



NRC / BWROG Meeting

BWR LOCA Long Term Cooling Fuel Effects to Debris Blockages

Jose Luis Casillas
Consulting Engineer
BWR Plant Performance
GE-Hitachi

Curt Robert
BWR Plant Performance
GE-Hitachi

October 21, 2009



HITACHI

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Agenda

- Review of Previous Presentation (~10 min)
 - Limiting LOCA Scenario Selection
 - Limiting Bundle Blockage Case
- TRACG LOCA Simulation Results (~ 25 min)
 - Sensitivity of PCT to Blockage Scenarios
 - Reference Limiting Case for Long Term Cooling
- Maximum Blockage Criteria (~ 10 min)
 - Lower Tie Plate Grid
 - Spacers and Upper Tie Plate Grid
- Boundary Conditions for Fuel Testing (~ 10 min)
 - Bottom Reflood
 - Natural Circulation
 - Bypass Region Refill
 - Top Channel Downflow

Review of Previous Presentation

TRACG LOCA Simulation Results

Maximum Blockage Criteria

Boundary Conditions for Fuel Testing

Review of Previous Presentation

Limiting LOCA Scenario Selection

- Largest Pipe Break
- Early Uncovery and Late Recovery

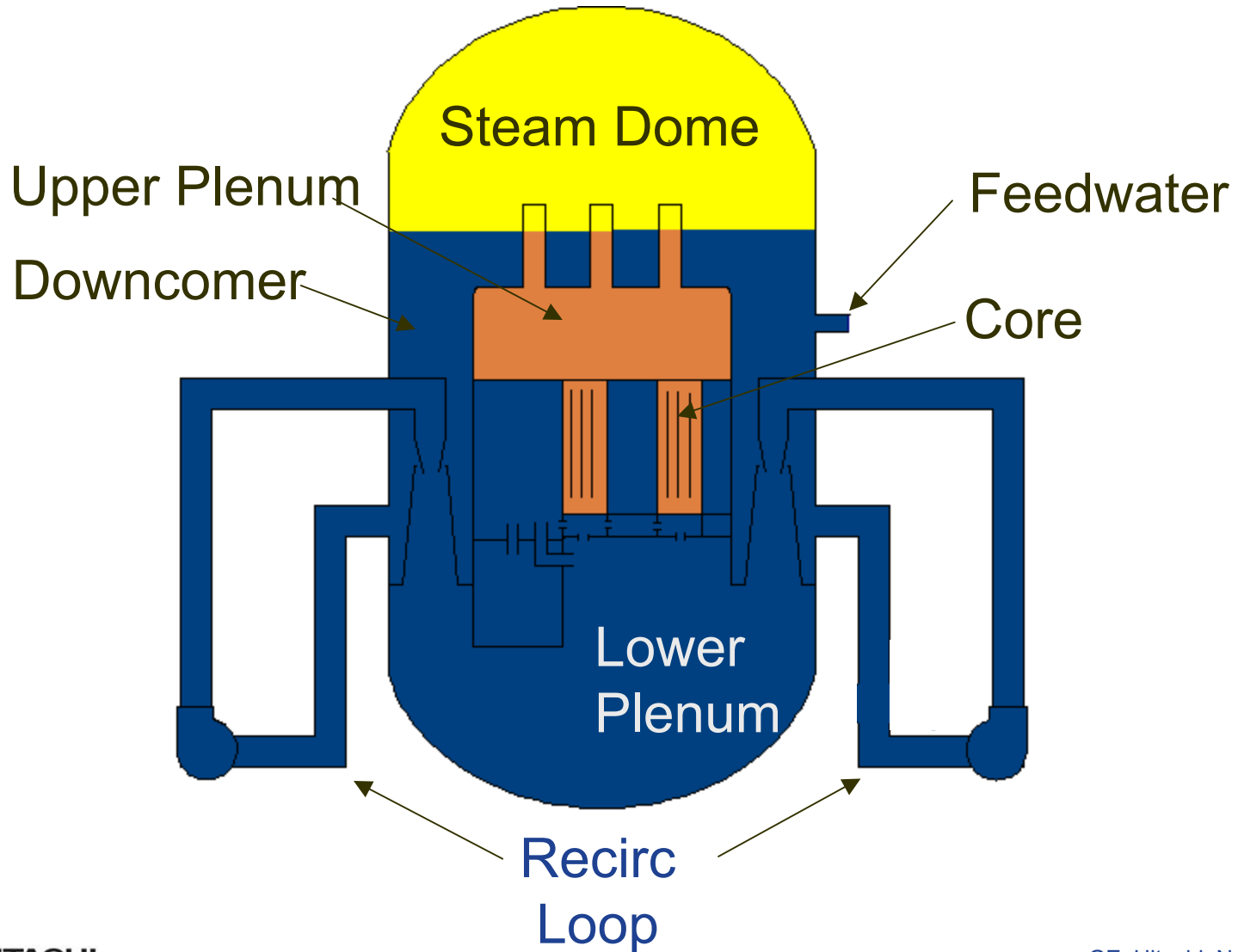
Debris Flow Paths

- Level and Bypass Refill, Secondary Effects
- Inlet Natural Circulation, Short Term
- Outlet Downflow, Long Term

