

**US-APWR**  
**Function Assignment Analysis**  
**for Safety Logic System**

**Non Proprietary Version**

**October 2009**

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Mitsubishi Heavy Industries, Ltd.  
16-5, Konan 2-chome, Minato-ku  
Tokyo 108-8215 Japan

## Abstract

This technical report is to justify the assignment of component control functions to each Safety Logic System (SLS) controller of the US-APWR, through a failure modes and effects analysis. SLS provides safety component controls in safety instrumentation and control (I&C) system in the US-APWR.

In the SLS, multiple component control functions are grouped within each controller. This analysis provided in this document ensures that each component control function is appropriately assigned to each controller so that spurious state changes of multiple components that may result from credible single failures cannot cause a plant transient, that is not bounded by the plant's safety analysis. Where concurrent spurious actuation of multiple components is determined to be unacceptable, these components are "separated" into different SLS controllers. In addition, this analysis identifies component control functions whose single spurious state change could lead to a plant trip. For these cases, the control function is "duplicated" using a 2-out-of-2 configuration, so that these single spurious state changes are precluded. The analysis in this document identifies the control functions that must be "duplicated" to preclude failures that can lead to spurious plant trip, and the control functions that must be "separated" to preclude failures that can lead to unanalyzed plant transients.

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## List of Acronyms

APWR	advanced pressurized water reactor
AOO	anticipated operational occurrence
CCW	component cooling water
CCWS	component cooling water system
CPU	central processing unit
CSS	containment isolation system
CVCS	chemical and volume control system
DCD	Design Control Document
ECCS	emergency core cooling system
EFW	emergency feedwater
EFWS	emergency feedwater system
ESF	engineered safety feature
ESFAS	engineered safety feature actuation system
ESWS	essential service water system
FWS	feedwater system
FMEA	failure mode and effect analysis
HVAC	heating, ventilation, and air conditioning
IAS	instrument air system
I&C	instrumentation and control
I/O	input/output
MHI	Mitsubishi Heavy Industries, Ltd.
MSS	main steam supply system
NRC	U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission
PIF	power interface
PSMS	protection and safety monitoring system
PSS	process and post-accident sampling system
RCS	reactor coolant system
RCP	reactor coolant pump
RHRS	residual heat removal system
RPS	reactor protection system
SG	steam generator
SGBDS	steam generator blow down system
SIS	safety injection system
SLS	safety logic system
TT	turbine trip

## 1.0 INTRODUCTION

### 1.1 Purpose

This report describes the Failure Mode and Effect Analysis (FMEA) of SLS to justify the functional assignment of multiple plant components to each SLS controller.

### 1.2 Scope

The scope of this document is to ensure that there is no transient that is not bounded by the safety analysis in DCD Ch. 15 due to spurious state change of multiple components caused by a failure of a single SLS controller. Spurious state change means that a component that is normally energized becomes de-energized, or a component that is normally de-energized is erroneously energized to its alternate position. In performing this FMEA, the assignment to the SLS controller and duplication of SLS controllers are also considered. Components whose spurious state change can directly affect the critical safety functions considered in the safety analysis are considered in this duplication.

**2.0 SLS Control Configuration**

SLS provides safety component control in the safety I&C system, protection and safety monitoring system (PSMS), of the US-APWR. I&C overall architecture is shown in Figure 7.1-1 in DCD Ch.7. SLS in Train A and D have 3 controllers and SLS Train B and C have 2 controllers. Each controller has two parallel redundant Central Processing Unit (CPU)s and components are actuated through Power Interface (PIF) modules. The parallel CPUs are configured so that either CPU can position the component to its safe position as required by DCD Chapter 15 safety analysis. It is noted that the parallel CPU configuration is credited in this analysis to preclude spurious state change, since a failure of either CPU can cause spurious state changes of the components controlled by that CPU.

