## APPENDIX WR-7 UIC Permit Application Class V Injection Wells

Dewey-Burdock Disposal Wells Custer and Fall River Counties, South Dakota Powertech (USA) Inc.



March 2010

Powertech (USA), Inc. 5575 DTC Parkway, Suite 140 Greenwood Village, Colorado 80111 Phone: (303) 790-7528 Fax: (303) 790-3885

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# **UIC PERMIT APPLICATION**

**Class V Non-Hazardous Injection Wells** 

Powertech (USA) Inc.

**Dewey-Burdock Project** 

Custer and Fall River Counties, South Dakota EPA Permit # TBD

**March 2010** 

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## **USEPA PERMIT FORMS**

FORM 7520-6 PROPOSED WELLS UIC PERMIT APPLICATION FORM 7520-14 PROPOSED WELLS PLUGGING AND ABANDONMENT

#### 1.0 PERMIT APPLICATION AND INTRODUCTION

Through the submittal of this application, Powertech (USA) Inc. [Powertech], requests an Area Permit and authorization from the US Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) to install and operate four to eight non-hazardous Class V disposal wells located at the Dewey-Burdock Project, pursuant to the applicable Underground Injection Control (UIC) regulations. The number of wells is to be determined and is dependent upon well capacity. Powertech requests authorization to inject a total of 300 gallons per minute (gpm) in a maximum of eight Class V disposal wells. These wells are to be located in Custer and Fall River Counties, South Dakota, within the limits of the proposed Class V permit area within the Dewey-Burdock Project boundary. Proposed locations for the first four wells are shown on Figure B-2. The Project is located approximately 13 miles north-northwest of Edgemont, South Dakota, and straddles the area between northern Fall River and southern Custer County line. The project boundary encompasses approximately 10,580 acres (4,282 ha) of mostly private land on either side of County Road 6463 and includes portions of Sections 1-5, 10-12, 14 and 15, Township 7 South, Range 1 East and Sections 20, 21, 27, 28, 29 and 30-35, Township 6 South, Range 1 East. Approximately 240 acres (~2%) (97.1 ha) are under the control of the Bureau of Land Management (BLM) located in portions of Sections 3, 10, 11, and 12. A map identifying the general project location is included as Figure 1.

A completed copy of USEPA UIC 7520-6, "Underground Injection Control Permit Application" for the wells is included in this application, and required attachments to this form are also included in this document. In this application, the initial four planned wells are referred to individually as Dewey-Burdock Disposal Well Nos. 1, 2, 3, and 4, (DW Nos. 1, 2, 3, and 4) or collectively with additional disposal wells as the Dewey-Burdock Disposal Wells. All depths discussed in this application are below ground surface (bgs) unless otherwise noted.

The proposed Powertech facility in South Dakota will operate between four and eight Class V Non-Hazardous Disposal Wells for underground injection of fluids from an in-situ leach (ISL) uranium mining project. Fresh water aquifers in the vicinity of the wells are to be protected by casing and cement. Injected fluids will be delivered to the Minnelusa and Deadwood Formations in separate wells under positive pressure injection through tubing and a packer. The wells are to have one cemented long string protective casing extending into the injection interval. The wellbores are to be perforated completions within the injection interval. The annulus area between the protective casings and injection tubing strings will be filled with inhibited fresh water. Annulus pressure will be continuously monitored to detect any potential leaks in the tubing or casing strings and annulus pressures will be maintained at more than 100 psi above the tubing pressure.

Relevant administrative data regarding the permit are summarized as follows.

**Applicant:** State: Counties: **Facility Address:** 

Mailing Address:

Powertech (USA) Inc. South Dakota Custer and Fall River 310 2<sup>nd</sup> Avenue Edgemont, SD 57735 5575 DTC Parkway, Suite 140, Greenwood Village, CO 80111 Location of Planned Wells: Site 1: NE ¼ of NW ¼ of SW ¼ of Section 2, T7S, R1E DW No. 1: Lat: -103.971938654 Long: 43.469772181 DW No. 2: Lat: -103.971859557 Long: 43.4696483743

> Site 2: SE ¼ of NW ¼ of SW ¼ of Section 29, T6S, R1E DW No. 3: Lat: -104.031570321 Long: 43.4971737527 DW No. 4: Lat: -104.031436264 Long: 43.4970792287

Location of Additional Wells: USEPA ID Nos.:

Contact:

To be determined Dewey-Burdock Disposal Well Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, and additional wells- TBD Mr. Richard Blubaugh, Vice President

## FORM 7520-6

## PROPOSED WELLS UIC PERMIT APPLICATION

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## Legend



Dewey-Burdock Permit Boundary



## 2.0 USEPA FORM 7520-6 PERMIT APPLICATION ATTACHMENTS

## 2.A AREA OF REVIEW METHODS

Give the methods and, if appropriate, the calculations used to determine the size of the area of review (fixed radius or equation). The area of review shall be a fixed radius of ¼-mile from the well bore unless the use of an equation is approved in advance by the Director.

#### RESPONSE

In the meeting held on November 24, 2009, EPA Region 8 instructed Powertech to generally follow Class I standards and approach for this application. As such, the radius of investigation used in this permit request has been based on standard practices applied historically to Class I wells in Region 8. Under Section 146.6 of the UIC regulations (40CFR), the area of review (AOR) for a non-hazardous Class I injection well is defined as either the calculated zone of endangering influence or a fixed radius of not less than one-fourth mile.

The South Dakota Department of Environment and Natural Resources (DENR) has guidance for Class V wells but does not require separate state approval for Class V well installation. The guidelines for Class V wells are outlined in a letter received from DENR which is included as Appendix A.

The critical pressure rise, cone-of-influence (COI), radius of fluid displacement (ROFD) calculations for this permit application are based on the formation parameters derived from the correlation of three separate type logs. The location of these wells is shown on Figure A-1. Type Log #1 (Figure A-2) is from the Earl Darrow #1 (T7S, R1E, Sec 2) which penetrates the top of the Minnelusa and is located within the Dewey-Burdock Project boundary near the well locations of DW Nos. 1 and 2. Type Log #2 (Figure A-3) is from the Lance-Nelson Estate #1 (T7S, R1E, Sec 21) which penetrates the top of the Madison and is located just south of the project boundary. Type Log #3 (Figure A-4), from the #1 West Mule Creek (T39, R61W, Sec 2), penetrates to the top of the Precambrian and is located in eastern Wyoming to the southwest of the Project. This is the closest log available that penetrates the Deadwood Formation. Additionally, tops for shallow formations from the logs of various uranium exploration wells within the Project boundary were used in conjunction with the type logs to determine surface elevation and formation depths at each well site.

DW Nos. 1 and 2 target the Minnelusa and Deadwood Formations, respectively, and are located near the main plant site (Site 1). DW Nos. 3 and 4 target the Minnelusa and Deadwood, respectively, and will be located at Site 2. While formation parameters are expected to be similar at each site, formations are expected to occur at greater depth at Site 2 due to geologic structure. Separate critical pressure rise and COI calculations for the Minnelusa and Deadwood at each site are included in this application and are presented in Tables A-1 through A-4. In addition, ROFD calculations for the Minnelusa and Deadwood are presented in Tables A-5 and A-6, respectively.

Because the calculated ROFD and COI are significantly smaller than the statutory minimum, a fixed radius of 1,320' (<sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> mile) has been used for evaluation of all artificial penetrations for Class V injection into the Minnelusa Formation for DW Nos. 1 and 3. Based on COI calculations, a radius of 1,355' has been used for evaluation of all artificial penetrations for Class V injection into the Deadwood Formation for DW Nos. 2 and 4. The Class V permit area has been conservatively defined by applying the maximum calculated AOR of 1,355' as an offset from the Dewey-Burdock Project boundary and the oil and gas wells permitted within that boundary.

