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April 28, 2009

U. S. Núclear Regulatory Commission Document Control Desk Washington, D.C. 20555

Subject:

Duke Energy Carolinas, LLC

McGuire Nuclear Station

Docket Nos. 50-369 and 50-370

2008 Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report

Pursuant to the requirements of Technical Specification 5.6.3 and Section 16.11-17 of the McGuire Selected Licensee Commitments (SLC) Manual, attached is the Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report. Also included in this report is the 2009 Offsite Dose Calculation Manual. There were no changes to Process Control Program (PCP) Manual in 2008.

The following Attachments form the contents of the report:

Attachment 1 Radioactive Effluent Releases and Supplemental Information

Attachment 2 Solid Waste Disposal Report

Attachment 3 Unplanned Offsite Releases

Attachment 4 Fuel Cycle Calculation

Attachment 5 Inoperable Monitoring Equipment

Attachment 6 Groundwater Protection Initiative

Questions concerning this report should be directed to Kay Crane, McGuire Regulatory Compliance at (704) 875-4306.

Bruce H. Hamilton

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RGC File

Master File ECO50-ELL

Attachment 1

Radioactive Effluent Releases and Supplemental Information

McGUIRE NUCLEAR STATION

EFFLUENT RELEASE DATA

(January 1, 2008 through December 31, 2008)

This attachment includes a summary of the quantities of radioactive liquid and gaseous effluents as outlined in Regulatory Guide 1.21, Appendix B.

TABLE 1A

EFFLUENT AND WASTE DISPOSAL ANNUAL REPORT PERIOD 1/1/08 TO 1/1/09 GASEOUS EFFLUENTS - SUMMATION OF ALL RELEASES

REPORT FOR 2008				QTR 3		
A. Fission and Activation	Gases					
1. Total Release						
2. Avg. Release Rate	μCi/sec	8.35E-02	7.23E-02	7.96E-02	4.77E-02	7.07E-02
B. Iodine-131						•
1. Total Release	Ci	2.23E-06	0.00E+00	3.06E-06	0.00E+00	5.29E-06
2. Avg. Release Rate	μCi/sec	2.84E-07	0.00E+00	3.85E-07	0.00E+00	1.67E-07
C. Particulates Half Life	>= 8 day	s				
1. Total Release	Ci	1.09E-05	1.60E-05	2.83E-05	1.15E-05	6.66E-05
2. Avg. Release Rate	μCi/sec	1.38E-06	2.03E-06	3.56E-06	1.45E-06	2.11E-06
D. Tritium						
1. Total Release	Ci	4.31E+01	5.14E+01	5.09E+01	8.10E+01	2.26E+02
2. Avg. Release Rate	μCi/sec	5.48E+00	6.54E+00	6.40E+00	1.02E+01	7.16E+00
E. Gross Alpha Radioactiv	ity					
1. Total Release	Ci	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
2. Avg. Release Rate	μ Ci/sec	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00

TABLE 1B

EFFLUENT AND WASTE DISPOSAL ANNUAL REPORT PERIOD 1/1/08 TO 1/1/09 GASEOUS EFFLUENTS - ELEVATED RELEASES - CONTINUOUS MODE

REPORT FOR 2008		- ,	QTR 2	-		YEAR
1. Fission and Activation	Gases					
** No Nuclide Activities	**	••••	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	•••••	• • • • • • • •
2. Iodines						
** No Nuclide Activities	**					• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
3. Particulates Half Life	>= 8 davs	3				
** No Nuclide Activities						
4. Tritium						
** No Nuclide Activities	**					· · · · · · · · · · · ·
5. Gross Alpha Radioactiv	-					
** No Nuclide Activities	**					

TABLE 1B

EFFLUENT AND WASTE DISPOSAL ANNUAL REPORT PERIOD 1/1/08 TO 1/1/09 GASEOUS EFFLUENTS - ELEVATED RELEASES - BATCH MODE

REPORT FOR 2008	Unit	-	QTR 2	_	QTR 4	YEAR
1. Fission and Activation	Gases					
** No Nuclide Activities	**	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •
2. Iodines						
** No Nuclide Activities	**	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			
3. Particulates Half Life	>= 8 days	3				
** No Nuclide Activities	**	• • • • • • •	•	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •
4. Tritium	a a					
** No Nuclide Activities	**	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
5. Gross Alpha Radioactiv	ity					
** No Nuclide Activities	**					

TABLE 1C

EFFLUENT AND WASTE DISPOSAL ANNUAL REPORT PERIOD 1/1/08 TO 1/1/09 GASEOUS EFFLUENTS - GROUND RELEASES - CONTINUOUS MODE

REPORT FOR 2008		QTR 1				
1. Fission and Activation						
XE-133	Ci			0.00E+00		
Totals for Period	Ci					
2. Iodines		,		,		
I-131	Ci	2.23E-06	0.00E+00	3.06E-06	0.00E+00	5.29E-06
I-133	Ci	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	6.93E-05	0.00E+00	6.93E-05
Totals for Period	Ci	2.23E-06	0.00E+00	7.23E-05	0.00E+00	7.46E-05
3. Particulates Half Life	e >= 8 day	<i>r</i> s	•			
BE-7	Ci	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	3.56E-06	3.56E-06
CO-58	Ci	1.09E-05	1.60E-05	2.83E-05	7.95E-06	6.30E-05
Totals for Period	Ci	1.09E-05	1.60E-05	2.83E-05	1.15E-05	6.66E-05
4. Tritium		•)		
H-3	Ci	4.12E+01	5.12E+01	5.04E+01	7.63E+01	2.19E+02
•						-
Totals for Period	Ci	4.12E+01	5.12E+01	5.04E+01	7.63E+01	2.19E+02
5. Gross Alpha Radioactiv	rity					
** No Nuclide Activities	**					

TABLE 1C

EFFLUENT AND WASTE DISPOSAL ANNUAL REPORT PERIOD 1/1/08 TO 1/1/09 GASEOUS EFFLUENTS - GROUND RELEASES - BATCH MODE

REPORT FOR 2008	Unit	QTR 1	QTR 2	QTR 3	QTR 4	YEAR
1. Fission and Activation	Gases	•		L ,		
AR-41	Ci	5.73E-01	5.58E-01	6.11E-01	3.64E-01	2.11E+00
AR-41 C-11 KR-85	Ci	2.48E-05	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	2.48E-05
KR-85	Ci	6.51E-02	0.00E+00	8.43E-03	6.41E-03	7.99E-02
KR-85M		2.25E-05	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	2.25E-05
KR-87	Ci	7.87E-06	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	7.87E-06
KR-88	Ci	5.22E-05	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	5.22E-05
XE-133	Ci	1.51E-02	9.65E-03	1.13E-02	8.33E-03	4.44E-02
XE-133M	Ci	7.87E-05	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	7.87E-05
XE-135	Ci	3.19E-03	5.86E-05	1.54E-03	0.00E+00	4.79E-03
Totals for Period	Ci	6.56E-01	5.68E-01	6.32E-01	3.79E-01	2.24E+00
2. Iodines						
** No Nuclide Activities	**	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •			
3. Particulates Half Life	>= 8 day	s .				•
** No Nuclide Activities	**				• • • • • • •	• • • • • • •
4. Tritium						
	Ci	1.85E+00			4.71E+00	7.21E+00
Totals for Period	Ci	1.85E+00	·	4.30E-01		7.21E+00
5. Gross Alpha Radioactiv	ity)	,				
** No Nuclide Activities						

TABLE 2A

EFFLUENT AND WASTE DISPOSAL ANNUAL REPORT PERIOD 1/1/08 TO 1/1/09 LIQUID EFFLUENTS - SUMMATION OF ALL RELEASES

REPORT FOR 2008	Unit	QTR 1	QTR 2	QTR 3	QTR 4	YEAR
A. Fission and Activation	Droduat					
1. Total Release			2 385-02	4 07502	2 938-02	1 15R-01
2. Average Diluted Conce			Z.JOE-02	4.0/B-02	2.756-02	
. a. Continuous Releases			0 008+00	0 00፳±00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
b. Batch Releases				4.14E-11		3.29E-11
D. Batth Releases	μСΙ/ΜΙ	2.756-11	2.315-11	1.110-11	3.30M-11	3.272 11
B. Tritium			,		`	
1, Total Release	Ci	4.36E+02	2.88E+02	5.96E+02	3.09E+02	1.63E+03
2. Average Diluted Conce	ntratio	n				
a. Continuous Releases				3.72E-08	2.55E-08	8.99E-08
b. Batch Releases	μCi/ml	5.96E-07	3.03E-07	6.05E-07	3.69E-07	4.65E-07
C. Dissolved and Entrained						
1. Total Release	Ci	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Average Diluted Conce						
a. Continuous Releases						0.00E+00
b. Batch Releases	$\mu \texttt{Ci/ml}$	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
D. Gross Alpha Radioactivi	ty					
1. Total Release	Ci	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
2. Average Diluted Conce	ntratio	n				
a. Continuous Releases			0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
b. Batch Releases	μCi/ml	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
E. Volume of Liquid Waste		3				*
1. Continuous Releases						4.70E+08
2. Batch Releases	liters	1.46E+06	8.73E+05	2.17E+06	9.37E+05	5.44E+06
F. Volume of Dilution Wate	r					
1. Continuous Releases		1.28E+10	2.09E+10	2.12E+10	3.16E+10	8.65E+10
2. Batch Releases						3.49E+12

TABLE 2B

EFFLUENT AND WASTE DISPOSAL ANNUAL REPORT PERIOD 1/1/08 TO 1/1/09 LIQUID EFFLUENTS - CONTINUOUS MODE

REPORT FOR 2008	Unit	QTR 1	-	QTR 3	QTR 4	YEAR
1. Fission and Activation ** No Nuclide Activities				••••••		
2. Tritium H-3	Ci	5.36E+00	8.55E-01	7.92E-01	8.07E-01	7.82E+00
Totals for Period	Ci	5.36E+00	8.55E-01	7.92E-01	8.07E-01	7.82E+00
3. Dissolved and Entraine ** No Nuclide Activities	•	••••			•••••	•••••
 Gross Alpha Radioactiv ** No Nuclide Activities 	-				•••••	

