# ATTACHMENT 4 CASE 2 PATIENT RELEASE TO HOTEL

	Initial		Announced	Х	Unannounc	ed	Х	Routine		Special
	NRC FORM 591M PART 3 (10-2003) 10 CFR 2 201  Docket File Information SAFETY INSPECTION REPORT AND COMPLIANCE INSPECTION									
1. LIC	CENSEE					2. NRC/REGIO	DNAL	OFFICE		
	iversity of Vi arlottesville,					Region I,	475	Regulatory Comm Allendale Road sia, Pennsylvania		
REPC	RT NOS	20	07-002							
3. DC	CKET NUMBER 030	. ,	296	. LICE	ENSE NUMBER 45	(S) -00034-26		5. DATE(S) 6-11 to		SPECTION 7; 8-29-08
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	OGRAM CODE(S) 10, 3510, etc	2.	PRIORITY 3		ensee contac oh Allen, RSC			4. TELEPHO 434-982		
x	Main Office In	nsped	ction			Next Ins	pect	ion Date: 6/09		
X	Field Office	All	bemarle County, V	A (Inc	inerator & Wa	aste), North F	ork			
	Temporary Jo	ob Si	te							
					PROGRA	M SCOPE				
Broad Scope medical facility performing primarily research activities using microcurie quantities of carbon-14, tritium, phosphorus-32, sulfur-35, chromium-51, and iodine-125. In addition, unit dosages of technetium-99m and xenon-133 are primarily used in nuclear medicine to conduct approximately 100 diagnostic studies/week by 6 technologists. 100's of iodine-131 therapies, 12 yttrium-90 monoclonal therapies/year (sirsphere and therasphere), 1 Bexxar treatment/year were performed. Zevalin has not been used for several years and gliasite is not used. The inspector determined that the licensee had released 2 patients to an area hotel and the licensee provided additional information in a letter dated June 28, 2007 to support the release. In response to a TAR issued on June 12, 2008, OGC indicated that release to a hotel was not prohibited by the regulations. In addition, the inspector noted that the licensee sometimes releases patients with greater than 200 millicuries, without adding the internal dose component. In a letter dated June 28, 2007, the licensee provided a copy of notes taken during the last NRC inspection which indicated that internal dose did not need to be added. Since the last full inspection, 10 patients treated with greater than 200 millicuries have been treated (203 - 261 mCi) with a calculated maximum external dose contribution of between 334 and 430 millirem. Including the internal dose would increase about half of these values above the 500 millirem release limit. The licensee reviewed the release calculations and revised the calculations to include patient specific data to re-calculate the external and internal dose contribution. The revised values, as documented in their letter dated June 28, 2007, ranged from 175 millirem to 498 millirem. The next inspector should review release calculations to ensure internal dose contributions are considered.										
Th	e Radiation Sa	afety	y Officer has 10 sta	ff to a	ssist with rac	liation safety	ope	erations		
CO	The RSC is actively involved in the licensed program and has undertaken many initiatives recently, including re-training technologists to have a second person review written directives to ensure they are complete. The licensee has an RDRC, but it has not been active. 1 research protocol in humans is on-going with I-125 in vycral mesh for lung treatments.  and a new provost, Dr. Arthur Garson, starts effective 7-1-2007.									

ΑII

spot-checks were performed in accordance with the regulations, with the exception of the linearity out to largest range. The licensee performed this test during the inspection to show the device was linear. Manual brachytherapy treatments for the year included 11 eye plaques and 30 Cs-137 vaginal implants. Alaron Corp. took possession of the strontium-90 eye applicator sources 2/9/07, with records maintained by the licensee. 4 AMPs and 2 AUs are involved in program.

The licensee followed up on several events since the last full inspection. Two of these resulted in special inspections by the NRC and are described in separate reports. To address the event described in the 2007-001 inspection report regarding a manual brachytherapy event, the licensee revised their implant procedures and documentation to confirm that all components of the treatment and written directive are confirmed prior to the treatment. NMED Report 060433 involving the licensee's code team response to a brachytherapy patient was reviewed during this inspection. The licensee reported that some code team members received more than 100 millirem (i.e., 100-200 millirem) while responding to the code; some of who were not radiation workers. The inspector determined that the licensee trains all code team members on potential hazards, including radiogical, during hospital orientation courses, and that the nurse responsible for the patient informed the responders to the hazards. No violations occurred. This issue is closed. One skin contamination event of note occurred since the last inspection. The clothing and skin contamination involved 10 microcuries of P-32, and due to the quick response time by the radiation safety staff, only resulted in a skin dose of about 2 rads.

Waste: No liquid waste is disposed of in the laboratories. Sewer releases are less than 1% of the regulatory limits. The licensee tests sludge/compost semi-annually from the Moores Creek Sewer Plant, with no unusual results noted. Air effluent for incineration is not monitored, however the releases of H-3 and C-14 are estimated by activity incinerated/(flow rate x incinerator on-time). With a flow rate of 1120 CFM and on-time of 40 hours, the total releases in 2006 for H-3 and C-14 were approximately 25% of the limits. Since the licensee used a continuous incinerator on time, their results indicated less than 1% of the limits. The licensee also does not collect ash samples to analyze prior to ash disposal and relies on a 1994 gross beta ash sample to calculate ash disposal limits. The licensee uses their incinerator for radioactive waste only, and has not disposed of ash since 2004. For the 2006 incinerations, assuming 10% of the radioactivity stays in the ash, the ash does not appear to meet the disposal criteria listed in the license (e.g., 1.77 E- 2 uCi/ml H-3 versus 1E-3 and 1.8 E-3 uCi/ml C-14 versus 3E-5). The licensee assumes that no radioactivity remains in the ash and when asked to justify this assumption responded in a June 28, 2007, letter that incineration would be discontinued and all remaining ash would be analyzed and disposed of appropriately. The next inspector should review this disposal and discuss incinerator decommissioning with the licensee. The license also collects a water sample from the local pond and vegetation/soil samples annually from the Incinerator area, with no unexpected readings noted. The waste storage facility is still not equipped with a fire suppression/monitoring system as discussed in a 2003 inspection, however, the licensee does not store flammables in the building. The licensee agreed to review this issue and the next inspector should discuss any changes. Mixed waste is held for decay if possible, and if not, is shipped to Permafix or NSSI for disposal. Several sealed sources were disposed of since the last inspection and the licensee maintains records of these disposals.

2 SLIV violations were identified: 49CFR173 - Failure to block/brace packages during transport by radiation safety staff; 20.1801/20.1802 - Failure to secure from unauthorized removal

during the inspection for 5 minutes

The

licensee provided their corrective actions in a letter dated June 28, 2007, which included revised procedures/methods for blocking/bracing and re-training of lab personnel on securing licensed material.

### Environmental Health and Safety

Special Materials Handling Facility

June 28, 2007

Penny Lanzisera Health Physicist U. S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission Region 1 475 Allendale Road King of Prussia, PA 19406

Dear Ms. Lanzisera,

03003246

JIN 29 M 10: 2:

Enclosed are a number of documents that provide additional information which you requested in the Exit Interview on June 15, 2007 for License 45-00034-26.

To restrict the movement of a radioactive material package in the transportation vehicle being used to deliver packages from the Special Materials Handling Facility (SMHF) to the Authorized User at the University, heavy duty plastic containers have been attached to the floor in the rear of the delivery vehicles. A description of the procedures for "Blocking and Bracing" radioactive material during transport is described (Appendix 1) and includes pictures of the containers. A review of the records and interviews indicate that we have not had contamination on the outside of packages received at the SMHF. The printout of the counting data for contamination surveys will be attached to the receiving form as well as being entered into the computer database. All radiation safety technologists who receive and deliver RAM packages have been retrained individually and as a group on the new procedures.

You asked about a skin dose assessment for the researcher who spilled 32-P last month. The skin contamination was low and a result of checking her arm with her contaminated gloves still on. Appendix 2 gives a brief description and a worst case calculated skin dose. Response and clean up were prompt so any potential exposure was low.

You also asked about the inventory sheet for a vial labeled as 3-H (Appendix 3) GABA observed in Room 5227, Jordan Hall. The inventory sheet was in an older inventory notebook as the material had been received in 1994. The last time it was used was July 1994 and since your inspection the vial has been picked up as waste.

In response to the observations that a researcher had left RAM unsecured in a laboratory at the North Fork Research Park, we have retrained this research group on lab security. They have also agreed to secure stock materials in a locked cabinet when RAM is not being used. An email has been sent to all Principal Investigators reminding them of security requirements and encouraging them to keep all stock RAM in locked cabinets as an additional security measure.

The issue of two patients (sisters) being treated for cancer with 131-I on June 6, 2007 has been investigated. Statements from the two Nuclear Medical physicians who communicated with the patients, the nurse who met with the patients, and the assistant radiation safety officer are attached

(Appendix 4). From my interviews with those involved I conclude that no one at the University of Virginia recommended that the sisters stay in a hotel when they were released from the hospital following their treatment. In fact the physician indicated that this was unnecessary. The patients met the release criteria and it was concluded that there were no NRC restrictions on patients sharing a room. The patients answered questions about their ability to restrict others from radiation exposure and indicated a low occupancy factor. Using the occupancy factor of 0.125 the maximum total likely exposure was calculated for each of the patients based upon measured exposure rates at one meter following therapy. While the decision to release the patients was based upon the forms (Patient Questionnaire as a Basis for Authorizing Release for 131-I Doses greater than 30mCi) the calculation in Appendix 5 were made to confirm a patient specific value for the maximum total likely dose. They were given written instructions (Appendix 6). The information transmitted to the nurse suggests that the sisters had access to information that lead them to go to a hotel and take steps to reduce exposures to the public (e.g. notifying the hotel to remove linens so they could bring their own which the patients would remove, asking the hotel to not clean the rooms, having food brought in by one of the husbands etc). We do not know the source of this information but if they followed all the procedures which were indicated to the nurse then exposures to hotel staff or other guests would be far less than the 500mR used in the release criteria.

