HOPE CREEK GENERATING STATION

HC.OP-GP.ZZ-0005(Q) - Rev. 8

DRYWELL LEAKAGE SOURCE DETECTION

USE CATEGORY: II

•	Packages and Affected	Document Number	rs incorporated int	o this revision:		
	CP No.	CP Rev.	AD No	Rev No	None _	✓

- The following OPEX were incorporated into this revision: None
- The following OTSCs were incorporated into this revision: None

REVISION SUMMARY

- The description for Computer points A9317 and A9318 has bee corrected per 70093877. The description has been corrected for these points throughout the procedure. This is an editorial change. (70090815-0010)
- Breaks up Step 5.1.7 to have separate signoffs for each of the Drywell Unit Cooler Fans. This is a format change and editorial.
- Updates the title for the Operations Director throughout the procedure.

IMPLEMENTATION REQUIREMENTS

Effective Date 11/25/09

None

DRYWELL LEAKAGE SOURCE DETENTION

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1.0 PURPOSE

This procedure outlines the methods available to determine the source of an increase in Drywell Floor Drain (unidentified) or Equipment Drain (identified) leakage. This procedure specifies valves to backseat or close that may stop the leakage. It categorizes the effect of this valving on system operability and on Technical Specification Limited Conditions of Operation. This procedure also allows for the implementation of preplanned leak location and isolation actions as required by Technical Specification 3.4.3.2. Action e.

2.0 PREREQUISITES

- 2.1 Trended Drywell leakage data shows that leakage is increasing above a baseline leakage rate.
- 2.2 Operations Director authorization is required before performing Steps 5.2.3, 5.2.5 and 5.2.7 of this procedure.

3.0 PRECAUTIONS AND LIMITATIONS

3.1 Precautions

- 3.1.1. This procedure, once opened, will remain in effect until the Unit is in shutdown and/or the sources of all the unidentified leaks have been identified and repaired.
- 3.1.2. The Narrative Section should contain a discussion of the steps taken and the conclusion(s) drawn.
- 3.1.3. The Narrative Section should be expanded as necessary to trace steps taken and any conclusions drawn.
- 3.1.4. Attachment 4 will be used for the new monthly recurring task involving data collection for future trending.
- 3.1.5. **REFER** to applicable system operating procedures for guidance on operational impact when operating components addressed by this procedure.

3.2 Limitations

3.2.1. Technical Specifications 3.4.3.2 requires ACTION <u>WHEN</u> there is any PRESSURE BOUNDARY LEAKAGE

OR 5 gpm UNIDENTIFIED LEAKAGE OR 25 gpm IDENTIFIED LEAKAGE averaged over any 24 hr period OR a 2 gpm increase in UNIDENTIFIED LEAKAGE within any period of 24 hrs or less

OR 5 gpm leakage per nominal inch of valve size from any RCS Pressure Isolation Valve specified in Table 3.4.3.2-1 at rated pressure.

3.2.2. Technical Specifications paragraph 3.6.3 requires ACTION within 4 hours
 <u>WHEN</u> Primary Containment Isolation Valves are inoperable.
 This includes cases
 <u>WHEN</u> the valve isolation time is effected
 <u>AND</u> is not determined by surveillance test.

4.0 EQUIPMENT REQUIRED

None

That portion of unidentified leakage in the Drywell that can be identified as to its source and quantified by isolation techniques can be considered as identified leakage.

Once so identified, the leakage may be permitted to exist (within the limits defined by Tech Specs), by releasing the isolation measures if necessary to restore an isolated system to OPERABLE status where that system's associated TS ACTION would otherwise require a plant shutdown.