TABLE 2B

EFFLUENT AND WASTE DISPOSAL ANNUAL REPORT PERIOD 1/1/08 TO 1/1/09 LIQUID EFFLUENTS - BATCH MODE

REPORT FOR 2008	Unit	QTR 1	QTR 2	QTR 3	QTR 4	YEAR
1	Dag dag at a					
1. Fission and Activation AG-108M	Ci	0.00E+00	2.86E-05	4 20E 0E	1.08E-05	
AG-100M AG-110M		4.39E-06	2.86E-05 2.93E-05		2.19E-05	9.68E-05
BE-7		1.68E-05	0.00E+00	8.22E-05	3.43E-04	
CO-57		2.25E-06	7.82E-07	6.30E-06	0.00E+00	9.33E-06
CO-58		1.91E-03	3.18E-03	7.74E-03	7.72E-03	2.06E-02
CO-60		9.14E-04	2.31E-03	4.29E-03	8.77E-04	8.39E-03
	Ci	1.28E-03	1.74E-03	1.62E-03	2.39E-03	7.04E-03
	Ci	4.66E-04	3.83E-04	7.81E-04	3.81E-04	2.01E-03
	Ci	1.75E-03	1.55E-03	3.18E-03	1.74E-03	8.22E-03
FE-59	Ci	7.67E-05	2.86E-04	2.91E-05	1.49E-04	5.42E-04
MN-54	Ci	5.81E-05	1.71E-04	4.45E-04	8.91E-05	7.64E-04
NA-24	Ci	0.00E+00	3.63E-06	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	3.63E-06
NB-95	Ci	9.99E-06	6.84E-05	2.09E-04	1.56E-04	4.43E-04
NB-97	Ci	2.72E-06	1.75E-05	2.60E-05	1.84E-05	6.46E-05
SB-122	Ci	1.14E-05	1.73E-05	4.68E-06	5.93E-06	3.93E-05
	Ci	0.00E+00	3.35E-04	4.63E-04	4.87E-04	1.28E-03
	Ci	1.46E-02	1.36E-02	2.17E-02	1.48E-02	6.48E-02
	Ci	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	8.70E-07	8.70E-07
	Ci	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	4.26E-06	0.00E+00	4.26E-06
ZR-95	Ci	2.02E-06	3.45E-05	1.04E-04	5.17E-05	1.92E-04
ZR-97	Ci	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.19E-06	1.19E-06
Totals for Period	Ci	2.11E-02	2.38E-02	4.07E-02	2.93E-02	1.15E-01
2. Tritium						
H-3	Ci	4.31E+02	2.87E+02		3.09E+02	1.62E+03
Totals for Period	Ci	4.31E+02	2.87E+02	5.95E+02	3.09E+02	1.62E+03
3. Dissolved and Entrained ** No Nuclide Activities				•		
110 11002200 11002120200						
4. Gross Alpha Radioactivi						•
** No Nuclide Activities	**	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •	

McGUIRE NUCLEAR STATION SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

McGUIRE NUCLEAR STATION

2008 EFFLUENT AND WASTE DISPOSAL SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

I. REGULATORY LIMITS - PER UNIT

A. NOBLE GASES - AIR DOSE

- B. LIQUID EFFLUENTS DOSE
- 1. CALENDAR QUARTER GAMMA DOSE = 5 MRAD
 2. CALENDAR QUARTER BETA DOSE = 10 MRAD
 3. CALENDAR YEAR GAMMA DOSE = 10 MRAD
 4. CALENDAR YEAR BETA DOSE = 20 MRAD
 5. CALENDAR YEAR TOTAL BODY DOSE = 1.5 MREM
 6. CALENDAR YEAR TOTAL BODY DOSE = 3 MREM
 7. CALENDAR YEAR ORGAN DOSE = 10 MRAD
 7. CALENDAR YEAR TOTAL BODY DOSE = 1.5 MREM
 7. CALENDAR YEAR TOTAL BODY DOSE = 1.5 MREM
 7. CALENDAR YEAR TOTAL BODY DOSE = 1.5 MREM
 7. CALENDAR YEAR ORGAN DOSE = 1.5 MREM
- C. GASEOUS EFFLUENTS IODINE 131 AND 133, TRITIUM, PARTICULATES W/T 1/2 > 8 DAYS ORGAN DOSE
 - 1. CALENDAR QUARTER = 7.5 MREM
 - 2. CALENDAR YEAR = 15 MREM

II. MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE EFFLUENT CONCENTRATIONS

- A. GASEOUS EFFLUENTS INFORMATION FOUND IN OFFSITE DOSE CALCULATION MANUAL
- B. LIQUID EFFLUENTS INFORMATION FOUND IN 10CFR20, APPENDIX B, TABLE 2, COLUMN 2

III. AVERAGE ENERGY - NOT APPLICABLE

IV. MEASUREMENTS AND APPROXIMATIONS OF TOTAL RADIOACTIVITY

ANALYSES OF SPECIFIC RADIONUCLIDES IN SELECTED OR COMPOSITED SAMPLES AS DESCRIBED IN THE SELECTED LICENSEE COMMITMENTS ARE USED TO DETERMINE THE RADIONUCLIDE COMPOSITION OF THE EFFLUENT. SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT, PAGE 2, PROVIDES A SUMMARY DESCRIPTION OF THE METHOD USED FOR ESTIMATING OVERALL ERRORS ASSOCIATED WITH RADIOACTIVITY MEASUREMENTS.

V. BATCH RELEASES

- A. LIQUID EFFLUENT
 - 1. 2.41E+02 = TOTAL NUMBER OF BATCH RELEASES
 - 2. 2.06E+04 = TOTAL TIME (MIN.) FOR BATCH RELEASES.
 - 3. 3.13E+03 = MAXIMUM TIME (MIN.) FOR A BATCH RELEASE.
 - 4. 8.54E+01 = AVERAGE TIME (MIN.) FOR A BATCH RELEASE.
 - 5. 5.00E+00 = MINIMUM TIME (MIN.) FOR A BATCH RELEASE.
 - 6. 1.75 \pm +06 = AVERAGE DILUTION WATER FLOW DURING RELEASES (GPM).
- B. GASEOUS EFFLUENT
 - 1. 4.40E+01 = TOTAL NUMBER OF BATCH RELEASES.
 - 2. 1.04E+06 = TOTAL TIME (MIN.) FOR BATCH RELEASES.
 - 3. 4.47E+04 = MAXIMUM TIME (MIN.) FOR A BATCH RELEASE.
 - 4. 2.36E+04 = AVERAGE TIME (MIN.) FOR A BATCH RELEASE. 5. 1.00E+00 = MINIMUM TIME (MIN.) FOR A BATCH RELEASE.

VI. ABNORMAL RELEASES

- A. LIQUID
- . 1. NUMBER OF RELEASES = 2
 - 2. TOTAL ACTIVITY RELEASED (CURIES) = 1.77E-02 (Tritium) (see attachment for additional information)
- B. GASEOUS
 - 1. NUMBER OF RELEASES = 1
 - 2. TOTAL ACTIVITY RELEASED (CURIES) = 3.15E-3 (Noble Gas) (see attachment for additional information)

SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT PAGE 2

McGUIRE NUCLEAR STATION

The estimated percentage of error for both Liquid and Gaseous effluent release data at McGuire Nuclear Station has been determined to be \pm 25.2%. This value was derived by taking the square root of the sum of the squares of the following discrete individual estimates of error:

(1) Flow rate determining devices $= \pm 20\%$

(2) Counting error $= \pm 15\%$

(3) Sample preparation error $= \pm 3\%$

McGUIRE NUCLEAR STATION

Assessment of Radiation Dose from Radioactive Effluents and all Uranium Fuel Cycle Sources to Members of the Public

(January 1, 2008 through December 31, 2008)

This attachment includes an assessment of radiation doses to the maximum exposed member of the public due to radioactive liquid and gaseous effluents released from the site for each calendar quarter for the calendar year of this report, as well as the total dose for the calendar year. This attachment also includes an assessment of radiation doses to the maximum exposed member of the public from all uranium fuel cycle sources within 8 km of McGuire for the calendar year of this report to show conformance with 40 CFR 190. Methods for calculating the dose contribution from liquid and gaseous effluents are given in the ODCM.

McGuire Nuclear Station Units 1 & 2

1st Quarter 2008

=== IODINE, H3, AND PARTICULATE DOSE LIMIT ANALYSIS====== Quarter 1 2008 ====

Critical Critical Dose Limit Max % of
Period-Limit Group Organ (mrem) (mrem) Limit

Q1 - Maximum Organ Dose TEEN THYROID 5.12E-02 1.50E+01 3.41E-01

Maximum Organ Dose Receptor Location: 0.5 Mile ENE Critical Pathway: Inhalation

Major Isotopic Contributors (5% or greater to total)

Nuclide Percentage

H-3 9.99E+01

Maximum Gamma Air Dose Receptor Location: 0.5 Mile NNE

Major Isotopic Contributors (5% or greater to total)

Nuclide Percentage

AR-41 9.97E+01

Q1 - Maximum Beta Air Dose 4.90E-03 2.00E+01 2.45E-02

Maximum Beta Air Dose Receptor Location: 0.5 Mile NNE

Major Isotopic Contributors (5% or greater to total)

McGuire Nuclear Station Units 1 & 2

2nd Quarter 2008

=== IODINE, H3, AND PARTICULATE DOSE LIMIT ANALYSIS====== Quarter 2 2008 ====

Critical Critical Dose Limit Max % of

Period-Limit Group Organ (mrem) (mrem) Limit

Q2 - Maximum Organ Dose TEEN LUNG 6.11E-02 1.50E+01 4.07E-01

Maximum Organ Dose Receptor Location: 0.5 Mile ENE Critical Pathway: Inhalation

Major Isotopic Contributors (5% or greater to total)

Nuclide Percentage

H-3 1.00E+02

=== NOBLE GAS DOSE LIMIT ANALYSIS============================ Quarter 2 2008 =====

Period-Limit Dose Limit % of (mrad) (mrad) Limit

Q2 - Maximum Gamma Air Dose 1.25E-02 1.00E+01 1.25E-01

Maximum Gamma Air Dose Receptor Location: 0.5 Mile NNE

.Major Isotopic Contributors (5% or greater to total)

Nuclide Percentage

AR-41 9.99E+01

Q2 - Maximum Beta Air Dose 4.44E-03 2.00E+01 2.22E-02

Maximum Beta Air Dose Receptor Location: 0.5 Mile NNE

Major Isotopic Contributors (5% or greater to total)