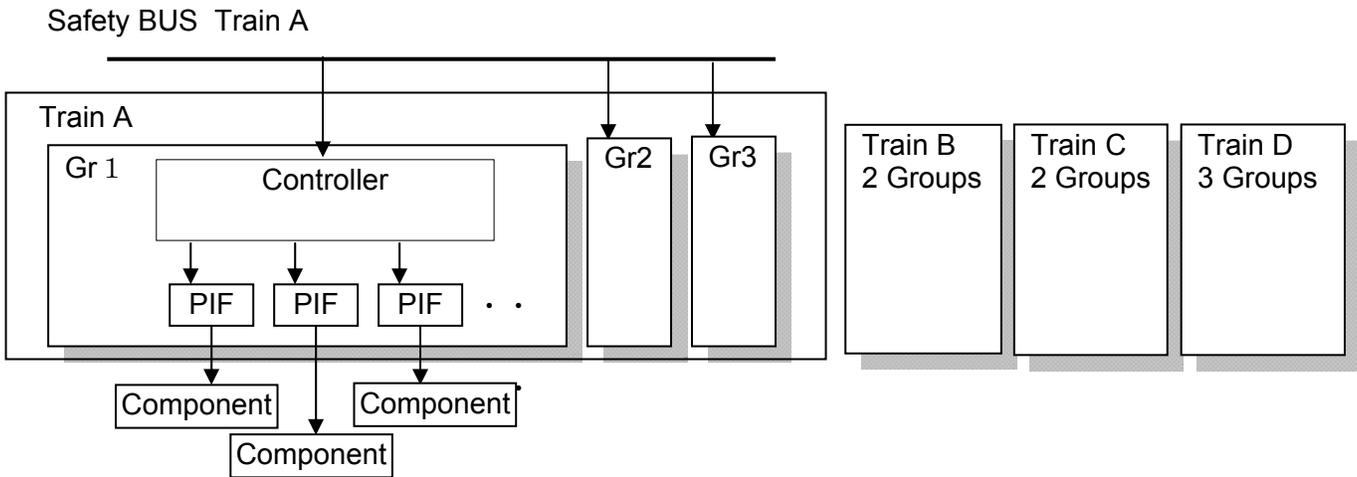


Figure 2.0-1 SLS Configuration

**3.0 SLS Component Assignment**

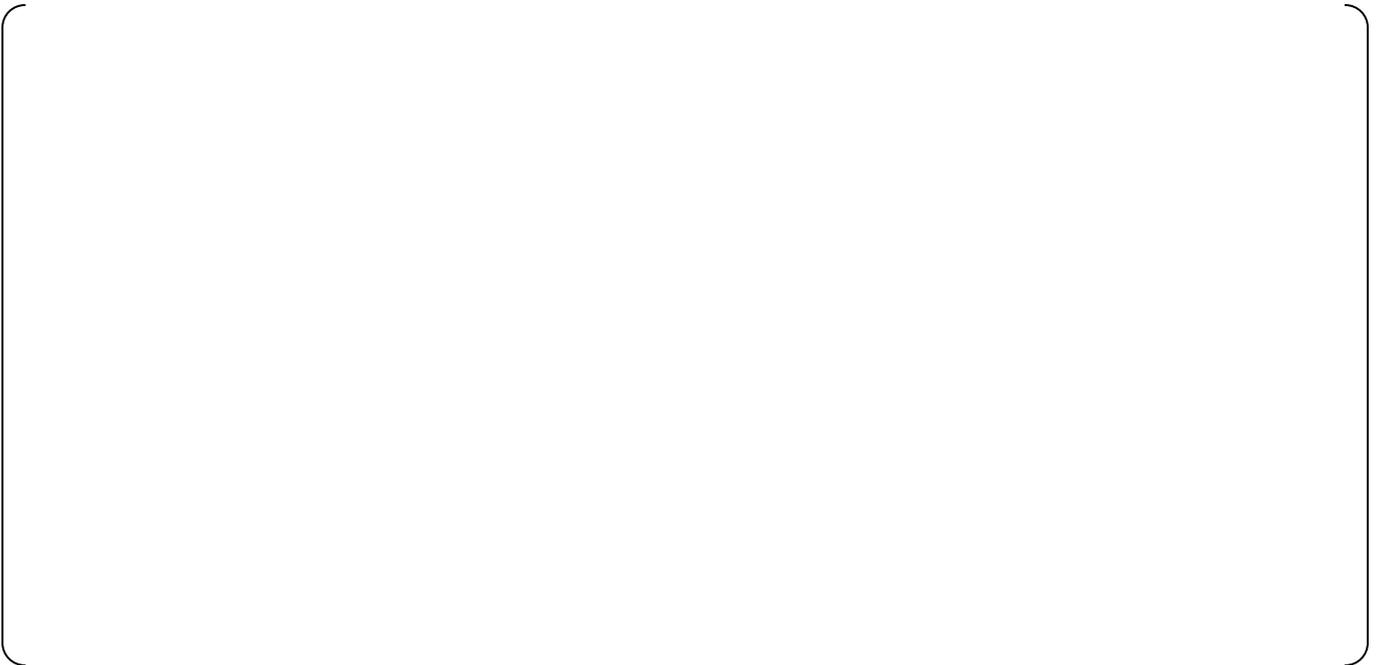
**3.1 Basic Principle**



Figure 3.1-1 Logic Duplication

### **3.2 Consideration**

#### **3.2.1 Scope of Controller Duplication**



**Table 3.2-1 Component Consideration for Duplication (1/2)**

A large, empty rectangular frame with rounded corners, intended for the content of Table 3.2-1. The frame is currently blank.

