

August 10, 1989

Docket No. 70-1100
License No. SNM-1067

Combustion Engineering, Inc.
ATTN: Mr. Charles R. Waterman, Vice President
and General Manager
Nuclear Fuel Manufacturing
1000 Prospect Hill Road
Windsor, CT 06095-0500

Gentlemen:

In your November 29, 1988, letter, you submitted soil survey results for the wooded area and requested that it be released for unrestricted use.

On March 28, 1989, Oak Ridge Associated Universities conducted an independent survey and submitted the results to the NRC on May 24, 1989. Based on the survey results, residual contamination meets the guidelines for unrestricted use as stated in NRC's Branch Technical Position. Therefore, the staff has determined that the wooded area may be released for unrestricted use.

Enclosed is a copy of our Safety Evaluation Report.

Sincerely,

Original Signed By
Leland C. Rouse, Chief
Fuel Cycle Safety Branch
Division of Industrial and
Medical Nuclear Safety, NMSS

Enclosure: As stated

cc w/encl:

Mr. A. E. Scherer, Director
Nuclear Licensing

Dr. P. L. McGill, Vice President
Nuclear Fuel

Mr. C. B. Brinkman, Manager
Washington Nuclear Operations

Mr. R. E. Sheeran, Manager
Licensing, Safety, Accountability
and Security

Distribution w/encl.

70-1100

INUF R/F
Region I

INSB R/F
J Roth, RI

VLTharpe
NHorn

NMSS R/F
DAMcCaughy
GHBidinger

OFFICIAL:

NAME: D. McCaughy: mh:

DATE: 8/3/89

INUF:

VLTharpe:

8/3/89

INUF: 8/2/89

GHBidinger:

8/8/89

INSB:

LCRouse:

8/10/89

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PDR ADOCK 07001100
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DF-03

August 10, 1989

DOCKET NO: 70-1100
LICENSEE: Combustion Engineering (CE)
Windsor, Connecticut
SUBJECT: SAFETY EVALUATION REPORT, REQUEST DATED NOVEMBER 29, 1988,
RE RELEASE OF LAND FOR UNRESTRICTED USE

Background

In 1982, CE initiated cleanup of a wooded area at the Windsor, Connecticut site. The area was contaminated with residue from burning scrap metal containing alloys of uranium and thorium. In 1984, Oak Ridge Associated Universities (ORAU) conducted a confirmatory survey of the site. The results indicated several areas had residual contamination. CE further decontaminated the area and on November 29, 1988, submitted a report detailing their survey results and requested the area be released for unrestricted use (copy attached). ORAU at the request of the NRC Region I office conducted a followup confirmatory survey to evaluate the radiological conditions. ORAU submitted the final report on May 24, 1989 (copy attached).

Discussion

The soil guidelines applicable for unrestricted release are those from Option 1 of the Branch Technical Position (BTP) (copy attached). The concentrations are 30 pCi/g for enriched uranium and 10 pCi/g for natural thorium.

ORAU's results indicate that all grids but one meet these criteria. One small area (less than 10 ft²) exceeded the guideline for thorium. This area had a concentration of 14.6 pCi/g. The area when averaged with the remainder of the grid, based on the composite sample, was less than 2 pCi/g. This average concentration meets the guidelines. Based on ORAU's confirmatory survey results, this area meets the guidelines for unrestricted use.

By letter dated June 30, 1989 (copy attached), transmitting Inspection Report No. 89-03, the Region I Office stated that the area meets the criteria for unrestricted release and informed the licensee that the area could be released.

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PDR ADOCK 07001100
C PDC

Conclusion/Recommendation

Based on the results of the ORAU survey, the staff recommends that the wooded area be released for unrestricted use.

Original Signed By

Merri Horn
 Uranium Fuel Section
 Fuel Cycle Safety Branch
 Division of Industrial and
 Medical Nuclear Safety, NMSS

Approved by:

Original Signed By

George H. Bidinger, Section Leader

Attachments:

1. CE ltr dtd 11/29/88
2. ORAU Follow-up Confirmatory
Survey dtd May 1989
3. Ltr RBellamy to CE dtd
06/30/89
4. BTP published in Fed. Reg.
10/23/81

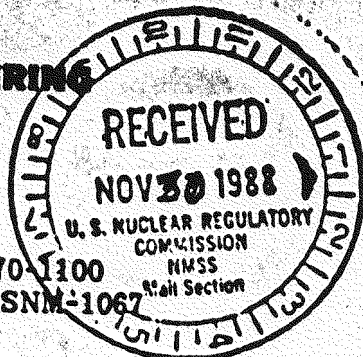
OFC:IMUF:	IMUF:	IMUF:
NAME:MHorn:mlh:	VLTrarpe:	GHBidinger:
DATE:8/3/89	8/3/89	8/4/89

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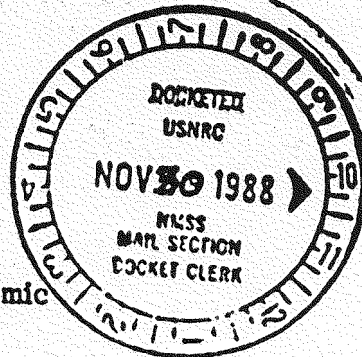
70-1100

COMBUSTION ENGINEERING

November 29, 1988
LD-88-144



Docket No. 70-1100
License No. SNM-1067



Mr. L. C. Rouse, Chief
Fuel Cycle Safety Branch
Division of Fuel Cycle, Medical, Academic
and Commercial Use Safety
U. S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission
Attn: Document Control Desk
Washington, D.C. 20555

Subject: Request for Release of Land for Unrestricted Use
Reference: Letter from H. V. Lichtenburger (C-E) to W. T. Crow
(NRC) Dated November 10, 1980

Dear Mr. Rouse:

Several years ago a section of wooded area on the Windsor site was discovered to be radiologically contaminated (Reference). This area has since been decontaminated and a radiological survey has recently been completed.

A report (Enclosure) detailing the results of the radiological survey performed is provided for your use. Based on the conclusions of this survey, we request your concurrence that the subject area be released for unrestricted use.

If you have any questions regarding this material, please do not hesitate to call me or Mr. C. M. Molnar of my staff at (203)-285-5205.

Very truly yours,

COMBUSTION ENGINEERING, INC.

A. E. Scherer
Director
Nuclear Licensing

AES:jeb
Enclosure: As Stated
cc: J. Roth (NRC - Region I) w/enclosure

24962

Power Systems
Combustion Engineering, Inc.

1000 Prospect Hill Road
Post Office Box 500
Windsor, Connecticut 06095-0500

(203) 688-1911
Telex: 99297

Attachment 1

8812020261 / jeb

Enclosure to
LD-88-144

RADIOLOGICAL SURVEY REPORT - WOODED AREA

COMBUSTION ENGINEERING, INC. PROPERTY

WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT

NOVEMBER, 1988

8812020264 328

RADIOLOGICAL SURVEY REPORT - WOODED AREA
COMBUSTION ENGINEERING, INC. PROPERTY
WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT

In 1982 Combustion Engineering, Inc. decontaminated a wooded area on the company property contaminated with residue from burning scrap metal containing alloys of uranium and thorium. The material was generated as part of a former U. S. Navy program and was in place for at least 20 years.

During October of 1984, a confirmatory radiological survey of the decontaminated area was performed by Oak Ridge Associated Universities at the request of the U. S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission. Results of that survey indicated the presence of numerous isolated hot spots and some general areas of elevated direct surface radiation. A subsequent review by Combustion Engineering personnel revealed that some contaminated soil remained just below the surface of the land. It is believed that power earth moving equipment ground some contamination into the surface layer of the soil during clean up operations.

In June of 1986, an additional 15 to 30 centimeters of soil was removed from the surface of the area utilizing a special technique to prohibit the earth removal equipment from re-contaminating the area. A post-decontamination survey was also performed in June of that year. In order to provide more comprehensive results, the original 30 foot grid was subdivided into a 15 foot grid pattern. Survey results of the post-decontamination are provided in two attachments:

Attachment A - Direct Gamma Radiation Survey of 15 foot Grid Intersections at Thorium and Uranium Burning Pit

Attachment B - Radionuclide Concentrations in Surface Soil Sample Collected from Wooded Area on Combustion Engineering Property.

A review of Attachment B indicated a U-235 concentration of 1.98 pci/gram at location N60/E75. Results of a mass spectroscopy of samples from this location revealed a U-234/U-235 ratio of 39. As a result, location N60/E75 and the location with the next highest U-235 concentration, N150/E120, were manually decontaminated and re-analysed with the following results:

<u>Isotope</u>	<u>Grid Location</u> <u>N150/E120</u> <u>(pci/gram)</u>	<u>Grid Location</u> <u>N60/E75</u> <u>(pci/gram)</u>
RA-226	0.68 \pm 0.10	0.70 \pm 0.10
U-235	0.63 \pm 0.31	0.22 \pm 0.06
U-238	1.18 \pm 0.71	1.18 \pm 0.85
Th-228	0.69 \pm 0.13	0.92 \pm 0.15
Th-232	0.78 \pm 0.20	0.78 \pm 0.35

November 16, 1988

In conclusion, the wooded area on Combustion Engineering's property has been decontaminated and meets the criteria for unrestricted use of the property as established by the U. S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission Branch Technical Position on "Disposal or Onsite Storage of Thorium and Uranium Wastes from Past Operations."

ATTACHMENT A:

**DIRECT GAMMA RADIATION SURVEY OF
15' GRID INTERSECTION AT
THORIUM AND URANIUM BURNING PIT
C-E PROPERTY**

JUNE - 1986

PURPOSE

This survey was performed to document the direct gamma dose rates at the surface of all grid intersections and at one (1) meter above the surface at all grid intersections. The 15' grid was established to give a better definition of the burning pit area (see grid map).

PROCEDURE

1. The survey instrument used was a Ludlum 12S micro R meter which reads in micro R/hr gamma.
2. Three (3) background readings were taken at separate locations and recorded.
3. Each reading was taken after at least twenty (20) seconds of resolving time.
4. A rigid stand was used to take the one (1) meter readings and the surface readings were taken with the meter resting on the ground.

RESULTS

The survey sheets are included for information but the maximum readings were 13 uR/hr with a background average of 10.3 at one (1) meter, and a maximum reading at the surface of 15 uR/hr. The background for the surface reading was 10.6 uR/hr.

TABLE 1
DIRECT RADIATION SURVEY GRID LINE INTERSECTIONS AT C-B PROPERTY
WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT

All Readings are in Total $\mu\text{R/hr}$ Including Background of 10.3 $\mu\text{R/hr}$ Average

Grid Location (in feet)		Gamma Dose Rate $\mu\text{R/hr}$		Grid Location (in feet)		Gamma Dose Rate $\mu\text{R/hr}$	
N	E	at one meter	at surface	N	E	at one meter	at surface
0	0	10.0	10.0	30	0	9.5	9.5
	15	8.0	9.5		15	9.0	9.5
	30	9.0	8.5		30	9.5	9.5
	45	8.5	9.0		45	9.0	8.0
	60	9.0	9.0		60	9.0	9.0
	75	9.0	9.0		75	9.0	11.0
	90	9.0	10.0		90	10.0	12.0
	105	9.0	10.0		105	10.0	11.5
	120	10.0	11.0		120	11.0	10.0
	135	10.0	10.0		135	10.0	10.0
	150	10.0	10.0		150	10.0	10.5
15	0	8.5	9.5	45	0	9.0	9.0
	15	10.0	9.5		15	9.0	9.5
	30	9.0	9.5		30	8.5	9.0
	45	9.5	9.5		45	8.0	8.5
	60	9.0	9.0		60	9.0	10.0
	75	9.0	11.0		75	9.5	10.0
	90	9.0	9.5		90	10.5	12.0
	105	9.5	9.0		105	10.0	9.0
	120	11.0	13.0		120	10.5	11.5
	135	11.0	10.0		135	10.5	9.5
	150	10.0	10.5		150	9.0	10.0

TABLE 1
DIRECT RADIATION SURVEY OF GRID LINE INTERSECTIONS AT C-E PROPERTY
WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT

All Readings are in Total $\mu\text{R/hr}$ Including Background of 10.3 $\mu\text{R/hr}$ Average

Grid Location (in feet)		Gamma Dose Rate $\mu\text{R/hr}$		Grid Location (in feet)		Gamma Dose Rate $\mu\text{R/hr}$	
N	E	at one meter	at surface	N	E	at one meter	at surface
60	0	8.8	9.0	90	0	8.5	9.0
	15	8.5	8.5		15	9.0	10.0
	30	8.5	8.5		30	11.5	15.0
	45	9.0	9.0		45	11.0	12.5
	60	9.5	9.5		60	9.0	10.5
	75	10.5	12.0		75	10.0	12.0
	90	10.5	12.0		90	9.5	10.0
	105	10.0	10.0		105	10.0	10.0
	120	9.0	10.0		120	10.0	10.0
	135	9.0	9.0		135	8.5	8.5
	150	10.0	10.0		150	10.0	10.0
75	0	8.5	8.5	105	0	8.0	8.0
	15	8.5	9.0		15	11.0	10.5
	30	9.0	9.5		30	10.5	11.5
	45	9.5	10.0		45	10.0	9.5
	60	10.0	8.5		60	9.0	8.5
	75	10.0	10.0		75	9.0	8.5
	90	9.5	10.0		90	9.5	9.5
	105	9.5	9.0		105	9.0	9.0
	120	8.5	11.0		120	10.0	9.5
	135	8.5	8.5		135	9.0	8.5
	150	9.5	11.0		150	9.5	9.0

TABLE 1
DIRECT RADIATION SURVEY OF GRID LINE INTERSECTIONS AT C-E PROPERTY
WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT

All Readings are in Total $\mu\text{R/hr}$ Including Background of 10.3 $\mu\text{R/hr}$ Average

Grid Location (in feet)		Gamma Dose Rate $\mu\text{R/hr}$		Grid Location (in feet)		Gamma Dose Rate $\mu\text{R/hr}$	
N	E	at one meter	at surface	N	E	at one meter	at surface
120	0	9.0	9.5	150	0	9.0	9.5
	15	13.0	13.0		15	10.0	10.0
	30	11.0	11.0		30	11.0	12.0
	45	9.5	8.0		45	10.0	11.0
	60	10.0	9.5		60	10.5	12.5
	75	9.0	9.5		75	9.0	9.0
	90	9.5	8.5		90	9.5	9.0
	105	10.0	9.5		105	10.0	9.5
	120	9.5	9.5		120	10.0	12.0
	135	9.0	9.5		135	9.5	11.0
	150	9.0	10.0		150	9.5	11.0
135	0	11.0	9.5	165	0	9.0	9.5
	15	11.5	11.5		15	9.5	10.0
	30	11.0	12.0		30	10.5	12.0
	45	13.0	13.5		45	11.0	12.0
	60	10.0	10.0		60	11.0	13.0
	75	9.0	8.5		75	11.0	13.0
	90	9.0	10.5		90	10.5	12.0
	105	9.5	9.5		105	10.0	10.5
	120	9.0	10.0		120	9.5	10.5
	135	10.0	10.0		135	10.0	12.0
	150	10.5	10.0		150	9.0	9.0

TABLE 1
DIRECT RADIATION SURVEY OF GRID LINE INTERSECTIONS AT C-E PROPERTY
WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT

All Readings are in Total $\mu\text{R/hr}$ Including Background of 10.3 $\mu\text{R/hr}$ Average

Grid Location (in feet)		Gamma Dose Rate $\mu\text{R/hr}$		Grid Location (in feet)		Gamma Dose Rate $\mu\text{R/hr}$	
N	E	at one meter	at surface	N	E	at one meter	at surface
180	0	9.0	9.5				
	15	10.0	10.0				
	30	10.0	10.0				
	45	10.0	10.0				
	60	10.5	10.5				
	75	9.5	9.5				
	90	10.0	10.0				
	105	9.0	9.5				
	120	8.5	9.0				
	135	9.0	9.0				
	150	9.5	10.0				
	0						
	15						
	30						
	45						
	60						
	75						
	90						
	105						
	120						
	135						
	159						

ATTACHMENT B:

**RADIONUCLIDE CONCENTRATIONS
IN SURFACE SOIL SAMPLES COLLECTED
FROM WOODED AREA ON
COMBUSTION ENGINEERING PROPERTY
Windsor, Connecticut**

November 1986

COMBUSTION ENGINEERING

Table of Contents

List of Figures	11
List of Tables	111
Introduction	1
Analytical Procedure	2
Background Comparison	2
Analytical Results	3
Comparison to Guidelines	3
Errors and Detection Limits	4
Calibration	4
Appendix A: NRC Guidelines for Residual Concentrations of Thorium and Uranium Wastes in Soil	

List of Figures

- Figure 1** **Site Grid System for Sampling Locations**
- Figure 2** **Location of ORAU Determined Areas of Elevated Direct Surface Radiation**
- Figure 3** **C-E Environmental Surveillance Program On-site Sampling Locations**
- Figure 4** **C-E Environmental Surveillance Program Off-site Sampling Locations**
- Figure 5** **Location of Highest Enriched-Uranium Concentrations in June 1986 Soil Samples**
- Figure 6** **Location of Highest Thorium Concentrations in June 1986 Soil Samples**
- Figure 7** **Gamma Spectrum of Soil Sample from Grid Location North-60°/East-75° - June 1986**

List of Tables

Table 1 **Radionuclide Concentrations in Surface Soil
Samples Collected from Grid Line Intersections
at C-E Property Windsor, Connecticut**

Table 2 **Radionuclide Concentrations in Surface Soil
Samples Collected from C-E Environmental
Surveillance Program - September 1986
Windsor Connecticut**

ANALYTICAL PROCEDURE

Samples were dried and mixed and placed in a 450 ml. Marinelli beaker. The volume of soil placed in each beaker was chosen to reproduce the calibrated counting geometry, and typically ranged from 400 to 700 grams. Net weights were determined and the samples counted on a Ge(Li) (germanium) detector coupled to a Canberra Series 80, 4096-channel, multi-channel analyzer. The following energy peaks were used for determination of the radionuclides of interest. Several other peaks were used to verify the data of the major peaks.

