

CENTER FOR NUCLEAR WASTE REGULATORY ANALYSES

CNWRA
CONTROLLED
COPY 562

This is a continuation of the CNWRA controlled scientific notebook #560, titled:

"Analysis of Escalante, Utah Permeability Data
for High Velocity Flow Effects"

Participating individuals ^{RNM} Cynthia L. Dinwiddie (522-6085)
Ronald N. McGinnis (522-5825)

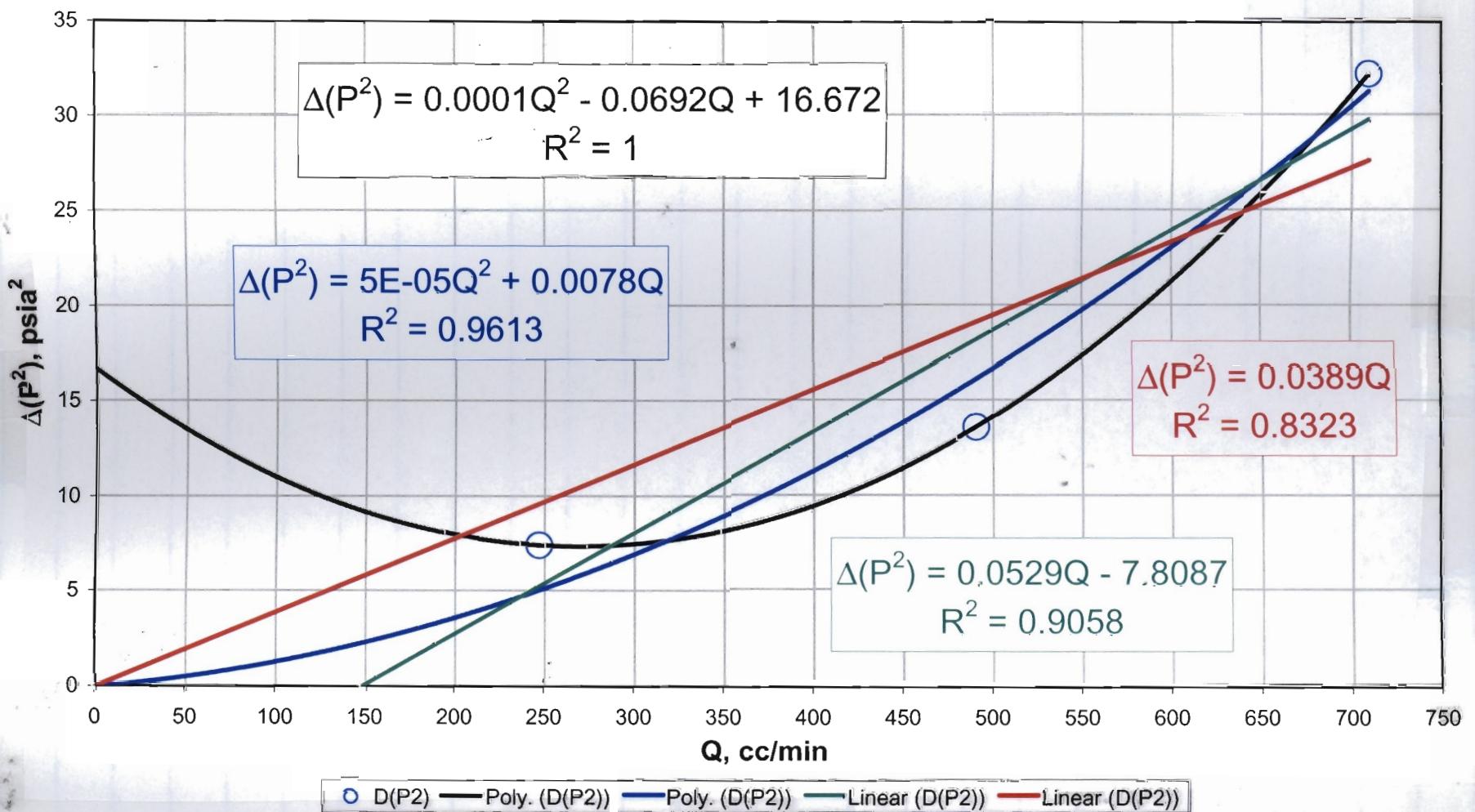
Contract No.

Project: 06002.01.131

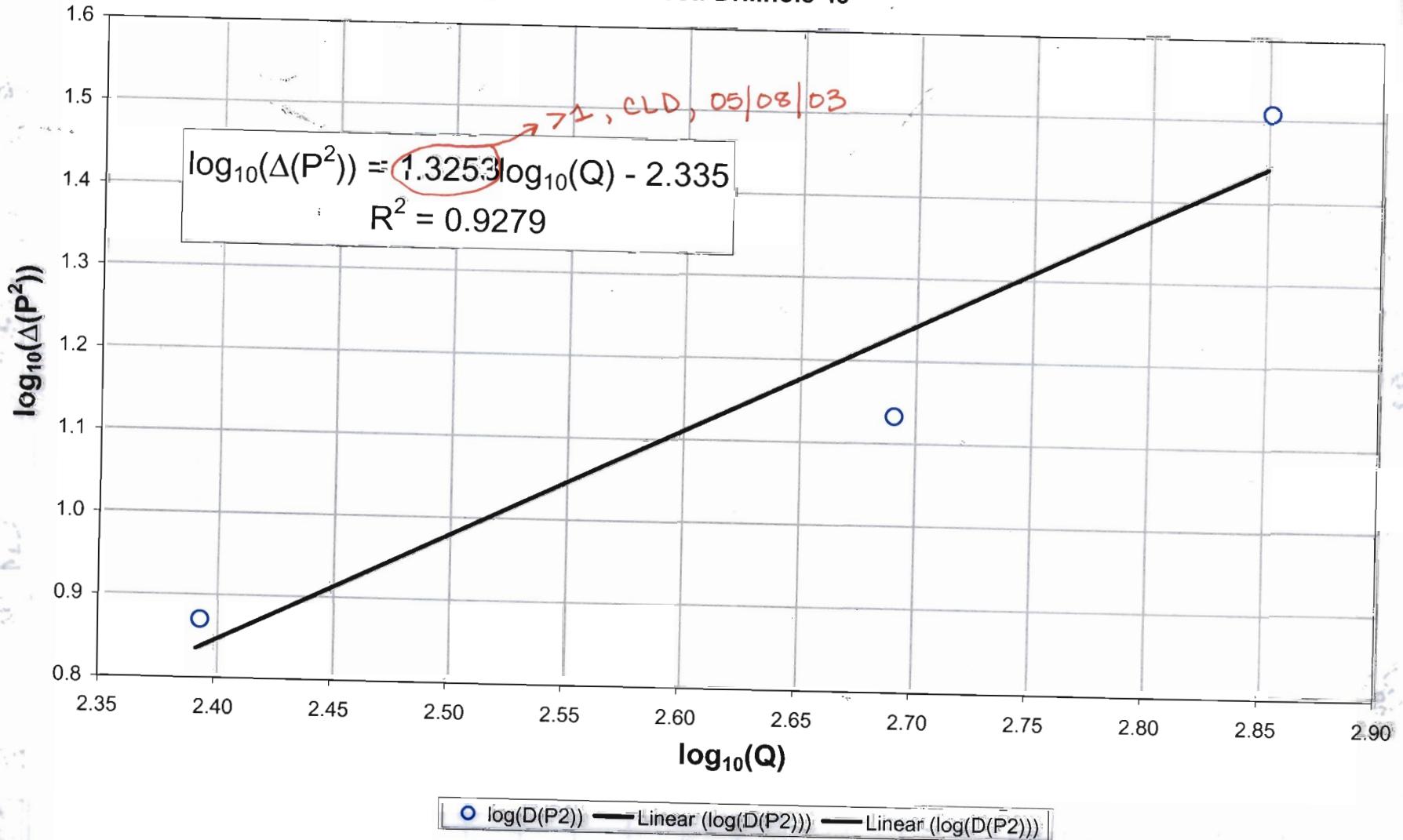
Task objective may be found in SN 537 +545.

RNM, 12/30/02

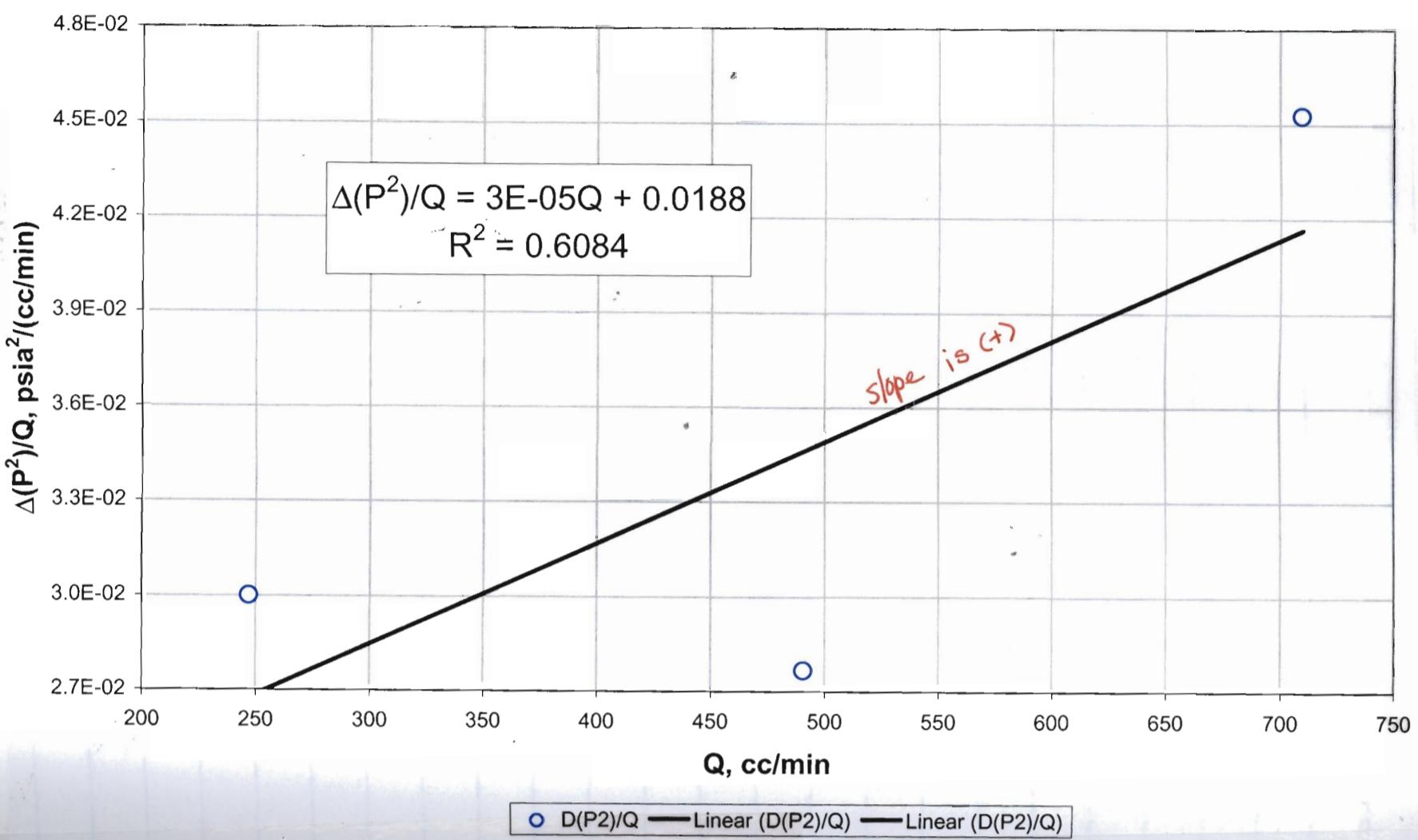
Relationship between steady-state differential pressures squared and flowrate:
 If relationship is linear, with the ordinate intercept nearly zero,
 there is no high velocity flow effect.
 H Transect: Drillhole 49



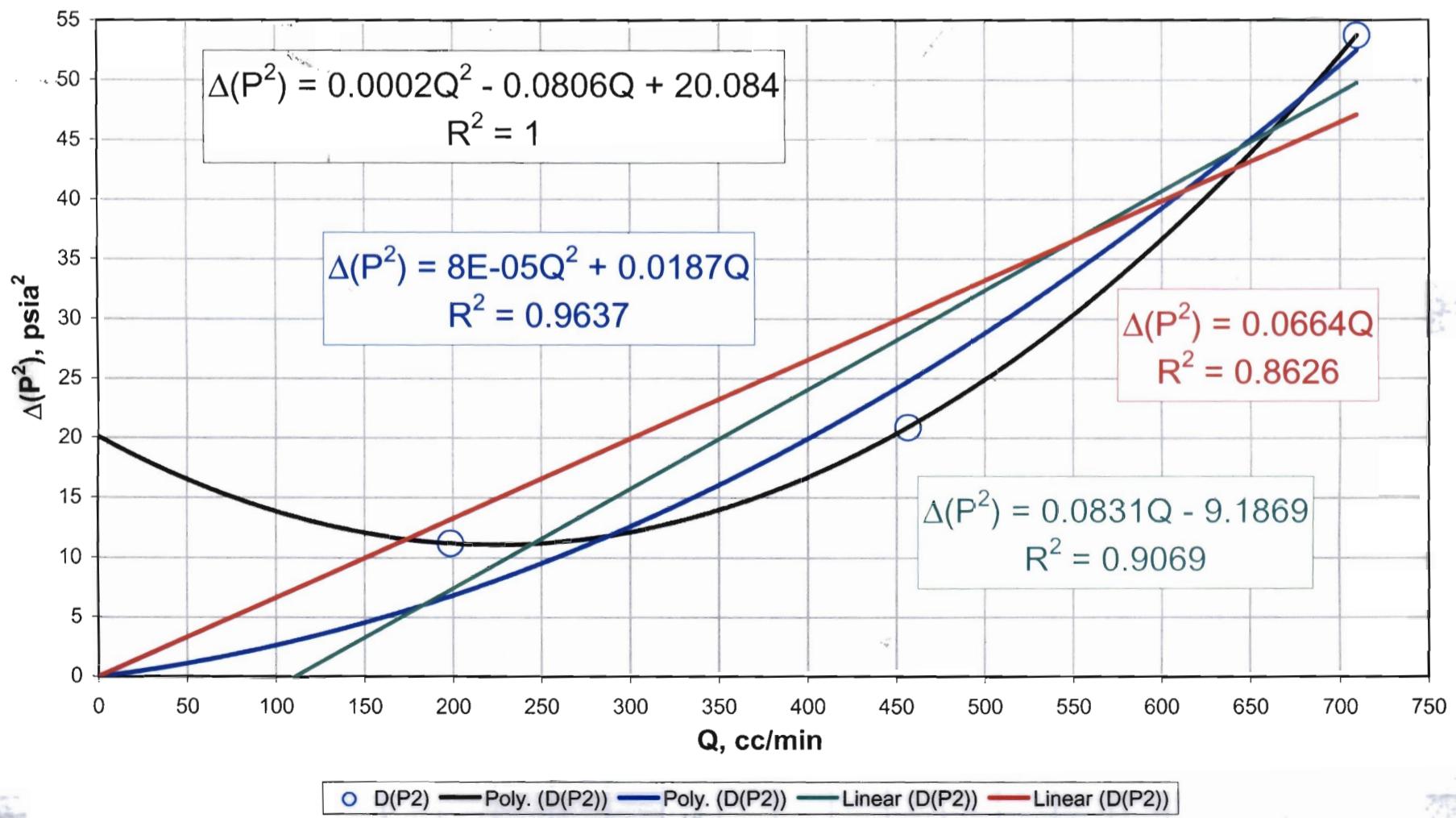
Log-Log plot of differential pressures squared vs. flowrate--used to identify the presence of high-velocity flow effects (when the slope is greater than unity)
 H Transect: Drillhole 49



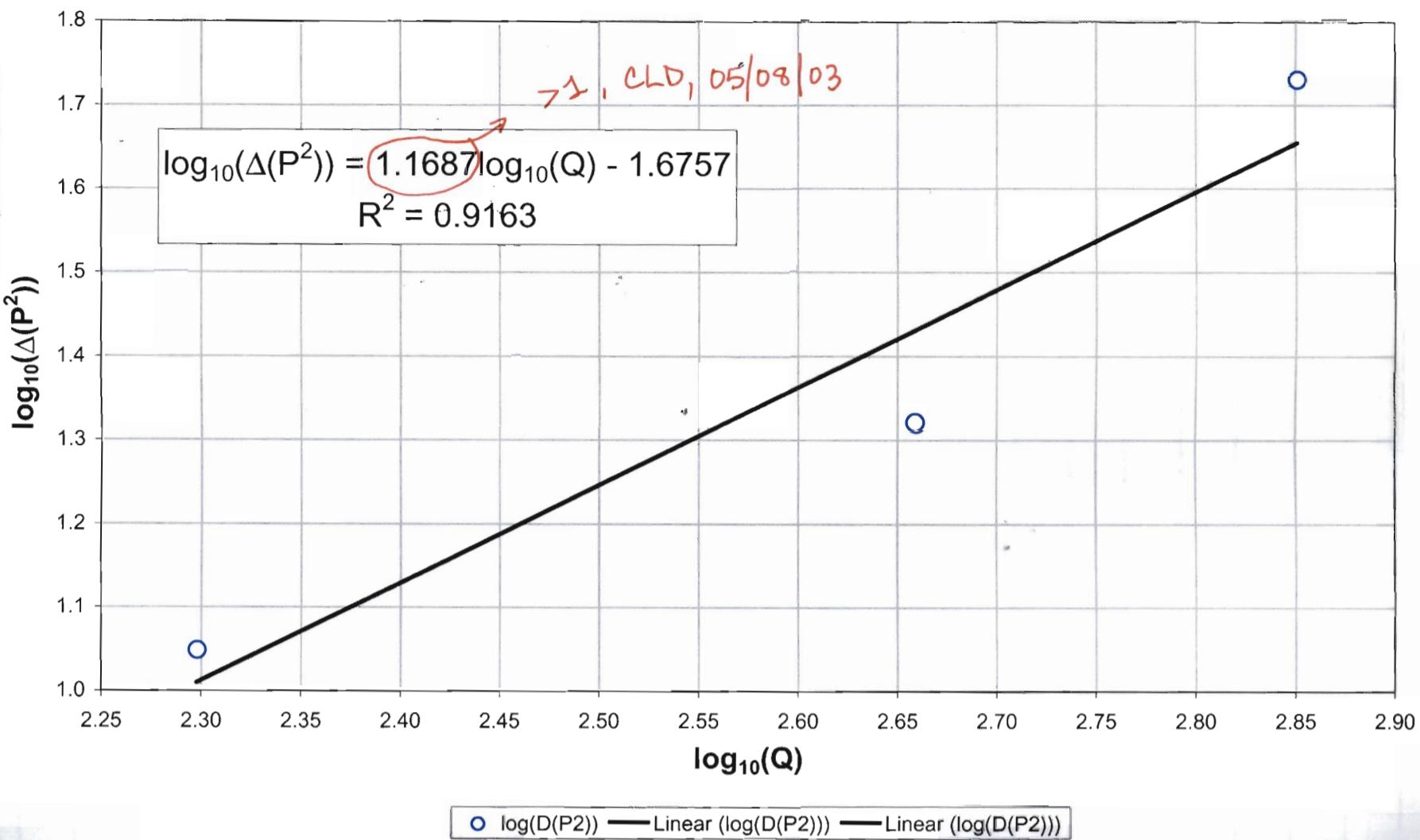
Final check for high velocity flow effects:
High velocity flow effects are present when the slope is non-zero and positive.
H Transect : Drillhole 49



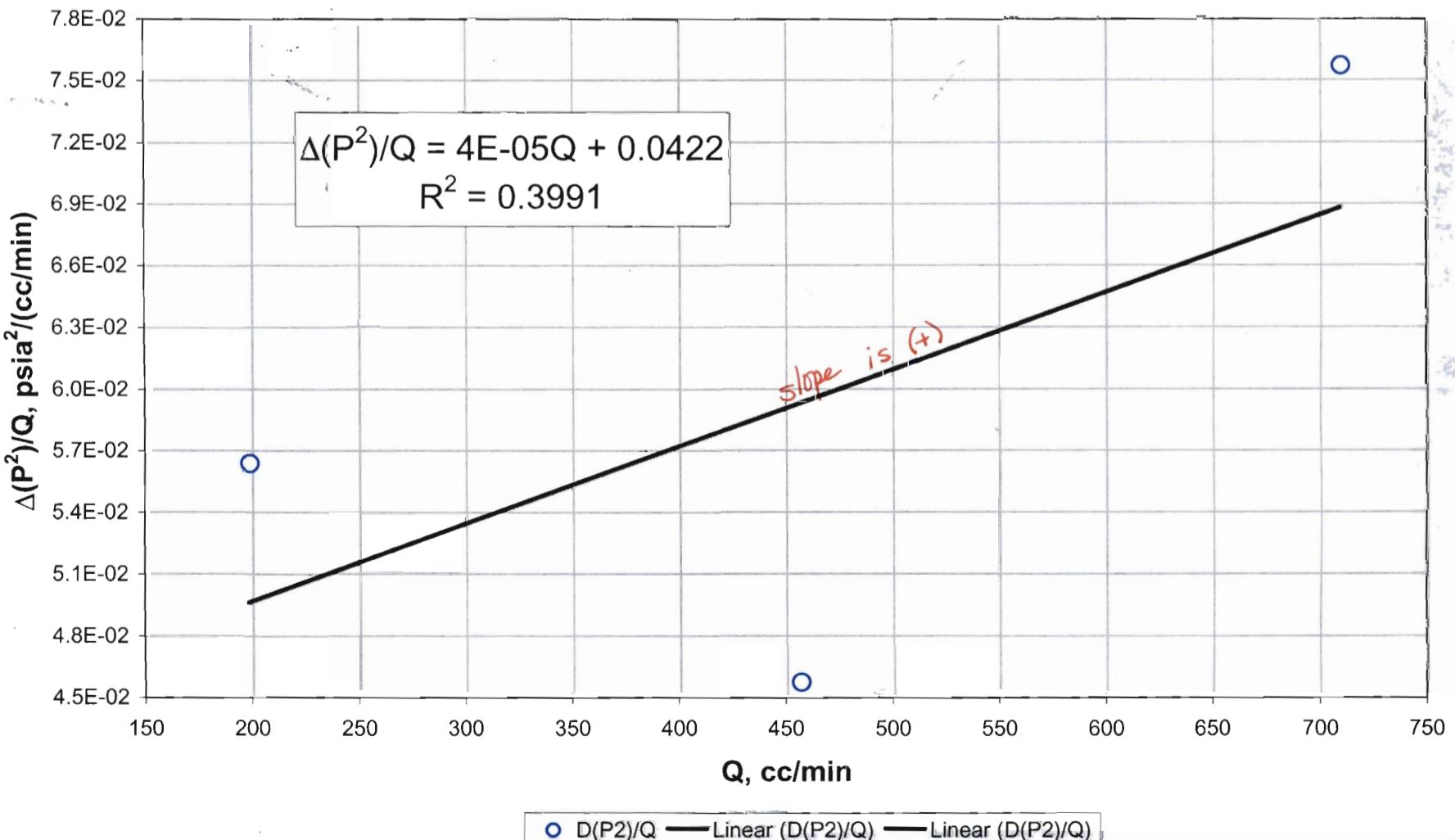
Relationship between steady-state differential pressures squared and flowrate:
If relationship is linear, with the ordinate intercept nearly zero,
there is no high velocity flow effect.
H Transect: Drillhole 50



Log-Log plot of differential pressures squared vs. flowrate--used to identify the presence of high-velocity flow effects (when the slope is greater than unity)
 H Transect: Drillhole 50



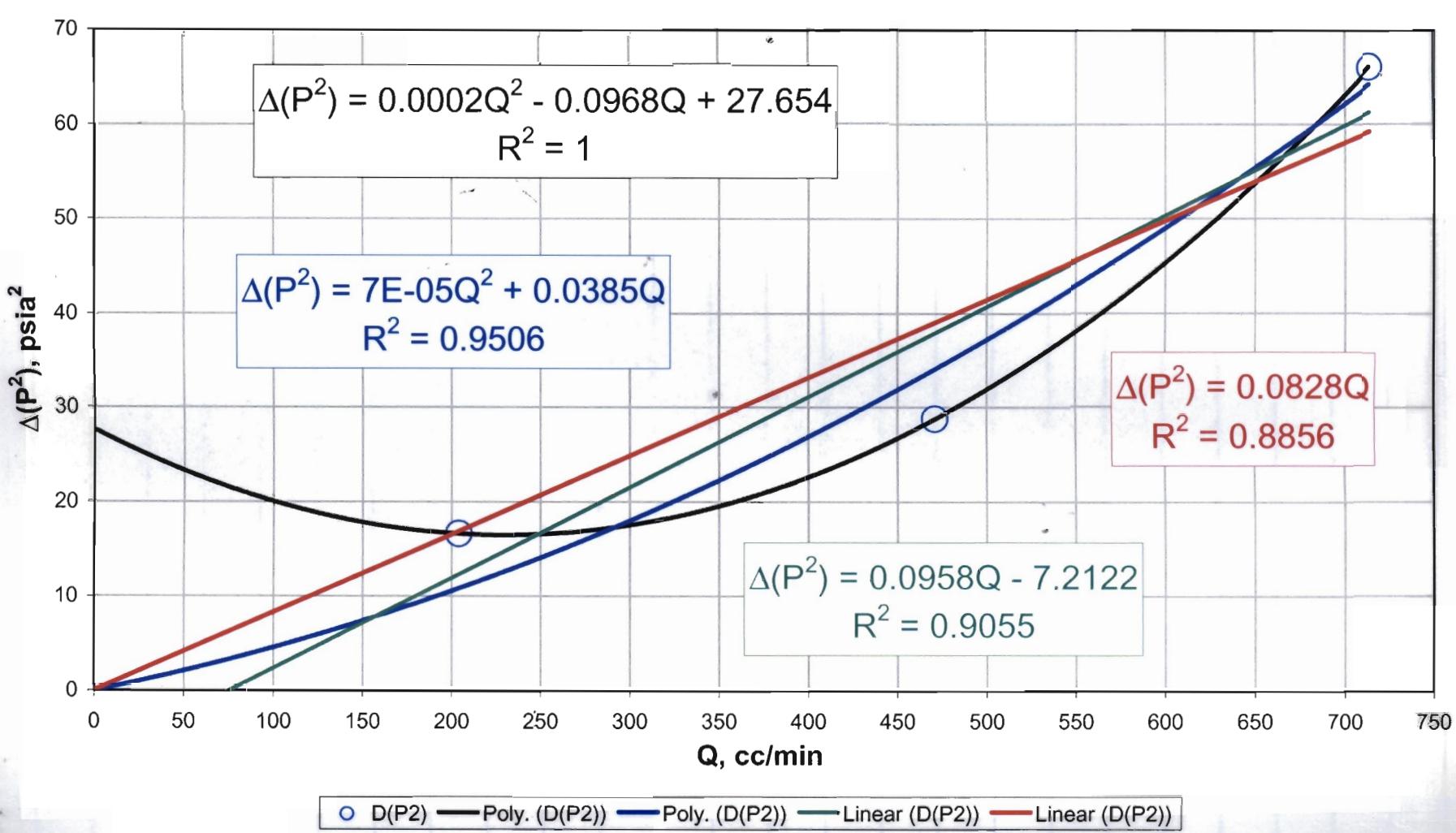
Final check for high velocity flow effects:
 High velocity flow effects are present when the slope is non-zero and positive.
 H Transect : Drillhole 50



Relationship between steady-state differential pressures squared and flowrate:

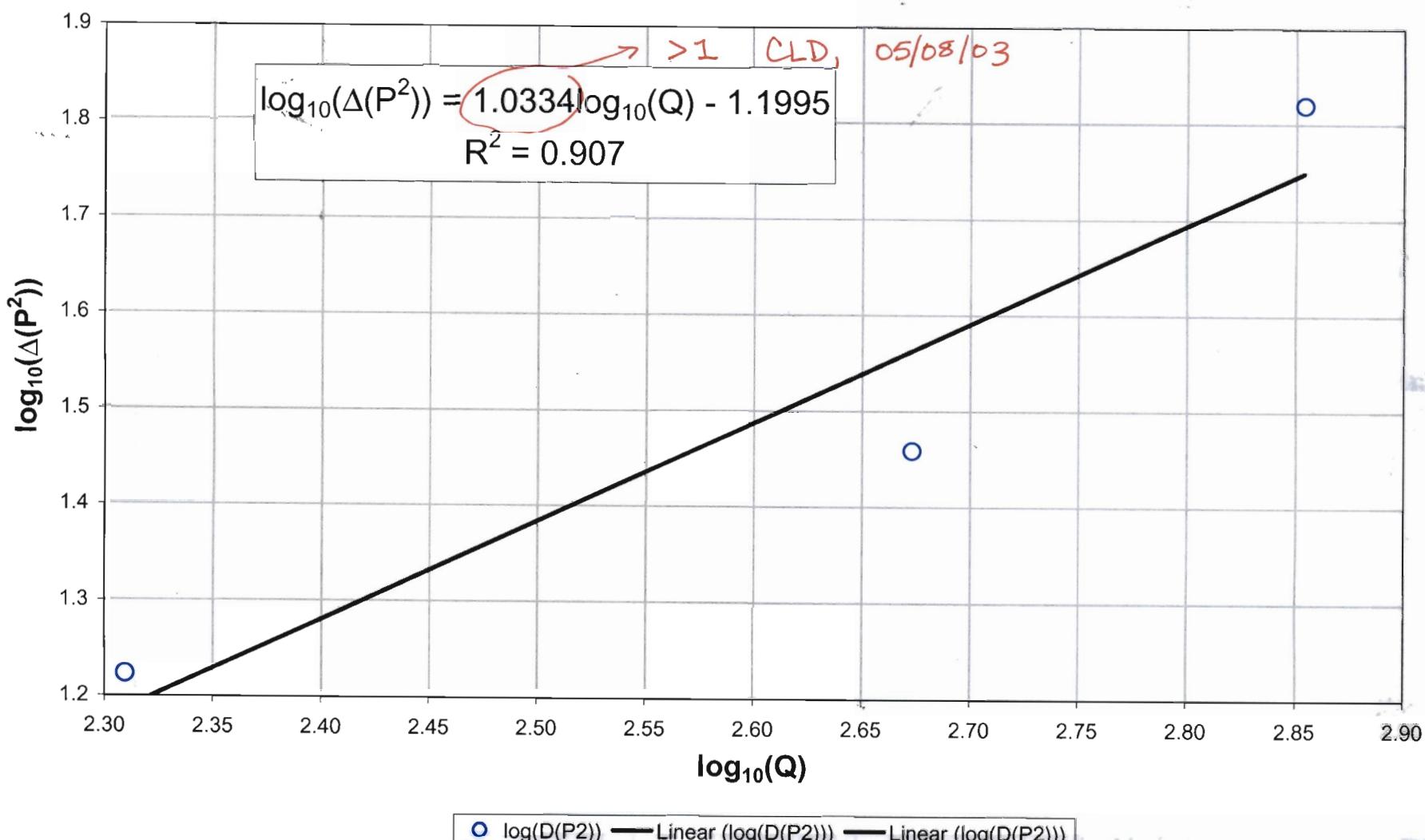
If relationship is linear, with the ordinate intercept nearly zero,
there is no high velocity flow effect.

H Transect: Drillhole 51



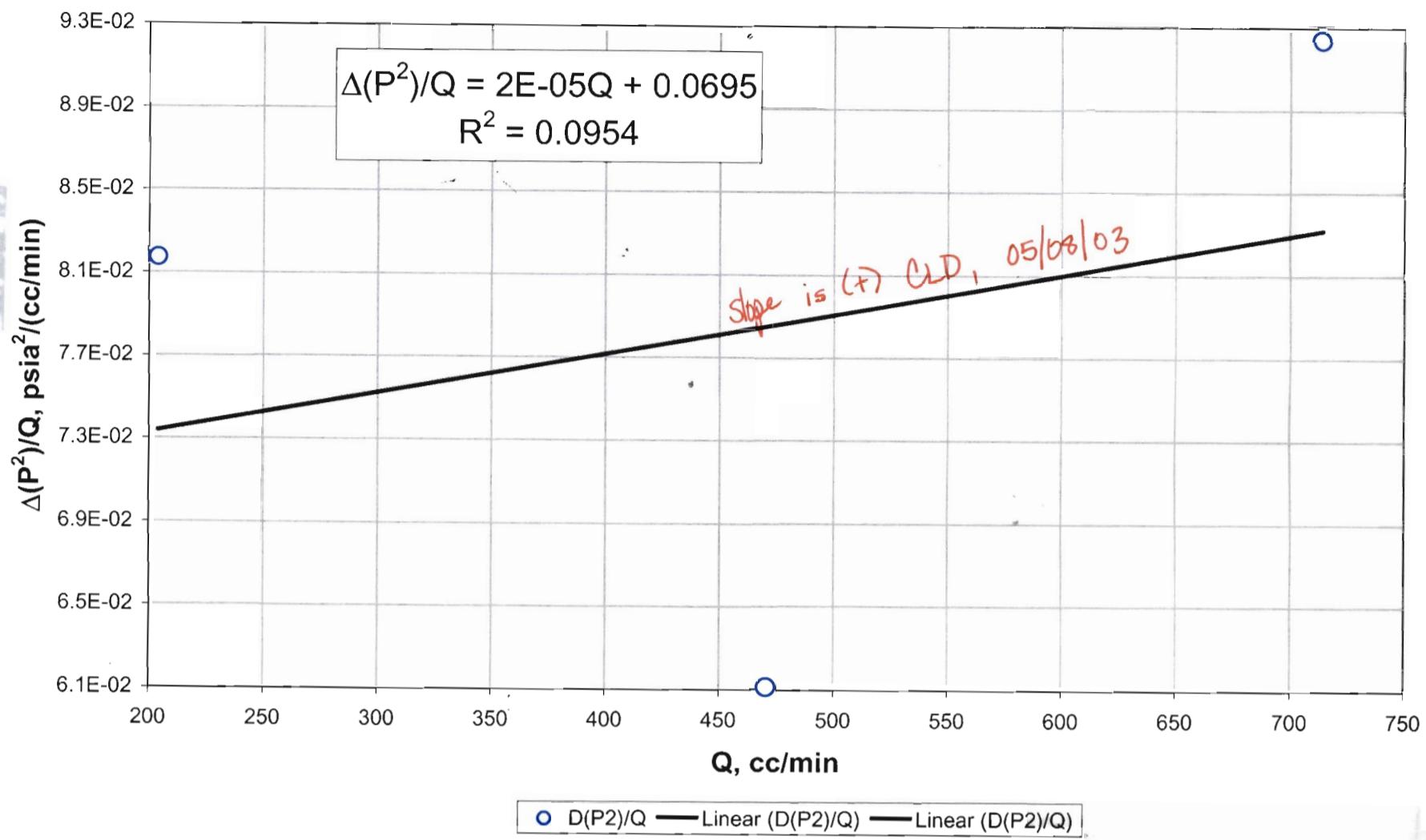
Log-Log plot of differential pressures squared vs. flowrate--used to identify the presence of high-velocity flow effects (when the slope is greater than unity)

H Transect: Drillhole 51

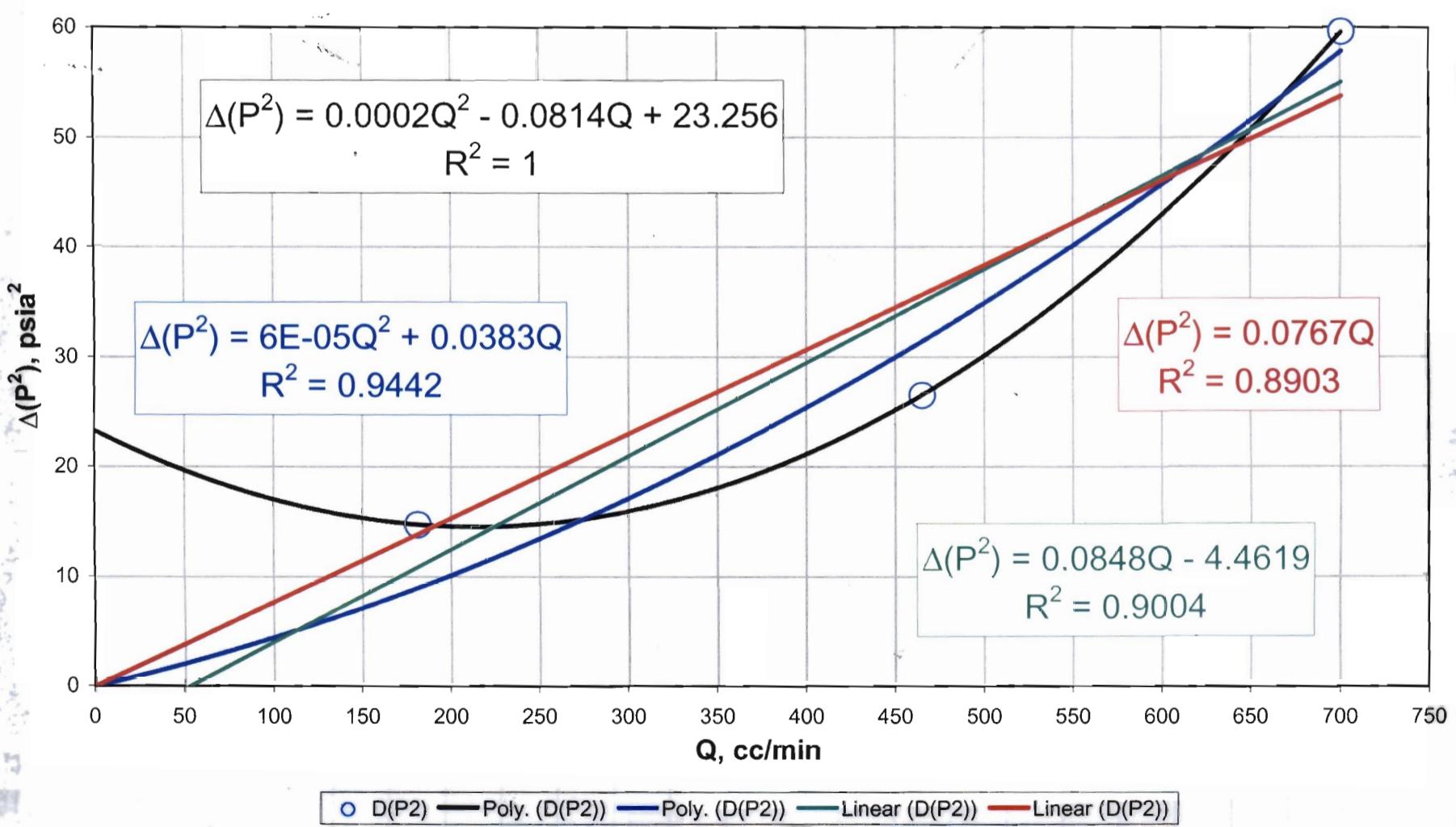


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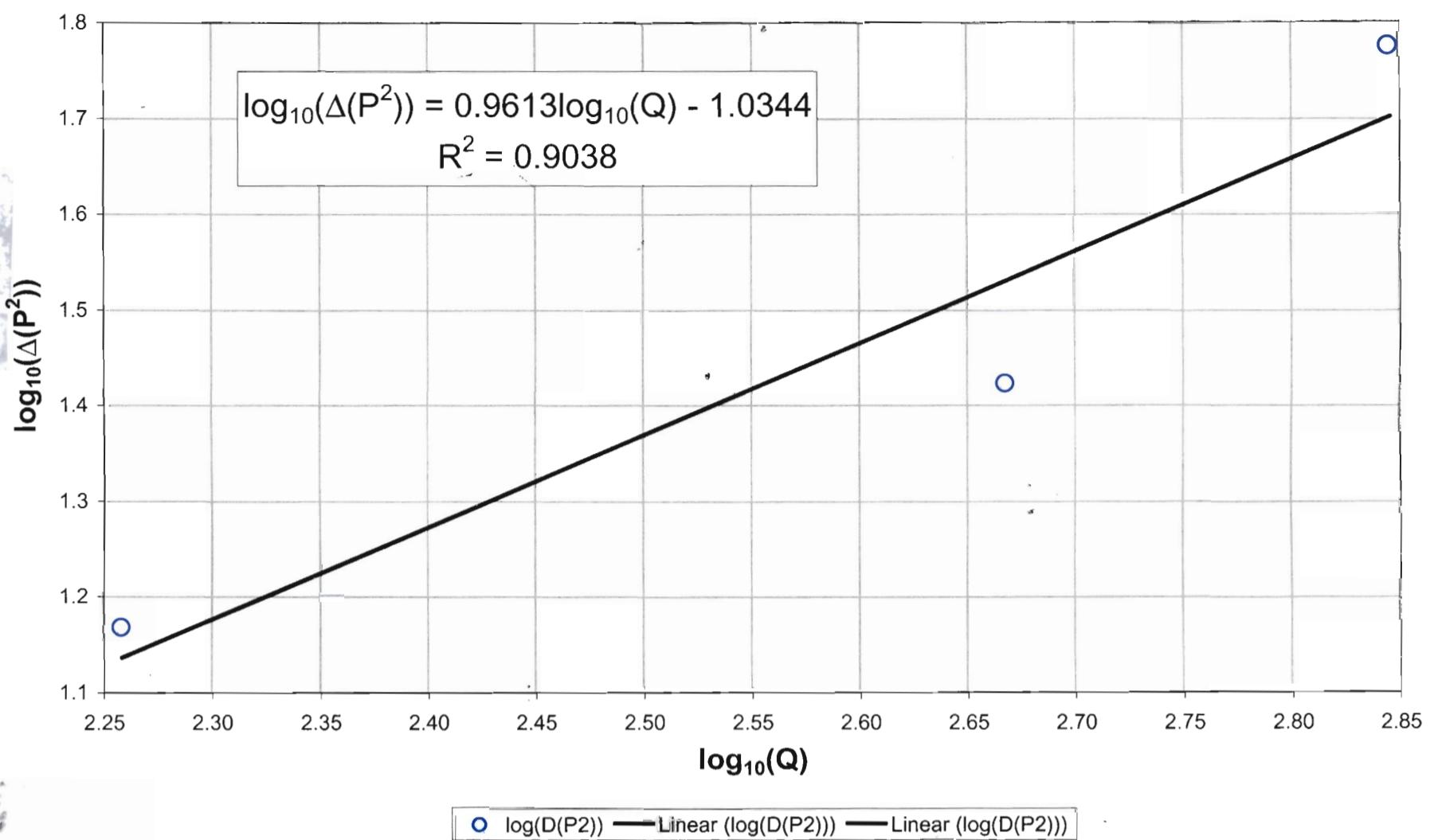
Final check for high velocity flow effects:
High velocity flow effects are present when the slope is non-zero and positive.
H Transect : Drillhole 51



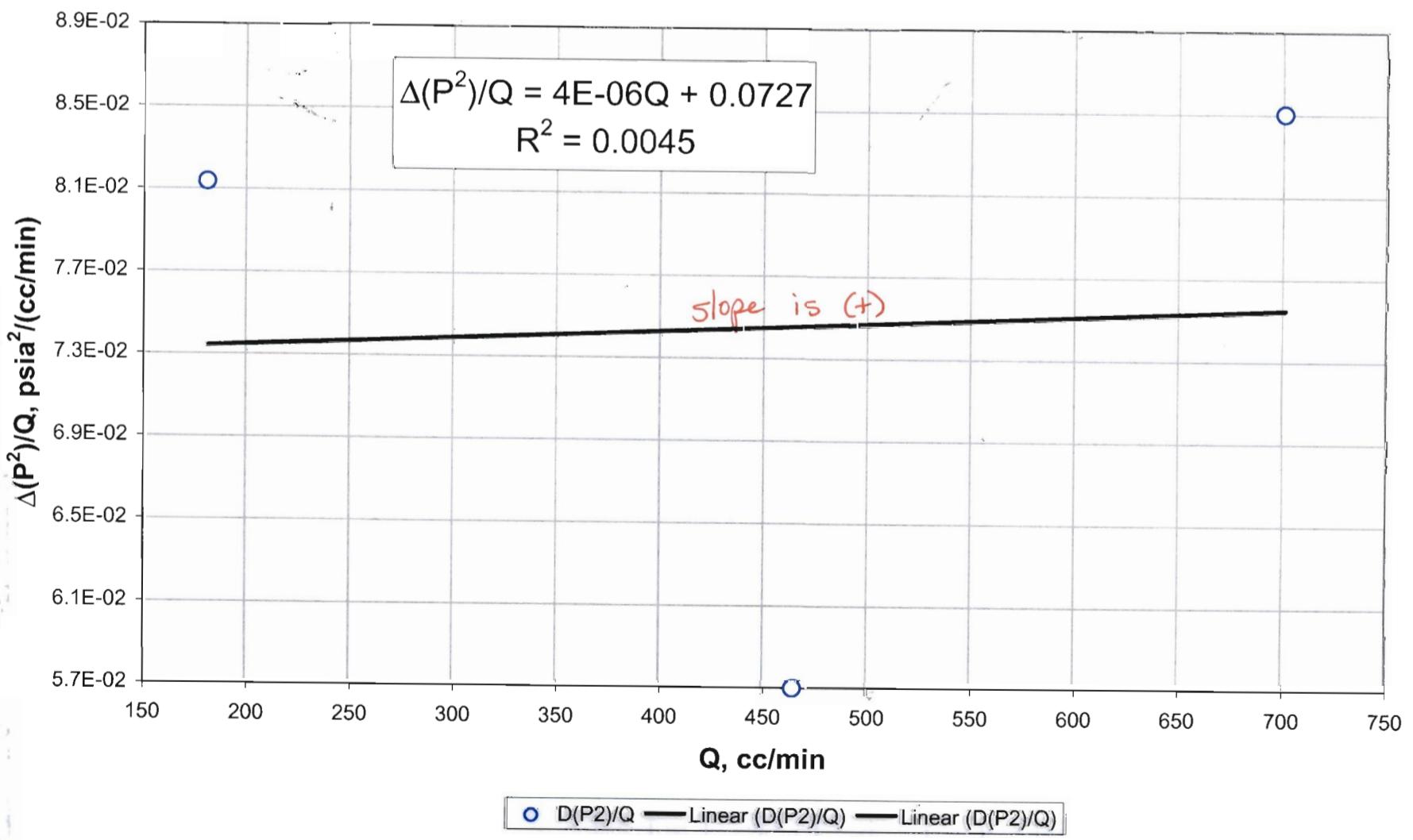
Relationship between steady-state differential pressures squared and flowrate:
If relationship is linear, with the ordinate intercept nearly zero,
there is no high velocity flow effect.
H Transect: Drillhole 52