**Table 3.2-1 Component Consideration for Duplication (2/2)**

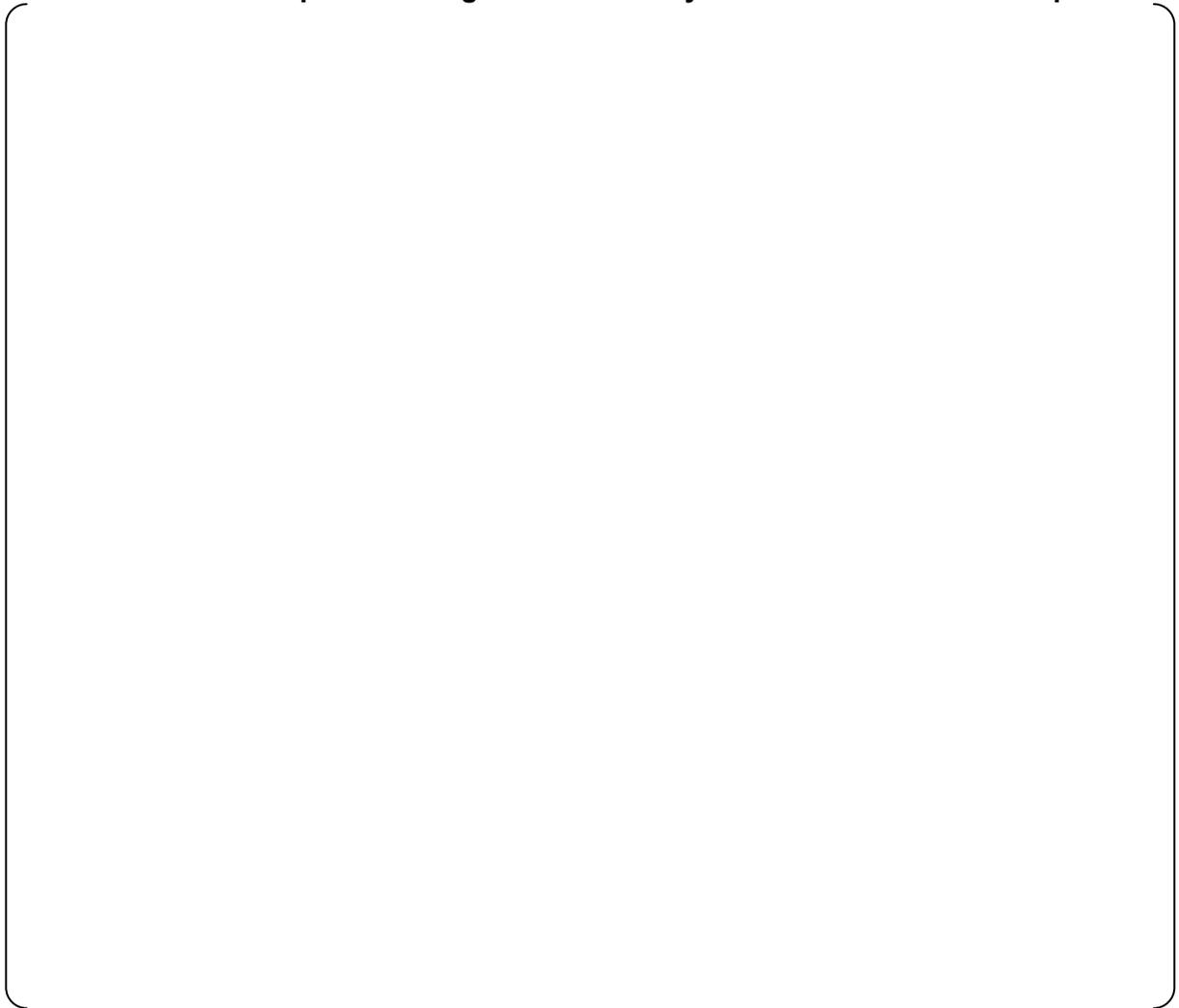
**3.3 Scope of Controller Assignment**



**3.4 Result**



**Table 3.4-1 Component Assignment for Safety Train and Controller Group**



**Table 3.4-2 Controller Duplication Components**



**4.0 FMEA**

**4.1 Condition for the FMEA**



**4.2 Result and Summary**



Table 4.1-1 FMEA for Gr.1 controller, SLS Train A (1/8)

