

November 4, 2010

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ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURE

IP-SMM-AD-103 Revision 0

INFORMATIONAL USE


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ATTACHMENT 10.1

SMM CONTROLLED DOCUMENT TRANSMITTAL FORM

**SITE MANAGEMENT MANUAL CONTROLLED DOCUMENT TRANSMITTAL FORM - PROCEDURES**

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### CORE DAMAGE ASSESSMENT

Prepared by:

Robert Vogle

Print Name



Signature

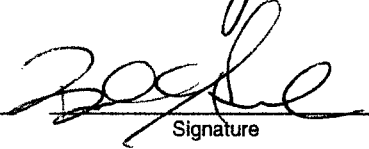
10/26/2010

Date

Approval:

Brian A. Sullivan

Print Name



Signature

10/27/10

Date

Effective Date: November 4, 2010

*This procedure excluded from further LI-100 reviews.*



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## CORE DAMAGE ASSESMENT

### 1.0 PURPOSE

This guideline provides a methodology for the assessment of:

- The degree of damage to the fuel rod cladding that results in the release of the fission product inventory in the fuel rod gap space.
- The degree of core overheating that results in the release of the fission product inventory in the fuel pellets.
- The appropriate Emergency Action Level for off-site radiological protective actions based on the degree of damage to the reactor core.

This guideline should be used when the reactor is shutdown and either:


- Core temperatures are at or above 700°F, or
- Containment radiation level is at or above 1 R/hr

### 2.0 REFERENCES

- 2.1 WCAP-14696-A, Westinghouse Owners Group Core Damage Assessment Guideline, Rev. 1
- 2.2 "Containment Radiation Level Using Core Damage Assessment Guideline, Revision 1 (1996) For Specific Indian Point Unit 2 EAL Application: A Summary," by Dave Smith, 12/2000.
- 2.3 PGI-00467-00, 4/5/01 "Containment Radiation Monitor Response/Core Damage Assessment Procedure Support"
- 2.4 IP-CA-3, Hydrogen Flammability in Containment, Pg 2, Rev. 0

### 3.0 DEFINITIONS

None

 <b>IPEC EMERGENCY PLAN IMPLEMENTING PROCEDURES</b>	<b>NON-QUALITY RELATED PROCEDURE</b>  <b>REFERENCE USE</b>	<b>IP-EP-360</b>	<b>Revision 2</b>
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**4.0 RESPONSIBILITIES**

- 4.1 Upon recognition of **EITHER** core exit thermocouple temperature(s) > **700 °F OR** containment radiation levels > **1 R/hr**, the Reactor Engineer shall implement this procedure to assess the existence and extent of core damage.
- 4.2 The Reactor Engineer shall immediately inform the Technical Assessment Coordinator /TSC Manager of the results of any core damage assessment performed.

**5.0 DETAILS**

**NOTE:**

Core Damage Estimate may be base on historical monitor readings. For Example: If core thermocouple readings were high 4 hours into an event but are now off-scale or inoperable use values and time after shutdown for when readings were valid.

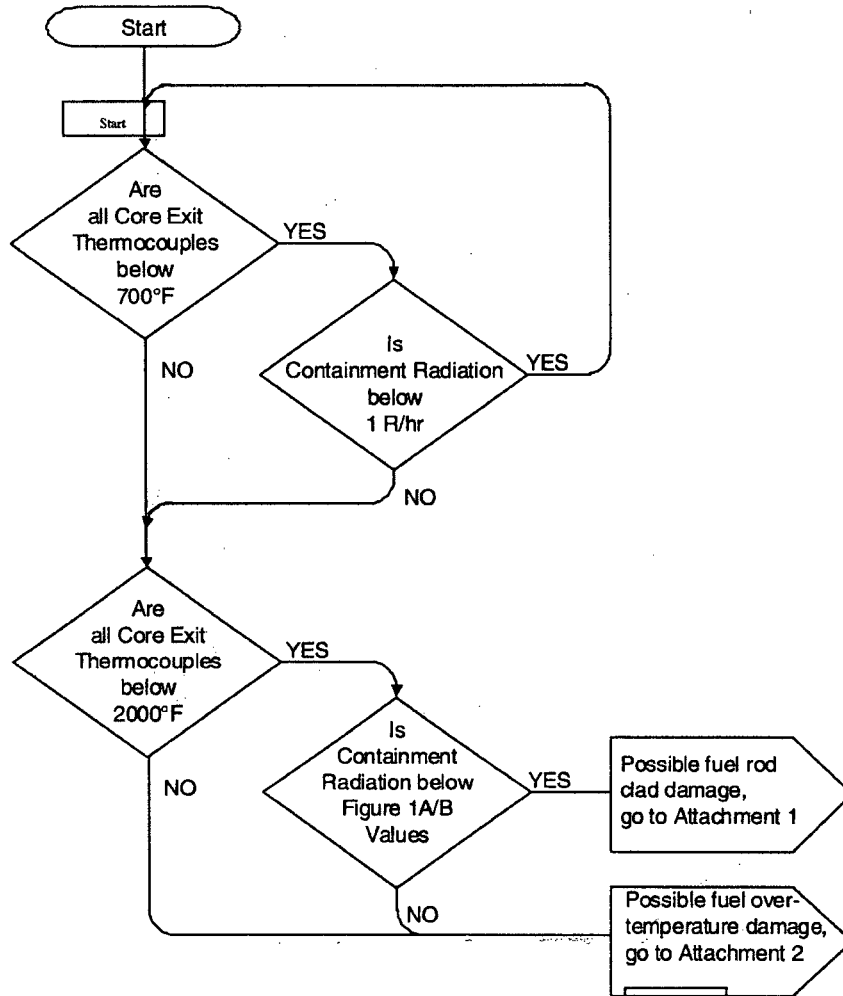
**NOTE:**

Containment Hi Range Radiation Monitor R-25 and R-26 bottom scale reading is approximately ~1 R/hr. Because of this scale limitation of R-25 and R-26, radiation monitors R-2, VC 80ft and R-7, VC Seal table should be used to observe an increasing trend towards 1 R/hr (1000 mr/hr), when assessing core damage using the "High level Core Damage Assessment Flowchart". Due to containment positions, R-2/R-7 readings of approximately 200 mr/hr, should relate to 1 R/hr on R-25/R-26.