<u>ISOTOPE</u>	<u>ENERGY (KEV)</u>	<u>REMARKS</u>
U-235	186	Ra-226 contribution subtracted.
U-238	93	Th-234 daughter*
Ra-226	609	Bi-214 daughter*
Th-232	911	Ac-228 daughter*
Th-228	583	Tl-208 daughter*

*Secular equilibrium assumed.

Spectra were reviewed for other gamma emitters. The only nuclide, other than naturally occurring isotopes and daughters of the isotopes listed above, identified in most of the spectra, was cesium-137. The origin of the cesium-137 most probably is fallout from Chernobyl and old bomb tests. Peak identification and calculations of concentrations, statistical counting errors and detection sensitivities were performed by the computer capabilities inherent in the analyzer system in most cases.

Spectra were plotted on all samples and are on file for review. All spectra were also recorded on magnetic tape for future reference if needed.

BACKGROUND

For comparison purposes, concentrations of radionuclides in soil samples collected both off-site and on-site in September 1986 as part of the CE Environmental Surveillance Program are listed in Table 2. Sample locations are indicated in Figures 3 and 4. Most of the samples collected from the grid locations to verify the cleanup did not vary greatly from the environmental collection samples.

Analyses Results

Table 1 lists the concentrations of radionuclides measured in surface soil collected in June 1986 from the grid intersections illustrated in Figure 1. Concentration ranges (pCi/gram) were U-235, <0.02 to 1.98; U-238, <0.26 to 5.64; Ra-226, 0.39 to 1.49; Th-232, 0.14 to 4.05; Th-228, <0.19 to 3.72. Most of these samples had radionuclide activity concentrations comparable to the environmental survey samples.

Five samples had U-235 concentrations exceeding 0.5 pCi/gram. They were located at grid intersections N-15°/E-120°/E-135°, N-30°/E-120°, N-60°/E-75° and N-150°, E-120°. Figure 5 shows the location of these samples. The highest U-235 concentration found was 1.98 pCi/gram in the sample collected at grid intersection N-60°/E-75°.

Seven samples had total thorium concentrations exceeding 5 pCi/gram. Figure 6 shows the grid intersections where these samples were collected. They were located at grid intersections N-60°/E-75°, N-60°/E-90°, N-75°/E-75°, N-150°/E-45°, N-150°/E-60°, N-150°/E-150°, and N-165°/E-90°. The highest reading was 7.77 total pCi/gram at N-60°/E-75°.

Figure 7 shows two four-color plots of the spectrum collected on the sample from grid intersection N-60°/E-75°. The top plot covers the spectrum from 1.2 to 512.6 keV. Vertical full scale is 16384 counts. The bottom plot shows the portion of the spectrum from 514.1 to 1025.6 keV. To enhance peak visibility in the plot, vertical full scale was changed to 4096 counts.

All samples were counted over the energy range of -50 keV to -2.0 MeV and reviewed for unusual energy peaks. Cesium-137 was found in nearly all samples. The highest concentration found was 1.8 pCi/gram of soil.

Comparison of Survey Results with Guidelines

The soil guidelines applicable to this site are presented in Appendix A. The guideline for total thorium (Th-232 and Th-228) contamination in soil is 10 pCi/gram for unrestricted use (Option 1). The enriched uranium limit is 30 pCi/gram.

None of the soil samples collected in June 1986 for this survey exceeded the guidelines mentioned. The highest thorium concentration found was less than 8 pCi/gram. This sample was taken at grid location 60 North, 75 East. The highest U-235 found was also at this grid location and was 2 pCi/gram, far below the guideline limit.

Errors and Detection Limits

The errors associated with the analytical data presented in the tables of this report, represent the 95% (2 σ) confidence level for that data. These errors were calculated, based on both the gross sample count levels and the associated background count levels. When the net sample count was less than 2 statistical deviations of the background count, the sample concentration was reported as less than the minimum detectable activity (<MDA). This means that the radionuclide was not present, to the best of our ability to measure it, utilizing the analytical techniques described. Because of variations in background levels, caused by other constituents in the samples and length of count time, the MDA's for specific radionuclides differ from sample to sample.

In addition to the counting errors in the samples, there is an overall error of approximately 6% in all analyses due to uncertainties in calibration standards and various laboratory measurement procedures.

Calibration and Quality Assurance

Laboratory and analytical instruments were calibrated using NBS-traceable standards. Quality control procedures on all instruments included periodic background and check-source measurements to confirm equipment operation within acceptable statistical fluctuations.

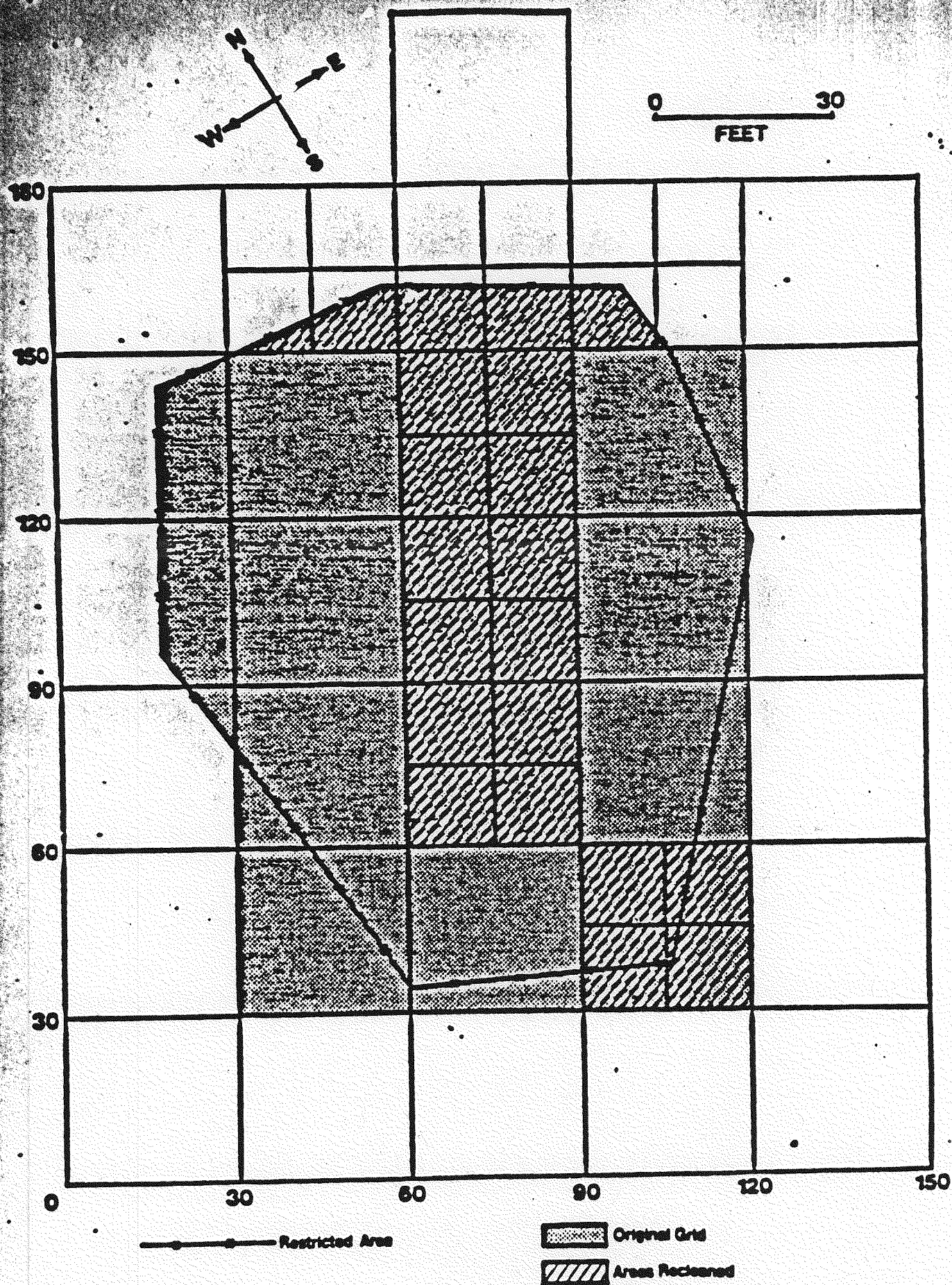


FIGURE 1: Site Grid System at Combustion Engineering, Windsor, Connecticut.

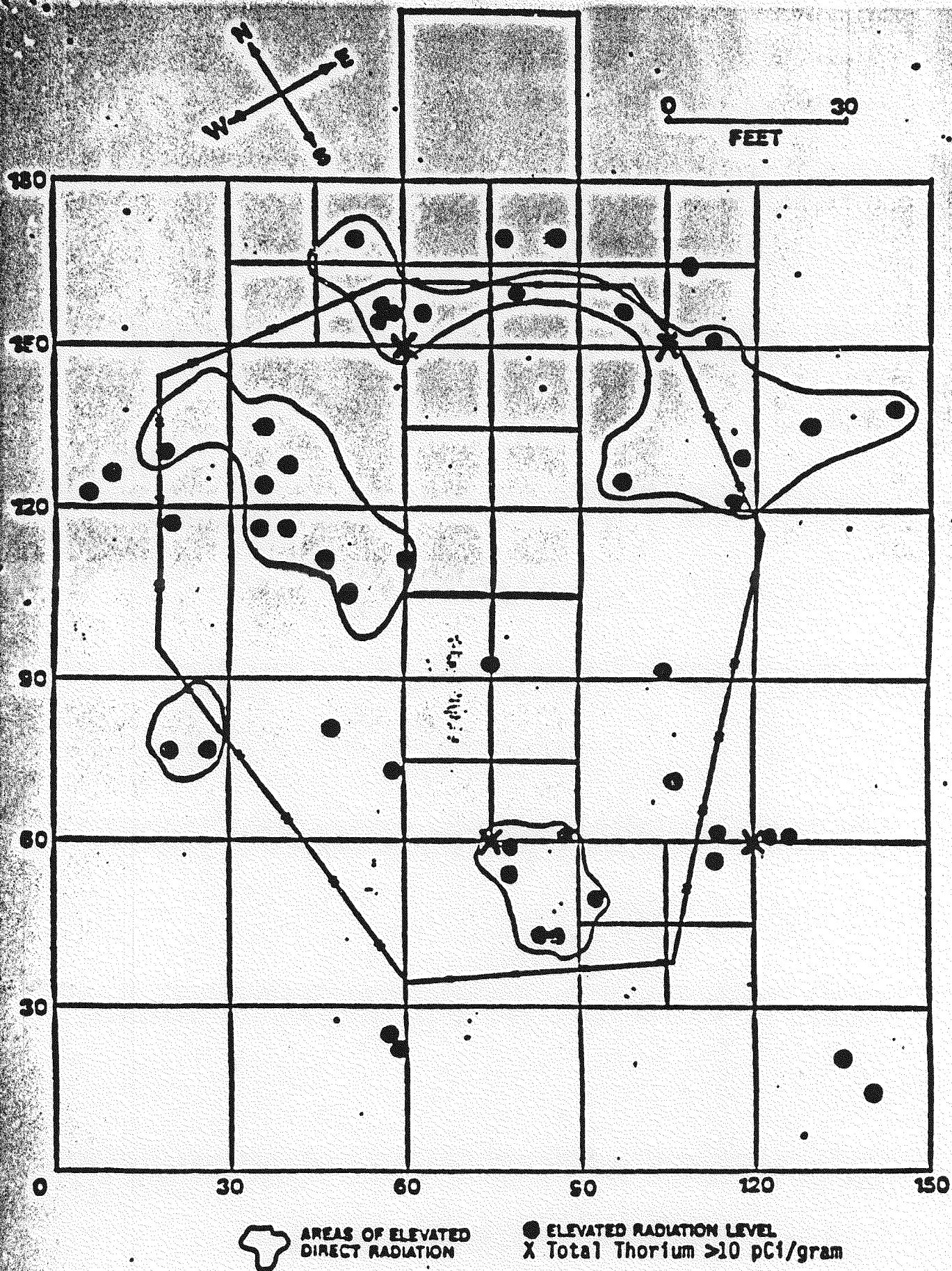
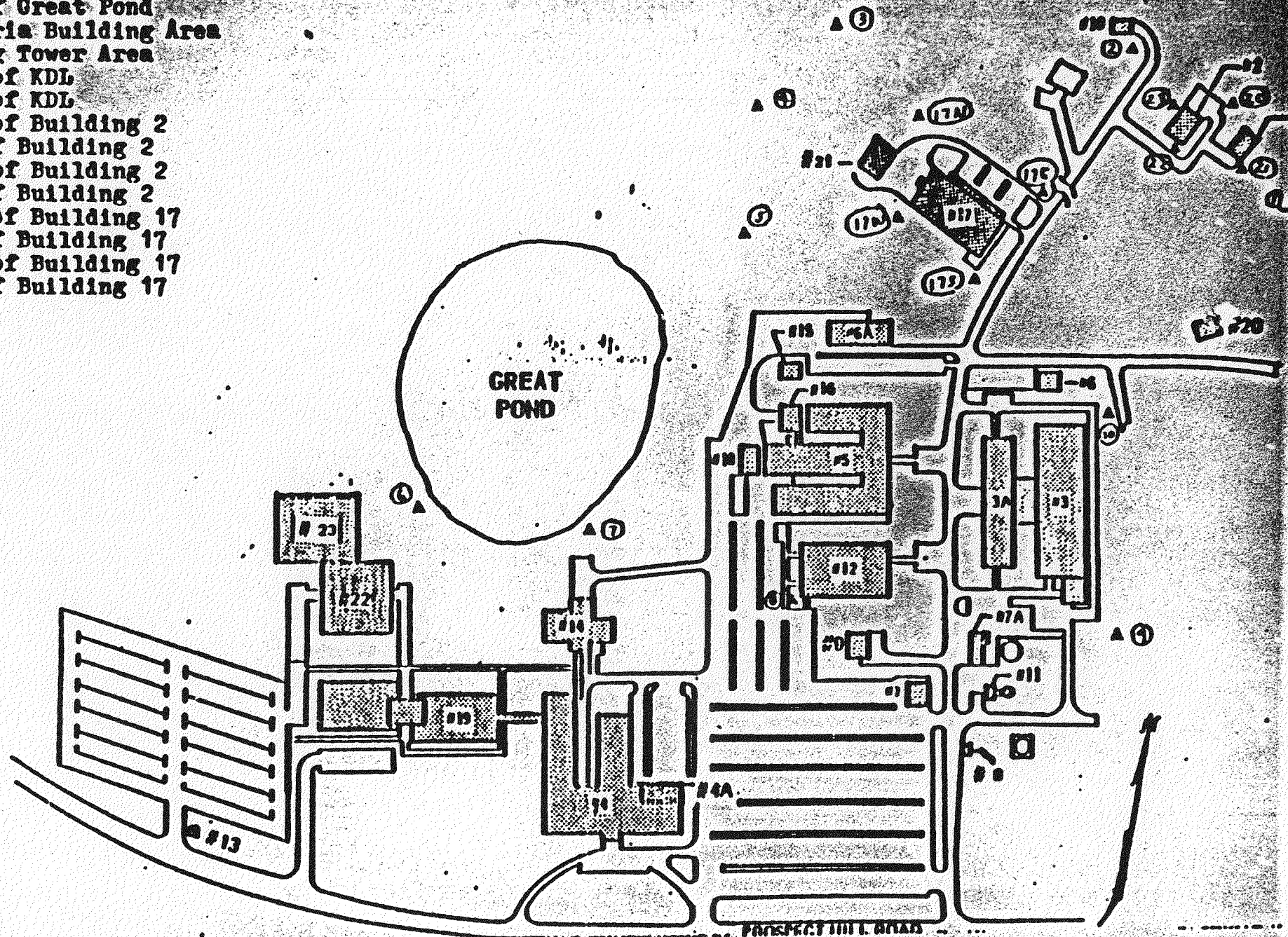


