JAFP-10-0145

ENCLOSURE 2

Core Operating Limits Report Revision 25

(Non-proprietary Version)

(26 Pages Including Contents)

JAFP-10-0145 Enclosure 2 Contents

Core Operating Limits Report

25 Pages



ENTERGY NUCLEAR OPERATIONS, INC. JAMES A. FITZPATRICK NUCLEAR POWER PLANT REPORT

CORE OPERATING LIMITS REPORT REVISION 25

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REACTOR ENGINEERING SUPERVISOR

DATE: _10

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DATE: 10/6/2010

GENERAL MANAGER - PLANT OPERATIONS

. 1

CORE OPERATING LIMITS REPORT

CYCLE 20

REVISION RECORD

Revision	Cycle	Date	Description
25	20	Sept. 2010	Cycle 20 Revision

	Summary of Changes				
Rev. 25	Effective upon final approval	Applicable for use during Cycle 20 Operation. Revision issued to update this document for FitzPatrick Reload 19 Cycle 20 cycle dependent data.			
		Changed MCPR Limits reporting format for $\tau = 0$ and $\tau \neq 0$ to Tables <u>8.1</u> , <u>8.2</u> , <u>8.3</u> , and <u>8.4</u> . Redundant information contained in Figures was removed.			
		APLHGR Limits reporting format no longer uses figure format. Pertinent information is tabulated in <u>Table 8.5</u>			
		LHGR Limits reporting is limited to tabulated format in <u>Table 8.6</u> . GNF2 Pellet exposure extended to 63.5 GWD/ST per Ref. 3.18. Redundant information contained in the exposure dependent LHGR limit figures was removed. <u>Fig. 8.4</u> 3 rd decimal changed to 0.58 from 0.581.			
		Two new references added: ODYSY application to Licensing Stability calculation LTR (Ref. 3.10), and SER for Amendment 33 to GESTAR (Ref. 3.18) approving PRIME application for GNF2 thermal- mechanical limits.			
	•	Update to cycle specific references.			
		Page re-numbering, re-formatting, tables and figures order and re-numbering triggered editorial changes all throughout this document.			
		§7.4.1.2 note removed as no longer applicable because ARTS-MEOD fully implemented.			
		This revision record and summary added.			

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CORE OPERATING LIMITS REPORT

1.0 PURPOSE

This report provides the cycle-specific operating limits for Cycle 20 of the James A. FitzPatrick Nuclear Power Plant. The following limits are addressed:

- Operating Limit Minimum Critical Power Ratio (MCPR)
- Flow Dependent MCPR Limits
- Average Planar Linear Heat Generation Rate (APLHGR)
- Linear Heat Generation Rate (LHGR)
- Flow-Biased Average Power Range Monitor (APRM) and Rod Block Monitor (RBM) Allowable Values
- Stability Option ID Exclusion Region

2.0 APPLICABILITY

The plant shall be operated within the limits specified in this report. If any of these limits are exceeded, the corrective actions specified in the Technical Specifications shall be taken.

3.0 REFERENCES

- 3.1 EN-LI-113, Licensing Basis Document Change process
- 3.2 JAFNPP Technical Specifications.
- .3.3 EC18500, Cycle 20 Core Reload
- 3.4 EN-DC-503, 3D Monicore New Cycle Update and Databank Maintenance.
- 3.5 Plant Operation Up To 100% Power With One Steam Line Isolated, JAF-SE-96-035.
- 3.6 GE Report, J.A. FitzPatrick Nuclear Power Plant APRM/RBM/Technical Specifications / Maximum Extended Operating Domain (ARTS/MEOD), NEDC-33087P, Revision 1, September 2005
- 3.7 General Electric Standard Application for Reload Fuel, NEDE-24011-P-A-16
- 3.8 GNF Report, Supplemental Reload Licensing Report for James A. FitzPatrick Reload 19 Cycle 20, 0000-0108-3718-SRLR, Revision 0, Class I, June, 2010. [EC23541, ECH-NE-10-00060 R0]
- 3.9 "GNF2 Fuel Design Cycle-Independent Analyses For Entergy FitzPatrick", GE Report, , GEH- 0000-0074-2662-R1, June 2010. [EC23634, JAF-RPT-08-00013 R1]
- 3.10 Licensing Topical Report, ODYSY Application for Stability Licensing Calculations Including Option I-D and II Long Term Solutions, NEDE-33213P-A, April 2009