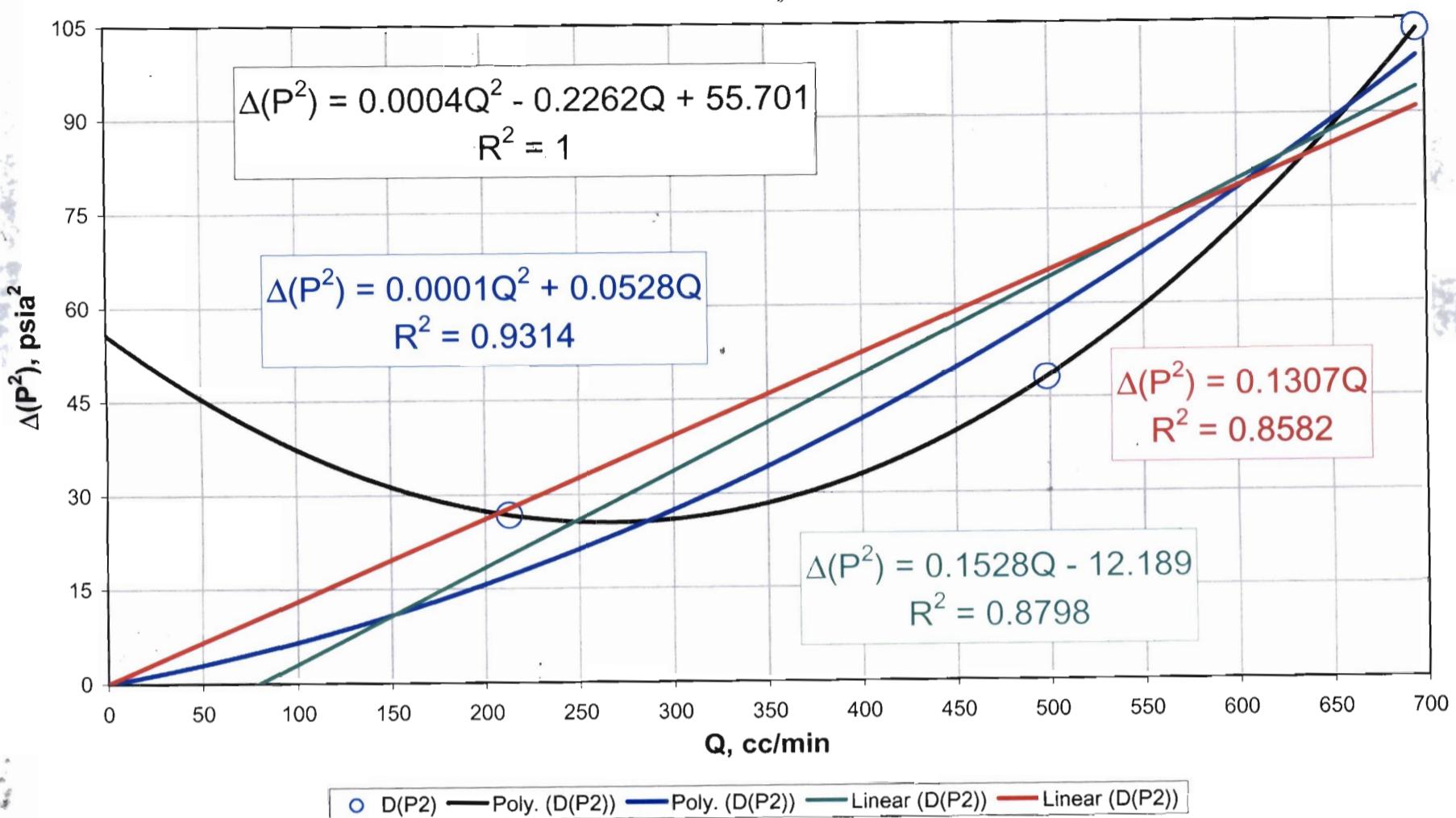
Log-Log plot of differential pressures squared vs. flowrate--used to identify the presence of high-velocity flow effects (when the slope is greater than unity)
H Transect: Drillhole 52



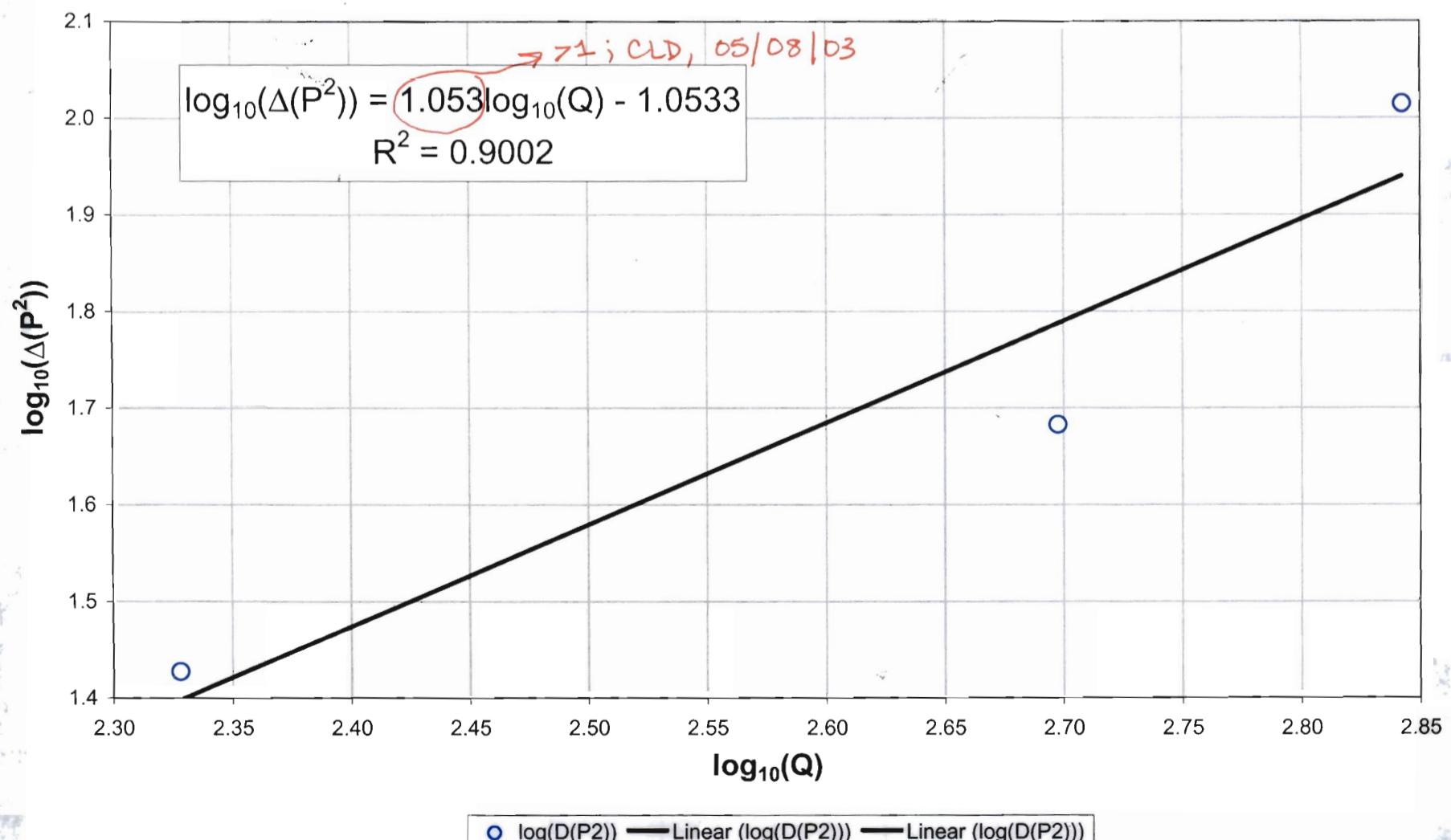
Final check for high velocity flow effects:
 High velocity flow effects are present when the slope is non-zero and positive.
 H Transect : Drillhole 52



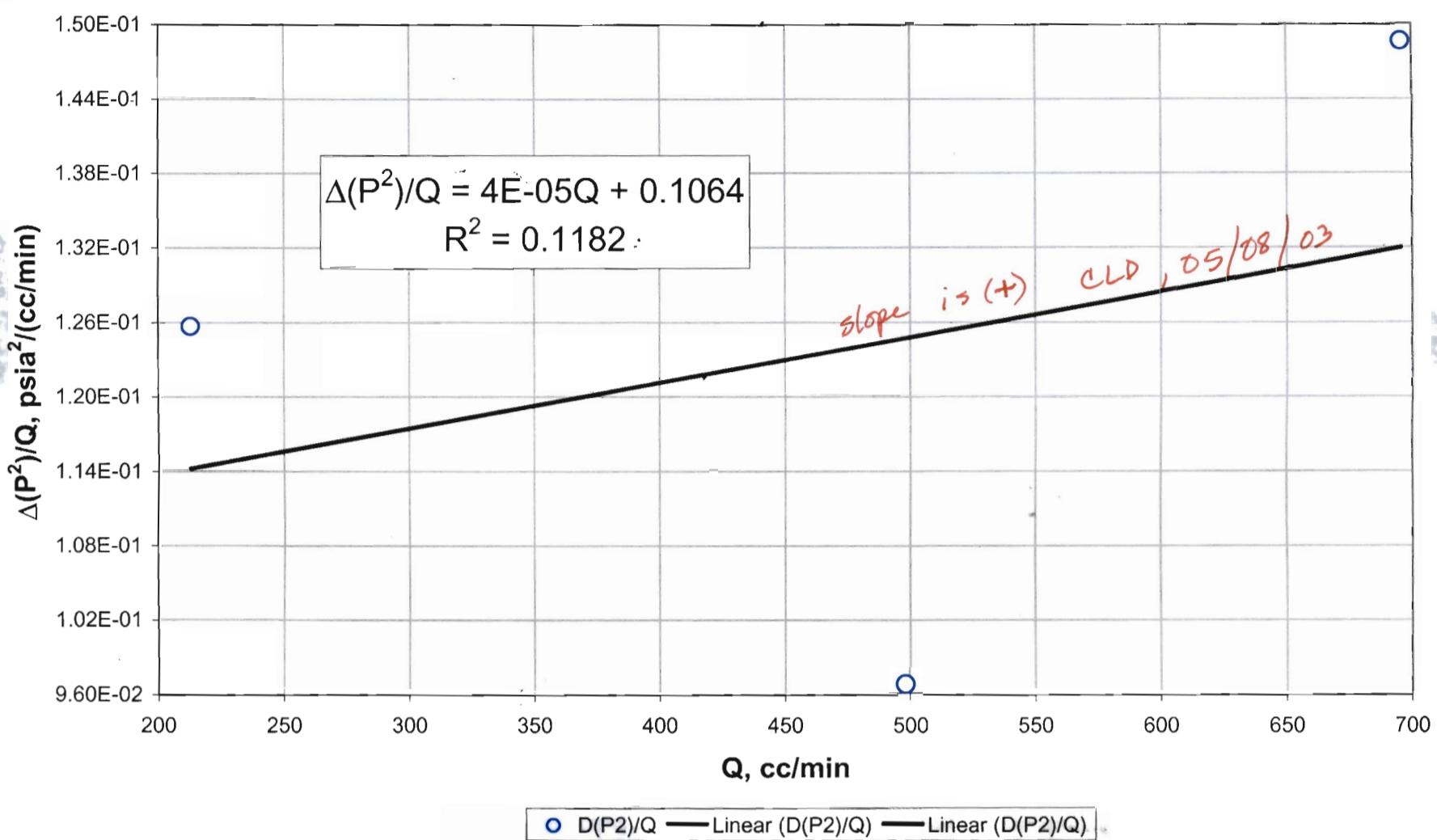
Relationship between steady-state differential pressures squared and flowrate:
 If relationship is linear, with the ordinate intercept nearly zero,
 there is no high velocity flow effect.
 H Transect: Drillhole 53



Log-Log plot of differential pressures squared vs. flowrate--used to identify the presence of high-velocity flow effects (when the slope is greater than unity)
 H Transect: Drillhole 53

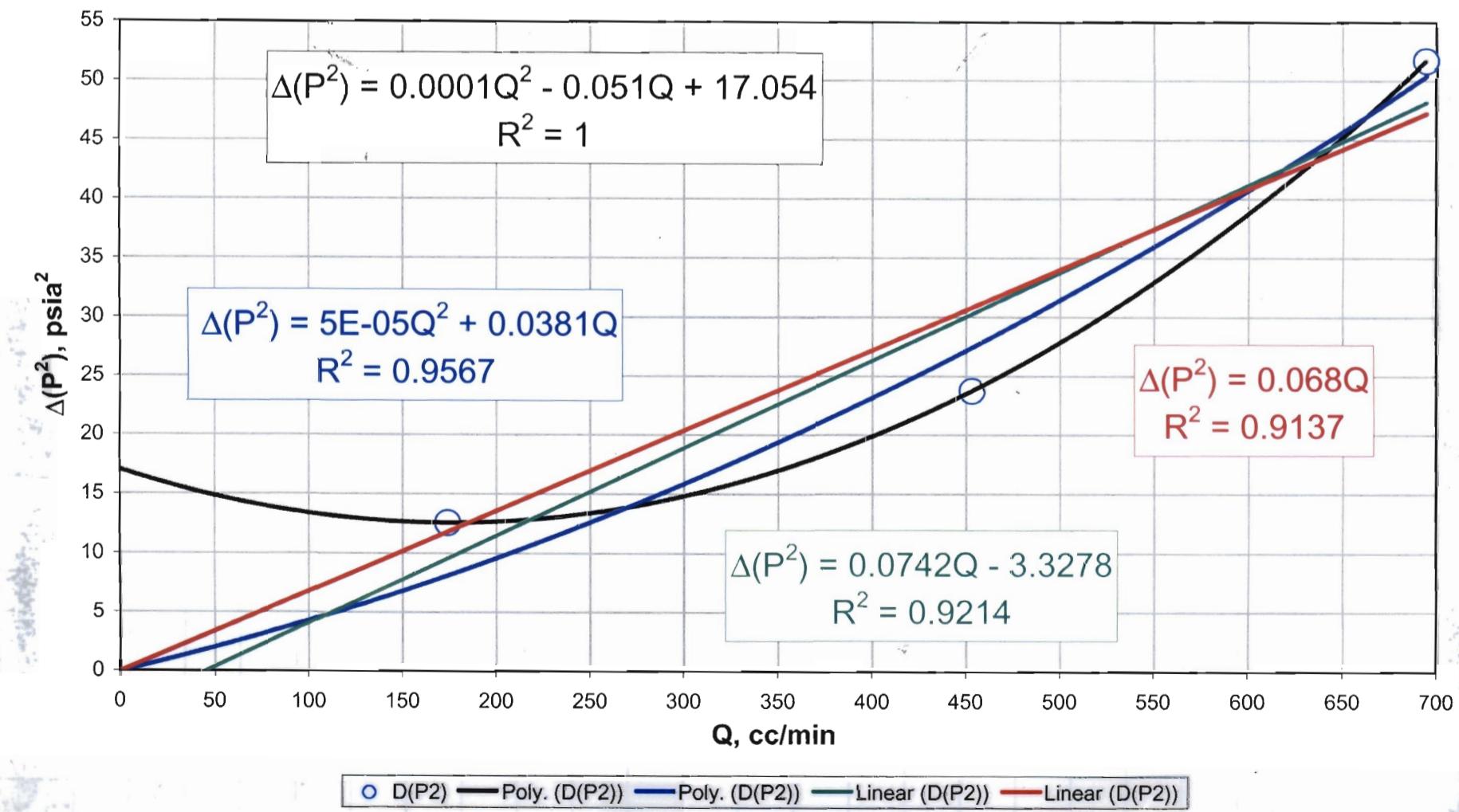


Final check for high velocity flow effects:
 High velocity flow effects are present when the slope is non-zero and positive.
 H Transect : Drillhole 53

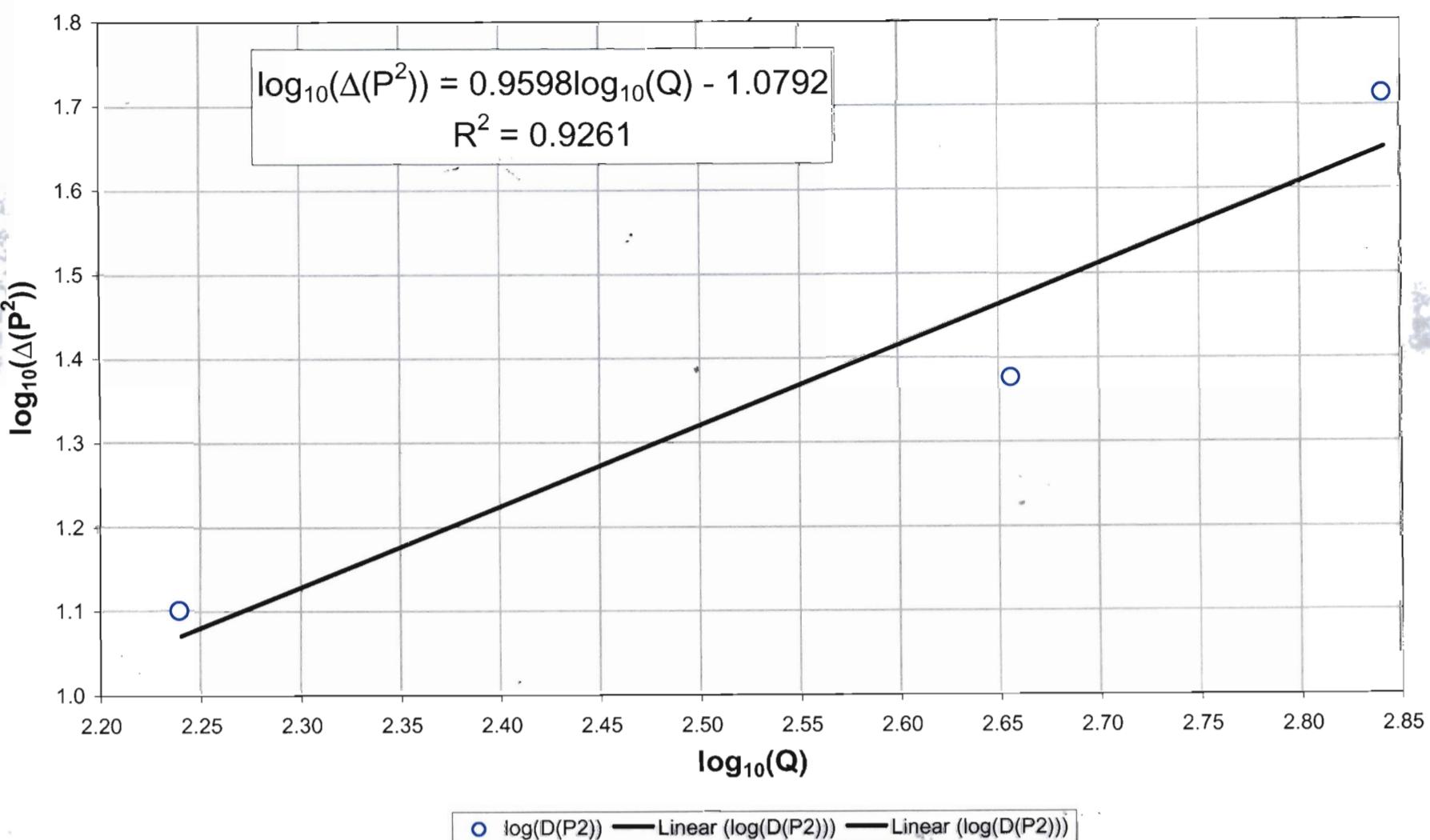


Relationship between steady-state differential pressures squared and flowrate:
 If relationship is linear, with the ordinate intercept nearly zero,
 there is no high velocity flow effect.

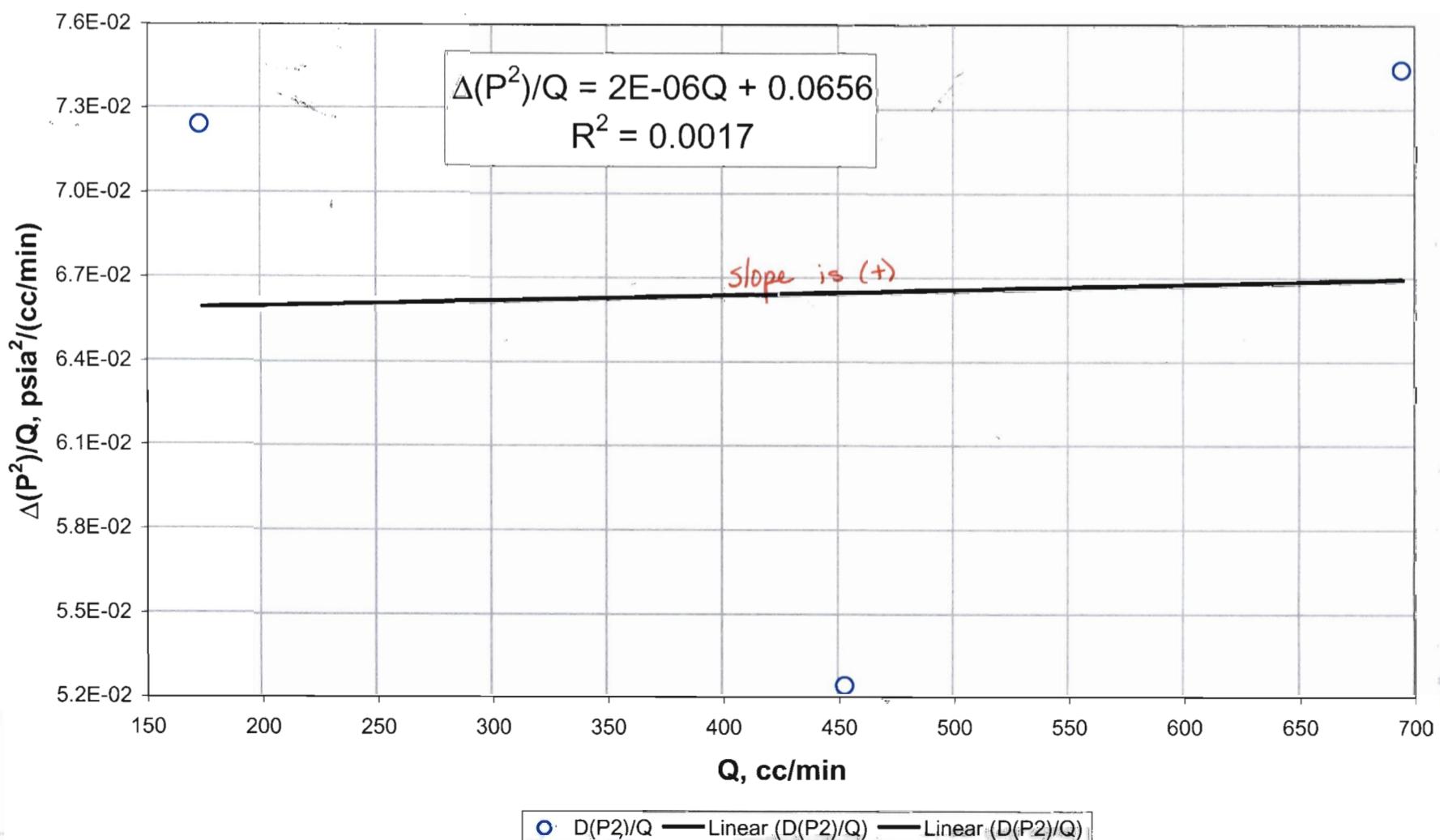
H Transect: Drillhole 54



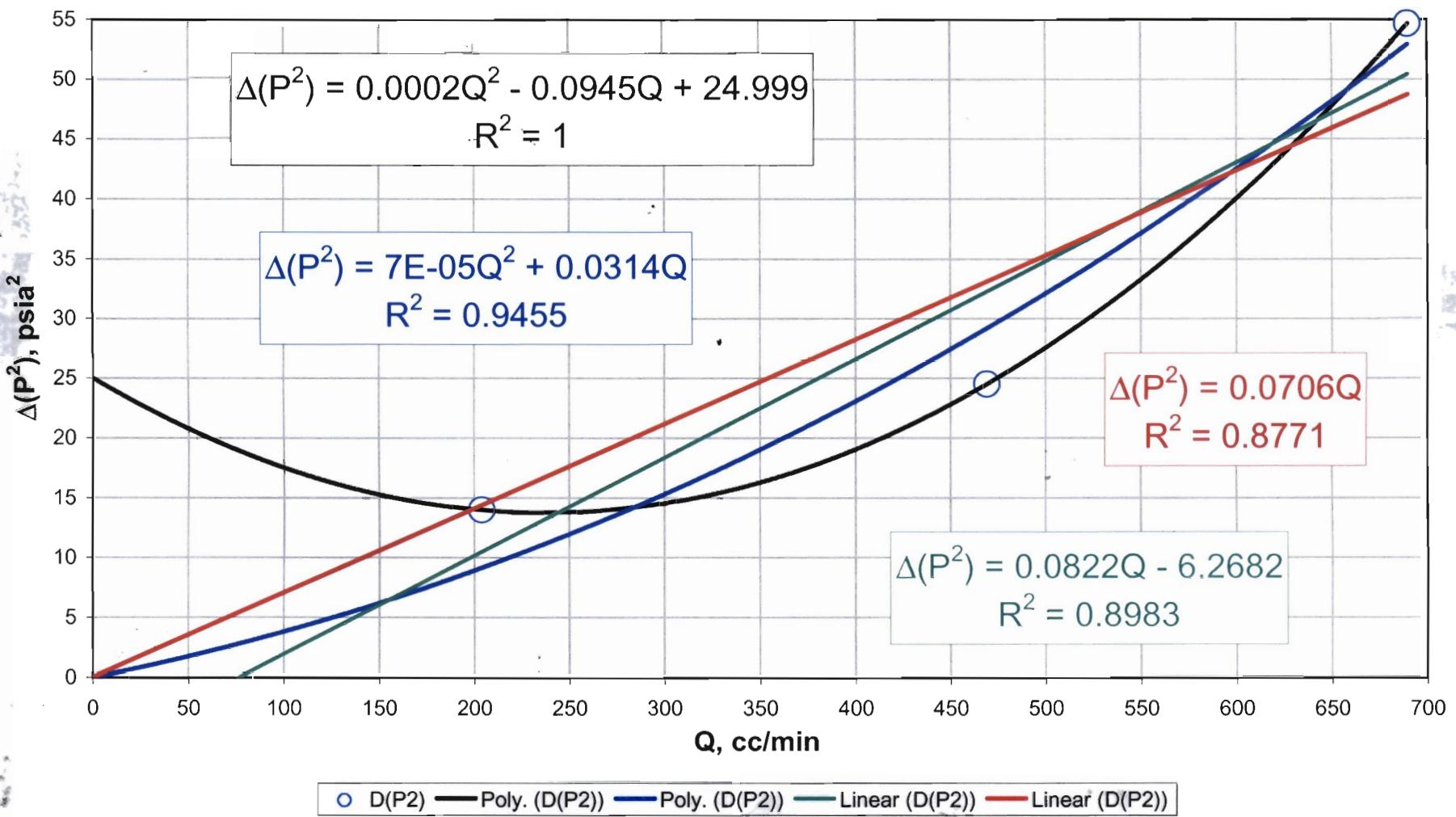
Log-Log plot of differential pressures squared vs. flowrate--used to identify the presence of high-velocity flow effects (when the slope is greater than unity)
H Transect: Drillhole 54



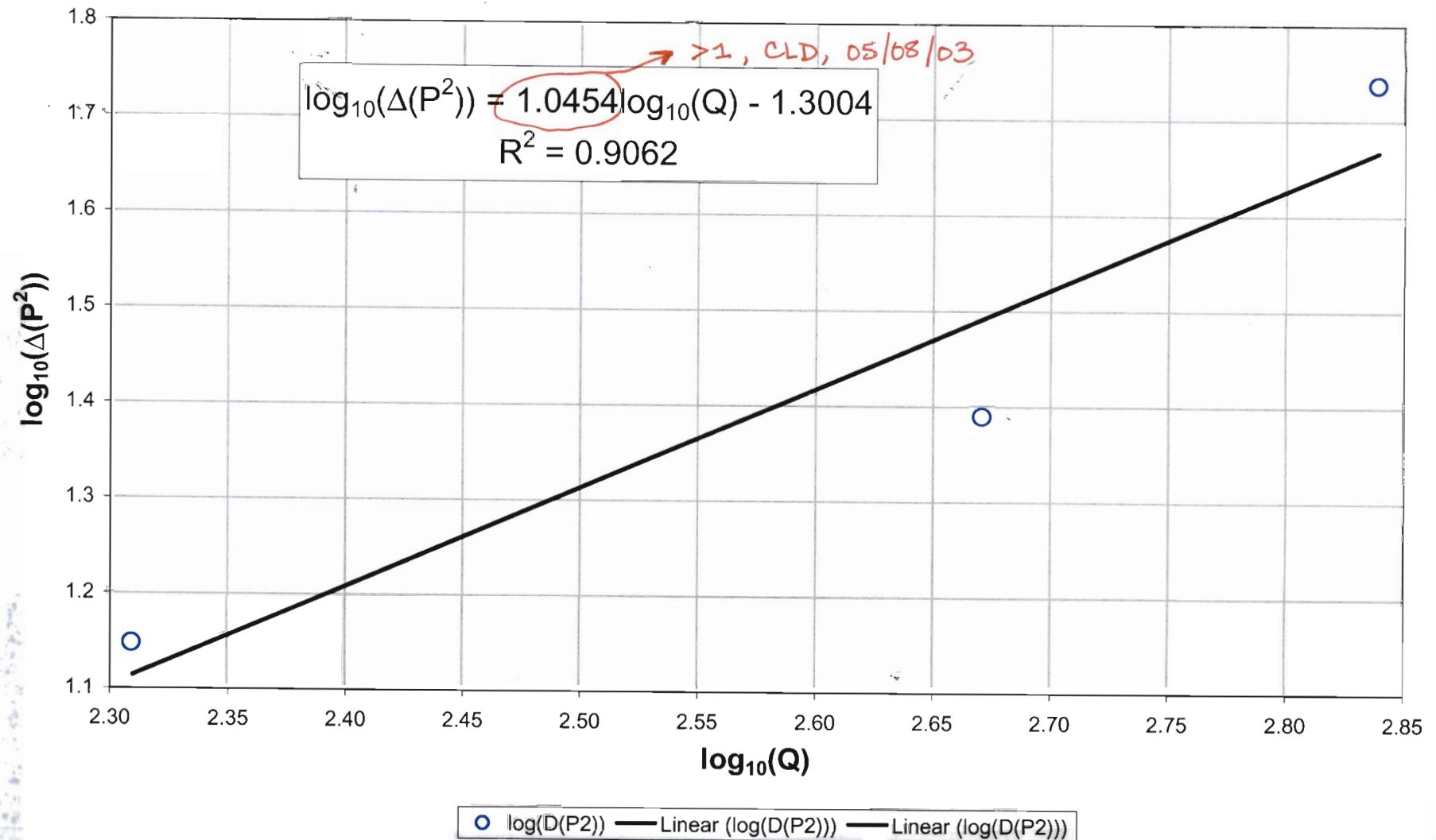
Final check for high velocity flow effects:
High velocity flow effects are present when the slope is non-zero and positive.
H Transect : Drillhole 54



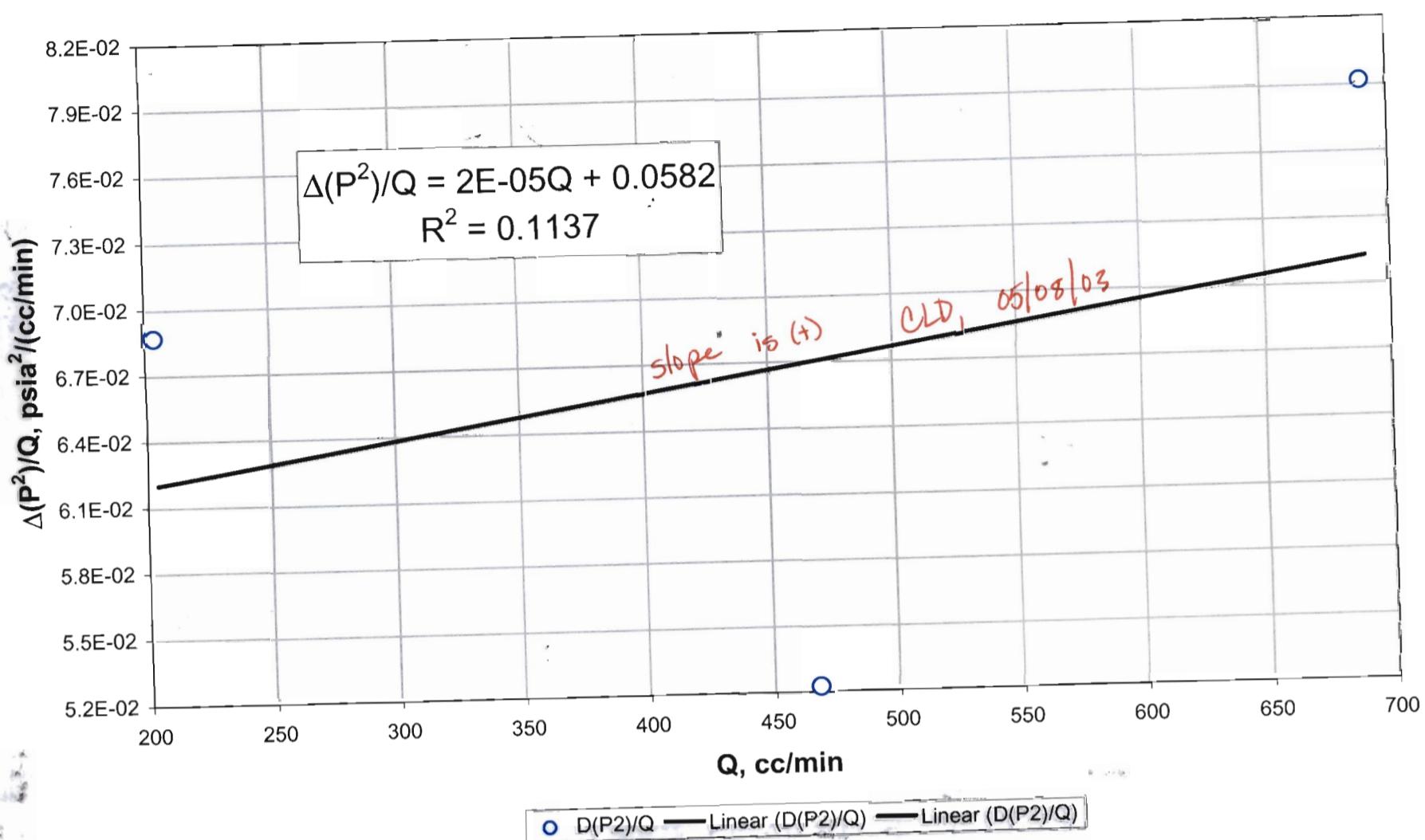
Relationship between steady-state differential pressures squared and flowrate:
 If relationship is linear, with the ordinate intercept nearly zero,
 there is no high velocity flow effect.
 H Transect: Drillhole 55



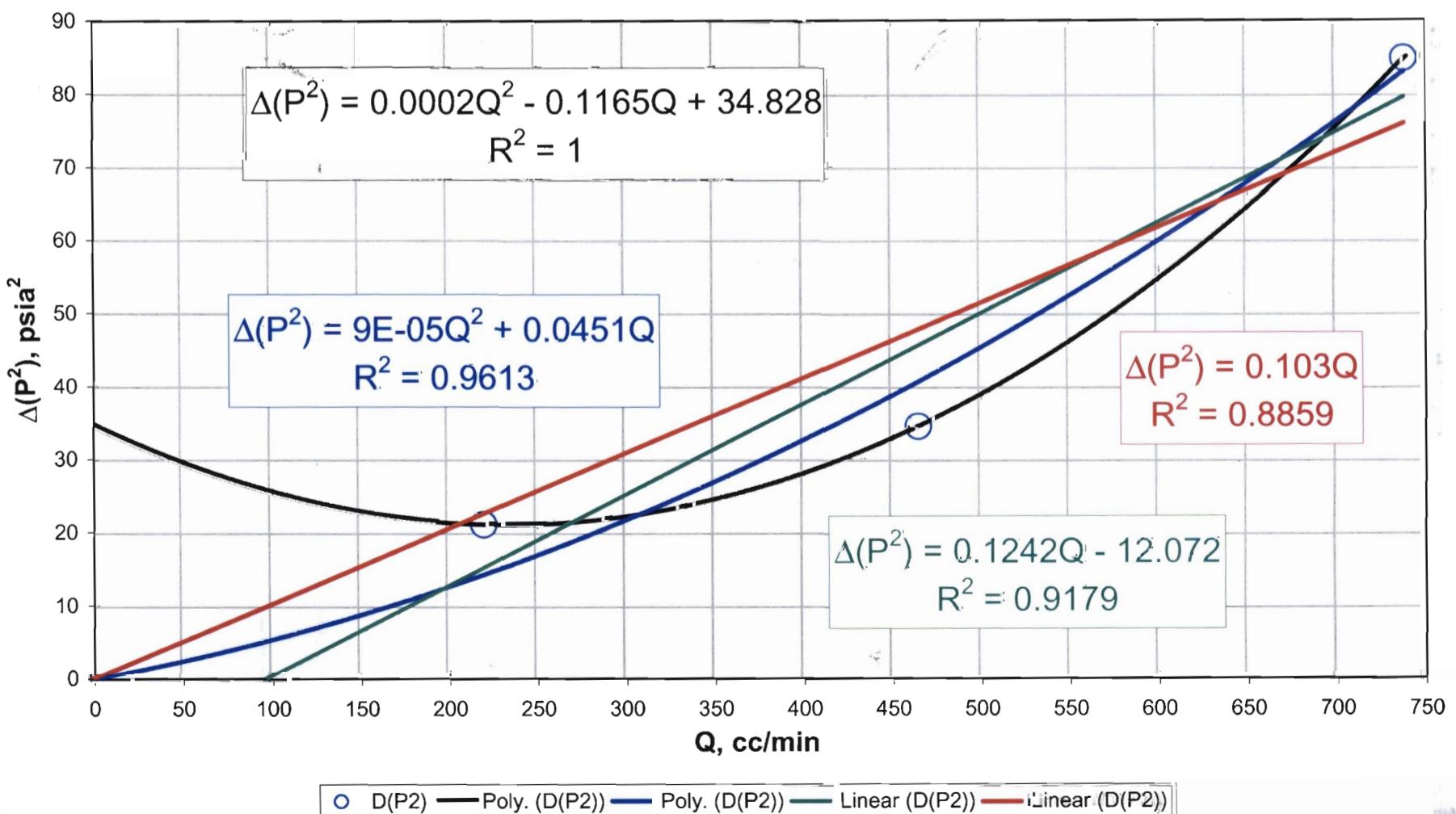
Log-Log plot of differential pressures squared vs. flowrate--used to identify the presence of high-velocity flow effects (when the slope is greater than unity)
 H Transect: Drillhole 55



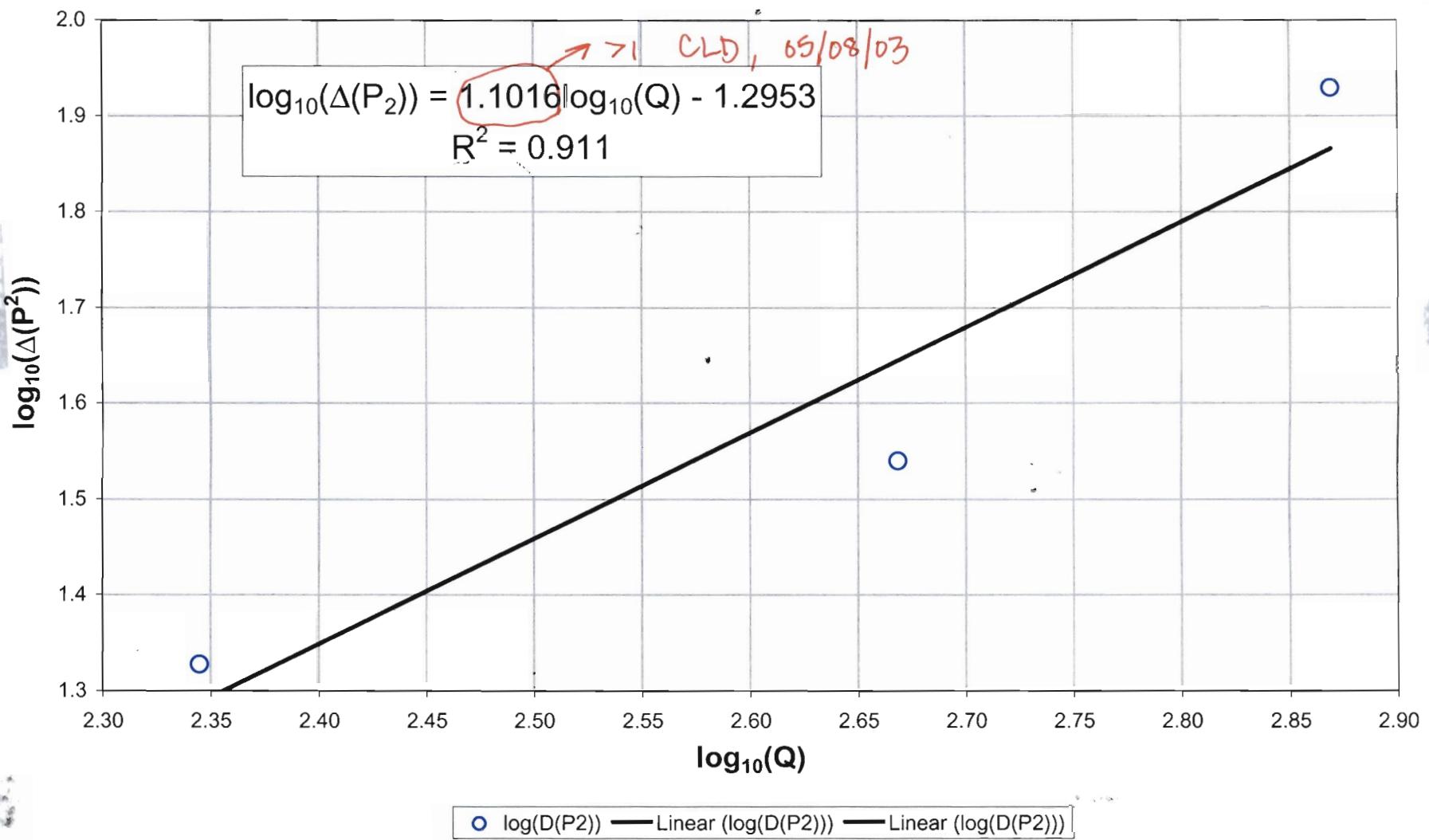
Final check for high velocity flow effects:
 High velocity flow effects are present when the slope is non-zero and positive.
 H Transect : Drillhole 55



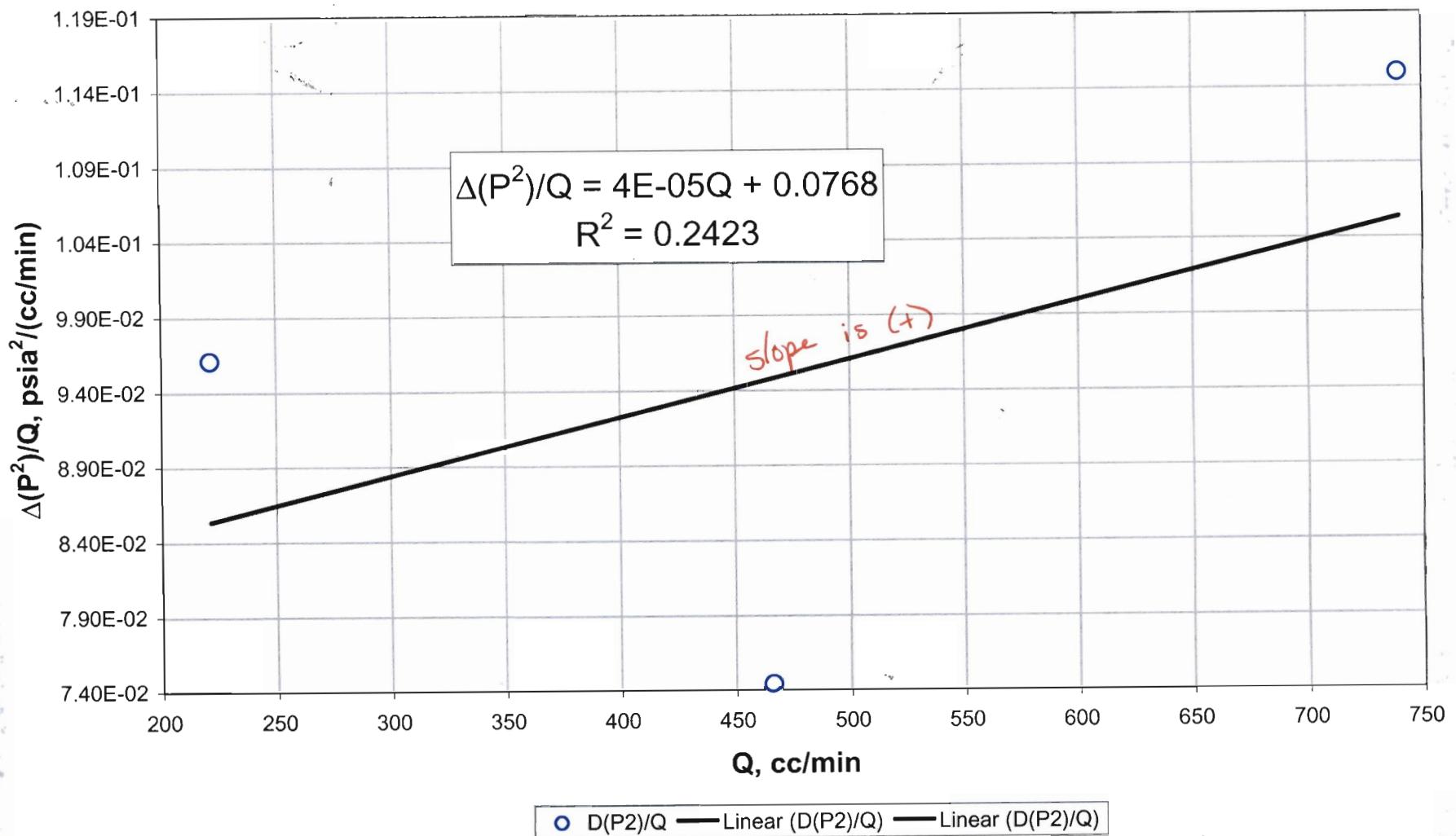
Relationship between steady-state differential pressures squared and flowrate:
 If relationship is linear, with the ordinate intercept nearly zero,
 there is no high velocity flow effect.
 H Transect: Drillhole 56



