



New Plant Seismic Issues Resolution Program

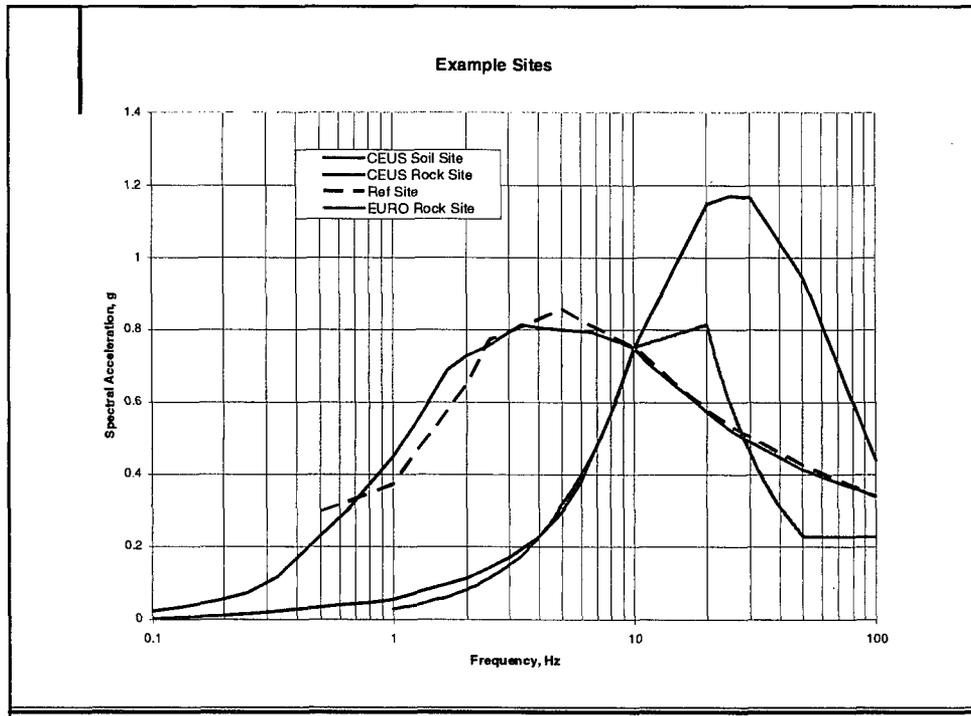
Structural Tasks Working Meetings
Task S2.2 – Application of EPRI TR-102470
Reduction Procedure

by
K. L. Merz, ARES

August 23, 2005

Reduction of Spectra for Non-Linear Behavior

- At the June 22 Meeting it was decided to apply the reduction procedure developed in EPRI TR-102470 to the example CEUS rock and soil site spectra.
- It was also decided to consider reduction of an additional moderate “reference” site spectrum
- All spectra were to be scaled to 0.75g at 10 Hz and the reduction procedure applied. Next, additional reduction cases with the same spectra scaled to $1.5 \times 0.75g$ and $0.67 \times 0.75g$ at 10 Hz were to be developed.
- As can be seen from the following slide, the CEUS soil and “reference” sites have the same spectral shape (> 10 Hz) when scaled the same 10 Hz spectral value
- Thus, in order to show the reduction procedure applied to other spectral shapes, a hard rock spectrum used in Europe was chosen



Reduced Spectrum Procedure

- Given Sa_{ri} , F_{SM} , F_{SM}/e , f_t , $\beta_t = 0.05$, $\delta_u = 0.01$ inch, $\mu_w = \delta_u/\delta_y = 10$
 - $Sa_C = F_{SM} Sa_{ri}$, or $Sa_C = (F_{SM}/e) Sa_{ri}$
 - $A = (2\pi f_t)^2 \delta_u / Sa_C$
 - $X = 1/(1+A)$
 - $X_e = 1 - (1-X)^{1.6}$
 - $\beta_e = (X/X_e) [X^{1/2} \beta_t] + (0.6/\pi) (1-X)(1-1/\mu_w)$
 - $F_\mu = (X/X_e) [Sa(f_t, \beta_t) / Sa(f_e, \beta_e)]$
 - $Sa_{ri+1} = Sa(f_t, \beta_t) / F_\mu$
- non-linear knockdown factor*

