



Florida Power & Light Company, 6501 S. Ocean Drive, Jensen Beach, FL 34957

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10 CFR 50.36

U. S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission  
ATTN: Document Control Desk  
Washington, DC 20555

Re: St. Lucie Unit 1  
Docket No. 50-335  
Cycle 23 Core Operating Limits Report

Pursuant to St. Lucie Unit 1 Technical Specification (TS) 6.9.1.11.d, Florida Power & Light Company (FPL) is submitting the Core Operating Limits Report (COLR) for operating cycle 23.

Technical Specification 6.9.1.11.d requires that the COLR, including any mid-cycle revisions or supplements, be provided to the NRC upon issuance for each reload cycle. Accordingly, enclosed is a copy of the *St. Lucie Unit 1, Cycle 23 Core Operating Limits Report*, Revision 0.

Please contact us if there are any questions regarding this submittal.

Very truly yours,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "E. Katzman".

Eric S. Katzman  
Licensing Manager  
St. Lucie Plant

ESK/KWF

Attachment

A001  
NRR

ST. LUCIE UNIT 1, CYCLE 23  
CORE OPERATING LIMITS REPORT

Revision 0

Prepared by: M. Jimenez 1/15/10  
M. Jimenez Date

Verified by: E. A. Hernandez 1/15/10  
E. A. Hernandez Date

Approved by: J. N. Kabadi 1/15/10  
J. N. Kabadi Date

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## 1.0 INTRODUCTION

This CORE OPERATING LIMITS REPORT (COLR) describes the cycle-specific parameter limits for the operation of St. Lucie Unit 1. It contains the limits for the following as provided in Section 2.

Moderator Temperature Coefficient

Full Length CEA Position - Misalignment > 15 Inches

Regulating CEA Insertion Limits

Linear Heat Rate

TOTAL INTEGRATED RADIAL PEAKING FACTOR -  $F_r^T$

DNB Parameter - AXIAL SHAPE INDEX

Refueling Operations - Boron Concentration

SHUTDOWN MARGIN -  $T_{avg}$  Greater Than 200 °F

SHUTDOWN MARGIN -  $T_{avg}$  Less Than or Equal To 200 °F

This report also contains the necessary figures which give the limits for the above listed parameters.

Terms appearing in capitalized type are DEFINED TERMS as defined in Section 1.0 of the Technical Specifications.

This report is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Technical Specification 6.9.1.11.

## 2.0 CORE OPERATING LIMITS

### 2.1 Moderator Temperature Coefficient (TS 3.1.1.4)

The moderator temperature coefficient (MTC) shall be less negative than -32 pcm/<sup>0</sup>F at RATED THERMAL POWER.

### 2.2 Full Length CEA Position - Misalignment > 15 Inches (TS 3.1.3.1)

The time constraints for full power operation with the misalignment of one full length CEA by 15 or more inches from any other CEA in its group are shown in Figure 3.1-1a.

### 2.3 Regulating CEA Insertion Limits (TS 3.1.3.6)

The regulating CEA groups shall be limited to the withdrawal sequence and to the insertion limits shown on Figure 3.1-2, with CEA insertion between the Long Term Steady State Insertion Limits and the Power Dependent Insertion Limits restricted to:

- a.  $\leq$  4 hours per 24 hour interval,
- b.  $\leq$  5 Effective Full Power Days per 30 Effective Full Power Day interval, and
- c.  $\leq$  14 Effective Full Power Days per calendar year.

### 2.4 Linear Heat Rate (TS 3.2.1)

The linear heat rate shall not exceed the limits shown on Figure 3.2-1.

The AXIAL SHAPE INDEX power dependent control limits are shown on Figure 3.2-2.

During operation, with the linear heat rate being monitored by the Excore Detector Monitoring System, the AXIAL SHAPE INDEX shall be maintained within the limits of Figure 3.2-2.

During operation, with the linear heat rate being monitored by the Incore Detector Monitoring System, the Local Power Density alarm setpoints shall be adjusted to less than or equal to the limits shown on Figure 3.2-1.