Further information on the release criteria and about the patients treated with over 200 mCi of 131-I over the last two years is attached. The form used in the Department of Nuclear Medicine (Appendix 5) includes the questions given in US Nuclear Regulatory Guide 8.39 and NUREG 1556 Volume 9 Appendix U to determine the probable occupancy factor for a patient who may be released post 131-I therapy. Based upon the occupancy factor the physician can calculate the activity that can be used to keep the exposure from an average patient to below 500 mR. The table gives an activity level that was calculated (Appendix 7) indicated that up to 230 mCi could be used if the potential for internal exposure to others was included. If this internal exposure is not included the calculation indicates that up to 300 mCi could be used. Comments from the NRC to the Asst. RSO when this form was being developed (after our last NRC inspector suggested more documentation of the release criteria), indicated that "no one included the internal dose". A copy of the page from NUREG-1559, Vol. 9 Appendix U with the notes made while in discussion with the NRC (in 205 are included as Appendix 8). This exposure form was developed and has been in use in Nuclear Medicine since June 2005. For the last year the actual exposure level at a meter from each patient has also been documented. All of the patient files for patients receiving 131-I thyroid cancer therapies over the last 2 years have been reviewed. The decisions to release an individual patient was made on the basis of the form (Appendix 5) that indicated that a patient would have an occupancy factor of 0.125 (and this factor as found in the patients charts is indicated in the attached table (Appendix 9). Of the 127 patients, there were 28 that had cancer therapy involving over 200 mCi of 131-I. For this small group of patients a series of calculations have been made (Appendix 9) using various assumptions to indicate an estimated maximum exposure to the public from the released patient.

Sincerely,

Ralph O. Allen

Asst. Vice President for Research

Chairman, Radiation Safety Committee

Enclosure:

Appendix 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9

Subject: Release of Patient Sisters following 131-I Therapy

From: "Rehm, Patrice K \*HS" <PKR3B@hscmail.mcc.virginia.edu>

Date: Thu, 21 Jun 2007 10:34:55 -0400

To: "Allen, Ralph O" <roa2s@Virginia.EDU>

CC: "Amato, James \*HS" <JA5G@hscmail.mcc.virginia.edu>, "Perham"

<IMCEAMAILTO-csp2t+40virginia+2Eedu@hscmail.mcc.virginia.edu>, "Williamson, Brian R J \*HS"

<BRW9NB@hscmail.mcc.virginia.edu>

The purpose of this email is to recount events, to the best of my knowledge and recollection and to the extent of my involvement, relating to the treatment and release of two patients, who happened to be sisters, receiving 131-l radioiodine therapy for thyroid cancer, after disclosing voluntarily their intent to share a hotel room following treatment. The names of the patients are being withheld in compliance with HIPAA, hospital policy and general patient privacy considerations.

During the week of May 28, 2007, Dr. Chabra, an outside endocrinologist who regularly refers patients to the UVA Nuclear Medicine thyroid clinic, contacted me by phone regarding a patient. Dr. Chabra advised me that she was referring to UVA two patients, sisters of one another, who were scheduled for treatment the week of June 4. Prior to our phone conversation, Dr. Chabra had documented that Patient-Sister A had an abnormal, high thyroid stimulating hormone (TSH) factor, and was thus hypothyroid and medically ready for 131-I therapy, but had been given an appointment for the next week. To maximize the effectiveness of 131-I therapy, the medical standard of care calls for the suspension of thyroid replacement therapy, with induction of hypothyroidism, before 131-I therapy. Patient-Sister B did not yet have a high TSH factor, was not yet hypothyroid and therefore was not ready for 131-I therapy.

Dr. Chabra asked whether I could intervene to schedule Patient-Sister A at an earlier date to shorten her period of hypothyroidism. The symptoms of hypothyroidism broadly are mental and physical sluggishness, including the possibility of weakness, fatigue, depression, joint and muscle pain and in extreme cases coma. By accelerating the date of therapy, we could accelerate the date upon which Patient-Sister A could resume her thyroid replacement therapy and be relieved of hypothyroid symptoms. I told Dr. Chabra that I would contact Patient-Sister A directly to offer to advance the date of treatment. Dr. Chabra gave me Patient-Sister A's name and telephone number.

On or about the same day as my conversation with Dr. Chabra, I contacted Patient-Sister A by telephone. I introduced myself and explained that I had spoken with Dr. Chabra and was calling to offer to accelerate Patient-Sister A's appointment for 131-I therapy, since she was hypothyroid and ready for treatment. Patient-Sister A told me that her sister, Patient-Sister B, was scheduled for treatment on the same day as her originally scheduled appointment. Patient-Sister A asked whether her appointment could remain on the same day as her sister's appointment.

For medical (not radiation safety) reasons, I strongly encouraged Patient-Sister A to come in for treatment as soon as possible at two points in the conversation, once in the middle and another time at the end of the conversation. I was concerned that Patient-Sister A might suffer from hypothyroid symptoms for longer than necessary given that she was medically-ready for treatment, and that she might experience an adverse event during a period of unnecessarily prolonged hypothyroid conditions. In response, Patient-Sister A told me that she did not feel that bad and wanted to wait to undergo treatment at the same time as her sister. (As I recall, Patient-Sister A told me that she and her sister had "always done everything together.")

In the course of that telephone conversation, Patient-Sister A volunteered that she and her sister had planned to receive treatment on the same day and then share a hotel room following treatment. I did not ask or otherwise solicit information from Patient-Sister A about her plans following treatment. In response to this volunteered information, I advised Patient-Sister A that "we don't recommend that you go to a hotel" after receiving 131-I treatment. I advised her further that seclusion in a hotel room was not necessary for radiation safety reasons. Patient-Sister A explained that there were "small children involved," and they were concerned that they could not keep the children "off our laps" per radiation safety instructions (they had learned of on their own) if they returned home immediately following treatment. [It was not clear to me in the telephone conversation which sister had small children. I was later informed by Nurse Katherine Willard that both of the patient-sisters had small children and shared similar concerns about limiting contact with the children.] Patient-Sister A did not specify to me which hotel they intended to stay at or how long they intended to remain in a hotel.

Patient-Sister A gave no definitive answer in our telephone conversation. At the end of the telephone conversation, Patient-Sister A indicated that she wanted to discuss my offer to advance her appointment date with her sister, Patient-Sister B. As noted, I encouraged her a second time to accelerate her appointment for medical reasons. At this point, we concluded our telephone conversation. I have had no further contact with either Patient-Sister A or Patient-Sister B since that telephone conversation.

On the day following my telephone conversation with Patient-Sister A, still during the week of May 28, I had a second telephone conversation with Dr. Chabra to follow up on the possible change in appointment. To the best of my recollection, I initiated the call. Dr. Chabra informed me that in a separate conversation with her, Patient-Sister A had discussed the question with her sister and decided to keep her original appointment on the same day as her sister. Dr. Chabra also confirmed Patient-Sister A's statements to me that Patient-Sister A "did not sound too uncomfortable" in her hypothyroid condition.

I am familiar with NRC regulations and guidelines for release of patients following 131-I therapy. I was not aware of any NRC prohibition, instruction or guideline that required providers to instruct patients not to go to hotels/motels following treatment. But I was not certain whether two patients sharing a room – whether in a hospital, at home, in a hotel or anywhere else – would trigger NRC prohibitions against release.

Upon learning from Dr. Chabra that Patient-Sister A planned to keep her original appointment on the same day as her sister, I recalled her volunteered comment that the two sisters intended to share a hotel room following treatment. Prior to speaking to Dr. Chabra, the radiation safety question of two patients sharing a room was moot since the sisters would have received treatments on different days in different weeks had Patient-Sister A accelerated her appointment as recommended. Once I learned that the patient-sisters had determined to continue as originally planned, however, I suspected that they might also continue with their original plan to share a hotel room following treatment (as volunteered to me by Patient-Sister A in our telephone conversation) in spite of my recommendation against it, and thought it best to check on the radiation safety requirements that might apply.

I therefore contacted Catherine Perham in the UVA Radiation Safety Office by phone on the same day as and shortly after my conversation with Dr. Chabra, still during the week of May 28. Ms. Perham confirmed me that the NRC had no prohibition against release to hotels. Ms. Perham further explained that NRC guidelines specifically permitted two radioiodine therapy patients to reside in the same hospital room following 131-I therapy. She could recall no concern expressed by the NRC about radiation exposure to each other when patients shared a room. Ms. Perham accordingly advised me that she could think of no radiation safety basis for objecting to the patient-sisters sharing a hotel room, so long as they otherwise following our radiation safety instructions.

That ended my involvement in the treatment of these patients. UVA records indicate that the patient-sisters were treated and released on June 6, 2007, during the week following the events described above. I was not on clinic and was out of the hospital during the week of June 4, 2007. UVA records indicate that the patient-sisters were seen in standard 7-day follow up consultation on June 13, 2007. I was not assigned to clinic duty on Wednesday, June 13. Whatever additional information I have learned about the treatment and release of these patients I learned after the fact from other staff members, including Dr. Brian Williamson, Nurse Willard and Ms. Perham, or in connection with the NRC site inspection visit.

**Subject:** Treatment of two sisters with radioactive iodine and sharing a hotel room post therapy

From: "Deane, Sherry S \*HS" <SSD7N@hscmail.mcc.virginia.edu>

Date: Fri, 22 Jun 2007 09:27:46 -0400

To: "Allen, Ralph O" <roa2s@Virginia.EDU>

CC: "Dake, Michael D \*HS" <MDD2N@hscmail.mcc.virginia.edu>, "Rehm, Patrice K \*HS"

<PKR3B@hscmail.mcc.virginia.edu>, "Amato, James \*HS" <JA5G@hscmail.mcc.virginia.edu>,

"Perham, Catherine S" <csp2t@virginia.edu>, "Steva, Deborah P" <dps3c@Virginia.EDU>, "Agarwal,

Anup \*HS" <AKA6E@hscmail.mcc.virginia.edu>, "Christopher, Gina S \*HS"

<GDS7X@hscmail.mcc.virginia.edu>, "Williamson, Brian R J \*HS"

<BRW9NB@hscmail.mcc.virginia.edu>

My knowledge of the treatment of the two sisters with radioactive iodine and sharing a hotel room post therapy.

