# RAI Volume 3, Chapter 2.2.1.3.6, First Set, Number 5, Supplemental Question 1:

Explain how the magnitude and timing of seepage is related to percolation, net infiltration, and precipitation over the repository footprint. To support this explanation, provide a summary table consistent with TSPA-LA results that contains (i) precipitation, (ii) net infiltration (using weights from SNL, 2008), (iii) net infiltration (using GLUE-derived weights), (iv) percolation at repository horizon, and (v) seepage all averaged over the same domain (i.e., repository). The summary values for seepage also should include flux values for percolation subregion and seeping environment in the percolation subregion, and seepage fraction. Consider the nominal and seismic ground motion cases, and the glacial transition and post-10,000-yr climates (percolation and seepage only). This information is needed to verify compliance with 10 CFR 63.114(b).

**Basis:** It is difficult to extract from the SAR a consistent set of values to use in a comparison of flux values on and through the mountain because of the different procedures used to develop summary values in SAR Sections 2.1, 2.3.1, 2.3.2, 2.3.3, and 2.4. The summary values are derived from (i) different modeling domains, (ii) infiltration uncertainty scenarios, (iii) unadjusted and adjusted net infiltration weights (for the latter, GLUE-derived weights), (iv) areas based on the entire repository or percolation region and seeping environment, (v) different rock types, and (vi) calculations from an example exercise.

## 1. RESPONSE

This response provides a summary of a consistent set of values to use in a comparison of precipitation and the resulting water flux through the mountain and the repository horizon. Table 1 summarizes precipitation, infiltration, percolation, and seepage values averaged over the repository footprint for each infiltration case (10th, 30th, 50th, and 90th percentiles) and climate state. Table 1 also includes mean values calculated using the generalized likelihood uncertainty estimation (GLUE) methodology weighting factors (SAR Section 2.3.2.4.1.2.4.5) for the percolation and seepage rates, as well as for the unsaturated zone flow model upper boundary net infiltration. The values in Table 1 for precipitation and net infiltration are consistent with the percolation flux values and the TSPA model seepage results. The seepage results in Table 1 are averaged over the repository footprint over both seeping and nonseeping waste package locations.

Sections 1.1 through 1.3 outline the relationship between precipitation, net infiltration, percolation, and seepage, including a discussion of the consistency between the values presented in Table 1 and those in the SAR for the different modeling domains and infiltration cases.

• Section 1.1 discusses the precipitation and net infiltration results from the Infiltration Model presented in SAR Section 2.3.1.

- Section 1.2 discusses the unsaturated zone flow model upper boundary net infiltration and percolation results at the base of the Upper Paintbrush nonwelded vitric (PTn) unit. These results are presented in SAR Section 2.3.2.
- Section 1.3 presents the average repository percolation and seepage results for the nominal and seismic ground motion cases, including the average seepage fractions, for each percolation subregion and for each climate state. Repository average results for the multiscale thermal-hydrologic model (MSTHM) percolation rates at the base of the PTn unit and TSPA seepage model results are presented in SAR Sections 2.1, 2.3.5, and 2.4.

Infiltration Percentile <sup>a</sup>	Climate State	Precipitation (mm/yr) <sup>b</sup>	Unsaturated Zone Flow Model Upper Boundary Net Infiltration (mm/yr) <sup>°</sup>		rcolation at e of PTn <sup>d</sup>	Seepage (m³/yr per waste package) <sup>¢</sup>		
			2007	mm/yr	m <sup>3</sup> /yr per Waste Package	Nominal	Seismic	
	Present-Day	150.9	4.0	4.09	0.115	0.001	0.001	
10th	Monsoon	216.2	7.7	7.82	0.219	0.005	0.006	
<i>p</i> = 0.6191	Glacial-Transition	284.4	11.8	12.14	0.341	0.016	0.020	
	Post-10,000-year	—	21.29	21.50	0.603	0.042	0.241	
30th p = 0.1568	Present-Day	168.2	10.1	10.23	0.287	0.008	0.008	
	Monsoon	157.8	15.9	16.11	0.452	0.026	0.027	
	Glacial-Transition	277.3	25.8	26.28	0.737	0.070	0.082	
	Post-10,000-year	_	39.52	40.37	1.132	0.148	0.612	
	Present-Day	198.2	14.4	14.63	0.410	0.015	0.016	
50th	Monsoon	252.1	19.3	19.53	0.548	0.037	0.037	
<i>p</i> = 0.1645	Glacial-Transition	233.6	35.3	36.17	1.015	0.109	0.123	
	Post-10,000-year	_	51.05	51.78	1.452	0.195	0.804	
	Present-Day	222.7	33.7	34.08	0.956	0.072	0.074	
90th	Monsoon	324.7	91.4	92.4	2.592	0.438	0.446	
<i>p</i> = 0.0596	Glacial-Transition	300.0	68.6	69.69	1.955	0.278	0.312	
	Post-10,000-year		61.03	61.60	1.728	0.226	0.960	
	Present-Day	181.8	17.25	_	_	_		
Unweighted	Monsoon	288.1	37.93	_	_	_	_	
Mean Results <sup>f</sup>	Glacial-Transition	296.7	38.69	—	_	—	_	
	Post-10,000-year			_	_	_		
	Present-Day		8.44	8.57	0.24	0.01	0.01	
Weighted	Monsoon		15.88	16.09	0.45	0.04	0.04	
Mean Results	Glacial-Transition		21.25	21.74	0.61	0.06	0.06	
Results	Post-10,000-year	_	31.41	31.83	0.89	0.10	0.43	

Table 1	Draginitation	Not Infiltration	Doroolation	and Saanaga	Averaged	over the De	agaitan (Egotariat
	riecipitation		r ercolation,	and Seepage	Averageu		pository Footprint

NOTE: Precipitation over repository footprint equals precipitation over infiltration domain multiplied by 1.047.

Source: <sup>a</sup>GLUE probability weighting factors for the 10th, 30th, 50th, and 90th percentile infiltration cases: SAR Section 2.3.2.4.1.2.4.5.5. <sup>b</sup> SAR Tables 2.3.1-2, 2.3.1-3, and 2.3.1-4. <sup>c</sup>Unsaturated zone flow model results for the average upper boundary net infiltration over the 2007 repository footprint. Post-10,000-year values from SAR Table 2.3.2-15. <sup>d</sup> Data extracted from the MSTHM input to the TSPA model, SAR Section 2.3.5.4.1.3.2. The percolation flux (m<sup>3</sup>/yr) was calculated using the cross-sectional area used in the calculation of seepage in the TSPA model (5.5m drift diameter x 5.1m waste package length). <sup>e</sup>The seepage values were extracted from the nominal and seismic ground motion modeling cases for 1,000,000 years. <sup>f</sup>SAR Tables 2.3.1-2, 2.3.1-3, and 2.3.1-4. Unweighted Mean net infiltration is based on unweighted probability of the infiltration percentiles (0.2, 0.2, 0.3, and 0.3) documented in SAR Section 2.3.2.4.1.2.4.5.1.