Log-Log plot of differential pressures squared vs. flowrate--used to identify the presence of high-velocity flow effects (when the slope is greater than unity)
H Transect: Drillhole 56



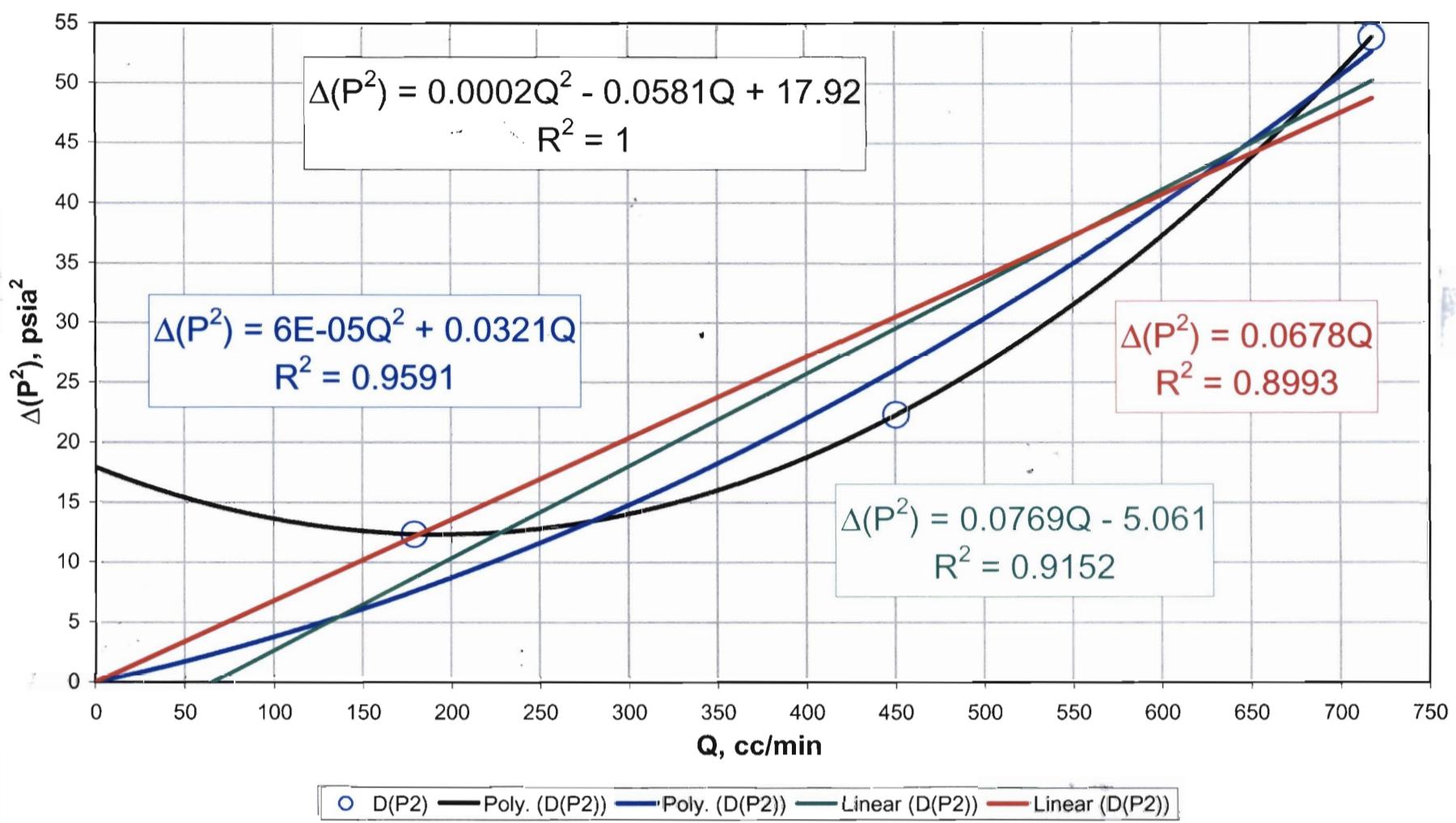
Final check for high velocity flow effects:
 High velocity flow effects are present when the slope is non-zero and positive.
 H Transect : Drillhole 56



Relationship between steady-state differential pressures squared and flowrate:

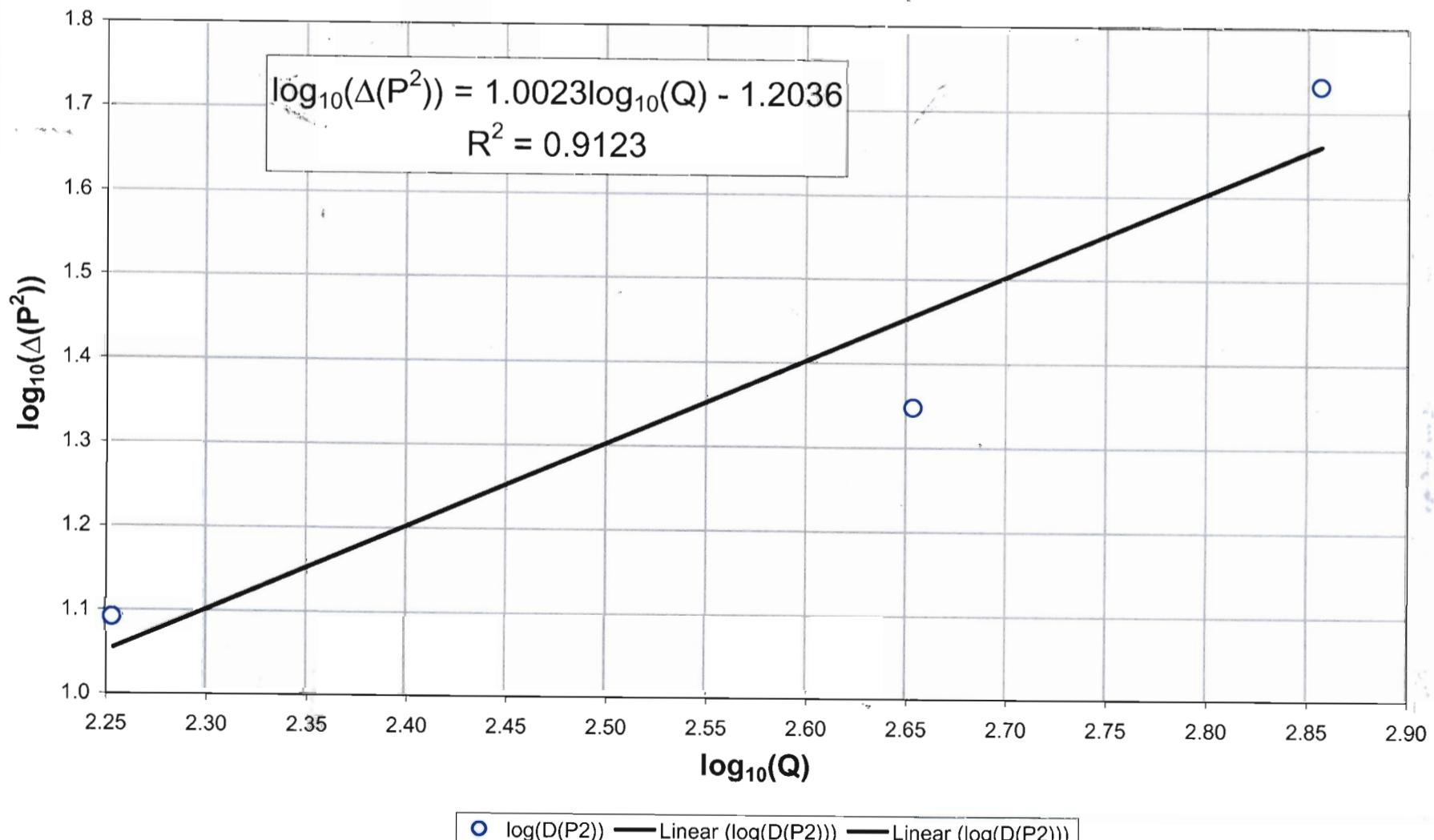
If relationship is linear, with the ordinate intercept nearly zero,
there is no high velocity flow effect.

H Transect: Drillhole 57

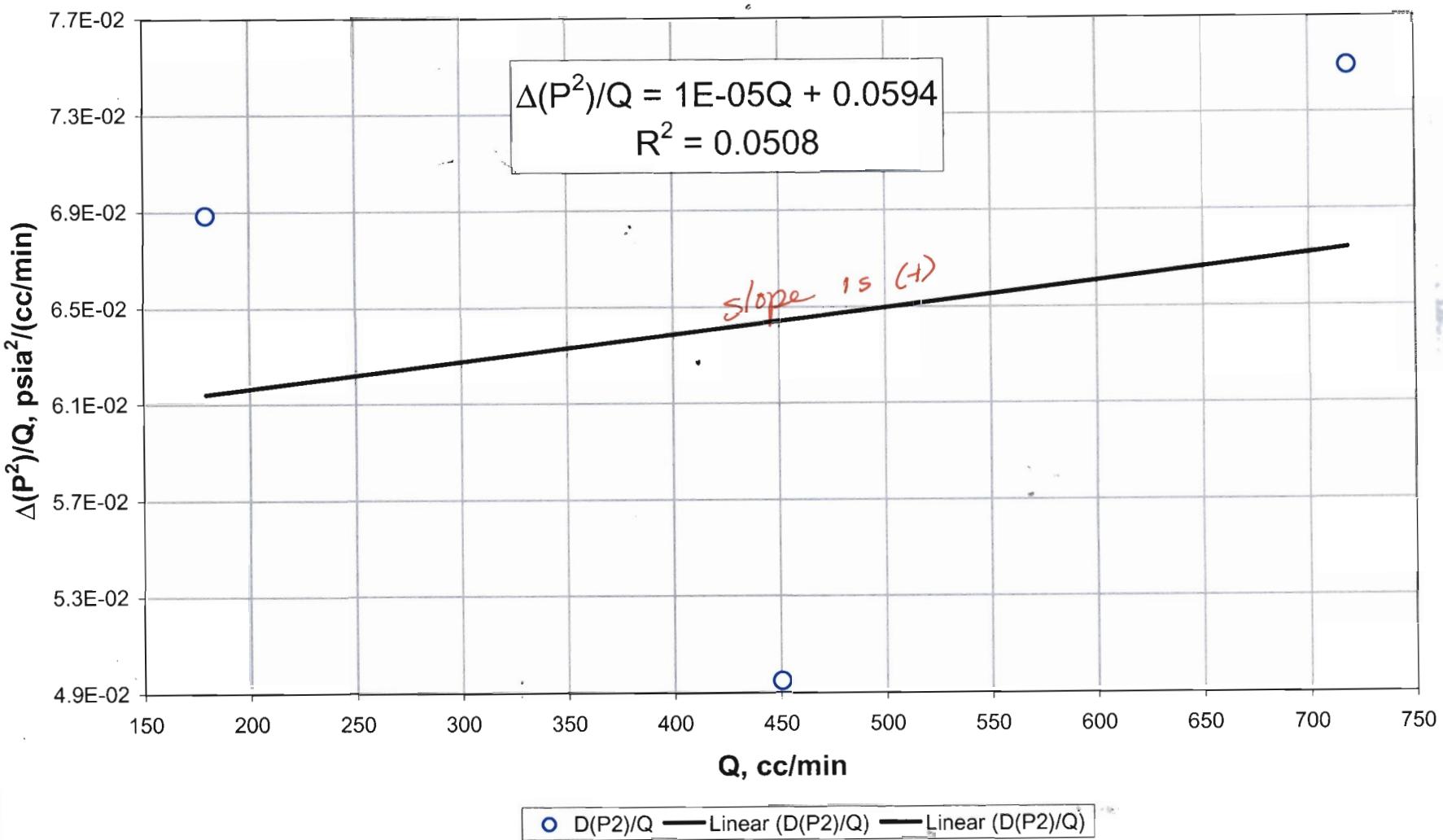


Log-Log plot of differential pressures squared vs. flowrate--used to identify the presence of high-velocity flow effects (when the slope is greater than unity)

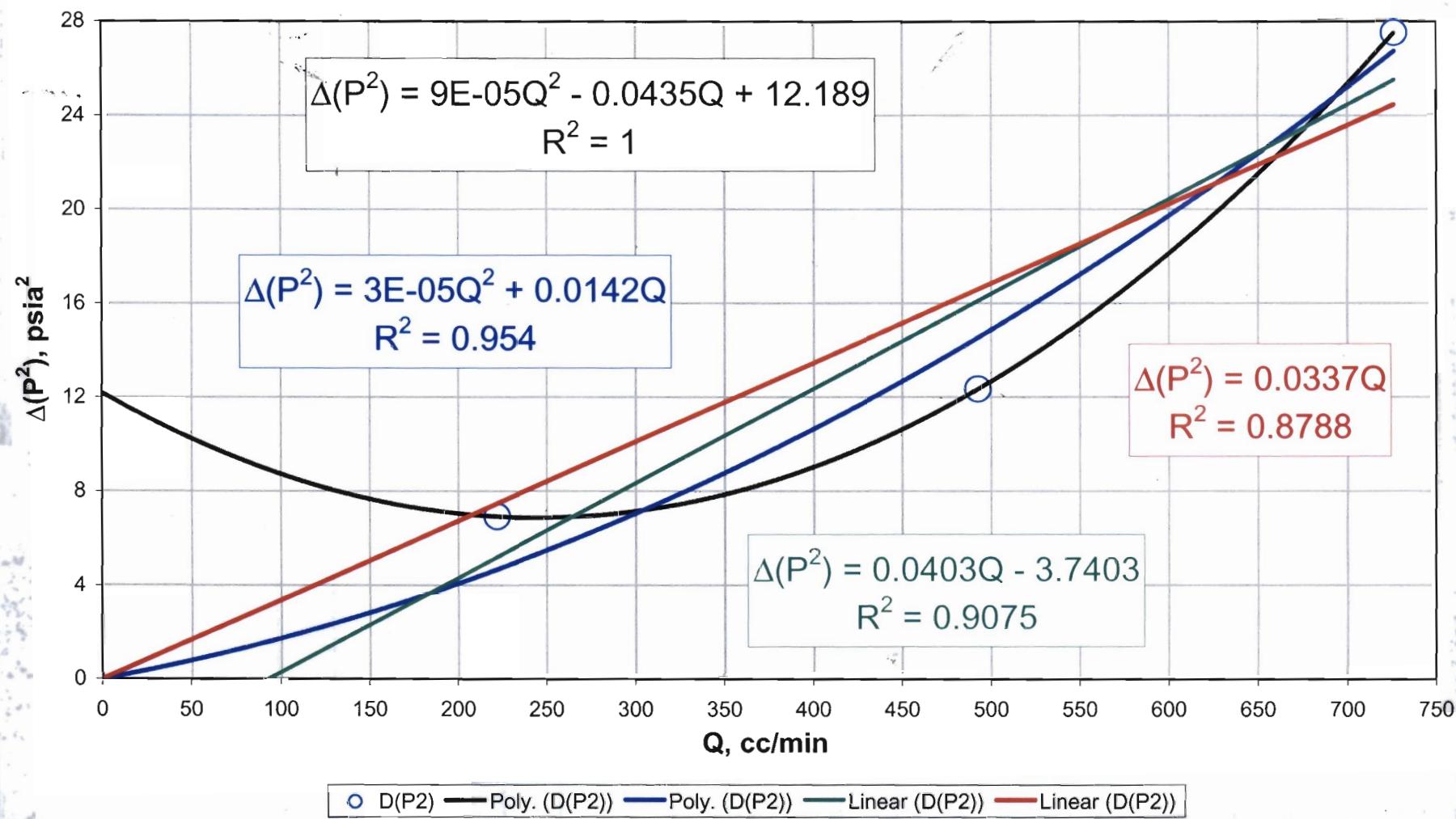
H Transect: Drillhole 57



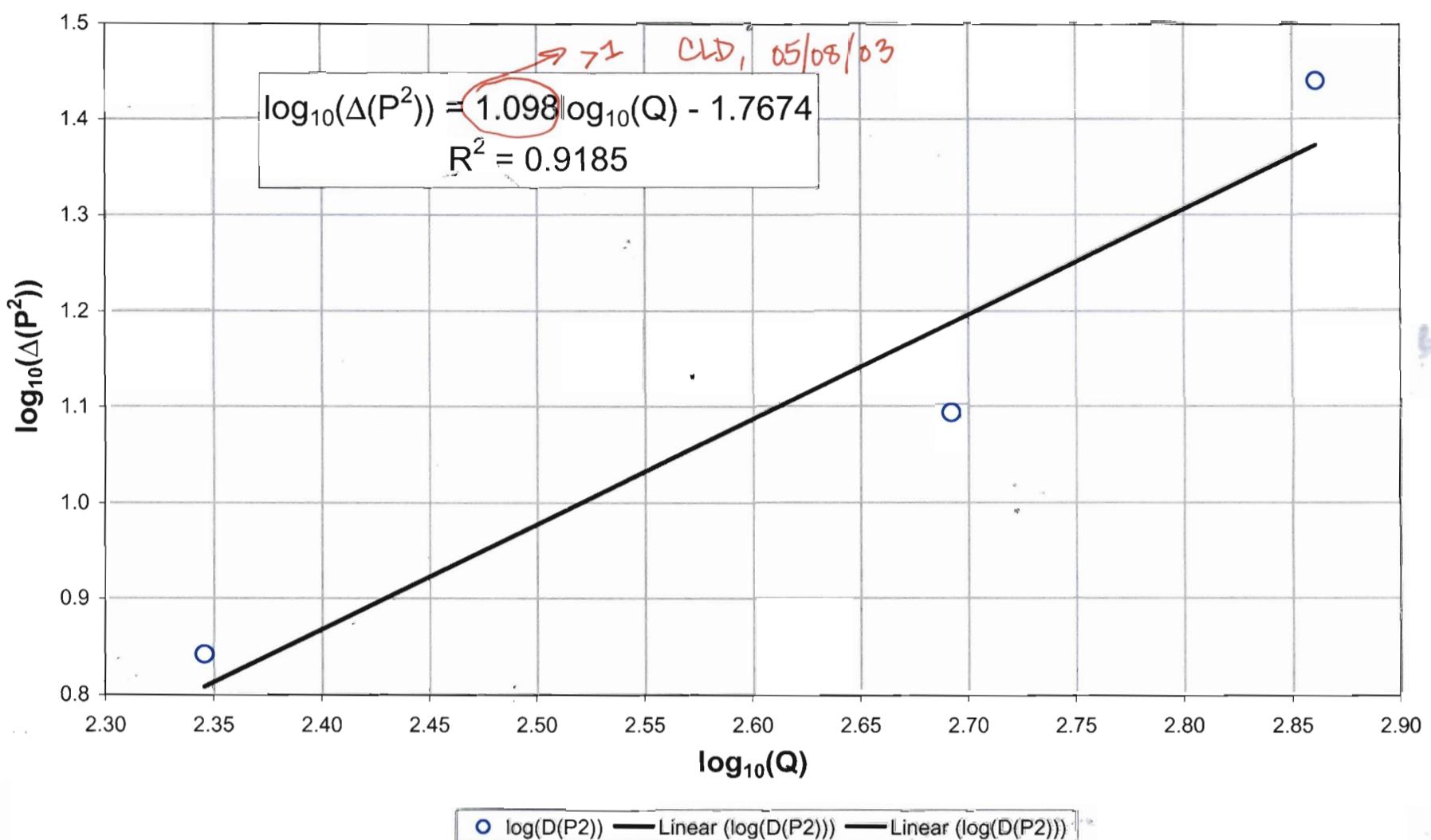
Final check for high velocity flow effects:
 High velocity flow effects are present when the slope is non-zero and positive.
 H Transect : Drillhole 57



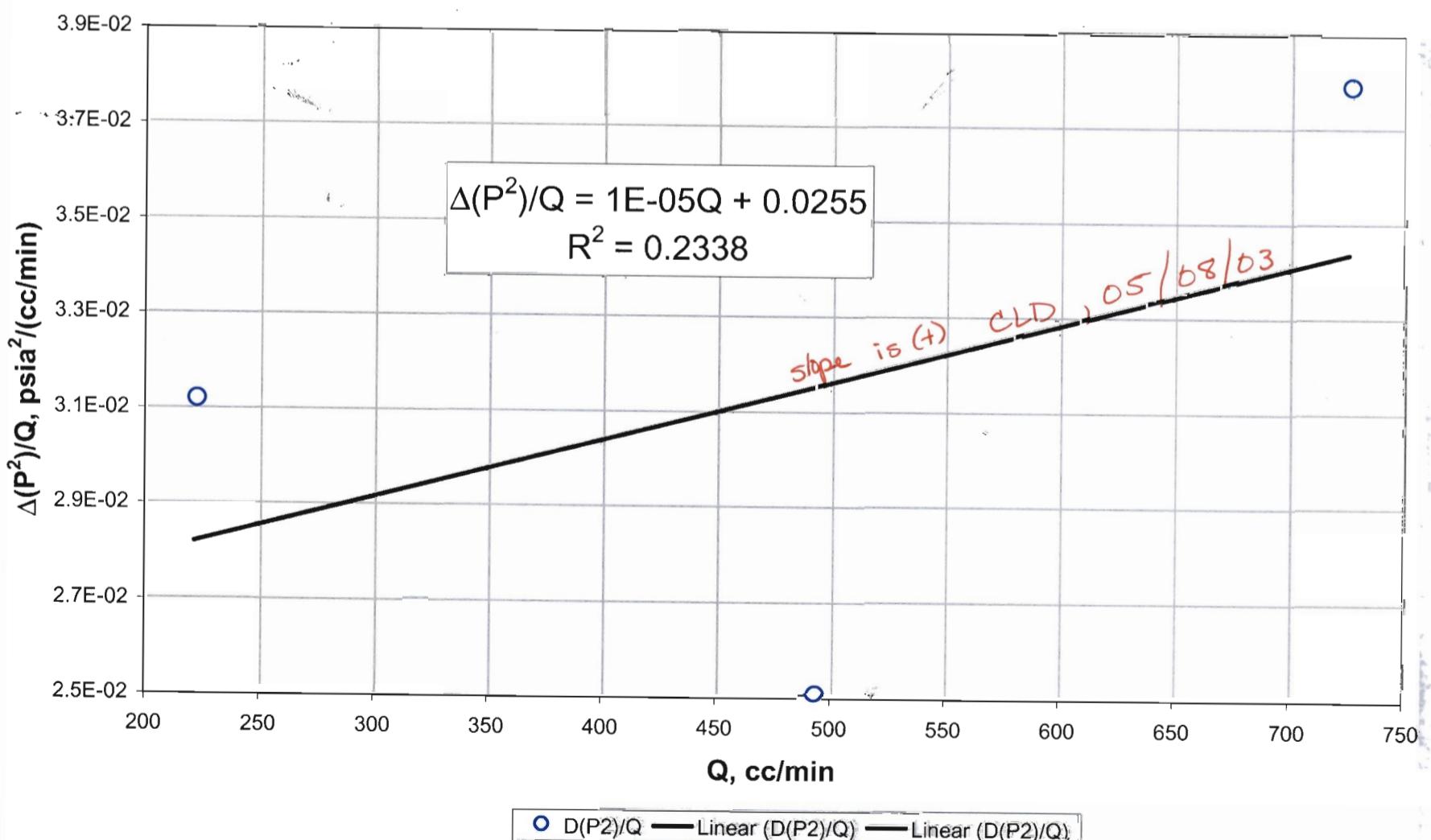
Relationship between steady-state differential pressures squared and flowrate:
 If relationship is linear, with the ordinate intercept nearly zero,
 there is no high velocity flow effect.
 H Transect: Drillhole 58



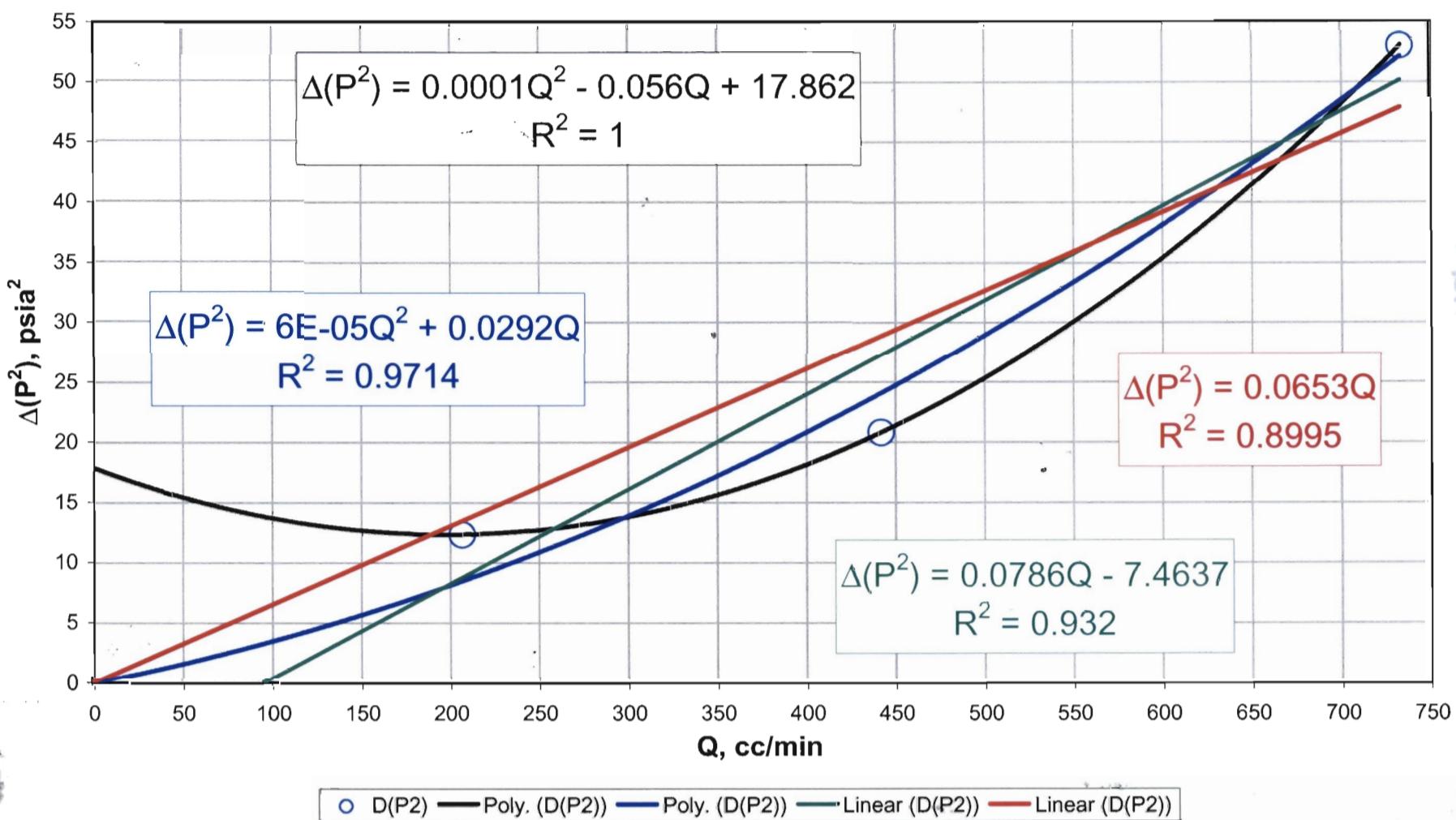
Log-Log plot of differential pressures squared vs. flowrate--used to identify the presence of high-velocity flow effects (when the slope is greater than unity)
H Transect: Drillhole 58



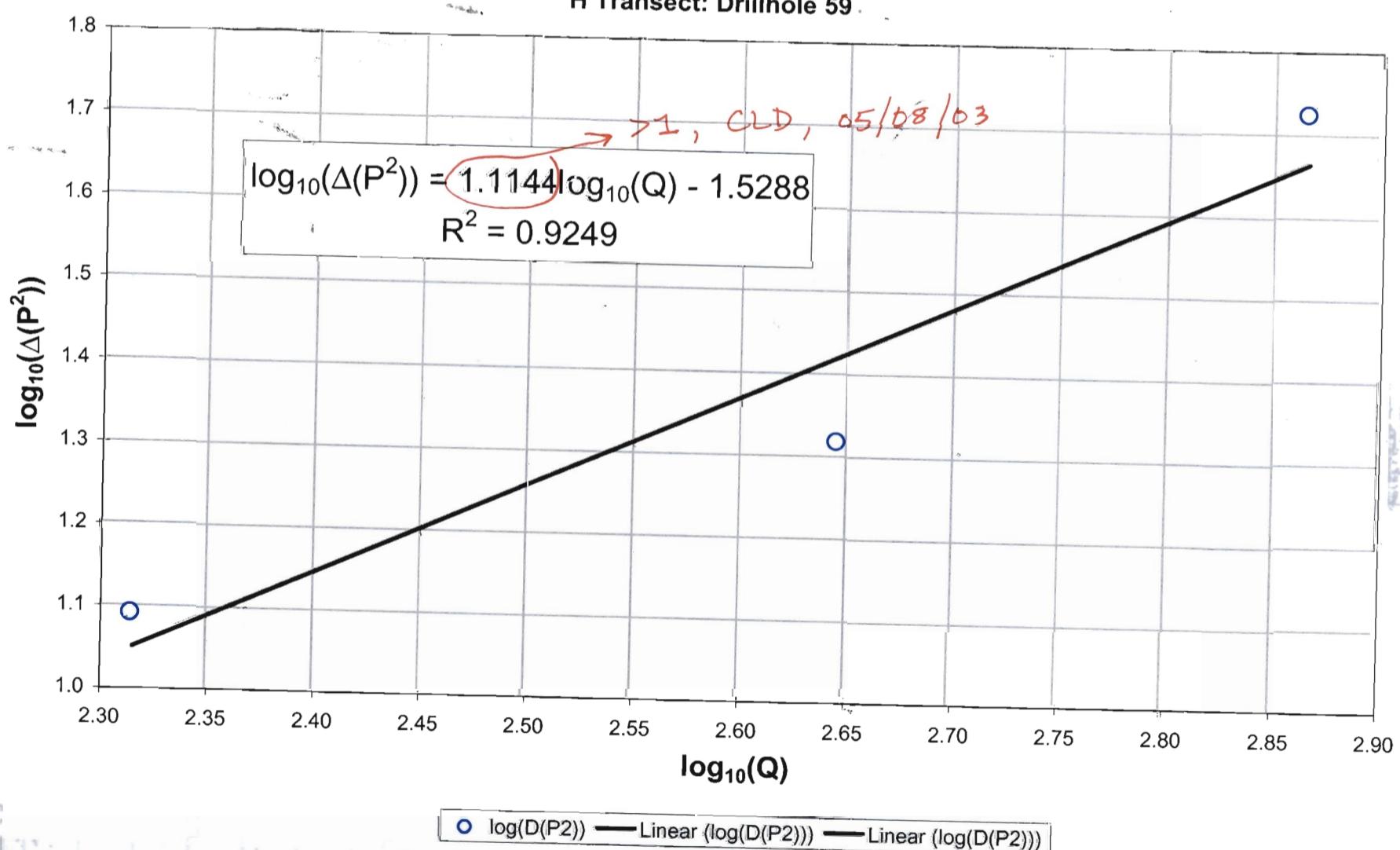
Final check for high velocity flow effects:
High velocity flow effects are present when the slope is non-zero and positive.
H Transect : Drillhole 58.



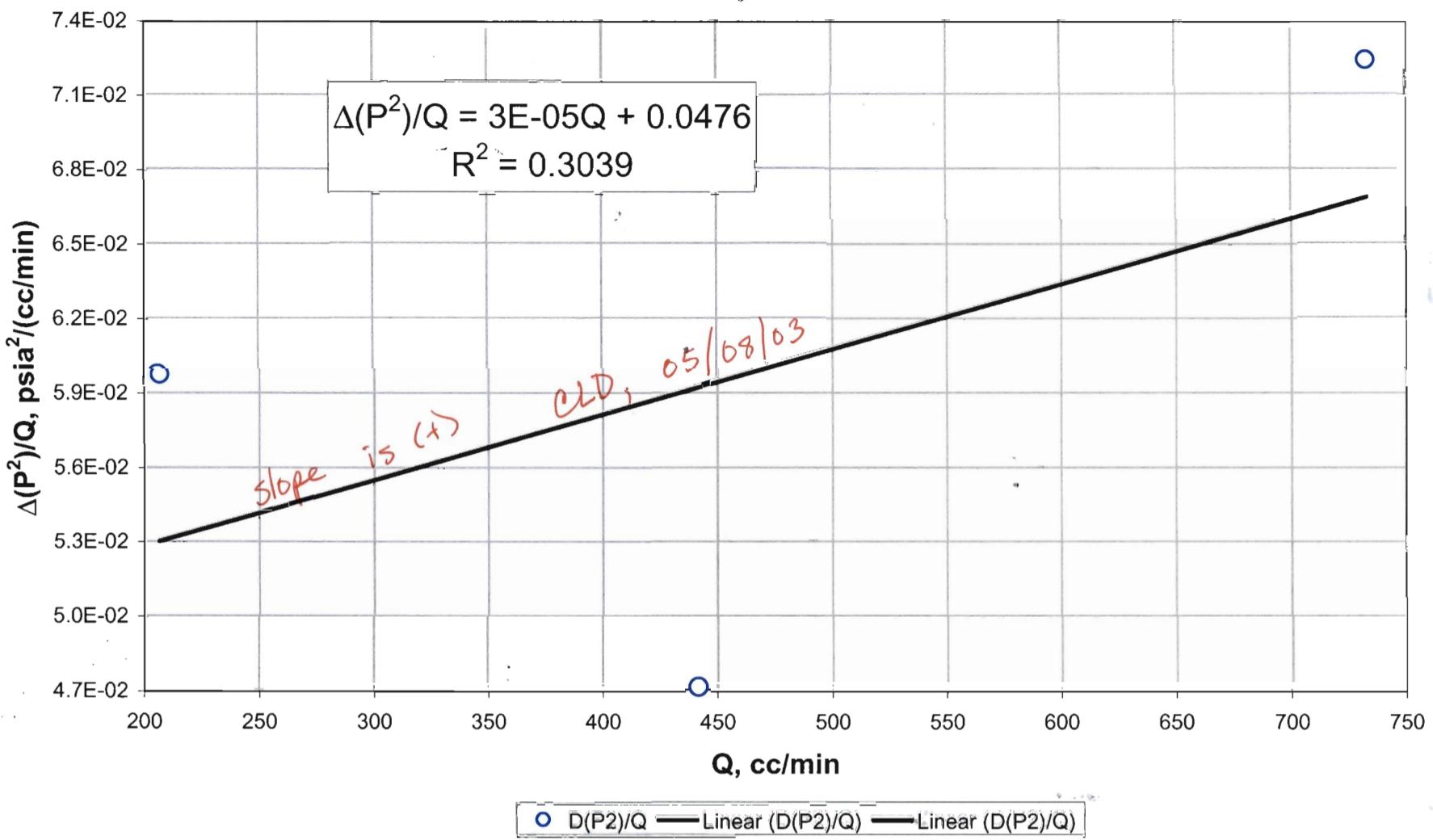
Relationship between steady-state differential pressures squared and flowrate:
 If relationship is linear, with the ordinate intercept nearly zero,
 there is no high velocity flow effect.
 H Transect: Drillhole 59



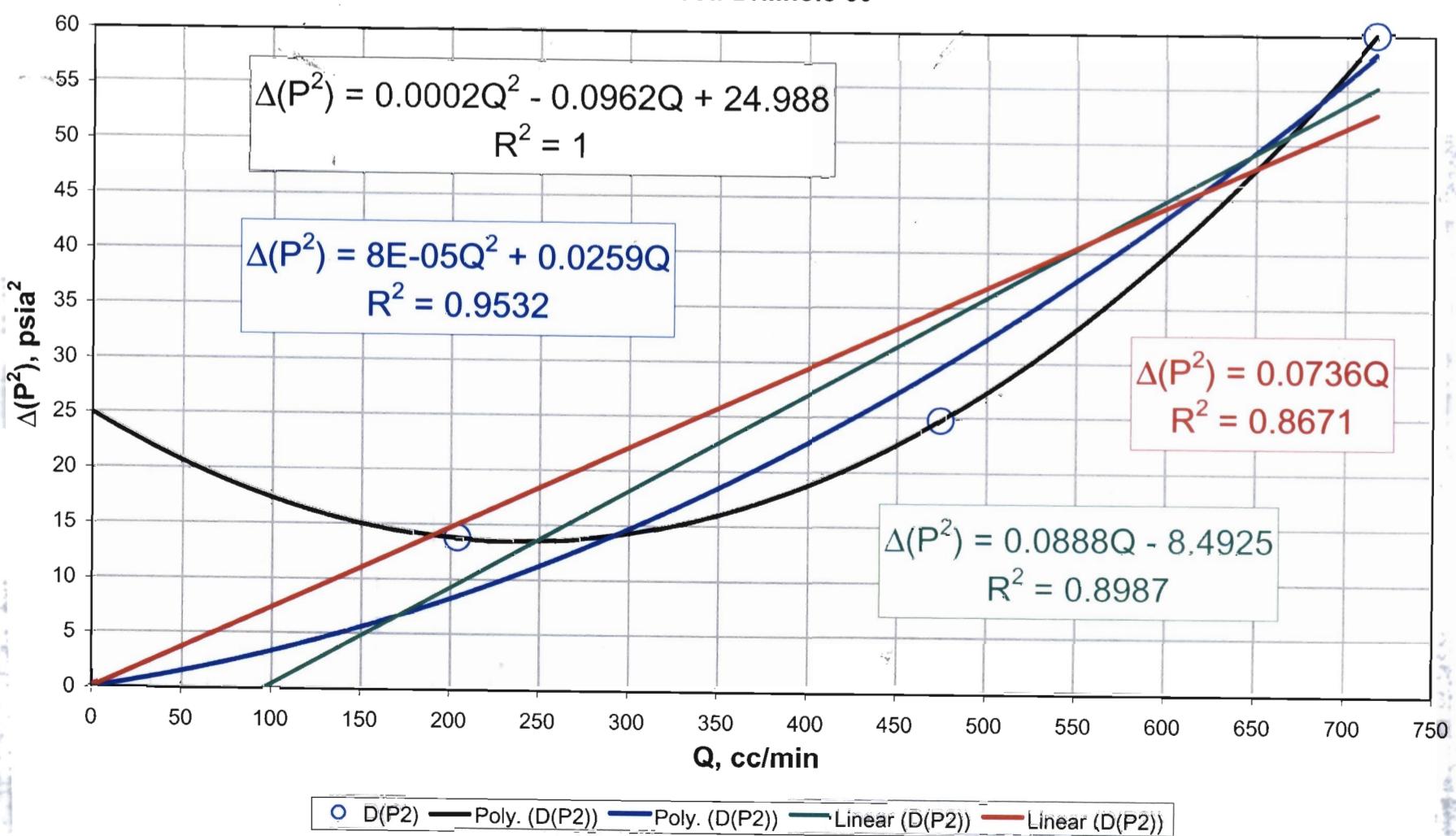
Log-Log plot of differential pressures squared vs. flowrate--used to identify the presence of high-velocity flow effects (when the slope is greater than unity)
 H Transect: Drillhole 59



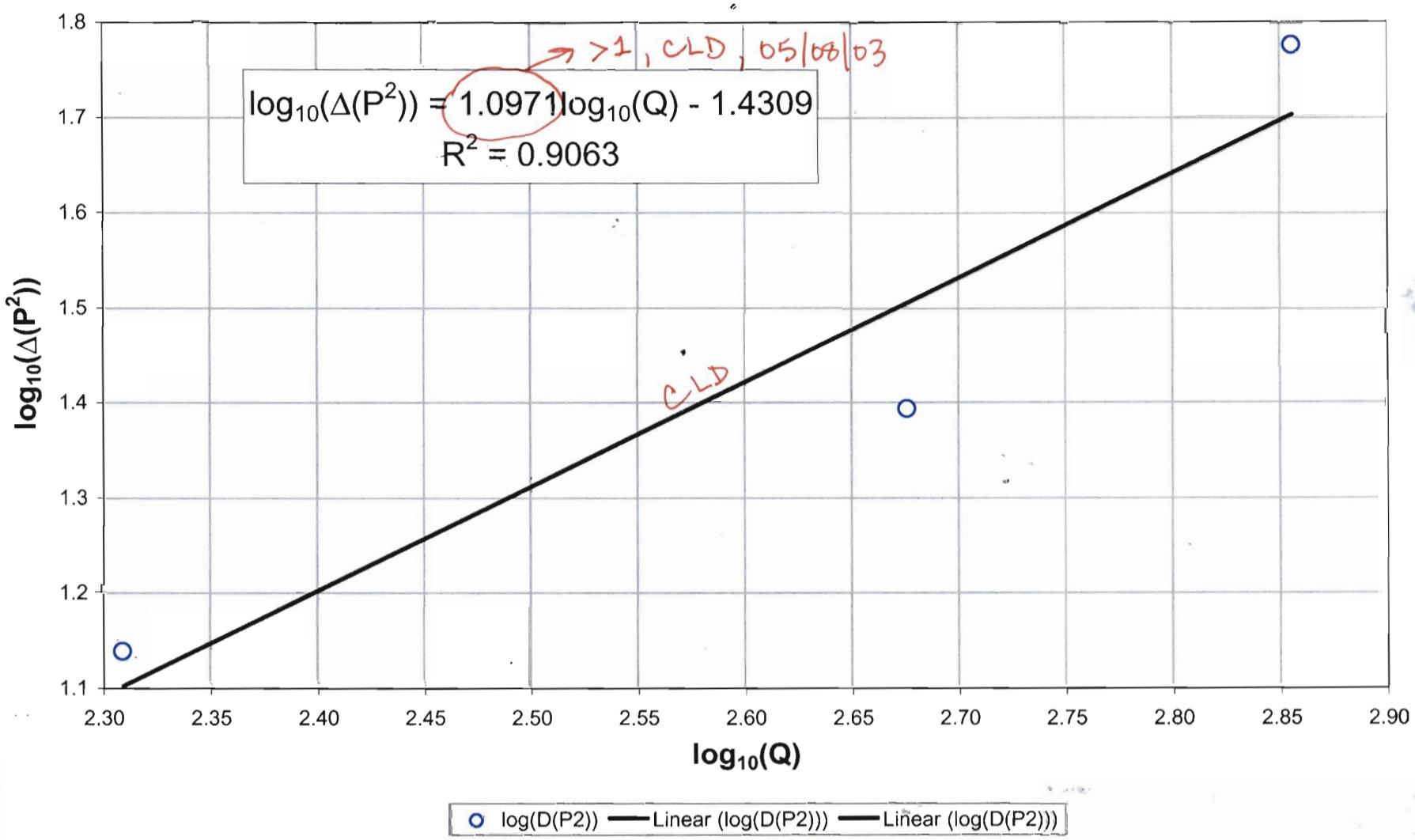
Final check for high velocity flow effects:
 High velocity flow effects are present when the slope is non-zero and positive.
 H Transect : Drillhole 59



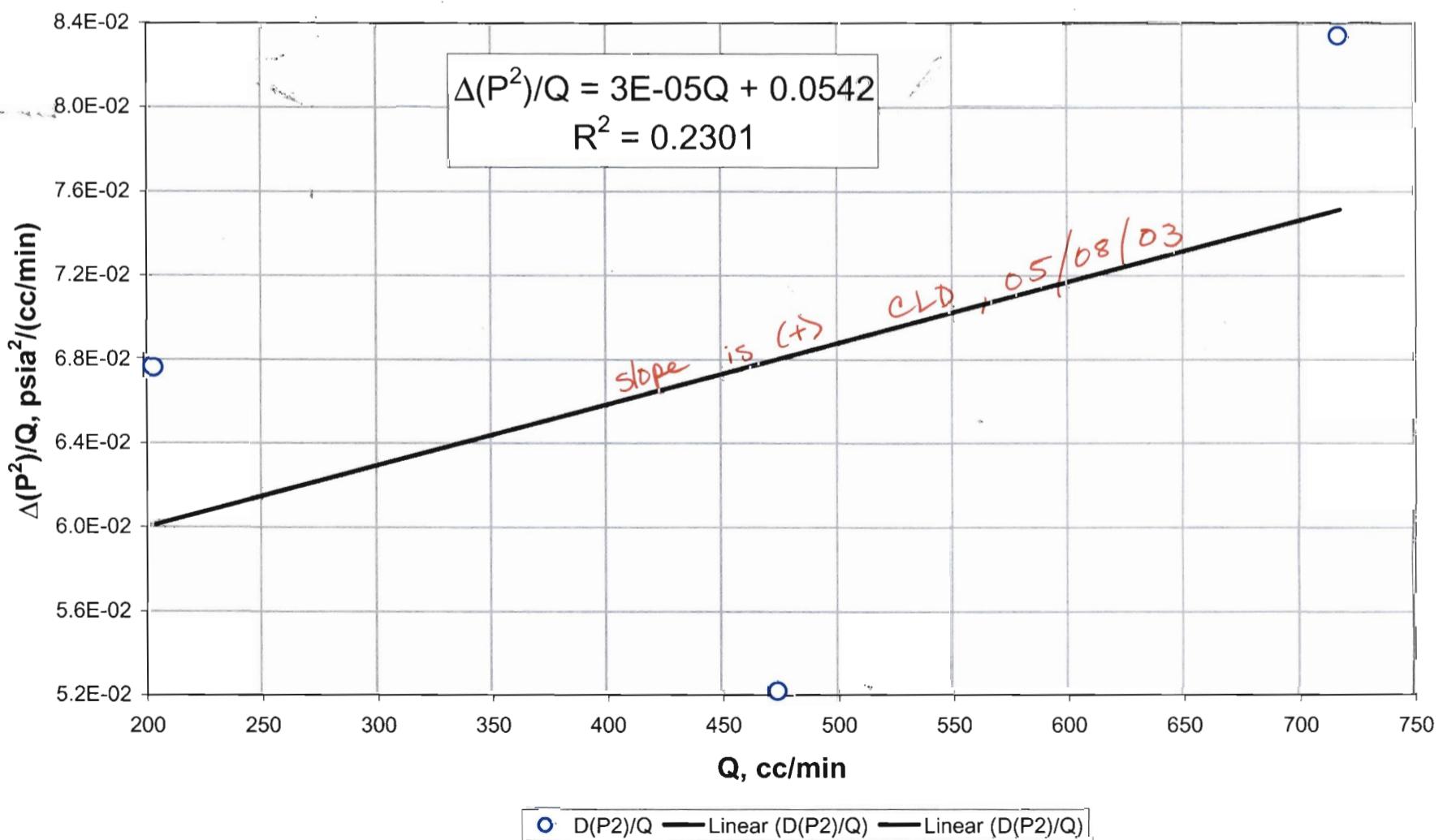
Relationship between steady-state differential pressures squared and flowrate:
 If relationship is linear, with the ordinate intercept nearly zero,
 there is no high velocity flow effect.
 H Transect: Drillhole 60



