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> January 20, 1984 Re: Indian Point Unit No. 2 Docket No. 50-247

Director of Nuclear Reactor Regulation U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission Washington, D.C. 20555

Attention: Mr. Steven A. Varga, Chief Operating Reactor Branch No. 1 Division of Licensing

Dear Mr. Varga:

The attachment to this letter provides our response to Items 5, 6(b), and 7 of Enclosure 1 to your March 15, 1982 letter.

This letter completes our response to all of the NRC questions, to date, regarding the heavy loads control issue.

Should you or your staff have any further questions, please contact us.

Very truly yours, Mm D. Joble

attach.

8401300250 84012

cc: Mr. Thomas Foley, Senior Resident Inspector U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission P.O. Box 38 Buchanan, New York 10511

### ATTACHMENT

### RESPONSES TO NRC REQUEST FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION CONCERNING CONTROL OF HEAVY LOADS LETTER FROM MR. STEVEN A. VARGA MARCH 15, 1982

This constitutes the remaining responses to the request for information transmitted by letter dated March 15, 1982 from Mr. Steven A. Varga, NRC, concerning control of heavy loads at Indian Point Unit No. 2. Specifically, the responses to Items 5, 6(b) and 7 are provided below.

#### ITEM 5

You are requested to verify that a suitable margin to yield, based on static and dynamic loads, has been provided for all special lifting devices

#### **RESPONSE:**

#### 1. Static Loading

A detailed analysis of the reactor vessel head lifting rig and the internals lifting rig, load cell, and load cell linkage has been performed by Westinghouse, the designer of these items. The attached tables, 5-1 and 5-2, summarize the stresses of each of the individual parts. These tables demonstrate that a suitable margin to yield exists for the special lifting devices.

The design criteria of section 3.2.1.1 of ANSI N14.6 requires application of stress design factors of three and five to the applicable allowable stress limits of yield and ultimate strength, respectively. All of the tensile and shear stresses, with the exception of the tensile stress in the thread of the sling leg (item 14) and the outer tube (item 25) of the internals lift rig, meet the design criteria. The results of the analysis indicate that the stresses in the sling leg and

-1-

the outer tube exceed the ANSI N14.6 3W criterion on yield strength, however the resultant stresses do meet the ultimate strength criterion of 5W. Further, this is not a concern since these stresses are induced by the loading of the lower intervals. The lower intervals are only removed when a periodic inservice inspection of the vessel is required (once/10 years). Prior to removal of the lower intervals, all fuel is removed. Thus the concern for handling over fuel is non-existent in this particular case.

Application of the above design load factors to other loading conditions is not addressed in ANSI N14.6. However, these stress design factors have been used to determine the stresses of the load carrying members when subject to other loading conditions, viz. bearing, bending, compression. This is an extremely conservative approach and in some cases the resulting stresses exceed the applicable allowable stress limit. However, by using more appropriate criteria, the resulting stresses are considered acceptable.

### a. Bearing Stresses

For the internals lifting rig, several parts do not meet these criteria. However, since they are localized stresses, they can, if necessary, be considered under section 3.2.1.2, which states that the stress design

-2-

factors of 3.2.1.1 are not intended to apply to situations where high local stresses are relieved by slight yielding. None of the bearing stresses reaches the yield stress, and in fact, all of the bearing stresses meet the design criteria of the AISC code of 0.9 yield.

### b. Fillet Weld Stresses

When applying the ANSI N14.6 5W criteria to the nominal stress values of the fillet weld connecting the leg support block to leg on the internals lift rig, and the clevis plate weld in the head lifting rig, the ASME allowable stress value is exceeded. However, since ASME criteria already include a safety factor, the stresses can be considered acceptable.

### c. Structures Loaded in Compression

The spreader assembly of the reactor vessel internals lifting rig, when analyzed for axial compression loadings, meets the 3W and 5W criteria of ANSI N14.6. However, it is well known that care should be taken when analyzing members in compression to ensure elastic stability. Thus, structures loaded in compression are analyzed by the empirical equations of the ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code Section III, Appendix XVII or the AISC Part 5 rules. Acceptable values are calculated using these equations.