5.0 PROCEDURE

- 5.1 Generally Locating and Quantifying the Leak
 - 5.1.1. **RECORD** all data on Attachment 2 & 3 for future trending reference.
 - 5.1.2. **USE** the RM-11 Radiation Monitoring System terminal as necessary to produce daily, hourly, <u>OR</u> 10 minute trends of the following DLD System data:
 - A. DLD Floor Drain Flow RM-11 Point: 9AX314 _____
 - B. DLD Equipment Drain Flow 9AX313 _____
 - C. DLD Sum (Floor + Eq Drain) Flow 9AX319 ____
 - D. DLD Condensate Cooler Monitor Flow (DLD-CCM) Upper - 9AX317 Lower - 9AX318 Sum - 9AX320
 - E. DLD Noble Gas RMS (DLD-RMS) SK-RI4991 or 9RX507
 - 5.1.3. **CHECK** the following CRIDS Points for indication of leakage:
 - D2934 Recirc Pump Motor Cooler A Drain
 - D2935 Recirc Pump Motor Cooler B Drain

- 5.1.4. Using CRIDS Page Display 60, **OBTAIN** Drywell Area and Drywell Unit Cooler temperatures. <u>AND</u> **RECORD** data on Attachment 2.
 - A. **ANALYZE** the data with respect to the base line (<u>IF</u> a base line before the leak began is available), to determine the area(s) of the Drywell that may have a steam leak.
 - B. IF <u>necessary</u>, **USE** The following drawings to relate areas of the Drywell to equipment locations:
 - P&ID M-25-1; Sht 1, Plant Leak Detection
 - P&ID M-77-1, Drywell Air Flow Diagram
 - P&ID M-86-1, Drywell Control Diagram
 - P&ID M-87-1; Sht 2, Chilled Water System Rx Bldg & D/W Chilled Water
 - P-1702-1 thru 1708 Piping Area Drawing Rx Bldg Area 17 Plan El (various)
 - P-1711-1 thru 1713 Piping Area Drawing Rx Bldg Area 17 Section (various)
 - P-9170-1 HVAC Drawing Section Rx Bldg Area 17
 - P-9172-1 thru 9179 HVAC Area Dwg Rx Bldg Area 17 Plan EL (various)
 - C-0928-0 Cont Vessel Requirements D/W Penetrations Elev & Details
 - C. IF ____ necessary, **USE** P&ID drawing M-61-1 (Sht 1 & 2) to reference potential sources of Floor and Equipment Sump input in the Drywell.

Using Drywell Sump samples for leakage source determination may be unreliable. Variables such as leakage travel time to the sumps, the amount of leakage absorbed in pipe lagging, the Condensate flowpath for steam leaks to the sump, and the location of the leak are all potential contributors to sample unreliability.

- 5.1.5. **CONSIDER** the following sources while attempting to identify <u>AND</u> quantify the unidentified leakage:
 - Chilled Water monitoring Head Tank assuming no other leaks. _____
 - RACS monitoring Head Tank assuming no other leaks.
 - CRD Chemistry sampling, analysis. [70035920]
 - Reactor Coolant Chemistry sampling, analysis.

NOTE

By systematically stopping D/W Unit Cooler Fans and monitoring DLD-CCM flow and D/W Floor Drain flow, the approximate sector and elevation of the leak may be determined. That is, if one D/W Cooler is drawing a suction from the area of the steam leak and then is secured, the CCM and Floor Drain flow will noticeably decrease until the steam diffuses to other areas and other D/W Coolers.

Attachment 1 should be referred to for Drywell Unit Cooler approximate locations and M-77-1, for Drywell Air Flow Diagram.

- 5.1.6. WH<u>EN</u> securing the Drywell Cooling Unit Fans, **ENSURE** that the Drywell average air temperature does not exceed 135°F as specified in Technical Specification 3.6.1.7.
 - A. **SETUP** Plant Historian to record the following points within the following graphs:

Graph #1	A9313 DWED flow A9314 DWFD flow A9317 Upper Condensate Cooler flow A9318 Lower CC Flow
Graph #2	A2264 thru A2266, A2273 Local D/W Temperatures
Graph #3	A2267, A2269, A2270, A2271 Local D/W Temperatures
Graph #4	A2279 thru A2285 Local D/W Temperatures
Graph #5	A2272, A2274 thru A2278, A2286, A2287 Local D/W Temperatures

B. **SECURE** BOTH the X1 and X2 fans at the same time <u>AND</u> **RECORD** Historian time. Expect Condensate Cooler and D/W Floor Drains flows to increase.

