

RB-2008-12

Written Exam Answer Key

- | | | | | | |
|-----|---|-----|---|------|---|
| 1. | B | 46. | C | 91. | C |
| 2. | B | 47. | C | 92. | C |
| 3. | B | 48. | C | 93. | B |
| 4. | A | 49. | A | 94. | B |
| 5. | A | 50. | B | 95. | C |
| 6. | D | 51. | C | 96. | D |
| 7. | C | 52. | A | 97. | C |
| 8. | D | 53. | B | 98. | A |
| 9. | D | 54. | B | 99. | C |
| 10. | C | 55. | B | 100. | C |
| 11. | A | 56. | C | | |
| 12. | B | 57. | D | | |
| 13. | A | 58. | A | | |
| 14. | B | 59. | A | | |
| 15. | B | 60. | A | | |
| 16. | A | 61. | A | | |
| 17. | C | 62. | A | | |
| 18. | B | 63. | C | | |
| 19. | B | 64. | D | | |
| 20. | C | 65. | B | | |
| 21. | D | 66. | D | | |
| 22. | A | 67. | C | | |
| 23. | D | 68. | B | | |
| 24. | C | 69. | C | | |
| 25. | D | 70. | C | | |
| 26. | C | 71. | B | | |
| 27. | C | 72. | B | | |
| 28. | B | 73. | D | | |
| 29. | A | 74. | B | | |
| 30. | D | 75. | B | | |
| 31. | B | 76. | D | | |
| 32. | B | 77. | A | | |
| 33. | D | 78. | B | | |
| 34. | A | 79. | B | | |
| 35. | B | 80. | A | | |
| 36. | B | 81. | B | | |
| 37. | A | 82. | D | | |
| 38. | D | 83. | B | | |
| 39. | D | 84. | B | | |
| 40. | C | 85. | A | | |
| 41. | C | 86. | C | | |
| 42. | C | 87. | D | | |
| 43. | B | 88. | C | | |
| 44. | D | 89. | B | | |
| 45. | D | 90. | A | | |

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Initial NRC License Examination
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QUESTION 1 Rev 1

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SRO <input type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	1	
	Group #	1	
	K/A #	295001 AK3.04	
	Importance Rating	3.4	

Knowledge of the reason for a reactor scram as it applies to a partial or complete loss of forced core flow circulation.
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Proposed Question:

What is the reason for an automatic scram upon entry into the Exclusion Region of the Power to Flow map?

- A. To avoid exceeding the Reactor Pressure Safety Limits during flux oscillations.
- B. To avoid exceeding the MCPR Safety Limit during flux oscillations.
- C. To avoid exceeding the MAPRAT operating limit due to low coolant flow.
- D. To avoid exceeding the LHGR operating limit due to low coolant flow.

Proposed Answer: B

Explanation (Optional): The Exclusion Region scram as stated in the TS bases avoids exceeding MCPR SL during flux oscillations.

Technical Reference(s): AOP-0024 Rev. 22, STM-503 Rev 2, STM-508 Pg 44 of 59

Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: NA

Learning Objective: STM-503 Obj 24, 27a

Question Source: New

Question History: Last NRC Exam NA

Question Cognitive Level:	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	4
	Comprehension or Analysis	<input type="checkbox"/>	

10 CFR Part 55 Content: 55.41 b.7

Comments:

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QUESTION 2 Rev 0

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SRO <input type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	1	
	Group #	1	
	K/A #	295003	AA2.03
	Importance Rating	3.2	

Ability to determine and/or interpret battery status as it applies to a partial or complete loss of AC power.

Proposed Question:

Following a transient, the following plant conditions exist:

RPV water level -47 inches and stable
Drywell pressure 1.2 psid and stable

ENS-SWG1A 4160 VAC SWG is locked out due to a bus fault

ENB-SWG1B 125 VDC SWG was being supplied by the backup charger (BYS-CHGR1D) prior to the transient.

Which of the following represents the current status of the 125VDC systems?

- A. ENB-SWG1A is being supplied by its charger (ENB-CHGR1A) and ENB-SWG1B is being supplied by the backup charger (BYS-CHGR1D).
- B. Both ENB-SWG1A and ENB-SWG1B are being supplied by their respective batteries.
- C. ENB-SWG1A is being supplied by its battery and ENB-SWG1B is being supplied by the backup charger (BYS-CHGR1D).
- D. ENB-SWG1A is being supplied by its charger (ENB-CHGR1A) and ENB-SWG1B is being supplied by its battery.

Proposed Answer: B.

Explanation (Optional): With the loss of ENS-SWG1A, the charger has no power to supply the bus. The charger receives 480VAC from EJS-SWG1A which is supplied from ENS-SWG1A, therefore ENB-SWG1A will be supplied by its battery. At -47 inches, a Level 2 signal has been received resulting in a trip of the backup charger supply breaker (BYS-ACB583), to ENB-SWG1B, therefore ENB-SWG1B will also be supplied from its battery.

Technical Reference(s): STM-305, Rev 3

Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: NA

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Learning Objective: RLP-STM-305 Obj. 9, 11a

Question Source: New

Question History: Last NRC Exam NA

Question Cognitive Level: Memory or Fundamental Knowledge
Comprehension or Analysis 4

10 CFR Part 55 Content: 55.41 b.7

Comments:

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QUESTION 5 Rev 0

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SRO <input type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	1	
	Group #	1	
	K/A #	295006	AK2.02
	Importance Rating	3.8	

Knowledge of the interrelations between SCRAM and reactor water level control.
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Proposed Question:

The plant is at 100% power.

Feedwater level control is in “automatic” with Narrow Range Level Channel “A” selected.

The “A” Narrow Range Channel has just failed DOWNSCALE.

No operator actions are taken.

Select the cause of the subsequent reactor scram.

- A. Reactor vessel high water level.
- B. Main Steam Isolation Valve closure.
- C. Reactor vessel low water level.
- D. APRM high thermal power.

Proposed Answer: A.

Explanation (Optional): A downscale failure of the selected channel will cause the feed system to provide an increase amount of flow to the RPV causing actual level to rise. The resultant high level will cause a high level reactor trip. B. MSIVs close on low level, not high level. C. Level will rise not lower. D. Although the addition of more feedwater will cause a slight reduction in FW temperature which will cause a slight power rise, the amount is not enough to reach the high thermal power trip setpoint.

Technical Reference(s): STM-107, Revision 10

Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: NA

Learning Objective: Obj. 14.f.

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Question Source:

Bank # 495

Question History:

Last NRC Exam RBS NRC 1997

Question Cognitive Level:

Memory or Fundamental Knowledge
Comprehension or Analysis

3

10 CFR Part 55 Content:

55.41 b.4

Comments:

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QUESTION 6 Rev 1

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SRO <input type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	1	
	Group #	1	
	K/A #	295016	G2.4.4
	Importance Rating	4.5	

Ability to recognize abnormal indications for system operating parameters that are entry-level conditions for emergency and abnormal operating procedures as they relate to control room abandonment

Proposed Question:

Which of the following conditions requires entry in AOP-0031, Shutdown From Outside the Main Control Room?

- A. Loss of Main Control Room Ventilation.
- B. Armed threat in the Protected Area.
- C. High Radiation condition at the Control Room Remote Air Intake.
- D. Fire in the Main Control Room.

Proposed Answer: D

Explanation (Optional): A fire in the main control room challenges the safety of the operating team as well as the functionality of equipment controls. An armed threat in the Protected Area requires closing CB-136-04 control room water-tight door and scrambling the reactor. Rising temperatures in the control building due to loss of ventilation affects the remote shutdown rooms as well as the control room therefore transfer to RSS is not warranted. During a High Radiation event, the safest place for the operating team is in the Main Control Room as the intake air is filtered. The atmosphere at RSS would not be filtered.

Technical Reference(s): AOP-0031, Rev 303

Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: NA

Learning Objective: HLO-537 Obj. 2

Question Source: New

Question History: Last NRC Exam NA

Question Cognitive Level:	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3
	Comprehension or Analysis	<input type="checkbox"/>	

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10 CFR Part 55 Content: 55.41 b.10

Comments:

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QUESTION 7 Rev 1

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SRO <input type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	1	
	Group #	1	
	K/A #	295018 AK3.07	
	Importance Rating	3.1	

Knowledge of the reasons for the cross connecting of backup systems as it applies to the partial or complete loss of component cooling water.

Proposed Question:

AOP-0011, Loss of CCP, provides guidance to supply certain CCP loads with Standby Service Water.

Why is it desirable to do this during a loss of CCP?

- A. To provide cooling to the Reactor Recirculation Pumps to avoid seal degradation.
- B. To provide cooling to the RWCU Non Regenerative Heat Exchanger to avoid RWCU resin damage.
- C. To provide cooling to the Spent Fuel Pool Cooling Heat Exchanger to ensure adequate decay heat removal from the Spent Fuel Pool.
- D. To provide cooling to the drywell sample cooler to protect chemistry sample probes from high temperature conditions.

Proposed Answer: C.

Explanation (Optional): When SSW is cross connected to CCP loads, SFC HXs, CRD pumps and RHR pump A&B seal cooler receive cooling. Recirc pumps, RWCU non regen HXs and RWCU pumps and the drywell sample cooler do not receive cooling from SSW when it is aligned to the CCP header.

Technical Reference(s): STM-115, Rev 4, AOP-0011 Rev 16

Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: NA

Learning Objective: Obj 2b, 3e, 5b, 11a

Question Source: New

Question History: Last NRC Exam NA

Question Cognitive Level:	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3
	Comprehension or Analysis	<input type="checkbox"/>	

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10 CFR Part 55 Content: 55.41 b.7, b.10

Comments:

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QUESTION 8 Rev 1

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SRO <input type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	1
	Group #	1
	K/A #	295019 G2.4.47
	Importance Rating	4.2

Ability to diagnose and recognize trends in an accurate and timely manner utilizing the appropriate control room reference material during a partial or total loss of instrument air.

Proposed Question:

During operation at 100% power, the following annunciator is received:

INSTRUMENT AIR COMPRESSOR TROUBLE

Indication on H13-P870 show all instrument air compressors have tripped and IAS header pressure is lowering.

Assuming the situation continues to degrade, which of the following represents the correct sequence of events for this condition?

- A. SAS-AOV134 IAS-SAS CROSS TIE VLV opens, then
SAS-AOV133 SERVICE AIR HEADER BLOCK VLV closes, then
MSIVs fail shut, then
Feedwater Regulating Valves Lock-up
- B. SAS-AOV133 SERVICE AIR HEADER BLOCK VLV closes, then
SAS-AOV134 IAS-SAS CROSS TIE VLV opens, then
Feedwater Regulating Valves Lock-up, then
MSIVs fail shut
- C. SAS-AOV133 SERVICE AIR HEADER BLOCK VLV closes, then
SAS-AOV134 IAS-SAS CROSS TIE VLV opens, then
MSIVs fail shut, then
Feedwater Regulating Valves Lock-up
- D. SAS-AOV134 IAS-SAS CROSS TIE VLV opens, then
SAS-AOV133 SERVICE AIR HEADER BLOCK VLV closes, then
Feedwater Regulating Valves Lock-up, then
MSIVs fail shut

Proposed Answer: D.

Explanation (Optional): SAS-AOV134 opens at 113 psig, SAS-AOV133 closes at 110 psig, FW Reg Vlv lock up at 85 psig, MSIVs shut at ~50 psig.

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Technical Reference(s): AOP-0008 Rev 26, STM-0121, Rev 6

Proposed references to provide to applicants during examination: NA

Learning Objective: RLP-STM-0121 Obj 13 & 14

Question Source: New

Question History: Last NRC Exam NA

Question Cognitive Level: Memory or Fundamental Knowledge
Comprehension or Analysis



10 CFR Part 55 Content: 55.41 b.7

Comments:

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QUESTION 9 Rev 1

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SRO <input type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	1
	Group #	1
	K/A #	295021 AK3.05
	Importance Rating	3.6

Knowledge of the reason for establishing alternate heat removal paths during a loss of shutdown cooling.
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Proposed Question:

The plant is in Mode 5.
RPV level is 85 inches

A trip of RHR 'A' from the Shutdown Cooling mode has resulted in entry into AOP-0051 Loss of Decay Heat Removal. Steps in this procedure direct the operators to place an alternate decay heat removal system in service.

Why does the abnormal procedure direct this action?

- A. To ensure adequate mixing of the bulk coolant to avoid exceeding Recirculation Loop to Steam Dome differential temperature limits to protect primary system piping from thermal stresses.
- B. To ensure that the radiological consequences of a potential fuel handling accident are within acceptable limits.
- C. Because excessive coolant temperature will result in damage to RWCU demineralizer resin.
- D. Because decay heat removal must be maintained in order to prevent boiling in the reactor vessel.

Proposed Answer: D

Explanation (Optional): Thermal shock limitations for Recirc pumps are of concern during pump startup. Radiological concerns during a fuel handling accident are accounted for by maintaining >23 feet of water over the vessel flange during fuel handling. Although high temperatures can damage RWCU resin, other interlocks protect the resin from high temperature. If an alternate decay heat removal method is not placed in service, boiling will eventually occur.

Technical Reference(s): AOP-0051Rev 304

Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: NA

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Learning Objective: RLP-HLO-543 Obj 1

Question Source: New

Question History: Last NRC Exam NA

Question Cognitive Level: Memory or Fundamental Knowledge 3
Comprehension or Analysis

10 CFR Part 55 Content: 55.41 b.10

Comments:

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QUESTION 10 Rev 0

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SRO <input type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	1	
	Group #	1	
	K/A #	295023	AA1.06
	Importance Rating	3.3	

Ability to operate or monitor neutron monitoring during a refueling accident.

Proposed Question:

The following plant conditions exist:

Mode 5
Core alterations in progress

Which of the following conditions require entry into AOP-0027 Fuel Handling Mishaps?

- A. The refuel SRO reports a malfunction of IFTS with a new fuel bundle loaded in the carrier.
- B. The refuel SRO reports air bubbles coming from the main hoist grapple.
- C. The ATC operator observes a steadily rising neutron count rate with a measurable period.
- D. The refuel SRO reports that a control rod blade was dragged across the portable radiation shield (cattle chute)

Proposed Answer: C.

Explanation (Optional): A malfunction of IFTS with an irradiated bundle in the carrier would require AOP-27 entry. Air bubbles from the fuel would require AOP-0027 entry. Air bubbles from the grapple is indicative of an air hose leak. Significant bumping of irradiated fuel requires entry in AOP-0027. Observation of a steadily rising neutron count rate with a measurable period is indication of inadvertent criticality which requires entry into AOP-0027.

Technical Reference(s): AOP-0027, Rev 23

Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: NA

Learning Objective: RLP-HLO-535, Obj 3

Question Source: New

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Question History: Last NRC Exam NA

Question Cognitive Level: Memory or Fundamental Knowledge 3
Comprehension or Analysis

10 CFR Part 55 Content: 55.41 b.10

Comments:

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QUESTION 11 Rev 0

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SRO <input type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	1	
	Group #	1	
	K/A #	295024	EK3.06
	Importance Rating	4.0	

Knowledge of the reasons for Reactor Scram as it applies to High Drywell Pressure.

Proposed Question:

What is the reason for the reactor scram that occurs due to a High Drywell pressure condition?

- A. To minimize the possibility of fuel damage due to a reactor coolant pressure boundary leak by reducing the amount of energy being added to the coolant.
- B. To ensure the Pressure Suppression function of the containment is maintained in the event Emergency Depressurization is required.
- C. To ensure that offsite dose limits are not exceeded during a reactor coolant pressure boundary leak.
- D. To avoid clearing of the suppression pool vents due to high drywell pressure.

Proposed Answer: A.

Explanation (Optional): A high drywell pressure condition results due to a leak of the primary system. Due to the loss of coolant, an inability to cool the fuel may result. A reactor scram occurs to minimize the energy being produced in the RPV. The pressure suppression function of the containment is based on containment pressure not drywell pressure. Offsite dose limits are prevented from being exceeded by the high drywell pressure containment isolation, not the high drywell pressure reactor scram. Although the scram signal will reduce the energy being leaked into the drywell, and may avoid clearing of the suppression pool vents, this is not the reason for the scram.