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- 3.11 GE Letter, R. Kingston to P. Lemberg, Scram Time Versus Notch Positions for Option B, REK-E: 02-009, May 28, 2002
- 3.12 GE Report, James A. FitzPatrick Nuclear Power Plant Final Feedwater Temperature Reduction NEDC-33077, September 2002.
- 3.13 JD-02-122, Final Feedwater Temperature Reduction Implementation.
- 3.14 GE Report, GE14 Fuel Design Cycle-Independent Analyses for J. A. Fitzpatrick Nuclear Power Plant, GE-NE-0000-0002-1752-01P, Rev. 0, DRF 0000-0002-1752, September 2002.
- 3.15 GNF Report, Fuel Bundle Information Report for James A. FitzPatrick Reload 19 Cycle 20, 0000-0108-3718-FBIR, Revision 0, June 2010. [EC23547, ECH-NE-10-00061 R0]
- 3.16 JF-03-00402, ARTS/MEOD Phase 1 Implementation
- 3.17 JAF-RPT-MISC-04489, Rev.7, Power-Flow Map Report
- 3.18 "Final Safety Evaluation For Amendment 33 To Global Nuclear Fuel Topical Report NEDE-24011-P, "General Electric Standard Application For Reactor Fuel (GESTAR II)" (TAC NO. ME3525), Aug. 30, 2010

4.0 **DEFINITIONS**

4.1 Average Planar Linear Heat Generation Rate (APLHGR):

The APLHGR shall be applicable to a specific planar height and is equal to the sum of the heat generation rate per unit length of fuel rod for all the fuel rods in the specified assembly at the specified height divided by the number of fuel rods in the fuel assembly at the height.

4.2 Linear Heat Generation Rate (LHGR):

The LHGR shall be the heat generation rate per unit length of fuel rod. It is the integral of the heat flux over the heat transfer area associated with the unit length.

4.3 <u>Minimum critical power ratio (MCPR)</u>:

The MCPR shall be the smallest critical power ratio (CPR) that exists in the core for each type of fuel. The CPR is that power in the assembly that is calculated by application of the appropriate correlation(s) to cause some point in the assembly to experience boiling transition, divided by the actual assembly operating power.

4.4 <u>Rated Recirculation Flow</u> :

That drive flow which produces a core flow of $77.0 \ge 10^6$ lb/hr.

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5.0 **RESPONSIBILITIES**

NOTE: See EN-LI-113 (Reference 3.1)

5.1 Shift Manager:

Assure that the reactor is operated within the limits described herein.

5.2 **Reactor Engineering Supervisor:**

Assure that the limits described herein are properly installed in the 3D-Monicore databank used for thermal limit surveillance (Reference 3.4)

6.0 SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS/REQUIREMENTS

Not Applicable

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CYCLE 20

7.0 **PROCEDURE**

7.1 **Operating Limit MCPR**

During operation, with thermal power $\geq 25\%$ of rated thermal power (RTP), the Operating Limit MCPR shall be equal to or greater than the limits given below.

- 7.1.1 Technical Specification LCO 3.2.2, Minimum Critical Power Ratio (MCPR)
- 7.1.2 The Operating Limit MCPR shall be determined based on the following requirement:

7.1.2.1 The average scram time to notch position 36 shall be:

$$\tau_{AVE} \leq \tau_B$$

7.1.2.2 The average scram time to notch position 36 is determined as follows:

$$\tau_{AVE} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} N_{i} \tau_{i}}{\sum_{i=1}^{n} N_{i}}$$

WHERE:

n = Number of surveillance tests performed to date in the cycle,

 $N_i = N$ umber of active rods measured in the surveillance i

 τ_i = Average scram time to notch position 36 of all rods measured in surveillance test i.