**Table 4.1-1 FMEA for Gr.1 controller, SLS Train A (2/8)**

Table 4.1-1 FMEA for Gr.1 controller, SLS Train A (3/8)

**Table 4.1-1 FMEA for Gr.1 controller, SLS Train A (4/8)**

**Table 4.1-1 FMEA for Gr.1 controller, SLS Train A (5/8)**

**Table 4.1-1 FMEA for Gr.1 controller, SLS Train A (6/8)**

**Table 4.1-1 FMEA for Gr.1 controller, SLS Train A (7/8)**

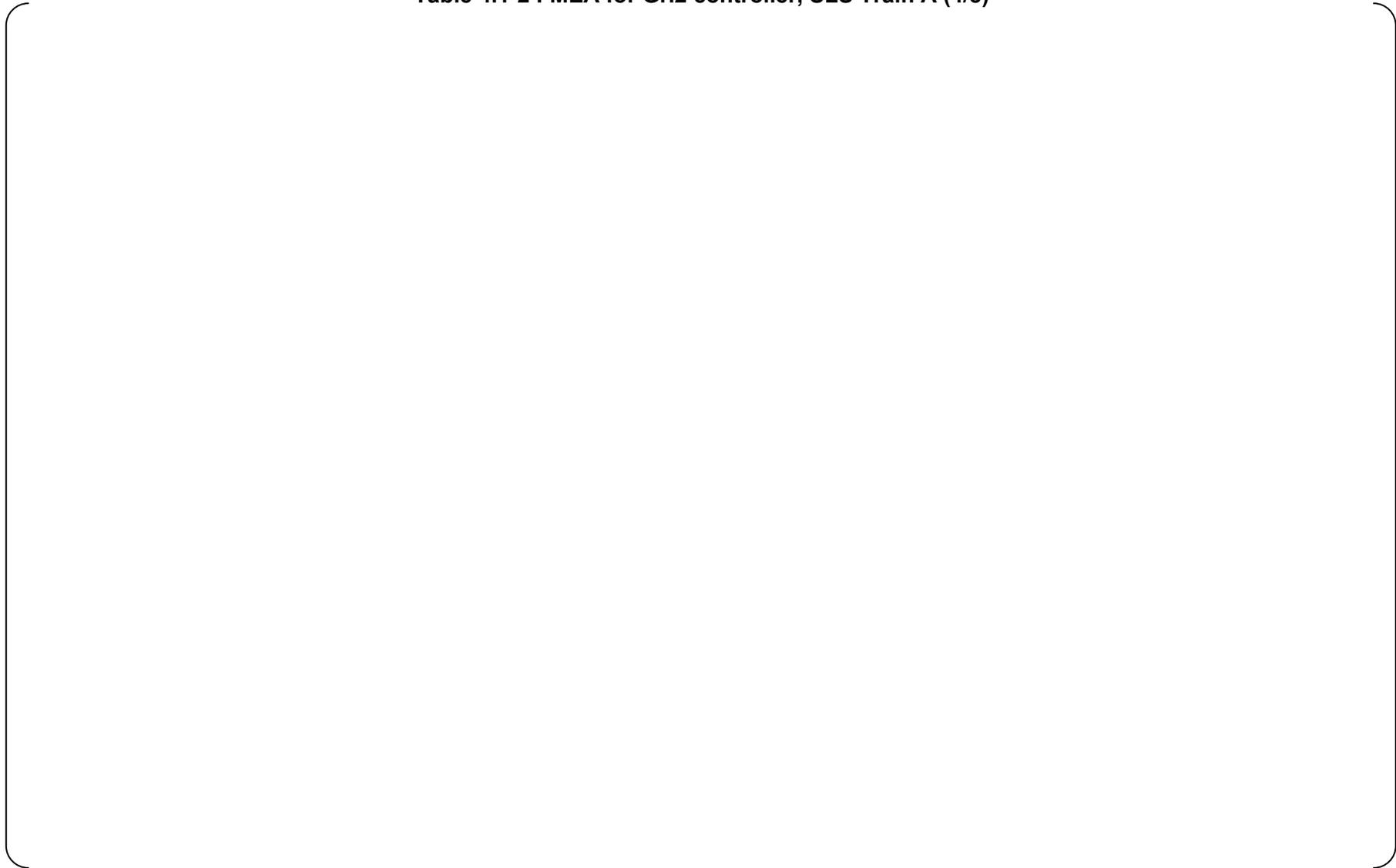
**Table 4.1-1 FMEA for Gr.1 controller, SLS Train A (8/8)**