FIGURE 2: Location of Areas of Elevated Direct Surface Radiation
Orau Survey

- 1 Well #1
- 2 Sewer Plant
- 3 Windeor-Bloomfield Boundary
- 4 West Site Boundary
- 5 Southwest Corner of Site
- 6 West of Great Pond
- 7 Cafeteria Building Area
- 8 Cooling Tower Area
- 9 South of KDL
- 0 North of KDL
- 0 North of Building 2
- 1 East of Building 2
- 2 South of Building 2
- 3 West of Building 2
- 7N North of Building 17
- 7E East of Building 17
- 7S South of Building 17
- 7W West of Building 17

FIGURE 3

▲ Sampling locations

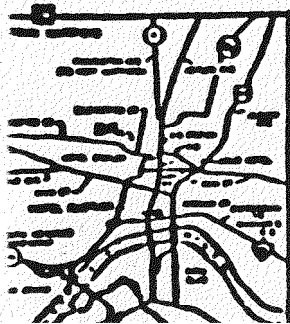
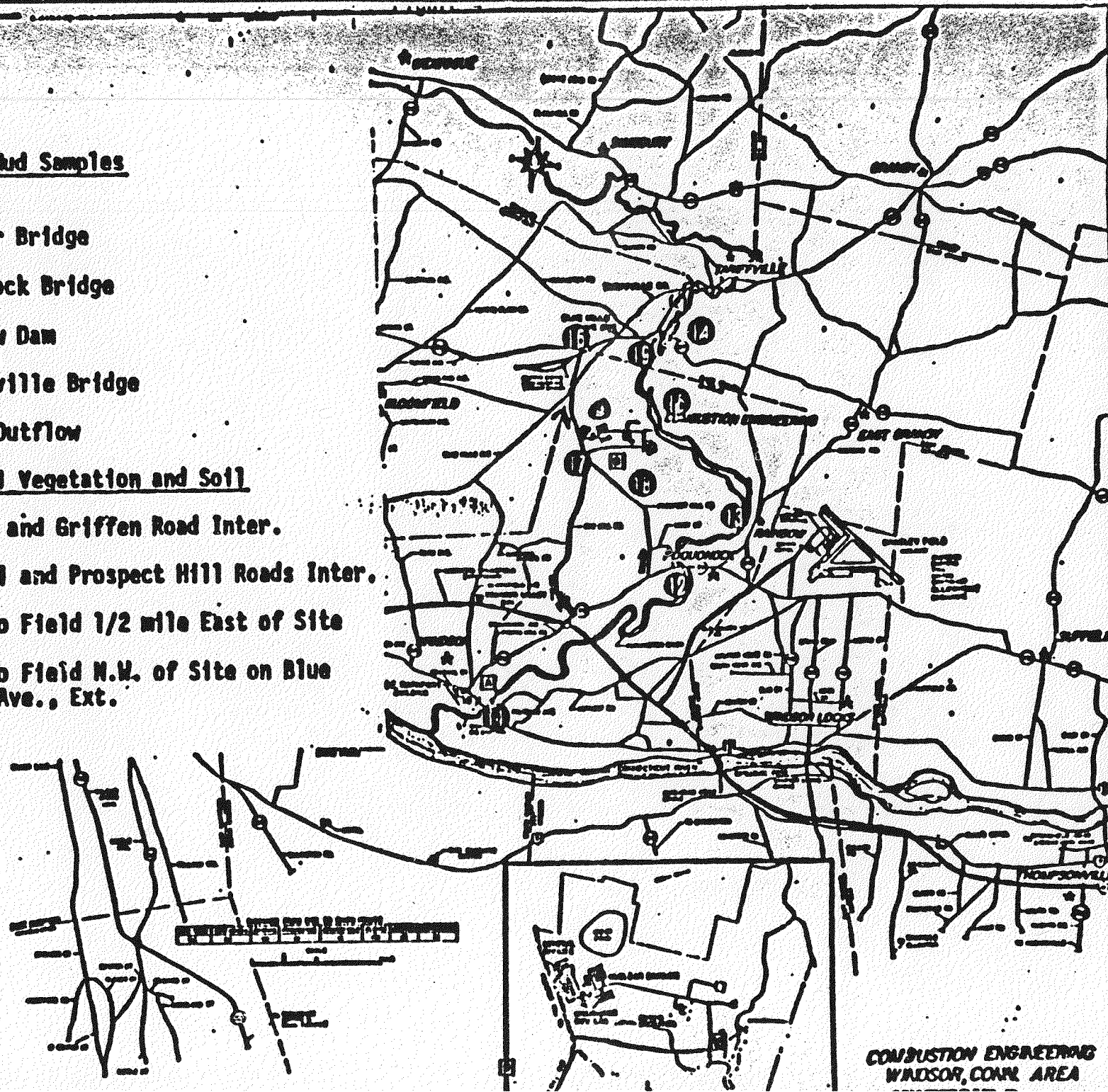


River and Mud Samples

- ⑪ Windsor Bridge
- ⑫ Poquonock Bridge
- ⑬ Rainbow Dam
- ⑭ Spooneville Bridge
- ⑮ Plant Outflow

Semi-Annual Vegetation and Soil

- ⑯ Tunxis and Griffen Road Inter.
- ⑰ Dayhill and Prospect Hill Roads Inter.
- ⑱ Tobacco Field 1/2 mile East of Site
- ⑲ Tobacco Field N.W. of Site on Blue Hills Ave., Ext.



