### Indiana Michigan Power D.C. Cook Nuclear Plant Groundwater Discharge Authorization Application For the disposal of wastewater to the ground or groundwater

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## STATE OF MICHIGAN GROUNDWATER DISCHARGE AUTHORIZATION APPLICATION

for the disposal of wastewater to the ground or groundwater



Permits Section Groundwater Permits Unit Water Bureau Michigan Department of Environmental Quality

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This document contains a set of instructions and the application form necessary to apply for a groundwater discharge authorization. The instructions are organized to allow you to determine what type of authorization is required and how to obtain it.

The **instructions** first list several types of groundwater discharges that are prohibited, then several types of discharges that are automatically authorized, referred to as exemptions. If the discharge you are proposing is on either of these lists, you will not need to submit an application form. All other discharge authorization requests are required to file an application form. The instructions go on to list several other specific types of discharges that can be authorized short of a full permit. If the discharge is not included among those listed, then you must apply for a permit under Rule 2218.

The **application form** has two parts. The first is general information, which must be filled out by all applicants. The general information section is found on Pages 14-17 of the application. The second half of the application is divided into sections that are specific to the type of authorization being sought. Authorizations issued under Rules 2211, 2213 and 2216 are for very specific discharges, and are listed in the instructions. All remaining discharges are authorized under Rule 2218. Once you have determined what type of authorization you require and filled out the general information section, you should locate the portion of the application specific to your discharge and fill out the appropriate information. Page 18 of this document contains a detailed index listing the specific pages to be filled out for each specific discharge.

**Please note**: The Rules require that the applicant must provide all information necessary to make a permit decision. Applications that do not contain all necessary information will be returned as incomplete.

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#### A. GENERAL INFORMATION

#### 1. WHO MUST APPLY FOR A PERMIT?

Section 3112(1) of Part 31, Water Resources Protection, of the Michigan Natural Resources and Environmental Protection Act of 1994, PA 451 as amended (Act 451) states that any person discharging any waste or waste effluent into the waters of this state must be in possession of a valid authorization to discharge from the Michigan Department of Environmental Quality (department).

A "person" is defined as an individual, partnership, corporation, association, governmental entity, or other legal entity.

#### 2. PURPOSE

The purpose of the Part 22 Rules is to preserve the quality of groundwater for all of its protected uses, both current and potential future uses. Section 3109(1) of Act 451 prohibits the direct or indirect discharge into any waters of the state any substance that is or may become injurious to any protected uses of those waters. The department enforces this prohibition through the "Part 22" Administrative Rules, contained at M.A.C. R323.2201 through 2240. These rules are referenced in this document as Rule 2201 through 2240. The protected uses include public health, safety, and welfare; domestic, commercial, industrial, agricultural, recreational or other uses that may be made of such waters; the value or utility of riparian lands; and the use of the water by livestock, wild animals, birds, fish, aquatic life, or plants or the growth or propagation of those entities.

#### 3. INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS FOR ALL DISCHARGERS

**Rules 2206 and 2217** require that you must provide all information for the Department to make a decision regarding an application for a groundwater discharge authorization. If the information is not provided, the application will be returned as incomplete.

#### 4. REQUIREMENTS FOR ALL DISCHARGERS

Rule 2204 establishes certain requirements for all dischargers. These are:

- 1. The discharge must not become injurious.
- 2. The discharge must not cause runoff to, ponding of, or flooding of adjacent property.
- 3. The discharge must not cause erosion.
- 4. The discharge must not cause nuisance conditions.
- 5. The discharge must be located not less than 100 feet inside the boundary of the property where the discharge occurs, unless authorized by Rule 2210, 2211, 2213 or a lesser distance is approved by the department.
- 6. The discharge must be isolated from water supply wells as indicated in Rule 2204(2)(d).
- 7. The discharge must not create a facility under Part 201 of Act 451.

There are certain operational requirements for each type of discharge that must be met after an authorization is issued. Those requirements are found in Appendix B, Pages 45-46 of the application form.

#### 5. DISCHARGE PROHIBITIONS

Rule 2205 prohibits:

- 1. A discharge without an authorization under Rule 2204.
- 2. A discharge from a general-purpose floor drain unless authorized under Rule 2210(v), Rule 2215 or 2218.
- 3. A discharge of wastewater originating from a structure within 200 feet of an available public sanitary sewer system, except for a discharge of non-contact cooling water or a discharge from a groundwater remediation activity. For sanitary sewage, an available public sanitary sewer system is defined by section 12751(a) of Act 368 of the Public Acts of 1978, as amended, being 333.12751(a) of the Michigan Compiled Laws. For any other discharge, the department must make a determination of availability based on the ability of the public sanitary sewer system to treat the wastewater and the costs associated with providing the treatment.

#### 6. WHAT SETBACK REQUIREMENTS MUST I MEET FOR MY DISCHARGE?

If the discharge is authorized under Rules 2216 or 2218, the point of discharge must be at least 100 feet within the property boundary, unless an alternate distance is required or allowed by the department. Also, there are requirements under Rule 2204(2)(d) for isolation distances from existing water supply wells. The following table lists those isolation requirements.

Well Type	Permit Authorization – 2218, 2216(3)	All Other Authorizations
I, Ila	2000 feet	200 feet
11b, 111	800 feet	75 feet
Domestic	300 feet	50 feet

#### 7. WHAT IF I HAVE AN EXISTING PERMIT, AND THERE IS A CHANGE IN MY DISCHARGE?

If you anticipate there will be a change in either the quantity or quality of your discharge, you must notify the department prior to making the change. Within 30 calendar days of receiving the notice of modification, the department will notify you whether the modification is considered minor or significant. If the department determines the change is **minor**, you can make the changes you have identified, and the existing permit will be modified to reflect those changes. The department will send you a copy of the amended permit. If the changes are determined to be **significant**, then you must reapply for a permit by completing the application form and submitting it to the department for review and approval.

#### 8. HOW DO I DEMONSTRATE EQUIVALENCY?

In many instances, the Part 22 rules allow you to provide equivalent information or alternative ways of meeting the conditions of the Rules. To demonstrate equivalency, you should provide both a narrative description and technical data to show that the alternative proposed meets the intent and achieve the same purpose as the Rule in question. For example, there are specific requirements for source water for Fruit & Vegetable washwater, Rule 2211(c), including municipal water, a water source meeting state or federal criteria, or water meeting standards of Rule 2222. An alternative water source not specified is surface water. If you wish to use surface water, you need to describe and demonstrate, possibly through water quality testing, how the surface water meets the intent of the Rule and provides equivalent environmental protection to the sources specified in the Rule.

## **B.** IDENTIFYING THE TYPE OF AUTHORIZATION REQUIRED

This section lists all of the specific discharges identified in the Part 22 Rules. You should review the list and determine if your discharge is listed, and then follow the directions for how that particular discharge receives authorization.

#### 1. EXEMPTIONS

Pursuant to Rule 2210 the activities listed below are automatically authorized and are exempt from obtaining a further authorization from the department, provided the requirements of Rule 2204 are met. You do not need to submit an application form.

- (a) **Sanitary sewage** in either of the following circumstances if the sanitary sewage is not mixed with other waste:
  - (i) The discharge is less than 1,000 gallons per day and the disposal system is approved by the county, district, or city health department that has jurisdiction in accordance with either the requirements of the local sanitary code or the provisions of the publication entitled "Michigan Criteria for Subsurface Sewage Disposal," April 1994. Copies of the publication may be obtained without charge at the time of adoption of these Rules from the Michigan Department of Environmental Quality, Water Division, P.O. Box 30630, Lansing, Michigan 48909.
  - (ii) The discharge is less than 6,000 gallons per day, the disposal system is designed and constructed in accordance with the provisions of the publication entitled "Michigan Criteria for Subsurface Sewage Disposal," April 1994, and the system is approved by the county, district, or city health department that has jurisdiction. Copies of the publication may be obtained without charge at the time of adoption of these Rules from the Michigan Department of Environmental Quality, Water Division, P.O. Box 30630, Lansing, Michigan 48909.

#### (b) Controlled application of any of the following:

- (i) An authorized substance to suppress dust. The following are authorized substances:
  - (A) Water
    - (B) Calcium chloride.
    - (C) Lignosulfate products.
    - (D) Emulsified asphalt or resin stabilizers.
    - (E) Vegetable by-products.
- (ii) A deicing substance.
- (iii) A substance for a natural resource or right-of-way maintenance program.
- (iv) A substance for a domestic activity.
- (v) A commercially manufactured pesticide or fertilizer for its intended use.
- (c) **Stormwater**, other than from a secondary containment facility, when discharged through surface infiltration.
- (d) **Stormwater** from a secondary containment facility that does not contain leaks or spills if the stormwater is inspected to ensure it meets the standards established in Rule 2222.
- (e) Water from a well used temporarily for dewatering at a construction site if the water pumped does not create a site of environmental contamination under part 201.
- (f) A discharge from an animal feeding operation that has less than 5,000 animal units if the discharge is determined by the director of the department of agriculture or his or her designated representative, to be in accordance with generally accepted agricultural and management practices, as defined in Act No. 93 of the Public Acts of 1981, as amended, being 286.471 to 286.474 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, and known as the Michigan right to farm act. For purposes of this Rule, 5,000 animal units is equal to 5,000 head of slaughter or feeder cattle, 3,500 mature dairy cattle, 12,500 swine weighing more than 25 kilograms or approximately 55 pounds, 50,000 sheep or lambs, 2,500 horses, 275,000 turkeys, 150,000 laying hens or broilers, or 25,000 ducks. An animal feeding operation is a lot or facility, or series of lots or facilities under one ownership which are adjacent to one another or which use a common area or system for the disposal of wastes, that meets both of the following conditions:
  - (i) Animals, other than aquatic animals, have been, are, or will be stabled or confined and fed or maintained for a total of 45 calendar days or more in any 12-month period.
  - (ii) Crops, vegetation, forage growth, or postharvest residues are not sustained in the normal growing season over the portion of the lot or facility where animals are confined.
- (g) Less than 50 gallons of wastewater per day from a commercial animal care facility.
- (h) Observation or monitoring well development or evacuation water.
- (i) Potable water used for a domestic or domestic equivalent activities other than sanitary sewage disposal.
- (i) Step test or pump test water from any of the following:
  - (i) A potable well or well used to develop a potable water supply.
  - (ii) A well producing water that meets state or federal criteria for use as potable water.
  - (iii) A test well where the quality of the test well discharge water is equal to or better than the background groundwater quality of the aquifer receiving the discharge.
- (k) Exfiltration from sanitary sewer collection systems.
- (I) Wastewater from a heat pump that has a heat exchange capacity of 300,000 Btu per hour or less if there is no chemical additive to the system.
- (m) Wastewater from a portable power washer when used in either of the following circumstances:
  - (i) By the occupant of a household for washing buildings, vehicles, or other surfaces associated with the domestic occupation of the household.
    - (ii) By a commercial operator or in a commercial or industrial setting to remove nonpolluting
    - substances from vehicles or surfaces when no additives are used and the washing process / does not add significant pollutants to the water.
- (n) Swimming pool drainage and backwash water discharged in accordance with sections 12521 to 12534 of Act No. 368 of the Public Acts of 1978, as amended, being 333.12521 to 333.12534 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.
- (o) Water treatment filter backwash water if disposal is in accordance with plans and specifications approved by the department under Act No. 399 of the Public Acts of 1976, as amended, being 325.1001 et seq. of the Michigan Compiled Laws, and known as the safe drinking water act.

- (p) **Carpet cleaning wastewater** discharged by a noncommercial operator or by a commercial operator at a site receiving wastewater from not more than one location where carpet cleaning has occurred.
- (q) Less than 10,000 gallons per day of noncontact cooling water that does not contain additives if the source of the cooling water is any of the following:
  - (i) A municipal water supply.
  - (ii) A water supply meeting state or federal criteria for use as potable water.
  - (iii) Another source of water meeting the standards of Rule 2222.
  - (iv) Another source approved by the department.
- (r) Land application of process sludge from a wastewater treatment facility treating sanitary sewage when applied in accordance with applicable state and federal law.
- (s) Land application of process sludge from an industrial or commercial wastewater treatment facility when authorized under R 299.4101 to R 299.4922, the administrative Rules implementing Part 115.
- (t) Placement of other solid waste on the ground when authorized under Part 115. This provision does not apply to the disposal of wastewater generated through the operation of a facility licensed under Part 115.
- (u) Wastewater associated with an environmental response activity described in any of the following paragraphs if the discharge is to the plume of groundwater contamination, including an area 100 feet hydraulically upgradient of the edge of the plume, and any additive used in the treatment process that is not part of the contamination plume meets the standards of Rule 2222:
  - (i) A pump test discharge that does not change the physical dimensions of the plume in groundwater or, if the dimensions are changed, the changes are accounted for in the design of the final groundwater remediation plan.
  - (ii) A remedial investigation, feasibility study, or remedial action discharge that is at or below the residential criteria authorized by section 20101a(1)(a) of the act, if applicable, or section 21304(a) of the act, if applicable.
  - (iii) A discharge for a remedial investigation, feasibility study, or remedial action above the residential criteria authorized by section 20101a(1)(a) of the act, if applicable, or section 21304(a) of the act, if applicable, if a remediation investigation, feasibility study, or remediation plan has been approved by the department division that has compliance oversight. The remediation plan must indicate that the treatment system is designed and will be operated so that contaminated groundwater will eventually meet the appropriate land use-based cleanup criteria authorized by section 20120a(1)(a) to (d) of the act, if applicable, or section 21304(a) of the act, if applicable.
- (v) Precipitation and snow melt drainage off vehicles discharged through a general-purpose floor drain in a parking structure in which maintenance activities do not occur.
- (w) A discharge that has been specifically authorized by the department under a permit if the permit was not issued under this part.
- (x) A discharge that occurs as the result of placing waste materials on the ground in compliance with a designation of inertness issued under part 115 or leaving contaminated materials in place in compliance with part 201 or 213.

#### 2. OTHER DISCHARGE SPECIFIC EXEMPTIONS.

Rule 2210 (y) allows discharges other than those listed above to be exempted from permitting on a case by case basis, if the department determines the discharge has an insignificant potential to be injurious based on volume and constituents.

**To apply for an exemption according to Rule 2210(y)**, you should fill out pages 14-17 of the application, which contain general information about the facility. You should also provide the information required on Page 40 of the application. The department will notify you whether your application qualifies for an exemption under Rule 2210(y), or whether you must apply for a different authorization. You are not authorized to discharge until you receive approval from the department.

#### 3. IF I DON'T QUALIFY FOR AN EXEMPTION, WHAT SORT OF AUTHORIZATION DO I NEED?

The following chart lists **specific** discharges for which you must submit an application prior to authorization. The chart also contains the Rule that describes the authorization and the **page numbers in the application** that relate to that specific authorization. Please note that there are specific qualifications that must be met for each of the authorizations listed which are contained in the Part 22 rules.

Discharge Type	Volume Limitation	Rule	Authorization	Page #
Commercial Animal Care >	50 gpd but <1,000 gpd	2211(h)	Notification	19, 22
Contact Cooling Water	< 5,000 gpd	2213(4)	Notification w/Certification	23, 25
Egg Washing	< 10,000 gpd	2213(3)	Notification w/Certification	23, 24
Fruit & Vegetable Washing	< 50,000 gpd	2211(d)	Notification	19, 20
Gravel, sand, limestone, dolomite mining	,	2215(4)	General Permit	27, 30
Hydrostatic Pipe Testing, Flushing	None	2211(g)	Notification	19, 21
Laundromat	< 500 gpd	2211(b)	Notification	19, 20
Laundromat	< 20,000 gpd	2216(4)	Permit, specific discharge	32, 35
Non-contact Cooling Water, w/additives	< 10,000 gpd	2213(2)	Notification w/Certification	23, 24
Non-contact Cooling Water, no additives	> 10,000 gpd	2211(c)	Notification	19, 20
Oil Field Brine		2215(5)	General Permit	27, 30
Portable Power Wash	1,000 gal/mo/acre	2211(e)	Notification	19, 21
Sanitary Sewage	6,000-10,000 gpd	2211(a)	Notification	19, 20
Sanitary Sewage, above ground treatment	t I<10,000 gpd	2215(1)	General Permit	27, 28
Sanitary Sewage, Construct Wetland	< 20,000 gpd	2216(2)	Permit, specific discharge	32, 33
Sanitary Sewage, Specific Treatment	< 50,000 gpd	2216(3)	Permit, specific discharge	32, 34
Slaughterhouse	< 2,000 gpd	2215(3)	General Permit	27, 29
Groundwater Remediation:				
Pump Test Outside Plume	None	2211(f)	Notification	19, 21
Remediation, Outside Plume	None	2213(5)	Notification w/Certification	23, 26
Vehicle Wash, not open to public	< 2,000 gpd	2215(2)	General Permit	27, 28
Vehicle Wash, open to the public	< 3,000 gpd	2215(6)	General Permit	27, 31

gpd	= gallons per day
gal/mo/acre	= gallons per month per acre
< ·	= less than
>	= greater than

#### 4. WHAT IF MY DISCHARGE TYPE DOES NOT APPEAR ON ANY OF THESE LISTS?

If your discharge does not appear on any of the previous lists, either as an exemption or a specific discharge permit, you must apply for a discharge authorization under Rule 2218. The section of the application that must be filled out specific to Rule 2218 begins on Page 36.

### C. Rule 2218

## 1. IF I HAVE TO APPLY FOR AN AUTHORIZATION UNDER RULE 2218, WHAT TYPE OF INFORMATION MUST I PROVIDE?

Facilities that are authorized under Rule 2218 must provide the following types of information as part of the application:

- a) An evaluation of the feasibility of alternatives to discharge to the groundwater in accordance with Rule 2219.
- b) The basis of design as required by Rule 2218(2).
- c) The hydrogeological report as required by Rule 2221.
- d) The wastewater characterization as required by Rule 2220.
- e) If a standard applicable to the discharge is to be determined under Rule 2222(5), the information necessary to determine that standard, including whether a substance is a hazardous substance under part 201.
- f) The groundwater, or other media, sampling and analysis plan as specified by Rule 2223.
- g) A description of the discharge methods and information that demonstrate that the land treatment requirements of Rule 2233 will be met.
- h) If a lagoon is included in the treatment process, information that demonstrates that the requirements of Rule 2237 will be met.

Technical guidance documents have been drafted for items c,d,e,g and h above. They are identified in Part I, Section D.4 as additional reference materials. Sections C.2, C.3 and C.4 of these instructions provide guidance. for the other information requirements of Rule 2218.

You are also responsible for meeting the groundwater quality standards contained in Rule 2222. You must meet the standards either in the discharge, or in the groundwater if treatment that takes place after discharging the wastewater to the ground. The standards themselves are complex, and it is strongly recommended that you schedule a pre-application meeting to discuss them with program staff. The process for requesting a meeting is found on Page 12, Section D.1 of these instructions. If you wish to investigate the standards on your own, the Part 22 Rules, including Rule 2222, are available on the Internet at the following location, http://www.deg.state.mi.us/wmd/GWP/index.html. You may also contact staff at the address or phone

number found on Page 13 of these instructions for printed copies of the rules.

#### 2. RULE 2219 - EVALUATION OF FEASIBILITY OF ALTERNATIVES TO DISCHARGE TO GROUNDWATER

Prior to applying for a Rule 2218 authorization, you must conduct an evaluation of the feasibility of alternatives to discharging to the groundwater and submit that as part of the application. The analysis should contain, at a minimum, the items listed below. Feasibility includes the practical ability to implement the alternative and a comparison of the cost of the alternative to its benefits.

At a minimum, alternatives to the discharge that must be considered are:

(a) minimizing the volume and toxicity of the wastewater.

- (b) recycling wastewater.
- (c) connecting to a municipal sanitary sewer system.
- (d) discharging to surface water.

Alternatives for minimizing the volume and toxicity of wastewater include pollution prevention opportunities, including the following:

- (a) Equipment or technology modifications.
- (b) Process or procedure modifications.
- (c) Reformulation or redesign of products.
- (d) Substitution of raw materials.
- (e) Improvements in housekeeping, maintenance, training, or inventory control.

The following treatment systems must be considered for substances determined to be in the discharge by the characterization required by Rule 2220:

- (a) For a metal, the following:
  - (i) Flocculation.
  - (ii) Settling.
  - (iii) Oxidation.
  - (iv) Filtration.
  - (v) Ion exchange
  - (vi) Reverse osmosis.
  - (vii) Electrolytic recovery.
- (b) For a volatile substance, the following:
  - (i) Carbon adsorption.
  - (ii) Air stripping.
  - (iii) Aeration.
- (c) For a nonvolatile substance, the following:
  - (i) Sorption.
  - (ii) Settling.
  - (iii) Filtration.

For a substance that degrades biologically, biological treatment in a lagoon, tank, or biological reactor or through controlled land treatment.

#### 3. RULE 2218(2), BASIS OF DESIGN

At the time of application, you must submit a basis of design for the treatment system. The basis of design should include all of the following information:

- (a) The volume of wastewater to be treated per unit of time.
- (b) An analysis of the influent, or a description of the anticipated influent, including the substances to be treated to meet the requirements of Rule 2222 and the concentrations of the substances.
- (c) A description of the existing or proposed treatment, or both, including, where applicable, the following:
   (i) The treatment methods before discharge.
  - (ii) To the extent applicable, engineering plans depicting all of the following:
    - (A) A schematic flow diagram.
      - (B) Information on unit processes.
    - (C) Flow rates.
    - (D) Design hydraulic capacity.
    - (E) Pollutant loading.
    - (F) Detention times.
    - (G) Sizing of treatment units.
    - (H) Design calculations for major treatment units.
    - (I) A description of sludge management.
  - (iii) A discharge management plan that includes, where applicable, all of the following information:
    - (A) Maximum daily and annual discharge volumes.
    - (B) The total discharge area.
    - (C) Scheduled maintenance.
    - (D) Vegetative cover control and removal.
    - (E) Load and rest cycles.
    - (F) Application rates.
    - (G) Means for even distribution of waste or wastewater.
    - (H) Strategies for periods of adverse weather.
    - (I) Monitoring procedures.
    - (J) Other pertinent information.
- (d) For a discharge of sanitary sewage, unless the Rules provide otherwise, the treatment system must be consistent with the standards in chapter 10 of the publication entitled "Engineering Reports and Facility Plans of the Recommended Standards for Wastewater Facilities" 1997 edition. The standards in chapter 10 are adopted by reference in the Rules. The standards may be purchased from Health Education Services, P.O. Box 7126, Albany, New York 12224, or from the Michigan Department of Environmental Quality, Water Division, P.O. Box 30630, Lansing, Michigan 48909, at a cost at the time of adoption of these Rules of \$12.00, plus shipping and handling.

#### 4. RULE 2223 - DISCHARGE MONITORING.

You are required to monitor your discharge in a manner, at a frequency, and for a substance(s) the department specifies are necessary to assess compliance with these Rules. The components of a monitoring program are:

- (1) Monitoring of an indicator parameter may be used in monitoring if the technique accurately reflects the effect of the discharge. An indicator parameter must be representative of the environmental fate of a substance or substances in the discharge and must be one of the following:
  - (a) A substance in the discharge.
  - (b) A decomposition material of a substance.
  - (c) A sampling parameter that can be directly correlated to the concentration of another substance in the discharge.
- (2) Groundwater monitoring must include the collection of water quality and water level data from a well or group of wells that are specifically designed to adequately assess the impact of the discharge on groundwater. The design of the groundwater monitoring system must be based on all of the following:
  - (a) The hydrogeologic report.
  - (b) Considerations of the local geology.
  - (c) Groundwater conditions specific to each site.
  - (d) The type of discharge.

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- (3) At the time of application for a permit under Rule 2218, an applicant must propose, for department approval, a groundwater sampling and analysis plan that establishes criteria for collecting representative samples of groundwater. The plan must contain all of the following information:
  - (a) The number and location of wells to be included in the groundwater monitoring system.
  - (b) For each well, the depth and screened interval for each monitor well. The screened interval must be referenced to United States geological survey data.
  - (c) Well construction materials and installation techniques.
  - (d) Sampling frequency.
  - (e) A list of substances to be sampled.
  - (f) Sampling procedure, including all of the following:
    - (i) The method and volume of water removed from each well during sampling.
    - (ii) Steps taken to prevent cross contamination between wells.
    - (iii) Sample handling and preservation methods.
    - (iv) Laboratory analysis method.
    - (v) Laboratory method detection level.
    - (vi) Quality assurance and quality control program.
  - (g) A description of the techniques used to present and evaluate groundwater quality monitoring data.
  - (h) A description of the method used to collect static water levels and present groundwater flow data. Static water level precision must be to 0.01 foot.
- (4) A discharger must design, construct, and abandon a monitoring well as follows:
  - (a) A monitoring well must be located at a depth where the screened interval will intercept the path of any discharge from the site in the groundwater.
  - (b) If the thickness of the aquifer receiving the discharge is more than 20 feet, then at least one hydraulically downgradient monitor well location must contain a cluster well. The separation and length of the screens must be such that discrete groundwater potentiometric surface data can be collected to determine vertical gradients within the aquifer.
  - (c) Monitor well construction and sampling equipment materials must not influence the sampling results for the substances sampled.
  - (d) A monitor well must be designed to collect an adequate volume of water to allow analysis for the complete set of substances indicative of the discharge.
  - (e) Annular space between the borehole and the well must be grouted from the ground surface to two feet above the well screen to prevent vertical leakage of the fluids between the casing and the drill hole. When drilling through confining layers, a discharger must install double-cased wells to prevent the hydraulic connection of fluids between formations above and below the confining layer.
  - (f) A well must be protected against the introduction of contaminants by means of a locking device or by another method approved by the department.
  - (g) A well must be vented so that accurate static water levels may be collected, or well caps must be removed a sufficient amount of time before measurement so that representative static water levels can be measured. Care must be taken to prevent the introduction of contaminants through vents.
  - (h) The well casing must be adequately marked and protected against accidental damage.
  - (i) A well must be labeled so that the discharger s name, address and the well number can be determined through the life of the permit.
  - (j) If a monitoring well is to be permanently abandoned, a discharger must follow the plugging procedures in part 127 of Act No. 368 of the Public Acts of 1978, as amended, being 323.12701 to 323.12715 of the Michigan Compiled Laws.
  - (k) A discharger must receive department approval before installing, replacing, redeveloping, or abandoning a monitoring well that is part of the discharge-monitoring program.
- (5) If necessary to measure compliance with a standard established under Rule 2222, the department may specify the monitoring of media in addition to groundwater.
- (6) A monitoring program under this Rule must be evaluated by the department on the basis of the threat the discharge poses to protected uses given all of the following factors:
  - (a) The substances in the discharge.
  - (b) The volume of the discharge.
  - (c) The amount of information related to predicting the impacts of a discharge developed through the hydrogeological report prepared under Rule 2221.

#### **D. APPLICATION PROCESS**

At this point, you should be aware of the type of authorization that you will need from the department. This section describes the process of filing an application form with the department, formally requesting the authorization.

#### 1. WHEN DO I HAVE TO APPLY?

For new discharges or significant changes to an existing discharge, you must submit the application at least 180 days in advance of the proposed date of discharge or significant change (Rule 2106). Permits are generally issued for five years, at which time an updated application must be submitted. For reissuance of an existing permit, you must submit the completed application form and the necessary attachments 180 days prior to the expiration date of your current permit (Rule 2151(1)).

It is strongly recommended, especially prior to submitting an initial application or an application for a Rule 2218 authorization, that you request a pre-application meeting with staff of the Groundwater Section, Water Division. Technical staff will be available to discuss the proposed discharge, and can answer questions and provide information to you regarding such items as treatment alternatives, hydrogeologic studies, waste characterization, etc. It is recommended that you and/or your consultant be prepared to describe, at least in general terms, the basis of design for the proposed or existing wastewater treatment and disposal facilities.

To arrange a pre-application meeting, please contact:

Groundwater Permits Unit Chief Permits Section Water Bureau PO Box 30273 Lansing, MI 48909 Telephone: 517-373-8148 Fax: 517-241-8133

#### 2. HOW IS THE FORM ORGANIZED?

The application form is divided into two sections. Section I, pages 14-17, consists of general information that must be filled out by all applicants. (Occasionally, especially for general permits, not every item in Section I will be required, so please only fill out the applicable portions. For example, if you are applying for a General Permit under Rule 2215 for brine spreading, you would not fill out Item 7 which requests a CMR address). Section II contains information that must be filled out for specific discharges. An index appears after the general information section of the application, Page 18, which lists all of the specific discharges, Rules 2213 through 2216, and other discharges, covered under Rule 2218, and directs you to the appropriate pages for each particular discharge. Many of the discharges require supporting documentation of one kind or another. There are guidesheets available, listed on Page 13 as available reference materials, which provide guidance on how to gather and report the information in a manner that is acceptable to the Department. This does not preclude you from using alternative methods. It only means that if the guidance is followed very carefully, the methodology for collecting and reporting the information will be acceptable.

#### 3. WHO MUST SIGN THE FORM?

The Part 21 Rules have very specific requirements for who must sign an application form. For a **corporation**, the form must be signed by a principal executive officer of at least the level of vice president, or his/her designated representative, if the representative is responsible for the overall operation of the facility from which the discharge described in the permit application (appropriate documentation must be provided to demonstrate the position and responsibility of the designated representative). For a **partnership**, the form must be signed by a general partner, for a sole proprietorship, by the proprietor. For **municipal**, **state or other public facility**, the form must be singed by either a principal executive officer, the mayor, village president, city or village manager or other duly authorized employee. All signatures submitted to the department must be **original signatures**, or the application will be returned to you. The details of these requirements are found in Rule 2114.

#### 4. WHAT ADDITIONAL REFERENCE MATERIALS ARE AVAILABLE?

The following are a list of the acts, rules, forms and other items that can be obtained from the Groundwater Program Section to assist an applicant in filling out an application form and providing information necessary to obtain a groundwater discharge permit or permit exemption:

- 1. Part 31 Water Resources Protection of Act 451
- 2. Part 41 Sewerage Systems of Act 451
- 3. Part 21 Wastewater Discharge Permits Rules of Part 31 of Act 451
- 4. Part 22 Groundwater Quality Rules of Part 31 of Act 451
- 5. Communities Participating in the Michigan Wellhead Protection Plan
- 6. Guidesheet I Guidance document for hydrogeologic studies
- 7. Guidesheet II Guidance document for irrigation management plans
- 8. Guidesheet III Guidance document for waste characterization
- 9. Guidesheet IV Guidance document for wastewater treatment and storage lagoons
- 10. Guidesheet V Guidance document for development of toxicology information
- 11. Guidesheet VI Guidance document for the Operation and Maintenance Manual

#### Requests for any of the above items should be made to:

Permits Section

Groundwater Permits Unit

Water Bureau

Michigan Department of Environmental Quality

P. O. Box 30273

Lansing, Michigan 48909

Telephone: 517-373-8148

FAX: 517-241-8133

There is a charge of 5 cents per page to cover handling costs.

This information is also available electronically on the Internet at the following address: http://www.michigan.gov/deq/0,1607,7-135-3313\_4117---,00.html

#### 5. WHAT IF I HAVE QUESTIONS?

If you have questions about the form or process, please call or fax your questions to the following numbers:

Telephone:	517-373-8148
FAX :	517-241-8133

#### 6. WHERE SHOULD I SEND THE COMPLETED FORM?

Please provide **two copies**, **including the signed original**, of the application form and all pertinent attachments, to the following address:

Permits Section Groundwater Permits Unit

Water Bureau

Michigan Department of Environmental Quality

P. O. Box 30273

Lansing, Michigan 48909

#### 7. DO THE RULES SPECIFY OPERATIONAL REQUIREMENTS?

Appendix B, Pages 45-46, provides an outline of the operational requirements that are mandated by the Part 22 Rules for each particular authorization. Please refer to the specific rule for detailed requirements.

#### 8. PENALTIES

It is against the law to knowingly discharge wastewater into the groundwater without a permit or in violation of an existing permit. It is also against the law to intentionally make false statements in a permit application. A person who commits these offenses is guilty of a felony and substantial fines, and perhaps imprisonment, are the consequences. Section 3115(2) of Act 451 contains the details of the penalties associated with violating Part 31.

The Michigan Department of Environmental Quality (MDEQ) will not discriminate against Any individual or group on the basis of race, sex, religion, age, national origin, color, marital status, disability, or political beliefs. Questions or concerns should be directed to the Office of Personnel Services, PO Box 30473, Lansing, MI 48909

## Groundwater Discharge Permit Application

REFERENCES IN THIS DOCUMENT TO "RULES" ARE TO ADMINISTRATIVE RULES IMPLEMENTING PART 31 OF THE NATURAL RESOURCES AND ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION ACT, 1994 PA 451, AS AMENDED, BEING R 323.2101 TO 2192 AND R 323.2201 TO 2240.

GENERAL INFORMATIO	GI	EN	IEF	RA	LII	NF	OR	(MA	<b>TI</b>	ON	
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Please type or print clearly		
1. DISCHARGE FACILITY NAME		· · · · ·
2. FACILITY OWNER NAME AND MAIL Name	ING ADDRESS	
Street Address or P.O. Box	·	·
City, State and Zip Code	· · · ·	
Telephone No. Fax No.	Draft permits authorized electronically to owner.	pursuant to <b>Rule 2210(y)</b> and <b>2218</b> will be sent Owner Email:
3. CONTACT PERSON Name and Title		
Street Address or P.O. Box		
City, State and Zip Code		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Telephone No.	Fax No.	
4. DISCHARGE LOCATION Street Address		
City	State	Zip Code
County		Township
Township Range	Section Number	
First Quarter Section S	econd Quarter Section	Additional Quarter Sections
Latitude Longitude		
5. FACILITY TYPE Municipal (Sanitary Only) Industrial If Municipal, population served _	Municipal (w/ Sanit Commercial	ary and Industrial Wastewater Inputs)
<ol> <li>CERTIFIED OPERATOR (NOT REQ A Certified Operator is required by Se Name</li> </ol>	UIRED FOR 2211(c), (d), (e ction 3110 (1) of Part 31 of Certification I	Act 451.
Street Address		
City	State	Zip Code
Telephone No.		

		DINC DEDADT EADN	AS SHOULD BE SENT	
			IS SHOULD BE SENT	
IAME			, . <sup>.</sup> .	
TREET ADDRESS				·····
CITY	STATE	ZIP CODE		
. AUTHORIZATION REQUE	STED			
Rule 2210(y), Site Spe	cific Exemption	NEW USE	REISSUANCE	
Rule 2211, Notification		NEW USE	REISSUANCE	
Rule 2213, Notification		NEW USE	REISSUANCE	
Rule 2215, General Pe	ermit, Certificate of Coverage		REISSUANCE	
Rule 2218, Discharge		NEW USE	REISSUANCE REISSUANCE	
	r ennit		REISSUANCE	
	NCE OR AN AUTHORIZATION D NCLUDE THE PERMIT/EXEMPT			
	a permit, Rules 2216 or 2218, or w	as issued		
rior to August 26, 1999, the r			M	
the current authorization is a	a General Permit, Rule 2215, the n	umber is:	MG	
	a site specific exemption, Rule 221		GWE-	•
	notification, Rule 2211, the numb	er is	GWN	
	a notification/certification, Rule 221		GWC	
his information is available the	DUSTRIAL CLASSIFICATION (SIC nrough the US Department of Labo .osha.gov/oshstats/sicser.html		d Heath Administration	, at th
		-		
	e 8 1/2" X 11" maps drawn to scal	e that show the follow	ing:	
Provide two black and whit SITE MAP 1 a) Discharge location in	relation to property boundaries on		ing:	
Provide two black and whit SITE MAP 1 a) Discharge location in b) Township and county	relation to property boundaries on name.		ing:	
Provide two black and whit SITE MAP 1 a) Discharge location in	relation to property boundaries on name.		ing:	•
<ul> <li>Provide two black and whit</li> <li>SITE MAP 1</li> <li>a) Discharge location in</li> <li>b) Township and county</li> <li>c) North arrow orientation</li> </ul>	relation to property boundaries on name. n.	a topographic map.	ing:	•
<ul> <li>Provide two black and whit</li> <li>SITE MAP 1</li> <li>a) Discharge location in</li> <li>b) Township and county</li> <li>c) North arrow orientation</li> <li>SITE MAP 2 - All sites must</li> </ul>	relation to property boundaries on name. n. st include item a, include items b-e	a topographic map. as necessary.		•
SITE MAP 1 a) Discharge location in b) Township and county c) North arrow orientation SITE MAP 2 - All sites must a. Current and proposed	relation to property boundaries on name. n. st include item a, include items b-e t treatment units and discharge are	a topographic map. as necessary.		· .
<ul> <li>Provide two black and whit</li> <li>SITE MAP 1</li> <li>a) Discharge location in</li> <li>b) Township and county</li> <li>c) North arrow orientation</li> <li>SITE MAP 2 - All sites must</li> <li>a. Current and proposed</li> <li>b. Monitoring wells on site</li> <li>c. Potable wells on site</li> </ul>	relation to property boundaries on name. on. st include item a, include items b-e d treatment units and discharge are te and on adjacent properties. and on adjacent properties.	a topographic map. as necessary. eas and distance to pr	operty lines.	•
<ul> <li>Provide two black and whit</li> <li>SITE MAP 1</li> <li>a) Discharge location in</li> <li>b) Township and county</li> <li>c) North arrow orientation</li> <li>SITE MAP 2 - All sites must</li> <li>a. Current and proposed</li> <li>b. Monitoring wells on site</li> <li>c. Potable wells on site</li> <li>d. Surface waters, include</li> </ul>	relation to property boundaries on name. on. st include item a, include items b-e d treatment units and discharge are ite and on adjacent properties. and on adjacent properties. ding wetlands, lakes, rivers, strean	a topographic map. as necessary. eas and distance to pr	operty lines.	•
<ul> <li>Provide two black and whit</li> <li>SITE MAP 1</li> <li>a) Discharge location in</li> <li>b) Township and county</li> <li>c) North arrow orientation</li> <li>SITE MAP 2 - All sites must</li> <li>a. Current and proposed</li> <li>b. Monitoring wells on site</li> <li>c. Potable wells on site</li> <li>d. Surface waters, inclusion</li> </ul>	relation to property boundaries on name. on. st include item a, include items b-e d treatment units and discharge are ite and on adjacent properties. and on adjacent properties. ding wetlands, lakes, rivers, stream iltiple disposal sites.	a topographic map. as necessary. eas and distance to pr	operty lines.	
<ul> <li>Provide two black and whit</li> <li>SITE MAP 1</li> <li>a) Discharge location in</li> <li>b) Township and county</li> <li>c) North arrow orientation</li> <li>SITE MAP 2 - All sites must</li> <li>a. Current and proposed</li> <li>b. Monitoring wells on site</li> <li>c. Potable wells on site</li> <li>d. Surface waters, include</li> <li>e. Distance between must</li> </ul>	relation to property boundaries on name. on. st include item a, include items b-e d treatment units and discharge are ite and on adjacent properties. and on adjacent properties. ding wetlands, lakes, rivers, stream iltiple disposal sites.	a topographic map. as necessary. eas and distance to pr	operty lines.	•
<ul> <li>Provide two black and whit</li> <li>SITE MAP 1</li> <li>a) Discharge location in</li> <li>b) Township and county</li> <li>c) North arrow orientation</li> <li>SITE MAP 2 - All sites must</li> <li>a. Current and proposed</li> <li>b. Monitoring wells on site</li> <li>c. Potable wells on site</li> <li>d. Surface waters, include</li> <li>e. Distance between must</li> </ul>	relation to property boundaries on name. on. st include item a, include items b-e d treatment units and discharge are ite and on adjacent properties. and on adjacent properties. ding wetlands, lakes, rivers, stream iltiple disposal sites.	a topographic map. as necessary. eas and distance to pr	operty lines.	

11. WATER USAGE DIAGRAM Please attach an 8 ½ x 11 diagram showing water usage at the facility, from supply to discharge. Include all flows such as sanitary, process water, etc. Please also indicate where in the system additives or other substances are added to the waste stream for which this authorization is being sought. The water balance should show daily average flow rates at influent, intake and discharge points and daily flow rates between treatment units. Please use actual measurements whenever possible.
12. OWNERSHIP OF TREATMENT SYSTEM AND DISPOSAL AREA Are all parts of the treatment system and discharge areas (e.g. treatment plant, underground piping or irrigation fields) located on property owned by the applicant? Yes No IF NO, ATTACH THE NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE PROPERTY OWNER WHERE THE DISCHARGE WILL
OCCUR, AND A COPY OF THE WRITTEN PERMISSION TO DISCHARGE ON PROPERTY NOT OWNED BY THE DISCHARGER.
13. PROXIMITY OF TREATMENT SYSTEM TO A KNOWN SOURCE OF GROUNDWATER CONTAMINATION Are there any known groundwater contamination sites within 1/4 mile of your disposal site?
Yes No Unknown
IF YES, ATTACH TO THE APPLICATION FORM A DESCRIPTION OF THE LOCATION AND CONTAMINANTS BEING REMEDIATED AT THE SITE.
14. ISOLATION DISTANCE
The following are isolation distances required from the discharge to adjacent water supply wells. What is the distance from your discharge to the nearest water supply well?
WELL TYPE PERMIT AUTHORIZATION: 2218, 2216(3) ALL OTHER AUTHORIZATIONS
I, Ila 2000 200 Ilb. Ill 800 75
IIb, III         800         75           Domestic         300         50
Distance to nearest Type I, IIa water supply well
Distance to nearest Type IIb, III water supply well
Distance to nearest Domestic water supply well
15. ADJACENT PROPERTY OWNERS
List the names and addresses of all property owners adjacent to the facility, treatment systems and discharge locations. Include properties across roadways.
ATTACH ANY ADDITIONAL NAMES AND ADDRESSES TO THE APPLICATION FORM.
NAME COMPLETE MAILING ADDRESS
16. WELLHEAD PROTECTION
Is your facility located in a designated wellhead protection area? Yes No If yes, please identify the community*
<ul> <li>Approved wellhead protection areas can be reviewed at the following web address: http://www.michigan.gov/deq/0,1607,7-135-3313_3675_3695-59280,00.html</li> </ul>
17. SIGNATORY REQUIREMENT
Pursuant to Rule 2114 of the Part 21 Rules, this application must have an original signature, and be signed by
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( ;

• .

the appropriate representative(s) as follows:

Α.	For a corporation, the form must be signed by a principal executive officer of at least the level of
	Vice-president, or his/her designated representative, if the representative is responsible for the overall
	operation of the facility from which the discharge described in the permit application (appropriate
	documentation must be provided to demonstrate the position and responsibility of the designated
	representative).

B. For a partnership, the form must be signed by a general partner.

C. For a sole proprietorship, the form must be signed by the proprietor.

D. For municipal, state or other public facility, the form must be signed by either a principal executive officer, the mayor, village president, city or village manager or other duly authorized employee.

All signatures submitted to the department must be original signatures, or the application will be returned as incomplete. The details of these requirements are found in Rule 2114.

The department reserves the right to request information in addition to that supplied with this application if necessary to verify statements made by the applicant or for the department to make a determination required by Part 31, Water Resources Protection, Natural Resources and Environmental Protection Act, 1994 PA 451, as amended (Act 451) and/or the Part 22 Rules associated with Part 31.

I certify, under penalty of law, that I have personally examined and am familiar with the information submitted in this document and all attachments. The information being submitted was collected and analyzed in accordance with the Part 22 Rules of Part 31 of Act 451, as amended. Based on my inquiry of those individuals immediately responsible for obtaining the information, I believe that the information is true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment.

Print Name	 ;	

Representing

Signature \_\_\_\_

Date

EQP5305 (Rev 12/2004)

THE FOLLOWING INDEX SHOWS WHERE EACH OF THE DISCHARGE SPECIFIC PAGES ARE LOCATED. PLEASE FILL OUT THE APPROPRIATE PAGES FOR THE SPECIFIC DISCHARGE PROPOSED AND ATTACH ALL SUPPORTING DOCUMENTATION.

#### PERMIT INDEX, AUTHORIZATION SPECIFIC INFORMATION

FLRINIT INDEA, AUTTORIZA	TION SPECIFIC INFORM		
RULE 2211 AUTHORIZATION:			RULE SPECIFIC
WASTEWATER TYPE	DAILY MAXIMUM DISCHARG	<u>E, GALLONS</u>	PAGES TO BE FILLED OUT
(a) Sanitary Sewage	6,000 - 10,000		19, 20
(b) Laundromat	< 500		19, 20
(c) Non-contact Cooling Water	>10,000		19, 20
(d) Fruit & Vegetable Washwater	< 50,000		19, 20
(e) Portable Power Washer			19, 21
(f) Pump test Water			19, 21
(g) Hydrostatic Test Water			19, 21
(h) Commercial Animal Care	50 - 1,000		19, 22
(ii) Commercial Animal Care	00 - 1,000	<u>;</u> .	10, 22
RULE 2213 AUTHORIZATION:			
WASTEWATER TYPE	·	• *	
(2) Non-contact cooling water,	< 10,000		23, 24
with additives	< 10,000		23, 24
(3) Egg washing wastewater	< 10,000		23, 24
(4) Cooling water	< 5,000	• •	23, 25
(5) Groundwater remediation,			23, 26
outside plume			· · · ·
			. 1
RULE 2215 AUTHORIZATION			
WASTEWATER TYPE	- 10 000		
00-1 Sanitary Sewage, above groun			27, 28
00-2 Vehicle wash, not open to publi			27, 28
01-3 Slaughterhouse	< 2,000		27, 29
00-4 Gravel, sand, limestone, dolom	ite mining		27, 30
00-5 Oil Field Brine		÷	27, 30
01-6 Vehicle wash, open to the publi	c <3,000		27, 31
			1
RULE 2216 AUTHORIZATION: **			
WASTEWATER TYPE			
(2) Sanitary Sewage,	< 20,000		32, 33
Constructed Wetland	5.0.000		
(3) Sanitary Sewage,	< 50,000		32, 34
Specific 2216 Design		•	· · · · ·
(4) Laundromat wastewater	< 20,000		32, 35
DUILE 2249 ALTUODIZATION MAN			ELISTED
RULE 2218 AUTHORIZATION, WHIC	UN COVERS DISCHARGES INC		
New Permits		•	36, 37 · ,
Reissuance Permit, No Modifications			36, 38
Reissuance Permits, With Significant	wooncations		36, 39
			40
RULE 2210(y) AUTHORIZATION, SI			40

> = GREATER THAN

< = LESS THAN

\*\*RULE 2216 LISTS SPECIFIC DESIGN CRITERIA THAT MUST BE MET TO IN ORDER TO QUALIFY FOR THAT AUTHORIZATION. DISCHARGERS THAT MEET THE FLOW AND WASTEWATER CRITERIA, BUT DO NOT MEET THE DESIGN CRITERIA, MUST EITHER DEMONSTRATE EQUIVALENCY WITH THE RULE 2216 CRITERIA, OR APPLY FOR A PERMIT UNDER RULE 2218.

#### PERMIT BY RULE; NOTIFICATION

#### **RULE 2211**

A facility is authorized to discharge at the time a complete application is received by the department. The permittee will receive an acknowledgement letter from the department, indicating that the application was considered complete or is deficient, in which case the discharge would not be authorized.

1. RULE 2211 AUTHORIZATION REQUESTED:	
Wastewater Type         (a) Sanitary Sewage         (b) Laundromat         (c) Non-contact Cooling Water, w/o additives         (d) Fruit & Vegetable Washwater         (e) Portable Power Washer         (f) Pump Test Water         (g) Hydrostatic Test Water         (h) Commercial Animal Care	<u>Daily Maximum Discharge, Gallons,</u> 6,000 – 10,000 < 500 >10, 000 <50,000 50 - 1,000
2. DISCHARGE VOLUME	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
ALL DISCHARGES:	
Maximum daily discharge:	gallons per day
Cumulative annual discharge: SEASONAL DISCHARGES SHOULD INCLUDE TH Discharge period th	gallons per year IE FOLLOWING: rough
3. DISCHARGE METHOD Please check the discharge method used:	
LAND SURFACE DISPOSAL       DISPOSAL CODE        Spray Irrigation       A1f1        Ridge and Furrow       A1f2        Flood/Sheet Irrigation       A1f3         Seepage Beds:       Seepage Beds:	SUBSURFACE DISPOSALDISPOSAL CODETile FieldA1g1Injection wellA1g2TrenchA1g3DrywellA1g4
Seepage Beds. Slow/Medium Rate A1f4 Rapid Rate A1f5 Other - Please describe:	

apply to this specific discharge: Discharge is between 6,000 and Sanitary sewage is not mixed System is, or is to be, designe The system has been approve	
Discharge is between 6,000 ar Sanitary sewage is not mixed System is, or is to be, designe The system has been approve	
Sanitary sewage is not mixed System is, or is to be, designe The system has been approve	
System is, or is to be, designe The system has been approve	WILLI ULI CI WASIC.
The system has been approve	d in accordance with "Michigan Criteria for Subsurface Sewage Disposal."
If the facility was constructed of the facility was constru	ed by the county, district or city health department having jurisdiction.
	or expanded after August 26, 1999, the flow is monitored by a meter.
	1(b), less than 500 gallons per day. Please check all system
characteristics that apply to this speci	inc discharge.
Discharge is less than 500 gal	
	s of at least two 1,000 gallon septic tanks, followed by disposal to a tile field
	er on the wastewater discharge line. constructed in accordance with "Michigan Criteria for Subsurface Sewage
Disposal."	chonseleter in accordance with michigan chicka for cabballabe cowage
The sanitary sewage is routed	to the same septic tank or tanks as the laundry wastewater.
Non-contact cooling water, Rule 22 system characteristics that apply to the	211(c), more than 10,000 gallons per day, no additives. Please check a his specific discharge:
The discharge is greater than The non-contact cooling water	
Please check which one of the following The source water is from a mu	
	or federal criteria for use as potable water.
The water source meets the st	
The water source is an alterna documentation is attached.	tive to the above. Department approval is required, and supporting
	2211(d), less than 50,000 gallons per day. Please check all system
characteristics that apply to this speci	fic discharge:
The discharge is less than 50,	000 gallons per day.
There are no additives in the d	lischarge.
There are additives in the disc Rule 2222	harge which will not cause the groundwater to exceed the standards of
lease check which one of the following	applies:
The source water is from a mu	inicipal supply.
The water source meets state The water source meets the st	or federal criteria for use as potable water.
The water source is an alterna	tive to the above. Department approval is required, and supporting
documentation is attached.	
e submitted as an analysis of the waste	and the concentration of the additive in the effluent. The concentration can water, or as a mass balance calculation. Wastewater characterization, lations, should follow the guidance found in Guidesheet III.
DDITIVE ANNUAL USE RATE	<u>CONCENTRATION</u> (Indicate how determined, A for analysis, M for mass balance. Please remember to include units of measurement.)
. Portable Power Washer, Rule 2211 discharge:	(e). Please check all system characteristics that apply to this specific
Only household soap or deter	gent readily available to consumers are used for cleaning.
	20 EQP5305 (Rev 12/2004

Additives other than soap and detergent are used only for their	intended purpose and according to
manufacturers directions	ه اين محمد مسيري در بريد منه دو مقطع منه . - بريد باري ماي ماي المراجع منه بين منه منه منه منه منه منه منه منه منه الم
A log of all locations where discharges occur will be maintained	after receiving authorization to discharge,
including date, address, additive(s) used, and item(s) washed.	device of a vehicle activity sent on a
Washing will be limited to removal of dirt and grime from the ex	
stationary source. It will not include the undercarriage of a veh	nicle, or the portion of a vehicle used to
contained or transported substances as a product.	
Discharge will be limited to less than 1000 gallons of washwate	er per month per acre where discharge
occurs.	
Please check which one of the following applies:	· .
The source water is from a municipal supply.	
The water source meets state or federal criteria for use as pota	able water
The water source meets the standards of Rule 323.2222.	
The water source is an alternative to the above. Department a	approval is required, and supporting
documentation is attached.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
. Pump test water associated with environmental remediation, Rul	e 2211(f) discharge outside plume
Please check all system characteristics that apply for this specific disc	
	sharge.
Discharge meets the standards of Pule 2222	
Discharge meets the standards of Rule 2222.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
REATMENT CODES	
	unite i.e. A1h P2h (See APPENDIX A
Select and enter the appropriate treatment codes to describe treatment u	JINIS, I.E., AID, DZD (SEE APPENDIA A,
Pages 41-44).	
Treatment Unit A	
Treatment Unit B	
Treatment Unit C	
Treatment Unit D	
TREATMENT SYSTEM	
Please describe how the current treatment system is/will meet the standa	ards of Rule 2222 and the number of years
t has been in operation.	
	¢
g. Hydrostatic testing or flushing water, Rule 2211(g). Please check	call custom characteristics that apply to
	an system characteristics that apply to
this specific discharge:	
These are no additiven in the discharge	
There are no additives in the discharge.	
The testing is for new pipelines or tanks.	
Please check which one of the following applies:	
Please check which <b>one</b> of the following applies: The source water is from a municipal supply.	able water.
Please check which <b>one</b> of the following applies: The source water is from a municipal supply. The water source meets state or federal criteria for use as potential for use as potential criteria.	able water.
Please check which one of the following applies: The source water is from a municipal supply. The water source meets state or federal criteria for use as pote The water source meets the standards of Rule 2222.	
Please check which <b>one</b> of the following applies: The source water is from a municipal supply. The water source meets state or federal criteria for use as potential The water source meets the standards of Rule 2222. The water source is an alternative to the above. Department a	
Please check which one of the following applies: The source water is from a municipal supply. The water source meets state or federal criteria for use as pote The water source meets the standards of Rule 2222.	
Please check which one of the following applies: The source water is from a municipal supply. The water source meets state or federal criteria for use as potential The water source meets the standards of Rule 2222. The water source is an alternative to the above. Department a	

h. Commercial animal care, Rule 2211(h), between 50 and 1000 gallons per day. Please check all system characteristics that apply to this specific discharge:

The discharge is between 50 and 1,000 gallons per day.