-3-

#### 2. Dynamic Loading

NUREG-0612, Paragraph 5.1.1(4) requires that special lifting devices should satisfy the guidelines of ANSI N14.6. NUREG-0612, 5.1.1(4) also states, "In addition, the stress design factor stated in Section 3.2.1.1 of ANSI N14.6 should be based on the combined maximum static and dynamic loads that could be imparted on the handling device based on characteristics of the crane which will be used. This is in lieu of the guideline in Section 3.2.1.1 of ANSI N14.6 which bases the stress design factor on only the weight (static load) of the load and of the intervening components of the special handling device".

It can be inferred from this paragraph that the stress design factors specified in Section 3.2.1.1 of ANSI N14.6(3 and 5) are not all inclusive. Also, it can be inferred that the specified ANSI N14.6 stress design factors should be increased by an amount based on the crane's dynamic characteristics. The dynamic characteristics of the crane would be based on the main hook and associated wire ropes holding the hook. The Indian Point Unit No. 2 containment building crane uses sixteen(16) wire ropes to handle the load. Should the crane hook suddenly stop during the lifting or lowering of the load, a shock load could be transmitted to the connected device. Because of the elasticity of the sixteen wire ropes, the dynamic factor for the containment crane is not much larger than 1.0. The maximum design factor, that is recommended by most design tests, is a factor of 2 for loads that are suddenly applied. The stress design factors required in Section 3.2.1.1 of ANSI N14.6 are:

- 3 (weight) < Yield Strength
- 5 (weight) < Ultimate Strength

The factor of 3 specified certainly includes consideration of suddenly applied loads for cases where the dynamic impact factor may be as high as 2.0. Thus we consider that the use of the design criteria in ANSI N14.6 satisfies the NUREG requirement.

#### ITEM 6(b):

An initial load test under a load substantially greater than that for which the tested device is rated, followed by a comprehensive examination, provides a degree of assurance that design safety margins have been realized. This assurance is particularly important in situations where original design margins are not well documented as at Indian Point. In this regard, we need further information on the following lifting devices to complete our review:

b. You have stated that you do not have the capacity to load test the head lifting rig to 150% of rated load on site. You also state that little or no design information is available for this crane. Therefore, you have not supplied information to assure that design safety margins exist. A statement that the lifting device can lift 100% of its design capacity says nothing of the safety margin. Therefore you are requested to conduct some load test at greater than 100% of rated load or provide some alternative test, examination, or analysis to demonstrate that design safety margins exist for the head lifting rig.

-5-

### **RESPONSE:**

The attached tables show that a suitable safety margin exists for all load bearing members of both the vessel head and internal lifting rigs. The analysis shows that either lifting device could lift 150% of its rated load and still be well within the margin of safety, based on yield. As a result of the safety margins shown in Tables 5-1 and 5-2, the requirement for a 150% load test is unnecessary.

#### ITEM 7

You are requested to verify that operating procedures have been updated to require inspection of all lifting devices not normally performed or requiring removal of protective coatings periodically. The inspection interval should be in accordance with Section 5.3.1 of ANSI N14.6 - 1978 or additional justification should be provided for the proposed extended inspection intervals in your original submittal.

#### RESPONSE

Prior to the use of the reactor vessel head and internals lifting rigs in the Cycle 6/7 refueling outage, plant maintenance procedures will be updated to include those examinations and inspections as identified in our letter dated August 10, 1982. These examinations and inspections meet the intent of ANSI N14.6 - 1978 Section 5.3.1 and will be performed prior to each removal of the reactor vessel head. Thus, the inspection interval requirement for the special lifting rigs, as specified by Section 5.3.1 of ANSI N14.6 - 1968, is satisfied.

### TABLE 5-1

# SUMMARY OF RESULTS REACTOR VESSEL HEAD LIFT RIG

ltem <sup>(a)</sup>	•	Calculated Stress	es (ks1)	)	-	Hater1a1	Allowable
No.	Part Name And Haterial	Designation	H(p)	At Load 3W	5W -		ksi) S <sub>ult</sub> (d)
1	Clevis Pin	Pin Shear	4.5	13.5	22.5		
	(Load Sensing) ASTM A564 Type	Bearing on Hook	7.4	22.2	37.0		
	XM12	Max Bearing On Side Plate	7.4	22.2	37.0	105	135
•	•	Pin Bending	25.4	76.2	127.0		
2	Side Plates	Bearing @7 1/2"Dia. Hole	7.4	22.2	37.0		
· · ·	ASTMA 533 Type B Class 1	Tension @7 1/2"Dia. Hole Shear Tearout @	4.8	14.4	24.0		
		7 1/2" Dia. Hole Shear Tearout @	4.8	14.4	24.0	50	80
	•	6 1/2" Dia. Hole	4.2	12.6	21.0	. •	
		Bearing @6 1/2" Dia. Hole		20.4	34.0	•	

