12.0 RADIATION PROTECTION

This chapter provides information on radiation protection methods and estimated occupational radiation exposures of operating and construction personnel during normal operation and anticipated operational occurrences (AOOs). AOOs may include refueling; fuel handling and storage; radioactive material handling, processing, use, storage, and disposal; maintenance; routine operational surveillance; inservice inspection (ISI); and calibration. Specifically, this chapter provides information on facility and equipment design, planning and procedures programs, and techniques and practices employed by the applicant to meet the radiation protection standards set forth in Title 10 of the *Code of Federal Regulations* (10 CFR) Part 20, and to be consistent with the guidance given in the appropriate regulatory guides (RGs), where the practices set forth in such guides are used to implement Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) regulations.

12.1 <u>Assuring That Occupational Radiation Exposures Are</u>
<u>As-Low-As-Reasonably Achievable (ALARA) (Related to RG 1.206,</u>
<u>Section C.III.1, Chapter 12, C.I.12.1, "Ensuring that Occupational Radiation</u>
Exposures are As Low As Is Reasonably Achievable")

12.1.1 Introduction

Section 12.1 addresses policy and design considerations to ensure that the occupational radiation exposure (ORE) to personnel will be kept as low as reasonably achievable (ALARA). The ALARA program is addressed in this section and in Appendix 12AA in the Bellefonte (BLN) Nuclear Plant, Units 3 and 4 combined license (COL) Final Safety Analysis Report (FSAR).

12.1.2 Summary of Application

Section 12.1 of the BLN COL FSAR incorporates by reference Section 12.1 of the AP1000 Design Control Document (DCD), Revision 17.

In addition, in BLN COL FSAR Section 12.1, the applicant provided the following:

AP1000 COL Information Items

STD COL 12.1-1

The applicant provided additional information in Standard (STD) COL 12.1-1 to resolve COL Information Item 12.1-1 (COL Action Item 12.2.1-1), which addresses ALARA and operational policies and compliance with RGs.

Supplemental Information

• STD SUP 12.1-1

The applicant provided supplemental information by addressing equipment layout at the end of AP1000 DCD Section 12.1.2.3.

12.1.3 Regulatory Basis

The regulatory basis of the information incorporated by reference is addressed within the Final Safety Evaluation Report (FSER) related to the DCD.

In addition, the relevant requirements of the Commission regulations for the ALARA, and the associated acceptance criteria, are given in Section 12.1 of NUREG-0800, "Standard Review Plan for the Review of Safety Analysis Reports for Nuclear Power Plants," (SRP).

The applicable regulatory requirements and guidance for STD COL 12.1-1 and STD SUP 12.1-1 are as follows:

- 10 CFR Part 20, "Standards for Protection against Radiation"
- 10 CFR 20.1101, "Radiation Protection Programs"
- 10 CFR 19.12, "Instructions to Workers"
- RG 1.8 (Rev. 3), "Qualification and Training of Personnel for Nuclear Power Plants"
- RG 1.33 (Rev. 2), "Quality Assurance Program Requirements (Operation)
- RG 8.8 (Rev. 3), "Information Relevant to Ensuring that Occupational Radiation Exposures at Nuclear Power Stations Will Be ALARA"
- RG 8.10 (Rev. 1-R), "Operating Philosophy for Maintaining Occupational Radiation Exposures ALARA"
- NUREG-1736, "Consolidated Guidance: 10 CFR Part 20 Standards for Protection Against Radiation"

12.1.4 Technical Evaluation

The NRC staff reviewed Section 12.1 of the BLN COL FSAR and checked the referenced DCD to ensure that the combination of the DCD and the information in the COL represent the complete scope of information relating to this review topic. The NRC staff's review confirmed that the information contained in the application and incorporated by reference addresses the required information relating to ensuring that the ORE to personnel will be kept ALARA. Section 12.1 of the AP1000 DCD is being reviewed by the staff under Docket Number 52-006. The NRC staff's technical evaluation of the information incorporated by reference related to ensuring that the ORE to personnel will be kept ALARA will be documented in the staff safety evaluation report (SER) on the design certification (DC) application for the AP1000 design.

The staff reviewed the information contained in the BLN COL FSAR:

¹ See Section 1.2.2 for a discussion on the staff's review related to verification of the scope of information to be included within a COL application that references a DC.

AP1000 COL Information Item

• STD COL 12.1-1

The applicant provided additional information in STD COL 12.1-1, related to ALARA and Operational Policies, to resolve COL Information Item 12.1-1. COL Information Item 12.1-1 states:

Operational considerations of ALARA, as well as operational policies and continued compliance with 10 CFR 20 and RGs 1.8, 8.8, and 8.10, will be addressed by the Combined Operating License applicant. In addition, the Combined Operating License applicant will address operational considerations of the Standard Review Plan to the level of detail provided in RG 1.70. RGs that will be addressed include: 8.2, 8.7, 8.9, 8.13, 8.15, 8.20, 8.25, 8.26, 8.27, 8.28, 8.29, 8.34, 8.35, 8.36, and 8.38.

The commitment was also captured as COL Action Item 12.2.1-1 in Appendix F of the NRC staff's FSER for the AP1000 DCD (NUREG-1793), which states:

The COL applicant will review all plant procedures and modification plans that involve personnel radiation exposure to ensure that the ALARA policy is applied. In addition, a COL applicant referencing the AP1000 certified design will address operational ALARA concerns and will submit an operational ALARA policy which conforms to the requirements of 10 CFR Part 20 and the recommendations of Revision 2 to RG 1.8, RG 8.8, and Revision 1-R to RG 8.10.

In response to COL Action Item 12.2.1-1 in the BLN COL FSAR (Revision 1) as STD COL 12.1-1:

This section incorporates by reference [Nuclear Energy Institute] NEI 07-08, "Generic FSAR Template Guidance for Ensuring That Occupational Radiation Exposures Are As Low As Is Reasonably Achievable (ALARA)," Revision 2, which is currently under review by the NRC staff. See Table 1.6-201. ALARA practices are developed in a phased milestone approach as part of the procedures necessary to support the Radiation Protection Program. Table 13.4-201 describes the major milestones for ALARA procedures development and implementation.

STD COL 12.1-1 includes a commitment to the use of a "Generic FSAR Template Guidance for Ensuring That Occupational Radiation Exposures Are as Low as Is Reasonably Achievable (ALARA)," as an operational program document, based on draft NEI Template 07-08, Revision 2. The NEI template presents the functional elements of an ALARA program, which, if met, would demonstrate compliance with 10 CFR 20.1101 and 10 CFR 19.12. Accordingly, BLN FSAR Section 12.1, STD COL 12.1-1 needs to be updated as to its commitment to the final NEI ALARA template if it is accepted by the NRC staff. Therefore, the staff cannot find the applicant's reference to the NEI 07-08 template to be acceptable until the staff completes its review of this template as a method to meet the regulatory requirements of an ALARA program, and the BLN FSAR is updated to reference the final version of this template. This is identified as **Open Item 12.1-1**.

The NRC staff review finds that BLN FSAR Section 12.1 and Appendix 12AA describe programs and procedures that ensure ORE will be ALARA in accordance with the training requirements in 10 CFR 19.12 and the ALARA provisions of 10 CFR 20.1101(b). The ALARA policy will be described, displayed, and implemented in accordance with the provisions of RG 8.8 (Regulatory Position C.1) and RG 8.10 (Regulatory Position C.1) and NUREG-1736, as it relates to maintaining doses ALARA.

