(1-11) LICENSEE EVENT REPORT CONTROL BLOCK (PLEASE PRINT OR TYPE ALL REQUIRED INFORMATION)](1) - 0 0 0 0 0 - 0 0 3 4 0 1 Y IP 3 2 0 0 1 1 1 1(4)N S 1 (5) 26 LICENSE NUMBER LICENSE LICENSEE CODE CON'T REPORT 7 9 (8) 0 0 1 8 6 (7) 0 3 2 7 L(6)01 5 0 0 0 2 SOURCE 68 69 EVENT DATE 60 61 DOCKET NUMBER EVENT DESCRIPTION AND PROBABLE CONSEQUENCES (10) 0 2 While plant was in hot shutdown, the condensate storage tank level dropped below the limit designated by Technical Specification 3.4.A(3) 0 3 Demineralized water was being supplied from the external 0 4 support but since the tank water level sank more quickly than had been anticipated 0 5 the external supply was temporarily unable to compensate 0 6 Similar events 7 were reported on September 2, 1978 0 (LER 78-026/03L-0) and September 0 8 (LER-78-028/03L-0). 9 CAUSE SYSTEM CAUSE SUBCODE COMP VALVE SUBCODE CODE COMPONENT CODE SUBCODE CODE Z (13) Z(14)W F X (12) \mathbf{Z} \mathbf{Z} \mathbf{Z} \mathbf{z} \mathbf{Z} Z (15) Ζļ (16) (11)9 18 13 10 REVISION OCCURRENCE SEQUENTIAL REPORT EVENT YEAR REPORT NO CODE NC. LER/RO TYPE (17) REPORT ام 0 9 ol 0 L 4 3 NUMBER 32 22 23 27 28 30 31 29 NPRD-4 FORM SUB. PRIME COMP. SUPPLIER COMPONENT MANUFACTURER ACTION FUTURE TAKEN ACTION EFFECT ON PLANT SHUTDOWN METHOD ATTACHMENT SUBMITTED (22) HOURS X (18) X Z_(20) Z (21) 0 0 0 10 |Y](23) N (25) Z 9 9 9 Ν (24) (26) (19) 33 35 36 12 12 CAUSE DESCRIPTION AND CORRECTIVE ACTIONS (27) Maximum steam generator blowdown was being maintained at the time in 1 0 order to eliminate chlorides forming in the steam generator due to reverse 1 1 hideout. The proper water level in the condensate storage tank was 2 restored within two hours. To prevent repetition of this event in the 1 3 future, an on-site demineralization plant is to be installed 4 80 9 8 FACILITY METHOD OF (30) DISCOVERY DESCRIPTION (32) % POWER OTHER STATUS DISCOVERY 129 0 Operator Observation A (31) 5 (28 NA 1 9 10 ACTIVITY CONTENT 13 44 46 80 AMOUNT OF ACTIVITY (35) LOCATION OF RELEASE (36) RELEASED_OF RELEASE Z 34 Z (33) NA NA 6 10 80 11 PERSONNEL EXPOSURES DESCRIPTION (39) NUMBER ТҮРЕ 0 0 (37) Z (38) 7 0 NA 80 11 12 13 PERSONNEL INJURIES DESCRIPTION (41) NUMBER 0 0 (40) 8 0 NA 11 80 9 12 LOSS OF OR DAMAGE TO FACILITY (43) TYPE DESCRIPTION 9 Z (42) NA 80 10 PUBLICITY NRC USE ONLY 7905010527 DESCRIPTION (45) ISSUED NA 917-92 N (44) 0 68 69 10 80 914-739-8200 X217 Gumble Floyd W. 049 NAME OF PREPARER PHONE:

ATTACHMENT 1

Docket No. 50-286 LER-79-004/03L-0

The Power Authority of the State of New York

The plant was in hot shutdown, in preparation for full power ascension.