Technical Reference(s): STM-508, Rev 3

Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: NA

Learning Objective: RLP-STM-0508 Obj. 2

Question Source: New

Question History: Last NRC Exam NA

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Question Cognitive Level: Memory or Fundamental Knowledge 3
Comprehension or Analysis

10 CFR Part 55 Content: 55.41 b.6

Comments:

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QUESTION 12 Rev 1

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SRO <input type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	1
	Group #	1
	K/A #	295026 EA1.01
	Importance Rating	4.1

Ability to operate and/or monitor suppression pool cooling as it applies to a suppression pool high water temperature.
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Proposed Question:

Following an ATWS, the following conditions exist:

Reactor power	0%, all rods in
RPV level	-50 inches, slowly raising to normal band
RPV pressure	0 psig

Suppression Pool Level	19 feet 11 inches
Suppression Pool Temp	140°F

RHR A in Sup Pool Cooling @ 5200gpm, SWP flow @ 5900 gpm
RHR B in Sup Pool Cooling @ 5400 gpm, SWP flow @ 6300 gpm

Both Divisions of Standby Service Water are in service due to a loss of Normal Service Water.

Based on these conditions, which of the following should be of concern to the operator?

- A. RHR B system flow has exceeded limits.
- B. SWP flow has exceeded limits.
- C. RHR pump may experience air entrainment due to vortex limit concerns.
- D. RHR pumps may experience cavitation due to NPSH concerns.

Proposed Answer: B

Explanation (Optional): RHR system flow limitation is 5550 gpm, SWP flow limits is 5800 gpm per loop with SSW in service, Vortex limit is 10 feet in the Sup Pool, NPSH concerns are at 160°F

Technical Reference(s): SOP-0031, Rev 304; EOP-0001, Rev 21

Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: NA

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Learning Objective: RLP-HLO-0511 Obj. f, RLP-STM-204 Obj. 8

Question Source: New

Question History: Last NRC Exam NA

Question Cognitive Level: Memory or Fundamental Knowledge
Comprehension or Analysis 3

10 CFR Part 55 Content: 55.41 b.10

Comments:

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QUESTION 13 Rev 0

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SRO <input type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	1	
	Group #	1	
	K/A #	295027	EA1.03
	Importance Rating	3.5	

Ability to operate and/or monitor emergency depressurization as it applies to High Containment Temperature

Proposed Question:

An ATWS has resulted in degraded conditions in containment due to difficulties in restoring Containment Unit Coolers.

In which of the following situations is Emergency Depressurization REQUIRED?

- A. 187°F and lowering at 3°F per minute due to Containment Unit Cooler restoration.
- B. 184°F and stable, Containment Unit Coolers will be restored in 2 minutes.
- C. 180°F and stable, Containment Unit Coolers CANNOT be restored.
- D. 180°F and rising at 2°F per minute, Containment Unit Coolers will be restored in 2 minutes.

Proposed Answer: A

Explanation (Optional): 185°F is the Containment Design Temperature. Only answer "A" is above 185°F. Although both B and C contain conditions where the temperature has approached the design temperature limit and no UCs are in service, both distractors state that the temperature is STABLE. Although distractor D contains a condition where temperature is approaching the design limit, it has not yet been reached therefore ED is not REQUIRED as stated in the stem. Additionally, distractor D states that UCs are about to be restored.

Technical Reference(s): EOP-2, CT4,5,6 Rev 14
 EPSTG-2 B-8-9 Rev 12

Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: NA

Learning Objective: HLO-514 Obj 5

Question Source: Modified Bank # 758 (See Comments.)

Question History: Last NRC Exam RBS 2/2003

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QUESTION 14 Rev 0

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SRO <input type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	1	
	Group #	1	
	K/A #	295028	EK1.02
	Importance Rating	2.9	

Knowledge of the operational implications of equipment environmental qualifications as they apply to high drywell temperature.
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Proposed Question:

Which of the following lineups could potentially be affected by a high steam environment in the drywell if operator action is not taken early into the event?

- A. LPCI Injection lineup due to accelerated corrosion of magnesium alloy rotor on E12-MOVF042A RHR Pump A LPCI Injection Isol Valve
- B. Shutdown cooling flowpath due to accelerated corrosion of magnesium alloy rotor on E12-MOVF009 RHR Shutdown Cooling Inbd Isol Valve
- C. LPCI Injection lineup due to accelerated corrosion of magnesium alloy rotor on E12-MOVF027A RHR Pump A Outboard Isolation Valve
- D. Alternate injection lineup per EOP-0005 Enclosure 32 due to accelerated corrosion of magnesium alloy rotor on E12-F053A RHR Pump A SDC Injection Valve

Proposed Answer: B

Explanation (Optional): Caution 2 of EOP-001 RPV control identifies E12-MOV009 as having a magnesium alloy rotor which is susceptible to accelerated corrosion between the magnesium alloy shorting ring and the rotor conductor bars. The LPCI injection valves are also located in the drywell, but are not susceptible to this failure mechanism. E12-MOV27A(B)(C) are E12-MOVF008 are not located in the drywell.

Technical Reference(s): EOP-0001 Caution 2, Rev 21

Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: NA

Learning Objective: RLP-OPS-HLO-511 Obj. F

Question Source: New

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Question History: Last NRC Exam NA

Question Cognitive Level: Memory or Fundamental Knowledge 3
Comprehension or Analysis

10 CFR Part 55 Content: 55.41 b.7

Comments:

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QUESTION 16 Rev 1

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SRO <input type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	1	
	Group #	1	
	K/A #	295031	EA1.06
	Importance Rating	4.4	

Ability to operate and/or monitor the automatic depressurization system as it applies to a reactor low water level.

Proposed Question:

A LOCA has occurred and High Pressure Core Spray has failed to initiate.

The following conditions exist:

- ADS Inhibit switches are in INHIBIT
- Drywell differential pressure is 1.05 psid and rising
- RPV pressure is 890 psig and lowering
- RPV water level is -155 inches and stable on wide range instrumentation

All other systems are functioning as designed.

Which of the following describes the operation of the Automatic Depressurization System (ADS) valves under the current conditions?

- A. ADS valves can be opened by using the ADS Manual Initiation pushbuttons.
- B. ADS will automatically initiate to open ADS valves when the 105 second timer times out.
- C. ADS will automatically initiate to open ADS valves when the 5 minute and 105 second timers time out.
- D. ADS valves can only be opened by their individual handswitches.

Proposed Answer: A.

Explanation (Optional): Placing the ADS Inhibit switches to inhibit prevents automatic operation of ADS. This eliminates choices "B" and "C". Choice "D" is incorrect because in addition to their individual handswitches, the ADS valves can also be opened by manual initiation provided the associated divisional ECCS pump is running. Based on given plant conditions, ECCS pumps are running due to a Level 1 signal.

Technical Reference(s): STM-202, Rev 2

Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: NA

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Learning Objective: STM-202, Obj 7

Question Source: Bank 1030

Question History: Last NRC Exam NA

Question Cognitive Level: Memory or Fundamental Knowledge
Comprehension or Analysis 2

10 CFR Part 55 Content: 55.41 b.7

Comments:

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QUESTION 17 Rev 1

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SRO <input type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	1
	Group #	1
	K/A #	295037 EK1.01
	Importance Rating	4.1

Knowledge of the operational implications of reactor pressure effects on reactor power as they apply to an ATWS.
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Proposed Question:

During an ATWS in order to avoid exceeding the Heat Capacity Temperature Limit (HCTL) curve, the SRO has ordered reactor pressure be lowered to 700 psig using SRVs.

Which of the following describes reactor power response immediately following the opening of the SRVs and why?

- A. Reactor power will rise due to the lowering of the reactor coolant temperature along with adding positive reactivity.
- B. Reactor power will rise due to the water level inside the core rising causing more moderation of neutrons.
- C. Reactor power will drop due to the voiding of the water in the core as it flashes to steam.
- D. Reactor power will drop due to the moderator temperature rising caused by low flow through the core.

Proposed Answer: C

Explanation (Optional): The pressure drop that occurs as SRVs are opened will result in an increase in void fraction in the core as saturated moderator flashes to steam. The increase presence of voids in the core will result in a decrease in power due to a drop in thermal neutrons. Moderator temperature will decrease to saturation temperature for the lower pressure value, but the void coefficient effect is the primary factor.

Technical Reference(s): HLO-161, Rev 4

Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: NA

Learning Objective: HLO-161, Obj 7

Question Source: Bank #569 (Modified to removed superfluous information in stem and to provide

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conditions which would require pressure reduction. Previously listed conditions did not challenge HCTL.) Not enough change to consider as Modified.

Question History: Last NRC Exam RBS 2/1999

Question Cognitive Level: Memory or Fundamental Knowledge
Comprehension or Analysis 3

10 CFR Part 55 Content: 55.41 b.1

Comments:

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QUESTION 18 Rev 1

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SRO <input type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	1
	Group #	1
	K/A #	295038 EA2.03
	Importance Rating	3.5

Ability to determine and/or interpret the Radiation Levels during a High Offsite Release Rate.
--

Proposed Question:

While in Mode 1 at 100% power, a significant leak occurred on the steam supply to MSR#1. The CRS has directed the ATC operator to place the mode switch in SHUTDOWN. Control Rods failed to insert. EOP-1A execution is in progress. The following conditions exist:

- Reactor power: 17%
- MSIVs open

- RMS-RE125 MAIN PLANT EXHAUST Green status
- RMS-RE110 AUX BLDG VENTILATION Green status
- RMS-RE118 TURBINE BLDG VENT Green status

Emergency Response Organization has been activated.
Offsite release teams have reported 850 mR/hour at the site boundary.

Which of the following accurately describes the current condition?

- A. An unfiltered, monitored release is in progress.
- B. An unfiltered, unmonitored release is in progress.
- C. A filtered, monitored release is in progress.
- D. A filtered, unmonitored release is in progress.

Proposed Answer: B.

Explanation (Optional): A leak in the MSR area producing 850mR/hr at the site boundary should be observed on RMS-RE118 and RMS-RE125. Since these monitors are not in alarm, the release is unmonitored. A leak outside secondary containment is unfiltered.

Technical Reference(s): PID22-03A, PID-22-01C

Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: NA

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Learning Objective: RLP-NEO-050 Obj 2, STM-0409 Obj 2a

Question Source: New

Question History: Last NRC Exam NA

Question Cognitive Level: Memory or Fundamental Knowledge
Comprehension or Analysis 3

10 CFR Part 55 Content: 55.41 b.11,b.13

Comments:

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QUESTION 19 Rev 1

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SRO <input type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	1
	Group #	1
	K/A #	600000 AA1.09
	Importance Rating	2.5

Ability to operate and/or monitor the plant fire zone panel (including detector location) during a Plant Fire On Site.
--

Proposed Question:

A fire has erupted in the Control Building 70' elevation cable tray area. The associated water spray system has actuated.

Which of the following accurately describes methods by which the control room team may obtain information concerning this fire and its extinguishment?

- A. Alarming detector location from H13-P680 Plant Process Computer screen. Fire pump status on FPM-PNL861 Fire Control Console.
- B. Alarming detector location and water spray system status from FPM-PNL861 Fire Control Console. Fire pump status from the Plant Process Computer screen on H13-P680.
- C. Alarming detector location from H13-P680 Plant Process Computer screen. Fire pump status and water spray system status on FPM-PNL861 Fire Control Console.
- D. Alarming detector location on FPM-PNL861 Fire Control Console. Fire pump status and water spray system status on H13-P680 Plant Process Computer screen.

Proposed Answer: B.

Explanation (Optional): Fire pump status is available on the plant process computer. Fire detector status and flow switch status for each water system is available on the Fire Control Console P861.

Technical Reference(s): SOP-0036, Rev 301, STM-0250, Rev

Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: NA

Learning Objective: RLP-STM-0250 Obj 4

Question Source: New

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Question History: Last NRC Exam NA

Question Cognitive Level: Memory or Fundamental Knowledge 3
Comprehension or Analysis

10 CFR Part 55 Content: 55.41 b.7

Comments:

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10 CFR Part 55 Content: 55.41 b.7

Comments:

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QUESTION 21 Rev 1

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SRO <input type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	1	
	Group #	2	
	K/A #	295002 AK2.04	
	Importance Rating	3.2	

Knowledge of the interrelations between loss of main condenser vacuum and the reactor/turbine pressure regulating system.

Proposed Question:

Following an ATWS, the following conditions exist:

- Reactor power 3%
- Condenser vacuum 18 inches Hg
- RPV water level 18 inches
- Reactor pressure 960 psig
- Pressure setpoint 950 psig

Based on the above conditions which of the following represent the expected positions of the Control Valves (CVs) and Bypass Valves (BPVs)?

- A. CVs open, BPVs open
- B. CVs closed, BPVs closed
- C. CVs open, BPVs closed
- D. CVs closed, BPVs open

Proposed Answer: D.

Explanation (Optional): A main turbine trip occurs at 22.3" Hg. This results in the control valves being closed at the current conditions. The bypass valves do not isolate due to low vacuum until 8.5" Hg. With reactor pressure being higher than pressure setpoint, the current conditions will cause the BPVs to be open.

Technical Reference(s): STM-509, Rev 6

Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: NA

Learning Objective: RLP-STM-0509 Obj 16d

Question Source: New

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Question History: Last NRC Exam NA

Question Cognitive Level: Memory or Fundamental Knowledge
Comprehension or Analysis

3

10 CFR Part 55 Content: 55.41 b.7

Comments:

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QUESTION 22 Rev 0

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SRO <input type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	1	
	Group #	2	
	K/A #	295007	AK2.06
	Importance Rating	3.5	

Knowledge of the interrelations between High Reactor Pressure and NSSSS.
--

Proposed Question:

Following a planned reactor shutdown, a plant cooldown is in progress with RHR A as the inservice shutdown cooling system.

RHR Pump A subsequently trips due to an overcurrent condition.

Due to the trip, an uncontrolled heatup and pressurization has occurred. The following conditions exist:

Reactor water level	80 inches
Reactor pressure	150 psig

Assuming the shutdown cooling reliability plan is NOT installed and NO operator actions have been taken, which of the following represents the status of E12-F053A, RHR PUMP A SDC INJECTION VALVE and E12-F027A, RHR PUMP A OUTBD ISOLATION VALVE?

- A. E12-F053A CLOSED E12-F027A OPEN
- B. E12-F053A CLOSED E12-F027A CLOSED
- C. E12-F053A, OPEN E12-F027A OPEN
- D. E12-F053A OPEN E12-F027A CLOSED

Proposed Answer: A.

Explanation (Optional):

E12-F053A receives an isolation signal at 135 psig from NSSSS. E12-F027A is normally opened and does not receive an isolation signal therefore remains open.

Technical Reference(s): STM-0058, Rev 4

Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: NA

Learning Objective: RLP-STM-508, Obj. 2f

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Question Source: New

Question History: Last NRC Exam NA

Question Cognitive Level: Memory or Fundamental Knowledge
Comprehension or Analysis 3

10 CFR Part 55 Content: 55.41 b.9

Comments:

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QUESTION 23 Rev 1

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SRO <input type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	1	
	Group #	2	
	K/A #	295011	AK1.01
	Importance Rating	4.0	

Knowledge of the operational implications of containment pressure as it applies to a High Containment Temperature.
--

Proposed Question:

While at 100% power, a failure of the Turbine Building Chilled Water System caused containment temperature to rise to its Technical Specification limit.

Which of the following parameters could also be expected to exceed its Technical Specification limit based on current conditions assuming no operator actions are taken?

- A. Drywell temperature
- B. Suppression pool temperature
- C. Drywell pressure
- D. Containment pressure

Proposed Answer: D

Explanation (Optional): Due to the direct relationship between pressure and temperature, containment pressure would be expected to rise as containment temperature rises. The drywell is cooled by Service Water during normal operation. Cooling of the drywell with HVN is only allowed during plant outages, therefore drywell temperature and pressure will be unaffected by this failure. Due to the large heat capacity of water, suppression pool temperature would not be expected to rise based on this failure.

Technical Reference(s): STM-403, Rev 4

Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: NA

Learning Objective: RLP-STM-403 Obj 11 & 16

Question Source: New

Question History: Last NRC Exam NA

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Question Cognitive Level: Memory or Fundamental Knowledge
Comprehension or Analysis



10 CFR Part 55 Content: 55.41 b.5 & b.14

Comments:

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QUESTION 24 Rev 1

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SRO <input type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	1	
	Group #	2	
	K/A #	295013	G2.2.12
	Importance Rating	3.7	

Knowledge of surveillance procedures associated with High Suppression Pool Temperature
--

Proposed Question:

Which of the following conditions would require monitoring of suppression pool temperature every 5 minutes in accordance with STP-057-0700, Suppression Pool Average Water Temperature Verification?