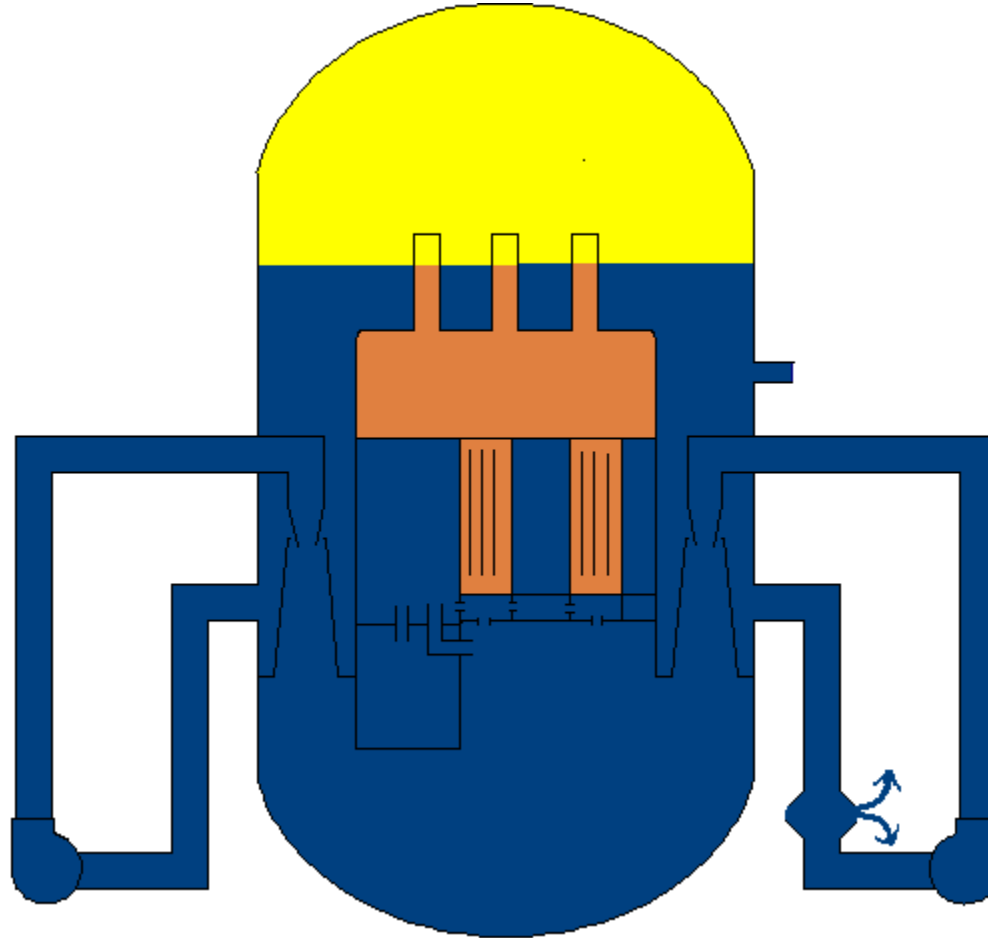
Limiting Bundle Blockage Case

- Full Blockage at Inlet
- Partial Blockage at Exit