Nuclide Percentage

AR-41 9.94E+01

McGuire Nuclear Station Units 1 & 2

3rd Quarter 2008

=== IODINE, H3, AND PARTICULATE DOSE LIMIT ANALYSIS====== Quarter 3 2008 ====

Critical Critical Dose Limit Max % of

Period-Limit Group Organ (mrem) (mrem) Limit

Q3 - Maximum Organ Dose TEEN THYROID 6.06E-02 1.50E+01 4.04E-01

Maximum Organ Dose Receptor Location: 0.5 Mile ENE Critical Pathway: Inhalation

Major Isotopic Contributors (5% or greater to total)

Nuclide Percentage

9.96E+01

H-3

Maximum Gamma Air Dose Receptor Location: 0.5 Mile NNE

Major Isotopic Contributors (5% or greater to total)

Nuclide Percentage

AR-41 9.99E+01

Q3 - Maximum Beta Air Dose 4.91E-03 2.00E+01 2.46E-02

Maximum Beta Air Dose Receptor Location: 0.5 Mile NNE

Major Isotopic Contributors (5% or greater to total)

McGuire Nuclear Station Units 1 & 2

4th Quarter 2008

=== IODINE, H3, AND PARTICULATE DOSE LIMIT ANALYSIS====== Quarter 4 2008 ====

Critical Critical Dose Limit Max % of

Period-Limit Group Organ (mrem) (mrem) Limit

Q4 - Maximum Organ Dose TEEN LUNG 9.62E-02 1.50E+01 6.41E-01

Maximum Organ Dose Receptor Location: 0.5 Mile ENE Critical Pathway: Inhalation

Major Isotopic Contributors (5% or greater to total)

Nuclide Percentage

H-3 1.00E+02

Maximum Gamma Air Dose Receptor Location: 0.5 Mile NNE

Major Isotopic Contributors (5% or greater to total)

Q4 - Maximum Beta Air Dose

2.94E-03 2.00E+01 1.47E-02

Maximum Beta Air Dose Receptor Location: 0.5 Mile NNE

Major Isotopic Contributors (5% or greater to total)

McGuire Nuclear Station Units 1 & 2

ANNUAL 2008

=== IODINE, H3, AND PARTICULATE DOSE LIMIT ANALYSIS===== Annual 2008 =======

Critical Critical Dose Limit Max % of
Period-Limit Group Organ (mrem) (mrem) Limit

Yr - Maximum Organ Dose TEEN THYROID 2.69E-01 3.00E+01 8.97E-01

Maximum Organ Dose Receptor Location: 0.5 Mile ENE Critical Pathway: Inhalation

Major Isotopic Contributors (5% or greater to total)

Nuclide Percentage
-----H-3 9.99E+01

Maximum Gamma Air Dose Receptor Location: 0.5 Mile NNE

Major Isotopic Contributors (5% or greater to total)

Nuclide Percentage

AR-41 9.99E+01

Yr - Maximum Beta Air Dose 1.72E-02 4.00E+01 4.30E-02

Maximum Beta Air Dose Receptor Location: 0.5 Mile NNE

Major Isotopic Contributors (5% or greater to total)

Nuclide Percentage

AR-41 9.70E+01

McGuire Nuclear Station Units 1 & 2

1st Quarter 2008

=== BATCH LIQUID RELEAS		Critical Organ		Quarter 1 Limit (mrem)	2008 ====== Max % of Limit
Q1 - Maximum Organ Dose Q1 - Total Body Dose	CHILD	LIVER	7.66E-02 6.46E-02	1.00E+01 3.00E+00	
H-3 8.1		eater to to	tal)		
		eater to to	tal)		

=== CONTINUOUS LIQUID RELEAS	ES (WC) ==	========		Quarter 1	2008 =====
	Critical	Critical	Dose	Limit	Max % of
Period-Limit	Age `	Organ	(mrem)	(mrem)	Limit
Q1 - Maximum Organ Dose	CHILD	LIVER	4.29E-02	1.00E+01	4.29E-01
Q1 - Total Body Dose	CHILD .		4.29E-02	3.00E+00	1.43E+00

Maximum Organ

Critical Pathway: Potable Water

Major Isotopic Contributors (5% or greater to total)

Nuclide Percentage
H-3 1.00E+02

Total Body

Critical Pathway: Potable Water

Major Isotopic Contributors (5% or greater to total)

Nuclide Percentage
----H-3 1.00E+02

McGuire Nuclear Station Units 1 & 2

2nd Quarter 2008

=== BATCH LIQUID RE	LEASES ==		Critical Organ		Quarter 2 Limit (mrem)	2008 ===== Max % of Limit
Q2 - Maximum Organ 1 Q2 - Total Body Dos		CHILD	LIVER	4.12E-02 3.32E-02	1.00E+01 3.00E+00	
Maximum Organ Critical Pathway: P Major Isotopic Cont Nuclide		(5% or gre	ater to to	tal)		
H-3; CS-137 CS-134	7.67E+01 1.77E+01 5.36E+00					
Total Body Critical Pathway: P. Major Isotopic Cont Nuclide H-3		(5% or greage ge 	ater to to	tal)	· · · .	

-== CONTINUOUS LIQUID RELEAS	ES (WC) ==			Quarter 2	2008 =====
	Critical	Critical	Dose	Limit	Max % of
Period-Limit	Age	Organ	(mrem)	(mrem)	Limit
Q2 - Maximum Organ Dose	CHILD	LIVER	4.25E-03	1.00E+01	4.25E-02
Q2 - Total Body Dose	CHILD		4.25E-03	3.00E+00	1.42E-01

Maximum Organ

Critical Pathway: Potable Water

Major Isotopic Contributors (5% or greater to total)

Nuclide Percentage

H-3 1.00E+02

Total Body

Critical Pathway: Potable Water

Major Isotopic Contributors (5% or greater to total)

Nuclide Percentage
----H-3 1.00E+02

McGuire Nuclear Station Units 1 & 2

3rd Quarter 2008

=== BATCH LIQUID R	ELEASES ==		Critical		Limit	Max % of
Q3 - Maximum Organ			LIVER		1.00E+01	8.30E-01
Q3 - Total Body Do	se	CHILD		6.71E-02	3.00E+00	2.24E+00
Maximum Organ Critical Pathway: Major Isotopic Con Nuclide		(5% or gre	ater to to	tal)		
H-3	7.70E+01					
CS-137	1.76E+01					
CS-134	5.30E+00	14 J. 17 1				
Total Body Critical Pathway: Major Isotopic Con Nuclide		(5% or gre	ater to to	tal)		
н-3	0 517.03					
n-3	9.51E+01	1 'a				

=== CONTINUOUS LIQUID RELEAS:	ES (WC)			Quarter 3	2008 =====
		Critical			Max % of
· Period-Limit	Age	Organ	(mrem)	(mrem)	Limit
Q3 - Maximum Organ Dose Q3 - Total Body Dose	CHILD	LIVER	3.93E-03 3.93E-03	1.00E+01 3.00E+00	

Maximum Organ

Critical Pathway: Potable Water

Major Isotopic Contributors (5% or greater to total)

Nuclide Percentage

H-3 1.00E+02

Total Body

Critical Pathway: Potable Water

Major Isotopic Contributors (5% or greater to total)

Nuclide Percentage

H-3 1.00E+02

McGuire Nuclear Station Units 1 & 2

4th Quarter 2008

=== BATCH LIQUID RE		 l Critical		Quarter 4	2008 ===== Max % of
Period-Limit	Age	Organ	(mrem)	(mrem)	Limit
Q4 - Maximum Organ Q4 - Total Body Dos		LIVER	5.09E-02 4.10E-02	1.00E+01 3.00E+00	
Maximum Organ Critical Pathway: F Major Isotopic Cont Nuclide H-3 CS-137		reater to to	otal)		
Total Body Critical Pathway: F Major Isotopic Cont Nuclide H-3		reater to to	otal)		

=== CONTINUOUS LIQUID RELEAS	ES (WC) ==:			Quarter 4	2008 =====
Period-Limit	Critical Age	Critical Organ	Dose (mrem)	Limit (mrem)	Max % of Limit
Q4 - Maximum Organ Dose	CHILD	LIVER	2-69E-03	1.00E+01	2.69E-02
04 - Total Body Dose	CHILD			3.00E+00	

Maximum Organ

Critical Pathway: Potable Water

Major Isotopic Contributors (5% or greater to total)

Total Body

Critical Pathway: Potable Water

Major Isotopic Contributors (5% or greater to total)

McGuire Nuclear Station Units 1 & 2

ANNUAL 2008

=== BATCH LIQUID RELE	EASES ========				08 =======
	Critical	Critical I	Dose	Limit	Max % of
Period-Limit	Age	Organ	(mrem)	(mrem)	Limit
Yr - Maximum Organ Do	ose CHILD	LIVER 2	2.50E-01	2.00E+01	1.25E+00
Yr - Total Body Dose	CHILD	2	2.04E-01	6.00E+00	3.41E+00
Maximum Organ Critical Pathway: Potable Water Major Isotopic Contributors (5% or greater to total) Nuclide Percentage					
·	· `				
н-3	7.79E+01				
CS-137	L.69E+01				
CS-134	5.07E+00				

Total Body

Critical Pathway: Potable Water

Major Isotopic Contributors (5% or greater to total)

Nuclide Percentage
----H-3 9.54E+01

=== CONTINUOUS LIQUID RELEASE	ES (WC) ==:			Annual 200	08 =======
	Critical	Critical	Dose	Limit	Max % of
Period-Limit	Age	Organ	(mrem)	(mrem)	Limit
Yr - Maximum Organ Dose	CHILD	LIVER	3.77E-02	2.00E+01	1.89E-01
Yr - Total Body Dose	CHILD		3.77E-02	6.00E+00	6.29E-01

Maximum Organ

Critical Pathway: Potable Water

Major Isotopic Contributors (5% or greater to total)

Total Body

Critical Pathway: Potable Water

Major Isotopic Contributors (5% or greater to total)