- A. Both RHR Suppression Pool Cooling systems are inoperable.
- B. Operation of RHR in Suppression Pool Cooling mode during testing.
- C. Operation of the RCIC Turbine during testing.
- D. Operation of LPCS in the test return to the suppression pool lineup during testing.

Proposed Answer: C.

Explanation (Optional): STP-057-0700 provides guidance for suppression pool average temperature monitoring during testing which adds heat to the suppression pool. This procedure provides direction to monitor temperature every 5 minutes. Of the above conditions, RCIC Turbine operation is the condition which adds heat to the suppression pool.

Technical Reference(s): STP-057-0700, Rev 300; SOP-0035, Rev 34

Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: NA

Learning Objective: RLP-STM-0209 Obj. 10 &13c

Question Source: New

Question History: Last NRC Exam NA

Question Cognitive Level:	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	4
	Comprehension or Analysis	<input type="checkbox"/>	

10 CFR Part 55 Content: 55.41 b.10

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Comments:

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QUESTION 25 Rev 1

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SRO <input type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	1	
	Group #	2	
	K/A #	295022	AA2.03
	Importance Rating	3.1	

Ability to determine and/or interpret CRD mechanism temperature as it applies to a Loss of CRD Pumps.

Proposed Question:

Following a trip of the running CRD pump, the following annunciator is received on H13-P680:

- CONT RD DRIVE HYDRAULIC SYS HIGH TEMP

Which of the following is the appropriate location to determine the current temperature of the alarming control rod(s)?

- A. Local temperature indication on each Hydraulic Control Unit (HCU).
- B. Temperature Acquisition and Monitoring and Recording Information System (TAMARIS).
- C. OD-3 report from Plant Process Computer.
- D. CRD Temperature Recorders in the Auxiliary Building.

Proposed Answer: D.

Explanation (Optional): The local temperature recorders in the Auxiliary Building is the initiating device for the alarm provided. None of the other options provide CRDM temperature indication.

Technical Reference(s): STM-0052, Rev 3

Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: NA

Learning Objective: RLP-STM-0052 Obj. 10e & 14c

Question Source: New

Question History: Last NRC Exam NA

Question Cognitive Level:	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Comprehension or Analysis	<input type="checkbox"/>

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10 CFR Part 55 Content: 55.41 b.6

Comments:

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QUESTION 26 Rev 1

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SRO <input type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	1	
	Group #	2	
	K/A #	295033	EK2.01
	Importance Rating	3.8	

Knowledge of the interrelations between High Secondary Containment Area Radiation Levels and the area radiation monitoring system.
--

Proposed Question:

LPCS Penetration Area Radiation Monitor, RMS-RE218, has just gone into High Alarm and is currently reading 100mr/hr.

This alarm means that the radiation level _____ referenced in EOP-3 (Secondary Containment Control).

- A. Exceeds the maximum safe operating value
- B. Is below the maximum normal operating value
- C. Has reached the maximum normal operating value
- D. Has reached the maximum safe operating value

Proposed Answer: C.

Explanation (Optional): All DRMS high alarm setpoints are at the maximum normal operating values.

Technical Reference(s): EOP-3, Rev14

Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: NA

Learning Objective: RLP-OPS-HLO511 Obj. E15

Question Source: Bank # NRC2007#26

Question History: Last NRC Exam 2007
(Optional: Questions validated at the facility since 10/95 will generally undergo less rigorous review by the NRC; failure to provide the information will necessitate a detailed review of every question.)

Question Cognitive Level:	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3
	Comprehension or Analysis	<input type="checkbox"/>

10 CFR Part 55 Content: 55.41 b.10

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QUESTION 27 Rev 1

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SRO <input type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	1	
	Group #	2	
	K/A #	295034	EK3.02
	Importance Rating	4.1	

Knowledge of the reasons for starting SBGT as it applies to a Secondary Containment Ventilation High Radiation condition.

Proposed Question:

During normal plant operation, RMS-RE110, Auxiliary Building Ventilation went into High Alarm. The Unit Operator has performed the required manual actions.

Which of the following describes the reason for starting Standby Gas Treatment in this condition?

- A. To maintain negative pressure in Primary Containment to ensure offsite release rates are not exceeded.
- B. To provide a radiologically controlled environment to maintain control room habitability.
- C. To maintain negative pressures in the Auxiliary Building and Annulus to ensure offsite release rates are not exceeded.
- D. To process all main plant stack exhaust to ensure offsite release rates are not exceeded.

Proposed Answer: C.

Explanation (Optional): With RMS-RE110 in High Alarm, the operator is required to manually isolate the auxiliary building and start SGTS. In this lineup, STGS maintains negative pressures in the Aux Bldg and Annulus areas. SGTS does not draw a suction off containment under this condition, nor does it process all main plant stack exhaust; only the auxiliary building and annulus.

Technical Reference(s): STM-0257, Rev 4

Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: NA

Learning Objective: RLP-STM-0257, Obj. 1 & 2

Question Source: New

Question History: Last NRC Exam NA

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Question Cognitive Level: Memory or Fundamental Knowledge 2
Comprehension or Analysis

10 CFR Part 55 Content: 55.41 b.13

Comments:

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QUESTION 28 Rev 1

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SRO <input type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	2	
	Group #	1	
	K/A #	203000 A1.02	
	Importance Rating	3.9	

Ability to predict and/or monitor changes in reactor pressure associated with the operating of RHR/LPCI injection mode.

Proposed Question:

Following a LOCA, the following plant parameters exist:

Reactor pressure	450 psig
RPV level	-95 inches
Drywell pressure	1.8 psid
Containment pressure	Normal and steady

Which of the following describes the Low Pressure Coolant Injection mode of the Residual Heat Removal system?

- A. Pumps have started, but are not injecting because the injection valves, (E12-F042A,B, and C) have not opened.
- B. Pumps have started, injection valves (E12-F042A, B, and C) have opened, but injection has not occurred.
- C. Pumps have not started, but injection valves (E12-F042A, B, and C) have opened.
- D. Pumps have started, injection valves (E12-F042A, B, and C) have opened and injection has started.

Proposed Answer: B.

Explanation (Optional): Pumps have started on high drywell pressure greater than 1.68 psid. Injection valves have opened at <487 psig. Injection has not commenced because reactor pressure is above the LPCI pump shutoff head of 339 psig.

Technical Reference(s): STM-0204, Rev 3

Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: NA

Learning Objective: STM-204 Obj. 3b, 3d, 4, 10

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Question Source:	Bank #	145	
Question History:	Last NRC Exam	10/2000	
Question Cognitive Level:	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge		<input type="checkbox"/>
	Comprehension or Analysis		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3
10 CFR Part 55 Content:	55.41	b.7	
Comments:			

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QUESTION 29 Rev 1

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SRO <input type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	2	
	Group #	1	
	K/A #	203000 A3.01	
	Importance Rating	3.8	

Ability to monitor automatic valve operation of the RHR/LPCI injection mode

Proposed Question:

A LOCA has occurred during normal plant operation.

Within 2 minutes, ECCS systems recovered reactor water level. Five minutes later the CRS has directed the unit operator to place RHR 'A' in the Suppression Pool Cooling mode.

Which of the following represents the current status of the Suppression Pool Cooling flowpath?

- A. E12-F048A RHR A HX BYPASS cannot be maintained CLOSED for another 3 minutes. E12-F024A RHR PUMP A TEST RTN TO SUP PL can be manually overridden immediately via handswitch.
- B. E12-F048A RHR A HX BYPASS cannot be OPENED for another 3 minutes. E12-F024A RHR PUMP A TEST RTN TO SUP PL can be manually overridden immediately via handswitch.
- C. E12-F048A RHR A HX BYPASS can be OPENED immediately. E12-F024A RHR PUMP A TEST RTN TO SUP PL cannot be opened for another 3 minutes.
- D. E12-F048A RHR A HX BYPASS can be CLOSED immediately. E12-F024A RHR PUMP A TEST RTN TO SUP PL cannot be opened for another 3 minutes.

Proposed Answer: A

Explanation (Optional): E12-F048A RHR A HX BYPASS receives an open signal for 10 minutes following a LOCA signal to ensure maximum ECCS flow is provided to the RPV. E12-F024A RHR PUMP A TEST RTN TO SUP PL receives a signal to close during a LOCA, but can be manually overridden at any time.

Technical Reference(s): STM-204, Rev 3

Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: NA

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Learning Objective: RLP-STM-0204, Obj.6

Question Source: New

Question History: Last NRC Exam NA

Question Cognitive Level: Memory or Fundamental Knowledge
Comprehension or Analysis 3

10 CFR Part 55 Content: 55.41 b.7

Comments:

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QUESTION 30 Rev 1

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SRO <input type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	2	
	Group #	1	
	K/A #	205000	K3.03
	Importance Rating	3.8	

Knowledge of the effect that a loss or malfunction of the Shutdown Cooling System will have on reactor temperatures (moderator, vessel, flange)

Proposed Question:

During a refueling outage, a loss of power condition has caused the operating Shutdown Cooling Pump to trip. The alternate loop is NOT available.

Which of the following describes the effect of the condition on the available shutdown margin and plant heatup rate?

- A. The heatup will cause the amount of available shutdown margin to increase and the 80°F per hour Tech Spec limit may be exceeded if cooling is not restored.
- B. The heatup will cause the amount of available shutdown margin to decrease and the 100°F per hour Tech Spec limit may be exceeded if cooling is not restored.
- C. The heatup will cause the amount of available shutdown margin to decrease and the 80°F per hour Tech Spec limit may be exceeded if cooling is not restored.
- D. The heatup will cause the amount of available shutdown margin to increase and the 100°F per hour Tech Spec limit may be exceeded if cooling is not restored.

Proposed Answer: D.

Explanation (Optional): Technical Specification limits reactor coolant system heatups and cooldowns to 100°F per hour. Shutdown margin increases with increasing temperature.

Technical Reference(s): TS 3.4.11, HLO-175, Rev 3

Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: NA

Learning Objective: HLO-175 Obj. 11

Question Source: New

Question History: Last NRC Exam NA

Question Cognitive Level: Memory or Fundamental Knowledge

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Comprehension or Analysis**

☒4

10 CFR Part 55 Content: 55.41 b.3, b.14

Comments:

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QUESTION 32 Rev 1

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SRO <input type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	2	
	Group #	1	
	K/A #	209001	A3.01
	Importance Rating	3.6	

Ability to monitor automatic valve operations of LPCS.
--

Proposed Question:

Given the following conditions:

The Low Pressure Core Spray (LPCS) system is running in the test return to the suppression pool mode.

A leak has caused drywell pressure to increase to 1.95 psid.
Reactor water level is -62 inches
Reactor pressure is 750 psig

Which of the following identifies the expected AUTOMATIC response?

- A. The LPCS Pump trips, the Test Return Valve to the Suppression Pool (E21-F012) closes, the Pump restarts and Injection Isolation Valve (E21-F005) opens.
- B. The LPCS Pump continues to run, the Test Return Valve to the Suppression Pool (E21-F012) closes and the minimum flow valve opens.
- C. The LPCS Pump trips, the Test Return Valve to the Suppression Pool (E21-F012) closes, and the Pump restarts and runs on minimum flow.
- D. The LPCS Pump continues to run, the Test Return Valve to the Suppression Pool (E21-F012) closes and the Injection Isolation Valve (E21-F005) opens.

Proposed Answer: B.

Explanation (Optional): Based on the conditions provided, the pump will not trip. Only load shedding and sequencing would cause the pump to trip and restart. The injection valve (E21-F005) will not open with reactor pressure at 750 psig. The Test Return (E21-F012) will shut on the high drywell pressure signal. The low flow condition will cause the minimum flow valve to open.

Technical Reference(s): STM-205, Rev 3

Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: NA

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Learning Objective: RLP-STM-0205 Obj 5

Question Source: Bank # 468

Question History: Last NRC Exam 1/1997

Question Cognitive Level: Memory or Fundamental Knowledge
Comprehension or Analysis 3

10 CFR Part 55 Content: 55.41 b.7

Comments:

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QUESTION 33 Rev 1

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SRO <input type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	2	
	Group #	1	
	K/A #	209002	A3.06
	Importance Rating	2.8	

Ability to monitor lights and alarms associated automatic operation of HPCS.
--

Proposed Question:

During the recovery from an ATWS condition, the following alarm and light indications are present for the HPCS system on H13-P601:

- HPCS INJECTION VALVE E22*F004 MANUAL OVERRIDE annunciator

Directly above E22-ACB02 HPCS PUMP SUPPLY BRKR Control Switch

Green Light	ON
Amber Light	ON
White Light	ON
Red Light	OFF

HPCS PUMP MANUAL OVERRIDE

Amber light	OFF
-------------	-----

Directly above E22-F004 HPCS INJECT ISOL VALVE

Green light	ON
Amber light	ON
Red light	OFF

Based on the indications provided, which of the following describes the current status of HPCS?

- A. E22-F004 will open if a Level 2 signal is received. The HPCS Pump has been overridden.
- B. E22-F004 will NOT open if a Level 2 signal is received. The HPCS pump has been overridden.
- C. E22-F004 will open if a Level 2 signal is received. The HPCS pump has tripped.
- D. E22-F004 will NOT open if a Level 2 signal is received. The HPCS pump has tripped.

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Proposed Answer: D.

Explanation (Optional): The amber light above E22-F004 HPCS Injection Isol Valve indicates that the valve has been manually overridden. When in this condition, the valve will not open on Level 2. The amber light above the HPCS pump breaker control switch indicates that the breaker has tripped. The indication that the HPCS pump has not been overridden is indicated by the HPCS PUMP MANUAL OVERRIDE amber light being OFF.

Technical Reference(s): STM-203, Rev 6

Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: NA

Learning Objective: RLP- OPS-203, Obj 6 & 7

Question Source: New

Question History: Last NRC Exam NA

Question Cognitive Level: Memory or Fundamental Knowledge
Comprehension or Analysis 3

10 CFR Part 55 Content: 55.41 b.7

Comments:

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QUESTION 34 Rev 1

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SRO <input type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	2	
	Group #	1	
	K/A #	211000 A1.03	
	Importance Rating	3.6	

Ability to predict and/or monitor changes in pump discharge pressure associated with operating the Standby Liquid Control System.

Proposed Question:

While operating at 100% power an ATWS occurred.

The MSIVs closed due to a loss of condenser vacuum.

Reactor pressure has been lowered to 650 psig to maintain in the safe zone of the Heat Capacity Temperature Limit curve.

The CRS has directed injection with Standby Liquid Control.

Which of the following is indicative of proper SLC operation under these conditions?

- A. SLC pump discharge pressure 750 psig, SLC squib continuity light OFF
- B. SLC pump discharge pressure 1400 psig, SLC squib continuity light OFF
- C. SLC pump discharge pressure 1400 psig, SLC squib continuity light ON
- D. SLC pump discharge pressure 750 psig, SLC squib continuity light ON

Proposed Answer: A.

Explanation (Optional): Proper SLC operation occurs when the squib valve has been fired. This is indicated by the continuity light being extinguished. Proper SLC discharge pressure is slightly above reactor pressure. SLC discharge line relief valves lift at 1400. A pressure this high is indicative of blockage in the discharge line.

Technical Reference(s): STM-0201, Rev 4

Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: NA

Learning Objective: RLP-STM-0201 Obj 2e

Question Source: New

Question History: Last NRC Exam NA

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Question Cognitive Level: Memory or Fundamental Knowledge
Comprehension or Analysis

<input type="checkbox"/>
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 2

10 CFR Part 55 Content: 55.41 b.6

Comments:

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QUESTION 35 Rev 1

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SRO <input type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	2	
	Group #	1	
	K/A #	212000	K3.09
	Importance Rating	3.2	

Knowledge of the effect that a loss or malfunction of RPS will have on the magnitude of heat energy that must be absorbed by the containment during accident/transient conditions.

Proposed Question:

During an ATWS condition, EOP-1A directs the operators to install the following Enclosures:

- ENCLOSURE 16 Defeating Containment Instrument Air Isolation
- ENCLOSURE 24 Defeating RPV Low Level 1 MSIV and MSL Drains Isolation Interlocks
- ENCLOSURE 34 Defeating Offgas High Radiation Isolation Interlocks

Why does the procedure direct the performance of these three actions?

- A. To ensure the availability of the Standby Liquid Control tank level indication.
- B. To minimize the amount of heat energy being absorbed by containment.
- C. To allow resetting RPS by preventing an MSIV closure signal.
- D. To ensure air is available to the scram discharge volume vents and drains.

Proposed Answer: B.

