

UNITED STATES NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D. C. 20555

Dorbet Vilo 70-687

Docket No. 70-687

OCT 2 3 1981

MEMORANDUM FOR:

L. C. Rouse, Chief

Advanced Fuel and Spent Fuel

Ligensing Branch

Division of Fuel Cycle and

Material Safety

FROM:

R. G. Page, Chief

Uranium Fuel Licensing Branch Division of Fuel Cycle and

Material Safety

SUBJECT:

REVIEW OF LICENSE APPLICATION DATED AUGUST 20, 1981,

DOCKET NO. 70-687

I. Background

The Union Carbide Corporation, Medical Products Division (UCC), by application dated August 20, 1981, requested authorization to store \leq 350 g contained 235 U in each of the 100 storage cavities in their new waste storage facility.

II. Discussion

UCC has constructed a new waste storage facility for the storage of radioactive waste in 55-gallon drums containing \leq 350 g 235 U/drum. The drums are to be positioned in 28-inch diameter cavities located in a triangular pitch honeycomb matrix in concrete with a 38-inch center-to-center spacing between cavities.

The 350 g 235 U limit/drum is safe independent of the degree of water moderation within the drums and independent of the concrete reflector thickness surrounding the drums. An infinite, single-plane array of loaded drums is safe. The surface density of fuel in the array is 74 g 235 U/ft² compared to the maximum safe density of 200 g 235 U/ft² (see report by R. L. Stevenson and R. H. Odegaarden, "Studies of Surface Density Spacing Criteria Using KENO Calculations," ANS Transactions, November 1969). Therefore, the array is safe from a nuclear criticality safety viewpoint.

R. G. Page Chief

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