Iteration loop

Application of Reduction Procedure

- A macro driven spreadsheet was developed to compute the reduced spectra for each F_{SM} (or F_{SM}/e) value
- The key step in this calculation is the ability to estimate the spectral acceleration, $Sa(f_e, \beta_e)$, for any value of f_e and β_e
- NUREG/CR-6728 recommends the following relation (6728 Equ. 4-13) for estimation of spectra with damping $\beta_e > 0.05$

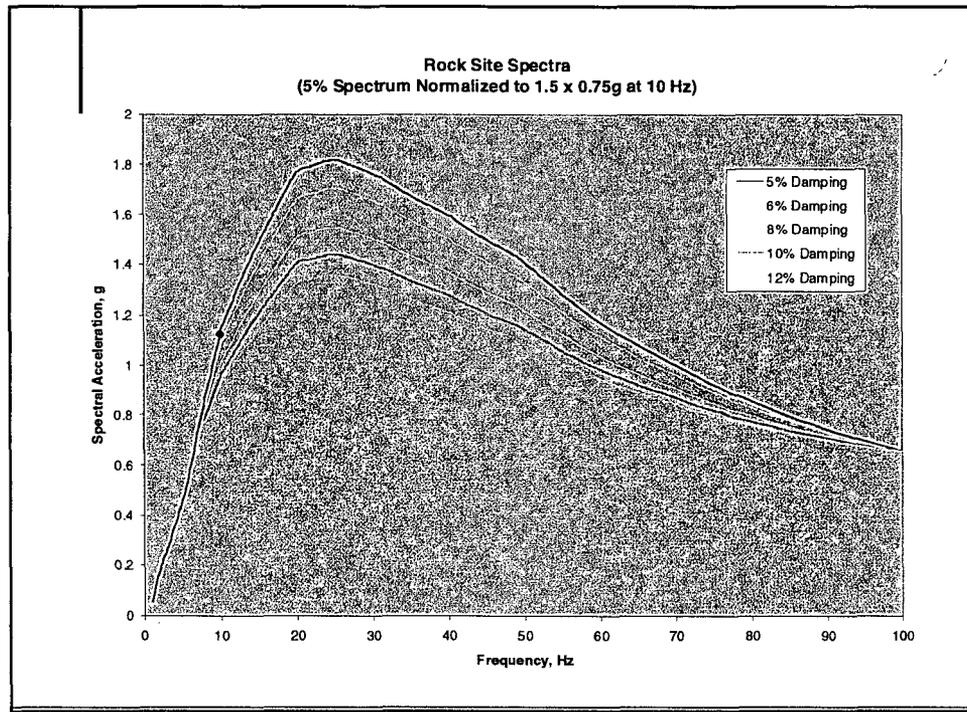
$$Sa(f_e, \beta_e) = \{PGA^2 + [Sa(f_e, 0.05)^2 - PGA^2] \left[\frac{1 + 4.9\beta_e f_e D}{1 + 4.9(0.05)f_e D} \right]^{0.82} \}^{1/2}$$

where $PGA = Sa(100, 0.05)$, $D=10$

(D within range 5-10 provides the same approximate value of $Sa(f_e, \beta_e)$)