In the event that additional disposal wells are required to inject the requested 300 gpm, similar AORs are expected for subsequent Dewey-Burdock Disposal Wells located within the proposed Class V permit area. The input parameters used to calculate the AORs are based on formation parameters derived from limited data and will be verified during the drilling, testing, and completion process. If the input parameters that have been used are found to yield projections that are insufficiently conservative, the AORs will be recalculated.

The COI for injection is defined as that area around a well within which increased injection zone pressures caused by injection could be sufficient to drive fluids into an underground source of drinking water (USDW). The pathway for this theoretical fluid movement is assumed to be a hypothetical, open abandoned well, which penetrates the confining zone for injection. Information used in the following calculations has been estimated from available geophysical well logs and will be verified through formation testing during the drilling process.

## Critical Pressure Rise

For this permit application, three critical pressure rise calculations are required at each site. One is applied for the rise from the Minnelusa to the Unkpapa/Sundance, one for the rise from the Minnelusa to the Madison, and one for the rise from the Deadwood to the Madison.

To calculate the COI, a value must first be assigned for the pressure increase in the injection interval that would be sufficient to cause injection zone brine to rise in a hypothetical open pathway to the base of the lowermost USDW. This applies individually to the rise from the Minnelusa (injection zone) to the Unkpapa/Sundance (USDW) and for rise from the Deadwood (injection zone) to the Madison (USDW). The COI will also be applied to the transfer of injection zone brine from the base of the effective Minnelusa in a hypothetical open pathway down to the top of the Madison Formation. This critical pressure rise, Pc, is assigned as indicated in Figure A-5.

The pressure required at the top of the injection interval to support injection zone brine in the configuration indicated is, in psi units:

$$P = 0.433 [y_B D_B + y_w (D_w - L)]$$

where:  $D_B = D_x - D_w$ 

and the pressure rise is then:

$$Pc = 0.433 [y_BD_B + y_w(D_w-L)] - Po$$

where Po is the original, pre-injection value for pressure at the top of the injection interval expressed in psi units.



## MINNELUSA TO UNKPAPA/SUNDANCE AND MINNELUSA TO MADISON FOR DW NO. 1 - SITE 1

## Minnelusa – Unkpapa/Sundance

Original pressure in the Minnelusa has been calculated based on a depth to water of 1,415' above top of the Minnelusa from USGS potentiometric maps (Figure D-14, Driscoll et al., 2002). For the estimated top of the injection interval of 1,615' (See Response F, Table F-2), a gradient of 0.433 psi/ft \* 1.008 (SG of approximately 15,000 mg/I TDS brine) yields a pressure of 617.6 psi at the top of the Minnelusa (1,615'). The same gradient applied to the effective base of the Injection Zone at 2,205 yields a pressure 875.1 psi. The effective base refers to the lowermost zone of effective porosity in the Minnelusa that will be targeted for injection in DW No. 1 as discussed in Section 2.F of this document.

In assigning the critical pressure rise and calculating the cone-of-influence (Tables A-1 and A-3) at this site, the base of the overlying USDW, the Unkpapa/Sundance, is assigned as 920', as discussed in Response 2.D of this document. The potentiometric surface of Unkpapa/Sundance near the Dewey-Burdock Project is projected to be approximately 29 feet above ground surface (Figure D-14a, Powertech 2008). Therefore, in these calculations, it is assumed that the water table in the Unkpapa/Sundance is at approximately 589 feet above the top of the formation. The result is a calculated critical pressure rise for Minnelusa to Unkpapa/Sundance of 97.1 psi (Table A-1).

The values in Table A-1 were used in the pressure rise equation to compute the critical pressure rise for Minnelusa to Unkpapa/Sundance as follows:

or:

Pc = 97.1 psi

## Minnelusa - Madison

The top of the underlying USDW is the Madison Formation at 2,765' as discussed in Response 2.D of this document. Original pressure in the Madison has been calculated based on an artesian aquifer condition with a water level of approximately 200' above ground surface. This head is based on historical water well data for the City of Edgemont water wells completed in the Madison Formation (Appendix D). Based on an estimated shut-in pressure of 150 psi and a minimum surface elevation of 3,450', the potentiometric surface of the Madison at Edgemont is 3,745' (345' above ground surface). It is noted that surface elevation at Edgemont wells may be as high as 3,650'. Given the elevation increase of approximately 100' to 300' from Edgemont to the Dewey-Burdock Project, it is reasonable to assume a potentiometric level of approximately 3,900' AMSL (~200' above ground surface) at Dewey-Burdock. USGS potentiometric maps for this formation are regional and based on little (if any) local data (Figure D-10, Driscoll et al., 2002). The result is a calculated critical pressure rise for the Minnelusa to Madison of 165.6 psi (Table A-1). It is noted that formation parameters have been estimated from available data and will be verified through formation testing during the drilling process.

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The values in Table A-1 were used in the pressure rise equation to compute the critical pressure rise for Minnelusa to top of Madison as follows:

Pc = 0.433[1.008(2,205-2,765) + 1.001(2,765-(-200))] - 875.1 psi

or:

#### **Cone-of-Influence**

Based on the calculated value for the critical pressure rise, the cone-of-influence can be calculated for DW No.1 over a ten-year period of injection. At DW No. 1 there is projected to be a 13.2' cone-of-influence for continuous injection at a rate of 75 gpm (2,571 bwpd) in the Minnelusa Formation (Table A-2). This is the value at which pressure at distance intersects the critical pressure rise of 97.1 psi from the Minnelusa to the Unkpapa/Sundance (Figure A-6). Since the critical pressure rise for the Minnelusa to the over-pressured Madison is never intersected, even at the well bore, there is no COI and no potential exists for contamination of the Madison. As such, the fixed radius of 1,320' (¼ mile) will be used for the Minnelusa Formation at Site 1. Pressure rise has been evaluated in an infinite acting reservoir with a line source well using the log-approximation of the radial flow diffusivity equation (Lee, 1982).

dP =  $-70.6 \text{ Bq}\mu/\text{kh} + \ln([1,688 \phi \mu c_t r^2/\text{kt}] - 2s)$ 

where the values listed in Table A-3 have been assigned based on site-specific information.

Calculations for pressure rise due to ten years of injection have been based on a rate of 75 gpm. Well capacities will be verified during the drilling, testing, and completion process.

## MINNELUSA TO UNKPAPA/SUNDANCE AND MINNELUSA TO MADISON FOR DW NO. 3 – SITE 2

## Minnelusa – Unkpapa/Sundance

Original pressure in the Minnelusa has been calculated based on a depth to water of 1,750' above the top of the Minnelusa from USGS potentiometric maps (Figure D-14, Driscoll et al., 2002). For the estimated top of the injection interval of 1,950' (See Response F, Table F-2), a gradient of 0.433

psi/ft \* 1.008 (SG of approximately 15,000 mg/I TDS brine) yields a pressure of 763.8 psi at the top of the Minnelusa. The same gradient applied to the effective base of the Injection Zone at 2,540 yields a pressure 1,021.3 psi. (Table A-2). The effective base refers to the lowermost porous zone that will be targeted for injection as discussed in Section 2.F of this document.