According to BLN FSAR Appendix 12AA, NEI 07-03, NEI 07-08, and Chapter 13, "Conduct of Operations," specific individual(s) will be designated and assigned responsibility and authority for implementing ALARA policy at the BLN site. The Functional Manager in charge of Radiation Protection and the Radiation Protection staff periodically will review, update, and modify as appropriate, plant design features and changes, as well as all operating and maintenance features, using exposure data and experience gained from operating nuclear power plants to ensure that occupational exposures will be kept ALARA in accordance with RG 8.8 guidance.

Using the guidance of Section 12.1 of NUREG-0800, the staff finds BLN FSAR Section 12.1 and Appendix 12AA are in accordance with the ALARA provisions of 10 CFR 20.1101(b) and RG 8.8 (Regulatory Position C.2) and will include incorporation of measures for reducing the need for time spent in radiological areas; measures to control access to radiological areas; measures to reduce the production, distribution, and retention of activated corrosion products throughout the primary system; measures for assuring that ORE during decommissioning will be ALARA; reviews of design modifications by competent radiation protection personnel; instructions to engineers regarding ALARA design; experience from operating plants and past designs; and continuing facility design reviews.

Using the guidance of Section 12.1 of NUREG-0800, the staff finds that BLN COL FSAR Section 12.1 and Appendix 12AA describe an acceptable program to develop plans and procedures in accordance with RGs 1.33, 1.8, 8.8, and 8.10 that can incorporate the experiences obtained from facility operation into facility and equipment design and operations planning and that will implement specific exposure control techniques.

Initially, it was not clear to the NRC staff when the appropriate ALARA program and planning procedures would be implemented as described in the proposed License Conditions (Part 10 of the BLN, Units 3 and 4 COL application). Therefore, the staff issued request for additional information (RAI) 12.1-1. In a letter dated September 22, 2008, the applicant stated that ALARA focused procedures are developed in conjunction with the Radiation Protection Program (RPP) and thus will follow the RPP milestones for implementation found in FSAR Table 13.4-201. The applicant stated that FSAR Section 12.1, STD COL 12.1-1 text will be updated as to its commitment to the final ALARA program implementation. The NRC staff finds the RAI response acceptable because it clearly identified that ALARA practices will be in place at the same time as the RPP. The NRC staff verified that Revision 1 of the BLN COL FSAR adequately incorporates the above. As a result, RAI 12.1-1 is closed. For a discussion related to the proposed license condition related to the RPP, which includes ALARA practices, refer to SER Section 12.5.5.

In accordance with 10 CFR 20.1101(b), the staff finds that overall facility operations, as well as the RPP as described in BLN COL FSAR Section 12.5, Appendix 12AA, and NEI 07-03 will integrate the procedures necessary to ensure that radiation doses are ALARA, including work scheduling, work planning, design modifications, and radiological considerations. Operating and maintenance personnel will follow specific plans and procedures to ensure that goals related to keeping exposures ALARA are achieved in the operation of the plant. Engineering

controls for the protection of personnel will be optimized. Operations involving high person-Sievert (person-rem) exposures will be carefully preplanned and carried out by personnel who are well trained in radiation protection and using proper equipment. During maintenance activities, in radiological areas, personnel will be monitored for exposure to radiation and contamination. Their radiation exposures will be reviewed and used to make changes in future job procedures and techniques.

The BLN FSAR states that COL information item, STD COL 12.1-1 is addressed in NEI 07-08, and Appendix 12AA of the BLN COL FSAR, which references NEI 07-03. The staff has reviewed the current version of NEI 07-03 and NEI 07-08 with respect to compliance with RG 1.8. The NEI 07-03 template states that the Radiation Protection Manager, Radiation Protection Technicians, and Radiation Protection Supervisory and Technical Staff will be trained and qualified in accordance with the guidance of RG 1.8. In a letter dated March 18, 2009 (ML090510379), the NRC accepted NEI 07-03, Revision 7. Specifically, the NRC staff indicated that for COL applications, NEI 07-03, Revision 7 provides an acceptable template for assuring that the RPP meets the applicable NRC regulations and guidance. Since the BLN COL FSAR has not yet adopted the approved version of the NEI template, this is identified as **Confirmatory Item 12.1-1**. At present, the NRC has not accepted NEI-07-08 as an acceptable template to be used by the COL applicants. As a result, this is identified as **Open Item 12.1-1**.

Supplemental Information

• STD SUP 12.1-1

The applicant added the following text to the end of Section 12.1.2.3, "Facility Layout General Design Considerations for ALARA," of the DCD included in the DC amendment:

A video record of the equipment layout in areas where radiation fields are expected to be high following operations may be used to assist in ALARA planning and to facilitate decommissioning.

The NRC staff acknowledges STD SUP 12.1-1 as a statement of fact not requiring NRC review.

12.1.5 Post Combined License Activities

The COL holder activities related to ALARA practices (part of the RPP) are discussed in Section 12.5.5 of this SER.

12.1.6 Conclusion

The NRC staff reviewed the application and checked the referenced DCD. The NRC staff's review confirmed that the applicant addressed the required information relating to ALARA, and there is no outstanding information expected to be addressed in the BLN COL FSAR related to this section.

The Westinghouse application to amend Appendix D to 10 CFR Part 52 includes changes to Section 12.1 of the AP1000 DCD, as stated in Revision 17 of the AP1000 DCD. The staff is reviewing this information on Docket Number 52-006. The results of the NRC staff's technical evaluation of the information incorporated by reference in the BLN COL FSAR will be documented in a supplement to NUREG-1793. The supplement to NUREG-1793 is not yet

complete, and this is being tracked as part of Open Item 1-1. The staff will update Section 12.1 of this SER to reflect the final disposition of the DC application.

However, as a result of Open Item 12.1-1 concerning NEI 07-08, and Confirmatory Item 12.1-1 concerning NEI 07-03, the staff is unable to finalize its conclusion on STD COL 12.1-1 involving ALARA and operational policies.

12.2 Radiation Sources

12.2.1 Introduction

This section addresses the issues related to contained radiation sources and airborne radioactive material sources during normal operations, anticipated operational occurrences, and accident conditions affecting in-plant radiation protection.

12.2.2 Summary of Application

Section 12.2 of the BLN COL FSAR incorporates by reference Section 12.2 of the AP1000 DCD, Revision 17.

In addition, in BLN COL FSAR Section 12.2, the applicant provided the following:

AP1000 COL Information Item

STD COL 12.2-1

The applicant provided additional information in STD COL 12.2-1 to resolve COL Information Item 12.2-1 (COL Action Item 12.3.1-1) which addresses miscellaneous sources.

12.2.3 Regulatory Basis

The regulatory basis of the information incorporated by reference is addressed within the FSER related to the DCD.

In addition, the relevant requirements of the Commission regulations for the radiation sources, and the associated acceptance criteria, are given in Section 12.2 of NUREG-0800.