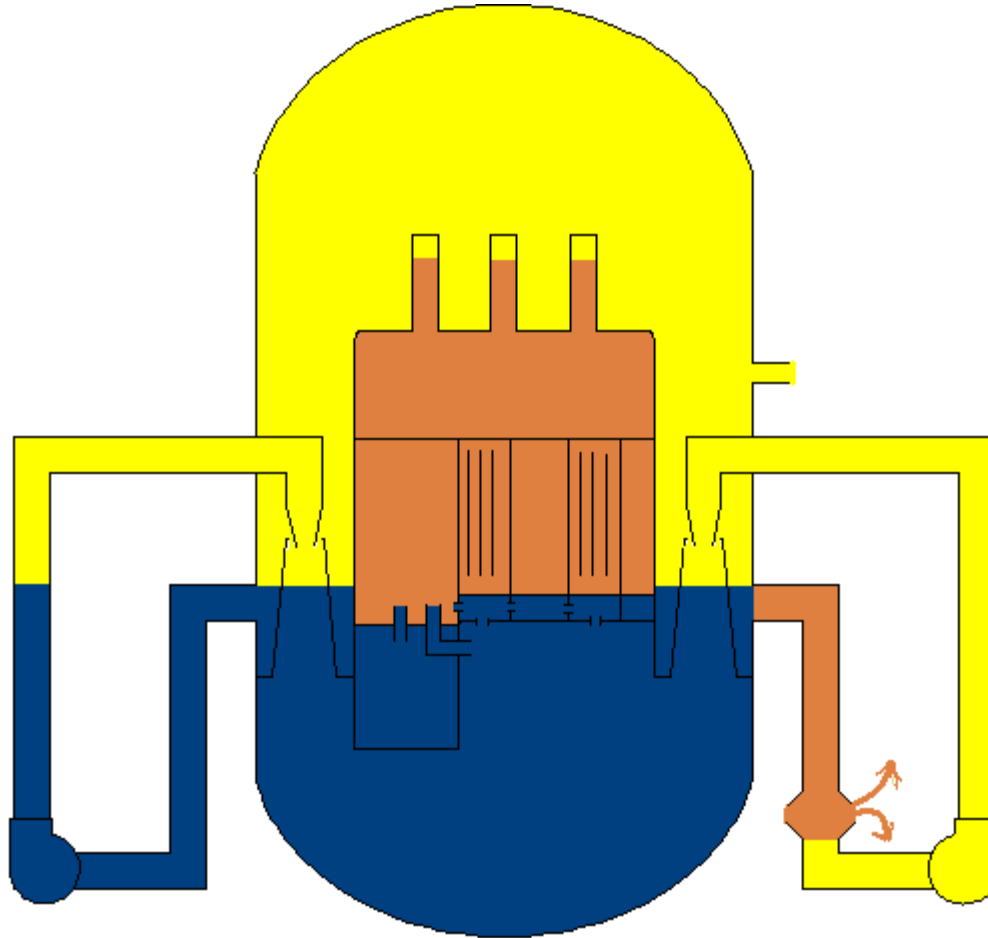
Typical BWR Normal Operation



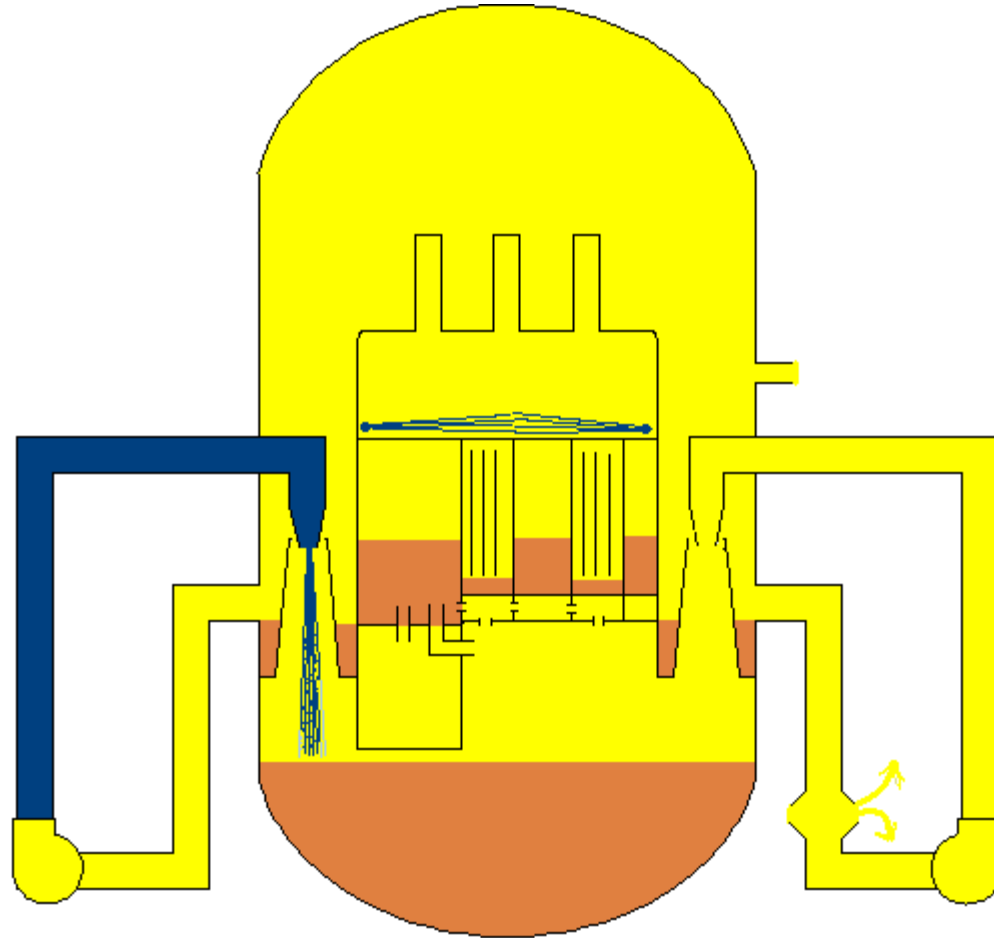