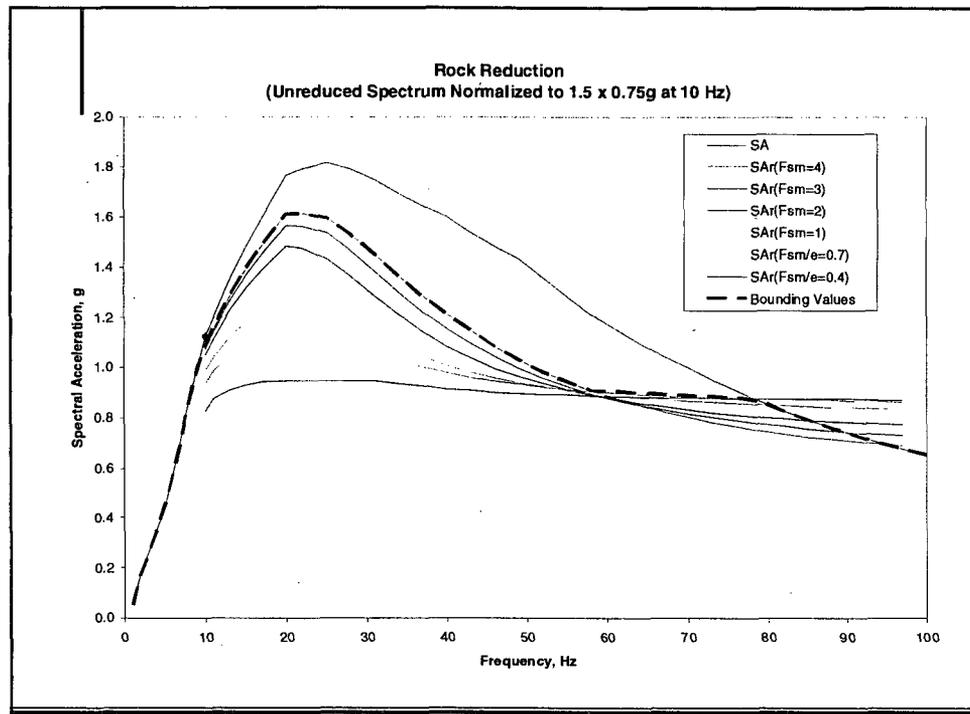
- The following plot provides the set of spectra determined for the CEUS rock site using 6728 Equ. 4-13

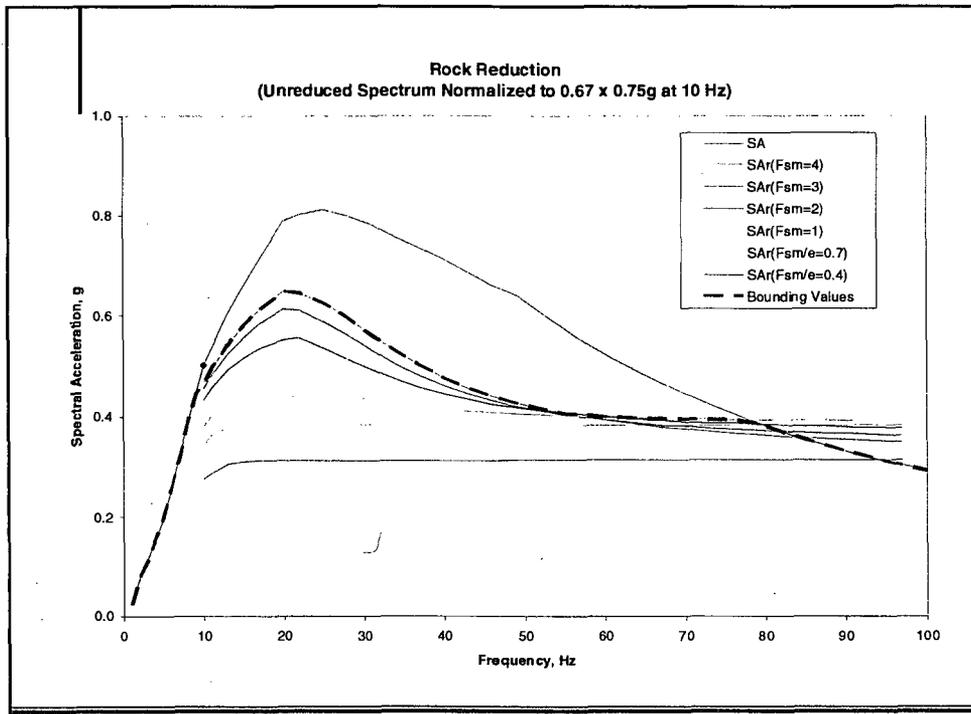
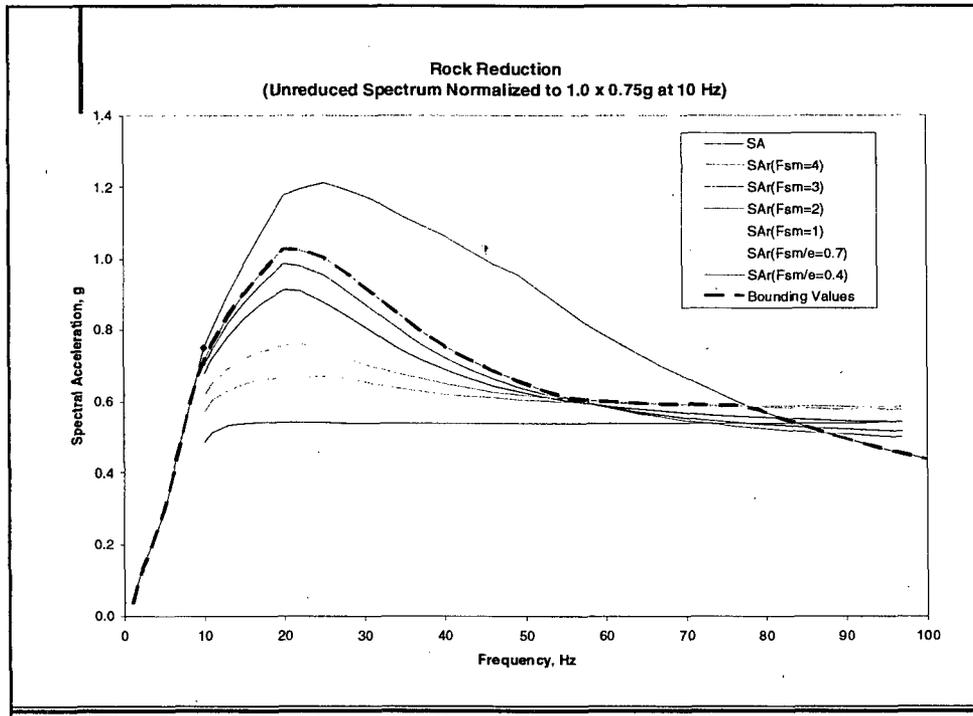
NUREG/CR