The applicable regulatory requirements for STD COL 12.2-1 are as follows:

- 10 CFR Sections 20,1801, "Security of Stored Material," and 20.1802, "Control of Material Not in Storage,"
- 10 CFR Part 50, Appendix A, General Design Criterion (GDC) 61, "Fuel Storage and Handling and Radioactivity Control"

12.2.4 Technical Evaluation

The NRC staff reviewed Section 12.2 of the BLN COL FSAR and checked the referenced DCD to ensure that the combination of the DCD and the information in the COL represent the complete scope of information relating to this review topic. The NRC staff's review confirmed that the information contained in the application and incorporated by reference addresses the

required information relating to radiation sources. Section 12.2 of the AP1000 DCD is being reviewed by the staff under Docket Number 52-006. The NRC staff's technical evaluation of the information incorporated by reference related to radiation sources will be documented in the staff SER on the DC application for the AP1000 design.

The staff reviewed the information contained in the BLN COL FSAR:

AP1000 COL Information Item

STD COL 12.2-1

The applicant provided additional information in STD COL 12.2-1, related to miscellaneous sources, to resolve COL Information Item 12.2-1. COL Information Item 12.1-1 states:

The Combined License applicant will address any additional contained radiation sources not identified in subsection 12.2.1, including radiation sources used for instrument calibration or radiography.

The same commitment was also captured as COL Action Item 12.3.1-1 in Appendix F of the NRC staff's FSER for the AP1000 DCD (NUREG-1793).

The applicant provided additional information in the BLN COL FSAR to address the plant STD COL 12.2-1 dealing with miscellaneous sources. The applicant stated that licensed sources containing byproduct, source and special nuclear material that warrant shielding consideration will meet the applicable requirements of 10 CFR Parts 20, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 40, 50 and 70. The applicant indicated that there are byproducts and source materials with known isotopes and activity manufactured for the purpose of measuring, checking, calibrating, or controlling processes quantitatively or qualitatively. Accordingly, written procedures will be established and implemented that address procurement, receipt, inventory, labeling, leak testing, surveillance, control, transfer, disposal, storage, issuance and use of these radioactive sources. Also, the applicant indicated that sources maintained on-site for instrument calibration purposes will be shielded while in storage to keep personnel exposure ALARA.

The regulatory requirements cited in the above paragraph address the requirements applicable to sources that would likely be used in conjunction with construction, preoperational, and initial testing. The applicant will implement the practices for radioactive material control as described in NEI 07-03, Section 12.5.4.10, "Radioactive Material Control." In a letter dated March 18, 2009 (ML090510379), the NRC accepted NEI 07-03, Revision 7. Specifically, the NRC staff indicated that for COL applications, NEI 07-03, Revision 7 provides an acceptable template for assuring that the RPP meets the applicable NRC regulations and guidance. Since the BLN FSAR has not adopted the approved version of the NEI template, this is identified as Confirmatory Item 12.1-1.

The staff concludes that the information provided by the applicant with respect to radiation sources is acceptable and meets the requirements of 10 CFR Sections 20.1801 and 20.1802 and GDC 61. This conclusion is based on the applicant's commitment to the NEI 07-03 administrative controls to meet the regulatory requirements. These controls apply to the additional contained radiation sources discussed in the COL item. The staff notes that its review did not encompass the entire set of requlatory requirements cited by the applicant (10 CFR Parts 20, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 40, 50 and 70), since the staff's review is focused on radiation protection requirements on sources used in conjunction with the RPP.

12.2.5 Post Combined License Activities

There are no post-COL activities related to this section.

12.2.6 Conclusion

The NRC staff reviewed the application and checked the referenced DCD. The NRC staff's review confirmed that the applicant addressed the required information relating to radiation sources, and there is no outstanding information expected to be addressed in the BLN COL FSAR related to this section.

The Westinghouse application to amend Appendix D to 10 CFR Part 52 includes changes to Section 12.2 of the AP1000 DCD, as stated in Revision 17 of the AP1000 DCD. The staff is reviewing this information on Docket Number 52-006. The results of the NRC staff's technical evaluation of the information incorporated by reference in the BLN COL FSAR will be documented in a supplement to NUREG-1793. The supplement to NUREG-1793 is not yet complete, and this is being tracked as part of Open Item 1-1. The staff will update Section 12.2 of this SER to reflect the final disposition of the DC application.

However, as a result of Confirmatory Item 12.1-1 concerning NEI 07-03, the staff is unable to finalize its conclusion on STD COL 12.2-1 involving ALARA and operational policies.

12.3 Radiation Protection Design Features

Section 12.3, "Radiation Protection Design Features" and the following Section 12.4, "Dose Assessment," are treated as separate sections in the SER (as well as in the AP1000 DCD). However, these two sections are listed as a single section, Section 12.3-12.4, "Radiation Protection Design Features," in both RG 1.206 and NUREG-0800, with the material discussed under the section "Dose Assessment" included in a section at the end of Section 12.3.

12.3.1 Introduction

This section addresses the issues related to radiation protection equipment and design features used to ensure that occupational radiation exposures are ALARA. It takes into account design dose rates, anticipated operational occurrences, and accident conditions. These issues include the facility design features, shielding, ventilation, area radiation and airborne radioactivity monitoring instrumentation, and dose assessment.

12.3.2 Summary of Application

Section 12.3 of the BLN COL FSAR incorporates by reference Section 12.3 of the AP1000 DCD, Revision 17.

In addition, in BLN COL FSAR Section 12.3, the applicant provided the following:

AP1000 COL Information Items

STD COL 12.3-1

The applicant provided additional information in STD COL 12.3-1 to resolve COL Information Item 12.3-1 (COL Action Item 12.4.2-1), which addresses the administrative controls for use of the design features provided to control access to radiological restricted areas.

STD COL 12.3-2

The applicant provided additional information in STD COL 12.3-2 to resolve COL Information Item 12.3-2 (COL Action Item 12.4.4-1), which addresses the criteria and methods for obtaining representative measurement of radiological conditions, including airborne radioactivity concentrations in work areas.

STD COL 12.3-3

The applicant provided additional information in STD COL 12.3-3 to resolve COL Information Item 12.3-3, which addresses the groundwater monitoring program beyond the normal radioactive effluent monitoring program.

STD COL 12.3-4

The applicant provided additional information in STD COL 12.3-4 to resolve COL Information Item 12.3-4, which addresses program to ensure documentation of operational events deemed to be of interest for decommissioning.

12.3.3 Regulatory Basis

The regulatory basis of the information incorporated by reference is addressed within the FSER related to the DCD.

In addition, the relevant requirements of the Commission regulations for the radiation protection design features, and the associated acceptance criteria, are given in Section 12.3 of NUREG-0800.