- See figure 5-1 for location of item numbers and section (a)
- (b) W is the total static weight of the component and the lifting device
- (c)  $S_y$  is the yield strength of the material (ksi) (d)  $S_{ult}$  is the ultimate strength of the material (ksi)

### TABLE 5-1 (cont)

SUMMARY OF RESULTS

REACTOR VESSEL HEAD LIFT RIG

	. •	Calculated Stre	sses (ks1	)	-	Haterial	Allowable	
Item <sup>(a)</sup>	Part Name			At Load			ks1)	
No.	And Material	Designation	M(p)	ЭW	5W	s (c) y	S <sub>ult</sub> (d)	
			· ·			<u> </u>		
3	6 1/2" Dia Removable	Bending	22.7	68.1	113.5			
	Pin	Shear	5.4	16.2	27.0	105	135	
•	ASTM A 564	Bearing on Bushing	6.5	19.5	32 <b>.</b> 5 <sup>,</sup>			
. •	Туре 630 <sup>0</sup>	Bearing on Side Plate	6.8	20.4	34.0	, ,		./
4A	Bushing	Bearing (Outer)	5.3	15.9	26.5	128	149	
	AISI 4142	Bearing (Inner)	6.5	19.5	32.5	•		
	Heat Treat to BHN 285-341							
						· ·		
4B	Sling Assembly	Tension @ Hole	5.0	15.0	25.0	50	80	
	Link	Shear @ Hole	5.0	15.0	25.0			
•	ASTM A237	Bearing @ Hole	5.4	- 16.2	27.0			
*	Class A	Tension @ Shank	6.6	19.8	33.0			

See figure 5-1 for location of item numbers and section (a)

W is the total static weight of the component and the lifting device  $S_y$  is the yield strength of the material (ksi)  $S_{ult}$  is the ulitmate strength of the material (ksi) (b)

(c)

(d)

# TABLE 5-1 (cont) SUMMARY OF RESULTS REACTOR VESSEL HEAD LIFT RIG

( )	٠	Calculated Stres	ses (ks1	)		Materia	Allowable	
Item <sup>(a)</sup>	Part Name			At Load	•	(ks1)		
No.	And Material	Designation	W <sup>(b)</sup>	3W	5W	s <sub>y</sub> (c)	S <sub>ult</sub> (d)	
5	Link Lug	Tension @ Hole	4.0	12.0	20.0	50	90	
	ASTM 237	Shear Tearout @ Hole	4.0	12.0	20.0	50	80	
	Class A	Bearing @ Hole	6.3	18.9	31.5		· •	
		Maximum Tension @ Root of Lug	3.7	11.1	18.5			
e de la constante de		Vertical Shear @ Root of Lug	1.4	4.2	7.0		•	
6	5" Dia.	Bending	10.5	31.5	52.5	105		
	Clevis Pin	Shear	3.2	9.6	16.0	105	133	
· .	ASTM A434	Bearing on Clevis	5.3	15.9	26.5			
	Class BD	Bearing on Lug	6.3	18.9	31.5			
						\$	<b>N</b>	

(a)

See figure 5-1 for location of item numbers and section W is the total static weight of the component and the lifting device  $S_y$  is the yield strength of the material (ksi)  $S_{ult}$  is the ultimate strength of the material (ksi) (b)

(c)

(d)

# TABLE 5-1 (cont) SUMMARY OF RESULTS REACTOR VESSEL HEAD LIFT RIG

- (a)	•	Calculated Stre	ssės (ksi)		·	Mater1a1	Allowable		
Item <sup>(a)</sup>	•		At Load			(ks1)			
Ņo.	And Material	Designation	W(p)	3W	5W	s <sub>y</sub> (c) '	S <sub>ult</sub> (d)		
7	Upper Clevis	Tension @ Hole	3.2	9.6	16.0	50	80		
	ASTM A237 Class A	Shear @ Hole Bearing @ Hole Thread Shear	3.2 5.3 2.3	9.6 15.9 6.9	16.0 26.5 11.5		•		
8	Arm ASTM A306 Gr. 70	Thread Tension Thread Shear	7.1 2.3	21.3 6.9	35.5 11,5	35	70		
9	Bottom Clevis ASTM A237 Class A	Stresses are the same as Item 7.	Same as Item 7	Same as Item 7	Same as Item 7	50	80		
		• • • •		· .					