COMBUSTION ENGINEERING
WINDSOR, CONN. AREA

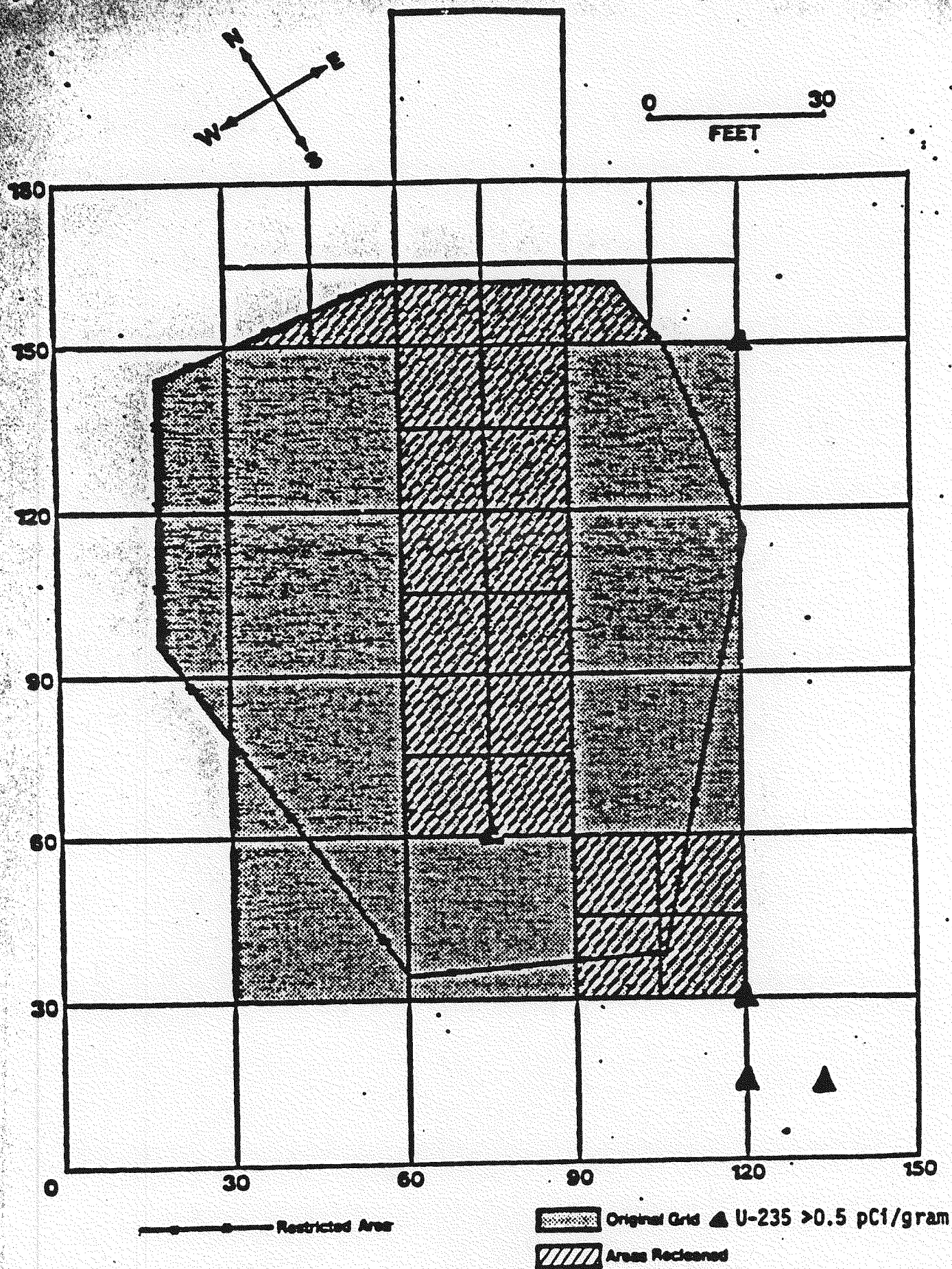


FIGURE 5: Location of Highest Enriched-Uranium Concentrations
 June 1986

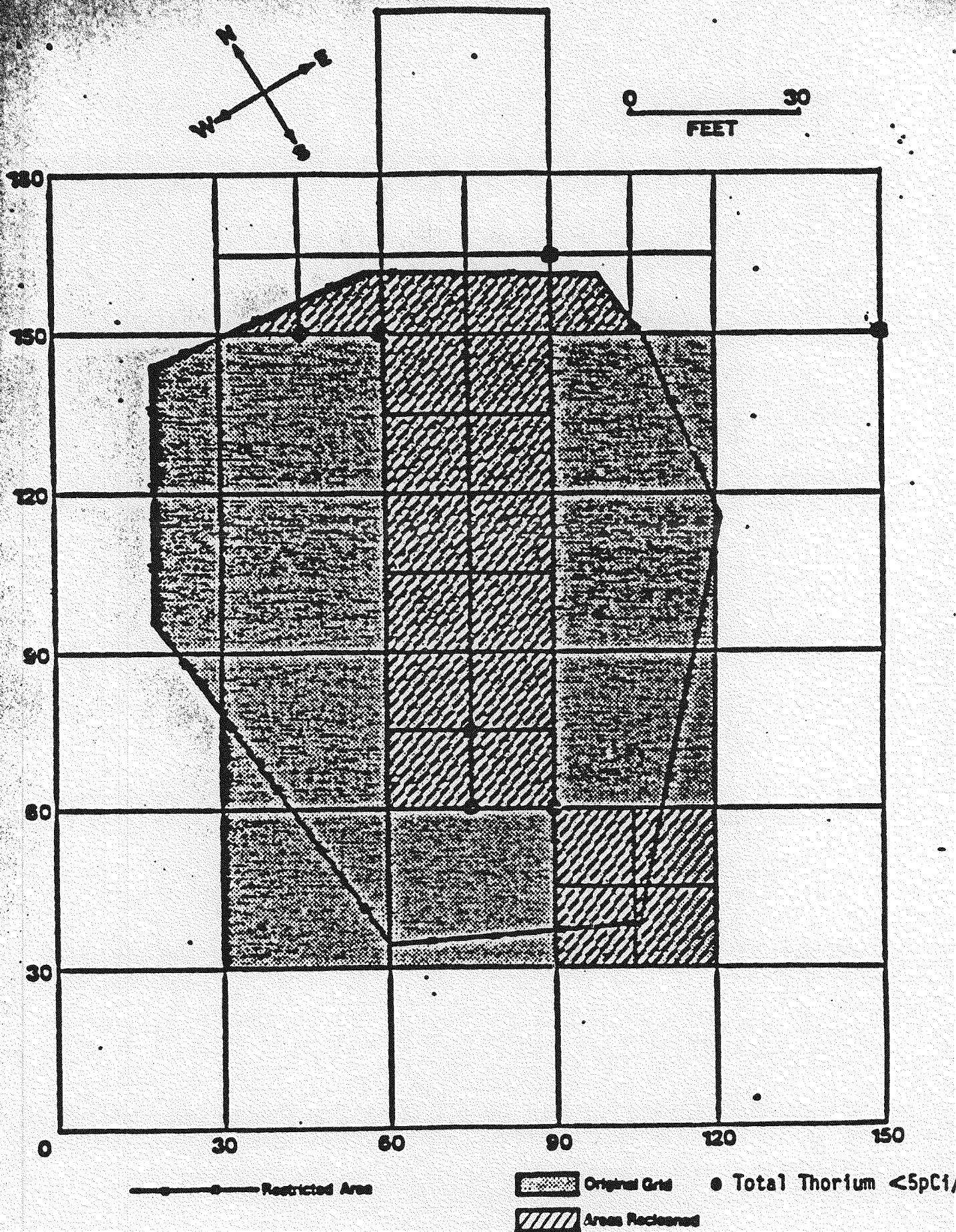


FIGURE 6: Location of Samples with Highest Thorium Concentrations
June 1986

June 1986 Soil Sample Gamma Spectrum

TIME (L) = 00000
PSET (L) = 00000

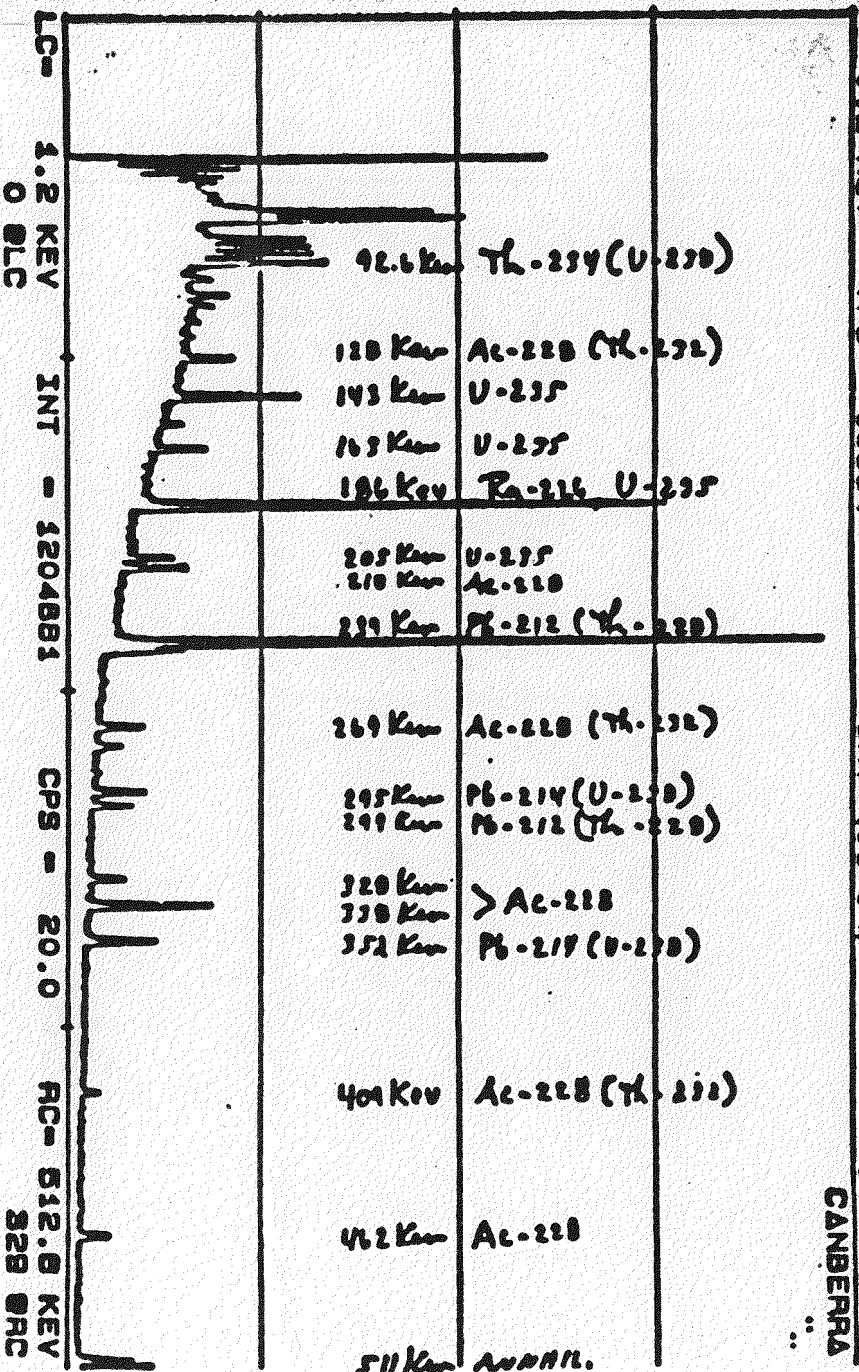
054 N-80/E-7B-804.8 BM

14:33 10 NOV 88
UNIT# 1 DT= 0X
TAG NO.= 0

0.2 KEV VFS= 18384

CRT=(01-04)

512.8 KEV
CANBERA



TIME (L) = 00000
PSET (L) = 00000

054 N-80/E-7B-804.8 BM

18:01 10 NOV 88
UNIT# 1 DT= 0X
TAG NO.= 0

513.1 KEV VFS= 4088

CRT=(05-08)

1025.8 KEV
CANBERA

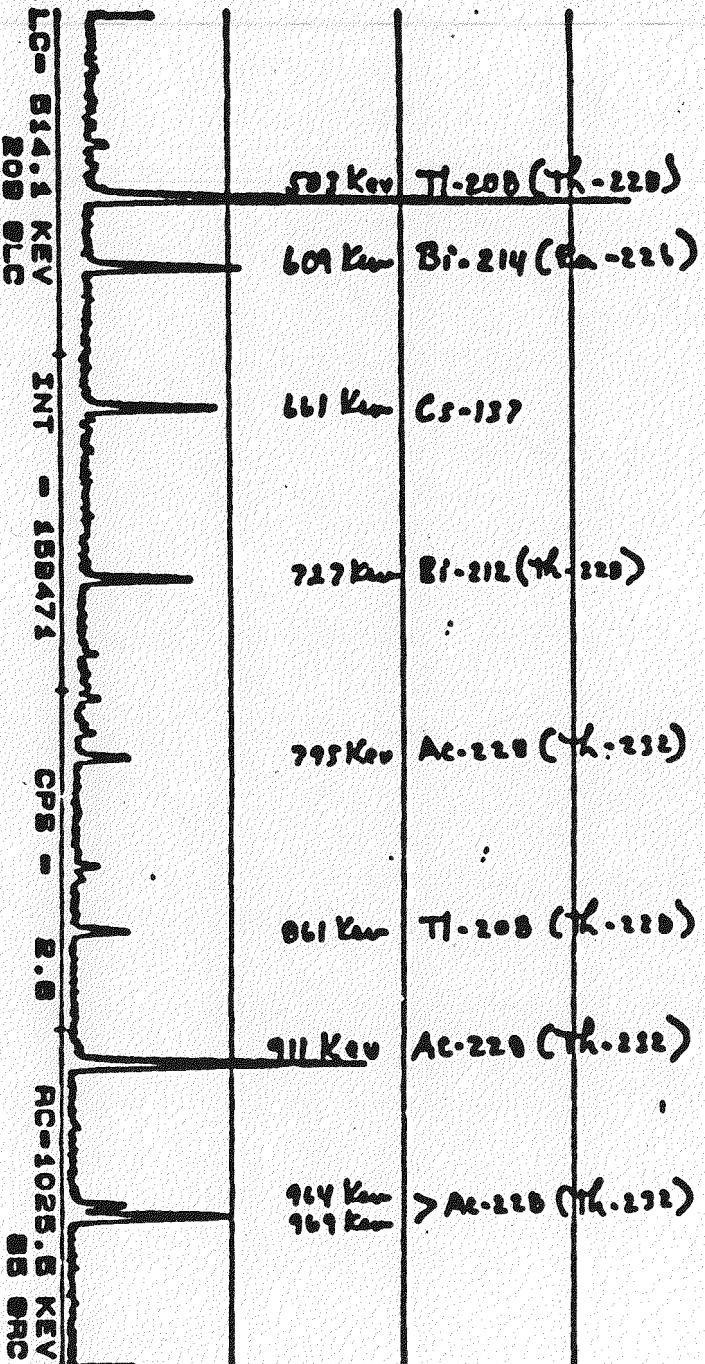


Table 1
Radionuclide Concentrations in Surface Soil Samples
Collected from Grid Line Intersections at C-E Property
Windsor, Connecticut

Grid ^a Location		Radionuclide Concentrations (pCi/gram)				
N	E	Ra-226	U-235	U-238	Th-232	Th-232
0	0	0.93 ± 0.21	0.22 ± 0.13	<2.94	0.75 ± 0.31	0.64 ± 0.43
	15	1.00 ± 0.20	0.29 ± 0.13	<1.94	0.90 ± 0.21	0.97 ± 0.22
	30	0.94 ± 0.06	0.18 ± 0.04	1.72 ± 0.66	0.84 ± 0.11	0.93 ± 0.15
	45	1.07 ± 0.22	0.13 ± 0.09	<2.12	0.80 ± 0.40	0.87 ± 0.38
	60	1.49 ± 0.36	0.24 ± 0.17	<2.79	1.07 ± 0.57	1.26 ± 0.37
	75	1.22 ± 0.35	0.33 ± 0.22	<3.70	0.99 ± 0.41	1.57 ± 0.40
	90	1.26 ± 0.33	0.28 ± 0.19	<3.63	1.07 ± 0.31	1.68 ± 0.43
	105	1.06 ± 0.24	0.12 ± 0.07	<3.37	1.22 ± 0.28	1.39 ± 0.45
	120	0.98 ± 0.19	0.25 ± 0.10	3.25 ± 1.49	0.98 ± 0.30	1.43 ± 0.34
	135	0.95 ± 0.19	0.26 ± 0.09	<1.80	1.02 ± 0.26	1.22 ± 0.32
	150	0.79 ± 0.15	0.23 ± 0.08	<1.14	0.76 ± 0.18	0.95 ± 0.31
15	0	0.39 ± 0.09	0.04 ± 0.03	<1.14	0.27 ± 0.12	0.31 ± 0.15
	15	1.04 ± 0.19	0.13 ± 0.09	<1.54	0.72 ± 0.25	0.79 ± 0.39
	30	0.93 ± 0.25	0.09 ± 0.06	<1.62	0.81 ± 0.45	0.62 ± 0.25
	45	0.82 ± 0.19	0.16 ± 0.08	<1.69	0.89 ± 0.26	0.62 ± 0.29
	60	0.76 ± 0.07	0.10 ± 0.03	1.35 ± 0.56	0.75 ± 0.10	0.73 ± 0.15
	75	0.79 ± 0.21	0.13 ± 0.08	<2.82	1.34 ± 0.32	1.11 ± 0.40
	90	0.69 ± 0.19	0.18 ± 0.10	2.38 ± 1.42	0.86 ± 0.26	1.00 ± 0.30
	105	0.99 ± 0.17	0.35 ± 0.11	<1.89	1.18 ± 0.27	0.78 ± 0.38
	120	0.81 ± 0.09	0.51 ± 0.06	3.30 ± 0.66	2.06 ± 0.15	2.10 ± 0.19
	135	0.86 ± 0.19	0.56 ± 0.12	2.34 ± 1.39	1.25 ± 0.25	0.99 ± 0.28
	150	1.14 ± 0.28	0.22 ± 0.10	<3.02	1.09 ± 0.32	1.32 ± 0.37

Table 1
Radionuclide Concentrations in Surface Soil Samples
Collected from Grid Line Intersections at C-E Property
Windsor, Connecticut

Grid ^a Location		Radionuclide Concentrations (pCi/gram)				
N	E	Ra-226	U-235	U-238	Th-228	Th-232
30	0	1.32 ± 0.33	<0.04	<2.82	0.91 ± 0.33	0.66 ± 0.40
	15	0.79 ± 0.25	<0.09	<1.39	0.69 ± 0.37	1.21 ± 0.25
	30	0.93 ± 0.16	0.21 ± 0.10	2.06 ± 1.31	0.69 ± 0.20	0.66 ± 0.21
	45	0.90 ± 0.18	0.27 ± 0.13	<1.90	0.60 ± 0.17	1.03 ± 0.22
	60	0.99 ± 0.22	<0.02	<1.87	0.74 ± 0.31	0.54 ± 0.28
	75	0.47 ± 0.12	0.15 ± 0.06	1.70 ± 0.95	1.76 ± 0.21	1.37 ± 0.35
	90	0.96 ± 0.18	0.16 ± 0.08	<1.62	1.76 ± 0.35	1.67 ± 0.28
	105	0.71 ± 0.18	0.22 ± 0.09	<1.41	1.50 ± 0.24	1.78 ± 0.44
	120	0.90 ± 0.19	0.58 ± 0.16	2.56 ± 1.26	1.65 ± 0.35	1.75 ± 0.33
	135	0.71 ± 0.19	0.47 ± 0.15	5.64 ± 1.83	1.12 ± 0.21	1.05 ± 0.35
	150	0.67 ± 0.19	0.40 ± 0.14	3.25 ± 1.52	0.99 ± 0.31	0.71 ± 0.35
45	0	1.24 ± 0.26	0.17 ± 0.11	<3.52	0.84 ± 0.38	0.74 ± 0.47
	15	1.04 ± 0.28	0.16 ± 0.11	<2.58	0.85 ± 0.35	0.98 ± 0.26
	30	0.91 ± 0.21	0.37 ± 0.13	<2.88	0.87 ± 0.21	1.02 ± 0.39
	45	0.87 ± 0.21	0.21 ± 0.12	<1.91	1.01 ± 0.30	1.19 ± 0.24
	60	0.66 ± 0.15	0.09 ± 0.07	<1.85	0.79 ± 0.22	0.94 ± 0.25
	75	0.69 ± 0.06	0.10 ± 0.02	1.22 ± 0.37	0.79 ± 0.08	0.80 ± 0.11
	90	0.91 ± 0.14	0.30 ± 0.11	4.43 ± 1.84	1.58 ± 0.31	1.75 ± 0.34
	105	0.78 ± 0.14	0.15 ± 0.08	3.57 ± 1.63	1.16 ± 0.23	1.42 ± 0.22
	120	0.72 ± 0.06	0.27 ± 0.05	2.47 ± 0.65	1.73 ± 0.13	1.79 ± 0.15
	135	0.28 ± 0.12	0.32 ± 0.14	3.27 ± 1.86	0.88 ± 0.27	1.16 ± 0.32
	150	0.97 ± 0.20	0.48 ± 0.13	<2.51	0.95 ± 0.31	1.09 ± 0.42

Table 1
Radionuclide Concentrations in Surface Soil Samples
Collected from Grid Line Intersections at C-E Property
Windsor, Connecticut

* Location N60/E75 was re-cleaned. Data superseded

Grid ^a Location		Radionuclide Concentrations (pCi/gram)				
N	E	Ra-226	U-235	U-238	Th-228	Th-232
60	0	0.44 ± 0.03	0.04 ± 0.01	1.44 ± 0.59	0.40 ± 0.17	0.35 ± 0.06
	15	0.90 ± 0.22	0.26 ± 0.22	3.65 ± 2.14	1.08 ± 0.33	0.89 ± 0.42
	30	1.24 ± 0.25	<0.02	<2.20	0.61 ± 0.28	0.22 ± 0.30
	45	0.77 ± 0.18	0.10 ± 0.08	<1.44	1.12 ± 0.25	1.09 ± 0.40
	60	0.61 ± 0.14	0.10 ± 0.06	<1.83	1.00 ± 0.21	1.00 ± 0.28
	* 75	0.84 ± 0.09	1.98 ± 0.10	5.21 ± 0.71	3.72 ± 0.20	4.05 ± 0.23
	90	0.91 ± 0.19	0.19 ± 0.12	<2.54	2.82 ± 0.36	2.83 ± 0.40
	105	0.62 ± 0.17	0.20 ± 0.09	<1.81	0.83 ± 0.21	0.74 ± 0.40
	120	0.52 ± 0.15	0.10 ± 0.06	1.61 ± 0.93	0.64 ± 0.20	0.74 ± 0.29
	135	1.11 ± 0.25	0.47 ± 0.15	<3.35	1.72 ± 0.34	1.72 ± 0.44
	150	0.84 ± 0.09	0.11 ± 0.03	<0.99	0.93 ± 0.14	0.88 ± 0.14
75	0	0.94 ± 0.09	0.09 ± 0.03	1.40 ± 0.76	0.80 ± 0.12	0.74 ± 0.13
	15	0.78 ± 0.16	0.07 ± 0.06	<1.90	0.63 ± 0.21	0.62 ± 0.28
	30	0.69 ± 0.20	0.37 ± 0.09	<1.89	1.03 ± 0.30	1.37 ± 0.27
	45	0.69 ± 0.06	0.07 ± 0.02	0.92 ± 0.49	0.77 ± 0.09	0.67 ± 0.10
	60	0.68 ± 0.13	0.16 ± 0.07	<1.67	0.74 ± 0.13	0.69 ± 0.29
	75	0.74 ± 0.07	0.15 ± 0.03	2.36 ± 0.49	2.47 ± 0.15	2.50 ± 0.18
	90	0.73 ± 0.18	0.16 ± 0.08	<1.41	1.10 ± 0.28	1.27 ± 0.29
	105	0.65 ± 0.20	0.09 ± 0.07	<1.35	0.80 ± 0.23	1.13 ± 0.26
	120	0.64 ± 0.06	0.14 ± 0.03	1.85 ± 0.49	1.33 ± 0.12	1.26 ± 0.14
	135	0.80 ± 0.15	0.15 ± 0.07	<1.07	0.81 ± 0.21	0.65 ± 0.24
	150	0.82 ± 0.28	0.15 ± 0.09	3.06 ± 1.72	1.75 ± 0.38	1.36 ± 0.35

Table 1
Radionuclide Concentrations in Surface Soil Samples
Collected from Grid Line Intersections at C-E Property
Windsor, Connecticut