There are no additives in the discharge.

\_\_\_\_ There are additives in the discharge which will not cause the groundwater to exceed the standards of Rule 2222.

\_\_\_\_ The distance to the nearest surface water body is greater than 200 feet.

Please check which one of the following applies:

\_ The source water is from a municipal supply.

The water source meets state or federal criteria for use as potable water.

The water source meets the standards of Rule 323.2222.

The water source is an alternative to the above. Department approval is required, and supporting documentation is attached.

Please list the name of all products used at the facility, and list all of the active ingredients for each of those products:

PRODUCT NAME

MANUFACTURER'S NAME

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS

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#### PERMIT BY RULE, NOTIFICATION WITH DEPARTMENT CERTIFICATION

#### RULE 2213

A facility is authorized to discharge when it receives a certification from the department that verifies the discharge is authorized under this part. Within 60 calendar days of receiving a complete notification form required by this Rule, the department will issue a certification or indicate why the discharger is not authorized to discharge under this Rule.

1. RULE 2213 AUTHORIZATION REQUESTED:
Wastewater Type       Daily Maximum Discharge, Gallons         (2) Non-contact cooling water, with additives       < 10,000
2. DISCHARGE VOLUME     ALL DISCHARGES:     Maximum daily discharge:gallons per day     Cumulative annual discharge:gallons per year
SEASONAL DISCHARGES SHOULD INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING: Discharge period through
IRRIGATION SYSTEMS AND SEEPAGE BEDS UTILIZING SOILS FOR TREATMENT SHOULD INLCUDE THE FOLLOWING: Effluent application rate: Inches per hour Inches per day Inches per week Inches per year
3. DISCHARGE METHOD Please check the discharge method used:
LAND SURFACE DISPOSALDISPOSAL CODESUBSURFACE DISPOSALDISPOSAL CODESpray IrrigationA1f1Tile FieldA1g1Ridge and FurrowA1f2Injection wellA1g2Flood/Sheet IrrigationA1f3TrenchA1g3Flood/Sheet IrrigationA1f3TrenchA1g4
Seepage Beds: Slow/Medium Rate A1f4 Rapid Rate A1f5 Other - Please describe:

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2. Non-contact cooling water with a characteristics that apply to t	ddifives, Rule 2213(2), < 10,000 gallons per day. Please check all system his specific discharge:
The discharge is less than 10 The additive(s) will not cause	0,000 gallons per day groundwater to exceed the standards of Rule 323.2222.
analysis of the wastewater, or as a mas	of all additives in the discharge. The concentration can be submitted as an as balance calculation. Wastewater characterization, including the use of w the guidance found in Guidesheet III.
ADDITIVE ANNUAL USE RATE	<u>CONCENTRATION</u> (Indicate how determined, A for analysis, M for mass balance. Please remember to include units of measurement)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
3. Egg Washing wastewater, Rule 22 characteristics that apply to the second second	213(3), less than 10,000 gallons per day. Please check all system his specific discharge:
The discharge is less than 10 The additive(s) will not cause please fill out the additive info	groundwater to exceed the standards of Rule 323.2222. For each additive,
The water source meets the s	unicipal supply. e or federal criteria for use as potable water.
	of all additives in the discharge. The concentration can be submitted as an as balance calculation. Wastewater characterization, including the use of w the guidance found in Guidesheet III.
ADDITIVE ANNUAL USE RATE	<u>CONCENTRATION</u> (Indicate how determined, A for analysis, M for mass balance. Please remember to include units of measurement)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	······································
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<ol> <li>Cooling water, Rule 2213(4), &lt;5,000 gallons per day. Please check all system characteristics tha this specific discharge:</li> </ol>	t apply to
this specific discharge.	
The discharge is less than 5,000 gallons per day. The discharge contains no additives.	
The discharge contains an additive, and it will not cause the groundwater to exceed the	
standards contained in Rule 2222. Wastewater has been characterized according to Rule 2220 and is listed below. Wastewater	
characterization, including the use of mass balance calculations, should follow the guidance f Guidesheet III.	
If seeking a renewal of a previous authorization, the wastewater has been characterized anni records are attached.	ually and
If seeking a renewal of a previous authorization, the material cooled does not vary substantia used in seeking the original authorization.	illy from that
Please list all additives in the discharge, and the concentration of the additive in the effluent. The conc can be submitted as an analysis of the wastewater, or as a mass balance calculation. Wastewater char ncluding the use of mass balance calculations, should follow the guidance found in Guidesheet III. <b>NOTE:</b> The discharger must characterize the wastewater annually, and submit the records of the annu characterization at the time of reissuance.	racterization,
ADDITIVE ANNUAL USE RATE CONCENTRATION (Indicate how determined, A for analysis, balance. Please remember to include units of measurement)	M for mass
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	<u>, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,</u>
5. Groundwater remediation activities, clean up, discharge outside the plume, 2213(5). Please of system characteristics that apply to this specific discharge:	check all
The remedial action includes a groundwater extraction system designed and exercised to pro-	wont onv
The remedial action includes a groundwater extraction system designed and operated to pre portion of the plume above approved cleanup criteria from migrating beyond the zone of influence approved by the department division that has compliance oversight. The division h	•
compliance oversight is:	aving
Remediation and Redevelopment Division	
Geological and Land Management Division	
Waste and Hazardous Materials Division Water Division	
Other, please identify	
A memorandum from the chief, or his/her designated representative, of the department divis responsible for compliance oversight of the remediation is included which cert	
discharge meets the requirements of part 31, 111, 115, 201, 213, or 615	
A performance-monitoring plan was included in the remediation plan submitted to the depart	tment divisio
responsible for compliance oversight. The plan included the following: Groundwater monitoring wells have been installed within 150 feet of the disch	arge to verif
that the standards of Rule 2222 are being met in groundwater. Effluent and groundwater sampling to verify compliance with Rule 2213(5)(f).	
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		The fre	quency of sa	ampling meets	he requireme	nts of Rule 2	213(5)(e)(ii).	a <u> </u>
for each	Site map		each water		n within ½ mi	le of the disc	harge. A copy	ls adequate to of the well logs
 -	Site map	Ground Extent Calcula Locatio	lwater flow o of contamina Ited capture n of the grou	ation plume.	tion and inter	ception syste	• •	· · · · · ·
			e treatment o	codes to describ	be treatment u	nits, i.e., A1t	o, B2b (see AF	PPENDIX A,
Treatmer Treatmer Treatmer Treatmer	nt Unit B nt Unit C				 			
Please pr standards	rovide a de s of Rule 2	escription of 222.	the treatmer	nt system indica	ting how it wil	l produce an	effluent that w	ill meet the
			······				N.	
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#### GENERAL PERMIT RULE 2215

# A facility is not authorized to discharge until it receives a Certificate of Coverage from the department that verifies the discharge is authorized under this part.

1. RULE 2215 AUTHORIZATION REQUESTED:		
Wastewater TypeDaily Maximum Discharge, Gallons05-1 Above ground sewage disposal< 10,000 (annual average)		
2. DISCHARGE VOLUME ALL DISCHARGES: Maximum daily discharge:gallons per day		
Cumulative annual discharge:gallons per year		
SEASONAL DISCHARGES SHOULD INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING: Discharge period through		
IRRIGATION SYSTEMS AND SEEPAGE BEDS UTILIZING SOILS FOR TREATMENT SHOULD INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING:		
Effluent application rate: Inches per hour Inches per day Inches per week Inches per year		
3. CERTIFICATION OF DISCHARGE MINIMIZATION		
Please attach the steps identified and considered to avoid or minimize the use and discharge of pollutants according to Rule 2215(3).		
4. DISCHARGE METHOD		
Please check the discharge method used:		
LAND SURFACE DISPOSALDISPOSAL CODESUBSURFACE DISPOSALDISPOSAL CODESpray IrrigationA1f1Tile FieldA1g1Ridge and FurrowA1f2Injection wellA1g2Flood/Sheet IrrigationA1f3TrenchA1g3DrywellA1g4DrywellA1g4		
Seepage Beds: Slow/Medium Rate A1f4 Rapid Rate A1f5 Other - Please describe:		

05-1.	
	Above Ground Sewage Disposal Systems, less than 10,000 gallons per day (annual average) Rule 2215. Please check all system characteristics that apply to this specific discharge and fill appropriate blanks:
	Discharge is lose than 20,000 gellens per day, calculated as a daily maximum
	Discharge is less than 20,000 gallons per day, calculated as a daily maximum.
	Discharge is less than 10,000 gallons per day, calculated as an annual average.
[	A log will be maintained on site by the discharger of the daily discharge volume of sanitary sewage. The log shall be retained for a minimum of three years, and made available upon request by the Department.
Prope	ty Ownership:
	Discharge occurs on property owned by the applicant
	Discharge occurs on property not owned by the applicant. Please attach written authorization to
	discharge on that property from the property owner.
Lagoo	n/Irrigation System:
	Anticipated date when plans and specifications for the treatment system will be submitted to the
	Department.
	NOTE: Applicant cannot commence discharge until the Department notifies the discharger that the
	treatment system will meet the requirements of Rule 2204.
	The lagoon system is fenced and perimeter warning signs placed around the perimeter of the lagoon.
	Irrigation occurs between May 1 and October 15.
	If irrigating crops for human consumption, crops will be processed prior to consumption.
	Dairy animals will not be allowed to graze on fields until 30 days after the land application of wastewater.
Isolati	on Distance:
	Effluent will not be applied within 100 feet of the property line The Department has authorized a discharge less than 100 feet from the property line. The
docum	entation for the lesser distance is included with this application, and is found in Attachment
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05-2.	Vehicle Wash Not Open to the Public, less than 2000 gallons per day, Rule 2215. Please check all system characteristics that apply to this specific discharge:
05-2.	system characteristics that apply to this specific discharge:
05-2.	system characteristics that apply to this specific discharge: Discharge is less than 2000 gallons per day.
05-2. 	system characteristics that apply to this specific discharge: Discharge is less than 2000 gallons per day. The discharge consists of washwater with additives designed to remove non-polluting, inert substances
05-2.	system characteristics that apply to this specific discharge: Discharge is less than 2000 gallons per day. The discharge consists of washwater with additives designed to remove non-polluting, inert substances from the exterior of vehicles, which excludes the washing of undercarriages or any portion of the vehicle
05-2.	system characteristics that apply to this specific discharge: Discharge is less than 2000 gallons per day. The discharge consists of washwater with additives designed to remove non-polluting, inert substances from the exterior of vehicles, which excludes the washing of undercarriages or any portion of the vehicle that has come in contact with waste or products.
05-2.	system characteristics that apply to this specific discharge: Discharge is less than 2000 gallons per day. The discharge consists of washwater with additives designed to remove non-polluting, inert substances from the exterior of vehicles, which excludes the washing of undercarriages or any portion of the vehicle that has come in contact with waste or products. Soaps, detergents and additives are used according to manufacturers directions, and do not include
05-2.	system characteristics that apply to this specific discharge: Discharge is less than 2000 gallons per day. The discharge consists of washwater with additives designed to remove non-polluting, inert substances from the exterior of vehicles, which excludes the washing of undercarriages or any portion of the vehicle that has come in contact with waste or products. Soaps, detergents and additives are used according to manufacturers directions, and do not include volatile organic compounds, such as degreasers.
05-2.	system characteristics that apply to this specific discharge: Discharge is less than 2000 gallons per day. The discharge consists of washwater with additives designed to remove non-polluting, inert substances from the exterior of vehicles, which excludes the washing of undercarriages or any portion of the vehicle that has come in contact with waste or products. Soaps, detergents and additives are used according to manufacturers directions, and do not include volatile organic compounds, such as degreasers. A log will be maintained on site by the discharger of the daily discharge volume of washwater with
	<ul> <li>system characteristics that apply to this specific discharge:</li> <li>Discharge is less than 2000 gallons per day.</li> <li>The discharge consists of washwater with additives designed to remove non-polluting, inert substances from the exterior of vehicles, which excludes the washing of undercarriages or any portion of the vehicle that has come in contact with waste or products.</li> <li>Soaps, detergents and additives are used according to manufacturers directions, and do not include volatile organic compounds, such as degreasers.</li> <li>A log will be maintained on site by the discharger of the daily discharge volume of washwater with additives. The log shall be retained for a minimum of three years, and made available upon request by</li> </ul>
  the	<ul> <li>system characteristics that apply to this specific discharge:</li> <li>Discharge is less than 2000 gallons per day.</li> <li>The discharge consists of washwater with additives designed to remove non-polluting, inert substances from the exterior of vehicles, which excludes the washing of undercarriages or any portion of the vehicle that has come in contact with waste or products.</li> <li>Soaps, detergents and additives are used according to manufacturers directions, and do not include volatile organic compounds, such as degreasers.</li> <li>A log will be maintained on site by the discharger of the daily discharge volume of washwater with additives. The log shall be retained for a minimum of three years, and made available upon request by Department.</li> </ul>
  the	<ul> <li>system characteristics that apply to this specific discharge:</li> <li>Discharge is less than 2000 gallons per day.</li> <li>The discharge consists of washwater with additives designed to remove non-polluting, inert substances from the exterior of vehicles, which excludes the washing of undercarriages or any portion of the vehicle that has come in contact with waste or products.</li> <li>Soaps, detergents and additives are used according to manufacturers directions, and do not include volatile organic compounds, such as degreasers.</li> <li>A log will be maintained on site by the discharger of the daily discharge volume of washwater with additives. The log shall be retained for a minimum of three years, and made available upon request by Department.</li> <li>on Distance:</li> </ul>
  the	<ul> <li>system characteristics that apply to this specific discharge:</li> <li>Discharge is less than 2000 gallons per day.</li> <li>The discharge consists of washwater with additives designed to remove non-polluting, inert substances from the exterior of vehicles, which excludes the washing of undercarriages or any portion of the vehicle that has come in contact with waste or products.</li> <li>Soaps, detergents and additives are used according to manufacturers directions, and do not include volatile organic compounds, such as degreasers.</li> <li>A log will be maintained on site by the discharger of the daily discharge volume of washwater with additives. The log shall be retained for a minimum of three years, and made available upon request by Department.</li> <li>on Distance:</li> <li>Effluent will not be applied within 100 feet of the property line.</li> </ul>
 the Isolatio	<ul> <li>system characteristics that apply to this specific discharge:</li> <li>Discharge is less than 2000 gallons per day.</li> <li>The discharge consists of washwater with additives designed to remove non-polluting, inert substances from the exterior of vehicles, which excludes the washing of undercarriages or any portion of the vehicle that has come in contact with waste or products.</li> <li>Soaps, detergents and additives are used according to manufacturers directions, and do not include volatile organic compounds, such as degreasers.</li> <li>A log will be maintained on site by the discharger of the daily discharge volume of washwater with additives. The log shall be retained for a minimum of three years, and made available upon request by Department.</li> <li>on Distance:</li> <li>Effluent will not be applied within 100 feet of the property line.</li> <li>The Department has authorized a discharge less than 100 feet from the property line. The</li> </ul>
the Isolatio	<ul> <li>system characteristics that apply to this specific discharge:</li> <li>Discharge is less than 2000 gallons per day.</li> <li>The discharge consists of washwater with additives designed to remove non-polluting, inert substances from the exterior of vehicles, which excludes the washing of undercarriages or any portion of the vehicle that has come in contact with waste or products.</li> <li>Soaps, detergents and additives are used according to manufacturers directions, and do not include volatile organic compounds, such as degreasers.</li> <li>A log will be maintained on site by the discharger of the daily discharge volume of washwater with additives. The log shall be retained for a minimum of three years, and made available upon request by Department.</li> <li>on Distance:</li> <li>Effluent will not be applied within 100 feet of the property line.</li> <li>The Department has authorized a discharge less than 100 feet from the property line. The entation for the lesser distance is included with this application, and is found in Attachment</li> </ul>
the Isolatio	<ul> <li>system characteristics that apply to this specific discharge:</li> <li>Discharge is less than 2000 gallons per day.</li> <li>The discharge consists of washwater with additives designed to remove non-polluting, inert substances from the exterior of vehicles, which excludes the washing of undercarriages or any portion of the vehicle that has come in contact with waste or products.</li> <li>Soaps, detergents and additives are used according to manufacturers directions, and do not include volatile organic compounds, such as degreasers.</li> <li>A log will be maintained on site by the discharger of the daily discharge volume of washwater with additives. The log shall be retained for a minimum of three years, and made available upon request by Department.</li> <li>on Distance:</li> <li>Effluent will not be applied within 100 feet of the property line.</li> <li>The Department has authorized a discharge less than 100 feet from the property line. The entation for the lesser distance is included with this application, and is found in Attachment</li> </ul>
the Isolatio	<ul> <li>system characteristics that apply to this specific discharge:</li> <li>Discharge is less than 2000 gallons per day.</li> <li>The discharge consists of washwater with additives designed to remove non-polluting, inert substances from the exterior of vehicles, which excludes the washing of undercarriages or any portion of the vehicle that has come in contact with waste or products.</li> <li>Soaps, detergents and additives are used according to manufacturers directions, and do not include volatile organic compounds, such as degreasers.</li> <li>A log will be maintained on site by the discharger of the daily discharge volume of washwater with additives. The log shall be retained for a minimum of three years, and made available upon request by Department.</li> <li>on Distance:</li> <li>Effluent will not be applied within 100 feet of the property line.</li> <li>The Department has authorized a discharge less than 100 feet from the property line. The entation for the lesser distance is included with this application, and is found in Attachment</li> <li>check which one of the following applies:</li> <li>The source water is from a municipal supply.</li> </ul>
the Isolatio	system characteristics that apply to this specific discharge: Discharge is less than 2000 gallons per day. The discharge consists of washwater with additives designed to remove non-polluting, inert substances from the exterior of vehicles, which excludes the washing of undercarriages or any portion of the vehicle that has come in contact with waste or products. Soaps, detergents and additives are used according to manufacturers directions, and do not include volatile organic compounds, such as degreasers. A log will be maintained on site by the discharger of the daily discharge volume of washwater with additives. The log shall be retained for a minimum of three years, and made available upon request by Department. <b>on Distance:</b> Effluent will not be applied within 100 feet of the property line. The Department has authorized a discharge less than 100 feet from the property line. The entation for the lesser distance is included with this application, and is found in Attachment check which <b>one</b> of the following applies: The source water is from a municipal supply. The water source meets state or federal criteria for use as potable water.
the Isolatio	<ul> <li>system characteristics that apply to this specific discharge:</li> <li>Discharge is less than 2000 gallons per day.</li> <li>The discharge consists of washwater with additives designed to remove non-polluting, inert substances from the exterior of vehicles, which excludes the washing of undercarriages or any portion of the vehicle that has come in contact with waste or products.</li> <li>Soaps, detergents and additives are used according to manufacturers directions, and do not include volatile organic compounds, such as degreasers.</li> <li>A log will be maintained on site by the discharger of the daily discharge volume of washwater with additives. The log shall be retained for a minimum of three years, and made available upon request by Department.</li> <li>on Distance:</li> <li>Effluent will not be applied within 100 feet of the property line.</li> <li>The Department has authorized a discharge less than 100 feet from the property line. The entation for the lesser distance is included with this application, and is found in Attachment</li> <li>check which one of the following applies:</li> <li>The source water is from a municipal supply.</li> <li>The water source meets state or federal criteria for use as potable water.</li> <li>The water source meets the standards of Rule 2222.</li> </ul>
the Isolatio	<ul> <li>system characteristics that apply to this specific discharge:</li> <li>Discharge is less than 2000 gallons per day.</li> <li>The discharge consists of washwater with additives designed to remove non-polluting, inert substances from the exterior of vehicles, which excludes the washing of undercarriages or any portion of the vehicle that has come in contact with waste or products.</li> <li>Soaps, detergents and additives are used according to manufacturers directions, and do not include volatile organic compounds, such as degreasers.</li> <li>A log will be maintained on site by the discharger of the daily discharge volume of washwater with additives. The log shall be retained for a minimum of three years, and made available upon request by Department.</li> <li><b>on Distance:</b></li> <li>Effluent will not be applied within 100 feet of the property line.</li> <li>The Department has authorized a discharge less than 100 feet from the property line. The entation for the lesser distance is included with this application, and is found in Attachment</li> <li>check which <b>one</b> of the following applies:</li> <li>The water source meets state or federal criteria for use as potable water.</li> <li>The water source meets the standards of Rule 2222.</li> <li>The water source is an alternative to the above. Department approval is required, and supporting</li> </ul>
the Isolatio	<ul> <li>system characteristics that apply to this specific discharge:</li> <li>Discharge is less than 2000 gallons per day.</li> <li>The discharge consists of washwater with additives designed to remove non-polluting, inert substances from the exterior of vehicles, which excludes the washing of undercarriages or any portion of the vehicle that has come in contact with waste or products.</li> <li>Soaps, detergents and additives are used according to manufacturers directions, and do not include volatile organic compounds, such as degreasers.</li> <li>A log will be maintained on site by the discharger of the daily discharge volume of washwater with additives. The log shall be retained for a minimum of three years, and made available upon request by Department.</li> <li>on Distance:</li> <li>Effluent will not be applied within 100 feet of the property line.</li> <li>The Department has authorized a discharge less than 100 feet from the property line. The entation for the lesser distance is included with this application, and is found in Attachment</li> <li>check which one of the following applies:</li> <li>The source water is from a municipal supply.</li> <li>The water source meets state or federal criteria for use as potable water.</li> <li>The water source meets the standards of Rule 2222.</li> </ul>

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05-3. Slaughterhouse Washwater with Additives, less than 2,000 gallons per day (annual average) Rule 2215. Please check all system characteristics that apply to this specific discharge:	
The discharge is less than 2,000 gallons per day calculated as an annual average.	
<ul> <li>I he washwater shall only contain additives resulting from cleaning operations.</li> <li>Soaps, detergents and additives are used according to manufacturers directions, and do not include volatile organic compounds, such as degreasers.</li> </ul>	
volatile organic compounds, such as degreasers.	
The discharger has taken steps to minimize the discharge of blood, fat, paunch and other solids.	
The wastewater is transported to the discharge location in enclosed containers.	
The wastewater is transported to the discharge location in enclosed containers. A log will be maintained on site by the discharger of the daily discharge volume of washwater with	
additives. The log shall be retained for a minimum of three years, and made available upon request by	
the Department.	
Please check which one of the following applies to the facility water source:	
The source water is from a municipal supply.	
The water source meets state or federal criteria for use as potable water.	
The water source meets the standards of Rule 2222.	
The water source is an alternative to the above. Department approval is required, and supporting	
documentation is attached.	
Location:	
The facility is located in the Upper Peninsula.	
The facility is located in the Lower Peninsula.	
Property Ownership:	
Discharge occurs on property owned by the applicant	
Discharge occurs on property not owned by the applicant. Please attach written authorization to	
discharge on that property from the property owner.	
Lagoon/Irrigation System:	
Anticipated date when plans and specifications for the treatment system will be submitted to the	
Department.	
NOTE: Applicant cannot commence discharge until the Department notifies the discharger that the	
treatment system will meet the requirements of Rule 2204.	
The lagoon system is fenced and perimeter warning signs placed around the perimeter of the lagoon.	
If irrigating crops for human consumption, crops will be processed prior to consumption.	
Growing Season:	
Irrigation occurs between May 1 and November 15 in the Lower Peninsula, between May 1 and Octobe	er
15 in the Upper Peninsula.	
The discharge is less than 4,000 gallons per acre per day.	
The irrigation area is vegetated to prevent erosion and provide adequate nutrient uptake.	
Effluent will not be applied within 100 feet of the property line.	
The Department has authorized a discharge less than 100 feet from the property line. The	
documentation for the lesser distance is included with this application, and is found in Attachment	
Winter Season:	
Irrigation occurs between November 16 and April 30 in the Lower Peninsula, between October 16 and	
April 30 in the Upper Peninsula.	
The discharge is less than 2,000 gallons per acre per week.	
The maximum total winter seasonal discharge is 10,000 gallons per acre.	
The irrigation area is vegetated to prevent erosion and provide adequate nutrient uptake.	tolv
The irrigation area will be vegetated to prevent erosion and provide adequate nutrient uptake immediat	.eiy
after snow melt.	
The slope of the discharge area does not exceed two per cent.	
Effluent will not be applied within 400 feet of the property line, homes, buildings or surface water. The Department has authorized a discharge less than 400 feet from the property line. The	
documentation for the lesser distance is included with this application, and is found in Attachment	

	Gravel, sand, limestone, or dolomite mining, Rule 2215. Please check all system characteristics that apply to this specific discharge:
	The discharge consists of washwater without additives, used for the purpose of washing and sorting
	uncontaminated gravel, sand, limestone or dolomite.
	A log will be maintained on site by the discharger of the daily discharge volume of washwater without
	additives. The log shall be retained for a minimum of three years, and made available upon request by
the ·	Department.
Propert	y Ownership:
	Discharge occurs on property owned by the applicant
[	Discharge occurs on property not owned by the applicant. Please attach written authorization to
	discharge on that property from the property owner.
Isolatio	n Distance:
	Effluent will not be applied within 100 feet of the property line
	The Department has authorized a discharge less than 100 feet from the property line. The
	ntation for the lesser distance is included with this application, and is found in Attachment
	check which <b>one</b> of the following applies: The source water is from a municipal supply.
	The water source meets state or federal criteria for use as potable water.
	The water source meets the standards of Rule 323.2222.
<u> </u>	The water source is an alternative to the above. Department approval is required, and supporting
· · ·	documentation is attached.
	Application of Oil Field Brine, Rule 2215. Please check all system characteristics that apply to this specific discharge:
<u></u>	The brine meets the requirements of R 324.705(3) of Part 615, Supervisor of Wells, 1994, PA 451, as amended.
	The brine is being used for ice or dust control or soil stabilization on land.
	Vehicular equipment used for the spreading of approved oil field brine is dedicated for that use or hauling
	fresh water. Brine will not be applied at a site of environmental contamination for chlorides as defined under Part 201
	of Act 451.
	A brine application log will be maintained in the application vehicle for the previous two weeks
	applications of brine use that includes the information required in Section A.9 of the General Permit, and
	made available upon request by the Department or a peace officer.
	A brine application log will be maintained by the discharger for a minimum of three years of brine use
	which shall include the information required in Section A.9 of the General Permit, and made available
	upon request by the Department or a peace officer.
Dust Co	ontrol/Soil Stabilization:
	The number of brine applications per year will be in accordance with Condition A.4.a. and
	Condition A.4.b. of the General Permit.
	Brine will be applied to roads and parking areas with a spreader bar delivering the brine over an eight to
	ten foot area. Brine will be applied at a maximum rate of 1500 gallons per lane mile of road or 1,250 gallons per acre of
<u> </u>	
	land. Brine will be applied in a manner to prevent runoff.
Ice Con	
100 0011	Brine will be applied only to paved roads or paved parking lots.
	Brine will be applied at a maximum rate of 500 gallons per lane mile or 400 gallons per acre of land.
<u> </u>	Brine will be applied only when the air temperature is above 20 degrees Fahrenheit.
	Brine will be applied with equipment designed to direct the discharge to the center of the pavement or
	high sides of curves.
	Brine application equipment will be equipped with measuring devices to ensure brine applications meet
	Brine application equipment will be equipped with measuring devices to ensure brine applications meet the requirements of the General Permit.

30

фA	05-6. Vehicle Wash, open to the public, <b>Rule 2215</b> . Please check all system characteristics that apply to this specific discharge.			
	<ul> <li>The facility was in operation as of April 1, 2001.</li> <li>The discharge is less than 3,000 gallons per day.</li> <li>The soaps, detergents, and other cleaning chemicals do not contain volatile organic compounds, such as degreasers.</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>There are no repair or maintenance activities taking place in the wash areas.</li> <li>Detergents, surfactants and other additives are only used in accordance with manufacturers specifications.</li> </ul>			
	Groundwater will be sampled twice per year and analyzed for the substances listed in Tables I, II and III of this General Permit.			
	Isolation Distance:			
	Effluent will not be applied within 100 feet of the property line			
	The Department has authorized a discharge less than 100 feet from the property line. The documentation for the lesser distance is included with this application, and is found in Attachment			
	Monitor Wells:			
	Monitor wells have been installed in accordance with Attachment II of this General Permit. A map showing the location of the wells in relation to the discharge, well logs, elevations (referenced to USGS)			
datum) for top of casing, ground, and well screen interval, are found in Attachment				
	Please check which one of the following applies:			
	The source water is from a municipal supply.			
	The water source meets state or federal criteria for use as potable water. The water source meets the standards of Rule 323.2222.			
	The water source is an alternative to the above. Department approval is required, and supporting			
	documentation is attached.			
	05-7. Hydrodemolition, Rule 2215. Please check all system characteristics that apply to this specific discharge.			
	The discharge does not add additional contaminants to those present in the hydrodemolition wastewater. There is no discharge to surface water.			
	The discharge is consistent with Michigan Department of Transportation contract documents for			
	managing Hydrodemolition runoff water or other methods approved by the Department of Environmental Quality.			
	The discharge occurs only on property where the discharger has a legal authorization for such a			
	discharge on that property. The discharger maintains, on site, a log detailing the daily process wastewater discharge activities. The			
	log shall be available for inspection and submitted to the Department of Environmental Quality upon request: Records will be maintained for a period of three years unless otherwise required by the Department of Environmental Quality.			

#### RULE 323.2216

(1,2,2,3)

#### PERMITS FOR SPECIFIC DISCHARGES

#### A DISCHARGE OF THE TYPE AND VOLUME SPECIFIED IN RULE 2216 THAT DOES NOT MEET THE SPECIFIC CRITERIA OF THIS RULE MUST APPLY FOR A PERMIT UNDER RULE 2218.

1. RULE 2216 AUTHORIZATIO	N REQUESTED		
· WASTEWATER TYPE	• •	DAILY MAXIMUM DISCHA	RGE, GALLONS
(2a) Sanitary Sewage,		less than 20,000	
(2b) Alternative Treatn (3) Sanitary Sewage,		less than 50,000	•
(4) Laundromat Wast		less than 20,000	
2. DISCHARGE VOLUME	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		·
ALL DISCHARGES:			
Maximum daily discharge	e:	gailons per day	
Cumulative annual discharge:		gallons per year	
SEASONAL DISCHARGES SHOULD INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING: Discharge period			
IRRIGATION SYSTEMS AND SE FOLLOWING:	EEPAGE BEDS UTILIZ	ING SOILS FOR TREATME	NT SHOULD INLCUDE THE
Effluent application rate:		Inches not wook	
Inches per hour Inc	nes per day		
3. PUBLIC NOTICE	· · · ·	<u></u>	· · ·
Please attach a copy of the p	ublic notice, containing	i information required by Rul	e 2217(2)(b).
4. CERTIFICATION OF DISCHA	RGE MINIMIZATION	///	
Please attach the steps identified	l and considered to avo	id or minimize the use and r	tischarge of pollutants
according to Rule 2217(2)(c)			
5. DISCHARGE METHOD			
Please check the discharge meth	nod used:		· · · · ·
LAND SURFACE DISPOSAL	DISPOSAL CODE	SUBSURFACE DISPOSAL	DISPOSAL CODE
Spray Irrigation	A1f1	Tile Field	A1g1
Ridge and Furrow	A1f2	Injection well	A1g2
Flood/Sheet Irrigation	A1f3	Trench	A1g3
Saapaga Pada:		Drywell	A1g4
Seepage Beds: Slow/Medium Rate	A1f4		
Rapid Rate	A1f5		
Other - Please describe:			
-			
· ·	•		

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6a. Sanitary Sewage, Constructed Wetland, Rule 2216(2), less than 20,000 gallons per day. Please check all system characteristics that apply for this specific discharge, either already in place or are part of the proposed design of the treatment system: The discharge is less than 20,000 gallons per day. A minimum of 2 septic tanks are installed in series preceding the constructed wetland. The septic tanks have a combined volume of at least 2 times the daily design flow. The outfall to the constructed wetland is equipped with a septic tank effluent filter. There is a system to enhance nitrification prior to discharge to the constructed wetland. The discharge has been treated to remove oil and grease, if applicable. The system has at least 2 wetland cells. Each wetland cell has a length to width ratio of between 2:1 and 4:1. The constructed wetland treatment cells have a composite bottom liner in compliance with Rule 2237. See Guidesheet IV for lagoon construction guidance The bottom of the lagoon cell has been constructed to be level. The wetland cell filter media consists of 1/2-inch to 1-inch washed gravel with 100% passing the 1.0-inch sieve and a maximum of 3% passing the 1/2-inch sieve. The filter media is between 18 inches and 30 inches in depth. The constructed wetland is insulated with at least 6 inches of mulch or other comparable substitute. The filter surface area hydraulic loading rate is not more than 1.2 gallons per square foot per day. The design retention time is not less than 7 calendar days. Indigenous or sterile wetland vegetation has been planted on a 1-foot grid across each wetland cell. The system has the capability to recirculate effluent back into the influent end of the system. The wetland cell discharges to a tile field designed and constructed in accordance with the provisions of the publication entitled "Michigan)Criteria for Subsurface Sewage Disposal," April 1994. The tile field has been approved by: The county, district, or city health department that has jurisdiction. The department. 6b. Sanitary Sewage, Rule 2216(2)(b), less than 20,000 gallons per day, alternative treatment system. Alternative treatment system. If you are applying for an authorization for a alternative treatment system equivalent to a constructed wetland, please attach documentation that the proposed system produces an

effluent of similar quality to that of the constructed wetland.

7. San	itary sewage, specific design, Rule 2216(3), less than 50,000 gallons per day.
	Please check the treatment systems being proposed under this Rule: Lagoon w/land treatment
	Sequencing batch reactor
	Activated sludge w/denitrification Oxidation ditch
·	Other If other, please describe:
Please	check all system characteristics that apply for this specific discharge: The discharge is less than 50,000 gallons per day.
	The sanitary sewage is not mixed with any other type of wastewater.
	The treatment system has sufficient hydraulic capacity to treat organic or inorganic loading so that the discharge receives physical, chemical, biological treatment or a combination of treatments to meet the standards of Rule 2222.
	The facility is under the supervision of a certified operator.
	Land application is in accordance with Rule 2233, requirements common to all land application.
	Land application is in accordance with the specific requirements of the following Rule:
	Rule 2234, Slow rate land treatment
	Rule 2235, Overland flow treatment
	Rule 2236, Rapid Infiltration
7a.	Lagoon with land treatment
	The lagoon liner meets the requirements of Rule 2237. See Guidesheet IV for lagoon construction guidance.
	The Jacoon system has at least 2 cells
	The lagoon storage volume is at a minimum 1/2 of the annual influent flow.
	The lagoon has security fencing and warning signs.
	Wastewater disposal is by means of land application to a suitable crop in accordance with Rule 2233. See
	Guidesheet II for guidance regarding land application of wastewater.
I	The discharge occurs only from a cell(s) which have not received untreated wastewater for at least 30
	calendar days prior to the discharge. ns without aeration
Lagool	Cell 1 does not exceed a maximum depth of 6 feet.
	Cell 2 does not exceed a maximum depth of 8 feet.
	All additional cells do not exceed a maximum depth of 10 feet.
Lagooi	ns with aeration
	A minimum of 2 mg/l of dissolved oxygen is maintained in the primary cell.
	The maximum depth of secondary cells does not exceed 10 feet.
7b.	Sequencing batch reactor
	The discharge meets the requirements of Rule 2222 in the effluent.
· · · · ·	The facility has a contingency plan to deal with periods of upset, mechanical malfunctions, and routine
	maintenance while maintaining compliance with this part.
	The sequencing batch reactor system has at least 2 treatment tanks.
7.	
7c.	All other treatment systems which do not involve land treatment
	The treatment system has a minimum storage volume of 1/2 the annual influent flow. The treatment system does not have a minimum storage volume of 1/2 the annual influent flow, the
	discharge meets the requirements of Rule 2222 in the effluent, and the facility has a contingency plan to deal
	with periods of upset, mechanical malfunctions, and routine maintenance while maintaining compliance with
	these rules.

8. Laundromat Wastewater, Rule 2216(4), less than 20,000 gallons per day. Please check all system characteristics that apply for this specific discharge:

\_ The discharge is less than 20,000 gallons per day.

\_ The laundromat does not have any dry cleaning operations.

The lagoon liner meets the requirements of Rule 2237. See Guidesheet IV for lagoon construction guidance.

The storage volume of the lagoon is at a minimum 1/2 of the annual influent flow.

The lagoon system has at least 2 cells.

The discharge shall occur only from cells that have not received untreated wastewater for at least 30 days.

\_\_\_\_\_ The lagoons have security fencing and warning signs.

Discharge of treated wastewater is by means of low-rate application in accordance with Rule 2233. See Guidesheet II for guidance regarding land application of wastewater.

The spray irrigation system is under pressure to enhance volatilization of organic constituents.

If aeration is not included as part of the lagoon treatment system, the following apply:

Cell 1 does not exceed a maximum depth of 6 feet.

Cell 2 does not exceed a maximum depth of 8 feet.

Additional cells do not exceed a maximum depth of 10 feet.

If aeration is included as part of the lagoon treatment system, the following apply:

The maximum depth of secondary cells does not exceed 10 feet.

A minimum of 2 mg/l of dissolved oxygen will be maintained in the primary cell.

# RULE 323.2218

## DISCHARGE PERMITS

1. TYPE OF TREATED WASTEWATER FOR WHICH THE AUTHORIZATION IS REQUESTED. PLEASE CHECK ALL THAT APPLY
Sanitary sewage         Process wastewater         Cooling water, greater than 5,000 gallons per day         Non-contact cooling without additives, greater than 10,000 gallons per day, source water not approved department.         Non-contact cooling water with additives, greater than 10,000 gallons per day.         Other, please describe:
2. DISCHARGE VOLUME ALL DISCHARGES: Maximum daily discharge: gallons per day
Cumulative annual discharge:gallons per year
SEASONAL DISCHARGES SHOULD INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING: Discharge period through
IRRIGATION SYSTEMS AND SEEPAGE BEDS UTILIZING SOILS FOR TREATMENT SHOULD INLCUDE THE FOLLOWING: Effluent application rate: Inches per hour Inches per day Inches per week Inches per year
3. DISCHARGE METHOD Please check the discharge method used:
LAND SURFACE DISPOSAL       DISPOSAL CODE       SUBSURFACE DISPOSAL       DISPOSAL CODE        Spray Irrigation       A1f1      Tile Field       A1g1        Ridge and Furrow       A1f2      Injection well       A1g2        Flood/Sheet Irrigation       A1f3      Trench       A1g3        Seepage Beds:      Drywell       A1g4        Slow/Medium Rate       A1f5      Dther - Please describe:      I
<ol> <li>TREATMENT CODES Select and enter the appropriate treatment codes to describe treatment units, i.e., A1b, B2b (see APPENDIX A, Pages 41-44)</li> </ol>
Treatment Unit A
Please provide a description of the treatment system indicating how it will produce an effluent that will meet the standards of Rule 2222.

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4a. New Permits - Rule 2218(3)(a)

The following information must be included in the application for a new permit. Refer directly to Rule 2218 for specific information requirements. Please indicate where the necessary information is included in this application. Please indicate NA for those that do not apply to your discharge:

An evaluation of the feasibility of alternatives to discharge to the groundwater in accordance with Rule 2219. See instructions, Page 9. This item is found \_\_\_\_\_\_.

The basis of design as required by 323.2218(2). See instructions, Page 10. This item is found

The hydrogeological report as required by Rule 2221. See Guidesheet I. This item is found

The wastewater characterization as required by Rule 2220. See Guidesheet III. This item is found

If a standard applicable to the discharge is to be determined under Rule 2222(5), the information necessary to determine that standard, including whether a substance is a hazardous substance under Part 201. See Guidesheet V. This item is found \_\_\_\_\_\_

The groundwater, or other media, sampling and analysis plan specified by Rule 2223. See instructions, Page 10 This item is found \_\_\_\_\_.

\_\_\_\_ Information is attached that demonstrates the land treatment requirements of Rule 2233 will be met. See Guidesheet II. This item is found \_\_\_\_\_\_.

If a lagoon is included in the treatment process, information that demonstrates that the requirements of Rule 2237 will be met. See Guidesheet IV. This item is found \_\_\_\_\_\_

Incl	luded:	•	,		•						
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<u> </u>		arge consists of permitted.	the same q	uantity, er	fluent ch	aracterizatio	n, and ti	eatment	i process	as	
	A narrative description of the history of facility compliance with effluent and groundwater permit limits and sampling frequency is included. This item is found An updated site map is included. This item is found The most recent static water levels and groundwater elevations from all wells on site. This item is found										
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		recent groundwa	ater quality	results are	e include	d from all we	ells on si	te. This	item is fo	und	,
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ase		t all of the follo					•	•			
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	found	tion of whether t	horo aro do	neral tron	de in the	effluent or a	roundwa	tor com	nling data	, indicati	<b>n</b> /
		scharge is appro						ater sam	ping data	amuicati	ΠĘ
	The disch	arger has provid	ed the depa	artment, w	ithin 30 (	calendar day	s of com	pletion	of constru	iction of I	th
	treatment	facilities, a certif	ication by a	n enginee	r license	d under Act	No. 299	of the P	ublic Acts	s of 1980	
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		that a quality co	ntrol and qu	uality assu	irance pi	rogram was i	utilized a			es were	), a
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	consistent	that a quality co with standard co	ntrol and qu	uality assu	irance pi	rogram was i ly with the pe	utilized a	I this par	t	es were	), 

4c. Reissuance of current permit, with significant modifications Rule 2218(3)(b). The following information must be included in the application for the reissuance of your current permit. Please check that all items have been included:
An evaluation of the feasibility of alternatives to discharge to the groundwater in accordance with Rule 2219 is included. See Page 9. This item is found
The basis of design required by 323.2218(2) is included. See Page 10. This item is found
The hydrogeological report required by Rule 2221 is included. See Guidesheet I. This item is found
The wastewater characterization required by Rule 2220 is included. See Guidesheet III. This item is found
If a standard applicable to the discharge is to be determined under Rule 2222(5), the information necessary to determine that standard, including whether a substance is a hazardous substance under Part 201. See Guidesheet V. This item is found
The monitoring plan as specified by Rule 2223 is included. See Page 10. This item is found
Information that demonstrates the land treatment requirements of Rule 2233 will be met is included. See Guidesheet II. This item is found
If a lagoon is included in the treatment process, information that demonstrates that the requirements of Rule 2237 will be met is included. See Guidesheet IV. This item is found
A narrative description of the history of facility compliance with effluent and groundwater permit limits and sampling frequency is included. This item is found
An updated site map is included. This item is found
The most recent static water levels and groundwater elevations from all wells on site are included. This item is found
A current groundwater contour map and a narrative evaluation of whether changes to the existing groundwater monitoring system are warranted and the rationale for any proposed change are included. This item is found
The most recent groundwater quality results from all wells on site are included. This item is found
The most recent effluent quality results are included. This item is found
Please check that all of the following that apply are included: If permit limits were exceeded, a description of the steps taken to bring the facility into compliance. This
item is found An evaluation of whether there are general trends in the effluent or groundwater sampling data indicating
that the discharge is approaching permit limits. This item is found The discharger has provided the department, within 30 calendar days of completion of construction of the treatment facilities, a certification by an engineer licensed under Act No. 299 of the Public Acts of 1980, as amended, that a quality control and quality assurance program was utilized and that the facilities were built consistent with standard construction practices to comply with the permit and this part.

## SITE SPECIFIC EXEMPTION

RULE 2210(Y)

is authorized under this part.	ner it receives approval nom the department that states the discharge
	of the discharge, indicating how the volume and/or constituents in the tential to be injurious to the groundwater.
2. DISCHARGE VOLUME	
ALL DISCHARGES:	
Maximum daily discharge:	gallons per day
Cumulative annual discharge:	gallons per year
SEASONAL DISCHARGES SHOUL Discharge period	D INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING: through
3. DISCHARGE METHOD	
Please check the discharge method use	d:
Spray Irrigation A1	f2Injection well A1g2
Flood/Sheet Irrigation A1	f3Trench A1g3 Drywell A1g4
Seepage Beds:	
Slow/Medium Rate A1	
A1Rapid Rate A1Other - Please describe:	15
·	

To apply for an exemption according to Rule 2210(y), you should fill out pages 14-17 of this application, which contain general information about the facility. You should also provide the above information. The department will notify you whether your application qualifies for an exemption under Rule 2210(y), or whether you must apply for a different authorization. You are not authorized to discharge until you receive approval from the department.

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# APPENDIX A

# TREATMENT METHOD CLASSIFICATION

The Treatment Method Classification is a three digit alphanumeric code to describe the treatment system and a guide for operator certification. The first entry is a letter designation to indicate **physical (A), chemical (B), or biological (C)** treatment. The second entry describes the appropriate **sub-classification**, and the last entry is a letter **correlating to the specific type of treatment**.

#### 1. PHYSICAL

<u>A-1a</u> <u>Special Classification</u> - Minor discharges with no treatment and limited monitoring requirements. This classification applies only to discharges where no other classification applies. (Note: Proper application for certification is necessary, however no additional examination is required.)

#### Examples:

Hydrostatic testing of pipes and tanks Discharge of storm water from secondary containment

<u>A-1b</u> Plain Clarification - Solids removal by gravity separation in a mechanical clarifier with no provision for the addition of chemical coagulant. (Note: Does not include basins intended to provide biological or chemical treatment.)

#### Examples:

Clarifiers with no provision for addition of coagulant Settling Tanks with tube or plate settlers with no provision for addition of coagulant

<u>A-1d</u> Impoundment – A tank, basin, or reservoir intended to hold wastewater to allow for a controlled discharge; may or may not provide settling of solids. (Note: Does not include basins intended to provide biological or chemical treatment.)

#### Examples:

Discharge flow equalization Mine tailing ponds Gravel pits used to remove solids from wastewater

<u>A-1f</u> Land Surface Disposal – Disposal of wastewater by means of application to the surface of the land with percolation into the ground i.e.) No Underdrain

#### Examples: Spray Irrigation Ridge and Furrow Rapid Infiltration Basin Seepage Pond

<u>A-1g</u> <u>Sub-surface Disposal</u> – Tile field system used for discharge of wastewater with percolation into the ground. Does not include under-drain systems used to collect wastewater for further treatment and/or discharge.

#### Examples:

Septic tank – tile field system

<u>A-1h</u> Non-contact Cooling Water – Flow measurement, visual observation, sampling, and minor testing of non-contact cooling water discharges regulated by permit. Discharge of cooling water that has mixed with untreated wastewater is excluded. Proper application for certification is required; the written examination consists of a take-home questionnaire.

### Examples:

Discharge from Heat Exchangers Compressor Condensate Cooling Tower Discharge

<u>A-2b</u> Filtration of Wastewater – Filtration of wastewater for the purpose of removing particulate materials. Specifically for Rapid Sand Filters, but may also include such processes as pressure filters, micro-screens, and bag filters.

<u>A-2c</u> Air Flotation – A wastewater treatment process for separation in which fine air bubbles are utilized to raise suspended materials to the surface where they are collected.

Note: Does not include sludge thickening processes

<u>A-2d</u> Air Stripping (Note Name Change from Gas Stripping) – Air stripping of volatile substances from wastewater or groundwater.

Note: Does not include off-gas treatment for odor control

<u>A-2e</u> <u>Centrifuging</u> – A wastewater treatment process in which a centrifuge is used to apply centripetal force to accelerate the separation of substances.

#### Examples:

Removal of solids from wastewater by centrifuging Separation of oil from wastewater by centrifuging

Note: Does not include thickening of sludge by centrifuging

<u>A-2g</u> <u>Deep Well Injection</u> – Pressure injection of wastewater into a sub-surface formation.

#### B. CHEMICAL

<u>B-1b</u> Neutralization – A chemical treatment process whereby a wastewater is neutralized (pH adjustment) to achieve a pH level required for discharge.

#### Examples:

Addition of acid or base to meet limit in discharge permit Does not include pH adjustment intended for such purposes as precipitation, nitrification, or to enhance biological treatment.

<u>B-2a</u> Chemical Clarification - Coagulation and/or Precipitation for solids removal from wastewater.

Chemical coagulation – The removal of suspended solids from wastewater through the addition of polymer, ferric chloride, alum, or other coagulants added to wastewater just prior to clarification.

Chemical precipitation – The removal of dissolved solids from wastewater by precipitation through the addition of a base, ferric chloride, alum or other chemical agent just prior to clarification.

Examples:

Precipitation of metals from wastewater Precipitation of phosphorus from wastewater

**B-2b** Ion Exchange – A wastewater treatment process in which undesirable ionic materials in wastewater are exchanged for other ions on a resin material.

Note: Does not include softening of process water or boiler make-up water

<u>B-2c</u> Oil – Water Separation – Separation of oil from water with or without chemical addition.

#### Examples:

Grease Traps Gravity Oil Water Separators Chemical Emulsion Breaking Oil Skimming

<u>B-2d</u><u>Ultraviolet Oxidation</u> – A wastewater treatment process in which ultraviolet radiation is used to oxidize organic contaminants (Note: Does not include UV disinfection)

<u>B-3b</u> Carbon Adsorption – Removal of organic compounds from wastewater by adsorption on activated carbon.

Examples:

Includes systems in which wastewater passes through a carbon bed (liquid phase adsorption)

Does not include systems in which organics are removed from the wastewater by air stripping and then from the air by carbon adsorption (vapor phase adsorption). Does not include carbon canisters used for odor control systems.

<u>B-3c</u><u>Reduction of Hexavalent Chromium</u> – A wastewater treatment process in which hexavalent chromium is chemically reduced to trivalent chromium.

<u>B-3d</u> Oxidation of Cyanide – The removal of cyanide from wastewater through the process of alkaline chlorination.

## C. BIOLOGICAL

<u>C-1b</u> <u>Aerated Lagoons</u> – A man-made pond or lagoon with mechanical or diffused aeration intended to provide aerobic biological treatment.

Note: Includes wastewater treatment systems with a combination of aerated and nonaerated cells

<u>C-1c</u><u>Stabilization Ponds</u> – A man-made pond or lagoon intended to provide natural biological treatment without the addition of supplemental aeration.

<u>C-2a</u> <u>Disinfection</u> – The chemical or ultraviolet radiation disinfection process to destroy pathogenic organisms in wastewater just prior to discharge.

<u>C-2b</u> <u>Trickling Filters</u> – An attached growth wastewater treatment process in which wastewater is distributed over a media (usually rock or plastic) which supports the biological system and is designed to convert colloidal and dissolved organic compounds into settleable sludge.

<u>C-2c</u> Biological Sand Filters - Sand filtration systems intended to provide biological treatment of wastewater as well as physical filtration.

#### Examples:

Intermittent Sand Filters Recirculating Sand Filters

<u>C-2d</u> Rotating Biological Contactors – An attached growth wastewater treatment process utilizing rotating plastic media designed to convert colloidal and dissolved organic compounds into settleable sludge.

<u>C-2e</u> Package Plant – (Note: Exam no longer offered. All new package plants will be classified C-3a or C-3b)

<u>C-2f</u> <u>Constructed Wetlands</u> - A man-made complex that simulates natural wetlands, intended to treat wastewater through microbial utilization and plant uptake of nutrients.

<u>C-3a</u> <u>Activated Sludge</u> – A suspended growth, biological treatment system designed to convert colloidal and dissolved organic compounds in wastewater into settleable sludge.

<u>Examples</u>: Conventional Activated Sludge Oxidation Ditch Package Plants

<u>C-3b</u> Sequencing Batch Reactor – A modification of the activated sludge process in which treatment occurs in batch mode and the reactor also serves as the secondary clarifier. The treatment sequence is largely computer controlled.

# APPENDIX B

# OPERATIONAL REQUIREMENTS

In addition to information necessary to make a permit decision, the Part 22 Rules contain a series of operational requirements that must be followed after the discharge begins. The following is a brief overview of those requirements. The discharger should refer to the specific rule authorization for detailed requirements.

#### <u>Rule 2211</u>

#### (b) Laundromat, less than 500 gallons per day

(i) Septic tanks must be pumped when the sludge level reaches 25% of the tank volume.

(ii) Septic tanks must be equipped with an effluent filter.

#### (e) Portable power washer

(i) The discharge must not cause runoff of wastewater or deposition of waste materials onto adjacent properties.

#### <u>Rule 2213</u>

#### (3)Egg washing, less than 10,000 gallons per day

(a) The discharger must minimize the discharge of proteinaceous matter, such as egg yolks, to control odor and prevent nuisance conditions.

#### (4)Department approved groundwater remediation

(a) The discharger shall maintain all treatment works in good working order at all times.

#### Rule 2216

#### (2) Constructed wetland, less than 20,000 gallons per day

(a) Wetland vegetation shall be cultivated to maximize the rooted depth throughout the gravel filter media.

#### (3) Sanitary sewage, less than 50,000 gallons per day

(a) Sludge resulting from the wastewater treatment process must be disposed of in accordance with part 115 or land applied in accordance with applicable state and federal law.

(b) The discharger shall maintain all treatment or control facilities or systems in good working order and operate the facilities or systems as efficiently as possible.

(c) A discharger shall have an operation and maintenance manual for the wastewater

treatment facility. The manual shall include all of the following information:

(i) Function, start-up, shutdown, and periodic maintenance procedures for each unit process and item of mechanical and electrical equipment.

(ii) The appropriate response or facility adjustment to minimize the impact of an emergency situation.

(iii) A monitoring program to monitor process efficiency.

(iv) Details of how inspections will be conducted and a schedule for the inspection of collection system and pump stations, where applicable.

(v) Periodic maintenance procedures for the collection system and pump stations, where applicable.

(vi) Procedures for the routine maintenance and inspection of lagoons and equipment used for irrigation, where applicable.

(d) Effluent may be discharged from May 1 through October 15, unless the department approves alternative dates.

