#### EDO Principal Correspondence Control

FROM:

DUE: 05/21/10

EDO CONTROL: G20100238

DOC DT: 04/15/10

FINAL REPLY:

Tom Gurdziel Oswego, New York

TO:

Borchardt, EDO

FOR SIGNATURE OF :

\*\* GRN

CRC NO:

Leeds, NRR

DESC:

ROUTING:

2.206 - FirstEnergy - Davis-Besse (EDATS: OEDO-2010-0305)

Borchardt Virgilio Mallett Ash

Mamish

DATE: 04/22/10

ASSIGNED TO:

CONTACT:

Satorius, RIII Burns, OGC

Burns/Rothschild

Mensah, NRR Scott, OGC

NRR

Leeds

Kotzalas, OEDO

SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS OR REMARKS:

E-RIDS: EDO-01

Template: EDO-001

EDATS Number: OEDO-2010-0305 Source: OEDO

**General Information** 

Assigned To: NRR OEDO Due Date: 5/21/2010 11:00 PM

Other Assignees: SECY Due Date: NONE

**Subject:** 2.206 - FirstEnergy - Davis-Besse

Description:

CC Routing: RegionIII; OGC; Tanya.Mensah@nrc.gov; Catherine.Scott@nrc.gov

ADAMS Accession Numbers - Incoming: NONE Response/Package: NONE

Other Information

Cross Reference Number: G20100238 Staff Initiated: NO

Related Task: Recurring Item: NO

File Routing: EDATS

Agency Lesson Learned: NO

**OEDO Monthly Report Item:** NO

**Process Information** 

Action Type: 2.206 Review Priority: Medium

Sensitivity: None

Signature Level: NRR Urgency: NO

Approval Level: No Approval Required

OEDO Concurrence: NO
OCM Concurrence: NO
OCA Concurrence: NO
Special Instructions:

**Document Information** 

Originator Name: Tom Gurdziel Date of Incoming: 4/15/2010

Originating Organization: Citizens

Document Received by OEDO Date: 4/21/2010

Addressee: R. W. Borchardt, EDO Date Response Requested by Originator: NONE

Incoming Task Received: Letter

9 Twin Orchard Drive Oswego, NY 13126 April 15, 2010

Mr. Bill Borchardt, Executive Director for Operations US Nuclear Regulatory Commission Washington, DC 20555-0001

Dear Mr. Bill Borchardt:

This is a 2.206 letter.

Early in 2002 I started following the events at the FirstEnergy/Davis-Besse plant. I read everything that I could find. And, I mean, all those transcripts of monthly meetings too. (Some ran to 110 pages, or more. At 20 pages a night, that is 6 night's worth of reading.) Besides that, I also made telephone calls.

Now, in 2010, I read everything that I can find about FirstEnergy/Davis-Besse.

Here is my observation: the exact same thing happened with the second upper reactor head at FirstEnergy/Davis-Besse that happened with the first. That is, reactor coolant has made its way through cracks (in either the CRDM nozzles or the J-groove weld), attacking the carbon steel head and ended up on the top surface of the upper reactor head.

One reason for that to happen this time is the present inadequate specification of required (PWR upper head) testing notwithstanding the length of time taken to study the first head failure. Specifically, looking at the top surface of the reactor head does not allow observation of the bottom parts where, apparently, the cracks start. All it does is allow time to pass, (and the plant to operate), until complete through weld/nozzle wall (and head) failure can be identified by reactor coolant residue up there.

I have tried to make this point, (and some others), in a series of e-mail comments I made this week and sent to Jim Heller and Viktoria Mitlyng of Region III.

So, I am requesting that you order the FirstEnergy/Davis-Besse plant to remain shut down until those 13 comments are satisfactorily addressed.

Along with those e-mail comments, I also sent slides from an August 23, 2002 public meeting between the NRC and NEI and PWR Licensees. On page 12 of 36, under the title of "Status of Future Inspections", it says exactly the same thing:

"Management by visual examination may not be considered sufficient"

This guidance was given more than 7 years ago.

Additionally, I am requesting that you order the FirstEnergy/Davis-Besse plant to remain shut down until "Staff Concerns" listed on slide 14 of 36 are reviewed in light of present day knowledge and satisfactorily addressed.

Additionally, I am requesting that you order the FirstEnergy/Davis-Besse plant to remain shut down until "Requested Information, 30 –Day Response" listed on slides 18 of 36 and 19 of 36 are also reviewed in light of present day knowledge and satisfactorily addressed.