- 5.1 Determine the possible status of the reactor core using the following flowchart and perform the associated action.

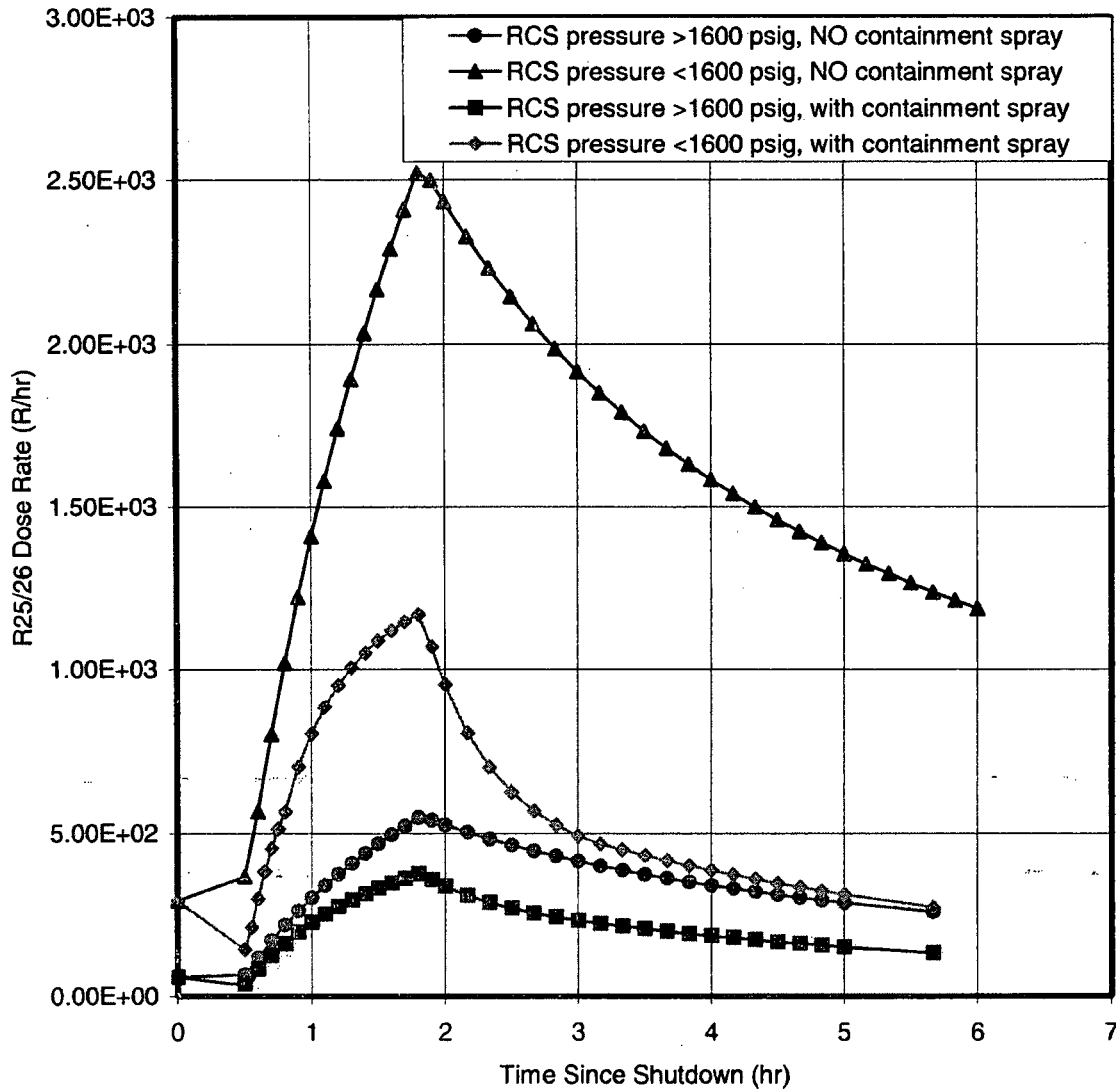


### High Level Core Damage Assessment Flowchart





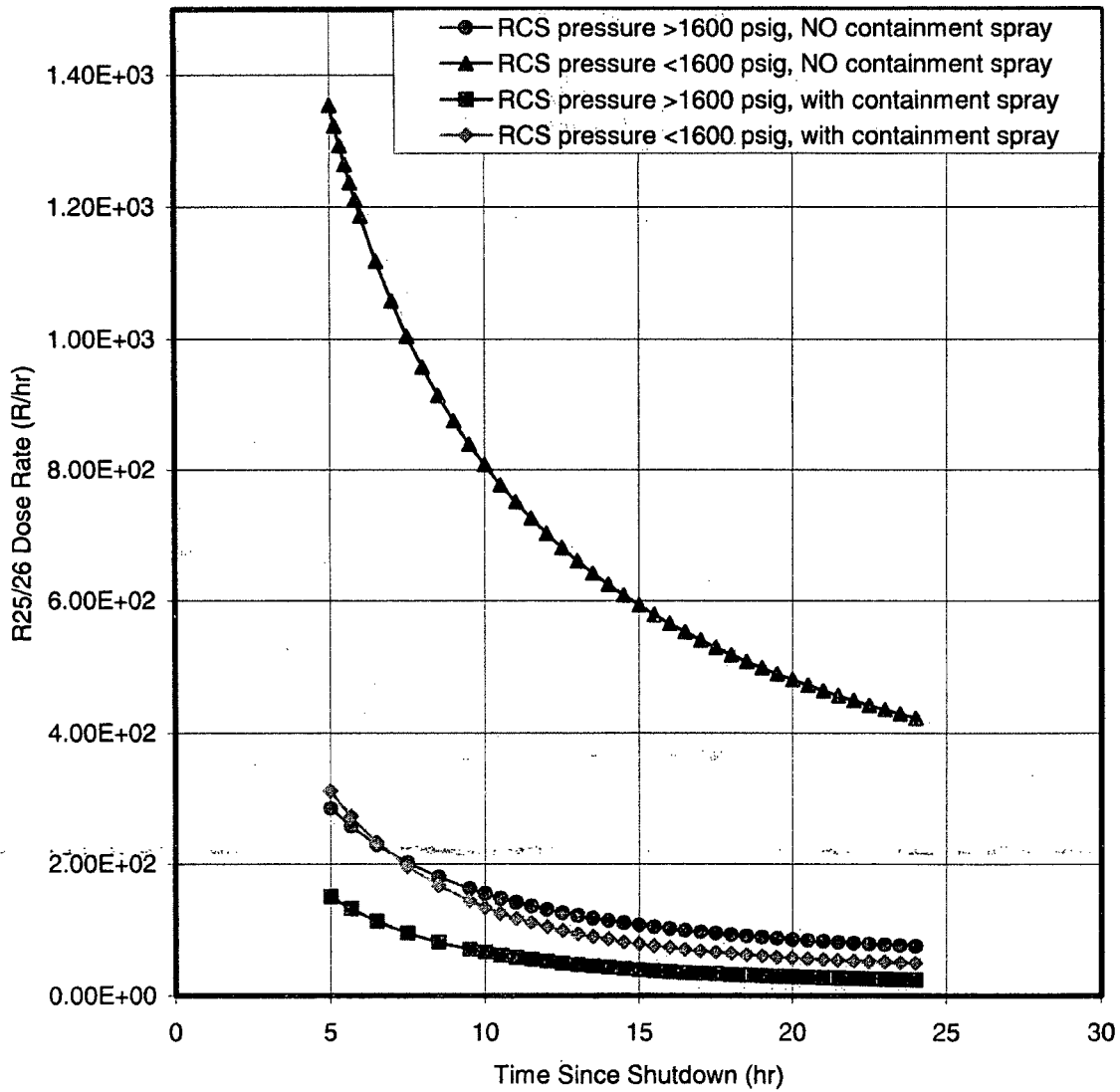
**Figure 1A**  
**Containment Radiation Level for 1% Fuel Overtemperature Flowchart**  
**(0 to 6 hours after shutdown)**







**Figure 1B**  
**Containment Radiation Level for 1% Fuel Overtemperature Release**  
**(>5 hours after shutdown)**





## 6.0 INTERFACES

- 6.1 IP-EP-120, Emergency Classification
- 6.2 IP-EP-220, Technical Support Center

## 7.0 RECORDS

This procedure generates completed Fuel Rod Clad Damage (Attachment 1) and/or Fuel Overtemperature Damage (Attachment 2) worksheets.

## 8.0 REQUIREMENTS AND COMMITMENTS

None

## 9.0 ATTACHMENTS

- 9.1 Attachment 1, Fuel Rod Clad Damage
- 9.2 Attachment 2, Fuel Overtemperature Damage



Attachment 1  
Fuel Rod Clad Damage  
Sheet 1 of 5

1. Estimate fuel rod clad damage based on containment radiation (CRM) levels.

1.1 Determine the following:

- Time since shutdown (hr) \_\_\_\_\_
- RCS pressure (psig) \_\_\_\_\_
- Containment sprays operating (yes/no) \_\_\_\_\_

1.2 Find the following containment radiation dose rates:

- Containment radiation level (R/hr) for 100% clad damage (Figure 2A/B) A = \_\_\_\_\_
- Current containment radiation level (R/hr) B = \_\_\_\_\_

1.3 Estimate clad damage (%):

$$\% \text{ Clad Damage}_{\text{CRM}} = \frac{B \times 100}{A} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

2. Estimate fuel rod clad damage based on Core Exit Thermocouples (CETs).

2.1 Determine the following:

- Total number of operable CETs. (Refer to PICS [Unit 2] or SPDS [Unit 3]) D = \_\_\_\_\_
- Number of CETs at or above 1400°F E = \_\_\_\_\_
- Number of CETs at or above 1200°F F = \_\_\_\_\_

2.2 For RCS pressure at or above 1600 psig:

$$\% \text{ Clad Damage}_{\text{CET}} = \frac{E \times 100}{D} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