# 1.1 PRECIPITATION AND NET INFILTRATION SUMMARY RESULTS

Table 2 presents precipitation and net infiltration results for each pre-10,000-year climate state. These results are spatially averaged over the infiltration model domain and over the vertical projection of the 2002 repository footprint for each of the four infiltration percentile maps used in the TSPA model. The unweighted mean precipitation and net infiltration values in Table 2 are based on all 40 realizations of the infiltration model (SAR Section 2.3.1.3.3.1.2, p. 2.3.1-67). In addition, Table 2 presents the weighted mean net infiltration using GLUE methodology weighting factors (SAR Section 2.3.2.4.1.2.4.5). As discussed in SAR Section 2.3.2.4.1.2.4.5.1, the 10th, 30th, 50th, and 90th percentile infiltration maps from the infiltration model have prior weights of 0.2, 0.2, 0.3, and 0.3, respectively. The resulting weights after calibration, using the GLUE methodology, are 0.6191, 0.1568, 0.1645, and 0.0596, respectively. SAR Section 2.1 (p. 2.1-18) includes a discussion of the estimated average net infiltration ranges as a percentage of the precipitation, consistent with the data presented in SAR Section 2.3.1 and Table 2, averaged over the infiltration to precipitation included in Table 2 and also in the ratio of percolation to precipitation shown in Table 11.

It should be noted that the precipitation values in Tables 1 and 2 correspond to specific realizations of the infiltration model (Mass Accounting System for Soil Infiltration and Flow – MASSIF) selected as representative of the 10th, 30th, 50th, and 90th percentile net infiltration cases; they do not represent the respective percentiles of precipitation. The precipitation value presented for the realization selected for the 10th percentile net infiltration map for the monsoon climate state is larger than the precipitation value for the 30th percentile net infiltration map. The same is observed when comparing the precipitation presented for 10th, 30th, and 50th percentile net infiltration maps selected for the glacial-transition climate. This is due to differences in the sampled values uncertain parameters used in each of the 40 infiltration model realizations. Some of the parameters that were varied included stochastic parameters describing precipitation. It is also noteworthy that the maximum value of average annual precipitation for the monsoon climate is larger than that for the glacial-transition climate, because more extreme precipitation events are predicted for the monsoon than for glacial-transition climate.

The infiltration model provides four net infiltration maps to serve as the upper boundary condition flux for the site-scale unsaturated zone flow model, (SAR Section 2.3.2.4.1.2.4.5) for each of the three climate states in the pre-10,000-year period: present-day, monsoon, and glacial-transition. SAR Figure 2.3.1-2 portrays the information transfer within the TSPA model over the three modeled climate states. These maps represent the 10th, 30th, 50th, and 90th percentile infiltration conditions. Uncertainty in infiltration is incorporated through the selection of the net infiltration maps corresponding to one of the four infiltration conditions in each TSPA realization. The mean values for each infiltration percentile map presented in Table 2 represent the mean over the infiltration percentile for each of the three 10,000-year climate states used in the TSPA model. SAR Section 2.4.1 describes the implementation and integration of the infiltration model outputs into the TSPA model.

		Infiltrati	on Model	Domain <sup>b</sup>	2002 Re	pository	Footprint <sup>b,c</sup>
Infiltration Map Percentile <sup>a</sup>	Climate State	Precipitation (mm/yr)	Net Infiltration (mm/yr)	Ratio of Net Infiltration to Precipitation (%)	Precipitation (mm/yr)	Net Infiltration (mm/yr)	Ratio of Net Infiltration to Precipitation (%)
	Present-Day	144.1	3.9	2.71	150.9	3.9	2.58
10th p = 0.6191	Monsoon	206.5	6.3	3.05	216.2	6.2	2.87
<i>p</i> 0.0101	Glacial-Transition	271.7	13.2	4.86	284.4	8.5	2.99
	Present-Day	160.6	7.3	4.55	168.2	6.5	3.86
30th p = 0.1568	Monsoon	150.7	14.4	9.56	157.8	18.9	11.98
<i>p</i> = 0.1000	Glacial-Transition	264.8	22.8	8.61	277.3	25.6	9.23
	Present-Day	189.3	13	6.87	198.2	10.9	5.76
50th p = 0.1645	Monsoon	240.8	22.9	9.51	252.1	28.8	11.42
p = 0.1045	Glacial-Transition	223.1	28.6	12.82	233.6	40.5	17.34
	Present-Day	212.7	26.7	12.55	222.7	34.4	16.17
90th p = 0.0596	Monsoon	310.2	52.6	16.96	324.7	74.5	22.94
p = 0.0550	Glacial-Transition	286.6	47	16.40	300	68.8	22.93
Unweighted	Present-Day	173.6	14.30	8.24	181.8	17.6	9.68
Mean Results <sup>d</sup>	Monsoon	275.2	25.50	9.27	288.1	32.9	11.42
Recuto	Glacial-Transition	283.4	30.00	10.59	296.7	38.7	13.04
GLUE-							
Weighted	Present-Day	_	7.29	_	_	7.28	
Mean	Monsoon	_	13.06	_	_	15.98	_
Results <sup>e</sup>	Glacial-Transition	_	19.25	_	_	20.04	_

## Table 2. Average Precipitation and Net Infiltration Rates over the pre-10,000-year Period

NOTE: Precipitation over repository footprint equals precipitation over infiltration domain multiplied by 1.047 (ratio that accounts for the mean elevation difference between the repository footprint cells and the entire infiltration modeling domain cells).

Source: <sup>a</sup>GLUE probability weighting factors for the 10th, 30th, 50th, and 90th percentile infiltration cases: SAR Section 2.3.2.4.1.2.4.5. <sup>b</sup> SAR Tables 2.3.1-2, 2.3.1-3, and 2.3.1-4. <sup>c</sup>Repository Footprint Results extracted from the Infiltration Model results documented in SAR 2.3.1.3.3.1.2.

<sup>d</sup>SAR Tables 2.3.1-2, 2.3.1-3, and 2.3.1-4. Unweighted Mean values are averaged over all 40 realizations of the infiltration model.

<sup>e</sup>GLUE-weighted results calculated using the probability weighting factors for the 10th, 30th, 50th, and 90th percentile infiltration cases.

# 1.2 UNSATURATED ZONE FLOW MODEL UPPER BOUNDARY NET INFILTRATION AND PERCOLATION SUMMARY RESULTS

For the pre-10,000-year period, the site-scale unsaturated zone flow model uses the 10th, 30th, 50th, and 90th percentile net infiltration maps for the present and two future climate states as input to produce steady-state percolation flow fields and distribution of percolation fluxes for use in the TSPA (SAR Section 2.3.2.4.1.2.4.2). For the post-10,000-year period, the site-scale unsaturated zone flow model provides four additional steady-state percolation flow fields for which the spatially averaged percolation at the repository horizon represents the distribution of deep percolation rates specified in 10 CFR 63.342(c)(2) (SAR Section 2.3.2.4.1.2.4.2). As described in SAR Section 2.3.2.4.1.2.4.2, a set of maps for the net infiltration boundary condition is developed to spatially distribute water flux while matching the specified average percolation rates. This is done using the infiltration maps for the pre-10,000-year period and scaling the net infiltration rates such that the average net infiltration rate over the 2007 repository footprint matches the target average percolation flux rates in the repository footprint selected to represent the log-uniform distribution. The post-10,000-year percolation results are based upon the proposed log-uniform (13-64 mm/yr) distribution, not the truncated log-normal (10-100 mm/yr) as revised in the final rule. The results presented in this response are consistent with the SAR and TSPA model results and therefore do not include the change in the distribution for the deep percolation rates.