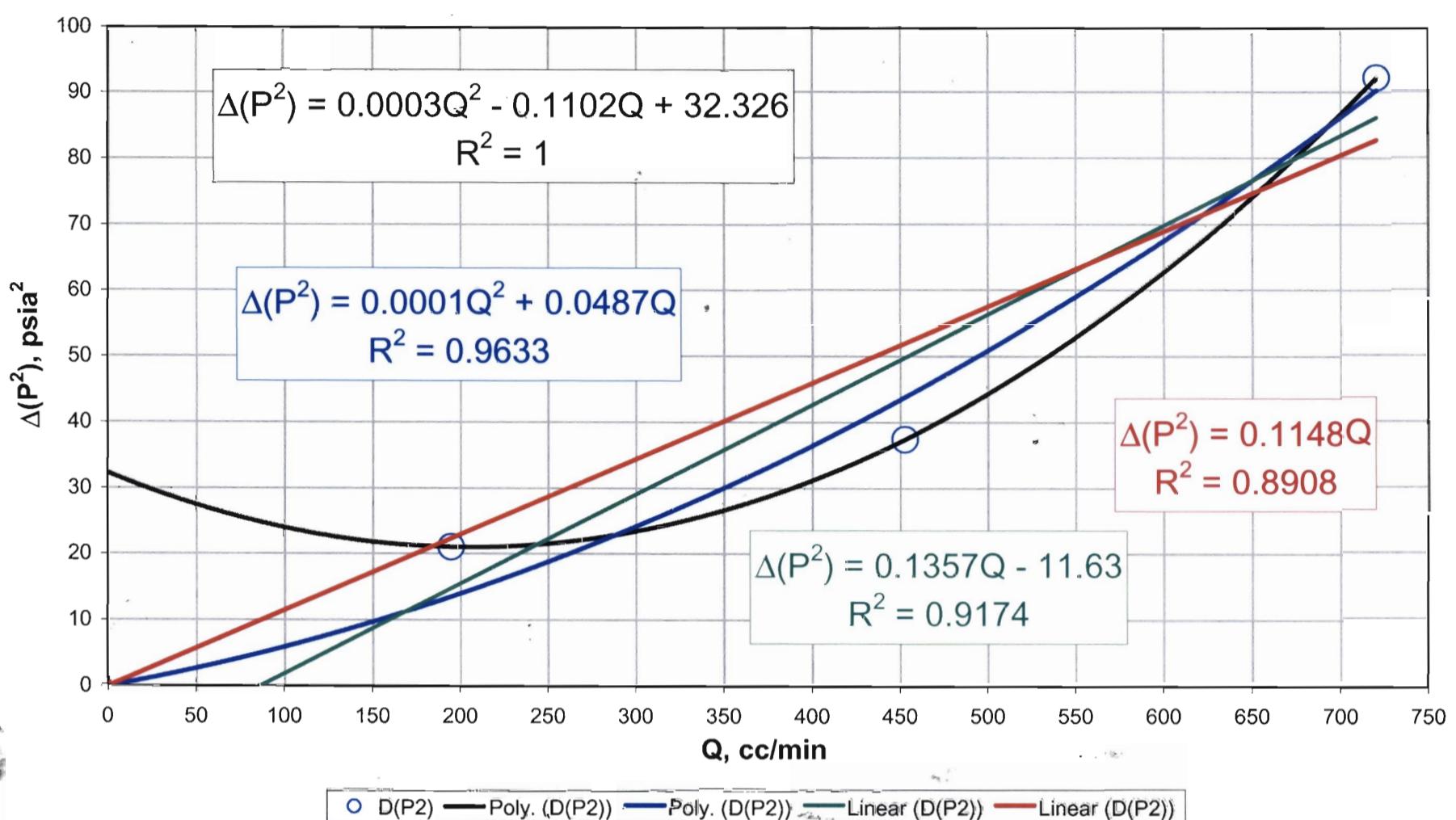
Log-Log plot of differential pressures squared vs. flowrate--used to identify the presence of high-velocity flow effects (when the slope is greater than unity)
H Transect: Drillhole 60



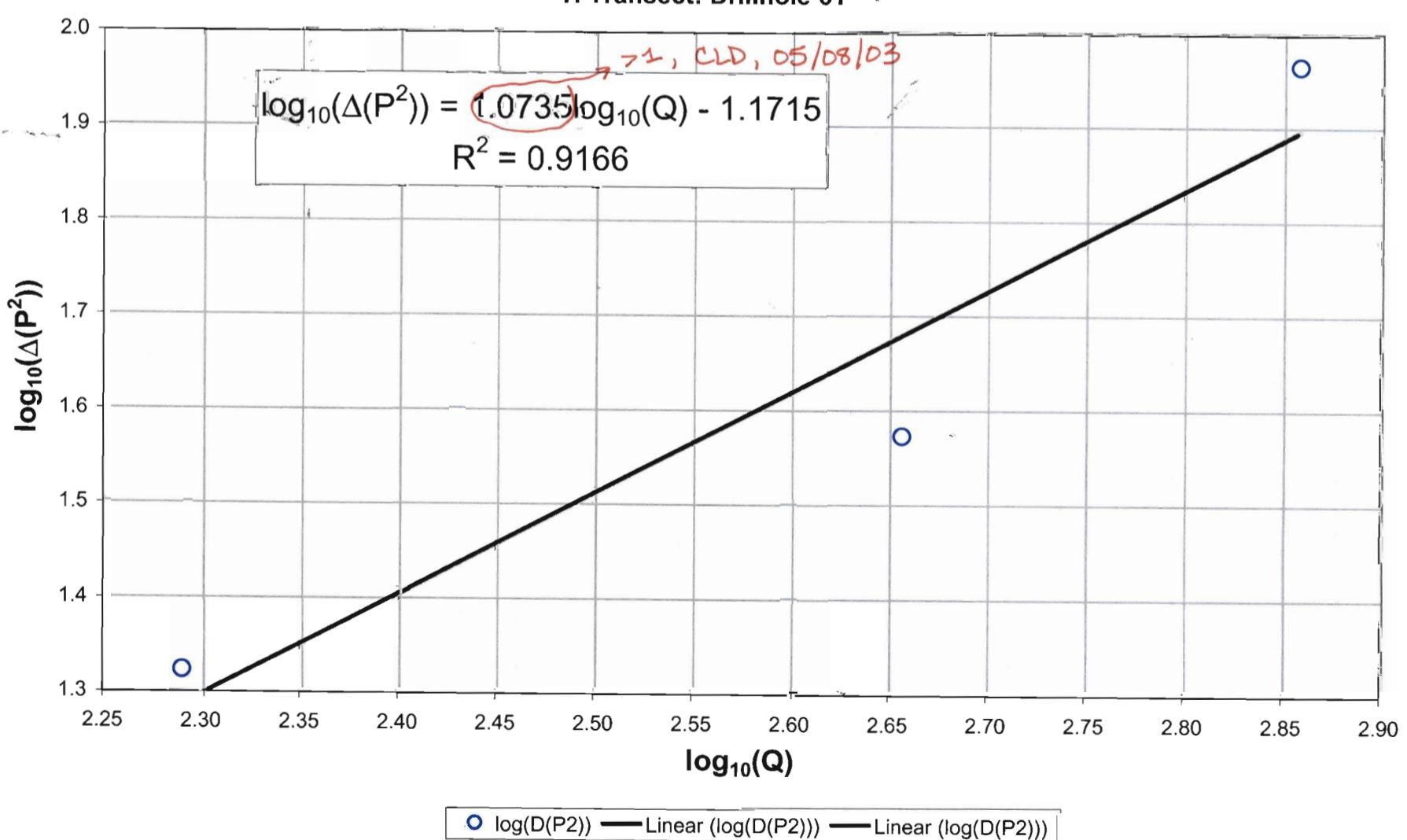
Final check for high velocity flow effects:
High velocity flow effects are present when the slope is non-zero and positive.
H Transect : Drillhole 60



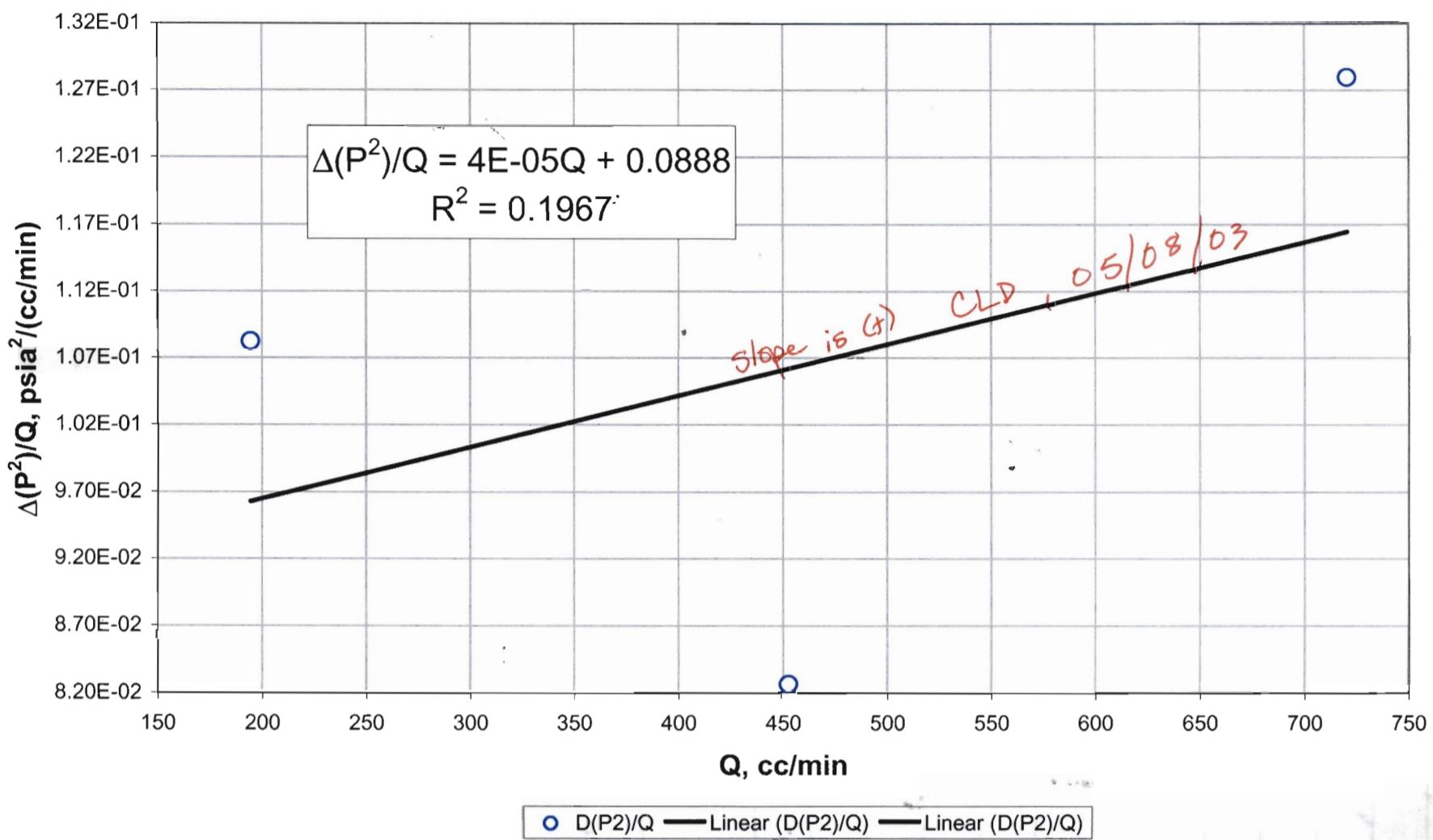
Relationship between steady-state differential pressures squared and flowrate:
 If relationship is linear, with the ordinate intercept nearly zero,
 there is no high velocity flow effect.
 H Transect: Drillhole 61



Log-Log plot of differential pressures squared vs. flowrate--used to identify the presence of high-velocity flow effects (when the slope is greater than unity)
 H Transect: Drillhole 61

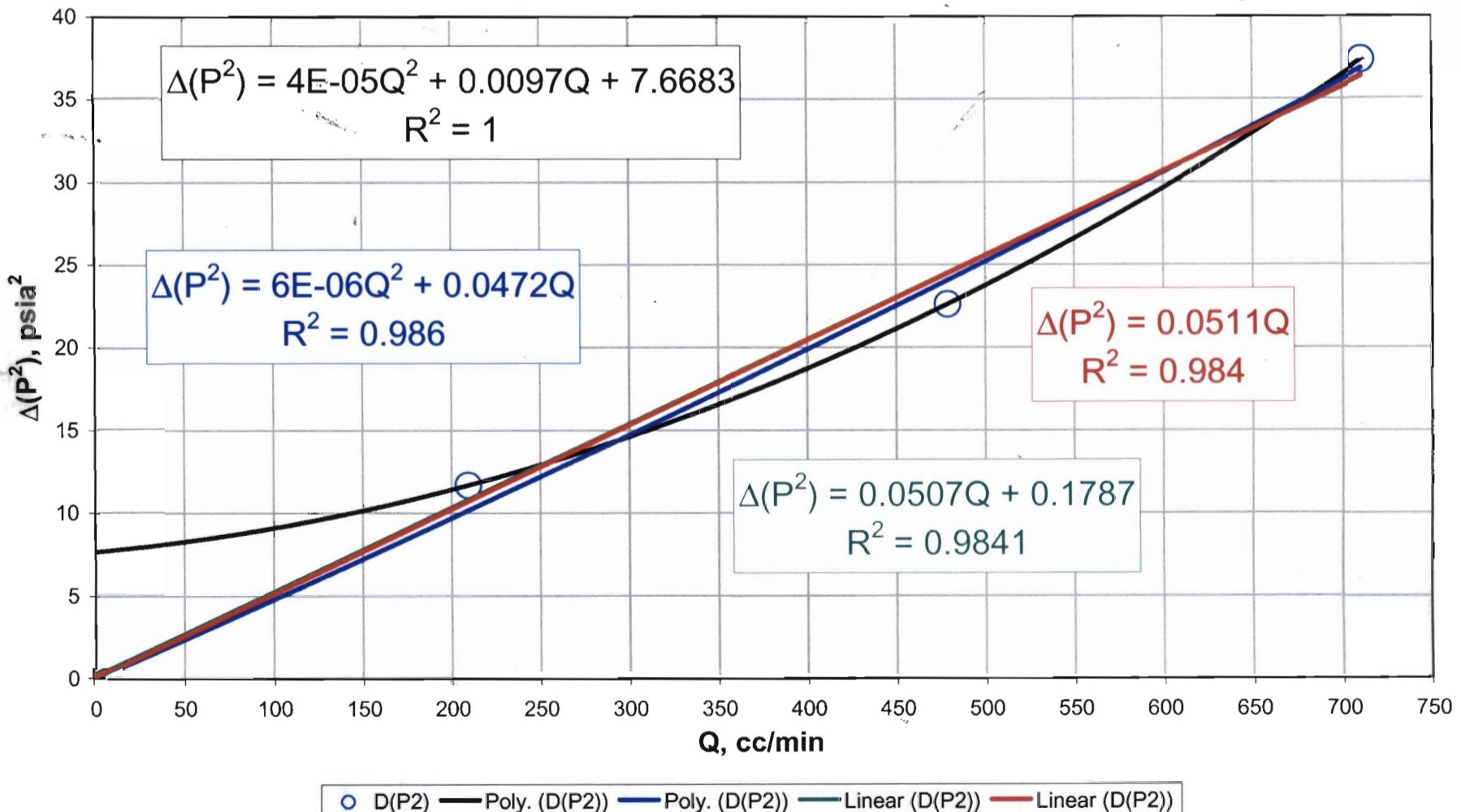


Final check for high velocity flow effects:
 High velocity flow effects are present when the slope is non-zero and positive.
 H Transect : Drillhole 61

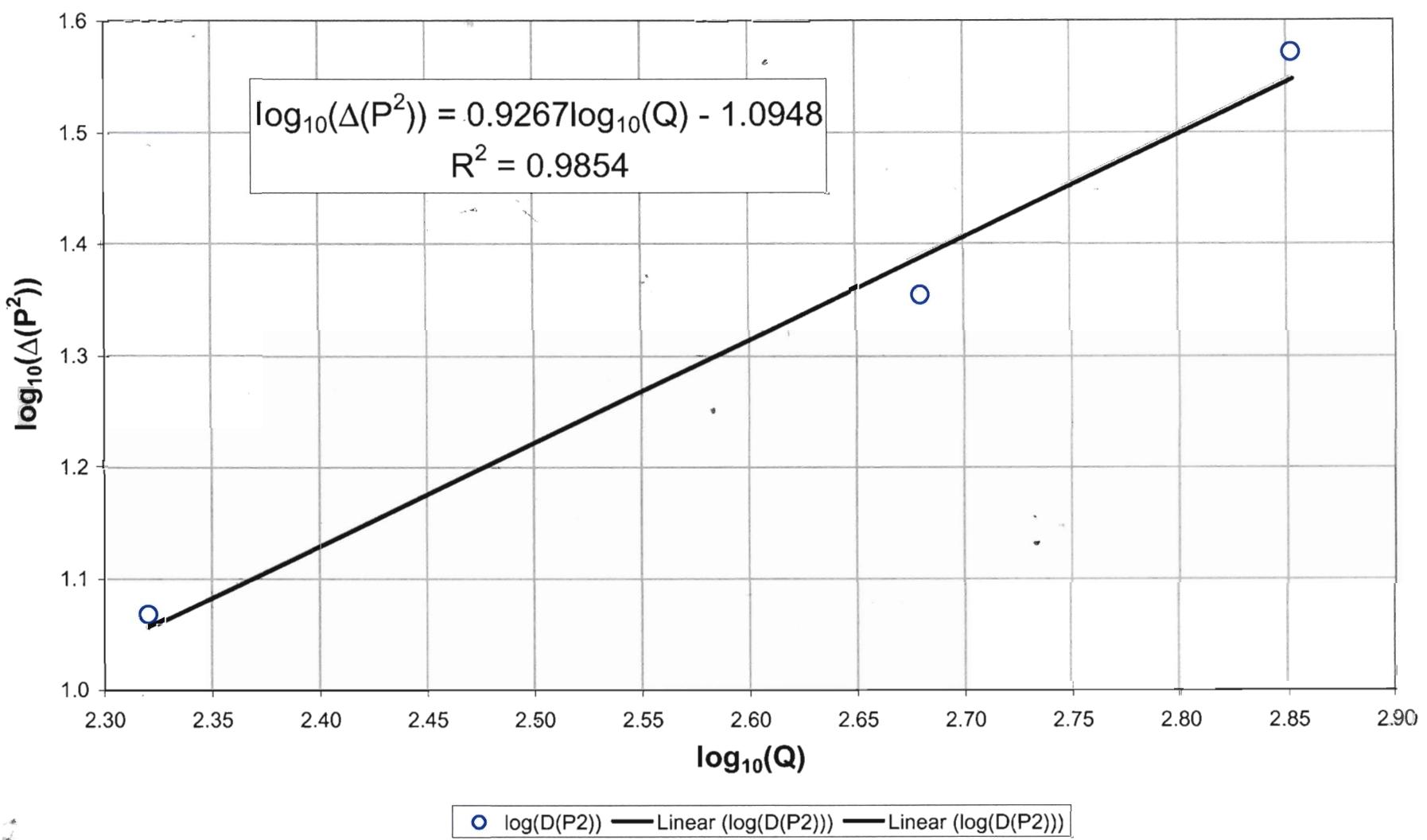


Relationship between steady-state differential pressures squared and flowrate:
 If relationship is linear, with the ordinate intercept nearly zero,
 there is no high velocity flow effect.

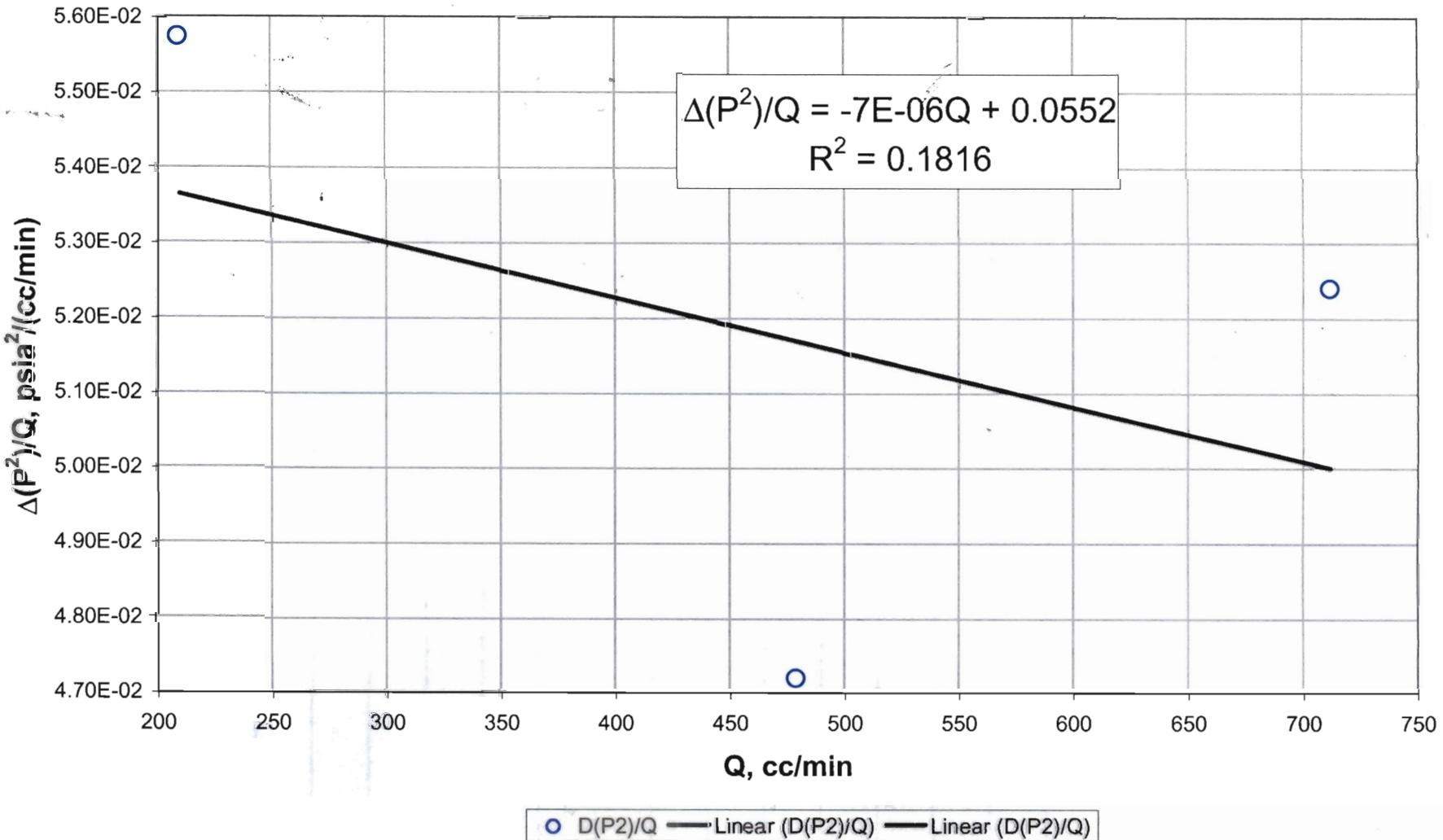
H Transect: Drillhole 62



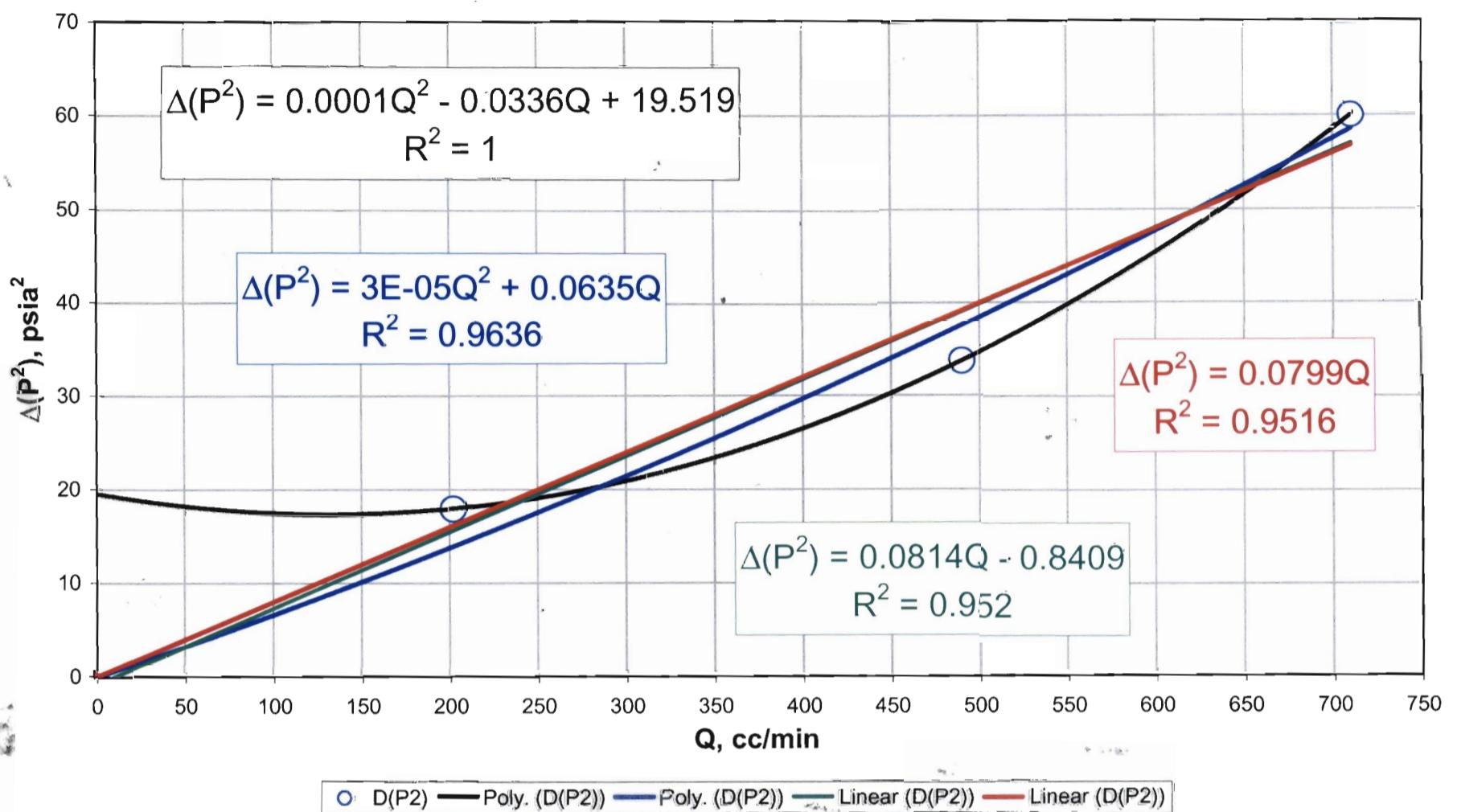
Log-Log plot of differential pressures squared vs. flowrate--used to identify the presence of high-velocity flow effects (when the slope is greater than unity)
 H Transect: Drillhole 62



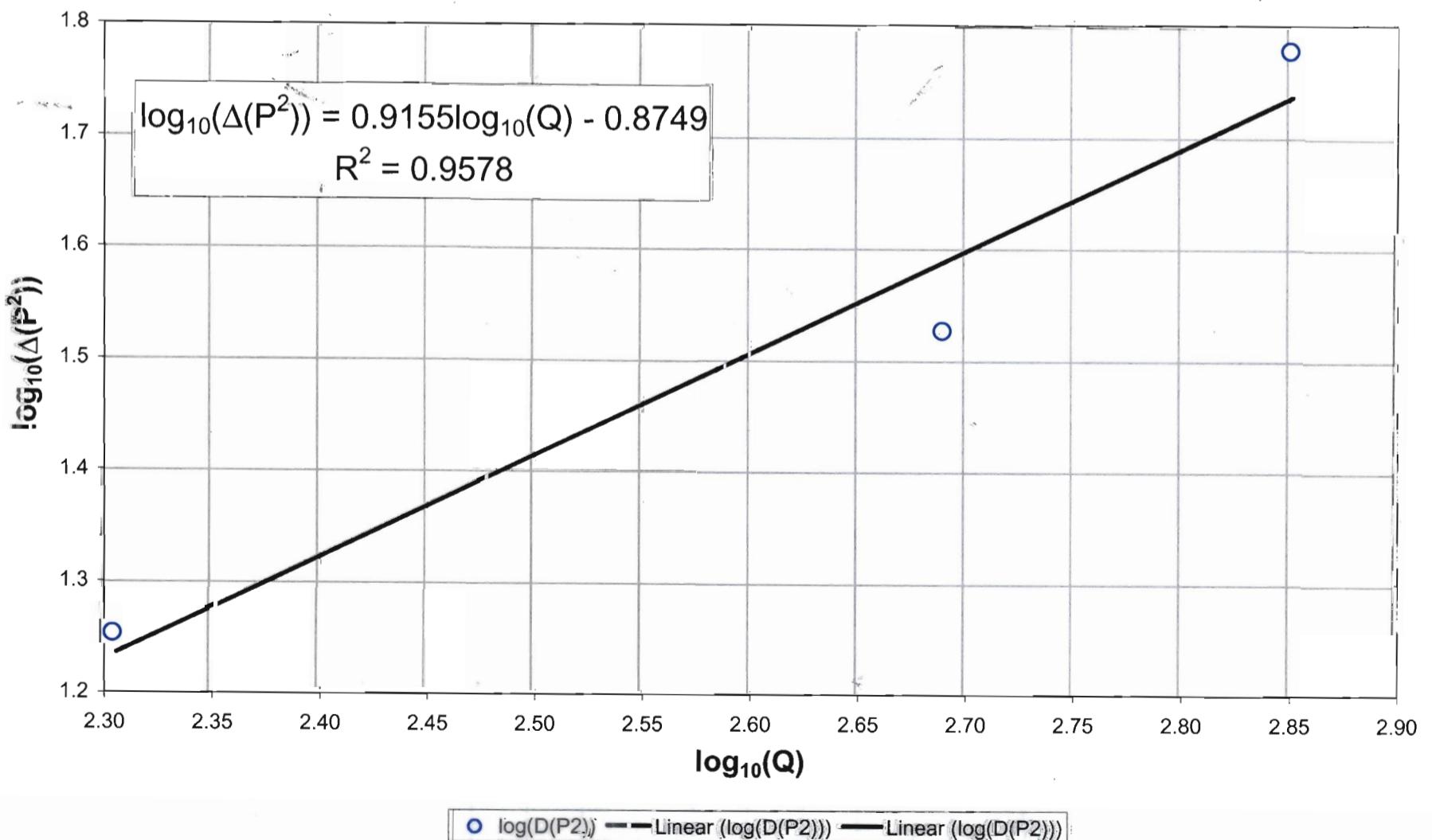
Final check for high velocity flow effects:
 High velocity flow effects are present when the slope is non-zero and positive.
 H Transect : Drillhole 62



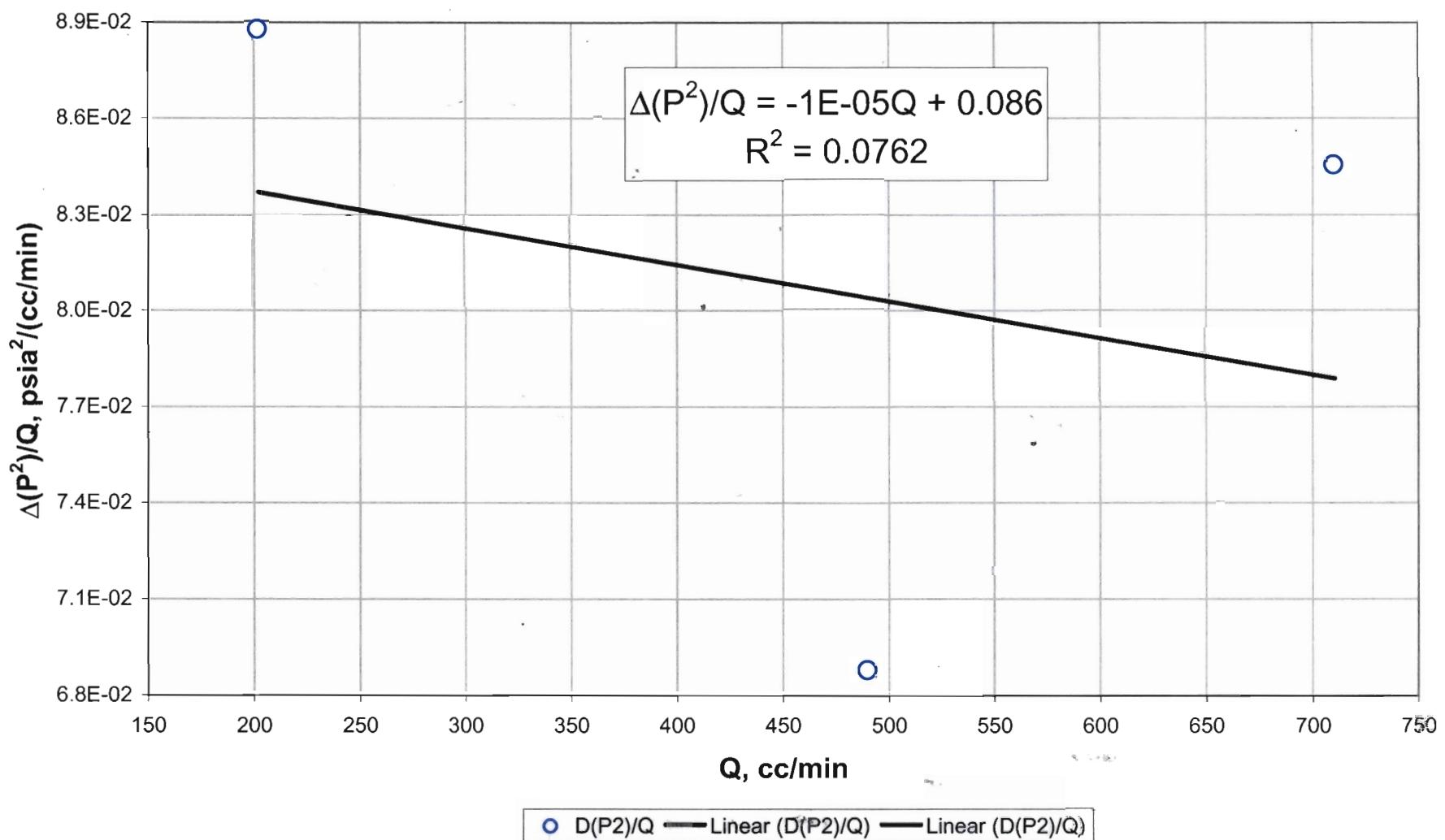
Relationship between steady-state differential pressures squared and flowrate:
 If relationship is linear, with the ordinate intercept nearly zero,
 there is no high velocity flow effect.
 H Transect: Drillhole 63



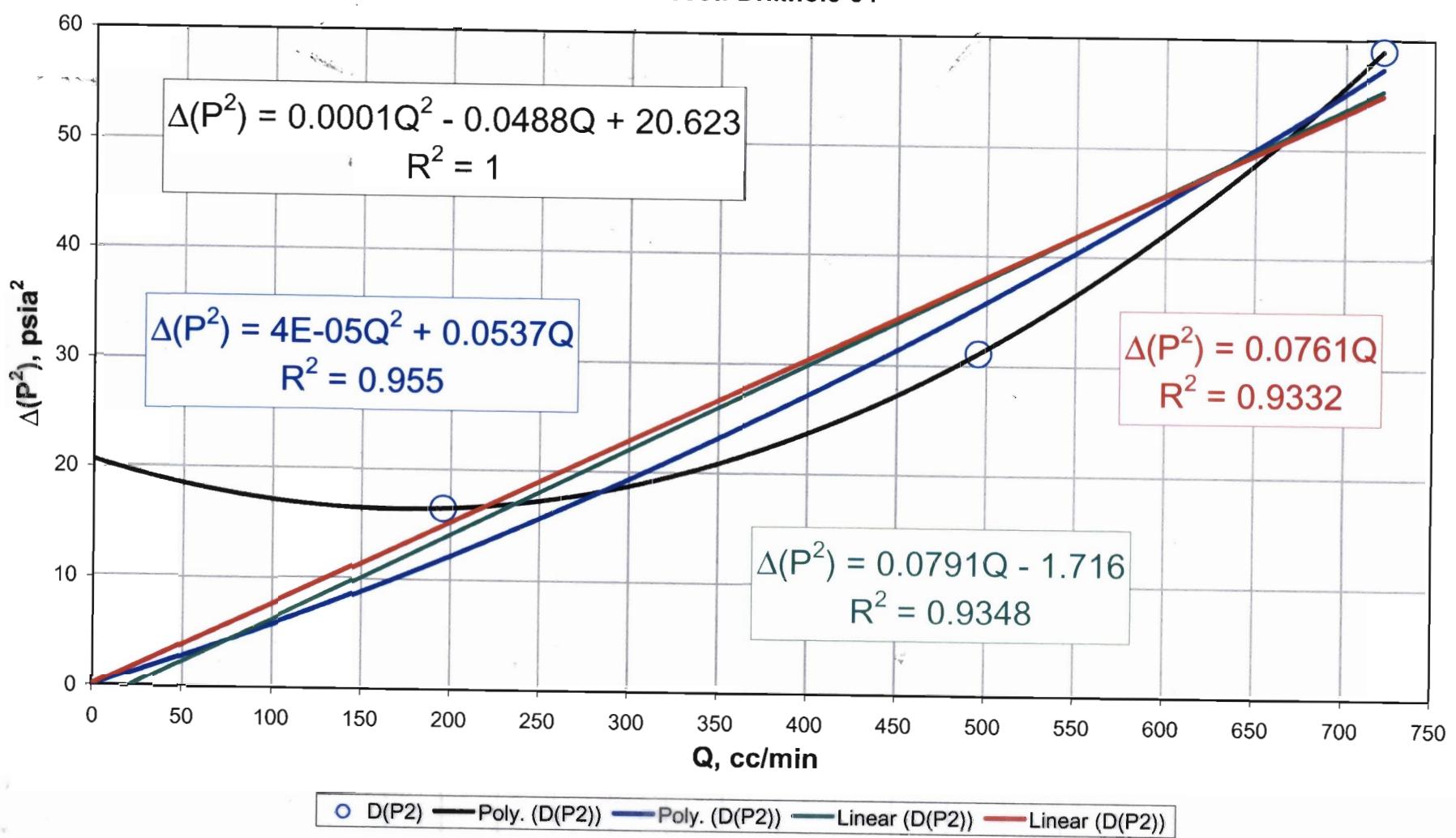
Log-Log plot of differential pressures squared vs. flowrate--used to identify the presence of high-velocity flow effects (when the slope is greater than unity)
 H Transect: Drillhole 63



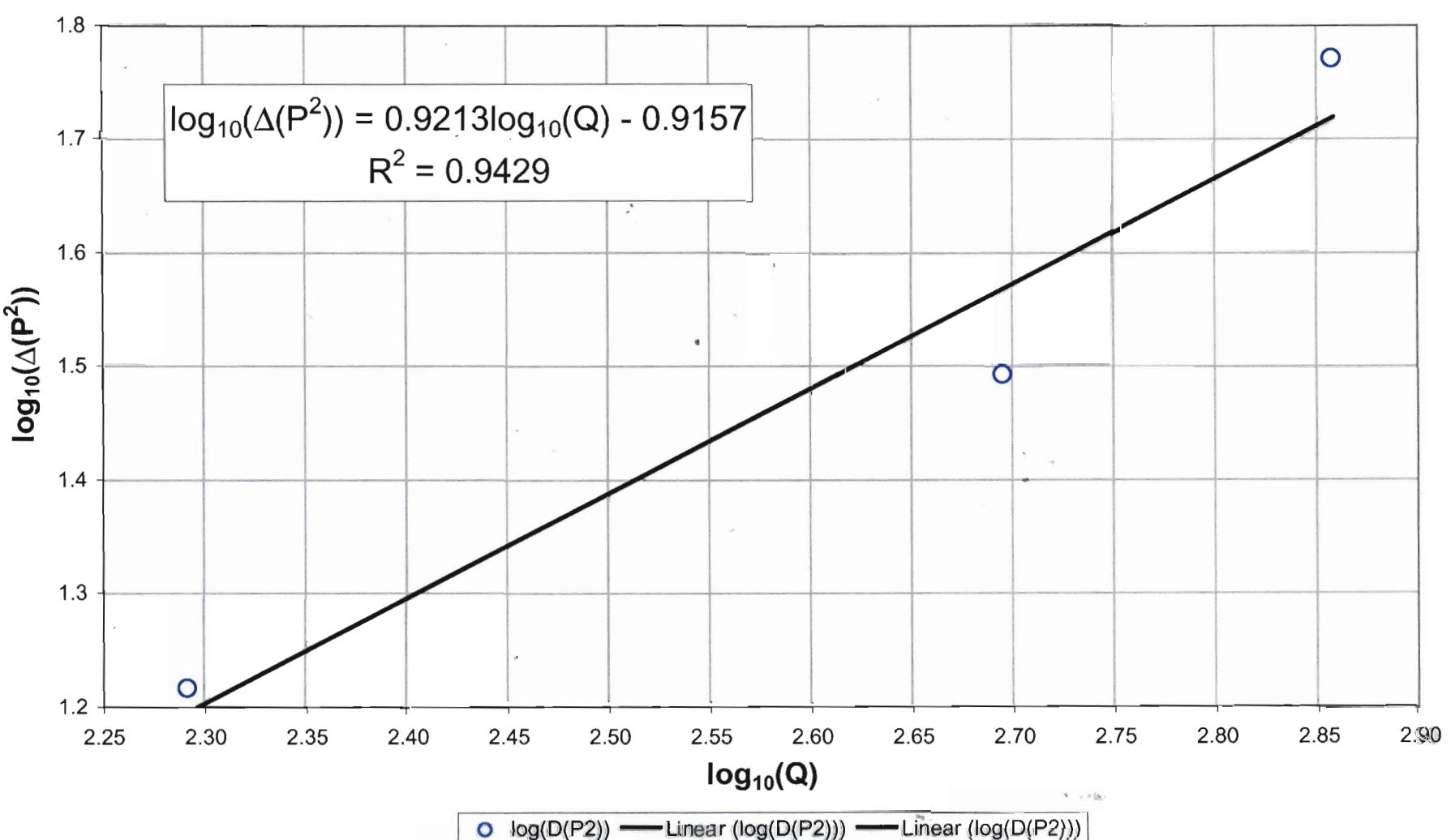
Final check for high velocity flow effects:
High velocity flow effects are present when the slope is non-zero and positive.
H Transect : Drillhole 63



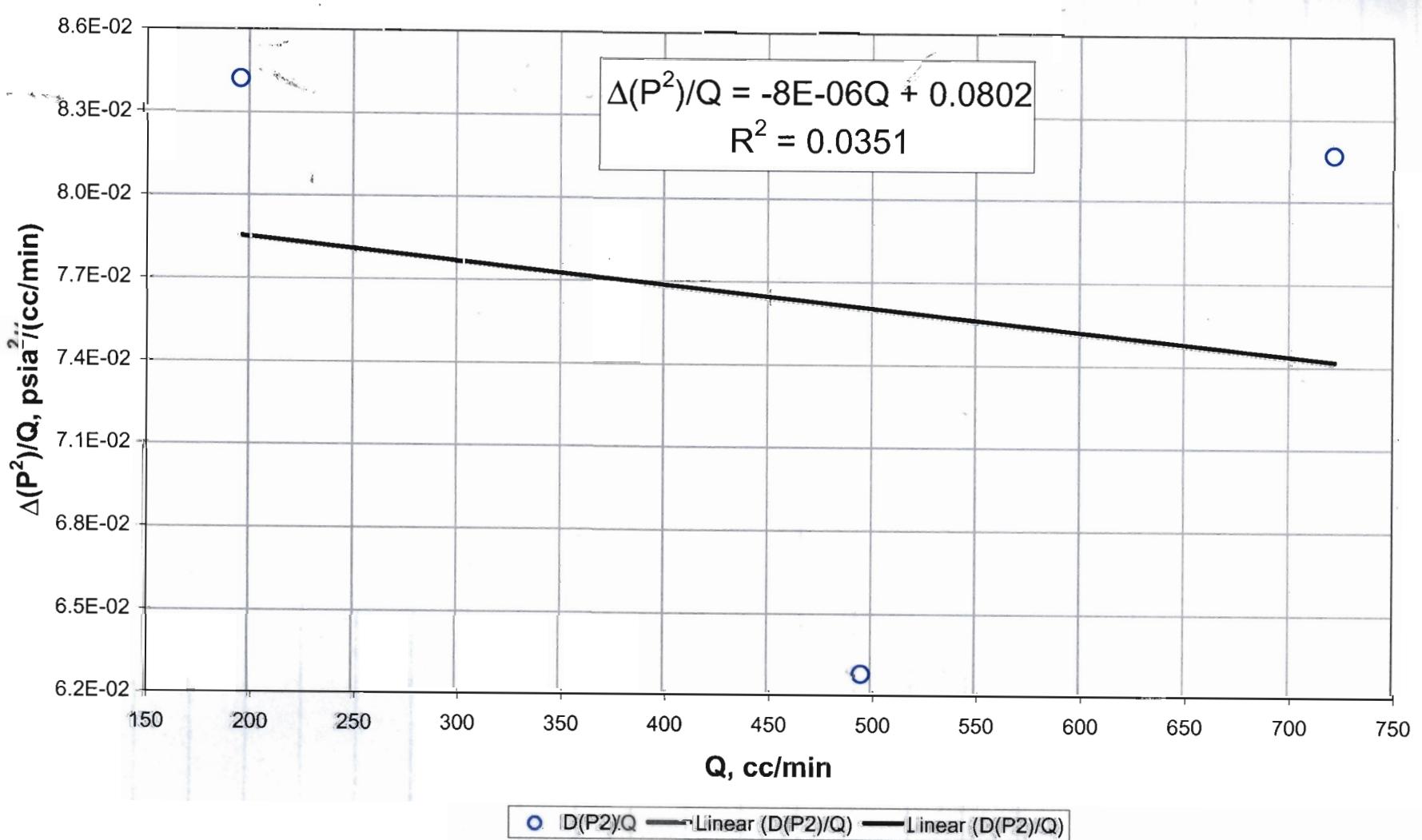
Relationship between steady-state-differential pressures squared and flowrate:
If relationship is linear, with the ordinate intercept nearly zero,
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H Transect: Drillhole 64