Grid ^a Location		Radionuclide Concentrations (pCi/gram)				
N	E	Ra-226	U-235	U-238	Th-228	Th-232
90	0	1.01 ± 0.18	0.18 ± 0.10	<3.54	1.13 ± 0.31	1.04 ± 0.40
	15	0.74 ± 0.21	0.29 ± 0.12	2.24 ± 1.26	1.25 ± 0.36	1.47 ± 0.43
	30	0.96 ± 0.18	0.14 ± 0.11	2.63 ± 1.48	1.63 ± 0.41	1.99 ± 0.50
	45	1.59 ± 0.15	0.08 ± 0.02	1.83 ± 0.43	1.34 ± 0.10	1.32 ± 0.12
	60	0.75 ± 0.17	0.23 ± 0.14	<1.87	1.35 ± 0.28	1.13 ± 0.29
	75	0.79 ± 0.07	0.15 ± 0.03	2.21 ± 0.45	1.97 ± 0.11	2.03 ± 0.14
	90	0.88 ± 0.15	0.19 ± 0.19	<2.02	1.33 ± 0.22	1.46 ± 0.23
	105	0.67 ± 0.07	0.06 ± 0.02	1.30 ± 0.55	1.88 ± 0.13	1.88 ± 0.15
	120	0.98 ± 0.20	0.29 ± 0.10	<1.84	1.20 ± 0.24	1.54 ± 0.26
	135	0.85 ± 0.17	0.06 ± 0.05	<1.74	0.66 ± 0.22	0.41 ± 0.19
	150	0.95 ± 0.25	0.28 ± 0.10	<2.56	1.30 ± 0.24	1.29 ± 0.27
105	0	1.04 ± 0.22	0.15 ± 0.12	2.85 ± 1.65	0.59 ± 0.27	0.64 ± 0.34
	15	0.74 ± 0.05	0.09 ± 0.02	1.45 ± 0.30	0.91 ± 0.07	1.06 ± 0.10
	30	0.82 ± 0.16	0.12 ± 0.05	<3.56	1.59 ± 0.29	1.97 ± 0.32
	45	0.77 ± 0.07	0.11 ± 0.03	1.47 ± 0.56	0.99 ± 0.10	0.96 ± 0.11
	60	0.79 ± 0.18	0.04 ± 0.03	<1.03	0.78 ± 0.20	0.52 ± 0.29
	75	1.12 ± 0.28	0.08 ± 0.05	<0.66	0.64 ± 0.17	0.58 ± 0.21
	90	0.79 ± 0.16	<0.04	2.67 ± 1.56	0.71 ± 0.25	0.86 ± 0.29
	105	0.72 ± 0.04	0.08 ± 0.02	0.87 ± 0.40	0.67 ± 0.06	0.71 ± 0.07
	120	0.86 ± 0.19	0.14 ± 0.09	<1.49	0.98 ± 0.20	1.29 ± 0.23
	135	0.75 ± 0.20	0.14 ± 0.07	<2.59	0.78 ± 0.22	1.11 ± 0.21
	150	0.89 ± 0.21	0.09 ± 0.07	<0.83	0.82 ± 0.26	1.21 ± 0.33

Table 1
Radionuclide Concentrations in Surface Soil Samples
Collected from Grid Line Intersections at C-E Property
Windsor, Connecticut

Grid ^a Location		Radionuclide Concentrations (pCi/gram)				
N	E	Ra-226	U-235	U-238	Th-228	Th-232
120	0	1.03 ± 0.28	<0.04	<2.67	0.99 ± 0.33	1.03 ± 0.25
	15	0.82 ± 0.16	0.08 ± 0.05	<1.03	1.39 ± 0.25	1.52 ± 0.31
	30	0.85 ± 0.09	0.07 ± 0.03	<0.66	1.76 ± 0.13	1.79 ± 0.18
	45	0.70 ± 0.12	0.17 ± 0.08	<1.14	<0.19	0.14 ± 0.03
	60	0.74 ± 0.06	0.08 ± 0.02	1.11 ± 0.48	0.72 ± 0.09	0.71 ± 0.10
	75	0.83 ± 0.15	<0.04	<1.62	0.77 ± 0.22	0.80 ± 0.22
	90	0.78 ± 0.15	0.11 ± 0.07	<1.93	0.95 ± 0.24	1.19 ± 0.28
	105	0.78 ± 0.13	0.16 ± 0.07	<1.48	0.70 ± 0.20	0.87 ± 0.17
	120	0.70 ± 0.19	0.14 ± 0.08	<1.63	1.33 ± 0.24	1.20 ± 0.31
	135	1.03 ± 0.17	0.20 ± 0.09	<1.44	1.80 ± 0.36	1.57 ± 0.40
	150	0.74 ± 0.05	0.09 ± 0.03	2.64 ± 0.74	0.81 ± 0.07	0.97 ± 0.11
135	0	0.90 ± 0.24	0.21 ± 0.17	<3.62	1.44 ± 0.42	1.49 ± 0.36
	15	0.80 ± 0.19	0.11 ± 0.08	<2.17	1.02 ± 0.32	1.74 ± 0.28
	30	0.88 ± 0.14	0.07 ± 0.06	<1.53	1.00 ± 0.35	1.19 ± 0.37
	45	0.84 ± 0.17	0.11 ± 0.07	<1.87	0.49 ± 0.40	1.44 ± 0.33
	60	0.62 ± 0.17	0.15 ± 0.07	<1.19	1.05 ± 0.20	1.11 ± 0.31
	75	0.65 ± 0.14	0.10 ± 0.06	<1.25	0.61 ± 0.19	0.78 ± 0.28
	90	0.67 ± 0.04	0.09 ± 0.02	1.49 ± 0.34	1.18 ± 0.07	1.12 ± 0.08
	105	0.72 ± 0.15	0.12 ± 0.07	<1.21	0.89 ± 0.21	1.03 ± 0.27
	120	0.75 ± 0.15	0.11 ± 0.04	<1.33	0.80 ± 0.18	0.65 ± 0.29
	135	0.77 ± 0.16	0.15 ± 0.07	2.28 ± 1.36	1.10 ± 0.25	0.96 ± 0.33
	150	0.72 ± 0.16	0.16 ± 0.09	<1.42	1.49 ± 0.31	1.87 ± 0.40

Table 1
Radionuclide Concentrations in Surface Soil Samples
Collected from Grid Line Intersections at C-E Property
Windsor, Connecticut

*Location N150/E120 re-cleaned. Data superseded

Grid ^a		Radionuclide Concentrations (pCi/gram)				
N	E	Ra-226	U-235	U-238	Th-228	Th-232
150	0	0.76 ± 0.23	0.15 ± 0.13	<1.77	1.03 ± 0.30	1.04 ± 0.23
	15	0.89 ± 0.10	0.17 ± 0.06	1.92 ± 0.60	0.83 ± 0.13	1.36 ± 0.15
	30	1.09 ± 0.23	0.21 ± 0.11	<3.76	1.79 ± 0.38	1.90 ± 0.45
	45	0.90 ± 0.24	0.21 ± 0.16	3.09 ± 1.78	3.03 ± 0.41	3.63 ± 0.49
	60	0.79 ± 0.21	0.23 ± 0.12	4.65 ± 1.94	3.04 ± 0.49	3.70 ± 0.75
	75	0.76 ± 0.04	0.07 ± 0.02	1.14 ± 0.35	0.83 ± 0.07	0.83 ± 0.09
150	90	0.95 ± 0.17	0.18 ± 0.08	<2.94	2.34 ± 0.33	1.88 ± 0.47
	105	0.71 ± 0.18	0.21 ± 0.14	<2.19	1.24 ± 0.24	1.14 ± 0.24
	120	0.92 ± 0.22	0.86 ± 0.18	3.45 ± 1.63	2.22 ± 0.38	2.07 ± 0.37
	135	0.76 ± 0.07	0.09 ± 0.03	<1.87	1.21 ± 0.12	1.23 ± 0.16
	150	1.02 ± 0.24	0.21 ± 0.14	3.00 ± 1.38	3.57 ± 0.43	2.90 ± 0.41
165	0	0.98 ± 0.09	0.09 ± 0.03	1.93 ± 0.79	1.13 ± 0.13	1.13 ± 0.21
	15	0.80 ± 0.09	0.15 ± 0.09	<2.14	1.10 ± 0.28	1.35 ± 0.38
	30	0.26 ± 0.10	0.12 ± 0.05	2.73 ± 1.10	1.91 ± 0.16	1.35 ± 0.37
	45	0.91 ± 0.11	0.15 ± 0.05	2.27 ± 0.81	1.93 ± 0.20	1.63 ± 0.20
	60	1.18 ± 0.14	0.11 ± 0.05	2.35 ± 0.65	1.43 ± 0.16	1.60 ± 0.17
	75	1.07 ± 0.21	0.15 ± 0.06	3.37 ± 1.80	1.91 ± 0.36	1.73 ± 0.35
165	90	0.84 ± 0.11	0.10 ± 0.04	2.81 ± 0.95	2.66 ± 0.22	2.79 ± 0.24
	105	0.70 ± 0.20	0.18 ± 0.10	<2.73	1.13 ± 0.17	0.99 ± 0.32
	120	0.62 ± 0.17	0.11 ± 0.07	<1.74	1.55 ± 0.30	1.28 ± 0.39
	135	1.14 ± 0.14	0.10 ± 0.03	2.53 ± 0.73	2.43 ± 0.19	2.32 ± 0.21
	150	1.19 ± 0.08	0.08 ± 0.02	1.14 ± 0.36	0.68 ± 0.06	0.71 ± 0.06

Table 1
Radionuclide Concentrations in Surface Soil Samples
Collected from Grid Line Intersections at C-E Property
Windsor, Connecticut.

Grid ^a Location		Radionuclide Concentrations (pCi/gram)				
N	E	Ra-226	U-235	U-238	Th-228	Th-232
180	0	0.87 ± 0.04	0.12 ± 0.01	1.31 ± 0.27	0.88 ± 0.06	1.06 ± 0.06
	15	0.93 ± 0.07	0.06 ± 0.02	2.47 ± 0.67	1.63 ± 0.12	1.42 ± 0.18
	30	1.42 ± 0.13	0.17 ± 0.06	3.28 ± 1.13	1.74 ± 0.19	1.28 ± 0.27
	45	0.97 ± 0.04	0.09 ± 0.02	1.59 ± 0.34	1.76 ± 0.07	1.69 ± 0.08
	60	0.90 ± 0.04	0.09 ± 0.01	2.19 ± 0.28	1.39 ± 0.06	1.53 ± 0.25
	75	0.83 ± 0.18	0.09 ± 0.06	<1.42	1.32 ± 0.21	1.52 ± 0.33
	90	0.97 ± 0.24	0.23 ± 0.10	<1.73	1.37 ± 0.30	1.65 ± 0.28
	105	0.79 ± 0.14	0.15 ± 0.07	2.94 ± 1.75	1.12 ± 0.27	1.30 ± 0.49
	120	0.76 ± 0.15	0.17 ± 0.15	<2.27	0.81 ± 0.25	0.89 ± 0.29
	135	0.73 ± 0.07	0.07 ± 0.02	1.26 ± 0.47	0.84 ± 0.09	0.85 ± 0.11
	150	1.10 ± 0.22	0.15 ± 0.08	3.48 ± 2.04	1.07 ± 0.26	1.28 ± 0.38

^aSee Figure 1 for location

Table 2
Radionuclide Concentrations in Surface Soil Samples
Collected for CE Environmental Surveillance Program - Sept. 1986
Windsor, Connecticut

Sample Station	Radionuclide Concentrations (pCi/gram)				
	Ra-226	U-235	U-238	Th-228	Th-232
1	0.69 ± 0.12	<0.03	1.28 ± 0.96	0.43 ± 0.17	0.58 ± 0.23
2	1.06 ± 0.16	0.22 ± 0.09	1.36 ± 1.25	0.82 ± 0.22	0.98 ± 0.22
3	1.05 ± 0.19	0.18 ± 0.07	2.32 ± 1.63	1.15 ± 0.26	0.96 ± 0.33
4	1.03 ± 0.15	0.12 ± 0.05	2.23 ± 1.16	0.98 ± 0.20	0.86 ± 0.28
5	1.50 ± 0.09	0.15 ± 0.03	2.09 ± 0.69	1.11 ± 0.12	1.16 ± 0.16
6	1.53 ± 0.12	0.14 ± 0.04	2.41 ± 0.96	0.88 ± 0.17	0.76 ± 0.18
7	0.95 ± 0.08	0.06 ± 0.02	1.18 ± 0.44	0.69 ± 0.40	0.72 ± 0.13
8	1.00 ± 0.14	<0.04	1.73 ± 1.02	0.77 ± 0.18	0.78 ± 0.24
9	1.03 ± 0.20	0.10 ± 0.06	1.20 ± 0.87	0.84 ± 0.20	0.97 ± 0.22
10	0.95 ± 0.09	0.33 ± 0.05	1.35 ± 0.80	0.69 ± 0.07	0.87 ± 0.15
20	0.99 ± 0.20	0.22 ± 0.13	1.90 ± 1.32	1.08 ± 0.23	1.16 ± 0.28
21	0.88 ± 0.08	0.11 ± 0.03	1.71 ± 0.68	0.73 ± 0.11	0.84 ± 0.15
22	1.26 ± 0.20	0.13 ± 0.08	1.93 ± 1.50	0.74 ± 0.27	0.95 ± 0.37
23	0.79 ± 0.06	0.06 ± 0.02	1.58 ± 0.52	0.68 ± 0.09	0.69 ± 0.13
17N	1.04 ± 0.09	0.14 ± 0.04	2.63 ± 0.84	0.92 ± 0.12	0.92 ± 0.15
17S	1.23 ± 0.29	0.22 ± 0.11	2.65 ± 1.28	1.03 ± 0.24	0.94 ± 0.38
17E	1.18 ± 0.20	0.08 ± 0.05	2.70 ± 1.31	0.90 ± 0.23	1.04 ± 0.22
17W	0.89 ± 0.17	0.11 ± 0.07	1.39 ± 1.25	0.98 ± 0.21	0.86 ± 0.29
17*	0.86 ± 0.21	0.18 ± 0.08	2.11 ± 1.28	0.93 ± 0.21	0.64 ± 0.31
18*	0.83 ± 0.03	0.04 ± 0.01	1.23 ± 0.37	0.57 ± 0.07	0.66 ± 0.09
16*	0.97 ± 0.14	0.11 ± 0.05	1.98 ± 1.17	1.00 ± 0.19	1.46 ± 0.56
19*	1.05 ± 0.08	0.10 ± 0.02	1.92 ± 0.54	0.95 ± 0.10	0.91 ± 0.11
Range	0.69 - 1.50	<0.03 - 0.33	1.18 - 2.70	0.43 - 1.15	0.58 - 1.46

*Off-Site Locations

Appendix A

Guidelines for Residual Concentrations of Thorium and Uranium Wastes in Soil

On October 23, 1981 the Nuclear Regulatory Commission published in the Federal Register a notice of Branch Technical Position on "Disposal or Onsite Storage of Thorium and Uranium Wastes from Past Operations." This document establishes guidelines for concentrations of uranium and thorium in soil, that will limit maximum radiation received by the public under various conditions of future land usage. These concentrations are as follows:

Material	Maximum Concentrations (pCi/g) for various options			
	1 ^a	2 ^b	3 ^c	4 ^d
Natural Thorium (Th-232 + Th-228) with daughters present and in equilibrium	10	40	--	500
Natural Uranium (U-238 + U-234) with daughters present and in equilibrium	10	--	40	200
Depleted Uranium:				
Soluble	35	100	--	1,000
Insoluble	35	300	--	3,000
Enriched Uranium:				
Soluble	30	100	--	1,000
Insoluble	30	250	--	2,500

^aBased on EPA cleanup standards which limit radiation to 1 mrad/yr to lung and 3 mrd/yr to bone from ingestion and inhalation and 10 μ R/h above background from direct external exposure.

^bBased on limiting individual doses to 170 mrem/yr.

^cBased on limiting equivalent exposure to 0.02 working level or less.

^dBased on limiting individual doses to 500 mrem/yr and in case of natural uranium, limiting exposure to 0.02 working level or less.