SAR Table 2.3.2-27 summarizes the net infiltration for all climate states averaged over the unsaturated zone flow model domain; these results are included in Table 3 for comparison with the repository footprint average net infiltration results. Table 3 presents results for both the older 2002 repository footprint used to calculate the average infiltration model results presented in Table 2, and the current repository footprint, used in 2007 for the License Application. Both repository footprint averages are presented in Table 3 for comparison with SAR Section 2.3.1 and to provide a consistent set of values over the same spatial domain. The infiltration results presented in Table 2 are calculated using a vertical projection of a 2002 version of the repository footprint, consistent with SAR Tables 2.3.1-2, 2.3.1-3, and 2.3.1-4, rather than the 2007 repository footprint used in the TSPA model. Since the 2002 repository footprint was used only for qualitative discussions of the infiltration model results and the difference between the average net infiltrations over the footprints is small (as presented in Table 3); the summary infiltration model results were not updated for the 2007 repository footprint in the supporting documentation or in SAR Section 2.3.1. The downstream models were unaffected since the net infiltration boundary flux was extracted from the net infiltration maps for the entire unsaturated zone model domain.

The unsaturated zone flow model provides percolation flux at the base of the PTn unit to the MSTHM, as well as providing the three-dimensional flow fields used by the unsaturated zone transport model component of the TSPA model (SAR Sections 2.3.5; SNL 2008, Section 6.3.2). The percolation rates over the repository footprint are spatially interpolated from the unsaturated zone model domain to the 3,624 MSTHM subdomain locations (SAR Sections 2.3.3.2.3.5 and 2.3.2). Table 3 provides a summary of the percolation rates over the repository footprint extracted from the unsaturated zone flow model and from the MSTHM. There are only minor

differences in these average values as a result of the spatial interpolation between the unsaturated zone flow model domain and the MSTHM subdomain locations.

SAR Figure 2.3.2-1 shows the information flow diagram for development of the site-scale unsaturated zone flow model, and SAR Figure 2.3.2-2 shows the information transfer among the principal model components for the TSPA nominal modeling case. The unsaturated zone flow model provides the unsaturated zone flow fields used in the TSPA model unsaturated zone transport calculations. In addition, for each infiltration boundary condition and climate state, the site-scale unsaturated zone flow model provides the following outputs to the MSTHM (SAR Section 2.4.2.3.2.1): (1) the percolation flux at the base of the PTn unit above each subdomain location, (2) the three-dimensional numerical grid, and (3) associated unsaturated zone hydrologic properties. The percolation values used in the MSTHM are spatially interpolated from the 16 unsaturated zone flow fields and are passed from the MSTHM to the TSPA model to predict seepage into emplacement drifts under ambient and thermally perturbed conditions (SNL 2008, Section 6.3.3.1.2).

Unsatura	ted Zone Flow Mode	I Domain		Repositor	y Footprint	
Infiltration Map	Climate State	Net Infiltration	Unsaturated Model Upper I Infiltration	Boundary Net	Unsaturated Zone Flow Model Percolation	MSTHM Percolation at Base of
Percentile <sup>a</sup>		(mm/yr) <sup>♭</sup>	2002 <sup>c</sup>	2007 <sup>d</sup>	at Base of PTn (mm/yr) <sup>e</sup>	PTn (mm/yr) <sup>f</sup>
	Present-Day	3.03	3.9	4.0	4.1	4.09
10th	Monsoon	6.74	6.2	7.7	7.8	7.82
p = 0.6191	Glacial-Transition	11.03	8.5	11.8	12.2	12.14
	Post-10,000-year	16.89	—	21.29	21.58	21.50
	Present-Day	7.96	6.5	10.1	10.2	10.23
30th p = 0.1568	Monsoon	12.89	18.9	15.9	16.1	16.11
	Glacial-Transition	20.45	25.6	25.8	26.3	26.28
	Post-10,000-year	28.99	_	39.52	40.76	40.37
	Present-Day	12.28	10.9	14.4	14.6	14.63
50th	Monsoon	15.37	28.8	19.3	19.5	19.53
<i>p</i> = 0.1645	Glacial-Transition	25.99	40.5	35.3	36.2	36.17
	Post-10,000-year	34.67	_	51.05	52.07	51.78
	Present-Day	26.78	34.4	33.7	34.1	34.08
90th	Monsoon	73.26	74.5	91.4	92.4	92.40
<i>p</i> = 0.0596	Glacial-Transition	46.68	68.8	68.6	69.7	69.69
	Post-10,000-year	48.84		61.03	61.86	61.60
		•				
	Present-Day	6.74	7.28	8.44	8.57	8.57
Mean	Monsoon	13.09	15.98	15.88	16.07	16.09
Results	Glacial-Transition	17.09	20.04	21.25	21.79	21.74
	Post-10,000-year	23.62	_	31.41	32.00	31.83

### Table 3. Unsaturated Zone Flow Model Results

NOTE: Mean results for the pre-10,000 year climates are GLUE weighted. Post-10,000 year Mean Results represent the sample mean of the percolation resulting from approximating the distribution of deep percolation by four discrete values. The GLUE weighting factors are used to select these four discrete values.

Source: <sup>a</sup>GLUE probability weighting factors for the 10th, 30th, 50th, and 90th percentile infiltration realizations SAR Section 2.3.2.4.1.2.4.5.5. <sup>b</sup>Average net infiltration over the unsaturated zone model domain, SAR Tables 2.3.2-27.<sup>c</sup>Infiltration model results over the repository footprint from Table 2 using a 2002 repository footprint, SAR Section 2.3.1.3.3.2. <sup>d</sup>Unsaturated Zone Flow Model Results for the Upper Boundary Net Infiltration over the 2007 Repository Footprint. Post-10,000-year values from SAR Table 2.3.2-15. <sup>e</sup>Unsaturated zone flow model results for the average percolation over the repository footprint and Table H-2 of SNL 2007. Post-10,000-year values from Fig. 6.1-6 (SNL 2007). <sup>f</sup> Data extracted from the MSTHM input to the TSPA model, SAR Section 2.3.5.4.1.3.

# 1.3 SEEPAGE SUMMARY RESULTS USED IN THE TSPA MODEL CALCULATIONS

As shown in SAR Figure 2.3.3-1, information needed for the implementation of the drift seepage submodel in the TSPA model is provided by two TSPA model components: (1) the Engineered Barrier System (EBS) thermal-hydrologic environment submodel (SNL 2008, Section 6.3.2), and (2) the seismic damage submodel (SNL 2008, Section 6.6). The EBS thermal-hydrologic environment submodel contains the MSTHM provided percolation flux values interpolated at various locations throughout the repository (SAR Section 2.3.3.2.3.5) from the flux distributions for current and future climate states calculated by the site-scale unsaturated zone flow model (SAR Section 2.3.2). The EBS thermal-hydrologic environment submodel also provides the evolution of drift-wall temperature at each repository location, which is required to evaluate whether thermal seepage is limited by a vaporization barrier (SAR Section 2.3.3.3.4). The TSPA submodel for the seismic damage abstraction provides cumulative rockfall volumes in response to single or multiple seismic events, which describe the degree of drift degradation and its impact on seepage (SAR Section 2.3.3.2.4.2.2).

Table 4 contains average percolation fluxes used in the TSPA model to calculate the drift seepage for each infiltration case at each climate state, including an average percolation rate over the repository footprint as well as for each repository percolation subregion. The flux quantile values for each percolation subregion are also provided in the table. The weighted repository average percolation rate is shown on SAR Figure 2.1-5 and included in Table 4.