 Nuclide
 Percentage

 ----- 1.00E+02

Attachment 2 Solid Waste Disposal Report

McGUIRE NUCLEAR STATION SOLID RADIOACTIVE WASTE SHIPPED TO DISPOSAL FACILITIES

TYPES OF WASTES SHIPPED	Number of	Number of	Container	Disposal		Waste	Total
Waste from Liquid Systems	Shipments	Containers	Туре	ft³	m³	Class	Curies
(A) dewatered powdex resin (brokered)	none		· ·				
(B) dewatered powdex resin	none				•		
(C) dewatered bead resin (brokered)	none						
(D) dewatered bead resin	none	•					
(E) dewatered radwaste system resin	none						•
(F) dewatered primary bead resin	· 1	1	HIC	27.49	0.78	• В	1.17E+02
(G) dewatered mechanical filter media	none						
(H) dewatered mechanical filter media (brokered)	3	24	HIC	42.78	1.21	С	3.44E+01
(I) solidified waste	none						•
Dry Solid Waste					•		
(A) dry active waste (compacte <u>d</u>)	none						
dry active waste (non-compacted)	none						
dry active waste (brokered/compacted)							
dry active waste (brokered/non-compacted)	25	81	DBP	4537.01	128.48	A/U	1.840E+00
(B) sealed sources/smoke detectors	none	, ÷.			•		
(C) sealed sources	none				٠.		•
(D) irradiated components	none	:					·
Totals	29	106		4607.28	130.47		1.532E+02

MCGUIRE NUCLEAR SITE SUMMARY OF MAJOR RADIONUCLIDE COMPOSITION 2008

Type of waste	Nuclide	% Abundance
Waste from liquid systems:		
A. Dewatered Powdex Resin (brokered)	No shipmer	nts in 2008
B. Dewatered Powdex Resin	No shipmer	nts in 2008
C. Dewatered Bead Resin (brokered)	No shipmer	nts in 2008
D. Dewatered Bead Resin	No shipmer	nts in 2008
E. Dewatered Radwaste System Resin (brok	kered) No shipmer	nts in 2008
F. Dewatered Primary Bead Resin (brokered)	
2008 - 017	Nuclide	%Abundance
	Mn-54 Co-57 Co-58 Co-60 Cs-137 Cs-134 Ni-63 Fe-55 Sb-125 H-3 Sr-90 Zn-65	2.55 1.29 6.98 16.90 1.37 .29 52.12 17.52 .84 .01 .02
· :		
		•

G. Dewatered Mechanical Filter Media

No shipments in 2008

H. Dewatered Mechanical Filter Media (brokered)

2008- 001	Nuclide	%Abundance
	Mn-54	3.13
	Co-57	.15
	Co-58	.09
	Co-60	28.32
,	Cs-137	1.82
	Cs-134	.36
	Fe-55	47.11
`	Ni-63	16.88
	Tc-99	.57
	C-14	.73
	Sb-125	.63
	Ce-144	.06
	Zn-65	.14
2008- 004	Nuclide	%Abundance
	Mn-54	6.82
•	Co-57	.39
	Co-58	13.05
	Co-60	21.53
	Cs-137	1.24
	Cs-134	.37
	Fe-55	42.39
	Fe-59	.03
	Ni-63	11.33
•	Cr-51	.05
	C-14	.48
	Zr-95	.59
	Sn-113	.10
	Sb-125	.56
	Ce-144	.15
	Zn-65	.44
	Tc-99	.38
	Nb-95	.10

008-006	<u>Nuclide</u>	<u>%Abundance</u>
	Mn-54	3.96
•	Co-57	.22
	Co-58	6.09
:	Co-60	26.12
	Cs-137	1.78
1	Cs-134	.33
	Fe-55	42.31
	Fe-59	.01
	Ni-63	16.60
	Cr-51	.03
	Zr-95	.28
	Sn-113	.05
	C-14	.72
	Sb-125	.57
	Ce-144	.08
	Zn-65	.23
	Tc-99	.56
	Nb-95	.06
•		

I. Solidified Waste

No shipments in 2008

2 D	rv So	id V	Vaste:
	.,		Tacto.

A. Dry Active Waste (compacted)

Compaction no longer performed on-site.

Dry Active Waste (non-compacted)

No shipments in 2008

Dry Active Waste (brokered/compacted)

No shipments in 2008

Dry Active Waste (brokered/non-compacted)

2008-002	<u>Nuclide</u>	%Abundance
	Mn-54	.02
	H-3	98.26
	Co-58	.12
•	Co-60	.42
	Cs-137	.02
	Fe-55	.77
•	Ni-63	.30
	C-14	.04
	Sb-125	.01
	Zr-95	.01
•	Nh-95	02

2008-003	<u>Nuclide</u>	%Abundance
	Mn-54	.02
	H-3	98.14
•	Co-58	.13
	Co-60	.44
	Cs-137	.02
	Fe-55	.82
·	Ni-63	.32
	C-14	.04
	Zr-95	.01
	Sb-125	.01
•	Nb-95	.02
2008-007	Nuclide	%Abundance
	Mn-54	1.15
	Co-57	.06
	Co-58	6.88
	Co-60	24.02
	Cs-137	1.28
	Fe-55	44.47
·:	Ni-63	17.33
• •	C-14	2.28
	Zr-95	.43
	Sb-125	.77
	Sr-90	.18
	Nb-95	1.14
2008-008	<u>Nuclide</u>	%Abundance
	Mn-54	1.15
	Co-57	.06
	Co-58	6.55
•	Co-60	24.17
	Cs-137	1.29
	Ni-63	17.38
	Fe-55	44.65
	Zr-95	.41
	C-14	2.29
	Sb-125	.77
	Sr-90	.18
	Nb-95	1.02

	·		
2008-009	<u>Nuclide</u>	%Abundance	
	Mn-54	1.15	
	Co-57	.06	
	Co-58	7.03	
	Co-60	24.00	
•	Cs-137	1.26	
	Fe-55	44.41	
	Ni-63	17.24	
	C-14	2.28	
	Zr-95	.44	
	Sb-125	.77	
	Sr-90	.18	
	Nb-95	1.17	
		•	
2008-010	<u>Nuclide</u>	%Abundance	
2000-010	Hadiac	/UNDATIONALIOC	
	Mn-54	1.15	
	Co-57	.06	
	Co-58	7.06	
	Co-60	23.96	
	Cs-137	1.28	
	Fe-55	44.36	
	Ni-63	[*] 17.29	
	C-14	2.27	
	Zr-95	.44	
	Sb-125	.76	
	Sr-90	.18	
	Nb-95	1.19	
2008-011	Nuclide	%Abundance	./
•			
	Mn-54	1.14	
	Co-57	.06	
	Co-58	6.63	
	Co-60	24.18	
	Cs-137	1.28	
	Fe-55	44.58	
	Ni-63	17.41	
	C-14	2.30	
	Zr-95	.41	
	Sb-125	.77	
	Sr-90	.18	
	Nb-95	1.04	

•			
	A1	0/41	
2008-012	<u>Nuclide</u>	%Abundance	٠
	Mn-54	1.15	
	Co-57	.06	
	Co-58	6.61	
	Co-60 Cs-137	24.19	
	Cs-137 Fe-55	1.29 44.55	
	Ni-63	17.46	
	C-14	2.30	
	Zr-95	.41	
	Sb-125	.77	
	Sr-90	.18	
	Nb-95	1.03	
2008-013	<u>Nuclide</u>	%Abundance	
	Mn-54	1.15	
	Co-57	.06	
	Co-58	6.79	
	Co-60	24.05	
	Cs-137	1.28	
	Fe-55	44.54	
	Ni-63	17.37 2.29	
	C-14 Zr-95	.42	
	Sb-125	.42 .77	
·	Sr-90	.18	
	Nb-95	1.09	
2008-014	<u>Nuclide</u>	%Abundance	
200-014	w		
	Mn-54	1.16	
	Co-57	.06	
	Co-58	7.28	
	Co-60 Cs-137	23.88 1.27	
	Fe-55	44.25	
	Ni-63	17.17	
	C-14	2.26	
	Zr-95	.46	
	Sb-125	.76	•
	Sr-90	.18	
	Nb-95	1.27	
		•	
		•	

	2008-018	<u>Nuclide</u>	%Abundance
	,	Mn-54	1.16
,		Co-57	.06
		Co-58	7.29
		Co-60	23.85
		Cs-137	1.27
		Fe-55	44.27
		Ni-63	17.14
		C-14	2.26
		Zr-95	.46
		Sb-125	.76
		Sr-90	.18
		Nb-95	1.30
• .	2008-019	Nuclide	%Abundance
		Mn-54	1.12
••		Co-57	.06
		Co-58	5.27
		Co-60	24.69
		Cs-137	1.32
,		Fe-55	45.18
		Ni-63	18.02
	*	C-14	2.38
		Zr-95	.32
		Sb-125	.78
		Sr-90	.19
		Nb-95	.68
	2008-020	<u>Nuclide</u>	%Abundance
	·	Mn-54	1.15
	·	Co-57	.06
		Co-58	7.02
		Co-60	23.98
		Cs-137	1.27
	•	Fe-55	44.40
		Ni-63	17.27
		C-14	2.28
		Zr-95	.44
		Sb-125	.76
		Sr-90	.18
		Nb-95	1.18
	•		
	•		

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	2008-021		<u>Nuclide</u>	%Abundance	
			Mn-54	1.14	
			Co-57	.06	
		, '	Co-58	6.52	
			Co-60	24.17	
•			Cs-137	1.29	
	· .		Fe-55 Ni-63	44.67 17.48	
	•		C-14	2.30	
			Zr-95	.40	
,			Sb-125	.77	
	•	,	Sr-90	.18	
			Nb-95	1.00	
	2008-024	•	Nuclide	%Abundance	
• .			Mn-54	1.14	
			Co-57	.06	
			Co-58	6.05	
			Co-60	24.45	
			Cs-137	1.30	
			Fe-55	44.84	
			Ni-63	17.65	
	•	•	C-14 Zr-95	2.33 .37	
			2r-95 Sb-125	.37 .77	
			Sr-90	.18	
		•	Nb-95	.85	
	2008-025		<u>Nuclide</u>	%Abundance	
	, 1		Mn-54	1.12	
			Co-57	.06	
	•		Co-58	5.38	
			Co-60	24.65	
	•		Cs-137	1.32	
	•		Fe-55	45.23	
			Ni-63	17.93	
	,		C-14	2.37	
			Zr-95 Sb-125	.33 .78	
			Sr-90	.19	
			Nb-95	.66	
			•		
			*,		
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				,		
					•	
			2008-027		<u>Nuclide</u>	%Abundance
				,	Mn-54	1.16
	·	•			Co-57	.06
				•	Co-58	7.15
					Co-60	23.90
					Cs-137	1.27
					Fe-55	44.32
					Ni-63	17.26
	•				C-14	2.27
	•				Zr-95	.45
					Sb-125	.76
					Sr-90	.18
					Nb-95	1.22
	•				115 00	1122
			2008-028		<u>Nuclide</u>	%Abundance
			•		Mn-54	1.15
					Co-57	.06
				·	Co-58	6.96
					Co-60	24.03
	•			•	Cs-137	1.28
					Fe-55	44.39
					Ni-63	17.31
					C-14	2.28
		: /			Zr-95	.44
					Sb-125	.76
					Sr-90	.18
,		•			Nb-95	1.16
	•			·	•	
			2008-030		Nuclide	%Abundance
					Mn-54	1.16
					Co-57	.06
					Co-58	7.26
					Co-60	23.84
					Cs-137	1.27
					Fe-55	44.32
	,		•		Ni-63	17.17
			•		C-14	2.26
				•	Zr-95	.46
				•	Sb-125	.76
					Sr-90	.18
			. •		Nb-95	1.27
	•					•