Table 4.1-2 FMEA for Gr.2 controller, SLS Train A (1/8)

Table 4.1-2 FMEA for Gr.2 controller, SLS Train A (2/8)

Table 4.1-2 FMEA for Gr.2 controller, SLS Train A (3/8)

**Table 4.1-2 FMEA for Gr.2 controller, SLS Train A (4/8)**



**Table 4.1-2 FMEA for Gr.2 controller, SLS Train A (5/8)**

Table 4.1-2 FMEA for Gr.2 controller, SLS Train A (6/8)

Table 4.1-2 FMEA for Gr.2 controller, SLS Train A (7/8)

Table 4.1-2 FMEA for Gr.2 controller, SLS Train A (8/8)

Table 4.1-3 FMEA for Gr.3 controller, SLS Train A (1/8)

Table 4.1-3 FMEA for Gr.3 controller, SLS Train A (2/8)

Table 4.1-3 FMEA for Gr.3 controller, SLS Train A (3/8)

Table 4.1-3 FMEA for Gr.3 controller, SLS Train A (4/8)

Table 4.1-3 FMEA for Gr.3 controller, SLS Train A (5/8)

**Table 4.1-3 FMEA for Gr.3 controller, SLS Train A (6/8)**

Table 4.1-3 FMEA for Gr.3 controller, SLS Train A (7/8)

**Table 4.1-3 FMEA for Gr.3 controller, SLS Train A (8/8)**

Table 4.1-4 FMEA for Gr.1 controller, SLS Train B (1/7)

Table 4.1-4 FMEA for Gr.1 controller, SLS Train B (2/7)

Table 4.1-4 FMEA for Gr.1 controller, SLS Train B (3/7)

Table 4.1-4 FMEA for Gr.1 controller, SLS Train B (4/7)

Table 4.1-4 FMEA for Gr.1 controller, SLS Train B (5/7)

Table 4.1-4 FMEA for Gr.1 controller, SLS Train B (6/7)

Table 4.1-4 FMEA for Gr.1 controller, SLS Train B (7/7)

Table 4.1-5 FMEA for Gr.2 controller, SLS Train B (1/8)

Table 4.1-5 FMEA for Gr.2 controller, SLS Train B (2/8)

Table 4.1-5 FMEA for Gr.2 controller, SLS Train B (3/8)

Table 4.1-5 FMEA for Gr.2 controller, SLS Train B (4/8)

Table 4.1-5 FMEA for Gr.2 controller, SLS Train B (5/8)

Table 4.1-5 FMEA for Gr.2 controller, SLS Train B (6/8)

Table 4.1-5 FMEA for Gr.2 controller, SLS Train B (7/8)

Table 4.1-5 FMEA for Gr.2 controller, SLS Train B (8/8)

Table 4.1-6 FMEA for Gr.1 controller, SLS Train C (1/7)

Table 4.1-6 FMEA for Gr.1 controller, SLS Train C (2/7)

Table 4.1-6 FMEA for Gr.1 controller, SLS Train C (3/7)

Table 4.1-6 FMEA for Gr.1 controller, SLS Train C (4/7)

Table 4.1-6 FMEA for Gr.1 controller, SLS Train C (5/7)

Table 4.1-6 FMEA for Gr.1 controller, SLS Train C (6/7)

Table 4.1-6 FMEA for Gr.1 controller, SLS Train C (7/7)

Table 4.1-7 FMEA for Gr.2 controller, SLS Train C (1/8)

Table 4.1-7 FMEA for Gr.2 controller, SLS Train C (2/8)