The applicable regulatory requirements and guidance for STD COL 12.3-1 are as follows:

- 10 CFR Part 20
- RG 1.8 (Rev. 3)
- RG 8.9 (Rev. 1), "Acceptable Concepts, Models, Equations, and Assumptions for a Bioassay Program"
- RG 8.38, (Rev. 1) "Control of Access to High and Very High Radiation Areas in Nuclear Power Plants"

NUREG-1736

The applicable regulatory requirements and guidance for STD COL 12.3-2 are as follows:

- 10 CFR Parts 19, 20, and 50
- NUREG-0737, "Clarification of TMI Action Plan Requirements," Item III.D.3.3
- RG 1.8, (Rev.3)
- RG 8.2, (Rev. 0), "Guide for Administrative Practices in Radiation Monitoring"
- RG 8.8, (Rev.3)
- RG 8.10, (Rev. 1R)
- RG 1.21, (Rev. 1), "Measuring, Evaluating, and Reporting Radioactive Material in Liquid and Gaseous Effluents and Solid Waste," Appendix A
- RGs 1.97, (Rev. 4) "Instrumentation for Light-Water-Cooled Nuclear Power Plants to Assess Plant Conditions During and Following an Accident,"

The applicable regulatory requirements and guidance for STD COL 12.3-3 and STD COL 12.3-4 are as follows:

- 10 CFR 20.1406, "Minimization of Contamination"
- 10 CFR 50.75, "Reporting and Recordkeeping for Decommissioning Planning"
- RG 4.21, (Rev. 0) "Minimization of Contamination and Radioactive Waste Generation: Life Cycle Planning"

12.3.4 Technical Evaluation

The NRC staff reviewed Section 12.3 of the BLN COL FSAR and checked the referenced DCD to ensure that the combination of the DCD and the information in the COL represent the complete scope of information relating to this review topic. The NRC staff's review confirmed that the information contained in the application and incorporated by reference addresses the required information relating to radiation protection design features. Section 12.3 of the AP1000 DCD is being reviewed by the staff under Docket Number 52-006. The NRC staff's technical evaluation of the information incorporated by reference related to the radiation protection design features will be documented in the staff SER on the DC application for the AP1000 design.

The staff reviewed the information contained in the BLN COL FSAR:

AP1000 COL Information Items

• STD COL 12.3-1

The applicant provided additional information in STD COL 12.3-1, related to the administrative controls for radiological protection, to resolve COL Information Item 12.3-1. COL Information Item 12.3-1 states:

The Combined License applicant will address the administrative controls for use of the design features provided to control access to radiologically restricted areas, including potentially very high radiation areas, such as the fuel transfer tube during refueling operations and to the reactor cavity.

The commitment was also captured as COL Action Item 12.4.2-1 in Appendix F of the NRC staff's FSER for the AP1000 DCD (NUREG-1793), which states:

The COL applicant will address the administrative controls for use of the design features provided to control access to radiologically restricted areas, including potentially very high radiation areas, such as the reactor cavity and the fuel transfer canal during refueling operations. The hatch to the spent fuel transfer canal will be treated as an entrance to a very high radiation area under 10 CFR Part 20 and will be locked during spent fuel transfer operations.

The applicant addressed this STD COL item in BLN COL FSAR, Appendix 12AA. This appendix incorporates by reference NEI 07-03, Revision 7. The NEI template directs COL applicants to describe the site-specific plant information for areas requiring administrative controls for very high radiation areas. To supplement NEI 07-03, Section 12.5.4.4, "Access Control," the applicant provided additional measures in Appendix 12AA for access controls such as signs, locks, plant manager (or designee) approval for entry, and radiation protection personnel accompaniment and exposure control for entry into very high radiation areas. The applicant also stated that a closed circuit television system may be installed in high radiation areas to allow remote monitoring of individuals entering high radiation areas by personnel qualified in radiation protection procedures.

The COL applicant will apply the administrative controls for the use of the design features to control access to very high radiation areas, such as the fuel transfer tube during refueling and to the reactor cavity during operations, and other radiologically restricted areas to comply with 10 CFR Sections 20.1601 and 20.1602. The opening of the fuel transfer hatch is administratively controlled, treated as an entrance to a very high radiation area, and is in place during spent fuel transfer operation.

The staff finds the applicant's approach meets the requirements of 10 CFR Sections 20.1601 and 20.1602, and is consistent with RG 8.38, Regulatory Position C1 and C3, which will ensure that an individual is unable to gain unauthorized or inadvertent access to such areas.

In a letter dated March 18, 2009 (ML090510379), the NRC accepted NEI 07-03, Revision 7. Specifically, the NRC staff indicated that for COL applications, NEI 07-03, Revision 7 provides an acceptable template for assuring that the RPP meets the applicable NRC regulations and guidance. Since the BLN FSAR has not adopted the approved version of the NEI template, this is identified as **Confirmatory Item 12.1-1**.

The NRC staff reviewed STD COL 12.3-1 dealing with administrative controls for radiological protection, using the text added in Appendix 12AA. The BLN COL FSAR Appendix 12AA, incorporates by reference NEI 07-03.

In Appendix 12AA, the applicant has taken exception to NEI 07-03, Section 12.5 to not conform to the guidance of the following regulatory guides:

RG 8.20, "Applications for Bioassay for I-125 and I-131"

RG 8.26, "Bioassay at Uranium Mills"

RG 8.32, "Criteria for Establishing a Tritium Bioassay Program"

The guidance documents were identified as outdated regulatory guidance in NUREG-1736, Consolidated Guidance: 10 CFR Part 20, "Standards for Protection Against Radiation," October 2001. NUREG-1736 describes that in conjunction with 10 CFR 20.1502(b), which requires licensees to monitor for likely intakes; 10 CFR 20.1204(a) and (b) prescribe how information obtained through monitoring is to be used when assessing exposures to workers from intakes. The NUREG recommends that licensees (and therefore applicants) consider the methods described in RG 8.9, "Acceptable Concepts, Models, Equations, and Assumptions for a Bioassay Program," for estimating intakes of radionuclides and determining the frequency of bioassay measurements. RG 8.9 provides updated methods and guidance that was previously contained in positions of the three RGs above. The applicant's commitment to RG 8.9 is sufficient to assure proper monitoring for intake of radionuclides.

In BLN COL FSAR, Appendix 12AA, the applicant took exception to the first paragraph of NEI 07-03, Section 12.5.2 to describe the equivalent key radiological protection positions for the BLN site. The description of organizational positions with specific radiation protection responsibilities is in BLN COL FSAR Section 13.1. BLN COL FSAR Section 13.1, "Organizational Structure of the Applicant," provides specific radiation protection responsibilities for key positions within the plant organization and the plant organization overall. Managers and supervisors within the plant operating organization are responsible for establishing goals and expectations for their organization and to reinforce behaviors that promote radiation protection. BLN COL FSAR Section 13.1.1, "Management and Technical Support Organization," and Section 13.1.2, "Operating Organization," provide the responsibilities of the organizations and positions to assure that radiological safety goals and expectations are adhered to.

The staff finds that the applicant's exception to NEI 07-03, Section 12.5.2 is acceptable because BLN COL FSAR Section 13.1 provides the key radiological safety responsibilities and organization consistent with RG 1.8.

• STD COL 12.3-2

The applicant provided additional information in STD COL 12.3-2, related to the criteria and methods for radiological protection, to resolve COL Information Item 12.3-2. COL Information Item 12.3-2 states:

The Combined License applicant will address the criteria and methods for obtaining representative measurement of radiological conditions, including airborne radioactivity concentrations in work areas. The Combined License applicant will also address the use of portable instruments, and the associated training and procedures, to accurately determine the airborne iodine

concentration in areas within the facility where plant personnel may be present during an accident.

The same commitment was also captured as COL Action Item 12.4.4-1 in Appendix F of the NRC staff's FSER for the AP1000 DCD (NUREG-1793).

The staff reviewed STD COL 12.3-2, dealing with criteria and methods for radiological protection. In BLN COL FSAR Section 12.3.4, the applicant presented the procedure detailing the criteria and methods for obtaining representative measurement of radiological conditions, including in-plant airborne radioactivity concentrations in accordance with applicable portions of 10 CFR Part 20 and consistent with the guidance in RGs 1.21, Appendix A, 8.2, 8.8, and 8.10.