Explanation (Optional):. Installation of these 3 enclosure ensures that the Main Condenser is maintained available as a heat sink. Encl 16 maintains air to the MSIVs, Encl 24 bypasses the MSIV Level 1 isolation and Encl 34 aids in maintaining condenser vacuum by bypassing any Ofg high radiation signal.

Technical Reference(s): EOP-1A Rev 21 EPSTG-0002 Rev 12

Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: NA

Learning Objective: RLP-HLO-0513 Obj. 4

Question Source: New

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Question History: Last NRC Exam NA

Question Cognitive Level: Memory or Fundamental Knowledge 2
Comprehension or Analysis

10 CFR Part 55 Content: 55.41 b.8, 10

Comments:

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QUESTION 36 Rev 1

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SRO <input type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	2
	Group #	1
	K/A #	215003 K4.04
	Importance Rating	2.9

Knowledge of the IRM design feature and/or interlocks that provide for varying system sensitivity levels using range switches.
--

Proposed Question:

Given the following plant conditions:

- Reactor startup in progress.
- IRM "C" indicating 36/125 on Range 4

Select the statement that best describes the response of the plant if IRM "C" is inadvertently ranged down by the operator depressing the down range button.

- A. Neither a rod block, nor a half scram.
- B. Only a rod block will be initiated.
- C. Only a half-scram will be initiated.
- D. Both a rod block and a half-scram will be initiated.

Proposed Answer: B.

Explanation (Optional): At the current power level, placing IRM "C" on Range 3 will result in the IRM displaying a value of 36/40 since Range 3 and 4 are of the same decade. Control Rod Block is initiated at 108/125 (equivalent to 34.5/40 on the odd range scale) therefore a rod block would be present. An RPS trip is initiated at 120/125 (equivalent to 38.4/40 on the odd range scale. With a value of 36/40, IRM "C" is between the rod block and half scram setpoints, therefore only a rod block will be initiated.

Technical Reference(s): R-STM-0503, Rev 2

Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: NA

Learning Objective: RLP-STM-0503 Obj. 12 & 13

Question Source: Modified Bank # NRC 11 (Changed original value of IRM reading (from 75/125 to 36/125) such that correct answer changed from D to B.

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Also original question stated that a shutdown was in progress. This left A as a possibly correct answer since the rod block signal is a withdrawal block not an insertion block).

Question History: Last NRC Exam 7/1997

Question Cognitive Level: Memory or Fundamental Knowledge
Comprehension or Analysis

3

10 CFR Part 55 Content: 55.41 b.7

Comments:

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QUESTION 37 Rev 1

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SRO <input type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	2
	Group #	1
	K/A #	215004 A2.02
	Importance Rating	3.4

Ability to predict the impact of an SRM inop and based on those predictions, use procedures to correct, control, or mitigate the consequences of that condition.
--

Proposed Question:

The plant is operating in Mode 2 when the following annunciator is received:

- SRM UPSCALE OR INOPERATIVE

All IRMs are on Range 2.

SRM Count Rates:

SRM A	2×10^3 cps
SRM B	8×10^2 cps
SRM C	3×10^4 cps
SRM D	3×10^5 cps

The shorting links are installed.

Reactor period has lengthened to 400 seconds. The reactor engineer has requested that additional control rods be withdrawn.

With present plant conditions, which of the following is correct regarding rod control status and what actions are required in accordance with GOP-0001, Plant Startup?

- A. A rod block is present, but may be cleared by withdrawing SRM D to maintain count rates between 1×10^3 and 1×10^5 cps.
- B. A rod block is present, but SRM D may not be withdrawn until all IRMs are on Range 3.
- C. A rod block is present, but may be cleared by fully withdrawing SRM D since all IRMs are on Range 2.
- D. No rod block exists therefore no actions are required.

Proposed Answer: A

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Explanation (Optional): GOP-0001 directs withdrawal of SRM detectors to maintain count rates between 1×10^3 and 1×10^5 cps. The short links bypass the SRM RPS trip, but not the control rod withdrawal block. SRMs may not be fully withdrawn until all IRMs are on Range 3 or above. A control rod block is received when SRM count rate exceeds 1×10^5 cps.

Technical Reference(s): STM-503, Rev 2

Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: NA

Learning Objective: RLP-STM-0503 Obj. 1, 4 & 7

Question Source: Modified Bank # INPO 16346
Significantly modified distractors to fit River Bend System

Question History: Last NRC Exam Grand Gulf 4/2000

Question Cognitive Level: Memory or Fundamental Knowledge
Comprehension or Analysis 2

10 CFR Part 55 Content: 55.41 b.2, b.7, b.10

Comments:

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QUESTION 39 Rev 1

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SRO <input type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	2	
	Group #	1	
	K/A #	217000	A3.04
	Importance Rating	3.6	

Ability to monitor system flow during automatic operation of RCIC.
--

Proposed Question:

A small reactor coolant system leak has occurred concurrent with a loss of offsite power.

RPV Level has decreased to -110 inches, but is now slowly rising with RCIC injection.

- Drywell pressure 2.6 psid
- Sup Pool Level 20 feet 6 inches

Forty minutes have passed and the only operator actions taken have been to lower reactor pressure to 700 psig and to verify proper operation of automatic features.

Which of the following would be the expected RCIC system operation?

- A. RCIC will be injecting at approximately 1000 gpm since reactor pressure has been lowered with suction from the suppression pool.
- B. RCIC will be tripped due to low suction pressure.
- C. RCIC will be injecting 600 gpm with suction from the CST.
- D. RCIC will be injecting 600 gpm with suction from the Suppression Pool.

Proposed Answer: D.

Explanation (Optional):

RCIC flow controller is set to 600 gpm. It will inject this flowrate at any pressure. High suppression pool level (20'3.5") will cause a RCIC suction swap to the suppression pool.

Technical Reference(s): STM-0209, Rev 4

Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: NA

Learning Objective: RLP-STM-209 Obj.5i & 12

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Question Source:	Bank #	275	
Question History:	Last NRC Exam	NA	
Question Cognitive Level:	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge		<input type="checkbox"/>
	Comprehension or Analysis		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3
10 CFR Part 55 Content:	55.41 b.7		
Comments:			

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QUESTION 40 Rev 1

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SRO <input type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	2	
	Group #	1	
	K/A #	218000 A4.09	
	Importance Rating	3.9	

Ability to manually operate and/or monitor suppression pool temperature in the control room.
--

Proposed Question:

The plant is in a casualty situation and Automatic Depressurization (ADS) has automatically initiated. The following conditions exist:

- Reactor Pressure 0 psig
- Containment Temperature 165°F
- Suppression Pool Level 15 feet 6 inches

RHR 'A' is running in Suppression Pool Cooling mode
RHR 'B' was secured following restoration of adequate core cooling.

Which of the following Main Control Room indications provides the most accurate suppression pool temperature indication?

- A. CMS-TR24A and CMS-TR24B recorders on H13-P808
- B. CMS-TR40A and CMS-TR40B recorders on H13-P808
- C. E12-R601 RHR Temperature recorder – Point 1 RHR inlet to HX1 A1 (E12-N004A) on H13-P601
- D. E12-R601 RHR Temperature recorder – Point 2 RHR inlet to HX1 B1 (E12-N004B) on H13-P601

Proposed Answer: C.

Explanation (Optional): CMS-TR24 recorders are not accurate with SP Level below 19'3". CMS-TR40 recorders are not accurate with SP Level below 16'. Point 2 is not accurate without flow through the heat exchanger. With RHR 'A' in SP Cooling mode, Point 1 on E12-R601 provides accurate SP Temp.

Technical Reference(s): STM-0057 Rev1; EOP-0001 Caution 8

Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: NA

Learning Objective: RLP-HLO-0511 Obj. 6

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Question Source: New

Question History: Last NRC Exam NA

Question Cognitive Level: Memory or Fundamental Knowledge
Comprehension or Analysis 3

10 CFR Part 55 Content: 55.41 b.7

Comments:

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Comments:

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QUESTION 42 Rev 1

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SRO <input type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	2	
	Group #	1	
	K/A #	239002	K3.02
	Importance Rating	4.2	

Knowledge of the effect that a loss or malfunction of the Relief/Safety Valves will have on reactor over pressurization.
--

Proposed Question:

A loss of 125VDC has rendered automatic SRV relief operation unavailable due to de-energization of both solenoids.

How does this condition affect SRV operation and the Reactor Coolant System Pressure Safety Limit?

- A. The safety limit will not be exceeded provided the SRVs are opened manually with their handswitches.
- B. The safety limit will not be exceeded because the SRVs will still function in ADS (Automatic Depressurization System) mode.
- C. The safety limit will not be exceeded because the SRV will lift in Safety mode prior to reaching the limit.
- D. The SRVs will lift in Safety mode, but not prior to exceeding the safety limit.

Proposed Answer: C.

Explanation (Optional): SRVs will not open in any mode other than Safety when the solenoids are de-energized. The safety limit is 1325 psig. All 16 SRVs would have opened in Safety Mode by 1210 psig therefore the Safety limit will not be exceeded.

Technical Reference(s): Technical Specification 2.0; STM-109, Rev 1; STM-202, Rev 2

Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: NA

Learning Objective: RLP-STM-109 Obj 3b, 21b, 4a, 24b; RLP-HLO-401 Obj. 2

Question Source: New

Question History: Last NRC Exam NA

Question Cognitive Level: Memory or Fundamental Knowledge

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Comprehension or Analysis**

☒3

10 CFR Part 55 Content: 55.41 b.3 & b.7

Comments:

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QUESTION 43 Rev 0

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SRO <input type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	2	
	Group #	1	
	K/A #	259002	K1.03
	Importance Rating	3.8	

Knowledge of the physical connections and/or cause-effect relationships between Reactor Water Level Control System and reactor water level.

Proposed Question:

The plant is at 100% steady state power.

The 'B' Feedwater Regulating Valve has failed closed.

What is the expected plant response to this malfunction with no operator action?

- A. 'A' and 'C' Feedwater Regulating will open to stabilize level in the normal range with reactor power remaining at 100%.
- B. 'A' and 'C' Feedwater Regulating valves will open but will be unable to maintain vessel level. The reactor will scram on low water level.
- C. Reactor Recirculation Flow Control Valves will run back. The 'A' and 'C' Feedwater Regulating Valves will stabilize level with the plant at a lower power level.
- D. Reactor Recirculation Flow Control Valves will run back. The 'A' and 'C' Feedwater Regulating Valves will be unable to maintain vessel level. The reactor will scram on low water level.

Proposed Answer: B.

Explanation (Optional): A 100% power, 3 feedwater pumps are in service. The runback signal only occurs if less than 3 FWS pumps are running. Two Feed Reg Valves alone can not maintain water level at 100% power.

Technical Reference(s): STM-0107, Rev 10

Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: NA

Learning Objective: RLP-STM-0107 Obj. 16f

Question Source: New

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Question History: Last NRC Exam NA

Question Cognitive Level: Memory or Fundamental Knowledge
Comprehension or Analysis

3

10 CFR Part 55 Content: 55.41 b.3

Comments:

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QUESTION 44 Rev 1

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SRO <input type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	2	
	Group #	1	
	K/A #	261000	K3.01
	Importance Rating	3.3	

Knowledge of the effect that a loss or malfunction of the Standby Gas Treatment System will have on secondary containment and environment differential pressure.
--

Proposed Question:

Following a LOCA condition, the following parameters were observed:

- Auxiliary Building pressure +0.10 psig
- Annulus pressure +0.10 psig

Which of the following is responsible for BOTH of these conditions?

- A. Failure of the Auxiliary Building Supply Fans to trip when the associated Exhaust Fans tripped.
- B. Trip of both Annulus Pressure Control fans.
- C. Trip of both Auxiliary Building Exhaust fans.
- D. Failure of Standby Gas Treatment to initiate when required.

Proposed Answer: D.

Explanation (Optional): On a LOCA signal, Standby Gas Treatment initiates and aligns to draw negative pressure on the Auxiliary Bldg and the Annulus. During a LOCA, the annulus pressure control fans, auxiliary bldg supply fans and exhaust fans are all isolated and secured.

Technical Reference(s): STM-257, Rev 4

Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: NA

Learning Objective: RLP-STM-0257 Obj. 11d

Question Source: New

Question History: Last NRC Exam NA

Question Cognitive Level:	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	2
	Comprehension or Analysis	<input type="checkbox"/>	

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10 CFR Part 55 Content: 55.41 b.13

Comments:

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Comments:

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QUESTION 46 Rev 1

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SRO <input type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	2	
	Group #	1	
	K/A #	262001	K5.02
	Importance Rating	2.6	

Knowledge of the operational implications of breaker control as it applies to the AC electrical distribution system.
--

Proposed Question:

A 4160 volt breaker was racked in following maintenance on its associated pump. The breaker was then closed. Thirty minutes later, the breaker experienced a loss of DC control power. No operator actions were taken.

Which of the following describes the operational capabilities of this breaker?

- A. The breaker will trip open on loss of control power and no further breaker operations are possible.
- B. The breaker will trip open on loss of control power and all additional breaker operations must be performed locally.
- C. The breaker cannot be remotely operated but can be locally tripped open, then closed and tripped open one more time locally.
- D. The breaker cannot be remotely operated but can be locally tripped one time with no further breaker operations possible.

Proposed Answer: C.

Explanation (Optional): Breakers do not trip open on loss of control power. No remote operation is available when control power is loss, but local tripping is always available. When the breaker was closed prior to the loss of control power, the charging motor energized to charge the springs, so even after control power was loss, the springs were charged and available for a subsequent closure.

Technical Reference(s): STM-300, Rev 11

Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: NA

Learning Objective: RLP-STM-0300 Obj. 14a

Question Source: Bank # 1105

Question History: Last NRC Exam 1/1997

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Question Cognitive Level: Memory or Fundamental Knowledge
Comprehension or Analysis 3

10 CFR Part 55 Content: 55.41 b.7

Comments:

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10 CFR Part 55 Content: 55.41 b.7

Comments:

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QUESTION 48 Rev 1

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SRO <input type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	2	
	Group #	1	
	K/A #	262002	K4.01
	Importance Rating	3.1	

Knowledge of the UPS design feature and/or interlocks which provide for the transfer from preferred power to alternate power supplies.
--

Proposed Question:

Uninterruptible Power Supply ENB-INV01A is in its normal lineup when a malfunction of the inverter occurs that results in 0 volts output.

What is the expected response of ENB-INV01A?

- A. The UPS will continue to supply bus loads using the station battery as a DC source.
- B. The UPS will continue to supply bus loads since the inverter only provides power with the UPS in BYPASS mode.
- C. The UPS static transfer switch will transfer and continue to supply bus loads via the alternate power supply.
- D. The UPS will not continue to supply bus loads due to a LOSS OF SYNCH condition preventing transfer to the alternate power supply.

Proposed Answer: C.

Explanation (Optional): The battery backup requires the inverter to provide power therefore 'A' is incorrect. 'B' would be true if in BYPASS, but the normal lineup is through the inverter which is not associated with the BYPASS lineup. The static transfer switch will transfer from the inverter output to the alternate source and maintain bus loads energized due to the failure of the inverter. The bus will transfer and maintain bus loads.

Technical Reference(s): STM-300 Rev 11 Pg 26 of 94

Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: NA

Learning Objective: RLP-STM-0300 Obj. H15

Question Source: New

Question History: Last NRC Exam NA

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Question Cognitive Level: Memory or Fundamental Knowledge
Comprehension or Analysis

3

10 CFR Part 55 Content: 55.41 b. 5

Comments:

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QUESTION 50 Rev 0

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SRO <input type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	2
	Group #	1
	K/A #	263000 A2.02
	Importance Rating	2.6

Ability to predict the impact of a loss of ventilation during charging and based on those predictions, use procedures to correct, control, or mitigate the consequence of this condition.

Proposed Question:

With an equalize charge in progress on ENB-BAT1A, the running battery room fan tripped. The associated standby fan failed to automatically start.

Which of the following represents the expected operator response to this condition and reason for the response?

- A. No action necessary at this time. Ventilation may be secured for up to 96 hours.
- B. Attempt to manually start the standby fan, or provide a temporary ventilation system due to explosive concentrations of hydrogen that can build up during charging.
- C. Attempt to manually start the standby fan, or provide a temporary ventilation system to avoid excessive room temperatures beyond the EQ limit.
- D. Prop open the battery room door to provide cooling from other areas to minimize exceeding EQ temperature limits.

Proposed Answer: B.