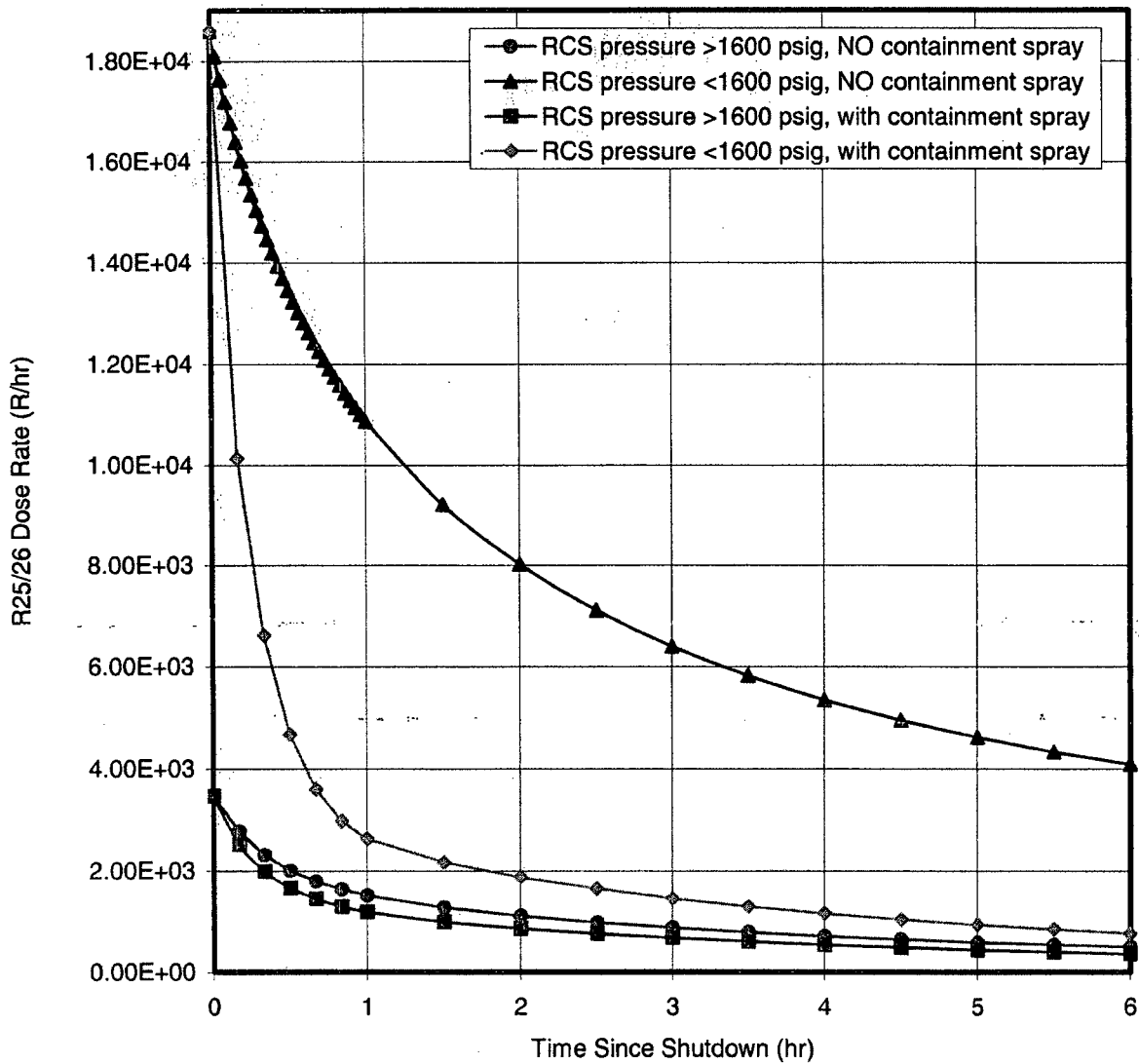
2.3 For RCS pressure below 1600 psig::

$$\% \text{ Clad Damage}_{\text{CET}} = \frac{F \times 100}{D} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$



