

# **U.S. EPR Design Certification Review RLBLOCA Methodology**

AREVA NP Inc. and the NRC  
October 8, 2009



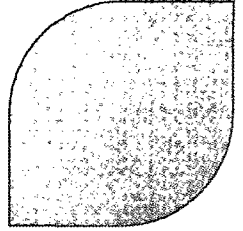
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# Objective

**Obtain NRC feedback on proposed  
RLBLOCA analysis approach to  
support initiation of revised Chapter  
15 calculations and preparation of  
Revision 1 of ANP-10278P**

# Topics

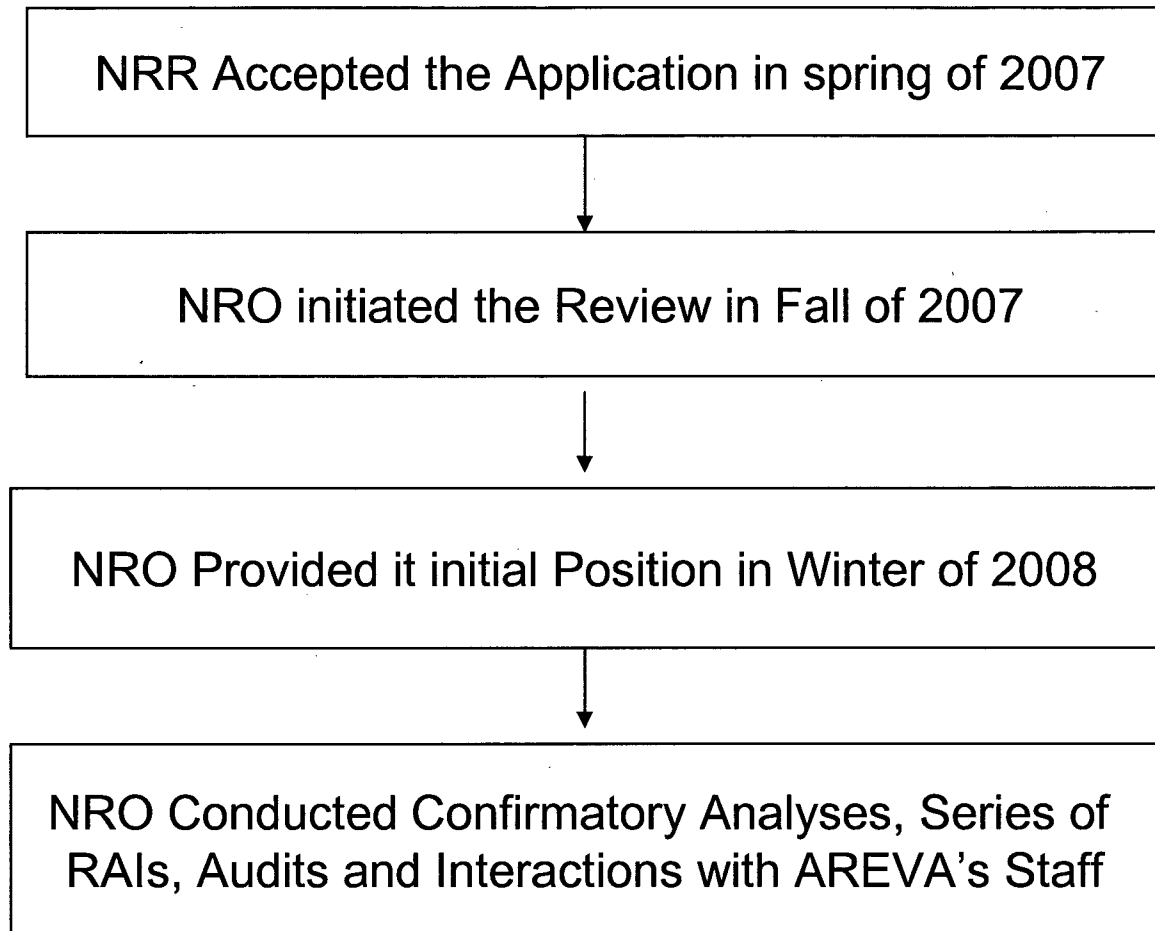


- ▶ Initial stored energy in hot rod and hot assembly
- ▶ Initial stored energy in average and peripheral assemblies
- ▶ FUELK adjustment
- ▶ Accumulator/containment temperature
- ▶ Accumulator nitrogen injection
- ▶ Decay heat
- ▶ Lower plenum refill and oscillations