(continued on next page)

5.1.6 (continued)

- C. **MONITOR** average D/W temperature, pressure (SPDS and hardwire), local D/W temperatures when securing fans. **RESTORE** fans if local temperatures exceed 225°F.
- D. Floor Drain flow increases > 5 gpm <u>OR</u> drain flow > 2 gpm in 24 hours may occur during evolution and has occurred in the past and is attributed to the change in dp in the fan's drain lines. As the dp drops to 0 psig, water that was held in the drain pan of the fan by the dp will drain rapidly giving indication of high flows for several minutes. <u>IF</u> these flow values do not return to within Tech Spec after the fans have been placed back in service, THEN ENTER the appropriate Tech Spec.
- E. **MONITOR** SRV tailpipe temperature while D/W Fans are secured.
- F. After fans are restored **PERFORM** the following:
 - 1. **RECORD** historian time.
 - 2. **WAIT** 15 minutes <u>AND</u> **PRINT** Histroian graphs No. 1, 2 and 3.
 - 3. **MARK-UP** graphs with start and stop times <u>AND</u> which fans were secured.
- G. VERFIY DWFD and DWED CC flows have been returned to pre-evolution values and have stablized.
 EVALUATE any deviations against Tech Specs prior to proceeding.
- H. **WAIT** 30 60 minutes before repating for the next fan, unless steady state values are determined by the shift are achived sooner.
- I. **LOG** actions <u>AND</u> responses in the Attachment 3; Narrative Sheet.
 - Fan Identification X1 / X2
 - Historian time fan secured
 - Historian time fan started

5.1.7. STOP each Drywell Unit Cooler AVH-212 through DVH-212 one at a time, for approximately 15 minutes each and <u>THEN</u> RESTART the fans. MONITOR noticeable dip in Drywell unidentified leakage (DLD-CCM or Floor Drain) <u>WHEN</u> the fans are first stopped. STOP each pair of Drywell Unit Cooler Fans EVH- 212/FVH-212, and GHV-212/HVH-212 (shared suction lines). MONITOR for a noticeable dip in Drywell unidentified leakage (DLD-CCM or Floor Drain) <u>WHEN</u> the fans are first stopped.

Lower D/W Coolers

- AVH-212
- BVH-212
- CVH-212
- DVH-212

Upper D/W Coolers

- EVH-212 and FVH-212
- GVH-212 and HVH-212

Drywell Sump sample analysis attempts to determine whether the source of leakage is Reactor water or not by determining whether the sample contains short lived isotopes.

Drywell Sump sample analysis cannot accurately indicate the percentage of Reactor coolant (short lived isotopes) in the sample.

Using Drywell Sump samples for leakage source determination may be unreliable. Variables such as leakage travel time to the sumps, the amount of leakage absorbed in pipe lagging, the Condensate flowpath for steam leaks to the sump, and the location of the leak are all potential contributors to sample unreliability.

The leakage will be Reactor steam, high temp Reactor water that will flash to steam, RACS water, TB Chilled Water, CRD water, CST water (HPCI or RCIC Jockey Pump or ECCS keep fill), or Torus Water (ECCS Jockey Pump).

5.1.8. **PERFORM** the following to obtain samples:

- REQUEST Radiation Protection draw a Marinelli Flask sample of the Drywell atmosphere from the Plant Leak Detection (SK) Skid on Rx Bldg El 162' <u>AND</u> DELIVER to Chemistry Count Room for analysis.
- REQUEST Chemistry obtain a sample of the Floor or Equipment Drain Sump effluent <u>AND</u> perform Count Room analysis.
 REFER to Attachment 5 for guidance. [70035836]

Section 5.2 deals with valve manipulations that may stop D/W Floor Drain leakage. The system valves can be worked in any sequence. The sequence should be governed by:

- The area in the Drywell that has been determined to have leakage based on the analysis performed in Step 5.1.5.
- The system that is leaking based on the analysis performed in Step 5.1.7.