2.5 TOTAL INTEGRATED RADIAL PEAKING FACTOR -  $F_r^T$  (TS 3.2.3)

The calculated value of  $F_r^T$  at RATED THERMAL POWER shall be limited to  $\leq 1.70$ .

The power dependent  $F_r^T$  limits are shown on Figure 3.2-3.

2.6 DNB Parameters - AXIAL SHAPE INDEX (TS 3.2.5)

The AXIAL SHAPE INDEX shall be maintained within the limits specified in Figure 3.2-4.

2.7 Refueling Operations - Boron Concentration (TS 3.9.1)

With the reactor vessel head unbolted or removed, the boron concentration of all filled portions of the Reactor Coolant System and the refueling cavity shall be maintained uniform and sufficient to ensure that the more restrictive of the following reactivity conditions is met:

- a. Either a  $K_{eff}$  of 0.95 or less, which includes a 1000 pcm conservative allowance for uncertainties, or
- b. A boron concentration of  $\geq 1720$  ppm, which includes a 50 ppm conservative allowance for uncertainties.

2.8 SHUTDOWN MARGIN -  $T_{avg}$  Greater Than 200 °F (TS 3.1.1.1)

The SHUTDOWN MARGIN shall be greater than or equal to 3600 pcm.

2.9 SHUTDOWN MARGIN -  $T_{avg}$  Less Than or Equal To 200 °F (TS 3.1.1.2)

The SHUTDOWN MARGIN shall be greater than or equal to 2000 pcm.