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7.1.2.3 The adjusted analysis mean scram time is calculated as follows:

$$\tau_B(\sec) = \mu + 1.65 \sigma \left[\frac{N_I}{\sum_{i=1}^n N_i} \right]^{1/2}$$

WHERE:

- μ = Mean of the distribution for the average scram insertion time to the dropout of notch position 36 = 0.830 sec.
- σ = Standard deviation of the distribution for average scram insertion time to the dropout of notch position 36 = 0.019 sec.
- N_1 = The total number of active rods measured in Technical Specification SR 3.1.4.4.

The number of rods to be scram tested and the test intervals are given in Technical Specification LCO 3.1.4, Control Rod Scram Times

- 7.1.3 When requirement of 7.1.2.1 is met, the Operating Limit MCPR shall not be less than that specified in Table<u>8.1</u>, Table<u>8.2</u>, Table<u>8.2</u>, or Table<u>8.4</u> as applicable for $\tau = 0$.
- 7.1.4 WHEN the requirement 7.1.2.1 is not met (i.e. $\tau_{AVE} > \tau_B$), THEN the Operating Limit MCPR values (as a function of τ) are given in Tables <u>8.1</u>, <u>8.2</u>, <u>8.2</u>, or <u>8.4</u> as applicable.

$$\tau = \frac{(\tau_{\rm AVE} - \tau_{\rm B})}{(\tau_{\rm A} - \tau_{\rm B})}$$

WHERE:

 τ_{AVE} = The average scram time to notch position 36 as defined in 7.1.2.2.

 $\tau_{\rm B}$ = The adjusted analysis mean scram time as defined in 7.1.2.3.

 τ_A = the scram time to notch position 36 as defined in Technical Specification Table 3.1.4-1.

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- 7.1.5 During single-loop operation, the Operating Limit MCPR shall be increased by 0.03.
- 7.1.6 The Operating Limit MCPR is the greater of the flow and power dependent MCPR operating limits, MCPR(F) and MCPR(P).

Operating Limit MCPR = MAX (MCPR(P), MCPR(F))

The flow dependent MCPR operating limit, MCPR(F), is provided in Figure 8.1.

For core thermal powers equal to or greater than 25%, MCPR (P) is the product of the rated Operating Limit MCPR presented in Tables <u>8.1</u>, <u>8.2</u>, <u>8.2</u>, or <u>8.4</u> and the K (P) factor presented in Figure 8.2.

7.2 Average Planar Linear Heat Generation Rate (APLHGR)

- 7.2.1 Technical Specification LCO 3.2.1, Average Planar Linear Heat Generation Rate (APLHGR)
- 7.2.2 During operation, with thermal power $\geq 25\%$ rated thermal power (RTP), the APLHGR shall be within the limits given in <u>Table 8.5</u> for the appropriate fuel type.
- 7.2.3 During single loop operation, the APLHGR for each fuel type shall not exceed the values given in 7.2.2 above multiplied by the appropriate value (0.78 for GE14 fuel and 0.85 for GNF2 fuel, per Ref. 3.8).

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7.3 Linear Heat Generation Rate (LHGR)

- 7.3.1 Technical Specification LCO 3.2.3, Linear Heat Generation Rate (LHGR)
- 7.3.2 During operation, with thermal power $\geq 25\%$ rated thermal power (RTP), the applicable limiting LHGR values for each fuel rod as a function of axial location and exposure shall be the smaller of the power and flow dependent LHGR limits multiplied by the applicable power and flow adjustment or the LHGR limit multiplied by 0.78 (for GE14) or 0.85 (for GNF2) when in single loop operation.

LHGR limit = MIN (LHGR (P), LHGR (F)).

Power-dependent LHGR limit, LHGR (P), is the product of the LHGR power dependent LHGR limit adjustment factor, LHGRFAC (P), shown in Figure 8.4 and the LHGR_{std} in Table 8.6.

