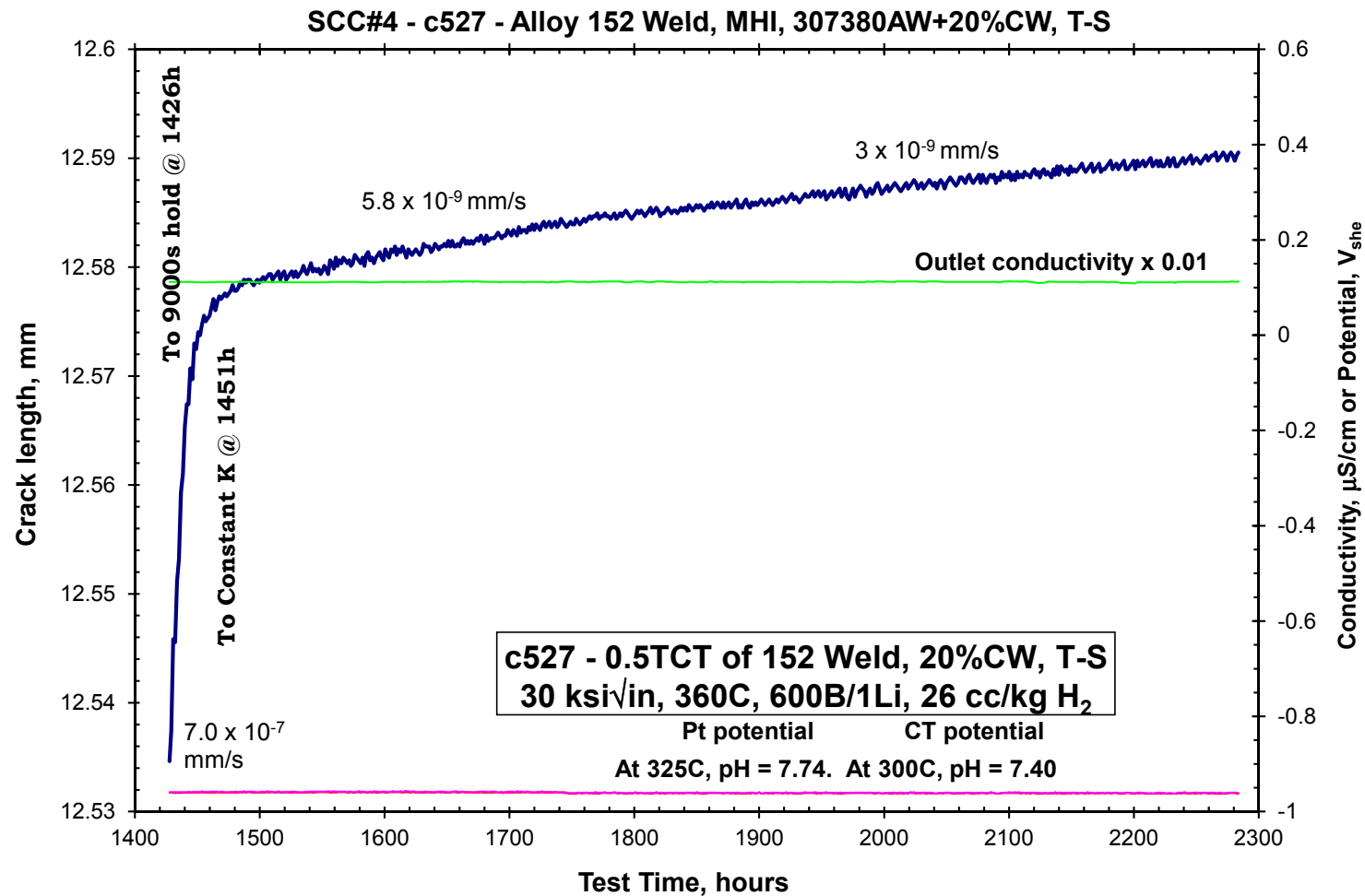
Low growth rate even when cycling with 9000s hold time