On march 27, 1979, the condensate storage tank level dropped below the 360,000 gallon limit designated by Technical Specification 3.4.A(3) to a level of 355,000 gallons. The incident was caused by the use of the steam generator blowdown system which was being held at maximum. This was to eliminate chlorides forming in the steam generators due to the reverse hideout occurring in power ascension. Water from the condensate storage tank is used to make up for the water lost due to steam generator blowdown. As the tank level began to drop, demineralized water was supplied from the external support facility. The water level sank more quickly than had been anticipated, and by the time the flow rate was increased, the tank level dropped below Technical Specification lower limit.

This incident occurred at 0440 hours. By 0615 hours enough water had been supplied to bring the condensate storage tank level above 360,000 gallons.

In the future, special attention to the condensate storage tank water level will be emphasized during periods of excessive blowdown. Furthermore, to augment this water supply, a demineralization plant is to be installed on site.

Performance of the reactor was not affected by this incident. Similar events were reported on September 2, 1978 (LER 78-026/03L-0) and September 7, 1978 (LER 78-028/03L-0).

William J Cahil, Jr.

Care - Filed Edison Complex yor flaw. York, inc. File - File - Rew York, flavor - Sy. Turepublic (Pile) 460 (3879)

April 18, 1979

RE: Indian Point Units 1,2&3 Docket Nos. 50-03, 50-247 & 50-286 LER 79-002/04X-1

Mr. Boyce H. Grier, Director Office of Inspection and Enforcement Region I U. S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission 631 Park Avenue King of Prussia, Pa. 19406

Dear Mr. Grier

The attached Licensee Event Report 79-002/04X-1 "Anomalous Measurement Report", is hereby submitted in accordance with the requirements of Section 5.6.2.2 of the Environmental Technical Specification Requirements (ETSR). The event is of the type described in ETSR Section 5.6.2.2a. A more detailed report on this event is included as an attachment to this LER.

Three copies of this letter and attachment are enclosed as required.

Very truly yours William Paliel f

attachment enc.

CC: Mr. Harold R. Denton, Director Office of Nuclear Reactor Regulation c/o Distribution Services Branch,DDC,ADM U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission Washington, D.C. 20555

Mr. T. Rebelowski, Resident Inspector U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission P.O. Box 38 Buchanan, N.Y. 10511

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NRC FORM 366 Update Report-Previous Report 2/06/79 U. S. NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION LICENSEE EVENT REPORT CONTROL BLOCK: (PLEASE PRINT OR TYPE ALL REQUIRED INFORMATION) (5) CON'T REPORT 0 1

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SOURCE DOCKET NUMBER EVENT DESCRIPTION AND PROBABLE CONSEQUENCES (10) Teledyne Isotopes, our contracting laboratory, provided Con Edison with 0 2 $\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$ a report on January 8, 1979 that the activity of our precipitation sample taken from Eastview on November 30, 1978 exceeded ten times the 0 4 0 5 | control station level. This event did not have any environmental consequences attributable to plant operations at Indian Point. 0 6 0 7 0 8 SYSTEM CODE CAUSE CAUSE COMP VALVE CODE SUBCODE COMPONENT CODE SUBCODE 0 9 $\mathbf{x}(\mathbf{u})$ <u>x</u> (12) (13) Z (15 | Z | (16) 13 SEQUENTIAL OCCURRENCE CODE REPORT REVISION LER RO EVENT YEAR REPORT NO. TYPE NO. (17) REPORT 7 9 0 0 2 014 IX – 1 31 32 ACTION FUTURE TAKEN ACTION EFFECT ON PLANT SHUTDOWN METHOD ATTACHMENT SUBMITTED NPRD-4 FORM SUB. PRIME COMP. COMPONENT HOURS (22) SUPPLIER MANUFACTURER <u>N</u> 24 (20) $\underline{Z}(18)$ $\underline{Z}(19)$ Z **Z** (21) 0 0 0 0 ¥23 Z (25 Z | 9 | 9 | CAUSE DESCRIPTION AND CORRECTIVE ACTIONS (27) 10 The anomalous sample activity was determined to be caused by tritium 11 releases from a source other than Indian Point. The New York State Department of Environmental Conservation investigated a manufacturer 1 2 in the vicinity of Eastview station, which has since modified their 1 3 14 installation to prevent a recurrence of this problem. 8 9 FACILITY METHOD OF OTHER STATUS DISCOVERY DESCRIPTION (32) Notification by contracting lab. % POWER 1 5 NA D 31 9 10 ACTIVITY CONTENT 80 AMOUNT OF ACTIVITY (35) RELEASED_OF RELEASE LOCATION OF RELEASE (36) Z 33 Z 34 6 NA NA 10 11 80 PERSONNEL EXPOSURES DESCRIPTION (39) NUMBER TYPE 010]][Z]38 7 101 NA PERSONNEL INJURIES 80 DESCRIPTION(41) NUMBER 0 0 0 40 NA 1 8 11 12 SOF OF DAMAGE TO FACILITY (43) 80 DESCRIPTION 9 Z (42) NA 10 PUBLICITY 7904240327 si DESCRIPTION (45) NRC USE ONLY NA 2 0 68 80 NAME OF PREPARER Steven Masciulli (212) 460-3384 - 4.8 PHONE