The applicant also discussed the surveillance requirements and the frequency of scheduled surveillance that are consistent with the operational philosophy in RG 8.10. In Section 12.3.4, "Area Radiation and Airborne Radioactivity Monitoring Instrumentation," the applicant described the typical survey frequencies and varieties of surveys. The surveys described in general terms include radiation, contamination, airborne radioactivity, and job coverage surveys for occupational radiation workers during normal and off-normal conditions.

Appendix 12AA also describes qualification and training criteria for site personnel consistent with the guidance in RG 1.8 and as described in FSAR Chapter 13. Section 13.2, "Training," incorporates NEI 06-13A, "Template for an Industry Training Program Description." NEI 06-13A, Section 1.2.7, provides training for the use of survey instruments, use of analytical equipment, radiation protection procedures and emergency plan procedures.

The applicant discussed a portable iodine monitoring system used to determine the airborne iodine concentration in areas where plant personnel may be present routinely and during an accident which meets the guidance of NUREG-0737, Item III.D.3.3 and complies with 10 CFR Part 50, Appendix A. The applicant will incorporate the use of this sampling system into the emergency plan implementing procedures.

The NRC staff reviewed BLN COL FSAR Section 12.3.4 and Appendix 12AA, dealing with standards applied to the calibration and maintenance of portable radiation survey instruments. The applicant describes Area and Airborne Radioactivity Monitoring Instrumentation in BLN COL FSAR Section 12.3.4 and also in Section 14.2.9.4.27, "Portable Personnel Monitors and Radiation Survey Instruments."

The portable personnel monitor and radiation survey instrument testing verifies that the devices operate in accordance with their intended function in support of the RPP as described in Chapter 12. The applicant stated as a prerequisite that the monitors, instruments and certified test sources are on site. The applicant also stated that the general test method and acceptance criteria for the monitors and instruments would be source checked and tested in accordance with the manufactures' recommendations. The NRC staff determined that additional information should be provided in addition to the use of manufacturers' recommendations. Additional standards such as American National Standards Institute (ANSI) N42.17A-1989, as it relates to the accuracy and overall performance of portable survey instruments, and ANSI N323A-1997, as it relates to the calibration and maintenance of portable radiation survey instruments should be provided. In response to RAI 12.3-12.4-5, in a letter from the applicant, dated September 22, 2008; the applicant stated that it intends to revise the BLN COL FSAR to include maintenance and calibration of survey instruments and to update the version of the ANSI

standard in a future revision of the COL application. The NRC staff finds that Revision 1 of the BLN COL FSAR adequately addresses the above. As a result, RAI 12.3-12.4-5 is closed.

• STD COL 12.3-3

The applicant provided additional information in STD COL 12.3-3, related to the groundwater monitoring program, to resolve COL Information Item 12.3-3. COL Information Item 12.3-3 states:

The Combined License applicant will establish a groundwater monitoring program beyond the normal radioactive effluent monitoring program. If and as necessary to support this groundwater monitoring program, the Combined License applicant will install groundwater monitoring wells during the plant construction process. Areas of the site to be specifically considered in this groundwater monitoring program are as follows:

- West of the auxiliary building in the area of the fuel transfer canal
- West and south of the radwaste building
- East of the auxiliary building rail bay and the radwaste building truck doors

The applicant added text in BLN COL FSAR Appendix 12AA, Section 12AA.5.4.14 to the information incorporated from NEI 07-03 regarding the groundwater monitoring program.

The applicant stated that a groundwater monitoring program beyond the normal radioactive effluent monitoring program will be developed, if, and as necessary to support this groundwater monitoring program, design features will be installed during the plant construction process. The applicant discussed areas of the site to be specifically considered in this groundwater monitoring program.

The NRC staff evaluated the applicant's groundwater monitoring program to the criteria in 10 CFR 20.1406. 10 CFR 20.1406 requires the applicant to provide a description of how facility design and procedures for operation will minimize, to the extent practicable, contamination of the facility and the environment; facilitate eventual decommissioning; and minimize, to the extent practicable, the generation of radioactive waste. The regulatory guidance which describes an acceptable method for meeting the regulation was published in June 2008, RG 4.21, Revision 0, "Minimization of Contamination and Radioactive Waste Generation: Life Cycle Planning."

The groundwater monitoring program as described in BLN COL FSAR Appendix 12AA included some implementation considerations, but the program lacked a description of the key components of the program such as, types and periodicity of routine samples, threshold activity to be detected, actions to be taken upon detection, and quality assurance practices to be used to ensure reasonable assurance of prompt identification of leakage into the groundwater (RAI 12.3-12.4-1 and RAI 12.3-12.4-2).

The applicant stated in a letter dated September 22, 2008, that it will adopt the NEI 08-08, "Generic FSAR Template Guidance for Life Cycle Minimization of Contamination," Revision 0 template. If approved by the NRC, the applicant will provide additional description of site specific design features and procedures for operation that minimize contamination of the facility,

site, and environment. NEI 08-08 is currently under staff review. This is identified as **Open Item 12.3-1**.

As described in Section 11.2.1 2.4 of the AP1000 DCD, Revision 17, the exterior monitored liquid effluent discharge pipe is engineered to preclude leakage by either enclosure within a guard pipe and leakage monitoring, or is accessible for visual inspection in total from the Radwaste Building to the licensed release point for dilution and discharge. No valves, vacuum breakers, or other fittings are incorporated outside of buildings. In a supplemental response dated December 16, 2008, to RAI 12.3-12.4-1, the applicant provided a proposed revision to the BLN COL FSAR to describe the site-specific design of the external radioactive waste discharge line. The staff agrees with the applicant that the site-specific design will minimize the potential for undetected leakage from this discharge to the environment at a non-licensed release point, and complies with 10 CFR 20.1406. The proposed change to the BLN COL FSAR is acceptable subject to a formal revision to the BLN COL FSAR. Accordingly, this is identified as Confirmatory Item 12.3-1.

• STD COL 12.3-4

The applicant provided additional information in STD COL 12.3-4, related to the record of operational events of interest for decommissioning, to resolve COL Information Item 12.3-4. COL Information Item 12.3-4 states:

The Combined License applicant will establish a program to ensure documentation of operational events deemed to be of interest for decommissioning, beyond that required by 10 CFR 50.75. This or another program will include remediation of any leaks that have the potential to contaminate groundwater.

The applicant added text in Appendix 12AA, Section 12AA.5.4.15 to the information incorporated from NEI 07-03 dealing with a record of operational events of interest for decommissioning. The applicant discussed procedures established to document the operational events that are deemed of interest for decommissioning, beyond that required by 10 CFR 50.75. These documented operational events assist in developing a historical assessment of the nuclear facilities, thereby reducing time, effort, and hazards to personnel during decommissioning planning. This documentation will include identification of the remediation of any leaks, which have the potential to contaminate groundwater. The procedures that govern retention of these records, and the records themselves, should specify the retention period required to assure availability when they may be required (e.g., life of facility plus 30 years). The NRC staff requested in RAI 12.3-12.4-3 that the applicant include the operational and design COL information items that fully meet the objectives of RG 4.21, Revision 0 and hence the requirements of 10 CFR 20.1406, 'Minimization of Contamination.'

In response to the RAI, in a letter dated September 22, 2008, the applicant stated that it intended to adopt NEI 08-08. This document is intended to provide the description of additional site procedures for decommissioning records which will demonstrate compliance with 10 CFR 20.1406. This is identified as **Open Item 12.3-1**.