The TSPA drift seepage submodel calculates the seepage rate (average seepage per waste package in a seeping environment) as a function of time for each repository subregion for the nominal and seismic ground motion modeling cases (Section 6.3.3, SNL 2008). The probabilistic seepage calculation in the TSPA is a function of the local percolation and the ambient and thermal components of the drift seepage abstraction, as described in SAR Sections 2.3.3.2.4 and 2.3.3.3.4. Tables 5 through 10 contain TSPA model seepage results extracted at 500-, 750-, 10,000-, and 1,000,000-year time steps to illustrate the temporal variation in seepage between the present-day, monsoon, glacial-transition, and post-10,000-year climate states, respectively. Seepage results for the nominal modeling case represents the average seepage rate over the epistemic uncertainties (conditional on one infiltration map) in the absence of disruptive events (e.g., igneous or seismic events). In addition, to demonstrate the impact of drift degradation, seepage results from the seismic ground motion modeling case are presented; these results are averaged over the epistemic uncertainties (conditional on one infiltration map) as well as the aleatory uncertainty in seismic events. Table 5 contains the TSPA nominal scenario modeling case seepage results in terms of flux per waste package for each infiltration case at each climate state, including an average over the repository footprint as well as an average for each repository subregion, including both seeping and non-seeping environments. The average seepage fractions (the fraction of waste packages in a percolation subregion experiencing seepage) are also presented in Table 5. Tables 6 and 7 provide the average seepage per waste package in a seeping environment for commercial spent nuclear fuel (SNF) and codisposal waste packages.

Table 8 contains the TSPA seismic ground motion modeling case seepage results. These seepage rates account for seismic-induced drift collapse, which increases the seepage rates over time until the drift is fully degraded, as demonstrated in SAR Figure 2.1-5. It should be noted in the seismic ground motion case results that the selection of seepage data extracted at 500-, 750-, 10,000-, and 1,000,000-year time steps to demonstrate the temporal variation in seepage for each climate state, maximizes the effects of drift degradation on seepage for the glacial-transition and post-10,000-year climates by extracting the seepage values at the end of these climate states; at the 10,000- and 1,000,000-year time steps respectively. Tables 9 and 10 contain the commercial SNF and codisposal seismic seepage rate per waste package in a seeping environment. The seepage fractions are presented as calculated for the post-10,000-year climate, as used in the 1,000,000 year TSPA model. Since the seepage fractions are calculated at 1,000,000 years, the high fractions in the seismic ground motion modeling case reflect the increase in seepage due to seismic induced drift degradation. These seepage fractions are consistent with SAR Tables 2.1-6 to 2.1-9, which include the TSPA nominal and seismic ground motion modeling case seepage fractions for the glacial-transition climate and the post-10,000-year period. SAR Figure 2.3.3-47 presents the mean seepage rates as a function of time for the four infiltration scenarios consistent with the repository average results presented in Table 5. SAR Figure 2.1-5 plots the mean seepage over the repository, consistent with the weighted mean data presented in Tables 5 and 8 for the nominal and seismic ground motion modeling cases.

The tabulated TSPA model results show that higher infiltration scenarios result in more seepage in both the nominal and seismic ground motion modeling cases, as described in SAR Section 2.3.3.4.2 and shown in SAR Figures 2.3.3-47 to 2.3.3-49. As presented in Table 11, over all waste packages, the repository average amount of seeping water weighted by the relative probability for each infiltration case is approximately 0.01, 0.04, and 0.06 m<sup>3</sup>/yr per waste package for the present-day, monsoon, and glacial-transition climate states, respectively. The corresponding ratio of seepage to percolation over the pre-10,000-year time period included on Table 11 is between approximately 4% and 10% for the repository average TSPA seepage over all infiltration maps. These results confirm that over the pre-10,000-year time period, about 90% to 96% of the percolation flux would be diverted around an intact drift, on average. For the post-10,000-year period over all waste packages, the repository average amount of seeping water weighted by the relative probability for each infiltration case is approximately 0.1 and 0.43  $m^3/yr$ per waste package for the nominal and seismic ground motion modeling cases, respectively, at 1,000,000 years. The corresponding ratio of seepage to percolation over the post-10,000 year time period are approximately 11% and 49% for the nominal and seismic ground motion modeling cases respectively. On average, about 89% of the percolation flux would be diverted around a drift in the nominal modeling cases, whereas only 51% of the percolation flux would be diverted around a fully degraded drift at 1,000,000 years in the seismic ground motion modeling case. Drift degradation also results in a significant increase in the fraction of waste packages that encounter seeping conditions from 40% in the nominal case to 69% in the seismic ground motion modeling case based on the comparison of the seepage fraction shown in Tables 5 and 8 (SAR Section 2.4.2.2.1.2.2.1; SNL 2008, Tables 8.3-3[a] and 8.3-5[a]).

Infiltration		MS	THM Perc Subi	colation at region Rat (mm/yr)	: Base of P tes <sup>b,c</sup>	Tn	MSTHM Repository Average Percolation at Base of PTn	
Map Percentile <sup>a</sup>	Climate State	1 (0.05)	2 (0.25)	3 (0.4)	4 (0.25)	5 (0.05)	(mm/yr)	(m <sup>3</sup> /yr per waste package)
	Present-Day	0.49	2.33	4.32	5.68	6.71	4.09	0.115
10th	Monsoon	1.23	5.38	8.31	10.00	11.72	7.82	0.219
<i>p</i> = 0.6191	Glacial-Transition	0.68	3.72	11.06	20.93	30.46	12.14	0.341
	Post-10,000-year	2.56	15.06	23.32	26.94	30.90	21.50	0.603
	Present-Day	1.58	6.50	10.84	13.59	15.81	10.23	0.287
30th	Monsoon	2.34	10.68	17.03	21.24	24.06	16.11	0.452
<i>p</i> = 0.1568	Glacial-Transition	2.51	13.53	27.15	38.29	46.90	26.28	0.737
	Post-10,000-year	2.55	17.46	41.50	61.55	77.82	40.37	1.132
	Present-Day	2.22	9.72	15.55	18.87	22.79	14.63	0.410
50th	Monsoon	2.29	11.22	20.38	26.62	36.14	19.53	0.548
p = 0.1645	Glacial-Transition	2.45	15.71	37.17	55.09	69.65	36.17	1.015
	Post-10,000-year	4.29	29.85	55.67	70.47	84.28	51.78	1.452
	Present-Day	4.942	24.08	36.87	42.53	48.59	34.08	0.956
90th	Monsoon	12.52	65.45	99.91	115.5	131.51	92.40	2.592
p = 0.0596	Glacial-Transition	5.84	40.30	74.93	94.78	113.20	69.69	1.955
	Post-10,000-year	8.81	43.74	66.56	76.91	87.51	61.60	1.728
	Present-Day	1.21	5.51	9.13	11.28	13.28	8.57	0.24
Mean Results	Monsoon	2.25	10.76	17.12	20.79	24.81	16.09	0.45
Roound	Glacial-Transition	1.57	9.41	21.69	33.67	44.41	21.74	0.61
	Post-10,000-year	3.22	19.58	34.07	42.51	50.41	31.83	0.89

#### Table 4. Average Percolation Flux Used in the TSPA Calculations

NOTE: The percolation flux (m<sup>3</sup>/yr) was calculated using the cross-sectional area used in the calculation of seepage in the TSPA model (5.5-m drift diameter × 5.1-m waste package length). Mean results for the pre-10,000 year climates are GLUE weighted. Post-10,000 year Mean Results represent the sample mean of the percolation resulting from approximating the distribution of deep percolation by four discrete values. The GLUE weighting factors are used to select these four discrete values.

Source: <sup>a</sup>GLUE probability weighting factors for the 10th, 30th, 50th, and 90th percentile infiltration realizations: SAR Section 2.3.2.4.1.2.4.5.5.