Attachment 1  
Fuel Rod Clad Damage  
Sheet 2 of 5

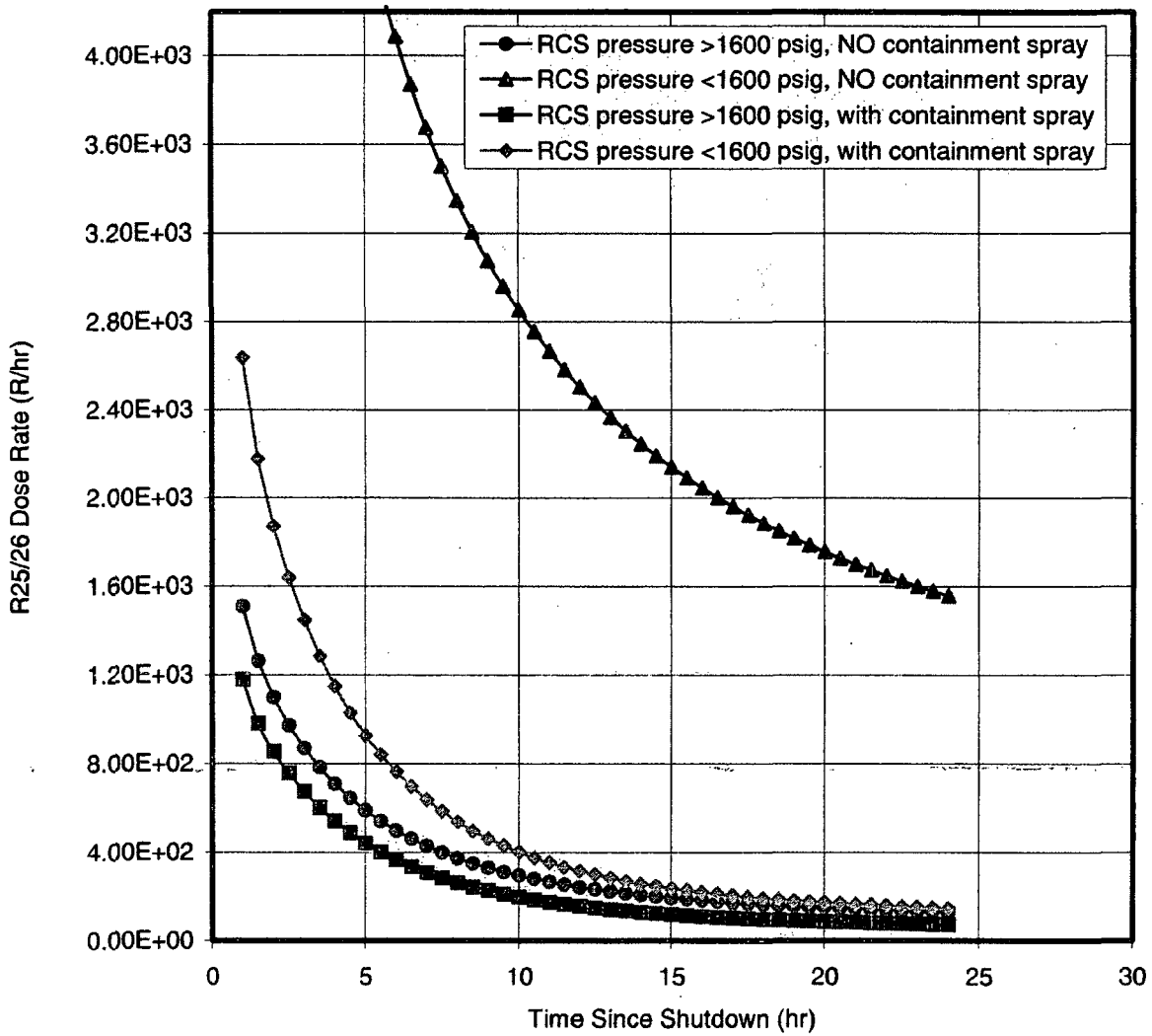
Figure 2A  
Containment Radiation Level for 100% Clad Damage Release  
(0 to 6 hours after shutdown)





Attachment 1  
Fuel Rod Clad Damage  
Sheet 3 of 5

Figure 2B  
Containment Radiation Level for 100% Clad Damage Release  
(> 1 hour after shutdown)



Attachment 1  
**Fuel Rod Clad Damage**  
 Sheet 4 of 5

3. Confirm reasonableness of clad damage estimates.

3.1 Determine the following:

- Containment hydrogen concentration (vol. %) \_\_\_\_\_
- RVILS reading (%) \_\_\_\_\_
- RCS saturation temperature (°F) \_\_\_\_\_
- Hot leg RTD temperature (°F) \_\_\_\_\_

3.2 Compare estimated clad damage to expected response by answering the following questions (yes/no)

- Is containment hydrogen concentration less than 0.5%? \_\_\_\_\_
- Is RVLIS between 64% and 47%? \_\_\_\_\_
- Is hot leg RTD between T<sub>sat</sub> and 650°F? \_\_\_\_\_
- Is the absolute difference (% Diff) between estimated containment radiation clad damage and estimated core exit thermocouple clad damage less than 50%? \_\_\_\_\_

$$\% \text{ Diff}_{\text{diff}} = \frac{|\% \text{ Clad Damage}_{\text{CRM}} - \% \text{ Clad damage}_{\text{CET}}|}{\% \text{ Clad Damage}_{\text{CRM}}} \times 100$$

3.3 If all of the answers to the questions in Step 3.2 are YES, the expected response has been obtained; continue at Step 4.

3.4 If any answer to the questions in Step 3.2 is NO, the expected response has not been obtained; determine if the deviation can be explained from either:

3.4.1 Accident progression:

- Injection of water to the RCS
- Bleed paths from the RCS
- Direct radiation to the containment radiation monitors



Attachment 1  
**Fuel Rod Clad Damage**  
Sheet 5 of 5

3.4.2 Conservatisms in the predictive model:

- Fuel burnup
- Fission product retention in the RCS
- Fission product removal from containment

4. Report findings

4.1 If clad damage estimates have increased by more than 1% in the past 30 minutes

OR

Estimates exceed 2% clad damage

Then report possible impact on emergency classification based upon Emergency Action Level thresholds to the Emergency Plant Manager/Plant Operations Manager.