(e) The discharger shall inspect the lagoon facilities weekly and maintain an inspection log unless otherwise authorized by the department.

(f) When drawing down a cell for transfer or discharge, the discharger shall meet all of the second following requirements unless otherwise authorized by the department:

(i) Water discharged or transferred shall be removed from the surface 2 feet of the cell at a rate of less than 1 foot per day.

(ii) A discharger shall maintain a minimum of 2 feet of freeboard in all cells at all times.

(iii) A discharger shall maintain a minimum of 2 feet of water in all cells at all times.

(g) The discharger shall implement a facility maintenance program that incorporates all of the following management practices, unless otherwise authorized by the department:

(i) Vegetation shall be maintained at a height not more than 6 inches above the ground on lagoon dikes.

(ii) Not more than 10% of the water surface shall be covered by floating vegetation and not more than 10% of the water perimeter may have emergent rooted aquatic plants.

(iii) Dikes shall be inspected for evidence of erosion and animal burrowing. Damage due to erosion or animal burrowing shall be corrected immediately and steps taken to prevent occurrences in the future.

(iv) The occurrence of any of the following shall be minimized and immediate steps shall be taken to eliminate each occurrence:

(A) Scum.

a Sec.

(B) Floating sludge.

(C) Offensive odors.

(D) Insect infestations.

(E) Septic conditions.

(4) Laundromats, less than 20,000 gallons per day

(a) Effluent may be discharged from May 1 through October 15, unless alternative dates are approved by the department.

(b) The discharger shall inspect the lagoon facilities weekly and maintain an inspection log unless otherwise authorized by the department.

(c) When drawing down a cell for transfer or discharge, the discharger shall meet all of the following requirements unless otherwise authorized by the department:

(i) Water discharged or transferred shall be removed from the surface 2 feet of the cell at a rate of less than 1 foot per day.

(ii) A discharger shall maintain a minimum of 2 feet of freeboard in all cells at all times.

(iii) A discharger shall maintain a minimum of 2 feet of water in all cells at all times.

(d) The discharger shall implement a facility maintenance program that incorporates all of the following management practices, unless otherwise authorized by the department:

(i) Vegetation shall be maintained at a height not more than 6 inches above the ground on lagoon dikes.

(ii) Not more than 10% of the water surface shall be covered by floating vegetation and not more than 10% of the water perimeter may have emergent rooted aquatic plants.

(iii) Dikes shall be inspected for evidence of erosion and animal burrowing. Damage due to erosion or animal burrowing shall be corrected immediately and steps taken to prevent occurrences in the future.

(iv) The occurrence of any of the following shall be minimized and immediate steps shall be taken to eliminate each occurrence:

(A) Scum.

(B) Floating sludge.

(C) Offensive odors.

(D) Insect infestations.

(E) Septic conditions.

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Metals
Groundwater and effluent parameters and detection limits

Parameter	Groundwater Detection Limits (ug/I)
Aluminum	50
Antimony	2
Arsenic	. 1
Barium	5.
Beryllium	1
Boron	20
Cadmium	5
Calcium	1000
Chromium	2
Chromium VI	5
Cobalt	2
Copper	2
Iron	20
Lead	1
Lithium	8
Magnesium	1000
Manganese	5
Mercury	0.2
Molybdenum	25
Nickel	2
Potasium	100
Selenium	2
Silver	0.5
Sodium	1000
Titanium	10
Thallium	2
Vanadium	10
Zinc	4

Phenols Groundwater and effluent parameters and detection limits

Parameter	Groundwater Detection limits (ug/l)
2-Chlorophenol	10
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	10
M-Cresol & P-Cresol	20
O-Cresol	10
2,4-Dichlorophenol	10
2,4-Dimethylphenol	10
2,4-Dinitrophenol	50
2-Methyl-4,6-dinitrophenol	50
2-Nitrophenol	10
4-Nitrophenol	50
Pentrachlorophenol	50
Phenol	10
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	10
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	10

Tab 7 General Information

7. FOR RULE 2215, 2216 AND 2	218 AUTHORIZATIONS ON	LY:				
PLEASE INDICATE WHERE	THE COMPLIANCE MONITO	ORING REPORT FORM	IS SHOULD BE SENT			
NAME Donald C. Cook Pla	nt- Attention Jon H. Ha	rner, Mail Zone 5A	· · ·			
STREET ADDRESS						
One Cook	STATE	ZIP CODE				
Bridgman	STATE MI	ZIF CODE	49106			
8. AUTHORIZATION REQUEST Rule 2210(y), Site Specifi Rule 2211, Notification Rule 2213, Notification wi Rule 2215, General Perm Rule 2216, Specific Disch XRule 2218, Discharge Per IF REQUESTING A REISSUANC	c Exemption th Certification it, Certificate of Coverage arges mit E OR AN AUTHORIZATION	DIFFERENT THAN TH				
AUTHORIZATION, PLEASE INC AUTHORIZATION: If the current authorization is a pe prior to August 26, 1999, the num	rmit, Rules 2216 or 2218, or ber is:	was issued	M_GW1810102			
If the current authorization is a G			MG			
	If the current authorization is a site specific exemption, Rule 2210(y), or was issued prior to August 26, 1999, the number is: GWE					
If the current authorization is a notification, Rule 2211, the number is: GWN						
If the current authorization is a no	otification/certification, Rule 2	213, the number is:	GWC			
b) Township and county na	ugh the US Department of La ha.gov/oshstats/sicser.htm 1/2" X 11" maps drawn to so ation to property boundaries o	bor, Office of Safety and I				
c) North arrow orientation.			· · ·			
<ul> <li>b. Monitoring wells on site a</li> <li>c. Potable wells on site and</li> </ul>	eatment units and discharge a and on adjacent properties. I on adjacent properties. 9 wetlands, lakes, rivers, strea	areas and distance to pr				
ATTACH SITE MAP TO THIS	APPLICATION FORM					

# 7. FOR RULE 2215, 2216 AND 2218 AUTHORIZATIONS ONLY:

PLEASE INDICATE WHERE THE COMPLIANCE MONITORING REPORT FORMS SHOULD BE SENT

NAME Donald C. Cook Plant- Attention Jon H. Harner, Mail Zone 5A
STREET ADDRESS One Cook Place
CITY STATE MI ZIP CODE 49106
8. AUTHORIZATION REQUESTED:
9. FACILITY STANDARD INDUSTRIAL CLASSIFICATION (SIC) CODE. <u>4911</u> This information is available through the US Department of Labor, Office of Safety and Heath Administration, at the following web address: www.osha.gov/oshstats/sicser.html
<ul> <li>10. SITE MAPS Provide two black and white 8 1/2" X 11" maps drawn to scale that show the following: SITE MAP 1 <ul> <li>a) Discharge location in relation to property boundaries on a topographic map.</li> <li>b) Township and county name.</li> <li>c) North arrow orientation.</li> </ul></li></ul>
SITE MAP 2 - All sites must include item a, include items b-e as necessary.
<ul> <li>a. Current and proposed treatment units and discharge areas and distance to property lines.</li> <li>b. Monitoring wells on site and on adjacent properties.</li> <li>c. Potable wells on site and on adjacent properties.</li> <li>d. Surface waters, including wetlands, lakes, rivers, streams, and drains on the property.</li> <li>e. Distance between multiple disposal sites.</li> </ul>
ATTACH SITE MAP TO THIS APPLICATION FORM

11. WATER USAGE DIAGRAM Please attach an 8 ½ x 11 diagram showing water usage at the facility, from flows such as sanitary, process water, etc. Please also indicate where in t substances are added to the waste stream for which this authorization is b should show daily average flow rates at influent, intake and discharge poin treatment units. Please use actual measurements whenever possible.	the system additives or other being sought. The water balance
12. OWNERSHIP OF TREATMENT SYSTEM AND DISPOSAL AREA Are all parts of the treatment system and discharge areas (e.g. treatment irrigation fields) located on property owned by the applicant? Yes	plant, underground piping or XNo
IF NO, ATTACH THE NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE PROPERTY OWN OCCUR, AND A COPY OF THE WRITTEN PERMISSION TO DISCHARG BY THE DISCHARGER.	
13. PROXIMITY OF TREATMENT SYSTEM TO A KNOWN SOURCE OF GR Are there any known groundwater contamination sites within 1/4 mile of yo	
Yes X No Unknown	
IF YES, ATTACH TO THE APPLICATION FORM A DESCRIPTION OF THE CONTAMINANTS BEING REMEDIATED AT THE SITE. On Site Map #	
14. ISOLATION DISTANCE	
The following are isolation distances required from the discharge to adjace distance from your discharge to the nearest water supply well?WELL TYPEPERMIT AUTHORIZATION: 2218, 2216(3)I, Ila2000IIb, III800Domestic300	ent water supply wells. What is the ALL OTHER AUTHORIZATIONS 200 75 50
Distance to nearest <b>Type I, IIa</b> water supply well <u>6 Miles-Outdoor Kit</u> Distance to nearest <b>Type IIb, III</b> water supply well <u>3 Miles-Grand Me</u> Distance to nearest <b>Domestic</b> water supply well* <u>Greater than</u> 1 Mile	
* No Domestic wells in Lake Twp per	Lake Twp Water Superintendent
15. ADJACENT PROPERTY OWNERS List the names and addresses of all property owners adjacent to the facilit discharge locations. Include properties across roadways.	ty, treatment systems and
ATTACH ANY ADDITIONAL NAMES AND ADDRESSES TO THE APPLIC	CATION FORM.
NAME COMPLETE MAILING ADDRESS	
<ul> <li>16. WELLHEAD PROTECTION Is your facility located in a designated wellhead protection area? Yes If yes, please identify the community* <ul> <li>Approved wellhead protection areas can be reviewed at the follow</li> <li>http://www.michigan.gov/deq/0,1607,7-135-3313_3675_3695-4</li> </ul></li></ul>	wing web address:
17. SIGNATORY REQUIREMENT	<u></u>
Pursuant to Rule 2114 of the Part 21 Rules, this application must have a	in original signature, and be signed by
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the appropriate representative(s) as follows:

- A. For a corporation, the form must be signed by a principal executive officer of at least the level of Vice-president, or his/her designated representative, if the representative is responsible for the overall operation of the facility from which the discharge described in the permit application (appropriate documentation must be provided to demonstrate the position and responsibility of the designated representative).
- B. For a partnership, the form must be signed by a general partner.
- C. For a sole proprietorship, the form must be signed by the proprietor.
- D. For municipal, state or other public facility, the form must be signed by either a principal executive officer, the mayor, village president, city or village manager or other duly authorized employee.

All signatures submitted to the department must be original signatures, or the application will be returned as incomplete. The details of these requirements are found in Rule 2114.

The department reserves the right to request information in addition to that supplied with this application if necessary to verify statements made by the applicant or for the department to make a determination required by Part 31, Water Resources Protection, Natural Resources and Environmental Protection Act, 1994 PA 451, as amended (Act 451) and/or the Part 22 Rules associated with Part 31.

I certify, under penalty of law, that I have personally examined and am familiar with the information submitted in this document and all attachments. The information being submitted was collected and analyzed in accordance with the Part 22 Rules of Part 31 of Act 451, as amended. Based on my inquiry of those individuals immediately responsible for obtaining the information, I believe that the information is true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment.

Print Name	Jon H. Harner	Title _	Environmental Manage	r
Representing	Indiana Michigan Power - A fully	owned	Subsidiary of American	Electric Power
Signature	Jost -	Date	11/18/08	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

## RULE 323.2218

## **DISCHARGE PERMITS**

<ol> <li>TYPE OF TREATED WASTEWATER FOR WHICH THE AUTHORIZATION IS REQUESTED. PLEASE CHECK ALL THAT APPLY</li> </ol>
X       Sanitary sewage         X       Process wastewater         Cooling water, greater than 5,000 gallons per day         Non-contact cooling without additives, greater than 10,000 gallons per day, source water not approved         by       department.         Non-contact cooling water with additives, greater than 10,000 gallons per day.         Other, please describe:
2. DISCHARGE VOLUME ALL DISCHARGES: 00D: 2,400,000 Maximum daily discharge: 00E: 60,000 gallons per day 00D: 876,000,000 Cumulative annual discharge: 00E: 21,900,000 gallons per year SEASONAL DISCHARGES SHOULD INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING: Discharge period N/A through N/A
IRRIGATION SYSTEMS AND SEEPAGE BEDS UTILIZING SOILS FOR TREATMENT SHOULD INLCUDE THE FOLLOWING: Effluent application rate: Inches per hour <u>N/A</u> Inches per day <u>N/A</u> Inches per week <u>N/A</u> Inches per year <u>N/A</u> 3. DISCHARGE METHOD Please check the discharge method used:
LAND SURFACE DISPOSAL       DISPOSAL CODE       SUBSURFACE DISPOSAL       DISPOSAL CODE        Spray Irrigation       A1f1      Tile Field       A1g1        Ridge and Furrow       A1f2      Injection well       A1g2        Flood/Sheet Irrigation       A1f3      Trench       A1g3        Slow/Medium Rate       A1f4      Rapid Rate       A1f5
X       Other - Please describe:       Seepage Basins, Rapid Infiltration Basins.         4. TREATMENT CODES       Select and enter the appropriate treatment codes to describe treatment units, i.e., A1b, B2b (see APPENDIX A, Pages 41-44)         Treatment Unit A       A-1h       B-1b       A-1f       (Outfall 00D - Turbine Room Sump)         Treatment Unit B       A-2b       C-3a       C-3b       A-1f       (Outfall 00E - Sewage Treatment Plant)         Treatment Unit C       A-2b       C-3a       A-1f       (Outfall 00E - Sewage Treatment Plant)
Treatment Unit D Treatment Unit D Please provide a description of the treatment system indicating how it will produce an effluent that will meet the standards of Rule 2222.

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	incl	ssuance of current permit, no modifications, Rule 2218(3)(c). The following information must be uded in the application for the reissuance of your current permit. Please check that all items have been uded:
	l	
	X	The discharge consists of the same quantity, effluent characterization, and treatment process as previously permitted.
	<u> </u>	A narrative description of the history of facility compliance with effluent and groundwater permit limits and
	Х	sampling frequency is included. This item is found <u>Tab 9</u> . An updated site map is included. This item is found <u>Tab 3 &amp; 4</u> .
	<u> </u>	The most recent static water levels and groundwater elevations from all wells on site. This item is found Tab 10
i	Х	A current groundwater contour map is included, with a narrative evaluation of whether changes to the
		existing groundwater monitoring system are warranted and the rationale for any proposed change. This item is found Tab 11
	Х	The most recent groundwater quality results are included from all wells on site. This item is found
		Tab_12
ļ	X	The most recent effluent quality results are included. This item is found <u>Tab 12</u> .
	Please	check that all of the following that apply are included:
	N/A	If permit limits were exceeded, the steps taken to bring the facility into compliance. This item is
		found
	X	An evaluation of whether there are general trends in the effluent or groundwater sampling data indicating that the discharge is approaching permit limits. This item is found <u>Tab 9</u> .
	N/A	The discharger has provided the department, within 30 calendar days of completion of construction of the
		treatment facilities, a certification by an engineer licensed under Act No. 299 of the Public Acts of 1980, as amended, that a quality control and quality assurance program was utilized and that the facilities were built consistent with standard construction practices to comply with the permit and this part.



Indiana Michigan Power Company Cook Nuclear Plant One Cook Place Bridgman, MI 49106

Pagelof

Mr. Greg Danneffel Michigan Department of Environmental Quality 7953 Adobe Road Kalamazoo, MI 49009-5026

February 27, 2007

Subject: Signatory Authority

Dear Mr. Danneffel:

This letter identifies that Jon H. Harner, Environmental Manager, has signatory authority for NPDES and groundwater related issues. Signatory authority is based on job function as permitted by regulatory requirements. The objective in establishing signatory authority by position was to identify a broad class of job families so that as process improvements are made, managers who are most familiar with the work will have the appropriate signatory authority to meet environmental regulatory requirements for permits, licenses and reports.

For Nuclear Generation Facilities: 1) the Manager of Site Operations (Plant Manager); 2) the AEP Nuclear Generation Group Manager(Site Vice President); and 3) the AEP Manager of Environmental Services (Environmental Manager).

The persons holding all of the above named positions have the necessary responsibility and authority to ensure that accurate permit and license application and/or report are prepared and appropriate corporate resources are dedicated to achieve compliance with the permits for their respective functional areas.

Sincerely,

Joseph N. Jensen Site Vice President

c: NDM (2007-191)

Carol L Ray/BC1/AEPIN 10/24/2008 01:05 PM

To NGG\_DHS\_MANAGERIAL

cc NGG\_NDM\_CORRESPONDENCE, NGG\_DEPTSEC\_MANAGERIAL, NGG\_ENV\_ALL bcc

200

Subject Delegation of Authority- Environmental Manager

This email contains a Correspondence Control Document doclink located at the bottom of the page. Please click the document link to open the Correspondence Control Database to view the associated document. Thank You.

# Control Number:

2008-902

#### Subject:

Delegation of Authority- Environmental Manager

#### Reference:

Click here to open ---> 📓

Beginning Monday, Oct 27, 2008, Jon Harner, Environmental Manager, will be the Manager Sponsor for the Turbine Clean Up during the forced outage. While Jon is in this position, Douglas Foster will have full signature authority and handle all matters pertaining to the Environmental Manager (HR issues will not be delegated). You can reach Doug at extension 1599 or by contacting Carol Ray at extension 1626.

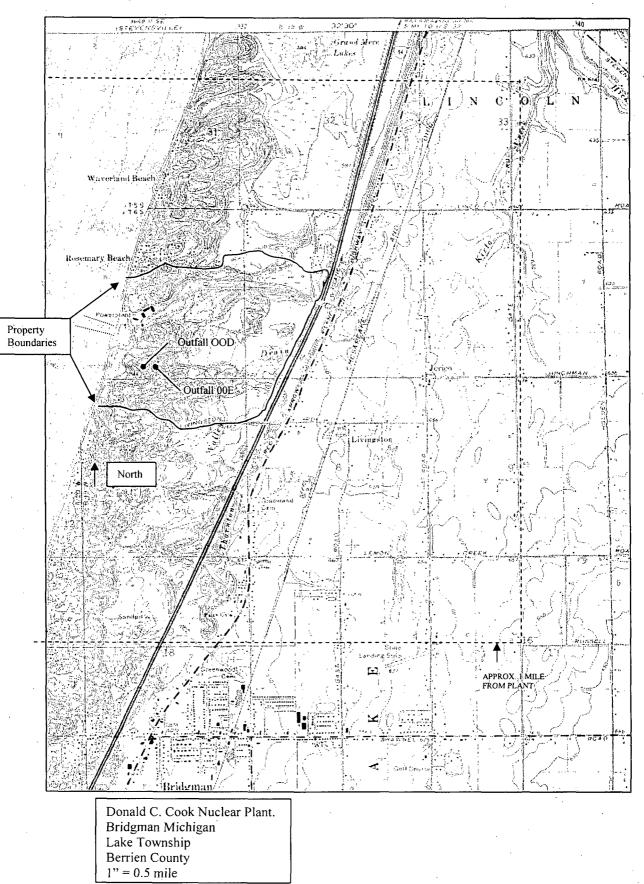
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Tab3 Part 10 Site Map 1

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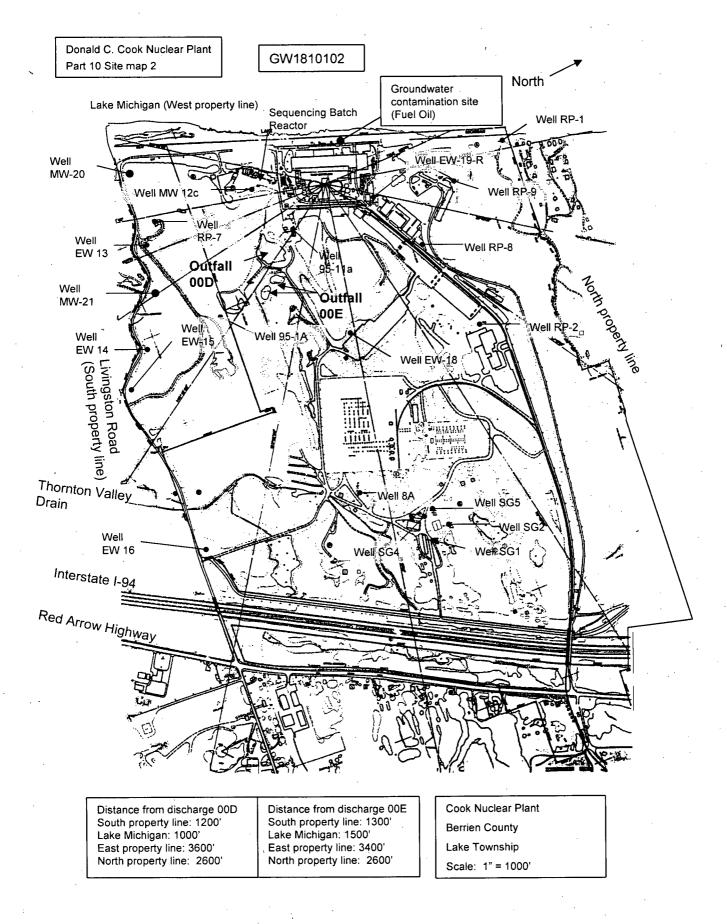
#### GW1810102

Donald C. Cook Nuclear Plant Part 10, Site Map 1

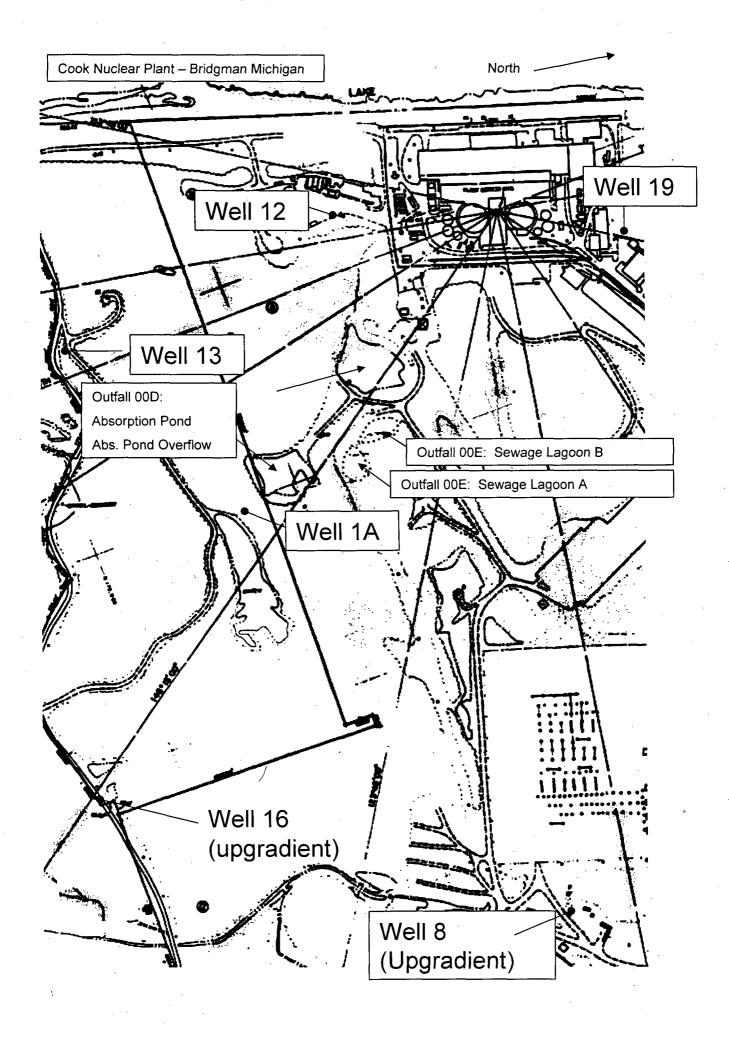


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rt 10 Site Map



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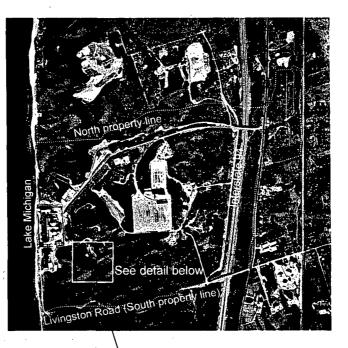




Groundwater sampling well locations

Distance from discharge 00D South property line: 1200' Lake Michigan: 1000' East property line: 3600' North property line: 2600'

Distance from discharge 00E South property line: 1300' Lake Michigan: 1500' East property line: 3400' North property line: 2600' Cook Nuclear Plant Berrien County Lake Township Scale: 1" = 1250'



# Outfall OOE Pond B Are**a: 33**76 sq ft Depth: 10 ft Wetted area: Dry to 340 sq ft Pond / Outfall OOD Area: 7947 sq ft Depth 10 ft **Absorption Pond** Wetted area. Dry to 800 sg ft Area: 62,291 sq ft Max depth: 19 ft Wetted Area: 62,291 sq ft Overflow Area: 30,056 sq ft Måx depth: /4 7 ft Wetted Area: 30,056

oerty owners

# Michigan Department of Environmental Quality-Surface Water Quality Division Groundwater Discharge Permit Application SECTION 15 – Adjacent Property Owners

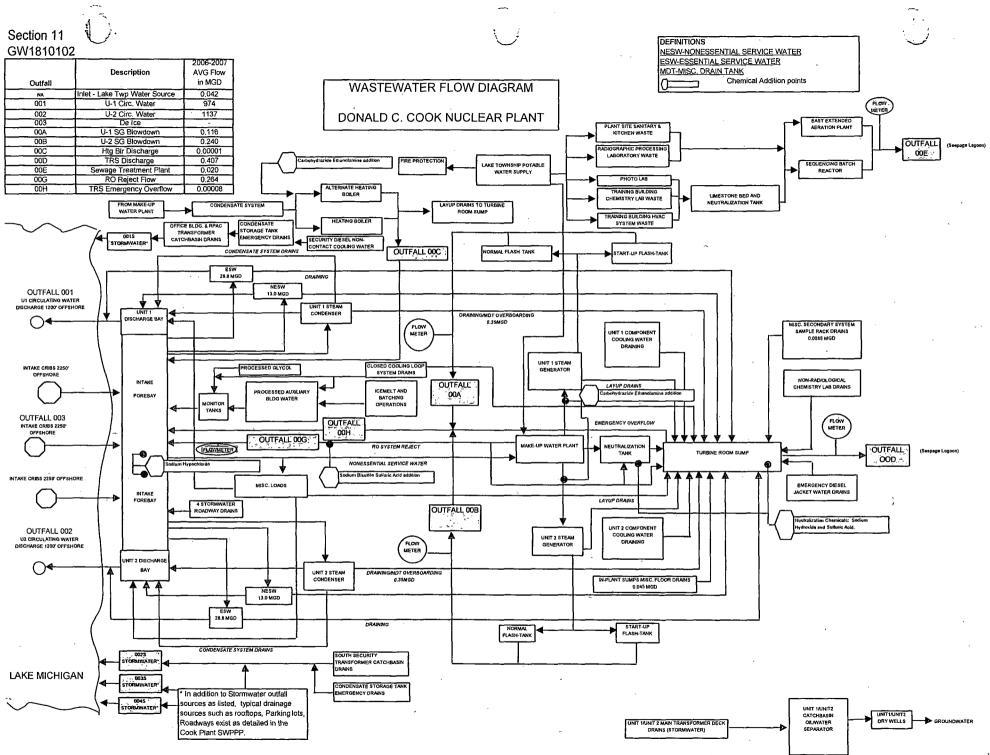
## CLEASE TYPE OR PRINT

EASE TYPE OR PF								
ACILITY NAME		PERMIT NUMBER						
Donald C. Cook Nucle	ar Plant	GW1810102						
15. List adjacent property owners								
		vners adjacent to the facility, treatment sys	tems, and discharge					
	locations. List this information in the space provided below or include the information as an attachment on 8 1/2" x							
	11" paper. If additional space is necessary, copy this blank page and attach this information to this application.							
Location	Property Number	Name	Address					
NORTH	Troperty Number	Numo	///////////////////////////////////////					
Grand Mere State	11-11-0006-0002-03-1	Michigan Department of Natural	PO Box 30735					
Park	11-11-0000-0002-03-1	Resources	Lansing, MI 48909					
Rosemary Beach	11-11-0006-0004-02-5	Rosemary Beach Corp.	C/O Secretary					
Resembly Deach	11-11-0000-0004-02-0	Rosemary Deach Corp.	3415 S. 59 St.					
		•	Cicero IL 60650					
Rosemary Beach	11-11-0006-0004-00-9	Franklin Real Estate	c/o Indiana Michigan					
Rosemary Beach	11-11-0000-0004-00-9	Trankin Kear Lstate	Power Co. PO Box 16428					
			Columbus OH 43216					
			Attn: Tax section.					
Rosemary Beach	11-11-0006-0004-01-7	Caparo, William E. & Oyler, Kathryn E.	122 S. Ellsworth Pl.					
Rosenary beach	11-11-0008-0004-01-7		South Bend, IN 46635					
Rosemary Beach	11-11-0006-0004-04-1	Temmel, Edward P.	9617 E. Shore Dr.					
Rosemary Beach	11-11-0008-0004-04-1	Teninei, Euwaru P.	Oak Lawn IL 60453					
Rosemary Beach	11-11-0006-0004-09-2	Mcaloon, Sharon	1707 Dumont Ln					
Rusemary Beach	11-11-0006-0004-09-2	Micaloon, Sharon	Schaumburg, IL 60194					
Basaman/ Basah	11 11 0006 0004 05 0	West, Kathleen M.						
Rosemary Beach	11-11-0006-0004-05-0		3423 N. Seminary Ave					
December: Deceb	11 11 0000 0004 10		Chicago, IL 60657 PO Box 74					
Rosemary Beach	11-11-0006-0004-10	Olofsson, Erik J.	1					
Nacaman' Deset	11 11 0000 0004 11	Olefesee Harold M	Stevensville, MI 49127 PO Box 299					
Rosemary Beach	11-11-0006-0004-11	Olofsson, Harold W.						
Basaman: Basah	11-11-0006-0004-12	Addanta Jasanh	Oak Lawn, IL 60454 576 Hawhorne					
Rosemary Beach	11-11-0006-0004-12	Addante, Joseph	Elmhurst IL 60126-3301					
Basaman, Basah	11 11 6800 0026 10	O'Mallay Saan A	5025 N. Central Park					
Rosemary Beach	11-11-6800-0026-10	O'Malley, Sean A.						
Basaman, Basah	11 11 6800 0026 00	+ Wyse, Jeffery D. O'Malley, Sean A.	Chicago, IL 60625 5025 N. Central Park					
Rosemary Beach	11-11-6800-0026-09							
Becomen Beech	11 11 0000 0007 00 0	+ Wyse, Jeffery D.	Chicago, IL 60625 22 S. Archer Ave					
Rosemary Beach	11-11-6800-0027-02-0	Herbert, Rosemary C.						
Basaman, Basah	11 11 6800 0028 00 0	Herbert, Rosemary C.	Mundelein IL 60060 22 S. Archer Ave					
Rosemary Beach	11-11-6800-0028-00-0	Herbert, Rosemary C.						
Deseinen Deseh	11 11 0000 0000 01 0	Delke Jonet M	Mundelein IL 60060					
Rosemary Beach	11-11-6800-0028-01-8	Balka, Janet M.	3334 Louise Dr.					
Rosemary Beach	11-11-6800-0030-02-1	Cottooball Bruce A & Succe M	Lansing, IL 60438 5760 S. Blackstone					
Rusemary Beach	11-11-0000-0030-02-1	Gottschall, Bruce A. & Susan M.						
Posomon, Possh	11 11 6900 0020 01 5	Giese Marie E.	Chicago, IL 60637 4291 Lake Road					
Rosemary Beach	11-11-6800-0032-01-5	Giese Midille E.						
Pocomon, Pocoh	11-11-6800-0033-00-3	Cilpin Nanay	Stevensville, MI 49127 714 S Dearborn #8					
Rosemary Beach	11-11-0000-0033-00-3	Gilpin, Nancy	Chicago, IL 60605					
Rosemary Beach	11-11-6800-0036-00-2		4183 Lake Ct.					
Rosemary Beach	11-11-0000-0030-00-2	Lewis, James G. Jr.						
Poromon: Pooch	11 11 6800 0027 00 0	Kabler Dieb + Matthewa Larry	Stevensville, MI 49127					
Rosemary Beach	11-11-6800-0037-00-9	Kobler, Rich +Matthews, Larry.	4155 Lake Road					
Personan: Deset	11 11 6800 0027 01 7	Cialpiowski Mishaal 7 & Taraza D	Stevensville, MI 49127					
Rosemary Beach	11-11-6800-0037-01-7	Gielniewski, Michael Z. & Teresa B.	1113 Independence Road					
			Bartlett, IL 60103					

Section 15 Adjacent Property Owners Page 2 of 2

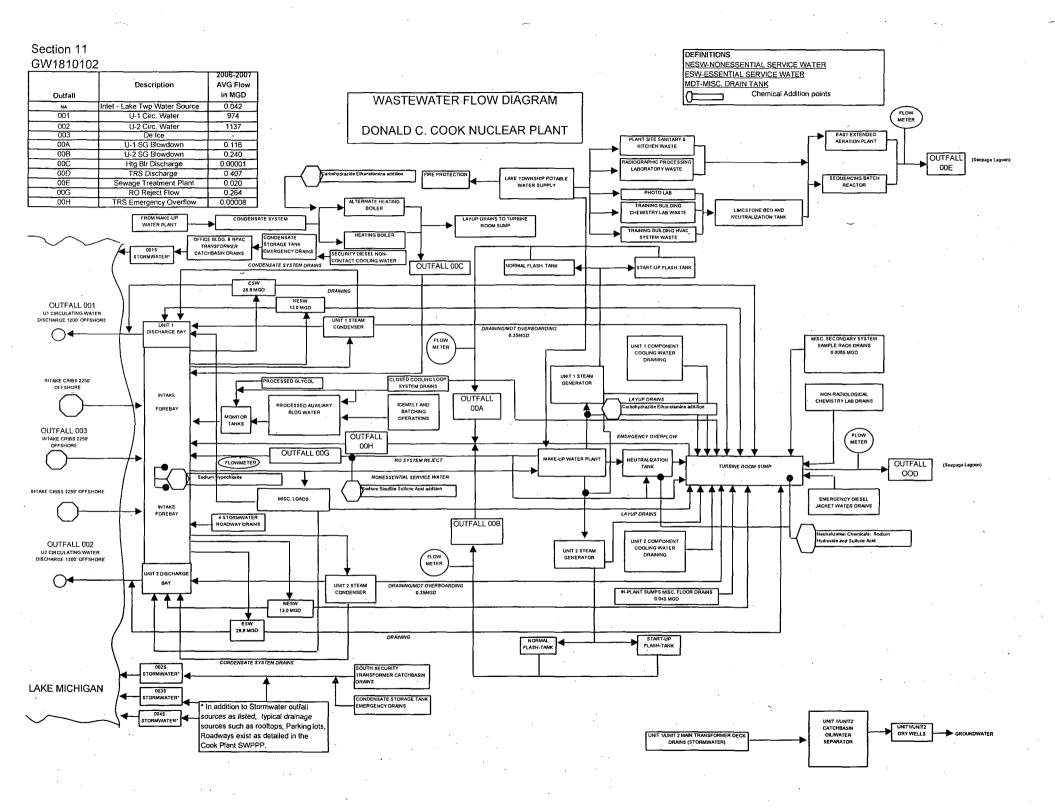
Page 2 of 2			
Location	Property Number	Name	Address
Rosemary Beach	11-11-6800-0037-02-5	Tengerstrom Eric H.	7470 Rosemary Rd
		Trustee LE & Martin, Holly	Stevensville, MI 49127
Rosemary Beach	11-11-6800-0038-00-5	Tengerstrom, Eric H.	7470 Rosemary Rd
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Trustee LE & Martin, Holly	Stevensville, MI 49127
NORTH	11-11-0005-0029-00-3	Technisand, Inc.	• PO Box 177
			Wedron, IL 60557
NORTH	11-11-0005-0027-00-1	Technisand, Inc.	PO Box 177
. (			Wedron, IL 60557
NORTH	11-11-0005-0036-01-8	Ruff, Timothy W.	7500 Thorton Dr.
			Stevensville, MI 49127
NORTH	11-11-0005-0036-06-9	Emery, Martin; Hopkins, Elwood J. &	7499 Thorton Dr.
	•	Mable N.;	Stevensville, MI 49127
NORTH	11-11-0005-0036-02-6	Indiana Michigan Power Company	C/O. PO Box 16428
			Columbus OH 43216
			Attn: Tax section.
EAST	11-11-0005-0024-00	Marshke, Dale A.	7552 Jericho Road
			Stevensville MI 49127
EAST	11-11-0005-0016-00	Westlake, Anita	7622 Red Arrow Highway
			Stevensville, MI 49127
EAST	11-11-0005-0002-01-6	Blue Jay Assoc.	C/O. PO Box 16428
(VISITOR CENTER)			Columbus OH 43216
			Attn: Tax section.
EAST		Interstate I-94	Michigan Dept of State
			Highways
			ngnways
SOUTH	11-11-0008-06-00	Indiana Michigan Power Company	C/O. PO Box 16428
500m	11-11-0000-00-00	Indiana mengan rower company	Columbus OH 43216
			Attn: Tax section.
SOUTH	11-11-0008-0041-00-8	Michigan Dept. of Transportation	Lansing MI 48900
SOUTH	11-11-0008-0009-00-7	Franklin Real Estate	C/O PO Box 16428
300TH	11-11-0008-0009-00-7	Franklin Real Estate	
			Columbus OH 43216
SOUTH	11-11-0007-0013-00-6	Lake Charter Two	Attn: Tax section
500TH	11-11-0007-0013-00-6	Lake Charter Twp.	
COLITU	11 11 0007 0012 01 1		Bridgman, MI 49106
SOUTH	11-11-0007-0013-01-4	Lake Charter Twp.	Shawnee Rd.
	44 44 0007 0000 04 0		Bridgman, MI 49106
SOUTH	11-11-0007-0006-01-8	Indiana Michigan Power Company	C/O PO Box 16428
			Columbus OH 43216
	44 44 0007 0004 04 5		Attn: Tax section.
SOUTH	11-11-0007-0004-01-5	Lake Charter Twp.	Shawnee Rd.
			Bridgman, MI 49106
SOUTH	11-11-0007-0001-01-6	Lake Charter Twp.	Shawnee Rd.
			Bridgman, MI 49106
WEST		Lake Michigan	State of Michigan and
			United States of America

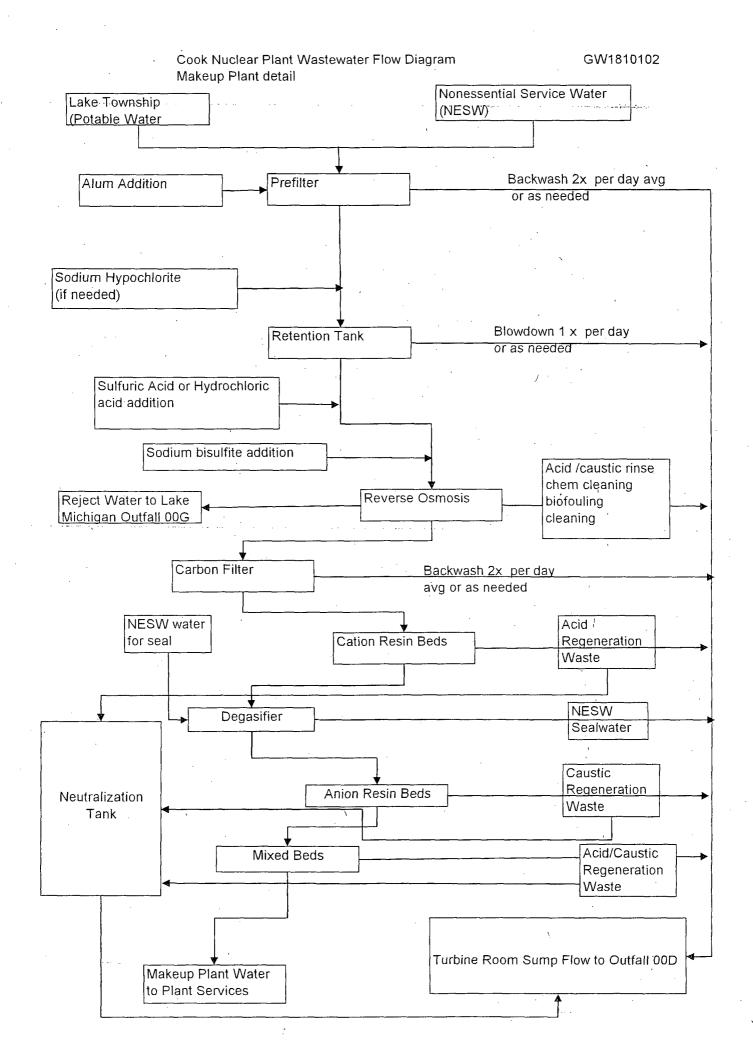
Table Parr.11:Water.usage.diagram



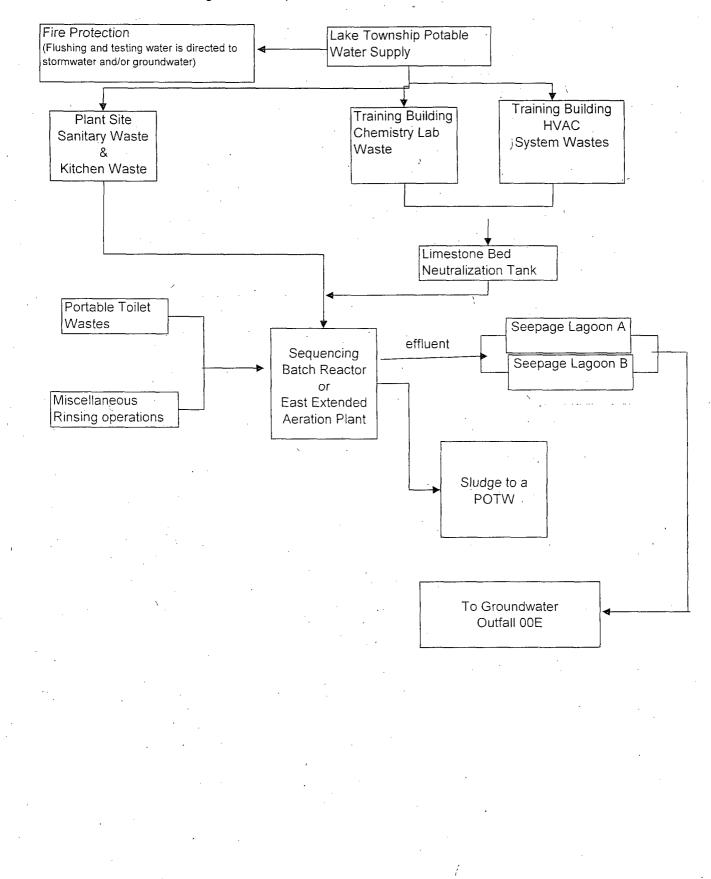
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Cook Nuclear Plant Wastewater flow diagram Sewage treatment plant detail GW1810102



Tab 7 Water usage narrat

## SECTION 11

## Waste Stream Narrative

This narrative describes all outfalls discharging to Lake Michigan. Flows are based on a review of previous NPDES applications, Plant system descriptions, or previously submitted Discharge Monitoring Reports (DMR). The chemical additives described below may include a manufacturer's name as an example of the type of product used in a specific system. Indiana Michigan Power may substitute vendors of chemical additives provided that the chemical ingredients are similar. Discharge values are based on maximum release rates and volumes, dilution rates are based on a minimum number of pumps running.

### OUTFALL 001 - Unit 1 Circulating Water Discharge

Outfall 001 is a non-contact cooling water discharge. The majority of non-contact cooling water (Circulating Water System, ~690,000 GPM) is used to condense the steam exhausting from steam driven turbines. Non-contact cooling water is drawn from Lake Michigan approximately one-half mile from shore through three 16 ft. diameter tunnels. Water enters the tunnels via intake cribs at an approximate velocity of 1.3 feet per second. The water enters to a forebay where it is screened to remove large debris that may be entrained in the water. It is routed through the Unit 1 condensers and then discharged to Lake Michigan through a 16 foot diameter tunnel. The water exits the tunnels through high velocity discharges at a rate of approximately 13 feet per second approximately 1/4 mile from shore. Outfall 001 also includes internal Outfalls (as designated by the Michigan Department of Environmental Quality) Steam Generator Blowdown (00A, 00B), Plant Heating Boiler (00C), Reverse Osmosis Unit (00G), and the Turbine Room Sump Emergency Overflow (00H) described in detail later in this document.

Outfall 001 also may contain the effluent flow from both Units' Essential Service Water (ESW) systems, both Units' Non-Essential Service Water (NESW) system, and monitor tank releases. ESW (~40,000 GPM) is Lake Michigan water taken from the forebay that is used to provide cooling to safety-related equipment. NESW (~18,000 GPM) is also Lake Michigan water taken from the forebay used for

non-contact cooling for various plant systems including oil coolers, a source of water for the demineralized makeup system (MUP), and a water supply for non-safety related equipment. Monitor tank releases (~15,000 to 20,000 gallons per event) are regulated by the NRC and consist of wastewater from various system and equipment leakage that may be generated within the auxiliary building area. Minor leakage from systems containing lube oil, hydrazine, carbohydrazide, ethanolamine or closed-loop cooling systems containing a maximum concentration of gluteraldehyde (100 ppm), methyl (bis) thiocyanate (10 ppm), tolyltriazole (60 ppm), Molybdate (1000 ppm), and nitrite (1200 ppm), may be discharged via monitor tank releases.

The non-contact cooling water for the Circulating Water, the ESW and the NESW, and Miscellaneous Sealing and Cooling Water Systems is treated for biological control using sodium hypochlorite. This same water is periodically treated using a non-oxidizing biocide to eradicate zebra mussels from the cooling systems. The biocides (Betz Spectrus CT-1300, Calgon H-130M, Calgon EVAC and NALCO Macro-Trol 9380) are polyquats, and are used as required to protect plant systems while meeting water quality based effluent limits. The treatments can be directed to various critical plant systems from the intake structures through the entire plant cooling system, including the Circulating Water System, ESW and NESW systems and other non-contact cooling water. The biocide may be added to the systems via a chemical injection pipeline through a ring header located inside the intake crib, or directly applied at a specific system. A chemical injection pipeline may be installed and is designed to feed chemicals from inside the plant. The intake chemical injection header may be stored with chemical inside the pipe to prevent zebra mussel infestation. The header may also be leak checked using approved dyes such as fluorescein, or other indicators such as Nalco Trasar 23299. Non-contact cooling systems biocide treatments are dependent upon zebra mussel infestation. Concentrations and chemical feed points are chosen to minimize the amount of biocide required and to maximize the efficacy on zebra mussels. Bentonite clay may be added to detoxify the biocide prior to discharge. The plant non-contact cooling water systems may be treated concurrently or individually to allow more efficient use of chemicals. Plant systems are treated to assure safe operation of the nuclear generating units.

The piping used to apply chemicals is regularly cleaned of calcium carbonate scale buildup. A small amount of weak acid cleaner such as Betz FerroQuest FQ LP 7200 may be used to remove accumulated carbonate scale deposits. The accumulated deposits will be discharged via Outfalls 001/003. Circulating water will dilute the weak acid prior to discharge to Lake Michigan.

Condensate flushes are performed periodically to purge the plant's secondary water system from layup chemistry specifications during shutdown conditions to startup chemistry specifications prior to startup of the unit. Water containing up to 4 ppm hydrazine [Betz Cortrol OS5035, Betz Cortrol OS5010, NALCO 19H], 10 ppm carbohydrazide (NALCO 1250 plus, or equivalent), 100 ppm ethanolamine (Betz Powerline 1440, Betz Powerline 1480, NALCO 92UM001), is overboarded to Outfall 001 as required to remove contaminants to meet desired startup secondary Chemistry specifications. This flowrate averages 70 GPM, but may reach 600 GPM for short periods of time. The flowrate is dependent on chemistry specification parameters and makeup water availability. The maximum output from the MUP is approximately 600 GPM or 864,000 GPD. (See Outfalls 00A, 00B for further description.)

Monitor tanks receive treated water from the auxiliary building radioactive waste removal system and other sources such as ice production and removal processes from the ice condenser systems and other radioactively contaminated wastes generated at the facility. This system handles wastes generated from the reactor coolant pump seal leakoffs, the refueling cavity water, equipment leaks, floor drains, valve stem leakoffs, system sampling, and waste sample solutions. It also handles laboratory wastes from the radiochemistry analysis in the hot chemical laboratory, system equipment drains, non-contact cooling water, ice production/removal and decontamination processes and any contaminated liquid waste generated in the auxiliary building area. The wastes are collected in one of several tanks and are treated when enough water is collected. The treatment utilizes a demineralizer system to minimize radioactive contaminants. A small amount of wastewater may bypass the treatment because it cannot be processed by resin.

Other special drains of non-radioactive process water systems such as Component Cooling Water system flushes with biocides such as gluteraldehyde (100 ppm), methyl (bis) thiocyanate (10 ppm), tolyltriazole (60 ppm), Molybdate (1000 ppm) and nitrite (1200 ppm), and borated icemaking/ice removal operations, can be routed directly to the plant's monitor tanks without treatment. For maintenance purposes to prevent microbial growth, Component Cooling Water flushes are performed generating approximately 281,000 gallons per year of flushwater to the monitor tanks.

Borated icemaking/ice removal operations occur for maintenance of the plant's ice condenser systems. This process produces a solution of sodium tetraborate (approximately 2200 ppm as boron) that can be drained to the monitor tanks. This process takes place approximately every 18 months and may produce up to 70,000 gallons of sodium tetraborate solution.

Both the treated wastewater and the special drains are accumulated in the monitor tanks and sampled to ensure the waste meets the radiological requirements prior to being discharged into the Circulating Water System.

Periodically, due to equipment leaks and/or system upsets, a waste stream is generated that contains radioactively contaminated ethylene glycol and water. Incidental amounts of ethylene glycol generated from equipment leaks may be drained directly to the monitor tanks or treated by the radwaste processing system. Small amounts of ethylene glycol may be discharged to outfalls 001, 002, or 003.

Sulfur hexafluoride gas (SF6) is utilized in the non-contact cooling water systems at the plant to detect leaks in various components such as the condensers. The gas is injected in the cooling water stream and discharged to outfalls 001, 002 or 003 at less than 54 ul/l.

Aryl sulfate liquid (NALCO Trasar 23299) is utilized in the non-contact cooling water systems at the plant to determine flow through various parts of the system. The liquid is injected into the service water system to reach a target concentration of approximately 2 mg/l. The service water is discharged to Outfalls 001, 002, or 003, which would, in turn, discharge at less than 0.15 mg/l. The liquid is also injected into the circulating water system to reach a target concentration of approximately 2 mg/l.

Control Room Air Conditioning (CRAC) testing: Approximately 1440 gallons/yr. of CRAC water may mix with ESW and then be discharged to the forebay during a monthly test of the system. CRAC water is demineralized water, and may contain up to: 2000 ppm nitrite [Calgon LCS 60, Betz Corrshield NT 4205, BETZ CORRSHIED NT 4201, Betz Corrshield NT 4203, or equivalent], 100 ppm gluteraldehyde [from Betz Biotrol 107 (Spectrus NX 1105), Calgon H-300, or equivalent], 60 ppm tolyltriazole [from Calgon LCS-60, Betz AZ8101, Betz Corrshield NT 4205, BETZ CORRSHIED NT 4201, Betz Corrshield NT 4203, or equivalent], 10 ppm methyl (bis) thiocyanate (from Betz 3610), 1000 ppm molybdate from Betz Corrshield MD 4103, and Betz Ferroquest FQ7101 and FQ7102 for CRAC HX cleaning.

Three roadway storm drains route small amounts of stormwater from a small section of roadway that traverses over the Circulating Water Forebay. The three storm drains are designed to route accumulated stormwater from this small roadway to the forebay below. A small amount of de-icing compound used on this section of road could potentially enter these small (Approximately 8") gratings. Screened material collected from the plant's intakes is also stored in this area in designated trash dumpsters. Fish exudiates are now drained to the forebay as recommended by the MDEQ stormwater and NPDES inspection team (M. Fields and J. Molloy 1997).

During upset conditions it is possible to overflow the contents of the Turbine Room Sump (See Outfall 00H) to Outfalls 001, 002 and/or 003 if the flow path to the on-site absorption pond cannot be used.

### OUTFALL 002 - Unit 2 Circulating Water Discharge

Outfall 002 is a non-contact cooling water discharge. The majority of non-contact cooling water (Circulating Water System, ~920,000 GPM) is used to condense the steam exhausting from steam driven turbines. Non-contact cooling water is drawn from Lake Michigan approximately one-half mile from shore through three 16 ft. diameter tunnels. Water enters the tunnels via intake cribs at an approximate velocity of 1.3 feet per second. The water enters to a forebay where it is screened to remove large debris that may be entrained in the water. It is routed through the Unit 2 condensers and then discharged to Lake Michigan through an 18 foot diameter tunnel. The water exits the tunnels through high velocity discharges at a rate of approximately 13 feet per second approximately 1/4 mile from shore. Outfall 002 also includes internal Outfalls (as designated by the Michigan Department of Environmental Quality) Steam Generator Blowdown (00A, 00B), Plant Heating Boiler (00C), Reverse Osmosis Unit (00G), and the Turbine Room Sump Emergency Overflow (00H) described in detail later in this document.