12.3.5 Post Combined License Activities

The COL holder activities related to the RPP are discussed in SER Section 12.5.5.

12.3.6 Conclusion

The NRC staff reviewed the application and checked the referenced DCD. The NRC staff's review confirmed that the applicant addressed the required information relating to radiation protection design features and there is no outstanding information expected to be addressed in the BLN COL FSAR related to this section.

The Westinghouse application to amend Appendix D to 10 CFR Part 52 includes changes to Section 12.3 of the AP1000 DCD, as stated in Revision 17 of the AP1000 DCD. The staff is reviewing this information on Docket Number 52-006. The results of the NRC staff's technical evaluation of the information incorporated by reference in the BLN COL FSAR will be documented in a supplement to NUREG-1793. The supplement to NUREG-1793 is not yet complete, and this is being tracked as part of Open Item 1-1. The staff will update Section 12.3 of this SER to reflect the final disposition of the DC application.

However, as a result of Confirmatory Item 12.1-1 concerning NEI 07-03, Open Item 12.3-1 concerning NEI 08-08, and Confirmatory Item 12.3-1 concerning final configuration of the radwaste liquid effluent discharge piping in the FSAR, the staff is unable to finalize its conclusion on STD COL 12.1-1 involving ALARA and Operational Policies, and STD COL 12.3-3 and STD COL 12.3-4 involving the groundwater monitoring program and records of operational events.

12.4 Dose Assessment

12.4.1 Introduction

This section addresses the issues related to estimating the annual personal doses associated with operation, normal maintenance, radwaste handling, refueling, ISI, and special maintenance (e.g., maintenance that goes beyond routine scheduled maintenance, modification of equipment to upgrade the plant, and repairs to failed components).

12.4.2 Summary of Application

Section 12.4 of the BLN COL FSAR incorporates by reference Section 12.4 of the AP1000 DCD, Revision 17.

In addition, in BLN COL FSAR Section 12.4, the applicant provided the following:

Supplemental Information

BLN SUP 12.4-1

The applicant provided supplemental information to address dose to construction workers by adding new sections after DCD Section 12.4.1.8.

12.4.3 Regulatory Basis

The regulatory basis of the information incorporated by reference is addressed within the FSER related to the DCD.

In addition, the relevant requirements of the Commission regulations for the dose assessment, and the associated acceptance criteria, are given in Section 12.4 of NUREG-0800.

The applicable regulatory requirements for BLN SUP 12.4-1 are as follows:

- 10 CFR 20.1101
- 10 CFR 20.1301
- 10 CFR 20.1302

12.4.4 Technical Evaluation

The NRC staff reviewed Section 12.4 of the BLN COL FSAR and checked the referenced DCD to ensure that the combination of the DCD and the information in the COL represent the complete scope of information relating to this review topic. The NRC staff's review confirmed that the information contained in the application and incorporated by reference addresses the required information relating to dose assessment. Section 12.4 of the AP1000 DCD is being reviewed by the staff under Docket Number 52-006. The NRC staff's technical evaluation of the information incorporated by reference related to the dose assessment will be documented in the staff SER on the DC application for the AP1000 design.

The staff reviewed the information contained in the BLN COL FSAR:

Supplemental Information

• BLN SUP 12.4-1

The applicant provided supplemental information regarding the dose to construction workers in the BLN COL FSAR. In this section, the applicant evaluated the potential radiological dose impacts to construction workers at the BLN, Units 3 and 4 resulting from the operation of Unit 3. Since a portion of the Unit 4 construction period overlaps operation of Unit 3, construction workers at Unit 4 would be exposed to direct radiation and gaseous radioactive effluents from Unit 3. Doses to construction workers during construction of Unit 3 are not evaluated since the only radiation sources prior to the start-up of Unit 3 are background sources. The applicant discussed, as part of the dose assessment, the site layout, radiation sources, construction worker dose estimates, compliance with dose regulations, and collective doses to Unit 4 workers.

The NRC staff reviewed BLN SUP 12.4-1, regarding dose to construction workers. The information provided in FSAR Sections 12.4.1.9 was not sufficient for the staff to validate and verify the estimated doses for Unit 4 construction workers. Without this information the staff could not verify that the applicant met the acceptance criteria in Section 12.3-12-4 of NUREG-0800 and complied with the dose limits in 10 CFR 20.1301 and 10 CFR 20.1302. The information provided should include the information necessary to reproduce the calculations or reference where the information was obtained and is available to the staff (RAI 12.3-12.4-4). In response to the RAI, in a letter dated September 22, 2008, the applicant provided additional information such that an independent assessment of the major aspects of the construction worker dose assessment could be conducted. The applicant provided the information and assumptions necessary to perform a GASPAR II calculation for the construction worker dose

when Unit 4 is under construction. The estimated maximum dose that is accessible to a construction worker is 0.071 mSv (7.1 mrem) per year. Collective dose to Unit 4 construction workers is estimated to be 0.0113 person-Sieverts (1.13 person-rem). BLN COL FSAR Section 12.4.1.9 and Table 12.4-201 documented compliance with 10 CFR 20.1301 and 10 CFR 20.1302. The staff's independent assessment based on the additional information provided by the applicant confirmed the BLN results. There is no BLN COL FSAR revision necessary. As a result, RAI 12.3-12.4-4 is closed.

Section 4.5 of Part 3, Environmental Report (ER), of the BLN COL application provides an analysis of the expected average annual dose that will be received by a construction worker at BLN Unit 4 during the construction period. Section 4.5.6 of the ER states that there will be a radiation protection and ALARA program for BLN Unit 4 construction workers that will meet the requirements of 10 CFR 20.1302. Section 4.6 of the ER Table 4.6-1 describes specific measures and controls. Contrary to the ER, BLN COL FSAR Section 12.4 does not contain any description of a construction worker program to address minimizing exposure during BLN Unit 4 construction. In RAI 12.3-12.4-6, the applicant was requested to describe the program that will ensure the construction workers will be monitored and that exposures will be minimized and maintained ALARA in accordance with 10 CFR 20.1101(b). This is identified as **Open Item 12.4-1**.

12.4.5 Post Combined License Activities

There are no post-COL activities related to this section.

12.4.6 Conclusion

The NRC staff reviewed the application and checked the referenced DCD. The NRC staff's review confirmed that the applicant addressed the required information relating to the dose assessment, and there is no outstanding information expected to be addressed in the BLN COL FSAR related to this section.

The Westinghouse application to amend Appendix D to 10 CFR Part 52 includes changes to Section 12.4 of the AP1000 DCD, as stated in Revision 17 of the AP1000 DCD. The staff is reviewing this information on Docket Number 52-006. The results of the NRC staff's technical evaluation of the information incorporated by reference in the BLN COL FSAR will be documented in a supplement to NUREG-1793. The supplement to NUREG-1793 is not yet complete, and this is being tracked as part of Open Item 1-1. The staff will update Section 12.4 of this SER to reflect the final disposition of the DC application.

However, as a result of Open Item 12.4-1 concerning a construction worker program to address minimizing exposure during BLN Unit 4 construction, the staff is unable to finalize its conclusion on BLN SUP 12.4-1.