152 Weld – MHI, 307380 + 20% CW



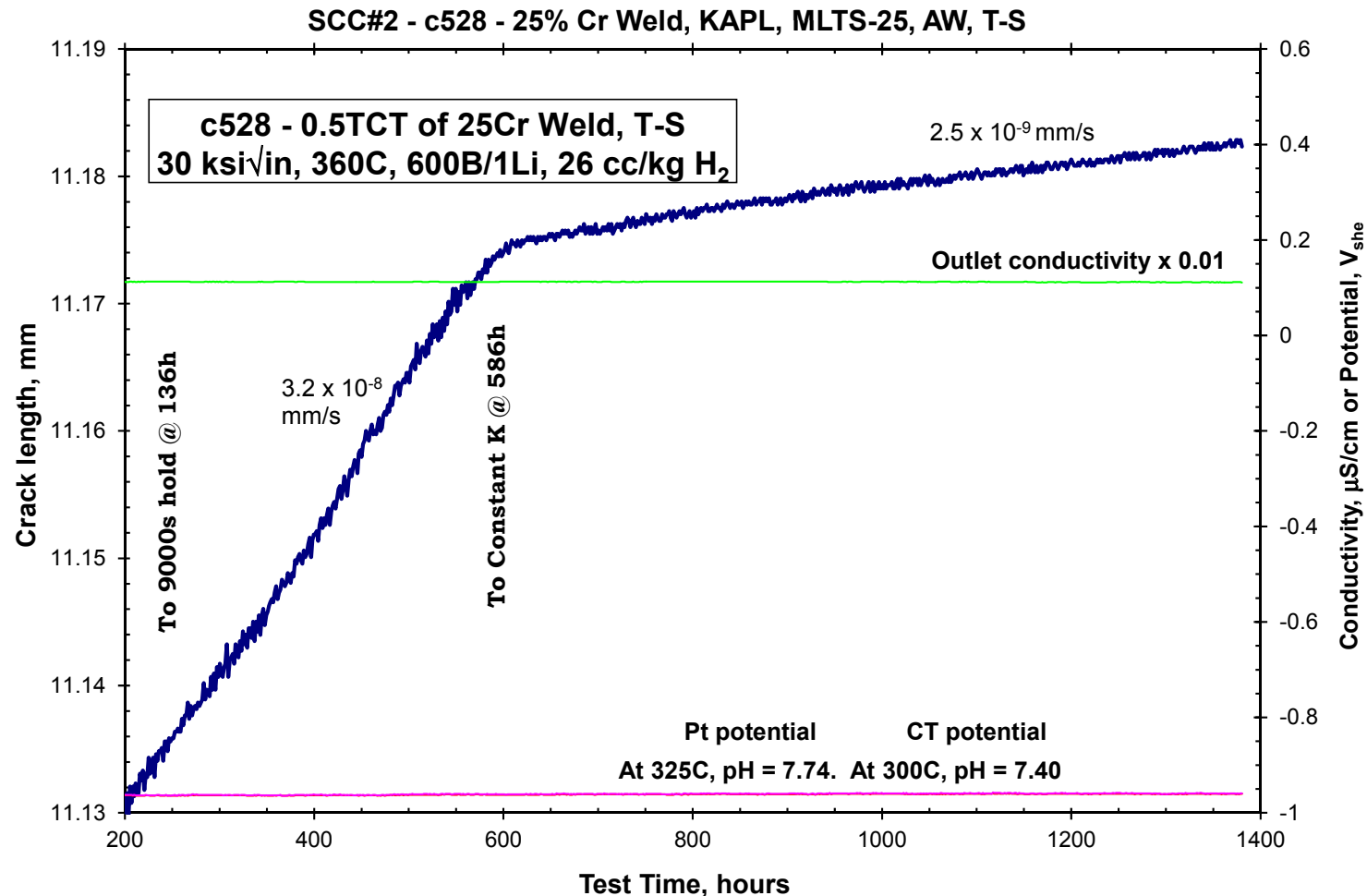
Low growth rate even when cycling with 9000s hold time