5.2 Valving to Stop Leakage to the Floor Drain Sump

5.2.1. **RECORD** all data on Attachments 2 & 3 for future trending reference.

<u>NOTE</u>

Operations Director concurrence is required before performing Step 5.2.3.

5.2.2. Prior to performing Step 5.2.3, **OBTAIN** Operations Director concurrence.

Operations Director

Date/Time

CAUTION

Once these valves are backseated, restoration or stroke timing will cause a system impact. System Operating Procedure should be referred to.

- 5.2.3. **ATTEMPT** to isolate a possible valve stem packing leak by backseating the normally open valves listed below. These valves are not containment isolation valves and are not required to automatically operate. ALLOW approx. 30 minutes between valve manipulation to observe the trend of the leakage data in Step 5.2.2. IF after all listed valves in a system are backseated AND there is no observed decrease in D/W leakage after approx. one hour. **RESTORE** the valves to normal operation. Α.
 - **RWCU System Valves**
 - BG-HV-F100
 - BG-HV-F101
 - BG-HV-F102
 - BG-HV-F106

CAUTION

Operation of AE-HV-F011A & B may cause Feedwater and/or Reactor Vessel Transients.

- Β. Feedwater Valves that are Red-Tagged Open
 - AE-HV-F011A
 - AE-HV-F011B
- C. Main Steam, Head Vent to Main Steam Line A
 - AB-HV-F005

(continued on next page)

5.2.3 (continued)

CAUTION

Backseating of a Recirculation Pump Suction or Discharge valve may cause a Recirculation Pump Trip.

Once a Recirc Pump suction or discharge valve is backseated, restoration will cause a Recirc Pump trip or full runback.

- D. Recirc Pump Suction & Discharge Valves
 - BB-HV-F023A
 - BB-HV-F023B
 - BB-HV-F031A
 - BB-HV-F031B

<u>NOTE</u>

Operations Director concurrence is required before performing Step 5.2.5.

5.2.4. Prior to performing Step 5.2.5, **OBTAIN** Operations Director concurrence.

Operations Director

Date/Time

Primary Containment Isolation Valves are required to close on an isolation signal. During this activity Technical Specification 3/4.6.3 shall be complied with.

<u>CAUTION</u>

Once these valves are backseated, restoration or stroke timing will cause a system impact. System Operating Procedure should be referred to.

5.2.5.	ATT back one leak <u>IF</u> at in D	EMPT to isolate a possible valve stem packing leak by kseating the normally open valves listed below. Backseat of the listed valves below <u>AND</u> OBSERVE the trend of the kage data in Step 5.2.2. fter approximately 30 minutes there is no observed decrease /W leakage, RESTORE the valve to normal operation.	
	Α.	Main Steam, Inboard MSIV Before Seat Drain	
		• AB-HV-F016	
	В.	RWCU Inboard Isolation Valve	
		• BG-HV-F001	
	C.	RACS Supply & Return for Recirc Motor & Seal	
		• ED-HV-2554	
		• ED-HV-2556	
	D.	Drywell Chilled Water Isolation Valves	
		• GB-HV-9531B-1	
		• GB-HV-9531B-2	
		• GB-HV-9531B-3	
		• GB-HV-9531B-4	

(continued on next page)

5.2.5 (Continued)

- E. RCIC Steam Line Inboard Isolation Valves [**PERFORM** Section 5.2.7 (closing) first]
 - FC-HV-F007
 - FC-HV-F076
- F. HPCI Steam Line Inboard Isolation Valves [**PERFORM** Section 5.2.7 (closing) first]
 - FD-HV-F002
 - FD-HV-F100

<u>NOTE</u>

Operations Director concurrence is required before performing Step 5.2.7.

5.2.6. Prior to performing Step 5.2.7, **OBTAIN** Operations Director concurrence.

Operations Director

Date/Time

The valves in Section 5.2.3 can also be closed to stop a leak in the Drywell, but with varying operational consequences.

Technical Specifications should be complied with when closing valves in this step.

<u>CAUTION</u>

All valve operations should be IAW applicable system operating procedure.