Outfall 002 also may contain the effluent flow from both Units' Essential Service Water (ESW) systems, both Units' Non-Essential Service Water (NESW) system, and monitor tank releases. ESW (~40,000 GPM) is Lake Michigan water taken from the forebay that is used to provide cooling to safety-related equipment. NESW (~18,000 GPM) is also Lake Michigan water taken from the forebay used for

non-contact cooling for various plant systems including oil coolers, a source of water for the demineralized makeup system (MUP), and a water supply for non-safety related equipment. Monitor tank releases (~15,000 to 20,000 gallons per event) are regulated by the NRC and consist of wastewater from various system and equipment leakage that may be generated within the auxiliary building area. Minor leakage from systems containing lube oil, hydrazine, carbohydrazide, ethanolamine or closed-loop cooling systems containing a maximum concentration of gluteraldehyde (100 ppm), methyl (bis) thiocyanate (10 ppm), tolyltriazole (60 ppm), Molybdate (1000 ppm), and nitrite (1200 ppm), may be discharged via monitor tank releases.

The non-contact cooling water for the Circulating Water, the ESW and the NESW, and Miscellaneous Sealing and Cooling Water Systems is treated for biological control using sodium hypochlorite. This same water is periodically treated using a non-oxidizing biocide to eradicate zebra mussels from the cooling systems. The biocides (Betz Spectrus CT-1300, Calgon H-130M, Calgon EVAC and NALCO Macro-Trol 9380) are polyquats, and are used as required to protect plant systems while meeting water quality based effluent limits. The treatments can be directed to various critical plant systems from the intake structures through the entire plant cooling system, including the Circulating Water System, ESW and NESW systems and other non-contact cooling water. The biocide may be added to the systems via a chemical injection pipeline through a ring header located inside the intake crib, or directly applied at a specific system. A chemical injection pipeline may be installed and is designed to feed chemicals from inside the plant. The intake chemical injection header may be stored with chemical inside the pipe to prevent zebra mussel infestation. The header may also be leak checked using approved dyes such as fluorescein, or other indicators such as Nalco Trasar 23299. Non-contact cooling systems biocide treatments are dependent upon zebra mussel infestation. Concentrations and chemical feed points are chosen to minimize the amount of biocide required and to maximize the efficacy on zebra mussels. Bentonite clay may be added to detoxify the biocide prior to discharge. The plant non contact cooling water systems may be treated at the concurrently or individually to allow more efficient use of chemicals. Plant systems are treated to assure safe operation of the nuclear generating units.

The piping used to apply chemicals is regularly cleaned of calcium carbonate scale buildup. A small amount of weak acid cleaner such as Betz FerroQuest FQ LP 7200 may be used to remove accumulated carbonate scale deposits. The accumulated deposits will be discharged via Outfalls 002/003. Circulating water will dilute the weak acid prior to discharge to Lake Michigan.

Condensate flushes are performed periodically to purge the plant's secondary water system from layup chemistry specifications during shutdown conditions to startup chemistry specifications prior to startup of the unit. Water containing up to 4 ppm hydrazine [Betz Cortrol OS5035, Betz Cortrol OS5010, NALCO 19H], 10 ppm carbohydrazide (NALCO 1250 plus, or equivalent), 100 ppm ethanolamine (Betz Powerline 1440, Betz Powerline 1480, NALCO 92UM001), is overboarded to Outfall 002 as required to remove contaminants to meet desired startup secondary Chemistry specifications. This flowrate averages 70 GPM, but may reach 600 GPM for short periods of time. The flowrate is dependent on chemistry specification parameters and makeup water availability. The maximum output from the MUP is approximately 600 GPM or 864,000 GPD. (See Outfalls 00A, 00B for further description.)

Monitor tanks receive treated water from the auxiliary building radioactive waste removal system and other sources such as ice production and removal processes from the ice condenser systems and other radioactively contaminated wastes generated at the facility. This system handles wastes generated from the reactor coolant pump seal leakoffs, the refueling cavity water, equipment leaks, floor drains, valve stem leakoffs, system sampling, and waste sample solutions. It also handles laboratory wastes from the radiochemistry analysis in the hot chemical laboratory, system equipment drains, non-contact cooling water, ice production/removal and decontamination processes and any contaminated liquid waste generated in the auxiliary building area. The wastes are collected in one of several tanks and are treated when enough water is collected. The treatment utilizes a demineralizer system to minimize radioactive contaminants. A small amount of wastewater may bypass the treatment because it cannot be processed by resin.

Other special drains of non-radioactive process water systems such as Component Cooling Water system flushes with biocides such as gluteraldehyde (100 ppm), methyl (bis) thiocyanate (10 ppm), tolyltriazole (60 ppm), Molybdate (1000 ppm) and nitrite (1200 ppm), and borated icemaking/ice removal operations, can be routed directly to the plant's monitor tanks without treatment. For maintenance purposes to prevent microbial growth, Component Cooling Water flushes are performed generating approximately 281,000 gallons per year of flushwater to the monitor tanks.

Borated icemaking/ice removal operations occur for maintenance of the plant's ice condenser systems. This process produces a solution of sodium tetraborate (approximately 2200 ppm as boron) that can be drained to the monitor tanks. This process takes place approximately every 18 months and may produce up to 70,000 gallons of sodium tetraborate solution. '

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Periodically, due to equipment leaks and/or system upsets, a waste stream is generated that contains radioactively contaminated ethylene glycol and water. Incidental amounts of ethylene glycol generated from equipment leaks may be drained directly to the monitor tanks or treated by the radwaste processing system. Small amounts of ethylene glycol may be discharged to outfalls 001, 002, or 003.

Sulfur hexafluoride gas (SF6) is utilized in the non-contact cooling water systems at the plant to detect leaks in various components such as the condensers. The gas is injected in the cooling water stream and discharged to outfalls 001, 002 or 003 at less than 54 ul/l.

Aryl sulfate liquid (NALCO Trasar 23299) is utilized in the non-contact cooling water systems at the plant to determine flow through various parts of the system. The liquid is injected into the service water system to reach a target concentration of approximately 2 mg/l. The service water is discharged to Outfalls 001, 002, or 003, which would, in turn, discharge at less than 0.15 mg/l. The liquid is also injected into the circulating water system to reach a target concentration of approximately 2 mg/l.

Control Room Air Conditioning (CRAC) testing: Approximately 1440 gallons/yr. of CRAC water may mix with ESW and then be discharged to the forebay during a monthly test of the system. CRAC water is demineralized water, and may contain up to: 2000 ppm nitrite [Calgon LCS 60, Betz Corrshield NT 4205, BETZ CORRSHIED NT 4201, Betz Corrshield NT 4203, or equivalent], 100 ppm gluteraldehyde [from Betz Biotrol 107 (Spectrus NX 1105), Calgon H-300, or equivalent], 60 ppm tolyltriazole [from Calgon/LCS-60, Betz AZ8101, Betz Corrshield NT 4205, BETZ CORRSHIED NT 4201, Betz Corrshield NT 4203, or equivalent], 10 ppm methyl (bis) thiocyanate (from Betz 3610), 1000 ppm molybdate from Betz Corrshield MD 4103, and Betz Ferroquest FQ7101 and FQ7102 for CRAC HX cleaning.

Three roadway storm drains route small amounts of stormwater from a small section of roadway that traverses over the Circulating Water Forebay. The three storm drains are designed to route accumulated stormwater from this small roadway to the forebay below. A small amount of de-icing compound used on this section of road could potentially enter these small (Approximately 8") gratings. Screened material collected from the plant's intakes is also stored in this area in designated trash dumpsters. Fish exudiates are now drained to the forebay as recommended by the MDEQ stormwater and NPDES inspection team (M. Fields and J. Molloy 1997).

During upset conditions it is possible to overflow the contents of the Turbine Room Sump (See Outfall 00H) to Outfalls 001, 002 and/or 003 if the flow path to the on-site absorption pond cannot be used.

### OUTFALL 003 - Deicing Discharge

Outfall 003 is a deicing discharge which is used when water temperatures approach freezing temperatures. A portion of the flow from Outfall 001 and /or Outfall 002 is directed through the center intake tunnel to temper the intake water and prevent ice buildup on the intake structures which could restrict intake flow. The velocity at the other two intake structures during de-icing mode increases to approximately 1.9 feet per second. Discharge velocity will be less that 13 feet per second since a portion of the discharge is routed out the center intake tunnel.

The Essential and Non-Essential Service Water System (ESW and NESW) may be recirculated with a combination of Circulating Water Pumps in service to raise the forebay temperature to prevent frazil ice formation during cold weather periods. During shutdown conditions when normal operating heat addition is not available, portable heat addition units may be placed in the forebay to prevent frazil ice formations that may prevent flow to safety systems in the plant.

# OUTFALL 00A - Unit 1 Steam Generator Blowdown

The steam generators (part of the secondary water system) require ultra high purity water for operation. Makeup water used in the steam generators is withdrawn from the intake forebay (or from Lake Township water supply or a blending of both sources) and treated so most natural impurities are removed through sedimentation, filtration, reverse osmosis, and demineralization. Impurities concentrate in the steam generators as the water is turned to steam and must be removed to protect the steam turbines and

heat transfer surfaces of the steam generators. The impurities are removed by continuously draining a portion of the water from the steam generators in a process called "blowdown".

In the steam generator, steam is separated from the water, further heated, and then routed to the turbines. When the steam separates from the water, the impurities remain in the water, concentrating in the steam generator. Blowdown consists of two forms, a liquid portion (700 gpm max) and a wet steam portion, which is exhausted to the atmosphere. The liquid portion of the steam generator blowdown is discharged to the screenhouse forebay either directly (Normal Flash Tank), or after processing through mixed bed demineralizers. Impurities in this discharge may consist of small quantities of insoluble iron and copper or impurities from the Circulating Water System used to cool the condensers should condenser tube leaks occur. Steam generator additives consist of ethanolamine (Betz Powerline 1440, Betz Powerline 1480, NALCO 92UM001) for pH adjustment, hydrazine [Betz Cortrol OS5035, Betz Cortrol OS5010, NALCO 19H] and/or carbohydrazide (NALCO 1250 plus, or equivalent) for oxygen scavenging.

When the units are not operating, the steam generators are placed in wet layup conditions to protect against corrosion during storage. Layup water is periodically discharged through the outfall to the Circulating Water Forebay. The layup water contains a maximum concentration of 400 ppm hydrazine [Betz Powerline Cortrol OS5035, Betz Cortrol OS5010, NALCO 19H] and/or 40 ppm carbohydrazide (NALCO 1250 plus, or equivalent), and /or 100 ppm ethanolamine (Betz Powerline 1440, Betz Powerline 1480, NALCO 92UM001). The waste strength of this discharge is reduced through mixing with Outfalls 001, 002, or 003.

During the **Sludge Lancing Process**, demineralized water or secondary water is used to pressure clean the steam generators during outage periods. The water is recirculated through temporary filters to remove entrained solids. The major constituent of the solids is iron oxide from the steam generators. The water is then returned to the steam generators and can be drained to Outfalls 00A, 00B, to Outfall 001, 002, 003, 00D or 00H. The suspended solids are analyzed for radioactivity prior to disposal.

### OUTFALL 00B - Unit 2 Steam Generator Blowdown

The steam generators (part of the secondary water system) require ultra high purity water for operation. Makeup water used in the steam generators is withdrawn from the intake forebay (or from Lake Township water supply or a blending of both sources) and treated so most natural impurities are removed

through sedimentation, filtration, reverse osmosis, and demineralization. Impurities concentrate in the steam generators as the water is turned to steam and must be removed to protect the steam turbines and heat transfer surfaces of the steam generators. The impurities are removed by continuously draining a portion of the water from the steam generators in a process called "blowdown".

In the steam generator, steam is separated from the water, further heated, and then routed to the turbines. When the steam separates from the water, the impurities remain in the water, concentrating in the steam generator. Blowdown consists of two forms, a liquid portion (700 gpm max) and a wet steam portion, which is exhausted to the atmosphere. The liquid portion of the steam generator blowdown is discharged to the screenhouse forebay either directly (Normal Flash Tank), or after processing through mixed bed demineralizers. Impurities in this discharge may consist of small quantities of insoluble iron and copper or impurities from the Circulating Water System used to cool the condensers should condenser tube leaks occur. Steam generator additives consist of ethanolamine (Betz Powerline 1440, Betz Powerline 1480, NALCO 92UM001) for pH adjustment, hydrazine [Betz Cortrol OS5035, Betz Cortrol OS5010, NALCO 19H] and/or carbohydrazide (NALCO 1250 plus, or equivalent) for oxygen scavenging.

When the units are not operating, the steam generators are placed in wet layup conditions to protect against corrosion during storage. Layup water is periodically discharged through the outfall to the Circulating Water Forebay. The layup water contains a maximum concentration of 400 ppm hydrazine [Betz Powerline Cortrol OS5035, Betz Cortrol OS5010, NALCO 19H] and/or 40 ppm carbohydrazide (NALCO 1250 plus, or equivalent), and /or 100 ppm ethanolamine (Betz Powerline 1440, Betz Powerline 1480, NALCO 92UM001). The waste strength of this discharge is reduced through mixing with Outfalls 001, 002, or 003.

During the **Sludge Lancing Process**, demineralized water or secondary water is used to pressure clean the steam generators during outage periods. The water is recirculated through temporary filters to remove entrained solids. The major constituent of the solids is iron oxide from the steam generators. The water is then returned to the steam generators and can be drained to Outfalls 00A, 00B, to Outfall 001, 002, 003, 00D or 00H. The suspended solids are analyzed for radioactivity prior to disposal.

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## OUTFALL 00C - Plant Heating Boiler

A heating boiler (150,000 lb/hr capacity) operates to supply plant heating and auxiliary steam when Unit 1 and/or Unit 2 are out of service. The boiler is also fired periodically for testing purposes to ensure its availability.

During periods when not in operation, the **heating boiler** may be stored full of treated boiler water containing up to 400 ppm hydrazine [Betz Cortrol OS5035, Betz Cortrol OS5010, NALCO 19H] or 40 ppm carbohydrazide (NALCO 1250 plus, or equivalent) for oxygen scavenging and or 50 ppm ethanolamine (Betz Powerline 1440, Betz Powerline 1480, NALCO 92UM001) for corrosion protection. Prior to use, this "wet lay-up" water is drained to Outfall 00C via blowdown, which discharges to the intake forebay. The volume drained is approximately 600 gallons. This boiler may also be occasionally drained for maintenance activities, approximately 6,000 gallons of treated boiler water would be directed to Outfall 00C or 00D/00H for such purposes.

Impurities from the boiler water consisting primarily of insoluble iron and copper are discharged via blowdown (30 GPM) to the intake forebay during operation as needed for Chemistry control. Boiler water treatment additives consist of up to 15 ppm ethanolamine (Betz Powerline 1440, Betz Powerline 1480, NALCO 92UM001) for pH adjustment, up to 150 ppb hydrazine [Betz Cortrol OS5035, Betz Cortrol OS5010, NALCO 19H] and/or 150 ppb carbohydrazide (NALCO 1250 plus, or equivalent) for oxygen scavenging. /

Just after boiler shutdown, the boiler may be placed in dry layup. The boiler contents (up to 6,000 gallons) are drained via blowdown to the intake forebay. Boiler water treatment additives consist of up to 3 ppm ethanolamine (Betz Powerline 1440, Betz Powerline 1480, NALCO 92UM001) for pH adjustment and up to 150 ppb hydrazine [Betz Cortrol OS5035, Betz Cortrol OS5010, NALCO 19H] and/or 150 ppb carbohydrazide (NALCO 1250 plus, or equivalent) for oxygen scavenging. The boiler is then dried out and stored empty. This process saves on chemicals and prevents unnecessary discharge of wet layup chemicals.

A smaller boiler may be installed to provide back-up heat if the permanent heating boiler was out of service. This back-up boiler may be located outdoors on the West Side of the turbine building. The blowdown line is directed to the Unit One forebay, near the same discharge point as the permanently installed heating boiler.

The same boiler treatment chemistry will be maintained in the back-up boiler as is used in the permanent heating boiler. The back-up boiler treatment additives consist of ethanolamine (Betz Powerline 1440, Betz Powerline 1480, NALCO 92UM001) for pH adjustment, and hydrazine [Betz Powerline Cortrol OS5035, Betz Cortrol OS5010, NALCO 19H] and/or carbohydrazide (NALCO 1250 plus, or equivalent) for oxygen scavenging. This boiler may be occasionally drained for maintenance activities, approximately 6,000 gallons of treated boiler water would be directed to Outfall 00C for such purposes. Impurities from the boiler water consisting primarily of insoluble iron and copper are discharged via blowdown (30 GPM maximum) to the intake forebay during operation as needed for Chemistry control.

### OUTFALL 00G - Reverse Osmosis System

The Reverse Osmosis System (RO) is used to assist in the removal of dissolved solids from the lake water prior to demineralization. Reject water flow is directed to the forebay, which leads to Outfalls 001, 002, and 003. Reject water flow rates may reach up to 0.366 MGD. The RO system must maintain very clean membranes to assure efficient operation and purity of water. Several methods are used to maintain this level of cleanliness from scale and biofouling. Hydrochloric acid or sulfuric acid is fed at approximately 1.3 GPH continually when the RO is in service to lower the pH to reduce the scaling tendencies of the water. The reject water from the RO unit consists of concentrated Lake Michigan water and a small amount of acid that inhibits scale buildup in the membranes.

Approximately once per month, a flush is performed using approximately 1,000 gallons of a nominal 0.05% hydrochloric acid solution. This is followed with approximately 1,000 gallons of a nominal 0.1% sodium hydroxide solution. This flush will dissolve any scale that deposits on the membranes. The total amount of flushing solution will average approximately 5,000 gallons per event. Sodium bisulfite is used to preserve the membranes during long-term shutdown periods. Approximately 15 lbs. of sodium bisulfite per year is used in this manner.

The chemical cleaning involves several steps and may contain citric acid, hydrochloric acid, phosphoric acid, sodium hydroxide, and a neutral pH detergent. The periodic cleaning process averages approximately 10,000 gallons per event, diverted either to the Turbine Room Sump (Outfall 00H/00D), through the Neutralization Tank to the Turbine Room Sump (Outfall 00H/00D), or to the Circulating Water Forebay (Outfall 001, 002, or 003).

### OUTFALL 00H - Turbine Room Sump Emergency Overflow

Utility wastewater from within the plant is discharged via the turbine room sump (TRS) into an on-site absorption pond (Outfall 00D). The normal disposition of these wastewaters is to an on-site absorption pond, which eventually vents via groundwater to Lake Michigan. In the unlikely event that the normal flow path to the absorption pond is not available, the overflow line (Outfall 00H) will direct the TRS flow to the plant's intake forebay. The wastewaters associated with this Outfall include:

### Wastes from the makeup water treatment system.

- NESW: (144,000 GPD) The main contributor to this waste stream is the degassifier pump seal water. Non-Essential Service Water (NESW) from Lake Michigan supplies the vacuum degassifier pumps which utilize up to 100 GPM to remove non-condensable gases (primarily carbon dioxide and oxygen) from the makeup plant water and exhausts them to the atmosphere.
- **Pre-filter backwash**: (Estimated 98,000 GPD) Six pre-filters are backwashed with Lake Michigan water to remove the suspended matter captured on the filter media. Alum solution (aluminum sulfate 0.5 lb. per gallon) is added to the pre-filter influent as a flocculent. The alum is added via a coagulant feed pump. Approximately 50 lb./day of alum is used in this process. The alum contained in the backwash is discharged in the form of insoluble aluminum hydroxide.
- Carbon filter backwash: (Estimated 42,000 GPD) Carbon filters are periodically backwashed with Lake Michigan water to the TRS. These filters primarily remove organics, chlorine and small amounts of iron.
- Demineralizer regeneration: (Estimated 50,000 gallons per regeneration) occurs 2-4 times per month when the RO is in service and more often when it is not in service. Dilute sulfuric acid and sodium hydroxide used by the system to regenerate the resin. Dilute sulfuric acid, sodium hydroxide, and contaminates from the demineralization process is discharged to the neutralization tank or TRS. The pH is then adjusted to between 5.5 and 9.0 with sulfuric acid, or sodium hydroxide prior to discharge.
- **MUP Neutralization Tank** provides a place for demineralization regeneration wastes, and Reverse Osmosis Unit cleaning flushes to be neutralized prior to being discharged to the TRS and ultimately

the absorption pond. When the MUP resin beds are regenerated, up to 50,000 gallons of regeneration chemicals, and backwash waters are processed in the neutralization tank. The Reverse Osmosis cleaning flushes average approximately 5,000 gallons per event. When the water is neutralized, it is pumped to the TRS via a 2,000 GPM neutralization waste pump.

- The **Retention Tank** is periodically blown down, discharging small volumes of solid material removed by settling. The retention tank contains a mixture of Lake Township water and filtered Lake Michigan water waiting further processing by the Makeup Plant.
- The Reverse Osmosis System (RO) Cleaning. Normal reject water flow is to Lake Michigan via Outfall 00G. The RO system must maintain very clean membranes to assure efficient operation and purity of water. Several methods are used to maintain this level of cleanliness from scale and biofouling. Hydrochloric acid or sulfuric acid is fed at approximately 1.3 GPH continually when the RO is in service to lower the pH to reduce the scaling tendencies of the water. The reject water from the RO unit consists of concentrated Lake Michigan water and a small amount of acid that inhibits scale buildup in the membranes.

Approximately once per month, a flush is performed using approximately 1,000 gallons of a nominal 0.05% hydrochloric acid solution. This is followed with approximately 1,000 gallons of a nominal 0.1% sodium hydroxide solution. This flush will dissolve any scale that deposits on the membranes. The total amount of flushing solution will average approximately 5,000 gallons per event. Sodium bisulfite is used to preserve the membranes during long-term shutdown periods. Approximately 15 lbs. of sodium bisulfite per year is used in this manner.

The chemical cleaning involves several steps and may contain citric acid, hydrochloric acid, phosphoric acid, sodium hydroxide, and a neutral pH detergent. The periodic cleaning process averages approximately 10,000 gallons per event, diverted either to the Turbine Room Sump (Outfall 00H), through the Neutralization Tank to the Turbine Room Sump (Outfall 00H), or to the Circulating Water Forebay (Outfall 001, 002, or 003).

#### Waste from miscellaneous processes.

• During periods when not in operation, the **heating boiler** may be stored full of treated boiler water containing at most 400 ppm hydrazine [Betz Cortrol OS5035, Betz Cortrol OS5010, NALCO 19H] or 40 ppm carbohydrazide (NALCO 1250 plus, or equivalent) for oxygen scavenging and/or 50 ppm

ethanolamine (Betz Powerline 1440, Betz Powerline 1480, NALCO 92UM001) for corrosion protection. Prior to use, this "wet lay-up" water is drained to the TRS. The volume drained is approximately 600 gallons.

- The Circulating Water System cooling water contained in the **condensers** during shutdowns are periodically drained to the TRS. (Six condenser halves and 2 feedpump condensers, approximately 37,000 gallons of lake water per half).
- The **Component Cooling Water system** (CCW) is periodically drained to allow for equipment inspection, maintenance or repair. This system uses demineralized water from the makeup plant as its source of makeup water along with a maximum of: 1200 ppm nitrite [from Calgon LCS 60, Betz Corrshield NT 4205, BETZ CORRSHIED NT 4201, Betz Corrshield NT 4203, or equivalent], 100 ppm gluteraldehyde [from Betz Spectrus NX 1105, Calgon H-300, or equivalent], methyl (bis) thiocyanate (10 ppm) [from Betz 3610 or equivalent], 60 ppm tolyltriazole (from Betz AZ8101, Calgon LCS-60, or equivalent) ), 1000 ppm molybdate from Betz Corrshield MD 4103. The infrequent drainings release approximately 60,000 gallons of treated water to the TRS per year.
- There are four Emergency Diesel Generators that are each cooled by an Emergency Diesel Generator cooling jacket water system (DJW), which employs chemical control for corrosion with a maximum of 2000 ppm nitrite [Calgon LCS 60 or Betz Corrshield NT 4205, BETZ CORRSHIED NT 4201, Betz Corrshield NT 4203 or equivalent], 100 ppm gluteraldehyde [Betz Spectrus NX 1105, Calgon H-300, or equivalent], methyl (bis) thiocyanate (10 ppm) [from Betz 3610 or equivalent], 60 ppm tolyltriazole [Betz AZ8101, Calgon LCS-60, or equivalent] ), 1000 ppm molybdate from Betz Corrshield MD 4103.

This system is drained through the floor drains to the TRS when maintenance is performed. Each system volume is approximately 1000 gallons. Any system leaks would also be directed to the floor drain during normal operations.

 Control Room Air Conditioning (CRAC) drains: Approximately 1440 gallons/yr. of CRAC water is drained to the TRS. CRAC Water is demineralized water, and may contain up to: 2000 ppm nitrite [Calgon LCS 60, Betz Corrshield NT 4205, BETZ CORRSHIED NT 4201, Betz Corrshield NT 4203 or equivalent], 100 ppm gluteraldehyde [Betz Spectrus NX 1105, Calgon H-300, or equivalent], methyl (bis) thiocyanate (10 ppm) [from Betz 3610 or equivalent], 60 ppm tolyltriazole (Calgon LCS-60, Betz AZ8101, or equivalent) ), 1000 ppm molybdate from Betz Corrshield MD 4103, and Betz Ferroquest FQ7101 and FQ7102 for CRAC HX cleaning. The system may be flushed with demineralized water, and when completed, corrosion control chemicals will be added back to the system. No additions of corrosion controlling chemicals are performed during the demineralized water flush.

- The Essential Service Water systems (ESW) and Non-Essential Service Water systems (NESW) are also periodically drained to allow for equipment inspection, maintenance, or repair. These drains may discharge Lake Michigan water used for non-contact cooling into the TRS. This water may be chlorinated for zebra mussel control. During some special treatment periods, this water may contain zebra mussel biocides, used as a molluscicide for zebra mussel control. Periodically, components of the ESW or NESW systems may be chemically cleaned to remove iron deposits using vendor supplied cleaning solution such as EDTA (ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid) or ascorbic acid, acetic acid and ammonia. These wastes could either be drained to the TRS or Lake Michigan via Outfall 001, 002, or 003.
- During wet lay-up, the steam generators are stored full of water with up to 400 ppm of hydrazine from Betz Cortrol OS5035, Betz Cortrol OS5010, NALCO 19H or 40 ppm carbohydrazide (NALCO 1250 plus, or equivalent) and 100 ppm ethanolamine (Betz Powerline 1440, Betz Powerline 1480, NALCO 92UM001) are added for corrosion control. The water may also contain up to 20 ppm boron. This water is normally drained to surface water via NPDES Outfalls 00A or 00B, but may be drained to the TRS in some instances. Drain volume will be approximately 32,000 gallons for each of the unit's four steam generators.
- The Miscellaneous Drain Tanks can be aligned to discharge to the TRS. As much as 350,000 gallons per day per unit may be directed to the TRS to control the chemistry limitations on the secondary water systems. Water chemistry is primarily the same as in the steam generators. This type of batch drain occurs in concert with condensate flushing activities, or it may occur during normal operation to adjust system chemistry. The overboarded water is normal secondary water. It may contain a mixture of ethanolamine, hydrazine [Betz Cortrol OS5035, Betz Cortrol OS5010, NALCO 19H], or carbohydrazide (NALCO 1250 plus, or equivalent). Maximum flows may approach 240 GPM as makeup plant water supplies can deliver.

- Condensate flushes are performed periodically to clean up the plant's secondary system prior to startup, and can be discharged to the TRS. Water containing up to 4 ppm hydrazine [Betz Cortrol OS5035, Betz Cortrol OS5010, NALCO 19H], 10 ppm carbohydrazide (NALCO 1250 plus, or equivalent), 100 ppm ethanolamine (Betz Powerline 1440, Betz Powerline 1480, NALCO 92UM001), is overboard to the TRS as required to remove contaminants. This flow rate averages 70 GPM, but may reach 600 GPM for short periods of time. The flow rate is dependent on water demands in the plant. Maximum output from the MUP is approximately 600 GPM.
- Around the plant, **miscellaneous sumps** collect an estimated 45,000 GPD of water from various equipment drains (ESW pipe tunnel sump). Water and condensate leaks from valves and pumps (Circulating Water condenser pit sumps, ESW pipe tunnel sump, heater drain pump room sump, screen wash pump room sump, acid and caustic room sumps, elevator pit sumps, screenhouse electrical equipment enclosure sump) will also be drained to the TRS. Steam jet air ejector drains also are directed to the heater drain pump room sump prior to pumping to the TRS. Betz FerroQuest FQ LP 7200 may be added to this sump to prevent scale buildup.
- Miscellaneous floor drains are located throughout the plant to provide a safe working environment by routing spilled or leaked water to the TRS. The major chemical influx into these drains is from general floor cleaning products used to maintain the floors. Also routed to the TRS through the floor drains are fire protection water, chlorinated Lake Township water, drinking water, cooling water (ESW/NESW), and drains from bioboxes used to monitor the zebra mussel control measures and other chemical control monitors. The bioboxes will discharge chlorine and zebra mussel biocides during periods when the Service Water Systems are treated with previously mention biological control agents.
- Chemical feed tank drains (drains are limited to emergencies only). There are eight chemical feed tanks that are approximately 200 gallons each that contain hydrazine [Betz Cortrol OS5035, Betz Cortrol OS5010, NALCO 19H] at approximately 2%, ethanolamine (Betz Powerline 1440, Betz Powerline 1480, NALCO 92UM001), at approximately 5%, carbohydrazide (NALCO 1250 plus, or equivalent), approximately 2%. Normal process will be to collect these tank volumes to be reused whenever possible.

- Chemical cleaning tank drains: During refueling and maintenance outages, the chemical cleaning tank, and or temporary tanks may be used to mix borax (sodium tetraborate @ approximately 2000 ppm as boron) solutions for ice making operations. Small portions of the system may be drained to the TRS. In the unlikely event that a full tank is drained, approximately 3500 gallons will be directed to the TRS.
- Non-radiological chemical lab sink and floor drains are routed to the TRS for disposal. The drains carry water and the wastes generated while performing analyses and preparing laboratory standard including those on the attached list. Also discharged will be glassware cleaning and normal laboratory cleaning wastes. The average volume directed to the TRS is estimated to be 500 -1000 GPD.
- Secondary sample water from continuous analyzers are routed to drains which discharge to the TRS and/or the miscellaneous drain tank. The analyzers are on the cycles that may contain as much as 150 ppb hydrazine from either a direct feed or (as a breakdown product of carbohydrazide, and 2.5 ppm ethanolamine). The analyzers measure corrosion transport at an average flow of 1440 gallons per day when in operation.
- Miscellaneous sealing and cooling water (MSCW) supplies cooling and sealing water to the TRS pumps, Condensate Booster Pumps, Circulating Water Pumps, Vacuum Priming Pumps, Drain Seal Reservoir Tanks, MSCW pump sealing water, screen wash pumps sealing water, and Drain Sample Coolers. The flow per day may reach approximately 576,000 gallons; this water is filtered and chlorinated Lake Michigan water.
- Non-essential service water supplies approximately 53,000 GPD of non-contact cooling water to various sample coolers throughout the plant's turbine building.

• Chemical spills that enter the TRS may be neutralized within the sump to prevent a discharge to the environment. The potential for spills to the TRS exists for the following chemicals with the proposed neutralizers listed:

Chemical	Associated Neutralizer
Sulfuric acid	Sodium hydroxide
Sodium hydroxide	Sulfuric acid
Sodium hypochlorite	Sodium thiosulfate
Hydrazine	NESW (lake water), Hydrogen peroxide, sodium hypochlorite.
Ethanolamine	Sodium Hypochlorite, Hydrogen Peroxide, or ozone.
Ethylene glycol	Hydrogen peroxide

Reduction of hydrazine and ETA prior to discharge to the absorption pond may include additions of chemicals such as sodium hypochlorite, hydrogen peroxide, or ozone to the Turbine Room Sump in batches, or to the discharge piping as continuous treatment. A downstream treatment system provided by a vendor may be used to break down the hydrazine and ETA.

# ADDITIONAL CHEMICAL LAB ANALYSES

Additional Information Section I Item 11 Donald C. Cook Nuclear Plant Surface Water Permit Application

# Plant Chemistry Lab (To Outfall 00H/00D)

Laboratory sink drains from the 633' Turbine lab are directed to the 90,000 gallon Turbine Room Sump. The sump contents are normally directed to the groundwater discharge (outfall 00D). Occasionally the Emergency by-pass may be utilized and the sump's contents will be discharged to the surface water discharge (outfall 00H). The following analyses are performed in the lab. Laboratory wastes from the analyses are discarded in the sink.

Parameter	Analysis Method
Nitrite	HACH DR-2000 Method 373,
	HACH DR 2010 Method 373
Hydrazine	ASTM D-1385 -88
Oil and Grease	EPA-600-4-79-020 Method 413.1
рН	Standard Methods for the examination of Water
	and Wastewater, ASTM-1293
Total Phosphorus	EPA-600-4-79-020 Method 365.3
Sulfate	EPA-600-4-79-020 Method 375.4
Total Residual Chlorine	EPA-600-4-79-020 Method 330.5
Ethanolamine (ETA)	Betz Standard Operating Procedure. (Betz
	proprietary Method adapted from HACH Dr-2000
	1,2- Naphthoquinone-4-sulfonic acid Method.)
ICP Metals	Standard Methods for Examination of water and
	wastewater - 17 <sup>th</sup> ed. 1989, 3120B.
Tolyltriazole	HACH DR-2000 Method 730
Carbohydrazide	HACH DR-2000 Method 732
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	HACH DR-2010 Method 182
N,N Diethylhyroxylamine (DEHA)	HACH DR-2010 Method 182
Silica	ASTM D 859-88

## **GROUNDWATER DISCHARGES**

## OUTFALL 00D - Turbine Room Sump

Utility wastewater from within the plant is discharged via the turbine room sump (TRS) into an on-site absorption pond (Outfall 00D). The normal disposition of these wastewaters is to an on-site absorption pond, which eventually vents via groundwater to Lake Michigan. In the unlikely event that the normal flow path to the absorption pond is not available, the overflow line (Outfall 00H) will direct the TRS flow to the plant's intake forebay. The wastewaters associated with this Outfall include:

### Wastes from the makeup water treatment system.

- NESW: (144,000 GPD) The main contributor to this waste stream is the degassifier pump seal water. Non-Essential Service Water (NESW) from Lake Michigan supplies the vacuum degassifier pumps which utilize up to 100 GPM to remove non-condensable gases (primarily carbon dioxide and oxygen) from the makeup plant water and exhausts them to the atmosphere.
- **Pre-filter backwash**: (Estimated 98,000 GPD) Six pre-filters are backwashed with Lake Michigan water to remove the suspended matter captured on the filter media. Alum solution (aluminum sulfate 0.5 lb. per gallon) is added to the pre-filter influent as a flocculent. The alum is added via a coagulant feed pump. Approximately 50 lb./day of alum is used in this process. The alum contained in the backwash is discharged in the form of insoluble aluminum hydroxide.
- Carbon filter backwash: (Estimated 42,000 GPD) Carbon filters are periodically backwashed with Lake Michigan water to the TRS. These filters primarily remove organics, chlorine and small amounts of iron.
- Demineralizer regeneration: (Estimated 50,000 gallons per regeneration) occurs 2-4 times per month when the RO is in service and more often when it is not in service. Dilute sulfuric acid and sodium hydroxide used by the system to regenerate the resin. Dilute sulfuric acid, sodium hydroxide, and contaminates from the demineralization process is discharged to the neutralization tank or TRS. The pH is then adjusted to between 5.5 and 9.0 with sulfuric acid, or sodium hydroxide prior to discharge.

- MUP Neutralization Tank provides a place for demineralization regeneration wastes, and Reverse Osmosis Unit cleaning flushes to be neutralized prior to being discharged to the TRS and ultimately the absorption pond. When the MUP resin beds are regenerated, up to 50,000 gallons of regeneration chemicals, and backwash waters are processed in the neutralization tank. The Reverse Osmosis cleaning flushes average approximately 5,000 gallons per event. When the water is neutralized, it is pumped to the TRS via a 2,000 GPM neutralization waste pump.
- The **Retention Tank** is periodically blown down, discharging small volumes of solid material removed by settling. The retention tank contains a mixture of Lake Township water and filtered Lake Michigan water waiting further processing by the Makeup Plant.
- The Reverse Osmosis System (RO) Cleaning. Normal reject water flow is to Lake Michigan via Outfall 00G. The RO system must maintain very clean membranes to assure efficient operation and purity of water. Several methods are used to maintain this level of cleanliness from scale and biofouling. Hydrochloric acid or sulfuric acid is fed at approximately 1.3 GPH continually when the RO is in service to lower the pH to reduce the scaling tendencies of the water. The reject water from the RO unit consists of concentrated Lake Michigan water and a small amount of acid that inhibits scale buildup in the membranes.

Approximately once per month, a flush is performed using approximately 1,000 gallons of a nominal 0.05% hydrochloric acid solution. This is followed with approximately 1,000 gallons of a nominal 0.1% sodium hydroxide solution. This flush will dissolve any scale that deposits on the membranes. The total amount of flushing solution will average approximately 5,000 gallons per event. Sodium bisulfite is used to preserve the membranes during long-term shutdown periods. Approximately 15 lbs. of sodium bisulfite per year is used in this manner.

The chemical cleaning involves several steps and may contain citric acid, hydrochloric acid, phosphoric acid, sodium hydroxide, and a neutral pH detergent. The periodic cleaning process averages approximately 10,000 gallons per event, diverted either to the Turbine Room Sump (Outfall 00H), through the Neutralization Tank to the Turbine Room Sump (Outfall 00H), or to the Circulating Water Forebay (Outfall 001, 002, or 003).

### Waste from miscellaneous processes.

- During periods when not in operation, the heating boiler may be stored full of treated boiler water containing at most 400 ppm hydrazine [Betz Cortrol OS5035, Betz Cortrol OS5010, NALCO 19H] or 40 ppm carbohydrazide (NALCO 1250 plus, or equivalent) for oxygen scavenging and/or 50 ppm ethanolamine (Betz Powerline 1440, Betz Powerline 1480, NALCO 92UM001) for corrosion protection. Prior to use, this "wet lay-up" water is drained to the TRS. The volume drained is approximately 600 gallons.
- The Circulating Water System cooling water contained in the **condensers** during shutdowns are periodically drained to the TRS. (Six condenser halves and 2 feedpump condensers, approximately 37,000 gallons of lake water per half).
- The Component Cooling Water system (CCW) is periodically drained to allow for equipment inspection, maintenance or repair. This system uses demineralized water from the makeup plant as its source of makeup water along with a maximum of: 1200 ppm nitrite [from Calgon LCS 60, Betz Corrshield NT 4205, BETZ CORRSHIED NT 4201, Betz Corrshield NT 4203, or equivalent], 100 ppm gluteraldehyde [from Betz Spectrus NX 1105, Calgon H-300, or equivalent], methyl (bis) thiocyanate (10 ppm) [from Betz 3610 or equivalent], 60 ppm tolyltriazole (from Betz AZ8101, Calgon LCS-60, or equivalent) ), 1000 ppm molybdate from Betz Corrshield MD 4103. The infrequent drainings release approximately 60,000 gallons of treated water to the TRS per year.
- There are four Emergency Diesel Generators that are each cooled by an Emergency Diesel Generator cooling jacket water system (DJW), which employs chemical control for corrosion with a maximum of 2000 ppm nitrite [Calgon LCS 60 or Betz Corrshield NT 4205, BETZ CORRSHIED NT 4201, Betz Corrshield NT 4203 or equivalent], 100 ppm gluteraldehyde [Betz Spectrus NX 1105, Calgon H-300, or equivalent], methyl (bis) thiocyanate (10 ppm) [from Betz 3610 or equivalent], 60 ppm tolyltriazole [Betz AZ8101, Calgon LCS-60, or equivalent] ), 1000 ppm molybdate from Betz Corrshield MD 4103.

This system is drained through the floor drains to the TRS when maintenance is performed. Each system volume is approximately 1000 gallons. Any system leaks would also be directed to the floor drain during normal operations.

Control Room Air Conditioning (CRAC) drains: Approximately 1440 gallons/yr. of CRAC water is drained to the TRS. CRAC Water is demineralized water, and may contain up to: 2000 ppm nitrite [Calgon LCS 60, Betz Corrshield NT 4205, BETZ CORRSHIED NT 4201, Betz Corrshield NT 4203 or equivalent], 100 ppm gluteraldehyde [Betz Spectrus NX 1105, Calgon H-300, or equivalent], methyl (bis) thiocyanate (10 ppm) [from Betz 3610 or equivalent], 60 ppm tolyltriazole (Calgon LCS-60, Betz AZ8101, or equivalent) ), 1000 ppm molybdate from Betz Corrshield MD 4103, and Betz Ferroquest FQ7101 and FQ7102 for CRAC HX cleaning. The system may be flushed with demineralized water, and when completed, corrosion control chemicals will be added back to the system. No additions of corrosion controlling chemicals are performed during the demineralized water flush.

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- The Essential Service Water systems (ESW) and Non-Essential Service Water systems (NESW) are also periodically drained to allow for equipment inspection, maintenance, or repair. These drains may discharge Lake Michigan water used for non-contact cooling into the TRS. This water may be chlorinated for zebra mussel control. During some special treatment periods, this water may contain zebra mussel biocides, used as a molluscicide for zebra mussel control. Periodically, components of the ESW or NESW systems may be chemically cleaned to remove iron deposits using vendor supplied cleaning solution such as EDTA (ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid) or ascorbic acid, acetic acid and ammonia. These wastes could either be drained to the TRS or Lake Michigan via Outfall 001, 002, or 003.
- During wet lay-up, the steam generators are stored full of water with up to 400 ppm of hydrazine from Betz Cortrol OS5035, Betz Cortrol OS5010, NALCO 19H or 40 ppm carbohydrazide (NALCO 1250 plus, or equivalent) and 100 ppm ethanolamine (Betz Powerline 1440, Betz Powerline 1480, NALCO 92UM001) are added for corrosion control. The water may also contain up to 20 ppm boron. This water is normally drained to surface water via NPDES Outfalls 00A or 00B, but may be drained to the TRS in some instances. Drain volume will be approximately 32,000 gallons for each of the unit's four steam generators.
- The Miscellaneous Drain Tanks can be aligned to discharge to the TRS. As much as 350,000 gallons per day per unit may be directed to the TRS to control the chemistry limitations on the secondary water systems. Water chemistry is primarily the same as in the steam generators. This type of batch drain occurs in concert with condensate flushing activities, or it may occur during normal operation to adjust system chemistry. The overboarded water is normal secondary water. It

may contain a mixture of ethanolamine, hydrazine [Betz Cortrol OS5035, Betz Cortrol OS5010, NALCO 19H], or carbohydrazide (NALCO 1250 plus, or equivalent). Maximum flows may approach 240 GPM as makeup plant water supplies can deliver.

- Condensate flushes are performed periodically to clean up the plant's secondary system prior to startup, and can be discharged to the TRS. Water containing up to 4 ppm hydrazine [Betz Cortrol OS5035, Betz Cortrol OS5010, NALCO 19H], 10 ppm carbohydrazide (NALCO 1250 plus, or equivalent), 100 ppm ethanolamine (Betz Powerline 1440, Betz Powerline 1480, NALCO 92UM001), is overboard to the TRS as required to remove contaminants. This flow rate averages 70 GPM, but may reach 600 GPM for short periods of time. The flow rate is dependent on water demands in the plant. Maximum output from the MUP is approximately 600 GPM.
- Around the plant, **miscellaneous sumps** collect an estimated 45,000 GPD of water from various equipment drains (ESW pipe tunnel sump). Water and condensate leaks from valves and pumps (Circulating Water condenser pit sumps, ESW pipe tunnel sump, heater drain pump room sump, screen wash pump room sump, acid and caustic room sumps, elevator pit sumps, screenhouse electrical equipment enclosure sump) will also be drained to the TRS. Steam jet air ejector drains also are directed to the heater drain pump room sump prior to pumping to the TRS. Betz FerroQuest FQ LP 7200 may be added to this sump to prevent scale buildup.
- Miscellaneous floor drains are located throughout the plant to provide a safe working environment by routing spilled or leaked water to the TRS. The major chemical influx into these drains is from general floor cleaning products used to maintain the floors. Also routed to the TRS through the floor drains are fire protection water, chlorinated Lake Township water, drinking water, cooling water (ESW/NESW), and drains from bioboxes used to monitor the zebra mussel control measures and other chemical control monitors. The bioboxes will discharge chlorine and zebra mussel biocides during periods when the Service Water Systems are treated with previously mention biological control agents.
- Chemical feed tank drains (drains are limited to emergencies only). There are eight chemical feed tanks that are approximately 200 gallons each that contain hydrazine [Betz Cortrol OS5035, Betz Cortrol OS5010, NALCO 19H] at approximately 2%, ethanolamine (Betz Powerline 1440, Betz Powerline 1480, NALCO 92UM001), at approximately 5%, carbohydrazide (NALCO 1250 plus, or

equivalent), approximately 2%. Normal process will be to collect these tank volumes to be reused whenever possible.

- Chemical cleaning tank drains: During refueling and maintenance outages, the chemical cleaning tank, and or temporary tanks may be used to mix borax (sodium tetraborate @ approximately 2000 ppm as boron) solutions for ice making operations. Small portions of the system may be drained to the TRS. In the unlikely event that a full tank is drained, approximately 3500 gallons will be directed to the TRS.
- Non-radiological chemical lab sink and floor drains are routed to the TRS for disposal. The drains carry water and the wastes generated while performing analyses and preparing laboratory standards including those on the attached list. Also discharged will be glassware cleaning and normal laboratory cleaning wastes. The average volume directed to the TRS is estimated to be 500 -1000 GPD.
- Secondary sample water from continuous analyzers are routed to drains which discharge to the TRS and/or the miscellaneous drain tank. The analyzers are on the cycles that may contain as much as 150 ppb hydrazine from either a direct feed or (as a breakdown product of carbohydrazide, and 2.5 ppm ethanolamine). The analyzers measure corrosion transport at an average flow of 1440 gallons per day when in operation.
- Miscellaneous sealing and cooling water (MSCW) supplies cooling and sealing water to the TRS pumps, Condensate Booster Pumps, Circulating Water Pumps, Vacuum Priming Pumps, Drain Seal Reservoir Tanks, MSCW pump sealing water, screen wash pumps sealing water, and Drain Sample Coolers. The flow per day may reach approximately 576,000 gallons; this water is filtered and chlorinated Lake Michigan water.
- Non-essential service water supplies approximately 53,000 GPD of non-contact cooling water to various **sample coolers** throughout the plant's turbine building.

• Chemical spills that enter the TRS may be neutralized within the sump to prevent a discharge to the environment. The potential for spills to the TRS exists for the following chemicals with the proposed neutralizers listed:

Chemical	Associated Neutralizer
Sulfuric acid	Sodium hydroxide
Sodium hydroxide	Sulfuric acid
Sodium hypochlorite	Sodium thiosulfate
Hydrazine	NESW (lake water), Hydrogen peroxide, sodium hypochlorite.
Ethanolamine	Sodium Hypochlorite, Hydrogen Peroxide, or ozone.
Ethylene glycol	Hydrogen peroxide

Reduction of hydrazine and ETA prior to discharge to the absorption pond may include additions of chemicals such as sodium hypochlorite, hydrogen peroxide, or ozone to the Turbine Room Sump in batches, or to the discharge piping as continuous treatment. A downstream treatment system provided by a vendor may be used to break down the hydrazine and ETA.

## ADDITIONAL CHEMICAL LAB ANALYSES

Additional Information Section I Item 11 Donald C. Cook Nuclear Plant Surface Water Permit Application

## Plant Chemistry Lab (To Outfall 00H/00D)

Laboratory sink drains from the 633' Turbine lab are directed to the 90,000 gallon Turbine Room Sump. The sump contents are normally directed to the groundwater discharge (outfall 00D). Occasionally the Emergency by-pass may be utilized and the sump's contents will be discharged to the surface water discharge (outfall 00H). The following analyses are performed in the lab. Laboratory wastes from the analyses are discarded in the sink.

Parameter	Analysis Method
Nitrite	HACH DR-2000 Method 373,
	HACH DR 2010 Method 373
Hydrazine	ASTM D-1385 -88
Oil and Grease	EPA-600-4-79-020 Method 413.1
pН	Standard Methods for the examination of Water
	and Wastewater, ASTM-1293
Total Phosphorus	EPA-600-4-79-020 Method 365.3
Sulfate	EPA-600-4-79-020 Method 375.4
Total Residual Chlorine	EPA-600-4-79-020 Method 330.5
Ethanolamine (ETA)	Betz Standard Operating Procedure. (Betz
	proprietary Method adapted from HACH Dr-2000
	1,2- Naphthoquinone-4-sulfonic acid Method).
ICP Metals	Standard Methods for Examination of water and
	wastewater - 17 <sup>th</sup> ed. 1989, 3120B.
Tolyltriazole	HACH DR-2000 Method 730
Carbohydrazide	HACH DR-2000 Method 732
	HACH DR-2010 Method 182
N,N Diethylhyroxylamine (DEHA)	HACH DR-2010 Method 182
Silica	ASTM D 859-88

#### OUTFALL 00E - Sanitary Waste Discharges

The system operates at a designed flow of 50,000 GPD with a maximum flow capacity of 60,000 GPD. The Sequencing Batch Reactor (SBR) system treats the wastewater and discharges to an effluent tank where it can be filtered prior to discharge to one of two seepage lagoons. The lagoons discharge into the groundwater with the ultimate disposition venting to Lake Michigan. The sludge removed from the digester tank basins is taken to a local POTW (public owned treatment works) for disposal or dewatered and stored as low level radioactive waste, and disposed of as appropriate.

To aid in the settling process, flocculents such as ferric chloride, pH controllers such as magnesium hydroxide, or polymers (such as Axchem AF4500) are added to the process. To selectively enhance biosolids, bioaugmentation nutrients (such as Bioprime Dosfolat) are added to the process. This is a nutrient that encourages the growth of beneficial microbes in the activated sludge. Sodium hypochlorite is added in small amounts to the process to control filamentous bacteria growth if needed. Sodium hypochlorite and detergent are also added to the sand filters to clean them periodically. These are then backwashed into the equalization basin to be reprocessed by the SBR treatment process.

Plant sanitary waste consists of shower and rest room facilities, and janitor washbasins located throughout the Plant's non-radiological property. Kitchen wastes are generated from the plant cafeteria, the Cook Energy Information Center and Training buildings.

The chemistry training laboratory discharges to the sewage treatment plants through a limestone bed neutralization tank. The chemistry lab is used to train technicians on analyses performed in the plant. The discharge from the lab carries water and wastes generated while performing analyses and preparing laboratory standards including those on the attached list. The training building HVAC system also drains through the limestone bed.

The wastewater treatment plant laboratory discharges to the sewage treatment plants. The discharge from the lab carries water and wastes generated from performing analyses and preparing laboratory standards used for compliance monitoring of the sewage treatment plant under groundwater discharge permit GW1810102.

Portable toilet wastes on the plant site may be collected and discharged to the sewage treatment plants. A biodegradable deodorant is used in the portable toilets. Sludge effluent waste may also be recycled through the plants to decrease the amount of sludge for processing when possible.

Miscellaneous rinsing of waste receptacles and possible cleaning operations waste, utilizing various detergents, may be rinsed to the sewage treatment plants.

Tab'8 Page 36 Part 4 Treat Codes

Rule 323.2218 Discharge permits Part 4 Treatment Codes

### Turbine Room Sump Outfall 00D

The Turbine Room Sump (TRS) provides commingling wastes for neutralization and discharge to Outfall 00D. An on-line pH controller and isolation valve ensures that the effluent discharge is within permit limits for pH (B1b). Dilute acid or caustic is added to the wastewater to achieve a pH level required for discharge. The effluent is discharged to an onsite absorption pond, where it percolates into the ground (A-1f). Non contact cooling water, air compressor condensate also discharges to the TRS. Flow measurement, visual observation and sampling is required under the current permit.

- MUP Neutralization Tank provides a place for demineralization regeneration wastes, and Reverse Osmosis Unit cleaning flushes to be neutralized prior to being discharged to the TRS and ultimately the absorption pond. When the MUP resin beds are regenerated, up to 50,000 gallons of regeneration chemicals, and backwash waters are processed in the neutralization tank. The Reverse Osmosis cleaning flushes average approximately 5,000 gallons per event. When the water is neutralized, it is pumped to the TRS via a 2,000 GPM neutralization waste pump.
- **Demineralizer regeneration:** (Estimated 50,000 gallons per regeneration) occurs 2-4 times per month when the RO is in service and more often when it is not in service. Dilute sulfuric acid and sodium hydroxide are used by the system to regenerate the resin. Dilute sulfuric acid, sodium hydroxide, and contaminates from the demineralization process are discharged to the neutralization tank or TRS. The pH is then adjusted to between 5.5 and 9.0 with sulfuric acid, or sodium hydroxide prior to discharge.
- Chemical spills that enter the TRS may be neutralized within the sump to prevent a discharge to the environment. The potential for spills to the TRS exists for the following chemicals with the proposed neutralizers listed:

Chemical	Associated Neutralizer
Sulfuric acid	Sodium hydroxide
Sodium hydroxide	Sulfuric acid
Sodium hypochlorite	Sodium thiosulfate
Hydrazine/Carbohydrazide	NESW (lake water), Hydrogen peroxide, sodium hypochlorite.
Ethanolamine	Sodium Hypochlorite, Hydrogen Peroxide, or ozone.
Ethylene glycol	Hydrogen peroxide

Reduction of hydrazine and ETA prior to discharge to the absorption pond may include additions of chemicals such as sodium hypochlorite, hydrogen peroxide, or ozone to the Turbine Room Sump in batches, or to the discharge piping as continuous treatment. A downstream treatment system provided by a vendor may be used to break down the hydrazine and ETA.