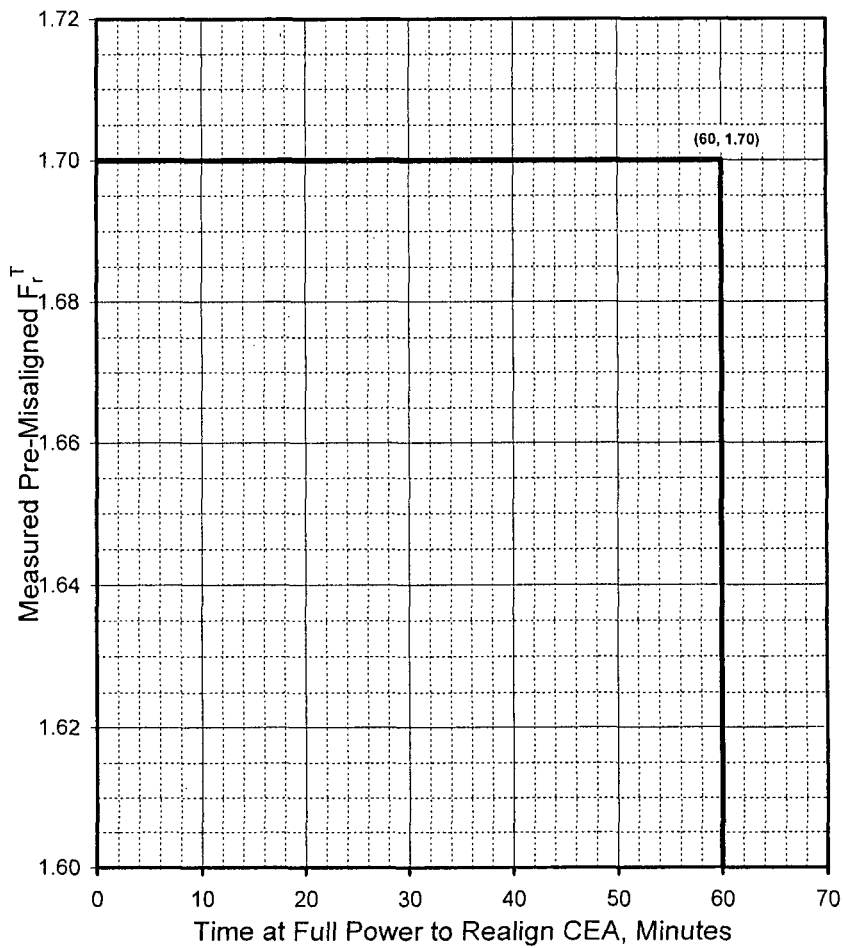
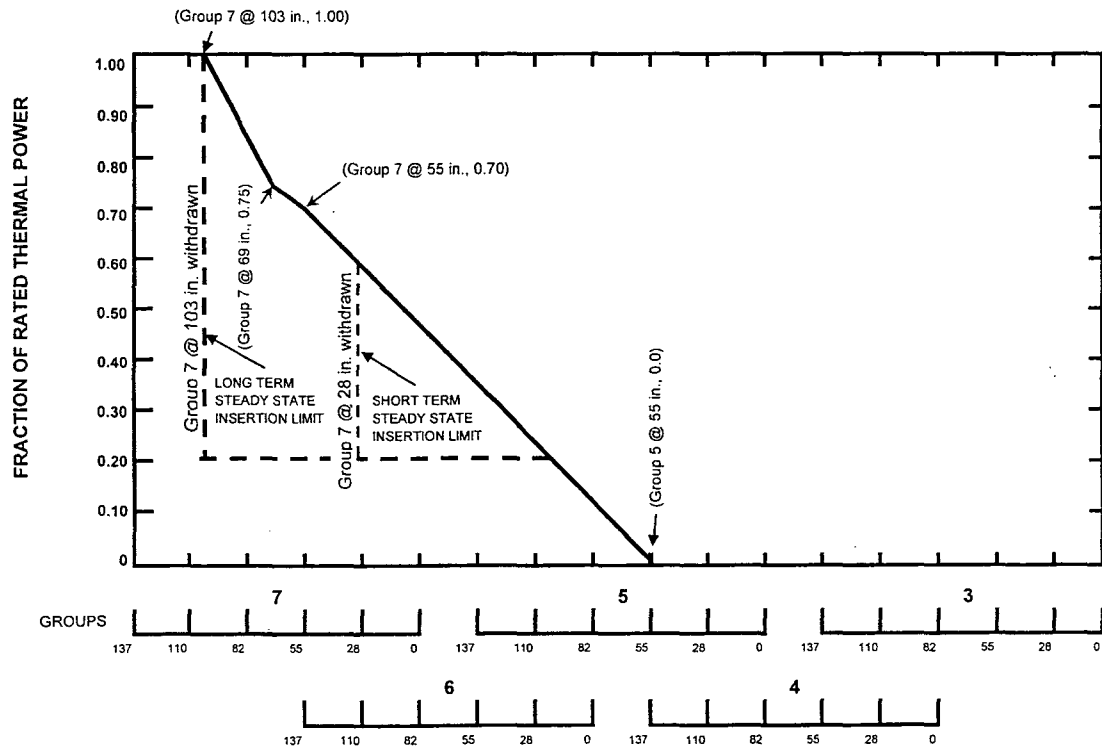