In the week prior to therapy, I heard a communication of Dr. Rehm with Ms. Perham, RSO in respect of the two sisters sharing a single hotel room post therapy. It was decided that the two patients could share the same hotel room and no stricture against that behavior was passed to me.

The two sisters came for therapy on 6/6/07. They both, individually, received evaluation and education in a standard fashion. They both were able to adhere to our standard protocol restrictions – blank forms attached.

Following consent, both patients were treated, one with 102.2 mCi orally and one with 158.5 mCi orally (both in capsule form). The dose difference reflects different staging. The patients were monitored and subsequently discharged in a routine fashion. They returned one week later for a routine post therapy scan – both scans satisfactory.

Brian R. J. Williamson, M.D., F.A.C.R. Professor Radiology & Nuclear Medicine Department of Radiology University of Virginia Health System

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base64

Note to File: June 11, 2007 Katherine Willard, MSN, RN Nuclear Medicine

J.H. is a 33 year old who lives an 1 bathroom home in Ruckersville with her husband and infant son. Her sister, C.S., lives with 2 small children and a husband in a home in town. Both sisters had thryroidectomies for thyroid cancer within one week of each other. They then made their appointments for the Iodine 131 TX on the same day so they could be isolated together in a hotel without having to worry about being around their small children. Dr. Rehm called the OEHS to make sure this was appropriate and was told that this was OK. Though not actively involved in the conversation, Dr. Williams was present for this conversation. I also was present and in the room for this phone call.

The sisters chose a hotel outside the city and made reservations for 2 nights. This hotel was chosen because it had an outside walking trail that offered the sisters some exercise without being in a gym. On the day of their treatment, they checked into the hotel before coming to the hospital. They requested that all linens (including sheets, pillows, and towels) be removed from the room. They brought from home all sheets, towels, and pillows. The sisters took a cooler with water, soda, and snacks. Their families brought them their meals. The sisters bagged all linen to take home to wash, and removed all trash from the room when they left. In talking with one sister, when she returned for her scan, she stated that they did very little for the 2 days they were at the hotel besides sleep, read, and watch movies on TV.

#### Appendix 4d

Justification for Release of I-131 Patients JH and CS under Section 35.75

20 June 2007

In accordance with 10 CFR 35.75 Release of iindividuals containing unsealed byproduct material or implants containing byproduct material, (a) A licensee may authorize the release from its control of any individual who has been administered unsealed byproduct material or implants containing byproduct material if the total effective dose equivalent to any other individual from exposure to the released individual is not likely to exceed 5 mSv (0.5 rem). In section (b) of the same the licensee shall provide the released individual with instructions, including written instructions, on actions recommended to maintain doses to other individuals as low as reasonably achievable if the TEDE to any other individual is likely to exceed 1 mSv (0.1 rem). In section (c) of 35.75 A licensee shall maintain a record of the basis for authorizing the release of an individual in accordance with 35.2075 (b).

All of the conditions stated in 10 CFR 35.75 have been met and records maintained. Therefore the University of Virginia released the individuals in question "from its control." Once out of the licensee's control, actions belong to the individual treated with unsealed byproduct material.

For clarification here is the story as reconstructed for this document: Two sisters by coincidence developed thyroid cancers at the same time and each underwent a thyroidectomy. The two patients, being sisters and very close, requested that they receive their post-thyroidectomy I-131 treatments together. One sister indicated by phone conversation with a Nuclear Medicine physician and Authorized User PR that the sisters would like to be treated together and go to a hotel for the days immediately succeeding the administration. UVa Medical Center does not recommend this and does not know where the patient first got the idea of going to a hotel, however it appears that this advice may be available on the internet at patient-oriented websites. The Nuclear Medicine physician told the patient that this was not necessary and that she preferred that the patient go home following treatment. Patient was also told that she needed immediate treatment because of her low-thyroid state and should not wait for her sister. The Assistant Radiation Safety Officer was made aware of this request at the time and had advised that it was permissible for the sisters to be dosed together and to stay in the same room. After reflection ARSO sent an email to physician with a third option of hospitalization as inpatients.

The two patients decided to go ahead and schedule I-131 therapy treatments for the same day [06/06/07]. They indicated to a nurse that they intended to go to a hotel. Each sister was expected to receive I-131 therapies allowing their release with instructions under Part 35.75. Both attended separately a Nuclear Medicine

consult with a physician, and were asked a series of questions that would determine if in fact they were candidates for immediate release. Each sister indicated on the patient questionnaire that she could follow the necessary restrictions and signed the questionnaire. There was no medical or regulatory indication to hospitalize either sister. Each sister received instructions as per Part 35.75. Both promised to sleep alone, to use a separate bathroom, to not take public transportation and etc. in order to minimize the risk of exposure to another individual. Each patient received instructions in ways to further minimize the potential for exposure to a member of the public or family member including but not limited to using disposable eating utensils and dishware, showering frequently, flushing 2-3 times, drinking copious amounts of water and voiding frequently. Nuclear Medicine physician and Authorized User BW, saw the patients that day. The sisters each were given a preliminary thyroid uptake scan prior to radioiodine treatment on a Phillips ADAC model Forte Nuclear Medicine scanner and the results of each scan showed an uptake "too low to calculate." For that reason the default uptake values given in NUREG 1556 Volume 9 Appendix K representing the maximum possible uptake after cancer surgery and the most conservative estimate of a dose to a member of the public were used to calculate maximum potential dose to a member of the public. The maximum potential dose {TEDE including internal] to a member of the public was 2.23 mSv from patient KS and 3.08 mSv from patient JH at time of dosing according to equation B.5 of NUREG Guide 1556 volume 9.. Both patients were held until first void and in fact patient JH was held at the medical center for more than 4 hours as she was waiting for her sister. This 4-hour wait and post-treatment void lowered the I-131 body load in the sister receiving the higher dose. The potential dose to a member of the public could further be portioned into pre- and post-hotel stay, but as both dose potentials are below 5 mSv, this was deemed not necessary. Hotel staff members were exposed to no external dose as they were not present in the room with or the vicinity of the patients, and family members were not exposed to internal dose as this risk is confined to the first two days post-administration of I-131 for thyroid cancer. In addition, hotel guests who might have been in the adjoining room could not have been internally exposed, and were not exposed for more than 16 hours to external gamma assuming a worst-case scenario of the same hotel guest in the adjoining room for both nights. Again this potential dose would be below 5 mSv.

While none of the UVa Medical Center staff approved of the patients going to a hotel [nor did we recommend it], with the realization that the sisters intended to do so, the staff gave additional instructions to protect hotel guests and employees. The following account is hearsay and based on conversations with a nurse but are included for clarification: On their own the patients decided to check into the hotel prior to coming to the hospital and had the management strip the room of all linens and bedding, as they brought their own including sheets, towels, washcloths and pillows. They requested an outside room with a separate entrance. In addition they instructed the hotel staff not to enter the room at any time during their stay. Patient's husbands were to drop off meals and the sisters

would not leave the room. The patients reportedly bagged and removed all bedding and trash. At the request of one patient, the ARSO demonstrated the use of a GM meter already present in the Nuclear Medicine suite, should they decide to survey the hotel room [one sister said that a husband or friend of a husband had a Geiger counter.]. We do not know where they received the instructions but they seemed very well-informed and extremely conscientious. There seems to be information on this available on the internet and in fact the ICRP suggests a hotel as a "rarely discussed alternative" to home and hospital in a 2003 document as both have drawbacks. Additional instructions were given at the medical center regarding cleaning of potentially contaminated surfaces.

This justification is based on the premise that the two patients did indeed go to a hotel. According to the outreach nurse, the patients stayed two days post-administration in the hotel room. In addition, I feel that I can assume that they obeyed the Radiation Safety instructions provided by the medical center and followed their own plans, taking the extreme care that they said they would take as far as the additional precautions stated in italics above. Patient-specific dosimetry that takes into account internal dose potential and accounts for no patient attenuation or shielding is attached.

Thank you.

Catherine S. Perham Assistant Radiation Safety Officer University of Virginia

#### References:

- 1. U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, 10 CFR Part 35.75 and 35.2075
- 2. U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, NUREG-1556, Vol. 9, "Consolidated Guidance About Materials Licenses, Program-Specific Guidance About Medical Use Licenses", Appendix U Model Procedure for Release of Patients or Human Research Subjects Administered Radioactive Materials, October 2002.
- 3. U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Regulatory Guide 8.39, "Release of Patients Administered Radioactive Materials", April 1997.

### Patient Release Calculation I-131 for Thyroid Cancer

Patient Name Activity (millicuries) Occupancy Factor Occupancy Factor (1st 8 hours) Physical Half-Life R/mCi-h @ 1 cm Extrathyroidal Uptake Fraction Extrathyroidal Uptake Fraction Thyroidal Uptake Fraction Thyroidal Eff. Half-Life	102.2	Released considering patient attenuation? (yes or no) Exposure rate at 1 meter (mrem/hr): Revised gamma ray constant:	no 28 2.73972603
Distance (cm)  Maximum likely external dose  Maximum likely internal dose (can be ignored if < 10% external dose)	168 millirems 54 millirems		e e
MAXIMUM TOTAL LIKELY DOSE	223 millirems		

Radiation Safety Representative

## Patient Release Calculation I-131 for Thyroid Cancer

Patient Name	H		
Activity (millicuries)	158.5		
Occupancy Factor	0.125		
Occupancy Factor (1st 8 hours)	0.75		
Physical Half-Life	8.04	Released considering patient attenuation? (yes or no)	yes
R/mCi-h @ 1 cm	1.89	Exposure rate at 1 meter (mrem/hr):	30
Extrathyroidal Uptake Fraction	0.95	Revised gamma ray constant:	1.89274448
Extrathyroidal Eff. Half-Life	0.32		
Thyroidal Uptake Fraction	0.05		
Thyroidal Eff. Half-Life	7.3		
Distance (cm)	100		
Maximum likely external dose	224 millirems		
Maximum likely internal dose (can be ignored if < 10% external dose)	84 millirems		

308 millirems

Radiation Safety Representative

MAXIMUM TOTAL LIKELY DOSE

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#### **Nuclear Medicine**

## NRC WRITTEN DIRECTIVE AND BASIS FOR AUTHORIZING RELEASE FOR I-131 DOSES GREATER THAN 30 mCi

**Note:** Seek guidance from NM MD or chief tech if directives or procedures are not understood. Oral directives are not acceptable.