## OUTFALL 00E - Sanitary Waste Discharges

 $P_{i}$ 

The sequencing batch reactor is maintained by licensed operators under contract to Indiana Michigan Power. The contract manager is also a licensed wastewater operator. The system operates at a designed flow of 50,000 GPD with a maximum flow capacity of 60,000 GPD. The Sequencing Batch Reactor (SBR) system treats the wastewater using the activated sludge process (C-3a and C-3b). The treated effluent discharges to an effluent tank where it can be filtered (A-2b) prior to discharge to one of two seepage lagoons (A-1f). The lagoons discharge into the groundwater with the ultimate disposition venting to Lake Michigan. The sludge removed from the digester tank basins is taken to a local POTW (public owned treatment works) for disposal or dewatered and disposed as low level radioactive waste.

To aid in the settling process, flocculents such as ferric chloride, pH controllers such as magnesium hydroxide, or polymers (such as Axchem AF4500) are added to the process. To selectively enhance biosolids, bioaugmentation nutrients (such as Bioprime Dosfolat) are added to the process. This is a nutrient that encourages the growth of beneficial microbes in the activated sludge. Sodium hypochlorite is added in small amounts to the process to control filamentous bacteria growth if needed. Sodium hypochlorite and detergent are also added to the sand filters to clean them periodically. These are then backwashed into the equalization basin to be reprocessed by the SBR treatment process.

### Compliance with rule 2222:

These plant discharges meet the requirement of R323.2222.2.ii by complying with the effluent standards of part 2222, groundwater standards of part 2222, or both. A single exception exists for iron concentration in monitoring well EW13 where iron fouling bacteria are naturally present in the groundwater. Plant effluent is in compliance with the groundwater standard for iron, but naturally occurring iron bacteria shows up in one of the monitoring wells. Upgradient monitoring well EW-8 monitoring history shows Mercury levels at 0.0035 ug/l. The remaining monitoring wells are below the 0.0013 ug/l limit. This is not a permit exceedence since there are no limits on upgradient wells.

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Tab.9 Page 38 Pari 4b Facility compliance history

# History of CNP's Compliance with Effluent and Groundwater Permit Limits and Sampling Frequency.

Cook Nuclear Plant's groundwater discharges are in compliance with the effluent limits established in the Groundwater Permit M00988 and GW1810102. There were a few problems dealing with sample contamination in Method 1631 (low level mercury) in the first round of monitoring which resulted in high levels of mercury being detected, but these problems did not repeat in subsequent sampling. In general, concentrations of pollutants in the groundwater are far below the effluent limits and there is no indication that the concentrations of pollutants are trending upward. There are only seven parameters that have had 1 or 2 monitoring events exceeding groundwater effluent limits (total inorganic nitrogen, nitrite, phosphorus, sulfate, mercury, selenium, and silver). Background wells EW-8 and EW-16 show a similar trend for these parameters, indicating that the natural groundwater has a potential for exceeding the effluent limits and influencing the monitoring wells.

The history of Cook Nuclear Plants groundwater compliance is discussed in greater detail in the following sections:

3. Assessment of the C	Groundwater Mon	itoring Data (	Wells EW-1A	, EW-12, EW	/-13, EW-19, a	nd
Background Wells EW						
Total Inorganic Nitro	gen (TIN)				••••••••••••	6
Nitrite	• • • •					6
Phosphorus	**			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		6
Sulfate					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	6
Mercury						6
Selenium						
Silver						

The observations made are based on a review of the monitoring data for the years 2000 through July 2008. Monitoring data determined to be less than the Method Detection Limit (MDL) were treated as ½ the MDL for statistical calculations. (ref USEPA SW846)

The Turbine Room Sump and Sanitary Sewage discharges are regulated by Part A of the permit as follows:

	Part A Effluent Lin	nitations and Monito	ring Requiremen	ts
Sample Location ID	Parameter	Limitation – Units	Measurement Frequency	Sample Type
Effluent Flow EF-1 Process Wastewater (Turbine Room Sump) (Outfall	Flow	2,400,000 gpd 876,000,000 gpy	Daily* Annually	Direct Measurement Calculation
00D)				
	Chloride***	mg/l	Weekly	Grab
	Ethanolamine	mg/l	Weekdays	Grab
	Hydrazine	ug/l	Weekdays	Grab
	pH***	6.5 to 9.0 S.U.	Weekdays	Grab
Effluent Quality EQ-1 Process Wastewater	Total Inorganic Nitrogen	mg/l	Monthly	Calculation: Ammonia (N) + Nitrate (N) + Nitrite (N)
(Turbine Room	Ammonia Nitrogen	mg/l	Monthly	Grab
Sump) (Outfall	Nitrite Nitrogen	mg/l	Monthly	Grab
00D)	Nitrate Nitrogen	mg/l	Monthly	Grab
	Sodium***	mg/l	Twice per month	Grab
	Sulfate***	mg/l	Twice per month	Grab
Effluent Flow EF-2 Sanitary Sewage Wastewater (Outfall 00E)	Flow	60,000 gpd 21,900,000 gpy	Daily* Annually	Direct Measurement Calculation
	BOD5	35 mg/l	Weekly	Grab
	Chloride***	mg/i	Weekiy	Grab
Effluent Quality	Dissolved Oxygen***	mg/i	Weekly	Grab
EQ-2	Phosphorus	15 mg/l	Weekly	Grab
Sanitary Sewage	pH***	6.5 to 9.0 S.U.	Weekly	Grab
Wastewater	Sodium***	mg/l	Weekly	Grab
(Outfall 00E))	Total Inorganic Nitrogen	mg/l daily max	Weekly	Grab
	Ammonia Nitrogen	mg/l	Weekly	Grab
	Nitrate Nitrogen	mg/l	Weekly	Grab

\* The daily maximum is defined as the total discharge by weight, volume or concentration if specified, during any calendar day.
\*\* 24 hour composite samples.
\*\*\* Refer to Section E., Item 1 Schedule of Activities

#### 1. Assessment of the Monitoring data for the Turbine Room Sump Discharge (Outfall 00D)

Monitoring data for the Turbine Room Sump Discharge is summarized in Table 1. The TRS is designed with the discharge piping outlets/pumps at the bottom of the tank. This configuration will allow spilled oil to remain in the TRS to be recovered instead of being discharged to the environment. The sump has a working capacity of approximately 82,855 gallons.

The absorption pond receives the effluent from the TRS. A solar powered mixing pump recirculates the pond's contents to assure proper mixing and additional biological treatment.

There is no indication that the concentrations of pollutants are trending upward in the down gradient well, Well 12.

Flow is typically less than 0.76 MGD with an average of 0.42 MGD.

Chloride in the effluent ranged from 4.3 to 21.75 mg/l. The average discharge concentration was 10.86 mg/l and 90 % of all the observations are less than 13 mg/l.

Ethanolamine in the effluent ranged from 0.08 to 15.4 mg/l. The average discharge concentration was 0.7 mg/l and 90 % of all the observations are less than 1.46 mg/l.

Carbohydrazide is used as a replacement for hydrazine for safe handling reasons. The carbohydrazide converts to Hydrazine, carbon dioxide and nitrogen in the plant's steam cycle. Hydrazine in the effluent ranged from 0.35 to 3125 ug/l. The average discharge concentration was 54.83 ug/l and 90 % of all the observations are less than 30.15 ug/l.

The pH of the turbine room sump discharge is dependent upon the regeneration of the ion exchange resins. The cation resin is regenerated with sulfuric acid and the anion resin is regenerated with sodium hydroxide. The pH of the resultant mixture of spent regeneration solutions in the turbine room sump generally ranges from 6.3 to 8.9 S.U. [Prior to 2006, the pH effluent limit was 5.5 to 9.0 SU. Beginning June 2006 the limit was changed to 6.5 to 9.0. Therefore, the turbine room sump discharge was in compliance with the applicable effluent limit.] Sulfuric acid and sodium hydroxide are used to adjust pH prior to pumped transfer to the TRS or absorption pond.

Total Inorganic Nitrogen in the effluent ranged from 0.4 to 17.03 mg/l. The average discharge concentration was 4.46 mg/l and 90 % of all the observations are less than 6.03 mg/l.

Ammonia in the effluent ranged from 0.10 to 8.6 mg/l. The average discharge concentration was 3.52 mg/l and 90 % of all the observations are less than 5.26 mg/l.

Nitrate in the effluent ranged from 0.05 to 13.8 mg/l. The average discharge concentration was 0.89 mg/l and 90 % of all the observations are less than 0.58 mg/l.

Nitrite in the effluent ranged from 0.03 to 0.49 mg/l. The average discharge concentration was 0.06 mg/l and 90 % of all the observations are less than 0.10 mg/l.

Sodium in the discharge averaged 525 mg/l. The sodium discharge is the result of regenerating ion exchange resins. Both cation and anion resins are regenerated and the spent regeneration solutions neutralize each other in the turbine room sump, or in the neutralization tank. The treated effluent is controlled by an in line pH monitor that prevents discharges less than pH 6.3, and greater than pH 8.2 values. [After June 2006, these control limits were changed to 7.0 to 8.5 S.U. to comply with the new permit effluent limits.]

Sulfate in the discharge ranged from 9 to 8360 mg/l and averaged 695 mg/l. The sulfate discharge is the result of regenerating ion exchange resins. 90 percent of all the sulfate measurements were below 3055 mg/l.

## 2. Assessment of the Monitoring data for the Sanitary Wastewater (Sequencing Batch Reactor) Discharge (Outfall 00E)

Monitoring data for the sanitary wastewater discharge are summarized in Table 2.

The maximum flow through the sewage treatment plant was 43,360 gpd which is below the design flow of 60,000 gpd.

The permit effluent limit for BOD<sub>5</sub> is 35 mg/l. All measurements are in compliance with that limit. The maximum concentration of BOD<sub>5</sub> in the discharge was 15.04 mg/l and the monthly average concentration was 3.1 mg/l.

There is no permit effluent limit for chloride. Chloride concentrations in the discharge ranged from 95 to 161.4 mg/l. The monthly average concentration was 127.3 mg/l and 90% of all measurements were below 145.6 mg/l.

There is no permit effluent limit for Dissolved Oxygen. Dissolved Oxygen concentrations in the discharge ranged from 0.7 to 8.32 mg/l. The monthly average concentration was 2.9 mg/l and 90% of all measurements were below 5.1 mg/l.

The permit effluent limit for Total phosphorus is 15 mg/l. All measurements were in compliance with that limit. The maximum concentration of Total phosphorus in the discharge was 6.75 mg/l and the monthly average concentration was 1.3 mg/l.

The permit effluent limit for pH is 6.5 to 9.0 S.U. All measurements were in compliance with that limit. The pH of the discharge ranged from 6.58 to 7.6 S.U.

There is no permit effluent limit for Sodium. Sodium concentrations in the discharge ranged from 26.2 to 56.4 mg/l. The monthly average concentration was 38.2 mg/l and 90% of all measurements were below 48.6 mg/l.

There is no permit effluent limit for Total Inorganic Nitrogen (TIN). Total Inorganic Nitrogen (TIN) concentrations in the discharge ranged from 0 to 65.7 mg/l. The monthly average concentration was 16.1 mg/l and 90% of all measurements were below 46.8 mg/l.

There is no permit effluent limit for ammonia nitrogen. Ammonia nitrogen concentrations in the discharge ranged from 0.01 to 47.7 mg/l. The monthly average concentration was 2.5 mg/l and 90% of all measurements were below 8.2 mg/l.

There is no permit effluent limit for Nitrate nitrogen. Nitrate nitrogen concentrations in the discharge ranged from 0.5 to 60.6 mg/l. The monthly average concentration was 16.8 mg/l and 90% of all measurements were below 35.2 mg/l.

# 3. Assessment of the Groundwater Monitoring Data (Wells EW-1A, EW-12, EW-13, EW-19, and Background Wells EW-8 and EW-16).

Groundwater is regulated by Part B of the permit as follows (limitations are for Wells EW-1A, EW-12, EW-13, EW-19):

Parameters	Concentration Limitations	Frequency Of Analysis	Sample Type
Static Water Elevation	USGS-F	Quarterly	Direct Measurement
pH	6.0 to 9.0 S.U.	Quarterly	Grab
Chloride	250 mg/l	Quarterly	Grab
Specific Conductance	umhos/cm	Quarterly	Grab
		Quarterry	* Calculation:
Total Inorganic Nitrogen*	5 mg/l	Quarterly	Ammonia (N) + Nitrate (N) + Nitrite (N
Ammonia Nitrogen	mg/l	Quarterly	Grab
Nitrite Nitrogen	0.5 mg/l	Quarterly	Grab
Nitrate Nitrogen	mg/l	Quarterly	Grab
Total Phosphorus	1 mg/l	Quarterly	Grab
Sulfate	250 mg/l	Quarterly	Grab
Dissolved Sodium	120 mg/l	Quarterly	Grab
Total Dissolved Solids	mg/l	Quarterly	Grab
Total Alkalinity	mg/l	Annually	Grab
Bicarbonate	mg/l	Annually	Grab
Dissolved Calcium	mg/l	Annually	Grab
Dissolved Iron	mg/l	Annually	Grab
Dissolved Magnesium	200 mg/l	Annually	Grab
Dissolved Oxygen	mg/l	Annually	Grab
Dissolved Potassium	mg/l	Annually	Grab
Total Organic Carbon (TOC)	mg/l	Annually	Grab
Phenols	mg/l	Annually	Grab
Ethanolamine	2 mg/i	Annually	Grab
Dissolved Aluminum	150 úg/l	Annually	Grab
Dissolved Barium	440 ug/l	Annually	Grab
Dissolved Boron	1900 ug/l	Annually	Grab
Dissolved Cadmium	2.2 ug/i	Annually	Grab
Dissolved Chromium	11 ug/i	Annually	Grab
Dissolved Copper	9 ug/l	Annually	Grab
Dissolved Lead	10 ug/l	Annually	Grab
Dissolved Manganese	530 ug/l	Annually	Grab
Dissolved Inorganic Mercury	0.0013 ug/i	Annually	Grab
Dissolved Nickel	52 ug/l	Annually	Grab
Dissolved Selenium	5 ug/l	Annually	Grab
Dissolved Silver	0.2 ug/l	Annually	Grab
Dissolved Zinc	120 ug/l	Annually	Grab
Hydrazine	10 ug/l	Annually	Grab

The groundwater monitoring data is summarized in Tables 3 through 38.

In general, the concentration of chemical constituents in the groundwater is far below the groundwater limitations (in many cases by more than one order of magnitude). There are only seven parameters that have had 1 or 2 monitoring events exceeding groundwater effluent limits (total inorganic nitrogen, nitrite, phosphorus, sulfate, mercury, selenium, and silver). Background wells EW-8 and EW-16 show a similar trend for these parameters, indicating that the natural groundwater has a potential for exceeding the effluent limits and influencing the monitoring wells. Therefore, only the exceptions are discussed.

See Figure 1 for the location of Wells EW-1A, EW-12, EW-13, and EW-19.

#### Total Inorganic Nitrogen (TIN)

The concentration limit for TIN specified in the CNP permit is 5 mg/l. Only 1 out of 181 measurements exceeded the limit. This measurement was made on 4/18/2005 at Well 1A which is the well closest to the absorption pond. The well was resampled on 5/23/05 with the result being 3.17 mg/l suggesting a possible laboratory error. The average concentration of TIN at Well EW-1A is 2.8 mg/l. There is no upward trend in the data for any of the wells.

#### **Nitrite**

The concentration limit for Nitrite specified in the CNP permit is 0.5 mg/l. Only 1 out of 195 measurements exceeded the limit. This measurement was made on 1/16/2001 at Well 8 which is the background well. Prior to June 2006 there were no Nitrite effluent limits, therefore, there was no compliance issue. The average concentration of Nitrite at Well 8 is 0.04 mg/l. The next highest concentration of Nitrite measured was 0.24 mg/l, less than half the limit. There is no upward trend in the data for any of the wells.

#### **Phosphorus**

The concentration limit for Phosphorus specified in the CNP permit is 1 mg/l. Only 1 out of 220 measurements exceeded the limit. This measurement was made on 10/17/2005 at Well 1A which is the well closest to the absorption pond. This measurement was a laboratory error. Reanalysis of the same sample showed that the sample was in compliance (i.e., < 0.01). The average concentration of Phosphorus at Well 1A is 0.09 mg/l. There is no upward trend in the data for any of the wells.

#### <u>Sulfate</u>

The concentration limit for Sulfate specified in the CNP permit is 250 mg/l. Only 2 out of 209 measurements exceeded the limit. These measurements were made at Well 11 on 2/15/2000 and Well 13 on 7/24/2002. Prior to June 2006 there were no sulfate effluent limits, therefore there was no compliance issue. The average concentration of Sulfate at all compliance monitoring wells ranges from 32 to 128 mg/l. There is no upward trend in the data for any of the wells.

#### Mercury

Data from the CNP compliance monitoring wells show that groundwater in the vicinity of Cook Nuclear Plant occasionally exceeds the mercury effluent limit (0.0013 ug/l). Whenever CNP receives an analysis showing a high concentration of mercury, plant personnel immediately resample to confirm the result. The confirmation samples show that mercury is in compliance with the effluent limit. Part of the problem may be the sensitivity of the low level mercury procedure, Method 1631.

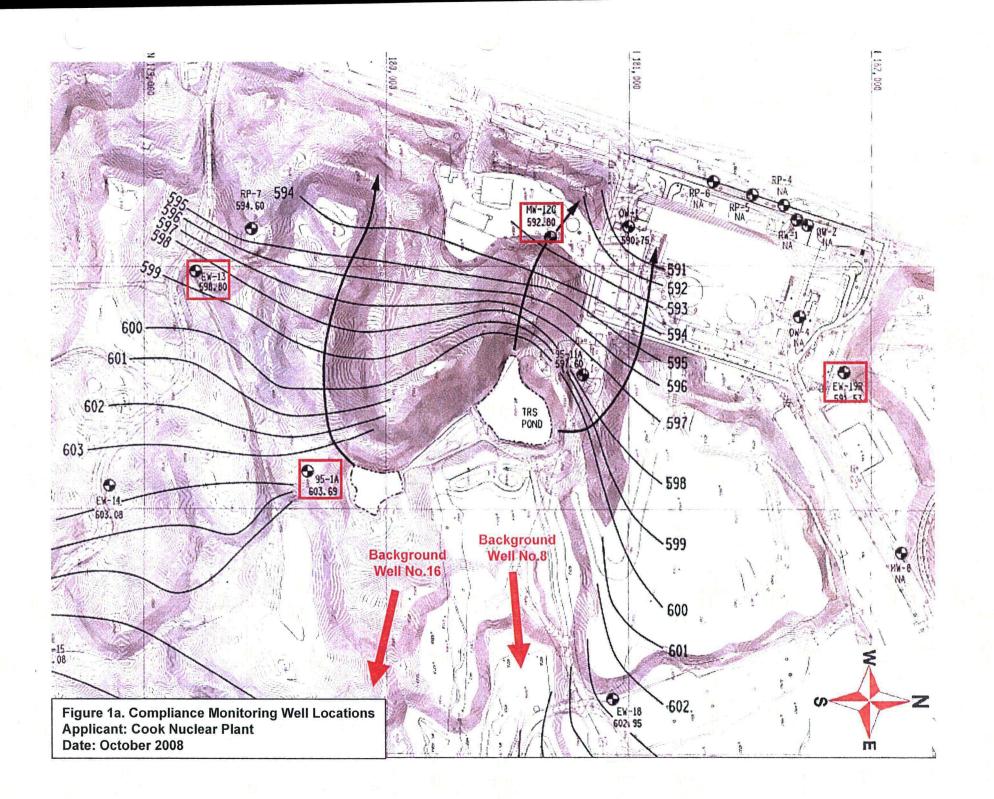
Nearly all of the data taken at the background well EW-8 exceed the groundwater standard. In response to a request from MDEQ, CNP began monitoring well EW-16 as the background well beginning in 2006. Well EW-16 also shows mercury concentrations exceeding the groundwater standard up gradient of the CNP discharge and compliance monitoring wells. There is no known source of mercury from any plant processes in the vicinity of well EW-16.

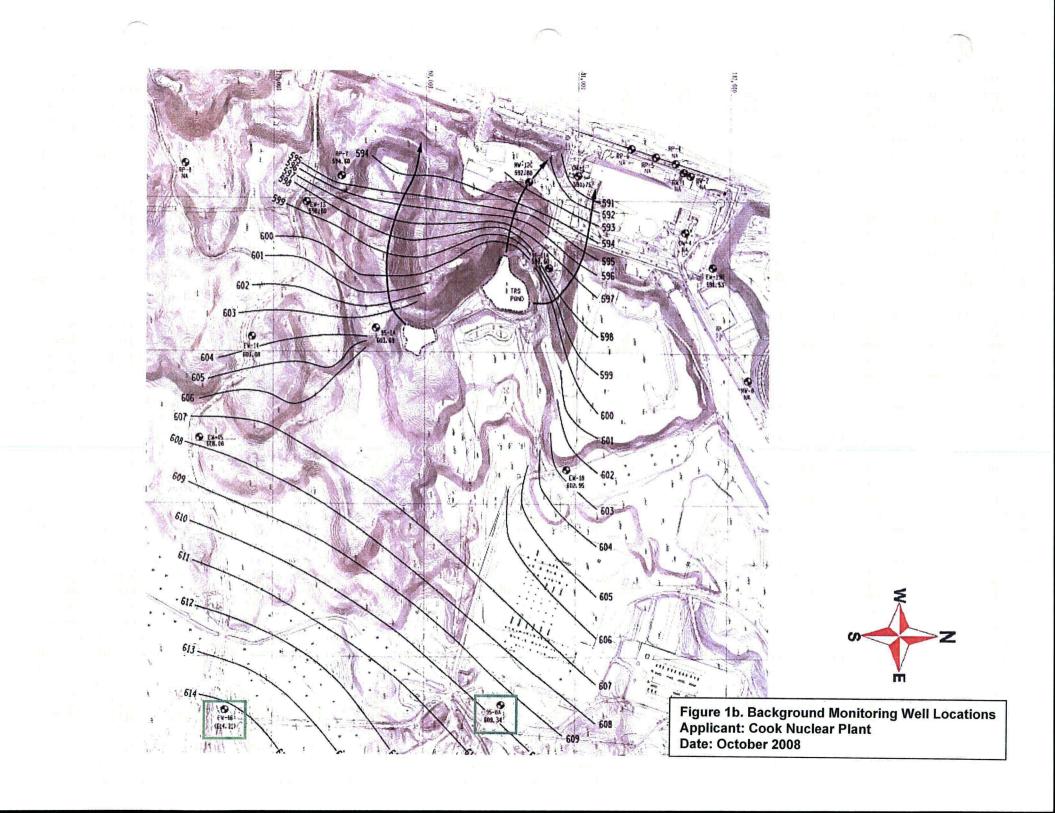
## <u>Selenium</u>

The concentration limit for Selenium specified in the CNP permit is 5 ug/l. Only 1 out of 78 measurements exceeded the limit. This measurement was made on 7/24/2002 at Well 8 which is the background well. Selenium is generally less that the method detection limit (MDL). However, during the sampling event on 7/24/2002, three other wells showed measurable concentrations of selenium. This unusual event has not repeated and there is no upward trend in the selenium data for any of the wells, therefore, selenium should not be a concern.

## Silver

The concentration limit for Silver specified in the CNP permit is 0.2 ug/l. Only 1 out of 73 measurements since August 1, 2000 exceeded the limit. Silver is nearly always less that the method detection limit (MDL). Since the MDL is very close to the groundwater standard, results of the statistical analysis indicate a potential to exceed the standard. However, because silver is generally less than detectable and there is no upward trend, silver should not be a concern.





		Sample Location	EF-1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	ts
		PARAMETER	Flow	Chloride	Ethanolamine	Hydrazine	pH Low	pH High	Total Inorganic Nitrogen	Ammonia	Nitrite Nitrogen	Nitrate Nitrogen	Dissolved Sodium	Sulfate	Comments
		LIMITS	2.400				6.5	9.0							] 0
	DAY	UNITS	MGD	mg/l	mg/l	ug/l	S.U.	S.U.	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	1
	1		0.222		a shall be the		6.3	8.2							
	2	CONTRACTOR OF A DESCRIPTION OF A DESCRIP	0.237				6.4	8.2							]
	3		0.244		3.45	48.6	6.6	8.2							
	4		0.219				6.3	8.2						31	6
	5		0.225				6.6	8.2					5.7		Data from Daily GW 2005.xls Chloride, TIN, Ammonia, Nitrite (N), Nitrate (N) added 6/1/2006
	6		0.225		and the second second		6.8	8.2							
	7		0.225				6.3	8.2							16/
	8		0.225				6.5	8.2							lec
	9		0.225				6.7	8.2							1 pg
	10		0.225		1.5	9	6.4	8.2							
	11		0.225				6.6	8.2						35	s s
	12		0.225				6.4	8.2					5.9		05) ate
	13		0.225				6.5	8.2							lit 20
05	14		0.225				7.4	7.6							22
January-05	15		0.225				7.4	8							) 0 Z
uai	16		0.225		and the second second		6.6	8							illy
an	17		0.225		1.3	<3	6.6	8.2							I Da
7	18		0.225				6.3	8.2						26	EZ
	19		0.225				6.3	8.2	-						fro
	20		0.326				6.3	8.2					9.6		lor lor
	21		0.426				6.6	8.2							
	22		0.738				6.3	8.2					and the second second		] ₹
	23		0.917				6.3	8.2							ĺ ź
	24		0.643		0.95	<3	6.3	8.2							] ۲
	25		0.501				6.6	8.2							de l
	26		0.580				6.6	8.2					365	963	] ]
	27		0.305				6.3	8							1 ਤ
	28		0.290				7	8.2							1 0
	29		0.236				6.3	8.2						19	1
	30		0.205				6.3	8.2		5					1
	31		0.288		<0.7	<3	6.3	8.2							1
	1		0.322				6.6	7.8				1. S. S. S. S.			
	2		0.386				6.3	8.2					283		1
	3		0.362				6.3	8.2							l g
	4		0.411				6.3	8.2						21	
	5		0.339				6.4	8.2							1 1
	6		0.326		9		6.3	8.2							1 9
	7		0.347		1.18	<3	6.6	8.2	- Constant of the second se				9.3		1 ĕ
	8		0.293				6.6	8.2	-						ado
	9		0.284				6.3	8.2						33	
	10		0.451				6.6	8.2	1						05.xls rate (N) added 6/1/2006
	11		0.260				6.4	8.2							05.

		Sample Location	EF-1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1
		PARAMETER	Flow	Chloride	Ethanolamine	Hydrazine	pH Low	pH High	Total Inorganic	Ammonia	Nitrite Nitrogen	Nitrate Nitrogen	Dissolved	Sulfate
	A CONTRACTOR OF THE OWNER	LIMITS	2.400				6.5	9.0	Nitrogen	202223			Sodium	
*****	DAY	UNITS	MGD	mg/l	mg/l	ug/l	S.U.	<u>9.0</u> S.U.	mall	mall				
	12	01110	0.260	mgn	mgn	ugn	6.3	8.2	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l
February-05	13		0.262		*		6.4	8.2						
Ś	14	and the second	0.396		0.97	<3	6.4	8.2						
ľ	15		0.392		0.01		6.3	8.2	-					-
eb	16		0.397				6.6	8.2					5.9	54
щ	17		0.389				6.3	8.2	1				0.9	54
	18		0.358				6.3	8.2						
	19		0.389				6.4	8.2				-	-	
	20		0.374				6.4	8.2						
	21		0.402		3.27	<3	6.8	8.2						
	22		0.446				6.4	8.2	1	-		[	5.9	
	23		0.424				6.5	8.2						
	24		0.425				6.5	8.2						40
	25		0.371				6.6	8.2						
	26		0.415				6.3	8.2						
	27		0.408				6.3	8.2						
	28		0.386		1.21	<3	6.3	8.2						
	1		0.499	AND A DAMAGE		Sector States	6.3	8.2	Providence and				Contraction of the	
	2		0.489		1.2	<3	6.3	8.2					5.1	21
	3		0.432				6.3	8.2						
	4		0.377				6.5	8.2						
	5	And the second se	0.428		andre an		6.3	8.2						
	6		0.409				6.3	8.2	-		and the second second			
	8		0.529		1.5	8.9	6.3	8.2	-	and a second				
	9		0.472	and the second			6.3	8.2		dinin mark				
	10		0.398				6.3 7	<u>8.2</u> 8.2					6.4	
	11		0.398				6.3	8.2	-					38
	12		0.291				6.6	8.2		en agente a venerelinari				
	13		0.394				6.3	8.2						
	14		0.374		<0.7	<3	6.8	8.2	+					
-05	15		0.368		-5.7		6.3	8.2	1					53
March-05	16		0.561		The statistic strengther statistic		6.6	8.2					7.7	
lar	17		0.399				6.3	8.2	1	<u>e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e </u>		Alex an include	1.1	
2	18		0.471				6.3	8.2						
	19		0.465				6.3	8.2	-					
	20		0.456				6.8	8.2	1				<u> </u>	
	21		0.381	A code la coloridada	1.7	9.6	6.6	8.2						
	22		0.416		Contrast Films and St		6.3	8.2						638
	23		0.451				6.6	8.2					7	
	24		0.466				6.3	8.2						
	25		0.473		1		6.9	8.2			1	terre and the second	1	

		Sample Location	EF-1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	N I
		PARAMETER	Flow	Chloride	Ethanolamine	Hydrazine	pH Low	pH High	Total Inorganic Nitrogen	Ammonia	Nitrite Nitrogen	Nitrate Nitrogen	Dissolved Sodium	Sulfate	Comments
		LIMITS	2.400				6.5	9.0							Ŭ
	DAY	UNITS	MGD	mg/l	mg/l	ug/l	S.U.	S.U.	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	1
	26		0.674				6.3	8.2							Chlor
	27		0.732				6.4	8.2						er Marine i en de activité de Las de	
	28		0.449		1.3	7.5	6.3	8.2							1 4
	29		0.425				6.3	8.2						35	1
	30		0.466				6.6	8.2					5.9		1
	31		0.392				6.3	8.2							1
	1		0.409		A REAL PROPERTY AND		6.4	8.2							
	2		0.411				6.3	8.2							1
	3		0.399				6.6	8.2							1
	4		0.445	-	an ann an		6.3	8.2							1 4
	5		0.392		0.7	6	6.3	8.2							
	6		0.392				6.3	8.2					5.7		
	7		0.358				6.3	8.2							
	8		0.325				6.3	8.2						29	
	9		0.379				6.4	8.2							1 70
	10		0.464				6.4	8.2	1						1 5
	11		0.340		<0.7	<3	6.8	8.2							N X
	12		0.379				6.3	8.2						38	05.
	13		0.322				6.6	8.2		+			6		50
5	14		0.399				6.6	8.2	4						Data from Daily GW 2005.xls Chloride. TIN. Ammonia. Nitrite (N). Nitrate (N) added 6/1/2006
-	15		0.437				6.3	8.2							UZ
April-05	16		0.404		la que en an en la la		6.8	8.2							i fie di
ব	17		0.552				6.4	8.2	Contraction of the second second						Ö
	18		0.383		1.47	394	6.3	8.2							
	19		0.599				6.6	8.2					6.5	35	f 1
	20		0.506				6.6	8.2					0.0		ata
	21		0.582				6.8	8.2							Ö
	22		0.762			and the second second	6.3	8							
	23		0.811				6.3	8.2						eren et sigi tester bitet	
	24		0.758				6.4	8.2					×		
	25		1.329		5.3	38	6.5	8.2					4.5		
	26	And Andrew Street	1.560				6.3	8.2					4.5		
	27		1.239			27	6.6	8.2						27	5
	28		1.288				6.3	8.2							{ `
	29		1.310				6.3	8.2							1
	30		1.110				6.3	8.2							
	1		0.558				6.3	8.2			1.1.1.1.1.1.1				
	2		0.443		1.19	3	6.6	8.2			And a local data share	Pastarri andri 1999 - 199			
	3		0.393				6.4	8.2					h		ł
	4		0.360				6.5	8.2					9.1		1
	5		0.428				6.5	8.2					3.1	41	1/2006
	. 6		0.413				6.8	8.2							i c

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		Sample Location	EF-1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	s
		PARAMETER	Flow	Chloride	Ethanolamine	Hydrazine	pH Low	pH High	Total Inorganic Nitrogen	Ammonia	Nitrite Nitrogen	Nitrate Nitrogen	Dissolved Sodium	Sulfate	Comments
		LIMITS	2.400				6.5	9.0							1 Ŭ
	DAY	UNITS	MGD	mg/l	mg/l	ug/l	S.U.	S.U.	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	1
	7		0.431				6.5	8.2							
	8		0.402		Long and Charles		6.5	8.2							
	9		0.517		1.5	14	6.3	8.2						67	
	10		0.445				6.5	8.2							1
	11		0.458				6.3	8.2					5.1		l s
	12		0.418				6.5	8.2							5.0
	13	a and a star of the second second	0.428				7.4	8							
	14		0.459				6.4	7.9				1			2
May-05	15		0.567				7.4	7.8							ΰ
lay	16		0.653		<0.7	9	7.2	7.8							Ì
2	17		0.473				6.3	8.2	-				The second s		ם م
	18		0.485			_	7.6	8					8.6	31	ΪĘ
	19 20		0.426		Second and share the	-	6.4	8.2	-	Section and the					ĨĨ
	20		0.438				6.3	8.2							ata
	21		0.468				6.6	8.2							Ö
			0.497				6.6	8.2	<u> </u>						1
	23		0.484		<0.7	<3	6.3	8.2				han the state of the			1
	24		0.376				6.3	8.2	-	in the second				47	-
	25		0.379				6.3 6.3	8.2					7.9	a in given die seitigtigen	4
	20		0.364			and the second	6.4	8.2 8.2							Data from Daily GW 2005.xls
	28		0.355				6.7	8.2	-					-	-
	29		0.358				6.3	8.2	-						4
	30		0.385		<0.7	<3	6.3	8.2						en e	-
	31		0.454				6.7	8.2						37	-
	1	a da ante internet de la constante de la const La constante de la constante de	0.390	No. Concerning and a	ass the real second		6.4	8.2	C MARKEN STATE	CONTRACTOR OF			5.2	51	
	2		0.411				6.5	8.2					0.2		1
	3		0.457				6.3	8.2				-		4.6-12	1
	4		0.419	They Supervised	1	1	7	8.2							1
	5		0.490				6.3	8.2							1
	6		0.353		<0.7	<3	6.6	8.2							1
	7		0.467				6.7	8.2						36	1
	8		0.429				6.3	8.2					5.3		1
	9		0.408				6.3	8.2							1
	10		0.396				6.3	8.2		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					n Daily GW 2005.xls
	11		0.439	in surface			6.3	8.2							Ĭ
	12		0.418				6.6	8.2							05
	13		0.404		<0.7	<3	6.3	8.2							3
22	14		0.332				6.6	8.2						38	N N
-a	15		0.334				6.3	8.2					5.7		2
June-05	16	12	0.190				6.3	8.2							ail
7	17	ан на селото на селот	0.342			and a second second	6.3	8.2							

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		Sample Location	EF-1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	s
3		PARAMETER	Flow	Chloride	Ethanolamine	Hydrazine	pH Low	pH High	Total Inorganic Nitrogen	Ammonia	Nitrite Nitrogen	Nitrate Nitrogen	Dissolved Sodium	Sulfate	Comments
		LIMITS	2.400				6.5	9.0							Ŭ
d markana	DAY	UNITS	MGD	mg/l	mg/l	ug/l	S.U.	S.U.	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	1
	18		0.562				6.3	8.2	4 F						2
	19		0.407				6.3	8.2							Data fror Chloride TIN. Ammonia
	20		0.487		<0.7	<3	6.3	8.2							ate 1
	21		0.485				6.3	8.2						36	
	22		0.395				6.8	8.2					152		1 ]
	23		0.417				6.3	8.2							1 É
	24		0.340				6.3	8.2							
	25		0.337				6.8	8.2							l li
	26		0.419				6.8	8.2							1
	27		0.336		0.84	<3	6.6	8.2				94			1 0
	28		0.296				6.8	8.2						53	1
	29		0.313				7	8.2							1
	30		0.269				6.5	8.2					5.7		1
	1		0.281				6.4	8.2				60.6423	Sector Medical		
	2		0.207				6.4	8.2							1
	3		0.280				6.8	8.2					11		1
	4		0.252				6.6	8.2							1
	5		0.292		1.6	6.7	6.3	8.2						36	
	6		0.450				6.3	8.2					5.1		
	7		0.462				6.3	8.2					The second se		
	8		0.494				6.3	8.2						in hilden av den av den sider	
	9		0.481				6.4	8.2							1 7
	10		0.456				6.3	8.2							a a
	11		0.447	1	1.7	11.2	6.4	8.2	-						s I
	12		0.520				7	8.2							5.X
	13		0.498		angen an a		6.6	8.2					5		8
	14		0.529				6.8	8.2							27
05	15		0.511				6.3	8.2						36	1 D z
<u>'</u> ≥	16		0.459				6.3	8.2		terration and a state of the					
July-05	17		0.556				6.3	8.2		a contractor de la contra					ti jai
	18		0.461		2.3	17.5	6.6	8.2				hi di serie dele			
	19		0.497				6.3	8.2					5	35	Iol I
	20		0.497				6.3	8.2		the second se			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Chloride. TIN. Ammonia. Nitrite (N). Nitrate (N) added 6/1/2006
	21		0.413				6.6	8.2	- Contraction of the Contraction					<u></u>	Dat
	22		0.290				6.7	8.2	-						
	23		0.296		[		6.6	8.2							1 z
	24		0.346				6.3	8.2				-			1 F
	25	and the second	0.375	1	2.31	12.6	6.5	8.8							4
	26		0.363		,		6.3	8.2						33	1 3
	27		0.342				6.5	8.2							1 8
	28		0.368				6.5	8.2	-						4 2
	29		0.412				6.3	8.5	-				4.7		4

		Sample Location	EF-1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	s
		PARAMETER	Flow	Chloride	Ethanolamine	Hydrazine	pH Low	pH High	Total Inorganic Nitrogen	Ammonia	Nitrite Nitrogen	Nitrate Nitrogen	Dissolved Sodium	Sulfate	Comments
2		LIMITS	2.400				6.5	9.0						alianti e e locaro e io	ŭ
	DAY	UNITS	MGD	mg/l	mg/l	ug/l	S.U.	S.U.	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	1
	30		0.420				6.7	8.7							
<u></u>	31		0.369				6.8	8.2					1		a a 
	1		0.410	的認知。這些影響	2.1	9.6	6.8	8.2			Mary Special		C. C. L. Martine		
	2		0.378				6.5	8.2		i				48	1
	3		0.398				6.6	8.2					5.9		
	4		0.308			a	6.8	8.2							1
	5	and an	0.337	er all all linesseer		1.1.1	6.8	8.2		1					
	6	and the second	0.348	د			6.8	8.2							
	7		0.331				6.6	8.2							] ;
	8		0.324		1.4	6.9	6.4	8.2							
	9		0.310				6.7	8.2						46	
	10		0.353				6.6	8.2					380		
	11		0.273			1. A.	6.3	8.2							l ŝ.
	12		0.331			an an an Station I	6.5	8.2							5.3
	13		0.323	4	<0.7	9.8	6.6	8.2							] ខ្លី :
5	14		0.295				6.3	8.2							l z
t,	15		0.341				6.3	8.2							5
August-05	16		0.421				6.6	8.2						44	
Aug	17		0.299		and the property of	ون مناه تعتقانات من	6.7	8.2					6.3		
-	18		0.368				6.6	8.2		A CONTRACT OF					Ē
	19		0.484				6.5	8.2							Ĕ.
	20		0.356				6.6	8.2							ata
	21		0.349				6.3	8.2							Ö
	22	and the second	0.410		<0.7	<3	6.8	8.2							
	23		0.251				6.4	8.2					E State	42	
	24		0.347				6.4	8.2					6.3		
	25		0.341				6.4	8.2							
	26		0.328				6.4	8.2	-						Data from Daily GW 2005.xls
	27		0.364		and a start and a start of the		6.8	8.2	-						į
	28		0.366				6.6	8.2	-						
	29		0.405		0.9	<3	6.6	8.2	-						
	30		0.344			1.	6.4	8.2	-					45	
	and the second se		0.358		The second second second		6.3	8.2		States and the	T of the Decision of the		5.9		
	1		0.321				6.6	8.2		1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1		A de servici	1 States and		
	2		0.388			in the second	6.6	8.2	- A and a second						
	3		0.332				6.4	8.2	+ .						<b>,</b> a ea
	4				10.7		6.4	8.2							
	5		0.339		<0.7	<3	6.6	8.2						الإستادية المتحية	
	6		0.382				6.8	8.2	-						
	7	a second s	0.415				6.8	8.2				<u></u>	6.7	43	
	8		0.350		1		6.8	8.2		1		La sur dan da se			1

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		Sample Location	EF-1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	
		PARAMETER	Flow	Chloride	Ethanolamine	Hydrazine	pH Low	pH High	Total Inorganic Nitrogen	Ammonia	Nitrite Nitrogen	Nitrate Nitrogen	Dissolved Sodium	Sulfate	
		LIMITS	2.400				6.5	9.0							7 4
	DAY	UNITS	MGD	mg/l	mg/l	ug/l	S.U.	S.U.	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	1
	10		0.344				6.6	8.2							Data from Daily GW 2005.xls
	11		0.356				6.3	8.2							
	12		0.318		<0.7	<3	6.8	8.2							050
05	13		0.373	and defined and prove			7	8.2						44	3
er-	14		0.296				6.8	8.2					6.6		] Š
September-05	15		0.314				6.8	8.2							] >
ter	16		0.384				6.3	8							Dail
<b>Sep</b>	17		0.310				6.6	8.2							
0,	18	lan indiana panaka k	0.423				6.6	8.2							l ē
	19		0.348		<0.7	<3	6.6	8.2							
	20		0.367				6.6	8.2						41	Dat
	21		0.357				6.6	8.2					6.4		1 -
	22		0.412				6.3	8.2							
	23		0.606				6.3	8.2	_						1
	24		0.505				6.3	8.2							
	25		0.493				6.3	8.2							1
	26		0.812		<0.7	141.4	6.3	8.2	-					44	1
	27		0.481				6.3	8.2							
	20	energenergenergenergenergenergenergener	0.400				6.6	8.2				din gran di kana	482		4
	30		0.399				6.3	8.2				ela constanti en esta esta esta esta esta esta esta esta			_
	1		0.360				6.8	8.2							
	2		0.399		Constant Providence		6.6	8.2 8.2	and and and and	Philipping of					4
	3		0.399		<0.7	25.1	6.4 6.4	8.2							-
	4		0.412		<0.7	20.1	6.4	8.2	-						4
	5		0.353				6.4	8.2		in the second			00.0		4
	6		0.290				6.3	8.2					20.8		-
	7		0.417				6.3	8.2				- and the second se		37	-
	8		0.204				6.8	8.2						31	-
	.9		0.160				6.8	8.2							-
	10		0.345		<0.7	<3	6.6	8.2							-
	11		0.328		0.1		6.8	8.2							~
	12		0.307				6.3	8.2		-			6		- X
	13		0.391		[		6.3	8.2						41	105
2	14		0.327				6.3	8.2	-					41	- 50
October-05	15		0.491				6.6	8.2							MS No
be	16		0.511				6.3	8.2							Data from Daily GW 2005.xls
cto	17		0.527		<0.7	12.1	6.3	8.2		The second second					ail
õ	18		0.647	and a second	5.1		6.8	8.2					<u> </u>		1 5
	19		0.915				6.4	8.2	-				444		- 5
	20		0.745				6.3	8.2	-				444	50	- Je
	21		0.899				6.3	8.2						50	ata

		Sample Location	EF-1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	ts [
1		PARAMETER	Flow	Chloride	Ethanolamine	Hydrazine	pH Low	pH High	Total Inorganic Nitrogen	Ammonia	Nitrite Nitrogen	Nitrate Nitrogen	Dissolved Sodium	Sulfate	Comments
		LIMITS	2.400				6.5	9.0					Codiani		် ပိ
	DAY	UNITS	MGD	mg/l	mg/l	ug/l	S.U.	S.U.	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	1
	22		0.686				6.3	8.2							
	23		0.684				6.3	8.2							
	24		0.738		<0.7	<3	6.3	8.2							1
	25		0.819				6.4	8.2					6.3	41	1
	26		0.741				6.4	8.2							1
	27		0.664				6.3	8.2							1
	28		0.535				6.3	8.2							1
	29		0.245				6.6	8.2							1
	30		0.532				6.4	8.2							1
	31	ىرى بىرىيى بىرىيى بىرى بىرى بىرىيى بىرىيى بىرىيى بىرىيى بىرىيى بىرىيى بىرىيى بىرىيى بىرىيى بىرىيى بىرىيى بىرىيى	0.468		<0.7	<3	6.5	8.2							1
	1		0.660			Sector And Party	6.6	8.2	•				6	36	
	2		0.545				6.6	8.2							1
X	3		0.685				6.6	8.2							1
	4		0.590				6.6	7.8							1
	5		0.860	and a second state of the			6.3	7.8							1
	6		0.692				7.4	7.8							1
	7		0.756		0.8	<3	6.3	8.2					-		1
	8		0.721				6.8	8.2							1
	.9		0.781				6.3	8.2					3.8	36	1
	10		1.054				6.3	8.2						Manager of the Department	1
	11		0.944				6.6	8.2							1 ×
	12		0.967				6.3	8.2							02
)5	13		0.802				6.8	8.2							3
November-05	14		0.682		1	8.8	6.6	8.2							3
β	15		0.855				6.3	8.2							
en	16		0.854				6.4	8.2					6.1	35	ai l
2	17		0.853				6.4	8.2							
z	18		0.813				6.3	8.2							l E
	19		0.753				6.3	8							÷ ÷
	20		0.778				6.8	8.2							ata
	21		0.822		1.2	9.6	6.3	8.2							Data from Daily GW 2005.xls
	22		0.937				6.4	8.2				and a line of the second second	282		1
	23		0.874				6.3	8.2							1
	24		0.879				6.3	8						27	1 '
	25		0.845				6.8	8.2						<u> </u>	
	26		0.956				6.8	8.2							ł .
	27		0.948				6.3	8.2							1
	28		0.838		1.6	21.2	6.4	8.2							1
	29		0.697				7	8.2	-			السالية بإيرانية العاجيم		33	
	30		0.727				7	8.2					6.2		
	1		0.889	All a superiors	Sector Sector	and and and	6.6	8.2				Succession and the	0.2	Contraction of the	
	2		0.959				6.3	8.2			and the second second			and the second	

EF-1 E	Q -1 EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	s
Flow Ch	oride Ethanolami	ne Hydrazine	pH Low	pH High	Total Inorganic Nitrogen	Ammonia	Nitrite Nitrogen	Nitrate Nitrogen	Dissolved Sodium	Sulfate	Comments
2.400			6.5	9.0							1 0
MGD r	ng/l mg/l	ug/l	S.U.	S.U.	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	1
0.724			6.3	8.2							
0.900			7	8.2							] "
0.760	1.86	8.9	6.3	8.2							] 8
0.722			7.6	8.2						32	3 1
0.493			7.4	8.2					6.3		<u>ש</u>
0.551			6.3	8.2							] 3
0.599			7.2	8.2							1 -
0.388			6.3	8.2							
0.673			7.6	7.8							l sla
0.507	0.9	<3	6.3	8.2							1 22
0.399			7.8	8.2							Chlorido TIN Ammonia Nitrito (N) Nitroto (N) addod 6112006
0.523			6.6	8.2					5.7	27	
0.305			6.3	8.2							1 0 2
0.218			7.6	8						and a state of the second s	1 20
0.246			6.5	8.2							Dai
0.207			6.5	8.2							
0.399	<0.7	<3	6.7	8.2					-		- ē.
0.248			6.3	7.9							af
0.504			6.6	8.2					6.4	34	at
0.285			6.6	7.6					0.4		
0.457			7.6	8.1							
0.177			7.5	8.2		a and a state of the	1		a supervise of the south de		1 F
0.117			6.5	8.2	-						4 9
0.326			6.6	8.2							
0.220	<0.7	<3	6.5	8.2							
0.158			6.3	8.2	-				8.7	36	
0.362			6.8	8.2		The second second second			0.7		-
0.226			6.6	8.2							{
0.234			7	8.2							-
0.188			6.8	8.2						1	-
0.167	<0.7	<3	6.4	8.2							-
0.361			6.8	8.2	-					20	-
0.268			6.6	8.2						36	4
0.247			6.4	8.2					7.4		4
0.158			6.3		-						2006.xls itrate (N) added 6/1/2006
0.063				8		han an a					1
0.102			6.4	8.2	+						4
0.102			6.3	8.2							4
0.210	<0.7	<3	6.3	8.2	-						1 3
0.253			7.6	8.2	-				18.6	48	
											2006.xls
											06.
	0.097 0.085 0.075	0.085	0.085	0.085 7.4	0.085 7.4 7.6	0.085 7.4 7.6	0.085 7.4 7.6	0.085 7.4 7.6	0.085 7.4 7.6	0.085 7.4 7.6	0.085 7.4 7.6

9 of 33

	EQ	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ-1	FQ -1 Total	EQ -1	EQ-1	EQ -1	EQ-1	EQ -1	EE-1	Sample Location		
ete <sup>;</sup>	allu S	bevlossiQ muiboS	Nitrate Nitrogen	Nitrite Nitrogen	sinommA	Inorganic Nitrogen	Hq Hq	MOJ Hq	Hydrazine	enimslonsht3	Shloride	Flow	RATEMARA9 STIMIJ		
		<b>1</b> /000	//×u	1,000	Inna	Inn	0.6	2'N' 9'2	y6n	լ/ճա	<b>у/бш</b>	WGD 5'400	STINU	YAG	
	6w	<u>//6</u> ш	/6w	յ/նա	լյնա	y/ɓɯ	8	¢.ð	1/P-			0.002		14	
ק ב			liniasin. Zondersolitz				8	<b>4</b> .8				0.229		91	
							8.T	9.9	16.2	7.0>		0.158		91	1
Data from Daily GW	52						5.8	6.3				0.043		21	1
3							8.2	6.3				0.020		81	ł
<b>f</b>		54.4					8.2	6.3				114.0		61	ł
<b>T</b>							8.2	6.3				7210		51 50	1
,							8.2	6.3		-		921.0		55	4
							8.2	6.3	~~~	2.0>		0'142		53	4
							8.2	6.3	<3	L.0>		0.144		54	1
6	58	-		And And And			8.2	8.9				0.207		52	1
		L					8.2	9.9				191.0	and the second se	56	1
							8.2	£9				0.133		22	1
							8.2	6.4 6.4			-	0.038		28	1
							8.2	6.3				0.143		50	1
							8.2	6.3	<3	2.0>		0.150		30	1
	00						8	<u>L'9</u>				0.218		31	1
	32	L		1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.			8	6.4	<u> </u>			981.0		ŀ	L
		ĽĹ					8.2	<u>L</u>				981.0		5	1
							8.2	6'9				981.0		8	1
							8.2	Z.7				981.0		4	]
			<u>an cinena an</u>				9'2	6.4	-			981.0		S	
							9.7	6.3				981.0		9	]
Data from Daily GW 2006 x/s	06						8	6.3	9.41	7.0>		981.0		L	1
		13.2					8	6.3				981.0		8	1
"							S.8	9.9				981.0		6	1
<u> </u>							8	9.9				981.0		01	1
06							<u>S.8</u>	6.3				981.0		11	1
20							S.8	L	[	1		981.0		12	1
ž 🗌							5.8	8.9	14.9	7.0>		981.0		13	1
5	38						S.8	6.3				981.0		14	
2		1020					8.7	6.3		1		0.254		91	-
							8	6.3				0.348		91	-
							5.8	9.9	-			981.0		21	-
							4.T	6.4				981.0		81	-
Dat							2.8	6.3		31		981.0		61	-
							5.8	9.9	<3	5.1		0.270		50	4
9	32						8.7	9.9	-			0.300		51	-
		372					8.7	6.3				981.0		53	-
							8.2	2 2				0.251		54	-

slx.1-Q3 1 eldsT

		Sample Location	EF-1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	
,		PARAMETER	Flow	Chloride	Ethanolamine	Hydrazine	pH Low	pH High	Total Inorganic Nitrogen	Ammonia	Nitrite Nitrogen	Nitrate Nitrogen	Dissolved Sodium	Sulfate	
	1.2 1 S. 19	LIMITS	2.400	ingungan			6.5	9.0							1 (
	DAY	UNITS	MGD	mg/l	mg/l	ug/l	S.U.	S.U.	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	
	25		0.186				6.3	8.2							
	26		0.323				6.8	7.8							
	27		0.221		<0.7	<3	6.3	7.8							]
	28		0.280				6.4	7.8						31	
	1		0.330				7	8					9.4		
	2		0.845				6.3	8							
	3		0.608				6.8	8.2							]
	4		0.356				7	8.2							
	5		0.309				6.3	7.8							
	6		0.361		<0.7	5.6	6.8	8							
	7		0.319				7.2	7.8	3 1 2						
	8		0.406				6.6	7.8						31	
	9		0.354				6.3	7.4					187		
	10		0.323				7	7.5							
	11		0.343				7.2	7.6							x s
	12		0.312				6.3	7.8							] []
	13		0.379		<0.7	<3	7.2	7.8							200
9	14		0.328				6.3	8					6.3		2
March-06	15		0.315				6.3	7.8					1		Ū
12	16		0.333				7	8.2						34	
Ma	17		0.345				6.5	8.2							ے ا
	18		0.305				6.3	7.4		Statistical Inc.					Ē
	19		0.317				6.3	8.2							] 🗳
	20		0.312		<0.7	5.3	6.3	8.2							ta
	21		0.304				6.4	8.2						35	
	22		0.379			and the second second	6.3	8					143		
	23		0.353				6.3	8							
	24		0.321				6.3	7.6							1 P
	25		0.376				6.3	8.2							
	26		0.819				6.3	8.2							Data from Daily GW 2006.xls
	27		0.420		<0.7	4.3	6.6	7			and the second second		6.7		1
	28		0.373				7	7.8						30	1
	29		0.316				6.3	8.2		2000 - Contraction - Contra - Contraction - Contraction					1
	30		0.473				7.2	8							
	31		0.473				7	7.6							
	1		0.365				6.3	8.2		and the second second	and the second		the second second		
	2		0.384				6.3	8					ing contract of and		1
	3		0.442		<0.7	<3	6.3	7.4							
	4		0.393				7	7.4	_					29	
	5		0.368		-		7.1	8					7.6		1
	6		0.450				7.4	7.8	-						
	7		0.317				7.4	8							