12.5 <u>Health Physics Facilities Design (Related to RG 1.206, Section C.III.1, Chapter 12, C.I.12.5, "Operational Radiation Protection Program")</u>

12.5.1 Introduction

This section addresses the objectives and design of the health physics (HP) facilities. The health physics facilities are designed with the objectives of:

- Providing capability for administrative control of the activities of plant personnel to limit personnel exposure to radiation and radioactive materials ALARA and within the requirements of 10 CFR Part 20.
- Providing capability for administrative control of effluent releases from the plant to maintain the releases ALARA and within the limits of 10 CFR Part 20 and the plant Technical Specifications.

12.5.2 Summary of Application

Section 12.5 of the BLN COL FSAR incorporates by reference Section 12.5 of the AP1000 DCD, Revision 17.

In addition, in BLN COL FSAR Section 12.5, the applicant provided the following:

Tier 2 Departure

BLN DEP 18.8-1

The applicant described the following Tier 2 departure (DEP) from the AP1000 DCD. The applicant proposed revising the first sentence of AP1000 DCD Section 12.5.2.2, "Facilities," to state that the ALARA briefing room is located off the main corridor immediately beyond the main entry to the annex building.

AP1000 COL Information Item

STD COL 12.5-1

The applicant provided additional information in STD COL 12.5-1 to resolve COL Information Item 12.5-1 (COL Action Item 12.6-1), which addresses the RPP description.

License Condition

License Condition 3, Items C.1, D.2, G.4, and K.1

The actual milestones for the RPP are listed in Table 13.4-201.

12.5.3 Regulatory Basis

The regulatory basis of the information incorporated by reference is addressed within the FSER related to the DCD.

In addition, the relevant requirements of the Commission regulations for the HP facilities design, and the associated acceptance criteria, are given in Section 12.5 of NUREG-0800.

The applicable regulatory requirements and guidance for STD COL 12.5-1 are as follows:

- 10 CFR 20
- RG 8.2

- RG 8.4, (Rev 0), "Direct Reading and Indirect Reading Pocket Dosimeters"
- RG8.6, (Rev 0), "Standard test Procedures for Gieger-Muller Counters"
- RG 8.8
- RG 8.9
- RG 8.10
- RG 8.28, (Rev. 0), "Audible-Alarm Dosimeters"
- NUREG-1736

The applicable regulatory requirement for License Condition 3 Items C.1, D.2, G.4, and K.1 is as follows:

10 CFR 20.1101

12.5.4 Technical Evaluation

The NRC staff reviewed Section 12.5 of the BLN COL FSAR and checked the referenced DCD to ensure that the combination of the DCD and the information in the COL represent the complete scope of information relating to this review topic. The NRC staff's review confirmed that the information contained in the application and incorporated by reference addresses the required information relating to the HP facilities design. Section 12.5 of the AP1000 DCD is being reviewed by the staff under Docket Number 52-006. The NRC staff's technical evaluation of the information incorporated by reference related to the HP facilities design will be documented in the staff SER on the DC application for the AP1000 design.

The staff reviewed the information contained in the BLN COL FSAR:

Tier 2 Departure

BLN DEP 18.8-1

The applicant revised the first sentence of DCD Section 12.5.2.2 to read: "The ALARA briefing room is located off the main corridor immediately beyond the main entry to the annex building." The staff's evaluation of this departure is found in Chapters 13 and 18 of this SER.

AP1000 COL Information Item

STD COL 12.5-1

The applicant provided additional information in STD COL 12.5-1, addressing the RPP description, to resolve COL Information Item 12.5-1. COL Information Item 12.5-1 states:

The Combined License applicant will address the organization and procedures used for adequate radiological protection and to provide methods so that personnel radiation exposures will be maintained ALARA.

The same commitment was also captured as COL Action Item 12.6-1 in Appendix F of the NRC staff's FSER for the AP1000 DCD (NUREG-1793). The applicant stated that STD COL 12.5-1 is addressed in Appendix 12AA of the BLN COL FSAR. This appendix incorporates by reference NEI 07-03, Revision 3. The applicant described revisions to NEI 07-03 and supplemental information in Appendix 12AA of the BLN COL FSAR. The staff evaluated the revised text and supplemental information provided in conjunction with the referenced NEI 07-03, Revision 3 template. These revisions and supplements address STD COL Items 12.1-1, 12.3-1, 12.3-3, 12.3-4, and 12.5-1. The applicant's proposed revisions and supplements are:

- 1. Specific organizational positions were described in Chapter 13 of BLN COL FSAR; and Sections 12.5.2.1 through 12.5.2.5 are not incorporated in Appendix 12AA.
- 2. Facilities, as described in general terms in NEI 07-03, Revision 3 are not incorporated in BLN COL FSAR Appendix 12AA; facilities, instrumentation, and equipment are described in DCD Section 12.5.2.
- 3. Supplemental information was provided for NEI 07-03, Section 12.5.3.3 to describe compliance with 10 CFR 20.1703(b) and 10 CFR 20.1705 when National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (U.S. Public Health Service) tested and certified respiratory protection equipment is not used.
- 4. The following headings and associated material that are described in general terms in NEI 07-03, Revision 3 are not incorporated in Appendix 12AA. Radwaste Handling, Spent Fuel Handling, Normal Operation, and Sampling are described in DCD Section 12.5.3.
- 5. Supplemental information was provided for NEI 07-03, Section 12.5.4.4 to describe the use of a closed circuit television system to allow remote monitoring for high radiation areas access.
- 6. Supplemental information was provided for NEI 07-03, Section 12.5.4.4 to describe access control measures for very high radiation areas. Locations and radiological controls of the radiation zones are described on plant diagrams in DCD Section 12.5.3.
- 7. Appendix 12AA revised NEI 07-03, Section 12.5.4.7 to clarify the location of the COL applicant's management policy, organizational responsibility authorities for implementing an effective ALARA program, and the establishment and implementation of radiation protection.
- 8. The applicant revised the second bullet of NEI 07-03, Section 12.5.4.7 II to require that the functional manager in charge of radiation protection be responsible for defining the value for "Significant exposures" and the associated activities within written procedures. The example value described in NEI 07-03 includes activities that are estimated to involve greater than 1 person-rem of collective dose.
- 9. The COL applicant added text after the last bullet of NEI 07-03, Section 12.5.4.8 to adopt NEI 08-08 that is currently under review by the NRC staff.
- 10. The COL applicant added information to NEI 07-03,, Section 12AA.5.4.14 and Section 12AA.5.4.15 to adopt NEI 08-08 that is currently under review by the NRC staff.

The applicant describes the exceptions and supplemental information to NEI 07-03 that reference additional design and site-specific information necessary to clearly identify the source of the information addressed in the RPP as described in Appendix 12AA. The applicant's description provides sufficient detailed information supporting the exceptions or revisions such that the information described provides clear direction as to organizational structure, facilities, management policy for ALARA, and where the threshold for significant with exposures will be described. The NRC staff agrees that the applicant's exceptions to NEI 07-03, noted above are acceptable because these exceptions and the supplemental information satisfy the regulatory requirements of 10 CFR 20.1106 (b), the acceptance criteria of Sections 12.1 and 12.5 of NUREG-0800 and the regulatory guidance in RG 8.8, Position C.1.b, RG 8.9, and RG 8.10, Positions C.1.a, and C.2.

The applicant added Appendix 12AA, "Appendix 12AA, Radiation Protection Program Description," after Section 12.5 of the DCD. In this appendix the applicant incorporates by reference NEI 07-03, Revision 3. The applicant indicated that Table 13.4-201 provides milestones for radiation protection operational program implementation.