4.2 Report clad damage estimate to the Technical Assessment Coordinator/TSC Manager.

5. Return to Step 5.1 of the procedure to continue assessment of the reactor core.



Attachment 2  
Fuel Overtemperature Damage  
Sheet 1 of 7

1. Estimate Fuel Overtemperature Damage Based on Containment Radiation (CRM) Levels.

1.1 Determine the following:

- Time since shutdown (hr) \_\_\_\_\_
- RCS pressure (psig) \_\_\_\_\_
- Containment sprays operating (yes/no) \_\_\_\_\_

1.2 Find the following containment radiation dose rates:

- Containment radiation level (R/hr) for 100% core overtemperature damage (Figure 3A/B) G = \_\_\_\_\_
- Current containment radiation level (R/hr) H = \_\_\_\_\_

1.3 Estimate fuel overtemperature damage (%):

$$\% \text{ Core Damage}_{\text{CRM}} = \frac{H \times 100}{G} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

2. Estimate fuel overtemperature damage based on Core Exit Thermocouple (CETs).

2.1 Determine the following:

- Total number of operable CETs. (Refer to PICS [Unit 2] or SPDS [Unit 3]) J = \_\_\_\_\_
- Number of CETs at or above 2000°F K = \_\_\_\_\_

2.2 Estimate fuel overtemperature damage (%):

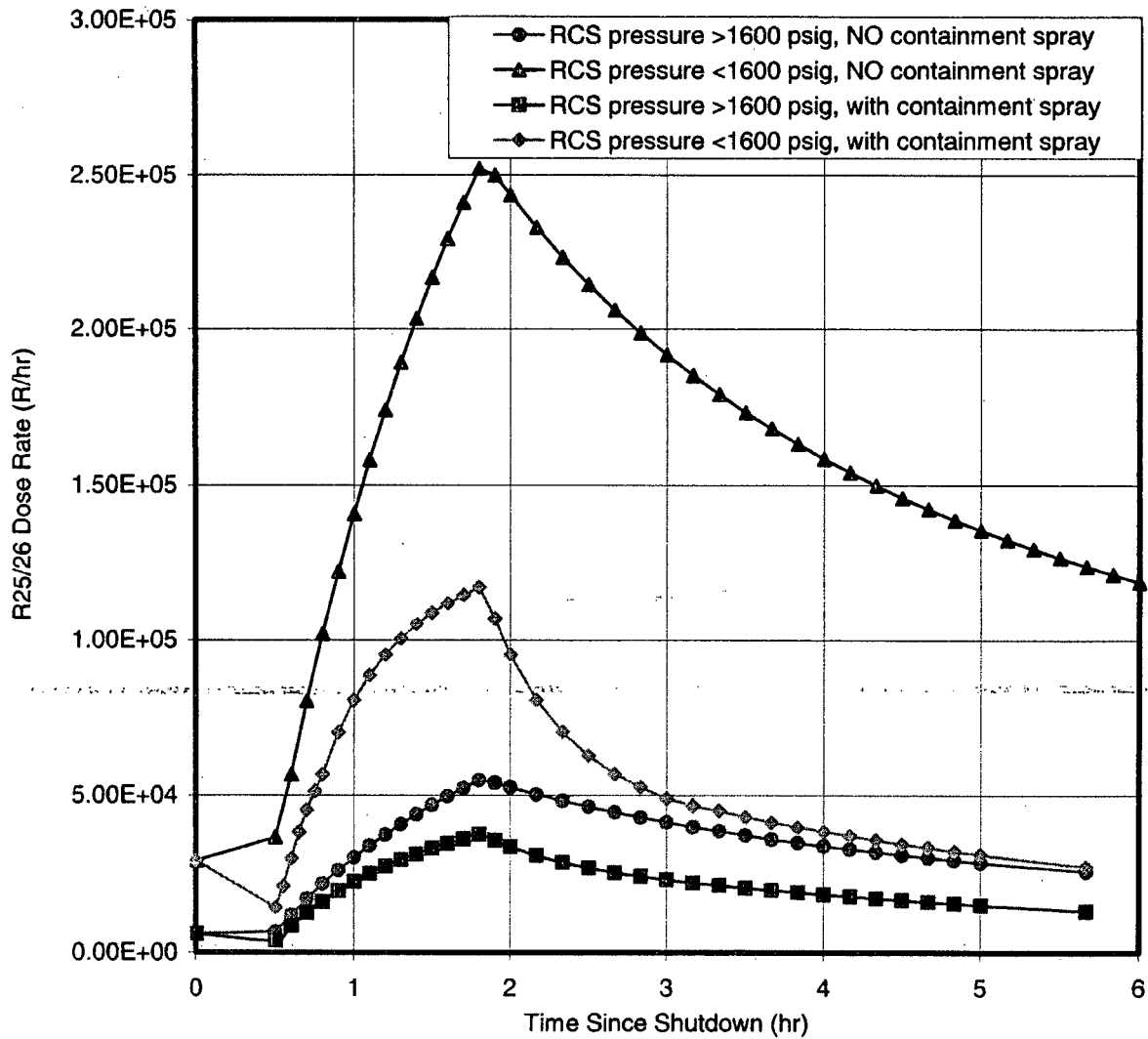
$$\% \text{ Core Damage}_{\text{CET}} = \frac{K \times 100}{J} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$