Reduced CEUS Rock Spectra

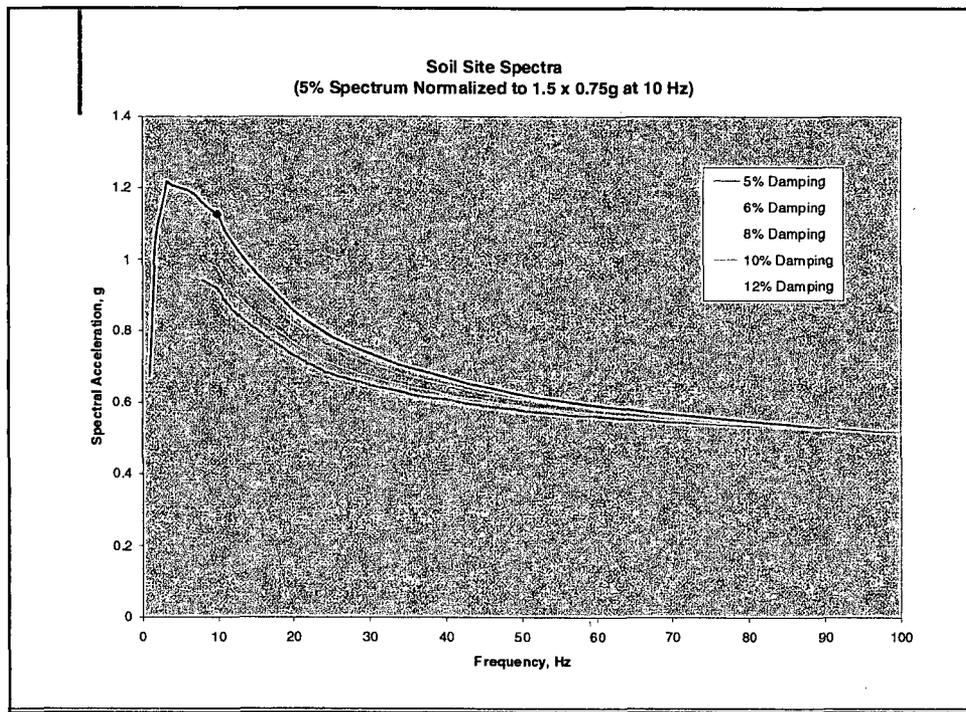
- The following set of plots provides the reduced spectra for the CEUS rock spectra scaled at 0.67 x, 1.0 x, and 1.5 x the spectra normalized to 0.75g at 10 Hz
- They are plotted for the range of $(F_{SM}, F_{SM}/e) = 4.0$ to 0.4
- Note that the plots cross over each other
- The bounding values of the reduced spectrum are determined by:
 - $Sa(f_i, \beta_i)$, $f_i < 10$ Hz
 - $\text{Max}\{Sa_r(F_{SM}, F_{SM}/e)\}$, $10 \text{ Hz} \leq f_i \leq f_i^*$
 - $Sa(f_i, \beta_i)$, $f_i > f_i^*$