<sup>b</sup>Data extracted from the MSTHM input to the TSPA model, SAR Section 2.3.5.4.1.3.2. <sup>c</sup>Percolation subregions and quantile ranges SAR Section 2.4.2.3.2.1.2.

TSF	PA Average Seepage	e for the Nom	inal Modeling	Case 1,000,00	0 Years – Rep	ository Foot	print
Infiltration			Average F (m³/y	lux over the S r per waste pac	ubregion <sup>b,c</sup> kage)	1	Repository Average
Map Percentile <sup>a</sup>	Climate State	1 (0.05)	2 (0.25)	3 (0.4)	4 (0.25)	5 (0.05)	(m³/yr per waste package)
	Present-Day	2.66 × 10 <sup>-5</sup>	4.81 × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	9.24 × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	1.20 × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	$2.33 \times 10^{-3}$	0.001
	Monsoon	$3.20 \times 10^{-4}$	3.53 × 10 <sup>−3</sup>	5.82 × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	$6.40 \times 10^{-3}$	1.07 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	0.005
10th p = 0.6191	Glacial-Transition	7.97 × 10 <sup>-5</sup>	1.50 × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	1.14 × 10 <sup>−2</sup>	3.15 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	6.92 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	0.016
μ = 0.0101	Post-10,000-year	$2.04 \times 10^{-3}$	2.79 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	4.76 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	4.97 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	7.23 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	0.042
	Seepage Fraction	0.099	0.295	0.370	0.359	0.415	0.337
	Present-Day	$4.24 \times 10^{-4}$	4.90 × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	8.16 × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	1.02 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	1.68 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	0.008
	Monsoon	1.52 × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	1.63 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	2.81 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	3.38 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	$4.75 \times 10^{-2}$	0.026
30th p = 0.1568	Glacial-Transition	1.71 × 10 <sup>−3</sup>	2.51 × 10 <sup>−2</sup>	7.10 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	1.09 × 10 <sup>−1</sup>	1.68 × 10 <sup>-1</sup>	0.070
μ = 0.1000	Post-10,000-year	1.57 × 10 <sup>−3</sup>	3.91 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	1.46 × 10 <sup>−1</sup>	2.42 × 10 <sup>-1</sup>	3.84 × 10 <sup>-1</sup>	0.148
	Seepage Fraction	0.135	0.356	0.517	0.553	0.622	0.472
	Present-Day	8.27 × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	1.05 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	1.64 × 10 <sup>−2</sup>	1.81 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	3.13 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	0.015
	Monsoon	1.07 × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	1.66 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	3.89 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	4.92 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	9.21 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	0.037
50th p = 0.1645	Glacial-Transition	1.17 × 10 <sup>−3</sup>	2.84 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	1.07 × 10 <sup>−1</sup>	1.78 × 10 <sup>−1</sup>	2.89 × 10 <sup>-1</sup>	0.109
μ = 0.1040	Post-10,000-year	3.98 × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	9.08 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	2.14 × 10 <sup>−1</sup>	2.69 × 10 <sup>-1</sup>	3.93 × 10 <sup>-1</sup>	0.195
	Seepage Fraction	0.160	0.416	0.538	0.545	0.600	0.493
	Present-Day	4.71 × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	5.17 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	8.06 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	8.08 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	1.24 × 10 <sup>-1</sup>	0.072
	Monsoon	3.11 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	2.99 × 10 <sup>-1</sup>	4.90 × 10 <sup>−1</sup>	5.19 × 10 <sup>-1</sup>	7.09 × 10 <sup>-1</sup>	0.438
90th p = 0.0596	Glacial-Transition	6.60 × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	1.30 × 10 <sup>−1</sup>	3.06 × 10 <sup>−1</sup>	3.77 × 10 <sup>−1</sup>	5.62 × 10 <sup>-1</sup>	0.278
p – 0.0000	Post-10,000-year	1.61 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	1.56 × 10 <sup>−1</sup>	2.54 × 10 <sup>−1</sup>	2.64 × 10 <sup>-1</sup>	3.72 × 10 <sup>-1</sup>	0.226
	Seepage Fraction	0.269	0.555	0.646	0.638	0.687	0.605
	Present-Day	$5.00 \times 10^{-4}$	5.88 × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	9.36 × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	1.02 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	1.66 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	0.009
TSPA	Monsoon	2.48 × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	2.54 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	4.38 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	4.84 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	7.16 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	0.040
Mean	Glacial-Transition	9.06 × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	1.73 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	5.40 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	8.83 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	1.50 × 10 <sup>-1</sup>	0.056
Results	Post-10,000-year	3.12 × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	4.76 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	1.03 × 10 <sup>−1</sup>	1.28 × 10 <sup>−1</sup>	1.91 × 10 <sup>−1</sup>	0.095
	Seepage Fraction	0.125	0.340	0.437	0.437	0.494	0.400

## Table 5. Nominal Modeling Case Average Seepage Rate and Fraction Summary

TSPA seepage data extracted at 500-, 750-, 10,000-, and 1,000,000-year time steps for the present-day, monsoon, glacial-transition, and post-10,000-year climate states, respectively. The data was extracted from NOTE: the TSPA Nominal Modeling Case for 1,000,000 years and is averaged over the epistemic uncertainties.

<sup>a</sup>GLUE probability weighting factors for the 10th, 30th, 50th, and 90th percentile infiltration realizations: SAR Source: Section 2.3.2.4.1.2.4.5.5. <sup>b</sup>The seepage values were extracted from the Nominal 1,000,000-year modeling case.

<sup>c</sup>Percolation subregions and quantile ranges SAR Section 2.4.2.3.2.1.2

Nominal Seepage - Commercial SNF Waste Packages in Seeping Environment           Average Flux over the Subregion <sup>b,c</sup> Repository											
Infiltration				c over the Su er waste pac			Repository Average				
Map Percentile <sup>a</sup>	Climate State	1 (0.05)	2 (0.25)	3 (0.4)	4 (0.25)	5 (0.05)	(m <sup>3</sup> /yr per waste package)				
	Present-Day	0.0002	0.0013	0.0020	0.0026	0.0050	0.0020				
	Monsoon	0.0025	0.0108	0.0139	0.0151	0.0236	0.0134				
10th p = 0.6191	Glacial-Transition	0.0006	0.0043	0.0278	0.0820	0.1617	0.0408				
<i>ρ</i> = 0.8191	Post-10,000-year	0.0210	0.0956	0.1264	0.1321	0.1710	0.1171				
	Seepage Fraction	0.099	0.295	0.370	0.359	0.416	0.337				
	Present-Day	0.0023	0.0118	0.0132	0.0146	0.0241	0.0132				
	Monsoon	0.0107	0.0425	0.0480	0.0507	0.0692	0.0465				
30th p = 0.1568	Glacial-Transition	0.0116	0.0653	0.1241	0.1722	0.2496	0.1221				
p = 0.1566	Post-10,000-year	0.0096	0.1030	0.2616	0.3976	0.58442	0.2595				
	Seepage Fraction	0.134	0.356	0.516	0.553	0.621	0.472				
	Present-Day	0.0038	0.0225	0.0264	0.0274	0.0463	0.0255				
	Monsoon	0.0052	0.0365	0.0656	0.0784	0.1382	0.0622				
50th p = 0.1645	Glacial-Transition	0.0058	0.0618	0.1831	0.3002	0.4553	0.1868				
p = 0.1043	Post-10,000-year	0.0226	0.2107	0.3784	0.4618	0.6273	0.3520				
	Seepage Fraction	0.161	0.416	0.538	0.545	0.601	0.494				
	Present-Day	0.0152	0.0858	0.1131	0.1145	0.1666	0.1044				
	Monsoon	0.1142	0.5246	0.7362	0.7871	1.0094	0.6786				
90th p = 0.0596	Glacial-Transition	0.0224	0.2243	0.4551	0.5689	0.7970	0.4213				
p = 0.0550	Post-10,000-year	0.0568	0.2690	0.3777	0.3953	0.5225	0.3461				
	Seepage Fraction	0.270	0.556	0.647	0.638	0.689	0.605				
	Present-Day	0.0020	0.0115	0.0144	0.0152	0.0244	0.0138				
TSPA	Monsoon	0.0110	0.0508	0.0710	0.0773	0.1086	0.0664				
Mean	Glacial-Transition	0.0044	0.0364	0.0939	0.1610	0.2615	0.1002				
Results	Post-10,000-year	0.0216	0.1260	0.2038	0.2433	0.3314	0.1915				
	Seepage Fraction	0.125	0.340	0.437	0.436	0.494	0.400				