<u>IF</u> Drywell leakage is not decreased in approximately 30 minutes after closing the following valves by system, open the valve to return the system to operation.

- 5.2.7. **CLOSE** the following valves by system as necessary for approximately 30 min. and <u>THEN</u> **REOPEN**. Stem and bonnet leakage in a valve can be stopped by closing the valve with the downstream side depressurized.
 - A. Main Steam, Inboard MSIV Before Seat Drain
 - AB-HV-F016
 - B. RCIC Steam Line Inboard Isolation Valves
 - FC-HV-F007
 - FC-HV-F076
 - C. HPCI Steam Line Inboard Isolation Valves
 - FD-HV-F002
 - FD-HV-F100

Since each Drywell Unit Cooler has a Chilled Water Supply Valve to each coil, it is easy to isolate a suspected coil leak with little operational impact. The DLD-CCM should be monitoring the leakage to the Floor Drain Sump unless the leak is not collected with the condensate from the coil. <u>IF</u> the DLD-CCM measures the leakage, then the leaking coil is narrowed down to either the upper or lower unit coolers.

5.2.8.	CLOSE each of the following D/W Unit Cooler Chilled Water
	Isolation Valves as necessary for approximately 30 min and
	THEN REOPEN the valve.
	MONITOR for a decrease in D/W unidentified leakage
	(DLD-CCM or Floor Drain).

A.	Lower D/W Coolers (Lower DLD-CCM) BVH-212	AVH-212	GB-HV-9510A1 GB-HV-9510A2 GB-HV-9510B1
	CVH-212		GB-HV-9510B2 GB-HV-9510C1
	DVH-212		GB-HV-9510C2 GB-HV-9510D1 GB-HV-9510D2
B. (Ut	Upper D/W Coolers	EVH-212	GB-HV-9510E1 GB-HV-9510E2
(-)		FVH-212	GB-HV-9510F1 GB-HV-9510F2
		GVH-212	GB-HV-9510G1
		HVH-212	GB-HV-9510H1 GB-HV-9510H2

NOTE	

Operations Director concurrence is required before performing Step 5.2.10.

5.2.9. Prior to performing Step 5.2.10, **OBTAIN** Operations Director concurrence.

Operations Director

Date

<u>CAUTION</u>

This section deals with actions that will lead to a plant shutdown or cause single loop operation until restoration is made. Therefore, these actions may be useful in preparing for the drywell entry to look for the leak while the plant is headed toward cold shutdown.

All valve operations should be IAW applicable system operating procedure.

- 5.2.10. **CLOSE** the following valves as necessary for system isolation <u>AND</u> leak detection:
 - A. RWCU System

After removing the RWCU System from service the Drywell RWCU piping can be isolated by closing the following valves. The system can then be vented from outside the Drywell to depressurize the piping.

BG-HV-F100 _____

BG-HV-F106 _____

BG-HV-F101 _____

BG-HV-F102 _____

BG-HV-F039 _____

<u>IF</u> Drywell leakage does not decrease after one hour the system may be restored to operation.

Continued next page

5.2.10 (continued)

<u>NOTE</u>

The Recirc Pump suction and discharge valves are double disc gate valves, a stem packing or bonnet leak can be stopped by closing the valve. Step 5.2.3 (backseating of these valves) should have been performed first. <u>IF</u> there is still leakage, <u>THEN</u> a suspected bonnet leak or a suspected stem packing leak coincident with a leaking backseat would be stopped by performing Step 5.2.10.B.

CAUTION

Recirculation Pump Suction or Discharge valve(s) < 90% open will cause a Recirc Pump trip.

To prevent overpressurization of Recirc Pump suction piping and pump casing, the applicable Recirc Pump seal purge flow should be secured prior to closing valves BB-HV-F023A & BB-HV-F031A (BB-HV-F023B & BB-HV-F031B).