In assigning the critical pressure rise and calculating the cone-of-influence (Tables A-2 and A-3) at this site, the base of the overlying USDW, the Unkpapa/Sundance, is assigned as 1,255', as discussed in Response 2.D of this document. The lowest potentiometric surface near the Dewey-Burdock Project is projected to be approximately 29 feet above ground surface (Figure D-14a, Powertech 2008). Therefore, in these calculations, it is assumed that the water table in the Unkpapa/Sundance is at approximately 924' above the top of the formation. The result is a calculated critical pressure rise for Minnelusa to Unkpapa/Sundance of 96.1 psi (Table A-2).

The values in Table A-2 were used in the pressure rise equation to compute the critical pressure rise for Minnelusa to Unkpapa/Sundance as follows:

Pc = 0.433[1.008(1,950-1,255) + 1.001(1,255-(-29))] - 763.8 psi

or:

Pc = 96.1 psi

### Minnelusa - Madison

The top of the underlying USDW is the Madison Formation at 3,100' as discussed in Response 2.D of this document. Original pressure in the Madison has been calculated based on an artesian aquifer condition with a water level of approximately 200' above ground surface. This head is based on historical water well data for the City of Edgemont water wells completed in the Madison Formation (Appendix D). Based on an estimated shut-in pressure of 150 psi and a minimum surface elevation of 3,450', the potentiometric surface of the Madison at Edgemont is 3,745' (345' above ground surface). It is noted that surface elevation at Edgemont wells may be as high as 3,650'. Given the elevation increase of approximately 100' to 300' from Edgemont to the Dewey-Burdock Project, it is reasonable to assume a potentiometric level of approximately 3,900' AMSL (~200' above ground surface) at Dewey-Burdock. USGS potentiometric maps for this formation are regional and based on little (if any) local data (Figure D-10, Driscoll et al., 2002). The result is a calculated critical pressure rise for the Minnelusa to Madison of 164.6 psi (Table A-2). It is noted that formation parameters have been estimated from available data and will be verified through formation testing during the drilling process.

The values in Table A-2 were used in the pressure rise equation to compute the critical pressure rise for Minnelusa to Madison as follows:

Pc = 0.433[1.008(2,540-3,100) + 1.001(3,100-(-200))] - 1,021.3 psi

or:

Pc = 164.6 psi

## Cone-of-Influence

Based on the calculated value for the critical pressure rise, the cone-of-influence can be calculated for DW No. 3 over a ten-year period of injection. At DW No. 3, there is projected to be a 14.4' cone-of-influence for continuous injection at a rate of 75 gpm (2,571 bwpd) in the Minnelusa Formation (Table A-3). This is the value at which pressure at distance intersects the critical pressure rise of 96.1 psi from the Minnelusa to the Unkpapa/Sundance (Figure A-6). Since the critical pressure rise for the Minnelusa to the over-pressured Madison is never intersected, even at the well bore, there is

no COI and no potential exists for contamination of the Madison. As such, the fixed radius of 1,320' (1/4 mile) will be used. Pressure rise has been evaluated in an infinite acting reservoir with a line source well using the log-approximation of the radial flow diffusivity equation (Lee, 1982).

dP =  $-70.6 \text{ Bq}\mu/\text{kh} * \ln([1,688 \phi \mu c_t^2/\text{kt}] - 2s)$ 

where the values listed in Table A-3 have been assigned based on site-specific information.

Calculations for pressure rise due to ten years of injection have been based on a rate of 75 gpm. Well capacities will be verified during the drilling, testing, and completion process.

## DEADWOOD TO MADISON FOR DW NO. 2 – SITE 1

Original pressure in the Deadwood has been calculated based on an estimated formation fluid level of 2,900' above the top of the Deadwood. For the estimated top of the injection interval of 3,100' (See Response F, Table F-2), a gradient of 0.433 psi/ft \* 1.008 (SG of 15,000 mg/I TDS brine) yields a pressure of 1,265.7 psi at the top of the Deadwood.

In assigning the critical pressure rise and calculating the cone-of-influence (Tables A-1 and A-4) at this site, the base of the overlying USDW, the Madison Formation, is assigned as 3,060', as discussed in Response 2.D of this document. Original pressure in the Madison has been calculated based on an artesian aquifer condition with a water level of approximately 200' above ground surface. This head is based on historical water well data for the City of Edgemont water wells completed in the Madison Formation (Appendix D). Based on an estimated shut-in pressure of 150 psi and a minimum surface elevation of 3,450', the potentiometric surface of the Madison at Edgemont is 3,745' (345' above ground surface). It is noted that surface elevation at Edgemont wells may be as high as 3,650'. Given the elevation increase of approximately 100' to 300' from Edgemont to the Dewey-Burdock Project, it is reasonable to assume a potentiometric level of approximately 3,900' AMSL (~200' above ground surface) at Dewey-Burdock. USGS potentiometric maps for this formation are regional and based on little (if any) local data (Figure D-10, Driscoll et al., 2002). The result is a calculated critical pressure rise for the Minnelusa to Madison of 164.7 psi (Table A-1). It is noted that formation parameters have been estimated from available data and will be verified through formation testing during the drilling process.

The values in Table A-1 were used in the pressure rise equation to compute the critical pressure rise for Deadwood to Madison as follows:

Pc = 0.433[1.008(3,100-3,060) + 1.001(3,060-(-200))] - 1,265.7 psi

or:

## Cone-of-Influence

Based on the calculated value for the critical pressure rise, the cone-of-influence can be calculated for the DW No. 2 over a ten-year period of injection. At DW No. 2, there is projected to be a 1,210' cone-of-influence for continuous injection at a rate of 75 gpm (2,571 bwpd) in the Deadwood Formation (Table A-4). This is the value at which pressure at distance intersects the critical pressure rise of 164.7 psi from the Deadwood to the Madison (Figure A-7). Pressure rise has been evaluated in an infinite acting reservoir with a line source well using the log-approximation of the radial flow diffusivity equation (Lee, 1982).

dP =  $-70.6 \text{ Bq}\mu/\text{kh} + \ln([1,688 \phi \mu c_t r^2/\text{kt}] - 2s)$ 

2-6

where the values listed in Table A-4 have been assigned based on site-specific information.

Calculations for pressure rise due to ten years of injection have been based on a rate of 75 gpm. Well capacities will be verified during the drilling, testing, and completion process.

## DEADWOOD TO MADISON FOR DW NO. 4 – SITE 2

Original pressure in the Deadwood has been calculated based on an estimated formation fluid level of 3,235' above the top of the Deadwood. For the estimated top of the injection interval of 3,435' (See Response F), a gradient of 0.433 psi/ft \* 1.008 (SG of 15,000 mg/l TDS brine) yields a pressure of 1,412.0 psi at the top of the Deadwood.

In assigning the critical pressure rise and calculating the cone-of-influence (Tables A-2 and a-4) at this site, the base of the overlying USDW, the Madison Formation, is assigned as 3,395', as discussed in Response 2.D of this document. Original pressure in the Madison has been calculated based on an artesian aquifer condition with a water level of approximately 200' above ground surface. This head is based on historical water well data for the City of Edgemont water wells completed in the Madison Formation (Appendix D). Based on an estimated shut-in pressure of 150 psi and a minimum surface elevation of 3,450', the potentiometric surface of the Madison at Edgemont is 3,745' (345' above ground surface). It is noted that surface elevation at Edgemont wells may be as high as 3,650'. Given the elevation increase of approximately 100' to 300' from Edgemont to the Dewey-Burdock Project, it is reasonable to assume a potentiometric level of approximately 3,900' AMSL (~200' above ground surface) at Dewey-Burdock. USGS potentiometric maps for this formation are regional and based on little (if any) local data (Figure D-10, Driscoll et al., 2002). The result is a calculated critical pressure rise for the Minnelusa to Madison of 163.7 psi (Table A-2). It is noted that formation parameters have been estimated from available data and will be verified through formation testing during the drilling process.