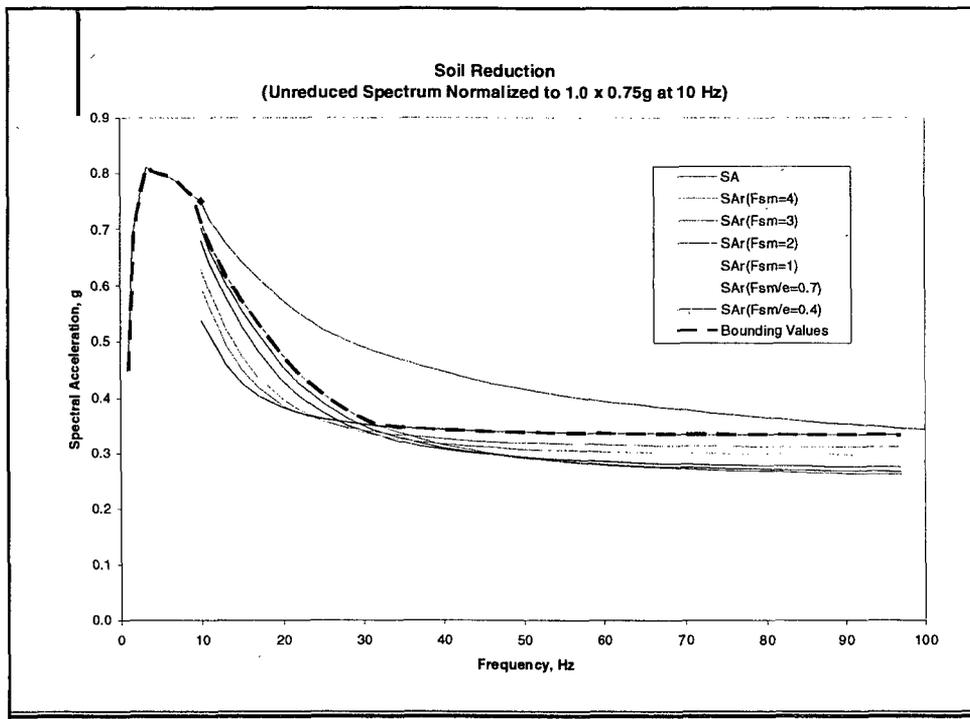
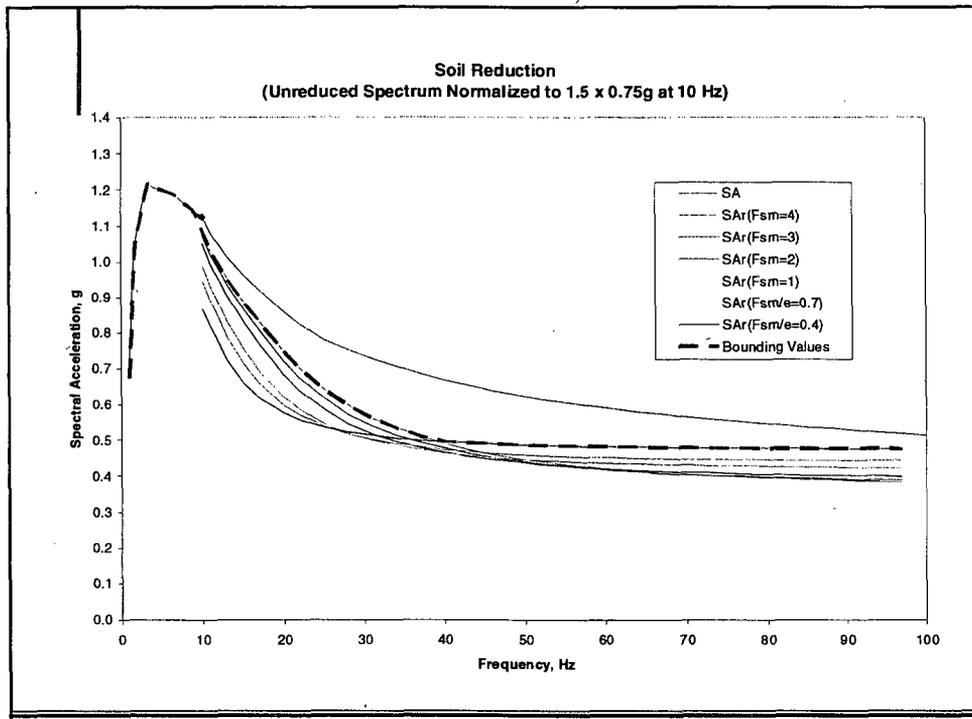


