

Entergy Nuclear Operations, Inc. Vermont Yankee 320 Governor Hunt Rd. Vernon, VT 05354 Tel 802 257 7711

Michael J. Colomb Site Vice President

BVY 10-072

December 22, 2010

ATTN: Document Control Desk U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission Washington, DC 20555-0001

SUBJECT:

Licensee Event Report 05000271/2010-002-00, Inoperability of Main Steam Safety

Relief Valves due to Degraded Thread Seals Vermont Yankee Nuclear Power Station

Docket No. 50-271 License No. DPR-28

Dear Sir or Madam:

As defined by 10 CFR 50.73(a)(2)(i)(B), we are submitting the attached Licensee Event Report, LER 05000271/2010-002-00, for an occurrence that was determined to be reportable on October 25, 2010.

There are no new regulatory commitments contained within this correspondence.

Should you have any questions concerning this letter, please contact Mr. Robert J. Wanczyk at (802) 451-3166.

Sincerely,

[MJC/JMD]

Attachment: LER 05000271/2010-002-00, Inoperability of Main Steam Safety Relief Valves due to

Degraded Thread Seals

cc list:

(next page)

I EDD NICK cc:

William M. Dean Region 1 Administrator U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission 475 Allendale Road King of Prussia, PA 19406-1415

Mr. James S. Kim, Project Manager Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission Washington, DC 20555

USNRC Resident Inspector Vermont Yankee Nuclear Power Station 320 Governor Hunt Road Vernon, VT 05354

Mr. David O'Brien, Commissioner VT Department of Public Service 112 State Street, Drawer 20 Montpelier, VT 05620-2601

IRC Form 366 U.S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION						APF	PROVE	D BY	OMB:	NO	. 3150	-0104	** .	EXPI	RES 1	0/31/2013	
LICENSEE EVENT REPORT (LER)							Estimated burden per response to comply with this mandatory collection request: 80 hours. Reported lessons learned are incorporated into the licensing process and fed back to industry. Send comments regarding burden estimate to the Records and FOIA/Privacy Service Branch (T-5 F55), U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Washington, DC 20555-0001, or by internet e-mail to infocollects@nrc.gov, and to the Desk Officer, Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, NEOB-10202, (3150-0104), Office of Management and Budget, Washington, DC 20503. If a means used to impose an information collection does not display a currently valid OMB control number, the NRC may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, the information collection.										
1. FACILITY NAME							2. DOCKET NUMBER						3. PAGE				
Vermont Yankee Nuclear Power Station								05000271						1 of 3			
4. TITLE																	
Inoperability of Main Steam Safety Relief Valves due to Degraded Thread Seals																	
5. EVENT DATE				6. LER NUMBER			7. REPORT DATE			Œ					LITIES INVOLVED		
ИТИОМ	DAY YEAR YEAR		SEQUENTIAL REVISION NUMBER NUMBER		MON	νтн	DAY	AY YEAR		٠.	FACILITY NAME N/A			DÖCKET NUMBER			
10	25	2010	2010	002	- 00	1:	2			2010		FACILITY NAME N/A			DOCKET NUMBER		
9. OPEF	ATING	MODE	<u> </u>	11 THIS DEDO	DT IS SHEMIT	TED (IIANT	TO T	HE DEC	<u>_</u>		IN ST		· (Chec	y all #	nat apply)
	11. THIS REPORT IS SUBMITTED PURSUANT TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF 10 CFR §: (Check all that apply) 20.2201(b)																
		N		20.2201(d)									☐ 50.73(a)(2)(viii)(A)				
		•		□ 20.2203(a)(1) □ 20.2203(a)(4) □ 50.73(a)(2)(ii)(B) □ 50.73(a)(2)(viii)(B)						•							
			•		20.2203(a)(2)(i)				= ' =					0.73(a)(2)(ix)(A)			
10. POV	/ER LE\	/EL		20.2203(a)(2)		50.36(
				20.2203(a)(2)				'')\ <i>(</i> ~)	50.73(a)(2)(v)(A)								
	1	100		20.2203(a)(2)(iii)								73.71(a)(5)					
				20.2203(a)(2)(v)				•					☐ °	OTHER			
☐ 20.2203(a)(2)(vi) ☐ 50.73(a)(2)(i)(B) ☐ 50.73(a)(2)(v)(D) 12. LICENSEE CONTACT FOR THIS LER																	
FACILIT	TY NAMI	E					•					T	ELEP	HONE NUI	MBER (I	nclude	Area Code)
	Chris Wamser, General Manager Plant Operations (802) 257-7711																
			13. CON	IPLETE ONE LINE	FOR EACH C	OMP	ONEN	IT FAIL	URE	DESCF	RIBE	D IN T	HIS R	EPORT			
CAUSE	SYST	гем с	OMPONENT	MANUFACTURER	REPORTABLE TO EPIX		CA	USE	SYS	тем	COMPONENT		NT	MANUFAC	TURER	REPO	RTABLE TO EPIX
В	SI	В	RV	C747	Yes	1.0											
14. SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT EXPECTED									15. EXPECTED				MONTH	DA	·Υ	YEAR	
☑ YES (If Yes, complete EXPECTED SUBMISSION DATE). □ NO									SUBI D	MISS			03	0	1	2011	
ABSTR	ACT (Lin	nit to 1400) spaces, i.e.,	approximately 15 sir	ngle-spaced type	written l	lines)									,	
During the 2010 refueling outage, the pneumatic actuators for the four main steam safety relief valves (RV), RV-																	
				ested and leake													•