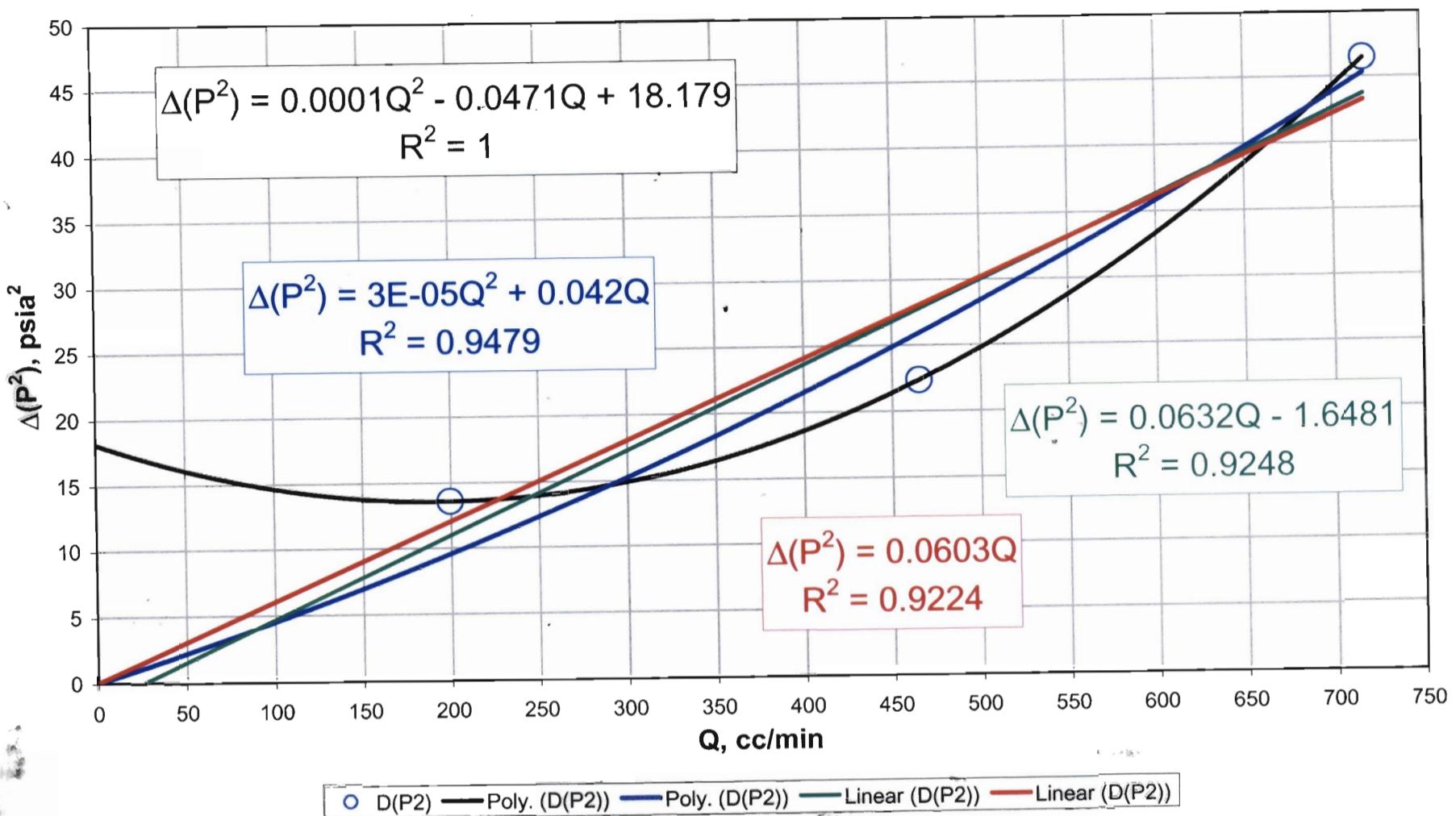
Log-Log plot of differential pressures squared vs. flowrate--used to identify the presence of high-velocity flow effects (when the slope is greater than unity)
H Transect: Drillhole 64



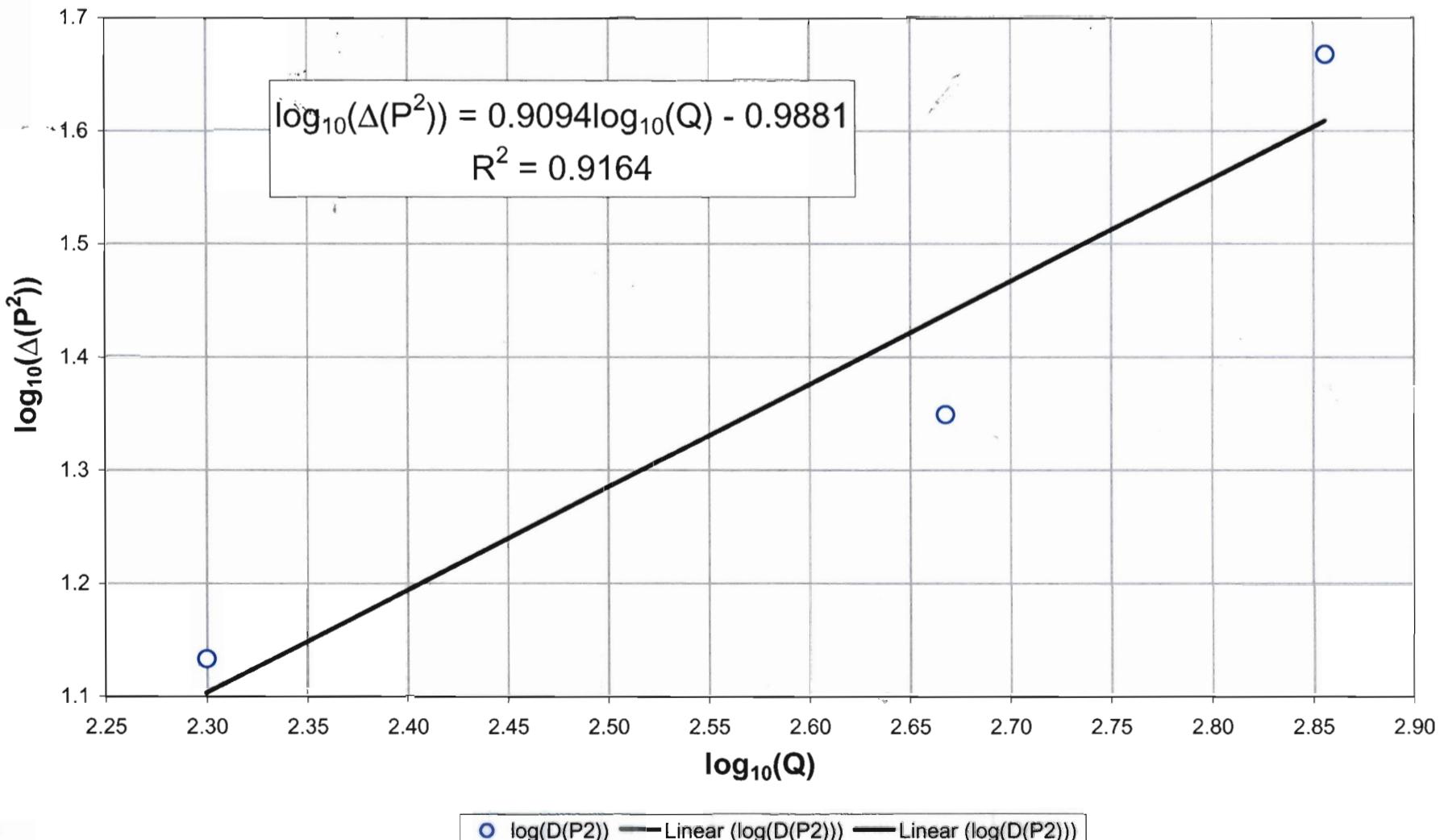
Final check for high velocity flow effects:
High velocity flow effects are present when the slope is non-zero and positive.
H Transect : Drillhole 64



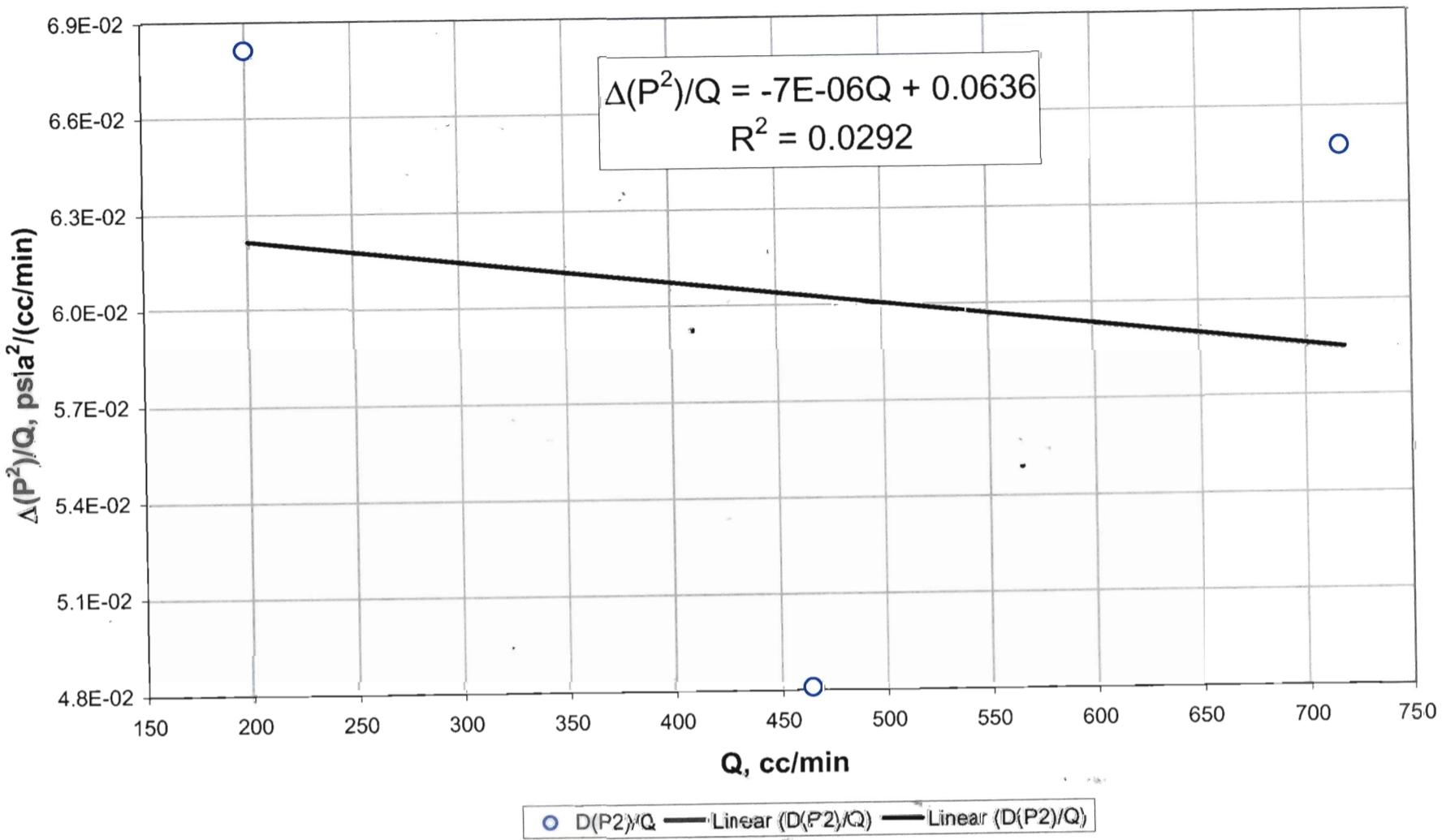
Relationship between steady-state differential pressures squared and flowrate:
 If relationship is linear, with the ordinate intercept nearly zero,
 there is no high velocity flow effect.
 H Transect: Drillhole 65



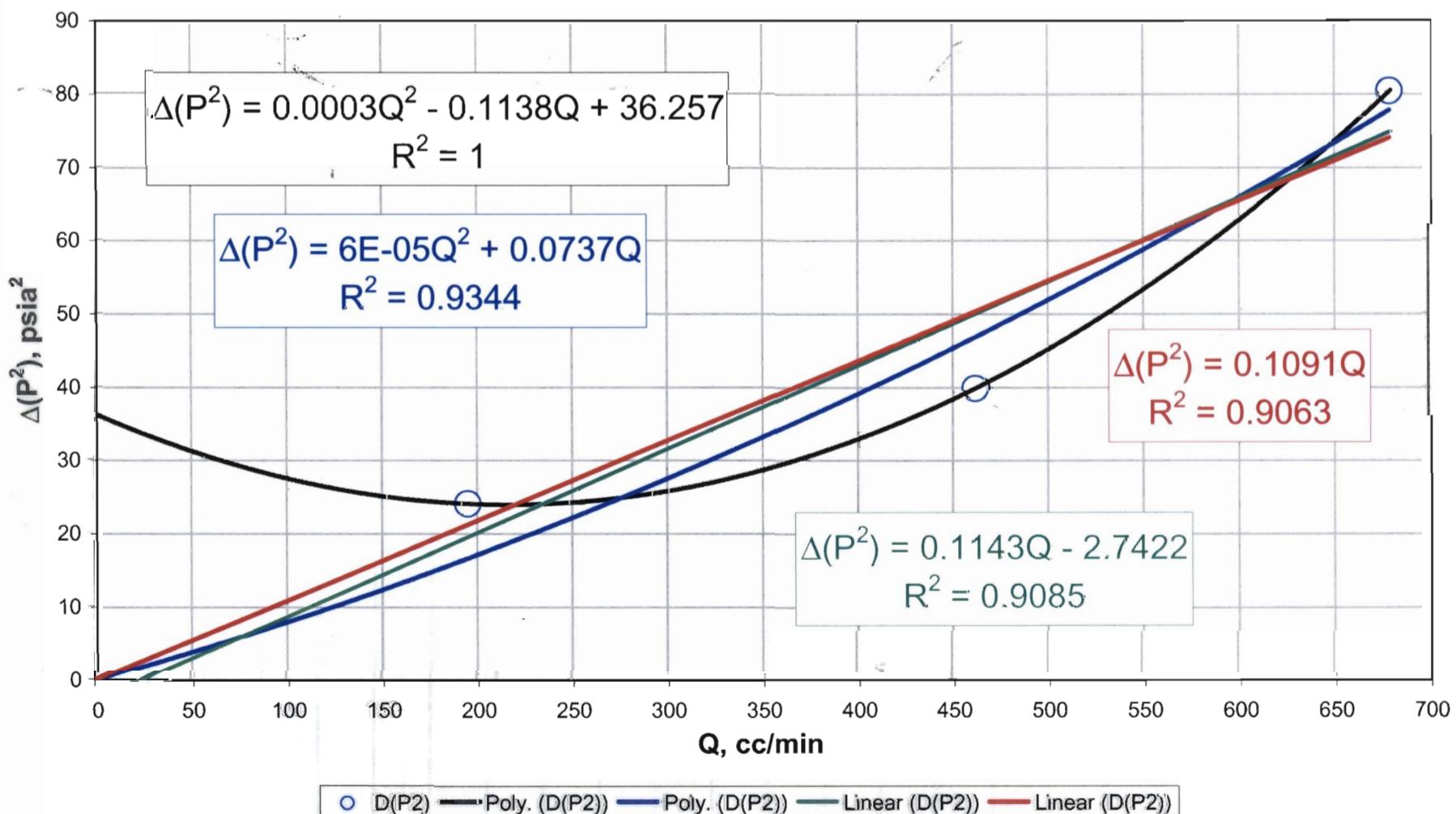
Log-Log plot of differential pressures squared vs. flowrate--used to identify the presence of high-velocity flow effects (when the slope is greater than unity)
 H Transect: Drillhole 65



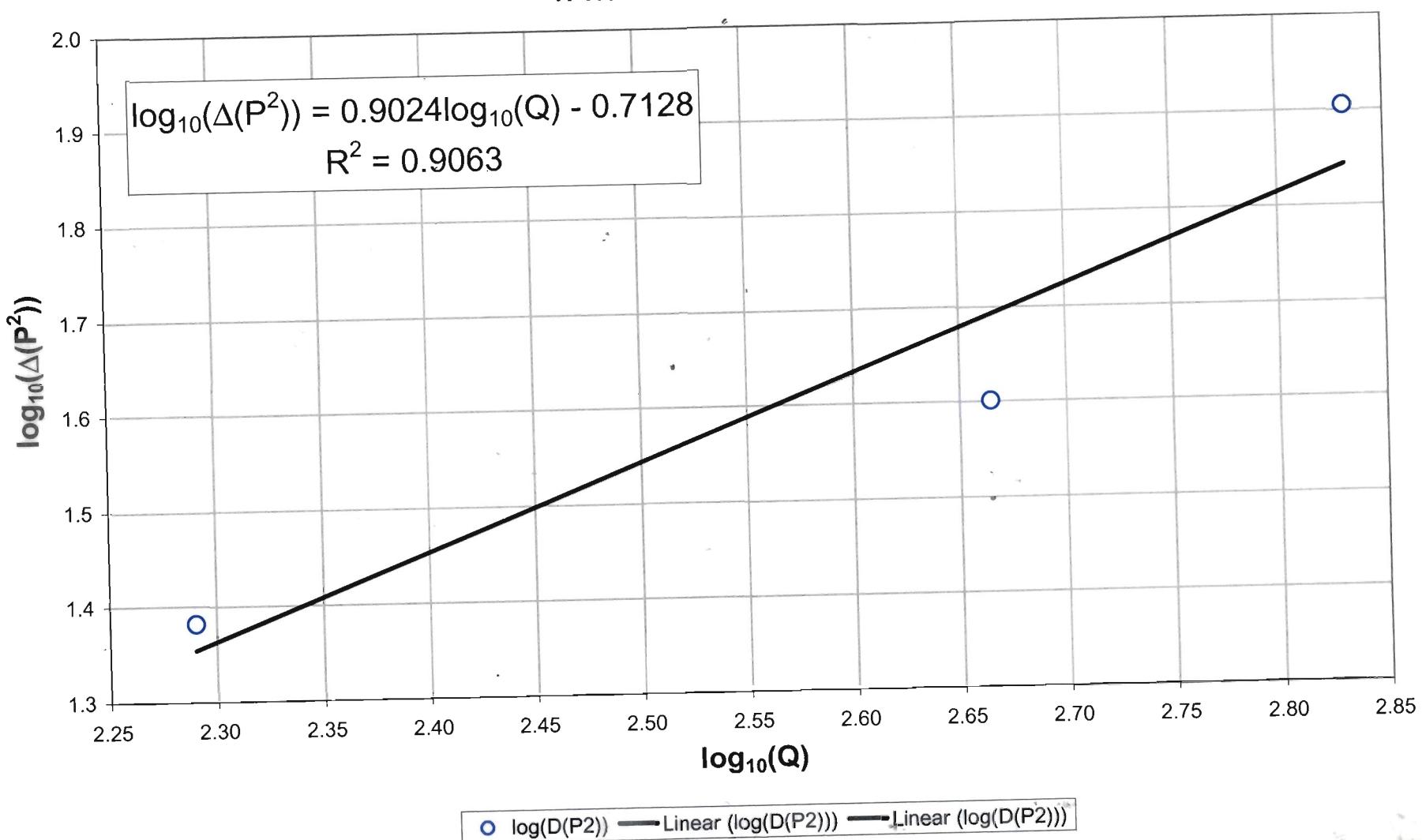
Final check for high velocity flow effects:
High velocity flow effects are present when the slope is non-zero and positive.
H Transect: Drillhole 65



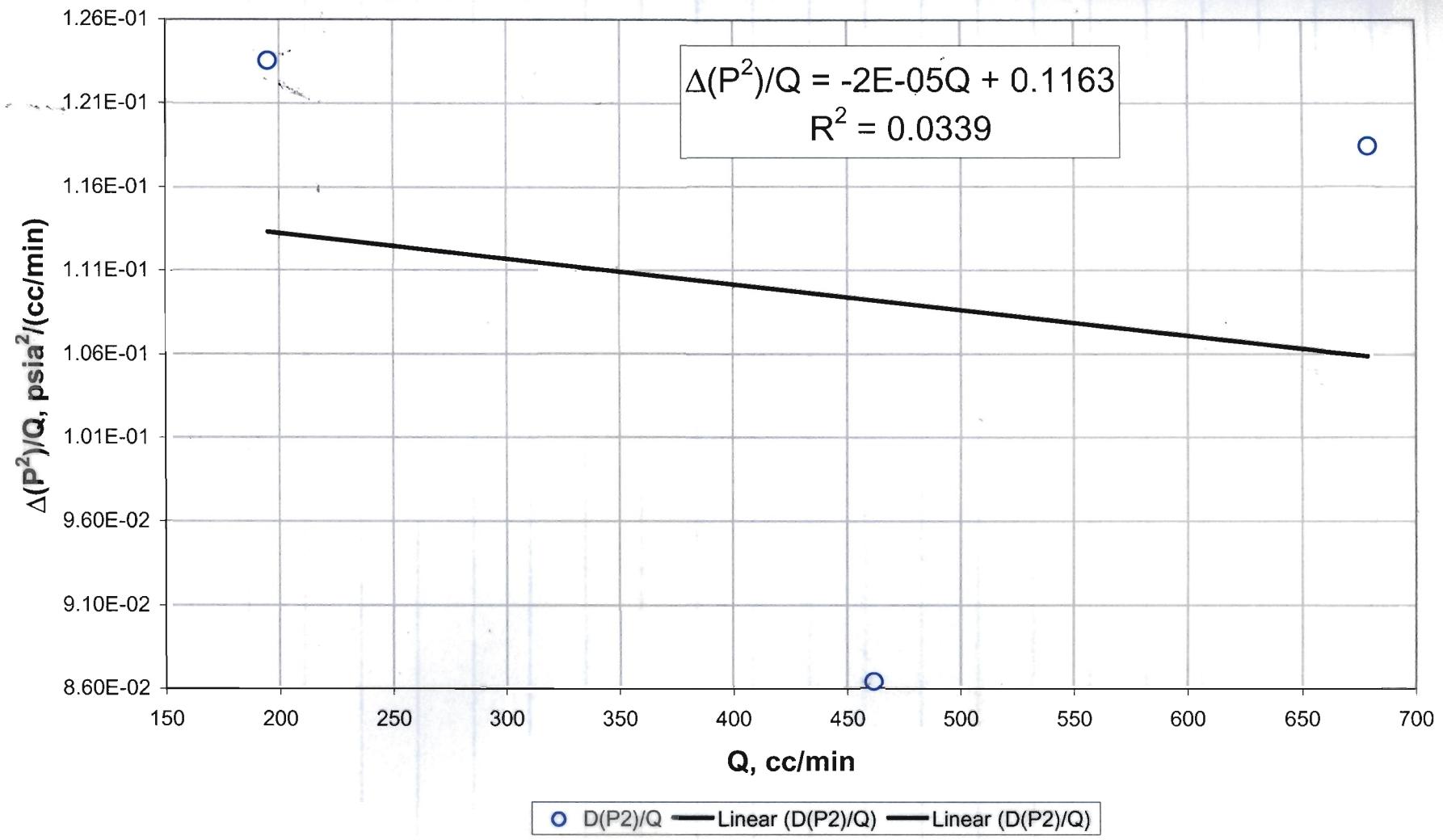
Relationship between steady-state differential pressures squared and flowrate:
If relationship is linear, with the ordinate intercept nearly zero,
there is no high velocity flow effect.
H Transect: Drillhole 66



Log-Log plot of differential pressures squared vs. flowrate--used to identify the presence of high-velocity flow effects (when the slope is greater than unity)
H Transect: Drillhole 66



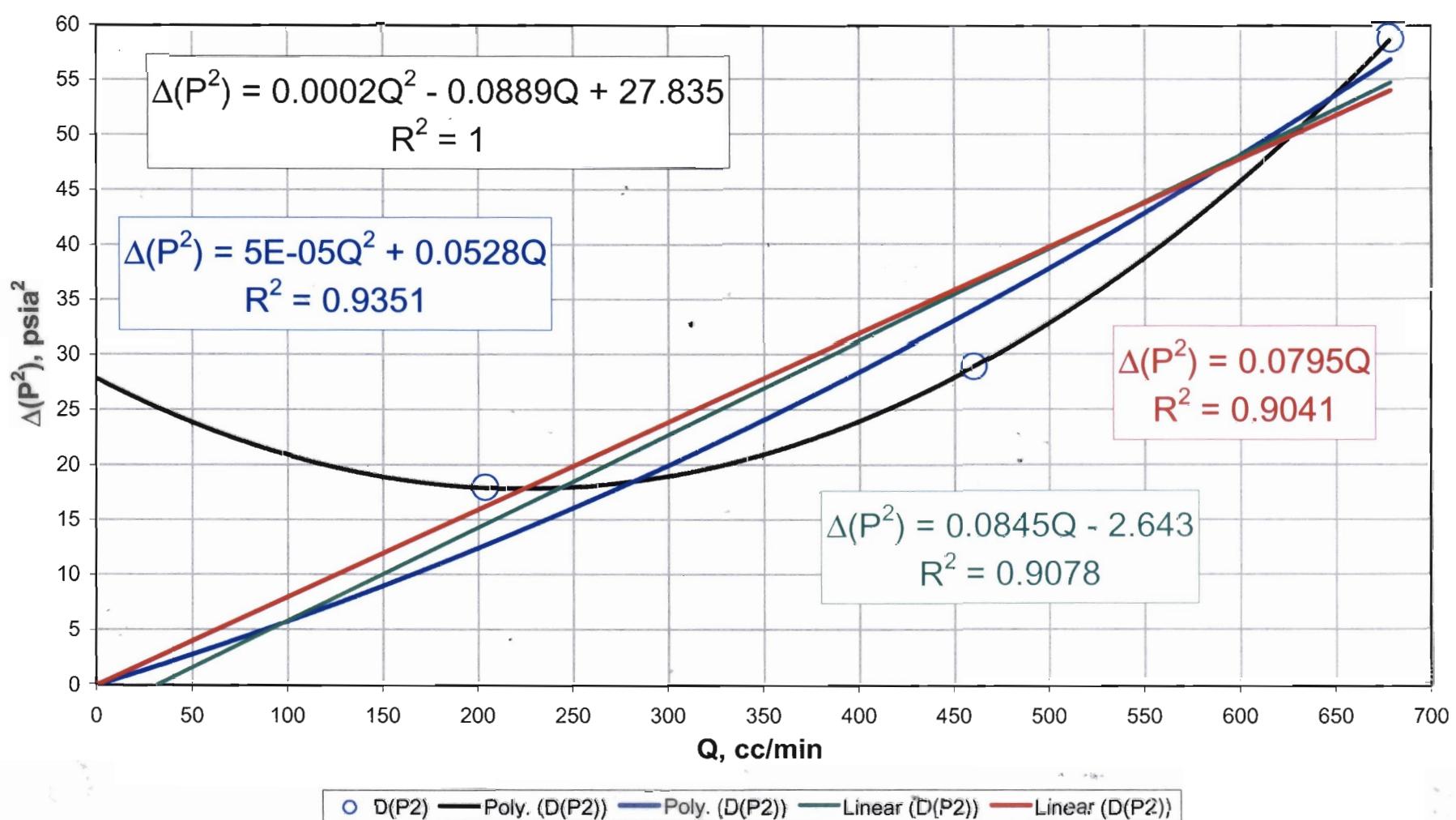
Final check for high velocity flow effects:
High velocity flow effects are present when the slope is non-zero and positive.
H Transect : Drillhole 66



Relationship between steady-state differential pressures squared and flowrate:

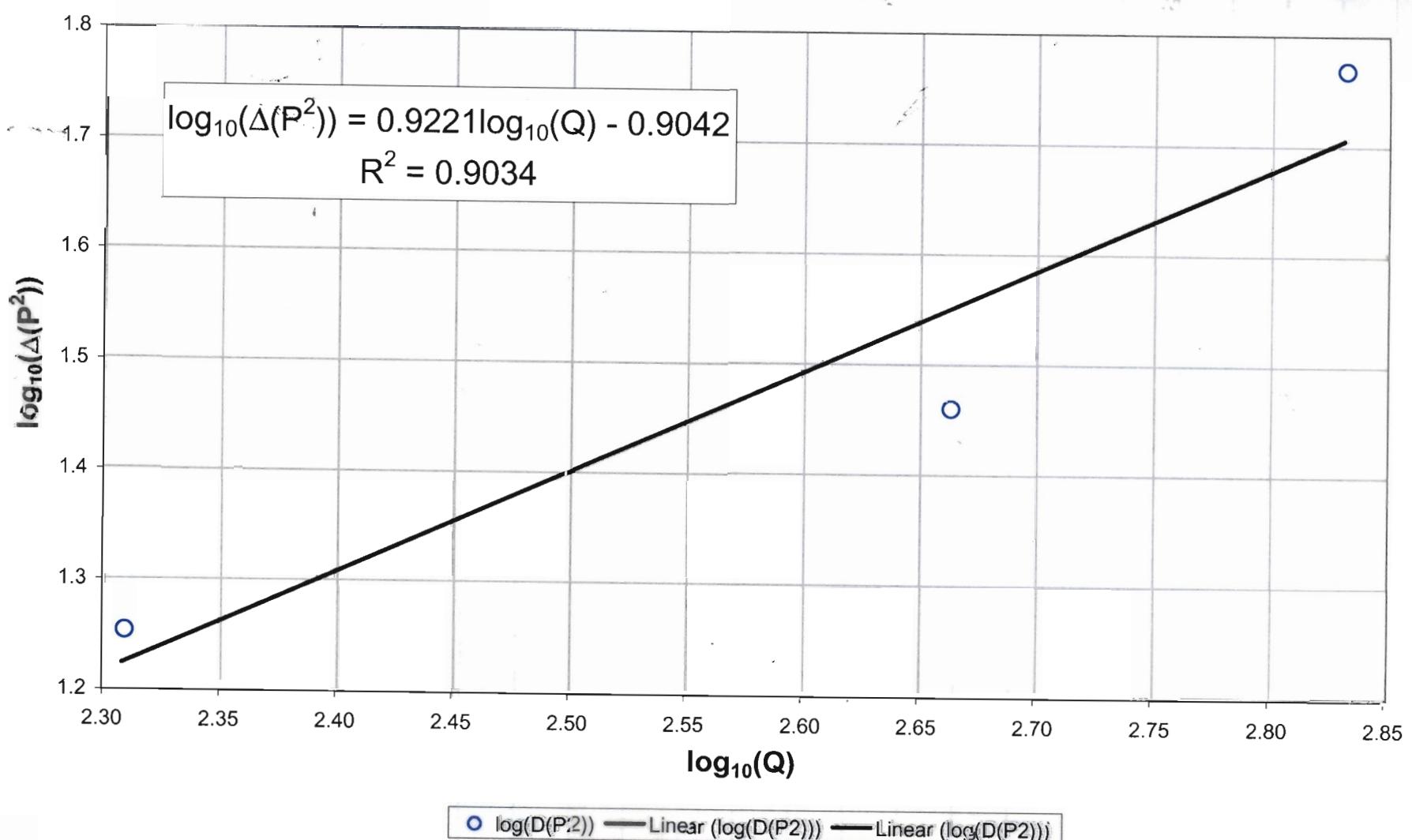
If relationship is linear, with the ordinate intercept nearly zero,
there is no high velocity flow effect.

H Transect: Drillhole 67

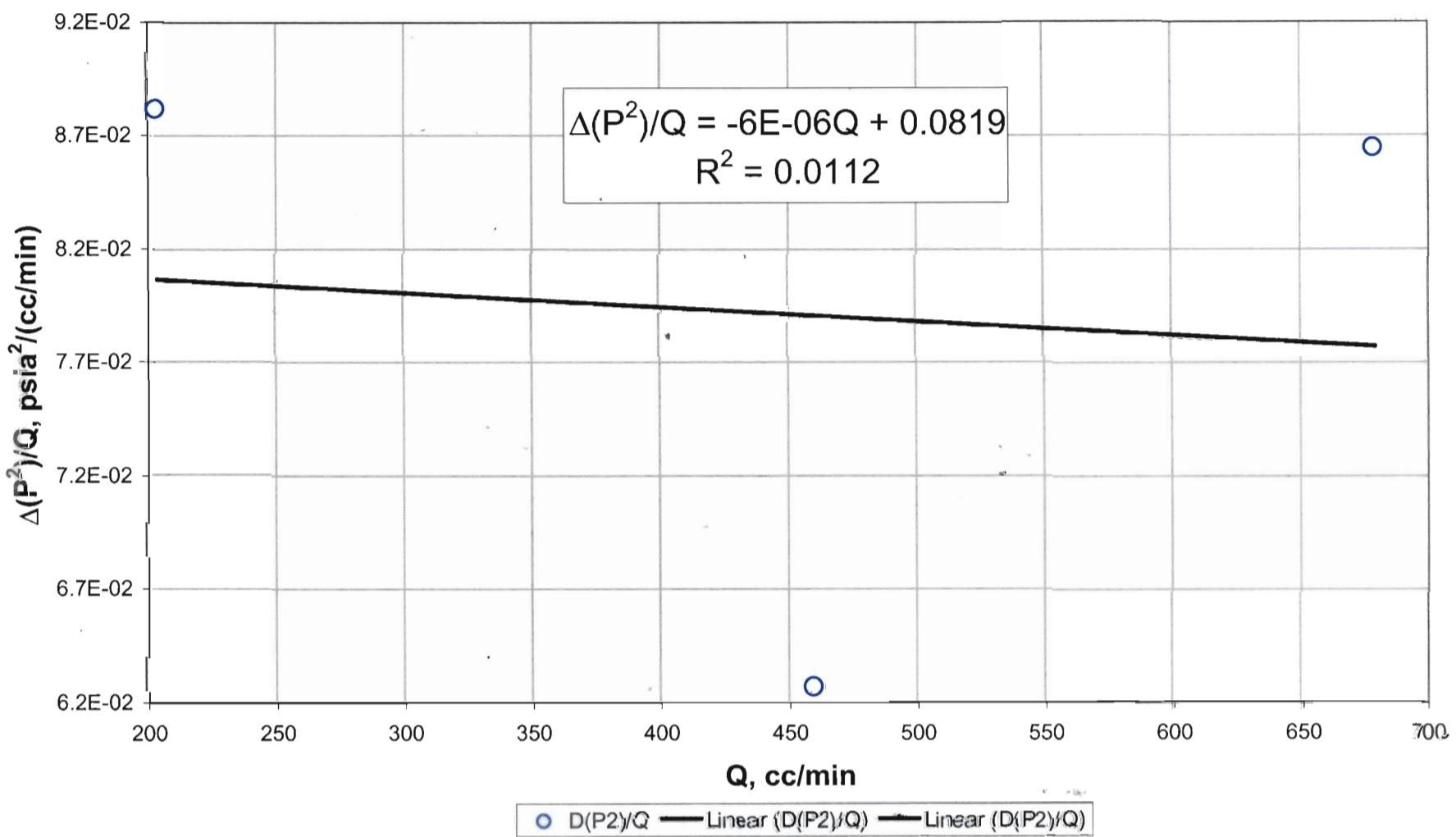


Log-Log plot of differential pressures squared vs. flowrate--used to identify the presence of high-velocity flow effects (when the slope is greater than unity)

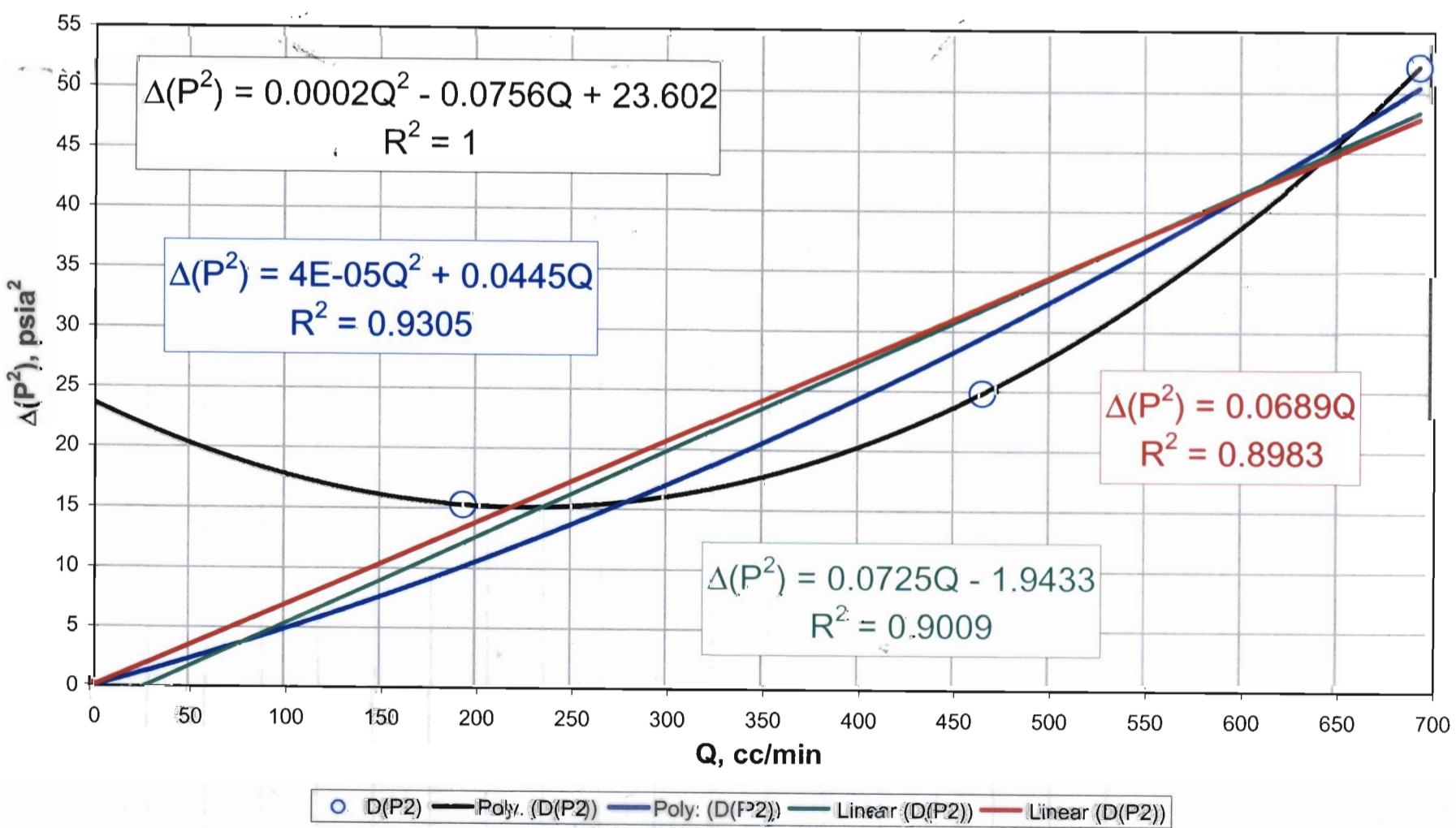
H Transect: Drillhole 67



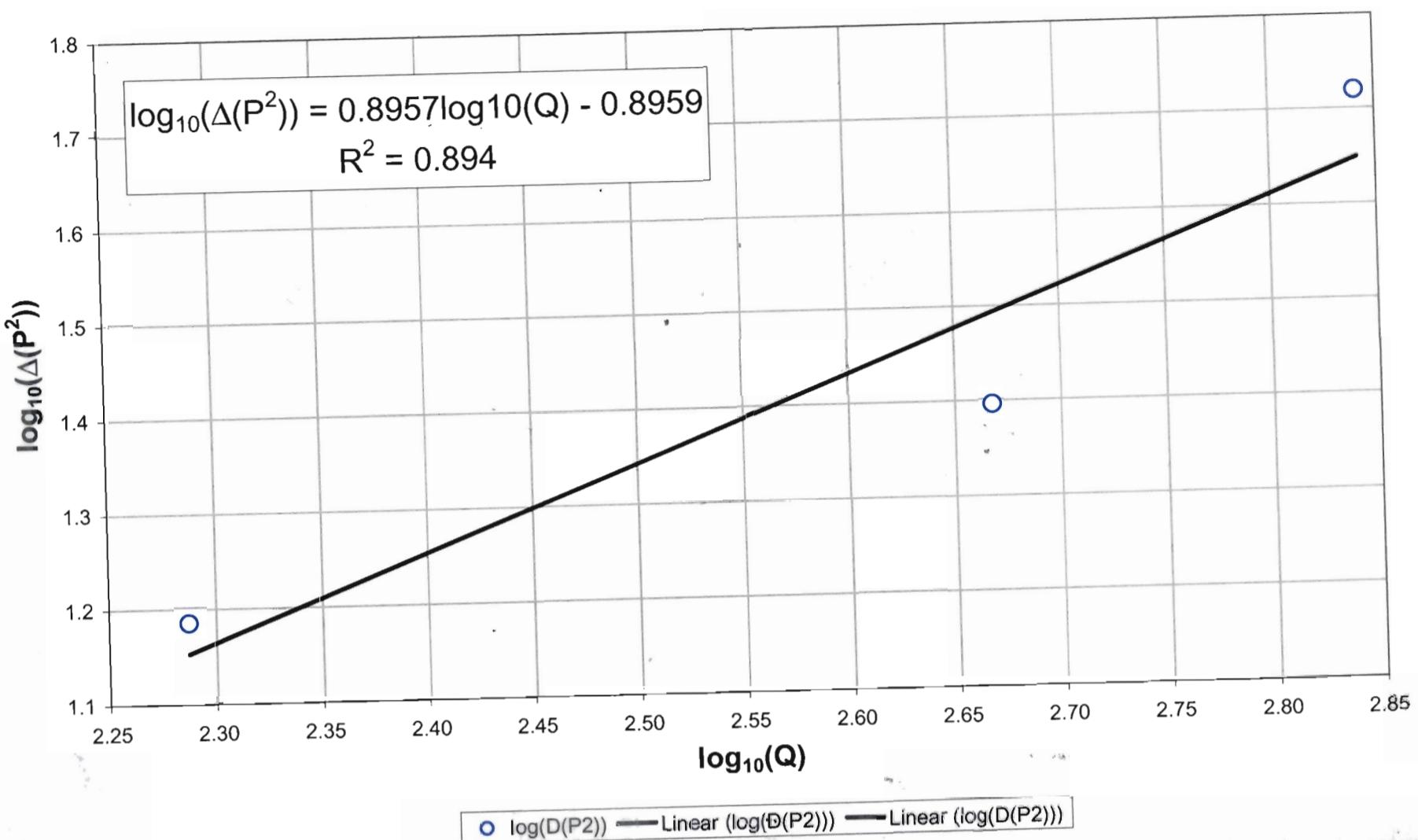
Final check for high velocity flow effects:
 High velocity flow effects are present when the slope is non-zero and positive.
 H Transect : Drillhole 67