2008-034	<u>Nuclide</u>	%Abundance
	Mn-54	1.16
	Co-57	.06
	Co-58	7.20
	Co-60	23.87
	Cs-137	1.27
	Fe-55	44.33
	Ni-63	17.20
	C-14	2.27
•	Zr-95	.45
	Sb-125	.76
	Sr-90	.18
	Nb-95	1.25
,		·
2008-037	<u>Nuclide</u>	%Abundance
	Mn-54	1.16
	Co-57	.06
	Co-58	7.18
	Co-60	23.92
•	Cs-137	1.27
	Fe-55	44.31
·	Ni-63	17.20
	C-14	2.27
	Zr-95	.45
	Sb-125	.76
	Sr-90	.18
	Nb-95	1.25
2008-038	Nuclide	%Abundance
	Mn-54	2.77
	Co-57	.10
	Co-58	.12
	Co-60	37.34
	Cs-137	.02
•	Fe-55	38.87
	Ni-63	17.17
	C-14	.02
	Zr-95	.33
	Sb-125	1.49
· ·	Sr-90	.04
	Sn-113	.07
	Ce-144	.02
	Pu-238	.01
	Am-241	.01
	Nb-95	.62

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			•	
	2008-039	<u>Nuclide</u>	%Abundance	
	•	Mn-54	2.88	
		Co-57	.11	
		Co-58	1.44	
		Co-60	36.79	
		Cs-137	.02	
		Fe-55	38.78	
		Ni-63	16.82	
		C-14	.02	
		Zr-95	.43	
		Sb-125	1.49	
		Sr-90	.04	
		Sn-113	.08	
		Ce-144	.02	
	•	Pu-238	.01	
		Am-241	.01	
		Nb-95	1.06	
	2008-041	<u>Nuclide</u>	%Abundance	
			•	·
		Mn-54	1.19	
		Co-57	.06	
		Co-58	7.06	
•		Co-60	24.15	
		Cs-137	1.24	•
		Fe-55	44.26	
	•	Ni-63	17.16	
		C-14	2.22	·
		Zr-95	.45	
		Sb-125	.78	
		Sr-90 Nb-95	.18 1.24	
,	2008-042	<u>Nuclide</u>	%Abundance	
	•	Mn-54	2.81	
	•	Co-57	.10	•
		Co-58	1.21	
	·	Co-60	37.18	
		Cs-137	.02	
		Fe-55	38.86	
		Ni-63	17.05	
		C-14	.02	,
		Zr-95	.36	
		Sb-125	1.49	
		Sr-90	.04	
		Sn-113 Ce-144	.07 .02	
		Pu-238	.02 .01	
		Am-241	.01	•
		Nb-95	.74	
•	11			
	•			

B. Sealed Sources

No shipments in: 2008

C. Sealed Sources/Smoke Detectors

No shipments in 2008

D. Irradiated Components

No shipments in 2008

Attachment 3 Unplanned Offsite Releases

McGUIRE NUCLEAR STATION

UNPLANNED RELEASES

(January 1, 2008 through December 31, 2008)

There were two unplanned liquid radioactive releases to the environment in 2008. There was one unplanned gaseous radioactive effluent release to the environment in 2008.

February 03, 2008

Memorandum To: Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report

CC: Steve Mooneyhan, H. J. Sloan, Joyce Correll, C.D. Ingram, Jim Kammer, Ken Ashe, Kay Crane

From: William C. Spencer

RP Staff

Radiation Protection McGuire Nuclear Station

Re: Unplanned release from the WC system Final Hold up Pond Reference PIP M-08-0585

Event Summary:

See referenced PIP for details.

Assuming the water was leaked from the pond to the under surface of the ground and the total volume reached the Catawba River. A conservative calculation indicates 5.0E-3 curies of tritium were released from the FHP during this event. This would equate to a Total Body dose of 5.39E-5 mRem.

Sequence of events:

- 1/28/08 Water transfer from Mix pond B to the FHP was initiated to allow for treatment to resolve a foaming issue seen at outfall #002 during a normal WC pond release to Catawba river.
- 1/29/08 @ 1620 Gravity drain to FHP was secured. FHP placed in recirculation as part of the treatment plan to resolve the foaming issue. FHP level ~0.8 mg (million gallons).
- 2/1/08 @ 1020 FHP recirculation secured. FHP level ~0.75 mg. CHM suspected leak in recirculation piping. No evidence of uncontrolled discharge identified at outfall #002 (normal WC release path). FHP level was marked with tape to check for further decrease in level. (Recirculation pumps off and valves isolated.)
- 2/3/08 @ 0930 CHM verified FHP level @ ~0.66 mg. Notified EH&S on duty contact. Sampled FHP & initiated PIP M-08-00585. Started pumping FHP to "B"mix pond. CHM performed surveillance around and below the pond to identify any spill sites. None were found. No water was seen coming from the ground as a result of this event.
- 2/4/08 @ 0900 FHP level @ 0.43 mg. Secured FHP pumping to "B" mix pond. Sampled and started "A" mix pond discharge to river. CHM made decision to monitor level of FHP and if still dropping, secure discharge on 2/5/05 and pump FHP to in-service mix pond.
- 2/4/08 @ ~1100 sampling was requested from monitoring wells 84, 84R, 82, 103,103R to identify ground water impact below the Pond.
- 2/4/08 @ 1600 No change in level of FHP noted since 0900. Started pumping FHP to "B" mix pond. Total volume lost from FHP conservatively estimated to be ~140K gallons.

The total liquid activity released was reported on Liquid Waste Release (LWR) # 2008014. The unplanned activity was evaluated against off site dose limits using current ODCM methodology on the attached reports.

Safety Significance:

The health and safety of the public were not compromised by this event. The total activity released was insignificant. Calculated dose to the Total Body (5.39E-5 mRem) is less than one tenth of one percent (<0.10%) of the dose limit specified by Selected Licensee Commitments and Code of Federal Regulations.

W.C. Spencer RP Staff Support Radiation Protection McGuire Nuclear Station

Joyce Correll General Supervisor Radiation Protection McGuire Nuclear Station

February 15, 2008

Memorandum To: Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report

CC: Steve Mooneyhan, H. J. Sloan, Joyce Correll, C.D. Ingram, Jim Kammer, Ken Ashe, Kay Crane

From: William C. Spencer

RP Staff

Radiation Protection McGuire Nuclear Station

Re: Unplanned release from the WC discharge pH analyzer Reference PIP M-08-0692

Event Summary:

See referenced PIP for details.

Sample water from pH test probes was found to be released to the ground southwest of the WC system Final Holdup Pond (FHP). The flow from test probes is 1.3 gpm triggered by normal WC discharge to the Catawba River. This event was discovered via follow up investigation from loss of volume from the FHP. (See PIP M-08-0585) The WC release was secured stopping the pH sampler release.

Assuming the water discharged from the analyzer to the ground on site and the total annual volume reached the Catawba River. Using 2006 WC release data a conservative calculation indicates 1.27E-2curies (8.35E-3 Ci in 2007) of tritium was released to an area southwest of the (FHP). This would equate to a Total Body dose of 1.36E-4 mRem for the year. The highest total activity from the previous 3 years was used as the most conservative estimate.

The total liquid activity released each year from this path is insignificant and will not be included in the annual dose from effluents. Regulatory Guide 1.109 "Calculation of Annual Doses to Man From Routine Releases of Reactor Effluents for the Purpose of Evaluating Compliance with 10 CFR part 50, Appendix I" allows insignificant dose from pathways that are not more than 10% of the total from all pathways considered in the guide to be ignored. The annual dose from this event conservatively estimated is less than 1% of the total from all pathways.

The unplanned activity was evaluated against off site dose limits using current ODCM methodology on the attached reports.

Preliminary on site soil samples taken in the discharge plume identified Cs-137 at levels ~200pCi/L which are similar in concentration to REMP sediment samples normally obtained down stream of the WC discharge outfall. Follow up sampling activities will be reported in PIP M-08-0692.

Safety Significance:

The health and safety of the public have not been compromised by this event. The total activity released was insignificant. Calculated annual dose to the Total Body (1.36E-4 mRem) is less than one tenth of one percent (<0.10%) of the dose limit specified by Selected Licensee Commitments and Code of Federal Regulations.

W.C. Spencer RP Staff Support Radiation Protection McGuire Nuclear Station

Joyce Correll General Supervisor Radiation Protection McGuire Nuclear Station

January 22, 2008

Memorandum To: Annual Radioactive Effluent Release Report

CC: Steve Mooneyhan, H. J. Sloan, Joyce Correll, C.D. Ingram, Jim Kammer, Ken Ashe, Kay Crane

From: William C. Spencer

RP Staff

Radiation Protection McGuire Nuclear Station

Re: Unplanned release to the Unit 1 Vent Reference PIP M-08-0379

Event Summary:

See referenced PIP for details.

On January 22, 2008 10:15, a normal WGDT-E release was initiated to the Unit 1 Vent. At initiation of the release a high rad trip occurred on 0EMF-50 immediately terminating the release. While investigating the trip actuation a pressure drop of ~0.5 psig from WGDT-B (in-service tank) was observed and a pressure increase of ~0.5 psig was seen in WGDT-E. Attempts to release WGDT-E were terminated. From trend analysis of 0 EMF 50, increased counts were seen from one ~76,000 cpm spike which caused the Trip 2 actuation (auto release termination). Trending the Unit Vent Monitor 1EMF-36 indicated no counts above normal background. No off site release limits were challenged.

A conservative calculation indicates 3.15E-3 curies of fission and activation gas (noble gas) were released to the Unit 1 Vent during this event. The source of the noble gas is suspected to be due to leak-by from 1 WG-288 (Hydrogen re-combiner isolation valve) into the WGDT-E tank and discharge line.