The NRC staff reviewed STD COL 12.5-1 dealing with the RPP description in BLN COL FSAR Appendix 12AA. The additional controls described in STD COL 12.5-1 are consistent with the discussion in NUREG-1736 regarding Bioassay programs for personnel monitoring and are consistent with the applicant's commitment to RG 8.9. The staff reviewed the threshold for determining significant exposures. The applicant stated that the functional manager in charge of radiation protection determines the threshold within procedures. Initially, the staff did not consider that the applicant exercised sufficient control related to maintaining ALARA (RAI 12.5-1).

In response to RAI 12.5-1, in a letter dated September 22, 2008, the applicant provided additional information that the final NEI 07-03 template (Revision 7) would be incorporated without departure concerning significant exposures. In a letter dated March 18, 2009 (ML090510379), the NRC accepted NEI 07-03, Revision 7. Specifically, the NRC staff indicated that for COL applications, NEI 07-03, Revision 7 provides an acceptable template for assuring that the RPP meets the applicable regulations and guidance. Since the BLN COL FSAR has not yet adopted the approved version of the NEI template, this is identified as **Confirmatory Item 12.1-1**.

The NRC staff reviewed Revision 0 of the BLN COL FSAR Appendix 1AA, which listed the applicant's conformance with radiation protection related RGs. The applicant stated that it will conform in general to RG 8.28, "Audible Alarm Dosimeters," Revision 0, dated August 1981, and specifically stated that it conforms to ANSI N13.7-1981, which was reaffirmed in 1992. ANSI N13.7-1983 is the "American National Standard for Radiation Protection-Photographic Film Dosimeters Criteria for Performance." RG 8.28, Revision 0, endorsed ANSI N13.27-1981, "Performance Specifications for Pocket-Sized Alarming Dosimeters/Ratemeters." This discrepancy was identified in RAI 1-10. In response to RAI 1-10, the applicant stated that BLN COL FSAR Appendix 1AA would be revised to the correct reference of the ANSI standard in a future revision of the BLN COL FSAR. The NRC staff verified that Revision 1 of the BLN COL FSAR adequately addresses the proposed change. As a result, RAI 1-10 is closed.

Exceptions to RGs 8.2, 8.4, 8.6, and Section C.3.b of RG 8.8

The applicant took exception to RG 8.2, "Guide for Administrative Practices in Radiation Monitoring," regarding a reference to a previous version of 10 CFR Part 20 (10 CFR 20.401), because it is no longer valid. The staff agrees with the applicant's exception.

The applicant took exception to RG 8.4, "Direct Reading and Indirect Reading Pocket Dosimeters," regarding references to previous versions of 10 CFR Part 20 (10 CFR 20.202(a), and 10 CFR 20.401) because they are no longer valid. The staff agrees with the applicant's exception. The applicant also took exception to ANSI N13.5-1972 (R-1989), in that two performance criteria, accuracy and leakage, specified in the guidance, are to be met by acceptance standards in ANSI N322-1997, "ANSI Test, Construction, and Performance requirements for Direct Reading Electrostatic/Electroscope Type Dosimeters." The staff finds that by using ANSI N322-1997 for performance criteria, 10 CFR 20 requirements are still met, as the major change is the allowance of an additional one percent leakage over a comparable time period. Test and calibration intervals recommended by RG 8.4 are not affected.

The applicant took exception to RG 8.6, "Standard Test Procedures for Geiger Mueller Counters," to reference an instrument calibration program based upon ANSI Criteria N323A-1997 (with 2004 Correction Sheet), "Radiation Protection Instrumentation Test and Calibration, Portable Survey Instruments." This methodology is acceptable over the previous program referenced in RG 8.6 because the ANSI standard reflects current industry practices. The staff agrees with the applicant's position.

The applicant took exception to part of Position C.3.b in RG 8.8, "Information Relevant to Ensuring that Occupational Radiation Exposure at Nuclear Power Stations will be ALARA." This exception was to the reporting requirements associated with operating exposure. The applicant's basis for justifying the exception to RG 8.8, Position C.3.b, is that reporting of operating exposure information is no longer required. The staff agrees with the applicant's exception to RG 8.8, Position C3.b, because this specific reporting requirement has been superseded. All licensees are now required to report records of ionizing exposure to the NRC annually in accordance with 10 CFR 20.2206.

License Condition

License Condition 3, Items C.1, D.2, G.4, and K.1

Implementation milestones were provided by the applicant to address the RPP required by 10 CFR 20.1101. A phased-in implementation should include appropriate milestones in the construction of the facility. Staffing levels, equipment, facilities, and procedures necessary to ensure radiation safety of the workers and public for each phase of implementation should be identified. In RAI 12.5-2, the staff requested that the applicant provide the specific programs to be implemented at each milestone identified in Table 13.4-201 of the BLN COL FSAR. In its response to the RAI, the applicant provided clarifying information regarding Table 13.4-201.

In a supplemental response to RAI 12.5-2, dated December 16, 2008, the applicant provided a proposed revision to BLN COL FSAR Table 13.4-201 to show the specific program(s) for each milestone and assignment of a Radiation Protection Manager and Supervisor. The proposed change to BLN COL FSAR Table 13.4-201 is acceptable subject to a formal revision to the BLN COL FSAR, based on the specific commitment to establish an individual responsible for each milestone. Accordingly, this is identified as **Confirmatory Item 12.5-1**.

12.5.5 Post Combined License Activities

- License Condition 3, Items C.1, D.2, G.4, and K.1, regarding RPP implementation milestones
- License Condition 6,"Operational Program Readiness," in Part 10 of the BLN COL application will require the licensee to develop a schedule that supports planning for and conduct of NRC inspection of the operational program (the RPP (including ALARA)) listed in BLN COL FSAR Table 13.4-201, "Operational Program Required by NRC Regulations." This schedule must be available to the NRC staff no later than 12 months after issuance of the COL. The condition will also require that the schedule be updated every 6 months until 12 months before scheduled fuel load, and every month thereafter until the operational programs listed in the BLN COL FSAR Table 13.4-201 have been fully implemented or the plant has been placed in commercial service, whichever comes first.

12.5.6 Conclusion

The NRC staff reviewed the application and checked the referenced DCD. The NRC staff's review confirmed that the applicant addressed the required information relating to the HP facilities design, and there is no outstanding information expected to be addressed in the BLN COL FSAR related to this section.

The Westinghouse application to amend Appendix D to 10 CFR Part 52 includes changes to Section 12.5 of the AP1000 DCD, as stated in Revision 17 of the AP1000 DCD. The staff is reviewing this information on Docket Number 52-006. The results of the NRC staff's technical evaluation of the information incorporated by reference in the BLN COL FSAR will be documented in a supplement to NUREG-1793. The supplement to NUREG-1793 is not yet complete, and this is being tracked as part of Open Item 1-1. The staff will update Section 12.5 of this SER to reflect the final disposition of the DC application.

However, as a result of Confirmatory Item 12.1-1 concerning NEI 07-03, and Confirmatory Item 12.5-1, concerning the RPP implementation milestones, the staff is unable to finalize its conclusion on STD COL 12.5-1 involving Radiation Protection Program.

However, as a result of Confirmatory Item 12.1-1 concerning NEI 07-03, and Confirmatory Item 12.5-1, concerning the RPP implementation milestones, the staff is unable to finalize its conclusion on STD COL 12.5-1 involving Radiation Protection Program.

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