(a) See figure 5-1 for location of item numbers and section

(b) W is the total static weight of the component and the lifting device
(c) Sy is the yield strength of the material (ksi)
(d) Sult is the ultimate strength of the material (ksi)

## TABLE 5-1 (cont)

### SUMMARY OF RESULTS

## REACTOR VESSEL HEAD LIFT RIG

(2)		Calculated Stres	ses (ksi)			Materia	1 Allowable
Item <sup>(a)</sup> No.	Part Name And Material	Designation	W(P)	At Load 3W	5W	s <mark>y</mark> (c)	(ksi) S <sub>ult</sub> (d)
10	5" Dia. Bottom Clevis Pin ASTM A434 Class BD	Stresses are the same as Item 6	Same as Item 6	Same as Item 6	Same as Item 6	105	135
11	Support Lug ASTM A515 Gr. 70	Tension @ Hole Shear @ Hole Bearing @ Hole	4.0 4.0 6.5	12.0 12.0 19.5	20.0 20.0 32.5	38	70
12	Ring Girder ASTM A285 Gr. C	Total Shear Maximum Bending Maximum Tensile Stress Ring Girder to Support Weld	3.2 2.6 4.8 3.2	9.6 7.8 14.4 9.6	16.0 13.0 24.0 16.0	30 18(e)	55

See figure 5-1 for location of item numbers and section (a)

W is the total static weight of the component and the lifting device (b)

(ċ)

(d)

Sy is the yield strength of the material (ksi) Sult is the ultimate strength of the material (ksi) Stress limit for fillet weld from ASME Boiler & Pressure Vessel Code, Section III, Division 1 -(e)

Subsection NF 1980 Edition, Table NF - 3292.1-1 page 50

## TABLE 5-1 (cont) SUMMARY OF RESULTS REACTOR VESSEL HEAD LIFT RIG

Item <sup>(a)</sup>	Part Name	Calculated	Stresses (ksi	) At Load			Allowable
No.	And Material	Designation	₩ <sup>(b)</sup>	3W		s <sub>y</sub> (c) (	ks1) S <sub>ult</sub> (d)
13	• • • •	<b>*</b>			· · ·		
, ,	Leg Astm A36	Tension	9.7	29.1	48.5	38	70
14	Clevis Plate	Weld	5.6	16.8	28.0	18(e)	· .
	ASTM A515 Gr. 70	Tension Shear	3.2 3.2	9.6	16.0 16.0	· 38	70
		Bearing	7.3	21.9	36.5		
15	3.9" Diameter Þin ASTM A434	Bending	18.9	56.7	94.5	110	140
	Class BD	Shear Bearing on Lug	4.7	14.1 21.9	23.5 36.5		
		Bearing on Clevis	7.0	21.0	35.0		. *

See figure 5-1 for location of item numbers and section (a)

W is the total static weight of the component and the lifting device (b)

(c)

(d)

Sy is the yield strength of the material (ksi) Sult is the ultimate strength of the material (ksi) Stress limit for fillet weld from ASME Boiler & Pressure Vessel Code, Section III, Division 1 (e) Subsection NF 1980 Edition, Table NF - 3292.1-1 page 50

### TABLE 5-2

SUHMARY OF RESULTS

REACTOR VESSEL INTERNALS LIFT RIG.

LOAD CELL AND LOAD CELL LINKAGE

l t em <sup>(</sup>	a) Part Na	me	Calculated Stress		ses (ks1) - At Load			Haterial Allowable (ksi)		
No. And Material	rta1	Designation	H(p)	3W	5W	s <sub>y</sub> (c)	Sult (d)			
				•			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
6	Adaptor I	ink	Tension @ 6.515 Hole	7.3	21.9	26.5				
	ASTM A668		Shear Tear-out @ 6.515 Hole	7.7	23.1	33.5				
	Class K	•	Bearing @ 6.515 Hole	6.0	18.0	30.0	75	100		
	AISI 4340	Steel	Tension @ 6.015 Hole	8.7	26.1	43.5				
			Shear Tear-out @ 6.015 Hole	8.7	26.1	43.5				
			Bearing @ 6.015 Hole	8.5	25.5	42.5	•	1		
			Tension @ Mid-link	6.3	18.9	31.50	· •			
	Removable	Pin	Shear	5.6	16.8	28.0				
	ASTM A43	4	Bearing on Adaptor Link	8.5	25.5	42.5	105	135		
•	Class BD		Bearing on Top Lug	8.9	26.7	44.5				
	AISI 4340		Bending	23.7	71.1	118.5				
	Top Lug		Tension @ Hole	8.9	26.7	44.5		·		
	ASTM A515		Bearing @ Hole	8.9	26.7	44.5	38	70		
. •	GR 70		Tension @ Base	4.4	13.2	22.0				
••	QIT		Shear Tear-out	8.9	26.7	44.5				
	· .				-					