Attachment 2  
Fuel Overtemperature Damage  
Sheet 2 of 7

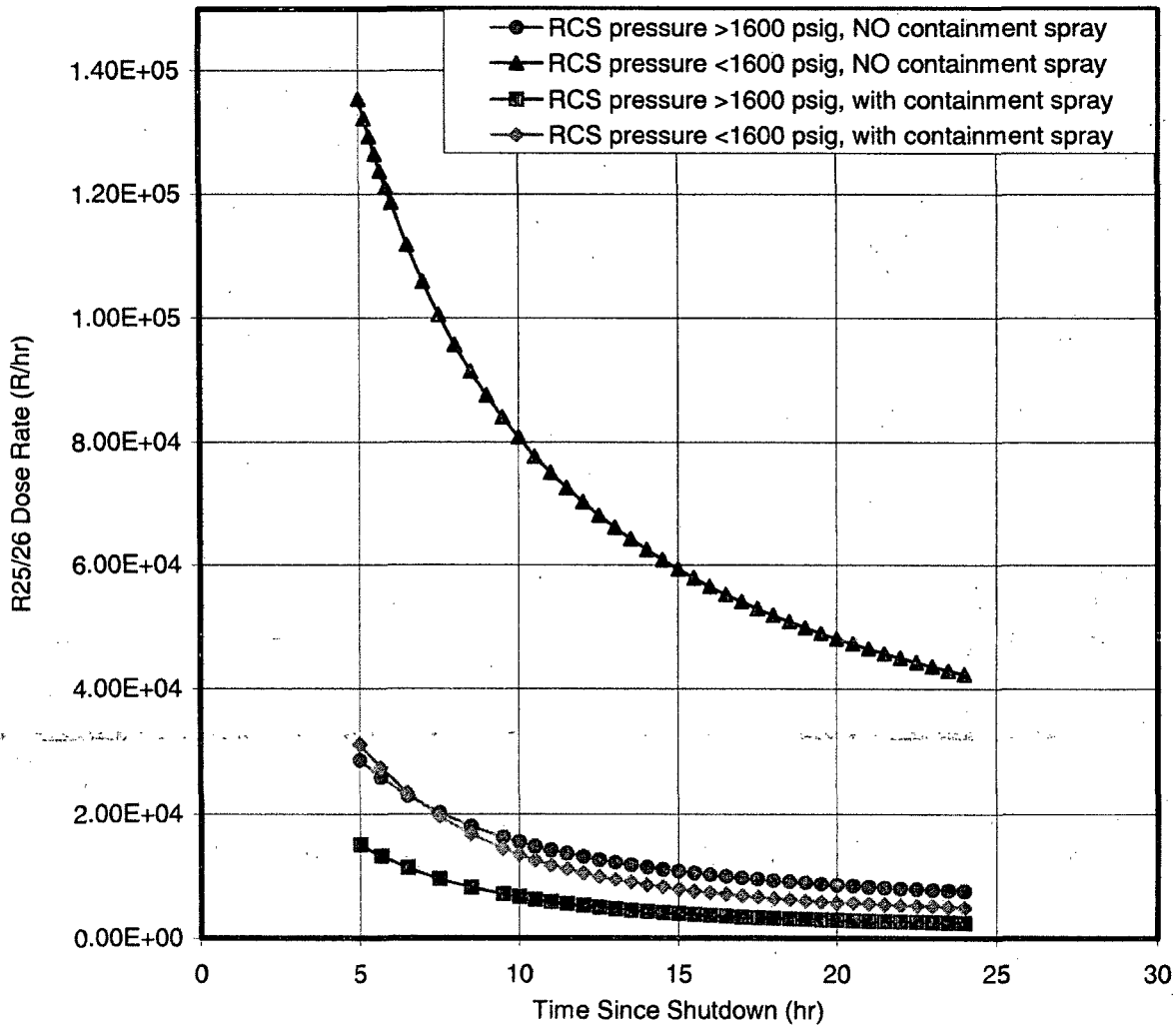
Figure 3A  
Containment Radiation Level for 100% Fuel Overtemperature Release  
(0 to 6 hours after shutdown)





Attachment 2  
Fuel Overtemperature Damage  
Sheet 3 of 7

Figure 3B  
Containment Radiation Level for 100% Fuel Overtemperature Release  
(>5 hours after shutdown)





Attachment 2  
Fuel Overtemperature Damage  
Sheet 4 of 7

3. Estimate fuel overtemperature damage based on containment hydrogen (Hyd) concentration.

3.1 Determine the following:

- RCS pressure (psig) \_\_\_\_\_
- Current containment hydrogen concentration (vol. %) L = \_\_\_\_\_
- Predicted containment hydrogen concentration at 100% core overtemperature, Table 2 (vol. %) M = \_\_\_\_\_

**Table 2 – Core Overtemperature Estimate Based on Containment Hydrogen Concentration**

RCS Pressure (psig)	Water Injection into RCS?	Predicted Containment Hydrogen Concentration from Figure 4 (vol. %)
Below 1050	Yes	CH2
	No	CH3
At or above 1050	Yes	CH4
	No	CH3