Explanation (Optional): Ventilation fans provide no cooling, but do ensure that hydrogen does not build up in the battery rooms. The 96 hour limit provide does not apply when a battery is being charged at a rate higher than float charge.

Technical Reference(s): SOP-0058, Rev 20

Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: NA

Learning Objective: RLP-STM-0058 Obj. 12

Question Source: New

Question History: Last NRC Exam NA

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Question Cognitive Level: Memory or Fundamental Knowledge 2
Comprehension or Analysis

10 CFR Part 55 Content: 55.41 b.10

Comments:

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QUESTION 51 Rev 1

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SRO <input type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	2	
	Group #	1	
	K/A #	264000 A1.03	
	Importance Rating	2.8	

Ability to predict and/or monitor changes in operating voltages, currents, and temperatures associated with the Emergency Diesel Generators.
--

Proposed Question:

The monthly surveillance run for the Division 1 diesel generator is in progress. The diesel is synchronized to the bus.

If the voltage regulator control switch is taken to the LOWER position, the diesel generator real load (KW) will _____ and diesel generator reactive load (KVAR) will _____.

- A. decrease; be unchanged
- B. decrease; decrease
- C. be unchanged; decrease
- D. be unchanged; be unchanged

Proposed Answer: C.

Explanation (Optional): During the diesel monthly surveillance run, the diesel is operated in accordance with STP-309-0201 Att 2. This graph indicates that the diesel is run with positive KVAR loading. Lowering the voltage regulator output in this condition results in reduced excitation and a decrease in reactive load. This operation has no effect on generator real load. Manipulation of the governor control would affect generator real load.

Technical Reference(s): HLO-154 Obj. 20; STP-309-0201 Rev 34 Att. 2 Pg 38 of 41

Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: NA

Learning Objective: HLO-154 Obj 20

Question Source: New

Question History: Last NRC Exam NA

Question Cognitive Level: Memory or Fundamental Knowledge

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Comprehension or Analysis**

☒3

10 CFR Part 55 Content: 55.41 b.7

Comments:

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QUESTION 52 Rev 1

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SRO <input type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	2
	Group #	1
	K/A #	300000 A2.01
	Importance Rating	2.9

Ability to predict the impact of air dryer and filter malfunctions on the Instrument Air System and based on those predictions, use procedures to correct, control, or mitigate the consequences of this condition.

Proposed Question:

The plant is operating at 100% power with IAS-DRY2 in service.

A failure of IAS-DRY2 regeneration solenoids has resulted in IAS being vented to atmosphere via the regeneration purge line.

What impact will the failure of IAS-DRY2 have on the Instrument Air System and in accordance with ARP-H13-P870-51 how will the system be restored?

IAS pressure will lower until IAS-AOV300A IAS-DRY2 PURGE ISOLATION VALVE...

- A. ...isolates. Local operator action will be required to open IAS-AOV300A when the failed solenoid is repaired.
- B. ...opens. Local operator action will be required to close IAS-AOV300A when the failed solenoid is repaired.
- C. ...isolates. IAS-AOV300A will automatically open when IAS pressure is restored to normal.
- D. ...opens. IAS-AOV300A will automatically close when IAS pressure is restored to normal.

Proposed Answer: A

Explanation (Optional): IAS-AOV300A isolates at 113 psig IAS header pressure to prevent a dryer component failure from causing a complete loss of IAS. The isolation will stop the depressurization therefore automatic re-opening of IAS-AOV300A is not desirable when pressure is restored. Manual action is required at IAS-PNL31.

Technical Reference(s): STM-0121, Rev 6

Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: NA

Learning Objective: RLP-STM-0121 Obj. 3c

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Question Source: New

Question History: Last NRC Exam NA

Question Cognitive Level: Memory or Fundamental Knowledge 2
Comprehension or Analysis

10 CFR Part 55 Content: 55.41 b.4

Comments:

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QUESTION 53 Rev 1

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SRO <input type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	2	
	Group #	1	
	K/A #	400000	AK4.01
	Importance Rating	3.4	

Knowledge of the CCW design feature and/or interlocks which provide for the automatic start of the standby pump.
--

Proposed Question:

The plant is operating at 100% power.
CCP-P1A and CCP-P1B are running. CCP-P1C is in standby.

RPCCW SYSTEM LOW HEADER PRESSURE alarmed on H13-P870-55. An investigation revealed that the CCP header pressure transmitter has failed low. No other alarms or automatic actions occurred.

What automatic feature failed to function as designed?

- A. Trip of the running CRD pump.
- B. Start of the standby pump, CCP-P1C.
- C. Initiation of both Standby Service Water Divisions.
- D. Isolation of cooling water to the CCP heat exchangers.

Proposed Answer: B.

Explanation (Optional): Only the standby pump auto start feature utilizes a single transmitter for initiation. The trip of a running CRD pump would occur if either CCP vital loop sensed <56 psig. The initiation of both SSW divisions would require sensing a <56 psig signal in both CCP vital loops. The isolation of the CCP heat exchangers would occur if <56 psig was sensed in the Div 2 CCP vital loop.

Technical Reference(s): STM-115, Rev 4

Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: NA

Learning Objective: RLP-STM-0115 Obj. 4

Question Source: Bank # 405

Question History: Last NRC Exam 2004

**2008 River Bend Station
Initial NRC License Examination
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Question Cognitive Level: Memory or Fundamental Knowledge
Comprehension or Analysis

3

10 CFR Part 55 Content: 55.41 b.4

Comments:

**2008 River Bend Station
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QUESTION 54 Rev 1

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SRO <input type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	2
	Group #	2
	K/A #	201001 G2.2.39
	Importance Rating	3.9

Knowledge of less than or equal to one hour Technical Specification action statements for CRD Hydraulics.

Proposed Question:

While operating at 100% power, the plant experienced a trip of CRD Pump "A" due to a significant water leak. The water from the leak has impinged upon CRD Pump "B" resulting in a failure to start due to grounding of the motor. Consider the following timeline:

- CRD Pump A trip 0915
- 1st Accumulator Fault 0921
- 2nd Accumulator Fault 0925

Based on the information above, what is the required action for this condition?

Restore charging water header pressure to ≥ 1540 psig by:

- A. 1015 or declare the associated control rod accumulators SLOW.
- B. 0945 or place the Mode Switch in Shutdown.
- C. 0941 or place the Mode Switch in Shutdown.
- D. 1025 or declare the associated control accumulators SLOW.

Proposed Answer: B.

Explanation (Optional): Tech Specs require charging water header to be restore within 20 minutes of the second accumulator fault.

Technical Reference(s): LCO 3.1.5 Condition B. ARP-601-22-A01

Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: NA

Learning Objective: RLP-STM-0052 Obj. 12

Question Source: New

Question History: Last NRC Exam NA

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Question Cognitive Level: Memory or Fundamental Knowledge
Comprehension or Analysis

3

10 CFR Part 55 Content: 55.41 b.10

Comments:

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QUESTION 55 Rev 1

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SRO <input type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	2	
	Group #	2	
	K/A #	201005 A1.01	
	Importance Rating	3.2	

Ability to predict and/or monitor changes in first stage shell pressure associated with RCIS
--

Proposed Question:

Given the following plant conditions:

- Reactor power 45%
- Generator Load 480 MWe

Power ascension is in progress. The next step of the Reactivity Control Plan has the ATC operator select and continuously withdraw control rod 28-49 from position 12 to position 24.

Just prior to withdrawing the control rod, the Main Turbine First Stage Shell Pressure transmitter output signal fails upscale.

Which one of the following describes the response of Control Rod 28-49 when the ATC operator attempts withdrawal under this condition?

Control Rod 28-49 will:

- A. remain at position 12.
- B. withdraw to position 16 and settle.
- C. withdraw to position 20 and settle.
- D. withdraw to position 24 and settle.

Proposed Answer: B.

Explanation (Optional): Rod withdrawal limitations are dependent on reactor power as sensed by First Stage Turbine Pressure. An upscale failure will indicate to the RC&IS system that reactor power is above the HPSP. The RWL will then limit rod withdrawals to 2 notch positions.

Technical Reference(s): STM-0500, Rev 2

Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: NA

**2008 River Bend Station
Initial NRC License Examination
Reactor Operator**

Learning Objective: RLP-STM-0500 Obj. 22a

Question Source: Bank # 665

Question History: Last NRC Exam 2/1999

Question Cognitive Level: Memory or Fundamental Knowledge
Comprehension or Analysis 3

10 CFR Part 55 Content: 55.41 b.6

Comments: Original question provided a copy of the reactivity plan as a reference to the candidate. Determined it was unnecessary.

**2008 River Bend Station
Initial NRC License Examination
Reactor Operator**

QUESTION 56 Rev 1

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SRO <input type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	2
	Group #	2
	K/A #	202001 K6.09
	Importance Rating	3.4

Knowledge of the effect that a loss of reactor water level will have on the Recirculation System.

Proposed Question:

Following a reactor scram, the following plant conditions exist:

- Reactor power 0%
- Reactor pressure 875 psig
- Reactor level -20 inches slowly rising

All ECCS systems are in standby

Which of the following represents the status of the Reactor Recirculation System?

- A. Reactor Recirculation pumps are OFF with cooling water AVAILABLE.
- B. Reactor Recirculation pumps are in SLOW speed with cooling water UNAVAILABLE
- C. Reactor Recirculation pumps are in SLOW speed with cooling water AVAILABLE.
- D. Reactor Recirculation pumps are OFF with cooling water UNAVAILABLE.

Proposed Answer: C.

Explanation (Optional): Level is less than Level 3, but above Level 2 therefore, the Recirc pumps are running in slow speed. Cooling water isolates on Level 2 or 1.68 psid. ECCS systems, specifically HPCS being in standby indicates that neither Level 2, nor 1.68 psid signal has been received.

Technical Reference(s): AOP-0003, Rev 26 STM-053, Rev 1

Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: NA

Learning Objective: RLP-STM-0503 Obj 20f & 20k

Question Source: New

**2008 River Bend Station
Initial NRC License Examination
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Question History: Last NRC Exam NA

Question Cognitive Level: Memory or Fundamental Knowledge
Comprehension or Analysis



10 CFR Part 55 Content: 55.41 b.6

Comments:

**2008 River Bend Station
Initial NRC License Examination
Reactor Operator**

QUESTION 57 Rev 1

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SRO <input type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	2	
	Group #	2	
	K/A #	202002 K1.09	
	Importance Rating	3.1	

Knowledge of the physical connections and/or cause effect relationships between Recirculation Flow Control and reactor water level.

Proposed Question:

Given the following:

- The plant is operating at 100% power.
- "A" narrow range level channel is selected as input to Feedwater Level Control.

A leak in the reference leg of the "A" narrow range level transmitter has altered the level input to the Feedwater Level Control System. The ATC operator promptly placed the Master Feedwater Controller in Manual in accordance with AOP-0006 Condensate and Feedwater Failures.

As a result of this condition, both Reactor Recirculation Pumps will...

- A. remain at present speed, and the Recirc Flow Control Valves will runback to 60% drive flow position.
- B. transfer to SLOW speed operation, with the Recirc Flow Control Valves remaining at their present position.
- C. transfer to SLOW speed operation, with the Recirc Flow Control Valves running back to 60% drive flow position.
- D. remain at present speed, and the Recirc Flow Control Valves will remain at their present position.

Proposed Answer: D.

Explanation (Optional): The Recirc Pump transfer and FCV runback logics receive input from the narrow range channel selected for FWLC. A leak on the reference leg will cause transmitter differential pressure to lower and hence indicated level to rise, therefore the Recirc system will not receive a Level 3 or Level 4 input to cause a speed transfer or runback.

Technical Reference(s): STM-107, Rev 10; STM-503, Rev 2

Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: NA

**2008 River Bend Station
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Reactor Operator**

Learning Objective: RLP-STM-107 Obj 10c, 13c; RLP-STM-503, Rev 2 Obj 20i

Question Source: Modified Bank # RBS NRC 9 (Changed failure from a flow transmitter to a level transmitter and change distractor C to make it plausible based on transmitter change.)

Question History: Last NRC Exam 2/2003

Question Cognitive Level: Memory or Fundamental Knowledge
Comprehension or Analysis 3

10 CFR Part 55 Content: 55.41 b.6

Comments:

**2008 River Bend Station
Initial NRC License Examination
Reactor Operator**

QUESTION 58 Rev 1

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SRO <input type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	2
	Group #	2
	K/A #	216000 A1.03
	Importance Rating	2.9

Ability to predict and/or monitor changes in parameters associated with operating the Nuclear Boiler Instrumentation including surveillance testing.
--

Proposed Question:

With the plant operating in Mode 2 at 150 psig, Narrow Range Reactor Water Level indication reads 35 inches.

What is the expected indication on Wide Range level instrumentation under these conditions?

- A. Wide Range instrumentation is Upscale.
- B. Wide Range instrumentation reads 10 inches.
- C. Wide Range instrumentation is Downscale.
- D. Wide Range instrumentation reads 35 inches.

Proposed Answer: A.

Explanation (Optional): Narrow Range instrumentation is calibrated for 1055 psig and 130°F drywell temperature. Wide Range instrumentation is also calibrated for 1055 psig and 130°F drywell temperature. Since both instruments are not at calibrated conditions, both will experience a differential between actual and indicated level. The differential is due to the density of the water in the reference leg. Due to the temperature in the vicinity of the reference leg being lower than calibrated conditions, both instruments will display an indicated level that is higher than actual. The effect is more pronounced on the Wide Range instrument since its operating range is 220 inches (-160" to 60") versus 60 inches (0-60") for Narrow Range.

Technical Reference(s): STM-0051, Rev 3 Ref Fig 16

Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: NA

Learning Objective: RLP-STM-0051 Obj. 5e

Question Source: New

Question History: Last NRC Exam NA

**2008 River Bend Station
Initial NRC License Examination
Reactor Operator**

Question Cognitive Level: Memory or Fundamental Knowledge
Comprehension or Analysis

3

10 CFR Part 55 Content: 55.41 b.7

Comments:

**2008 River Bend Station
Initial NRC License Examination
Reactor Operator**

Comments:

**2008 River Bend Station
Initial NRC License Examination
Reactor Operator**

QUESTION 60 Rev 1

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SRO <input type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	2	
	Group #	2	
	K/A #	239001	G2.4.20
	Importance Rating	3.8	

Knowledge of the operational implications of EOP warnings, cautions, and notes as related to main and reheat steam.

Proposed Question:

An override in EOP-1, provides guidance to rapidly depressurize the RPV if Emergency Depressurization is anticipated.

How is this accomplished?

- A. With MSIVs open, fully open the Bypass Valves with the BPV jack. Open all 3" and 1" drains. Exceeding the cooldown rate is allowed.
- B. Open 1 SRV until the cooldown limit is reached.
- C. Install EOP Enclosure 9, Defeating MSIV and MSL Drains Isolation Interlocks, if necessary to reopen the MSIVs. Fully open the Bypass Valves with the BPV jack. Open all 3" and 1" drains. Exceeding the cooldown rate is allowed.
- D. Lower pressure setpoint until the cooldown limit is reached.

Proposed Answer: A.

Explanation (Optional): Anticipating of the ED is only allowed if the MSIVs are open. If they are open, the BPVs are fully opened as well as all 3" and 1" drains. Exceeding the cooldown rate is authorized. Defeating MSIV and MSL Drain Isolation Interlocks per Enclosure 9 is not authorized.

Technical Reference(s): EOP-0001 Step RP-1 and bases. OSP-0053, Rev 9 Pg 26 & 27 of 52.

Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: NA

Learning Objective: RLP-OPS-HLO-512 Obj. 5

Question Source: New

Question History: Last NRC Exam NA

Question Cognitive Level: Memory or Fundamental Knowledge 3

**2008 River Bend Station
Initial NRC License Examination
Reactor Operator
Comprehension or Analysis**



10 CFR Part 55 Content: 55.41 b.10

**2008 River Bend Station
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Reactor Operator**

QUESTION 62 Rev 0

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SRO <input type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	2	
	Group #	2	
	K/A #	259001	K1.05
	Importance Rating	3.2	

Knowledge of the physical connections and/or cause-effect relationships between Reactor Feedwater System and Condensate.
--

Proposed Question:

The plant is at 80% power.

Two condensate pumps (A and B) and two feedwater pumps (B and C) are in service.

If a loss of both condensate pumps occurs, FEEDWATER PUMP...

