



DRAFT MAP - 10/28/08

# GEOLOGIC MAP OF THE FUQUAY-VARINA 7.5-MINUTE QUADRANGLE, WAKE AND HARNETT COUNTIES, NORTH CAROLINA

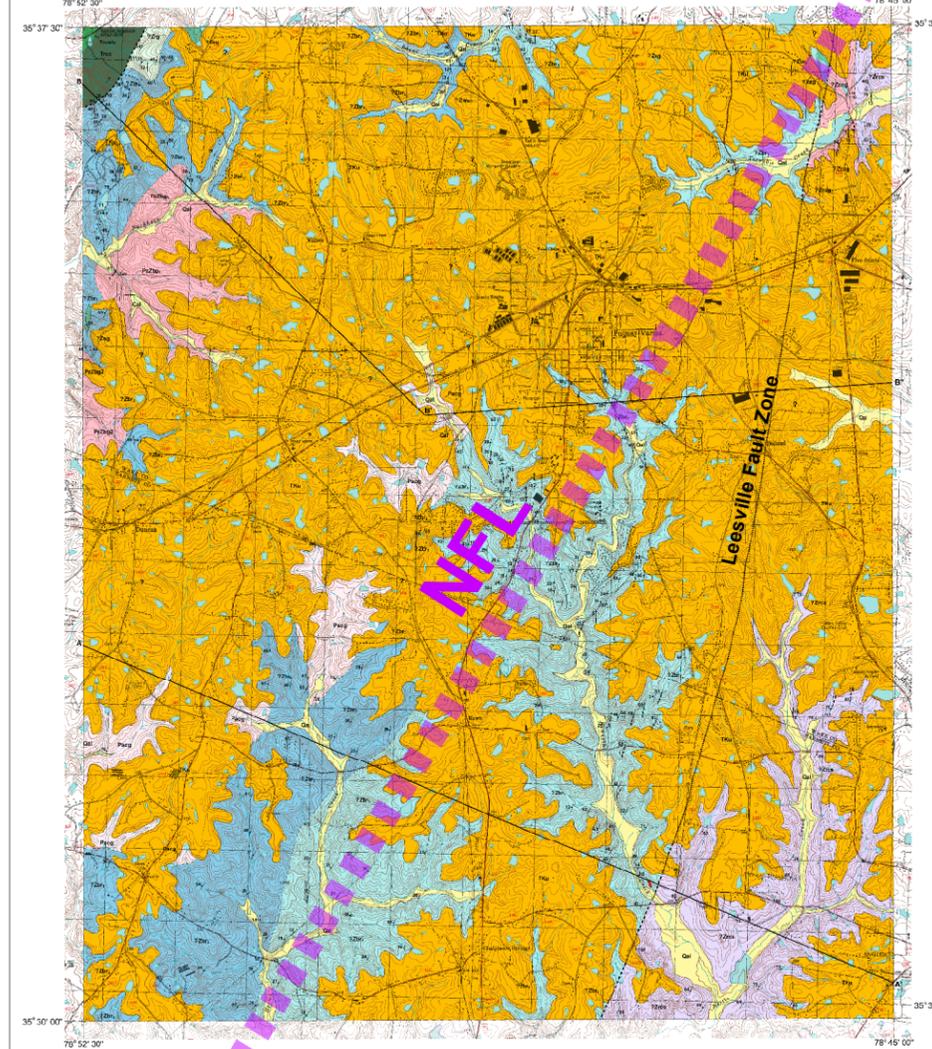
This geologic map was funded in part by the USGS National Cooperative Geologic Mapping Program



DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES  
DIVISION OF LAND RESOURCES  
JAMES D. SIMONS, STATE GEOLOGIST

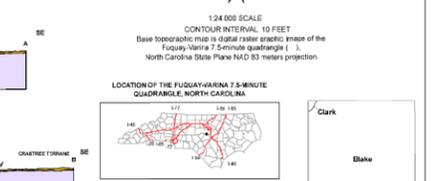
NORTH CAROLINA GEOLOGICAL SURVEY  
OPEN FILE REPORT 2001-XX

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Digital representation by Michael A. Medina  
2003