LHGR (P) = LHGRFAC(P) x LHGR_{std}

The flow-dependent LHGR limit, LHGR (F), is the product of the LHGR flow dependent LHGR limit adjustment factor, LHGRFAC (F), shown in Figure 8.3 and the LHGR_{std} in Table 8.6.

LHGR (F) = LHGRFAC(F) x LHGR_{std}

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7.4 **APRM Allowable Values (Digital Flow Cards)**

7.4.1 **APRM Flow Referenced Flux Scram Allowable Value (Run Mode)**

7.4.1.1 Technical Specifications: LCO 3.3.1.1, Reactor Protection System (RPS) Instrumentation

7.4.1.2 When operating in Mode 1, the APRM Neutron Flux-High (Flow Biased) Allowable Value shall be

for two loop operation:

$S \le (\% \text{ RTP}) = 0.38*W+61.0\%$	[−] 0< W ≤ 24.7%
$S \le (\% RTP) = 1.15*W+42.0\%$	$24.7 \le W \le 47.0\%$
$S \le (\% RTP) = 0.63*W+73.7\%$	$47.0 \le 68.7\%$
$S \le (\% RTP) = 117.00\% (Clamp)$	W > 68.7%

for single loop operation:	
$S \le (\% RTP) = 0.38*W+57.9\%$	$0 \le W \le 32.7\%$
$S \le (\% \text{ RTP}) = 1.15 \text{*W} + 32.8\%$	$32.7 \le 50.1\%$
$S \le (\% \text{ RTP}) = 0.58 \text{ W} + 61.3\%$	$50.1 \le 95.9\%$
$S \le (\% RTP) = 117.00\% (Clamp)$	W > 95.9%

WHERE:

S = Allowable value in percent of rated thermal power;

W = Recirculation flow in percent of rated;

7.4.2

APRM Neutron Flux-High (Flow Biased) Rod Block Allowable Value (Relocated to the Technical Requirements Manual)

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7.5 **RBM Upscale Rod Block Allowable Value**

- 7.5.1 Technical Specification LCO 3.3.2.1, Control Rod Block Instrumentation
- 7.5.2 The RBM upscale rod block allowable value shall be:

 $S \leq 0.66W + K$ for two loop operation;

 $S \leq 0.66W + K - 0.66 \Delta W$ for single loop operation;

WHERE:

S	=	rod block allowable value in percent of initial;
W	=	Loop flow in percent of rated
К	=	Any intercept value may be used because the RBM intercept value <u>does not</u> effect the MCPR Operating Limit and the RBM is not assumed to function to protect the Safety Limit MCPR.
ΔW	=	Difference between two loop and single loop

effective drive flow at the same core flow.

NOTE:

If K can be any value, then $K - 0.66\Delta W$ can also be any value, and the allowable value adjustment for single loop operation is not necessary.

7.6 Stability Option 1-D Exclusion Region and Buffer Zone.

- 7.6.1 Technical Specification LCO 3.4.1, Recirculation Loops Operating
- 7.6.2 The reactor shall not be intentionally operated within the Exclusion Region given in Figure 8.5 when the SOLOMON Code is operable.
- 7.6.3 The reactor shall not be intentionally operated within the Buffer Zone given in Figure 8.5 when the SOLOMON Code is inoperable.

8.0 TABLES AND FIGURES

8.1 Following pages present Tables 8.1 through 8.6, and Figures 8.1 through 8.6. Exact tables and figures names are listed in the Table of Content on page 3.