 
 Table 6. Nominal Modeling Case Commercial SNF Waste Package Average Seepage Rates and Fractions in a Seeping Environment

NOTE: TSPA seepage data extracted at 500-, 750-, 10,000-, and 1,000,000-year time steps for the present-day, monsoon, glacial-transition, and post-10,000-year climate states, respectively. The data was extracted from the TSPA Nominal Modeling Case for 1,000,000 years and is averaged over the epistemic uncertainties.

Source: <sup>a</sup>GLUE probability weighting factors for the 10th, 30th, 50th, and 90th percentile infiltration realizations: SAR Section 2.3.2.4.1.2.4.5.5. <sup>b</sup>The seepage values were extracted from the Nominal 1,000,000-year modeling case. <sup>c</sup>Percolation subregions and quantile ranges SAR Section 2.4.2.3.2.1.2.

	Nominal Seepag	ge – Codispo	osal Waste	Packages ir	n Seeping E	nvironmen	t
Infiltration		Å	Average Flu (m <sup>3</sup> /yr p	x over the S er waste pa		:	Repository Average
Map Percentile <sup>a</sup>	Climate State	1 (0.05)	2 (0.25)	3 (0.4)	4 (0.25)	5 (0.05)	(m <sup>3</sup> /yr per waste package)
	Present-Day	0.0002	0.0015	0.0024	0.0033	0.0057	0.0025
	Monsoon	0.0030	0.0109	0.0148	0.0162	0.0243	0.0140
10th p = 0.6191	Glacial-Transition	0.0006	0.0042	0.0280	0.0823	0.1598	0.0408
p = 0.0131	Post-10,000-year	0.0221	0.0935	0.1268	0.1325	0.1688	0.1168
	Seepage Fraction	0.100	0.295	0.371	0.359	0.414	0.337
	Present-Day	0.0027	0.0137	0.0155	0.0171	0.0259	0.0153
30th p = 0.1568	Monsoon	0.0102	0.0442	0.0499	0.0527	0.0684	0.0481
	Glacial-Transition	0.0109	0.0663	0.1239	0.1718	0.2424	0.1218
	Post-10,000-year	0.0098	0.1043	0.2619	0.3975	0.5750	0.2594
	Seepage Fraction	0.137	0.357	0.519	0.554	0.624	0.473
	Present-Day	0.0051	0.0241	0.0316	0.0328	0.0512	0.0297
	Monsoon	0.0054	0.0359	0.0664	0.0785	0.1379	0.0623
50th p = 0.1645	Glacial-Transition	0.0061	0.0608	0.1830	0.2940	0.4448	0.1844
<i>p</i> = 0.1040	Post-10,000-year	0.0226	0.2084	0.3788	0.4540	0.6116	0.3488
	Seepage Fraction	0.158	0.414	0.539	0.546	0.600	0.493
	Present-Day	0.0156	0.0906	0.1241	0.1224	0.1764	0.1125
	Monsoon	0.1105	0.5293	0.7373	0.7877	1.0042	0.6799
90th p = 0.0596	Glacial-Transition	0.0211	0.2234	0.4535	0.5648	0.7882	0.4189
<i>p</i> = 0.0000	Post-10,000-year	0.0537	0.2699	0.3765	0.3918	0.5175	0.3446
	Seepage Fraction	0.265	0.554	0.643	0.637	0.680	0.602
	Present-Day	0.0023	0.0124	0.0165	0.0174	0.0265	0.0155
TSPA	Monsoon	0.0110	0.0513	0.0721	0.0784	0.1085	0.0672
Mean	Glacial-Transition	0.0043	0.0363	0.0938	0.1598	0.2570	0.0996
Results	Post-10,000-year	0.0221	0.1245	0.2041	0.2421	0.3257	0.1907
	Seepage Fraction	0.125	0.339	0.438	0.436	0.493	0.400

Table 7. Nominal Modeling Case Codisposal Waste Package Average Seepage Rates and Fractions in a Seeping Environment

NOTE: Climate states: present-day; monsoon, glacial-transition, and post-10,000-year deep percolation rates. TSPA seepage data extracted at 500-, 750-, 10,000-, and 1,000,000-year time steps for the present-day, monsoon, glacial-transition, and post-10,000-year climate states, respectively. The data was extracted from the TSPA Nominal Modeling Case for 1,000,000 years and is averaged over the epistemic uncertainties.

Source: <sup>a</sup>GLUE probability weighting factors for the 10th, 30th, 50th, and 90th percentile infiltration realizations: SAR Section 2.3.2.4.1.2.4.5.5. <sup>b</sup>The seepage values were extracted from the Nominal 1,000,000-year modeling case.

<sup>c</sup>Percolation subregions and quantile ranges SAR Section 2.4.2.3.2.1.2.