I am also requesting that you order the same shutdown until adequate J-groove weld inspection techniques are clearly specified. (The reference is slide 27 of 36, where it states:

"Ultrasonic inspection of the weld material has not been demonstrated to be effective in detecting flaws in the J-groove weld, therefore, PT or ET is required"

The counterbore shown in slide 10 of 36 tells me that the J-groove weld is made with a gap or space between the reactor head and the CRDM nozzle. I request that you order the FirstEnergy/Davis-Besse plant to remain shut down until you are sure that the weld qualification for this weld was made with a similar gap, and passed the test.

I can supply you with the e-mails if you can't get them from Region III.

Thank you,

Tom Gurdziel Member, ASME

# Public Meeting Between NRC and NEI and PWR Licensees to Discuss Bulletin 2002-02



Two White Flint North 11545 Rockville Pike Rockville, Maryland 20852 TWFN Auditorium

August 23, 2002 9:00 am - 12:15 pm

## Agenda

Time	Topic	<u>Speaker</u>		
9:00 a - 9:15 a	Opening Remarks	Brian Sheron, NRC Alex Marion, NEI		
9:15 a - 10:00 a	Overview of Bulletin 2002-02	Allen Hiser, NRC		
10:00 a - 10:30 a	Example of Supplemental Inspections	Tim Steingass, NRC		
10:30 a - 11:00 a	Q & A on 1 <sup>st</sup> and 2 <sup>nd</sup> Presentations	all/public		
11:00 a - 11:15 a	Break	all		
11:15 a - 11:30 a	Overview of Plans for Vessel Head and Nozzle Inspection Regulations	Michael Marshall, NRC		
11:30 a - 12:00 p	Q & A on 3 <sup>rd</sup> Presentation	all/public		
12:00 p - 12:15 p	Closing Remarks	Brian Sheron, NRC Alex Marion, NEI		

### **Contacts**

- → NEI Project Manager

  ○Joe Birmingham, 301-415-2829
- → Bulletin 2002-02 Technical Contacts
  - OAllen Hiser, 301-415-1034
  - oTim Steingass, 301-415-3312
- → Bulletin 2002-02 Project Managers
  - OMichael Marshall, 301-415-2734
  - OSteve Bloom, 301-415-1313



### **NRC Web-Site Information**

- → Alloy 600 Cracking (including Circumferential Cracking of CRDM Nozzles)
  - ohttp://www.nrc.gov/reactors/operating/ops-experience/alloy600.html
- → RPV Head Degradation
  - http://www.nrc.gov/reactors/operating/ops-experience/vessel-head-degradation.html



# Previous Meetings with NEI and MRP Concerning Cracking, Wastage, or Inspections

Date	Subject			
08/23/2002	Bulletin 2002-02			
07/24/2002	Revised MRP Proposed Inspection Plan			
05/22/2002	MRP Proposed Inspection Plan, Crack Growth Rate, Probability of Detection, Probabilistic Fracture Mechanics			
03/16/2002	Davis Besse Reactor Vessel Head Degradation			
02/20/2002	Control Rod Drive Mechanism Vessel Head Penetration Cracking			
11/08/2001	Control Rod Drive Mechanism Nozzle Cracking			
08/15/2001	Bulletin 2001-01			
07/03/2001	Development of Bulletin 2001-01			
06/07/2001	Control Rod Drive Mechanism Nozzle Cracking			
04/12/2001	Control Rod Drive Mechanism Nozzle Cracking			



## Overview of Bulletin 2002-02



Presenter: Allen Hiser, 301-415-1034

August 23, 2002

## Background on VHP Nozzle Cracking & RPV Head Degradation

- First cracking of CRDM nozzles identified in France in 1991 - axial cracking
- Industry analyses axial cracking not a safety concern; circumferential cracking unlikely
- NRC issued Generic Letter 97-01
- Spring 2001 Outages -- Circumferential flaws detected (boric acid deposits)
  - Oconee Units 2 & 3 2 nozzles 165° through-wall cracks
  - Chronology of circumferential cracks
    - o Axial cracks in J-groove welds or HAZ allow leakage into annular region
    - Leakage to vessel head OD may be restricted by interference fit of nozzles
    - o Circumferential cracks initiate on OD and grow in aggressive environment