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1 8					0		
		GNF2 (Reload 19)		GNF2 (Reload 18)		GE14	
	_	BOC to	MOC to	BOC to	MOC to	BOC to	MOC to
,	τ	MOC	EOC	MOC	<u>EOC</u>	<u>MOC</u>	<u>EOC</u>
.=	0	1.42	1.48	1.43	1.48	1.39	1.43
>0.0	≤0.1	1.43	1.49	1.43	1.49	1.40	1.45
>0.1	≤0.2	1.44	1.50	1.44	1.50	1.41	1.46
>0.2	≤0.3	1.45	1.51	1.45	1.51	1.42	1.48
>0.3	≤0.4	1.46	1.52	1.46	1.52	1.43	1.50
>0.4	≤0.5	. 1.47	1.53	1.47	1.53	1.45	1.52
>0.5	≤0.6	1.48	1.54	1.48	1.54	1.46	1.53
>0.6	≤0.7	1.49	1.55	1.49	1.55	1.47	1.55
>0.7	⊧ ≤0.8	1.50	1.56	1.50	1.56	1.48	1.57
>0.8	≤0.9	1.51	1.57	1.51	1.57	1.49	1.58
>0.9	≤1	1.52	1.58	1.52	1.58	1.50	1.60

TABLE 8.1
MCPR Operating Limit For Incremental Cycle Core Average Exposure

Technical Specification LCO 3.2.2, Minimum Critical Power Ratio (MCPR)

For single loop operation, these limits shall be increased as given in Section 7.1.5.

The MCPR limits in this Table are subject to Power and Flow dependent adjustment per Section 7.1.6

NOTE: 1. When entering a new Exposure Range, check the current value of τ to assure adjustment per Step 7.1.4

2. Applicable for any value of K, see Step 7.5.2

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TABLE 8.2

	75% of F	Rated Thermal Po	ower with Three	Steam Lines in S	Service
		GN	JF2	GE14	
,	τ	BOC to MOC	MOC to EOC	BOC to MOC	MOC to EOC
=	: 0	1.44	1.50	1.41	1.45
>0.0	≤0.1	1.45	1.51	1.42	1.47
>0.1	≤0.2	1.46	1.52 -	1.43	1.48 /
>0.2	≤0.3	1.47	1.53	1.44	1.50
>0.3	≤0.4	1.48	1.54	1.45	1.52
>0.4	≤0.5	1.49	1.55	1.47	1.54
>0.5	≤0.6	1.5	1.56	1.48	1.55

1.57

1.58

1.59

1.60

1.49

1.50

1.51

1.52

1.57

1.59

1.60

1.62

٠

MCPR Operating Limit for Incremental Cycle Core Average Exposure for Operation above 75% of Rated Thermal Power with Three Steam Lines in Service

Technical Specification LCO 3.2.2, Minimum Critical Power Ratio (MCPR)

1.51

1.52

1.53

1.54

For single loop operation, these limits shall be increased as given in Section 7.1.5.

The MCPR limits in this Table are subject to Power and Flow dependent adjustment per Section 7.1.6

NOTE: 1. When entering a new Exposure Range, check the current value of τ to assure adjustment per Step 7.1.4

2. Applicable for any value of K, see Step 7.5.2

>0.6

>0.7

>0.8

>0.9

≤0.7

 ≤ 0.8

 ≤ 0.9

≤1

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TABLE	8.3
MCPR Operating Limit for Operation with	Turbine Bypass Valves Out of Service

		GNF2	GE14
τ		BOC to EOC	BOC to EOC
=	0	1.51	1.47
>0.0	≤0.1	1.52	1.49
>0.1	≤0.2	1.53	1.50
>0.2	≤0.3	1.54	1.52
>0.3	≤0.4	1.55	1.54
>0.4	≤ 0.5	1.56	1.56
>0.5	≤0.6	1.57	1.57
>0.6	≤0.7	1.58	1.59
>0.7	≤0.8	1.59	1.61
>0.8	≤0.9	1.60	1.62
>0.9	≤1	1.61	1.64

Technical Specification LCO 3.2.2, Minimum Critical Power Ratio (MCPR)

Technical Specification LCO 3.7.6, Main Turbine Bypass System

For single loop operation, these limits shall be increased as given in Section 7.1.5.