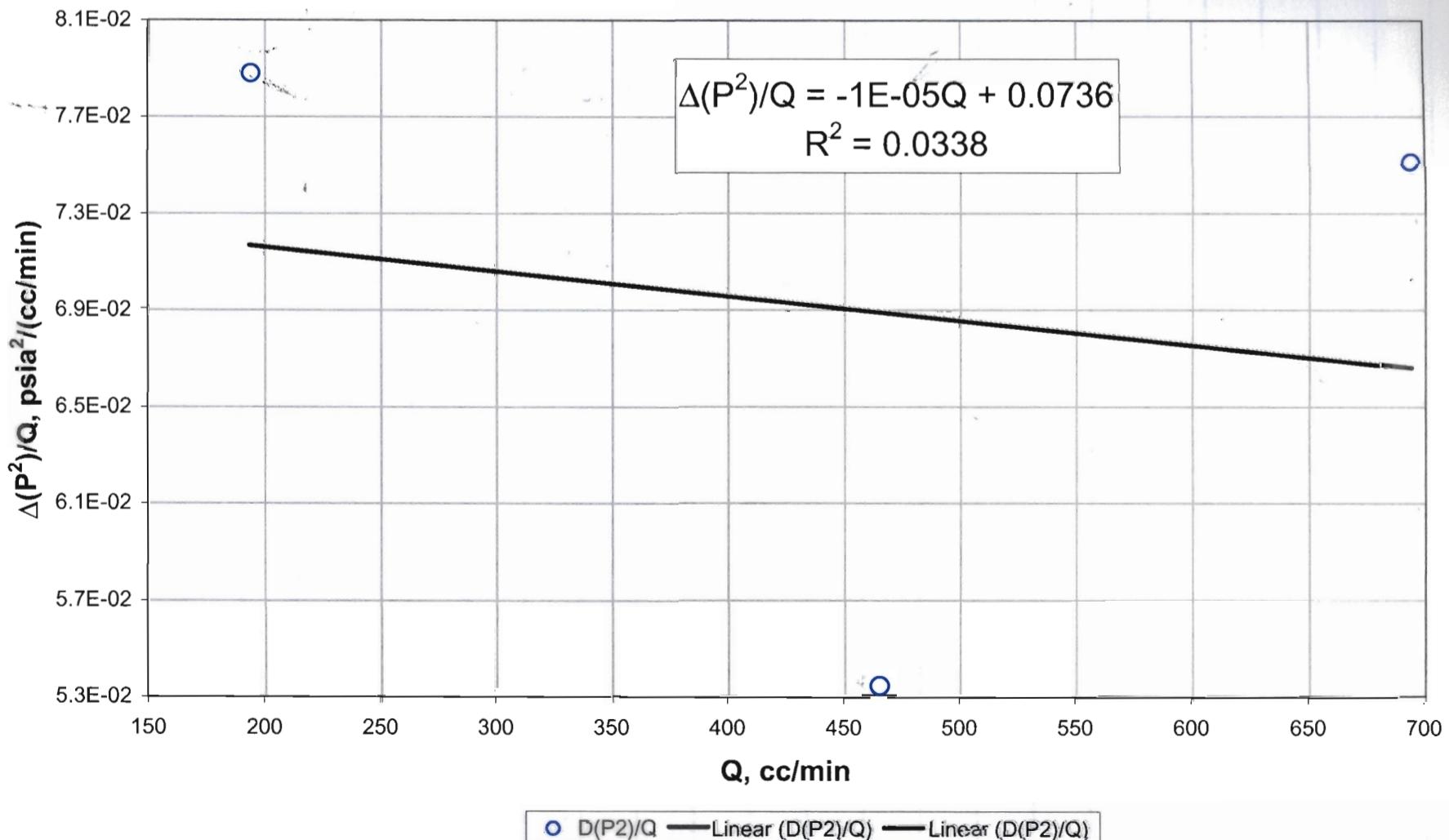
Relationship between steady-state differential pressures squared and flowrate:
 If relationship is linear, with the ordinate intercept nearly zero,
 there is no high velocity flow effect.
 H Transect: Drillhole 68



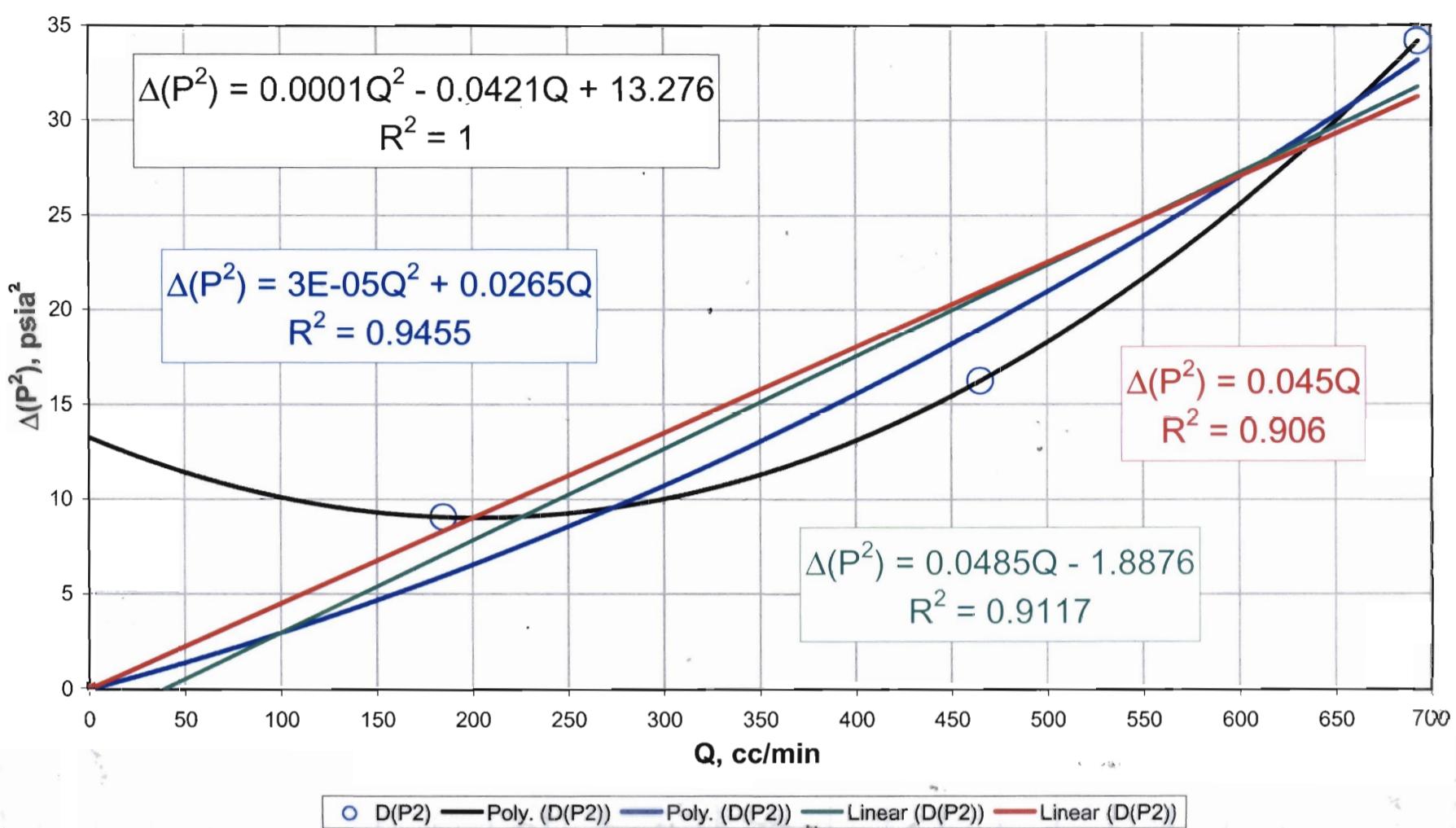
Log-Log plot of differential pressures squared vs. flowrate--used to identify the presence of high-velocity flow effects (when the slope is greater than unity)
H Transect: Drillhole 68



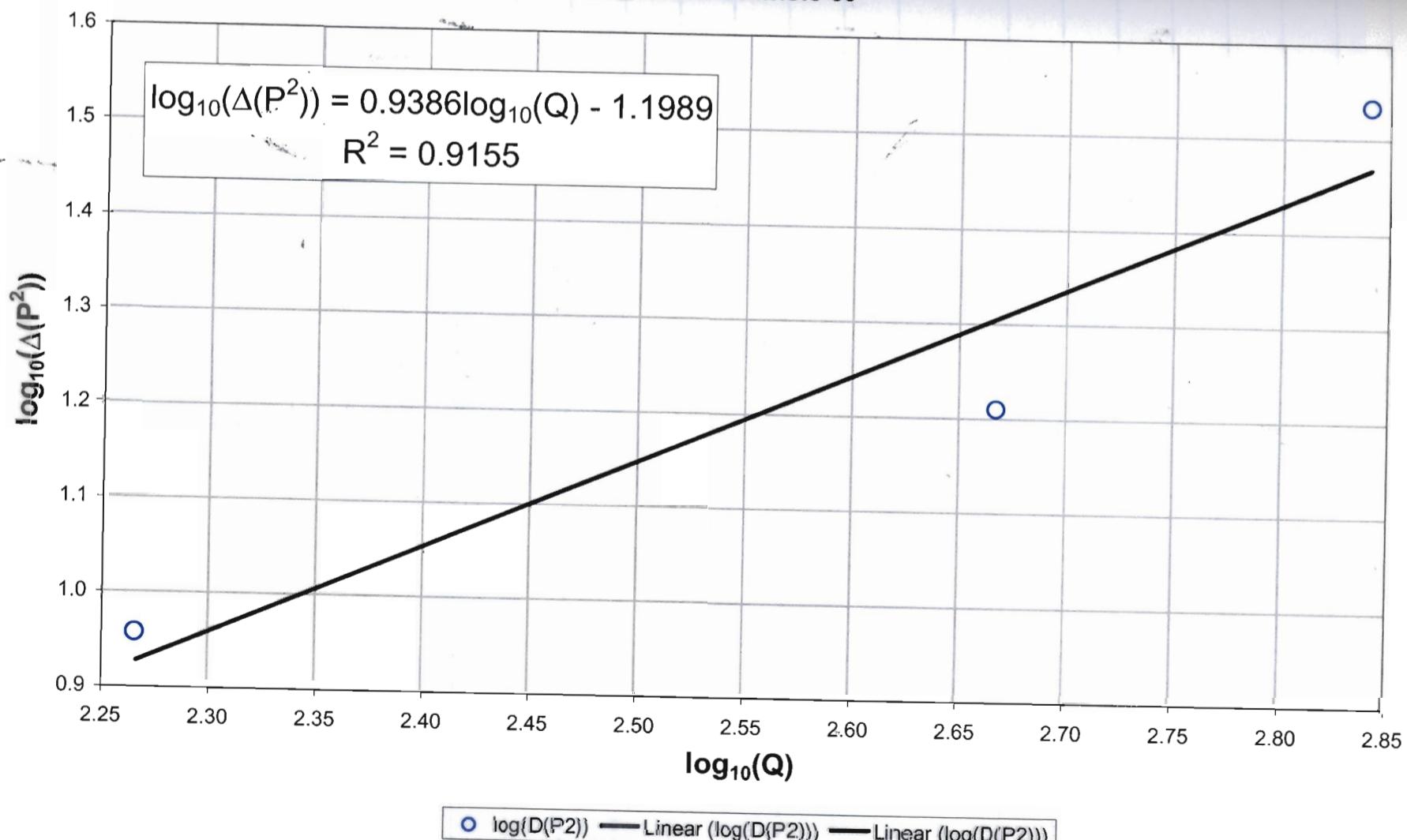
Final check for high velocity flow effects:
High velocity flow effects are present when the slope is non-zero and positive.
H Transect : Drillhole 68



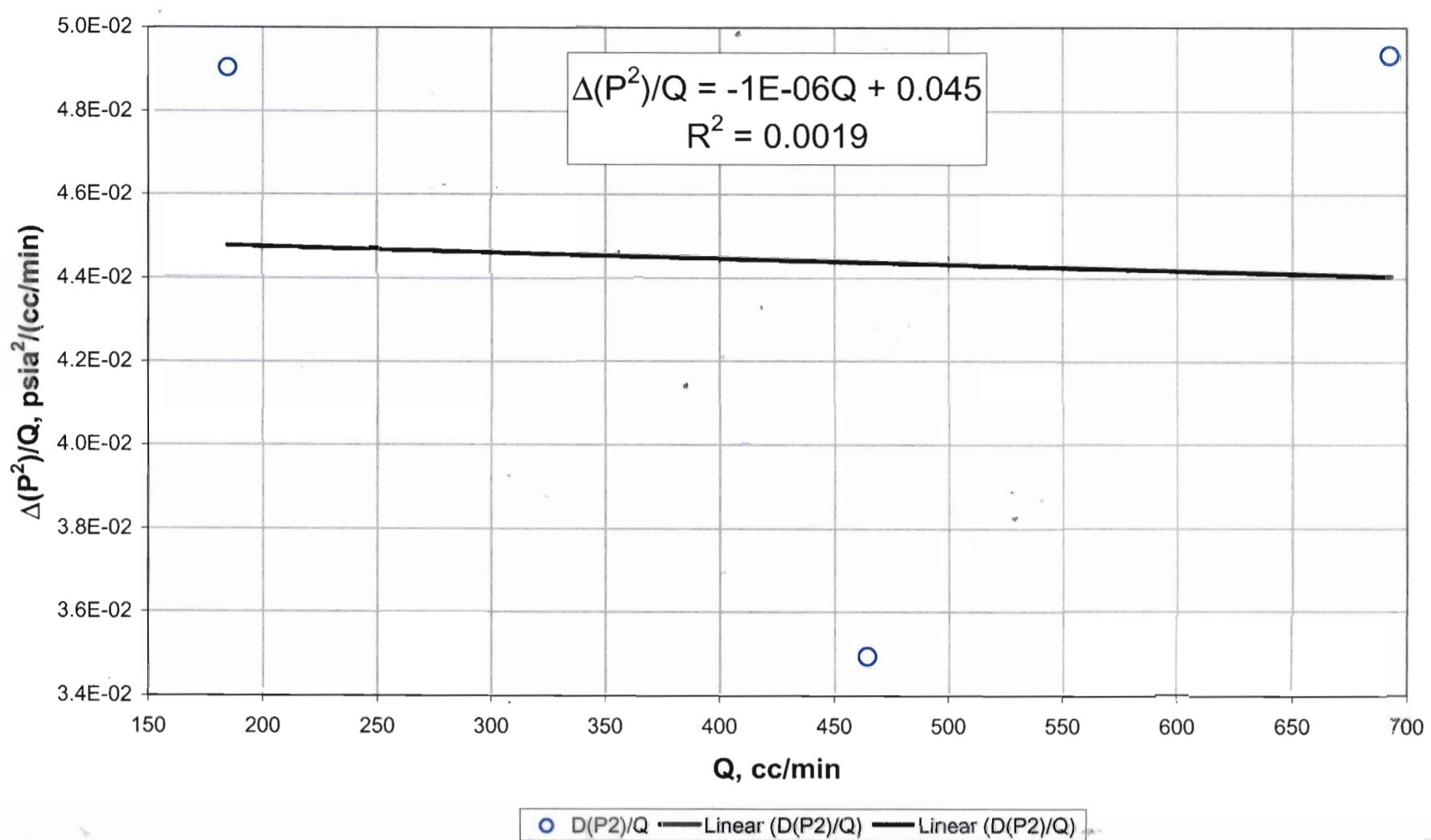
Relationship between steady-state differential pressures squared and flowrate:
 If relationship is linear, with the ordinate intercept nearly zero,
 there is no high velocity flow effect.
 H Transect: Drillhole 69



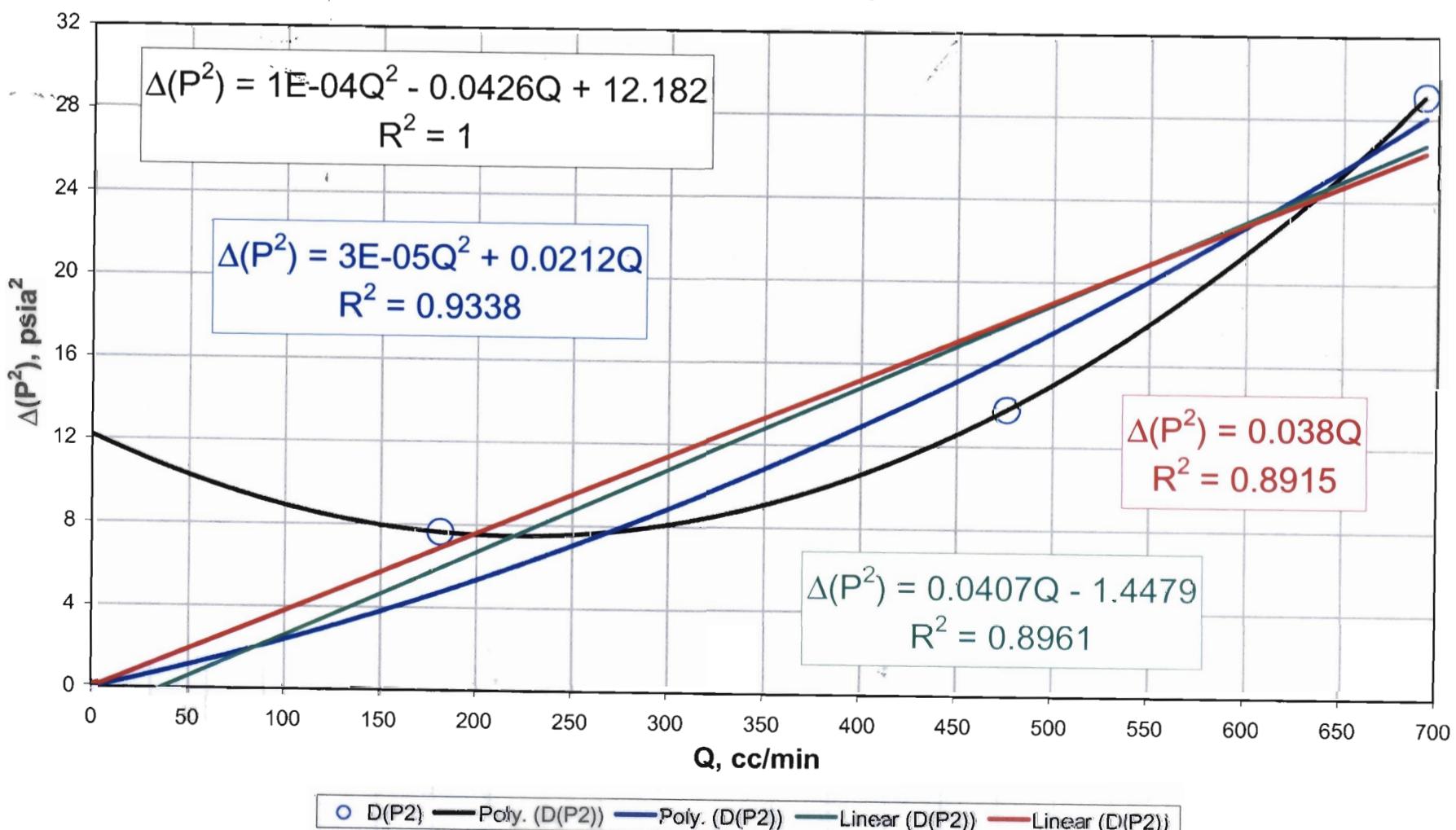
Log-Log plot of differential pressures squared vs. flowrate--used to identify the presence of high-velocity flow effects (when the slope is greater than unity)
 H Transect: Drillhole 69



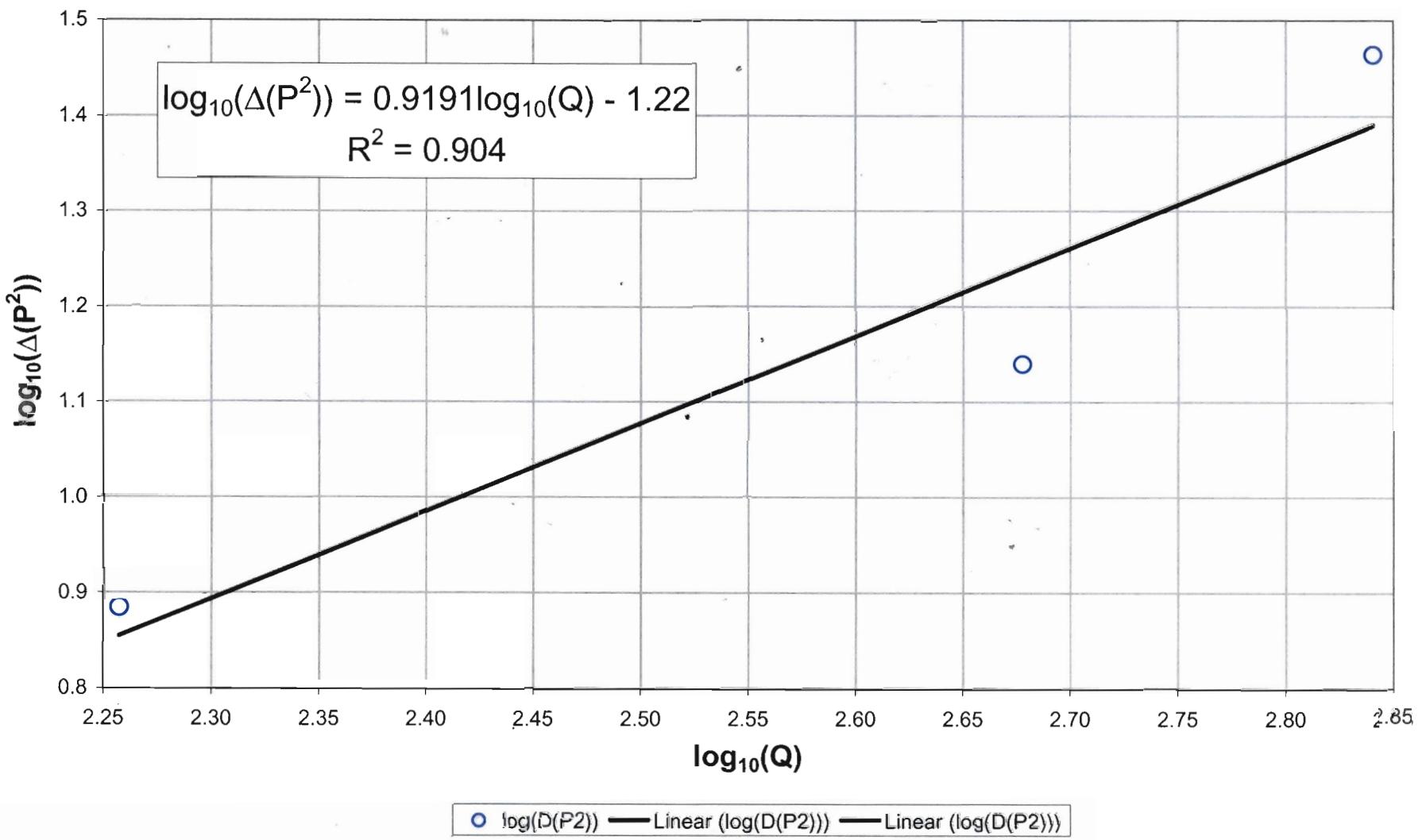
Final check for high velocity flow effects:
 High velocity flow effects are present when the slope is non-zero and positive.
 H Transect : Drillhole 69



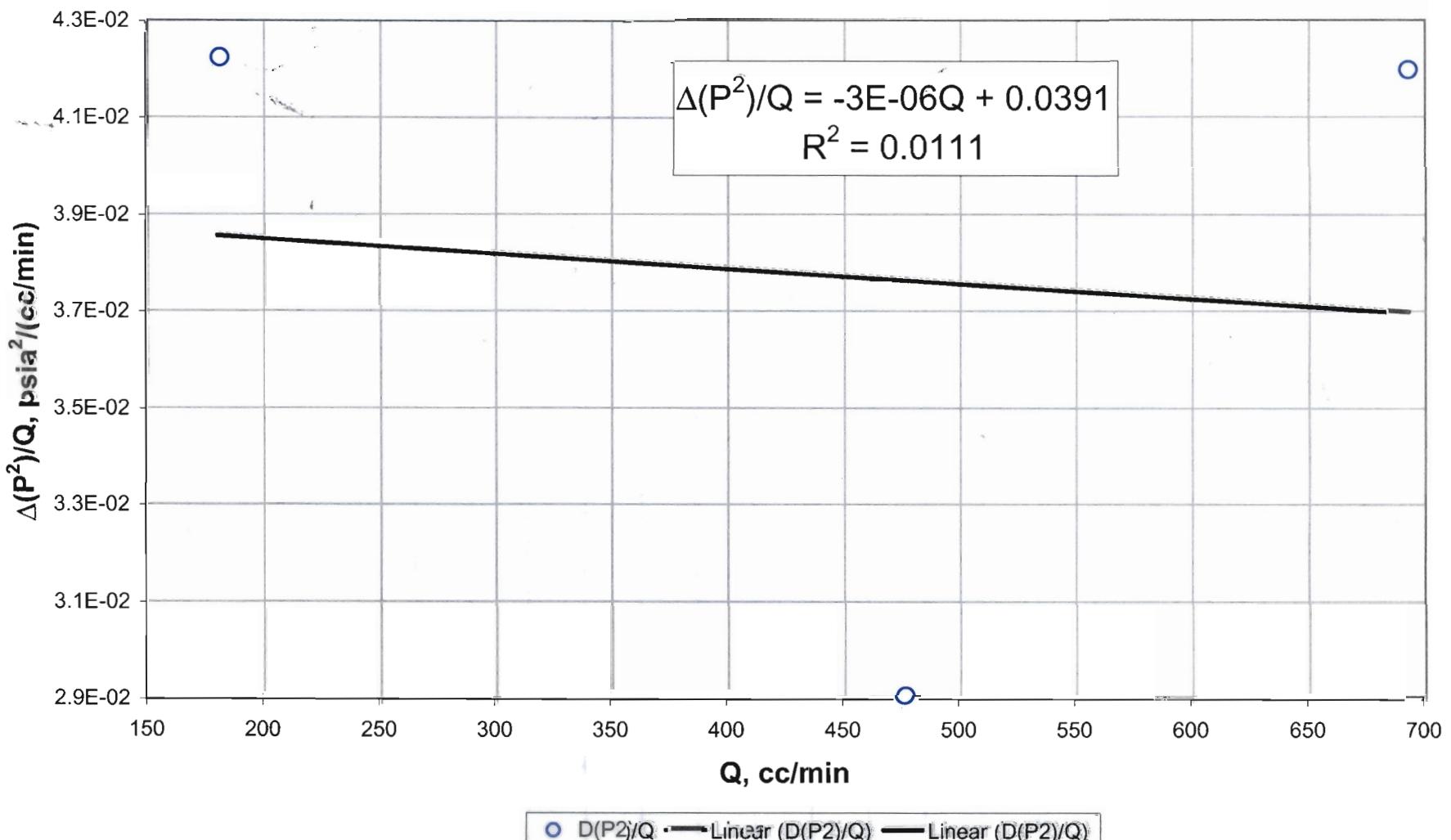
Relationship between steady-state differential pressures squared and flowrate:
 If relationship is linear, with the ordinate intercept nearly zero,
 there is no high velocity flow effect.
 H Transect: Drillhole 70



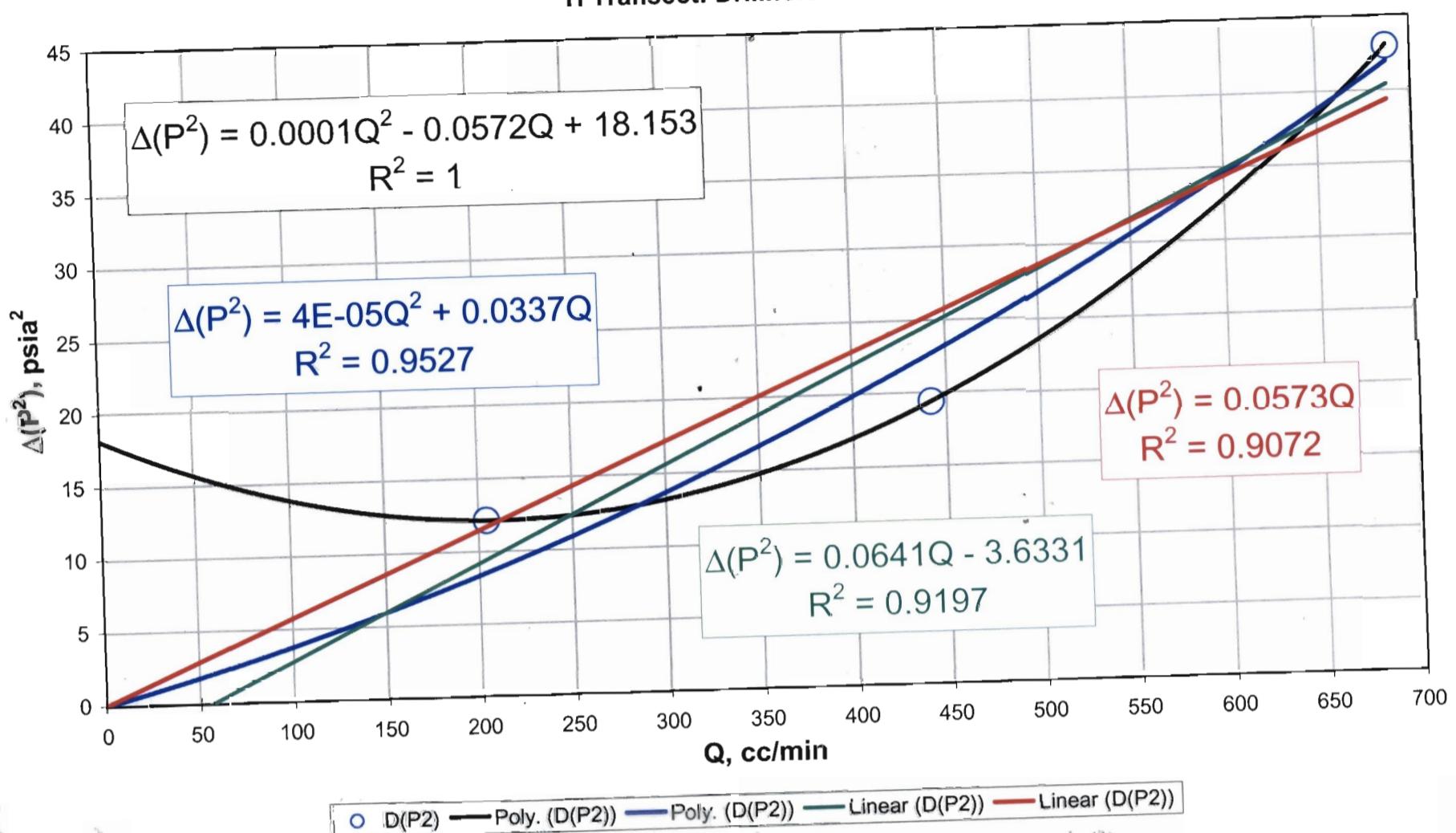
Log-Log plot of differential pressures squared vs. flowrate--used to identify the presence of high-velocity flow effects (when the slope is greater than unity)
H Transect: Drillhole 70



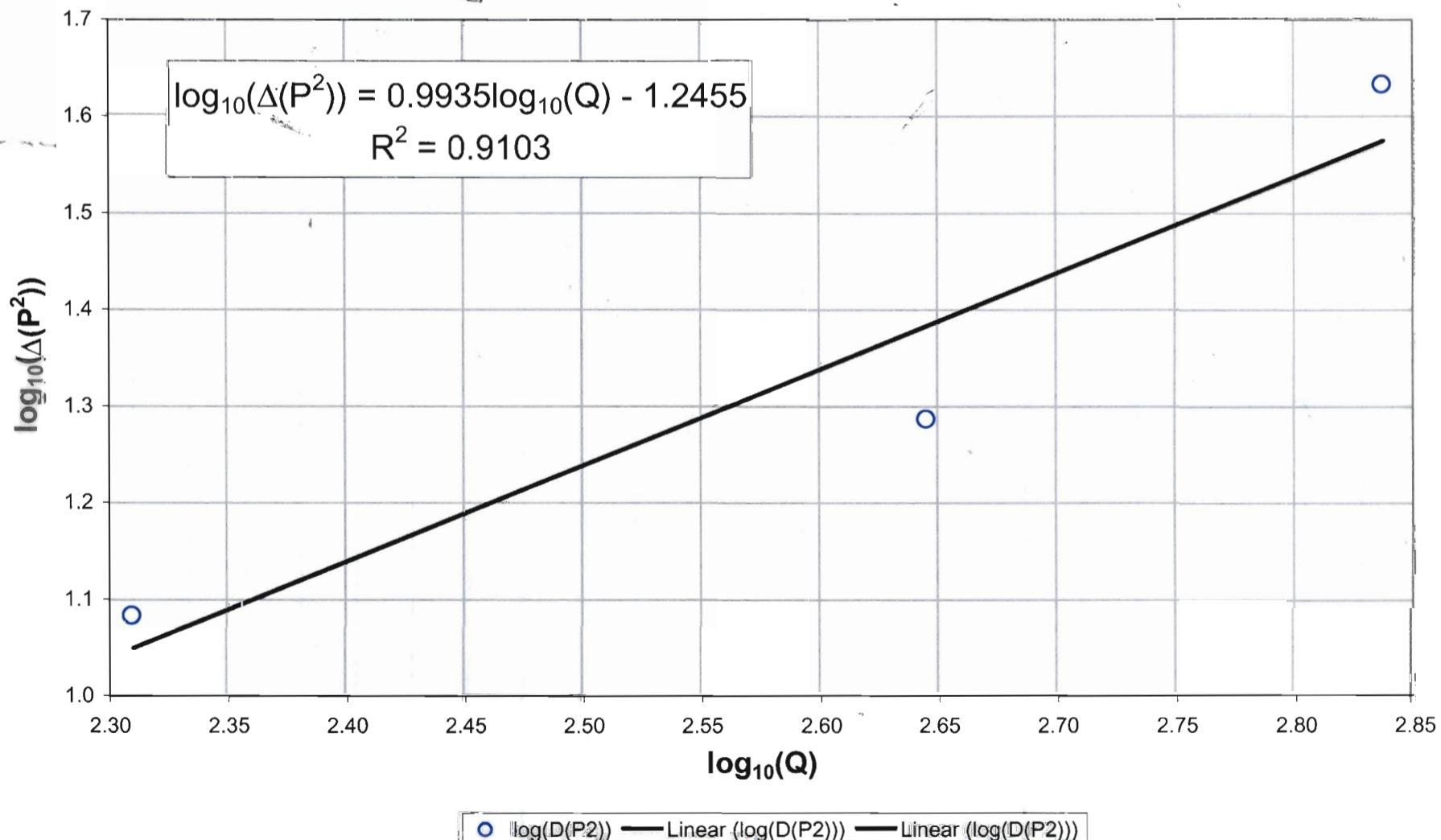
Final check for high velocity flow effects:
High velocity flow effects are present when the slope is non-zero and positive.
H Transect : Drillhole 70



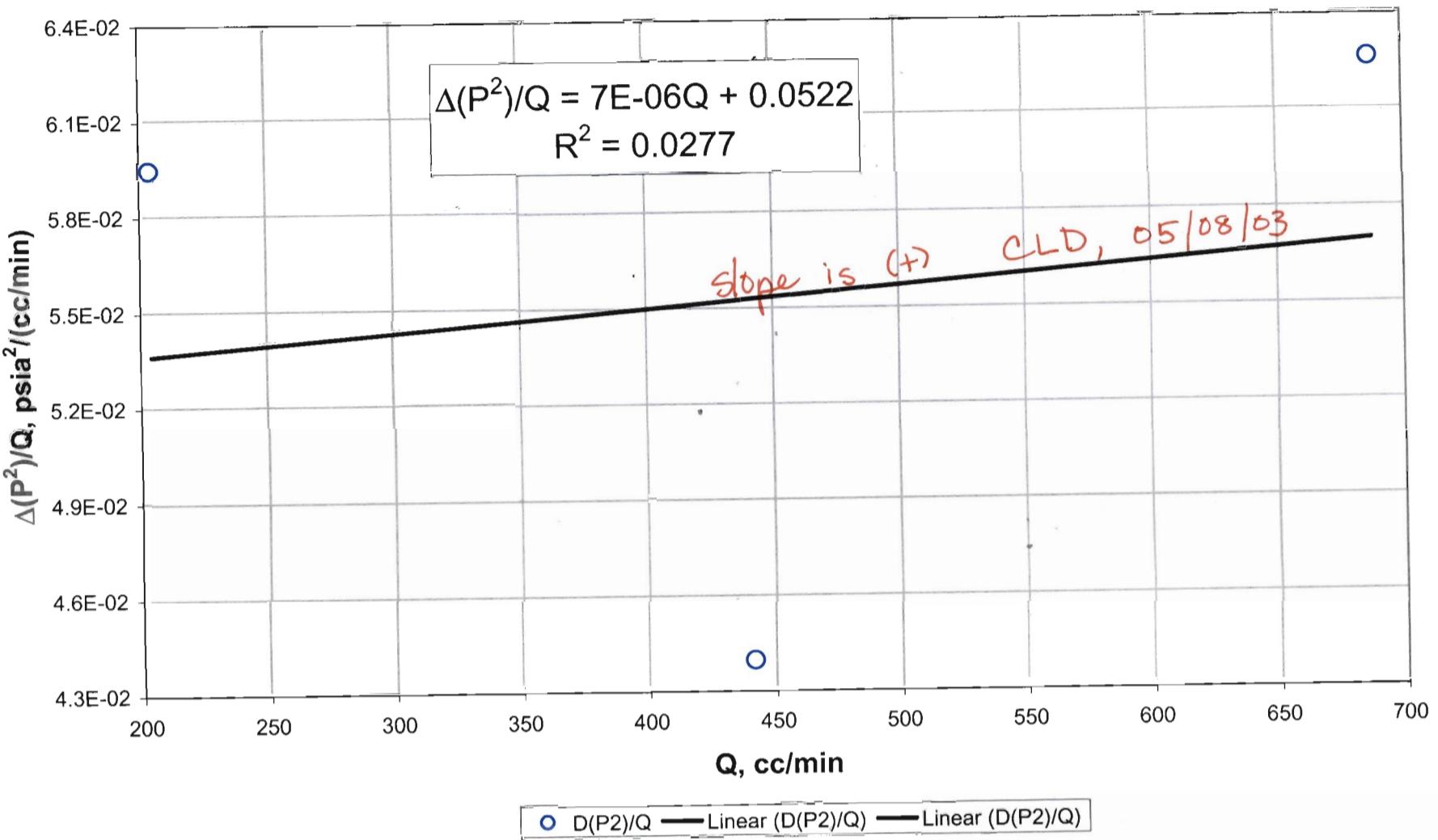
Relationship between steady-state differential pressures squared and flowrate:
 If relationship is linear, with the ordinate intercept nearly zero,
 there is no high velocity flow effect.
 H Transect: Drillhole 71



Log-Log plot of differential pressures squared vs. flowrate--used to identify the presence of high-velocity flow effects (when the slope is greater than unity)
 H Transect: Drillhole 71

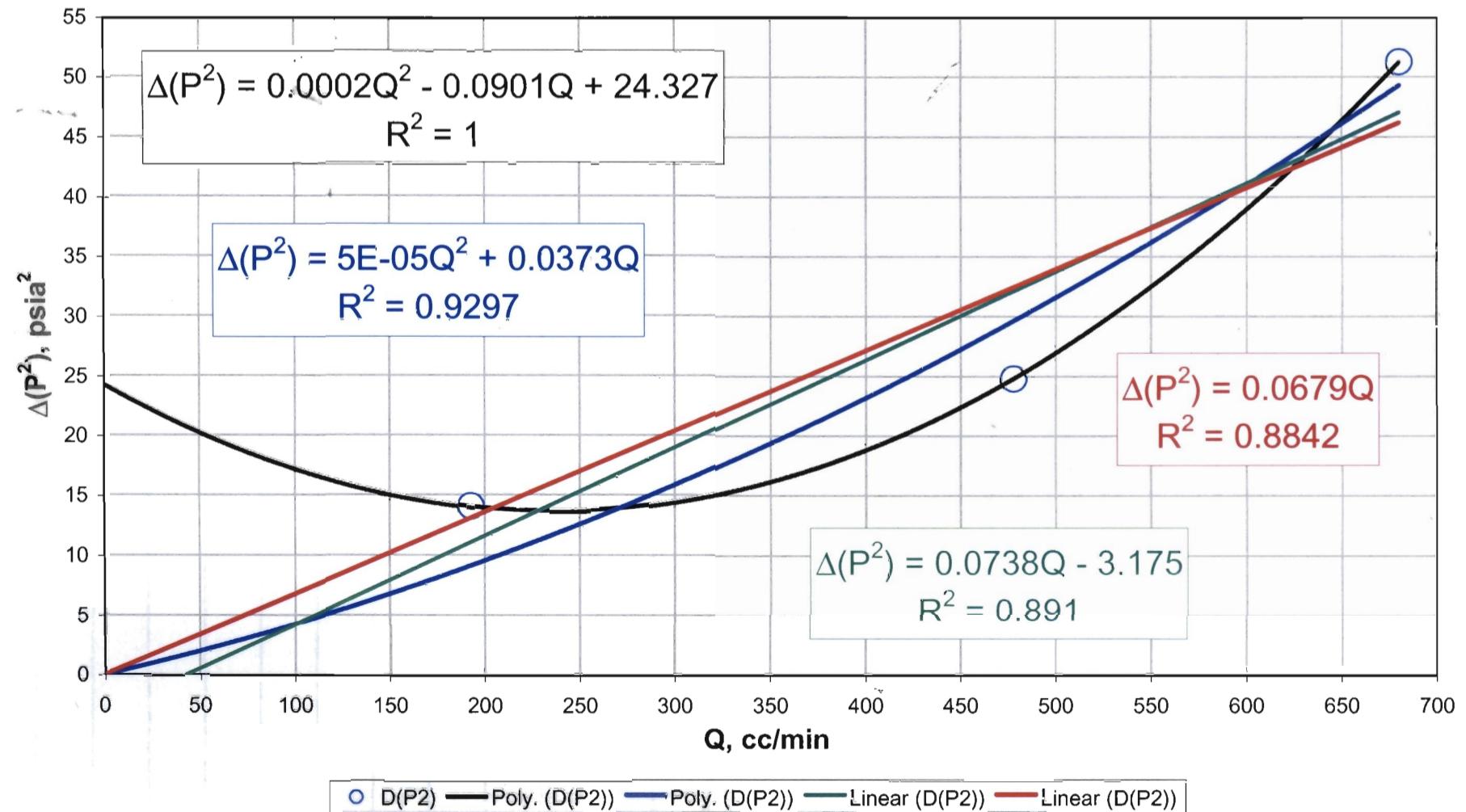


Final check for high velocity flow effects:
 High velocity flow effects are present when the slope is non-zero and positive.
 H Transect : Drillhole 71

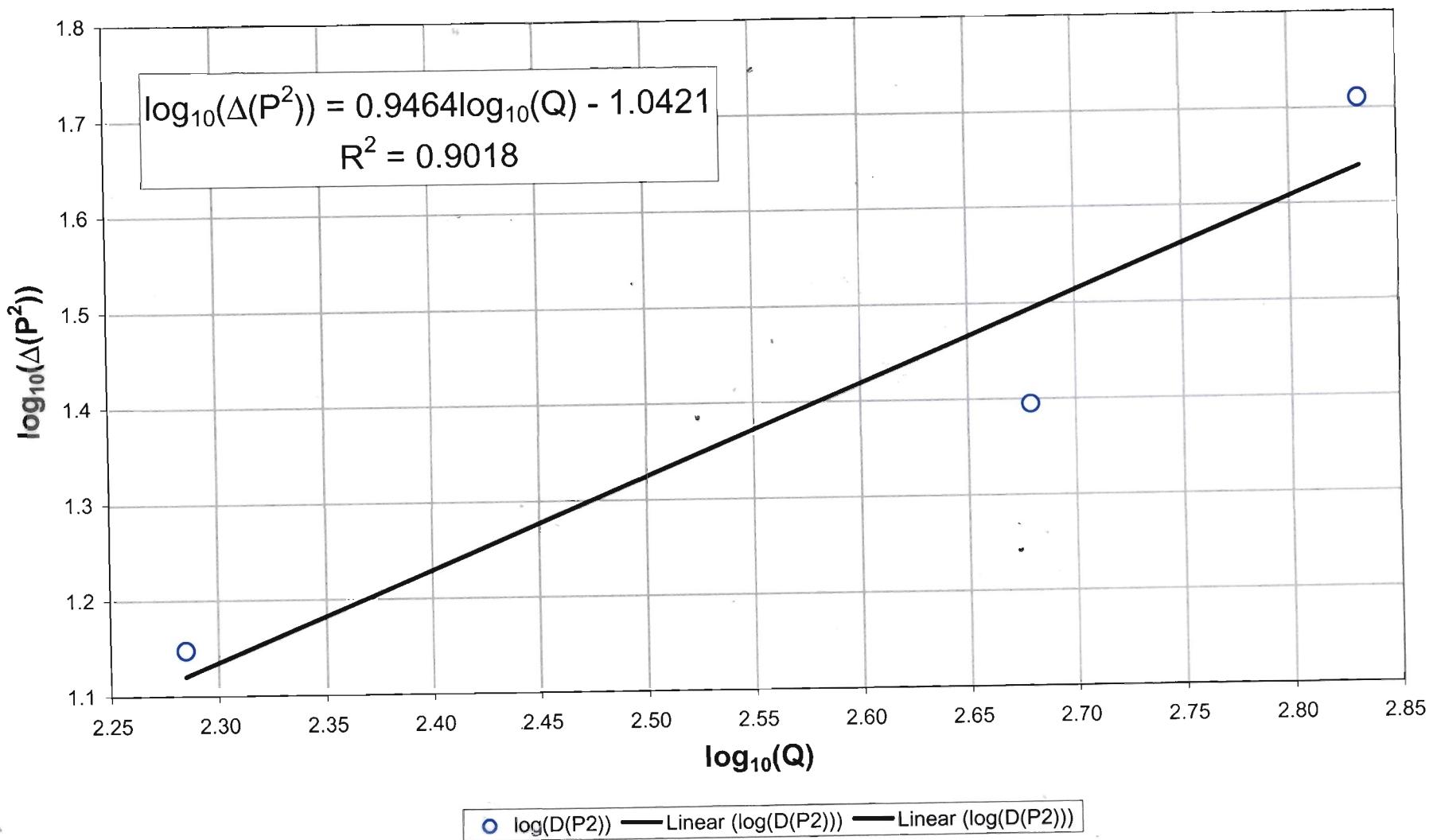


Relationship between steady-state differential pressures squared and flowrate:
 If relationship is linear, with the ordinate intercept nearly zero,
 there is no high velocity flow effect.