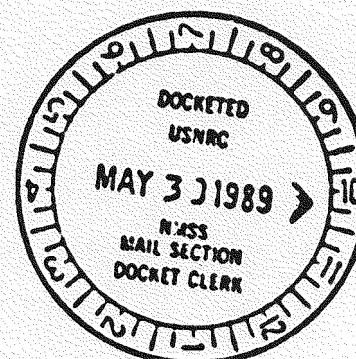
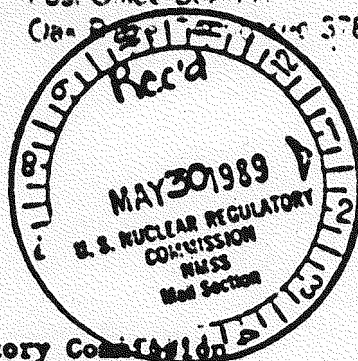
Option 1 concentrations permit unrestricted use of the property and is the guideline applicable to surface soils. Options 2, 3, and 4 apply to buried wastes and assume that intrusions into the burial sites may occur. Regardless of the concentrations in the buried materials, surface soil must meet the Option 1 concentration guidelines.

70-1100
PDR

ORR Oak Ridge
Associated
Universities

Post Office Box 117
Oak Ridge, TN 37831-0117

May 24, 1989



Mr. Jerry Roth
Region I
Nuclear Regulatory Commission
475 Allendale Road
King of Prussia, PA 19406

Dear Mr. Roth:

Enclosed are five copies of the final report on the Follow-Up Confirmatory Radiological Survey of the Drum Storage Area, Combustion Engineering Property, Windsor, Connecticut.

Please direct any questions or comments concerning this report to me at FTS 626-2908 or Jim Berger at FTS 626-3305.

Sincerely,

Michele R. Landis
Health Physics Team Leader
Radiological Site Assessment Program

MRL:jls

Enclosures

cc: ☒ L. Rouse, NRC/6H3
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FOLLOW-UP
CONFIRMATORY RADIOLOGICAL SURVEY
OF THE
DRUM STORAGE AREA
COMBUSTION ENGINEERING PROPERTY
WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT

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Prepared for

Division of Industrial and Medical Nuclear Safety
U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission
Region I Office

Final Report

May 1989

This report is based on work performed under Interagency Agreement (NRC Fin. No. A-9076) between the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission and the U.S. Department of Energy. Oak Ridge Associated Universities performs complementary work under contract number DE-AC05-76OR00033 with the U.S. Department of Energy.

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
List of Figures	ii
List of Tables.	iii
Introduction.	1
Site Description	1
Survey Procedures	2
Results	3
Discussion of Results	5
Summary	6
References	21
Appendices	
Appendix A: Major Sampling and Analytical Equipment	
Appendix B: Measurement and Analytical Procedures	
Appendix C: Nuclear Regulatory Commission Guidelines for Residual Concentrations of Thorium and Uranium Wastes in Soil	

LIST OF FIGURES

	<u>Page</u>
FIGURE 1: Map of Hartford Area Showing the Location of the Combustion Engineering Property	7
FIGURE 2: Plot Plan of the Combustion Engineering Property Showing the Location of the Drum Storage Area	8
FIGURE 3: Map of Hartford Area Showing the Locations of Background Measurements and Baseline Samples	9
FIGURE 4: Grid System Established on the Drum Storage Area	10
FIGURE 5: Locations of Elevated Direct Radiation Levels Identified by the Surface Scan	11

LIST OF TABLES

	<u>Page</u>
TABLE 1: Background Direct Radiation Levels	12
TABLE 2: Radionuclide Concentrations in Baseline Soil Samples.	13
TABLE 3: Direct Radiation Levels Measured at Grid Line Intersections	14
TABLE 4: Direct Radiation Levels at Locations Identified by Surface Scans	16
TABLE 5: Radionuclide Concentrations in Composite Surface Soil Samples from Grid Blocks	17
TABLE 6: Radionuclide Concentrations in Surface Soil Samples from Locations of Elevated Direct Radiation.	19
TABLE 7: Results of Isotopic Uranium and Thorium Analyses of Selected Samples	20

FOLLOW-UP
CONFIRMATORY RADIOLOGICAL SURVEY
OF THE
DRUM STORAGE AREA
COMBUSTION ENGINEERING PROPERTY
WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT

INTRODUCTION

Combustion Engineering decontaminated and decommissioned a former high-enrichment uranium facility at their Windsor, Connecticut, site approximately 25 years ago. Some of the waste from decontamination operations was burned and the ash placed in drums for disposal; however, subsequent surveys identified some areas of residual soil contamination. Combustion Engineering performed cleanup of this area and packed and shipped residual ash to the Barnwell Radioactive Waste Disposal site. Soil samples collected after cleanup identified surface uranium contamination at some locations of the drum storage area still exceeding Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) guidelines. An additional 5 to 7 cm of soil was removed from these areas. At the request of the NRC the Radiological Site Assessment Program of Oak Ridge Associated Universities (ORAU) conducted a confirmatory survey of the site in October of 1984.¹ The results of that survey indicated that several areas had residual enriched uranium and thorium surface soil contamination in excess of the guidelines established for unrestricted use.

In June of 1986 an additional 15 to 30 cm of soil was removed from the surface of this area by the licensee. ORAU at the request of NRC Region I conducted a follow-up confirmatory survey to evaluate radiological conditions relative to the guidelines established for unrestricted release.

SITE DESCRIPTION

The site encompasses an area of approximately 0.5 ha (75 ft X 75 ft) and is located at 1000 Prospect Hill Road, Windsor, Connecticut which is 13 kilometers north of Hartford and within 5 kilometers of Bradley International Airport (Figure 1). The site is adjacent to an active low-enriched uranium fuel fabrication plant and a naval reactor training center. A plot plan of the

Combustion Engineering Property, showing the location of the drum storage area is shown in Figure 2.

SURVEY PROCEDURES

At the request of the Nuclear Regulatory Commission, a confirmatory survey of the burn and drum storage area of the Combustion Engineering site was performed by the Radiological Site Assessment Program on March 28, 1989. This section describes the survey objectives and the procedures followed.

Objectives

The objectives of the ORAU survey were to confirm the radiological data developed by Combustion Engineering and to determine the nature and extent of residual radioactive material present in this area. Radiological information collected included:

1. direct radiation levels,
2. locations of elevated surface radiation,
3. concentrations of radionuclides in surface soil, and
4. baseline radionuclide concentrations in the surrounding area.

Background and Baseline Samples

Radiation measurements and soil samples were obtained at five locations off of the Combustion Engineering property, to establish background radiation levels and baseline radionuclide concentrations. The locations of the baseline samples and background radiation levels are shown on Figure 3.

Gridding

A 30 foot grid pattern, established as part of the licensee's cleanup and survey activities, was used for ORAU survey reference. This grid system is shown on Figure 4.

Surface Measurements and Sampling

1. Portable ratemeters (audible) attached to NaI(Tl) gamma scintillation detectors were used for the walkover surface scan. The walkover surface scan was conducted at 1-2 m intervals over all areas of the site. Locations of elevated contact radiation were noted.
2. Gamma exposure rate measurements were made at the surface and at 1 m above the surface at grid line intersections and at locations of elevated radiation levels identified by the surface scan. Measurements were performed using portable gamma NaI(Tl) scintillation survey meters. Conversion of these measurements to exposure rates in microrentgens per hour ($\mu\text{R/h}$) was in accordance with cross calibration with a pressurized ionization chamber.
3. Surface (0-15 cm) composites of soil, taken from the center and four points equidistant between the center and the grid block corners, were collected from each grid block. Samples were also taken from areas of elevated contact radiation, identified by the walkover scan.

Sample Analysis and Interpretation of Results

Soil samples were analyzed by gamma spectrometry. Radionuclides of primary interest were U-235, U-238, Th-232, and Th-228; however, spectra were reviewed for other gamma emitters. Selected samples were analyzed for isotopic uranium and thorium. Additional information concerning measurement and analytical equipment and procedures are described in Appendices A and B.

Survey findings were compared with NRC guidelines for residual thorium and uranium contamination in soil.

RESULTS

Background Levels and Baseline Concentrations

Background radiation levels and baseline radionuclide concentrations in soil, determined for five locations in the vicinity of the Combustion

Engineering site are presented in Tables 1 and 2. Exposure rates at the surface and 1 m above the surface ranged from 9 to 10 $\mu\text{R/h}$. Concentrations of radionuclides in soil were: U-235, <0.2 pCi/g; U-238, <0.7 to 1.8 pCi/g; Th-232, 0.5 to 0.8 pCi/g and Th-228, 0.7 to 0.9 pCi/g. These values are within the ranges that typically occur in the environment.

Direct Radiation Levels

Gross gamma scanning identified four locations of elevated contact radiation levels in small isolated areas on the site (Figure 5). There was no evidence of significant or widespread contamination. Gamma exposure rates measured at grid line intersections ranged from $8 - 11$ $\mu\text{R/h}$ and $8 - 15$ $\mu\text{R/h}$ at 1 m and contact respectively (Table 3). Exposure rates measured at locations identified by the surface scan initially ranged from $13 - 15$ $\mu\text{R/h}$ at 1 m and $23 - 26$ $\mu\text{R/h}$ at contact (Table 4). Additional remediation reduced exposure rates to $9 - 11$ $\mu\text{R/h}$ and $11 - 15$ $\mu\text{R/h}$ at 1 m and contact, respectively.

Radionuclide Concentrations in Soil

Radionuclide concentrations in composite surface soil samples from grid blocks are presented in Table 5. Concentration ranges were: U-235, <0.2 to 0.8 pCi/g; U-238, <0.4 to 2.9 pCi/g; Th-232, <0.3 to 3.7 pCi/g; and Th-228, 0.6 to 4.2 pCi/g.

Table 6 lists the pre- and post-remediation concentrations of radionuclides measured in soil samples from locations of elevated direct radiation. Concentrations prior to remediation ranged to 12.8 pCi/g for U-238, 27.9 pCi/g for Th-232, and 28.2 pCi/g for Th-228. Following remediations, the radionuclide levels were significantly reduced. Concentrations of U-235 were below detection limits (<0.3 pCi/g); the highest U-238 concentration was 4.6 pCi/g, and the highest total thorium concentration was 14.6 pCi/g.

Alpha spectrometry for uranium and thorium was performed on three samples; results are presented in Table 7. Based on the relative levels of the uranium isotopes the contaminants at locations 45N, 45E and 165N, 57E appear to be slightly enriched in U-235 with correspondingly higher levels of U-234 than

U-238. The uranium in the composite sample from grid block 120-150N, 30-60E is natural uranium at essentially baseline levels. The U-238 concentrations from these analyses are the same as or slightly lower than those determined by gamma spectrometry, suggesting that the contamination was unevenly distributed and may have been due to small pieces of material, not readily homogenized by conventional physical grinding methods. Concentrations of Th-228 and Th-232 were in good agreement with those determined from the gamma spectrometry analyses. Samples from grid block 120-150N, 30-60E and 165N, 57E contained elevated levels of Th-230. The highest level was 13.5 pCi/g in the sample from 165N, 57E, after further cleanup was performed. The source of the Th-230 is unknown, review of gamma spectra did not indicate significant concentrations of this radionuclide in any of the samples. No Ra-226 levels exceeding typical baseline concentrations were noted.

DISCUSSION OF RESULTS

The soil guidelines applicable to the drum storage area are presented in Appendix C. Under Option 1, for unrestricted release, the guideline concentrations are 30 pCi/g for enriched uranium and 10 pCi/g for natural thorium (Th-232 + Th-228). The exposure rate guideline at 1 m above the surface is 10 μ R/h above background or 20 μ R/h total.

Following remediation, radionuclide concentrations were within guideline levels, with one exception. The post-remediation sample from 45N, 45E had a Th-232 + Th-228 concentration of 14.6 pCi/g (17.4 pCi/g based on alpha spectrometry) which exceeds the 10 pCi/g guideline. The area of contamination is small (less than 10 ft²) and isolated. The average Th-232 + Th-228 concentration throughout the grid block, based on the concentration in the composite sample, is less than 2 pCi/g; therefore, averaging with the remainder of the grid block results in a concentration which satisfies guidelines.

The highest exposure rate measured at the site, after completion of remedial activities, was 15 μ R/h; this is within the guideline level of 20 μ R/h, total.

SUMMARY

On March 28, 1989, the Radiological Site Assessment Program of Oak Ridge Associated Universities conducted a follow-up confirmatory radiological survey of the drum storage area on the Combustion Engineering Property in Windsor, Connecticut. The purpose of this survey was to evaluate the radiological status relative to the NRC guidelines established for release for unrestricted use. Initial measurements identified four isolated areas with elevated direct radiation levels. Additional remediation was performed by the licensee and follow-up evaluations indicated that the applicable guidelines had been satisfied. Based on the final survey results, it is ORAU's opinion that the drum storage area satisfies the criteria for release for unrestricted use.

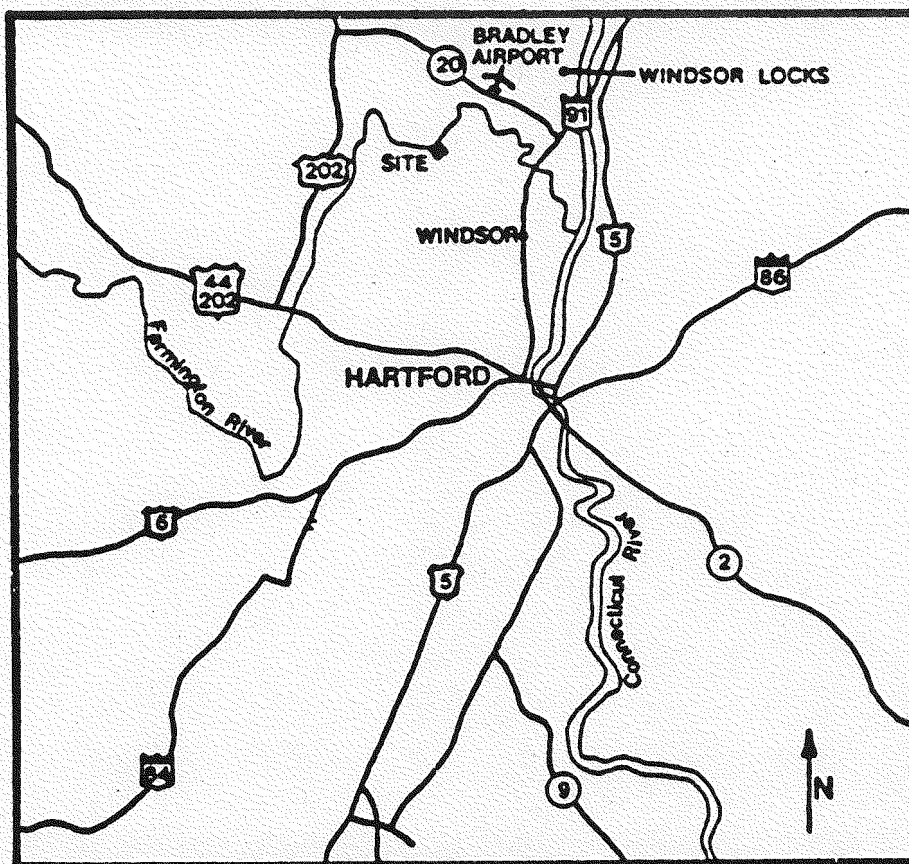
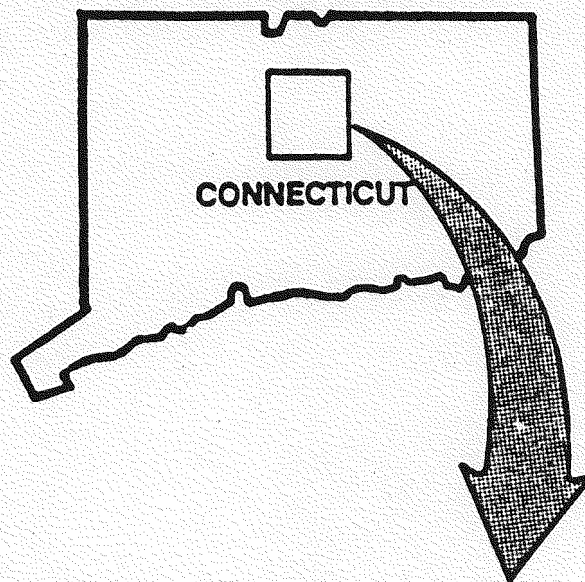