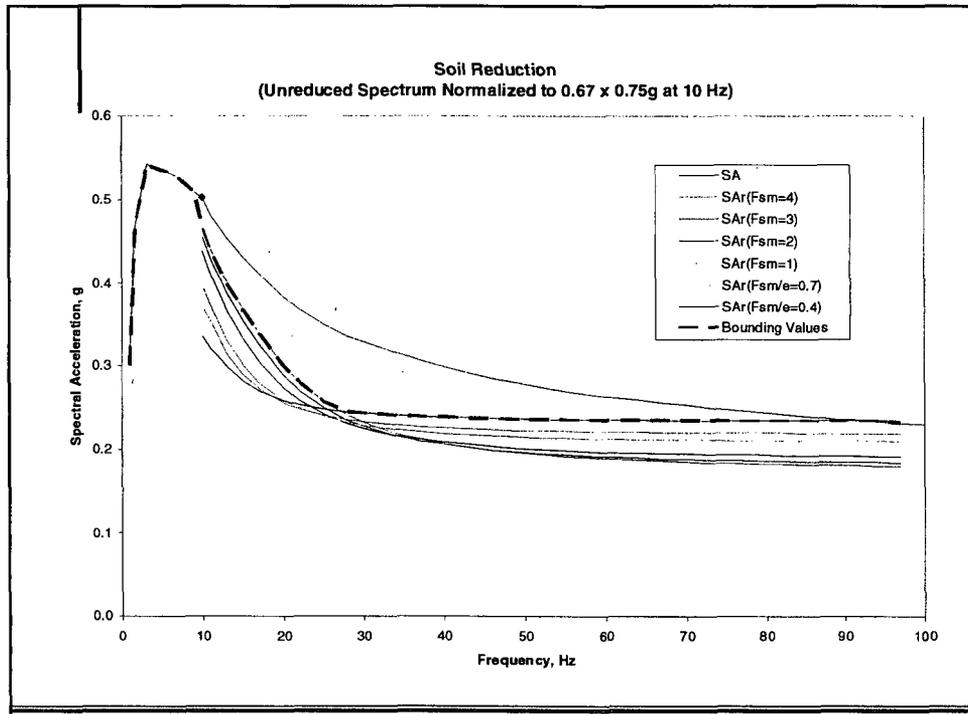


Reduced CEUS Soil Spectra

- The next plot provides the set of spectra determined for the CEUS soil site using 6728 Equ. 4-13
- The following set of plots provides the bounding reduced spectra for the CEUS soil spectra scaled at 0.67 x, 1.0 x, and 1.5 x the spectra normalized to 0.75g at 10 Hz







From Sweden

Reduced European Hard Rock Spectra

- These set of spectra (actually hazard spectra) are used for seismic evaluation of European Nuclear Power Plants
- They are defined for 5%, 7% and 10% damping, thus the values of $Sa(f_e, \beta_e)$ were interpolated between these given values (Equ. 4-13 was *not* used)
- A vertical spectrum shape is also defined. It was included to demonstrate reduction with two different shaped spectra
- The next two plots provide the set of spectra interpolated for different damping values for the European hard rock site. Note the horizontal shape has been scaled to 0.75g at 10 Hz and that the ratio of the vertical to horizontal shape has been maintained.
- The following set of plots provides the bounding reduced spectra for both the vertical and horizontal European hard rock site with the horizontal spectra scaled at 1.0 x the spectrum normalized to 0.75g at 10 Hz. (the 0.67 x and 1.5 x cases were not computed)