Sequence of events:

- On 1/21/08 WGDT-E was sampled for a planned release on 1/22/08.
- 1/22/08 10:15 WGDT-E release started.
- 10:15 an instantaneous spike was seen on 0 EMF 50 of ~ 76,000 cpm and the release was auto terminated.
- 10:15 release secured by Chemistry.
- Chemistry reported ~0.5 psig pressure drop (20 ft3) released from WGDT-B to Unit 1 Vent.
- WGDT-B sampled to account for activity released to the unit 1 vent.
- SRPMP 8-2 "Investigation of Unusual Radiological Occurrences" was completed to document the Unplanned Release investigation.
- HP/0/B/1003/050 RP procedure for WGDT release put on Technical Hold.

The total Noble gas activity released was reported on (GWR) Gaseous Waste Release # 2008004. The unplanned activity was evaluated against off site dose limits using current ODCM methodology on the attached spreadsheet.

Safety Significance:

The health and safety of the public were not compromised by this event. The total activity released was insignificant. Calculated dose and dose rate to the Total Body, Skin, Gamma Air, and Beta Air were all less than one percent (<1.0%) of the limits specified by Selected Licensee Commitments and Code of Federal Regulations.

W.C. Spencer RP Staff Support Radiation Protection McGuire Nuclear Station Joyce Correll General Supervisor Radiation Protection McGuire Nuclear Station

Attachment 4 Fuel Cycle Calculation

McGuire Nuclear Station 2008 Radioactive Effluent Releases 40CFR190 Uranium Fuel Cycle Dose Calculation Results

In accordance with the requirements of 40CFR190, the annual dose commitment to any member of the general public shall be calculated to assure that doses are limited to 25 millirems to the total body or any organ with the exception of the thyroid which is limited to 75 millirems. The fuel cycle dose assessment for McGuire Nuclear Station only includes liquid and gaseous effluent dose contributions from McGuire and direct and air-scatter dose from McGuire's onsite Independent Spent Fuel Storage Installation (ISFSI) since no other uranium fuel cycle facility contributes significantly to McGuire's maximum exposed individual. The combined dose to a maximum exposed individual from McGuire's effluent releases and direct and air-scatter dose from McGuire's ISFSI is well below 40CFR190 limits as shown by the following summary:

I. 2008 McGuire 40CFR190 Effluent Dose Summary

The 40CFR190 effluent dose analysis to the maximum exposed individual from liquid and gas releases includes the dose from noble gases (i.e., total body and skin).

Maximum Total Body Dose = 4.72E-01 mrem

Maximum Location: 0.5 Mile, East-Northeast Sector

Critical Age: Adult

Gas non-NG Contribution: 56%

Gas NG Contribution: 4% Liquid Contribution: 40%

Maximum Organ (other than TB) Dose = 4.87E-01 mrem

Maximum Location: 0.5 Mile, East-Northeast Sector

Critical Age: Child Critical Organ: Liver Gas Contribution: 49% Liquid Contribution: 51%

II. 2008 McGuire 40CFR190 ISFSI Dose Summary

Direct and air-scatter radiation dose contributions from the onsite Independent Spent Fuel Storage Installation (ISFSI) at McGuire have been calculated and documented in the "McGuire Nuclear Site 10CFR72.212 Written Evaluations" report. The maximum dose rate to the nearest resident from the McGuire ISFSI is conservatively calculated to be 14.5 mrem/year.

The attached excerpt from the "McGuire Nuclear Site 10CFR72.212 Written Evaluations" report is provided to document the method used to calculate the McGuire ISFSI 14.5 mrem/year dose estimate.

The following six pages are taken from the McGuire Nuclear Site, "Independent Spent Fuel Storage Installation", 10CFR72.212 Evaluation report.

C. 10CFR72.212(b)(2)(i)(C) - Requirements of 72.104

Criterion

"...the requirements of 72.104 have been met."

Evaluation

Historical TLD Monitoring

Attachment 3 documents the actual radiological dose at the owner controlled fence on top of the berm overlooking the ISFSI. Actual dose to the public from the ISFSI is only available at this owner controlled fence. Therefore, a normalization factor is derived by comparing the actual dose to the calculated dose. The normalization factor is applied to the calculated values for the intake waterway and the exclusion area boundary to approximate the actual dose values from the ISFSI in those areas around the plant.

From Attachment 3, the greatest dose is 0.058 rems during a 97 day period in the second quarter of 2004 (TLD location #76). This is equivalent to 0.0249 mrem per hour for a total population of ten TN-32 casks. The calculated dose for this same location using conservative computer models is 0.744 mrem per hour. A normalization value is derived by dividing the actual dose by the calculated dose, which is 0.0249/0.744 = 0.0335. Please note that the normalization factor will only be used for the TN-32 casks.

ISFSI Controlled Area Boundary (ISFSI and Site Operations)

It is stipulated in 10CFR72.104(a) that the annual dose equivalent to any real individual who is located beyond the controlled area of the ISFSI (as defined in 10CFR 72.3) must not exceed 25 mrem to the whole body, 75 mrem to the thyroid, and 25 mrem to any critical organ during normal operations and anticipated occurrences.³ This dose equivalent must include contributions from planned releases to the environment, direct radiation from ISFSI operations, and any other radiation from uranium fuel cycle operations within the region.

The combined and skyshine dose rates at various distances for one cask stored with 7 year cooled fuel (inner) and 10 year cooled fuel (outer) were analyzed by Transnuclear.⁴ The best-fit empirical equation for skyshine dose rate as a function of distance is $y = 0.0156e^{-0.0112x}$ for gammas and $y = 0.0274e^{-0.0129x}$ for neutrons, where y is dose rate (mrem/hr) and x is distance (meters), applicable from 20 to 1000 meters (page 22 of the calculation). Likewise, the best-fit empirical equation for total dose rate (direct and skyshine) as a function of distance is

³ For McGuire, compliance with this regulation will also assure compliance with 40 CFR Part 190.

⁴ TN Calc 1083-20, "TN-32 Cask for Duke Power, TN-32 MCMP Models for Determining Off-Site Doses," Rev. 0, dated 4/06/2000.

 $y = 492.69x^{-2.1688}$ for gammas and $y = 166.95x^{-2.0696}$ for neutrons, where y is dose rate (mrem/hr) and x is distance (meters), applicable from 20 to 80 meters (page 23 of the calculation).

Based upon conservative engineering judgment, the McGuire power generation contribution at the Exclusion Area Boundary (EAB) is determined to be 3 mrem per year. The 3 mrem per year is independent of the ISFSI.

The combined and skyshine dose rates at various distances for a 2x6 cask array with 5 year cooled fuel were analyzed by NAC.⁵ Skyshine dose rates are located in Table 6-4 on page 12 of the calculation and combined dose rates are located in Table 6-6 on page 14 of the calculation. Both tables account for the effects of both gammas and neutrons.

The controlled area of the MNS ISFSI is defined to be coextensive with the McGuire Nuclear Site EAB. The annual dose for a maximally exposed individual at this boundary must be below 25 mrem in accordance with 10CFR72.104 (cited above). For a conservative estimate, the individual is assumed to have a 100% occupancy time (8760 hours per year) at the boundary. The individual is also considered to be occupying the point on the EAB closest to the ISFSI, which would be just south of the Cowans Ford Dam close to the river. This point on the EAB is determined to be 425 meters from the ISFSI and the calculated dose only considers skyshine radiation. Direct radiation from the casks is shielded by the ground due to the significant drop in elevation from the ISFSI to the river. The combination of calculated and actual dose to an individual due to the ISFSI is determined to be 14.5 mrem and the dose due to McGuire power generation is 3 mrem per year for a total dose of 17.5 mrem per year. Therefore, the ISFSI controlled area boundary radiation limits are met for the McGuire ISFSI.

The selection of an individual on the EAB south of the dam is totally arbitrary in order to choose the closest point on the EAB to the ISFSI. This location is owned by Duke Energy and no member of the public would be permitted to occupy this location continuously. The regulations speak of the "real individual" when addressing radiation exposure. Factually, this "real individual" is located beyond the EAB on the eastern side of the plant.

General Environment from Total Nuclear Fuel Cycle (ISFSI and Site Operations) 40CFR190 applies to radiation doses received by members of the public in the general environment and to radioactive materials introduced to the general environment as the result of all operations which are part of the Nuclear Fuel Cycle. The McGuire ISFSI is located in the immediate proximity of McGuire Nuclear Station and as such compliance with 40CFR190 must be demonstrated.

⁵ NAC Calc 12418-5001, "Skyshine Evaluation of McGuire ISFSI," Rev.0, dated 11/26/03.

The McGuire UFSAR (Section 2.1.2.2, "Boundaries for Establishing Effluent Release Limits") and Selected Licensee Commitments Manual (Section 16.11, "Radiological Effluents Control") defines "unrestricted areas" to be coextensive with the EAB and beyond. Likewise, "general environment" is defined to be coextensive with the EAB and beyond.

It is stipulated in 40CFR190.10(a) that the annual dose equivalent shall not exceed 25 mrems to the whole body, 75 mrems to the thyroid, and 25 mrems to any other organ of any member of the public as a result of exposures to planned discharges of radioactive materials, radon and its daughters excepted, to the general environment from uranium fuel cycle operations and to radiation from these operations. As illustrated previously in showing compliance with 10CFR 72.104(a), the calculated dose at the EAB is 17.5 mrem per year, within the 25 mrem allowable limit. The summation of the doses from the ISFSI and McGuire power generation to the General Environment are well within the allowable limits.

Dose Inside ISFSI Controlled Area (ISFSI Operations)

Regulations permit the controlled area to be traversed by public roads and waterways as cited in 10CFR72.106(c). Since the public is permitted access into the controlled area at McGuire, the dose rate must be below 2 mrem per hour and the annual dose must be below 100 mrem within the controlled area.⁶

A member of the public is postulated to be located between the owner controlled fence and the EAB at a point close to the security buoys near the intake structure of the nuclear station, the closest approach for such an individual to the ISFSI. This area is accessible as shoreline covered with large stones for erosion control and is not a location where individual members of the public would typically be found. Regulatory Guide 1.109, "Calculation of Annual Doses to Man From Routine Releases of Reactor Effluents for the Purpose of Evaluating Compliance with 10 CFR Part 50, Appendix I," provides a recommended value of 67 hours per year of "shoreline recreation" for the maximum exposed individual in the vicinity of a nuclear station. Although the shoreline area near McGuire is not recreational in nature, use of this value as an occupancy factor would be conservative. For additional conservatism the residence time was more than doubled to 150 hours and utilized in the dose calculations for an individual in the vicinity of the McGuire intake structure close to the ISFSI.