- Description of Map Units**
- Sedimentary/Surface Units**
- Qul - Quaternary alluvium: unconsolidated, poorly sorted and poorly stratified tan to light gray stream deposits of gravel, sand, silt, and clay. Similar to terraces along streams.
  - Tku - coastal plain sediment, undifferentiated: unconsolidated, to poorly consolidated, fine- to medium-grained estuarine sands and clayey sands with local gravel and clay beds.
  - Tcc - conglomerate: reddish-brown to dark brown, irregularly bedded, poorly sorted, cobble to boulder conglomerate.
  - Tcsd - sandstone: white to light gray, irregularly bedded, poorly sorted, coarse-grained to pebbly, muddy to silty, sandstone with irregular pebbles to small conglomerate.
- Igneous Units**
- Di - diabase dikes: steeply dipping to subvertical dikes of gray to blackish, fine- to medium-grained diabase that may be silica-bearing. Solid lines where observed, dashed lines where inferred from aeromagnetic data.
  - Pgrg - pegmatite: granitic of the Averett Creek type. Light gray to pinkish gray, fine- to medium-grained granites composed mainly of quartz, microcline, perthite, and orthopyroxene, with accessory biotite, garnet, magnetite, and monazite. Generally massive, to locally foliated near contacts. The granite is characterized by low color index (geochemistry of dark-colored minerals, generally less than 2, and ranging from 1 to 5), and by an abundance of perthite. Biotite occurs almost entirely as a component of perthite, as the rock is a hypocrystalline granite. It occurs mainly in a large pluton exposed along Averett Creek in the southeastern part of the quadrangle and extending into the Fuquay-Varina quadrangle to the east and the Harnett quadrangle to the south. The age is uncertain, but it appears to be younger than the granites listed below and may be middle to late Palaeozoic.
- Metamorphic Units**
- CAROLINA TERRANE**
- Meta-igneous Units**
- 72gp - Reedy Creek metagranodiorite: leucocratic (CI=10) light tanish-gray, medium-grained to porphyritic, foliated and lineated massive metagranodiorite. Locally white mica rich and contains blue quartz, garnet, and clots of coarse aeg. epidote.
  - Pz2gp - ?????: Mixed facies of dark gray to blackish-gray, fine- to medium-grained, weakly to moderately foliated, leucocratic (CI=5) magmatic-biotite metagranite.
  - Pz2gp2 - ?????: Light pinkish-gray, medium-grained, nonfoliated to weakly foliated, leucocratic (CI=10) garnet- and epidote-bearing biotite metagranite.
- Metavolcanic and Metasedimentary Units**
- 72p - Cane Branch phyllite: tan to dark shaly gray, fine-grained, well foliated, leucocratic white mica phyllite locally containing quartz and epidote. Phyllosilicates of compositional layering including mesocratic white mica-chlorite-illite phyllite and gneiss.
  - 72bn - Big Lake-Raven Rock schist 1: light tan to white, fine- to medium-grained white mica quartz schist containing abundant white phyllosilicates of fine quartz and perthite in local white to gray soil and rock clasts.
  - 72bn2 - Big Lake-Raven Rock schist 2: light tan to white, fine- to medium-grained, well foliated white mica schist containing fragmental textures including white to gray spinel and rock clasts.
  - 72bn3 - Big Lake-Raven Rock schist 3: light tan to orange-brown, fine- to medium-grained, white mica schist to gneiss.
  - 72sg - Sycamore Lake gneiss: variably light green to dark black-green to gray-green, fine- to medium-grained, unfoliated to well foliated, epidote actinolite chlorite garnet and orthoclase + biotite + actinolite phyllite.
- CRABTREE TERRANE**
- Meta-plutonic Units**
- 72cp - Crabtree Creek gneiss: leucocratic (CI=10) greenish-gray to pink, medium- to coarse-grained, well foliated and lineated, porphyroblastic granitic orthogneiss facies containing abundant to well-developed quartz crystals, and white mica.
- Metavolcanic and Metasedimentary Units**
- 72cn - Rockland Creek schist: mixed and of shaly gray, fine- to medium-grained, well foliated, pale green + auriferous + tourmaline + white mica + biotite + orthoclase + and tan to white, fine-grained, moderately foliated to schist. Contains layers of 72cp.

- CONTACTS**
- Lithologic contacts - Solid lines location known, dashed where inferred, contact where considered.
- FAULTS**
- Late tectonic (?) faults suggested by the occurrence of early quartz and biotite. □ indicates downthrown side. Location of in situ vuggy quartzite + biotite shown by orange triangles. Where in situ fault pair features were observed.
- STRUCTURAL SYMBOLS**
- Observation sites are centered on the strike line or one of the intersection lines of multiple networks.
- inclined beds
  - inclined foliation (0m)
  - vertical foliation (0m)
  - inclined shear foliation
  - vertical shear foliation
  - to be determined
  - to be determined
  - to be determined
  - L: Mineral Stretching Lineation



**ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**

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INDEX TO GEOLOGIC MAPPING

## LEGEND



- Postulated Fall Lines (Weems, 1998)
- CPFL - Central Piedmont Fall Line
- DFL - Durham Fall Line
- NFL - Nutbush Fall Line
- TFL - Tidewater Fall Line

Progress Energy Carolinas  
**Shearon Harris Nuclear Power Plant  
Units 2 and 3  
Part 2, Final Safety Analysis Report**  
New Hill, North Carolina

Geologic Map of the Fuquay-Varina Quadrangle

RAI 02.05.01-12 Figure 5