(a) See figure 5-2 for location of item numbers and section

(b) W is the total static weight of the component and the lifting device

(c)  $S_y$  is the yield strength of the material (ksi) (d)  $S_{ult}$  is the ultimate strength of the material (ksi)

# TABLE 5-2 (cont) SUMMARY OF RESULTS REACTOR VESSEL INTERNALS LIFT RIG. LOAD CELL AND LOAD CELL LINKAGE

		Calculated Str	Material	Allowable			
Item <sup>(a)</sup>	Part Name			AL Load			ks1)
No.	And Material	Designation	W(p)	3W	5W	s <sub>y</sub> (c)	S <sub>ult</sub> (d)
				-			
9.	Support Pipe ASTM A106 Steel	Tension	3.6	10.8	18.0	35	60
10	Support Plate ASTM A515 Gr. 70 Q&T	Tension	0.8	2.4	4.0	38	70
<b>11</b> .	Side Lug ASTM A588 Gr. 70 Q&T	Tension @ Hole Combined Stress @ Weld Shear @ Weld Bearing @ Hole	5.6 7.3 2.2 8.2	16.8 21.9 6.6 24.6	28.0 36.5 11.0 41.0	38	70
12	Clevis Pin ASTM A434 Class BD AISI 4340 St	Shear Bearing On Pin Bearing On Side Lug Bending	5.2 8.3 8.3 21.1	15.6 24.9 24.9 63.3	26.0 41.5 41.5 105.5	110	140
							·

See figure 5-2 for location of item numbers and section (a)

W is the total static weight of the component and the lifting device  $S_y$  is the yield strength of the material (ksi)  $S_{ult}$  is the ultimate strength of the material (ksi) (b)

(c)

(d)

### TABLE 5-2 (cont)

### SUMMARY OF RESULTS

REACTOR VESSEL INTERNALS LIFT RIG,

### LOAD CELL AND LOAD CELL LINKAGE

(2)		Calculated St	resses (ksi			Material Allowabl	
Item <sup>(a)</sup> No.	Part Name			At Load			ks1)
	And Material	Designation	W <sup>(b)</sup>	3₩	5₩	s <sub>y</sub> (c)	S <sub>ult</sub> (d)
					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·	
13	Upper Clevis SA-508 Cl. 2 Q&T	Tension @ Pin Hole Bearing @ Pin Hole Thread Shear Tear-out Shear	8.5 8.3 3.6 8.5	25.5 24.9 10.8 25.5	42.5 41.5 18.0 42.5	50	80
14	Sling Leg AISI 1117 Hot Rolled or 1018 Cold Rolled	Thread Shear Tension @ Thread	3.6 11.8	10.8 35.4	18.0 59.0	32	60
15	Lower Clevis SA-508 Cl 2 Q&T	Thread Shear Tension In Lug Shear Tear-out	3.6 8.5 8.5	10.8 25.5 25.5	18.0 42.5 42.5	50	80
16	Clevis Bolt ASTM A434 Class BD A1SI 4340	Shear Bearing	6.1 8.2	18.3 24.6	30.5 41.0	105	135

See figure 5-2 for location of item numbers and section (a)

W is the total static weight of the component and the lifting device (b)

- (c)  $S_y$  is the yield strength of the material (ksi) (d)  $S_{ult}$  is the ultimate strength of the material (ksi)