The maximum dose rate at the owner controlled fence closest to the ISFSI was determined to be 0.409 mrem per hour (direct radiation and skyshine), within the 2 mrem per hour allowable limit. Finally, the annual dose resulting from ISFSI to the public inside the McGuire EAB in the vicinity of the intake structure, using a

⁶ 10CFR20.1301(b). See also 10CFR20.1301(a)(2).

residence time of 150 hours, is determined to be 8.48 mrem (skyshine only - earthen berm acts as a shield), within the 100 mrem allowable limit.

These calculations show that the McGuire ISFSI containing ten TN-32A casks and up to 36 NAC UMS casks meets the radiological requirements of 10CFR72.104, 10CFR20.1301 and 40CFR190.

Tabulations

Normalization Factor (NF)

TN-32A Casks

Actual radiological dose at the owner controlled fence divided by the calculated dose.

Actual dose = (0.058 rem X 1000 mrem/rem) / (97 days X 24-hrs/day) = 0.0249 mrem/hr

Calculated dose = 0.744 mrem/hr (see "top of berm at owner controlled fence" below)

NF = 0.0249/0.744 = 0.0335

Due to the amount of conservatisms utilized in the computer models, the actual measured dose at the owner controlled fence is only approximately 3% of the calculated values. Since historical TLD measurements are not available for the waterway and exclusion area boundary, the NF and calculated values are used to approximate the actual dose from the TN-32 casks for those two areas.

Top of berm at owner controlled fence - 70 meters from ISFSI

TN-32A casks

Using the previous equations for total dose and a distance of 70 meters the total dose rate (gammas and neutrons) for one cask is $7.443 \, \text{E}^{-02}$ mrem/hr.

(10) Casks X 7.443 E^{-02} mrem/hr = 0.744 mrem per hour

Actual measured dose rate for the first ten casks stored in the ISFSI = 0.0249 mrem per hour

NAC - UMS Casks

Using the calculated value from the NAC evaluation located in Table 6-6, "2x6 Cask Array Combined Dose Rates", the total dose rate (gammas and neutrons) at a distance of 70 meters is 1125.6 mrem/yr. This equates to:

(1125.6 mrem/yr) / (8760 hours per yr) = 0.128 mrem per hour

Total Expected Dose Rate at Owner Controlled Fence at Top of Berm

Ten TN-32A Casks (actual) plus (3X) 2X6 Array NAC UMS Casks (calculated)

0.0249 mrem per hr + 3(0.128) mrem per hr = 0.409 mrem per hr

Waterway beyond security buoys on other side of berm from ISFSI - 135 meters from ISFSI

TN-32A Casks

Using the previous equations for skyshine and a distance of 135 meters the skyshine dose (gammas and neutrons) for one cask is 8.24 E⁻⁰³ mrem/hr.

(10) Casks X 8.24 E^{-03} mrem/hr X 150 hrs (residence time/yr) = 12.36 mrem per year

Normalized actual dose = 0.0335 X 12.36 mrem/yr = 0.414 mrem per year

Total expected dose for-ten TN-32A casks (actual) 0.414 mrem per year

NAC-UMS Casks

Using the calculated value from the NAC evaluation located in Table 6-4, "2x6 Cask Array Scattered Dose Rates", the total dose rate (gammas and neutrons) at a distance of 135 meters is 157.3 mrem/yr. For a residence time of 150 hours this equates to:

 $(157.3 \text{ mrem/yr}) / (8760 \text{ hrs/yr}) \times 150 \text{ hrs (residence time/yr)} = 2.69 \text{ mrems / yr}$

Total Expected Dose at Waterway on Other Side of Berm

Ten TN-32A Casks (actual) plus (3X) 2X6 Array NAC UMS Casks (calculated)

0.414 mrem per year + 3(2.69) mrem per year = 8.48 mrem per year

<u>Individual Sited on Exclusion Area Boundary Below Dam - 425 meters from ISFSI</u>

TN-32A Casks

Using the previous equations for skyshine and a distance of 425 meters the skyshine dose (gammas and neutrons) for one cask is 2.48 E⁻⁰⁴ mrem/hr.

(10) Casks X 2.48 E^{-04} mrem/hr X 8760 hours per year = 21.7 mrem / yr

Normalized actual dose = $0.0335 \times 21.7 \text{ mrem/yr} = 0.727 \text{ mrem / yr}$

Total expected dose for ten TN-32A casks (actual) 0.727 mrem / yr

NAC-UMS Casks

Using the calculated value from the NAC evaluation located in Table 6-4, "2x6 Cask Array Scattered Dose Rates", the total dose rate (gammas and neutrons) at a distance of 425 meters is 4.6 mrem/yr.

Total Expected Dose at Exclusion Area Boundary

Ten TN-32A Casks (actual) plus (3X) 2X6 Array NAC UMS Casks (calculated)

0.727 mrem per year + 3(4.6) mrem per year = 14.5 mrem per year

McGUIRE NUCLEAR STATION

2008 METEOROLOGICAL JOINT FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTIONS

OF WIND SPEED, WIND DIRECTION, AND ATMOSPHERIC STABILITY

USING WINDS AT THE 10 METER LEVEL

(Hours of Occurrence)

PASQUILL STABILITY A

				-			- -					
					WIND	SPEED C	CLASS					
	0.75-	1.00-	1.25-	1.50-	2.00-	3.00-	4.00- 4.99	5.00- 5.99	6.00- 7.99	8.00- 9.99		TOTAL
	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.
SECTOR	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		.				,					
-N-	1	3	1	10	8	1			1	2	. 2	29
-NNE-		1	3	12	9	7	.]	1	.			33
-NE-			2	7	11	2	4	1				27
-ENE-			1	4	8	15	_ 3					31
-E-	.	.	. j	3	8	5	1		.		. 	17
-ESE-	.	.	.	3	7		.				.	10 +
-SE-	.		.	. 	4	1	.				.	5 +
-sse-	.	.		1	1	2			. .			4
-S-		.	· i	1		2	1				, 	9 +
-SSW-	.			2	4	4	4	2	.	•	. L	16
-SW-		1			19	9	6	1				36
-wsw-			1	8	14	4		1	1			29
-W-			.]	1	9		.	.	.			10
-WNW-			2	4	1	1		1	1			10
-NW-	1		2	4	3		1	1	-2	6		20
- NNW -	1	2	1	3	2	1	1	,	6	21	5	43
TOTAL	3	7	13	63	113	54	21	8	11	29	7	329

PASQUILL STABILITY B

					MI	ND SPEE	D CLASS	3					
	0.45-	0.75- 0.99	1.00-	1.25-	1.50-	2.00-	3.00- 3.99	4.00- 4.99	5.00-	6.00- 7.99		>9.99 M/S	TOTAL
	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.
SECTOR													<u> </u>
-N-		.		4	4	4.	1	2	1	2	4	1	 23
-NNE-		1	4	1	5	16	10	1	1	3	2		44
-NE-	2	.	1	2	4	6	6	7	5	2			35
-ENE-	.	.	.	1	3	11	13	4	1				33
-E-		.	.		.]	5	8	2	1				16
-ESE-	ļ	.	.	1	1	4	3	2	.				11
-SSE-	 .	.		1	1	5	1						8
-S-	 .	.			3	7	4			-			14
-SSW-		.			.	13	8	8	8			. ·	37
-SW-	· · ·		1	1	2	13	27	22	18	7	1		92
-WSW-		.	1	1	4	22	18	8	8	4			66
-W-	.	.	1	1	.	4	4	3	3	1			17
- WNW -			1	1	1	10	3	5	3	1	.		25
- NW -		.	2	1	3	6	1	2	8	11	8	· ·	42
-NNW-		1			7	1	1	2	7	23	10	· ·	52
TOTAL	2	2	11	15	38	127	108	68	64	54	25	1	 515

PASQUILL STABILITY C

					WI	ND SPEE	D CLASS	3 . 	. 				
	0.45-	0.75- 0.99	1.00- 1.24	1.25- 1.49	1.50- 1.99	2.00-	3.00-	4.00- 4.99	5.00- 5.99	6.00- 7.99	8.00- 9.99		TOTAL
	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.
SECTOR												,	
-N <i>-</i>		1	2	1	14	17	8	2	5	10	8		6
-NNE -			1	2	7	19	18	11	6	10	4	1	7
-NE-		.	.		6	21	19	24	11	7	1		8
-ENE-			.	1	7	15	10	4	1				3
-E-	.	.	.		6	9	13	1	.]	1	•		3
-ESE		.			2	5	2	1			.		1
-SE-	1	.	1	•	.	1	1	1	. [.		٠	
-SSE-		.			2	4	1	r .					
-S-		.	.		1	5	1	1					<u>.</u>
-SSW-		1	.		7	9	17	5	5				4
-SW-		.			2	16	, 35	17	18	8	3		9
-WSW-	1				.]	12	17	16	8	6	3	1	6
-W-					2	12	10	2	1	2	1		3
-WNW-	.	1	.			2	4	5	2	2	3		2
-NW-		2	2			3	2	6	6	19	14		5
-NNW-	1	2	1	4	2	5	5	1	12	25	10	3	7
TOTAL ,	3	7	7	9	63	155	163	97	75	90	47	5	72

PASQUILL STABILITY D

		·						. 					
					W	ND SPEE	D CLASS	3					
	0.45-	0.75-	1.00-	1.25-	1.50-	2.00-	3.00-	4.00- 4.99	5.00- 5.99	6.00- 7.99		>9.99 M/S	TOTAL
	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.
SECTOR													
-N-			6	6	33	52	36	56	28	20	· 1	į .	238
-NNE-	2	1	5	6	29	70	86	70	75	27	2		373
-NE-	. !	.]	4	6	37	137	208	239	122	19	6		778
-ENE-		.	3	5	41	109	98	67	11	1			335
-E-	.]	1	2	2	21	73	96	13	3				211
-ESE-	.]	1	1	11	22	61	46	19	8	1			170
-SE-	1		6	13	31	79	42	5	2	1		.	180
-SSE-	1	5	8	14	42	42	16						128
-S-	1	2	4	20	36	59	25	8	1	2		!	158
-ssw-	1	3	2	6	26	83	108	59	25	12		· .	325
-SW-	1	1	4	5	25	125	155	128	54	36	5	1	540
-wsw-		.	1	13	49	88	51	27	24	24	3	1	281
-W-	 	3	5	9	26	33	34	25	8	9	5	1	158
-wnw-		. 1	3	9	16	26	24	32	20	14	6	2	153
- NW -	1	4	7	9	10	35	43	32	28	29	8	2	208 +
-NNW-		3	8	10	15	29	41	41	24	25	7	2	205
-CALM-	3					.	.					. +	3
TOTAL	11	25	69	144	459	1101	1109	821	433	220	43	9	4444