Infiltration			Average Fl (m <sup>3</sup> /yr	ux over the \$ per waste pa	Subregion <sup>b,c</sup> ackage)		Repository Average
Map Percentile <sup>a</sup>	Climate State	1	2	3	4	5	(m <sup>3</sup> /yr per waste
reicentile		0.05	0.25	0.4	0.25	0.05	package)
	Present-Day	4.19 × 10 <sup>-5</sup>	5.27 × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	$9.87 \times 10^{-4}$	1.25 × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	2.42 × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	0.001
	Monsoon	3.77 × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	3.70 × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	6.02 × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	6.53 × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	1.10 × 10 <sup>−2</sup>	0.006
10th p = 0.6191	Glacial-Transition	5.31 × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	2.92 × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	1.52 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	3.68 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	8.02 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	0.020
<i>p</i> = 0.0101	Post-10,000-year	3.61 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	1.86 × 10 <sup>-1</sup>	2.74 × 10 <sup>-1</sup>	2.61 × 10 <sup>-1</sup>	3.65 × 10 <sup>−1</sup>	0.241
	Seepage Fraction	0.441	0.608	0.667	0.640	0.695	0.636
	Present-Day	4.53 × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	4.99 × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	8.30 × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	1.03 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	1.70 × 10 <sup>−2</sup>	0.008
	Monsoon	1.57 × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	1.65 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	2.85 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	3.42 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	$4.80 \times 10^{-2}$	0.027
30th p = 0.1568	Glacial-Transition	3.66 × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	3.21 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	8.35 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	1.23 × 10 <sup>−1</sup>	1.89 × 10 <sup>-1</sup>	0.082
ρ 0.1000	Post-10,000-year	3.38 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	2.23 × 10 <sup>-1</sup>	6.27 × 10 <sup>-1</sup>	9.40 × 10 <sup>-1</sup>	1.39	0.612
	Seepage Fraction	0.488	0.682	0.789	0.804	0.844	0.753
	Present-Day	9.34 × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	1.08 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	1.67 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	1.83 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	3.16 × 10 <sup>−2</sup>	0.016
	Monsoon	1.19 × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	1.70 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	3.94 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	$4.95 \times 10^{-2}$	9.27 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	0.037
50th p = 0.1645	Glacial-Transition	2.63 × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	3.45 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	1.22 × 10 <sup>-1</sup>	1.97 × 10 <sup>−1</sup>	3.18 × 10 <sup>−1</sup>	0.123
p 0.1040	Post-10,000-year	6.06 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	4.37 × 10 <sup>-1</sup>	8.81 × 10 <sup>-1</sup>	1.06	1.46	0.804
	Seepage Fraction	0.503	0.717	0.799	0.797	0.831	0.765
	Present-Day	5.08 × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	5.34 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	8.32 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	8.35 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	1.28 × 10 <sup>-1</sup>	0.074
	Monsoon	$3.22 \times 10^{-2}$	3.05 × 10 <sup>-1</sup>	$4.99 \times 10^{-1}$	5.29 × 10 <sup>-1</sup>	7.21 × 10 <sup>-1</sup>	0.446
90th p = 0.0596	Glacial-Transition	1.10 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	1.52 × 10 <sup>−1</sup>	3.44 × 10 <sup>-1</sup>	4.18 × 10 <sup>-1</sup>	6.19 × 10 <sup>-1</sup>	0.312
ρ 0.0000	Post-10,000-year	1.30 × 10 <sup>-1</sup>	6.93 × 10 <sup>-1</sup>	1.07 × 10 <sup>-1</sup>	1.13	1.46	0.960
	Seepage Fraction	0.583	0.800	0.864	0.860	0.885	0.834
	Present-Day	5.54 × 10 <sup>-4</sup>	6.07 × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	9.63 × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	1.04 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	1.70 × 10 <sup>−2</sup>	0.009
TSPA	Monsoon	2.61 × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	$2.60 \times 10^{-2}$	$4.46 \times 10^{-2}$	$4.93 \times 10^{-2}$	7.27 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	0.040
Mean	Glacial-Transition	1.99 × 10 <sup>-3</sup>	2.16 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	$6.30 \times 10^{-2}$	9.93 × 10 <sup>-2</sup>	1.68 × 10 <sup>−1</sup>	0.064
Results	Post-10,000-year	$4.54 \times 10^{-2}$	2.63 × 10 <sup>-1</sup>	4.76 × 10 <sup>-1</sup>	5.50 × 10 <sup>-1</sup>	7.69 × 10 <sup>-1</sup>	0.434
	Seepage Fraction	0.467	0.649	0.719	0.705	0.752	0.687

Table 8.	Seismic Ground Motion	Modeling Case Average	Seepage Rates and Fractions Summary

NOTE: TSPA seepage data extracted at 500-, 750-, 10,000-, and 1,000,000-year time steps for the present-day, monsoon, glacial-transition, and post-10,000-year climate states, respectively. The data was extracted from the TSPA Seismic Ground Motion Modeling Case for 1,000,000 years and is averaged over the epistemic uncertainties.

Source: <sup>a</sup>GLUE probability weighting factors for the 10th, 30th, 50th, and 90th percentile infiltration realizations: SAR Section 2.3.2.4.1.2.4.5.5.

<sup>b</sup> The seepage values were extracted from the Seismic Ground Motion 1,000,000-year modeling case. <sup>c</sup>Percolation subregions and quantile ranges SAR Section 2.4.2.3.2.1.2.

Infiltration	Seismic Seepage -		Average Flu	ux over the Sper waste pa	Subregion <sup>b,c</sup>		Repository Average
Map Percentile <sup>a</sup>	Climate State	1	2	3	4	5	(m <sup>3</sup> /yr per
Percentile		0.05	0.25	0.4	0.25	0.05	waste package)
	Present-Day	0.0001	0.0007	0.0012	0.0015	0.0030	0.001
	Monsoon	0.0008	0.0055	0.0079	0.0085	0.0141	0.007
10th p = 0.6191	Glacial-Transition	0.0012	0.0047	0.0213	0.0519	0.1084	0.028
μ = 0.0101	Post-10,000-year	0.0845	0.3178	0.4195	0.4090	0.5319	0.380
	Fraction	0.442	0.608	0.667	0.639	0.694	0.635
	Present-Day	0.0008	0.0064	0.0091	0.0108	0.0183	0.0089
	Monsoon	0.0030	0.0221	0.0325	0.0373	0.0527	0.0306
30th p = 0.1568	Glacial-Transition	0.0074	0.0438	0.0979	0.1386	0.2114	0.0957
p = 0.1566	Post-10,000-year	0.072514	0.32587	0.78036	1.1307	1.6117	0.760
	Fraction	0.487	0.682	0.788	0.803	0.844	0.753
	Present-Day	0.0016	0.0136	0.0184	0.0195	0.0342	0.0174
	Monsoon	0.0022	0.0219	0.0454	0.0557	0.1031	0.0428
50th p = 0.1645	Glacial-Transition	0.0053	0.0450	0.1424	0.2289	0.3636	0.1439
p = 0.1045	Post-10,000-year	0.12621	0.6131	1.0961	1.3128	1.7399	1.013
	Fraction	0.503	0.718	0.799	0.797	0.833	0.765
	Present-Day	0.0081	0.0628	0.0899	0.0904	0.1363	0.0815
	Monsoon	0.0533	0.3680	0.5602	0.5932	0.7938	0.5067
90th p = 0.0596	Glacial-Transition	0.0189	0.1845	0.3884	0.4718	0.6853	0.3547
p - 0.0000	Post-10,000-year	0.2318	0.8696	1.2261	1.2932	1.6312	1.1243
	Fraction	0.584	0.800	0.864	0.861	0.886	0.834
	Present-Day	0.0009	0.0075	0.0106	0.0112	0.0185	0.0099
TSPA	Monsoon	0.0045	0.0325	0.0511	0.0558	0.0815	0.0468
Nean Results	Glacial-Transition	0.0039	0.0282	0.0751	0.1196	0.2008	0.0772
	Post-10,000-year	0.0983	0.4004	0.6349	0.7228	0.9643	0.5879
	Fraction	0.467	0.649	0.719	0.704	0.752	0.687

Table 9. Seismic Ground Motion Modeling Case Commercial SNF Waste Package Average Seepage Rates and Fractions in a Seeping Environment

NOTE: TSPA seepage data extracted at 500-, 750-, 10,000-, and 1,000,000-year time steps for the present-day, monsoon, glacial-transition, and post-10,000-year climate states, respectively. The data was extracted from the TSPA Seismic Ground Motion Modeling Case for 1,000,000 years and is averaged over the epistemic uncertainties.

<sup>a</sup>GLUE probability weighting factors for the 10th, 30th, 50th, and 90th percentile infiltration realizations: Source: SAR Section 2.3.2.4.1.2.4.5.5. <sup>b</sup>The seepage values were extracted from the Seismic Ground Motion 1,000,000-year modeling case.

<sup>c</sup>Percolation subregions and quantile ranges SAR Section 2.4.2.3.2.1.2.