B. Recirc System

1.	REMOVE a Recirculation Pump from service
	IAW HC.OP-SO.BB-0002(Q).

- 2. **REFER TO** CAUTION 5.2.10.
- 3. **CLOSE** the appropriate loop valves below <u>AND</u> **OBSERVE** Drywell leakage.
 - A Recirc Pump

BB-HV-F023A Pump A Suct Valve

BB-HV-F031A Pump A Disch Valve

B Recirc Pump

BB-HV-F023B Pump B Suct Valve

BB-HV-F031B Pump B Disch Valve

This section deals with the limited actions that can be done to troubleshoot the source of D/W Equipment Drain leakage.

5.3 D/W Equipment Drain Sump (Identified) Leakage High

- 5.3.1. **RECORD** all data on Attachments 2 & 3 for future trending reference.
- 5.3.2. Using the following CRIDS points **DETERMINE** if Recirculation Pump seal stage flow <u>OR</u> leakage is high:
 - D2924, Recirc Pump A Seal Leakage Flow
 - D2925, Recirc Pump B Seal Leakage Flow
 - D2926, Recirc Pump A Seal Stage Flow
 - D2927, Recirc Pump B Seal Stage Flow

<u>NOTE</u>

D/W Equipment Drain Sump Chilled Water Cooling Coil has dual supply capability from either the A or B Chilled Water Loops.

5.3.3. **SWAP** D/W Chilled Water to the opposite loop.

NOTE

The following valves have Miller actuators. The Manual Override Hydraulic Pump BYPASS and NEEDLE valves should be left in the OPEN position to allow normal actuator operation for the following valves (IAW VTD PP326A-0203)

H1GB-GB-HV-9511A1 H1GB-GB-HV-9511A2 H1GB-GB-HV-9511B1 H1GB-GB-HV-9511B2

- 5.3.4. **ISOLATE** Coil Supply and Return Isolation Valves to determine <u>IF</u> coil is leaking using the following valves. (Panel 10C650)
 - HV-9511 A1/A2 Loop A Supply and Return
 - HV-9511 B1/B2 Loop B Supply and Return
 - A. **MONITOR** Drywell leakage. <u>IF</u> there is no decrease in leakage after approximately 1 hour, Chilled Water can be returned to the original loop.

<u>NOTE</u>

The following RHR normally closed valves supply the Drywell Spray Header. The header is kept dry using a hard piped drain to the Equipment Drain Sump. Leakage through both RHR valves would pass directly to the sump.

BC-HV-F016A AND BC-HV-F021A

BC-HV-F016B AND BC-HV-F021B.

5.3.5. **MONITOR** Temperature Recorder TR-R614, Point TE-B21-N064 on Panel 10C650 for evidence of leaking through the normally closed Head Vent Valves BB-HV-F001 and BB-HV-F002.

6.0 RECORDS

- 6.1 **RETAIN** the following IAW RM-AA-101; Records Management Program:
 - Entire procedure (with the exception of the Attachment 1 Drywell Unit Cooler Location)
 - Historian graphs

7.0 REFERENCES

- 7.1 **<u>P&IDs</u>**:
 - M-25-1; Sh 1
 - M-53-1
 - M-41-1
 - M-61-1
 - M-43-1
 - M-77-1
 - M-44-1
 - M-86-1
 - M-51-1
 - M-87-1; Sh 2

7.2 **Piping Drawings:**

- P-1702-1 thru P-1713-1
- P-9170-1 thru P-9179-1 (HVAC Dwgs)

7.3 Civil Drawing:

• 7C-0928-0

7.4 Letters:

- Letter from R.W. Beckwith (Station Licensing Engineer) to Bill O'Malley (Operating Engineer); Subject: Identified/Unidentified Leakage Dated: September 12, 1990
- HSR-91-036 SRG Review of the Drywell Unidentified Leakage Investigation Preceding the November 4, 1990 Scram.

7.5 Commitment Documents

- CD-921E
- CD-191F

7.6 Other Documents

- 70035920
- 70035836 added Attachment 5; Leakage Source Determination Guideline

ATTACHMENT 1 DRYWELL UNIT COOLER LOCATION

<u>NOTES</u>

AVH-212 THROUGH DVH-212

DRYWELL UNIT COOLERS SUCTIONS ARE AT THE COOLERS.