PASQUILL STABILITY E

				- -							. 	
- -					WIND	SPEED C	CLASS)
	0.45-	0.75-	1.00-	1.25-	1.50- 1.99	2.00-	3.00- 3.99	4.00- 4.99	5.00- 5.99	6.00- 7.99		TOTAL
	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.
SECTOR												
-N-	1	2		4	7	8	4	1		.		2
-NNE-			1	6	3	10	2	3		1		2
-NE -	1			7	7	9	2	1		.		2
ENE-			3	4	6	11	4		.	1		2
-E- '		4	1	6	9	10	1			.	.	3
-ESE-		2	3	4	15	15	7	1	1			4
-\$E-	1	8	4	12	18	54	15			.		11
-SSE-	1	4	8	18	39	33	2	1		.		10
-S-		12	6	13	45	117	5	1	1	2		20
-SSW-	8	 3	15	10	33	151	39	3	1	2		26
-SW-	3	, 5	11	16	30	77	58	14	4	2	2	22
-wsw-	2	5	11	20	37	81	19	9	2	2	~. ·	18
-W-	1	4	6	8	22	38	13	2	2	2		5
-WNW-	1	5	5	5	16	22	22	3	. 2	1		8
-NW-		1	4	4	6	11	15	10	.3	2	2	5
-NNW-	1	+ .	1	1	3	10	4	1	2	3	1	2
-CALM-	3	+ 	* ~ .			.		. ·				
TOTAL	23	55	79	138	296	657	212	50	18	18	5	155

PASQUILL STABILITY F

	WIND SPEED CLASS													
	0.45-	0.75-	1.00-	1.25-	1.50-	2.00-	3.00-	4.00- 4.99	5.00- 5.99	TOTAL				
	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.				
SECTOR										 				
-N-	1	1	1	.	1	2	1			7				
-NNE-		•.	1		1				
-NE-		1	1	.	1	.	.]	.		3				
-E-		4	1	.	2	.				7				
-ESE-		1	.	.	2	1	.			4				
-SE-		2	·	2	3	2				9				
-SSE-	2	3	2	7	11	7		1		33				
-S-	2	11	12	13	24	48	2			112				
-SSW-	3	13	15	24	31	23	1	1	•	111				
-SW-	2	17	13	17	15	21	2	.		87				
-WSW-	5	12	14	19	27	27	4	.		. !				
-W-	3	6	10	10	14	16	1	1		61				
-WNW-	4		3	5	2	8	4			26				
-NW-		3	3	1	1	.	1		1	10				
-NNW-	1	3	1	.		` 1				6				
-CALM-	1			1				
TOTAL	24	77	77	98	134	156	16	3	1	586				

PASQUILL STABILITY G

			WIND	SPEED (CLASS			
	0.45-	0.75- 0.99	1.00- 1.24	1.25-	1.50-	2.00-		TOTAL
	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.
SECTOR								
-N-	1			.				1
-NNE-	.		.	1	.	1		2
-E-		2				·	•.	2
-SE-	1	.	1			· 		2
-SSE-	1	2	1		2	1		7
-S-	3	4	3	5	10	2		27
-SSW-	18	25	36	10	9	3		101
-SW-	7	42	20	9	9	.		87
-WSW-	9	11	10	5	5	1	1	42
-W-	2	9	4	3	1	4		23
-WNW-	3	4		3		1		11
-NNW-			1	ا .		·+		1
-CALM-	1		.			·		1
 TOTAL	46	99	76	36	36	13	1	307

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ALL STABILITY CLASSES

,	 					ND SPEE	D CLASS					·	
, '	0.45-	0.75-	1.00-	1.25-	1.50-	2.00-	3.00-	4.00-	5.00-	6.00- 7.99	8.00- 9.99	>9.99 M/S	TOTAL
	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.	NO.
SECTOR													
-N-	3	5	12	16	. 69	91	51	61	34	33	15	3	393
-NNE-	2	2	13	19	56	125	123	85	83	4 1	8	1	558
-NE-	3	1	6	17	62	184	237	275	139	28	7		959
-ENE-		.	6	12	61	154	140	78	13	2			466
-E-		11	4	8	41	105	123	17	, 4	1			314
-ESE-		4	4	16	45	93	58	23	9	1			253
-SE-	4	10	12	27	52	140	59	6	2	1	•		313
-SSE-	5	14	19	40	98	93	22	2	.	.			293
-S-	6	29	25	51	120	243	39	11	2	4	٠		530
-SSW-	30	45	68	50	108	286	177	80	41	14			899
-sw-	13	65	50	48	83	271	286	187	95	53	11	1	1163
-WSW-	17	28	37	59	130	245	114	60	43	37	6	2	778
-W-	6	22	26	31	66	116	62	33	14	14	6	1	397
-WNW-	8	11	12	26	43	70	58	45	28	19	9	2	331
-NW-	1	11	18	17	25	58	62	51	47	63	38	2	393
-NNW-	3	10	14	16	30	48	52	46	45	82	49	10	405
-CALM-	8	. !			8
TOTAL	109	268	326	453	1089	2322	1663	1060	599	393	149	22	8453

Attachment 5 Inoperable Monitoring Equipment

McGuire Nuclear Station

Inoperable Monitoring Equipment

(January 1, 2008 through December 31, 2008)

There were no SLC related effluent monitoring instruments out of service greater than the SLC limits for operability.

Attachment 6 Groundwater Protection Initiative

McGUIRE NUCLEAR STATION INFORMATION TO SUPPORT THE NUCLEAR ENERGY INSTITUTE (NEI) GROUNDWATER PROTECTION INITIATIVE

Duke Energy implemented a Groundwater Protection Program in 2007. This program is designed to ensure timely and effective management of situations involving inadvertent releases of licensed material to ground water. As part of this program, McGuire Nuclear Station has sixty ground water monitoring wells. These wells are currently being sampled quarterly. All samples are being analyzed for tritium and gamma emitters, with selected wells being analyzed for Strontium 89 and 90. No gamma activity (other than naturally occurring radionuclides) or Strontium was identified in any of the well samples. Results from sampling during 2008 confirmed existing knowledge of tritium concentrations in the site ground water (shown in the table below). No new areas for investigation were identified.

Results from sampling during 2008 are shown in the table below.

	·	Avg. Tritium	Conc.	# of
Well Name	Well Location	Conc.(pCi/l)	Range	<u>Samples</u>
M-20	South of Here 72	647	577 - 738	5
M-20R	South of Hwg. 73	 	495 - 759	5
	South of Hwg. 73	610	<- 229	5
M-21	South of Hwg. 73	223		5
M-22	South of Hwg. 73	176	<- 175	
M-22R	South of Hwg. 73	565	422 - 857	5
M-23	South of Acs. Rd.	293	<-293	5
M-30	WWCB	<	<	4
M-30R	WWCB	251	208 - 282	4
M-31	Access road	<	<	5
M-32	Main entrance	· <	<	4
M-34R	Access road	<	<	4
M-34DR	Access road	167	< - 167	4
M-35	Access road	<	<	5
M-42	U-2 Rx. Bldg.	1,160	970 - 1,390	4 .
M-48	U-2 SFP	818	769 - 879	3
M-48R	U-2 SFP	808	747 - 884	4
M-48DR	U-2 SFP	689	589 - 753	4
M-53	North of plant	1,140	1,040 - 1,200	4
M-55	North Admin. Bldg.	243	< - 312	4
M-59	U-2 Doghouse	819	645 - 991	4
M-60	MOC Parking	194	< - 194	5
M-62	S of RWF	251	< - 251	4
M-64	Rdwst. Bldg.	588	505 - 644	4
M-66	S of SSF	561	405 - 707	4
M-66R	S of SSF	<	· <	4
M-68	U-1 RMWST	1,073	843 - 1,280	4
M-70	U-1 SFP	361	301 - 405) 4
M-70R	U-1 SFP	252	169 - 315	4
M-70DR	U-1 SFP	<	<	4

M-72	Rdwst. Trench	635	541 - 799	4
M-76	West of U-1 SFP	469	277 - 936	4
M-82	River	1,601	1,590 - 1,820	13
M-84	River	5,174	4,890 - 6,150	14
M-84R	River	6,913	6,930 - 7,490	14
M-85	River	1,463	1,390 - 1,530	4
M-87	Landfarm	309	258 - 345	4
M-89	Landfarm	763	510 - 956	4
M-90	Landfarm	246	246	1
M-91	East of WC	294	242 - 356	5
M-91R	East of WC	276	185 - 543	5
M-92	N of WC Ponds	278	219 - 354	4
M-92R	N of WC Ponds	<	<	4
M-93	North of IHUP	298	249 - 343	4
M-93R	North of IHUP	330	276 - 446	4
M-94	SE of IHUP	< '	<	4
M-95	Lower Parking	273	< - 385	4
M-95R	Lower Parking	<	<	4
M-96	West Parking	<	. <	. 4
M-96R	West Parking	<	< '	4
M-97	East Parking	245	< - 285	4
M-98	S of Admin. Bldg.	<	<	4
M-98R	S of Admin. Bldg.	<	<	4
M-100R	SE of WC	343	<-393	4
M-101	SE of WC	282	/ 174 - 358	4
M-102	SW of WC	7,895	7,610 - 8,200	4
M-103	South of WC	2,924	2,560 - 3,960	13
M-103R	South of WC	2,058	1,740 - 3,010	13
M-104R	West of WC	10,650	10,200 - 11,000	4
M-104DR	West of WC	5,753	5,480 - 6,030	4
M-105	Landfarm	387	387	1

pCi/l - pico curies per liter

20,000 pCi/l - the Environmental Protection Agency drinking water standard for tritium. This standard applies only to water that is used for drinking.

1,000,000 pCi/l - the 10CFR20, Appendix B, Table 2, Column 2, Effluent Concentration limit for tritium.

< - less than minimum detectable activity, typically 250 pCi/liter