# **EPR RLBLOCA Presentation Redacted Public Version**

# EPR RLBLOCA History



## EPR RLBLOCA History

NRC Audit.- RODEX2 and RODEX3A	Dec. 3-4, 2008
First set of responses to 3rd round RAIs	Dec. 19, 2008
4th round RAIs issued	Jan. 28, 2009
5th round RAIs issued	March 11, 2009
Second set of responses to 3rd round RAIs	March 31, 2009
Response to 4th round RAIs	April 2, 2009
Response to 5th round RAIs	April 9 2009
NRC audit	April 22-23, 2009
Draft 6th round RAIs received	May 21, 2009
Status meeting	July 9, 2009
Third scheduled DSER date	Sept. 16, 2009
NRC audit	October 8, 2009

# RLBLOCA PCT Position

Item	Proposed $\Delta$ PCT July-09-2009	Potential $\Delta$ PCT October-08-09
A- Accumulator Initial temperature	TBD	~25 °F
B- Burnup-dependent Initial stored energy for hot rod and assembly - Initial stored energy in average and peripheral assemblies - Burnup-dependent fuel conductivity in the transient analysis	100 °F	~75 °F
	50 °F	
	50 °F	
C- Accumulator N <sub>2</sub> Injection	Minor	Minor
D- Modified decay heat treatment	100 °F	~50 °F
E- Lower plenum refill and core flow oscillation	200 °F	TBD (<50 °F)
F- Number of cases (124 vs. 59)	100 °F	~100 °F
<b>CUMULATIVE EFFECT</b>	<b>~600 °F</b>	<b>~250 °F</b>
<b>PCT (current FSAR value = 1,512 oF)</b>	<b>~2,100 °F</b>	<b>~1,750 °F</b>



# **EPR RLBLOCA Presentation**

**Closed Session**



## **A- Open Issue: Accumulator Initial Temperature**

**Staff Initial Position:** Inappropriate temperature range

**AREVA's Proposed Resolution:**

Sample from [                      ]

**Evaluation:** Accept AREVA's proposal

**Estimated PCT Impact:** ~ 25 F

## **B- Open Issue: Initial Stored Energy**

**Staff Initial Position:** 200 F penalty to compensate for underprediction of hot rod and other core regions temperatures

### **AREVA's Proposed Resolution (Hot Rod):**

Three options for hot rod per September 15 presentation:

1. Use revised FUELK from RODEX3A fit to data
2. Use more conservative FUELK based on FRAPCON estimate of centerline temperatures or
3. Apply a PCT penalty of 50 F

### **Evaluation:**

Use second approach of FUELK for hot rod and hot assembly\* unless audit can justify first approach

\* Hot assembly not discussed by AREVA

# RODEX3 Comparison to Data Base

## **B- Open Issue: Initial Stored Energy (contd)**

**Staff Initial Position:** 200 F penalty to compensate for underprediction of hot rod and other core regions temperatures

### **AREVA's Proposed Resolution (Core):**

Three options for core regions (other than hot rod) per presentation:

1. No change
2. [ ]
3. Model average core and periphery region based on reasonable estimated burnups and FUELK at these burnups
  - average core modeled as 2 rods (fresh and once burned)
  - periphery region modeled as twice burned

### **Evaluation:**

- Represent the fuel core other than hot rod and hot assembly by 3 regions of surrounding, average core, periphery (twice burned fuel) assemblies (same as third approach except surrounding assembly added)
- Apply FUELK correction to all the above core regions

## **B- Open Issue: Initial Stored Energy (contd)**

### **Use of FUELK in Transient Calculation (contd)**

**Staff Initial Position:** Realistic use of FUELK burnup dependence is appropriate

**AREVA's Proposed Resolution:** Will include FUELK in transient analysis

**Evaluation:** Accept use of FUELK in transient analysis

**Estimated Total Initial Store Energy Related PCT Impact: ~ 75 F**

## **C- Open Issue: Accumulator N<sub>2</sub> Injection**

Staff questioned whether S-RELAP appropriately predicts the critical flow in the presence of nitrogen