Table 10. Seismic Ground Motion Modeling Case Codisposal Waste Package Average Seepage Rates and Fractions in a Seeping Environment

	Seismic Seepage	– Codispos	al Waste Pac	kages in Se	eping Enviro	onment	
Infiltration			Average Fl (m <sup>3</sup> /yr	ux over the \$ per waste pa	Subregion <sup>b,c</sup> ackage)		Repository Average
Map Percentile <sup>a</sup>	Climate State	1	2	3	4	5	(m <sup>3</sup> /yr per waste
reicentile		0.05	0.25	0.4	0.25	0.05	package)
	Present-Day	0.0001	0.0008	0.0015	0.0019	0.0035	0.0015
	Monsoon	0.0009	0.0055	0.0084	0.0091	0.0145	0.0078
10th p = 0.6191	Glacial-Transition	0.0012	0.0047	0.0213	0.0522	0.1069	0.0281
p = 0.0191	Post-10,000-year	0.0849	0.3164	0.4199	0.4098	0.5278	0.3802
	Seepage Fraction	0.440	0.608	0.667	0.641	0.697	0.636
	Present-Day	0.0010	0.0073	0.0108	0.0127	0.0200	0.0104
	Monsoon	0.0029	0.0228	0.0340	0.0389	0.0527	0.0318
30th p = 0.1568	Glacial-Transition	0.0073	0.0440	0.0984	0.1383	0.2072	0.0957
p = 0.1300	Post-10,000-year	0.0723	0.3288	0.7862	1.1312	1.6058	0.7634
	Seepage Fraction	0.489	0.681	0.789	0.804	0.845	0.753
	Present-Day	0.0020	0.0146	0.0219	0.0235	0.0384	0.0203
	Monsoon	0.0022	0.0214	0.0459	0.0560	0.1033	0.0430
50th p = 0.1645	Glacial-Transition	0.0052	0.0442	0.1421	0.2249	0.3569	0.1422
p onoio	Post-10,000-year	0.1262	0.6129	1.0992	1.3027	1.7298	1.0114
	Seepage Fraction	0.504	0.715	0.800	0.798	0.828	0.765
	Present-Day	0.0084	0.0657	0.0974	0.0960	0.1441	0.0870
	Monsoon	0.0523	0.3686	0.5595	0.5942	0.7903	0.5066
90th p = 0.0596	Glacial-Transition	0.0182	0.1826	0.3863	0.4695	0.6805	0.3525
p 0.0000	Post-10,000-year	0.2323	0.8628	1.2257	1.2925	1.6400	1.1227
	Seepage Fraction	0.582	0.800	0.863	0.859	0.881	0.833
	Present-Day	0.0010	0.0080	0.0120	0.0128	0.0202	0.0111
TSPA	Monsoon	0.0045	0.0326	0.0516	0.0565	0.0815	0.0472
Mean	Glacial-Transition	0.0038	0.0280	0.0750	0.1189	0.1979	0.0768
Results	Post-10,000-year	0.0985	0.3995	0.6366	0.7216	0.9597	0.5878
	Seepage Fraction	0.467	0.648	0.720	0.705	0.753	0.687

NOTE: TSPA seepage data extracted at 500-, 750-, 10,000-, and 1,000,000-year time steps for the present-day, monsoon, glacial-transition, and post-10,000-year climate states, respectively. The data was extracted from the TSPA Seismic Ground Motion Modeling Case for 1,000,000 years and is averaged over the epistemic uncertainties.

Source: <sup>a</sup>GLUE probability weighting factors for the 10th, 30th, 50th, and 90th percentile infiltration realizations: SAR Section 2.3.2.4.1.2.4.5.5. <sup>b</sup>The seepage values were extracted from the Seismic Ground Motion 1,000,000-year modeling case.

<sup>c</sup>Percolation subregions and quantile ranges SAR Section 2.4.2.3.2.1.2.

# 1.4 SUMMARY

The results presented in Tables 1 to 11 include the TSPA model percolation and seepage output for the nominal and seismic ground motion modeling cases and are consistent with the summary results presented in SAR Section 2.3.3 for the seepage model and SAR Sections 2.1 (Demonstration of Multiple Barriers) and 2.4 (Demonstration of Compliance with Postclosure Public Health and Environmental Standards). In addition, the TSPA model summary data is consistent with the input from the precipitation and infiltration model results, as documented in SAR Section 2.3.1, and with the site-scale unsaturated zone flow model results, as documented in SAR Section 2.3.2.

Infiltration Percentile <sup>a</sup>	Climate State	Precipitation (mm/yr)	Unsaturated Zone Flow Model Percolation at the base of PTn (mm/yr)	Ratio of Percolation to Precipitation (%)	MSTHM Percolation at base of PTn (m <sup>3</sup> /yr per waste package)	Seepage (m <sup>3</sup> /yr per waste package)		Ratio of Seepage to Percolation (%)	
						Nominal	Seismic	Nominal	Seismic
10th p = 0.6191	Present-Day	150.9	4.1	2.7	0.115	0.001	0.001	0.8	0.8
	Monsoon	216.2	7.8	3.6	0.219	0.005	0.006	2.4	2.5
	Glacial-Transition	284.4	12.2	4.3	0.341	0.016	0.020	4.8	5.9
	Post-10,000-year	_	21.58	—	0.603	0.042	0.241	7.0	40.0
30th p = 0.1568	Present-Day	168.2	10.2	6.1	0.287	0.008	0.008	2.8	2.8
	Monsoon	157.8	16.1	10.2	0.452	0.026	0.027	5.8	5.9
	Glacial-Transition	277.3	26.3	9.5	0.737	0.070	0.082	9.5	11.1
	Post-10,000-year	_	40.76	—	1.132	0.148	0.612	13.1	54.1
50th p = 0.1645	Present-Day	198.2	14.6	7.4	0.410	0.015	0.016	3.7	3.8
	Monsoon	252.1	19.5	7.7	0.548	0.037	0.037	6.7	6.7
	Glacial-Transition	233.6	36.2	15.5	1.015	0.109	0.123	10.7	12.1
	Post-10,000-year	_	52.07		1.452	0.195	0.804	13.4	55.3
90th p = 0.0596	Present-Day	222.7	34.1	15.3	0.956	0.072	0.074	7.5	7.8
	Monsoon	324.7	92.4	28.5	2.592	0.438	0.446	16.9	17.2
	Glacial-Transition	300.0	69.7	23.2	1.955	0.278	0.312	14.2	15.9
	Post-10,000-year	_	61.86	_	1.728	0.226	0.960	13.1	55.6
Weighted	Present-Day		8.57	TSPA	0.24	0.01	0.01	4.0	4.0
Mean	Monsoon	_	16.07	Mean	0.45	0.04	0.04	9.0	9.0
Results	Glacial-Transition	_	21.79	Results	0.61	0.06	0.06	10.0	10.0
	Post-10,000-year	_	32.00		0.89	0.1	0.43	11.0	49.0

# Table 11. Summary Values Spatially Averaged over the Repository Footprint

Source: <sup>a</sup>GLUE probability weighting factors for the 10th, 30th, 50th, and 90th percentile infiltration realizations SAR Section 2.3.2.4.1.2.4.5.5.

ENCLOSURE 1

Response Tracking Number: 00337-01-00

## 2. COMMITMENTS TO NRC

None.

## **3. DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED LA CHANGE**

None.

## 4. **REFERENCES**

SNL (Sandia National Laboratories) 2007. *UZ Flow Models and Submodels*. MDL-NBS-HS-000006 REV 03 AD 01. Las Vegas, Nevada: Sandia National Laboratories. ACC: DOC.20080108.0003; DOC.20080114.0001; LLR.20080414.0007; LLR.20080414.0033; LLR.20080522.0086.

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