During the 2010 refueling outage, the pneumatic actuators for the four main steam safety relief valves (RV), RV-2-71-A, B, C & D, were tested and leakage was identified through the shaft to piston thread seal on three of the four RVs. This leakage, when combined with the RV accumulator leakage, caused two of the four RVs to not meet design actuation requirements and therefore be considered inoperable. Technical Specification (TS) 3.6.D requires at least three of the four RVs to be operable for overpressure protection of the Reactor Coolant System and TS 3.5.F requires all four RVs to be operable to support the Automatic Depressurization System (ADS) function of the Core Standby Cooling System. Since inoperability of two valves could constitute an operation or condition prohibited by TS, a cause analysis was performed. On October 25, 2010, based on a review of the analysis, it was determined that there was firm evidence that the condition may have existed for a period of time greater than allowed by the TS. Therefore, this event is reportable in accordance with 10CFR50.73(a)(2)(i)(B) as an operation or condition prohibited by TS. Testing to determine the apparent cause of the thread seal degradation is ongoing and will be reported in a supplemental report. The thread seals were replaced and tested on all four RVs prior to start up from the 2010 outage with new seals and will be disassembled for inspection and testing during the next refueling outage to confirm corrective actions were effective. This event did not affect the automatic function of the RVs to provide overpressure protection and due to redundancy in the RV design and available nitrogen supplies, adequate relief capacity for ADS existed at all times. Therefore, this event did not pose a threat to public health and safety.

(10-2010)

LICENSEE EVENT REPORT (LER)

1. FACILITY NAME	2. DOCKET		3. PAGE		
Vermont Yankee Nuclear Power Station	05000271	YEAR	SEQUENTIAL NUMBER	REVISION NUMBER	2 of 3
Vermont varice (validar i ower diation)		2010 -	- 002	00	2010

17. NARRATIVE (If more space is required, use additional copies of NRC Form (366A)

Description of Event

During the 2010 refueling outage, the actuators for the four main steam (EIIS=SB) safety relief valves (EIIS=RV) RV-2-71A, B, C & D, were tested and leakage was identified through the shaft to piston thread seal on three of the four RV actuators. This leakage, when combined with the RV accumulator leakage, caused two of the four RVs to not meet design actuation requirements and therefore be considered inoperable. The thread seals were manufactured in 2002 and supplied to Vermont Yankee (VY) in new actuators in 2008 and were in service for one operating cycle prior to the test. The thread seals were manufactured by Parker Hannifin Corporation and dedicated for use in safety class applications by Curtiss-Wright Flow Control Corporation, Target Rock Division.

Each RV is equipped with an actuator assembly that retains an adequate air supply to support post accident operation assuming a loss of the non-safety related air supply. The additional leakage from the thread seal when combined with the accumulator assembly leakage resulted in two of the four RVs being not capable of meeting design actuation requirements.