The values in Table A-2 were used in the pressure rise equation to compute the critical pressure rise for Deadwood to Madison as follows:

Pc = 0.433[1.008(3,435-3,395) + 1.001(3,395-(-200))] - 1,412.0 psi

or:

#### Cone-of-Influence

Based on the calculated value for the critical pressure rise, the cone-of-influence can be calculated for the DW No. 2 over a ten-year period of injection. At DW No. 4, there is projected to be a 1,242' cone-of-influence for continuous injection at a rate of 75 gpm (2,571 bwpd) in the Deadwood Formation (Table A-4). This is the value at which pressure at distance intersects the critical pressure rise of 163.7 psi from the Deadwood to the Madison (Figure A-7). Pressure rise has been evaluated in an infinite acting reservoir with a line source well using the log-approximation of the radial flow diffusivity equation (Lee, 1982).

dP =  $-70.6 \text{ Bq}\mu/\text{kh} \cdot \ln([1,688 \phi \mu c_t r^2/\text{kt}] - 2s)$ 

where the values listed in Table A-4 have been assigned based on site-specific information.

Calculations for pressure rise due to ten years of injection have been based on a rate of 75 gpm. Well capacities will be verified during the drilling, testing, and completion process.

#### **Radius of Fluid Displacement**

#### Minnelusa

The same formation parameters for each formation that were used in the COI calculations were used to calculate the ROFD. Using a porosity of 21% and an effective thickness of 164', the calculated ROFD is 698' after 10 years of constant rate injection at 75 gpm. The effect of an estimated hydraulic gradient of 10 ft/mile alters the maximum ROFD by 8.12' which yields a total calculated ROFD of approximately 706' (Table A-5). The ROFD in the Minnelusa is presented on Figure B-2.

#### Deadwood

Using a porosity of 11% and an effective thickness of 85', the calculated ROFD is 1,339' after 10 years of constant rate injection at 75 gpm. The effect of an estimated hydraulic gradient of 10 ft/mile alters the maximum ROFD by 15.50' which yields a total calculated ROFD of approximately 1,355' (Table A-6). The ROFD in the Deadwood is presented on Figure B-2a.

## **Final AORs**

The calculated COIs for DW Nos. 1, 2, 3, and 4 are 13.2', 1,210', 14.4', and 1,242', respectively. The distances for DW Nos. 1 and 3 are less than the calculated ROFDs for the Minnelusa (706') and less than a fixed radius of 1⁄4 mile or 1,320'. As such, a radius of 1,320' has been used for evaluation of all artificial penetrations for Class V injection into the Minnelusa Formation for DW No. 1 and DW No. 3 (Figure B-2).

The calculated COIs for DW Nos. 2 and 4 are less than the calculated ROFDs for the Deadwood (1,355') and greater than a fixed radius of 1⁄4 mile or 1,320'. As such, a radius of 1,355' has been used for DW No. 2 and DW No. 4 for evaluation of all artificial penetrations for Class V injection into the Deadwood Formation (Figure B-2a). Figure B-2b presents the final AORs of the four planned wells relative to the Class V permit area and oil and gas wells near the project. The Class V permit area is defined conservatively by applying the maximum calculated AOR of 1,355' as an offset from the Dewey-Burdock Project boundary and the oil and gas wells permitted within that boundary.

The input parameters used to calculate the AORs are based on formation parameters derived from limited data and will be verified during the drilling, testing, and completion process. If the input parameters that have been used are found to yield projections that are insufficiently conservative, the AORs will be recalculated.

#### Pressure Rise at the Dewey Fault

The Dewey Fault shown on Figure B-2b is located in excess of 4,000' to the northwest of the nearest corner of the proposed Class V permit area. While some authors have mapped it as dipping to the southeast, it is shown at the same location relative to the Dewey-Burdock Project at surface and at depth (Figures D-1, D-8, D-10, D-14, and D-15). As such, it is more likely a near vertical fault in proximity to the site. The pressure rise at a distance of 4,000' due to injection in the Minnelusa would be approximately 34 psi. This is less than the calculated critical pressure rise at a distance of 4,000' due to injection into the Deadwood would be approximately 119 psi. This is less than the calculated critical pressure rise at a distance of 4,000' due to injection into the Deadwood would be approximately 119 psi. This is less than the calculated critical pressure rise of 96.1 psi (Minnelusa to Unkpapa/Sundance) and 164.6 psi (Minnelusa to Madison). The pressure rise at a distance of 4,000' due to injection into the Deadwood would be approximately 119 psi. This is less than the calculated critical pressure rise of 163.7 psi necessary to transmit fluid from the Deadwood to the Madison along any hypothetical open pathway. It can thus be concluded that the Dewey Fault could not act as a conduit for fluid to rise to a USDW due to injection into the Minnelusa or

Deadwood in the vicinity of the proposed Class V permit area.

## TABLE A-1 Critical Pressure Rise - Site 1

Pc=0.433(	YbDb+Yw([	Dw-L))-Po	Inj. Zone DTW	Yb	Confining Zone Db	SG of USDW Yw	Top Inj. Zone Dx	Base/Top Inj. Zone Dw	USDW DTW L	Inj. Zone Po
	ļ		(π;bgs)	(Inj. Z)	(feet; bgs)	(USDW)	(feet; bgs)	(feet; bgs)	(feet; bgs)	(psi)
Minnelusa	 a to Unkpap	a/Sundance	200	1.008	695	1.001	1615	920	29	617.6
Pc =	97.1	psi								
Minnelusa	a to Madiso	n	200	1.008	-560	1.001	2205	2765	-200	875.1
Pc =	165.6	psi								
Deadwoo	l d to Madisc	n n	200	1.008	40	1.001	3100	3060	-200	1,265.7
Pc =	164.7	psi								

Po calculated based on a depth to water of 1,400' above top of Minnelusa; fluid gradient of Minnelusa and Deadwood = 0.433 psi/ft x 1.008 (SG)

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## TABLE A-2 Critical Pressure Rise - Site 2

		$\sim$	Inj. Zone		Confining Zone	SG of USDW	Top Inj. Zone	Base/Top Inj. Zone	USDW DTW	Inj. Zone
Pc=0.433	3(YbDb+Yw(E	Dw-L))-Po	DTW	Yb	Db	Yw	Dx	Dw	L	Po
			(ft;bgs)	(Inj. Z)	(feet; bgs)	(USDW)	(feet; bgs)	(feet; bgs)	(feet; bgs)	(psi)
Minnelus	sa to Unkpar	pa/Sundance	200	1.008	695	1.001	1950	1255	-29	763.8
Pc =	96.1	psi				•				
Minnelus	sa to Madiso	n	200	1.008	-560	1.001	2540	3100	-200	1,021.3
Pc =	164.6	psi								
Deadwo	od to Madisc	n	200	1.008	40	1.001	3435	3395	-200	1,412.0
Pc =	163.7	psi								

Po calculated based on a depth to water of 1,400' above top of Minnelusa; fluid gradient of Minnelusa and Deadwood = 0.433 psi/ft x 1.008 (SG)

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#### TABLE A-3 Calculated Pressure Rise vs. Distance (Diffusivity Equation) - Minnelusa Formation

Injection Rate (gpm)