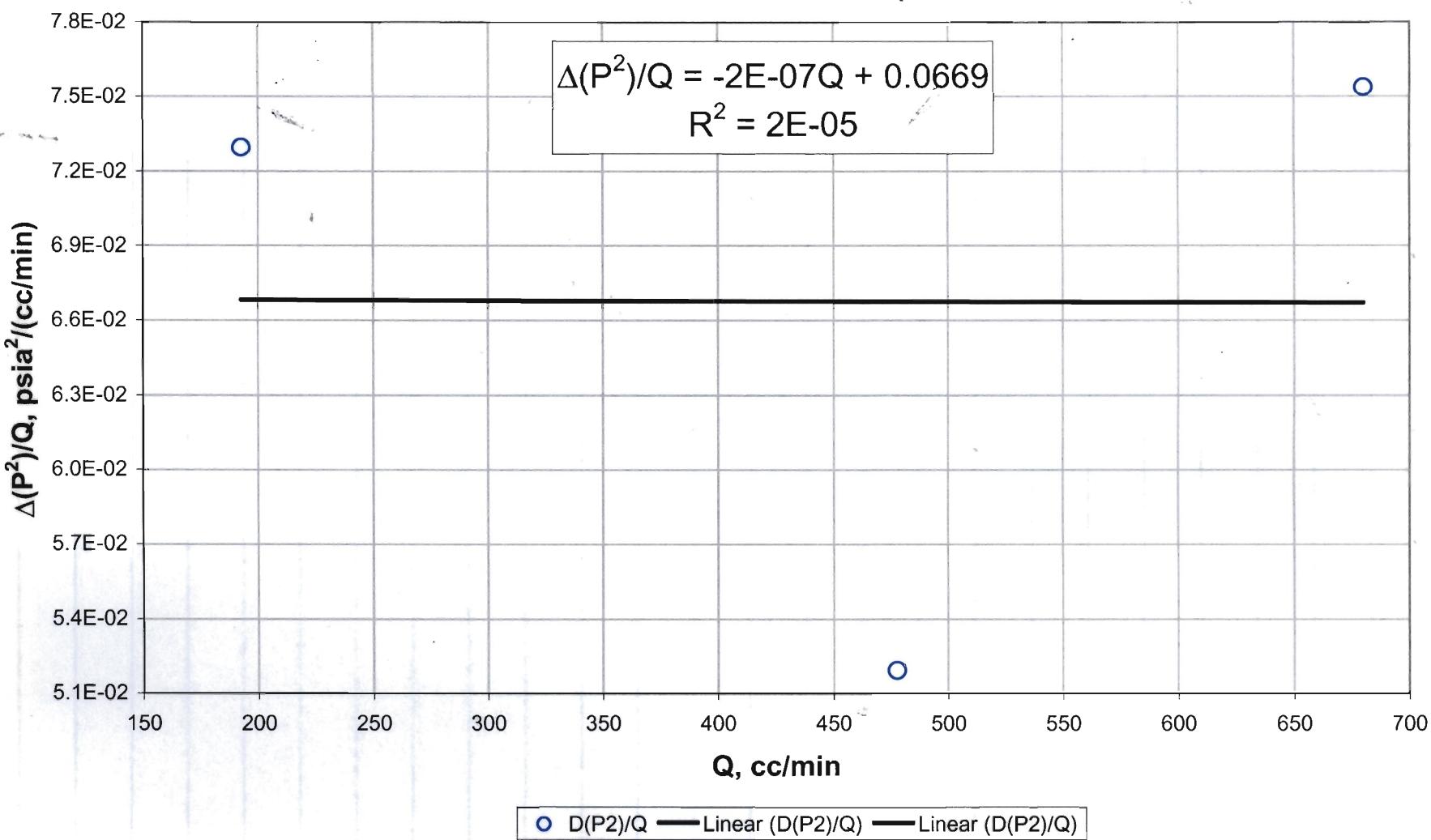
H Transect: Drillhole 72



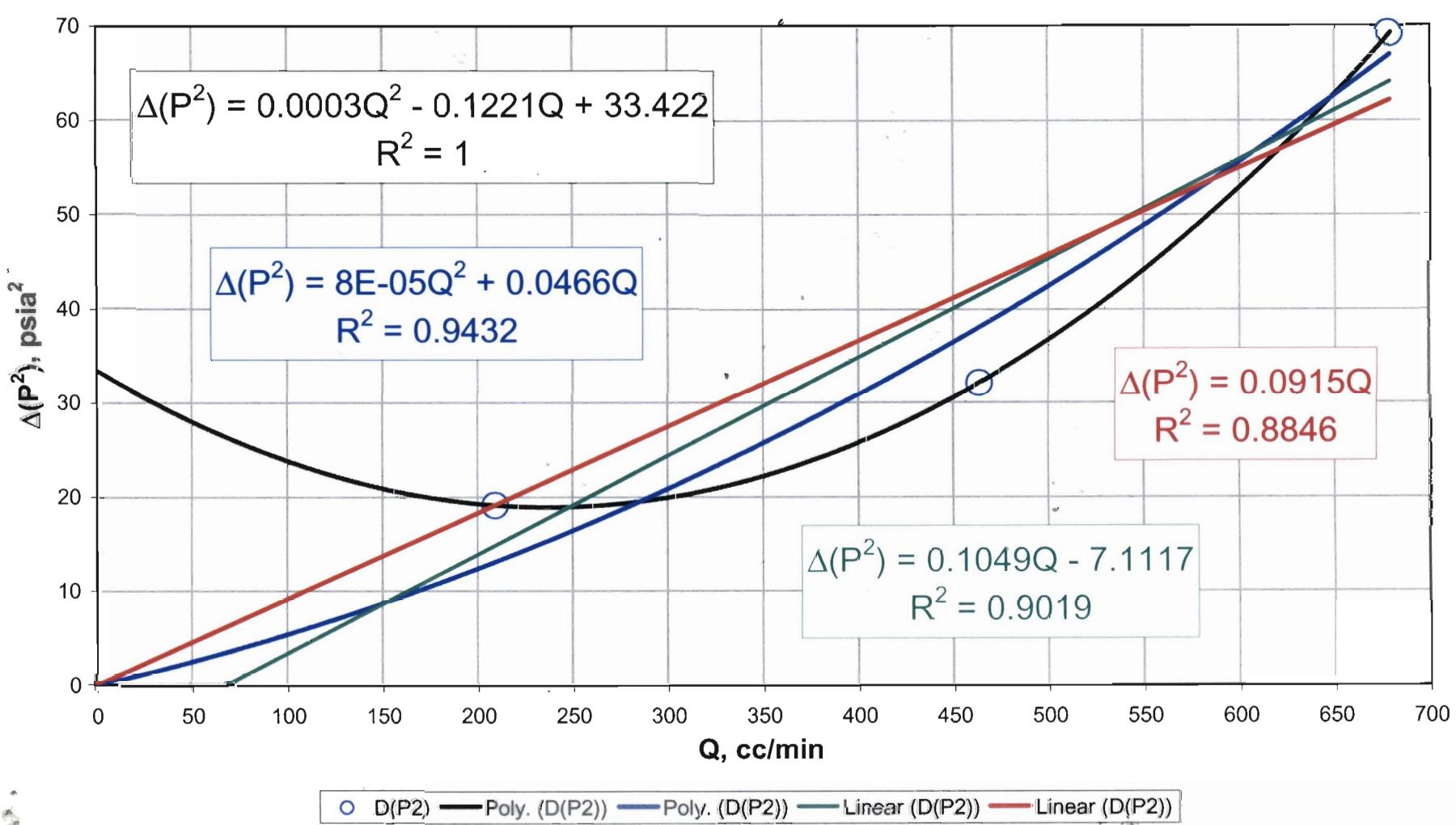
Log-Log plot of differential pressures squared vs. flowrate--used to identify the presence of high-velocity flow effects (when the slope is greater than unity)
H Transect: Drillhole 72



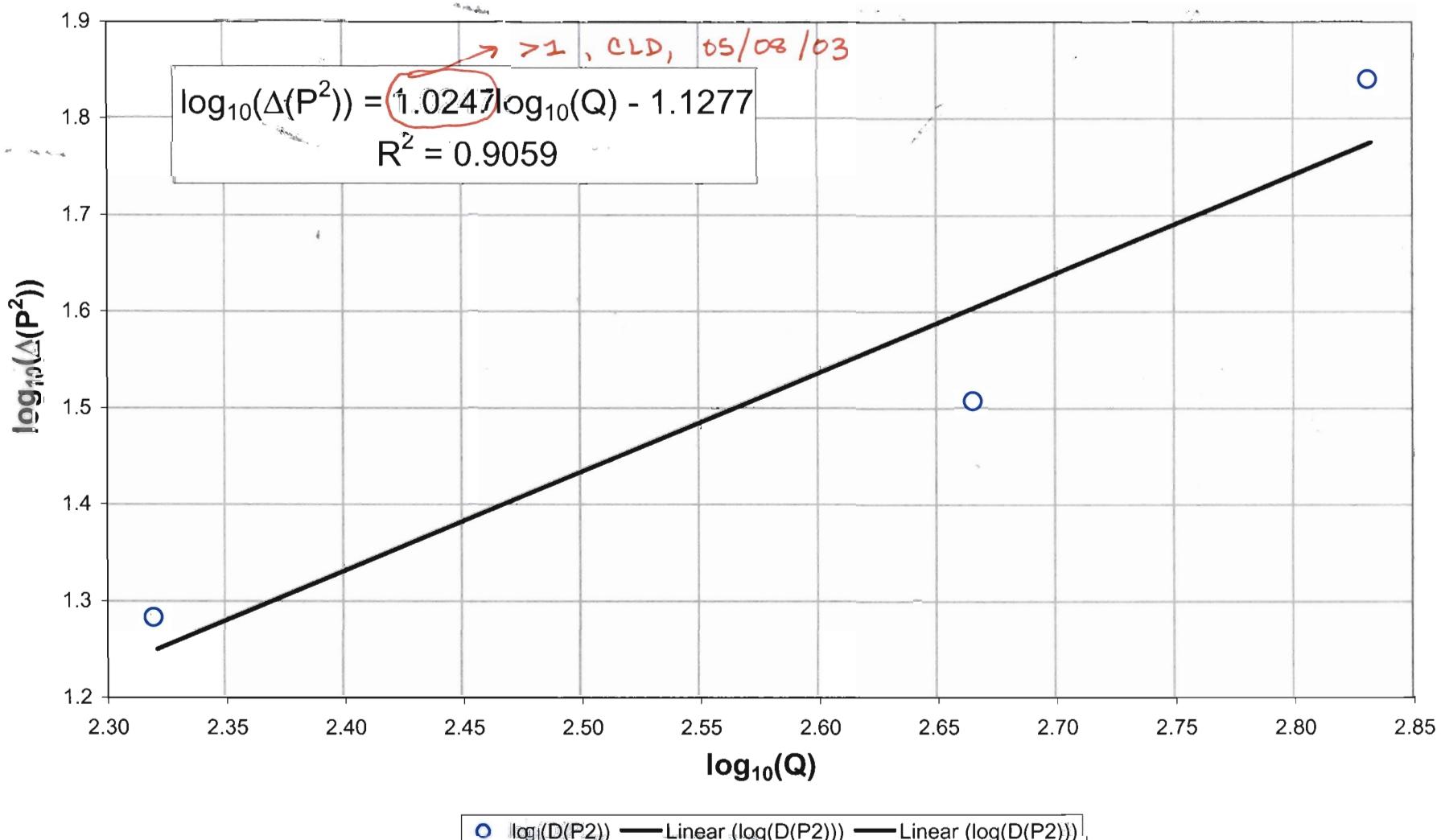
Final check for high velocity flow effects:
High velocity flow effects are present when the slope is non-zero and positive.
H Transect : Drillhole 72



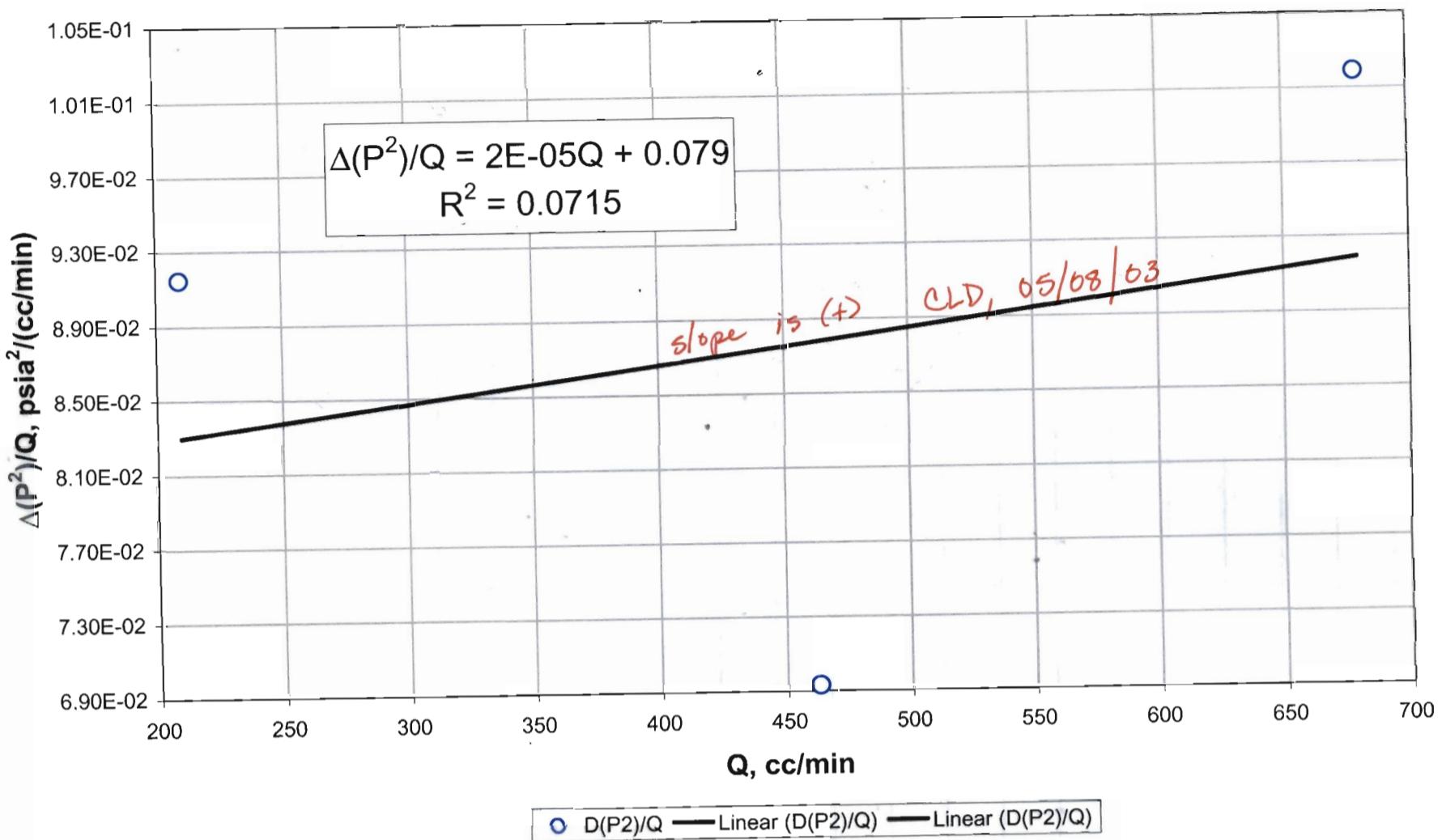
Relationship between steady-state differential pressures squared and flowrate:
 If relationship is linear, with the ordinate intercept nearly zero,
 there is no high velocity flow effect.
 H Transect: Drillhole 73



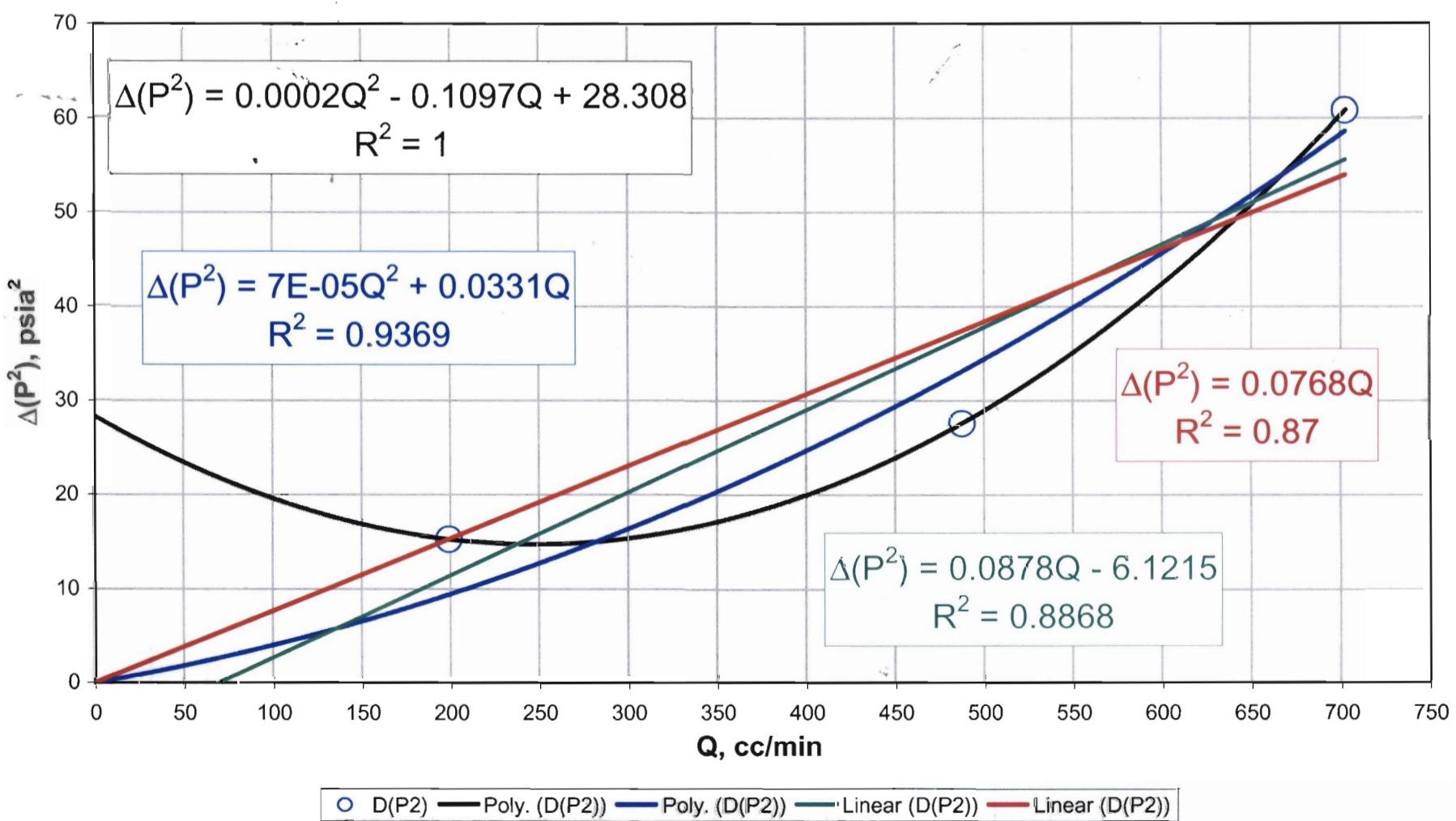
Log-Log plot of differential pressures squared vs. flowrate--used to identify the presence of high-velocity flow effects (when the slope is greater than unity)
 H Transect: Drillhole 73



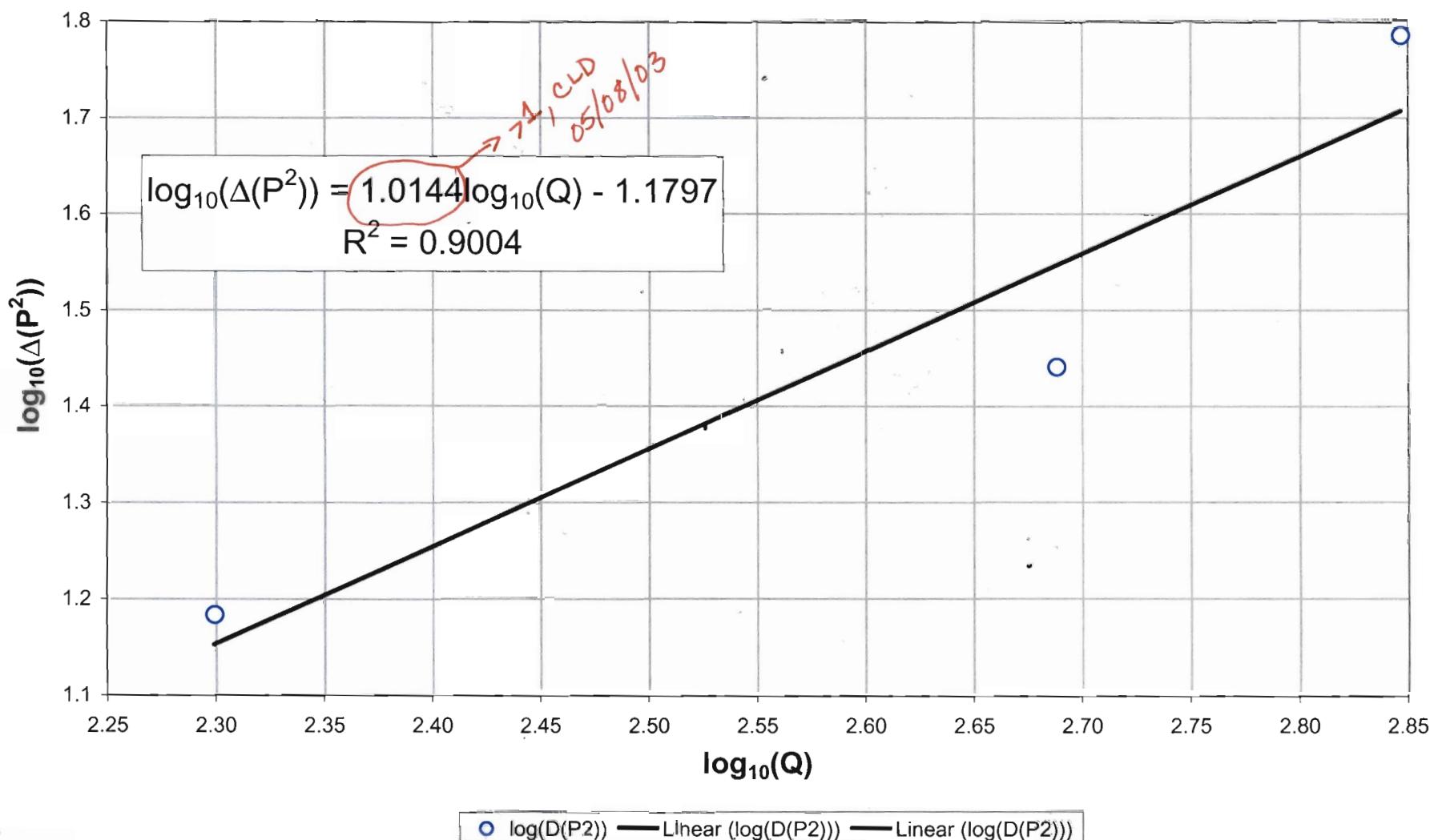
Final check for high velocity flow effects:
 High velocity flow effects are present when the slope is non-zero and positive.
 H Transect : Drillhole 73



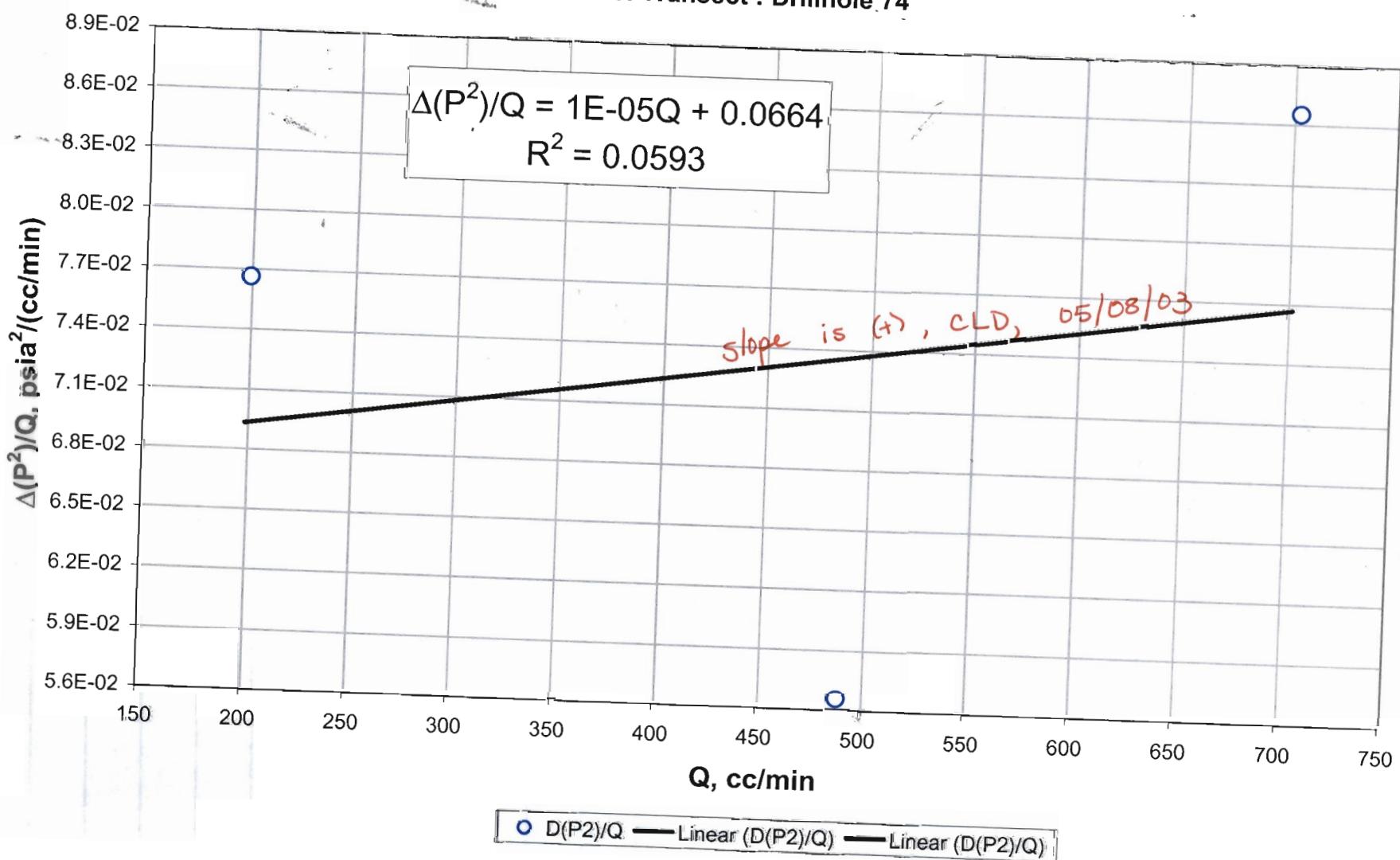
Relationship between steady-state differential pressures squared and flowrate:
 If relationship is linear, with the ordinate intercept nearly zero,
 there is no high velocity flow effect.
 H Transect: Drillhole 74



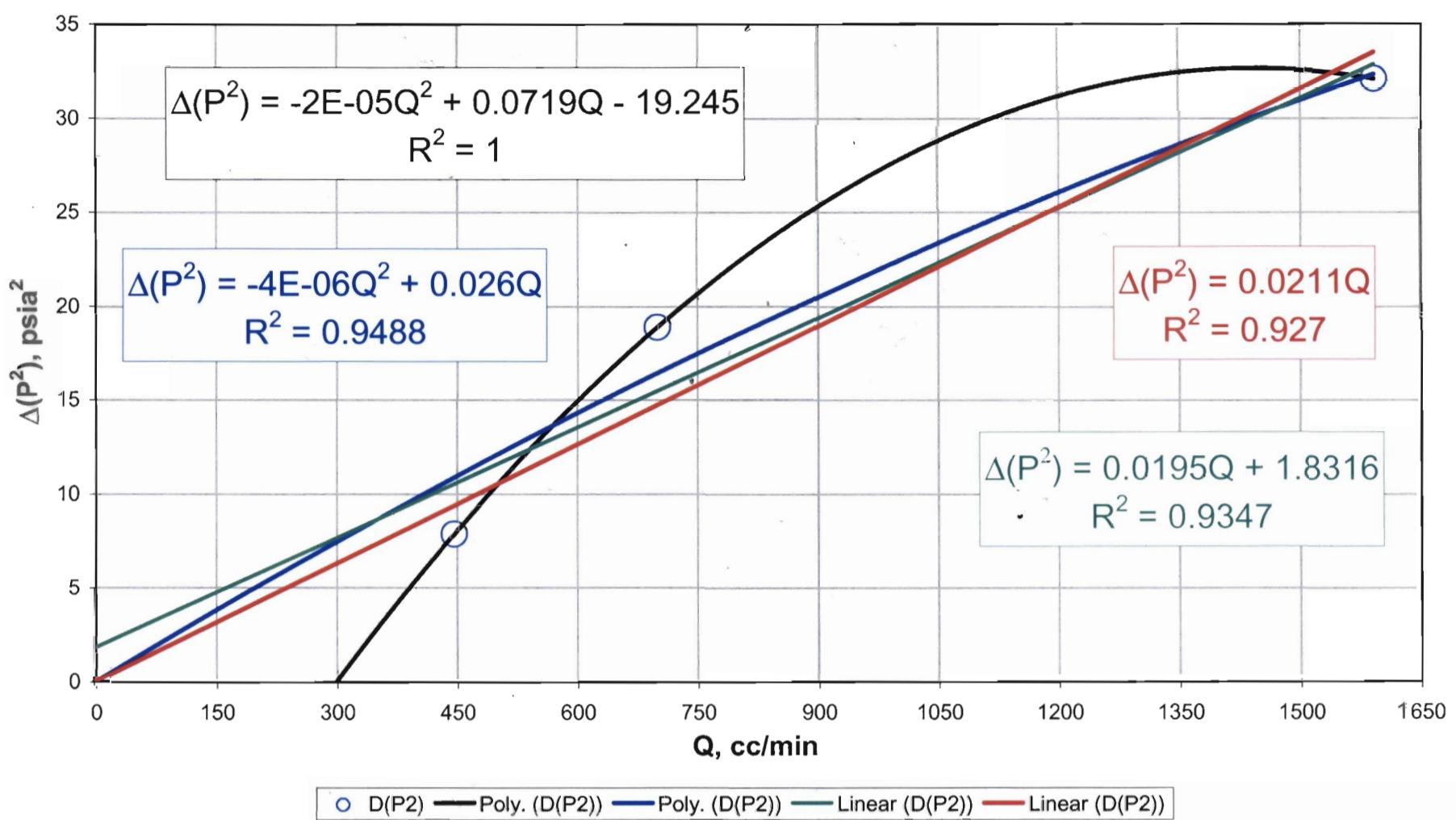
Log-Log plot of differential pressures squared vs. flowrate--used to identify the presence of high-velocity flow effects (when the slope is greater than unity)
H Transect: Drillhole 74



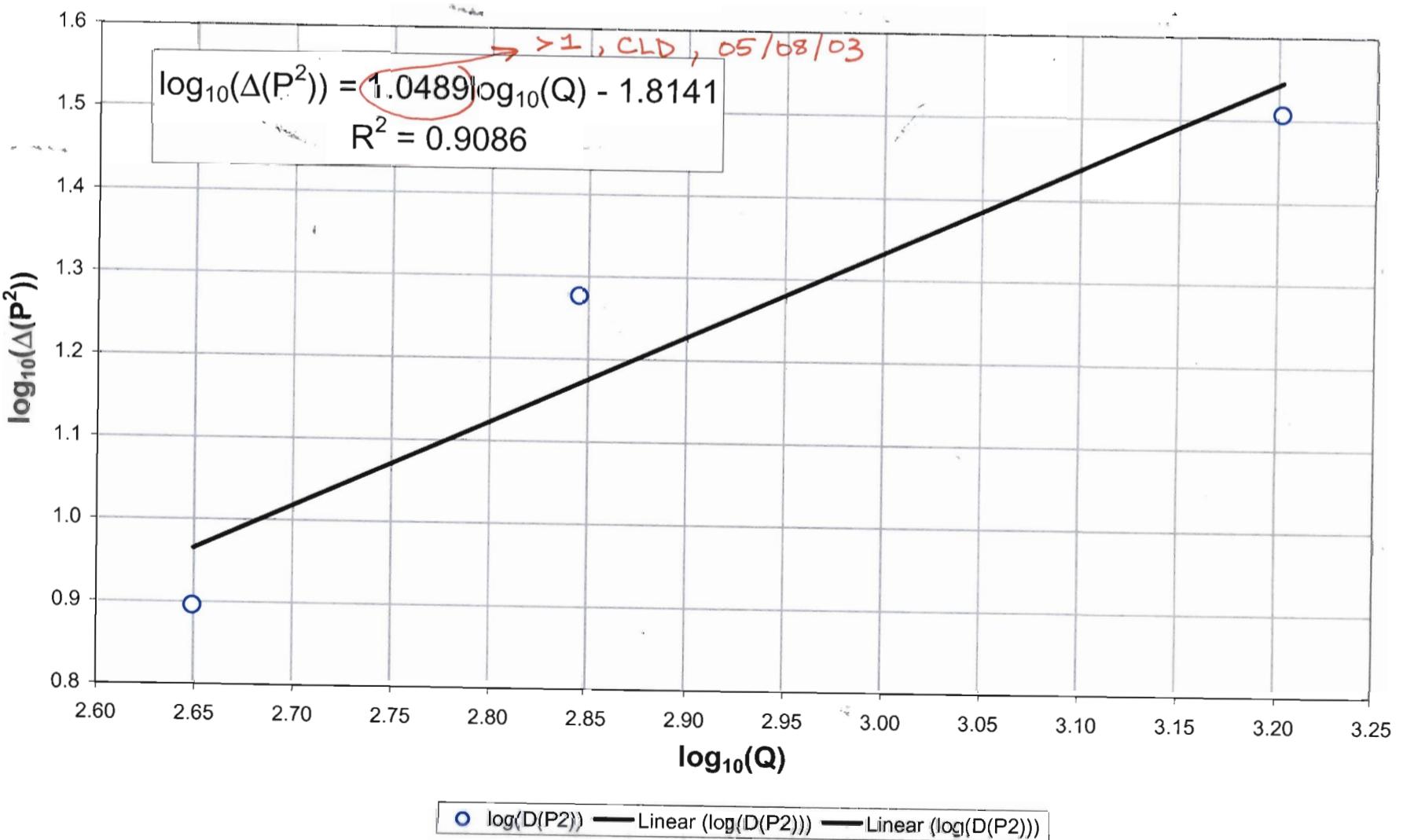
Final check for high velocity flow effects:
High velocity flow effects are present when the slope is non-zero and positive.
H Transect : Drillhole 74



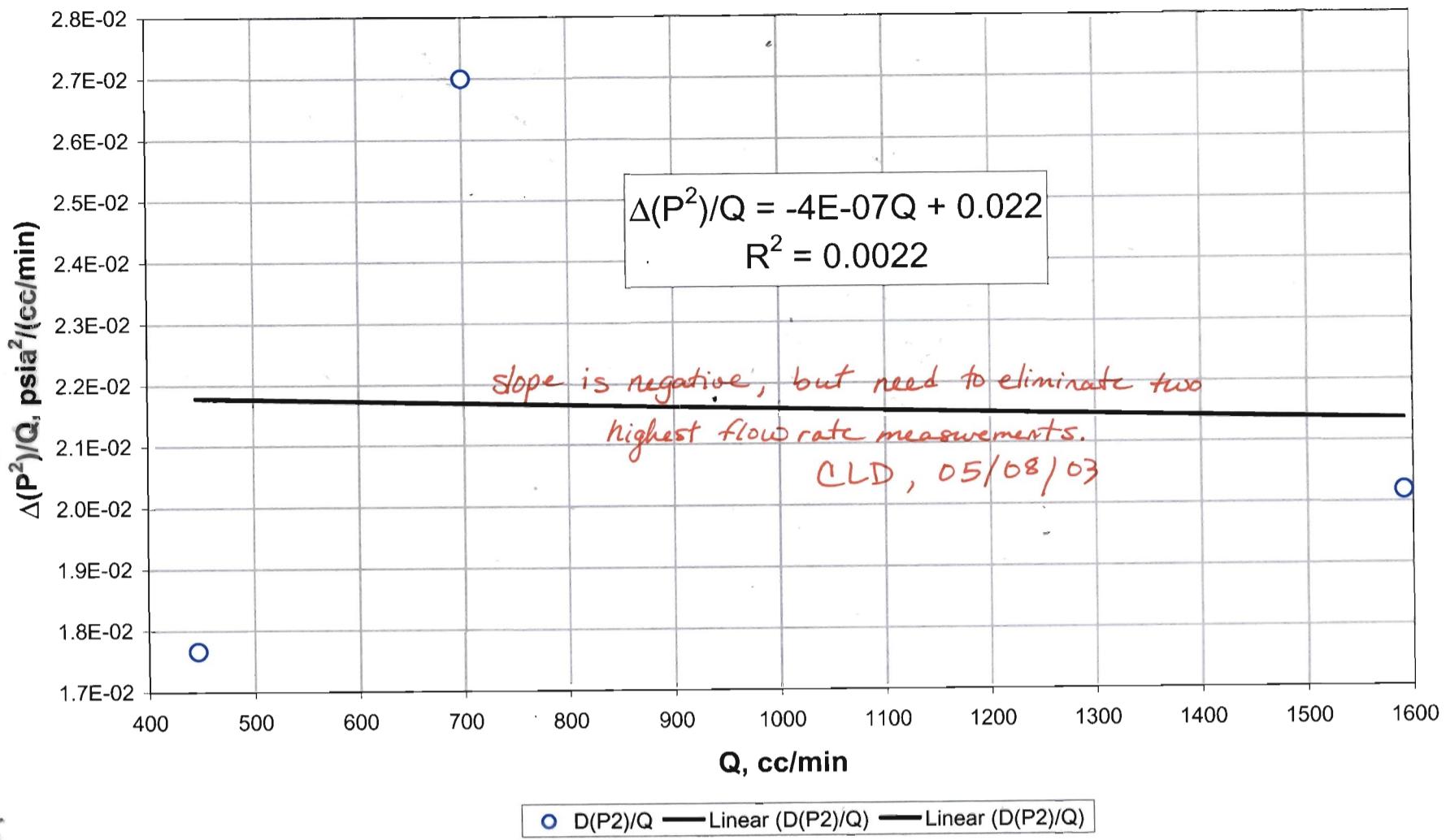
Relationship between steady-state differential pressures squared and flowrate:
 If relationship is linear, with the ordinate intercept nearly zero,
 there is no high velocity flow effect.
 H Transect: Drillhole 75



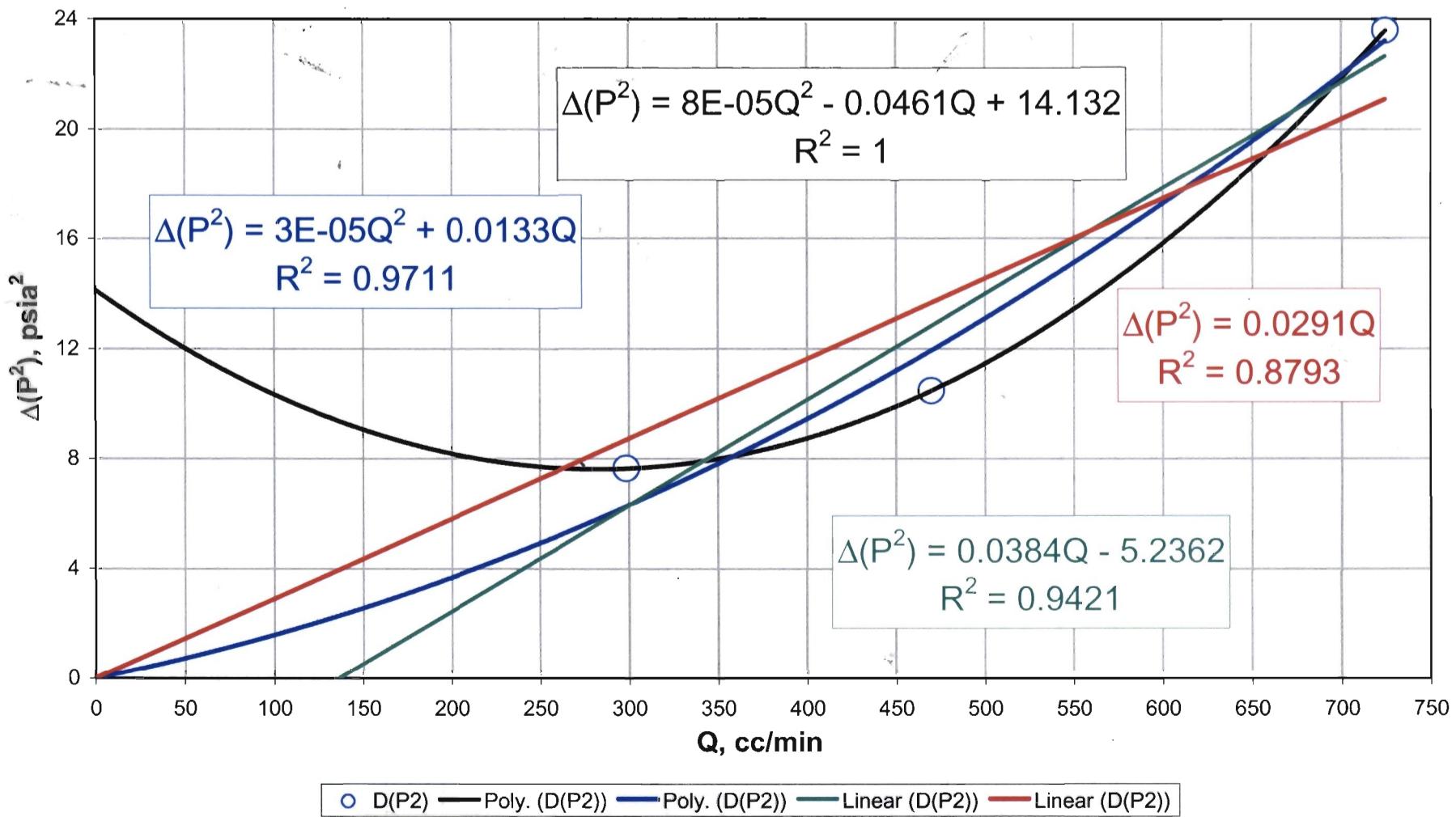
Log-Log plot of differential pressures squared vs. flowrate--used to identify the presence of high-velocity flow effects (when the slope is greater than unity)
 H Transect: Drillhole 75



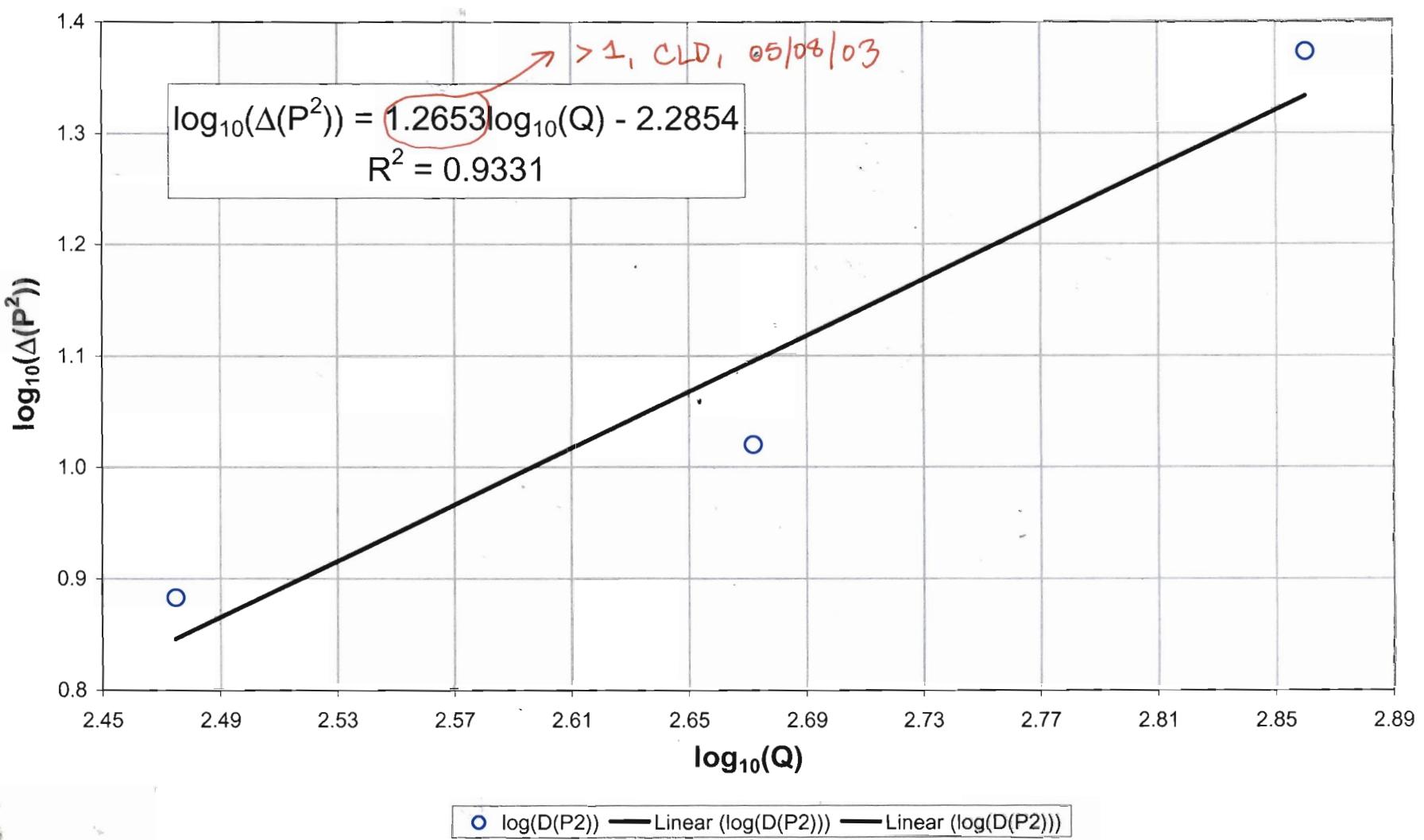
Final check for high velocity flow effects:
 High velocity flow effects are present when the slope is non-zero and positive.
 H Transect : Drillhole 75