The MCPR limits in this Table are subject to Power and Flow dependent adjustment per Section 7.1.6

NOTE: 1. When entering a new Exposure Range, check the current value of τ to assure adjustment per Step 7.1.4

2. Applicable for any value of K, see Step 7.5.2

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TABLE 8.4	
MCPR Operating Limit for Operation with Final Feedwater Ten	perature Reduction

		GNF2	GE14
τ		EOC	EOC
=	0 ·	1.48	1.43
>0.0	≤0.1	1.49	1.45
>0.1	≤0.2	1.50	1.46
>0.2	≤0.3	1.51	1.48
>0.3	. ≤0.4	1.52	1.50
>0.4	≤0.5	1.53	1.52
>0.5	≤0.6	1.54	1.53
>0.6	≤0.7	1.55	1.55
, >0.7	≤0.8	1.56	1.57
>0.8	≤0.9	1.57	1.58
>0.9	≤1	1.58	1.60

Technical Specification LCO 3.2.2, Minimum Critical Power Ratio (MCPR)

For single loop operation, these limits shall be increased as given in Section 7.1.5.

The MCPR limits in this Table are subject to Power and Flow dependent adjustment per Section 7.1.6

- **NOTE: 1.** When entering a new Exposure Range, check the current value of τ to assure adjustment per Step 7.1.4
 - 2. Applicable for any value of K, see Step 7.5.2

MCPR Operating Limits in this table apply when at reduced feedwater temperature near end-of-cycle, see JD-02-122 (Reference 3.13) for further information.

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,	TABLE 8.5	
Exposure Dep	oendent APLHO	GR Limits

GE14 Fuel Types

Average Planar Exposure	APLHGR Limit	
GWd/ST	kW/ft	
0.00	12.82	
14.51	12.82	
19.13	12.82	
57.61	8.00	
63.50	5.00	

GNF2 Fuel Types

Average Planar Exposure	APLHGR Limit	
GWd/ST	kW/ft	
0.00	13.78	
13.24	13.78	
17.52	13.78	
60.78	7.50	
63.50	6.69	

Technical Specification LCO 3.2.1, Average Planar Linear Heat Generation Rate (APLHGR)

For single loop operation these APLHGR values shall be multiplied by 0.85 for GNF2 fuel or 0.78 for GE14 fuel.

Linearly interpolate for APLHGR at intermediate exposure.

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TABLE 8.6 Maximum LHGR

Maximum LHGR – GE14

Peak Pellet Exposure, GWD/ST	UO ₂ LHGR Limit, kW/ft
0.00	13.40
14.51	13.40
57.61	8.00
63.50	5.00

Peak Pellet Exposure, GWd/ST	Most Limiting Gadolinia LHGR Limit, kW/ft
0.00	12.26
12.28	12.26
55.00	7.32
60.84	4.57

Maximum LHGR - GNF2

Peak Pellet Exposure, GWD/ST	UO ₂ LHGR Limit, kW/ft
· · [[
	<u>з</u>]]

Peak Pellet Exposure, GWd/ST	Most Limiting Gadolinia LHGR Limit, kW/ft
· [[
· · · ·	
]]
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

Technical Specification LCO 3.2.3, Linear Heat Generation Rate (LHGR)

Design features of the fuel assemblies in the Cycle 20 core are provided in References 3.3, 3.15.

 $\rm LHGR_{std}~values~in~the~above~Table~8.6~are~subject~to~Power~and~Flow~dependent~adjustments~per~Section~7.3$

For single loop operation these LHGR values shall be multiplied by 0.85 (for GNF2 fuel) or 0.78 (for GE14)

Linearly interpolate for LHGR at intermediate exposure

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Technical Specification LCO 3.2.2, Minimum Critical Power Ratio (MCPR)

Reference 3.8

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See <u>Table 8.1, 8.2, 8.3</u>, and <u>Table 8.4</u> for Operating Limit MCPR(100)

Technical Specification LCO 3.2.2, Minimum Critical Power Ratio (MCPR)