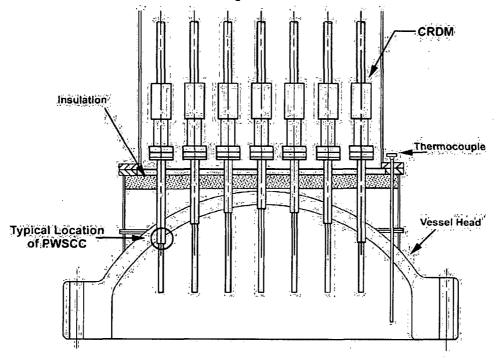


# Background on VHP Nozzle Cracking & RPV Head Degradation

- ♦ NRC issued Bulletin 2001-01 (August 2001) -inspections for circumferential cracks
- Spring 2002 Outages vessel head degradation identified at Davis-Besse
- ♦ NRC issued Bulletin 2002-01 (March 2002) no head degradation at other plants
- NRC issued Bulletin 2002-02 (August 9, 2002) inspections to prevent leakage



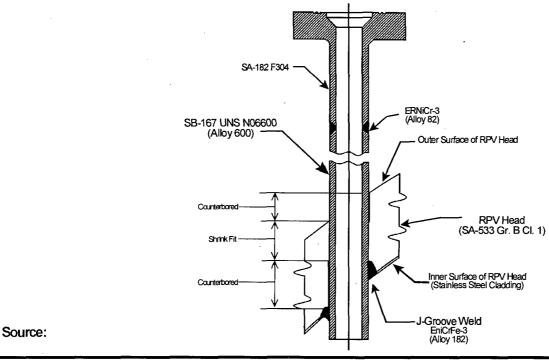
# Typical Reactor Vessel Head - Oconee Unit 1 (Babcock & Wilcox)



Source:



### Schematic View of B&W Design **CRDM Nozzle Area**





## Past Inspections

	Most Recent Inspection  Summary of Cracked or Leaking CRDM Nozzles							
Plants				Summary of Cracked or Leaking CRDM Nozzles				
	Date	Method & Scope	Leaking	Cracked	Circumferential Nozzle Cracks	Number Repaired		
Oconee 1	11/2000	Qualified Visual - 100%	1★	1★	0	1		
Oconee 3	02/2001	Qualified Visual - 100%	9	9	3	9		
ANO-1	03/2001	Qualified Visual - 100%	1	1	0	1		
Oconee 2	04/2001	Qualified Visual - 100%	4	4	1	4		
Robinson	04/2001	Qualified Visual - 100%	0	0	0	0		
North Anna 1	09/2001	Qualified Visual - 100%★★	0	8	0	0		
Crystal River 3 ★★★	10/2001	Qualified Visual - 100%★★	1 -	1	1	1		
TMI-1	10/2001	Qualified Visual - 100%	5★	8★	0	6		
Surry 1	10/2001	Qualified Visual - 100%★★	(4)	10	0	6		
North Anna 2	10/2001	Qualified Visual - 100%★★	3	3	0	3		
Surry 2	11/2001	Qualified Visual - 100%★★	0	0	0	0 .		
Oconee 3	11/2001	Qual. Visual - 100% (UT of 100%)	5	7	1	7		
D. C. Cook 2	1/2002	Qual. Visual, ECT, UT - 100%	0	0	0	0		
Millstone 2 ★★★	2/2002	UT Examination - 100%	0	3	0	3		
Davis-Besse	2/2002	UT Examination - 100%	3	5	1	3 (5)		
Oconee 1	3/2002	Qualified Visual - 100%	1	2	0	2		

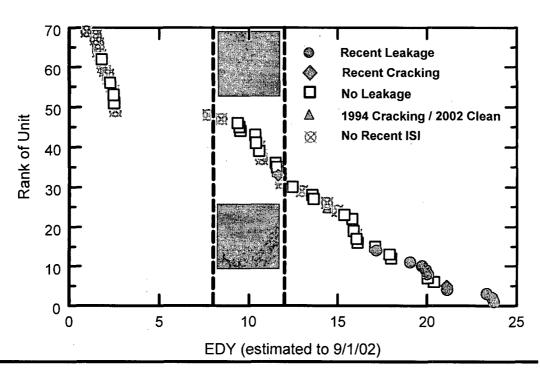


## Status of Future Inspections

- Management by visual examination may not be considered sufficient
  - Visual examination inspectability
  - Hypotheses contained in the Davis-Besse root cause report is probable
  - Technical specification limit of "no pressure boundary leakage"
- Need further information to support visual examinations alone
  - On-going MRP activities
  - Support not sufficiently mature at this time
  - Addtional technical understanding about wastage (corrosion) rates
  - Agreement on technical basis for predictive models for crack growth in welds
  - Cracking is becoming more prevalent as plants age