- A. "B" trips 15 seconds after suction pressure decreases to 260 psig.
- B. "B" trips 10 seconds after suction pressure decreases to 280 psig.
- C. "C" trips 10 seconds after suction pressure decreases to 260 psig.
- D. "C" trips 20 seconds after suction pressure decreases to 280 psig.

Proposed Answer: A.

Explanation (Optional):

Low suction pressure trips occurs at 260 psig + associated time delay. (280 psig represents the alarm function). The time delay for each pumps is as follows: A=10 seconds, B=15 seconds, C=20 seconds.

Technical Reference(s): STM-107, Rev 10

Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: NA

Learning Objective: RLP-STM-0107, Obj. 5, 8a, 16b

Question Source: Bank # 304

Question History: Last NRC Exam 7/1997

Question Cognitive Level:	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	2
	Comprehension or Analysis	<input type="checkbox"/>	

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10 CFR Part 55 Content: 55.41 b.4

Comments:

**2008 River Bend Station
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QUESTION 64 Rev 1

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SRO <input type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	2	
	Group #	2	
	K/A #	286000	A4.05
	Importance Rating	3.3	

Ability to manually operate and or monitor the fire pump in the main control room.
--

Proposed Question:

A fire erupts in the Division 1 Diesel Generator room causing the sprinkler system to initiate and fire water header pressure drops to 115 psig.

Which of the following actions would be expected to occur?

- A. The Electric Fire Pump will receive an auto start signal and the Diesel Driven Fire Pumps "A" and "B" will start immediately if the Electric Fire Pump fails to start.
- B. The Electric Fire Pump will receive an auto start signal, but if it fails to start and header pressure is still at 115 psig after 15 seconds, then Diesel Driven Fire Pump "A" will start.
- C. The Diesel Driven Fire Pump "A" will auto start if fire water header pressure remains at 115 psig for 10 seconds, whether the Electric Driven Fire Pump starts or NOT.
- D. The Diesel Driven Fire Pump "A" will auto start if fire water header pressure remains below 140 psig for 10 seconds and the Electric Fire Pump is running.

Proposed Answer: D.

Explanation (Optional): The Electric Fire Pump receives an auto start signal at 120 psig. Diesel Fire Pump "A" receives a start signal at 110 psig with a 10 sec TD. Diesel Fire Pump "B" receives a start signal at 100 psig with a 15 second TD. If the Electric Fire Pump starts and pressure is still <140 psig for 10 seconds the Diesel Fire Pump "A" will start (<140 psig and 15 seconds for Diesel Fire Pump "B").

Technical Reference(s): STM-250, Rev 4

Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: NA

Learning Objective: RLP-STM-250 Obj. 4b, 4c, 5a, 5b

Question Source: Bank # 610

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Initial NRC License Examination
Reactor Operator**

Question History: Last NRC Exam 10/2000

Question Cognitive Level: Memory or Fundamental Knowledge
Comprehension or Analysis



10 CFR Part 55 Content: 55.41 b.7

Comments:

**2008 River Bend Station
Initial NRC License Examination
Reactor Operator**

QUESTION 67 Rev 1

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SRO <input type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	3
	Group #	Conduct of Ops
	K/A #	G 2.1.29
	Importance Rating	4.1

Knowledge of how to conduct system lineups, such as valves, breakers, switches, etc.
--

Proposed Question:

The Unit Operator has just completed venting the Primary Containment in accordance with the System Operating Procedure. All equipment operated as expected.

What is required following this evolution?

- A. Documentation on the Unit Operator Rounds (OSP-0028), with the lineup verified by a different operator.
- B. Documentation on the Unit Operator Rounds (OSP-0028), however the lineup is not required to be verified by different operator.
- C. Documentation in the Main Control Room Log Book, with the lineup verified by a different operator.
- D. Documentation in the Main Control Room Log Book, however the lineup is not required to be verified by a different operator.

Proposed Answer: C.

Explanation (Optional): OSP-0022, Operations General Administrative Guidelines states the control board lineups shall be performed after completion of any operation or component manipulation on Safety Related-Tech Spec systems. Lineups performed shall be verified by a different operator and documented in the Control Room Log Book.

Technical Reference(s): OSP-0022, Rev 11 Operations General Administrative Guidelines, Step 5.2.26.

Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: NA

Learning Objective: NA

Question Source: Bank # 637

Question History: Last NRC Exam 2/1999

**2008 River Bend Station
Initial NRC License Examination
Reactor Operator**

Question Cognitive Level: Memory or Fundamental Knowledge 2
Comprehension or Analysis

10 CFR Part 55 Content: 55.41 b.10

Comments:

**2008 River Bend Station
Initial NRC License Examination
Reactor Operator**

QUESTION 70 Rev 1

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SRO <input type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	3
	Group #	Equipment Control
	K/A #	G. 2.2.17
	Importance Rating	2.6

Knowledge of the process for managing maintenance activities during plant operations, such as risk assessments, work prioritization, and coordination with the transmission system operator.

Proposed Question:

The plant is operating at 100% power.

The Unit Operator receives a phone call from the Fancy Point Switchyard gate. Entergy Transmission & Distribution personnel are requesting entry into the switchyard to perform routine switchyard inspections. The River Bend Electrical Maintenance Superintendent has reviewed the work scope and will enter the switchyard with T&D personnel.

How should the Unit Operator proceed?

- A. Authorize the T&D personnel to directly enter the switchyard since their maintenance is non-intrusive.
- B. Brief the T&D personnel on OSP-0048, SWITCHYARD, TRANSFORMER YARD AND SENSITIVE EQUIPMENT CONTROLS, then authorize them to enter and perform their inspections.
- C. Direct the phone call to the CRS who will brief the T&D personnel on OSP-0048, SWITCHYARD, TRANSFORMER YARD AND SENSITIVE EQUIPMENT CONTROLS, then authorize them to enter and perform their inspections.
- D. Direct the phone call to the CRS who will authorize them to directly enter the switchyard since their maintenance is non-intrusive.

Proposed Answer: C.

Explanation (Optional): Only an OSM/CRS is allowed to authorize entry into Fancy Point Switchyard. Prior to entry, a pre-job brief is required.

Technical Reference(s): OSP-0048, Rev 5 Section 7.1

Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: NA

**2008 River Bend Station
Initial NRC License Examination
Reactor Operator**

Learning Objective: NA

Question Source: New

Question History: Last NRC Exam NA

Question Cognitive Level: Memory or Fundamental Knowledge 3
Comprehension or Analysis

10 CFR Part 55 Content: 55.41 b.10

Comments:

**2008 River Bend Station
Initial NRC License Examination
Reactor Operator**

QUESTION 73 Rev 1

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> SRO <input type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	3
	Group #	Radiation Control
	K/A #	G. 2.3.15
	Importance Rating	2.9

Knowledge of radiation monitoring systems, such as fixed radiation monitors and alarms, portable survey instruments, personnel monitoring equipment, etc.

Proposed Question:

The plant is operating at 100% power.

Both Offgas Post Treatment Radiation monitors have alarmed on a High-High-High Radiation signal.

Which one of the following describes the effect on the Offgas System and the Main Condenser?

- A. Offgas will shift into the bypass mode of operation causing a loss of condenser vacuum.
- B. Offgas will isolate only the charcoal adsorbers inlet and outlet valves causing a loss of condenser vacuum.
- C. Offgas will continue to operate allowing main condenser vacuum to remain constant.
- D. Offgas System will isolate causing a loss of condenser vacuum.

Proposed Answer: D.

Explanation (Optional): On a triple high radiation signal on both post treatment radiation monitors, N64-F060 will isolate resulting in a shutdown of offgas flow. As a result, air and non-condensibles will not be removed from the condenser and ultimately condenser vacuum will be lost.

Technical Reference(s): STM-606, Rev 2

Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: NA

Learning Objective: RLP-STM-0606, Obj. 13a, 14b

Question Source: Bank # 607

Question History: Last NRC Exam 2/1999

**2008 River Bend Station
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Question Cognitive Level: Memory or Fundamental Knowledge
Comprehension or Analysis



10 CFR Part 55 Content: 55.41 b.4; b.11

Comments:

**2008 River Bend Station
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QUESTION 74 Rev 1

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	SRO <input type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	3	
	Group #	Emergency Plan	
	K/A #	G. 2.4.1	
	Importance Rating	4.6	

Knowledge of EOP entry conditions and immediate action steps.

Proposed Question:

The reactor has just scrammed. The following plant conditions exist:

- Reactor power 3%
- Reactor water level 17 inches (lowest level observed was 15 inches)
- Reactor pressure 1047 psig
- Suppression Pool Level 20 feet 2 inches
- Drywell H2 0.4%
- Drywell pressure 0.2 psid

Which of the following represents the required EOP(s) to enter?

- A. EOP-1 and EOP-2
- B. EOP-2 only
- C. EOP-1A and EOP-2
- D. EOP-1 only

Proposed Answer: B

Explanation (Optional): No EOP-1 entry conditions exist, therefore EOP-1A is also not applicable. Suppression Pool Level requires entry into EOP-2.

Technical Reference(s): EOP-1 Rev 21; EOP-2 Rev 21

Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: NA

Learning Objective: RLP-HLO-512 Obj 3; RLP-HLO-514, Obj 3

Question Source: Bank # 132

Question History: Last NRC Exam 1/1993

Question Cognitive Level: Memory or Fundamental Knowledge

**2008 River Bend Station
Initial NRC License Examination
Reactor Operator
Comprehension or Analysis**

☒3

10 CFR Part 55 Content: 55.41 b.10

Comments:

**2008 River Bend Station
Initial NRC License Examination
Senior Reactor Operator**

QUESTION 76 Rev 0

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input type="checkbox"/>	SRO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	1	
	Group #	1	
	K/A #	295005 G 2.4.6	
	Importance Rating	4.7	

Knowledge of EOP mitigation strategies as they relate to main turbine and generator trips.
--

Proposed Question:

While operating at 100% power, the Main Turbine tripped. Several control rods failed to insert as required. The ATWS procedure is being implemented.

The following conditions exist:

Reactor power	12%
Reactor level	-20 inches
MSIV	OPEN

Which of the following describes the preferred EOP pressure control mitigation strategy as described in OSP-0053, Emergency and Transient Response Support Procedure?

- A. The operator stabilizes pressure 800-1090 psig then requests an expanded pressure band, opens applicable steam line drains and opens the Bypass Valves by lowering the Main Turbine pressure setpoint.
- B. The operator stabilizes pressure 950-1090 psig then requests an expanded pressure band, opens applicable steam line drains and opens the Bypass Valves by using the BPV jack.
- C. The operator stabilizes pressure 800-1090 psig then requests an expanded pressure band, opens applicable steam line drains and opens the Bypass Valves by using the BPV jack.
- D. The operator stabilizes pressure 950-1090 psig then requests an expanded pressure band, opens applicable steam line drains and opens the Bypass Valves by lowering the Main Turbine pressure setpoint.

Proposed Answer: D.

Explanation (Optional): The stabilization band is 950 psig per EOP-1A Step RPA-3. 800-1090 psig represents the expanded band after stabilization. OSP-0053 Attachment 1B describes ATWS Pressure Control Strategies. Page 6 of 6 lists with Preferred method of pressure control as automatic pressure control (pressure set point reduction). Jacking open the BPVs is utilized when the MSIVs CLOSED.

Technical Reference(s): OSP-0053 Rev 9, EOP-1A Rev 21

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Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: NA

Learning Objective: RLP-OPS-HLO512 Obj. 8

Question Source: New

Question History: Last NRC Exam NA

Question Cognitive Level: Memory or Fundamental Knowledge
Comprehension or Analysis 3

10 CFR Part 55 Content: 55.43 b.5

Comments:

**2008 River Bend Station
Initial NRC License Examination
Senior Reactor Operator**

QUESTION 77 Rev 1

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input type="checkbox"/>	SRO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	1	
	Group #	1	
	K/A #	295006	AA2.04
	Importance Rating	4.1	

Ability to determine and/or interpret reactor pressure as it applies to a SCRAM condition.
--

Proposed Question:

During a plant startup with reactor power at 25%, a failure occurred in both Main Turbine pressure regulator channels causing the outputs to fail low.

What procedure is applicable for the above condition and why?

- A. EOP-0001, RPV Control, is applicable because the reactor will scram.
- B. EOP-0002, Containment Control, is applicable because SRVs will be the only pressure control method therefore adding heat to the suppression pool.
- C. AOP-0003, Automatic Isolations, is applicable because the MSIVs will isolate.
- D. Remain in GOP-0001, Plant Startup, and control pressure with SRVs, steam line drains and Bypass Valves.

Proposed Answer: A.

Explanation (Optional): The failure mechanism has caused reactor pressure to rise. The high pressure reactor scram setpoint of 1094.7 psig has been exceeded, therefore the reactor has scrammed. This setpoint is also the entry condition for EOP-1. SRVs are not the only method of pressure control therefore suppression pool heatup and EOP-0002 entry is not required. The Bypass Valves may be jacked open and drains may also be used for pressure control. As stated the failure mechanism will cause pressure to rise, so an MSIV isolation on low pressure has not occurred so AOP-0003 entry is not required. The plant startup can not continue because the reactor has scrammed.

Technical Reference(s): EOP-1 High Pressure entry condition, Rev 21; STM-0509, Rev 6 Pg 51 of 80

Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: NA

Learning Objective: RLP-STM-0508 Obj. 2; RLP-HLO-0512 Obj. 3;
 RLP-HLO-0514 Obj. 3

Question Source: New

Question History: Last NRC Exam NA

**2008 River Bend Station
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Question Cognitive Level: Memory or Fundamental Knowledge
Comprehension or Analysis

4

10 CFR Part 55 Content:

55.43 b.5

Comments:

**2008 River Bend Station
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Comments:

**2008 River Bend Station
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QUESTION 79 Rev 1

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input type="checkbox"/>	SRO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	1	
	Group #	1	
	K/A #	295025	G2.2.44
	Importance Rating	4.4	

Ability to interpret control room indications to verify the status and operation of a system, and understand how operator actions and directives affect plant and system conditions while experiencing a high reactor pressure condition.

Proposed Question:

The Main Control Room has been evacuated.

When the Remote Shutdown panel is manned 8 minutes after the event, SRV B21-F051C is taken to OPEN. With no other operator action, reactor pressure is observed cycling around 1210 psig.

Which of the following is correct?

- A. Implement EOP-0001, RPV Control, and stabilize reactor pressure less than 1090 psig with SRVs.
- B. Implement EOP-0001A, RPV Control ATWS, and stabilize reactor pressure below 1090 psig with SRVs.
- C. Implement EOP-0001, RPV Control and use RWCU in the blowdown mode per Enclosure 29, RWCU Blowdown Mode, to control reactor pressure.
- D. Implement EOP-0001A, RPV Control ATWS and use RWCU in the blowdown mode per Enclosure 29, RWCU Blowdown Mode, to control reactor pressure.

Proposed Answer: B.

Explanation (Optional): With the given conditions, the plant is in an ATWS condition and EOP-0001A, RPV Control ATWS, should be entered. Given the relative low power condition, SRVs should be manually controlled to maintain pressure below 1090 psig.

Technical Reference(s): AOP-0031, Rev 303; EOP-0001A, Rev 21

Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: NA

Learning Objective: RLP-HLO-0537, Obj. 2; RLP-HLO-0513 Obj. 4

Question Source: New

Question History: Last NRC Exam NA

**2008 River Bend Station
Initial NRC License Examination
Senior Reactor Operator**

Question Cognitive Level: Memory or Fundamental Knowledge
Comprehension or Analysis

3

10 CFR Part 55 Content: 55.43 b.5

Comments:

**2008 River Bend Station
Initial NRC License Examination
Senior Reactor Operator**

QUESTION 80 Rev 1

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input type="checkbox"/>	SRO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	1	
	Group #	1	
	K/A #	295026	G2.1.27
	Importance Rating	4.0	

Knowledge of system purpose and function regarding systems used to control suppression pool water temperature

Proposed Question:

The plant is 4 hours into a station blackout and suppression pool temperature is 175°F.

Which of the following would be most effective in lowering suppression pool temperature?

- A. Implement AOP-0050, Station Blackout and gravity drain the CST into the suppression pool.
- B. Implement TSG-0002, and use the HALE Fire pump to transfer water from the Well Water Storage Tank to the suppression pool.
- C. Implement EOP-0005 Enclosure 21, Emergency Containment Venting and Defeating Containment Vent Path Isolation Interlocks, and vent containment.
- D. Implement AOP-0050, Station Blackout, and gravity drain the Fire Protection Storage Tanks into the suppression pool.

Proposed Answer: A.