FIGURE 1: Map of Hartford Area Showing the Location of the Combustion Engineering Property

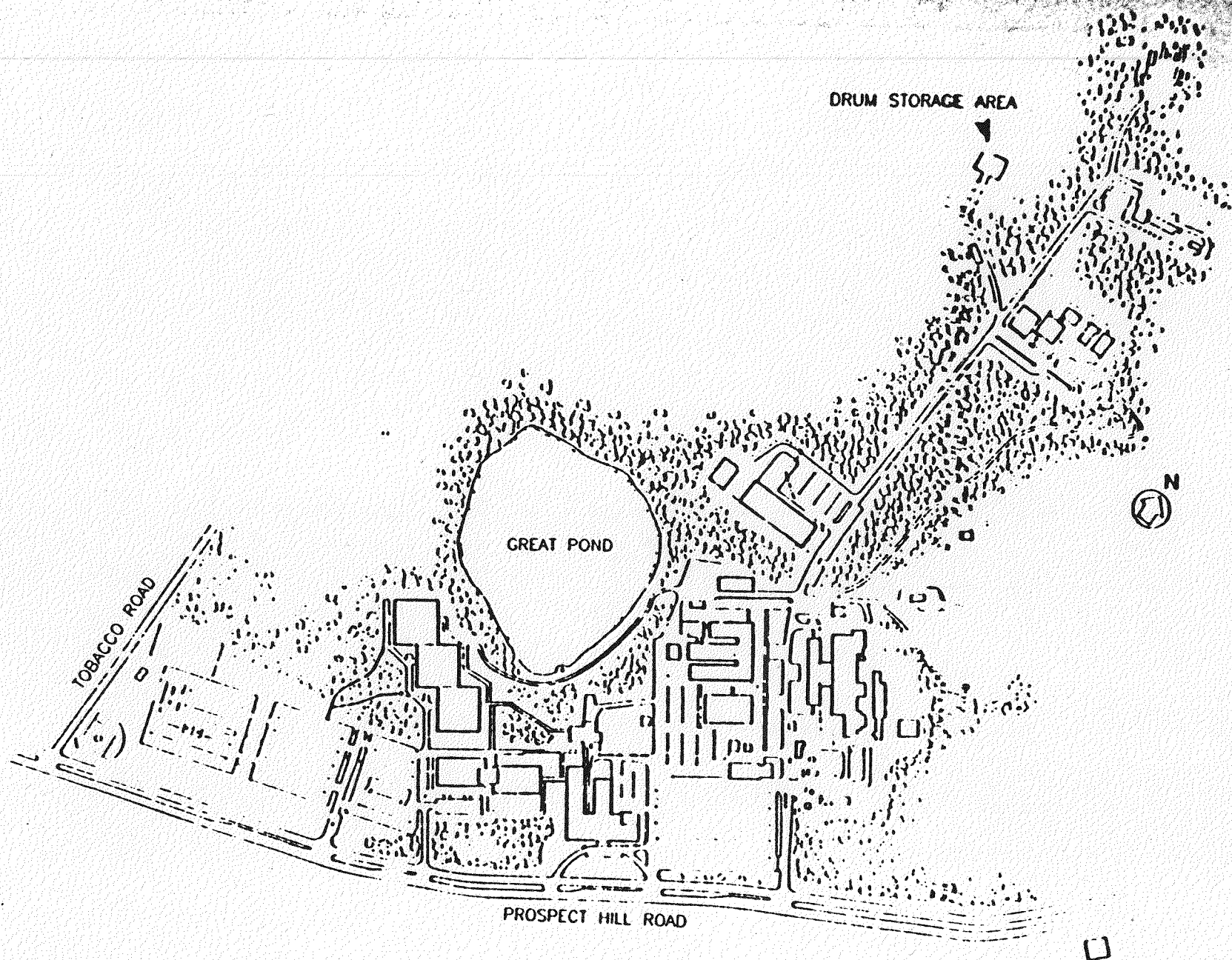


FIGURE 2: Plot Plan of the Combustion Engineering Property
Showing the Location of the Drum Storage Area

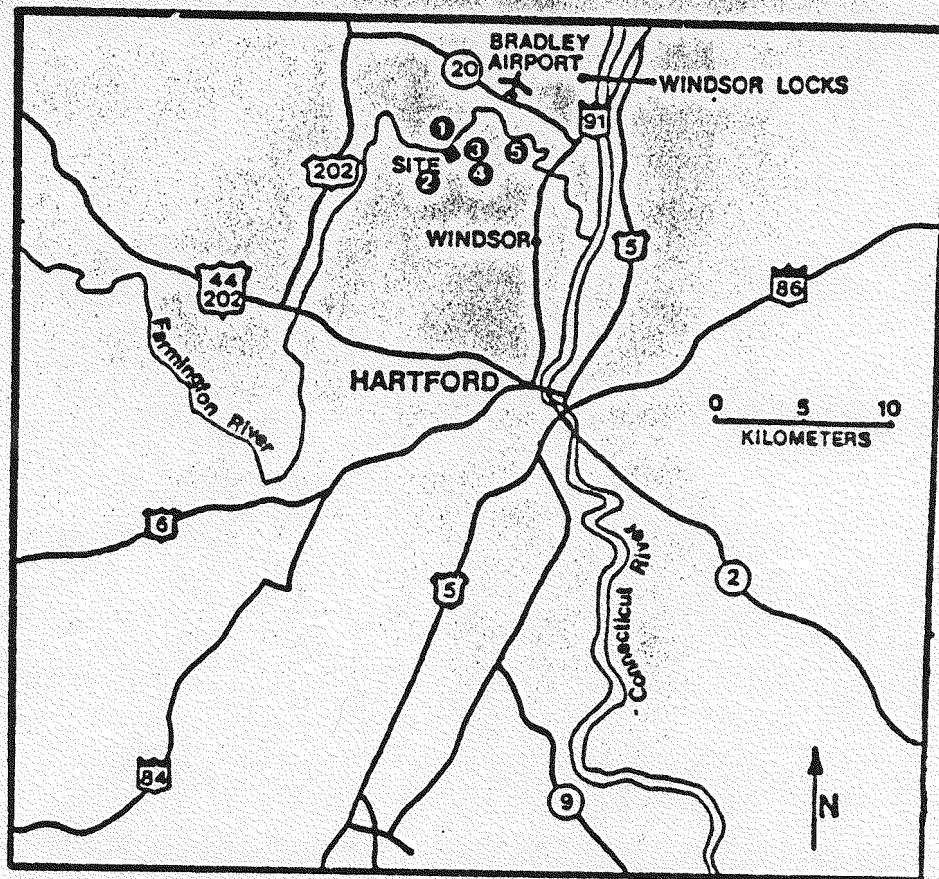


FIGURE 3: Map of Hartford Area Showing the Locations (●) of Background Measurements and Baseline Samples

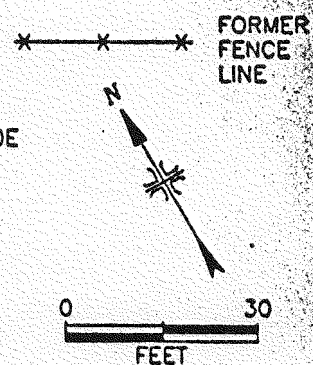
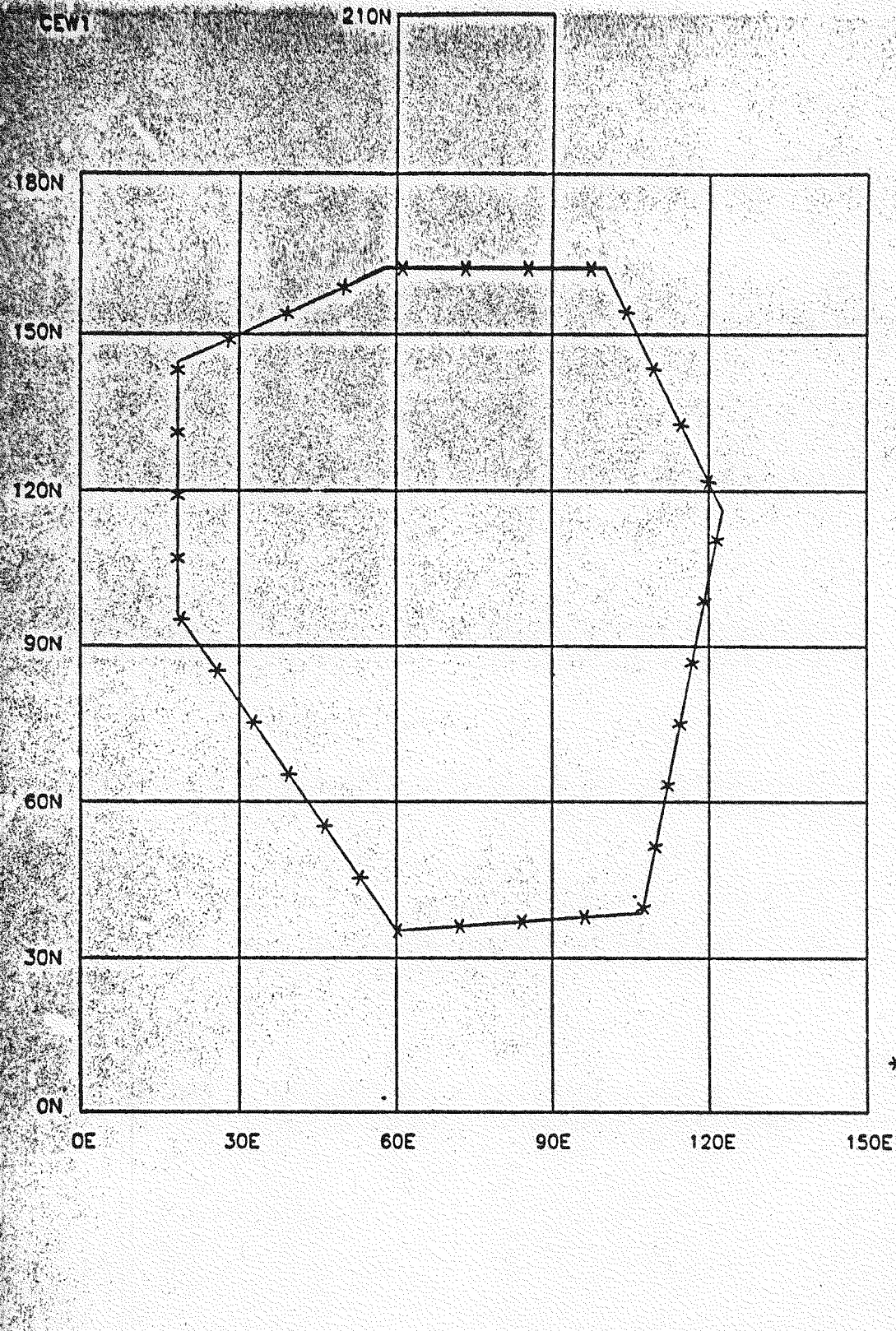


FIGURE 4: Grid System Established on the Drum Storage Area

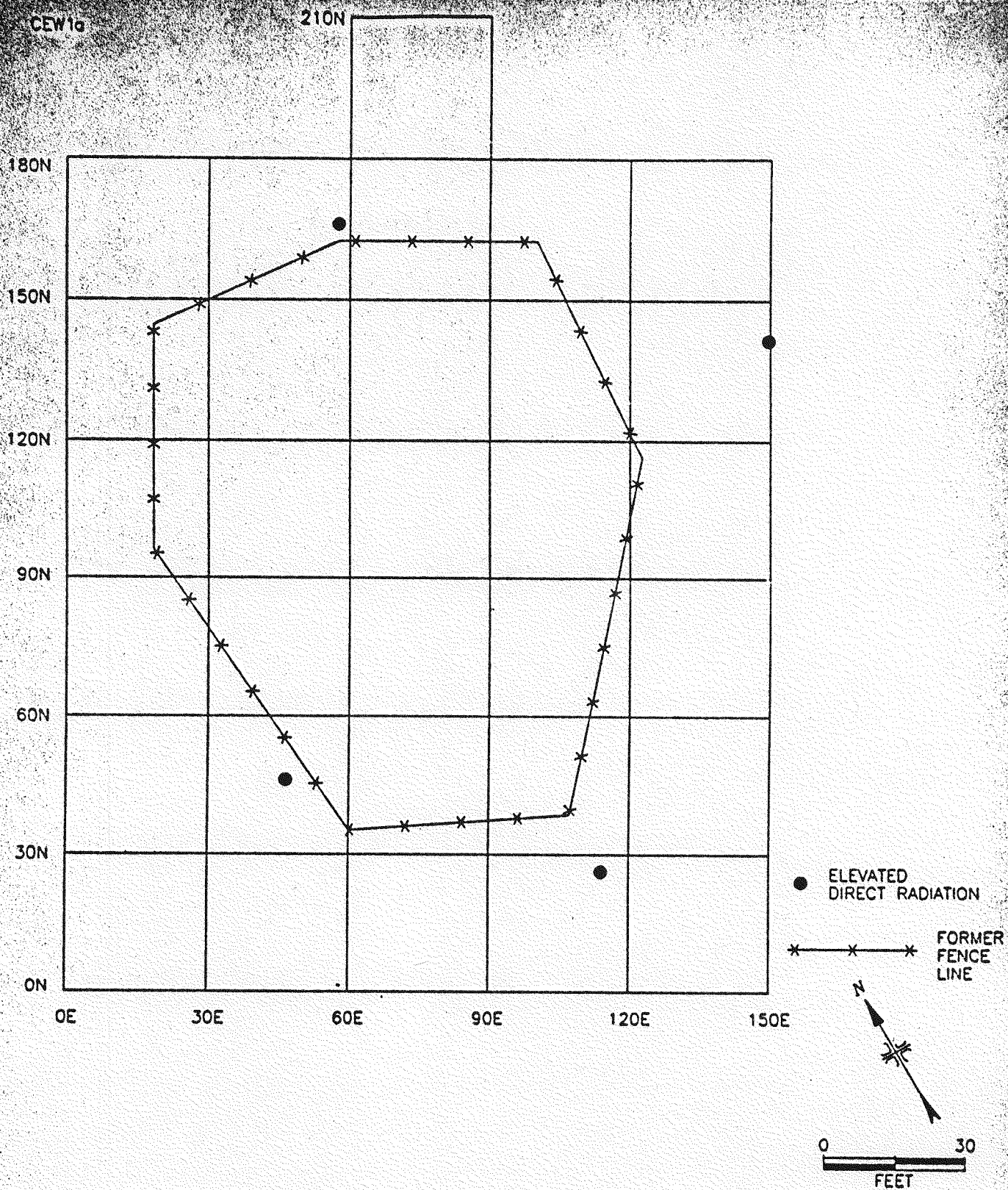


FIGURE 5: Locations of Elevated Direct Radiation Levels Identified by the Surface Scan

TABLE 1

BACKGROUND DIRECT RADIATION LEVELS
COMBUSTION ENGINEERING PROPERTY
WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT

Location ^a	Gamma Exposure Rates at 1 m above the Surface ($\mu\text{R/h}$)	Gamma Exposures Rates at the Surface ($\mu\text{R/h}$)
1	10	10
2	10	10
3	9	10
4	9	9
5	9	9

^aRefer to Figure 3.

TABLE 2

RADIONUCLIDE CONCENTRATIONS IN BASELINE SOIL SAMPLES
COMBUSTION ENGINEERING PROPERTY
WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT

Location ^a	Radionuclide Concentrations (pCi/g)			
	U-235	U-238	Th-232	Th-228
1	<0.2	<0.8	0.6 ± 0.2 ^b	0.9 ± 0.1
2	<0.2	<0.7	0.5 ± 0.1	0.7 ± 0.1
3	<0.2	0.9 ± 0.2	0.6 ± 0.2	0.7 ± 0.1
4	<0.2	<0.7	0.8 ± 0.1	0.8 ± 0.1
5	<0.2	1.8 ± 0.5	0.5 ± 0.1	0.9 ± 0.1

^aRefer to Figure 3.