EVH-212 & FVH-212

DRYWELL UNIT COOLERS SHARE A COMMON SUCTION WHICH DRAWS FROM 170' EL. AND UPPER DRYWELL HEAD AREA VOLUME ABOVE DIAPHRAGM AZ 180° TO 360°

GVH-212 & HVH-212

DRYWELL UNIT COOLERS SHARE A COMMON SUCTION WHICH DRAWS FROM 170' EL. AND UPPER DRYWELL HEAD VOLUME ABOVE DIAPHRAGM AZ 0° TO 180°

SEE P&ID M-77-1



ATTACHMENT 2 DATA COLLECTION SHEET DRYWELL LEAKAGE SOURCE DETECTION

DATE _____

STEP PARAMETER(S)	TIME/INTERVALS								

NOTE - **ENSURE** Attachment 3 is completed in conjunction with this Data Table.

ATTAC	HMENT 3
NARRAT	IVE SHEET
Page	of

		0	
NAME:	DATE:		_
REASON FOR TAK	KING DATA:		
STEPS TAKEN/CO	NCLUSIONS DRAWN:		

ATTACHMENT 3 NARRATIVE SHEET Page of

ATTACHMENT 4 MONTHLY DATA TRENDING SHEET

Date _____

Reason for Taking Data

F							
DRYWELL TEMPERATURE (SPI	DS)5070						
#FANS	I/S		INLET		OUTLET		
DRYWELL COOLER TEMP A		A3261			A32	69	
DRYWELL COOLER TEMP B		A3262			A32	70	
DRYWELL COOLER TEMP C		A3263			A32	71	
DRYWELL COOLER TEMP D	A326				A32	72	
DRYWELL COOLER TEMP E	A3265		A		A32	73	
DRYWELL COOLER TEMP F	A3266				A32	74	
DRYWELL COOLER TEMP G		A3267			A32	75	
DRYWELL COOLER TEMP H	A3268				A3276		
DRYWELL FLOOR DRAIN SUMP	9314						
DRYWELL EQUIP DRAIN SUMP	9313						
COOLER COND MONITOR (CCM) (RM11)			9318				
COOLER COND MONITOR (CCM) (RM11)			9317	SUM			
CORE FLOW	(CRIDS)	A3190		A	A3189	
			A208 A2	09			
RX RECIRC LOOP FLOW (CRIDS))	A210		A	A211	
RECIRC PMP MOTOR CLR	(CRIDS)		D2934 D2935				
	FI-603A-C32						
	FI-603B-C32						
STEAM FLOW	FI-603C-C32						
	FI-603D-C32						

ATTACHMENT 5 Page 1 of 1 LEAKAGE SOURCE DETERMINATION GUIDELINE

Source Xe-135	Noble Gas 9.1h Xe-135m 15.3m	Tritium H-3 12.3a	Short Lived Na 15h TC-99 6h I-133 21h	Long Lived MN-54 312d Co-58 71d Co-60 5.3a Zn-65 244d	
Main Steam	Yes	Yes	No	No	
Reactor Water	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Feedwater No		Yes	No	No	
CRD No		Yes	No	No	
Torus No		Yes	No	Yes	
SACS No		No	No	No	
Chilled Water	No	No	No	No	

When samples of the Drywell atmosphere taken from the DLD skid are analyxed, short-lived non-condensable gases like Xenon and Krypton indicate leakage from the Reactor or Main Steam System. The steam generated by these leaks would be condensed by the Room Coolers and directed to the Floor Drain Sump. The Tritium would be transported in the steam and show up in the sump as well. A significant fraction of the remaining impurities would also be transported to the sump

Feedwater and CRD are basically the same water except at different temperatures. A Feedwater leak would produce steam, which would condense in the Room Coolers and transport Tritium into the Floor Drain Sump. While some CRD would be absorbed by the Drywell atmosphere and removed by the coolers, the majority would go directly to the sump.

Torus water will contain Tritium and long lived activity.

SACS and Chilled Water leaks would not contain radionuclides.

REFER to M-61-1 for inputs to sumps.