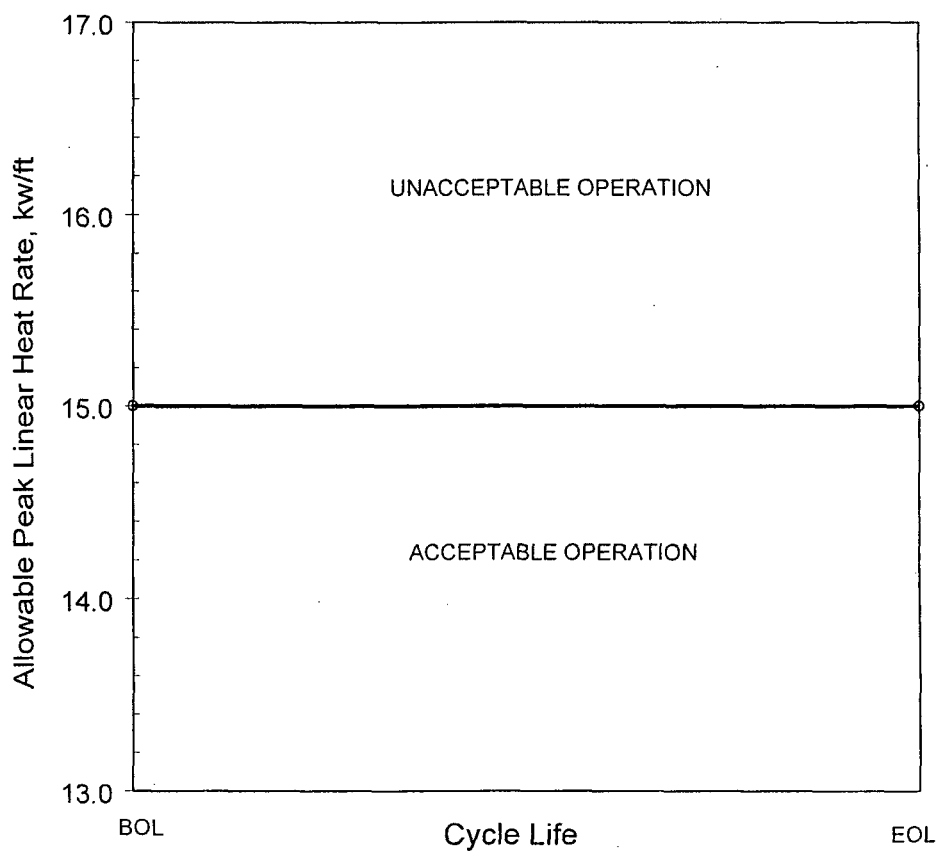