# Bulletin 2002-02 Susceptibility Ranking





### **Staff Concerns**

- Understanding about wastage (corrosion) rates and wastage phenomena
- Predictive models for crack growth in welds
- ♦ Cracking is becoming more prevalent as plants age
- Occurrence of through-wall or through-weld cracks during operation
- Capability to identify through-wall or through-weld cracks by leakage detection

### Proactive Actions Needed To Address Issues

- Industry needs to provide adequate technical justification to reduce necessary reliance on supplemental non-visual examinations
- New heads with Inconel 690 tubes will have to follow the same inspection criteria as heads with Inconel 600 until industry provides technical basis for changes



### Requested Information

- ♦ Issued August 9, 2002 "Reactor Pressure Vessel Head and Vessel Head Penetration Nozzle Inspection Programs"
- Informs PWRs of NRC concerns with visual examinations
- Asks PWRs to provide information about planned inspections
  - Plans to supplement inspections
  - Justification for reliance on visual examinations
- Categorization based on effective degradation years (EDY)
- ♦ Provides example of supplemental inspection



## Requested Information 30-Day Response

- For Plants that plan to supplement their RPV head and VHP inspection programs with non-visual NDE methods:
- ♦ Methods and Frequencies
- **♦** EDY
- Scope and Coverage

- Qualification Requirements
  - Method
  - Personnel
- ♦ Acceptance criteria



## Requested Information 30-Day Response

- For plants that <u>do not</u> plan to supplement their RPV head and VHP inspection programs with non-visual NDE methods:
- Discussion of Technical Basis for Concluding that Unacceptable Vessel Head Wastage Will not Occur Between Inspection Cycles
  - Provide Data to Demonstrate Understanding Wastage Phenomena
  - Provide Data to Demonstrate Understanding Wastage Rates
  - Applicability of Data to Plant



## Requested Information 30-Day Response

- For plants that <u>do not</u> plan to supplement their RPV head and VHP inspection programs with non-visual NDE methods:
  - Discussion on How Reliability and Effectiveness of the Inspections Method Was Demonstrated
  - Discussion on How the Six Concerns Have Been Addressed



## Requested Information 30-Day Post Inspection Response



CLARIFICATION: Staff intent is a one-time submittal after next inspection of vessel head and nozzle penetrations.

- Inspection Scope and Results
  - location, size, extent, and nature of any degradation
- ♦ NDE Used
  - method, number, type, and frequency of transducers or transducer packages,
  - essential variables, equipment,
  - procedure and personnel qualification requirements

STATE OF THE STATE

## Requested Information 30-Day Post Inspection Response

◆ Criteria used to determine whether an indication, "shadow," or "backwall anomaly" is acceptable or rejectable



♦ Corrective actions taken and the root cause determinations for any degradation found.





# Example of Supplemental Inspections

Presenter: Timothy Steingass, 301-415-3312

August 23, 2002

## Example of Supplemental Inspections

### ▲High Susceptibility Plants

- (>12 EDY) ~ 33 plants
- UT of nozzle base metal every RFO
- Surface examination (eddy current or PT) every RFO
- Bare metal visual every RFO

### ▲ Moderate Susceptibility Plants

- ( > 8 EDY & <12 EDY) -~ 15 plants
- UT of nozzle base metal at RFO after next RFO and then every other RFO
- o Surface examination (eddy current or PT) at RFO after next RFO and then every other RFO
- Bare metal visual at next RFO and then every other RFO

### **▲Low Susceptibility Plants**

- (<8 EDY) ~ 21 plants
- UT of nozzle base metal within 5 years and then at least once every 5 years
- Surface examination (eddy current or PT) within 5 years and then at least once every 5 years
- Bare metal visual within 3 years and then at least once every 5 years



### Example of Supplemental Inspections

- ▲Example of Supplemental inspections is not the definitive answer to testing other approaches may be technically sound
- ▲ Another Supplemental NDE approach may be warranted based on a particular licensee's configuration, geometry and method of construction
- ▲The licensee is responsible to provide their technical basis for their Supplemental NDE approach



### **Bare Metal Visuals**

- ▲Bare Metal Visuals (BMV) detect through wall leakage after the leakage has begun.
- ▲Once leakage has been identified, supplemental nondestructive examinations (NDE) are performed
- ▲BMV can be challenging to complete. Through-wall leakage may not detected in part due to access restrictions
  - o There may be field impediments to overcome
- ▲Supplemental NDE may be necessary to assure that long term leakage does not go undetected to prevent head wastage

Rockville, MD

### **Bare Metal Visuals**

- ▲BMV are beneficial because access limitations or surface conditions may prevent complete coverage of the J-groove weld
- ▲Therefore, it is reasonable to continue performing BMV as part of the inspection plan
- ▲Performing supplemental NDE is consistent with Inservice Inspection Programs and ASME to monitor Class 1, 2 and 3 components