152 Weld – MHI, 307380 + 20% CW



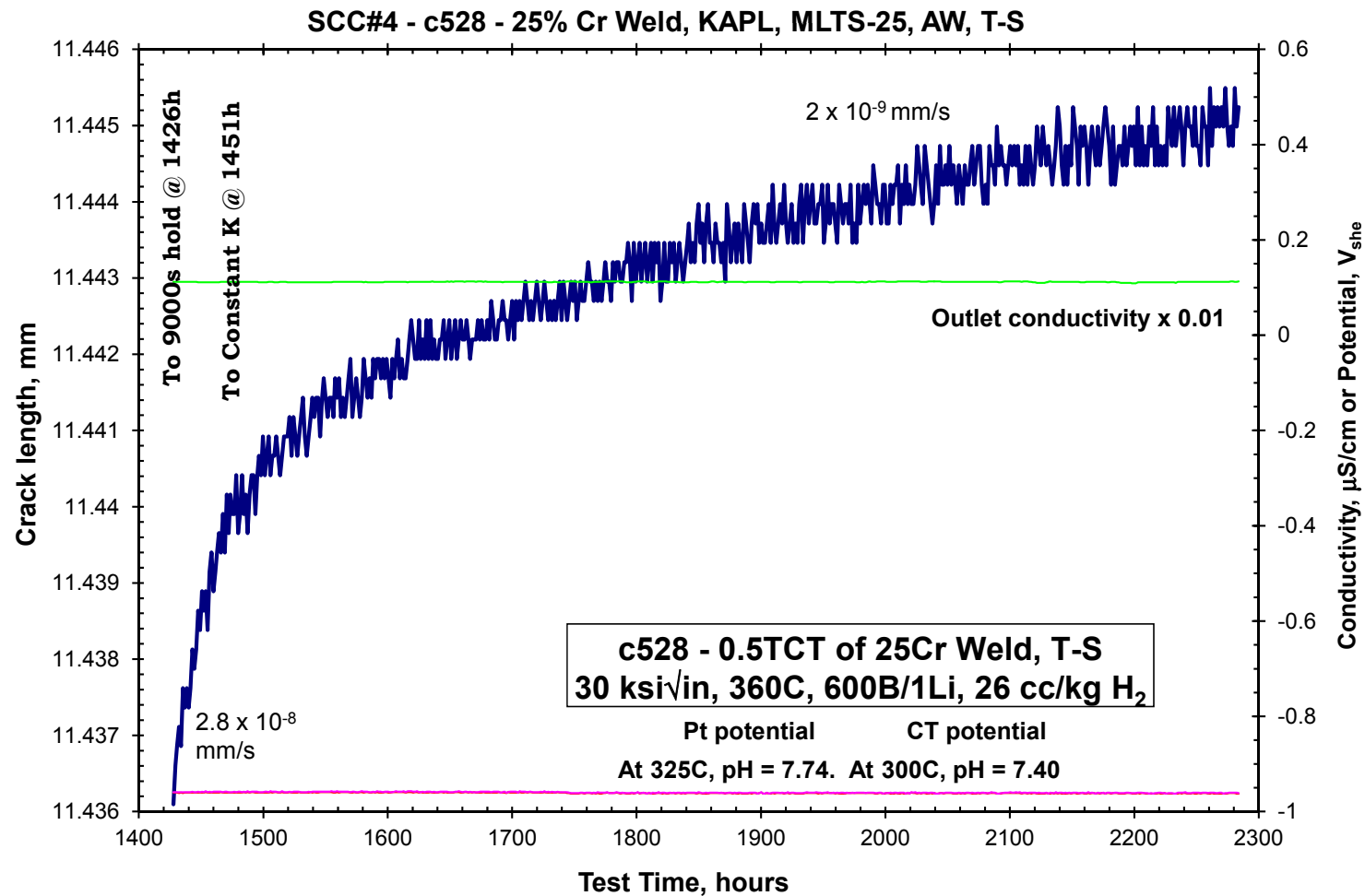
Low growth rate even when cycling with 9000s hold time