# TABLE 5-2 (cont) SUMMARY OF RESULTS REACTOR VESSEL INTERNALS LIFT RIG. LOAD CELL AND LOAD CELL LINKAGE

(2)		Calculated S	Calculated Stresses (kst)				
Item <sup>(a)</sup>	Part Name And Material			At Load	· · · · ·	(	ksi)
No.		Designation	W(p)	3₩	5W	sy(c)	S <sub>ult</sub>
17	Spreader Leg	Compression	7.0	21.0	36.0	Fa =	19.8(f)
	ASTM A36	Bearing On Backing Block	10.3	30.9	51.5	36	58
18	Backing Block	Compression					
10	ASTM A276	Bearing	8.6	25.8	43.0	30	75
	Type 304	beating	10.3	30.9	51.5	· .	
•	Cond. A			· ,			
19	End Plate	Bearing	7.0	21.0	36.0	36	6
• •	ASTM A36		1.0	21.0	50.0	30	58
20 ·	Spacer	Bearing	8.2	24.6	41.0	50	70
	ASTM A588	Tension	8.2	24.6	41.0	50	10
	Gr. A or B	Shear in Weld	1.9	5.7	9.5	18.0	(g)

- See figure 5-2 for location of item numbers and section (a)
- W is the total static weight of the component and the lifting device (b)
- $S_v$  is the yield strength of the material (ksi) (c)
- (d)
- $S_{ult}$  is the ultimate strength of the material (ksi).  $F_a$  is the compressive buckling strength of the material (ksi) (f)
- Stress limit for fillet weld from ASME Boiler & Pressure Vessel Code, Section III, Division 1-(g) Subsection NF 1980 Edition, Table NF-3292.1-1, page 50

## TABLE 5-2 (cont) SUMMARY OF RESULTS REACTOR VESSEL INTERNALS LIFT RIG, LOAD CELL AND LOAD CELL LINKAGE

		Calculated Stres	ses (ksi	)		Material /	llowable	
Item <sup>(a)</sup>	Part Name		[	At Load		(ket)		
No.	And Material	Designation	W(p)	3W .	5₩		S <sub>ult</sub> (d)	
21	Channel ASTM A36	Tension @ Cross-section	9.6	28.8	48.0	36	58	
22	Brace Plate ASTM A36	Shear (weld)	5.4	16.2	27.0	36 18(g)	58	
23	Leg Support Block AISI 8620	Shear (weld) Thread Shear	5.4 6.3	16.2 18.9	27.0 31.5	40 18(g)	65	
24	Adaptor ASTM A276 Type 304 H.R. & Pick. Cond. A.	Thread Shear @ 4.5" Dia. Thd. Tension @ 4 1/2" Dia. Thd.	2.5 9.3	7.5 27.9	12.5 46.5	30	75	

(a) See figure 5-2 for location of item numbers and section

(b) W is the total static weight of the component and the lifting device

- (c) Sy is the yield strength of the material (ksi)
- (d) Sult is the ultimate strength of the material (ksi)
- (g) Stress limit for fillet weld from ASME Boiler & Pressure Vessel Code, Section III, Division 1-Subsection NF 1980 Edition, Table NF-3292.1-1, page 50

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## TABLE 5-2 (cont) SUMMARY OF RESULTS REACTOR VESSEL INTERNALS LIFT RIG.