Patient Name:	Hospital #:	Date:
Radiopharmaceutical and Dose Prescribed		
☐ I-131 for Hyperthyroidism	☐ Draw Bloods? TSH	
□ I-131 for Thyroid Cancer	☐ Pregnancy excluded by _	
☐ I-131 for Thyroid Cancer Met	☐ Patient Requires Dialysis	? (If yes, notify RSO)
☐ I-131 Bexxar (After dosimetry)	☐ Patient Breastfeeding? (I	
□ Other	☐ Anyone in the nousehold	pregnant? (Give extra instructions)
Prescription (to order but not to administer): Ra	ndiopharmaceutical, Dose, Forr	n Route
Authorized User Signature:		Date:
Basis for Authorizing Release from Patient Question  Internal Dose INCLUDED  Internal Dose  Maximum dose to a member of the general put  Order to Administer - Authorized User Signature	EXCLUDED	asurements attached atient will be less than 500 mRem
☐ Two Patient ID Confirmations prior to Admini ☐ Full Name ☐ Date of Birth ☐ ID Ba		☐ Drivers License
☐ Patient provided with written instructions		
Doses Preparation & Administration: Lot #	Callibration I	Date/Time
Measured Activity		ivity equals
Activity Administered		
Signature-Tech administering dose:	Signature-Dose Calibrator Ch	ecked:

#### Patient Questionnaire as a Basis for Authorizing Release for I-131 Doses Greater Than 30 mCi Patient Name: Hospital #: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: **Patient Release Criteria Determination** YES NO 1. Can maintain a distance of at least 3 feet from others for at least 2 days 2. Can sleep alone in a room for at least the first night 3. Will avoid travel by plane or mass transportation during the first 2 days after therapy 4. Will avoid travel on a prolonged automobile trip with others for at lease the first 2 days after therapy 5. Will be able to use a bathroom without sharing with others for the first 2 days after therapy. 6. Will be able to drink a cup of fluid every 4 hours for the first 2 days after therapy. 7. Will be able to live alone (or in a separate part of the house) for at least the first 2 days 8. Will have few visits by friends and family for at least the first 2 days Patient Signature: Date: \_\_\_\_\_ For NM Staff Use Only Additional description of circumstances: A. Answers to 1-8 are all <u>ves</u>, occupancy factor is 0.125 and go to B ☐ Answers to 1-6 are all yes <u>but</u> either 7 or 8 is no, occupancy factor is 0.25 and go to B. Answer to any of patient questions 1-6 is no, or additional circumstances are atypical, then STOP as additional calculations and/or exposure rate measurements will be necessary prior to proceeding. Use Patient-Specific Calculation Record Form to document basis for alternate calculation and consult with authorized user and Radiation Safety office (982-4911). Questionnaire administered by (sign & print): В. ☐ Includes internal dose contribution Maximum dose to a member of the general public from exposure to the patient will be less than 500 mRem if the administered activity does not exceed that shown in the table below. Purpose of Administration Occupancy Factor Admin. Activity (mCi) [Calculations use equations and referenced tables of Volume 9 of Post-Thyroidectomy for 0.250 178 mCi or less NUREG-1556 (which supercedes Thyroid Cancer+ 0.125 230 mCi or less Reg. Guide 8.39) on file at OEHS Hyperthyroidism 0.250 53 mCi or less and Nuclear Medicine.] 0.125 89 mCi or less If the desired dose exceeds the above table, before going to $\mathbf{C}$ ; please ENSURE the patient can adhere to all of the other precautions to reduce the spread of radioactive iodine on the instructions to patients. C. ☐ Excludes internal dose contribution Maximum dose to a member of the general public from exposure to the patient will be less than 500 mRem if the administered activity does not exceed that shown in the table below. Purpose of Administration **Occupancy Factor** Admin. Activity (mCi) Post-Thyroidectomy for 0.250 220 mCi or less Thyroid Cancer+ 300 mCi or less 0.125 Hyperthyroidism 0.250 56 mCi or less 0.125 98 mCi or less

If the desired dose exceeds the above table, **STOP** as additional calculations and/or exposure rate measurements will be necessary prior to proceeding. Use Patient-Specific Calculation Record Form to document basis for alternate calculation and consult with authorized user and Radiation Safety office (982-4911).

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## CONSENT FOR ADMINISTRATION OF RADIOACTIVE IODINE-131 THERAPY FOR THYROID CANCER

#### A. CONSENT FOR PROCEDURE

I have received information about my condition, the proposed treatment, alternatives, and related risks. This form contains a brief summary of this information. I have received an explanation of any unfamiliar terms and have been offered the opportunity to ask questions. I understand I may refuse consent and I GIVE MY INFORMED AND VOLUNTARY CONSENT to the proposed procedures and the other matters shown below. I also consent to the performance of any additional procedures determined in the course of a procedure to be in my best interests and where delay might impair my health.

If an exploratory operation is proposed, I have been informed of possible conditions that may be discovered and I consent to performance of procedure(s) as determined by my physician to be in my best interests.

- I authorize Dr. Patrice Rehm, Nuclear Medicine Attending and such physicians in training and assistants as s(he) may select, to treat my condition, including performing further diagnosis and the procedures described below, and taking any needed photographs. I UNDERSTAND THAT PHYSICIANS IN TRAINING MAY PERFORM PORTIONS OF THE PROCE-DURES DESCRIBED BELOW UNDER THEPARTICIPATORY SUPERVISION OF MY ATTENDING PHYSICIAN.
- 2. I understand my condition to be: Thyroid Cancer
- 3. I understand the proposed procedure(s) to be: Treatment of Thyroid Cancer with Radioactive Iodine orally and destruction of any remaining thyroid tissue.
- 4. I understand the risks associated with the proposed procedure(s) to be: I will need to take medication to replace thyroid hormone, this is no longer made by my body for the rest of my life. There is some whole body radiation, which could theoretically injure portions of the body. Of most concern is the possibility of increased risk of leukemia, but this is not a proven risk. There is a risk of temporary or permanent injury to the salivary glands, resulting in change in taste and the amount of saliva; temporary or rarely permanent radiation damage to the parathryoid glands; decrease in sperm production with associated decreased fertility in men.
- 5. I also understand that there may be other RISKS OR COMPLICATIONS, SERIOUS INJURY OR EVEN DEATH from both known and unknown causes. I am aware that the practice of medicine and surgery is not an exact science and I acknowledge that no guarantees have been made to me concerning the risks of the procedure.
- 6. I understand the alternatives to the proposed procedures and the related risks to be: a) Surgery with possible injury to structures in the neck; and risks related to general anesthesia; b) Radiation therapy by external sources with possible radiation injury to the neck and nearby structures; c) No treatment except thyroid hormone, which may not adequately control the cancer; or d) I may do nothing.

	consent to the above as a series	of the sam	e procedure c	over a time	period from		to		
--	----------------------------------	------------	---------------	-------------	-------------	--	----	--	--

- 8. Vendor Presence: (Check box if applicable)
  - □ I understand that, at the request of my physician, a vendor or medical equipment representative may be present during the performance of my procedure. Presence shall be limited to providing information for coordination of treatments, such as advice or education on medical device specifications and selection for proper sizing during the procedure, and providing technical expertise on the implant, use and operation of the vendor's equipment, by operating programmers, analyzers and other support equipment under the supervision of my physician.

CONSENT FOR ANEST RESIA OR SEDATION LINOT required	
1. When local anesthesia and/or sedation is used by the physician on page	one, Section A1:
□ I consent to the administration of such <i>local anesthetics</i> as may be concluded in charge of my care. I understand that the risks of local anesthesia incomputing, allergic reactions to medications, and seizures.	onsidered necessary by the physician clude: local discomfort, swelling,
☐ I consent to the administration of <b>sedative medications</b> by or under the Item A1 or the physician in charge of my sedation care. I acknowledge nature of the planned sedation and that I understand the risks of seda medications, changes in breathing, changes in blood pressure and he aspiration of stomach contents and/or excitement. I understand that re-	that I have been informed of the tion to include: allergic reactions to art function, nausea and vomiting,
When regional anesthesia, general anesthesia, or monitored anesthesia the Department of Anesthesiology:	care is provided by the personnel in
□ I consent to care provided by the physicians of the Department of Ane anesthesia may actually be administered by a physician in training (re direction of the anesthesiologist who is assigned to care for me. The a anesthetic ("being put to sleep") and/or a nerve block. I understand the throat and hoarseness, nausea and vomiting, aspiration of stomach ceyes, injury to the gums or lips, damage to the teeth or dental work, a of procedure, changes in breathing, changes in blood pressure and he arrest, brain damage, paralysis, or death.	sident) or nurse anesthetist under the inesthetic technique may be a general at the risks of anesthesia include: sore ontents, muscle soreness, injury to the llergic reactions to medications, recall
Additional information regarding the various forms of anesthesia and available from the anesthesiologist directing your care.	pain control, risks, and options is
C. PATIENT OR PARENT/LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE CERTIFICATION:	
had explained to me the contents of this form. I understand the information what is described above and to what has been explained to me.	DATE
If patient is a minor, incompetent or unable to give consent:	
SIGNATURE OF RESPONSIBLE PARTY	DATE
RELATIONSHIP TO PATIENT OR LEGAL AUTHORIZATION	
D. PHYSICIAN ATTESTATION	
I have explained the procedure(s), alternative(s) and risks to the person or above. The patient and/or their legal representative has verbally communic contents of this form.	
SIGNATURE OF PHYSICIAN OR DESIGNEE OBTAINING CONSENT	DATE
E. INTERPRETER ATTESTATION (when applicable)	
I have provided translation to the person(s) whose signature(s) is affixed al	pove.

Other precautions to reduce the spread of radioactive iodine.