Reference 3.8

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1.10 1.00 APLHGR/LHGR Flow Factor - MAPFACf and LHGRFACf 0.90 0.80 0.70 LHGR(F)=LHGRFACf*LHGRstd 0.60 Max Flow = 112%Flow LHGRFACf 0.50 30% 0.626 85% 1.000 110% 1.000 0.40 0.30 50 30 40 60 70 80 90 100 110 Flow, % rated

Figure 8.3 Flow-Dependent LHGR Multiplier, LHGRFAC(F)

See <u>Table 8.6</u> for LHGR_{STD} value

Reference 3.9

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See <u>Table 8.6</u> for LHGR_{STD} values

Reference 3.9

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See References 3.17 and 3.8 for details

The Cycle 20 Exclusion Region boundary is applicable for Cycle 20 exposure up to 15613 MWD/ST

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CYCLE 20



Fuel Type			
A=GE14-P10DNAB402-10G6.0/4G5.0/1G2.0-100T-150-T6-2905 (Cycle 18) B=GE14-P10DNAB405-16GZ-100T-150-T6-2906 (Cycle 18) C=GNF2-P10DG2B377-13GZ-100T2-150-T6-3073 (Cycle 19) D=GNF2-P10DG2B379-14GZ-100T2-150-T6-3074 (Cycle 19) E=GNF2-P10DG2B396-15GZ-100T2-150-T6-3075 (Cycle 19) F=GNF2-P10DG2B407-6G6.0/6G5.0-100T2-150-T6-3076 (Cycle 19)	G=GNF2-P10DG2B394-13GZ-100T2-150-T6-3077 H=GNF2-P10DG2B378-16GZ-100T2-150-T6-3299 I=GNF2-P10DG2B380-16GZ-100T2-150-T6-3298 J=GNF2-P10DG2B404-12GZ-100T2-150-T6-3297 K=GNF2-P10DG2B390-14GZ-100T2-150-T6-3300	(Cycle 19) (Cycle 20) (Cycle 20) (Cycle 20) (Cycle 20)	

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CORE OPERATING LIMITS REPORT

9.0 USERS GUIDE

The COLR defines thermal limits for the various operating conditions expected during the cycle. At the start of the cycle the 3D-Monicore databank limits are set for;

- Cycle exposure range of BOC to MOC20
- $\tau = 0$
- Dual recirculation pump operation
- Four steam line operation, and
- Normal Feedwater Temperature

The following is a table that offers a check to assure the correct limits are applied when operating states or conditions change.

Change in Operating State	Change in Limits	Procedure Reference
Cycle Exposure = EOC20 – 2.946 GWD/ST OLMCPR changes to EOC values at cycle exposure of 11.495 GWD/ST. Databank will use 11.000 GWD/ST to account for uncertainties.	See Table 8.1 for $\tau \neq 0$ for change in MCPR.	EN-DC-503 transition to EOC limits will occur automatically
Scram Time Test Results such that $\tau \neq 0$ Option B limits for OLMCPR must be interpolated with Option A limits	Use new τ and see <u>Table 8.1, 8.2,</u> <u>8.3,</u> and <u>Table 8.4</u> .	RAP-7.4.1
Single Loop Operation The SLMCPR increases by 0.03 and, therefore OLMCPR limits increase by 0.03.	Increase MCPR Limits by 0.03, or change acceptance criterion in ST-40D (Step 8.2.19) to 0.97.	
LHGR and MAPLHGR are reduced by a multiplier in SLO.	Verify that 3D-Monicore has recognized the idle recirculation loop and is applying the SLO LHGR and MAPLHGR multipliers of 0.78 for GE14 and 0.85 for GNF2.	ST-40D
Three Steam Line Operation (3SL)	Increase OLMCPR according to Table <u>8.2</u> .	None
Operation with Turbine Bypass Valves Out- of-Service OLMCPR values increase, no LHGR change required	Increase OLMCPR according to Table <u>8.3</u> .	None
Operation under Final Feedwater Temperature Reduction	Apply OLMCPR according to <u>Table 8.4</u> .	None