## **Ultrasonic Testing**

- ▲Ultrasonic testing effectively detects flaws in the CRDM tube base material, both the ID and OD
- ▲If flaws are detected, their location, orientation and size must be characterized
- ▲Ultrasonic inspections detect CRDM base metal flaws prior to leakage onset
- ▲Ultrasonic inspection of the weld material has not been demonstrated to be effective in detecting flaws in the J-groove weld, therefore, PT or ET is required

A REGULATO ON THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF

August 23, 2002

### Eddy Current or Dye Penetrant Testing

- ▲The Eddy Current or PT examination acts as assurance that no unacceptable flaws exist in the CRDM nozzle or J-groove weld area
- ▲ET or PT examination provide assurance that J-groove weld flaws will be detected
- ▲ET or PT examinations detect cracks prior to any loose parts issues developing in the lower portion of the CRDM tube



### Frequency of Examinations

- ▲The industry with MRP and EPRI have been diligently working to expand NDE capabilities and effectiveness
- ▲MRP have also provided a proposed inspection plan that we have used as basis with modifications for the suggested frequencies in the Bulletin
- ▲Increased testing frequency as EDY increase is consistent with the ASME Code approach of successive inspections if flaws are identified.
- ▲The testing frequencies will be assessed by the staff after a significant amount of field data can justify changes

Rockville, MD

### **CONCLUSIONS**

- ▲Detection and characterization of unacceptable flaws cannot be accomplished with inspections based on BMV alone
- ▲Supplemental NDE and BMV synergistically increase the effectiveness of each method
- ▲This approach is consistent with the methodology used in Inservice Inspection Programs and ASME to monitor components for service related failures



August 23, 2002

### **CONCLUSIONS**

- ▲Testing frequencies can be evaluated after sufficient data exists to warrant change
- ▲The example supplemental inspection in the bulletin is not definitive
  - Other NDE techniques that are effective when used in conjunction with each other should be discussed and technically justified by the licensee



Overview of Plans for Vessel Head and Nozzle Inspection Regulations



Presenter: Michael Marshall, 301-415-2734

August 23, 2002

### Main Aspects of NRC Plans

Issue Bulletin - Request Information on Supplemental Inspections and Justification for Current Inspection **Practice** 



- Additional Regulatory Action If Warranted
- Request Changes to ASME Section XI Address Deficiencies in Inspection Requirements
  - Inspection Methods
  - Acceptance Criteria
- Revise 10CFR55.55a Revised Inspection Requirements

### Other Aspects of NRC Plans

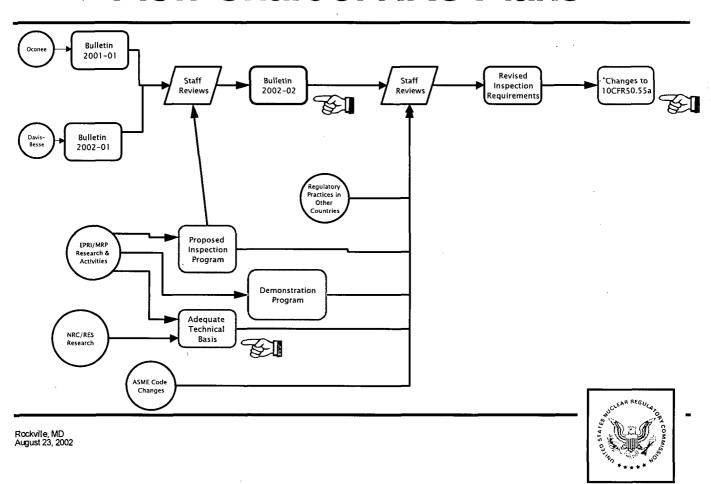
### Near-Term

- Formally Review MRP Proposed Inspection Plan
  - Waiting for Complete Submittal
  - NRC has not found proposed plan acceptable 🤝
- Formally Review MRP Crack Growth Rate Report
  - Received Report This Week

### Long-Term

- Review Planned Changes to ASME Code Requirements
- Develop Alternate Inspection Plan/Requirements Based on Current State of Uncertainty

### Flow Chart of NRC Plans



### Proactive Actions Needed To Address Issues

- Industry needs to provide adequate technical justification to reduce necessary reliance on supplemental non-visual examinations
- New heads with Inconel 690 tubes will have to follow the same inspection criteria as head with Inconel 600 until industry provides technical basis for changes