- Do not let others use your bathroom, if possible, for the first 2 days.
- Menstruating women should use tampons that can be flushed down the toilet.
- Shower daily and use separate towels for the first 2 days
- Use separate washcloths and toothbrush from rest of household.
- Wear clothing that can be laundered (not dry cleaned) for the first 2 days.
- After 5 days, wash your clothing, towels and bedding separately (put through wash/rinse cycles twice).
- Use disposable cups, plates and silverware for the first few days and wash them separately.

#### **Important Telephone Numbers**

During normal business hours (8:00 am–5:00 pm call Nuclear Medicine at 434-924-9358 After hours urgent calls can be made to 434-924-0000 and ask to speak to the Nuclear Medicine doctor on call.

If you have an Emergency, call 911.

Additional Instructions:		
	<del>.</del>	
	structions with the patient and /or family or c understanding of the instructions. A copy r.	•
Name:	Date:	Time:
Release instructions have be of the instructions and I unde Name:	en explained to me and/or my family or care	egiver. I have received a copy  Date:
Circle	one: Patient/Family/Caregiver Signature	

#### NRC Regulatory Guide 8.39 Calculating Doses Based on Patient-Specific Factors

Calculation			ministered activity (mCi)
	D(t) = 34.6	$\Gamma Q_{o} T E (1 - e^{-0.693 t/Tp})$ $T = Ha$	alf Life
			2 R/mCi x hr @ 1 m
		r = 10	00 cm (1 meter)
Resulting Dose D(t)	Administered Activity (Q <sub>o</sub> )	Calculation Assumptions	Record of Calc. Required? Basis
500 mrem	30 mCi	Dose to total decay $t = \infty$ so $(1 - e^{-0.693 t/Tp})$ is set = 1 Use physical half-life T = 8.04 d Occupancy Factor (E) = 0.25, nuclide has $T_p > 1$ day	No
500 mrem	60 mCi	Use physical half-life E = 0.125	Yes 35.75 c E < 0.25 at 1 meter used
Calculation			
D(∞) = <u>34.6 I</u> (100 c	cm) <sup>2</sup>	(1 - e - 0.693(0.33) /Tp) + e - 0.693 (0.33) / Tp E <sub>2</sub> F <sub>1</sub> T <sub>1eff</sub> rst component 2 <sup>nd</sup> component	+ e - 0.693 (0.33)/Tp E <sub>2</sub> F <sub>2</sub> T <sub>2eff</sub>
		2 component	o component
453 mrem 501 mrem (internal dose added)	200 mCi 179 mCi	Patient administered dose for treatment of Postthyroidectomy for Thyroid Cancer First component $E_1$ = 0.75 $T_p$ = 8.04 day Table B-1 Values for Second component $E_2$ = 0.25 and Third component $E_2$ = 0.25, based on occupancy factor questionnaire Extrathyroidal Component $F_1$ = 0.95 $T_{1eff}$ = 0.32 day Thyroidal Component $F_2$ = 0.05 $T_{2eff}$ = 7.3 day $D_{0.25}$ = 2.27 $Q_0$	Yes Use of retained activity Use of effective half-life
334 mrem 500 mrem 500 mrem (internal incl.)	200 mCi 300 mCi 230 mCi	Same as above except $2^{nd}$ and $3^{rd}$ component occupancy factors $E = 0.125 \qquad \text{(not include internal)}$ $D_{0.125} = 1.67 Q_{o}$	Yes 35.75c Use of retained activity effective half-life E < 0.25 at 1 meter

#### Calculation

$$D(\infty) = 34.6 \ \Gamma \ Q_0 - \left[ E_1 T_p (0.8) (1 - e^{-0.693(0.33)/Tp}) + e^{-0.693(0.33)/Tp} E_2 F_1 T_{1eff} + e^{-0.693(0.33)/Tp} E_2 F_2 T_{2eff} \right]$$
first component
$$2^{nd} \text{ component}$$

$$3^{rd} \text{ component}$$

Resulting Dose D(t)	Administered Activity (Q <sub>0</sub> )	Calculation Assumptions	Record of Calc. Required?  Basis
		Patient administered dose for treatment of <b>Hyperthyroidism</b>	
486 mrem	55 mCi	First component $E_1 = 0.75$ $T_p = 8.04 \text{ day}$	Yes
500 mrem	57 mCi	Table B-1 Values for	11
300 IIII eIII	37 11101		Use of retained
		Second component $E_2 = 0.25$ and Third component $E_2 = 0.25$ , based on	activity
500 mrem	53 mCi	occupancy factor questionnaire	Use of
(internal incl.)		Extrathyroidal Component $F_1 = 0.20$ $T_{1eff} = 0.32 \text{ day}$ Thyroidal Component $F_2 = 0.80$ $T_{2eff} = 5.2 \text{ day}$	effective half-life
		$D_{0.25} = 8.84 Q_o$	
271 mrem 500 mrem	55 mCi 98 mCi	Same as above except 2 <sup>nd</sup> and 3 <sup>rd</sup> component occupancy factors E = 0.125	Yes 35.75c Use of retained activity effective half-life
500 mrem (internal incl.	89 mCi	$D_{0.125} = 4.94 Q_o$	E < 0.25 at 1 meter

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## INSTRUCTIONS TO PATIENTS RELEASED FROM UVA HOSPITAL CONTAINING GREATER THAN 6.9 mCi OF Na<sup>13</sup>1

Patie	ent Name:	Hospital #:	Date:	
Pati	ent and Family Instructions (write addit	tional instructions on the back	as needed)	
	Medications - Resume previous thyroid m	edications as follows:		

- Do not eat for 2 hours after swallowing the radioiodine. You may, however, drink clear liquids (water, coffee, tea, fruit juices and /or soft drinks).
- In the rare case you should vomit within two hours of receiving therapy, use paper towels to soak up the material and flush it down the toilet. Try not to spread the material around, as it will be radioactive. Wash your hands. Inform the nuclear medicine doctor as soon as possible.
- Drink as much fluid as tolerable for the first 2 days (48 hours)
- Chew gum, or suck on hard or sour candy, frequently, for 2 7 days to encourage the flow of saliva.
- Empty your bladder frequently (every 2 hours if possible) Men should sit down to urinate during this time to minimize contamination of toilet surfaces.
- Sit while urinating and flush the toilet 2 3 times after each time you urinate for the first 2 days and be sure to wash your hands well after each use.
- Maintain a prudent distance from others (approximately 6 feet or more). Avoid close contact with other people for the first 2 days, especially infants, children and pregnant women. Radioactive contamination may be spread to others through you perspiration, saliva, urine and feces. If a small child is in the home, limit close contact to that required for the child's care.
- Sleep alone in a bed for a least the first 2 nights.
- Avoid becoming pregnant for 6 months.
- Do not travel by airplane or mass transportation for at least the first 2 days
- Do not travel on a prolonged automobile trip with others for a least the first 2 days.
- Minimize time in public places (example: grocery stores, shopping centers, theaters, restaurants, sorting events).
- If you develop significant soreness or swelling in the salivary glands, contact the Nuclear Medicine doctor.
- If you have not had a bowel movement within 2 days after your radioactive iodine therapy, take a laxative.

10<sup>-5</sup> = Assumed fractional intake; and

DCF = Dose conversion factor to convert **an** intake in millicurie to an internal committed effective dose equivalent (such as tabulated in Reference B-2).

Equation B-6 uses a value of 10<sup>-5</sup> as the fraction of the activity administered to the patient that would be taken in by the individual exposed to the patient. A common rule of thumb is to assume that no more than 1 millionth of the activity being handled will become an intake to an individual working with the material. This rule of thumb was developed in reference B-3 for eases of worker intakes during normal workplace operations, worker intakes from accidental exposures, and public intakes from accidental airborne releases from a facility, but it does not specifically apply to cases of intake by an individual exposed to a patient. However, two studies (Refs. B-4 and B-5) regarding the intakes of individuals exposed to patients administered iodine-131, indicated that intakes were generally of the order of 1 millionth of the activity administered to the patient and that internal doses were far below external doses. To account for the most highly exposed individual and to add a degree of conservatism to the calculations, a fractional transfer of 10<sup>-5</sup> has been assumed.

Example 4, Internal Dose: Using the ingestion pathway, calculate the maximum internal dose to a person exposed to a patient to whom 1221 megabecquerels (33 millicuries) of iodine-131 has been administered. The ingestion pathway was selected because it is likely that most of the ingestion pathway.

Solution: This is an example of the use of Equation B-6. The dose conversion factor DCF for the ingestion pathway is 53 rem/millicurie from Table 2.2 of Reference B-2.

Substituting the appropriate values into Equation B-6, the maximum internal dose to the person is:

$$D_i = (33 \text{ mCi})(10^{-5})(53 \text{ rem/mCi})$$

 $D_i = 0.17 \text{ mSv} (0.017 \text{ rem})$ 

Using Equation B-1 and assuming the patient has received instructions for reducing exposure as recommended for an occupancy factor of 0.25, the external dose is approximately 5 mSv (0.5 rem). Thus, the internal dose is about 3% of the external dose due to gamma rays. Internal doses may be ignored in calculations of total dose if they are likely to be less than 10% of the external dose because the internal dose due to this source is small in comparison to the magnitude of uncertainty in the external dose.

The conclusion that internal contamination is relatively unimportant in the case of patient release was also reached by the NCRP. The NCRP addressed the risk of intake of radionuclides from parients' secretions and excreta in NCRP Commentary No. 11, "Dose Limits for Individuals Who Receive Exposure from Radionuclide Therapy Patients" (Ref. B-6). The NCRP concluded, "Thus, a contamination incident that could lead to a significant intake of radioactive material is very unlikely." For additional discussion on the subject, see Reference B-1.

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#### Appendix 9

Attached please find a spreadsheet containing the 1-131 thyroid cancer therapies greater than 30 mCi for 2 years prior to your inspection of our facility [July 2005-June 2007]. Patient names have been reduced to initials to protect confidentiality. A chart explaining each column is below.