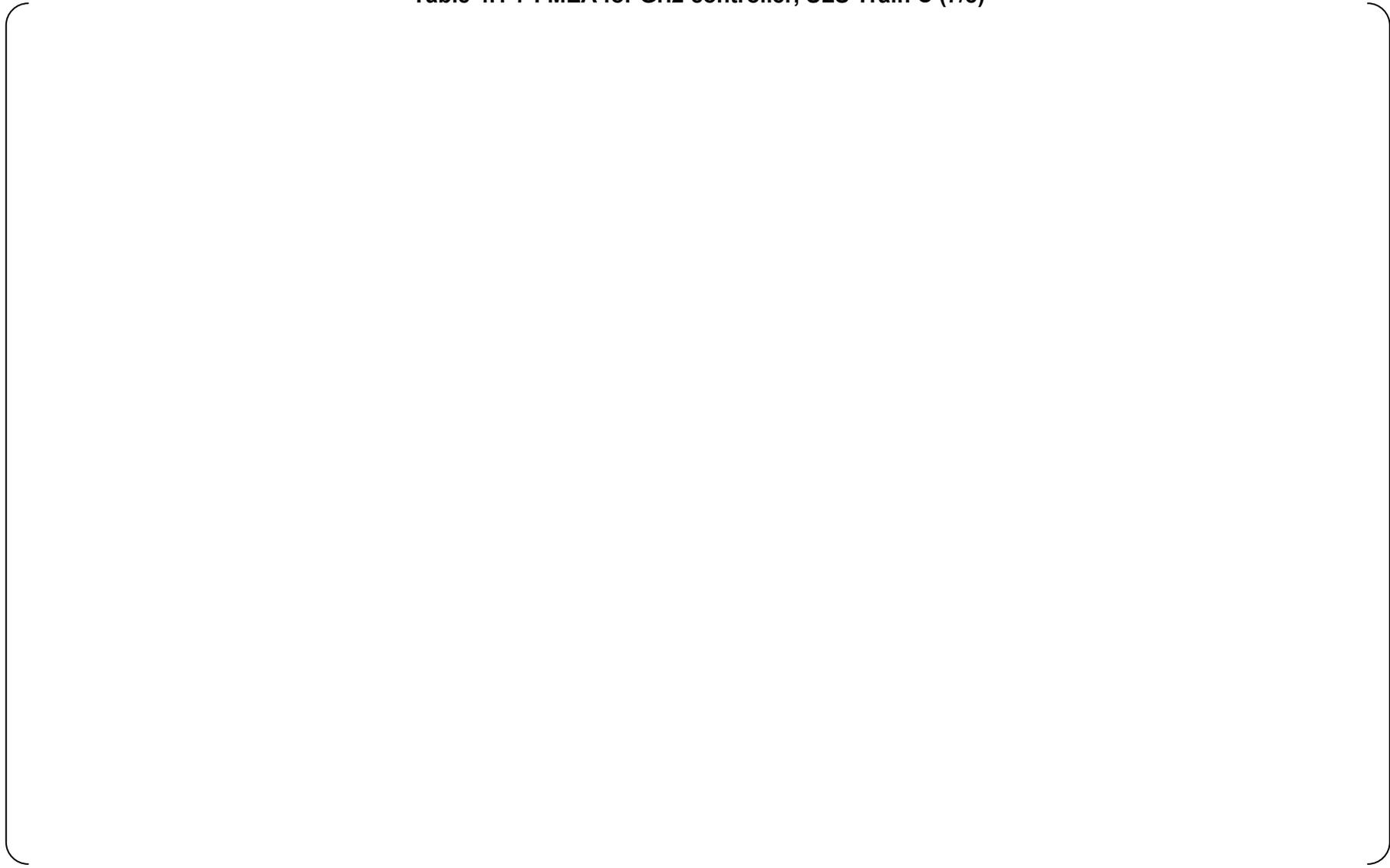
Table 4.1-7 FMEA for Gr.2 controller, SLS Train C (3/8)

**Table 4.1-7 FMEA for Gr.2 controller, SLS Train C (4/8)**

Table 4.1-7 FMEA for Gr.2 controller, SLS Train C (5/8)

**Table 4.1-7 FMEA for Gr.2 controller, SLS Train C (6/8)**

**Table 4.1-7 FMEA for Gr.2 controller, SLS Train C (7/8)**



**Table 4.1-7 FMEA for Gr.2 controller, SLS Train C (8/8)**

Table 4.1-8 FMEA for Gr.1 controller, SLS Train D (1/8)

Table 4.1-8 FMEA for Gr.1 controller, SLS Train D (2/8)

Table 4.1-8 FMEA for Gr.1 controller, SLS Train D (3/8)