Consolidated Edison Co. of New Yos, Inc. Indian Point Nos. 1,2&3 Docket Nos. 50-03, 50-247 & 50-286 Attachment to LER 79-002/04X-1

Update Report - Previous Report 2/06/79

This report of an anomalous measurement at one of our environmental sampling locations in the vicinity of Indian Point Station is being made as a "followup" to the telephone report made by Mr. Steven Masciulli on January 8, 1979 to the Region I Office of Inspection and Enforcement. These actions were taken in accordance with the Environmental Technical Specification Requirements (ETSR), for Indian Point Units Nos. 1,2&3, Section 5.6.2.2.

On January 8, 1979 Teledyne Isotopes, our contracting laboratory, reported a tritium level in a precipitation sample which exceeded ten times the control station value. The sample obtained at Eastview, located 15 miles southeast of Indian Point, was found to contain 7.31+0.44X10⁻⁶ uCi/ml of tritium as determined by gas analysis. The sample obtained from Roseton, the control station, located 20 miles north of Indian Point, had a tritium activity of 1.20+0.7X10-7 uCi/ml. Both samples were continuously collected over the entire month of November and were retrieved from the field on November 30, 1978. All precipitation samples were sent to Teledyne Isotopes for analysis on December 1, 1978. Upon Receipt of these results Teledyne Isotopes was asked to perform a confirmatory reanalysis of the Eastview sample. The result of the reanalysis was $7.04+0.42\times10^{-6}$ uCi/ml of tritium, thus confirming the original result. An investigation was performed to determine the cause of this anomalous measurement.

A review of precipitation analyses for the past few years shows tritium levels consistently at the 10^{-7} uCi/ml level at all locations, with no increasing trends noted. There are three other precipitation sampling points almost in a direct line, between Indian Point and Eastview; Air Monitor House onsite, Furnace Dock 3.5 miles southeast, and Croton Point 7.5 miles south southeast. Although each of these stations is closer to Indian Point, none indicated tritium levels in excess of $6.0X10^{-7}$ uCi/ml, which is a factor of twelve less than that observed at Eastview. This indicates that the source of tritium at Eastview is not related to plant operation at Indian Point and instead may be caused by some local activity, since the effect was not observed at other stations.

Releases at Indian Point Station during the period of concern were consistent with those which have been observed in the past and exhibited no abnormalities which would account for the anomalous measurements. Since typically many isotopes are released from the plant we would expect to see several of them in the Eastview sample in quantities comparable to their releases. However, only tritium was observed in the sample, indicating that its source was something other than plant operations at Indian Point.

From the above investigation it is concluded that the tritium observed at Eastview was not due to plant operations at Indian Point. The evidence indicates that it is due to some other source probably in the vicinity of Eastview judging from the localized effects. Con Edison has been advised that the New York State Department of Environmental Conservation has identified the source as a local manufacturer, which has since addeddessicant filters to their installation to prevent any further recurrence of this problem.