### **AREVA's Proposed Resolution:**

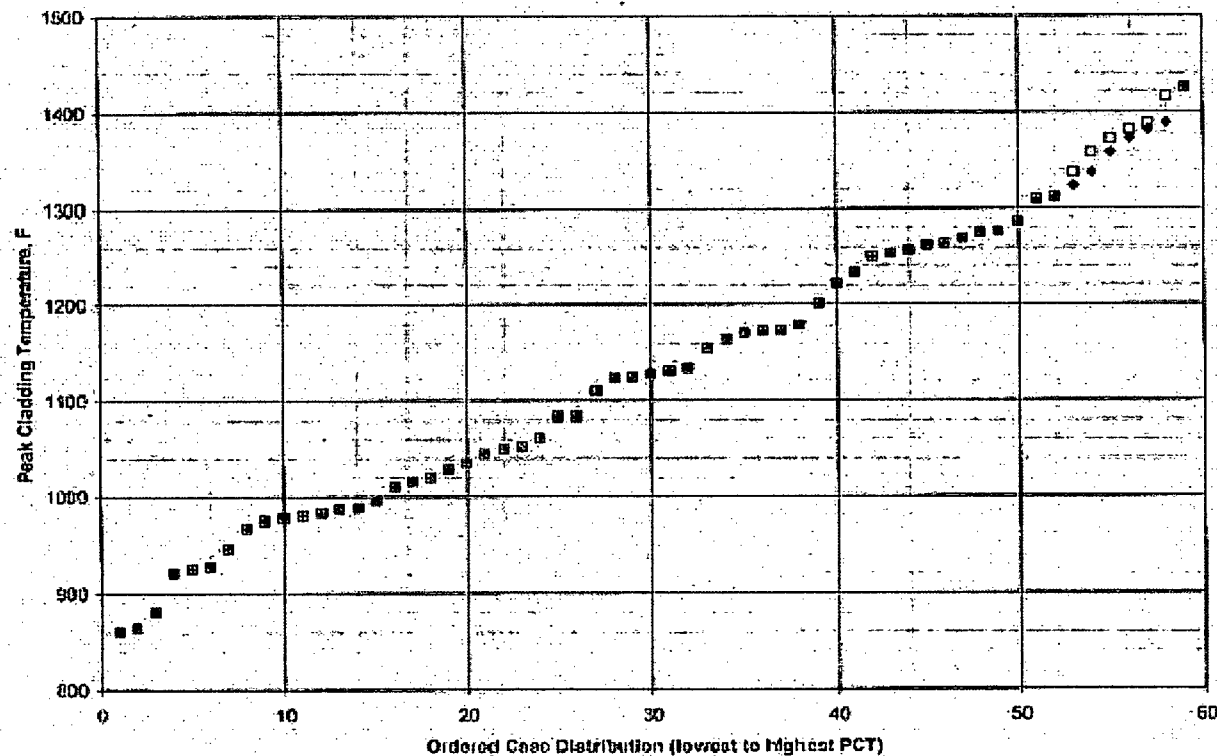
1. Allow nitrogen injection or

2. [ ]

**Evaluation:** Allow nitrogen Injection

**Estimated PCT Impact:** minor

# Nitrogen Injection – Sorted Results for 59 Cases



## **D- Open Issue: Decay Heat**

**Staff Initial Position:** Use ANS 79 nominal +  $2\sigma$

### **AREVA's Proposed Resolution:**

1. Use the approach as it was originally presented in RLBLOCA methodology.
2. Use nominal only

### **Evaluation:**

1. Sample between nominal and nominal +  $2\sigma$  ( $\sigma=1.8\%$ )
2. Use nominal multiplied by  $1 + 2\sigma$  ( $\sigma=1.8\%$ )

**Estimated PCT Impact: ~ 50 F**



## **E- Open Issue: Lower Plenum Refill and Core Flow Oscillations**

**Staff Initial Position:** 200 F penalty

### **AREVA's Proposed Resolution:**

Code is conservative in its calculation of beginning of reflood. Therefore, no change to code and no penalty.

### **Evaluation:**

Accept AREVA's position on lower plenum refill.  
Address separately oscillations impact.

### **Estimated PCT Impact:**

No penalty associated with lower plenum refill.  
Additional assessment work within the next two weeks using S-RELAP5 and test data (LOFT).