In all cases 1-131 was administered in capsule form and therefore there is no residual dose calculation. 1-131 dose amounts are as measured in the Capintec dose calibrator in millicuries and subsequently administered orally [not the prescribed dosage.] The practice since June of 2005 has been to determine occupancy factor for each potential patient according to the criteria outlined in **Patient Questionnaire as a Basis for Authorizing Release for 1-131 Doses Greater Than 30 mCi**. All 1-131 cancer therapies greater than 30 mCi must meet an occupancy factor of 0.25. In addition, those patients expected to receive an 1-131 dose of greater than 230 mCi must meet criteria for an occupancy factor of 0.125 for release. If those criteria are not met, the Authorized User and Radiation Safety Office must be consulted. Patients are then assigned a Patient Class and released based on the chart on said document.

1-131 theraputic doses greater than 200 mCi are highlighted and justification for release retrospectively generated with software using guidance from US NRC Regulatory Guide 8.39 and NUREG 1556 Volume 9 Appendix U equation B.5 and default values set therein are included. In addition I have provided justification for those patients with a higher occupancy factor [0.25] regardless of dosage. Whenever possible, a patient-specific calculation is offered as well using measured exposure rates. In the case of an exposure meter reading that is not justified by the dose, i.e. higher than expected for an unshielded source of the capsule strength, the default gamma ray constant for 1-131 has been used. The most likely reason for an aberrant meter reading is contribution from other radionuclides in use in the Nuclear Medicine suite at the time of measurement. In the some cases where no exposure rate was recorded, the patient-specific thyroid uptake values provided by a Nuclear Medicine physician were used. Prior to August of 2006, pertinent survey measurements of dose rate from the patient were not recorded by Nuclear Medicine staff. The 2006-2007 patient calculations support our release criteria.

When an 1-131 therapy patient cannot meet NRC release criteria because of occupancy factor concerns [there have been no doses over 300 mCi in the past two years] he or she is hospitalized in one of four lead-lined rooms in the Medical Center cancer wing 3-East, where nurses are dosimetry-badged and regularly care for patients with radioactivity restrictions. The data presented here support our current release policy.

Explanation of spreadsheet:

Column 1 Patient number Column 2 Patient Initials

Column 3 Date of 1-131 therapy dose Column 4 Calibrated 1-131 dose

Column 5 1 meter reading when recorded

Column 6 Occupancy as determined by Patient Questionnaire [copy attached]

Column 7 Physician determined patient-specific uptake when used for

calculation

Column 8 Maximum dose to a member of the general public according to

equation B.5, calibrated dose and patient-specific occupancy factor

Column 9 Maximum dose to a member of the general public generated using

patient-specific exposure measurements as well as equation B.5 etc.

Column10 Notes

#### References:

1. U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, 10 CFR Part 35.75 and 35.2075

**2.** U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, NUREG-1556, Vol. 9, "Consolidated Guidance About Materials Licenses, Program-Specific Guidance About Medical Use Licenses", Appendix U – Model Procedure for Release of Patients or Human Research Subjects Administered Radioactive Materials, October 2002.

3. U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission, Regulatory Guide 8.39, "Release of Patients Administered Radioactive Materials<sup>n</sup>, April 1997.

Page **■** 

	<u>Date</u>	Patient Initials	<u>Date</u>	I-131 Dose	1mt reading mr/hr	Occupancy Factor	Patient Uptake	Dose Max to member general Public	Pt-specific dose Max incl internal	Notes:
1	6/21/2007	BS	6/21/2007	157.9	13.5	0.125	يعونان متنافق المراوية ومدستها	agrama, a sur surface and a surface and a surface	the section of the se	Secretary and the second
2	6/14/2007	WM	6/14/2007	155.1	21	0.125				
3	6/13/2007	MC	6/13/2007	103.3	22	0.125				
4	6/13/2007	GM	6/13/2007	102.6	29	0.125	*			
5	6/6/2007	SK	6/6/2007	102.2	28	0.125				
6	6/6/2007	HJ	6/6/2007	158.5	30	0.125				
7	6/5/2007	WD	6/5/2007	208	24	0.125		342.9	290	
8	6/4/2007	BE	6/4/2007	103.2	25	0.125				
9	5/31/2007	BA	5/31/2007	161.1	11.6	0.125				
10	5/23/2007	MM	5/23/2007	150	32.1	0.125				
- 11	5/21/2007	TM	5/21/2007	234	10.5	0.125	Margan Law (1) margan	387.5	203	
12	5/16/2007	SD	5/16/2007	226	21	0.125		372.6	277	
13	5/9/2007	BY	5/9/2007	150.2	17.5	0.125				
14	5/1/2007	MM	5/1/2007	103.4	13.5	0.125				
15	5/1/2007	SA	5/1/2007	30.8	6.3	0.125				
16	4/25/2007	PB	4/25/2007	110.5	12.1	0.125				
17	4/16/2007	MS	4/16/2007	157.2	13.2	0.125				
18	4/13/2007	ML	4/13/2007	159.6	52	0.125				
19	4/2/2007	ME	4/2/2007	158	6.7	0.125				
20	3/28/2007	GD	3/28/2007	100.8	10.5	0.25			161	
21	3/8/2007	WJ	3/8/2007	104.8	22	0.125				
22	3/6/2007	JJ	3/6/2007	244	21	0.125		402.2	287	
23	2/28/2007	СТ	2/28/2007	107	39	0.125				
24	2/26/2007	WR	2/26/2007	212	43	0.125		349.5	433	
25	2/22/2007	LSG	2/22/2007	213	12.1	0.125		351.1	204	
26	2/5/2007	HAS	2/5/2007	211	60	0.125		347.8	460	Default gamma ray
27	1/29/2007	CK	1/29/2007	104.9	10	0.125				A STATE OF THE STA
28	1/25/2007	VM	1/25/2007	103.1	18	0.125				
29	1/19/2007	HH	1/19/2007	152	15.8	0.125				4
30	1/15/2007	DW	1/15/2007	103.8	8	0.125	magnesia di 1900 i successi	the second secon	and the second s	Buggi, Buggi, Samery (1996) - Oracle (1996) - Samery (1996)
31	1/12/2007	WE	1/12/2007	108.1	7	0.125				
32	1/11/2007	DR	1/11/2007	103.8	12	0.25			178	
33	12/28/2006	EMS	12/28/2006	203	9	0.125		334.6	175	