3.2 Estimate fuel overtemperature damage (%):

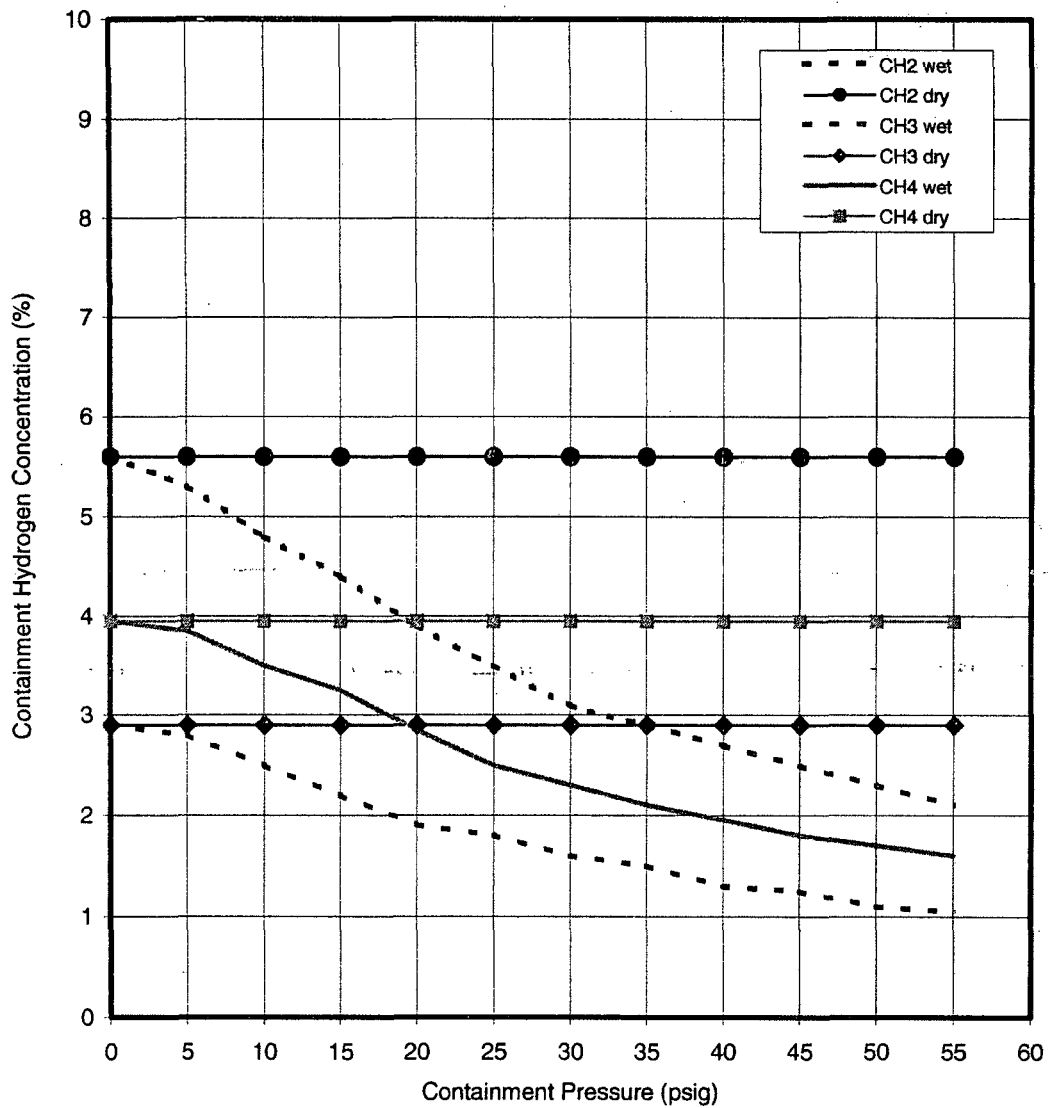
$$\% \text{ Core Damage}_{\text{Hyd}} = \frac{L \times 100}{M} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$



Attachment 2  
Fuel Overtemperature Damage  
Sheet 5 of 7

Figure 4  
Predicted Containment Hydrogen Concentration  
for 100% Fuel Overtemperature

Note: The wet hydrogen curves are used when superheated conditions inside containment exist or when a manual sample is used.



Attachment 2  
**Fuel Overtemperature Damage**  
 Sheet 6 of 7

4. Confirm reasonableness of fuel overtemperature damage estimates.

4.1 Determine the following:

- RVILS reading (%) \_\_\_\_\_
- Hot leg RTD temperature (°F) \_\_\_\_\_

4.2 Compare estimated core damage to expected response by answering the following questions (yes/no)

- Is RVLIS below 47%? \_\_\_\_\_
- Is hot leg RTD at or above 650°F? \_\_\_\_\_
- Is the absolute difference (% Diff) between estimated containment radiation core damage and estimated core exit thermocouple core damage less than 50%? \_\_\_\_\_


$$\% \text{ Diff}_{\text{diff}} = \frac{|\% \text{ Core Damage}_{\text{CRM}} - \% \text{ Core damage}_{\text{CET}}|}{\% \text{ Core Damage}_{\text{CRM}}} \times 100$$

- Is the absolute difference (% Diff) between estimated containment hydrogen core damage and estimated radiation core damage less than 25%? \_\_\_\_\_

$$\% \text{ Diff}_{\text{diff}} = \frac{|\% \text{ Core Damage}_{\text{Hyd}} - \% \text{ Core damage}_{\text{CRM}}|}{\% \text{ Core Damage}_{\text{Hyd}}} \times 100$$

- Is the absolute difference (% Diff) between estimated containment hydrogen core damage and estimated core exit thermocouple core damage less than 25%? \_\_\_\_\_

$$\% \text{ Diff}_{\text{diff}} = \frac{|\% \text{ Core Damage}_{\text{Hyd}} - \% \text{ Core damage}_{\text{CET}}|}{\% \text{ Core Damage}_{\text{Hyd}}} \times 100$$

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Attachment 2  
**Fuel Overtemperature Damage**  
Sheet 7 of 7

- 4.3 If all of the answers to the questions in Step 4.2 are YES, the expected response has been obtained; continue at Step 6.
- 4.4 If any answer to the questions in Step 4.2 is NO, the expected response has not been obtained; determine if the deviation can be explained from either:
- 4.4.1 Accident progression:
- Injection of water to the RCS
  - Bleed paths from the RCS
  - Direct radiation to the containment radiation monitors
  - Hydrogen burn in containment or affects of passive autocatalytic hydrogen recombination (Unit 2)
- 4.4.2 Conservatisms in the predictive model:
- Fuel burnup
  - Fission product retention in the RCS
  - Fission product removal from containment
5. Report fuel overtemperature estimate to the Technical Assessment Coordinator/TSC Manager.
6. Return to Step 5.1 of the procedure to continue assessment of the reactor core.