75

Based on Equation 1.11 (Lee, 1982; P. 5)

dp = -70.6(qBu/kh)[In(1,688.388\*por\*u\*ct\*rw^2/kt)-2s]

Where

dp =	pressure differential	Solve p	osi	
q =	flowrate (STB/d)	2,571.43 b	bl/d	
B =	formation volume factor (RB/STB)	1.01 F	RB/STB	
u =	viscosity (cp)	0.74 c	ср	
k =	permeability (md)	150 n	nd	
h =	reservior thickness (feet)	164 f	eet	
por =	formation effective porosity (percent)	0.21 fr	raction	
ct =	total matrix and fluid compressibility (1/psi)	6.50E-06 p	osi-1	
rw =	radius (feet)	Variable f	eet	
t =	injection time (hours)	87660.0 h	nours =	10.00 years
s =	skin factor (units)	0.0		trat sites and sites and
	Term 1 -70.6(qBu/kh)			

Term 2 (por\*u\*ct\*rw^2/kt)

75

#### Injection Rate (gpm) =

dp = Term 1 \* ln(1688.388\*Term 2)

	Radius (ft)	Term 1	Term 2	[ln (term 2) - 2s]	dp (psi)	
rw	0.26042	-5.51566	5.2098E-15	-25.45671	140.4	Minn-Madison NO COI At 165.6 (DW No. 1) or 164.6 (DW No. 3)
no skin	0.5	-5.51566	1.9205E-14	-24.15208	133.2	
	1	-5.51566	7.6820E-14	-22.76579	125.6	
	5	-5.51566	1.9205E-12	-19.54691	107.8	
	13.2	-5.51566	1.3385E-11	-17.60535	97.1	Minn-Unkpapa/Sundance Pc=97.1 psi (DW No. 1)
	14.4	-5.51566	1.5929E-11	-17.43133	96.1	Minn-Unkpapa/Sundance Pc=96.1 psi (DW No. 3)
	22.6	-5.51566	3.9236E-11	-16.52989	91.2	
	25	-5.51566	4.8012E-11	-16.32804	90.1	
	35	-5.51566	9.4104E-11	-15.65509	86.3	
	48.5	-5.51566	1.8070E-10	-15.00266	82.7	
	50.5	-5.51566	1.9591E-10	-14.92184	82.3	
	75	-5.51566	4.3211E-10	-14.13081	77.9	

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TABLE A-3 Calculated Pressure Rise vs. Distance (Diffusivity Equation) - Minnelusa Formation

100	-5.51566	7.6820E-10	-13.55545	74.8
125	-5.51566	1.2003E-09	-13,10916	72.3
150	-5.51566	1.7284E-09	-12,74452	70.3
172	-5.51566	2.2726E-09	-12.47080	68.8
200	-5.51566	3.0728E-09	-12,16915	67.1
225	-5.51566	3.8890E-09	-11,93359	65.8
250	-5.51566	4.8012E-09	-11,72287	64.7
275	-5.51566	5.8095E-09	-11.53225	63.6
300	-5.51566	6.9138E-09	-11.35822	62.6
325	-5.51566	8.1141E-09	-11,19814	61.8
350	-5.51566	9.4104E-09	-11.04992	60.9
375	-5.51566	1.0803E-08	-10.91194	60.2
400	-5.51566	1.2291E-08	-10.78286	59.5
425	-5.51566	1.3876E-08	-10.66161	58.8
450	-5.51566	1.5556E-08	-10 54729	58.2
500	-5.51566	1.9205E-08	-10 33657	57.0
625	-5 51566	3 0008E-08	-9 89028	54.6
750	-5.51566	4.3211E-08	-9 52564	52.5
1000	-5 51566	7 6820E-08	-8 95028	49.4
1250	-5.51566	1 2003E-07	-8 50399	46.9
1500	-5 51566	1 7284E-07	-8 13935	44.9
1830	-5 51566	2 5726E-07	-7 74165	42.7
2020	-5 51566	3 1345E-07	-7 54408	41.6
2250	-5 51566	3 8890E-07	-7 32842	40.4
2400	-5 51566	4 4248E-07	-7 10034	30.7
3000	-5 51566	6 9138E-07	-6 75305	37.2
3500	-5 51566	9.4104E-07	-6 44475	35.5
4000	-5 51566	1 2291E-06	-6 17769	34.1
4500	-5.51566	1.5556E-06	-5 94212	32.8
5280	-5 51566	2 1416E-06	-5 62243	31.0
6000	-5 51566	2.7655E-06	-5 36676	20.6
6600	-5.51566	3 3463E-06	-5.30070	28.5
6700	-5.51566	3.4484E-06	-5.14606	28.0
6800	-5 51566	3.5521E-06	-5 116/3	28.7
6900	-5.51566	3.6574E-06	-5 08723	20.2
7000	-5.51566	3.7642E-06	-5.05846	20.1
7100	-5.51566	3.8725E-06	-5.03040	27.3
7200	-5.51566	3 08235-06	-5.00000	27.6
7200	-5.51566	1 0037E-06	-1 07/53	27.0
7400	-5.51566	4.20665-06	-4.97400	27.4
7400	-5.51566	4.2000E-00	-4.947.52	27.3
7600	-5.51500	4.3211E-00	4.92047	27.1
7700	-5.51500	4.457 1E-00 1 55/6E-06	-4.09090	27.0
7800	-5.51566	4.0040E-00	-4.00704	20.0
7000	5 51566	4.01312-00	-4.04203	20.7
9000	-0.01000	4.19430-00	-4.01000	20.0
0000	-0.01000	4.91040-00	-4.79139	20.4

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#### TABLE A-3 Calculated Pressure Rise vs. Distance (Diffusivity Equation) - Minnelusa Formation

8100	-5.51566	5.0401E-06	-4.76655	26.3
8200	-5.51566	5.1653E-06	-4.74201	26.2
8300	-5.51566	5.2921E-06	-4.71777	26.0
8400	-5.51566	5.4204E-06	-4.69381	25.9
8500	-5.51566	5.5502E-06	-4.67015	25.8
9000	-5.51566	6.2224E-06	-4.55583	25.1
10000	-5.51566	7.6820E-06	-4.34511	24.0
10560	-5.51566	8.5664E-06	-4.23613	23.4
11000	-5.51566	9.2952E-06	-4.15449	22.9

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#### TABLE A-4 Calculated Pressure Rise vs. Distance (Diffusivity Equation) - Deadwood Formation

10.00 years

Injection Rate (gpm)

75

## Based on Equation 1.11 (Lee, 1982; P. 5)

#### dp = -70.6(qBu/kh)[ln(1,688.388\*por\*u\*ct\*rw^2/kt)-2s]

Where

dp =	pressure differential	Solve	psi	
q =	flowrate (STB/d)	2,571.43	bbl/d	
B =	formation volume factor (RB/STB)	1.01	<b>RB/STB</b>	
u =	viscosity (cp)	0.67	ср	
k =	permeability (md)	75	md	
h =	reservior thickness (feet)	85	feet	
por =	formation effective porosity (percent)	0.11	fraction	
ct =	total matrix and fluid compressibility (1/psi)	7.00E-06	psi-1	
rw =	radius (feet)	Variable	feet	
t =	injection time (hours)	87660.0	hours	=
s =	skin factor (units)	0.0		

Term 1 -70.6(qBu/kh)

Term 2 (por\*u\*ct\*rw^2/kt)