25% Cr Weld – KAPL, MLTS 25



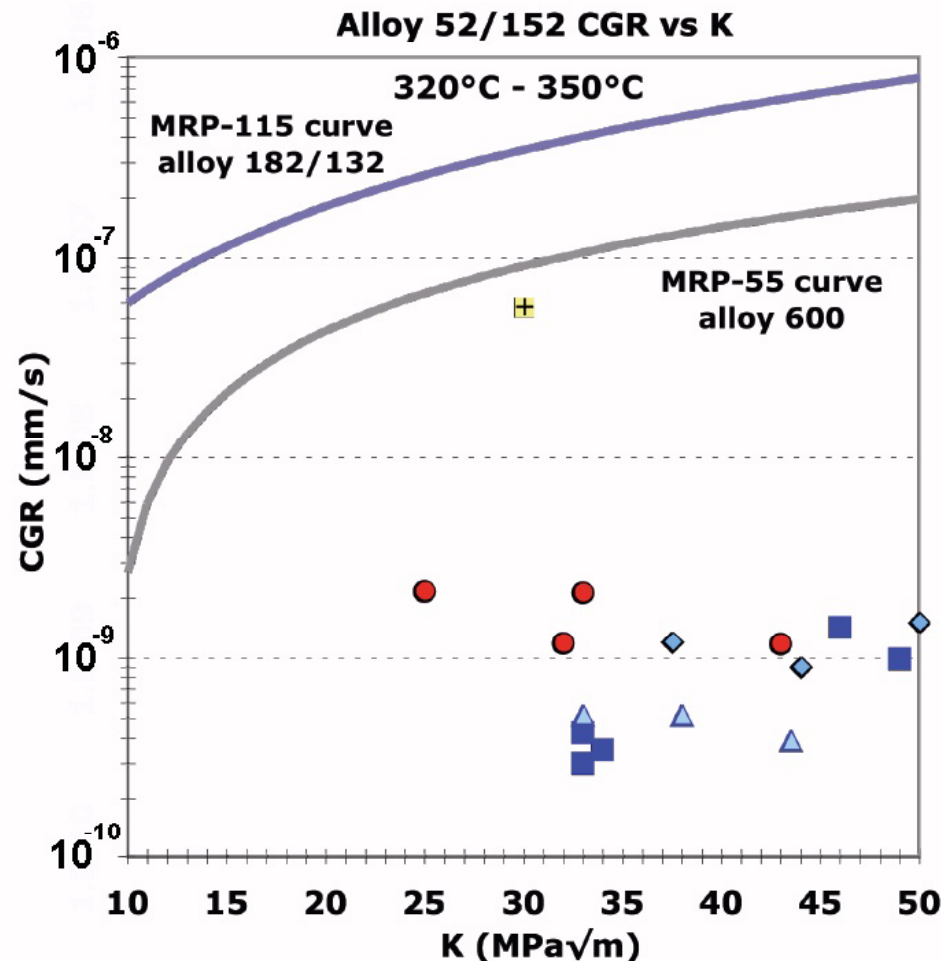
Low growth rate even when cycling with 9000s hold time

25% Cr Weld – KAPL, MLTS 25



Low growth rate even when cycling with 9000s hold time

Summary of Recent 52/152 Weld Metal



- alloy 152 MHI (PNNL)
 - ◆ alloy 52 MHI (PNNL)
 - ▲ alloy 52 AREVA (PNNL)
 - alloy 52M Ringhals inlay (PNNL)
 - ⊕ alloy 152 (ANL)
 - MRP-55 alloy 600
 - MRP-115 alloy 182/132
- ▶ PNNL tests on alloy 152, 52 and 52M weld metal show limited IGSCC and very low growth rates, $\leq 2 \times 10^{-9}$ mm/s at constant K.
 - ▶ Fractography indicates engaged (IG) CGR for alloy 152 is up to 3x the **average** CGR. The **maximum** CGR is up to 6x the **average** CGR. Even the “conservative maximum” rates are $< \sim 2 \times 10^{-8}$ mm/s.
 - ▶ Constant K SCC data on alloy 152/52/52M remains very limited.

Alloy 52/152 weld metal is clearly not immune but, with one exception, grows at slow rates in PWR primary water.

Conclusions

- *Many re-attempts to promote crack advance using extensive transitioning. CGR data at long hold time or constant K is low or very low.*
- *KAPL 52i and 152i with 27% Cr, and 25% Cr MLTS-25 also show very low CGR.*
- *Apart from weld with additional 20% cold work, no weld has exhibited a growth rate above $\sim 4 \times 10^{-9}$ mm/s*