BWR LOCA Event – Initial Pipe Rupture



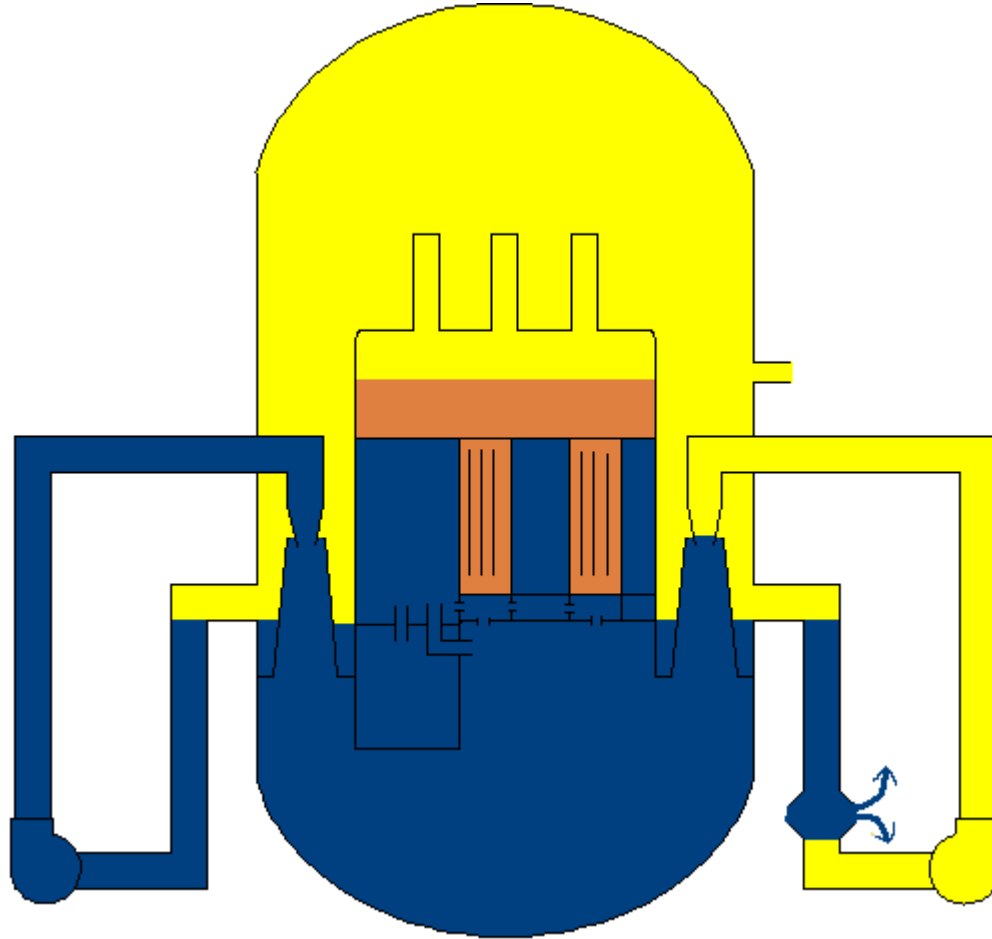
BWR LOCA Event – Prior to ECCS Injection