LOAD CELL AND LOAD CELL LINKAGE

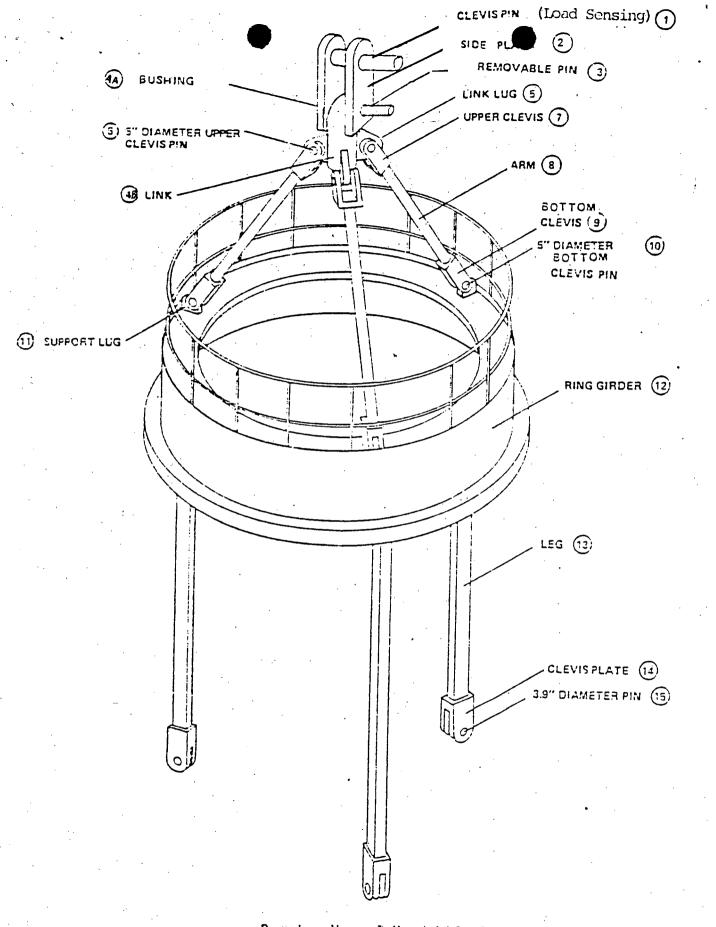
. (a)		Calculated Stres	ses (ksi		·····	Material	Allowable
Item <sup>(a)</sup> No.	Part Name			At Load			(\$1)
	And Material	Designation	W <sup>(b)</sup>	3W	5W	Sy <sup>(c)</sup>	Sult
•							
25	Outer Tube ASIM A312 Type 304	Thread Shear @ 5.5" Dia Thd Tension @ Thd Relief	6.3 10.7	18.9 32.1	31.5 53.5	30	75
	Smls. Cf. & Ht. Tr.						
26	Guide Sleeve ASIM A276 Type 304 Hot Rolled &	Bearing On Engaging Screw Thread Shear	19.0 6.3	57.0 18.9	95.0 31.5	30	75
	Pickled Cond. A						
27	Engaging Screw	Bearing on Guide Sleeve	19.0	57.0	95.0	115	140
	ASTM A564 Grade 630 Cond. 1100	Tension @ Thread Relief Thread Shear	14.1 7.4	42.3 22.2	70.5 37.0		

See figure 5-2 for location of item numbers and section (a)

W is the total static weight of the component and the lifting device (b)

(c)

 $S_y$  is the yield strength of the material (ksi)  $S_{ii|1}$  is the ultimate strength of the material (ksi) (d)



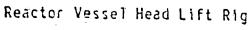
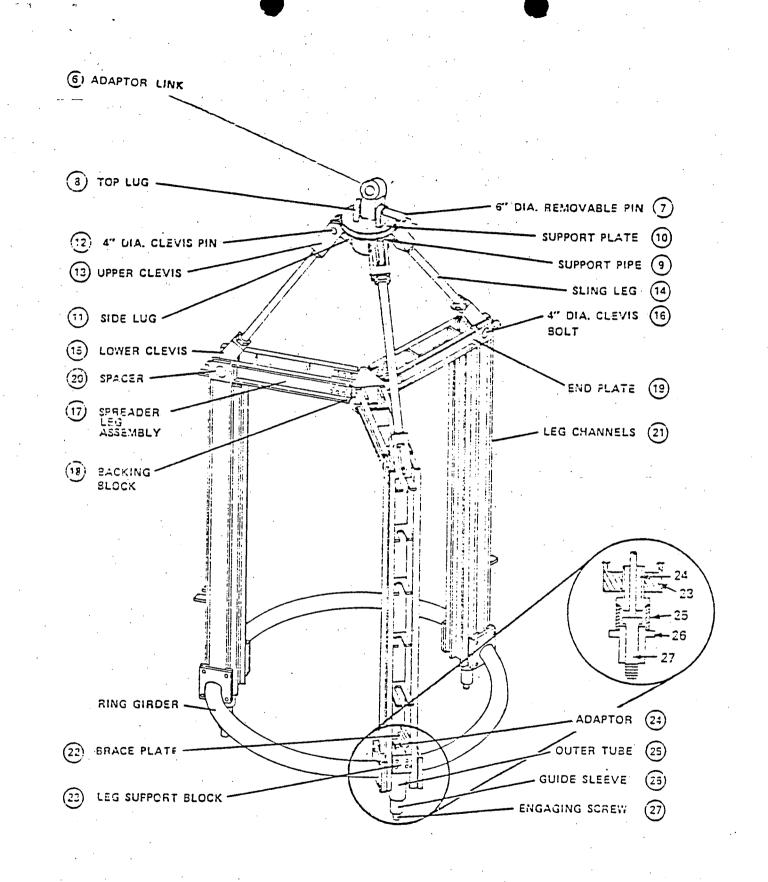


Figure 5-1



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Figure 5-2

Reactor Vessel Internals Lift Rig, Load Cell and Linkage