75

## Injection Rate (gpm)

#### dp = Term 1 \* In(1688.388\*Term 2)

	Radius (ft)	Term 1	Term 2	[In (term 2) - 2s]	dp (psi)
rw	0.26042	-19.27060	5.3217E-15	-25.43545	490.2
no skin	0.5	-19.27060	1.9617E-14	-24.13083	465.0
	1	-19.27060	7.8470E-14	-22.74453	438.3
	5	-19.27060	1.9617E-12	-19.52566	376.3
	10	-19.27060	7.8470E-12	-18.13936	349.6
	15	-19.27060	1.7656E-11	-17.32843	333.9
	22.6	-19.27060	4.0079E-11	-16.50863	318.1
	25	-19.27060	4.9044E-11	-16.30678	314.2
	35	-19.27060	9.6126E-11	-15.63384	301.3

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48.5	-19.27060	1.8458E-10	-14.98140	288.7	
50.5	-19.27060	2.0012E-10	-14.90059	287.1	
75	-19.27060	4.4139E-10	-14.10956	271.9	
100	-19.27060	7.8470E-10	-13.53419	260.8	
125	-19.27060	1.2261E-09	-13.08790	252.2	
150	-19.27060	1.7656E-09	-12.72326	245.2	
172	-19.27060	2.3215E-09	-12.44954	239.9	
200	-19.27060	3.1388E-09	-12.14790	234.1	
225	-19.27060	3.9725E-09	-11.91233	229.6	
250	-19.27060	4.9044E-09	-11.70161	225.5	
275	-19.27060	5.9343E-09	-11.51099	221.8	
300	-19.27060	7.0623E-09	-11.33697	218.5	
325	-19.27060	8.2884E-09	-11.17688	215.4	
350	-19.27060	9.6126E-09	-11.02867	212.5	
. 375	-19.27060	1.1035E-08	-10.89068	209.9	
400	-19.27060	1.2555E-08	-10.76160	207.4	
425	-19.27060	1.4174E-08	-10.64035	205.0	
450	-19.27060	1.5890E-08	-10.52604	202.8	
500	-19.27060	1.9617E-08	-10.31532	198.8	
625	-19.27060	3.0652E-08	-9.86903	190.2	
715	-19.27060	4.0116E-08	-9.59997	185.0	
1000	-19.27060	7.8470E-08	-8.92902	172.1	
Contraction of the Table of States of the St					
1210	-19.27060	1.1489E-07	-8.54778	164.7	Deadwood-Madison Pc=164.7 psi at DW No. 2
1210 1242	-19.27060 -19.27060	1.1489E-07 1.2104E-07	-8.54778 -8.49558	164.7 163.7	Deadwood-Madison Pc=164.7 psi at DW No. 2 Deadwood-Madison Pc=163.7 psi at DW No. 4
1210 1242 1750	-19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060	1.1489E-07 1.2104E-07 2.4031E-07	-8.54778 -8.49558 -7.80979	164.7 163.7 150.5	Deadwood-Madison Pc=164.7 psi at DW No. 2 Deadwood-Madison Pc=163.7 psi at DW No. 4
1210 1242 1750 2000	-19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060	1.1489E-07 1.2104E-07 2.4031E-07 3.1388E-07	-8.54778 -8.49558 -7.80979 -7.54273	164.7 163.7 150.5 145.4	Deadwood-Madison Pc=164.7 psi at DW No. 2 Deadwood-Madison Pc=163.7 psi at DW No. 4
1210 1242 1750 2000 2124	-19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060	1.1489E-07 1.2104E-07 2.4031E-07 3.1388E-07 3.5401E-07	-8.54778 -8.49558 -7.80979 -7.54273 -7.42242	164.7 163.7 150.5 145.4 143.0	Deadwood-Madison Pc=164.7 psi at DW No. 2 Deadwood-Madison Pc=163.7 psi at DW No. 4
1210 1242 1750 2000 2124 2180	-19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060	1.1489E-07 1.2104E-07 2.4031E-07 3.1388E-07 3.5401E-07 3.7292E-07	-8.54778 -8.49558 -7.80979 -7.54273 -7.42242 -7.37037	164.7 163.7 150.5 145.4 143.0 142.0	Deadwood-Madison Pc=164.7 psi at DW No. 2 Deadwood-Madison Pc=163.7 psi at DW No. 4
1210 1242 1750 2000 2124 2180 3000	-19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060	1.1489E-07 1.2104E-07 2.4031E-07 3.1388E-07 3.5401E-07 3.7292E-07 7.0623E-07	-8.54778 -8.49558 -7.80979 -7.54273 -7.42242 -7.37037 -6.73180	164.7           163.7           150.5           145.4           143.0           142.0           129.7	Deadwood-Madison Pc=164.7 psi at DW No. 2 Deadwood-Madison Pc=163.7 psi at DW No. 4
1210 1242 1750 2000 2124 2180 3000 3500	-19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060	1.1489E-07 1.2104E-07 2.4031E-07 3.1388E-07 3.5401E-07 3.7292E-07 7.0623E-07 9.6126E-07	-8.54778 -8.49558 -7.80979 -7.54273 -7.42242 -7.37037 -6.73180 -6.42350	164.7           163.7           150.5           145.4           143.0           142.0           129.7           123.8	Deadwood-Madison Pc=164.7 psi at DW No. 2 Deadwood-Madison Pc=163.7 psi at DW No. 4
1210 1242 1750 2000 2124 2180 3000 3500 4000	-19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060	1.1489E-07 1.2104E-07 2.4031E-07 3.1388E-07 3.5401E-07 3.7292E-07 7.0623E-07 9.6126E-07 1.2555E-06	-8.54778 -8.49558 -7.80979 -7.54273 -7.42242 -7.37037 -6.73180 -6.42350 -6.15643	164.7           163.7           150.5           145.4           143.0           142.0           129.7           123.8           118.6	Deadwood-Madison Pc=164,7 psi at DW No. 2 Deadwood-Madison Pc=163.7 psi at DW No. 4
1210 1242 1750 2000 2124 2180 3000 3500 4000 4500	-19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060	1.1489E-07 1.2104E-07 2.4031E-07 3.1388E-07 3.5401E-07 3.7292E-07 7.0623E-07 9.6126E-07 1.2555E-06 1.5890E-06	-8.54778 -8.49558 -7.80979 -7.54273 -7.42242 -7.37037 -6.73180 -6.42350 -6.15643 -5.92087	164.7           163.7           150.5           145.4           143.0           142.0           129.7           123.8           118.6           114.1	Deadwood-Madison Pc=164.7 psi at DW No. 2 Deadwood-Madison Pc=163.7 psi at DW No. 4
1210 1242 1750 2000 2124 2180 3000 3500 4000 4500 5280	-19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060	1.1489E-07 1.2104E-07 2.4031E-07 3.1388E-07 3.5401E-07 3.7292E-07 7.0623E-07 9.6126E-07 1.2555E-06 1.5890E-06 2.1876E-06	-8.54778 -8.49558 -7.80979 -7.54273 -7.42242 -7.37037 -6.73180 -6.42350 -6.15643 -5.92087 -5.60117	164.7           163.7           150.5           145.4           143.0           142.0           129.7           123.8           118.6           114.1           107.9	Deadwood-Madison Pc=164.7 psi at DW No. 2 Deadwood-Madison Pc=163.7 psi at DW No. 4
1210 1242 1750 2000 2124 2180 3000 3500 4000 4500 5280 6000	-19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060	1.1489E-07 1.2104E-07 2.4031E-07 3.1388E-07 3.5401E-07 3.7292E-07 7.0623E-07 9.6126E-07 1.2555E-06 1.5890E-06 2.1876E-06 2.8249E-06	-8.54778 -8.49558 -7.80979 -7.54273 -7.42242 -7.37037 -6.73180 -6.42350 -6.15643 -5.92087 -5.60117 -5.34550	164.7           163.7           150.5           145.4           143.0           142.0           129.7           123.8           118.6           114.1           107.9           103.0	Deadwood-Madison Pc=164.7 psi at DW No. 2 Deadwood-Madison Pc=163.7 psi at DW No. 4