TS 3.6.D requires at least three of the four RVs to be operable for protection of the Reactor Coolant System and TS 3.5.F requires all four RVs to be operable to support the ADS function of the Core and Containment Cooling System. Since inoperability of two valves could constitute an operation or condition prohibited by TS, a material analysis was performed to assess the failure modes that contributed to the event.

On October 25, 2010, based on a review of the material analysis, it was determined that there was firm evidence that the condition may have existed for a period of time greater than allowed by the TS. Therefore this event is reportable in accordance with 10CFR50.73(a)(2)(i)(B) as an operation or condition prohibited by TS.

Cause of Event®

Material testing to determine the apparent cause of the thread seal degradation is ongoing and will be reported in a supplemental report.

Analysis of Event

The reactor coolant system is an important barrier in the prevention of uncontrolled release of fission products. The nuclear system pressure relief system is designed to protect the reactor coolant system and reactor pressure vessel from damage due to events that result in reactor isolation and the resulting high pressure. This pressure relief system consists of four RV and three Safety Valves (SVs) that automatically actuate at set-points prescribed in plant Technical Specification section 2.2 "Reactor Coolant System." The SVs are sized to prevent exceeding the reactor pressure vessel code limit for the worst case isolation (pressurization). This event did not affect the automatic functioning of either the four RVs or the three SVs and based on this there was always adequate relief capacity to protect the reactor coolant system from pressurization events. In addition this event did not impact the primary and secondary containments that also function to limit the release of fission products to the environs. The four RVs are also used for automatic depressurization of the reactor in the event of a plant accident as described in the Updated Final Safety Analysis Report. The Automatic Depressurization System (ADS) is a backup to the High Pressure Coolant Injection System (HPCI) [EIIS= BN] to reduce reactor pressure when required to allow the low pressure injection systems to deliver water to the reactor vessel. The ADS uses the four RVs that are either manually opened from the control room or automatically actuated due to a simultaneous high drywell pressure signal and a low-low reactor water level signal after a time delay. These actuations are initiated by introducing nitrogen gas to the actuator under pressure to open a pilot valve which in turn causes the main valve to open. The nitrogen gas is introduced from an accumulator assembly which contains enough gas for two

(10-2010)

LICENSEE EVENT REPORT (LER)

1. FACILITY NAME	2. DOCKET		3. PAGE		
Vermont Yankee Nuclear Power Station	05000271	YEAR	SEQUENTIAL NUMBER	REVISION NUMBER	3 of 3
Vermont Tankee Nuclear Fower Station		2010 -	- 002	00	0 0, 0

17. NARRATIVE (If more space is required, use additional copies of NRC Form (366A)

operations at 70% of containment design pressure or approximately five operations at atmospheric pressure. Thus there is 100% conservatism in the accumulator design since the accident analysis assumes one actuation. In addition, a backup safety-class nitrogen supply is available with separate pressure regulators should the accumulator gas supply be depleted due to the observed leakage and further, a non-safety class nitrogen storage tank is also available should the safety-class sources be depleted.

This event did potentially affect the ability of the RVs to perform their manual and automatic ADS function since the combined thread seal leakage and accumulator leakage impacted the ability of the RVs to satisfy design actuation requirements. However, due to the redundancy in the ADS design, the availability of the HPCI system and availability of backup nitrogen supplies, the ability to depressurize the reactor was maintained.

Based on the above there was no potential adverse impact on public health and safety.

Corrective Actions

- 1. VY performed an operating experience review and did not identify degradation of the thread seals to be a generic issue.
- 2. VY is continuing to perform material testing and causal analysis and will report the results in a supplemental report.
- 3. VY notified the vendor (Curtis-Wright Flow Control Corporation) who is performing independent material testing. The vendor has entered their corrective action program and will evaluate for reporting under 10CFR21.
- 4. VY rebuilt the RVs with thread seals manufactured in 2007 and satisfactorily tested the four RVs during the 2010 refueling outage.
- 5. VY will perform inspection and leak testing of the four RV actuators during the next refueling outage.

Previous Similar Events

No previous similar events have been reported.