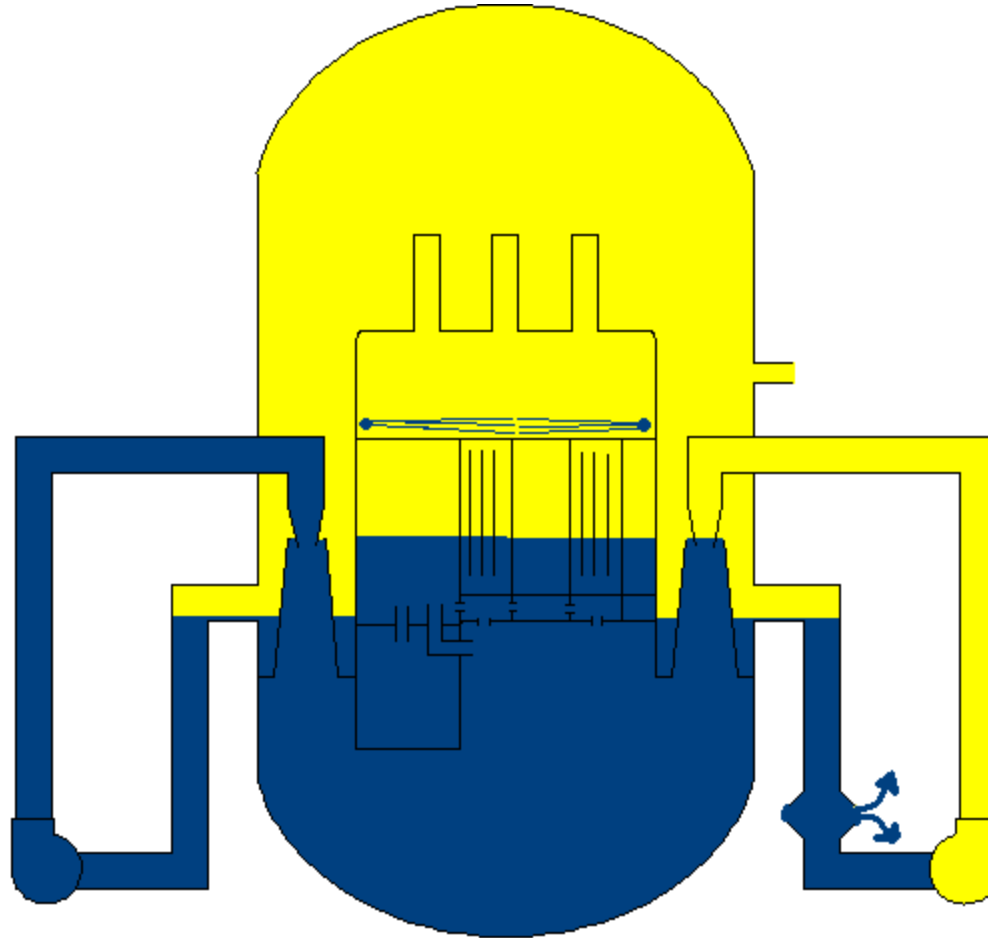
BWR LOCA Event – Initial ECCS Injection



BWR LOCA Event – Core Reflood



BWR LOCA Event – Long Term Cooling



Review of Previous Presentation

TRACG LOCA Simulation Results

Maximum Blockage Criteria

Boundary Conditions for Fuel Testing

TRACG LOCA Simulation Results

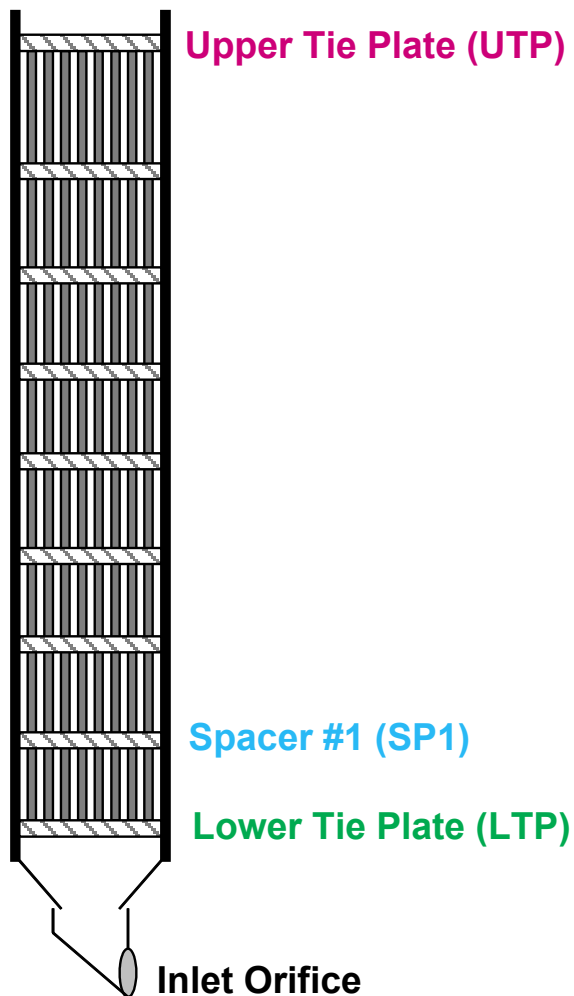
- Sensitivity of PCT to Blockage Scenarios
 - Plant Types and Break Size
 - Blockage Magnitude and Time
- Reference Limiting Case for Long Term Cooling
 - Full Inlet Blockage
 - Partial Outlet Blockage
 - Coolant Flow Magnitude

PCT & RPV Level Response - No Blockage

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Case Matrix



Percentage Blocked	Delay after ECCS Injection
25%	5 sec
50%	30 sec
75%	60 sec
100%	120 sec
	180 sec

Plant Type & Break Size PCT Sensitivity

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Plant Type & Break Size PCT Sensitivity

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Plant Type & Break Size PCT Sensitivity

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Plant Type & Break Size PCT Sensitivity

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PCT Sensitivity to Blockage at LTP

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PCT Sensitivity to 50% Blockage at UTP with 100% Blockage at LTP

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PCT Sensitivity to 50% Blockage at UTP with 100% Blockage at LTP

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High Power Bundle Flow after ECCS Injection – No Blockage

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High Power Bundle Flow after ECCS Injection – No Blockage

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High Power Bundle Flow after ECCS Injection – 50% UTP 100% LTP Blockage

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High Power Bundle Flow after ECCS Injection – 50% UTP 100% LTP Blockage

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High Power Bundle Flow after ECCS Injection – 50% UTP 100% LTP Blockage