1210 1242 1750 2000 2124 2180 3000 3500 4000 4500 5280 6000 6600	-19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060	1.1489E-07 1.2104E-07 2.4031E-07 3.1388E-07 3.5401E-07 3.7292E-07 7.0623E-07 9.6126E-07 1.2555E-06 1.5890E-06 2.1876E-06 2.8249E-06 3.4181E-06	-8.54778 -8.49558 -7.80979 -7.54273 -7.42242 -7.37037 -6.73180 -6.42350 -6.15643 -5.92087 -5.60117 -5.34550 -5.15488	164.7           163.7           150.5           145.4           143.0           142.0           129.7           123.8           118.6           114.1           107.9           103.0           99.3	Deadwood-Madison Pc=164.7 psi at DW No. 2 Deadwood-Madison Pc=163.7 psi at DW No. 4
1210 1242 1750 2000 2124 2180 3000 3500 4000 4500 5280 6000 6600 6600 6700	-19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060	1.1489E-07 1.2104E-07 2.4031E-07 3.1388E-07 3.5401E-07 3.7292E-07 7.0623E-07 9.6126E-07 1.2555E-06 1.5890E-06 2.1876E-06 2.8249E-06 3.4181E-06 3.5225E-06	-8.54778 -8.49558 -7.80979 -7.54273 -7.42242 -7.37037 -6.73180 -6.42350 -6.15643 -5.92087 -5.60117 -5.34550 -5.15488 -5.12481	164.7           163.7           150.5           145.4           143.0           142.0           129.7           123.8           118.6           114.1           107.9           103.0           99.3           98.8	Deadwood-Madison Pc=164.7 psi at DW No. 2 Deadwood-Madison Pc=163.7 psi at DW No. 4
1210 1242 1750 2000 2124 2180 3000 3500 4000 4500 5280 6000 6600 6600 6700 6800	-19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060	1.1489E-07 1.2104E-07 2.4031E-07 3.1388E-07 3.5401E-07 3.7292E-07 7.0623E-07 9.6126E-07 1.2555E-06 1.5890E-06 2.1876E-06 2.8249E-06 3.4181E-06 3.5225E-06 3.6284E-06	-8.54778 -8.49558 -7.80979 -7.54273 -7.42242 -7.37037 -6.73180 -6.42350 -6.15643 -5.92087 -5.60117 -5.34550 -5.15488 -5.12481 -5.09518	164.7           163.7           150.5           145.4           143.0           142.0           129.7           123.8           118.6           114.1           107.9           103.0           99.3           98.8           98.2	Deadwood-Madison Pc=164.7 psi at DW No. 2 Deadwood-Madison Pc=163.7 psi at DW No. 4
1210 1242 1750 2000 2124 2180 3000 3500 4000 4500 5280 6000 6600 6600 6700 6800 6900	-19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060	1.1489E-07 1.2104E-07 2.4031E-07 3.1388E-07 3.5401E-07 3.7292E-07 7.0623E-07 9.6126E-07 1.2555E-06 1.5890E-06 2.1876E-06 2.8249E-06 3.4181E-06 3.5225E-06 3.6284E-06 3.7359E-06	-8.54778 -8.49558 -7.80979 -7.54273 -7.42242 -7.37037 -6.73180 -6.42350 -6.15643 -5.92087 -5.60117 -5.34550 -5.15488 -5.12481 -5.09518 -5.06598	164.7           163.7           150.5           145.4           143.0           142.0           129.7           123.8           118.6           114.1           107.9           103.0           99.3           98.8           98.2           97.6	Deadwood-Madison Pc=164.7 psi at DW No. 2 Deadwood-Madison Pc=163.7 psi at DW No. 4
1210 1242 1750 2000 2124 2180 3000 3500 4000 4500 5280 6000 6600 6600 6600 6700 6800 6900 7000	-19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060	1.1489E-07 1.2104E-07 2.4031E-07 3.1388E-07 3.5401E-07 3.7292E-07 7.0623E-07 9.6126E-07 1.2555E-06 1.5890E-06 2.1876E-06 2.8249E-06 3.4181E-06 3.5225E-06 3.6284E-06 3.7359E-06 3.8450E-06	-8.54778 -8.49558 -7.80979 -7.54273 -7.42242 -7.37037 -6.73180 -6.42350 -6.15643 -5.92087 -5.60117 -5.34550 -5.15488 -5.12481 -5.09518 -5.06598 -5.03720	164.7           163.7           150.5           145.4           143.0           142.0           129.7           123.8           118.6           114.1           107.9           103.0           99.3           98.8           98.2           97.6           97.1	Deadwood-Madison Pc=164.7 psi at DW No. 2 Deadwood-Madison Pc=163.7 psi at DW No. 4
1210 1242 1750 2000 2124 2180 3000 3500 4000 4500 5280 6000 6600 6600 6600 6700 6800 6900 7000 7100	-19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060	1.1489E-07 1.2104E-07 2.4031E-07 3.1388E-07 3.5401E-07 3.7292E-07 7.0623E-07 9.6126E-07 1.2555E-06 1.5890E-06 2.1876E-06 2.8249E-06 3.4181E-06 3.5225E-06 3.6284E-06 3.7359E-06 3.8450E-06 3.9557E-06	-8.54778 -8.49558 -7.80979 -7.54273 -7.42242 -7.37037 -6.73180 -6.42350 -6.15643 -5.92087 -5.60117 -5.34550 -5.15488 -5.12481 -5.09518 -5.06598 -5.03720 -5.00883	164.7           163.7           150.5           145.4           143.0           142.0           129.7           123.8           118.6           114.1           107.9           103.0           99.3           98.8           98.2           97.6           97.1           96.5	Deadwood-Madison Pc=164.7 psi at DW No. 2 Deadwood-Madison Pc=163.7 psi at DW No. 4
1210 1242 1750 2000 2124 2180 3000 3500 4000 4500 5280 6000 6600 6600 6600 6700 6800 6900 7000 7100 7200	-19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060 -19.27060	1.1489E-07 1.2104E-07 2.4031E-07 3.1388E-07 3.5401E-07 3.7292E-07 7.0623E-07 9.6126E-07 1.2555E-06 1.5890E-06 2.1876E-06 2.8249E-06 3.4181E-06 3.5225E-06 3.6284E-06 3.7359E-06 3.8450E-06 3.9557E-06 4.0679E-06	-8.54778 -8.49558 -7.80979 -7.54273 -7.42242 -7.37037 -6.73180 -6.42350 -6.15643 -5.92087 -5.60117 -5.34550 -5.15488 -5.12481 -5.09518 -5.06598 -5.03720 -5.00883 -4.98086	164.7           163.7           150.5           145.4           143.0           142.0           129.7           123.8           118.6           114.1           107.9           103.0           99.3           98.8           98.2           97.6           97.1           96.5           96.0	Deadwood-Madison Pc=164.7 psi at DW No. 2 Deadwood-Madison Pc=163.7 psi at DW No. 4
1210 1242 1750 2000 2124 2180 3000 3500 4000 4500 5280 6000 6600 6600 6600 6700 6800 6900 7000 7100 7200 7300	-19.27060 -19.27060	1.1489E-07 1.2104E-07 2.4031E-07 3.1388E-07 3.5401E-07 3.7292E-07 7.0623E-07 9.6126E-07 1.2555E-06 1.5890E-06 2.1876E-06 2.8249E-06 3.4181E-06 3.5225E-06 3.6284E-06 3.7359E-06 3.8450E-06 3.9557E-06 4.0679E-06 4.1817E-06	-8.54778 -8.49558 -7.80979 -7.54273 -7.42242 -7.37037 -6.73180 -6.42350 -6.15643 -5.92087 -5.60117 -5.34550 -5.15488 -5.12481 -5.09518 -5.06598 -5.03720 -5.00883 -4.98086 -4.95327	164.7           163.7           150.5           145.4           143.0           142.0           129.7           123.8           118.6           114.1           107.9           103.0           99.3           98.8           98.2           97.6           97.1           96.5           96.0           95.5	Deadwood-Madison Pc=164.7 psi at DW No. 2 Deadwood-Madison Pc=163.7 psi at DW No. 4