F- Open Issue: Number of Cases (124 vs. 59)

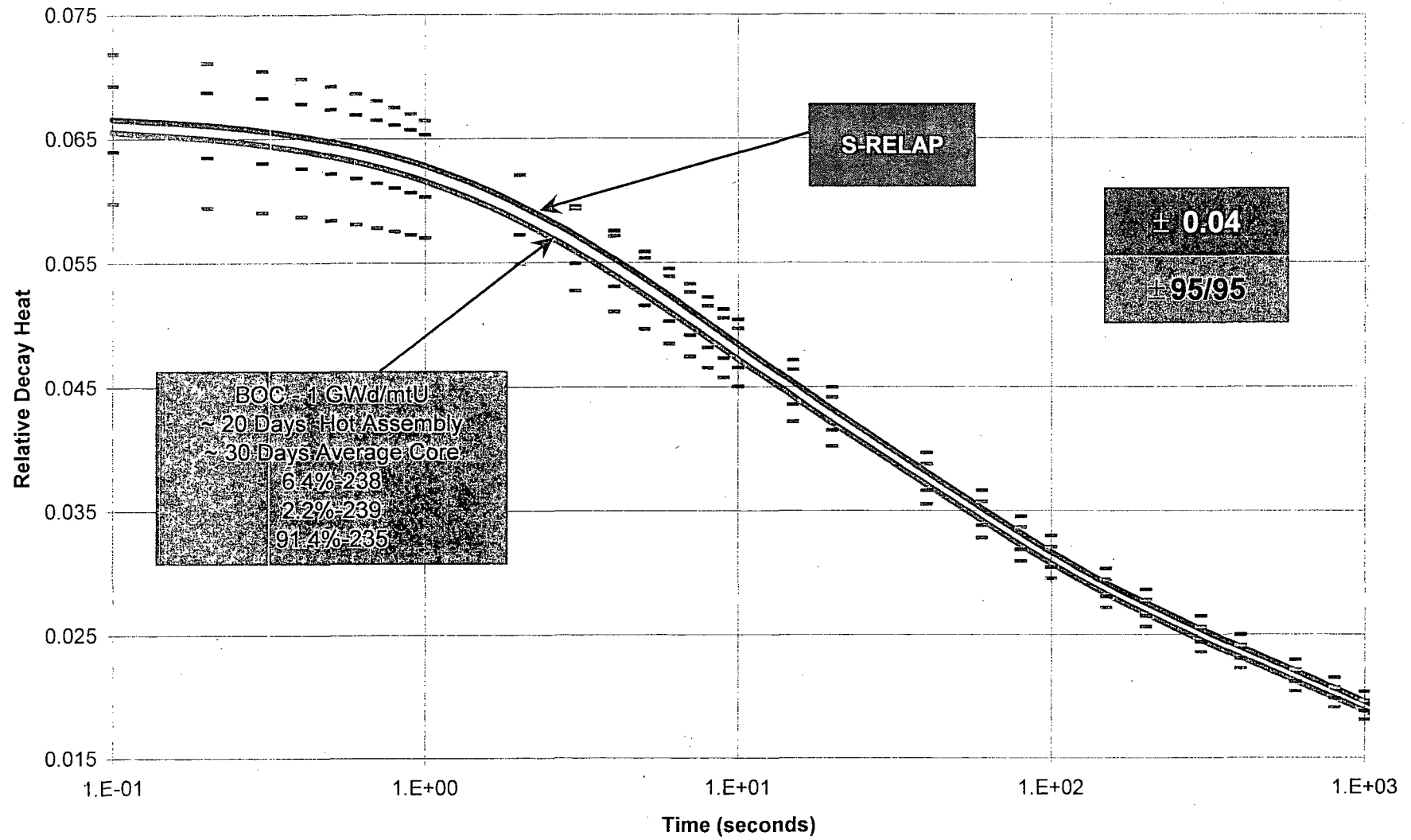
**Staff Initial Position:** Run 124 cases instead of 59 cases

**AREVA's Proposed Resolution:** Agreed with the staff position

**Evaluation:** Accept AREVA's proposal to run 124

**Estimated PCT Impact:** ~ 100 F

## Fission Product Decay Heat



## Fission Product Decay Heat