Initials				
7/11/2006 JDT 7/11/2006 7/10/2006 CK 7/10/2006 7/7/2006 PR 7/7/2006 6/27/2006 OL 6/27/2006 6/23/2006 RS 6/23/2006 6/13/2006 DS 6/13/2006 6/13/2006 GK 6/13/2006 5/30/2006 JS 5/30/2006 5/30/2006 HD 5/26/2006 5/9/2006 RR 5/9/2006 5/3/2006 RR 5/9/2006 5/3/2006 RR 5/9/2006 5/3/2006 RR 5/9/2006 5/26/2006 HD 5/26/2006 5/3/2006 AS 5/3/2006 5/2/2006 AS 5/3/2006 5/2/2006 GM 5/2/2006 4/26/2006 FM 4/26/2006 4/25/2006 AS 4/25/2006 4/19/2006 GL 4/19/2006 4/10/2006 BD 4/14/2006 4/10/2006 BT 4/3/2006 3/27/2006 JF 3/27/2006 3/21/2006 HR 3/21/2006 3/21/2006 JF 3/22/2006 3/21/2006 JF 3/21/2006 3/21/2006 JF 3/20/2006 3/3/20/2006 JF 3/20/2006 3/3/20/2006 JF 3/20/2006 3/3/2006 FC 3/3/2006	<u>Date</u>		Date	<u>l-13</u>
7/10/2006 CK 7/10/2006 7/7/2006 PR 7/7/2006 6/27/2006 OL 6/27/2006 6/23/2006 RS 6/23/2006 6/13/2006 DS 6/13/2006 6/13/2006 GK 6/13/2006 5/30/2006 VJ 5/30/2006 5/26/2006 HD 5/26/2006 5/9/2006 RR 5/9/2006 5/3/2006 AS 5/3/2006 5/2/2006 MS 5/2/2006 5/2/2006 MS 5/2/2006 4/26/2006 FM 4/26/2006 4/25/2006 AS 4/25/2006 4/19/2006 GL 4/19/2006 4/10/2006 BD 4/14/2006 4/10/2006 DK 4/10/2006 4/3/2006 BT 4/3/2006 3/27/2006 TM 3/24/2006 3/27/2006 TM 3/24/2006 3/21/2006 JF 3/27/2006 3/21/2006 JF 3/27/2006 3/21/2006 JF 3/21/2006 3/3/2006 FC 3/3/2006 2/23/2006 NM 2/23/2006	7/12/2006	TJ	7/12/2006	20
7/7/2006 PR 7/7/2006 6/27/2006 OL 6/27/2006 6/23/2006 RS 6/23/2006 6/13/2006 DS 6/13/2006 6/13/2006 GK 6/13/2006 5/30/2006 VJ 5/30/2006 5/30/2006 HD 5/26/2006 5/9/2006 RR 5/9/2006 5/3/2006 AS 5/3/2006 5/2/2006 MS 5/2/2006 5/2/2006 CM 5/2/2006 4/26/2006 FM 4/26/2006 4/25/2006 AS 4/25/2006 4/19/2006 GL 4/19/2006 4/10/2006 BD 4/14/2006 4/10/2006 BT 4/3/2006 3/27/2006 TM 3/24/2006 3/21/2006 TM 3/24/2006 3/21/2006 JF 3/27/2006 3/21/2006 JF 3/21/2006 3/3/2006 FC 3/3/2006 3/3/2006 FC 3/3/2006	7/11/2006	JDT	7/11/2006	109
6/27/2006 OL 6/27/2006 6/23/2006 RS 6/23/2006 6/13/2006 DS 6/13/2006 6/13/2006 GK 6/13/2006 5/30/2006 VJ 5/30/2006 5/26/2006 HD 5/26/2006 5/9/2006 RR 5/9/2006 5/3/2006 AS 5/3/2006 5/2/2006 MS 5/2/2006 5/2/2006 MS 5/2/2006 5/2/2006 FM 4/26/2006 4/26/2006 FM 4/26/2006 4/25/2006 AS 4/25/2006 4/19/2006 GL 4/19/2006 4/19/2006 BD 4/14/2006 4/10/2006 BT 4/3/2006 3/27/2006 JF 3/27/2006 3/24/2006 JF 3/27/2006 3/21/2006 JF 3/22/2006 3/21/2006 JF 3/22/2006 3/21/2006 JF 3/21/2006 3/20/2006 JF 3/21/2006 3/20/2006 JF 3/21/2006 3/20/2006 JF 3/20/2006 3/21/2006 JF 3/20/2006 3/3/20/2006 JF 3/20/2006 3/3/20/2006 JF 3/20/2006 3/3/20/2006 JF 3/20/2006 3/3/20/2006 JF 3/20/2006 3/3/2006 FC 3/3/2006	7/10/2006	CK	7/10/2006	10
6/23/2006 RS 6/23/2006 6/13/2006 DS 6/13/2006 6/13/2006 GK 6/13/2006 5/30/2006 VJ 5/30/2006 5/26/2006 HD 5/26/2006 5/9/2006 RR 5/9/2006 5/9/2006 AS 5/3/2006 5/2/2006 MS 5/2/2006 5/2/2006 CM 5/2/2006 4/26/2006 FM 4/26/2006 4/25/2006 AS 4/25/2006 4/20/2006 GL 4/19/2006 4/19/2006 GL 4/19/2006 4/10/2006 BD 4/14/2006 4/3/2006 BT 4/3/2006 3/27/2006 TM 3/24/2006 3/21/2006 TM 3/24/2006 3/21/2006 BT 3/27/2006 3/21/2006 JF 3/27/2006 3/21/2006 JF 3/21/2006 3/21/2006 JF 3/21/2006 3/21/2006 JF 3/21/2006 3/20/2006 JF 3/20/2006 3/3/20/2006 JF 3/20/2006 3/3/20/2006 JF 3/20/2006 3/3/2006 GJ 3/14/2006 3/3/2006 FC 3/3/2006	7/7/2006	PR	7/7/2006	152
6/13/2006 DS 6/13/2006 6/13/2006 GK 6/13/2006 5/30/2006 VJ 5/30/2006 5/26/2006 HD 5/26/2006 5/9/2006 RR 5/9/2006 5/3/2006 AS 5/3/2006 5/2/2006 MS 5/2/2006 5/2/2006 MS 5/2/2006 4/26/2006 FM 4/26/2006 4/25/2006 AS 4/25/2006 4/19/2006 GL 4/19/2006 4/19/2006 BD 4/14/2006 4/10/2006 BT 4/3/2006 4/3/2006 BT 4/3/2006 3/27/2006 TM 3/24/2006 3/21/2006 TM 3/24/2006 3/21/2006 JF 3/27/2006 3/21/2006 JF 3/21/2006 3/21/2006 JF 3/21/2006 3/21/2006 JF 3/21/2006 3/21/2006 JF 3/21/2006 3/21/2006 JF 3/20/2006 3/3/20/2006 JF 3/20/2006 3/3/20/2006 JF 3/20/2006 3/3/20/2006 JF 3/20/2006 3/3/3/2006 FC 3/3/2006	6/27/2006	OL	6/27/2006	15
6/13/2006 GK 6/13/2006 5/30/2006 VJ 5/30/2006 5/26/2006 HD 5/26/2006 5/9/2006 RR 5/9/2006 5/3/2006 AS 5/3/2006 5/2/2006 MS 5/2/2006 5/2/2006 CM 5/2/2006 4/26/2006 FM 4/26/2006 4/25/2006 AS 4/25/2006 4/19/2006 GL 4/19/2006 4/19/2006 GL 4/19/2006 4/10/2006 DK 4/10/2006 4/3/2006 BT 4/3/2006 3/27/2006 JF 3/27/2006 3/24/2006 TM 3/24/2006 3/21/2006 JF 3/22/2006 3/21/2006 JF 3/21/2006 3/21/2006 JF 3/21/2006 3/21/2006 JF 3/21/2006 3/21/2006 JF 3/21/2006 3/3/2006 FC 3/3/2006 2/23/2006 NM 2/23/2006	6/23/2006	RS	6/23/2006	157
5/30/2006         VJ         5/30/2006           5/26/2006         HD         5/26/2006           5/9/2006         RR         5/9/2006           5/3/2006         AS         5/3/2006           5/2/2006         MS         5/2/2006           5/2/2006         CM         5/2/2006           4/26/2006         FM         4/26/2006           4/25/2006         AS         4/25/2006           4/20/2006         WP         4/20/2006           4/19/2006         GL         4/19/2006           4/19/2006         BD         4/14/2006           4/10/2006         BT         4/3/2006           3/27/2006         JF         3/27/2006           3/24/2006         TM         3/24/2006           3/21/2006         HR         3/21/2006           3/20/2006         JF         3/20/2006           3/14/2006         GJ         3/14/2006           3/3/2006         FC         3/3/2006           2/23/2006         NM         2/23/2006	6/13/2006	DS	6/13/2006	28
5/26/2006         HD         5/26/2006           5/9/2006         RR         5/9/2006           5/3/2006         AS         5/3/2006           5/2/2006         MS         5/2/2006           5/2/2006         CM         5/2/2006           4/26/2006         FM         4/26/2006           4/25/2006         AS         4/25/2006           4/20/2006         WP         4/20/2006           4/19/2006         GL         4/19/2006           4/19/2006         BD         4/14/2006           4/10/2006         BT         4/3/2006           3/27/2006         JF         3/27/2006           3/24/2006         TM         3/24/2006           3/21/2006         HR         3/21/2006           3/20/2006         JF         3/20/2006           3/14/2006         GJ         3/14/2006           3/3/2006         FC         3/3/2006           2/23/2006         NM         2/23/2006	6/13/2006	GK	6/13/2006	153
5/9/2006         RR         5/9/2006           5/3/2006         AS         5/3/2006           5/2/2006         MS         5/2/2006           5/2/2006         CM         5/2/2006           4/26/2006         FM         4/26/2006           4/25/2006         AS         4/25/2006           4/20/2006         WP         4/20/2006           4/19/2006         GL         4/19/2006           4/10/2006         BD         4/14/2006           4/3/2006         BT         4/3/2006           3/27/2006         JF         3/27/2006           3/24/2006         TM         3/24/2006           3/21/2006         HR         3/21/2006           3/20/2006         JF         3/20/2006           3/14/2006         GJ         3/14/2006           3/3/2006         FC         3/3/2006           2/23/2006         NM         2/23/2006	5/30/2006	VJ	5/30/2006	163
5/3/2006         AS         5/3/2006           5/2/2006         MS         5/2/2006           5/2/2006         CM         5/2/2006           4/26/2006         FM         4/26/2006           4/25/2006         AS         4/25/2006           4/20/2006         WP         4/20/2006           4/19/2006         GL         4/19/2006           4/19/2006         BD         4/14/2006           4/10/2006         DK         4/10/2006           4/3/2006         BT         4/3/2006           3/27/2006         JF         3/27/2006           3/24/2006         TM         3/24/2006           3/21/2006         HR         3/21/2006           3/20/2006         JF         3/20/2006           3/14/2006         GJ         3/14/2006           3/3/2006         FC         3/3/2006           2/23/2006         NM         2/23/2006	5/26/2006	HD	5/26/2006	10
5/2/2006         MS         5/2/2006           5/2/2006         CM         5/2/2006           4/26/2006         FM         4/26/2006           4/25/2006         AS         4/25/2006           4/20/2006         WP         4/20/2006           4/19/2006         GL         4/19/2006           4/19/2006         BD         4/14/2006           4/10/2006         DK         4/10/2006           4/3/2006         BT         4/3/2006           3/27/2006         JF         3/27/2006           3/24/2006         TM         3/24/2006           3/21/2006         HR         3/21/2006           3/20/2006         JF         3/20/2006           3/14/2006         GJ         3/14/2006           3/3/2006         FC         3/3/2006           2/23/2006         NM         2/23/2006	5/9/2006	RR	5/9/2006	26
5/2/2006         CM         5/2/2006           4/26/2006         FM         4/26/2006           4/25/2006         AS         4/25/2006           4/20/2006         WP         4/20/2006           4/19/2006         GL         4/19/2006           4/19/2006         BD         4/14/2006           4/10/2006         DK         4/10/2006           4/3/2006         BT         4/3/2006           3/27/2006         JF         3/27/2006           3/24/2006         TM         3/24/2006           3/21/2006         HR         3/21/2006           3/20/2006         JF         3/20/2006           3/14/2006         GJ         3/14/2006           3/3/2006         FC         3/3/2006           2/23/2006         NM         2/23/2006	5/3/2006	AS	5/3/2006	20:
4/26/2006         FM         4/26/2006           4/25/2006         AS         4/25/2006           4/20/2006         WP         4/20/2006           4/19/2006         GL         4/19/2006           4/19/2006         BD         4/14/2006           4/10/2006         DK         4/10/2006           4/3/2006         BT         4/3/2006           3/27/2006         JF         3/27/2006           3/24/2006         TM         3/24/2006           3/21/2006         YS         3/22/2006           3/21/2006         JF         3/20/2006           3/14/2006         GJ         3/14/2006           3/3/2006         FC         3/3/2006           2/23/2006         NM         2/23/2006	5/2/2006	MS	5/2/2006	21
4/25/2006         AS         4/25/2006           4/20/2006         WP         4/20/2006           4/19/2006         GL         4/19/2006           4/14/2006         BD         4/14/2006           4/10/2006         DK         4/10/2006           4/3/2006         BT         4/3/2006           3/27/2006         JF         3/27/2006           3/24/2006         TM         3/24/2006           3/21/2006         YS         3/22/2006           3/21/2006         JF         3/20/2006           3/14/2006         GJ         3/14/2006           3/3/2006         FC         3/3/2006           2/23/2006         NM         2/23/2006	5/2/2006	CM	5/2/2006	153
4/20/2006         WP         4/20/2006           4/19/2006         GL         4/19/2006           4/14/2006         BD         4/14/2006           4/10/2006         DK         4/10/2006           4/3/2006         BT         4/3/2006           3/27/2006         JF         3/27/2006           3/24/2006         TM         3/24/2006           3/22/2006         YS         3/22/2006           3/21/2006         HR         3/21/2006           3/14/2006         JF         3/20/2006           3/3/2006         FC         3/3/2006           2/23/2006         NM         2/23/2006	4/26/2006	FM	4/26/2006	101
4/19/2006         GL         4/19/2006           4/14/2006         BD         4/14/2006           4/10/2006         DK         4/10/2006           4/3/2006         BT         4/3/2006           3/27/2006         JF         3/27/2006           3/24/2006         TM         3/24/2006           3/22/2006         YS         3/22/2006           3/21/2006         HR         3/21/2006           3/20/2006         JF         3/20/2006           3/14/2006         GJ         3/14/2006           3/3/2006         FC         3/3/2006           2/23/2006         NM         2/23/2006	4/25/2006	AS	4/25/2006	20:
4/14/2006         BD         4/14/2006           4/10/2006         DK         4/10/2006           4/3/2006         BT         4/3/2006           3/27/2006         JF         3/27/2006           3/24/2006         TM         3/24/2006           3/22/2006         YS         3/22/2006           3/21/2006         HR         3/21/2006           3/20/2006         JF         3/20/2006           3/14/2006         GJ         3/14/2006           3/3/2006         FC         3/3/2006           2/23/2006         NM         2/23/2006	4/20/2006	WP	4/20/2006	158
4/10/2006         DK         4/10/2006           4/3/2006         BT         4/3/2006           3/27/2006         JF         3/27/2006           3/24/2006         TM         3/24/2006           3/22/2006         YS         3/22/2006           3/21/2006         HR         3/21/2006           3/20/2006         JF         3/20/2006           3/14/2006         GJ         3/14/2006           3/3/2006         FC         3/3/2006           2/23/2006         NM         2/23/2006	4/19/2006	GL	4/19/2006	15
4/3/2006     BT     4/3/2006       3/27/2006     JF     3/27/2006       3/24/2006     TM     3/24/2006       3/22/2006     YS     3/22/2006       3/21/2006     HR     3/21/2006       3/20/2006     JF     3/20/2006       3/14/2006     GJ     3/14/2006       3/3/2006     FC     3/3/2006       2/23/2006     NM     2/23/2006	4/14/2006	BD	4/14/2006	20
3/27/2006         JF         3/27/2006           3/24/2006         TM         3/24/2006           3/22/2006         YS         3/22/2006           3/21/2006         HR         3/21/2006           3/20/2006         JF         3/20/2006           3/14/2006         GJ         3/14/2006           3/3/2006         FC         3/3/2006           2/23/2006         NM         2/23/2006	4/10/2006	DK	4/10/2006	149
3/24/2006         TM         3/24/2006           3/22/2006         YS         3/22/2006           3/21/2006         HR         3/21/2006           3/20/2006         JF         3/20/2006           3/14/2006         GJ         3/14/2006           3/3/2006         FC         3/3/2006           2/23/2006         NM         2/23/2006	4/3/2006	BT	4/3/2006	106
3/22/2006         YS         3/22/2006           3/21/2006         HR         3/21/2006           3/20/2006         JF         3/20/2006           3/14/2006         GJ         3/14/2006           3/3/2006         FC         3/3/2006           2/23/2006         NM         2/23/2006	3/27/2006	JF	3/27/2006	21
3/21/2006 HR 3/21/2006 3/20/2006 JF 3/20/2006 3/14/2006 GJ 3/14/2006 3/3/2006 FC 3/3/2006 2/23/2006 NM 2/23/2006	3/24/2006	TM	3/24/2006	10
3/20/2006         JF         3/20/2006           3/14/2006         GJ         3/14/2006           3/3/2006         FC         3/3/2006           2/23/2006         NM         2/23/2006	3/22/2006	YS	3/22/2006	99.
3/14/2006 GJ 3/14/2006 3/3/2006 FC 3/3/2006 2/23/2006 NM 2/23/2006	3/21/2006	HR	3/21/2006	154
3/3/2006 FC 3/3/2006 2/23/2006 NM 2/23/2006	3/20/2006	JF	3/20/2006	198
2/23/2006 NM 2/23/2006	3/14/2006	GJ	3/14/2006	157
	3/3/2006	FC	3/3/2006	150
2/17/2006 PI 2/17/2006	2/23/2006	NM	2/23/2006	153
2/11/2000   PJ   2/11/2006	2/17/2006	PJ	2/17/2006	151
2/16/2006 AL 2/16/2006		AL	2/16/2006	20
2/16/2006 DM 2/16/2006		DM		152
2/1/2006 JJ 2/1/2006	2/1/2006	JJ	2/1/2006	213