## TABLE A-4 Calculated Pressure Rise vs. Distance (Diffusivity Equation) - Deadwood Formation

7500	-19.27060	4.4139E-06	-4.89922	94.4
7600	-19.27060	4.5324E-06	-4.87273	93.9
7700	-19.27060	4.6525E-06	-4.84658	93.4
7800	-19.27060	4.7741E-06	-4.82077	92.9
7900	-19.27060	4.8973E-06	-4.79530	92.4
8000	-19.27060	5.0221E-06	-4.77014	91.9
8100	-19.27060	5.1484E-06	-4.74529	91.4
8200	-19.27060	5.2763E-06	-4.72075	91.0
8300	-19.27060	5.4058E-06	-4.69651	90.5
8400	-19.27060	5.5368E-06	-4.67256	90.0
8500	-19.27060	5.6694E-06	-4.64889	89.6
9000	-19.27060	6.3561E-06	-4.53457	87.4
10000	-19.27060	7.8470E-06	-4.32385	83.3
10560	-19.27060	8.7505E-06	-4.21488	81.2
11000	-19.27060	9.4949E-06	-4.13323	79.6

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### Table A-5 Radius of Fluid Displacement Calculation - Minnelusa Formation

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Porosity =	0.21
Formation Thickness =	164 ft
Injection Rate =	75 gpm

r = radius of fluid displacement Q = injection volume (ft<sup>3</sup>)

 $r = (Q/((pi)^{h*}porosity))^{0.5}$ 

Elapsed

Time	Qt	r	r
(yrs)	(ft3)	(ft)	(miles)
1	5,270,055	221	0.04
5	26,350,275	493	0.09
10	52,700,550	698	0.13

## EFFECT OF REGIONAL HYDRAULIC GRADIENT

ASSUME: Regional gradient = 0.0001 ft/ft (10 ft/mile)

Linear velocity (vl): vl = (KI)/porosity where l = hydraulic gradient K = 4.670 ft/d

Hyd. Gradient Displacement = (vl)\*(time)

		<sup>°</sup> Hyd.	Total
	Injection	Grad.	Fluid
Elapsed	Displacement	🗅 Displ.	Displacment
Time	Ri	Rg	Rt
(yrs)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)
1	221	0.81	221.51
5	493	4.06	497.56
10	698	8.12	706.03

NOTE: The additional displacement due to the regional hydraulic gradient is independent of injection rate.

## Table A-6 Radius of Fluid Displacement Calculation - Deadwood Formation

Porosity =	0.11
Formation Thickness =	85 ft
Injection Rate =	75 gpm

r = radius of fluid displacement Q = injection volume (ft<sup>3</sup>)

 $r = (Q/((pi)*h*porosity))^{0.5}$ 

Elapsed

Time	Qt	r	r	
(yrs)	(ft3)	(ft)	(miles)	
1	5,270,055	424	0.08	•
5	26,350,275	947	0.18	
10	52,700,550	1339	0.25	

## EFFECT OF REGIONAL HYDRAULIC GRADIENT

ASSUME: Regional gradient = 0.0001 ft/ft (10 ft/mile)

Linear velocity (vl): vl = (KI)/porosity where l = hydraulic gradient K = 4.670 ft/d

Hyd. Gradient Displacement = (vl)\*(time)

		Hyd.	Total
	Injection	Grad.	Fluid
Elapsed	Displacement	Displ.	Displacment
Time	Ri	Rg	Rt
(yrs)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)
1	424	1.55	425.12
5	947	7.75	954.88
10	1339	15.50	1354.95

NOTE: The additional displacement due to the regional hydraulic gradient is independent of injection rate.





















Class V UIC Application Powertech (USA), Inc.



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## 2.B MAPS OF WELLS IN AREA AND AREA OF REVIEW

Submit a topographic map, extending one mile beyond the property boundaries, showing the injection well(s) or project area for which a permit is sought and the applicable area of review. The map must show all intake and discharge structures and all hazardous waste, treatment, storage, or disposal facilities. If the application is for an area permit, the map should show the distribution manifold (if applicable) applying injection fluid to all wells in the area, including all system monitoring points. Within the area of review, the map must show the following:

The number, or name, and location of all producing well, injection well, abandoned well, dry holes, surface bodies of water, springs, mines (surface and subsurface), quarries, and other pertinent surface features, including residences and roads, and faults, if known or suspected. In addition, the map must identify those well, springs, other surface water bodies, and drinking water wells located within one-quarter mile of the facility property boundary. Only information of public record is required to be included on this map.

## RESPONSE

Maps based on available public records have been prepared and submitted in this Response as summaries of the required data.

#### **Topographic Map**

A copy of the USGS Topographic map available with the outline of the Dewey-Burdock Project boundary superimposed on the map is included as Figure B-1. In addition, the map shows the location of all known surface bodies of water, springs, mines, quarries, residencies and roads.

### **Artificial Penetrations**

There are two artificial penetrations identified in the areas of review surrounding Site 1 and one in the areas of review surrounding Site 2. Figures B-2 and B-2a show the artificial penetrations within the AORs for DW Nos. 1 through 4 for the Minnelusa and the Deadwood, respectively.

Figure B-2b, a map generated using regional data provided by the state of South Dakota, shows the Proposed Class V permit area, the location of the required AORs for four of the proposed Dewey-Burdock Disposal Wells, and the locations of surrounding oil and gas wells. Figure B-2c presents the location of all known water wells within the proposed Class V permit area.

Table C-1 is a tabulation of the known water wells located within the Class V permit area. The deepest formation penetrated by any of these wells is the Unkpapa/Sundance. Due to the absence of wells within the Class V permit area that penetrate the injection zones, there is little potential for causing any endangerment to a USDW.

Table C-2 is a tabulation of the three oil and gas wells permitted within the Dewey-Burdock Project area. The plugging records for these well are included as Appendix B. According to the records obtained from DENR, each of the wells is plugged to a sufficient depth so as not to allow transmission of fluids from the targeted injection zones to overlying USDWs. Note that none of these wells are located within the proposed Class V permit area. As such, they will not be encompassed in any prospective AORs of proposed Dewey-Burdock Disposal Wells.

## **Property Ownership and Public Notice**

Figure B-3 shows the surface property owners in the Dewey-Burdock Project area and Figure B-4 shows the mineral ownership within the Dewey-Burdock Project boundary.

For the purpose of public notice, newspaper service is available from several publishers in the area including the closest paper to the proposed facility, the Edgemont Herald Tribune.



![](_page_45_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_46_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_47_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_48_Figure_0.jpeg)

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