Table 4.1-8 FMEA for Gr.1 controller, SLS Train D (4/8)

Table 4.1-8 FMEA for Gr.1 controller, SLS Train D (5/8)

Table 4.1-8 FMEA for Gr.1 controller, SLS Train D (6/8)

Table 4.1-8 FMEA for Gr.1 controller, SLS Train D (7/8)

Table 4.1-8 FMEA for Gr.1 controller, SLS Train D (8/8)

Table 4.1-9 FMEA for Gr.2 controller, SLS Train D (1/9)

Table 4.1-9 FMEA for Gr.2 controller, SLS Train D (2/9)

Table 4.1-9 FMEA for Gr.2 controller, SLS Train D (3/9)

Table 4.1-9 FMEA for Gr.2 controller, SLS Train D (4/9)

Table 4.1-9 FMEA for Gr.2 controller, SLS Train D (5/9)

Table 4.1-9 FMEA for Gr.2 controller, SLS Train D (6/9)

Table 4.1-9 FMEA for Gr.2 controller, SLS Train D (7/9)

Table 4.1-9 FMEA for Gr.2 controller, SLS Train D (8/9)

**Table 4.1-9 FMEA for Gr.2 controller, SLS Train D (9/9)**

**Table 4.1-10 FMEA for Gr.3 controller, SLS Train D (1/8)**

Table 4.1-10 FMEA for Gr.3 controller, SLS Train D (2/8)

Table 4.1-10 FMEA for Gr.3 controller, SLS Train D (3/8)

Table 4.1-10 FMEA for Gr.3 controller, SLS Train D (4/8)

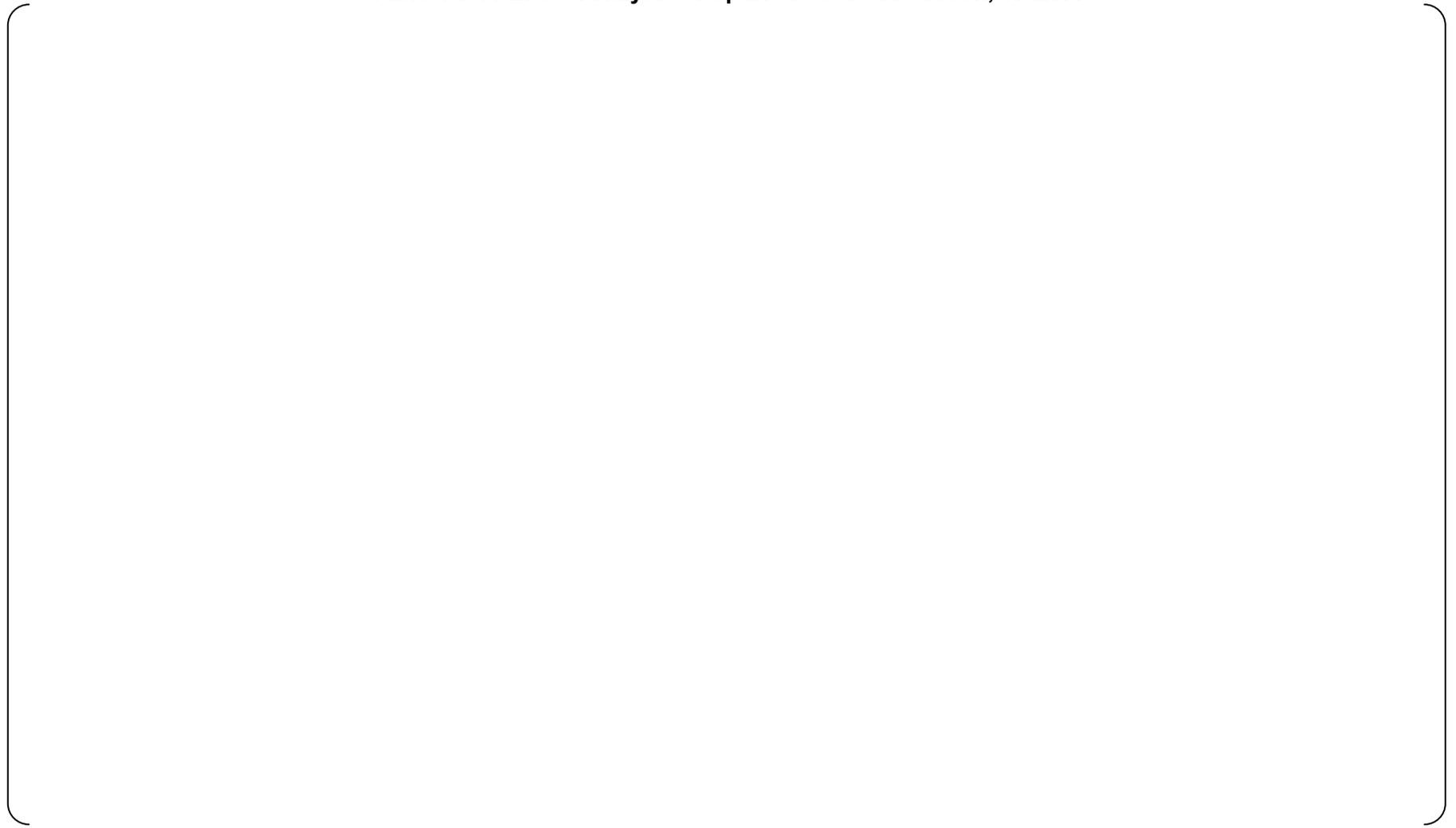
Table 4.1-10 FMEA for Gr.3 controller, SLS Train D (5/8)