FIGURE 3.1-1a  
Allowable Time to Realign CEA vs. Initial  $F_r^T$



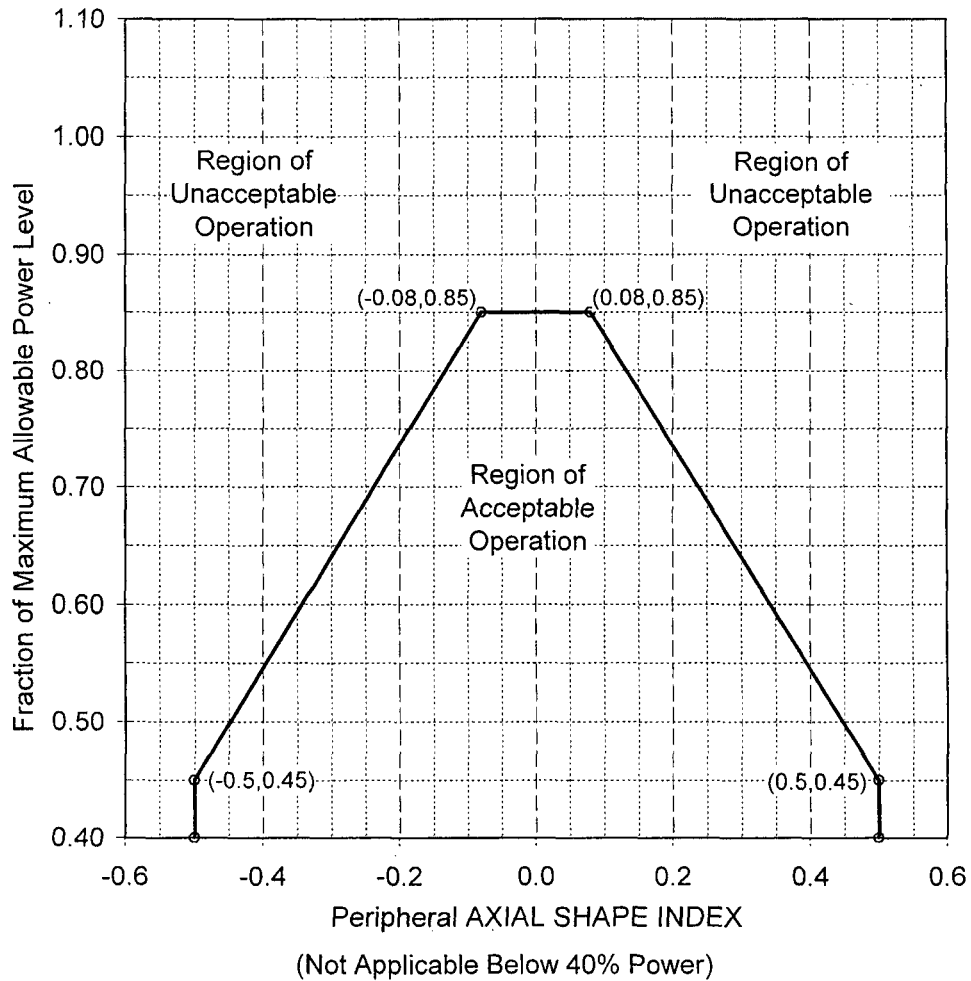
CEA GROUP POSITION  
(INCHES WITHDRAWN)  
FIGURE 3.1-2  
CEA Insertion Limits vs. THERMAL POWER  
(4 Reactor Coolant Pumps Operating)