	<u>Date</u>	Patient Initials	<u>Date</u>	I-131 Dose	1mt reading mr/hr	Occupancy Factor	Patient Uptake	Dose Max to member general Public	Pt-specific dose Max incl internal	<u>Notes:</u>
34	12/27/2006	WH	12/27/2006	178	7.7	0.125		and the state of the state of	gant the game of the contract of the state o	palace of the second of the se
35	12/20/2006	PK	12/20/2006	50.7	2.7	0.125				
36	12/15/2006	TC	12/15/2006	147.6	6.1	0.125				
37	12/15/2006	DW	12/15/2006	104.6	13.3	0.125				
38	12/11/2006	CC	12/11/2006	148.2	7.2	0.125			the state of the s	
39	12/7/2006	HMM	12/7/2006	145.3	5	0.125				
40	12/4/2006	DD	12/4/2006	149.6	15	0.125				
41	11/9/2006	NK	11/9/2006	147.1	12.6	0.125				
42	11/3/2006	BJ	11/3/2006	100	0.54	0.125				
43	11/3/2006	HE	11/3/2006	99.7	9.3	0.125				
44	10/30/2006	LA	10/30/2006	103.8	11.4	0.125				
45	10/23/2006	YW	10/23/2006	147.3	27	0.125				
46	10/23/2006	WV	10/23/2006	98.3	10	0.125				
47	10/18/2006	ML	10/18/2006	98.6	7	0.25			124	
48	10/17/2006	RM	10/17/2006	99.4	10	0.25			156	
49	10/6/2006	RW	10/6/2006	142.3	21	0.125				
50	10/5/2006	CG	10/5/2006	145	24	0.125				
51	10/5/2006	SE	10/5/2006	103.1	16.7	0.125		and the second s	100 mm	
52	10/2/2006	SV	10/2/2006	152	18	0.125				
53	9/13/2006	JS	9/13/2006	261	60	0.125	>1%	430.2	498	Default gamma ray
54	9/13/2006	TY	9/13/2006	249	9	0.125		410.5	188	3
55	9/12/2006	RM	9/12/2006	100.4	13.9	0.125				
56	8/30/2006	PN	8/30/2006	101.7		0.5				Hospitalized as inpatient
57	8/23/2006	CJ	8/23/2006	100.4	13.4	0.125				
58	8/18/2006	VC	8/18/2006	148.4	36	0.125				
59	8/15/2006	MC	8/15/2006	102.2	15.2	0.125				
60	8/8/2006	MW	8/8/2006	153.5		0.5				Hospitalized as inpatient
61	7/31/2006	DW	7/31/2006	51.9	9.5	0.125				
62	7/28/2006	WC	7/28/2006	167.5		0.125				
63	7/25/2006	LO	7/25/2006	114.3		0.125		and the second second second	Payater authorization on the second of the second	
64	7/17/2006	JL	7/17/2006	160.4		0.125				
65	7/14/2006	PC	7/14/2006	156		0.125				
66	7/13/2006	CM	7/13/2006	105		0.125				

Page 4

	<u>Date</u>	Patient Initials	Date	<u>1-131</u> <u>Dose</u>	1mt reading mr/hr	Occupancy Factor	Patient Uptake	Dose Max to member general Public	Pt-s ecific Pt-specific dose Max inch internal	Notes:
100	2/1/2006	PO	2/1/2006	153.1	-	0.125	par 3		-4	
101	1/30/2006	JB	1/30/2006	220		0.125		362.7		
102	1/30/2006	CA	1/3012006	157.7		0 125				
103	1/1612006	HA A	1/16/2006	202		0.25		458		
104	1212812005	TE	12/28/2005	104.9		0.125				
105	12/19/2005	MK	12/19/2005	158		0.125				
106	12/14/2005	WC	12/14/2005	147.7		0.125				
107	12/13/2005	LB	12/13/2005	100.5		0.125				
108	12/9/2005	sl	12/9/2005	175		0.125				
109	12/1/2005	JL	12/1/2005	151.1		0.125				
110	11/21/2005	CJ ~	11/21/2005	156.3		0.125	nes.			
111	11/21 <b>/2005</b>	WM	11/21/2005	155.4		0.125				
112	1011012005	DS	10/1012005	193.7		0.125				
113	10/4/2005	RS	10/4/2005	zuu. 1		0.125		329.9		
114	9/23/2005	MW	9/23/2005	202		0.125		333		
115	<b>8</b> 1/29/2005	ΥT	8/29/2005	198		0.125				
116	<b>£</b> 1/25/2005	JS	8/25/2005	247		0 125		407.2		
117	8/25/2005	JE	8/25/2005	209		0.125		344.5		
118	8/15/2005	NK	8/15/2005	109.8		0.125				
119	8/15/2005	JP	8/15/2005	33.1		0.125				
120	8/12/2005	WT	8/12/2005	161.5		0.125				
121	8/9/2005	GC	8/9/2005	102.1		0.125				
122	8/8/2005	OF	8/8/2005	149		0.125	man and a state of	toja.	-	
123	8/4/2005	LA	8/4/2005	107.3		0.125				
124	8/3/2005	TM	8/3/2005	200		0.25	<1%	458	461	Patient specific uptake
125	7/29/2005	DJ	7/29/2005	202		0.125		333		
126	7/11/2005	ML	7/11/2005	148		0.25		8	414	
127	7/7/2005	VK	7/7/2005	98.9		0.125	-			