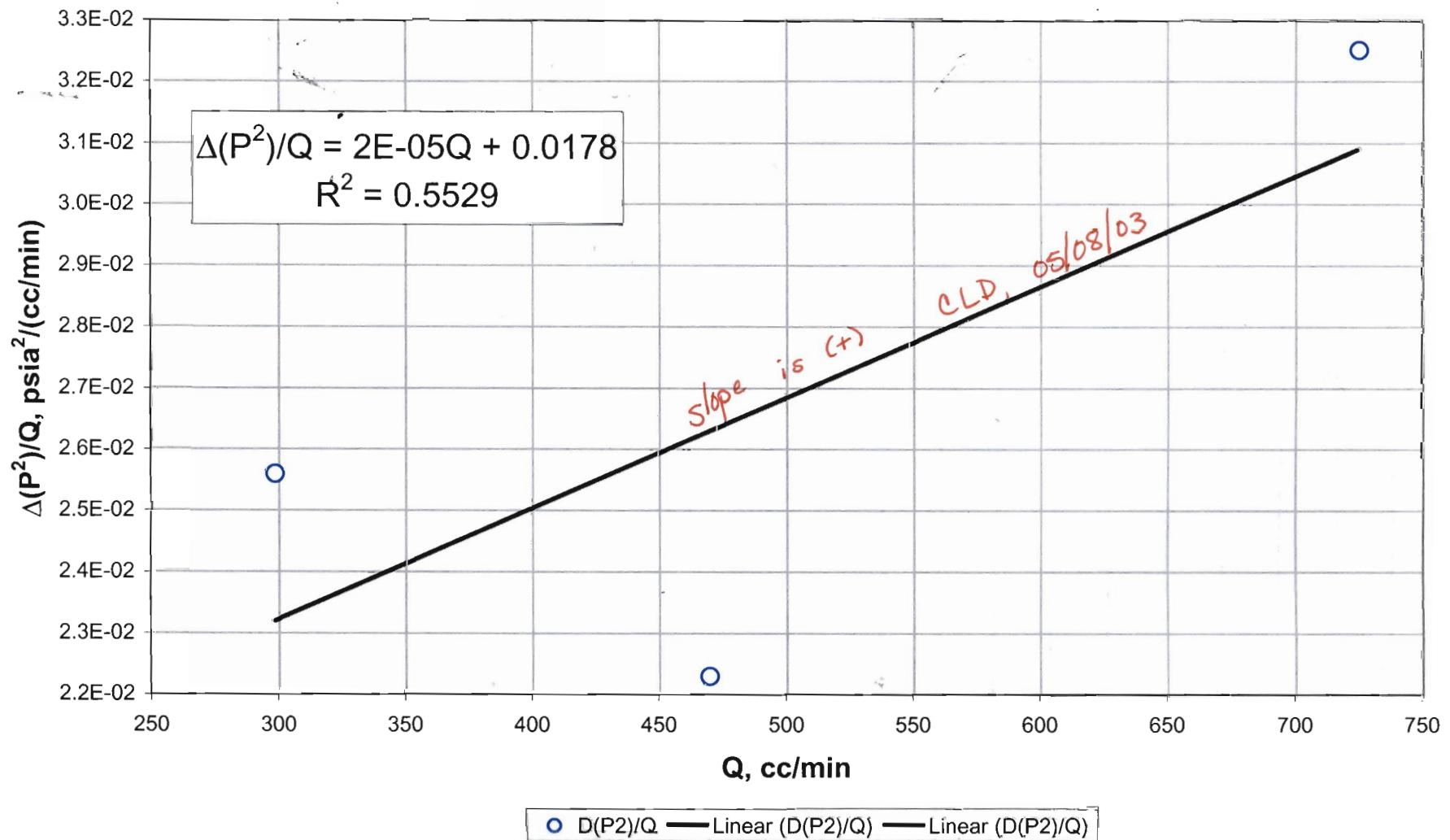
Relationship between steady-state differential pressures squared and flowrate:
 If relationship is linear, with the ordinate intercept nearly zero,
 there is no high velocity flow effect.
 H Transect: Drillhole 76



Log-Log plot of differential pressures squared vs. flowrate--used to identify the presence of high-velocity flow effects (when the slope is greater than unity)
 H Transect: Drillhole 76



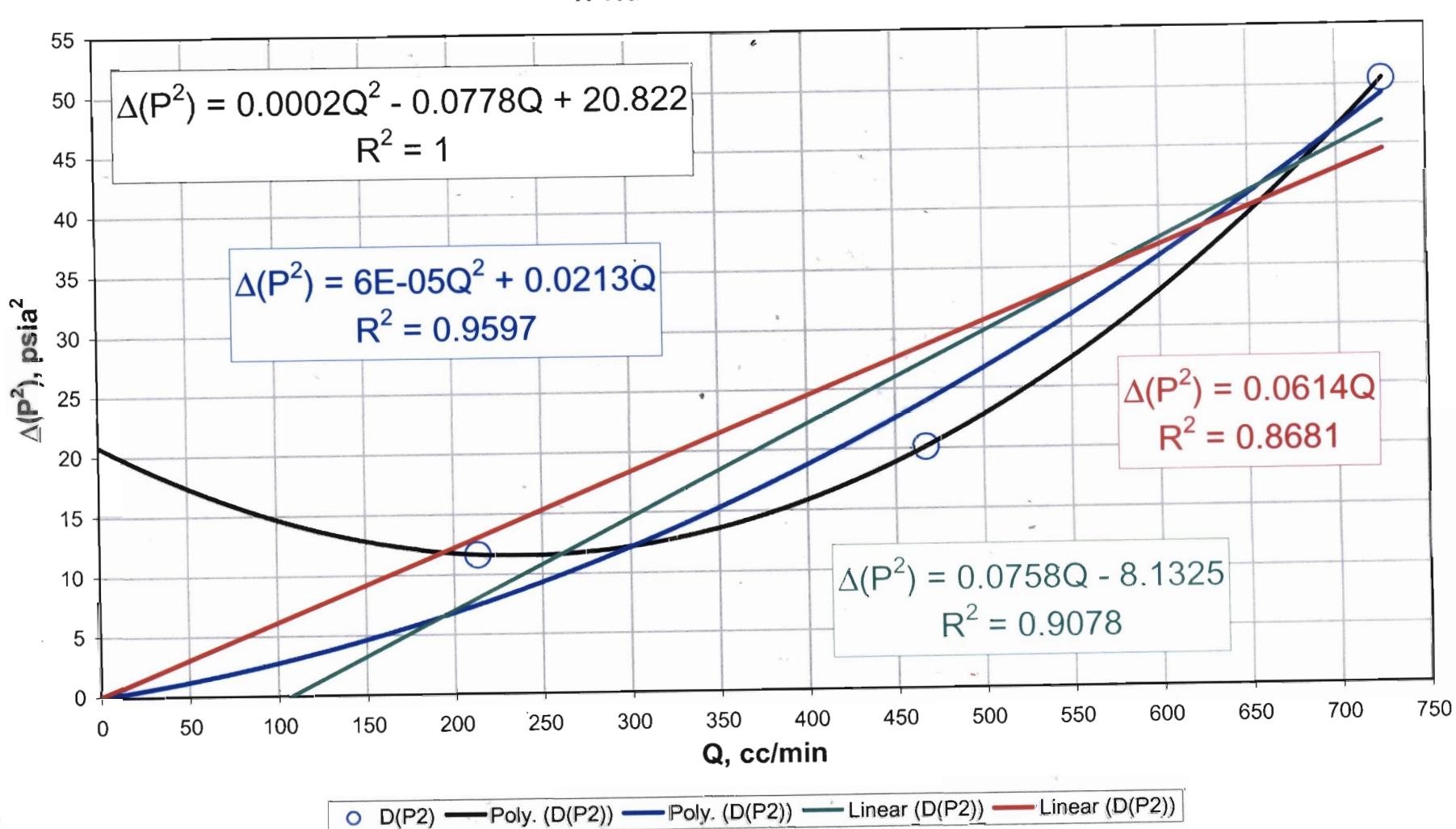
Final check for high velocity flow effects:
 High velocity flow effects are present when the slope is non-zero and positive.
 H Transect : Drillhole 76



Relationship between steady-state differential pressures squared and flowrate:

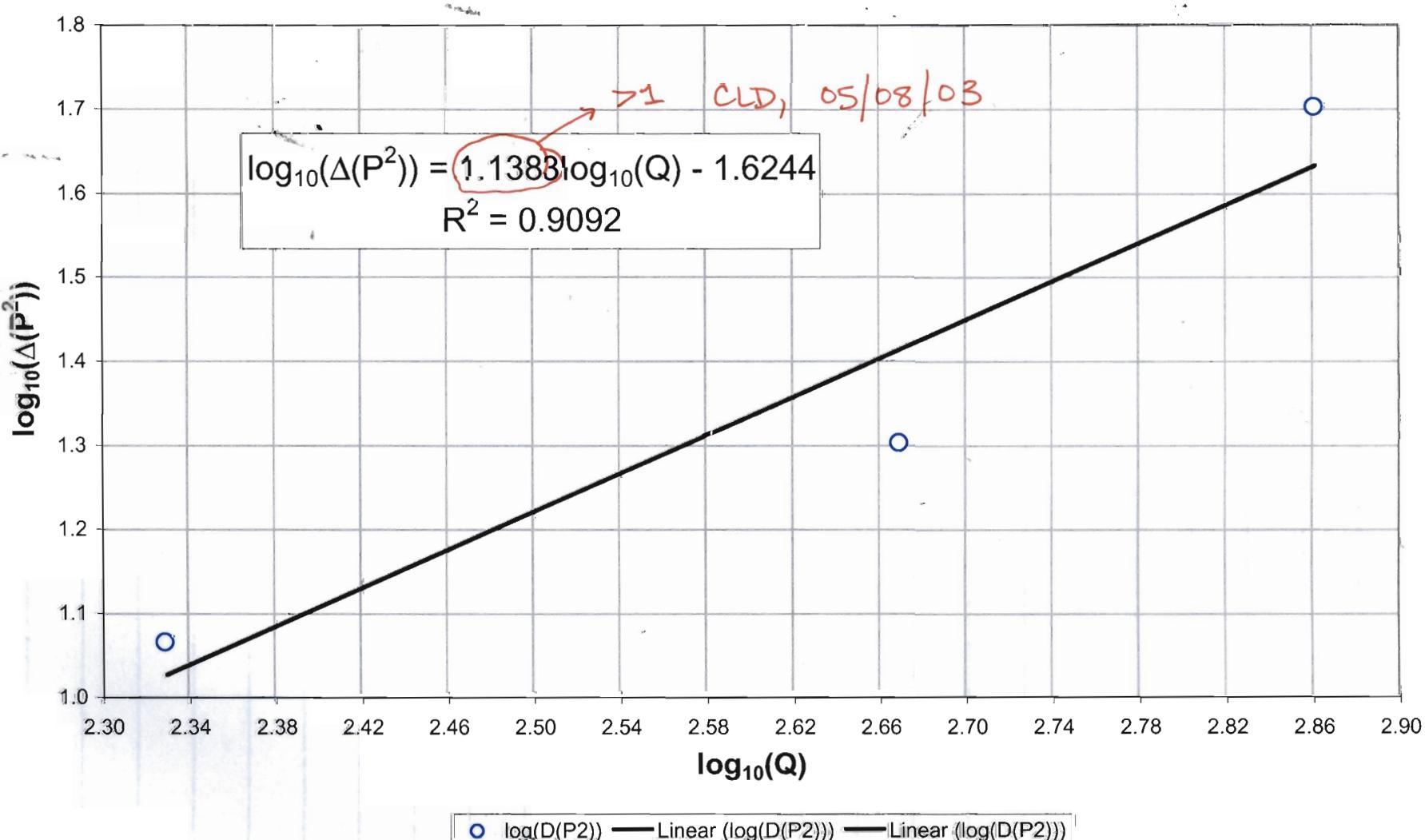
If relationship is linear, with the ordinate intercept nearly zero,
there is no high velocity flow effect.

H Transect: Drillhole 77

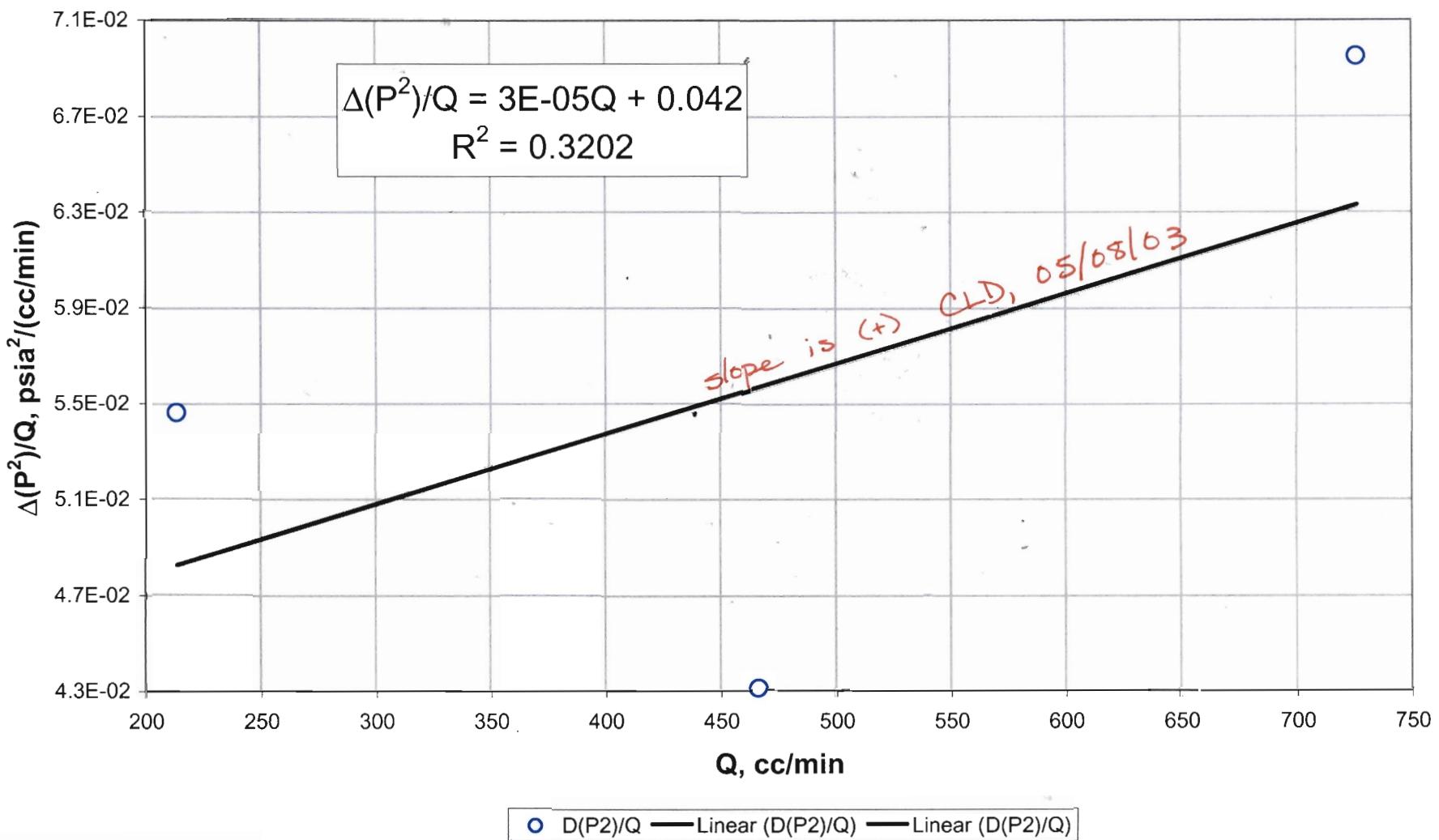


Log-Log plot of differential pressures squared vs. flowrate--used to identify the presence of high-velocity flow effects (when the slope is greater than unity)

H Transect: Drillhole 77

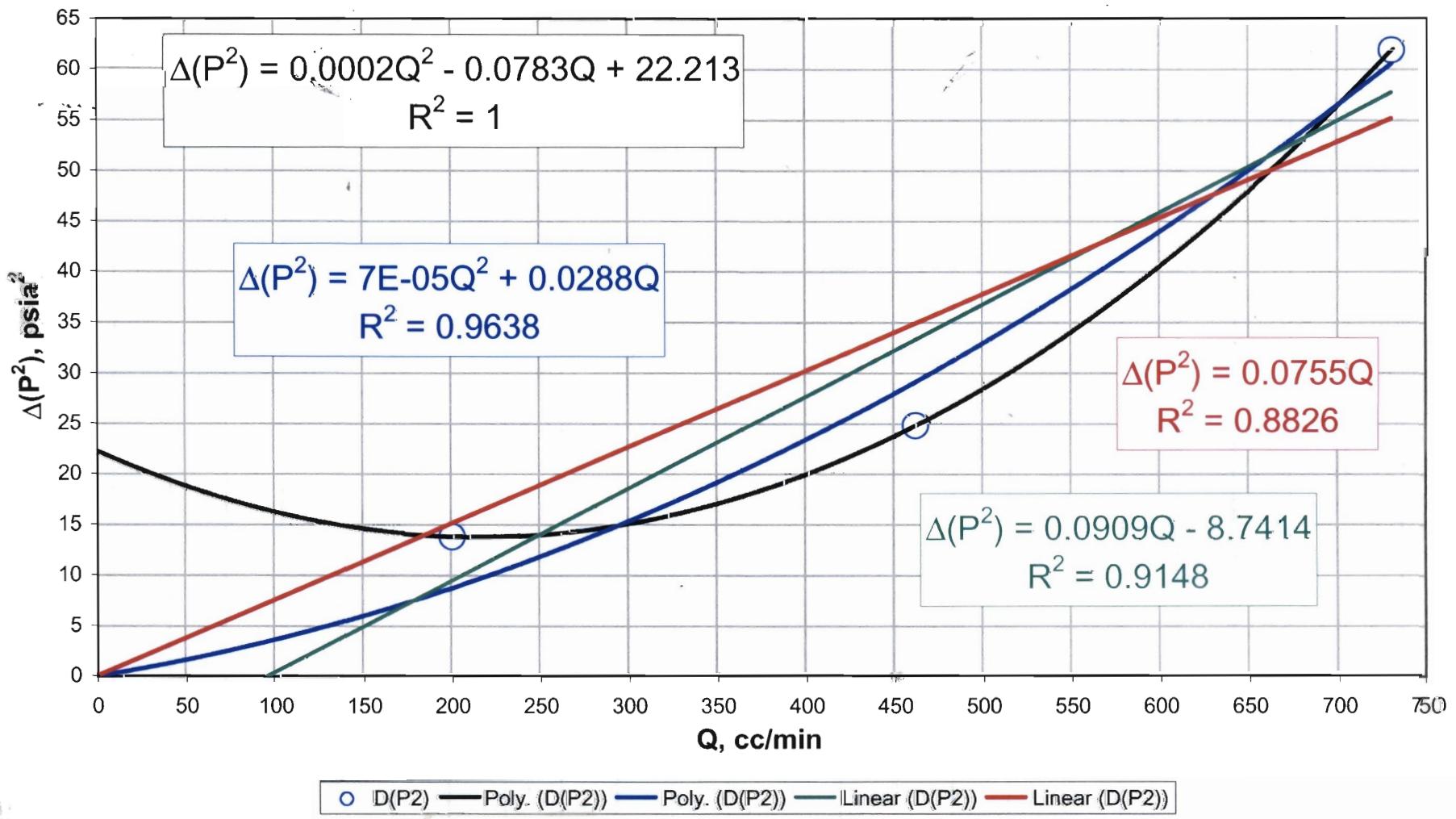


Final check for high velocity flow effects:
 High velocity flow effects are present when the slope is non-zero and positive.
 H Transect : Drillhole 77

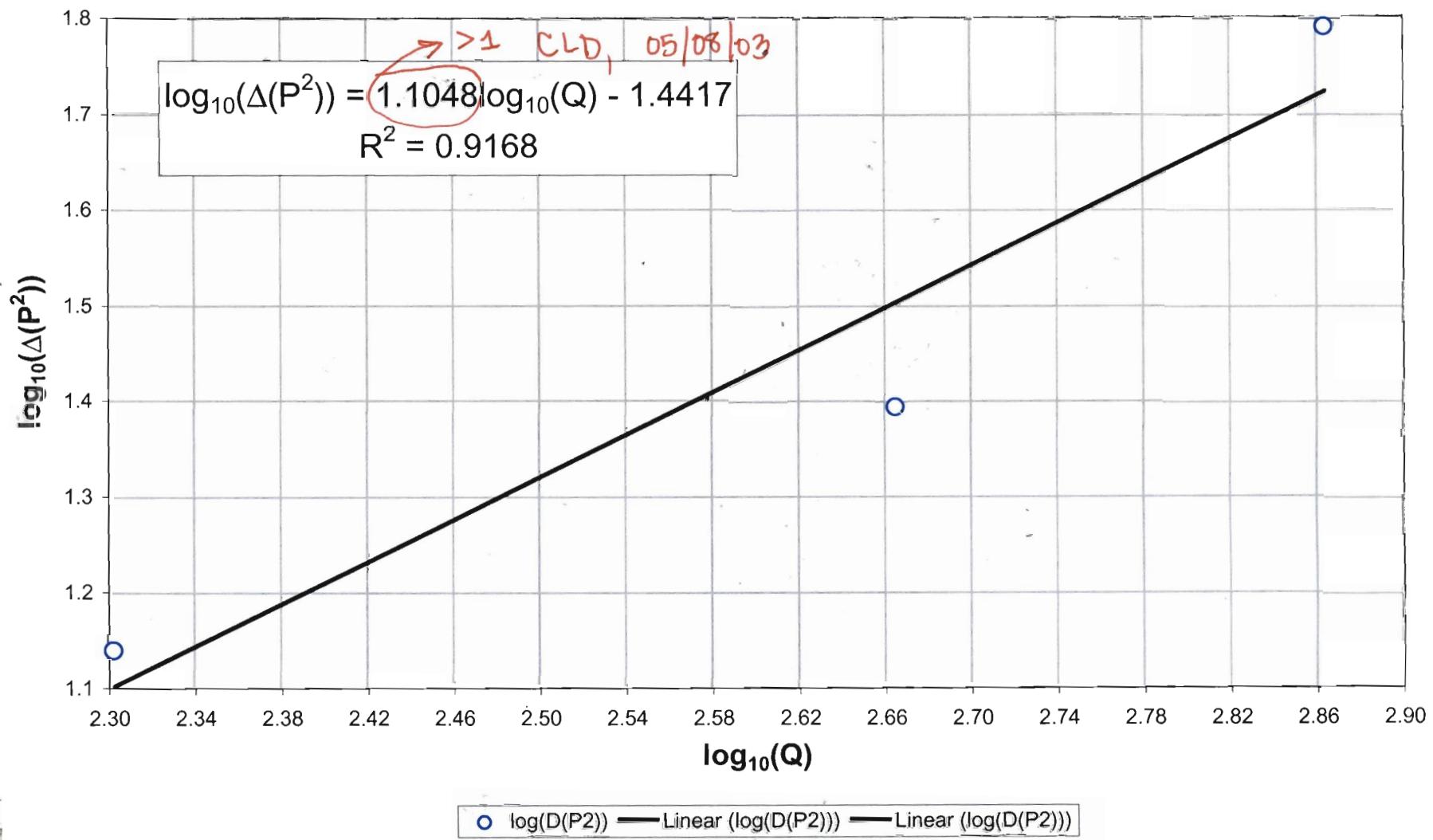


Relationship between steady-state differential pressures squared and flowrate:
 If relationship is linear, with the ordinate intercept nearly zero,
 there is no high velocity flow effect.

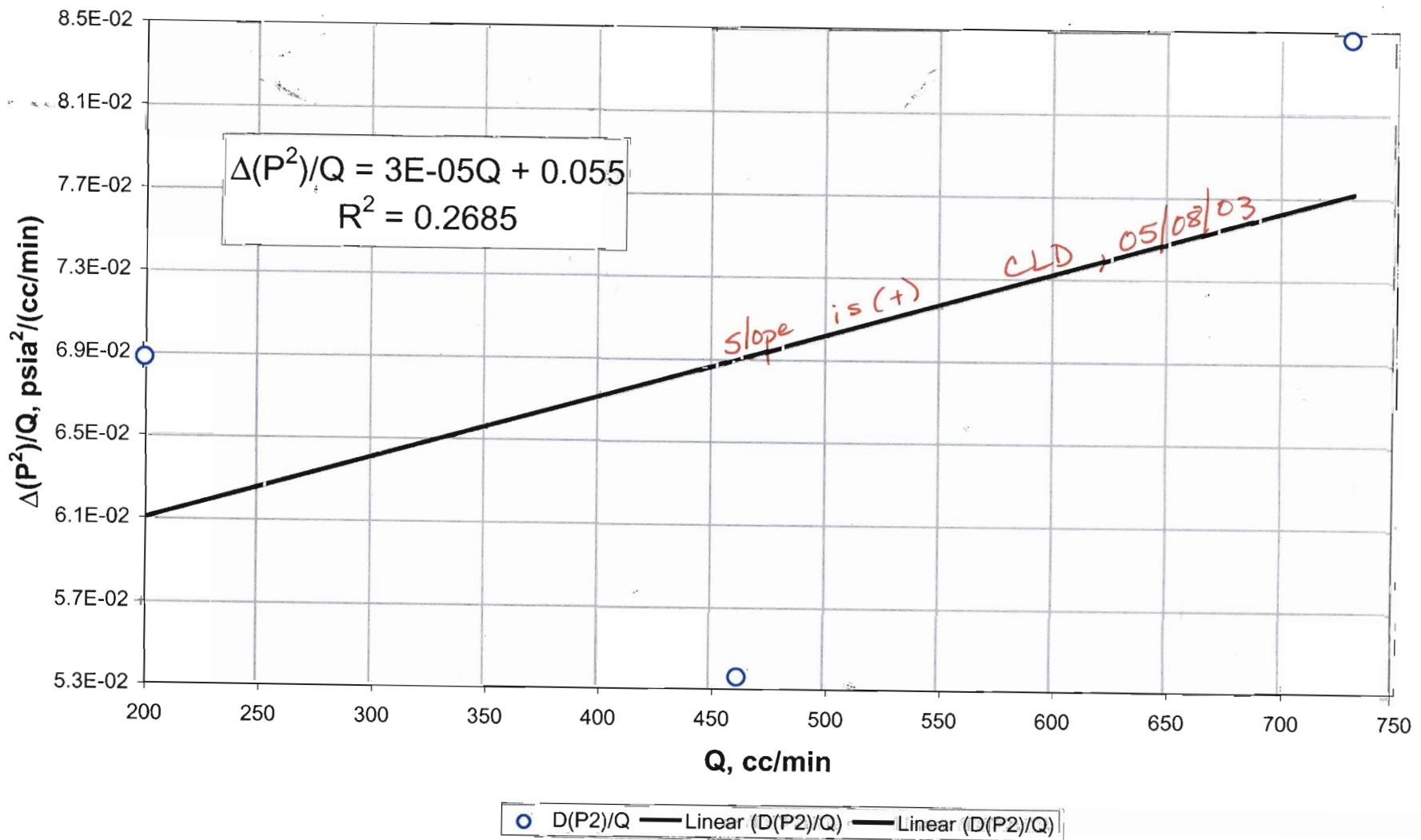
H Transect: Drillhole 78



Log-Log plot of differential pressures squared vs. flowrate--used to identify the presence of high-velocity flow effects (when the slope is greater than unity)
H Transect: Drillhole 78



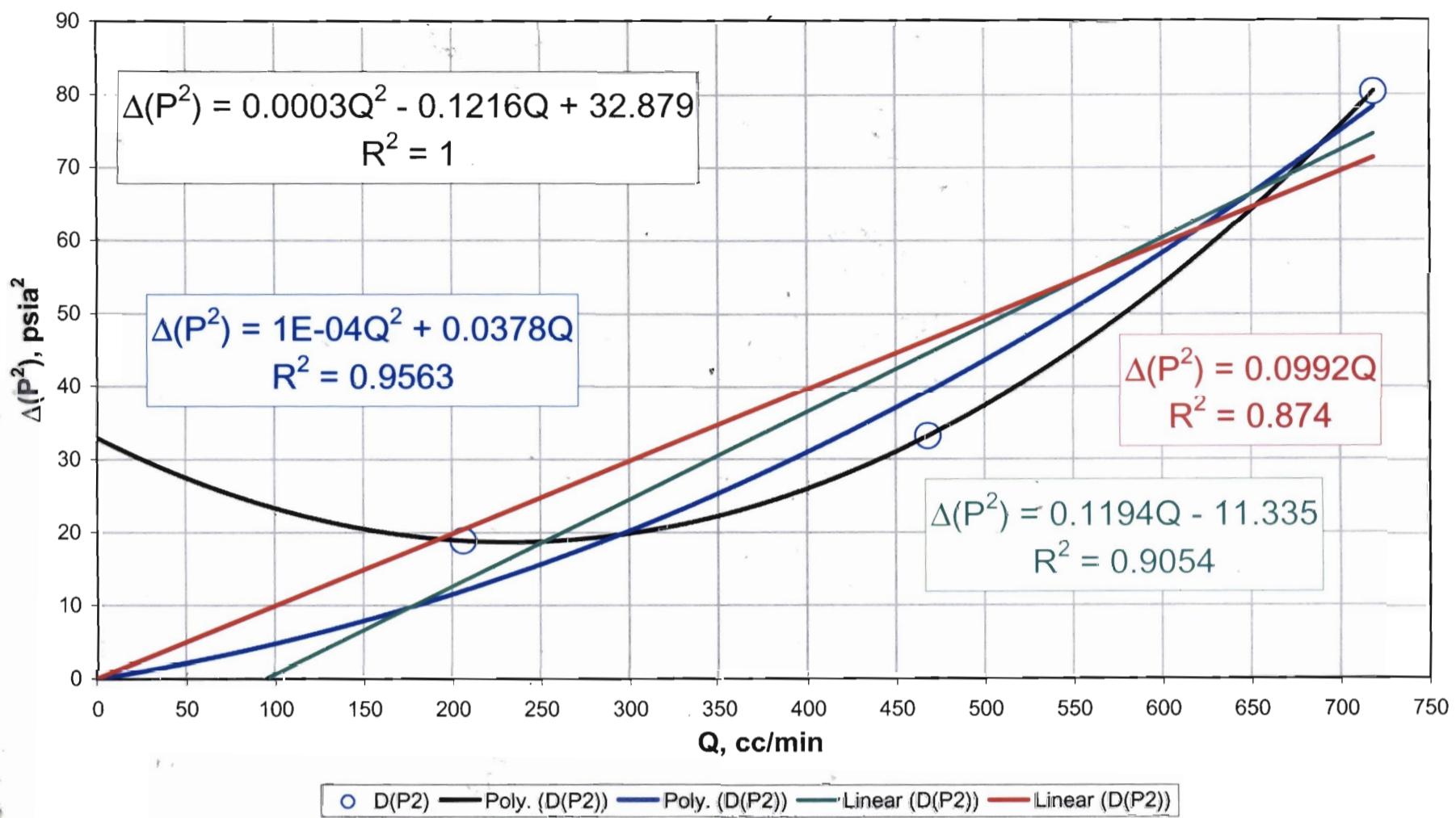
Final check for high velocity flow effects:
High velocity flow effects are present when the slope is non-zero and positive.
H Transect : Drillhole 78



Relationship between steady-state differential pressures squared and flowrate:

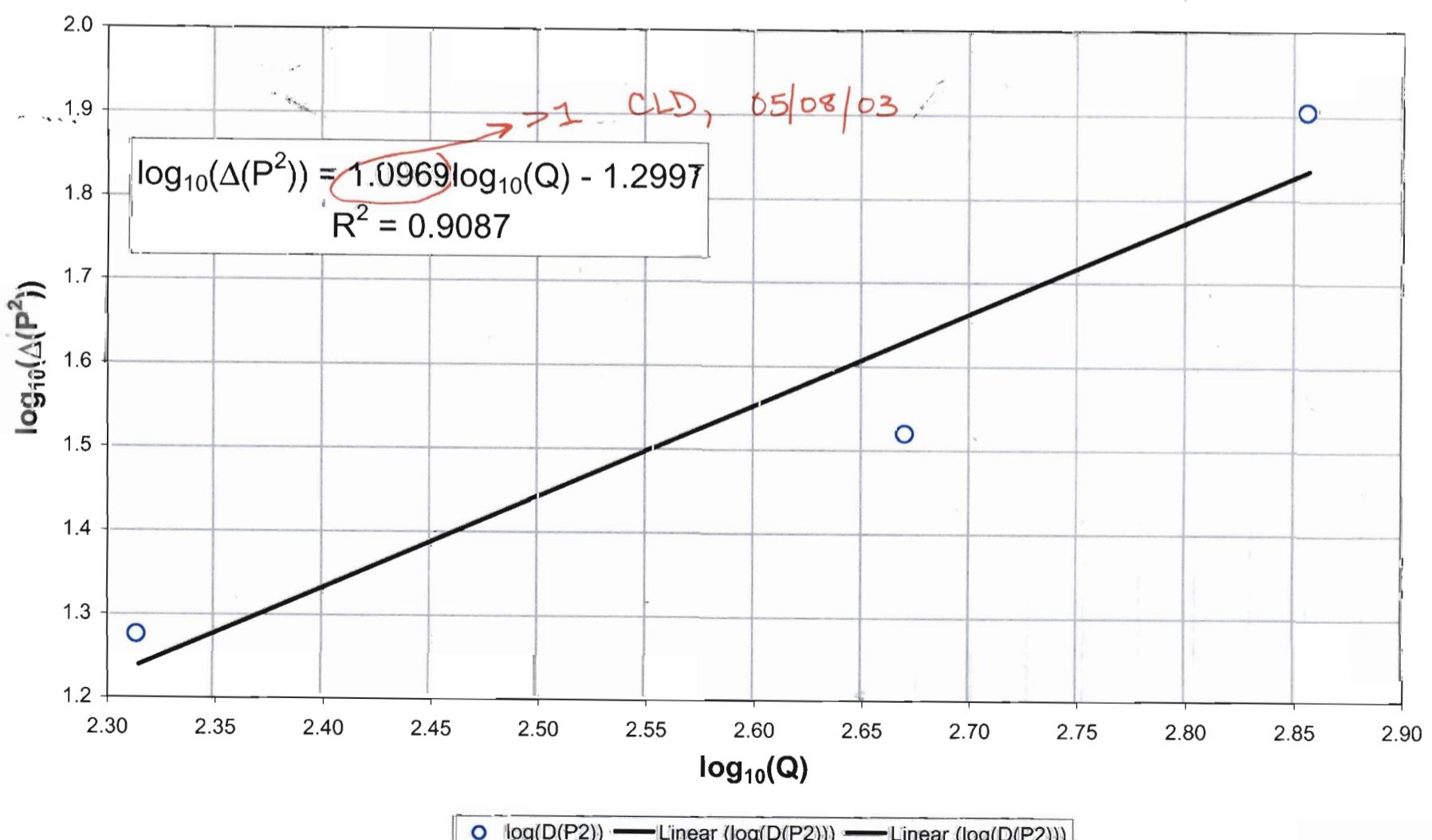
If relationship is linear, with the ordinate intercept nearly zero,
there is no high velocity flow effect.

H Transect: Drillhole 79

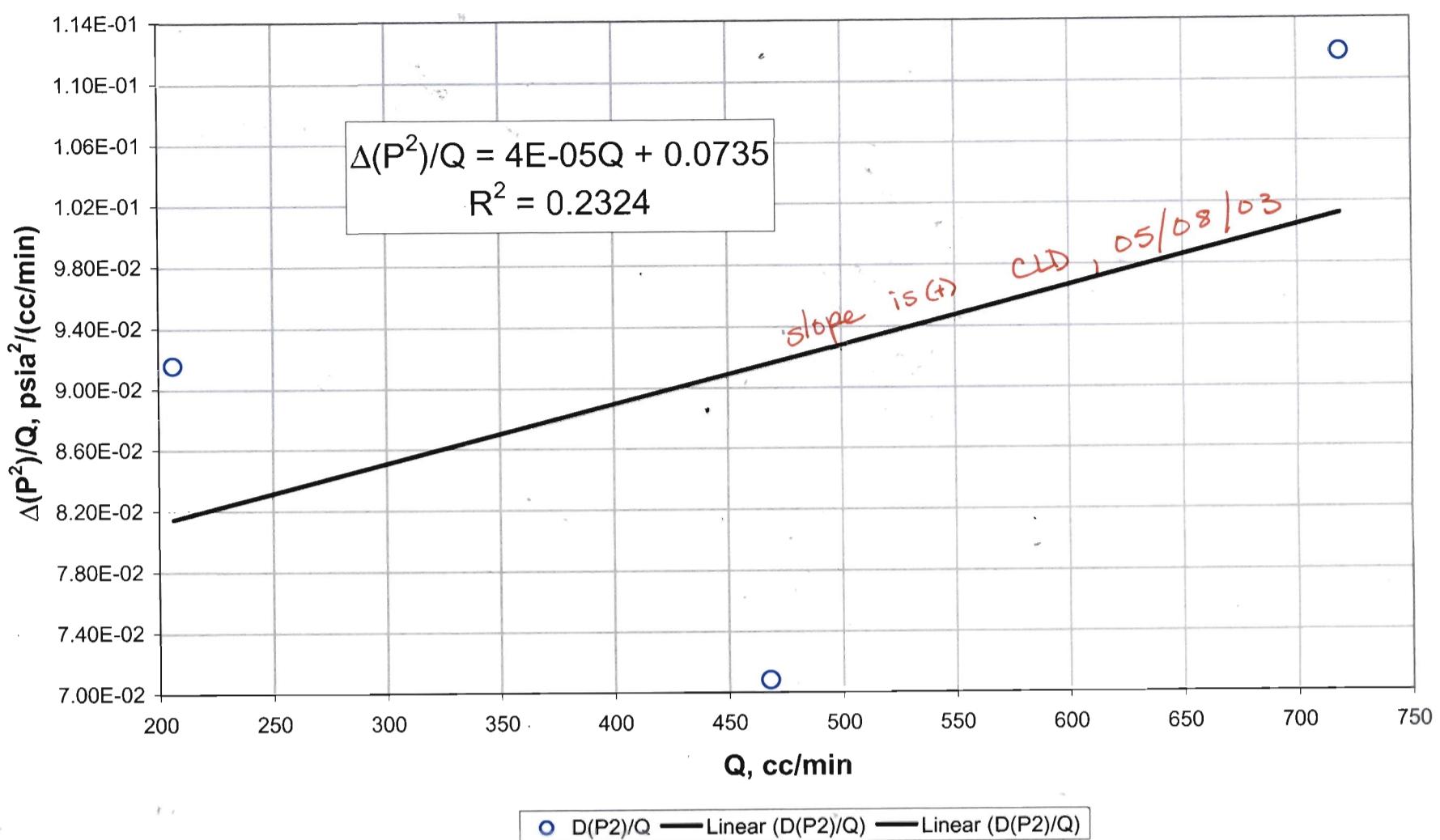


Log-Log plot of differential pressures squared vs. flowrate--used to identify the presence of high-velocity flow effects (when the slope is greater than unity)

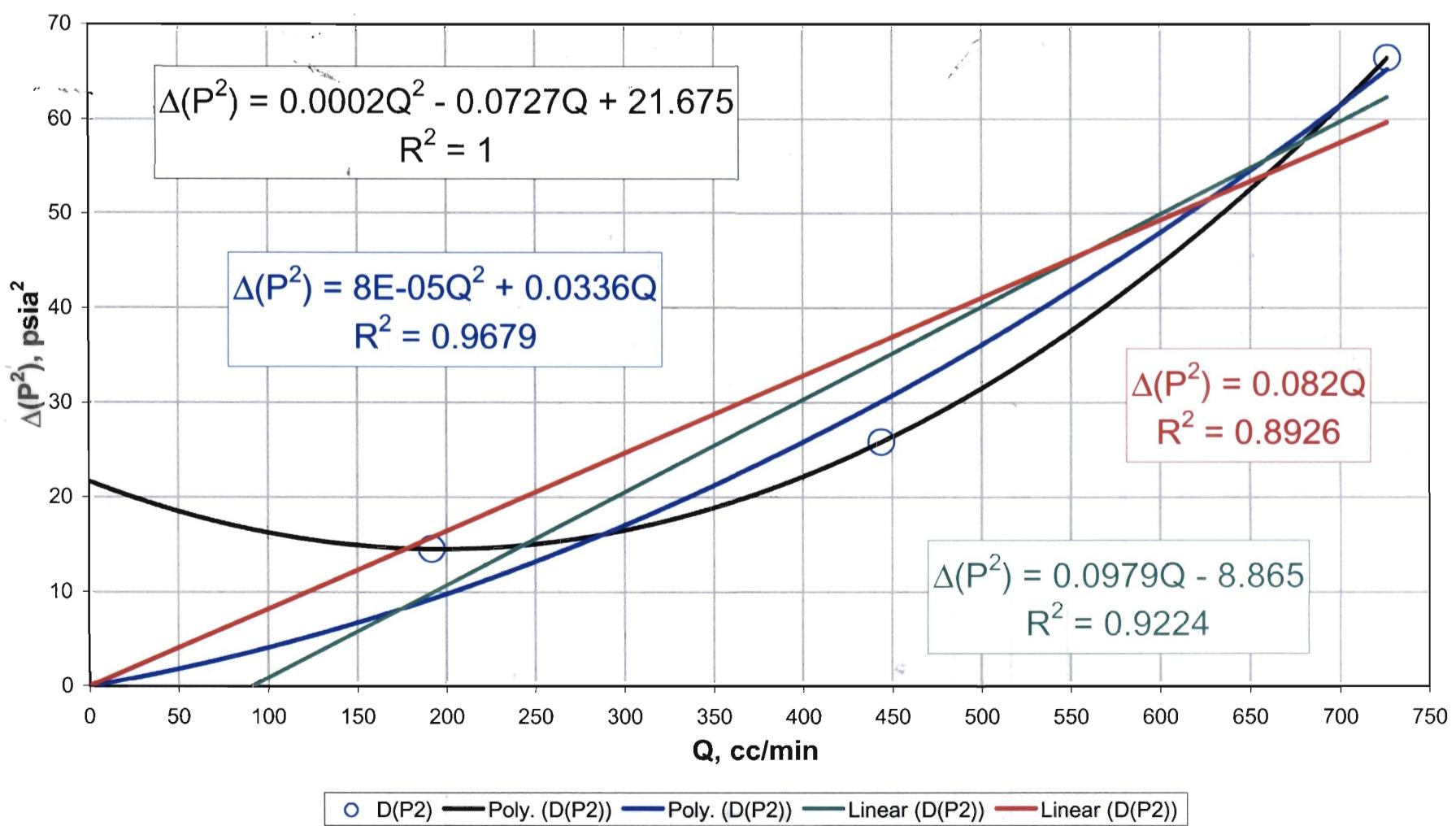
H Transect: Drillhole 79



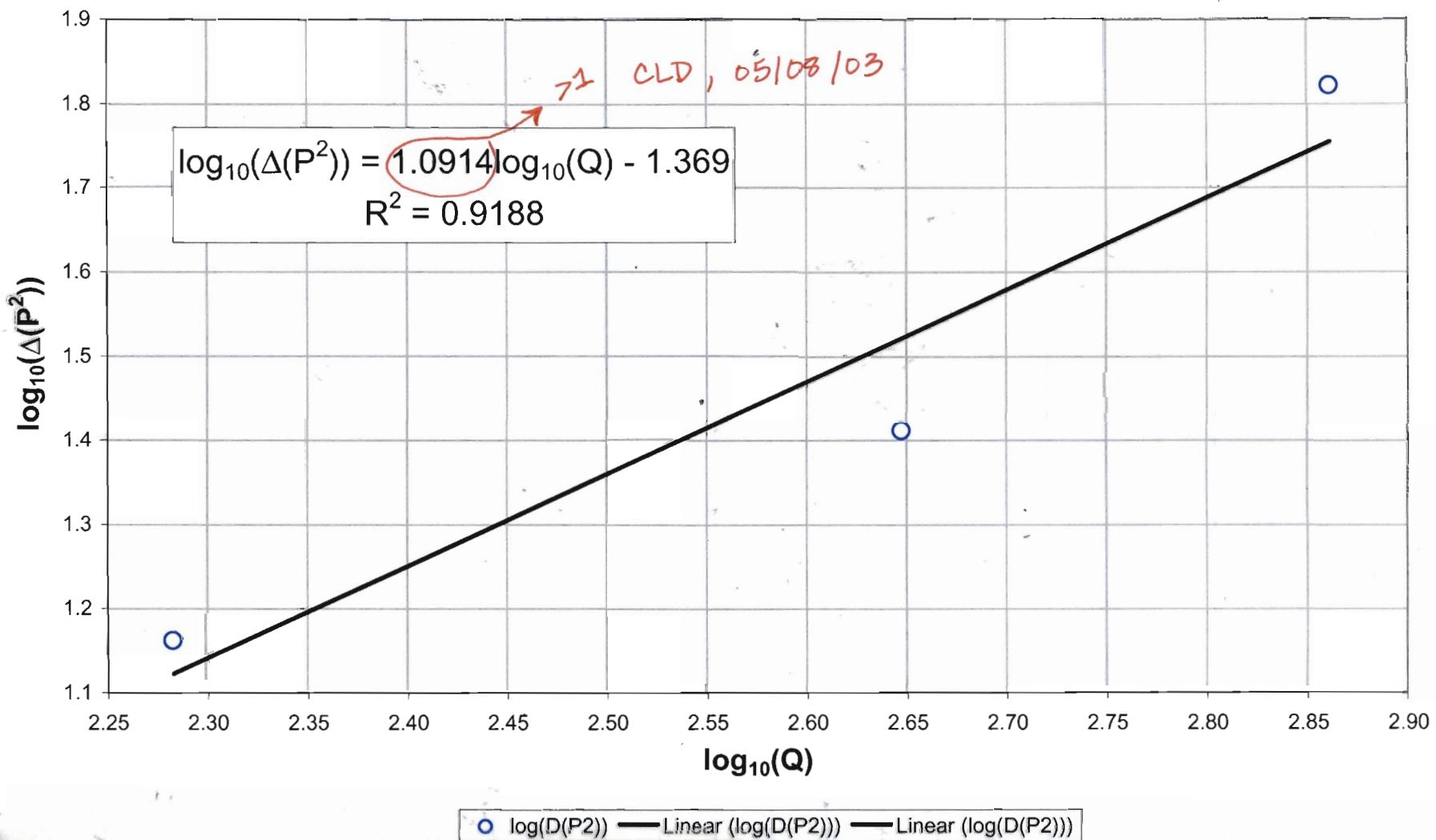
Final check for high velocity flow effects:
 High velocity flow effects are present when the slope is non-zero and positive.
 H Transect : Drillhole 79



Relationship between steady-state differential pressures squared and flowrate:
 If relationship is linear, with the ordinate intercept nearly zero,
 there is no high velocity flow effect.
 H Transect: Drillhole 80



Log-Log plot of differential pressures squared vs. flowrate--used to identify the presence of high-velocity flow effects (when the slope is greater than unity)
 H Transect: Drillhole 80



Final check for high velocity flow effects:
 High velocity flow effects are present when the slope is non-zero and positive.
 H Transect : Drillhole 80