(Fuel + Clad + Moderator)

FIGURE 3.2-1  
Allowable Peak Linear Heat Rate vs. Burnup



Note: AXIAL SHAPE INDEX limits for Linear Heat Rate when using Excore Detector Monitoring System)

FIGURE 3.2-2  
AXIAL SHAPE INDEX vs. Maximum Allowable Power Level

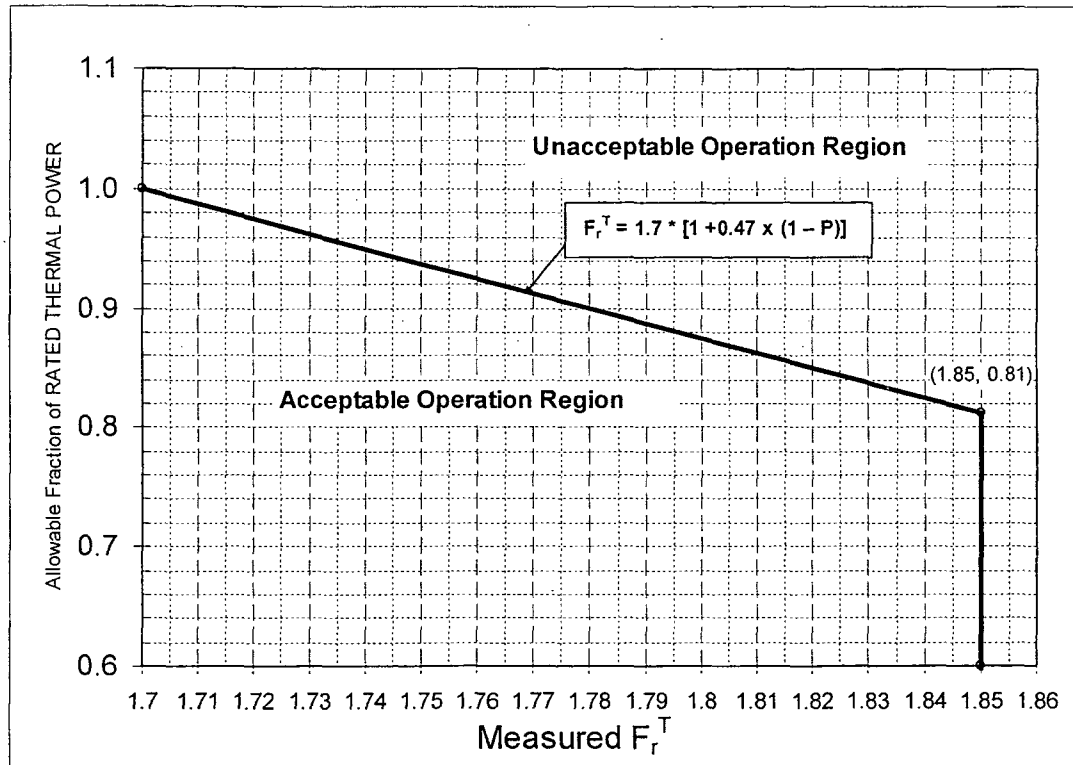


FIGURE 3.2-3  
Allowable Combinations of THERMAL POWER and  $F_r^T$

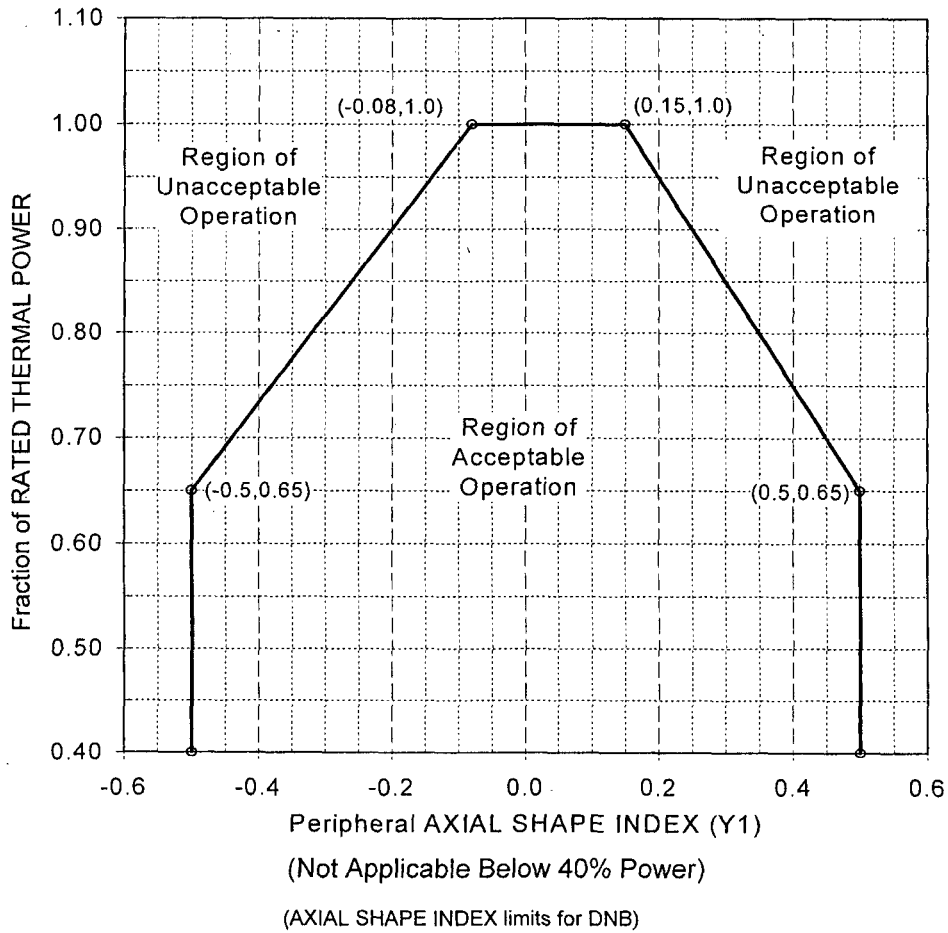


FIGURE 3.2-4  
AXIAL SHAPE INDEX Operating Limits vs. THERMAL POWER  
(Four Reactor Coolant Pumps Operating)

### 3.0 LIST OF APPROVED METHODS

The analytical methods used to determine the core operating limits are those previously approved by the NRC, and are listed below.