Table 4.1-10 FMEA for Gr.3 controller, SLS Train D (6/8)

Table 4.1-10 FMEA for Gr.3 controller, SLS Train D (7/8)

**Table 4.1-10 FMEA for Gr.3 controller, SLS Train D (8/8)**

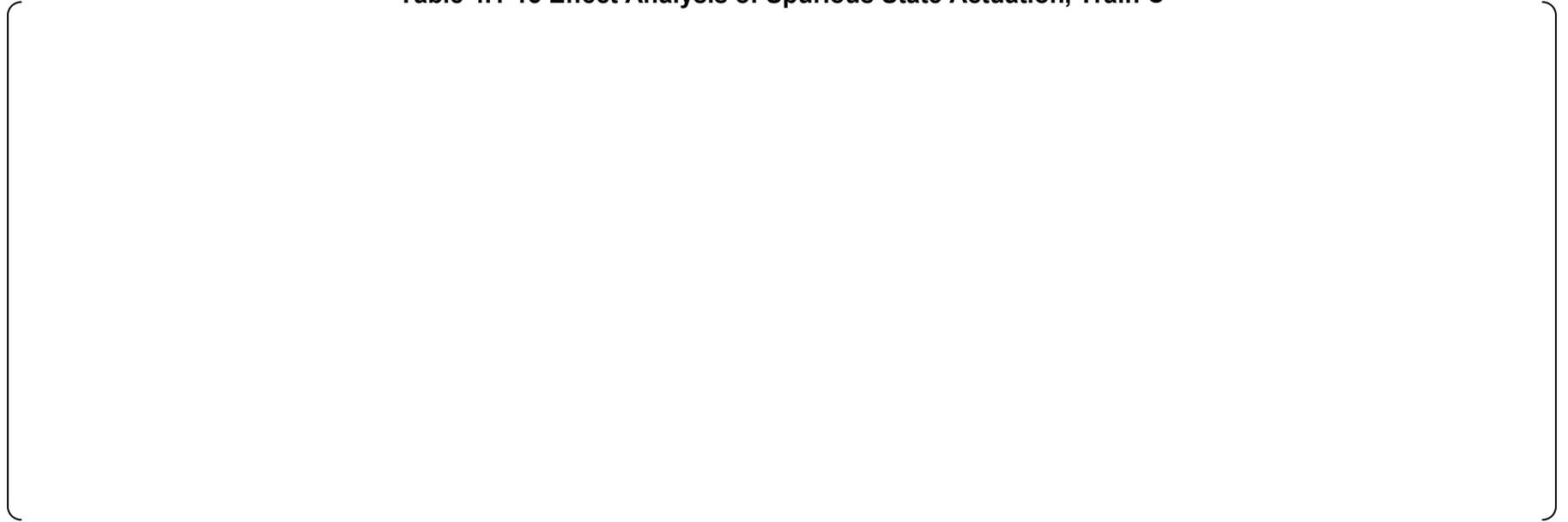
**Table 4.1-11 Effect Analysis of Spurious State Actuation, Train A**



**Table 4.1-12 Effect Analysis of Spurious State Actuation, Train B**



**Table 4.1-13 Effect Analysis of Spurious State Actuation, Train C**



**Table 4.1-14 Effect Analysis of Spurious State Actuation, Train D**