Explanation (Optional): The CST has the highest capacity (lbm) of water and will gravity drain to the suppression pool. Well water storage tank has a much smaller capacity. Venting containment will lower containment pressure and also containment temperature with some minimal effect of suppression pool temperature. The Fire Protection Storage Tanks can not be effectively gravity drained to the suppression pool.

Technical Reference(s): TSG-0001, AOP-0050 Rev 25

Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: NA

Learning Objective: RLP-OPS-HLO-541 Obj. 4.6

Question Source: New

Question History: Last NRC Exam NA

Question Cognitive Level: Memory or Fundamental Knowledge

**2008 River Bend Station
Initial NRC License Examination
Senior Reactor Operator
Comprehension or Analysis**

☒3

10 CFR Part 55 Content: 55.43 b.5

Comments:

**2008 River Bend Station
Initial NRC License Examination
Senior Reactor Operator**

QUESTION 81 Rev 1

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input type="checkbox"/>	SRO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	1	
	Group #	1	
	K/A #	295028 G 2.4.50	
	Importance Rating	4.0	

Ability to verify alarm setpoints and operate controls identified in the alarm response manual regarding High Drywell Temperature.
--

Proposed Question:

The plant is operating at 100% power with the following drywell unit coolers running:

- DRS-UC1A
- DRS-UC1B
- DRS-UC1C
- DRS-UC1D

A loss of RPB Bus 'B' occurred.

Shortly thereafter the following annunciator is received on H13-P601:

- AIR TEMP MON R608 DRYWELL AMBIENT HIGH TEMP

Which of the following procedures should be entered by the CRS and why?

- A. EOP-0002 and Enclosure 20, Bypassing Drywell Cooling Interlocks to place 6 Drywell Unit Coolers in service.
- B. AOP-0010, Loss of One RPS Bus, to restore drywell cooling to normal operation.
- C. SOP-0060, Drywell Cooling, to start DRS-UC1F.
- D. AOP-0003, Automatic Isolations, to reset the isolation and restore Drywell Cooling to normal operation.

Proposed Answer: B.

Explanation (Optional):

The loss of RPS B resulted in the DRS-UC1A and DRS-UC1C being the only coolers in service. EOP-0002 entry is not required because the alarm setpoint of 142.2°F is below the entry condition at 145°F. Additionally, to install Enclosure 20 and defeat isolation interlocks, it must be determined that drywell temperature can not be "Maintained below 145°F". Implementation of the appropriate procedure, AOP-0010 will allow restoring drywell cooling to normal without defeating interlocks. DRS-UC1F can not be started due

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Learning Objective: RLP-HLO-516 Obj. 1

Question Source: New

Question History: Last NRC Exam NA

Question Cognitive Level: Memory or Fundamental Knowledge
Comprehension or Analysis 2

10 CFR Part 55 Content: 55.43 b.5

Comments:

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QUESTION 83 Rev 1

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input type="checkbox"/>	SRO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	1	
	Group #	2	
	K/A #	295011	G2.2.38
	Importance Rating	4.5	

Knowledge of conditions and limitations in the facility license regarding High Containment Temperature.

Proposed Question:

The Unit Operator reports the following parameters:

- Drywell Temperature 131°F
- Containment Pressure 0.2 psig
- Containment Temperature 91°F
- Unidentified Leakage 0.08 gpm
- Suppression Pool Water Temperature 88°F
- Suppression Pool Level 19'11"

Which of the following statements is correct based upon the information above?

- A. A reactor scram is required. Direct the At the Controls operator to insert a reactor scram and enter AOP-0001, Reactor Scram.
- B. If a LOCA were to occur containment design parameters could be exceeded.
- C. Plant parameters should be controlled by entering EOP-0001 RPV Control as directed by EOP-0002 Primary Containment Control.
- D. No specific actions are required since the plant is within operating limits.

Proposed Answer: B.

Explanation (Optional): The normal operating limit for containment temperature is 90°F. This limit is based on the containment temperature assumed in the accident analysis to avoid exceeding containment design temperature limit of 185°F during a LOCA.

Technical Reference(s): Technical Specification 3.6.1.5 Bases

Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: NA

Learning Objective: RLP-STM-0057 Obj. 9

Question Source: New

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Question History: Last NRC Exam NA

Question Cognitive Level: Memory or Fundamental Knowledge 3
Comprehension or Analysis

10 CFR Part 55 Content: 55.43 b.2

Comments:

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QUESTION 84 Rev 1

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input type="checkbox"/>	SRO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	1	
	Group #	2	
	K/A #	295034	G2.4.6
	Importance Rating	4.7	

Knowledge of EOP mitigation strategies regarding Secondary Containment Ventilation High Radiation.
--

Proposed Question:

A plant transient has occurred resulting in an unisolable primary system leak into the Main Steam Tunnel. This event has led to an offsite radioactive release rate exceeding the General Emergency levels.

Which of the following procedures should be entered by the CRS and why?

- A. GOP-0002 Power Decrease / Plant Shutdown, and commence an orderly plant shutdown.
- B. EOP-0003 Secondary Containment and Radioactive Release Control, and then EOP-0001 RPV Control and Emergency Depressurize.
- C. AOP-0001 Reactor Scram, direct a reactor scram and stabilize pressure.
- D. EOP-0003 Secondary Containment and Radioactive Release Control and then EOP-0001 RPV Control, and lower the reactor pressure band to 500-1090 psig.

Proposed Answer: B.

Explanation (Optional):

The condition stated requires EOP-0003 entry which will direct entry into EOP-0001 and then Emergency Depressurization. An orderly plant shutdown per GOP-0002 is not directed in this condition; Although AOP-0001 Reactor Scram would eventually entered, waiting for the ERO direct actions is not procedurally directed. EOP-0001 provides guidance for Emergency Depressurization as required by EOP-0003.

Technical Reference(s): EOP-0003 Rev 14

Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: NA

Learning Objective: RLP-HLO-515 Obj.3 & 6

Question Source: New

Question History: Last NRC Exam NA

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Question Cognitive Level: Memory or Fundamental Knowledge 4
Comprehension or Analysis

10 CFR Part 55 Content: 55.43 b.5

Comments:

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QUESTION 85 Rev 1

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input type="checkbox"/>	SRO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	1	
	Group #	2	
	K/A #	295036	G2.4.9
	Importance Rating	4.2	

Knowledge of low power/shutdown implications in accident mitigation strategies with respect to secondary containment high sump/area water level.
--

Proposed Question:

An earthquake has occurred at the site and the following conditions exist:

Reactor power	4%
RHR A Room Water Level	6 inches above the floor
RHR C Room Water Level	5 inches above the floor
Aux Bldg Ventilation Radiation Level	1.23 E-04 uCi/ml
Suppression Pool Level	18 feet 9 inches.

RHR A & C Room Temperatures are normal.

EOP-0003 Secondary Containment and Radioactive Release Control, is in progress.

What procedure should the CRS enter and why?

- A. Enter GOP-0002 Power Decrease / Plant Shutdown, and commence a plant shutdown.
- B. Enter AOP-0028 Seismic Event, and insert a manual reactor scram.
- C. Enter GOP-0002 Power Decrease / Plant Shutdown, and Emergency Depressurize the RPV.
- D. Enter AOP-0028 Seismic Event, and Emergency Depressurize the RPV.

Proposed Answer: A.

Explanation (Optional): EOP-0003 Secondary Containment Parameter control direct an orderly plant shutdown via GOP-0002 due to two area water levels being great than the Maximum Safe Operating Value. A reactor scram is not required by GOP-0002 nor AOP-0028. An Emergency Depressurization is not required. A normal plant shutdown is required.

Technical Reference(s): EOP-0003 Rev 14; AOP-0028 Rev 5

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Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: EOP-0003 Table
H

Learning Objective: RLP-HLO-515 Obj. 6

Question Source: New

Question History: Last NRC Exam NA

Question Cognitive Level: Memory or Fundamental Knowledge
Comprehension or Analysis 3

10 CFR Part 55 Content: 55.43 b.5

Comments:

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QUESTION 86 Rev 1

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input type="checkbox"/>	SRO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	2	
	Group #	1	
	K/A #	209001 A2.10	
	Importance Rating	3.4	

Ability to predict the impact of high suppression pool temperature on LPCS and based on those predictions, use procedures to correct, control, or mitigate the consequences of this condition.
--

Proposed Question:

The following conditions exist:

- Reactor water level -20" slowly rising with injection from LPCS
- Drywell Temperature 257°F
- Drywell Pressure 1.4 psid
- Containment Pressure 2 psig
- Containment Temperature 96°F
- Suppression Pool Temperature 165°F
- Suppression Pool Level 20 feet 3 inches

Which of the following should the CRS perform?

- A. Enter EOP-0001 RPV Control, to Emergency Depressurize the RPV due to containment pressure.
- B. Direct installation of EOP Enclosure 20 to restore Drywell Cooling.
- C. Direct implementation of the OSP-0053 Hardcard for line up of HPCS injection, ensuring suction is aligned to the CST.
- D. Enter EOP-0001 RPV Control, to Emergency Depressurize the RPV due to containment temperature.

Proposed Answer: C.

Explanation (Optional):

EOP-0001 Caution 5 warns of potential damage to pumps taking a suction from the Suppression Pool when SP Temp is >165°F

Technical Reference(s): EOP-0001 Rev 21

Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: NA

Learning Objective: RLP-OPS-511 Obj. F

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Question Source: New

Question History: Last NRC Exam NA

Question Cognitive Level: Memory or Fundamental Knowledge
Comprehension or Analysis 3

10 CFR Part 55 Content: 55.43 5

Comments:

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QUESTION 87 Rev 1

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input type="checkbox"/>	SRO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	2	
	Group #	1	
	K/A #	209002	G2.4.49
	Importance Rating	4.4	

Ability to perform without reference to procedures those actions that require immediate operation of system components and controls related to HPCS.
--

Proposed Question:

The plant is at 100% reactor power when HPCS receives an inadvertent initiation signal. Level has been verified to be normal by 2 independent instruments.

Which of the following directions should be initially given by the CRS and what is the justification for the action?

- A. Direct the operator to secure the HPCS pump in accordance with SOP-0030. Level is verified to be normal therefore HPCS is not required.
- B. Direct the operator enter AOP-0006 Condensate and Feedwater Failures, and take manual control of the feedwater system to ensure a high reactor water level is not received.
- C. Direct the operator to enter AOP-0001 Reactor Scram and insert a manual scram to preclude receiving an automatic scram due to cold water addition caused by HPCS injection.
- D. Direct the operator to close E22-F004, HPCS Injection Isol Valve. OSP-0053 Emergency and Transient Response Procedure, allows for immediate operator response without reference to procedures when manipulating injection valves.

Proposed Answer: D.

Explanation (Optional):

OSP-0053 allows for manipulation of injection valves and controllers to control level without reference to procedures. Procedure must be referenced before tripping the pump. Feedwater should be left in Auto to allow the Feed Reg Valves to close down and maintain level with the additional injection. Cold water injection will not cause a reactor scram.

Technical Reference(s): OSP-0053 Rev 9, EN-OP-115

Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: NA

Learning Objective: NA

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Question Source: New

Question History: Last NRC Exam NA

Question Cognitive Level: Memory or Fundamental Knowledge 3
Comprehension or Analysis

10 CFR Part 55 Content: 55.43 b.5

Comments:

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QUESTION 88 Rev 1

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input type="checkbox"/>	SRO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	2	
	Group #	1	
	K/A #	223002 A2.10	
	Importance Rating	4.2	

Ability to predict the impact of loss of coolant accidents on NSSSS and based on those predictions use procedures to correct, control, or mitigate the consequence of this condition.

Proposed Question:

The following plant conditions exist:

Reactor water level	-55 inches (lowest was -60 inches)
Reactor pressure	840 psig
Drywell Maximum Pressure	1.0 psid
Drywell Maximum Temperature	125°F steady
Containment Temperature	92°F
Containment Pressure	0.21 psig
Suppression Pool Temperature	92°F steady
HVR-UC1A & HVR-UC1B are in service	

What is the required action based on the given conditions?

- A. Open 7 ADS SRVs per EOP-0002.
- B. Operate all available Suppression Pool Cooling per SOP-0031, Residual Heat Removal, and enter EOP-0002, Containment Control.
- C. Operate all available containment cooling by opening SWP-MOV502A(B) and SWP-MOV503A(B) per SOP-0059, Containment HVAC, and EOP-0002, Containment Control.
- D. Operate all available drywell cooling defeating interlocks with EOP-0005, Enclosure 20 as necessary.

Proposed Answer: C.

Explanation (Optional): With a level 2 signal present, HVN to the containment unit coolers has received an isolation signal from NSSSS. Despite the unit coolers being in service, no cooling is being provided to containment. EOP-0002 Step CT-3, directs the operation of all available containment cooling which includes the aligning of Service Water to the unit coolers. These valves normally open on Level 1 or Hi Drywell pressure of 1.68 psid. Neither of these signals is present. There is no parameter which has exceeded Emergency Depressurization criteria. Sup Pool temp is less than 100°F therefore operating all available sup pool cooling is not required. Drywell temp is less than 145°F therefore Enclosure 20 is not authorized.

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Technical Reference(s): AOP-0003 Rev 26; EOP-0002 Rev14; SOP-00059 Rev 30

Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: NA

Learning Objective: RLP-STM-0409 Obj. 4 & 12; RLP-HLO-0514 Obj 6

Question Source: New

Question History: Last NRC Exam NA

Question Cognitive Level: Memory or Fundamental Knowledge
Comprehension or Analysis 4

10 CFR Part 55 Content: 55.43 b.5

Comments:

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QUESTION 89 Rev 1

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input type="checkbox"/>	SRO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	2	
	Group #	1	
	K/A #	259002	G2.4.1
	Importance Rating	4.8	

Knowledge of EOP entry conditions and immediate action steps regarding reactor water level control
--

Proposed Question:

The following plant conditions exist:

- Reactor power 100%
- Reactor water level 35 inches
- Reactor pressure 1055 psig
- B Level channel is selected for Feedwater Level Control

The B Level signal has failed upscale.

Which of the following should be performed by the CRS?.

- A. Use SOP-0009, Reactor Feedwater System, and take manual control of the feedwater system by placing the Master controller in Manual. Enter EOP-0001, RPV Control, if reactor water level drops below 9.7 inches.
- B. Enter AOP-0006, Condensate and Feedwater Failures, and take manual control of the feedwater system by placing the Master controller in Manual. Enter EOP-0001, RPV Control, if reactor water level drops below 9.7 inches.
- C. Enter AOP-0006, Condensate and Feedwater Failures, to manually operate feedwater regulating valves as necessary to preclude a high water level scram.
- D. Use SOP-0009, Reactor Feedwater System, to manually operate feedwater regulating valves as necessary to preclude a high water level scram.

Proposed Answer: B.

Explanation (Optional):

AOP-0006 immediate operator actions state, "Manually control the feedwater level control system and/or reduce reactor power to mitigate any level transient. EOP-0001 water level entry condition is 9.7 inches.

Technical Reference(s): EOP-0001 Rev 21; AOP-0006 Rev 017

Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: NA

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Learning Objective: RLP-HLO-0525 Obj. 4 & RLP-HLO-0512 Obj. 3

Question Source: New

Question History: Last NRC Exam NA

Question Cognitive Level: Memory or Fundamental Knowledge
Comprehension or Analysis 3

10 CFR Part 55 Content: 55.43 b.5

Comments:

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QUESTION 90 Rev 1

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input type="checkbox"/>	SRO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	2	
	Group #	1	
	K/A #	400000	A2.01
	Importance Rating	3.4	

Ability to predict the impact of a loss of CCW pump and based on those predictions, use procedures to correct, control, or mitigate the consequences of this condition.

Proposed Question:

With the plant at 100% power, a total loss of TPCCW has occurred due to a failure in the pump suction header.

AOP-0012, Loss of TPCCW, has been entered.

Which of the following procedures would also be entered in this condition?

- A. AOP-0001, Reactor Scram.
- B. AOP-0008, Loss of Instrument Air.
- C. AOP-0009, Loss of Normal Service Water.
- D. AOP-0005, Loss of Main Condenser Vacuum.

Proposed Answer: A.

Explanation (Optional): On a loss of TPCCW, Condensate and Feedwater pump cooling is lost. In anticipation of the loss of injection, AOP-0001 is entered to scram the reactor. The loss of cooling water does not affect instrument air compressors, normal service water pumps, nor the ability to maintain condenser vacuum.