EQ -1	EQ.1	EQ -1	FQ -1	EQ-1	FQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ-1	EQ-1	EQ -1	EE-1	Location		
Sulfate	bevlossiQ muibo2	Nitrate Nitrogen	Nitrite Nitrogen	sinommA	Inorganic Nitrogen	Ч <sup>б</sup> іН Hd	мол Нq	Hydrazine	enimslonsd13	Chloride	wola	яатамаяаа •		
						0.6	9.5		/~~~	////	5.400	STIMI	YAG	
լ/ճա	1/6w	J/ɓɯ	1/6w	յ/ճա	1/6w	.U.S	.U.S	l/bn	l l/bu	լ/ճա	0'345 WGD	STINU	8	
31						8.7	6.3				968.0	-	6	
terre and the second						8.T	4.T	<3	7.0>		0.412		01	
	<u> </u>					8	9.9				799.0		11	
	38	4 				8.2	6.3			and the second	882.0		12	
31	9.8					8.7	6.3				698.0		13	
			-			8.7	8.8				0'346		41	
	-					8.T	Ζ.Τ	and the second second second			0.313		91	
						8	L				0.334		91	
						00.8	₽.T	3.3	7.0>		885.0		21	
						00.8	4.T				0.392		81	
53	Z.7					8.20	6.3	۴.6			0.344		61	
						00.8	6.3				0.348	i a secolation on the	50	
المتناج ومتحد						00.8	6.3				0.412		51	
						00.8	6.3	w.			0.415	Company of Company in the Company of Company	55	
						00.8	6.3				0.338		53	
						8.20	Z.T	234	9°L		0.328		54	
55	1					00.8	4.T				0.433		50	
	<u>5.5</u>					08.7	9.7	1			L97.0		52	
						00.8	6.3				975.0		20	
						08.7	6.3				£05.0		58	
and a man						00.8	6.3				0.649		50	
						08.7	9.7		Concernant and an other states of		889.0		30	
		5.20230.30	12218 24			00.8	6.3	9'96	9.1		249.0			
58						8.20	6.3				0720		3	
	5.5					8.20	6.3				0.772		8	
						8.20	6.3				862.0		4	
-						8.20	6.3		-		0.848	all and the second s	9	
33						8.20	6.3	[			038.0		9	
						8.20	6.3		20-		058.0	-	2	
						8.20	19	<3	2.0>		0.626		6 8	
	32					8.20	e'3				0.381		01	
32	S.T					8.20	6.3				875.0		11	
-						8.20	6.5				0.310		12	
-											704.0		13	
						8.20	8.9				0.329		14	
-						8 20	8.9	<3	<u>2.0&gt;</u>		0.287	helisti destatui liven	91	
						8.20	<u> </u>		1:0>				91	
	02					8.20	6.3				0.428		21	
33	6.7					8.20	£9				298.0		81	
						8.20	6.8 6.6				0.538		61	

		Sample Location	EF-1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1 ·	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	
		PARAMETER	Flow	Chloride	Ethanolamine	Hydrazine	pH Low	pH High	Total Inorganic Nitrogen	Ammonia	Nitrite Nitrogen	Nitrate Nitrogen	Dissolved Sodium	Sulfate	
		LIMITS	2.400				6.5	9.0							
	DAY	UNITS	MGD	mg/l	mg/l	ug/l	S.U.	S.U.	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	
	20		0.338				6.4	8.20							
	21		0.370				6.4	8.20							
	22		0.326		<0.7	<3	6.3	8.20							
	23		0.422				6.6	8.20						36	
	24		0.471				6.3	8.20					7		
	25		0.367			4.002	6.4	8.50							
	26		0.371				6.8	8.20					And the second second		1
	27		0.381				6.8	8.20							1
	28		0.376		<0.7	<3	6.3	8.20		1					
	29		0.349				6.6	8.20				10 M			
	30		0.412				6.8	8.20						37	
	31		0.373				7	8.20					6.8		
	1		0.333	a deal bring a	<0.7	<3	7.2	8.20					1		
	2		0.393	9.6	<0.7	<3	6.4	8.20							1
	3		0.362				6.3	8.20							1
	4	the state of the second s	0.391				6.3	8.20					•		
	5		0.680	11.3	<0.7	<3	6.3	8.20	3.7	3.2	<0.05	0.5			1
	6	and the second se	0.400		<0.7	<3	6.6	8.20						34	4
	7		0.459		<0.7	<3	6.3	8.20							4
	8		0.409		1.8	<3	6.3	8.20							4
	9		0.388		1.8	<3	6.4	8.20							1
	10		0.428				6.3	8.20					7.3		4
	11		0.383				6.6	8.20							
	12		0.450	11	<0.7	<3	6.3	8.20							
	13		0.341		<0.7	<3	6.3	8.20					15.6		
90	14		0.391	and the second second	<0.7	<3	6.3	8.20	-						1 8
June-06	15		0.407	-	<0.7	<3	6.6	8.20						33	
٦٢	17		0.383		<0.7	<3	6.4	8.20							
	17	the second s	0.389				6.3	8.20	i in the second						1 8
	10		0.382	10.5	-0.7	<b>F 0</b>	6.3	8.20	-					-	
	20		0.419	10.5	<0.7 <0.7	5.3 <3	6.8	8.20							
	20		0.385		<0.7		6.4	8.20	-			· · · ·	9.3	39	
	21		0.412			3.3	6.3	8.20							4 -
	22		0.414		1.1 0.8	4.6	7	8.20							Data from Daily GW 2006 vis
	23				0.8	3.3	6.6	8.20	-						4
	24		0.378				6.4	8.20							4
	25		0.400		<0.7		6.3	8.20	-						-
	20		0.454	9.8	<0.7	<3	6.6	8.20							-
	28				<0.7	<3	6.8	8.20	-				9.4		-
	28		0.412	-	<0.7	<3	6.4	8.20	-					36	4
	30				<0.7	<3	6.3	8.20							4
		L	0.373	L	<0.7	<3	6.4	8.20	1				a the second sec		

		Sample Location	EF-1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	s a
14		PARAMETER	Flow	Chloride	Ethanolamine	Hydrazine	pH Low	pH High	Total Inorganic Nitrogen	Ammonia	Nitrite Nitrogen	Nitrate Nitrogen	Dissolved Sodium	Sulfate	Comments
	2013 B. 13	LIMITS	2.400				6.5	9.0							Ŭ
	DAY	UNITS	MGD	mg/l	mg/l	ug/ł	S.U.	S.U.	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	1
	1		0.418		他们们的自己的	ALC: NO BEE	6.3	8.20		ALC IN THE REAL PROPERTY.		2903.0156	Contraction and the		
	2		0.434				6.6	8.20							1
	3		0.512	11.5	<0.7	<3	7	8.20							1
	4		0.366		<0.7	<3	6.4	8.20							1,
	5		1.265		<0.7	<3	6.6	8.20							1
	6		0.363		<0.7	<3	6.4	8.20						1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1	Data from Daily GW 2006.xls
	7		0.430		<0.7	<3	6.4	8.20					7.3	35	1 6
	8	A State of the second	0.381				6.4	8.20						1.	1
	9		0.486				6.6	8.20						and and a set of the s	
	10		0.406	11	<0.7	<3	6.6	8.20	6	5.6	<0.05	0.4			
	11		0.371	and the second second	<0.7	4.2	6.4	8.20						38	l S
	12		0.441		<0.7	<3	6.4	8.20		and an interpretation of					6.9
	13		0.375		<0.7	7.8	6.5	8.20					9.4		
1021	14		0.396		<0.7	<3	7	8.20							] Ž
99-	15		0.428				6.3	8.20							] 0
July-06	16		0.440				6.8	8.20							]_ <u>`</u> }
٦ ۲	17		0.451	11.5	1	<3	6.8	8.60							Da
	18		0.330	Internet Marian Const	1.6	<3	7.2	8.20							E
	19		0.414		2.2	<3	7.2	8.50							] ţ
	20		0.277	н. Н	1.3	<3	7	8.50							lta [
	21		0.397		2	<3	7	8.50							
	22		0.403				7	8.20			ing and the second	1.000			
	23		0.360	A			7.8	8.20							
	24		0.347	10.8	1.3	<3	7.6	8.80							
	25		0.389		<0.7	<3	7	8.50					6.7	40	
	26		0.355		<0.7	<3	7.2	8.50	_						
	27		0.381		<0.7	<3	7.4	8.40						25	
	28		0.417		<0.7	4.8	7.4	8.20							
	29		0.373	¥			7	8.50			1		1950	3751	
	30		0.392				7	8.50		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
	31		0.526	4.3	1.2	30.7	7	8.50			in with				
	1		0.780	State States	5.8	243.7	7	8.50	in methodate and	1 1 1 1 A 19	eritik data a		Constant Const	States and	
	2		0.709		15.4	269.5	7	8.50							1
	3	and the second se	0.709		<0.7	3.6	7	8.50							
	4		0.548		0.8	6.4	7	8.50							
	5	And the second	0.538		L		7	8.50							4
	6		0.673				7	8.50	_						1
	7	and the second se	0.369	9.3	0.7	<3	7	8.50	0.4	0.1	< 0.05	0.3			1
	8		0.365		<0.7	<3	7	8.50							S
	9		0.429		<0.7	<3	7	8.50							1
	10	the second se	0.367		<0.7	<3	7	8.50	_				4884	3430	
	11	aman alam na m	0.438	1	<0.7	<3	7	8.50							l s

		Sample Location	EF-1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	
		PARAMETER	Flow	Chloride	Ethanolamine	Hydrazine	pH Low	pH High	Total Inorganic Nitrogen	Ammonia	Nitrite Nitrogen	Nitrate Nitrogen	Dissolved Sodium	Sulfate	
		LIMITS	2.400				6.5	9.0							] (
	DAY	UNITS	MGD	mg/l	mg/l	ug/l	S.U.	S.U.	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	
	12		0.348				7.3	8.50							90.
	13		0.313				7	8.50							
90	14		0.305	8.3	<0.7	<3	7.6	8.40			<u>tine</u>				3
st-I	15		0.364		<0.7	<3	7.8	8.50							Ŭ
August-06	16		0.422		<0.7	<3	7	8.50							
ΡN	17		0.351		1.4	<3	7	8.50							ם ا
-	18		0.386		0.8	<3	7	8.50							E
	19		0.375				7	8.50							] Ţ
	20		0.434				7	8.50							ata
	21		0.335	9.8	0.7	<3	7.2	8.50							ے ا
	22		0.357		<0.7	<3	7.2	8.50							
	23		0.335		1.02	<3	7.2	8.50	a manufacture de la competencia						
	24		0.318		<0.7	<3	7	8.50							]
	25		0.530		<0.7	<3	7.2	8.50					6.7	40	Data from Daily GW 2006.
	26		0.342				7	8.50							]
	27		0.383				7	8.50							]
	28		0.352	10.3	<0.7	<3	7	8.50							1
	29		0.420		<0.7	<3	7	8.30							1
	30		0.382		<0.7	<3	7	8.50							1
	31		0.403		<0.7	<3	7	8.50		Б.					1
	1		0.331		0.74	<3	7	8.50	L. H. M. M. M. M.						
	2		0.397				7	8.50					2205	2988	
	3		0.429				7.6	8.50							1
	4		0.562	7.5	<0.7	3.7	7	8.50							1
	5		0.348		0.8	4.2	7	8.50	4.07	3.6	0.07	0.4			1
	6		0.391		<0.7	<3	7	8.40							1
	7		0.404		<0.7	<3	7	8.50							1
	8		0.380		<0.7	<3	7	8.50							1
	9		0.320			a an induit i	7.2	8.50							1
	10		0.395				7.4	8.50							<b>"</b>
	11	- and the second se	0.313	7.5	<0.7	<3	7	8.50							Ĭ
	12	the second s	0.331		<0.7	<3	7	8.50							Data from Daily GW 2006.xls
90.	13		0.363		0.94	<3	7.2	8.50							50
er-	14		0.394		0.9	<3	7.4	8.50							3
September-06	15		0.356		0.9	<3	7.4	8.50							
ter	16		0.434				7	8.50							l (lie
dep	17		0.638				7.3	8.50							Ö
(0)	18		0.451	9	<0.7	<3	7	8.50							E
	19		0.384		<0.7	8.3	7	8.50							Ĕ
	20		0.368		3.6	181.6	7	8.40							ata
	21		0.372		3.3	167.5	7	8.50							ő
	22		0.402		1	156.1	7	8.50							

PARAMETER         Few         Cholde         Ethanolamin         Hydrazine         Dir         Indir         Inorgan Nitiogen         Niticele         Niticele Social         Direction Social           DAY         LIMITS         2400         -         6.6         90         -			Sample Location	EF-1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	
DAY         UNITS         MGD         mg/l         mg/l         mg/l         1         Still         Still         mg/l         m			1 and out and an other states of		Chloride	Ethanolamine	Hydrazine			Inorganic	Ammonia	Charles States and States and States and		The second second residence of the second	Sulfate	Comments
23         100         0.983         100         0.90         7         8.80         100 <td></td> <td>State of</td> <td></td> <td>υ</td>		State of														υ
24         0.384          7.4         8.40			UNITS		mg/l	mg/l	ug/l			mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	1
28         0.337         9         <0.7         <3         8         8.70         N         <	88	23														F
26         0.341         0.7         <3         7.2         8.40             22           27         0.328         -0.7         <3	1.1	24														Chloride, Tll
27         0.228         0.7         <3         7         8.40            6.4           28         0.330         <0.7					9											j ž
28         0.336         -0.7         <3         7         8.50         -         <							and the second se								22	걸
29         0.372         ×0.7         <3         7         8:50         ·         Image: Constraint of the state o														6.4		၂ ပ
30         0.333         0         7         8:50         7							and the second se	and the second se								
1         0.367			and a second second			<0.7	<3									1
2         0.406         8.2         <0.7         <3         7.6         8.40         4.37         3.9         0.17         0.3           3         0.349         2.8         167         7         6.90         7         6.90         7         7         8.90         7         7         7         8.90         7         7         7         8.90         7         8         7         8         8         7         8         8         7         8         8         7         8         7         8         8         7         8         7         8         7         8         7         8         7         8 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>																
3         0.349         2.8         167         7         8.90         No.		and the second		and the second se	0.0	10.7						and a second	and the second	12.04 St. 56.55		1
4         0.390         1.62         22.6         7         8.40					8.2					4.37	3.9	0.17	0.3			4
5         0.380         <0.7         7.5         7.6         8.20           7           6         0.364         <0.7										-						1
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		the second se								-						9
P         0.340         7.8         8.40         8.50         8.50           9         0.332         10.9         <0.7										-						l ă
8         0.348         7.8         8.50         1         1         1           9         0.332         10.9         <0.7		and the second s				~0.7	<u>&lt;</u> 3			-				/		Ē
9         0.332         10.9         <0.7         <3         7.1         8.50               10         0.348         <0.7		-					ana ang ang ang ang ang ang ang ang ang									90
10         0.348         <0.7         <3         7.1         8.30					10.9	<i>c</i> 0.7				-						de l
Image: second system         Image: se					10.3					-						ad
90-00000000000000000000000000000000000					terre in the second second										22	sî
99         13         0.399         1.2         4.2         7         8.50         1         1593         3700           14         0.383         7         8.40         7         8.20         1         1593         3700           15         0.365         7         8.20         1 </td <td></td> <td>te XI</td>																te XI
SP         14         0.383         7         8.40         10         10         10           15         0.365         7         8.20         10		13	Collection and Collection and Collection											1503	3700	D06
15         0.365         7         8.20         1         1         1           16         0.335         10         <0.7	D									-			-	1000	5700	Nº Z
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	2							a second and the second second								δ <sub>2</sub>
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	an				10	<0.7	<3	THE REAL PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF								20
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		17		0.317			9.5	7	8.40							trit Dai
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	>	18		0.334				7.8								ĒŽ
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$				0.332		<0.7		7.6	8.20							ia,
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $						1.3	7.04	7.6	8.20							tat
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$								7								Da
24         0.370         <.7         <3         7.6         8.60																¥ ا
25       0.351       <.7					9											ĺ ź
26       0.355       1.57       14.53       7       8.40																] F.
27       0.397       <.7																Data from Daily GW 2006.xls Chloride, TIN, Ammonia, Nitrite (N), Nitrate (N) added 6/1/2006
28         0.336         7         8.50         6         6         6         7         8.50         7         8.50         7         8.50         7         8.50         7         8.50         7         8.50         7         8.50         7         8.50         7         8.50         7         8.50         7         7         8.50         7         7         8.50         7         7         8.50         7         7         8.50         7         7         8.50         7         7         8.50         7         7         8.50         7         7         8.50         7         7         8.50         7         7         8.50         7         7         8.50         7         7         8.50         7         7         8.50         7         7         7         8.50         7         7         7         8.50         7         7         7         7         7         7         8.50         7         7         7         8.50         7         7         7         7         7         7         7         7         7         7         7         7         7         7																] [5
29         0.375         7.8         8.20         1 <th< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>&lt;.7</td><td>&lt;3</td><td>The second of the second second</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th<>						<.7	<3	The second of the second second								
30         0.403         10.5         <.7         <3         7         8.00 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>and the second se</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>Ĩ</td>				and the second se						_						Ĩ
31         0.336         2.1         15.01         7.2         8.00           1         0.411         1.2         16.94         7.6         8.20         1						<u></u>		and the second se		_						1
1 0.411 1.2 16.94 7.6 8.20					10.5											1
					and the second second					i land		Server Dis	A second second	1. 1. SER 1.		
3 0.365 <0.7 4.98 7.6 8.2								and a statement of the		_						1

		Sample Location	EF-1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	
		PARAMETER	Flow	Chloride	Ethanolamine	Hydrazine	pH Low	pH High	Total Inorganic Nitrogen	Ammonia	Nitrite Nitrogen	Nitrate Nitrogen	Dissolved Sodium	Sulfate	Comments
		LIMITS	2.400				6.5	9.0							1 0
	DAY	UNITS	MGD	mg/l	mg/l	ug/l	S.U.	S.U.	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	1
	4		0.318				7.2	8.4							
	5		0.359				7	9							1
	6		0.474	17.8	<0.7	<3	7	8	1.4	1.0	0.1	0.3	1560	2700	1
	7		0.647		<0.7	<3	7.6	8.20							1
	8		0.705		<0.7	<3	7.6	9							1
	9		0.823		<0.7	<3	7.4	8.5					9.4		1
	10		0.824		1.1	4.5	7	8.5							1 "
	11		1.104				7	8.4						••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	Data from Daily GW 2006.xls
	12		0.889				7.6	8.4							.90
90	13		0.763	18.25	<0.7	<3	7.4	9						1997 - Terry Alexandro (1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 199	5
10	14		0.790		<0.7	<3	7.8	8.4							3
β	15		0.750		<0.7	<3	7	8.4							1 0
November-06	16		0.706		0.8	<3	7	8.5							1 lie
2	17		0.650		<0.7	<3	7.8	8.2							Ö
z	18		0.605				7	8.0							
	19		0.639				7	8.0							Ę
	20		0.520	21.75	<0.7	<3	7	8.4							ata
	21		1.056		0.9	<3	7.5	8.3				And in the second second		52	jő
	22	And the second second	0.663		<0.7	<3	7.4	8.0							1
	23		0.547		<0.7	<3	7.8	8.0							1
	24		0.613		0.9	<3	7.8	8.0			-				1
	25		0.582				7.8	8.1		and the second se					1
	26		0.562			×	7	8.1							1
	27		0.478	19	<0.7	<3	7	8.4							
	28		0.469		1.05	<3	7	8.50							1
	29		0.654		<0.7	<3	7	8.5							1
	30		0.434		<0.7	<3	7	8.5	-						1
	1		0.419		<0.7	3.6	7	8.5							<u> </u>
	2		0.480				7	8.5					85.1	1875	1
	3		0.441				7	8.5	1				00.1	10/0	1
	4	artii minimmiinii mäilini ja	0.367	6.5	<0.7	3.8	7	8.5	2.6	2.4	< 0.05	0.2			
	5		0.321		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5			-0.00		6	18	1
	6		0.368		<0.7	3.3	7.8	8.5						10	1
	- 7		0.304		<0.7	7.1	7	8.5							1
	8		0.421		<0.7	5.7	7	8.5							1
	9		0.421				7	8.5							ł
	10		0.421				7	8.5	-						GW 2006.xls
	11		0.421	9.5	1.5	4.8	7	8.5							s s
	12		0.421		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5							X
	13		0.488		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5							90
er-06	14		0.775		<0.7	<3.0	7.4	8.4	-						5
er	15		0.597		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5							3

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•		Sample Location	EF-1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	
		PARAMETER	Flow	Chloride	Ethanolamine	Hydrazine	pH Low	pH High	Total Inorganic Nitrogen	Ammonia	Nitrite Nitrogen	Nitrate Nitrogen	Dissolved Sodium	Sulfate	
		LIMITS	2.400				6.5	9.0							
	DAY	UNITS	MGD	mg/l	mg/l	ug/l	S.U.	S.U.	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	1
Decemb	16		0.496				7	8.5							≥
ece	17		0.537				7	8.5							Dai
ă	18		0.484	6.5	<0.7	3.3	7.2	8.5							1 2
	19		0.472		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5							1 5
	20		0.436		1.6	11.3	7	8.5							ta T
	21		0.391		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5							Da
	22		0.378		1.1	5.7	7.9	8.5							1 –
	23		0.380				7.3	8.5							1
	24		0.351				7.2	8.4						2	1
	25		0.411	8.25	<0.7	<3.0	7	8.3							1
	26		0.341		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5							1
	27	-	0.381		0.96	<3.0	7	8.5							Data from Daily
	28		0.397		<0.7	<3.0	7	8,5							1
	29		0.468		<0.7	<3.0	7.9	8.5							1
	30		0.368				7	8.4							1
	31		0.446				7	8.5							1
	1		0.450	9	<0.7	3.5	7.6	·8.3	e sector curr	CLARK WALL	ALC: NO.		82.3		
	2		0.402		<0.7	8.2	7.3	8.5	5.4	4.9	<0.05	0.5			1
	3		0.381		<0.7	3.5	7	8.5						1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 -	]
	4		0.377		<0.7	3.9	7	8.5							]
	5		0.452		<0.7	<3.0	7.4	8.2					3230	7200	]
	6		0.457				7	8.5							]
	7		0.395				7	8.5							
	8		0.404	10	0.84	<3.0	7	8.5							
	9		0.347		0.79	<3.0	7	8.4	_						
	10		0.412		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5							
	11		0.612		0.73	<3.0	7	8.5						27	l ∛
	12		0.391		0.73	<3.0	7	8.5							5
	13	-	0.400				7	8.5				يو منبعه معرود			50
January-07	14 15		0.387			(2.0	7	8.5	-						3
<b>V</b> E	15		0.423	8	<0.7	<3.0	7.2	8.5							Data from Daily GW 2007.xls
ŝnu	16		0.375			3.8	7.7	8.4							l lie
Jar	17		0.381		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.4	-						Ő
	18		0.419		1.4	9.2	7.7	8.4	-						E
	20		0.403		<0.7	<3.0	7.4	8.5	-			P			ĮĔ
	20		0.355				7	8.5					-		ata
	21			0 E	20.7	<2.0	7	8.5							Ő
		فحصوب فالتلف أقويتهم	0.363	8.5	<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5	-						1
	23		0.814		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5							1
	24		0.374		0.72	<3.0	7	8.5							1
	25 26		0.314		0.77	<3.0 <3.0	7	8.5 8.5		Station in the second					]

		Sample Location	EF-1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	ß
		PARAMETER	Flow	Chloride	Ethanolamine	Hydrazine	pH Low	pH High	Total Inorganic Nitrogen	Ammonia	Nitrite Nitrogen	Nitrate Nitrogen	Dissolved Sodium	Sulfate	Comments
		LIMITS	2.400				6.5	9.0							Ŭ
	DAY	UNITS	MGD	mg/l	mg/l	ug/l	S.U.	S.U.	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	1
	27		0.315				7.6	8.5							с Ч
	28		0.265				7	8.5							1 ~
	29		0.499		<0.7	<3.0	7.8	8.5		_					1
	30		0.398	11.5	<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5							1
	31		0.401		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5							1
	. 1		0.396		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5							
	2		0.389		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5							1
	3		0.360				7	8.5							1 9
	4		0.457				7	8.5							Data from Daily GW 2007.xls Chloride, TIN, Ammonia, Nitrite (N), Nitrate (N) added 6/1/2006
	5		0.434	7.5	<0.7	<3.0	7	8.50					1		1 Ë
	6		0.403		<0.7	<3.0	7.6	8.50			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		7.3	25	1 9
	7		0.424		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.50							de
	8		0.399		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.50							ad
	9		0.404		<0.7	4.6	7	8.5							Î "Ĵ
	10		0.510				7	8.5					1957	2424	1 ×
	11		0.465				7.8	8.5				•		T. 1972	101.
	12		0.457	9.5	<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5							Z2
-0-	13		0.358		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5							3.
February-07	14		0.364		<0.7	<3.0	7.8	8.4							UZ
Ë	15		0.373		1.1	<3.0	7.8	8.5							ite
eb	16		0.357		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5							
ш	17		0.425				7.5	8.5							EZ.
	18		0.481				7	8.5							fre
	19		0.433	10.5	<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5							noi
	20		0.444	10.0	<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5	4.3	3.8	<0.05	0.5			
	21		0.548		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5	4.5	0.0	~0.05	0.5			- Ā
	22		0.368		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5							Ξ
	23		0.418		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5	-	and the second second					
	24		0.388		-0.1	-0.0	7	8.5							de
	25		0.485				7	8.5							- i
	26		0.418	12.5	<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5							- E
	27	*****	0.410	12.0	0.812	7.6	7.6	8.5							1 0
	28		0.342		<0.7	6.2	7.0	8.5							4
	1		0.407		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5							
	2		0.407		1.1	4.8	7	8.5		Straight at star in	a		0.004.4	0550	4
	3		0.403		1,1	4.0	7	8.5					2434.4	3550	-
	4	http://www.energian.com	0.393				7	8.5							1
	5	<u> </u>	0.393	12	<0.7	<3.0					~				9
	6		0.448	12	<u>&lt;0.7</u> 0.9	<3.0	7.4	8.6 8.5							50
	7		0.372		<0.7										Ē
	8		0.401		<0.7	<3.0 <3.0	7	8.5							dded 6/1/2006
	9	terre and description	0.410		the state of the s	and the second se	7	8.5					7.8	- 27	lec l
i na milana a	<u> </u>		0.379	L	0.8	<3.0	7	8.5					1		j ŏ

Q -1 EQ -1 Comments Total pН pH Nitrite Nitrate Inorganic Ammonia Dissolved Sulfate .ow High Nitrogen Nitrogen Nitrogen Sodium 9.0 S.U. mg/l mg/l mg/l mg/l mg/l mg/l 9 Data from Daily GW 2007.xls Chloride, TIN, Ammonia, Nitrite (N), Nitrate (N) 8.4 8.4 8.5 2.6 2.1 < 0.05 0.5 9 8.5 8.5 8.4 8.2 8.5 8.5 8.5 8.5 8.4 8.5 8.5 8.5 8.5 8.5 8.5 8.4 8.4 8.5 8.5 3 2.6 < 0.05 0.4 8.5 8.5 ata from Daily GW 2007.xls monia, Nitrite (N), Nitrate (N) added 6/1/2006 8.5 8.4 8.2 8.5 8.5 1782 3500 8.0 17.4 38 8.4 8.5 8.5 8.5 8.5 8.5 8.5 8.5 8.5 8.5

March-07	PARAMETER LIMITS DAY UNITS 10 11 12 13 14	Flow 2.400 MGD 0.394 0.583 0.397	Chloride mg/l	Ethanolamine mg/l	Hydrazine ug/l
March-07	DAY UNITS 10 11 12 13	MGD 0.394 0.583	mg/l	mg/l	
March-07	10 11 12 13	MGD 0.394 0.583	mg/l	mg/l	
March-07	10 11 12 13	0.394 0.583			110/1
March-07	12 13	0.583		4.8.	ugn
March-07	13				
March-07		0.337	12	1	<3.0
March-07	14	0.330		1.1	<3.0
March-07		0.441		0.8	<3.0
March	15	0.457		1.6	<3.0
Mai	16	0.446		2.2	<3.0
~	17	0.428			
	18	0.375			
	19	0.394	11	<0.7	<3.0
	20	0.392		0.08	<3.0
	21	0.475		<0.7	<3.0
	22	0.394		<0.7	<3.0
	23	0.429		1.2	<3.0
	24	0.372			
	25	0.412			. his second second
	26	0.386	8.8	1	<3.0
	27	0.345		<0.7	<3.0
	28	0.473		<0.7	<3.0
	29	0.383		1	<3.0
	30	0.356		<0.7	<3.0
	31	0.421			
	1	0.357	CHAN SERVICE	and the State of Land	Rent R Lat
	2	0.520	8.5	<0.7	<3.0
	3	0.410		<0.7	<3.0
	4	0.428		<0.7	<3.0
	5	0.424		<0.7	<3.0
	6	0.426		<0.7	<3.0
	7	0.344			
	8	0.383	46		
	9	0.434	12.7	<0.7	<3.0
	10	0.401		<0.7	<3.0
	11	0.485		<0.7	<3.0
	12	0.485		<0.7	<3.0
	13	0.319		<0.7	<3.0
01	14	0.358			
April-07		0.396	14.0	1 5	<2.0
Ap	16	0.390	11.3	1.5	<3.0
	17	/ 0.371		1.7	<3.0
	18	/ 0.383	- <u></u>	1.6	<3.0
	20	0.436		2.1	<3.0 <3.0

of 33

Table 1 00D EQ-1

Table 1 EQ-1.xls

20

		Sample Location	EF-1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	g
		PARAMETER	Flow	Chloride	Ethanolamine	Hydrazine	pH Low	pH High	Total Inorganic Nitrogen	Ammonia	Nitrite Nitrogen	Nitrate Nitrogen	Dissolved Sodium	Sulfate	Comments
		LIMITS	2.400				6.5	9.0							U
	DAY	UNITS	MGD	mg/l	mg/l	ug/l	S.U.	S.U.	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	
	21		0.463				7	8.5							
	22		0.407				7	8.5							Chlorido TIN Am
	23		0.448	12.5	<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5							Ê
	24		0.397		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5							
	25		0.357		<0.7	8	7	8.5							-
	26		0.403		<0.7	<3.0	7.4	8.5							-
	27		0.552		<0.7	6	7	8.5							Ē
	28		0.360				7	8.4							
	29		0.354	line down. In the			7	8.5							
	30		0.376	11.5	<0.7	<3	7	8.5					1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		
	1		0.380		0.7	<3.0	7	8.5							
	2		0.489		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5							
	3		0.575		0.9	<3.0	7	8.5							
	4		0.349		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5							
	5		0.339				7	8.4							
	6		0.459				7	8.5							9
	7		0.383	11.4	<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5	4.2	3.8	< 0.05	0.4	2820	8360	i
	8		0.443		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5							
	9		0.373		<0.7	4.5	7	8.5					7.1	38	
	10		0.426		<0.7	5.6	7	8.5							
	11		0.391		<0.7	<3.0	7.6	8.5							cls
	12		0.388				7	8.5							2
	13		0.273				7	8.5							001
	14		0.335	11	<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5							Z
May-07	15		0.332		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5							5
ay.	16		0.412		1	<3.0	7	8.5							<u>}</u>
ž	17		0.340		0.7	<3.0	7	8.5							Da
	18		0.324		1.2	<3.0	7	8.5							E
	19		0.323				7	8.5							i fe
	20		0.290				7	8.5							ta
	21		0.291	9.5	<0.7	<3.0	7.2	8.5							Da
	22		0.289		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5							-
	23		0.394		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5							3
	24		0.427		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5							Data from Daily GW 2007.xls
	25		0.372		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5							
	26		0.471				7	8.5							
	27		0.397				7	8.5							
	28		0.393	12.8	<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5							]
	29		0.359		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5							
	30		0.371		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5							
	31		0.353		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5							
	1		0.701		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5							

		Sample Location	EF-1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	s
		PARAMETER	Flow	Chloride	Ethanolamine	Hydrazine	pH Low	pH High	Total Inorganic Nitrogen	Ammonia	Nitrite Nitrogen	Nitrate Nitrogen	Dissolved Sodium	Sulfate	Comments
		LIMITS	2.400				6.5	9.0							Ŭ
	DAY	UNITS	MGD	mg/l	mg/l	ug/l	S.U.	S.U.	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	1
	2		0.357				7	8.5							
	3		0.409				7	8.5	_						]
	4		0.388	11.3	<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5							90
	5		0.588		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5	2.3	1.9	<0.05	0.4			00
	6		0.692	- in the second second	<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5							
	7		0.468		1.4	6.2	7	8.5					8040	4800	] <del>-</del>
	8		0.456		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5							
	9		0.592				7	8.5							] 8
	10		0.539				7	8.5							s
	11		0.385	11.5	<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5	_						X
	12		0.482		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5							6
	13		0.346		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.4	_				6.6	30	150
01	14		0.345		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5							No.
June-07	15		0.311		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5	_						2
Jul	16		0.420				7	8.5							Data from Daily GW 2007.xls
	17		0.432				7	8.5							
	18		0.372	10	<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5							
	19		0.396		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5	_						
	20		0.399		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5	_						
	21		0.596		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5	_						
	22		0.310		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5	-						
	23		0.316				7	8.5							
	24		0.440				7	8.5							4
	25		0.317	10.5	<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5	-						
	26		0.383		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.4		and the second second					1 3
	27		0.427		<0.7	<3.0	. 7	8.5							1 (
	28		0.494		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5	فحناجت وسناي	ulus ang ing ang i					
	29		0.529		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.4							1
	30		0.385		Contraction of the local division of the loc	Sector States and Provident States	7	8.5							
	1		0.330	0.75	0.00	10.0	7	8.5	Constanting of the		10.55	A PERSONAL PROPERTY OF			1
	3		0.356	9.75	0.98	<3.0	7	8.5	4.5	4.2	< 0.05	0.3			
	4		0.551 0.579		1	<3.0	7	8.5							1
	5	han in the second second	0.579		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5	-						4 9
	6	And the second se	0.386		<0.7 <0.7	<3.0	7	8.5							2007.xls
	7				<u>&lt;0.7</u>	<3.0	7	8.5							, i
	8		0.519				7	8.5	-						
	9		0.429	10		(2.0		8.6	-						
				10	<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5							1 1
	10		0.418		<0.7 <0.7	<3.0	7	8.5							
	11		0.470			<3.0 <3.0	7	8.5	-			Lize management in the	0.100		1 ×
	12		0.587		<0.7	the second s	7	8.5				-	2498		6
	13		0.439	I	<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5					170.4		0.1

		Sample Location	EF-1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	
		PARAMETER	Flow	Chloride	Ethanolamine	Hydrazine	pH Low	pH High	Total Inorganic Nitrogen	Ammonia	Nitrite Nitrogen	Nitrate Nitrogen	Dissolved Sodium	Sulfate	
		LIMITS	2.400				6.5	9.0							
	DAY	UNITS	MGD	mg/l	mg/l	ug/l	S.U.	S.U.	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	]
and ve dilina	14		0.723				7	8.5							2
July-07	15		0.381				7	8.5							] 0
<u></u>	16		0.397	11	<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5							Ì
P	17		0.494		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5							<u>م</u> [
	18		0.352		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5		anor a					] E
	19		0.418		1.5	5.6	7.2	8.5							] t
	20		0.347		0.8	3.5	7.2	8.5						29	ta
	21		0.318				7	8.5							
	22		0.315				7	8.5							]
	23		0.339	11.8	<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5							]
	24		0.381		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5						2360	]
	25		0.463		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5							]
	26		0.447		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5							Data from Daily GW
	27		0.595		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5							1
	28		0.383	Contrast California - California			7	8.5							]
	29		0.352				7	8.5							1
	30		0.441	9.5	<0.7	<3.0	7.2	8.5					6.4		
	31		0.367		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.6							
	1		0.345		<0.7	<3	7	8.5							
	2		0.686		<0.7	<3	7	8.5							1
	3		0.373		<0.7	<3	7.2	8.5	-						1
	4		0.388		Contraction (Contraction)	ter and the second	7	8.5							1
	5		0.380				7	8.5	-						1
	6		0.337	11	<0.7	<3	7	8.5	3.86	3.3	0.49	0.1			1
	7		0.315		<0.7	<3	7	8.5		0.0	0.10	0.1			1
	8		0.386		<0.7	<3	7	8.5		1					1
	9		0.346		<0.7	<3	7	8.5	-						1
	10		0.341		<0.7	<3	7	8.5							1
	11		0.444				7	8.5							Data from Daily GW 2007.xls
	12		0.461				7	8.5	-						
	13		0.345	10.5	<0.7	<3	7	8.5							
2	14		0.362	the second second second	<0.7	<3	7	8.5							N N
August-07	15		0.427		<0.7	<3	7	8.5	-		-				No.
sn	16		0.437		<0.7	<3	7	8.5		har and the second s					
bn	17		0.372		<0.7	<3	7	8.5							ail
A	18		0.344				7	8.5						+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	
	19		0.323				7	8.2							5
	20		0.375	10.8	<0.7	<3	7	8.5							1 1
	21		0.308	10.0	<0.7	<3	7	8.5							ata
	22		0.388		<0.7	<3	7	8.5			-				
	23		0.377		<0.7	<3	7	8.5	-						1
	23		0.302		<0.7	<3	7	8.5							4

		Sample Location	EF-1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	s
		PARAMETER	Flow	Chloride	Ethanolamine	Hydrazine	pH Low	pH High	Total Inorganic Nitrogen	Ammonia	Nitrite Nitrogen	Nitrate Nitrogen	Dissolved Sodium	Sulfate	Comments
		LIMITS	2.400				6.5	9.0							Ŭ
	DAY	UNITS	MGD	mg/l	mg/l	ug/l	S.U.	S.U.	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	1
	25		0.408				7	8.5					1474	2416	
	26	-	0.417				7	8.5							Chlorid Chlorid
	27		0.335	10.8	<0.7	<3	7	8.5					6.1	36	1 3
	28		0.416		<0.7	<3	7	8.5							1
	29		0.407		<0.7	<3	7	8.5							1
	30		0.470		<0.7	<3	7.5	8.5							1
	the second s	มและ และ	0.386		<0.7	<3	7	8.5							1
	1		0.337			all the drive starts	7.1	8.5	C. M. Constant					Sp.	
	2		0.378				7	8.5							1
	3		0.321		<0.7	4.08	7	8.5							1
	4		0.362	11	<0.7	6.8	7.1	8.5	4.05	3.8	0.06	0.2			Data from Daily GW 2007.xls Chlorido TIM Ammonio Nitrito AN Nitroto AN oddod 6/4/2006
	5		0.574		<0.7	3.8	7	8.5							
	6		0.730		<0.7	7.5	7.2	8.5					2324	3600	
	7		0.428		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5							1 :
	· 8		0.343				7	8.5				and the state of the second second			
	9		0.394				7	8.5							1
	10		0.390	10.2	<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					1 "
	11		0.399		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5					5.1	41	1 🛒
	12	y - Marian (m. 1997). 1997 - Maria Maria, I., maria (m. 1997).	0.361		0.7	<3.0	7	8.5					0.1		1 2
5	13		0.305		0.9	<3.0	7	8.5							5
0-10	14		0.379		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5		1					3
ibe	15		0.375				7	8.5							1 0
September-07	16		0.630				7.3	8.5							1 ji
ept	17		0.482	7.3	<0.7	7.5	7.4	8.4							ő
Š	18		0.374		<0.7	343	7	8.4							E E
	19		0.361		2.4	1915	7	8.5							÷ ٿ
	20		0.351		1.6	549	7	8.5							ta .
	21		0.366		<0.7	3.4	7.6	8.4				a a construction of the second			Ö
	22		0.401				7.8	8.4							1
	23		0.388				7	8.5							1 1
	24	Martin Contractory and Contractory	0.388	8.3	<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5	1						1 '
	25		0.381		<0.7	<3.0	7.5	8.4				*			1 :
	26		0.396		3.5	1043	7	8.5	-						1.
	27		0.314		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5	-						1 ;
	28		0.419		0.82	5.9	7.4	8.5							1
	29		0.338	the second s			7	8.7							1
	30	19	0.364				7	8.5							1
	1	and the second secon	0.364	7.5	1.34	375	7	8.7	3.48	3.0	0.06	0.4	and the second second	State of Belleville	-
	2		1.058		0.95	7.06	7	8.5	0.10	0.0	0.00	0.4		Warden Angelik in	1
	3		0.347	· ·	<0.7	9.8	7	8.5	-						ł
	4		0.366		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5	-						1
	5		0.382		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5						<del></del>	

	- 2010	Sample Location	EF-1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	y y
1		PARAMETER	Flow	Chloride	Ethanolamine	Hydrazine	pH Low	pH High	Total Inorganic Nitrogen	Ammonia	Nitrite Nitrogen	Nitrate Nitrogen	Dissolved Sodium	Sulfate	Comments
		LIMITS	2.400				6.5	9.0							
	DAY	UNITS	MGD	mg/l	mg/l	ug/l	S.U.	S.U.	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	
	6		0.386				7.2	8.5							
	7		0.393		10		7	8.5	÷						]
	8		0.362	6.75	<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5							1
	9		0.388		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5							1
	10		0.293		<0.7	<0.7	7	8.5							1
	11		0.021		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5					5.56	24	l s
	12		0.327		0.95	6.9	7	8.5							1 2
	13		0.361				7	8.5							
22	14		0.382		1.1.1		7	8.5							
October-07	15		0.402	9.5	0.898	<3.0	7	8.5							1 0
be	16		0.403		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5							1 ≧
cto	17		0.354		< 0.7	<3.0	7	8.5							Da
0	18		0.415		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5		1			2540	5000	1 ε
	19		0.431		1.14	<3.0	7.2	8.5							2
	20		0.358		-		7	8.5							
	21		0.394				7	8.5							Chloride TIN Ammonia Nirrite (N) Nirrate (N) 2012
	22		0.370	10	<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5					Alexandra and a second second	The second second	
	23		0.435		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5							
	24		0.395	and a state of the	<0.7	<3.0	7.2	8.5							
	25	69.3	0.398		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.6	-			in a sur sur sur sur sur sur sur		14.968 (14.96) (14.96) (14.96) (14.96) (14.96) (14.96) (14.96) (14.96) (14.96) (14.96) (14.96) (14.96) (14.96)	
	26		0.344		<0.7	<3.0	7.8	8.5							
	27		0.357				7.7	8.4			the state of the state				
	28		0.406				7.4	8.4	6						
	29		0.493	7	0.85	4.3	7	8.4							
	30		0.575		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5							
	31		0.579		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5							
or minimizer see see	1		0.512		1.2	13.2	7	8.5			1				
	2		0.532		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5							1
	3		0.840				7	8.5		and the second second second					1
	4		0.621	and the second second			7	8.5				<del></del>		and the sheet	-
	5		0.616	8.5	<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5							aily GW 2007.xls
	6		0.545		<0.7	60.6	7	8.5	-						1
	7		0.592		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5	-						
	8		0.584	1	<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5							1
	9		0.577		1.03	<3.0	7	8.5							ł
	10		0.346		1.00	-0.0	7	8.5	-		in the second second				-
	11		1.252				7	8.5					3230	2000	ds
	12		0.375	11	<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5	-				3230	2800	
~	13		0.665		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5	3.55	2.0	<0.05	0.4			8
9	14		0.310		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5	3.55	3.2	<u>~0.05</u>	0.4	6.0		2
ember-07	15		0.386		0.85	<3.0	7.6	8.5	-	and the second			6.8	25	0
E	16		0.344		<0.7	<3.0	7.8	8.5							A A

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		Sample Location	EF-1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	s
		PARAMETER	Flow	Chloride	Ethanolamine	Hydrazine	pH Low	pH High	Total Inorganic Nitrogen	Ammonia	Nitrite Nitrogen	Nitrate Nitrogen	Dissolved Sodium	Sulfate	Comments
		LIMITS	2.400				6.5	9.0							ŭ
	DAY	UNITS	MGD	mg/l	mg/l	ug/l	S.U.	S.U.	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	
Νον	17		0.406				7	8.5							-
2	18		0.722				7	8.5						-	E E
	19		0.441	12	<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5							
	20		0.326		1.4	<3.0	7	8.5							ata
	21		0.591		<0.7	<3.0	8	8.5							
	22		0.703		1.06	3	7.2	8.5							4
	23		0.366		1.13	3.1	7	8.5						Line Ministry and Lord	
	24		0.371				7.4	8.5							
	25		0.475				7.2	8.3							201
	26		0.402	11.8	0.9	<3.0	7	8.5							Data from D
	27		0.386		0.9	<3.0	7	8.5		ana san ang ang ang ang ang ang ang ang ang a					
	28		0.290		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5							
	29		0.527		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5	and attendition			l des dites second			
	30		0.420		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5							
	1		0.348	and a shake point	A STATE OF A STATE	State of the second	7	8.5	all the set of the		STATES IN ST				
	2		0.335	12.2			7	8.5		in and a second					
	3		0.479	10.5	0.99	<3.0	7	8.5	9,11	8.6	0.06	0.5			l <sup>a</sup> III
	4	teritoria de la construidad	0.315		0.84	<3.0	7	8.5	_		en e e e di				
	5		0.324		1.14	<3.0	. 7	8.5							4
	6	*****	0.629		1.56	<3.0	7	8.5							
	8		0.322		0.8	<3.0	7	8.5							
	9	and the second secon	0.267				7	8.5				<u></u>			Data from Daily GW 2007.xls
	10		1.058	7.0		10.0	7	8.5	-				1870	3900	
	11		0.796	7.8	1.1 <0.7	<3.0	7	8.5						interior de la constante de la	
	12		0.397		1.4	<3.0 <3.0	777	8.5 8.5	-	in a second second		lan na bhaile a	In the second	enten herrichten.	1 ×
	13		0.397	e:	1.4	<3.0	7								07.
Ŀ	14		0.421	1.771 - 1.171 - 1.171	1.7	<3.0	7	8.5 8.5	-						5
2	14		0.294		1.7	<u>~3.0</u>	7	8.5							N
be	16		0.259				7	8.5				<u>.</u>			
ше	17		0.233		2.9	<3.0	7	8.5	-			<u>, and a state of the state of </u>			ail
December-07	18		0.330	9	1.9	<3.0	7	8.5			-				10
	10		0.365		3.2	<3.0	7	8.5							uo.
	20	en e	0.383		1.6	<3.0	7	8.5							afr
	20		0.375		1.0	<3.0	7	8.5							ati
	22		0.291			-0.0	7	8.5	-						
	23		0.231				7	8.5	-						
	23		0.293		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5	-						
	24		0.285		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5							
	25		0.325	11	<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5	1				8.38	33	1
	20		0.301		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5		Alter the second			0.30		
	28		0.260		1.2	<3.0	7	8.5	-		1	Street, and street, second			

		Sample Location	EF-1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	ţs
i alija vilikadar dan		PARAMETER	Flow	Chloride	Ethanolamine	Hydrazine	pH Low	pH High	Total Inorganic Nitrogen	Ammonia	Nitrite Nitrogen	Nitrate Nitrogen	Dissolved Sodium	Sulfate	Comments
		LIMITS	2.400				6.5	9.0							U
	DAY	UNITS	MGD	mg/l	mg/l	ug/l	S.U.	S.U.	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	
	29		0.280				7	8.5							
	30		0.403				7	8.5							
	31		0.263	10.5	1.5	<3.0	7	8.5							
	1		0.338		<0.7	<3.0	7.4	8.5							
	2		0.346	Landran, Laborard	<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5	3.33	2.7	< 0.05	0.6			
	3		0.333		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5						а.	
	4		0.360		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5							ي
	5		0.352				7	8.5						ويتعرب بمرجع بالملقات بع	00
	6	a a second	0.316				7	8.5							
	7		0.490	10.3	<0.7	<3.0	7.6	8.5					6.7	25	Data from Daily GW 2008.xls Chloride TIN Ammonia Nitrite (N) Nitrate (N) added 6/1/2006
	8	ويترجع والمترجع والمترجع والمترجع	0.320		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5						Learn geothead	
	9		0.370		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.2							- Port
	10		0.262		<0.7	<3.0	7.6	8.0	-	and the state of the				د. اندر کرد در در در در د	
	11		0.283		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.2				and the second second		والمتعادية والمتعاد والمتعادية	xls
	12		0.324				7	8.4						Shuidinini, shi ata ta su	08.
	13		0.368				7.6	8.0							20
January-08	14		0.365	12.5	<0.7	<3.0	7.6	8.5							3
È	15 16		0.403		<0.7	<3.0	7.2	8.2	-						U S
nu	16		0.340		<0.7	<3.0	7.9	8.5	-						aily
Jar	17		0.326		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5	-						
	18	and the second design of the second			0.865	3.88	7	8.5							E C
	20	na energening staar assi	0.288			her distantis and a grant has	7.5	8.4 8.5							-F i
	20		0.354	12.0	0.04	(2.0	7 7.2	8.5							ata
	21		0.297	13.8	0.81	<3.0 <3.0	7.2	8.5							
	22		0.641		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5	-				in the second		
	23		0.652		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.4						an de litterate reger e d'als	É
	24		0.652		1.6	<3.0	7	8.4	-						
	26		0.635		1.0	<3.0	7.8	8.5							Ę
	27	and a standard standa	0.392				7.0	8.4							-
	28		0.346	12	<0.7	<3.0	7.9				and the second second				0 0
	29		0.340	12	<0.7	<3.0	7.9	<u>8.2</u> 8.4	-						
	30		0.344		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.0						<del>aan aa gi</del> i	
	31		0.432		<0.7	<3.0	7.4	8.0							
ware discussion	1		0.414		1.2	15.2	7.4	8.5							
	2		0.310		1.2	13.2	7	8.4			Cardina and Cardina				
	3		0.310				7	8.5	+	hiter and the					1 II F.
	4		0.494	9.3	0.82	22.2	7	8.5			ter di territori di	-	6.4	00	90
	5		0.662	9.5	<0.7	10.9	7	8.5		and the second second			6.1	20	200
	6		0.586		1.2	4.6	7	8.5					508	930	14
	7		0.300		<0.7	11.2	7	8.5	-				200	400	q 9
	8		0.386		0.83	13.8	7	8.3					296	420	dded 6/1/2006

a <sup>1</sup>		Sample Location	EF-1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	
		PARAMETER	Flow	Chloride	Ethanolamine	Hydrazine	pH Low	pH High	Total Inorganic Nitrogen	Ammonia	Nitrite Nitrogen	Nitrate Nitrogen	Dissolved Sodium	Sulfate	
	S Martin St.	LIMITS	2.400				6.5	9.0							1
	DAY	UNITS	MGD	mg/l	mg/l	ug/l	S.U.	S.U.	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	1
	9	and the second se	0.358				7	8.5							
	10	and the second se	0.417				7	8.5							
	11		0.345	10	<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5							1.
	12		0.336		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5	2						1 8
8 -	13		0.366		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5							1
February-08	14	and the second se	0.555		<0.7	<3.0	7.5	8.4							1 8
rua	15		0.205		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5							1.
epi	16		0.280				7	8.5		in engen an in					1.
ĩ	17		0.222				7	8.5							1
	18		0.214	12.3	0.8	8.1	7.6	8.5							1.
	19		0.174		1,1	15.1	7	8.5	5.4	4.9	<0.05	0.5			1.
	20		0.397		1.3	22.3	7.4	8.5							1 .
	21		0.363		<0.7	<3.0	7.2	8.4							1
	22		0.386		<0.7	<3.0	7	8.5	hr i						1
	23		0.428			a and the second	7	8.5					269	2820	1
	24		0.407			de anna an	7	8.5							1
	25		0.430	11.5	1.7	609	7	8.5							1
	26		0.430		0.8	11.2	8.5	8.7							1
	27		0.331		1.2	19.3	8.5	8.6							1
	28		0.000		0.8	8.2						Contraction of the second second			1
	29		0.085		1.6	18.6	8.5	9.0							1
	1		0.093	Structure (SP)	1997 - 1997 - 1997 - 1997 -	and the second second	8.3	8.8							
	2		0.077				8.5	8.8							1
	3		0.062	15.25	<0.7	5.1	8.3	8.9							]
	4		0.000	1											]
	5		0.000												]
	6		0.000												
	7		0.000								*				
	8		0.000												
	9		0.000												
	10		0.203		1.2	11.9	8.8	8.8							
	11		0.483		1.7	17.9	7.6	8.6	-						
	12		0.328	16.3	1.8	24.7	7.1	8.1	-				A CONTRACTOR		
	13		0.361		<0.7	<3.0	7.1	8.3							
o	14		0.433		1.1	11.2	7.3	8.3							
2	15		0.469				7.08	8.3					3679.8	3719	(
2	16		0.426				7.3	8.4							:
Marcn-08	17		0.552	12.25	<0.7	3	7.5	8.3	3.99	3.2	0.1	0.7			] (
	18		0.402		<0.7	<3.0	7.4	7.9							
	19		0.436		<0.7	<3.0	7.6	8.2					6980	49	
	20		0.428		<0.7	<3.0	7.5	7.9							
	21		0.401		0.8	<3.0	7.4	8.4	1						

Table 1 00D EQ-1

		Sample Location	EF-1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	្ត
		PARAMETER	Flow	Chloride	Ethanolamine	Hydrazine	pH Low	pH High	Total Inorganic Nitrogen	Ammonia	Nitrite Nitrogen	Nitrate Nitrogen	Dissolved Sodium	Sulfate	Comments
		LIMITS	2.400				6.5	9.0	al company and a						၂ ပ
	DAY	UNITS	MGD	mg/l	mg/l	ug/l	S.U.	S.U.	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	
	22		0.436				7.2	8.2				and the second			
	23		0.435			А.	7.3	8.4					1.1		
	24		0.454	13	<0.7	<3.0	7.5	8.4							
	25		0.357		<0.7	<3.0	7.4	8.4		1.01					
	26		0.141		1.4	104	7.6	8.5					Sure and		
	27		0.548		0.7	168	7.3	8.2							
	28		0.454		<0.7	10.5	7.6	8.2							
	29		0.531				7.2	8.1							
	30		0.649				7.5	8.2		and a second		4			
	31		0.512	8.5	<0.7	7	7.5	7.8							
	1		0.439		<0.7	<3.0	7.48	8.4							
	2		0.068		<0.7	<3.0	8.24	8.2					5.6	29	
	3	anna an thair than an d	0.092		<0.7	<3.0	7.88	7.9	2.78	2.3	< 0.05	0.5			
	4		0.000	1	<0.7	<3.0	<u> </u>								
	5		0.159				7.86	7.9							
	6		0.000				-								
	8		0.000	7.5	<0.7 <0.7	<3.0							4.3	28	na na C
	9		0.000			4.6	7.40	7.0	- here here here					يحبب مسمع إسماعهم	
	10	an constant faille an an an a'	0.152	وتنجيب بالومال وتصادم	<0.7 <0.7	<3.0 <3.0	7.18	7.2							
	11		0.398		<0.7	3.2	7.1	7.9	-					en e	s
	12		0.461		<0.7	3.2	7.1	7.9 7.9				lese a la case de la c			- ÷
	13		0.367	and the second second second					-					المرجع والمحاجم	8
	14		0.397	16	<0.7	<3.0	7.36	8.1 8.3	+						2
April-08	14		0.397	10	<0.7	<3.0	7.8	8.3				فتنا البراب الإستيم		أنبيا ستزير حتابه معرو	3
lin	16		0.395		5.3	1950	7.44	8.3							<u>}</u>
AF	17		0.499		6.8	2770	7.44	8.4	-						Da
	18		0.433		8.8	3125	7.49	8.4					2296	3100	E
	19		0.535		0.0	5125	7.58	8.2				and the second second			L L
	20		0.589				7.9	8.1	-						ta
	21		0.589	19.25	1.7	245	7.6	8.1							Da
	22		0.587	10.20	0.75	29.6	7.85	8.2							1
	23		0.427		0.8	56	7.54	8.2	-						1
	24		0.570		1.1	77	7.41	8.1							
	25		0.994		1.2	81	7.43	8.4	-						1 :
	26		1.172		1		7.3	8.4	1					in the second	1.
	27		1.060	Contraction of the Contraction of the			7.8	8.5							Data from Daily GW 2008.xls
	28		1.071	9	1.8	153	7.5	8.5	-						1
	29		1.100		0.9	67	7.22	8.4	-						
	30		0.960	the second s	2.2	246	7.18	8.3							1
	1	y y a saara	1.023		<0.7	79.3	7.07	8.4							
	2		0.729		<0.7	23.5	7.1	8.4							1

		Sample Location	EF-1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	
		PARAMETER	Flow	Chloride	Ethanolamine	Hydrazine	pH Low	pH High	Total Inorganic Nitrogen	Ammonia	Nitrite Nitrogen	Nitrate Nitrogen	Dissolved Sodium	Sulfate	Comments
	State of the second	LIMITS	2.400				6.5	9.0							Ŭ
	DAY	UNITS	MGD	mg/l	mg/l	ug/l	S.U.	S.U.	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	1
	3		0.803			Same and the Mark	7.03	8.4							
	4		0.527				7.4	8.4							1
	5		0.444	18.25	<0.7	12	7.25	8.4	17.03	3.2	< 0.05	13.8	988	9	Data from Daily GW 2008.xls
	6		0.541		<0.7	<3.0	7.42	8.1							1
	7		0.494		<0.7	<3.0	7.11	8.3					7.938	35	1
	8		0.492		<0.7	<3.0	7.6	8.2							1
	9		0.484		<0.7	<3.0	7.57 <sup>.</sup>	8.3							1
	10		0.392				7.49	8.2							1
	11		0.187				8.1	8.9							s S
	12		0.423	12	0.9	<3.0	7.9	8.4							1 淤
	13		0.416		1.2	<3.0	7.5	8.5							8
	14		0.385		-1.4	<3.0	7.06	8.4							2
08	15		0.417		<0.7	<3.0	7.07	8.3						-	1 0
May-08	16		0.383		<0.7	<3.0	7.4	8.4							1 ≧
ž	17		0.736			S	7.76	8.4							Da
	18		0.663				7.47	8.4							Ξ
	19		0.447	12.5	<0.7	<3.0	7.5	8.2							2
	20		0.409		1	<3.0	7.11	8.3							ta l
	21		0.434		0.8	<3.0	6.9	8.4							
	22		0.433		0.7	<3.0	7.1	8.3							1
	23		0.462		<0.7	<3.0	7.2	8.4							1
	24		0.457				7.1	8.4							1
	25		0.441				7.18	8.4							1
	26		0.517	10.5	<0.7	<3.0	7.38	8.3	1						1
	27		0.439		<0.7	<3.0	7.33	8.3							1
	28		0.208		<0.7	<3.0	7.31	8.3							1
	29		0.000		<0.7	<3.0									1
	30		0.266		<0.7	<3.0	8.47	8.5							1
	31		0.492				7.25	8.3						2684	1
	1		0.460	Parts Children	ence the Cardening	alege hants	8.27	8.4	in the second second			Car and the			
	2		0.459	11.75	<0.7	<3.0	7.3	8.3							1
	3		0.520		0.7	<3.0	8.4	8.4	4.56	4.3	0.08	0.2	1830	4000	1
	4		0.481		0.8	<3.0	7.3	8.3							1
	5		0.476		<0.7	<3.0	7.1	8.4							1
	6		0.111		<0.7	<3.0	6.85	8.0							1
	7		0.335				8.17	8.8				•			2008.xls
	8		0.442				8.16	8.7		·					1
	9		0.840	14.5	<0.7	<3.0	7.31	8.8							1
	10		0.608		<0.7	<3.0	7.5	8.3		<b>1</b>					1
	11		0.525	<u></u>	<0.7	<3.0	7.1	8.3				and the second secon			N N
	12		0.445		<0.7	<3.0	7.84	8.2							1 8
	13		0.454		<0.7	<3.0	7.36	8.7						A land to be a set of the set of	1 8

		Sample Location	EF-1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	
		PARAMETER	Flow	Chloride	Ethanolamine	Hydrazine	pH Low	pH High	Total Inorganic Nitrogen	Ammonia	Nitrite Nitrogen	Nitrate Nitrogen	Dissolved Sodium	Sulfate	
		LIMITS	2.400				6.5	9.0							] (
	DAY	UNITS	MGD	mg/l	mg/l	ug/l	S.U.	S.U.	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	]
8	14		0.427				7.48	8.7							S
June-08	15		0.460				7.02	8.5							] ~
un	16		0.497	13	<0.7	<3.0	8.04	8.2							ail
7	17		0.534		<0.7	<3.0	7.72	8.3							
	18		0.501		0.821	<3.0	7.6	8.3							] [0
	19		0.525		<0.7	<3.0	7.7	8.2							a f
	20		0.464		0.7	<3.0	7.5	8.4					7.4	40	Dat
	21		0.515				7.5	8.4							
	22		0.453				7.6	8.4			and the community			أيوادين والمحمد الأ	1
	23		0.455	12	<0.7	<3.0	7.9	7.9							Data from Daily GW
	24	أجير في الم الم الم الم الم الم	0.400		<0.7	<3.0	7.56	8.4							1
	25		0.436		<0.7	<3.0	7.78	8.3							1
	26		0.373		<0.7	<3.0	7.38	8.1	a contraction of the						1
	27		0.635		<0.7	<3.0	7.5	8.3							1
	28		0.444				7.39	8.1				الاستانية المراجع		المناعية والمنافر	
	29		0.562				7.48	8.2			a				
	30		0.451	11	<0.7	<3.0	6.54	8.6							
	1		0.563		<0.7	<3.0	7.01	8.6			Aller and				1
	2		0.531		<0.7	<3.0	7.2	8.2	-	in the second				Program a second a second a s	1
	4		0.482		<0.7	<3.0	7.22	8.2							1
			0.473		<0.7	<3.0	7.3	8.3							4
	5		0.476				7.3	8.4							4
	6		0.505				7.3	8.4	-						
	8		0.428	11.5	<0.7	<3.0	7.52	8.9		<u></u>					1
	9		0.500	<u> </u>	<0.7	<3.0	7.48	8.4	-		<u></u>		6.85	41	4
	10		0.504		<0.7 1.2	<3.0	7.38	8.4			0.05				4
	11		0.304		<0.7	4.6 <3.0	7.39	8.3	6.06	6.1	<0.05	<0.10			
	12		0.430		<0.7	<3.0	7.1	8.4 8.3							×.
	13		0.676				7.1		-						8
	14		0.424	11.5	<0.7	<3.0	7.08	8.5 8.4							Data from Daily GW 2008.xls
8	14		0.424	11.5	<0.7	<3.0	7.08	8.4							N N
July-08	16		0.502	in the second strength of the	<0.7	<3.0	7.64	8.4	-						
Inl	17		0.502		<0.7	<3.0	7.2	8.2							ail
· ·	18		0.458		<0.7	<3.0	7.17	8.1	-						1 0
	19		0.433		50.1	~3.0	7.17	8.0							L DO
	20		0.433				7.15	8.0	-			la seconda de la composición de la comp	[]		
	21		0.478	11	<0.7	<3.0	7.07	8.3							ata
	22		0.415		1.7	5.9	7.12	8.4	-						
	23		0.415		<0.7	<3.0	7.7	8.4							4
	24		0.433		<0.7	<3.0	7.6	8.4							4
	25		0.494		0.95	3.9	6.96	8.2	- in survey and						4

1.2

		Sample Location	EF-1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	
		PARAMETER	Flow	Chloride	Ethanolamine	Hydrazine	pH Low	pH High	Total Inorganic Nitrogen	Ammonia	Nitrite Nitrogen	Nitrate Nitrogen	Dissolved Sodium	Sulfate	Comments
		LIMITS	2.400				6.5	9.0							1 Ŭ
	DAY	UNITS	MGD	mg/l	mg/l	ug/l	S.U.	S.U.	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	1
	26		0.232				7.54	7.8					1460	2500	
	27		0.727				7.6	8.2	-				1100	2000	1 :
	28		0.386	12	<0.7	<3.0	7.24	8.4	-						1
	29		0.434		<0.7	<3.0	7.21	8.4							1
	30		0.424		<0.7	<3.0	7.21	8.4	-						1
	31		0.468	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<0.7	<3.0	7.13	8.3	-					een alle and a state	1
0.000	1			orden stadio eries	<0.7	<3.0			d salaying the s	And the Article Section	and the second	AST STORES		LEAST STATE OF THE OWNER	
	2													Twee of the second s	1
	3	·····												<u>in an an</u>	1
	4				<0.7	<3.0									1
	5				<0.7	5.8			-						-
	6				<0.7	4.1			-						4
	7			-	<0.7	5.6			-			ير عرد مدينه			-
	8				<0.7	<3.0									4
	9					~3.0		atterne in the second	-						4
	10														1
	11							har an							
	12				ingen der bei eine eine eine				-				- Alexandra Carlos de		1 ×
	12	en e										****			8
	13			ner all institution could	the state of the second state of the second		in the second								5
August-08	14			a constant de la cons											3
Ist.	16														
Ig	10								-						ail
٩٢	17						-								
	19								-						E E
	20								-						1
	20								-						ata
	21		- and the second second second	and the second					-						
	22			in the state of the					-			ليترجب المرجبات			4
	23														
														-	4 '
	25 26								-					****	1 :
									-				*	and the second secon	Data from Daily GW 2008.xls
	27								_						1 6
	28			وستانت الاستقادات الم					_	and project of the last	sent classication				1
	29	hier characteristics			and a second second second										1
	30														]
	31	llan man concar i lling di													I

Table 1 00D EQ-1

	Sample Location	EF-1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	EQ -1	ន
	PARAMETER	Flow	Chloride	Ethanolamine	Hydrazine	pH Low	pH High	Total Inorganic Nitrogen	Ammonia	Nitrite Nitrogen	Nitrate Nitrogen	Dissolved Sodium	Sulfate	Comments
S X C	LIMITS	2.400				6.5	9.0							ပ
DAY	UNITS	MGD	mg/l	mg/l	ug/l ·	S.U.	S.U.	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	
							vater Permit		Alex Size					
				Table 1 Re	cent Complia	nce Histor	y 00D Disch	arge to Abso	orption Pond	t				
	No. Observations	1308	114	201	162	1296	1296	26	26	9	25	133	135	
	Minimum	0.000	4.300	0.080	3.000	6.300	7.000	0.400	0.100	0.060	0.070	2.500	9.000	
	Average	0.425	10.864	1.474	108.819	6.900	8.310	4.463	3.525	0.132	0.928	525.287	695.593	
	Maximum	1.560	21.750	15.400	3125.000	8.800	8.980	17.030	8.600	0.490	13.800	8040.000	8360.000	
	90th Percentile	0.635	13.000	2.100	167.950	7.500	8.500	6.030	5.260	0.234	0.586	1955.600	3055.200	
	95th Percentile	0.763	16.825	3.270	393.050	7.600	8.500	8.348	5.945	0.362	0.670	2652.000	3728.600	
					Censore	ed values ti	eated as 1/2	the MDL	ALCOR M.			1		
ni ini ini ini ini ini ini ini ini ini	No. Observations	1308	114	643	326	1296	1296	26	26	26	26	133	135	
	Minimum	0.00	4.30	0.08	0.35	6.30	7.00	0.40	0.10	0.03	0.05	2.50	9.00	
	Average	0.42	10.86	0.70	54.83	6.90	8.31	4.46	3.52	0.06	0.89	525.29	695.59	
	Maximum	1.56	21.75	15.40	3125.00	8.80	8.98	17.03	8.60	0.49	13.80	8040.00	8360.00	
e e construction de la construction	90th Percentile	0.63	13.00	1.46	30.15	7.50	8.50	6.03	5.26	0.10	0.58	1955.60	3055.20	
	95th Percentile	0.76	16.83	1.70	167.88	7.60	8.50	8.35		0.15	0.67	2652.00	3728.60	-

Table 1 00D EQ-1

		Sample							and a second		1.1	1.2.2.4	The same the party of the second			1414	1.119-11-11	10500000	
Yea		Location	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2 Total	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	1.	19,50A	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	2
Month - Year	1	PARA	BOD5	pH	рН	Dissolved Oxygen	Inorganic Nitrogen	Ammonia	Nitrate Nitrogen	Nitrite Nitrogen	Dissolved Sodium	Chloride	Phosphorus	Flow (Meas)	Flow (Calc)	Freeboard	Vegetation	Dike Insp	Comments
2	DAY	LIMITS	mg/l	Min 6.5	Max 9.0	mg/l	mg/l	mall	mal	All the state		C. C. S.	Contractor states	60000	21900000		O Mada		Ŭ
	1		ing i	0.0	0.0	ing/i	ingri	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	GPD 4770	GPY	Feet	Sat/Unsat	Sat/Unsat	a
	2	CONTRACTOR OF STREET												10870					
	3 4		2.02	8.02			44.2		10.7					10130					
	5		2.02	0.02			44.3	0.1	43.7	0.5			2.28	19410 16120					
	6													17890					
	7 8													17610					
	9													13630 9810					
	10													10800					
	11 12		2.73	8.02			42.52	0.1	42.4	0.02			1.5	19910					S S
	13													16190 18500					05.1
35	14													18500					K 20
T-	15													15050					MC
January-05	16 17		3.07	7.94			38.22		38.1	0.02				9440					Data from CNP DMR 2005.xls
Ja	18	-	0.07	1.54			30.22		30.1	0.02			6.75	12310 19750					Ū.
	19				E.									19000					год
	20 21													16440					ta f
	21							0.1						18590 15340					Da
	23													9860					
	24													10890					
	25 26		4.32	7.53			41.46	1.4	40	0.06			0.75	19750					
	27													16530 19640					
	28													17580					
	29 30						-						-	18090					
	31													5560 7730					
	1		8.8	7.55			32.24	0.82	31.4	0.03			5.13	17710					
	2													24880					
	4								-					24770 15390					
	5													16220					
	6 7								_					13650					
	8		4.22	7.28			28.09	8.2	19.7	0.19			0.13	14310 · 14110					
	9												0.10	13240					ø
	10													18700					5.xl
	12													16950 14970					200
-02	13													9540					AR.
ſıaŋ	14		5.70	7.0										14260					ND .
February-05	15 16		5.78	7.6			33.42	0.34	32.9	0.18			0.88	17940 18070					Data from CNP DMR 2005.xls
ŭ	17													20490					Ę
	18												-	20050					a fro
	19 20									_				16040					Date
	20							-						9540 10630					-
	22		5.78	7.4			33.44	0.12	33.3	0.02			0.13	22000					
	23													17270					
	24													20560 18670					
	26													17550					
	27													11970					
	28		1			The second s								13240				and the last	

2008 CK gw renewal Table 2 update.xls

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ear		Sample Location	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	100.20	a Caris	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	Γ.
Month - Year		PARA	BOD5	pH	pH	Dissolved Oxygen	Total Inorganic		Nitrate	Nitrite	Dissolved	STA DAY		Flow	Flow				ommente
° W		LIMITS		Min	Max	Oxygen	Nitrogen	Ammonia	Nitrogen	Nitrogen	Sodium	Chloride	Phosphorus	(Meas)	(Calc)	Freeboard	Vegetation	n Dike Insp	
	DAY	UNITS	mg/l	6.5	9.0	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	60000 GPD	21900000 GPY	Feet	Cat/linea	t Sat/Unsat	
	1		6.93	7.74			33.39	1.04	31.7	0.65		nigh	0.25	17250	GFI	reel	Sal/Unsa	l Sal/Unsal	
	2												0.20	17570					
	3													19560					
	4													18570					
	5													15500					
	7													11830					
	8		9.18	7.67			33.15	0.54	00.0	0.74				12300					
	9		3.10	1.01			33.15	2.51	29.9	0.74			0.88	18010					
	10													18720 19470					
	11													17140					
	12												-	14680					1
	13													11650					200
2	14	·····												18520					
	15 16		4.84	7.35			31.22	3.75	26.5	0.97			0.06	20290					
í	17													16710					9
	18													19260					6
	19													19220 14730					Data from CND DWD 2005 Jo
	20													13380					3
	21													21290					
	22		6.32	7.51			35.41	7.6	24.6	3.21			0.13	22920					6
4.4	23													21900					
	24 25													21710					
	25												and she carry	19270					
	27							1.177						18740					
	28		7.48	7.77			43.01	1.91	37.6	3.5			0.10	19250					
	29		5.55	7.39			42.82	4.94	30.2	7.68			0.13	23530 24610					
	30								00.2	1.00				23940					
	31	and a spectra state of the	Contraction of the second											28580					
	1													23950					
	2 3													22870					
	4	<u> Alexandra (</u>	8.45	7.29			00.45							29030					
	5		10.34	7.24			60.45 50.84	0.95	45.7 29.8	13.8			1.02	25830					
	6		10.01	1.27				5	29.0	16.04			3.25	22780					
	7													24910 26240					
	8									1				24640					
	9			<u> </u>										21230					
	10		-											19060				ing the particular	10
	11 12		9.8 8.27	7.63			68.67	0.53	61	7.14			0.01	22250					Ż
	13		0.27	7.53			63.25	4	47.9	11.35			3.25	26770					205
	14													24210					22
	15												1. P.	25310					Data from CNP DMR 2005.xls
. [	16													26170 20940					
	17													15930					S
	18		13.9	7.62			39.62	5	30.1	4.52			1.75	18460					E
	19		7.91	7.54			42	1.5	39	1.5			1.5	17830					fro
	20 21													24000					ata
ł	21													22550					Ĉ
	23								_					21640					
	24													13760					
	25		7.28	7.45			21.59	0.2	21.2	0.19			1.5	14450 17740					
[	26		6.39	7.39			27.28	0.2	27	0.08			0.88	20510					
	27												0.00	20510				3	
	28		and the second	ALL GROUPS										18330					

ar		Sample Location	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2		a state	EQ-2	EQ-2	FOR	14. j
Month - Year		PARA	BOD5	рH	pH	Dissolved Oxygen	Total Inorganic Nitrogen	Ammonia	Nitrate Nitrogen	Nitrite Nitrogen	Dissolved	Chloride	Phosphorus	Flow (Meas)	Flow (Calc)	1	Vegetation	EQ-2 Dike Insp	
Z	DAY	LIMITS	mg/l	Min 6.5	Max	A Charles								60000	21900000	To the Assess			ć
	29	UNITS	mg/i	0.0	9.0	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	GPD	GPY	Feet	Sat/Unsat	Sat/Unsat	est d
	30						-							17970 12470					
	1													12050					
ł	2		5.14	7.56										8600					
ł	4		5.14	7.50			23.5	0.25	23.2	0.05			0.63	17590					
t	5													16410 16980					
	6													19030					
ŀ	7 8													14590					
ŀ	9		4.25	7.78			21.02	0.1	20.9	0.02			0.5	12250					
t	10		1.92	7.84			23.43	0.2	23.2	0.02			0.88	7210 13620					
L	11												0.00	19840					
ł	12 13													18350					
ŀ	13													20440					
,	15													14330 10500					
Ē	16		3.67	7.81			17.22	0.1	17.1	0.02			0.13	10560					
H	17						1							16970					
H	18 19													18570					
H	20													19810 16100					
Ľ	21						-							11660					
F	22													11080					
ŀ	23 24		5.4	7.91			12.43	0.1	12.3	0.03			1.25	12360					
H	25													15220 15340					
t	26													18700					
F	27													18750					
ŀ	28 29			-										10120					
ŀ	30													8750					
t	31		5.4	7.75			12.14	0.1	12	0.04			1.25	10150 15280					
F	1												1120	16540					
H	2 3													18060					
ŀ	4													19340 13770					
t	5													8380					
F	6		4.11	7.9			7.82	0.2	7.6	0.02			1.88	11790					
H	7 8													16520					
H	9													16060 14140					
t	10												and a second	16260					
F	11													13520					
ŀ	12 13		5.71	7.67			45.00							10330					
ŀ	14	a a second a	5.71	1.07			15.22	0.1	15.1	0.02			1.13	18010 20600					
t	15													20680					
	16													24760					
H	17 18													23010					
ŀ	18	and a second second												11730 14260					
F	20		4.16	7.95			9.63	0.1	9.5	0.03			2.25	14260					
Ē	21		2.62	7.84			15.36	0.2	15	0.16			2.13	18440					
F	22													20100				6	
⊦	23 24								_					19830 22680					
- F	25		1											14410					
	26							1000						12640				in the second second	

2008 CK gw renewal Table 2 update.xls

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a jia.

ar		Sample Location	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	124	liner	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	ts
montn - Year		PARA	BOD5	pН	pН	Dissolved Oxygen	Total Inorganic Nitrogen	Ammonia	Nitrate Nitrogen	Nitrite Nitrogen	Dissolved Sodium	Chloride	Phosphorus	Flow (Meas)	Flow (Calc)	Freeboard	Vegetation	Dike Insp	Comments
Wo		LIMITS	0000	Min	Max	Cxygen	maogen	Annorad	THEOGEN	Theogen	Couldin	Childhad	Theophorae	60000	21900000	1022000	32.51		ŭ
	DAY	UNITS	mg/l	6.5	9.0	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/i	GPD	GPY	Feet	Sat/Unsat	Sat/Unsat	
	27 28		1.54 0.99	7.65 7.58			13.12 19.53	0.1	13 19.4	0.02			0.21	15100 20180					
	20		0.99	06.1			19.55	0.1	19.4	0.03			0.3	21620					
	30													21280	1.				
	1													20830					
	2													17120 15130					
	3 4													18230					
	5		3.63	7.84	all a second		20.13	0.1	20	0.03			1.88	15990					
	6													22810					
	7													18560					
	8		-											17360 16430	E.C.				
	10							_						13100					
	11		3.44	7.71			22.43	0.1	22.3	0.03			1	10540	and the second s				sb
	12		2.89	7.52	C. C.		35.66	0.1	35.5	0.06			1	19060					35.)
	13													14970					20(
10	14 15				and the second									16320 19660					Data from CNP DMR 2005.xls
ŏ	15													15740					Ō
July-05	17		1											10060					NC NE
	18		2.51	7.89			6.23	0.11	6.1	0.02			1.25	12540					E
	19		2.59	7.89			9.04	0.2	8.8	0.04			1.75	13940					fro
	20												-	15640					ata
	21 22													17460 15630	Section 1				Δ
	23													9790					
	24										and and a second se			11860					
	25		2.72	7.91			9.13	0.1	9	0.03			2	15940					
	26 27									1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.			<u>,</u>	17620 18420					
	28	-												19180					
	29													19750	1				
	30													13620					
	31													9550					
	1 2		1.9	7.77			6.33	0.1	6.2	0.03			0.5	12470 19470					
	3													19470					
	4			-						1.0				15030	B				
	5													20790					
	6													12950					
	8		3.02	7.66			6.13	0.1	6	0.03			0.5	10440 12400					
	9		2.73	7.57			10.98	0.13	10.8	0.05			0.13	17810	an an				
	10													17570	C.				
	11													17070					Data from CNP DMR 2005.xls
	12 13	e din set di sur casa e												16920 14070					305.
ы С	14	areas reasons and												11130					3 2(
August-05	15	A set of the set of th												10480	R.F.C.				IWO
Sug	16		1.4	7.63			9.19	0.08	9.1	0.01			0.38	15590					I d
Au	17													16960					ő
	19	• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·												16000 15790					Ho
	20				No.								and a second second	13470					a fi
	21													12980					Dat
	22		2.1	7.73			6.05 12.33	0.13	5.9 12.2	0.02			0.88	14710 14870					
	23																		

2008 CK gw renewal Table 2 update.xls

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2		Sample Location	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2		AL SAME	50.2	50.2	50.2	500	
Month - Year		PARA	1.1			Dissolved	Total Inorganic		Nitrate	Nitrite	Dissolved		and the second second	Flow	Flow	EQ-2		EQ-2	EQ-2	Comments
Von		LIMITS	BOD5	pH Min	pH Max	Oxygen	Nitrogen	Ammonia	Nitrogen	Nitrogen	Sodium	Chloride	Phosphorus	(Meas) 60000	(Calc) 21900000	Freeboard	eeboard	Vegetation	Dike Insp	b B
-	DAY	UNITS	mg/l	6.5	9.0	mg/l	mg/i	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	GPD	GPY	Feet	Feet	Sat/Unsat	Sat/Unsat	
	25										ing.		ingr	19700	Of I	Tool	Tool	outonsut	Carcinsat	
	26													12890						
	27				7						5.00			14020						
	28													10980						
	29		2.7	7.64			8.43	0.31	8.1	0.02			1.25	24670	1. A.					
	30													28220	E.					
	31													18400						
	1	e												18550						
	2													17030						1
	3													9540						
	4													12610						
	5													11090	5 m - 1					
	6		1.37	7.82			10.39	0.06	10.3	0.03			0.88	14660						
	7													22300						
	8													17770						
	9			<u> </u>										21260						
	10													13920						sp
	11 12		2.74	7.00			8.32	0.09		0.03			0.88	13830						5
_	12			7.96					8.2	0.03				13560 17970						50
ទ	13		3.26	7.05			12.49	0.16	12.3	0.03			11	1/9/0						Data from CNP DMR 2005.xls
	14													17760						N
September-05	15													17310						<u>a</u>
bte	10		-								Later and the second second			16260	Contraction of Contraction					5
Se	18		-											14740	£					E
	19		-											12300						fr L
	20		1.13	7.61			11.22	0.1	11.1	0.02			1.25	16800						ata
	21	-	1.10	1.01			11.22	0.1	11.1	0.02			1.2.0	18890	20-1					ő
	. 22													18600						
	23										Real Property			20520						
	24													14260						
	25													12350						
	26		2.79	7.9			5.72	0.1	5.6	0.02			0.75	16180						
	27		1.67	8.07			11.19	0.06	11.1	0.03			1.25	19200						
	28													14450						
	29				Contraction of the									19100						
	30	1	-											19770						
	1													14480	- E					
	2													11400 10920						
	3 4		0.76	7.54			10.26	0.14	10.1	0.02	-		0.38	19130						
	5		0.76	1.54			10.20	0.14	10.1	0.02			0.36	15710						6
	6		-											18660						
	7		-											19350						
	8									Tieffer .				14330						
	9													9460						
	10		1.8	7.68			10.7	0.08	10.6	0.02			0.13	12620						
	11		0.74	7.6			14.85	0.02	14.8	0.03			0.25	17540						k s
	12													17870						ý.
	13													14580						200
g	14													19380						ά
ĩ	15													14340						
October-05	16													13160						<u>q</u>
ŝ	17		0.52	7.79			13.49	0.08	13.4	0.01			0.63	13360						6
0	18		0.42	7.77			17.61	0.07	17.5	0.04			0.88	17730						Data from CNP DMR 2005.xls
	19													19000						, Ť
	20													17170						ata
	21									1				19090	1					Õ
	22	1			Station and Area				1		- Contraction of the local distance			16260	The second se					

Table 2 00E EQ-2

'ear		Sample Location	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2 Total	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	No.		EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	st
Month - Year		PARA METER LIMITS	BOD5	pH Min	pH Max	Dissolved Oxygen	Inorganic Nitrogen	Ammonia	Nitrate Nitrogen	Nitrite Nitrogen	Dissolved Sodium	Chloride	Phosphorus	Flow (Meas) 60000	Flow (Calc) 21900000		Vegetation	Dike Insp	Comments
~	DAY	UNITS	mg/l	6.5	9.0	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	GPD	GPY	Feet	Sat/Unsa	Sat/Unsat	
	23			0.0	C.C.	nig r			ingi		- Ingr			11740					
	24		1.23	7.73			12.1	0.08	12	0.02			1.13	10910					
	25													17740					
	26													19220					
	27				1900-00									17190 18790					
	28 29													14680					
	30													12770	Here is				
	31		0.86	7.78			13.91	0.08	13.8	0.03			0.63	16090					
	1		0.58	7.57			16.1	0.06	16	0.04			0.13	17420					
	2													24280					
	3													19660					
	4 5				Sec. 1		-							15430 14860					
	6		-				-							11770					
	7		0.89	7.69			8.2	0.08	8.1	0.02			0.38	14380					
	8		0.75	7.63			12.15	0.9	11.2	0.05			0.5	23060					
	9													18270	georgia de la consecta				
	10													24410					ds
	11												- Charlen R.	20970					5.3
1.20	12 13													16120 12720					200
November-05	14				Sector Sec.									13370	100				R
ber	15		0.72	7.6			8.2	0.25	7.9	0.05			0.38	10370	1. A.				5
em	16													15310	H.				NP
lov	17										all of the second se			19940					0
2	18				Service of the									21070	E.				Data from CNP DMR 2005.xls
	19													12890					taf
	20 21													12110 17040					Da
	22		0.23	7.73	- Carlos - C		20.04	0.1	19.9	0.04			1.13	16640					
	23		0.20	1.10			20.04	0.1	10.0	0.04			1.10	11480					
	24													9880					
	25													9640					
	26													9420					
	27 28		0.65	7.66			23.42	0.08	23.3	0.04			0.01	13100	10. S. S. S.				
	20		0.05	7.00			23.42	0.08	23.3	0.04			0.01	13030 19190					
	30													14240					
	1													20060					
	2													19440					
	3													11430					
	4 5													12930					
	6		2.39	7.25			27.17	2.46	24.6	0.11			0.2	15560 17880	21-				
	7		2.00	1.25			21.11	2.40	24.0	0.11			0.2	17840					
	8													19790					
	9						1. 1. Starley							19850	1				
	10													10420					
	11		0.00	7.04			0.00	0.45		0.00			0.05	12410					ta from CNP DMR 2005.xls
	12 13		0.96	7.61			8.28	0.15	8.1 11.8	0.03			0.25	10800					05.
05	13		0.95	1.51			12.02	0.17	11.0	0.05			1.5	14150 17610					\$ 20
er-	15													18600					MF
December-05	16				Based			1			17- C			20390					
cel	17													11880					NUN NUN
De	18													11070					Ę
	19		2.76	7.65			12.11	0.08	12	0.03			0.13	14700	6				Ę,
	20	L	2.4	7.59	- Constanting		15.31	0.08	15.2	0.03			0.13	11540	Contraction of the			ard an an	ta

fear		Sample Location	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2		1	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	
Month - Year		PARA	BOD5	рН	рН	Dissolved Oxygen	Total Inorganic Nitrogen	Ammonia	Nitrate Nitrogen	Nitrite Nitrogen	Dissolved Sodium	Chloride	Phosphorus	Flow (Meas)	Flow (Calc)			Dike Insp	
2	DAY	LIMITS	mg/l	Min 6.5	Max 9.0		18. 19 J.	A Standard	a la tra		and a state of the second		用的自己的影响	60000	21900000	ないないために	Statistical and	SAL ON MAL	
	21	UNITS	ing/i	0,5	9.0	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	GPD	GPY	Feet	Sat/Unsat	Sat/Unsat	
	22													14030					(
	23								-					17650					
	24													9970 12810					
	25													7980					
	26													8960					
	27		2.83	7.59			13.87	0.06	13.8	0.01			0.5	12980					
	28													11770					
	29	-	-											16280					
	30 31													10420					
	1													9690					
	2			-										7100					
	3		2.32	7.51			23.2	0.08	00.4	0.00				6720					
	4		2.02	7.51			23.2	0.08	23.1	0.02			0.01	15250					
	5													23140					
	6													16430 22080					
	7													12790					
	8													12790					
	9		2.36	7.75			25.06	0.27	24.7	0.09			0.01	13930					
	10		2.25	7.53			23.52	0.72	22.6	0.2			0.5	18220					
	11												0.0	19720					
	12													15780					
	13													21560					
90	14													8540					
January-06	15		0.57											12690					
ent	16	han an ann a' sa	2.57	7.6			19.21	0.08	19.1	0.03			0.38	12720					
Jar	18		1.69	7.49			18.16	0.2	17.9	0.06			0.38	20930					
	19												_	19610					
	20		-											17000					
	21													19920				Sales (Sales	
	22													10690 12830					
	23		3.03	7.61			20.97	0.28	20.6	0.09			0.25	13910					
	24								20.0	0.00			0.25	19600					
	25			1										22400					
	26													19000					
	27			-										15450					
	28													14470					
	29 30		-											15460					
	31		1.89	7.6			40.00	0.4	10.5	0.00				15840					
e in dirig	1		1.09	1.0			18.98	0.4	18.5	0.08			0.75	21120					÷
	2													19610					
	3													22860					
	4													16270					
	5			20 3										16690 12930					
	6		2.48	7.53			14.73	0.7	14	0.03			0.38	12930					
	7		2.44	7.41			16.76	2.1	14.6	0.06			0.25	20380					
	8												0.20	15750					
	9													21520					
	10													18120					
	11													18980					
ę	12													13490					
	13		0.04	7.05										15650					1
2	14 15		2.24	7.65			18.15	1.4	16.7	0.05			1.38	19120					i
ā i	16													17740					
<b>7</b> 0 1	17								and the second second	and the second second				17580 16270					. (

La la		Sample Location	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2			EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	
Month - Year		PARA		÷		Dissolved	Total Inorganic		Nitrate	Nitrite	Dissolved			Flow	Flow				Comments
LOL	1	LIMITS	BOD5	pH . Min	pH Max	Oxygen	Nitrogen	Ammonia	Nitrogen	Nitrogen	Sodium	Chloride	Phosphorus	(Meas) 60000	(Calc) 21900000	Freeboard	Vegetation	Dike Insp	
2	DAY	UNITS	mg/l	6.5	9.0	mg/l	.mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	GPD	GPY	Feet	Sat/Unsat	t Sat/Unsat	
	18	GINTO		0.0							a mgr			11190			CLICILL		Data fi
	19													13220					ter.
	20		0.04	7.17			47.54	0.07	40.0	0.04			1.05	13690					-
	21 22		2.94	7.47			17.51	0.87	16.6	0.04			1.25	21070 22190					
	23	*****												16610	Section 1				
	24													22290	<b>B</b> ook k				
	25	2												16230					
	26													10290					
	27 28		2.33	7.43			7.95	0.41	7.5	0.04			1.38	17880 13650					
	1		2.00	1,45			1.55	0.41	1.5	0.04			1.30	22180					
100	2													18060					
	3													21280					
	4													16070					
	5	lin ang Cardengad	2.89	7.67			12.71	1.2	11.4	0.11			0.5	9910 17690					
	7	<del>lingin din ch</del> i	1.97	7.34			16.56	3.84	12.1	0.62			0.38	17090					
	8						10.00	0.01	12.1	0.02	and a plate science		0.00	20950					
	9													21090					
	10				Card State									18010					
11.41	11 12													17200	Letter 1				
	12		1.57	7.64			7.1	0.35	6.7	0.05			0.63	10580 17230					
	14		1.87	7.49	E 24		12.13	1.94	10	0.19			0.5	18480					
March-06	15													21210					Data from CND DMD 2006 vie
Lon	16													21140					9
S	17 18													18530 16380					Ĩ
	19													13750					
	20													18730					
	21		2.95	7.63			21.67	7.1	14.3	0.27			2.5	19490					Ċ
	22													27880	56				
	23 24													26940 21580					
	25		-											27540	8-5 · · · · ·				
	26													22330	10				
	27										2			18540					
	28 29		6.42	7.19			39.8	8.4	29.3	2.1			3.75	25730	Constant of the				
	30													28160 33180					
	31													24910					
	1				Weight St.				due!					24640					
	2													25770					
	3		3	7.49			39.08	17.4	21.2	0.48			3.5	23440					
	5		3	7.33			49.7	14.7	34.4	0.6			2.75	27820 29110					
	6	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		-	El and					h				32510					
	7						-							31860					
	8													27230					
	9			7.04										19800					
	10		2	7.34			36.51	8.23	27.9	0.38			1.69	24390					
	12			1.30	1.1		47.93	13.15	34.3	0.48			2	26430 30440					
	13										No.			28110					
9	14													23240	1				
en-ILIde	15				alter a									18720					
	16			7.26	No.		30.95	7.54	23.2	0.21			2.88	26440 23070	Contras				

2008 CK gw renewal Table 2 update.xls

Year		Sample Location	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2 Total	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2			EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	ŧ
Month - Year		PARA METER LIMITS	BOD5	pH Min	pH Max	Dissolved Oxygen	Inorganic Nitrogen	Ammonia	Nitrate Nitrogen	Nitrite Nitrogen	Dissolved Sodium	Chloride	Phosphorus	Flow (Meas) 60000	Flow (Calc) 21900000	Freeboard	Vegetation	Dike Insp	Comments
-	DAY	UNITS	mg/l	6.5	9.0	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	GPD	GPY	Feet	Sat/Unsat	Sat/Unsat	
	18		3	7.17			47.84	1.35	46.4	0.09			2.5	21460	Or I	TOCI	Catorisat	Ouvorisat	E
	19				-									24700					Data fror
-	20									1.1.1				23950					ata
	21													24300					õ
	22													21820					
	23													20530					
1.000	24		2.3	7.37	George States		21.06	0.01	21	0.05			1.88	16700					
	25				D.									17350					
	26													21040					
	27													22980					
	28													17160					
	29		•											16990				1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
	30	Contrast Statistics and the statistics of												14470					
	1													15160					
	2		2.28	7.58			15.35	0.01	15.3	0.04			0.88	21050					
	3													17030					
	4							1.000						19880					
	5													19440					
	6													10930					
	7				() = ()									13200				S. 199	
	8		3.56	7.68			11.94	0.01	11.9	0.03			0.38	17260					
	9													18650					
	10			1										22540					
	11													22340					xls
	12													23630					Data from CNP DMR 2006.xls
	13						-							17910					20
	14				<u></u>									12910					AR A
8 P	15		3.12	7.5			5.84	0.01	5.8	0.03			0.13	19200					5
May-06	16		-											20390					Ę
Z	17		_		Republic to the									21060					ច
	18													20100					E
	19				Sec.									18880					Ę
	20		-								1			17320					ata
	21			70			40.04	0.01	40.0	0.02			0.75	12000 13070					<u>م</u>
	22			7.6			12.84	0.01	12.8	0.03			0.75						
	23 24		2.9	7.52	- 16		18.24	0.01	18.2	0.03	5		0.03	19200 16390					
	24	1-01-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00												22770	2.5				
	25		-											20180					
	20		-											14600					
	28												· · · · · · · · · ·	10780					
	29													9580					
	30	Contraction of the second	2.24	7.69			11.05	0.01	11	0.04			0.25	16700					
	31			1.00			11.00							18990					
	1	144 107 108 10	The second second	The section of	Construction of the	a an an an an an	Contraction of the local distribution of the	and the second second	State of the second	C. B. Starter	Series States	Sec. Sec.	The second second	18120	and there is	9	sat	sat	
	2			1			1				35			21370					
	3	1			1									12130			1		
	4		-	1	1	1	1	1		2.1	T	1	1	13070			1		
	5	1		7.21		5.55	17.338	0.01	17.3	0.028	32.1	119.5		17630		9	sat	sat	
	6	1	1.31	7.43	1	1				1			0.44	16860					
	7											-		20010					
	8			1	1									21260		9	sat	sat	
	9	1	1		1					1				17810					
	10	1		1	1									16220					un un
	11													12430					×
	12					6.07						127.5		11800					900
	13		1.6	7.05			22.845	0.01	22.8	0.035	32.1		0.5	18360		9	sat	sat	v SBR 2006.xls
e-06	14	The second s	0.79	1		3.73								18420					HE HE
õ	15			1	1			1			1	1		16200		1		1	0

2008 CK gw renewal Table 2 update.xls

 $\frown$ 

ear		Sample Location	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	i i ce		EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	2
Month - Year		PARA METER	BOD5	pH	рН	Dissolved Oxygen	Total Inorganic Nitrogen	Ammonia	Nitrate Nitrogen	Nitrite Nitrogen	Dissolved Sodium	Chloride	Phosphorus	Flow (Meas)	Flow (Calc)	Freeboard	Vegetation	Dike Insp	Comments
2	DAY	LIMITS		Min 6.5	Max				2.000000	10000		and been		60000	21900000	10 10 10 10	0.181	0.101	Ŭ
c	16	UNITS	mg/l	0.0	9.0	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	GPD 49470	GPY	Feet		Sat/Unsat	-
un	17													18170 13060		9.5	sat	sat	Data from Dail
	18	****					Contrast (Change)					1.0.00		12000					E
	19													13990		9.5	sat	sat	fro
	20		2	7.17	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	3.25	8.758	0.14	8.6	0.018	27.9	142	0.5	20330		9.5	Sal	sai	ta
	21	****				2.58	0.700	0.14	0.0	0.010	21.5	138	0.0	16850					Da
	22										-	100		20080					
	23					-			1000			-		20070	-	9.5	sat	sat	
	24													11740					
	25													12690					
	26													16610					
	27		0.97	6.98		2.71	12.34	0.01	12.3	0.03	30.9	124	0.25	15890		9.5	sat	sat	
	28		0.88	7.16		4.09	23.14	0.01	23.1	0.03			1	20440			-		
	29													17500					
	30													18170		9.5	sat	sat	
	1		A State of the											13430					
	2													9800					
	3			7.23		4.59			5		34.1	126		14380		9.5	sat	sat	
	4			-										14140					
	5		1.39			5.6	6.04	0.01	6	0.03	32.2		0.5	11850	1.1.1				
	6		0.95											15180		9.5	sat	sat	
	7		-											17700					
	8												and the second second	13410					
	10													9180	-				
	10		1.21	7.35		4.76	21.84	0.01	21.8	0.03	31.6	124	0.13	15000		9.5	sat	sat	
	12		0.74	1.55		4.70	21.04	0.01	21.0	0.03	32.9	124	0.13	17600 21250					>
	13		0.74		2 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 11 -						32.9	123.5		18960					900
	14													21400		9.5	sat	sat	2
90	15								-					11940		0.0	Jul		Data from Daily SBR 2006 xls
July-06	16													13390					>
7	17					5.67					31.9	118.5		15930					ie
	18		0.75				15.5		15.5		29	111.5	0.75	20000		9.5	sat	sat	Ę
	19			7.13		4.69	19.74	0.01	19.7	0.03			1.13	19330		1			ŝ
	20													22480					e.
	21													20120		9.5	sat	sat	, C
	22													12520					
	23													13060					
	24		1.01		in and the	0.7				1				16780			-		
	25 26		1.61			2.7	9.7		9.7		31.2	110	1.13	17670		9.5	sat	sat	
	26	en en la seconda de la seconda	0.85	7		3.01	16.50	0.05	10.5	0.00				20130					
	28		0.00			3.01	16.58	0.05	16.5	0.03			2	16960		9.5	sat	sat	
	29						i							19880			<u> </u>		
	30													18640 20320			-		
	31													20320		9	sat		
	1		1.48			2.99	9.1		9.1	10 H (10 10)	26.6	95	1.63	21470		ฮ	sat	sat	-
	2		0.65	7.17		2.1	19.6	0.07	19.5	0.03	29.8		1.65	20760					
	3					1					20.0		1.0	19180					
	4					1								22900		9	Sat	Sat	
	5													17410			Jui	Jul	
	6											1		12860			1		
	7													19180		9.5	Sat	Sat	
	8		0.83			3.02	6.4		6.4		26.9	105	0.63	19480			1		
	9		0.68	7.05		1.26	12.545	0.01	12.5	0.035			1.44	23890		9.5	Sat	Sat	
	10					1			A MARKET WARK AND A					24800					4
	11													19390					2006 YIS
	12												and the second	16930					16.5
	13		. Las en commente			1			ha a na an a					13280					č

5		Sample	500	50.0	50.0	12.23	3-186E	1242 22	3.1008	Star Sec.	LI SKOLS	122500	1.525.5012	1288 (TU. 3)	1 Carlos	EXCISE 7	2.200	200 221	(9) E 10
Month - Year		PARA METER	EQ-2 BOD5	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2 Dissolved Oxygen	EQ-2 Total Inorganic Nitrogen	EQ-2 Ammonia	EQ-2 Nitrate Nitrogen	EQ-2 Nitrite Nitrogen	EQ-2 Dissolved Sodium	EQ-2 Chloride	EQ-2 Phosphorus	Flow (Meas)	Flow (Calc)	EQ-2	EQ-2 Vegetation	EQ-2	Comments
z	DAY	LIMITS	mg/l	Min 6.5	Max 9.0	mall	mail				THE REPAIR			60000	21900000	S. M. BARR	The water	And Landson	ŭ
60	14	01113	ingri	0.5	9.0	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/i	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	GPD	GPY	Feet		Sat/Unsat	ALC: NO.
August-06	15	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	0.94	7.23		1.54	12.827	0.01	12.8	0.017	31.9	117.5	0.75	10990 16670		9.5	sat	sat	Data from Daily SBR
sni	16		0.92			3.6	-				34.5	127	0.75	21340					< s
Jug	17	CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY				2	-				36.5	125.5		17570					ail
•	18													21110		9.5	sat	sat	6
	19													14780					ror
	20	e weeter of which do die	1.54	7.24		17	1.17							10950					ta
	22		1.36	7.34		4.7	4.17 8.03	0.01	4.16	0.00	34.7	124	0.38	16740		9.5	sat	sat	Da
	23		1.00	7,45		4.02	0.03	0.01	8	0.02	35,1	120	0.38	19980					
	24										38.7	123		18080 20850		0.5			
	25										50.7	125		20830		9.5	sat	sat	
	26													13270					
	27													15080					
	28	main diana a	-	7.34		4.89	2.525	0.01	2.5	0.015		125.5	1.13	21010					
	29 30		1.9	7.44		1.54	17.00					118.5		24940		9.5	sat	sat	
	31		1.9	7.41		3.54	17.02	0.01	17	0.01	35	117.5		25680					
	1	CO. MARKEDING		CONSISTER.	Contra states	No. of the local distance	PERMIT	A PARTY PLACE	All Distances	ALC: YOU WANT	Concernation of the		ALCONG DEC.	26260 22390		9.5	sat	sat	
	2								CARRIER CARRIER		A CONTRACTOR OF STREET		Contraction Produced Real	19610	Service Service				
	3						-							11210		-			
	4													10700					
	5													18870					
	6		2.8			0.94	16.3		16.3		32.6	115	2.38	27320					
	7			7.37		1.41	30.6	2.07	28.3	0.23	39.4	117.5	2.88	26120		9.5	sat	sat	
	8					1.57					41.2			28680					
	9							1	1. A.	a sa sad				19150					
	10 11	in the second												20650					<u>u</u>
	12		2	7.3		4.14	6.96	0.01	6.9	0.05	31.5	124	0.63	25980	Come and Comments	9	sat	sat	6.X
10	13			the second second		(main second								29690					00
September-06	14	in an in the state of the state of the												32640 29270					Data from Daily SBR 2006.xls
bei	15													31270		9	sat	sat	SB
E	16													29380		9	Sdl	sat	Į
ept	17													25730					Da
õ	18			7.1		1.58	32.47	10.6	21.8	0.07		123	4.13	33800					E
	19		1.73	7.06		1.28	45.855	18.8	26.9	0.155	41.7		4.13	34550		9	sat	sat	fre
	20		1.27											41920					ata
	21 22	in a second de la companya de la com						in and						36260					
	22													35090		9.5	sat	sat	
	23		den en e						-					27820 32610					
	25								-					32610		8.5	sat	sat	
	26			7.08		1.46	39.895	9.2	30.5	0.195	42.5	138.5		41000		0,0	ઝ્લા	Sdl	
	27		2.02			1.36	0.175			0.175				34990					
	28		2.64	7.16		0.7	56.06	16.7	39.1	0.26		141.5	3	35410					
	29													36060		8.5	sat	sat	
	30													34990					
	1		1.	the effective of	10.000	1 10		1.51 Serie Reg	Berlin Barnet	Contraction of	C. Barry Indenie	S. Santas	ed of the second of the	34910	State and D	and a start	Constant of	1.	
	2		1.4	6.95		1.42	40.04	0.05	07.7	0.10	15.6	140	2	31720					
	4		1.4	6.85		0.86	46.21	8.35	37.7	0.16	45.8		2	35810		8.5	Sat	Sat	
	5		1.01			1.31								41990					
	6	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1											36160 36110		0.5	C-t		
	7		-											36110		8.5	Sat	Sat	
	8									-				36210					
	9	and the second secon												29790		9	Sat	Sat	
	10		3.58				35.4		35.4		48.1	151.9		33680		Ť		Our	
	11		4.06	7.1		0.74	53.975	7.4	46.3	0.275		146	2.76	36400					xls

ear		Sample Location	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	100		EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	
Month - Year		PARA METER LIMITS	BOD5	pH Min	pH Max	Dissolved Oxygen	Total Inorganic Nitrogen	Ammonia	Nitrate Nitrogen	Nitrite Nitrogen	Dissolved Sodium	Chloride	Phosphorus	Flow (Meas) 60000	Flow (Calc) 21900000	Freeboard	Vegetation	Dike Insp	
2	DAY	UNITS	mg/l	6.5	9.0	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	GPD	GPY	Feet	Sat/Unsat	Sat/Unsat	
-	12	Ciuro		0.0	0.0									43360		8.5	Sat	Sat	
	13													33200					Ê
	14													36980					Ē.
	15													31910					12
	16						1							36140					Ê.,
	17					0.91	34.9		34.9		40.4			37480					1
	18		2.5			0.96						124	3.63	36500		9	Sat	Sat	Ľ.
	19		2.96	6.95		1.71	50.765	8.4	42.1	0.265		131.5	3.25	41390					l.
	20		-											33790					Ê.
	21													35070					Ĺ
	22 23		-											37210 31570		8	Sat	Sat	1
	23		1.95			2.03	40.6		40.6		44.8	138	1	31480		0	Jai	Jai	Ľ
	24		2.65	6.85		2.03	49.755	1.13	48.6	0.025		141	1.5	32540					ĺ.
	26		2.00	0.00		2.20	40.700	1.15	40.0	0.025		141	1.0	33090					Ĺ
	27		-											29140	1	8	Sat	Sat	6.
	28								-					23210					Ľ
	29													24070					1
	30													26370		8.5	Sat	Sat	1
	31		1.96	6.71		2.6	46.2	0.16	46	0.04	52.2	160.5	1.88	25390			-		
	1		1.82	6.9		3.02		0.01		0.04	42	157.5	1.75	24690	2	8.5	Sat	Sat	
	2													23890		-			1
	3												innen an anita, istini	23480					1
	4													23090			-		1
	5		_											20180					
	6			0.05			07.05	0.04	07.0	- 0.04		455.5	1.42	18080		9	Sat	Sat	
	7 8		1.7	6.95 7.24		3.9 4.7	27.65 0.035	0.01	27.6	0.04	44	155.5 153.5	1.13 0.63	19420 17450					
	9		1.04	1.24		4.7	0.035	0.01		0.025		155.5	0.03	27630		9	Sat	Sat	
	10		-											25570			Jac	Uai	Ľ.
	11		-											16230					1
	12													16150					
	13		-	6.8		1.37	7.83	7.8		0.03		147.5	2.25	13710		9	Sat	Sat	1
	14		8.95	7.28		1.05	12.63	8.2	4.4	0.03	40.2	144	1.88	19250					
	15		5.73	6.92		2.29	0.51	0.51				142.5		17390					
	16													25180					
	17													21530		8.5	Sat	Sat	
0	18													17790					
	19			7.00			10.51							12760					
	20		1.00	7.09		5.49	13.54	0.01	13.5	0.03	35.6	133	0.25	13580		9.5	Sat	Sat	
	21		1.62			6.16						131.5		18600 15260		0.5	Cat	Sat	ł
	22		1.15	<u> </u>		0.10								15260		9.5	Sat	Sat	1
	24		-											9170					
	25													12140	1				
	26			1		1					1	1		10420				1	
	27			7.13		6.14	0.04	0.01		0.03		129	0.38	17310					
	28		0.69	6.99		4.34	21.43	0.01	21.4	0.02	28.3	130.5	0.5	16030		8.5	Sat	Sat	
	29		0.1			0.86								20660					
	30													10540					
	1													24070	and the second	9.5	Sat	Sat	
	2			1	ļ	-						-		14770	1				1
	3		1.01	7.23	7.2	6.72	19.743	0.04	19.7	0.003	29.8	100 5	0.201	15290		0.5	- 6-1	6-1	1
	5		1.01	1.25	1.2	0.72	19.743	0.04	19.7	0.003	29.8	133.5	0.201	10110 21770		9.5	Sat	Sat	1
	6		2.12	6.88	6.9	2.19	-	0.01		0.009		129.5	0.294	20410		9	Sat	Sat	
	7		<u> </u>	1 0.00	0.0	2.10		0.01		0.003		120.0	0.204	20920	1	5	Jai	Joal	
	8				1	1	T			1			1	18890	1	1		1	
	9		-	1					1	1	1			17340	1	1		1	1

Par		Sample Location	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	Read A	1 State	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	
montn - tear		PARA METER LIMITS	BOD5	pH	pН	Dissolved Oxygen	Total Inorganic Nitrogen	Ammonia	Nitrate Nitrogen	Nitrite Nitrogen	Dissolved Sodium	Chloride	Phosphorus	Flow (Meas)	Flow (Calc)	Freeboard	Vegetation		Maria Salar
	DAY	UNITS	mg/l	Min 6.5	Max 9.0	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mail	10-10-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20-20	CONTRACTOR IN		60000	21900000	A RELEASE	and as song	A CARLES	
	10	Ginto	Ingri	0.0	0.0	mgn	mgn	my/i an	nign	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	GPD 14110	GPY	Feet	Sat/Unsat	Sat/Unsat	-
	11			7.13	7.1	5.79		0.01				127.5	0.13	13470					
	12		2.04	6.9	6.9	3.26	21.735	0.01	21.7	0.025	33.4	126	0.13	18580					
0	13		2.05	7.02	7.0			0.47		0.03			0.25	21810		9.5	Sat	Sat	1
necelline in the	14 15													20020					
	16													21410		9.5	Sat	Sat	
	17		-											14360 16730					
Ś	18											-		16/30					
	19			7.3	7.3	1.2	12.21	0.38	11.8	0.03	30.7	123	0.5	17690			la maria de la composición de la composicinde la composición de la composición de la composición de la		
	20											120	0.0	12740					
	21		0.82	7.13	7.1							125		19350		9	Sat	Sat	
	22	L												12280					
	23 24													12500					
	24		-	-										8390					
	26			7.3	7.3	5.2	3.935	0.01	3.9	0.025	27.8	105.5	0.12	10430					
	27		0.83	7.36	7.4	6.5	3.855	0.01	3.9	0.025	21.0	135.5 130	0.13	13950 13540			-		
	28		0.93			0.0		0.01		0.02		130	0.13	17060		9.5	Sat	Sat	
	29													12790	-	0.0	Uai	Jai	
	30													9830					
	31										x			7340					
	1					0.01	10 70							12750					
	3		-			6.01	12.76	5.05	7.6	0.11	30.2	123	0.125	14310		<u> </u>			1
	4		5.39	7.17	7.2									17930 21270		9	sat	sat	1
	5				1.12									21270					ł
	6													13950					
	7													12610					
	8			6.8	6.8	1.02								13970		9.5	sat	sat	1
	9		8.35	7.17	7.2	1.54	14.535	13.8	0.7	0.035	39.2	130	0.125	14950					
	10		6.02	7.2	7.2	0.9								18040					
	11 12													20820		9.5	sat	sat	
	13		-										in aligne adapt aligned	17670					1
-	14													12180 12480					1
<u>ç</u>	15													16510		-			1
lar	16		1.71	7.24	7.2	4.95	15.84	0.01	15.8	0.03	37.3	129.5	0.13	21120					1
January-Ur	17		1.27	7.17	7.2	5.22		0.01		0.025		130.5	0.13	18470		9	sat	sat	
ר	18													18280					
	19 20													27190		9	sat	sat	
	20				-									25070					1
	22													16170 21180	-	9			1
	23		6.5	7.11	7.1	1.54	6.185	2.55	3.6	0.035	28.5	101	0.75	21180		9	sat	sat	
	24		5.52	7.24	7.2	1.19		0.95		0.03	20.0	100	0.75	28940					ł.
	25													23280					1
	26													20500		9	sat	sat	L
	27													27120					
	28			-										11970					1
	29 30		-											20180					
	30		4.82	6.58	6.58	1.17	17.05	1.50	16.6	0.02	07			18700					1
	1		3.47	6.78	6.58	5.9	0.035	1.52 0.01	15.5	0.03	37	114 120	0.5	21780 16630		8.5	sat	sat	-
	2		0.47	0.70	0.70	0.0	0.033	0.01		0.025		120	0.125	16630		9	ent	0.01	1
	3													12620		9	sat	sat	-
	4													12660					L
	5						Contraction of the second							12180					L
	6		2.48	7.13	7.13	3.64	9.34	0.01	9.3	0.03	42.4	130.5	0.75	19700					1

ĘĒ

		Sample	EQ-2	ĒQ2		ĒÕ-2.	ÉQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	_ EQ <sup>1</sup> 2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2			EQ:2	EQ-2*	1. EQ-2	
Month - Year	4	PARA	BODS	pH	îpH×}	Dissolved Oxygen	Total. Inorganic Nitrogen	Ammonia	Nitrate	Nitrite Nitrogen	Dissolved	-Chloride	Phösphorus	Flow (Meas)	Flows (Calc)	Frankaard	Vegetation	Dike Insp.	ommants
Mor		UMITS 5 3		Min 🔅	Max :		يترجد أحداد	12.12			التا بدرج مسعينا			60000	21900000	12 - 2	a she a		ů
	. DAY 7	UNITS	3.32	6.5 - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u>9.0</u> 7.2	<u>mg/1</u> 4	. mg/1 0.04	mg/1 0.01	mg/13	mg/Ic 0.03		mg/!	0.63		GPY	<u>e ? Feet </u>	Sat/Unsat	Sat/Unsat	
	8				1.2		- 0.04			0.03	<u> </u>		0.03	23300		9	sat	sat	.
	9													17160		9	sat	sat	<u>n</u>
	10			ļ		ļ	<u> </u>		ļ				·	16490 11720			<b> </b>		~~~
	<u>11</u> 12		f	7.6	7.6	5.61	6.85	0.01	6.8	0.04	44.6	128.5	0.38	19520			┟───		50
6	13		<u> </u>		1	0.01	- 0.00	0.01	0.0	<u>0.04</u>		120.0		18140			<u> </u>		B.
February-07	14		12.34	7.3	7.3	1.35						126		21530					Data from Daily SBR 2007.xls
l g l	15		<u> </u>	<b> </b>	<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			<u> </u>	<u> </u>		┟	ļ <u>.</u>	17500 21160		9	sat	sat	Dai
L L	16 17		f	<u>├</u> ────			┠	}	<u>├</u>	<u> </u>		[	{	14520			Sat	<u>sa</u>	E
1 1	18		<u>├</u>	<u>↓</u>		<u> </u>								16550					Ę
1	19													13030					at o
	20		1.86	7.04	7	2.44	3.85	0.02	3.8	0.03	42.4	<u>126</u> 124.5	0.13	22040	<u> </u>	8.5	sat	sat	
{	21 22		3.69	<u>├</u>	1	1.22	2.05	2.01		0.04	<u> </u>	124.3	0.30	22510	<u> </u>	0.0			i 1
1	23			1							· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			16860		9	sat	sat	
	24			[										15420				·	· · [
	25 26		_ <u>`</u>	7-	7	3.81	<u>├</u>		<u>├</u>	<u> </u>		128	<u> </u>	11320 17100		- 9	sat	sat	l' (
{	20		<u></u>	} <i>'</i>	┝′	3.01		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	┼───		120	<u>↓</u>	17250	<u>├</u>		301	501	1
	28		2.18	6.88	6.9	2.01	9.88	0.04	9.8	0.04	45.9		0.13	20590					L
				Į		ļ	ļ			<u> </u>	[	<u> </u>		18170		9	sat	sat	1 1
	2	ļ	<u> </u>	┟────	<u>                                      </u>	<u>↓</u>			<u> </u>	╞────		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	21310	<u> </u>	ļ			1 1
	4			<u>├</u>			[	[	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			<u> </u>	15900			<u>†                                    </u>		1 1
	5													14470				· · · · · ·	1 {
	6		1.22 3.45	7.18	7.2	1.47	6.33	0.5	5.8	0.03	41.1	119	0.38	19120		8.5	sat	sat	1
	7		3.45	7.2	7.2	1.53			}	0.05	┠┈┈╾╾	121.5	0.38	18100 22130			<u> </u>		i
	9			<u>├</u>	╆	<u>├</u>	<u> </u>	t	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>├</u>			18630		9	sat	sat	i (
	10													20500					
	11	·		Į	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		{	<u> </u>			ļ	13930			<u> </u>		, xis
	12		3.54	7.14	7.1	3.38	6.73	0.7	6	0.03	38.9	120	0.38	17720	<u> </u>	9	sat	sat	00
	14	┝━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━━	5,36	7.04	7	1.31	- 0.75	3.8		0.05	30.3	119.5	0.00	23130	<u> </u>	. 8.5	sat	sat	R 2
-07	15													19070					SB
March-07	16			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Į	ļ	<u> </u>	ļ			+		22450	ļ	ļ	+		lij
Ma	17 18	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u></u>		╂────		14660 16010	<u>├</u>	<b>├</b> ────			ä
	19		<u>├</u>	<u>↓</u>	1		<u>}</u>	t	<u>├</u> -	t		<u> </u>		14830	t	9	sat	sat	Data from Daily SBR 2007.xis
	20		0.86	6.96	7	2.21	7.725	0.7 .	7	0.025	43	110	0.13	20740					taf
	21		3,66	7.05	7.1	1.68		2.51	ļ	f	ļ	114		22430			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	ő
	22 23	<b> </b>	<u> </u>	┼───	╂	┟────	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>+</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	22190 12790	<u> </u>	9	sat	sat	
	24			1	1		†		1	t		t	t	11470	t		- <u></u>	- 301	1 1
	25			[										13310					1.
	26 27		0.85	7.03	<u> </u>	1.92	8.005	0.58	7.4	0.025		110	1	13840	<u> </u>	9,5	sat	sat	( 1
	28	}	3.62	7.03	7.1	1.92	0.000	1.77	1.4	0.025	40	110	1.13	23130 18760	┨─────	<b>├</b> ────	+	<b>}</b> -	1 1
	29	<u></u>			<u>†</u>		1	<u>t</u>	1	1		1-100.0	<u> </u>	22520	†	9	sat	sat	
	30		1	[				ļ						17100					
	31		{	<b>↓</b> ,	<u> </u>	ł	ļ	<u>}</u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	15650	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		
1	2	<u> </u>		┟┈┷┯	<del>†</del>		<b>├</b> ────	<u>↓</u>		<u>├</u>	┢	<u> </u>	<u>}</u>	14740 16280	·	<u>├</u>	+	<u> </u>	(
1	3		2.07	7	7.	3.87	5.725	0.1	5.6	0.025	<u>38</u> ·	<u> </u>	0.13	14440	†	<u> </u>	+	<u>├</u>	1
1	4		1.39	7	7	4.19				0.025		112.25	0.13	16740		8,5	Sat	Sat	1 1
	5	<u>├</u> ────	┼	<u>↓</u>	<del> </del>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			Į	15850	ļ	<u> </u>	i ant		<u>ا</u> ر ا
I	L	L	I	L	<u> </u>	.L	I	L	<u>ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ</u>	<u>L</u>	L	1	L	15920	L	9	Sat	Sat	i

2008 CK gw renewal Table 2 update.xls

Table 2 00E EQ-2

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**Cook Nuclear Plant** Groundwater Permit Renewal Application

April-07 Month-		Sample Location PARA METER UNITS	BOD5	<u>EO-2</u>	EO-2	EQ-2	EQ-2. Total	<u></u> EQ-2	_EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EO-2	EQ-2			EQ-2	<u>EQ-2</u>	EQ-2	A Comments
Apríl-07	 DAY 7  9		BÖD5	ρH	+	Direction				See. 2. 19.			7		# * * * * * · · ·				
April-07	DAY 7 8 9	METER UNITS	BOD5	pH		Discolved				1 A.C			1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1					· · · · ·	5
April-07	DAY 7 8 9	LIMITS		pH			Inorganic	<u>,</u>	Nitrate	Nitrite	Dissolved			Flow	-Flow		2		- E
April-07	DAY 1 1				рН	Oxygen	Nitrogen	Ammonia	Nitrogen*	Nitrögen	Sodium	Chloride	Phosphorus	(Meas)	(Calc)	Freeboard	Vegetation	Dike Insp	5
April-07	7 8 9	UNIIS		Min N	Max									60000	21900000				
April-07	8		<u>~_mg/i`_</u>	~6,5* 7	.9.0	mg/1	mg/1			<u>. mg/l</u>	mg/	mg/l	mg/IT	GPD	GPY	Feet	Sat/Unsat	Sat/Unsat	<u> </u>
April-07	9	_						<u> </u>	<u> </u>					10880					
April-07													·	12050		9	Sat	Sat	]
April-07			1.68	6.9	6.9	2.89	14.92	0.1	14.8	0.02	33.7		0.63	21420			Oa(		
April-07	11		3.87	7.17	7.2	2.03	14.02	0.01		0.09		113,5	0.88	21770				~~~	N N
April-07	12													25880					20
April-0	13											<u> </u>		21080		8.5	Sat	Sat	50
	14													17940					88
-	15				·									13060					ŝ
-	16													16420					ail
	17		2.39	6.99	7	3,23	15.375	0.83	14.5	0,045	35.2		0.13	21930		9	Sat	Sat	
	18		1.96	6.97	7	3.6		0.01		0.025	L	110.3	0.13	22450					ž
	19	ł		L					<u> </u>			<u> </u>	L	22570	<b>├</b> ─────	· 9	Sat	Sat	ta f
	20			<u>↓</u>	<b>├</b>	↓ <sup>↓</sup>		<u>├</u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<b>├</b> ────		18160 16050	<u> </u>	<u>├</u>	i		Data from Daily SBR 2007.xls
	21					<u> </u>			<b>├</b> ~~~~	Į		<u> </u>	<u>↓</u> ↓	16050	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		
	22 23			├	┟┙────┘	┟╌───┘	┝───			†	┝	<u>↓</u>	<u> </u>	17780		9.5	Sat	Sat	ŀ. I
, H	23		6.75	7.1	. 7.1	1.38	8.835	5.9	2.9	0.035	36.4	111	0.75	17660	<u>├───</u>	<u> </u>		- <u>Jan</u>	1 I
	25		7.15	6.96	7	1.44		3.28		0.04		111.5	0.5	24010	t	<u> </u>	t		
	26				t	<u> </u>						1	<u> </u>	19350					
, ·· [	27				t	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	·	1	[	25230		9	Sat	Sat	
	28				1									14270					
	29													14910					
	30													16340					
	_1		4.71	6.95	6.95	1.41	6.47	1.14	5.3	0.03	40.2	121.5	0.75	22490	ļ	.9	sat	sat	
i L-	2		4.32	7.02	7.02	1.48	<u> </u>	1.88		0.025			1	19540 20790	L	9.5			
ı 1—	3					<b></b>	<b>├</b> ───	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	·	<b></b>	21330	·	9.5	sat	sat	·
ı —	4			}	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>├</u>				<u> </u>		18060		<u></u>			
i 1	6				{	<u> </u>						<u>├</u> ────	+	13860					
, <u> </u>	-7			f					<u> </u>					22950	<u></u>	9	sat	sat	
	8		3.09	6.96	6.96	1.7	5.36	0.63	4.7	0.03	32.2	102.5	0.38	21110					
I .	9		1.67	7.05	7.1	1.1	1	0.88		0.025			0.38	25710					· ·
	10												<u> </u>	23110		9	sat	sat	<u>s</u>
	11				[			L	L					26680	L	<u> </u>	}		7.×
	12				ļ	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	L		<u> </u>		ļ	l	17840	L				8
	13			┝	ļ	<u> </u>	Į	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	┼───		<b> </b>	<u> </u>	19120 14080	┝───	<u> </u>	ļ	i	<u> </u>
	14		<u> </u>	<u>}</u>	<u>+</u>	┼───	<u> </u>	<del> </del>	<u> </u>	<u>↓</u>	<u>├</u>	<u> </u>		25030	+	<u> </u>	<u>↓</u>	<u>}</u>	u S S
1 2 -	15		2.95	6.76	- 6.8	1.66	8.645	3.33	5.3	0.015	38.7	106.5	0.125	19470	+		+	<u>├──</u> ─	
May-07	10		2.90	1-0.10		1.00	- 0.040					1.00.3	1	24350	<u>├</u> ───	8.5	sat	sat	Data from Daily SBR 2007.xls
	18						<u>├───</u>	<u>†</u>	<u> </u>	1	t	+	+	18920	1	1	1		1
1	19		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>t — — </u>		<u>├</u>	1		1		t	1	19080	1	·			1 5
1 -	20			1	1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	T		1	<u> </u>			11370					ata [
	21			1	1			<u> </u>						19110					
	22			7.24	7.2	3.46	7.337	0.01	7.3	0.027	33.8	105	1.19	17920		8.5	sat	sat	Į Į
	23											<u> </u>	+	20830	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<b> </b>	<u> </u>	·
	24				ļ	<u> </u>	h	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<b></b>	l	20450	<u> </u>	<b>↓</b>	ł	<b> </b>	4
	25		1.52	7.17	7.2	5.51	0.01	0.01	I	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	4	+	21430	<b> </b>	<b>↓</b>	<u> </u>		4
	26		L		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<b>├</b> ──	<b>├</b> ───		+	<u> </u>	┟╼──╍─		13670 12400		┼───	ł	┟──	1
	27			<b></b>	<b> </b>	┼	<u>}</u>	╄────	<u>}</u>	1	}		+	10660	╆────	<u>}−−−−</u>	<u> </u>	<u></u>	1
	28		<u> </u>	7.35	7.4	4.29	2.34	0.01	2.3	0.03	33.7	122.5	+	16870	t	┼───	+	<u>├</u> ;	1
	29 30			1.35		4.29	2.34	1 0.01	4.3	+ 0.00		122.5	0.38	17020	<u>↓</u>	9	sat	sat	1.
I F	30 31		0.12	┝───	<u> </u>	┼	<u>├</u> ───	†÷	<u> </u>	+		1 120.5	0.75	20940	+	┼────	<u>†~~~</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
} <b>├</b>	- 31		0.12	┼	+	<u> </u>	╆	t	<u> </u>	+		+	+	19240	1	1	1	<u> </u>	·
	-1		ŀ	<del> </del>	+	t	t	t	1	1		1	1	17620	1	1	1		1
↓ <del> </del>				1	1	1	1	<u> </u>	1	1				10830					]
	-4		<u>├/</u>	†	1			1				1		15370	·				]

2008 CK gw renewal Table 2 update.xls

S. 1		Sample		EO 2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2			ĒQ-2		EQ-2		ېږې د د عبا	EO-2; J	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1
Year	9 7	Location	P EO 2		C EQ-2	· · · · ·	Total	EQ-2	EQ-2	.EQ-2,		EQ-2	EO-2'~	<u>.</u>		<u>EO-2</u> , /	EQ 2	EQ-2	Comments
Month-		METER	BOD5	, ⊳_pH∢	er_pH₂.ª	Dissolved	Inorganic		Nitrate	Nivite	Dissolved	, P		Flow	Flow			e	Ĕ
Ň	م م الم	LIMITS		Min	Max	Öxygen	Nitrogen	Ammonia	Nitrogen	Nitrogen	Sodium	Chloride	_Phosphorus	(Meas)	21900000	Freeboard	Vegetation	Dike Insp	
	DAY	UNITS		_6.5	9.0_3	'⊆_mg/I'		mg/1	ing/	mg/1	📩 : mg/l . 🛄	⊡.mg/l	mg/l;	GPD		Feet	Sal/Unsat	Sat/Unsat	-
ł	5		<u>3.31</u> 2.64	7.3	7.3	2.32	3.19	0.65	2.5	0.04	32.9	109 107	0,88	22950 21920		9	sat	sat	
Į	7												0.00	24400					<b>j</b> .
ŀ					<u>}</u>		<u> </u>							18760			·		} .
· t	10				<u> </u>	<u>-</u>								16620 12850					5
L L	11			7.07								-		15490		9	sat	sat	XX
ł	12			7.27	7.3	2.77	8,138	0.11	. 8	0.028	34.7	106		17750 17680			<u> </u>		<u> </u>
5	14		0.25	7.19	7.2	4.91						118	1.94	19990		9	sat	sat	E E
June-07	15 16						<b> </b>							18570 14710					≧
3	17									·				10870			<u> </u>	<u>}</u>	ő
ĥ	18													18880					Į
ŀ	19				<u> </u>	├	<u> </u>		7	<u> </u>	33.5	·		18040 22660	<u> </u>	9	sat	sat	Data from Daily SBR 2007.xls
1	21				· · ·									22790			<u> </u>		5
ł	22 23	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	1.74	7.12	7.1	3.57	0.05	0.01		0.04		105	2.63	18820		9	sat	sat	}
ţ	24				<u> </u>				- <u></u>			}		14580 13170			ļ	[	ł
ļ	25					4.54						113.5		16220					Į
ŀ	26 27		2.23	7.09	7.1	1.21	6.64	0.72	5,8	0.12	34		0.38	18780		9	sat	sat	ļ
t	28				<u>}</u>	2.20	[	0.01		0.025			0.66	17090 21940		8.5	sat	sat	ł
	29 30													20380		-			1.
	1					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								16930 9970					<u>├</u>
Ĺ	2			7.05	7.05	3.15			0.5		36.2	124.2	0.75	14990					
ł	3			7.17	7.17	3,3	3.35	0.01	3.31	0.03			0.13	16010		9,5	sat	sat	
ł	5	i	0.3	7.35	7.4	5.3	<u> </u>	·				122		15680 14530		i	{		- 1
ļ	6													17160		9	sat	sat	
ŀ	7 8						<u>├</u>							14220 9640	· · · ·				(
t	9													17290					í
ł	10		1.84 3.01	7.41	7.4	3.73	7.245	0.01	7.2	0.035	27.7	114	1.13	20300		9	sat	sat	
ł	12		3.01	1.58	1.4	2.53	7.62	. 0.01	7.58	0.03		107	1.63	21650 19680		9	sat	sat	Data from Daily SBR 2007.xls
F	13													18640					200
۶ ł	14 15				i	<u> </u>								13620 11980					R
July-07	16						<u> </u>					·		15250		<b>├</b> ────┤	<u>├</u>		S A
, ד	17 18		3,07	7.45	7.5	0.98	3.38	2,15	1.2	0.03	36	114.5	0.25	19280					
ŀ	19		1.79	7.26	7.3	2.86	5.065	0.01	5.03	0.025		117	0.25	14380 21570		8.5	sat	Unsat	Eo
ļ	20						i							19510		8.5 8	sat	Unsat	a tr
ŀ	21 22													16640			ļ		
ł	23			<b> </b>			<u> </u>							10330 19260		8.5	sat	Unsat	}
F	24		2.08	7.5	7.5	2.67	4.447	0.015	4.4	0.032	32.2		0.75	16230		0.5	<u> </u>		1
ŀ	25 26		0.92	7.39	7.4	2.53	7.405	0.01	. 7.36	0.035		107,75	0.75	22080		8.5	sat	sat	1
ŀ	. 27				<u> </u>									18800 22380		h	<u> </u>		ł
	28													14460					ļ
ļ	29			L	<u> </u>	ļ								20900 16680					]
	30	·																	
	30 31 1	·	4.14	7.15	7.15	0.99	4.765	0.94	3,8	0.025	30.8	102.5	0.13	21270		8.5	sat	sat	ł

2008 CK gw renewał Table 2 update.xls

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ar		Sample	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ 2	EQ-2	ÊQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2			EQ-2	EO-2	( <sup>1</sup> EQ-2)	
Month - Year		PARA METER	BOD5	Ъ		Dissolved	Total		Nitrate.	Nitrite	Dissolved			Flow	Flow				Ċomments
Mor	5	LIMITS	S BODS	Min	pH Max	Oxygen	Nitrogen	'Ammonia'	Nitrogen	Nitrogen	Sodium	Chloride	Phosphorus."	. (Meas) 60000	(Calc) 21900000	Freeboard	Vegetation	Dike Insp	Ö
	DAY	UNITS	mg/l	6.5	9.0	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	GPD	GPY	Feet	Sat/Unsat	Sal/Unsat	
	3	· · · · ·							•					16590		8.5	Sat	Sat	
	4				<u> </u>	·								14780					
	5						··							10750 12840	·		ļ		
	7			7.36	7.4	1.55	4.375	0.21	4.1	0.065	32.8	112	0.5	12840		8.5	sat	sat	
	8									0.000			0.0	25696	- · ·	0.5	301	301	
	9		8.05	7.45	7.5	0.98	14.71 .	13.6	1.08	0.03			1.5	25940			· · · ·		
	10	· · ·				·								31210					·
	<u>11</u> 12													21520 13210			L		slx.
	13													13630		9	sat	sat	200
~	14		1.5	7.4	7.4	2.76	7.51	0.28	7.2	0.03	33.2	109	2.5	20090			301	<u> </u>	2
August-07	15		0.59	7.31	7.3	3.5	12.265	0.01	12.2	0.055		107.5	3.13	22640		9	sat	sat	BS
snß	16													23730					. A
Au	17			· .										17970					Da -
	18 19-	·					<u> </u>	•						14460 8480					E .
	20												·	13910	·				Data from Daily SBR 2007.xls
	21		·	.7.3	7.3	3.21	6.44	0.01	6.4	0.03	37.9	135.25	0.88	20100		9	sat	sat	Dati
1 1	22													22290					. <b>.</b> .)
1 .	23	· · ·	1.06	7.25	7.25	2.79	10.35	0.01	10.3	0.04			2.25	17680					
	24					·								19900		9	sat	sat	
	25 26													17830 13670	· · ·				
	27				··							· · ·		22300		9	sat	sat	
	28							-						25010					
Ľ.	29		1.17	7.2	7.2	2.52	14.14	0.01	14.1	0.03	41.1	128	1	21700				•	
	30		0.55	7.28	7.3	2.88	21.855	0.01	21.8	0.045		127	1.25	22750		<u> </u>			
	31								<u> </u>					20260 17880		9	sat	sat	
	2									· · · ·				18150					
	3									-				13980			sat	sat	
	4		0.85	7.34	7.3	4.34	5.84	0.01	5.8	0.03	31		0.13	23200		9			
	5		4.47	7.35	7.4	1.12	19.905	9.36	10.5	0.045		121.25	0.5	29630 29170		ļ			
	6		<u> </u>	~		<u>_</u>								32730		9	sat	sat	i i
	8			<u> </u>	<u> </u>		ŀ		┣────					17800		<u>°</u>	<u></u>	<u>- 5a</u>	
	9					· ·								11930			<u> </u>		
· [	10													19420					<u></u>
	11		3.97	7.18	7.2	1.28	16.66	8.74	7.9	0.02	42.6	145.5	<0.10	27100	ļ	9	sat	sat	×.
1.	12	- <u>`</u>	2.92	7.01	7.01	1.05	18.99	5.42	13.5	0.07	<b>├</b> ───	144	0.63	25650 30650	ŀ	9			50
6	13 14					<u> </u>	├	<u> </u>						30650		. 9	sat	sat	н
ber	15		<u>├───</u> ─	<del> </del>		<del>  .</del>	<u> </u>	t	├		<u> </u>			23410		<u>†</u>	<u> </u>	· · · ·	ы. К
en l	16								<u> </u>					22150					aily
September-07	17		_						[					19940					Data from Daily SBR 2007.xls
· •	18		2.55	7.08	7.1	1.2	27.53	12.1	15.4	0.03	50	141.75	3.5	32410		9	sat	sat	je je
	19 20	<u> </u>	2.33	7.02	7	0.91	35.075	6.73	28.3	0.045		134	5.13	32190 31560		· · · · ·	<u>├ · _ </u>		a l
ľ	20			<del> </del>				<u>├</u>						28840		<u> </u>			ے ا
1	22				<u> </u>	h	<u> </u>					<u> </u>		20590					1 1
1	23													20850					
	24											151 35		30190			· · · · ·		
	25		3.47	7.25	7.3	0.93	33.685	6.16	27.5	0.025	56.4	154.75	2.5	32720 31380			<u> </u>		
}	26 27	}	3.81	7.18	7.2	1.23	<u> </u>		<u>├</u>			<u>├──</u> ─	6.13	25360	{	9	sat	sat	
	28		0.01	- ····				[	<u> </u>			1		32320					
	29													29620					
1	30							L	L:					26400	L				

2008 CK gw renewal Table 2 update.xls

ear		Sample Location	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	i wit	2200	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	ŧ
Month - Year		PARA METER LIMITS	BOD5	pH Min	pH Max	Dissolved Oxygen	Total Inorganic Nitrogen	Ammonia	Nitrate Nitrogen	Nitrite Nitrogen	Dissolved Sodium	Chloride	Phosphorus	Flow (Meas) 60000	Flow (Calc) 21900000	Freeboard	Vegetation	Dike Insp	Comments
2	DAY	UNITS	mg/l	6.5	9.0	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	GPD	GPY	Feet	Sat/Unsat	Sat/Unsat	
	1	Citro	ingri	0.0	0.0	light	ingri	ingr	ingr		ingr	- Ingr		32560					
	2		15.04	7.18	7.18	1.22	36.72	27.9	8.76	0.06	54.4		1.25	25270					
	3		6.38	7.42	7.42	0.86	32.3	15.9	16.3	0.1		142	1.63	32700		9	Sat	Sat	
	4	1940 - 1940 -	1										-	33790					
	5													26830					
	6													29760					
	7					0.40					49.1	-		26260 26060					
	8					2.12					49.1			30010					
	10		-											31050					
	11		-			-				and the second second				29660		-			1
	12		5.33	7.15	7.2	3.91	46.675	0.01	46.6	0.065		143.5	6.32	32240		9	Sat	Sat	
	13													29380					
22	14													23650					1
1	15													28160					
ð	16													27940		8.5	Sat	Sat	
October-07	17		2.8	7.07	7.1	3.16 3.15	37.043 40.825	0.02	37	0.023	50.4	134	6.75 4.75	33570 31710				in the second	
-	18		1.8	7.11	7.1	3.15	40.825	0.01	40.8	0.015			4.75	22730					
	20													22080					
	21											1		25840			1		
	22	ter and the second s					1							26040		9	Sat	Sat	
	23		7.91	7.2	7.2	1.61	18.42	8.56	9.84	0.02	46.5		2.75	25630					
	24		4.45	7.12	7.1	1.74	24.005	0.37	23.6	0.035		144.25	2.38	22260					
	25													29980					
	26 27													25530 27070		9	Sat	Sat	
	28	-	-	-					Constant of the	and a second				20810					j
	29	New York Control of Co	-	The second	197 - Million - 1869 -		Per en				the second second		NUL IN CONTRACTOR	23260	the second second	9	Sat	Sat	
	30													26180					
	31		2.39	7.17	7.17	3.76	25.885	0.01	25.8	0.075	44.2	144	1.38	27180					
	1	an a												21540		9	sat	sat	
	2		-				ļ						La construction	22490					
	3		+											15310					
	5													16440 15250					
	6			a second as a second										19550					
	7		4.08	7.25	7.25	5.68	28.925	0.01	28.9	0.015	43	152.9	0.5	17730		9	sat	sat	i i
	8													16170					
	9													15880					
	10													14120		La provinsi and			
	11													9120					
	13				in the second									18400 18300		9			
6	14													18100	+	9	sat	sat	
bei	15		3.24	7.38	7.38	2.71	14.04	0.01	13.9	0.13	40.8.	147.9	0.38	18100					1
em	16						1							17100		9	sat	sat	1
November-07	17													8600		1			
۷	18		-				1				and the second			8300					1.
	19		12	7.40	7.10	0.70	47.54	0.04	47.0		07.0	100.0	0.40	16800					
	20		4.3	7.12	7.12	2.78	17.51	0.01	17.3	0.2	37.6	136.9	0.13	16700					
	21													14040 8930		9.	sat	sat	
	23	indu tros que des.				1	1	1				1		6670	1	+		-	
	24													8270			-		ĺ.
	25										and a second			8040					
	26													15020					Ê
	27			7.50		0.00								19240					l.
	28		5.33	7.52	7.52	3.03	29.435	0.01	29.4	0.025	40.2	145	0.56	15490	1	9	sat	sat	E.

ear		Sample Location	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2			EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	
Month - Year		PARA	BOD5	рН	рН	Dissolved Oxygen	Total Inorganic Nitrogen	Ammonia	Nitrate Nitrogen	Nitrite Nitrogen	Dissolved Sodium	Chloride	Phosphorus	Flow (Meas)	Flow (Calc)		Vegetation		Comments
2	DAY	LIMITS	mg/l	Min 6.5	Max 9.0	1000000000			1.	10000	1925 CHE STA	No. Sugg		60000	21900000	18 K. Stall	Law Constant	10000000000	Ū
	29	UNITS	ing/i	0.0	9.0	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	GPD	GPY	Feet	Sat/Unsat	Sat/Unsat	222
	30									-				19980 15810		9			
	1													13890		9	sat	sat	
	2													9080					
	3													15630					
	4 5													16520		9	sat	sat	
	6						-							14950					
	7		3.78	7.2	7.2	3	24.515	0.9	23.6	0.015	43.4	132	1.63	18910 16380				-	
	8						24.010	0.0	20.0	0.015	45.4	132	1.03	14660					
	9													9970	-				
	10													14720	-	9	sat	sat	
	11		6.74	7.27	7.27	2.51	10.325	2.1	8.21	0.015	49		0.88	13150					4
	12		7.92	7.25	7.25	2.76	10.409	0.874	9.5	0.035		149.5	0.69	18080					
	13 14													16660					100
	14													17350					Data from Daily SBB 2007 vie
	16													13020 9520					ŭ
	17											-		15080					
	18		12.09	7.23	7.23	2.9	5.375	1.73	3.62	0.025	42.4	136.5	1.07	12710		9	sat	sat	6
	19				9							10010		16440			Juli	301	
	20													13060					
	21													16380					
	22		-											11050					
	23 24													8950					
	25													14350		9	sat	sat	
	26		1.34	7.48	7.5	8.25	7.24	0.05	7.17	0.02	38.6	146.5	0.13	8720 14870					
	27				1.0	0.20	1.21	0.00	1.11	0.02		140.5	0.15	14480	-	9	sat	sat .	
	28													14250			301	301	
	29													11260			1		
	30		_											7200					
	31			-		-								12530					
	1		0.36	7.32	7.32	0.22	Section and	Sector Ships	a an		01.0		0.40	10520	Distant in	Same States	LINE TO BE		
	3		4.63	7.19	7.19	8.32 4.99	36.977	1.16	35.8	0.017	31.3	141 139	0.13	14660					
	4		4.00	1.10	7.13	4.00	30.977	1,10	35.6	0.017		139	0.13	16650 13650		9	sat	sat	
	5													11560			Sal	ડતા	
	6													7230					
	7													14580					
	8		0.93	7.15	7.15	5.29	39.235	0.02	39.2	0.015	39	144.5	0.13	16300					
	9 10		4.04	7.38	7.38	3.13 ·	37.58	3.95	33.6	0.03		147.5	0.13	22740		9	sat	sat	
	11		-											16320	<u></u>	9	sat	sat	
	12			-										18270 8930					
	13													9080					-
	14													15730					2
	15		2.15	7.16	7.16	2.64	14.1	3.69	10.4	0.01	40.5	134	0.13	14890		8.5	sat	sat	ļ
	16		4.77	7.23	7.23	2.73	18.325	8.01	10.3	0.015			0.25	16800					
	17													13250					Ë
	18		-											17730					Data from Daily SED 2008 via
	20													10250					
	20													8870				<u> </u>	
	22													13400 13520		9	sat	sat	6
	23		0.91			2.03					43.5		0.88	13520					
	24		3.62	7.28	7.28	2.15	17.02	6.4	10.6	0.02		154	0.88	14930					
	25													17690		9	sat	sat	
	26				and a second second									10070				1	

		Sample									100 m 22 m 100								
		Location	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2 Total	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2			EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	ients
MORTIN - Tear		PARA METER	BOD5	рН	рН	Dissolved Oxygen	Inorganic Nitrogen	Ammonia	Nitrate Nitrogen	Nitrite Nitrogen	Dissolved Sodium	Chloride	Phosphorus	Flow (Meas)	Flow (Calc)	Freeboard	Vegetation	Dike Insp	Comments
Σ	DAY	LIMITS	mail	Min 6.5	Max 9.0	mail	mall	mall	mail	mail	mal	mall	mall	60000 GPD	21900000 GPY	Feet	Sat/Lineat	Sat/Unsat	-
	27	UNITS	mg/l	0.5	9.0	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	9580	GFT	reel	Savonsat	042011341	
	28					Contraction of the								14660					
	29		2.42	7.48	7.48	4.17	17.52	0.7	16.8	0.02	51.8	161.4	0.13	16440		8.5	sat	sat	
	30													18490					
	31		3.94	7.05	7.05	3.48	25.36	2.64	22.7	0.02			0.38	14440			[		
	1			<u></u>		A Charles	0	CARLE TITLE	A STATUS				and the second	16380	all states and	12.			
	2				-		0	in the second						10580				and the second of	
	4						0							14120			Constant in the		
	5		3.22	7.2	7.2	2.91	25.775	2.55	23.2	0.025	50.7	154.5	0.75	18330		9	sat	sat	
	6		4.51	7.14	7.14	1.17	27.895	4.57	23.3	0.025		149.5	1.25	14840					
	7						0							17990					
	8						0							17730		9	sat	sat	÷.
	9						0							11900					
	10						0					-		11090					5
- 8	11			7.05	7.05		0	0.75	12.1	0.025	49.2		0.81	12130 18340		9	sat	sat	
	12 13		4 3.43	7.25	7.25	1.4	12.875	0.75	12.1	0.025	49.2	145.5	0.01	14670		9	Sal	Sal	Data from Daily SBR 2008 vis
1	14		5.45	7.15	7.15	4.55	0					140.0		19770					ä
	15						0			-			Contraction of the second second	14470					2
	16	han barte Mani di Man-Ular e	-				0					-		14400					č
	17						0							9030					E
	18						0							14190					3
	19		3.86	7.06	7.06	1.57	13.89	0.17	13.7	0.02	47.7	145	0.75	14600					Ę
	20	ter bertinden er et et etterte	2.97	7.02	7.02	3.99	28.125	0.01	28.1	0.015			0.75	16060		9	sat	sat	Ċ
	21 22						0							17820 15680	-				
1	22						0							17270					
1	24		-				0							14690			-		
	25				-		0		1.00					12280		9	sat	sat	-
	26		3.62	7.05	7.1	2.25	23.545	0.13	23.4	0.015	51	140	2	20500					
	27		6.16	7.1	7.1	0.93	27.195	1.07	26.1	0.025			2.88	20510					-
l ú	28						0							18330					
	29						0					-		22920					
1994) 1994	1 2					S. Standard	Contraction of the	1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1		La travelació				13920	-				
	3	ication de com												14260 7220					
~~ r	4							and the second second		-				17520		8.5	Sat	Sat	
	5		3.57	7.31	7.31	3.1	15.338	0.415	14.9	0.023	40.7	130	1	27310		0.0	Out	Joar	
	6	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>		1.100.1	1.101		10.000	0.110		0.020	10.1	100		24200					
	7	Logari a n					1			1				18150					
	8							Baar an ann an 1			and the second second			17540					
	9													13940					
	10		100	history and the second	Lange and the second									17130		9	sat	sat	
	11 12	in an	4.09	7.25	7.3	1.35	22.04	- 11	10.4	0.04	11.0	131	0.13	28320				len edated	Data from Daily CDD 2008 vie
	12		10.95	1.25	1.3	1.05	23.84	4.4	19.4	0.04	41.6	127.5	0.13	28330 24820	t				000
	14						1							24820	1	9	sat	sat	100
	15		-				1			1		1		16870		Ŭ			
	16									1		1		14920			1	1	
	17	in the second second second												14230					] 2
	18													28960					1
	19		8.93	7.27	7.3	2.06	32.867	5.02	27.8	0.047	45.2	129.5	1.25	25390	1				
	20		4.14	7.09	7.1	3.52	43.265	0.74	42.5	0.025		133	1.88	29230		8.5	sat	sat	
	21 22											+		22570					Ĺ
	22				<u> </u>									13140 16510					
	23	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·										-		23730	langer and				
		المتكافية والأجار جياركم وتشجي اورجع				and the second	1. 10. 11. 1999.1	1	In the second second		1		1	20100	(1)	P	a position and a second second	1	101

ear		Sample Location	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2		1. 24 4	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	
Month - Year		PARA	BOD5	рН	pH	Dissolved Oxygen	Total Inorganic Nitrogen	Ammonia	Nitrate Nitrogen	Nitrite Nitrogen	Dissolved Sodium	Chloride	Phosphorus	Flow (Meas)	Flow (Calc)			Dike Insp	Comments
2	DAY	LIMITS		Min	Max	a statistics	Constant State	2021222	ALC: NO. 19	State of				60000	21900000	Service Services	Liebert	ALC: NO.	Č
	26	UNITS	mg/l	6.5	9.0	mg/l	mg/i	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	GPD	GPY	Feet	Sat/Unsat	Sat/Unsat	1000
	20		8.33	7.23	7.2	0.92	47.75	12.1	35.6	0.05	47	136.5	1.88	26280		9	sat	sat	
	28													28940					1
-	29													25880					
	30		-											27500					1
	31													23040			energia energia		
	1		2-11-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-											35970					
	2	****	6.63	7.31	7.31	1.48	50 500	40.4	01.0		A Charles	12100 1000	「正式のなどのよう」	37140	States in				
	3		0.00	1.51	1.01	1.40	50.593	19.1	31.2	0.293	48.1	128	1.2	38720		9	Sat	Sat	
	4								-					30270					
ł	5		-											29680		8.5	Sat	Sat	
	6													28850					
1	7	·	-		1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999									24210					
	8		14.55	7.07	7,1	1.74	57.93	47.7	40.0	0.00	F0.0			30070					
	9		14.6	6.96	7	1.04	65.725	31.8	10.2 33.9	0.03	53.8	140	2.63	33390					1
1	10		14.0	0.00	/	1.04	03.725	31.0	33.9	0.025		136.5	4	24510		9	Sat	Sat	
	11													29900					4
	12													29990 26360	-	8.5	Sat	Sat	
	13													30100	-				
。 [	14						-		-					25760					
2 [	15													28350		9	Sat	Sat	
April-U8	16		3.02	6.71	6.7	2.52	60.82	0.2	60,6	0.02	53.9	141.5	5.5	29420		3	Jai	Jac	
۲ (	17		2.52	6.87	6.9	2.62	55.92	0.1	55.8	0.02	00.0	143	5	32370					1
	18											110	<b>.</b>	30650	-	9	Sat	Sat	•
[	19													22480		0	Joal	Sal	
L	20													24710					1
	21												**************************************	30040					
	22		1.58	7.06	7.1	3.21	33.425	0.01	33.4	0.015	42.4		2.38	24480		8.5	Sat	Sat	1
ļ	23		2.14	7.1	7.1	3.39	30.53	0.01	30.5	0.02		144.5	3.5	23550					1
ļ	24													24770					
ŀ	25						- N.							20680		9	Sat	Sat	
ļ	26		i in the second second											22930					
ł	27				1								and a second state	17280					
ŀ	28		0.05	7.00	7.0									17750					
ł	30		3.05	7.22	7.2	4.06	15.93	0.01	15.9	0.02	42	141.25	1.75	17220		9	Sat	Sat	
	1		4.05	1.21	7.3	3.41	13.915	0.08	13.8	0.035			3.13	19370					
ł	2					and the second second	1.1.1.1.1.1.1	SUSPECT OF CO	A COLLEGE HERE			A CONTRACTOR		21990			Rent of Laborator	3 F. S. T.	
ł	3													23210					
ŀ	4													13730					
ł	5													12940					1
t	6		2.25	7.32	7.3	4.51	6.455	0.01	6.42	0.025	39.6	135.5	1.38	15760 16920					1
t	7		3.89	7.41	7.4	4	11.62	0.01	11.6	0.023	39.0	133.5	1.88	22160		9	sat	sat	1
ſ	8						11.02	0.01	11.0	0.01		104.0	1.00	19780		-		Contraction of	1
Г	9													22820		9	cat	ant	l.
T .	10												11	15440		0	sat	sat	l l
E E	11													15430					1 .
[	12													7930					1
[	13			7.26	7.3	4.5	12.53	0.01	12.5	0.02	39.1	132	1.25	18550					1
	14													19670					1
	15													24910		9	sat	sat	
r L	16	a de la companya de l	1.98	7.25	7.3	4.68								18740		9	sat	sat	1
• L	17													20370					1
	18													10550		and the second second			1
Ļ	19													18670		8.5	sat	sat	1
	20			7.25	7.3	1.96	16.938	1.11	15.8	0.028	38.1		0.63	19250					L
H			1											20590					E S
ļ	21 22		2.07	7.15	7.2	4.905	20.045	0.02	20	0.025		125.5	1.38	14640		9	sat	sat	10 E E

aar		Sample Location	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2			EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	
Month - Year		PARA METER LIMITS	BOD5	рН	рН	Dissolved Oxygen	Total Inorganic Nitrogen	Ammonia	Nitrate Nitrogen	Nitrite Nitrogen	Dissolved Sodium	Chloride	Phosphorus	Flow (Meas) 60000	Flow (Calc) 21900000	Freeboard	Vegetation	Dike Insp	
Z	DAY	UNITS	mg/l	Min 6.5	Max 9.0	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	GPD	GPY	Feet	Sat/Unsat	Sat/Unsat	
	24	UNITO	mgr	0.0	3.0	mgri	mgn	mgri	mgn	mgr	nign	mgn	myn	14850		1 CCt		Caronsar	
	25													16800					E
	26													11590					
	27													19230					
	28		1.97	7.47	7.5	4.16	18,33	0.01	18.3	0.02	28.9	119.5	0.5	19300					1
	29		1.78	7.39	7.4	3.74	23.235	0.01	23.2	0.025		119.25	1.13	24600		8.5	sat	sat	
	30													18430					
	31													17790					-
	1					Manager Provide		No. of Contraction		Had being	No. Carlos	1 Martin and		11430 18270	The state	0	ant	cat	
	2	<u> in the second second</u>	1.59	7.33	7.33	1.53	9.385	0.15	9.2	0.035	34.1	115	0.05	17780		9	sat	sat	£.
	4		5.02	7.03	7.03	1.01	14.805	2.19	12.6	0.035	34.1	115	1.25	21410					l
	5		0.02	1.00	1.00	1.01	14.000	2.10	12.0	0.010			1.20	18440					
	6													21360		8.5	sat	sat	
	7													11950					
	8													17290					
	9				Generalizen de 2									17640		9	sat	sat	
	10		1.6	7.38	7.4	1.1	11.975	1.95	10	0.025	35.5	123	1.63	24790					
	11		1.26	7.33	7.33	3.09	18.11	0.085	18	0.025			0.88	19110					
	12													20630		9	sat	sat	
	13													20220					
20-9UNC	14 15				-									21370 17510					1
-eu	16	an teachairte an Statione												26330		9	sat	sat	
3	17													26280			301	501	
	18													23180		8.5	sat	sat	
	19		2.97	7.43	7.4	2.32	19.583	0.35	19.2	0.033	33.3	108	6	25270			-		
	20													19190					
	21													20400					
	22								- A-F 10			2		14670					
	23													19500		9	sat	sat	
	24		1.14	7.46	7.5	4.69	9.09	0.01	9.05	0.03	29.5	111	0.88	22100					
	25		2.1	7.28	7.3	2.93	17.495	0.18	17.3	0.015			1.75	22650					
	26													24500 17710		9	sat	sat	
	27										in the second		- All and a second second	18250			-		
	29		-											11780				-	
	30										1		a and a section of the	16520					
	1		1.9	7.29	7.29	2.2	8.495	0.18	8.3	0.015	34.2	120	1.38	16100	Marine Street	. 9	sat	sat	
	2													16880					
	3													16040					
	4												102	14230					
	5													13760					
	6													9370					
	7 8		0.9	7.54	7.5	5.0	12.44	0.01	12.4	0.02	20	100	1.05	20670		0			
	9		1.46	7.54	7.5	5.8	12.44 18.335	0.01	12.4	0.03	30	126	1.25	14730 20980		9	sat	sat	ł
	10		1.40	1.52	1.0	0.04	10.000	0.01	10.0	0.025			1.50	19160		8.5	sat	sat	1
	11					1	<b></b>							22830	1	0.0		Jui	1
	12		1			1	1	Contraction of the		1				13260			1	1	1
	13													15630				1	1
	14													14360		9	sat	sat	
July-08	15		1.91	7.34	7.34	2.57	16.545	0.01	16.5	0.035	34.2	119.5	1.63	21590					
Ś.	16		1.9	7.39	7.4	3.74	20.03	0.01	20	0.02		120.5	1.38	16220					
ร์	17													20570		8.5	sat	sat	1
	18													17870				1	1
	19													19120					1
	20		Provide 11		E	1	10 <sup>10</sup>	1		1	I and a second second	1	Law of the second	13640	1	L	1	1	1.000

2008 CK gw renewal Table 2 update.xls

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Page 22 of 23

		Sample	Contraction of the second	S. Aller	2.848	120.5	SVESCI	S. Charles La		C. CHELS	States States	10.2 5.2	Constant of the second	1.5 2 2 2	A MAGNED	101761-010	B and	148 - 14	1185
		Location	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	A Planta	Secolaria	EQ-2	EQ-2	EQ-2	
		PARA METER LIMITS	BOD5	pH Min	pH Max	Dissolved Oxygen	Total Inorganic Nitrogen	Ammonia	Nitrate Nitrogen	Nitrite Nitrogen	Dissolved Sodium	Chloride	Phosphorus	Flow (Meas)	Flow (Calc)	Freeboard	Vegetation		
	DAY	UNITS	mg/l	6.5	9.0	mg/i	mail	and a			and the second	A BRIEF ROLLING	-P-X-MPS-L-Research	60000	21900000	State of State	NG SALAND	A state and the	
	22	onno	2.15	7.34	7.3	3.01	mg/l 8.928	mg/l 0.01	mg/l 8.9	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	mg/l	GPD	GPY	Feet	Sat/Unsat	Sat/Unsat	99.9
	23		2.5	7.39	7.4	3.38	12.24	0.01	12.2	0.018	31.5	116	1	18100					
	24		2.0	1.00	1.4	0.00	12.24	0.01	12.2	0.03		117	1.25	21080	La seconda da seconda s		-		
	25										1.0.000			21240		8.5	sat	sat	
	26												and the second second	23820					
	27													15420					
	28													14060 16940					
	29		2.13	7.2	7.2	3.09	7.835	0.01	7.8	0.025	29.8	110	0.00			9	sat	sat	
	30		3.6	7.27	7.3	2.8	13.425	0.3	13.1	0.025	29.8	110 105.25	0.63	27260					
	31		0.0	1.21	1.0	2.0	10.420	0.5	13.1	0.025		105.25	1.75	22330 24820	tion of the second s				
1	1		ANT OTHER AT	A SAME AND A	TOR SPACE	Not set of set of	Chart Start he	STATE OF STREET, STORE	North Contract of Contract	International Contraction of	A Transfer to Barrier States		A CONTRACTOR OF A CONTRACTOR	19300					_
	2				Car I Carlos Artas	Contraction of the second	And the second s	the strengthings			Copies, 2019 in 12.817	and the state of the			11.12.2.1.1.1 <u>.</u> 2.	and the second	N. TENERAL	2010	
	3							-					in the second	18000 11040					
	4													19440					
	5					-		-						17700					
	6		1.94	7.01	7	2.47	18.26	0.035	18.2	0.025			0.88	21580					
	7		1.32	7.15	7.2	3.96	24.53	0.01	24.5	0.023			1.3	17390					
	8					0.00	0	0.01	24.5	0.02			1.5	21220					
	9						0							11680					
	10			-		-	0							14170					
	11						0							12140	-				
	12													12140					
	13																		
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No. Observations	293	299	159	217	302	284	268	281	125	170	293	1319
Minimum	0.1	6.58	6.58	0.7	0	0.01	0.5	0.003	26.6	95	0.01	4770
Average	3.2	7.3	7.2	2.9	18.1	2.1	17.9	0.3	38.2	127.3	1.2	18605.8
Maximum	15.04	8.07	7.6	8.32	68.67	47.7	61	16.04	56.4	161.4	6.75	43360
90th Percentile	6.4	7.7	7.4	5.1	39.9	7.5	35.4	0.2	48.6	145.6	2.7	26290.0
95th Percentile	8.3	7.8	7.5	5.7	47.8	10.4	41.6	0.6	50.9	152.5	3.6	30287.0