1. WCAP-11596-P-A, "Qualification of the PHOENIX-P/ANC Nuclear Design System for Pressurized Water Reactor Cores," June 1988 (Westinghouse Proprietary)
2. NF-TR-95-01, "Nuclear Physics Methodology for Reload Design of Turkey Point & St. Lucie Nuclear Plants," Florida Power & Light Company, January 1995
3. XN-75-27(A) and Supplements 1 through 5, [also issued as XN-NF-75-27(A)], "Exxon Nuclear Neutronic(s) Design Methods for Pressurized Water Reactors," Exxon Nuclear Company, Inc. / Advanced Nuclear Fuels Corporation, Report and Supplement 1 dated April 1977, Supplement 2 dated December 1980, Supplement 3 dated September 1981 (P), Supplement 4 dated December 1986 (P), and Supplement 5 dated February 1987 (P)
4. ANF-84-73(P)(A) Revision 5, Appendix B, & Supplements 1 and 2, "Advanced Nuclear Fuels Methodology for Pressurized Water Reactors: Analysis of Chapter 15 Events," Advanced Nuclear Fuels Corporation, October 1990
5. XN-NF-82-21(P)(A) Revision 1, "Application of Exxon Nuclear Company PWR Thermal Margin Methodology to Mixed Core Configurations," Exxon Nuclear Company, Inc., September 1983
6. EMF-84-093(P)(A) Revision 1, "Steam Line Break Methodology for PWRs," Siemens Power Corporation, February 1999 (This document is a Revision to ANF-84-93)
7. XN-75-32(P)(A) Supplements 1 through 4, "Computational Procedure for Evaluating Fuel Rod Bowing," Exxon Nuclear Company, Inc., October 1983
8. XN-NF-82-49(P)(A) Revision 1 Supplement 1, "Exxon Nuclear Company Evaluation Model Revised EXEM PWR Small Break Model," Siemens Power Corporation, December 1994
9. XN-NF-78-44(NP)(A), "A Generic Analysis of the Control Rod Ejection Transient for Pressurized Water Reactors," Exxon Nuclear Company, Inc., October 1983
10. XN-NF-621(P)(A) Revision 1, "Exxon Nuclear DNB Correlation for PWR Fuel Designs," Exxon Nuclear Company, Inc., September 1983
11. EMF-2087(P)(A) Revision 0, "SEM/PWR-98: ECCS Evaluation Model for PWR LBLOCA Applications," Siemens Power Corporation, June 1999

12. XN-NF-82-06(P)(A) Revision 1, and Supplements 2, 4 and 5, "Qualification of Exxon Nuclear Fuel for Extended Burnup," Exxon Nuclear Company, Inc., October 1986
13. ANF-88-133(P)(A) and Supplement 1, "Qualification of Advanced Nuclear Fuels' PWR Design Methodology for Rod Burnups of 62 GWd/MTU," Advanced Nuclear Fuels Corporation, December 1991
14. XN-NF-85-92(P)(A), "Exxon Nuclear Uranium Dioxide/Gadolinia Irradiation Examination and Thermal Conductivity Results," Exxon Nuclear Company, Inc., November 1986
15. ANF-89-151(P)(A), "ANF-RELAP Methodology for Pressurized Water Reactors: Analysis of Non-LOCA Chapter 15 Events," Advanced Nuclear Fuels Corporation, May 1992
16. Deleted
17. EMF-92-116(P)(A), Revision 0, "Generic Mechanical Design Criteria for PWR Fuel Design," Siemens Power Corporation, February 1999
18. EMF-92-153(P)(A) Revision 1, "HTP: Departure from Nucleate Boiling Correlation for High Thermal Performance Fuel," Siemens Power Corporation, January 2005
19. EMF-96-029(P)(A) Volumes 1 and 2, "Reactor Analysis System for PWRs Volume 1 – Methodology Description, Volume 2 – Benchmarking Results," Siemens Power Corporation, January 1997
20. EMF-1961(P)(A), Revision 0, "Statistical Setpoint/Transient Methodology for Combustion Engineering Type Reactors," Siemens Power Corporation, July 2000
21. EMF-2310(P)(A), Revision 1, "SRP Chapter 15 Non-LOCA Methodology for Pressurized Water Reactors," May 2004
22. EMF-2328(P)(A), Revision 0, "PWR Small Break LOCA Evaluation Model, S-RELAP5 Based," March 2001