^bUncertainties represent the 95% confidence levels, based only on counting statistics; additional laboratory uncertainties of ± 6 to 10% have not been propagated into these data.

TABLE 3

DIRECT RADIATION LEVELS MEASURED AT GRID LINE INTERSECTIONS
COMBUSTION ENGINEERING PROPERTY
WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT

Grid Location ^a		Gamma Exposure Rates at 1 m above the Surface (μ R/h)	Gamma Exposure Rates at the Surface (μ R/h)
N	E		
0	0	10	10
0	30	8	8
0	60	8	9
0	90	9	9
0	120	10	11
0	150	10	10
30	0	9	9
30	30	9	9
30	60	9	9
30	90	9	11
30	120	10	12
30	150	9	9
60	0	8	9
60	30	8	9
60	60	10	10
60	90	10	15
60	120	9	9
60	150	9	10
90	0	9	10
90	30	9	15
90	60	9	9
90	90	10	11
90	120	10	12
90	150	9	10
120	0	10	9
120	30	11	11
120	60	9	10
120	90	9	9
120	120	10	10
120	150	10	10
150	0	9	10
150	30	11	11
150	60	10	11
150	90	10	11
150	120	9	9
150	150	10	12

TABLE 3 (Continued)

DIRECT RADIATION LEVELS MEASURED AT GRID LINE INTERSECTIONS
COMBUSTION ENGINEERING PROPERTY
WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT

Grid Location ^a		Gamma Exposure Rates at 1 m above the Surface (μ R/h)	Gamma Exposure Rates at the Surface (μ R/h)
N	E		
180	0	10	10
180	30	10	10
180	60	9	11
180	90	9	10
180	120	9	9
180	150	10	11
210	60	9	9
210	90	9	11

^aRefer to Figure 4

TABLE 4
DIRECT RADIATION LEVELS AT LOCATIONS
IDENTIFIED BY SURFACE SCANS
COMBUSTION ENGINEERING PROPERTY
WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT

Grid Location ^a	Gamma Exposure Rates at 1 m above the Surface ($\mu\text{R/h}$)		Gamma Exposures Rates at the Surface ($\mu\text{R/h}$)	
	Prior to Remediation	Post- Remediation	Prior to Remediation	Post- Remediation
25N 115E	15	11	26	11
45N 45E	13	9	23	15
140N 150E	13	11	26	11
165N 57E	15	11	23	15

^aRefer to Figure 5.

TABLE 5

RADIONUCLIDE CONCENTRATIONS IN COMPOSITE SURFACE SOIL SAMPLES
FROM GRID BLOCKS
COMBUSTION ENGINEERING PROPERTY
WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT

Grid Block Location ^a	Radionuclide Concentrations (pCi/g)			
	U-235	U-238	Th-232	Th-228
0N- 30N 30E- 0E	0.2	0.8 ± 0.2 ^b	0.5 ± 0.1	0.6 ± 0.3
	<0.2	1.3 ± 0.2	0.6 ± 0.2	0.6 ± 0.3
	<0.2	0.7 ± 0.3	0.6 ± 0.1	0.6 ± 0.3
	<0.2	<0.4	0.8 ± 0.1	0.9 ± 0.3
	<0.2	1.6 ± 0.5	0.9 ± 0.2	0.9 ± 0.3
	0.7 ± 0.1	1.7 ± 0.3	1.1 ± 0.2	1.2 ± 0.3
30N- 60N 0E- 30E	<0.2	0.7 ± 0.6	<0.3	0.6 ± 0.3
	<0.2	0.7 ± 0.2	0.9 ± 0.1	0.9 ± 0.3
	<0.2	0.7 ± 0.3	0.9 ± 0.2	0.9 ± 0.3
	0.8 ± 0.2	0.7 ± 0.4	1.8 ± 0.3	1.5 ± 0.3
	<0.2	1.2 ± 0.3	0.9 ± 0.2	1.2 ± 0.3
60N- 90N 0E- 30E	<0.2	<0.4	1.0 ± 0.2	0.9 ± 0.3
	<0.2	0.3 ± 0.4	0.9 ± 0.1	0.9 ± 0.3
	0.2 ± 0.2	0.6 ± 0.2	1.5 ± 0.3	1.8 ± 0.3
	<0.2	0.3 ± 0.2	1.1 ± 0.1	0.9 ± 0.3
	<0.2	1.5 ± 0.3	0.8 ± 0.1	0.6 ± 0.3
90N-120N 0E- 30E	<0.2	0.7 ± 0.4	1.4 ± 0.2	1.8 ± 0.3
	<0.2	0.4 ± 0.2	0.8 ± 0.2	0.9 ± 0.3
	<0.2	0.5 ± 0.2	0.7 ± 0.2	0.6 ± 0.3
	<0.2	0.7 ± 0.4	0.8 ± 0.1	0.9 ± 0.3
	<0.2	1.5 ± 0.2	0.9 ± 0.2	0.9 ± 0.3
120N-150N 0E- 30E	0.5 ± 0.3	1.7 ± 0.6	3.7 ± 0.3	4.2 ± 0.3
	<0.2	2.9 ± 0.3	2.6 ± 0.3	2.7 ± 0.3
	<0.2	1.0 ± 0.2	1.1 ± 0.3	1.2 ± 0.3
	<0.2	1.3 ± 0.2	0.7 ± 0.2	0.6 ± 0.3
	<0.2	1.0 ± 0.3	<0.3	0.9 ± 0.3

TABLE 5 (Continued)

RADIONUCLIDE CONCENTRATIONS IN COMPOSITE SURFACE SOIL SAMPLES
FROM GRID BLOCKS
COMBUSTION ENGINEERING PROPERTY
WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT

Grid Block Location ^a		Radionuclide Concentrations (pCi/g)			
		U-235	U-238	Th-232	Th-228
150N-180N	0E- 30E	<0.2	<0.5	1.3 ± 0.2	1.5 ± 0.3
	30E- 60E	<0.2	0.9 ± 0.4	2.6 ± 0.2	2.1 ± 0.3
	60E- 90E	<0.3	2.2 ± 0.3	2.6 ± 0.2	2.7 ± 0.3
	90E-120E	<0.2	0.9 ± 0.4	1.7 ± 0.3	1.8 ± 0.3
	120E-150E	<0.3	1.9 ± 0.3	2.5 ± 0.2	2.4 ± 0.3
180N-210N	60E- 90E	<0.3	0.1 ± 0.3	1.5 ± 0.2	1.5 ± 0.3

^aRefer to Figure 4.

^bUncertainties represent the 95% confidence levels, based only on counting statistics; additional laboratory uncertainties of ± 6 to 10% have not been propagated into these data.

TABLE 6

RADIONUCLIDE CONCENTRATIONS IN SURFACE SOIL SAMPLES
FROM LOCATIONS OF ELEVATED DIRECT RADIATION
COMBUSTION ENGINEERING PROPERTY
WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT

Location ^a			Radionuclide Concentrations (pCi/g)			
			U-235	U-238	Th-232	Th-228
25N	115E	Prior to Remediation	<0.7	11.7 ± 1.4 ^b	27.7 ± 0.6	28.2 ± 0.6
		Post-Remediation	<0.2	1.2 ± 0.4	2.5 ± 0.2	2.1 ± 0.3
45N	45E	Prior to Remediation	0.7 ± 0.6	12.8 ± 0.8	18.4 ± 0.6	19.5 ± 0.6
		Post-Remediation	<0.3	<1.0	7.7 ± 0.4	6.9 ± 0.3
140N	150E	Prior to Remediation	<0.8	12.3 ± 1.3	27.9 ± 0.8	26.7 ± 0.6
		Post-Remediation	<0.2	1.3 ± 0.4	1.9 ± 0.2	2.4 ± 0.3
165N	57E	Prior to Remediation	<0.5	5.9 ± 1.0	14.1 ± 0.5	14.7 ± 0.3
		Post-Remediation	<0.3	4.6 ± 0.4	5.7 ± 0.3	4.8 ± 0.3

^aRefer to Figure 5.

^bUncertainties represent the 95% confidence levels, based only on counting statistics; additional laboratory uncertainties of ± 6 to 10% have not been propagated into these data.

TABLE 7

RESULTS OF ISOTOPIC URANIUM AND THORIUM ANALYSES
OF SELECTED SAMPLES
COMBUSTION ENGINEERING PROPERTY
WINDSOR, CONNECTICUT

Sample Location ^a	Radionuclide Concentrations (pCi/g)					
	U-234	U-235	U-238	Th-228	Th-230	Th-232
120-150N, 30-60E	1.2 ± 0.2 ^b	0.1 ± 0.1	1.1 ± 0.2	1.9 ± 0.2	10.0 ± 0.5	2.0 ± 0.2
45N, 45E (Post-Remediation)	15.5 ± 0.7	0.4 ± 0.2	0.7 ± 0.2	8.4 ± 0.4	1.7 ± 0.2	9.0 ± 0.4
165N, 57E (Post-Remediation)	4.0 ± 0.4	0.1 ± 0.1	0.8 ± 0.2	4.6 ± 0.3	13.5 ± 0.6	5.0 ± 0.3

^aRefer to Figure 4.

^bUncertainties represent the 95% confidence levels, based only on counting statistics; additional laboratory uncertainties of up to ± 30% have not been propagated into these data.

REFERENCES

1. Confirmatory Radiological Survey of the Combustion Engineering Property, Windsor, Connecticut, A. D. Luck, March 1985.

APPENDIX A
MAJOR SAMPLING AND ANALYTICAL EQUIPMENT

APPENDIX A

MAJOR SAMPLING AND ANALYTICAL EQUIPMENT

The display or description of a specific product is not to be construed as an endorsement of that product or its manufacturer by the authors or their employer.

A. Direct Radiation Measurements

Eberline PM-6
Portable Ratemeter
(Eberline, Santa Fe, NM)

Reuter-Stokes Pressurized Ionization Chamber
Model RSS-111
(Reuter-Stokes, Cleveland, OH)

Victoreen Gamma Scintillation (NaI) Detector
Model 489-55
(Victoreen, Inc., Cleveland, OH)

B. Laboratory Analyses

High-Purity Germanium Detector
Model GEX-23195-S, 23% efficiency
(EG&G ORTEC, Oak Ridge, TN)

Used in conjunction with:
Lead Shield, G-16
(Gamma Products, Inc., Palos Hills, IL)

Multichannel Analyzer
MD-66/MD-680 System
(Nuclear Data Inc., Schaumburg, IL)

Alpha Spectrometer
Tennelec TC-256
(Tennelec Inc., Oak Ridge, TN)

Surface Barrier Detector
Model CR-23-430-100
(EG&G ORTEC, Oak Ridge, TN)

Multichannel Analyzer
Model MD-66
(Nuclear Data, Schaumburg, IL)

APPENDIX B
MEASUREMENT AND ANALYTICAL PROCEDURES

APPENDIX B

MEASUREMENT AND ANALYTICAL PROCEDURES

Surface Scans

Walkover surface scans of open land areas were performed at approximately 1-2 m intervals using Eberline Model PRM-6 portable ratemeters with Victoreen Model 489-55 gamma scintillation detectors containing 3.2 cm x 3.8 cm NaI(Tl) crystals. Relative count rates were monitored using earphones and rates above the ambient background levels were noted.

Exposure Rate Measurements

Measurements of gamma exposure rates were performed using Eberline PRM-6 portable ratemeters with a Victoreen Model 489-55 gamma scintillation probe containing 3.2 cm x 3.8 cm NaI(Tl) scintillation crystals. Count rates were converted to exposure rates ($\mu\text{R/h}$) by cross-calibrating with a Reuter-Stokes Model RSS-111 pressurized ionization chamber.

Soil Sample Analysis

Gamma Spectrometry

Soil and sediment samples were dried, mixed, and a portion placed in a 0.5 liter Marinelli beaker. The quantity placed in each beaker was chosen to reproduce the calibrated counting geometry and ranged from 600 to 1000 g of sample. Net weights were determined and the samples counted using solid state germanium detectors coupled to a Nuclear Data Model ND-680 pulse height analyzer system. Background and Compton stripping, peak search, peak identification, and concentration calculations were performed using the computer capabilities inherent in the analyzer system. Energy peaks used for determination of radionuclides of concern were:

U-235

0.143 MeV

U-238

0.094 MeV from Th-234 or 1.001 MeV from Pa-234m*

Th-232 0.911 MeV from Ac-228*
Th-228 0.583 MeV from Tl-208*

*Secular equilibrium was assumed.

Spectra were also reviewed for the presence of other radionuclides.

Alpha Spectroscopy

Aliquots of soil were acidified and evaporated to dryness. The residues were then dissolved by pyrosulfate fusion and precipitated with barium sulfate. The barium sulfate precipitates were redissolved and uranium and thorium were separated by liquid - liquid extraction, precipitated with a cerium fluoride carrier, and counted using surface barrier detectors (ORTEC), alpha spectrometers (Tennelec), and an ND-66 Multichannel Analyzer (Nuclear Data).

Uncertainties and Detection Limits

The uncertainties associated with the analytical data presented in the tables of this report, represent the 95% confidence levels for that data. These uncertainties were calculated based on both the gross sample count levels and the associated background count levels. When the net sample count was less than the 95% statistical deviation of the background count, the sample concentration was reported as less than the detection limits of the procedures. Because of variations in background levels and Compton contributions from other radionuclides in samples, the detection limits differ from sample to sample. Additional uncertainties of ± 6 to 10%, associated with sampling and laboratory procedures, have not been propagated into the data presented in this report.

Calibration and Quality Assurance

Laboratory and field survey procedures are documented in manuals developed specifically for the Oak Ridge Associated Universities' Radiological Site Assessment Program.

With the exception of the measurements conducted with portable gamma scintillation survey meters, instruments were calibrated with NBS-traceable standards. The calibration procedures for the portable gamma instruments are performed by comparison with an NBS calibrated pressurized ionization chamber.

Quality control procedures on all instruments included daily background and check-source measurements to confirm equipment operation within acceptable statistical fluctuations. The ORAU laboratory participates in the EPA and DOE/EML Quality Assurance Programs.

APPENDIX C

**NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION
GUIDELINES FOR RESIDUAL CONCENTRATIONS
OF THORIUM AND URANIUM WASTES IN SOIL**

Guidelines For Residual Concentrations Of Thorium And Uranium Wastes In Soil

On October 23, 1981, the Nuclear Regulatory Commission published in the Federal Register a notice of Branch Technical Position on "Disposal or Onsite Storage of Thorium and Uranium Wastes from Past Operations." This document establishes guidelines for concentrations of uranium and thorium in soil, that will limit maximum radiation received by the public under various conditions of future land usage. These concentrations are as follows:

Material	Maximum Concentrations (pCi/g) for various options			
	1 ^a	2 ^b	3 ^c	4 ^d
Natural Thorium (Th-232 + Th-228) with daughters present and in equilibrium	10	50	--	500
Natural Uranium (U-238 + U-234) with daughters present and in equilibrium	10	--	40	200
Depleted Uranium:				
Soluble	35	100	--	1,000
Insoluble	35	300	--	3,000
Enriched Uranium:				
Soluble	30	100	--	1,000
Insoluble	30	250	--	2,500

^aBased on EPA cleanup standards which limit radiation to 1 mrad/yr to lung and 3 mrad/yr to bone from ingestion and inhalation and 10 μ R/h above background from direct external exposure.

^bBased on limiting individual doses to 170 mrem/yr.

^cBased on limiting equivalent exposure to 0.02 working level or less.

^dBased on limiting individual doses to 500 mrem/yr and in case of natural uranium, limiting exposure to 0.02 working level or less.

Option 1 concentrations permit unrestricted use of the property and is the guideline applicable to surface soils. Options 2, 3, and 4 apply to buried wastes and assume that intrusions into the burial sites may occur. Regardless of the concentrations in the buried materials, surface soil must meet the Option 1 concentrations guidelines.