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High Power Bundle Flow after ECCS Injection – 50% UTP 100% LTP Blockage

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High Power Bundle Flow after ECCS Injection – 50% UTP 100% LTP Blockage

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High Power Bundle Flow after ECCS Injection – 50% UTP 100% LTP Blockage

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Conclusions

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Review of Previous Presentation

TRACG LOCA Simulation Results

Maximum Blockage Criteria

Boundary Conditions for Fuel Testing

Maximum Blockage Criteria

- Lower Tie Plate Grid
 - Full Blockage applied after short term PCT
 - Allows early cooling from downflow, same as long term cooling and non-jet pump plant
- Upper Tie Plate Grid
 - Limited Blockage applied after flow reversal
 - Flow exceeds cooling requirements after quenching

Review of Previous Presentation

TRACG LOCA Simulation Results

Maximum Blockage criteria

Boundary Conditions for Fuel Testing

Boundary Conditions for Fuel Testing

- Bottom Reflood
 - Initial Two Phase Level Recovery: Delay
- Natural Circulation
 - Natural Circulation Flow: Inlet Blockage
- Bypass Region Refill
 - Lower Plenum Refill: Bypass Flow Holes Blockage
- Top Channel Downflow
 - Core Spray Cooling: Outlet Blockage

Boundary Conditions for Fuel Testing

Flow Path	Criteria	Hydraulic Parameters
1 – Fuel Inlet Grid	Less than 95% free area blockage in three minutes of injection with debris	Maximum driving head of 7 psid
2 – Fuel Outlet Grid	Less than 50% free area blockage over long term injection with debris	Flow rate from 1 to 12 gpm
3 – Level Recovery	Insignificant delay in level recovery over 10 feet during initial two minutes of injection with debris	Level Rise rate corresponding to fastest in BWR
4 – Bypass Flow Refill	Insignificant flow reduction over initial 3 minutes of injection with debris	Maximum driving head of 7 psid



THANK YOU !

Supporting Slides:

Cross section area for inlet filter, spacers and outlet grid

LTP UTP and Spacers

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