Technical Reference(s): AOP-0012, Rev 012

Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: NA

Learning Objective: RLP-HLO-0531 Obj. 6

Question Source: New

Question History: Last NRC Exam NA

Question Cognitive Level:	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	2
	Comprehension or Analysis	<input type="checkbox"/>	

10 CFR Part 55 Content: 55.43 b.5

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Comments:

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QUESTION 91 Rev 1

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input type="checkbox"/>	SRO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	2	
	Group #	2	
	K/A #	201001 G2.4.11	
	Importance Rating	4.2	

Knowledge of abnormal condition procedures associated with CRD hydraulics.
--

Proposed Question:

The following annunciator has just been received on H13-P680:

- CONTROL ROD DRIFT

The ATC operator has reported that control rod 28-29 is drifting OUT. No other alarms have been received.

What procedure should the CRS enter and what is the potential cause for this condition?

- A. EOP-0005 Enclosure 13, Operating Individual Scram Test Switches. The control rod has drifted due to a stuck collet piston.
- B. EOP-0005 Enclosure 13, Operating Individual Scram Test Switches. The control rod has drifted due to a stuck collet piston.
- C. AOP-0061, Control Rod Mispositioned/Malfunction. The control rod has drifted due to a stuck collet piston.
- D. AOP-0061, Control Rod Mispositioned/Malfunction. The control rod has drifted due to leaking scram valves.

Proposed Answer: C.

Explanation (Optional): Leaking scram valves would cause the rod to drift in, not out. Stuck collet piston is a failure mechanism which can cause a rod to drift out, but the appropriate action is to drive the rod in, not scram it in. AOP-0061 will provide guidance to drive the rod in.

Technical Reference(s): ARP-680-07-B02, Rev 24; AOP-0061 Rev 5

Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: NA

Learning Objective: RLP-STM-0052 Obj. 8n, 14c

Question Source: New

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Question History:

Last NRC Exam NA

Question Cognitive Level:

Memory or Fundamental Knowledge
Comprehension or Analysis

3

10 CFR Part 55 Content:

55.43 b.5

Comments:

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QUESTION 92 Rev 1

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input type="checkbox"/>	SRO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	2	
	Group #	2	
	K/A #	219000 A2.10	
	Importance Rating	3.2	

Ability to predict the impact of nuclear boiler instrument failures on RHR pool cooling mode and based on those predictions, use procedures to correct, control or mitigate the consequences of this condition

Proposed Question:

While in Mode 1, a Division 1 RHR/LPCI drywell pressure trip unit has failed in the tripped condition.

Which of the following describes the effect of this condition on RHR 'A' and the applicable Technical Specification to be entered by CRS?

- A. RHR 'A' can be aligned into the suppression pool cooling mode. Tech Spec 3.5.1. ECCS-Operating is applicable.
- B. RHR 'A' can NOT be aligned into the suppression pool cooling mode. Tech Spec 3.5.1. ECCS-Operating is applicable.
- C. RHR 'A' can be aligned into the suppression pool cooling mode. Tech Spec 3.3.5.1. ECCS-Instrumentation is applicable.
- D. RHR 'A' can NOT be aligned into the suppression pool cooling mode. Tech Spec 3.3.5.1. ECCS-Instrumentation is applicable.

Proposed Answer: C.

Explanation (Optional): A single instrument has failed into the tripped condition. If the second instrument senses a high drywell pressure, RHR A will initiate (2 out of 2 logic). Only 1 of 2 signals has been received, so RHR can still be placed in the SPC lineup (2 out of 2 logic for valve isolation also). Even if the E12-F024A were to isolate, it can still be overridden open. The appropriate Tech Specs is 3.3.5.1. for ECCS Instrumentation.

Technical Reference(s): Tech Specs, STM-0204

Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: NA

Learning Objective: RLP-STM-0204 Obj. 4, 6g, 12, 17h,

Question Source: New

Question History: Last NRC Exam NA

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Question Cognitive Level: Memory or Fundamental Knowledge
Comprehension or Analysis

4

10 CFR Part 55 Content: 55.43 b.2

Comments:

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QUESTION 93 Rev 1

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input type="checkbox"/>	SRO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	2	
	Group #	2	
	K/A #	256000	G2.4.31
	Importance Rating	4.1	

Knowledge of the alarms, indications, or response procedures associated with reactor condensate.

Proposed Question:

During operation at 91% power, the following alarm on H13-P680 is received:

CONDENSATE PUMP 'A' OVERLOAD

The following plant conditions exist:

- CNM- P1A 155 amps
- CNM-P1B 150 amps
- CNM-P1C Standby
- 3 Feedwater Pumps in service

What procedure should the CRS enter and why?

- A. SOP-0007, Condensate System, to secure CNM-P1A.
- B. SOP-0007, Condensate System, to start CNM-P1C.
- C. GOP-0002, Power Decrease / Plant Shutdown, to begin a plant shutdown.
- D. SOP-0009, Feedwater System, to secure a feedwater pump.

Proposed Answer: B.

Explanation (Optional): The maximum motor current for the condensate pumps is 152 amps. CNM-P1C which is available should be started to assist in handling the load on the condensate system.

Technical Reference(s): SOP-0007, Rev 303, ARP-680-02-B03, Rev

Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: NA

Learning Objective: RLP-STM-0104 Obj. 6 & 9

Question Source: New

Question History: Last NRC Exam NA

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Question Cognitive Level: Memory or Fundamental Knowledge
Comprehension or Analysis

3

10 CFR Part 55 Content: 55.43 b.5

Comments:

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QUESTION 94 Rev 1

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input type="checkbox"/>	SRO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	3	
	Group #	Conduct of Ops	
	K/A #	G 2.1.23	
	Importance Rating	4.4	

Ability to perform specific system and integrated plant procedures during all modes of plant operation.

Proposed Question:

During a loss of offsite power, the following conditions exist:

ENS-SWG1A	0 volts
ENS-SWG1B	0 volts
E22-S004	4160 volts

Which procedure implementation should take priority under these conditions?

- A. AOP-0004, Loss of Offsite Power
- B. AOP-0050, Station Blackout
- C. AOP-0064, Degraded Grid
- D. SOP-0046, 4160 KV to align safety related buses to alternate power source

Proposed Answer: B.

Explanation (Optional): Although the Division 3 generator has started and is supplying voltage to its associated switchgear, either ENS-SWG1A or ENS-SWG1B must be energized to enter AOP-0004 in this condition. Although AOP-0064 will be reference later in the event, AOP-0050 takes priority as it provides more urgent guidance such as RPV level control with RCIC. On a loss of offsite power the alternate power source to the ENS buses is also deenergized therefore use of SOP-0046 is not the appropriate procedure.

Technical Reference(s): AOP-0004, Rev 31; AOP-0050, Rev 25

Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: NA

Learning Objective: R-LPOPS-HLO-541 Obj. 2

Question Source: New

Question History: Last NRC Exam NA

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Question Cognitive Level: Memory or Fundamental Knowledge
Comprehension or Analysis

2

10 CFR Part 55 Content: 55.43 b.1

Comments:

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QUESTION 95 Rev 2

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input type="checkbox"/>	SRO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	3	
	Group #	Conduct of Ops	
	K/A #	G 2.1.42	
	Importance Rating	3.4	

Knowledge of new and spent fuel movement procedures.
--

Proposed Question:

River Bend Station is currently performing a refueling outage with core reload in progress.

A control rod blade guide must be moved from the core to the wall hangers in the upper pool. Due to the length of the blade guide, the mast must be raised beyond the HOIST UP position while traversing through the Portable Shielding (Cattle Chute).

Per FHP-0003, Refuel Platform Operation, who must provide approval authority to allow the Refuel Bridge Driver to utilize the TRAVEL OVERRIDE and HOIST OVERRIDE interlock bypass features to move control rod blade guides through the Cattle Chute?

- A. Control Room Supervisor
- B. Refuel Floor Supervisor
- C. Refuel SRO
- D. Fuel Movement Supervisor

Proposed Answer: C.

Explanation (Optional):

FHP-0003 Roles and Responsibilities lists the Refuel SRO as the individual who may authorize the bypass of certain interlocks.

Technical Reference(s): FHP-0003, Rev 20, FHP-0001, Rev 29

Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: NA

Learning Objective: RLP-STM-0055 Obj. 6

Question Source: New

Question History: Last NRC Exam NA

Question Cognitive Level: Memory or Fundamental Knowledge 2

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Comprehension or Analysis**



10 CFR Part 55 Content: 55.43 b.1

Comments:

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QUESTION 96 Rev 1

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input type="checkbox"/>	SRO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	3	
	Group #	Equipment Control	
	K/A #	G2.2.43	
	Importance Rating	3.3	

Knowledge of the process used to track inoperable alarms.

Proposed Question:

The following annunciator failed to illuminate during daily annunciator checks:

- CRD PUMP A LOW SUCTION PRESSURE

Investigation determined the condition is due to an equipment failure that can be corrected through normal maintenance activities.

Per OSP-0015, Problem Annunciator Resolution Program, which of the following should the CRS initiate?

- A. Process Applicability Determination per EN-LI-100, Process Applicability Determination.
- B. 50.59 Evaluation in accordance with EN-LI-101, 10CFR50.59 Review Program.
- C. Temporary Modification per EN-DC-136, Temporary Modifications.
- D. Work Request per EN-WM-100, Work Request (WR) Generation, Screening, and Classification.

Proposed Answer: D.

Explanation (Optional): Utilizing the flow chart in OSP-0015, a work request is appropriate since the condition is due to an equipment failure that can be corrected through normal maintenance activities. A 50.59 Evaluation is not required because the alarm is not being disabled by removing a circuit card. A temporary modification per EN-DC-136 is not required because the annunciator is not being disabled. Process Applicability Determination is not required because no license basis documents are affected by the proposed activity.

Technical Reference(s): OSP-0015 Rev 301

Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: NA

Learning Objective: NA

Question Source: New

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Question History:	Last NRC Exam	NA	
Question Cognitive Level:	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3
	Comprehension or Analysis	<input type="checkbox"/>	
10 CFR Part 55 Content:	55.43 b.3		
Comments:			

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QUESTION 97 Rev 1

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input type="checkbox"/>	SRO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	3	
	Group #	Radiation Control	
	K/A #	G2.3.6	
	Importance Rating	3.8	

Ability to approve release permits.

Proposed Question:

Which of the following is required to discharge an LWS tank to the Mississippi River if RMS-RE107 is INOPERABLE?

- A. Two independent samples of the tank are analyzed. One qualified member of the Chemistry staff and one qualified member of the Radwaste staff independently verify the release rate calculations and the discharge valve lineup.
- B. A single sample is analyzed by two qualified members of the Chemistry staff independently. Two qualified members of the Radwaste staff independently verify the discharge valve lineup.
- C. Two independent samples of the tank are analyzed. Two qualified members of the Chemistry staff independently verify the release rate calculations. Two qualified members of the Radwaste staff independently verify the discharge valve lineup.
- D. A single sample of the tank is analyzed. One qualified member of the Chemistry staff verifies the release rate calculation and one qualified member of the Radwaste staff verifies the discharge valve lineup.

Proposed Answer: C.

Explanation (Optional): ADM-0054 Section 5.5 provides guidance for discharges when RMS-RE107 is INOPERABLE. A second set of samples and analysis is required by two chemistry technicians. Independent discharge valve lineup verification by two qualified members of the radwaste staff is also required.

Technical Reference(s): ADM-0054, Rev 6A

Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: NA

Learning Objective: RLP-STM-0603 Obj. 8

Question Source: New

Question History: Last NRC Exam NA

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Question Cognitive Level: Memory or Fundamental Knowledge 4
Comprehension or Analysis

10 CFR Part 55 Content: 55.43 b.4

Comments:

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QUESTION 98 Rev 1

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input type="checkbox"/>	SRO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	3	
	Group #	Radiation Control	
	K/A #	G 2.3.15	
	Importance Rating	3.1	

Knowledge of radiation monitoring systems, such as fixed radiation monitors and alarms, portable survey instruments, personnel monitoring equipment, etc.

Proposed Question:

RMS-RE11A & RMS-RE11B, Reactor Building Annulus Exhaust Radiation Monitors, have both gone into HIGH ALARM.

What procedure should the CRS enter and why?

- A. AOP-0003 Automatic Isolations, to verify the Annulus Pressure Control System has isolated.
- B. AOP-0003 Automatic Isolations, to verify the Auxiliary Building Ventilation supply intake dampers have isolated.
- C. SOP-0059 Reactor Building HVAC, to verify the Annulus Pressure Control System has isolated.
- D. SOP-0059 Reactor Building HVAC, to verify the Auxiliary Building Ventilation supply intake dampers have isolated.

Proposed Answer: A.

Explanation (Optional): The given radiation monitors cause an isolation of the annulus pressure control system and the auxiliary building exhaust fan intake dampers. Verification of isolation is performed by implementing AOP-0003, Automatic Isolations.

Technical Reference(s): AOP-0003, Rev 26

Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: NA

Learning Objective: RLP-STM-0403 Obj. 6.3

Question Source: New

Question History: Last NRC Exam NA

Question Cognitive Level:	Memory or Fundamental Knowledge	<input type="checkbox"/>
	Comprehension or Analysis	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 3

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10 CFR Part 55 Content: 55.43 b.4, b.5

Comments:

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QUESTION 99 Rev 1

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input type="checkbox"/>	SRO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	3	
	Group #	Emergency Procedures	
	K/A #	G 2.4.28	
	Importance Rating	4.1	

Knowledge of procedures relating to a security event (non-safeguards information).
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Proposed Question:

The outside operator has just notified the control room that armed intruders have been sighted at the clarifiers. This report has been confirmed by the Security Shift Supervisor.

What procedure should be entered by the CRS and why?

- A. AOP-0001, Reactor Scram; insert a manual reactor scram.
- B. EOP-0001, RPV control; emergency depressurize the RPV.
- C. AOP-0054, Security Events; wait for further information.
- D. GOP-0002, Power Decrease / Plant Shutdown; begin a controlled shutdown of the plant.

Proposed Answer: C.

Explanation (Optional):

A reactor scram is not required until it is confirmed that armed intruders are in the Protected Area. The clarifiers are not in the Protected Area. Even when it is required to depressurize the RPV, the cooldown rate is limited to 100°F per hour. Emergency Depressurization is not authorized. When a plant shutdown is required, it is done by reactor scram not GOP-0002. The appropriate action is to enter AOP-0054 which provides guidance to enter AOP-0001 at appropriate trigger points which have not yet been reached in this event.

Technical Reference(s): AOP-0054, Rev 8

Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: NA

Learning Objective: RLP-HLO-552 Obj. 2

Question Source: New

Question History: Last NRC Exam NA

Question Cognitive Level: Memory or Fundamental Knowledge

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Comprehension or Analysis**

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10 CFR Part 55 Content: 55.43 b.5

Comments:

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QUESTION 100 Rev 1

Examination Outline Cross-Reference:	Level	RO <input type="checkbox"/>	SRO <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
	Tier #	3	
	Group #	Emergency Procedures	
	K/A #	G 2.4.49	
	Importance Rating	4.4	

Ability to perform without reference to procedures those actions that require immediate operation of system components and controls.

Proposed Question:

The plant was operating at 95%.

A transient occurred resulting in the following conditions:

- Reactor power 98%
- Core flow 83 Mlbm/hr
- RPV Level 35 inches
- RPV Pressure 1055 psig
- Feedwater Temp 390°F
- IAS Header Pressure 117 psig

Which of the following is the appropriate procedure for this condition?

- A. AOP-0024, Thermal Hydraulic Stability Controls.
- B. AOP-0008, Loss of Instrument Air.
- C. AOP-0007, Loss of Feedwater Heating.
- D. AOP-0001, Reactor Scram.

Proposed Answer: C.

Explanation (Optional):

In the given conditions, Feedwater temperature is about 30°F below normal. The parameters provided for core flow, instrument air and RPV level and pressure are all normal, so the appropriate procedure is AOP-0007, Loss of Feedwater Heating. Although a graph is provided in the AOP that would be used to determine if entry in the procedure is required, the temperature is significantly out of the expected range of 420°F such that the SRO should recognize the need for entry.

Technical Reference(s): AOP-0007, Rev 23

Proposed references to be provided to applicants during examination: NA

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Learning Objective: RLP-HLO-0526 Obj. 4

Question Source: New

Question History: Last NRC Exam NA

Question Cognitive Level: Memory or Fundamental Knowledge
Comprehension or Analysis 3

10 CFR Part 55 Content: 55.43 b.5

Comments: