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UNITED STATES OF AMERICA NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

In the matter of:

COMMISSION MEETING

Status of Interpretation of Appendix R -- Fire Protection

(Public Meeting)

Docket No.

Location: Washington, D. C. Date: Thursday, October 3, 1985

Pages: <u>1 - 95</u>

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B510090362 F51003 PDR 10CFR PT9.7 PDR

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1	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
2	NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION
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4	STATUS OF INTERFECTATION OF
5	APPENDIX R FIRE PROTECTION
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7	PUBLIC MEETING
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9	Nuclear Regulatory Commission
10	Room 1130
11	1717 "H Street, N W
12	Washington, D.C.
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14	Thursday, October 3, 1985
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16	The Commission met in open session, pursuant to
17	notice, at 2:05 o'clock p.m., NUNZIO J FALLADINO, Chairman of
18	the Commission, presiding.
19	COMMISSIONERS PRESENT:
20	NUNZIO J. PALLADINO, Chairman of the Commission
21	THOMAS M ROBERTS, Member of the Commission
22	JAMES K. ASSELSTINE, Member of the Commission
23	FREDERICK M. EERNTHAL, Member of the Commission
24	LANDO W. ZECH, JR., Member of the Commission
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1	STAFF AN	D PRESENTERS SEATED AT COMMISSION TABLE:
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З		W. DIRCKS
4		J HOYLE
5		P. BOLLWERK
6		R. VOLLMER
7		J. KNIGHT
8		W. JOHNSTON
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1	PROCEEDINGS
2	CHAIRMAN PALLADINO. Good afternoon, ladies and
3	gentlemen. Two of our fellow Commissioners have been detained
4	but they said that we should start without them. They will be
5	here shortly
6	The Commission is meeting this afternoon with staff
7	to discuss the status of the implementation of fire protection
8	requirements. The Fire Protection Rule which is composed of
9	10 CFR 50 48 and Appendix R was issued in 1980
10	The rule imposed new requirements on operating
11	plants beyond those which had originally been adopted by the
12	staff in 1980. The Commission last met with the staff on this
13	subject in May of 1984.
14	At that time a large percentage of fire protection
15	modifications had been completed at all plan*s. However, nine
16	years had elapsed since the 1975 Browns Ferry fire and the
17	fire protection effort had not been finalized
18	This led the Commission to discuss the extent to
19	which our evolutionary process may have contributed to the
20	delay in achieving fire protection compliance with Appendix
21	R. In this perspective, the Commission directed the staff to
22	prepare implementation guidance and requested that this
23	guidance be submitted for Commission approval.
24	Recently the staff forwarded SECY-85-306, staff
25	recommendations regarding the implementation of Appendix R to

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1 10 Part 50. The objective of today's meeting is to obtain 2 sufficient information for the Commission to decide on the 3 recommendations contained in SECY-85-306 4 I might add the issue sounds complicated to me and I 5 do have a number of questions and I hope I can get my 6 understanding up to a higher level 7 Do any of my fellow Commissioners have opening 8 remarks they would like to make? ۵ COMMISSIONER ZECH: No. 10 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO - All right COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE I share your hope I find 11 i 2 myself in just the same position. 13 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO Any clarification you could 14 provide will be helpful. 15 MR. DIRCKS. There are a couple of ways that we can approach this One, we have outlined the history, the 15 background and where we are today in the staff paper. We 17 could briefly and I mean very briefly go into some of that or 18 we could outline some of the conditions as far as plant status 19 goes or we could directly go and maybe discuss the questions 20 that you have. 21 22 Of course the objective that we are looking at to day is the generic letter that we would like to see get out 23 as guidance to the industry. That is the end purpose of the 24 25 meeting

As I said, I don't know whether you want us to 1 2 repeat the information in the staff paper or whether you would 3 like to hear a brief discussion of the history or whether you 4 would like to hear something about plant status or whether you 5 would like to get into the issues that seem to be of most interest to the Commission 5 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO Let me make a proposal and see 7 if the Commissioners will agree A brief past history would 8 9 be helpful but not too long in that and then I would like to 10 get an understanding of what you are proposing with regard to the generic letter and other aspects that related to the 11 12 generic letter and then open it for questions. 13 MR. DIRCKS: All right I think we can do that. 1 think that first slide is a very brief history and we won't 14 read the whole thing. We will get into it as a memory 15 refresher and then we can go on into that generic letter. 16 17 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO: Also, some of the aspects of the paper itself that sets the stage for the generic letter 18 19 will be the source of some questions. MR DIRCKS: Right. I thought though that you 20 seemed to have those questions and it is probably more 21 important to get to your questions than it is to hit things 22 that you may not be interested in. So we might want to go 23 directly to questions if you so wish. 24 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO If the Commission is agreeable, 25

why don't you review briefly the history. 1 2 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE That sounds fine COMMISSIONER ZECH: Fine. 3 CHAIRMAN PALLADING: Then you can highlight the 4 features of the generic letter and what led to it and then we 5 will go to the questions. 6 (Commissioner Roberts enters the meeting.) 7 MR. DIRCKS: Why don't you briefly hit that history 8 and then go to the generic letter and outline line very 9 10 briefly. 11 MR. VOLLMER: Fine 12 (SLIDE.) 13 MR. VOLLMER. As you had indicated at the last 14 Commission meeting in May of 1984 we went over the history and 15 the status of plants both from a licensing and inspection 16 point of view at that time and indicated to you that we had 17 guidance documents under development. 18 Those guidance documents originated from previous work by the staff in trying to come up with additional 19 clarifications to the rule and additional material which would 20 21 answer questions that industry had posed on the rule. So in keeping with your desires, I will focus very 22 briefly on the events since the last Commission meeting and 23 then indicate the elements of the generic letter, what is 24 behind them and why we feel it is important to get that out 25

and then I think if you are interested a very brief status of
 the plants, particularly inspection status review is important
 because it would give you a better feel of where we stand
 "is-a-vis last May

5 I would like to make two key points as sort of a 6 preamble One is as you know 50 48 which is the Fire 7 Protection rule requires all operating plants to have a fire 8 protection plan, not just old plants but all plants to have a plan to satisfy the general design criterion three and the 9 10 plan should describe the overall fire protection program, the 11 administrative controls and personnel requirements and the 12 hardware fire protection systems.

Appendix R which is the Fire Protection program for plants operating prior to January 1, 1979 is not a full and complete fire protection program in itself. What it has are specific requirements in it that the staff were unable to reach agreement with a number of licenses during the post-Browns Ferry fire staff reviews in the 1977-1979 time frame.

These outstanding issues were made into a rule. It was a choice between a rule or plant-specific orders and it was decided to do it by rule-making and so this is an element or specific issues but not a complete fire protection program in itself.

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The Commission at the time they passed the rule

backfitted three key parts of the rule even for those plants 1 that had previously reached staff agreement or for those 2 plants that had previously reached agreement with the staff 3 and the issues were resolved, part 0, J and O of Appendix P. 4 was reopened for those plants and they were required to 5 backfit them. Ð

The only other parts of Appendix R that would apply 7 to specific plants, specific old plants, were if those were 8 still open issues at the time the rule was implemented. 9

So with that in perspective in the 1982 or 1983 time 10 11 frame, we found a very poor level of compliance, with Appendix R based on the inspection results we had to date so then there 12 13 were issues developed at Mr. Dircks' direction to develop guidance based particularly on our inspection results and on 14 questions that were posed by industry and the whole workshops 15 to try to get this out and to see what we could do to further 16 bring everybody up to the same level of understanding of the 17 rule. 18

19 This was done in the spring of 1984 and was well attended by the industry and was I think very successful from 20 the point of view --21

22 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO. It was what by industry? MR. VOLLMER: It was very well attended by industry. 23 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO: Oh, thank you. 24 25

MR. VOLLMER The total count, I think, was in

excess of 600 who attended these workshops and I think from
 the point of view of getting the message out and finding out
 what the industry concerns that still might be there, it was
 very successful

In our May meeting the Commission asked the staff to 5 provide the final guidance documents for your review before 6 7 they were issued. The final documents at that time were the 8 detailed questions and answers on the technical issues and the 9 document that was called Interpretations of Appendix R which 10 were a selected set of issues that industry felt required some 11 specific staff interpretation to allow them to more 12 expeditiously proceed with their implementation of the rule. 13 Since the last Commission meeting Mr. Dircks formed 14 a steering committee to take a broad look at all current 15 licensing, inspection and technical issues and to develop policy recommendations aimed at expediting Appendix R 16 compliance for older plants and assuring consistent level of 17 18 fire protection safety for all plants where he asked us to take a broad look 19

I happened to chair that particular committee. It and regional representation, IE, NRR and ELD representation on it and we gave him a report back in October.

23 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE: Was there a fire
 24 protection engineer on the steering committee?
 25 MR VOLLMER: There was not a fire protection

1 engineer on the steering committee.

2 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE Why not? 3 MR. VOLLMER: Let me give you the break-down The steering committee was formed and a working group was formed. 4 5 to assist the steering committee. On the working group were 6 regional and staff representatives who had been broadly 7 involved in the process and they were to assist and develop recommendations for the steering committee. 8 9 The steering committee as I indicated was asked to 10 look and recommend to Mr. Dircks policy recommendations 11 primarily which is what we did. We met with all the fire 12 protection engineers. We met with a number of elements of the 13 staff both in the regions and headquarters including all fire protection engineers or all inspectors who had been doing the 14 15 fire protection work out in the field 16 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO Did the working group have fire 17 protection engineers? 18 MR. VOLLMER Yes COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE. How many times did the 19 steering committee met with the fire protection engineers? 20 MR. VOLLMER. We held a one-day meeting in Bethesda 21 with all of the fire protection engineers and the inspectors 22 who were doing the work out in the field. 23 24 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE When was that? MR. VOLLMER: It must have been in September. 25 Our

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1 work was done between August and October. COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE Of last year? 2 MR. VOLLMER: Of last year. 3 4 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE So you had one meeting 5 with the fire protection engineers. 6 MR. VOLLMER We had a full-day meeting. There was other communications. It wasn't just simply a one-day 7 meeting. We were very well aware of their differing 8 9 professional opinion for example and the views that they had 10 on the fire protection issues. 11 I personally had talked to fire protection engineers on a rather frequent basis more so than many of our other 12 13 staff when I represented engineering and NRP because there 14 were a great deal of issues to be resolved at that time. 15 But as a committee, as a steering committee, we met 16 with the fire protection people for a one-day meeting in 17 Bethesda. 18 Following that in our report to Mr. Dircks, the report was sent out for office and regional comments and 19 20 then issued for public comment in early 1985. Public comments were evaluated and incorporated in May 1985 and the steering 21 committee report was modified somewhat to reflect the results 22 23 of public comments and the input that we had from various 24 staff people at the time. The principal elements of the steering committee 25

1 report --COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE Dick, when did we have our 2 Commission meeting where this issue came up? 3 ME VOLLMER, May 20 4 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE OF 19851 5 MR. VOLLMER May 30, 1984 6 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE All right 7 MR. VOLLMER: Again, scenario-wise, the A interpretation issue came up just prior to the workshops and 9 10 we held the workshops and discussed with industry the questions and answers and the Interpretations document and 11 indicated at that time that these were preliminary, they would 12 be redrafted as necessary and issued as guidance. 13 So they were not necessarily at that time formal 14 criteria by any means. 15 I might indicate that what prompted the 16 17 Interpretations document was a generic letter, 83-33, that was issued and I am sort of guessing at the time frame 18 MR. JOHNSTON: I would like to say October of 1983. 19 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO What was it you are trying to 20 clarify or interpret? 21 MR. VOLLMER. A generic letter was issued again in 22 23 response to some industry questions on specific issues and let me give you an example, a simple example. 24 25 The Fire Protection rule says that suppression shall

be installed in a fire area where you have safety related
equipment to protect The staff had received a number of
questions from industry saying, "What does that mean? Does
that mean it has to be everywhere in the room, throughout the
room or does it just have to be in areas where you need to
protect safety-related equipment?"

7 The generic letter 83-33 went out and said that you 8 don't have to put it everywhere in the room, in the fire area, 9 but you have to get an exemption if you don't. There were 10 certain rooms where you had cables and sensitive equipment 11 that you needed to protect and the other half of the room may 12 have a couple of pipes or nothing to protect so it didn't make 13 any sense to require sprinklers over there

14 But generic letter 83-33 said that you had to put it 15 throughout the room unless you came in and got an exemption The Interpretations document which was developed in 16 conjunction with ELD at the time said that they didn't see 17 any legal justification for requiring the exemption for a 18 19 case like that, rather the licensee they felt could put the sprinklers in to meet what a reasonable intent of Appendix R 20 was, namely, to protect the safety-related equipment and if he 21 had an analysis showing that that was adequate, then he should 22 23 not have to come in for an exemption.

Rather, when we go out for our inspection we would
see what he did, see his analysis and if it was not

appropriate in meeting the rule, then appropriate enforcement
 action would be taken

So there were six issues and two of those issues became in contention, that being one of them that I mentioned and I think some of the fire protection engineers felt that if we did not require the licensee to come in and get exemption for some of these issues that they would perhaps improperly implement Appendix R and it would be more difficult for the staff to get the licensee to achieve compliance later on.

10 But it was the general view of the people, the 11 management involved, including myself, that we would have a 12 better chance of expediting compliance, we would be able to 13 get the industry to proceed more with working on the rule, 14 going ahead and using these interpretations rather than 15 waiting for a complete staff review.

16 In fact, I might give you an example. It was down 17 at Crystal River last year and in a meeting with them on some 18 other issues including fire protection, but the main issue at 19 that time was EQ, and they were about to go into an outage in 20 which they were spending some \$15 million dollars on fire 21 protection modifications and they did not yet have a complete 22 staff approval of their program.

They felt rather naked in going ahead but on the other hand they did want to complete the modifications. So I think they went ahead and did this in good spirits and as it

turns out, I think we have had an inspection since then and we 1 found out that they are a pretty good plant. 2 I felt that this is an example of allowing the 3 industry to go ahead with fairly good guidance and I didn't. 4 think that we would get blind-sided at the end by finding out 5 a lack of compliance. 6 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO: What was the status of 83-33? 7 MR. VOLLMER: It was a generic letter. 8 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO: It says you put, for example, 9 fire suppression everywhere in the room unless you can 10 justify otherwise and get an exemption. 11 12 MR VOLLMER: Come in for an exemption, so that the 13 difference is --CHAIRMAN PALLADINO: Did you change your mind such 14 that they did not have to come in for an exemption? 15 16 MR. VOLLMER: Yes, we have. COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE. Generic letter 83-33 is in 17 18 effect now. MR. VOLLMER: It is still in effect. 19 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO: Still in effect. 20 MR. VOLLMER: These Interpretations that we feel are 21 appropriate would say that 83-33 is not operative, that the 22 licensee may proceed based on the Interpretations document and 23 24 do their fire protection work in the areas specified in the 25 Interpretations without coming in for an exemption

CHAIRMAN PALLADINO: That seems like just a 1 repudiation of 83-33. I don't see how you can say 83-33 is 2 still in effect when 83-33 calls for an exemption and --3 ME. VOLLMER. We haven't gotten the Commission's **£** endorsement of that. 5 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO: Wiit a minute. Let me finish 6 the question Generic letter 83-33 calls for exemptions but 7 now you are saying that the Interpretations document says that 8 you don't really need an exemption. 9 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE That's right 10 ME VOLLMER Yes, sir 11 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO That doesn't sound right 12 MR. VOLLMER: If the Commission were to endorse --13 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE: It is a fundamental 14 change. 15 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO. Yes, I thought so. 16 MR. VOLLMER: It is a policy issue. 17 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO Why do you say 83-33 is still 18 in effect when the Interpretations document says it isn't. 19 MR. DIRCKS: We haven't issued it yet. 20 MR. VOLLMER. You haven't agreed with our 21 Interpretations document yet and you asked to do that at the 22 May meeting of 1984. 23 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO: All right. Thank you for :4 straightening me out on that one. 25

1 (Laughter.) MR. VOLLMER: Fire Protection moves with galactic 2 3 velocity! (Lauchter) 4 MR VOLLMER. What I would like to do if I may is go 5 to the generic letter because I think that covers the issues 6 pretty broadly and then we can pick up anything you feel is 7 necessary and I will just sort of briefly go over that, if we 8 could go to slide six, please. 9 10 (SLIDE) MR VOLLMER. The intermediate slides are those of 11 status and we can get to that later. 12 13 The generic letter basically has a number of 14 elements to it. One is it would propose to tell the licensee 15 that there should be no further 50.48 schedular exemptions. Now 50.48 was set up when the rule was passed and it provided 16 17 a number of things. 18 It told the licensees when they had to be in compliance with certain aspects of the rule. In particular, 19 where the most difficult of those aspects, of course, is where 20 21 these older plants could not comply with the literal reading of the rule, that is they couldn't have a 20-foot separation 22 or whatever and would have to provide an alternative path to 23 shut down the plant by rewiring, an alternative electrical 24 25 path if you will.

The rule requires that the staff review and approve that particular feature. 50 48(c) had provisions that would allow the licensee to wait to implement that obviously until the staff had approved that and then there were tolling provisions that they had so many months after staff approval depending on the shut-down times that they had to implement Appendix R.

8 We had granted a number of extensions under 50.48 9 and 50 12 but the staff felt that because when the rule was 10 passed we felt reading the background of the rule and the 11 folling provisions, we felt that it was likely the 12 Commission's intent to get the fire protection issue over 13 within five or fix years or something like that

We were in a position as you know from reading the
Commission paper that some plants are coming in and talking
about implementation in the 1990's.

17 So we felt that we should not have any further 18 scher ar exemptions and we should set a high standard for 19 exemptions, schedular exemptions, under 50.12. 50 12 is our 20 normal exemption path, 50.48 we think under the guidelines of 21 the Rule has pretty well ended for most plants. It is sort of 22 an inoperative provision.

23 We felt that we should set high standards for 24 schedular exemptions similar to which we did for EQ that 25 conscientious effort to implement the basic provisions of

Appendix R would be made by the licensee, delays that had been 1 2 encountered would be beyond his control, that the schedule that he would propose represents a best effort under his 3 current workload and we would consider living schedules and 4 5 other safety related modifications that needed to be done and further, that there would be additional and adequate 5 compensatory measures for any parts of Appendix R that he was 7 8 deficient in.

9 These could include, for example, having a fire 10 watch or post additional equipment where there was a fire area 11 that could not be duly protected under the Appendix R 12 provisions.

13 That was the one issue, that of exemptions, and I 14 think this is one issue that the industry was particularly 15 concerned with but I think the staff's feeling was that we 16 have gone a long way since the Browns Ferry fire and as you 17 will see in a minute many plants have indeed complied and are 18 in good shape.

We would like to bring this thing to a close as soon as possible. Obviously we need to do a good job and we have to take into account the other work burdens on the licensees but we think the 50.12 exemption route is certainly appropriate to do this.

24 (Commissioner Bernthal enters the meeting.)
 25 MR, VOLLMER: Secondly, the generic letter indicates

that the licensee should utilize the Interpretations 1 document. I just explained the staff's thought behind that 2 The generic letter would also have the question and answers 3 which is a fairly thick package. Those are questions that 4 were posed by industry. We gave them answers. We discussed 5 6 these answers at the regional workshop meetings and we believe that they understand the answers so this would be just sort of 7 part of the record to say here it is and let's continue using 8 9 these particular technical responses to their questions. 10 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO: Now utilizing the 11 Interpretations document then would supercede 83-33? 12 MR. VOLLMER: That would supercede 83-33, yes. That 13 is right 14 We talked in the generic letter a little bit about 15 the inspection program in telling the licensees that we would 16 like to continue our current Appendix R inspection program and 17 in just a minute I will give you a view as to how extensive that is right now but to continue the current program, to look 18 at plants where modifications are finished and that has been 19 our general approach but there may be some plants where the 20 modifications are not yet complete and we would want to go out 21 and look at their general approach to see that the approach is 22 23 correct. The third category we felt and this was based on the 24

25 steering committee recommendations, we felt that we should

consider the licensee's request for an inspection to insure 1 that they are going in the right direction before they spend 2 and commit a large amount of money to the Appendix R 3 4 modifizations. Again, the Crystal River example comes to mind 5 there. I don't know at this point in time if there are any Ł licensees that would utilize that option but I think we would 7 make it available to them. 8 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE. Dick, I am not sure I 9 quite understand why that works to the licensee's benefit. 10 11 One of the complaints that we hear a lot about backfitting is 12 what the Commission does is typically say, "Well, you guys 13 decide what you think you need to do to meet our requirements 14 and after you have done it we will come out and take a look at it and tell you whether you did it right or not." 15 15 It almost seems to me like the approach that the 17 fire protection engineers advocated which was you tell us what 18 you are going to do, we will tell you whether it is acceptable or not and if it is not, we will tell you what you have to do 19 to make it acceptable, then you do the work, has a lot better 20 21 potential for not having to do things two or three times 22 than this approach of go out and make the changes, do your 23 analysis and make the changes, file them away and at some point down the road our inspectors will come out and inspect 24 25 and tell you whether you have done it right and if you haven't

done it right, you are going to have to do it over again. t 2 MR. VOLLMER. You have encapsulated the arguments in 3 both points of view 4 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE I guess I don't-understand what the benefit is to the licensee of the approach that you 5 6 advocated, the steering committee advocated 7 MR. VOLLMER: The benefit I think to the industry 8 and the reason they said they would like to do it is it would allow them to get on with the job, i.e., they saw it as a way 9 10 to expedite compliance because the staff has a fairly large 11 backlog of Appendix R reviews 12 I think another reason is that they felt that the 13 guidance, that they understood the rule well enough at this 14 point in time so that they could make modifications, commit the money and make the modifications and not have a high 15 18 likelihood of getting cited for non-compliance with the rule. 17 ME. DIRCKS. I thought though, Jim, we talked about this some ago and maybe I am getting it wrong, but I think you 18 are right. If back in 1975 or 1976 when we started doing all 19 20 of this the obviously better way to do it would be for us to develop criteria, the licensees submit their plans to conform 21 to that criteria, we approve the work they do and then they go 22 23 ahead and do it and we inspect. COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE Which is what the generic 24

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letter did.

MR. DIRCKS. But what happened in the early days I 1 think in order to expedite the process, the Commission made a 2 conscious decision that the licensees would proceed with this 3 work and correct me if I am wrong because I asked this 4 question at the meeting, the licensees would proceed in order 5 to get the fixes into the plants as soon as possible they were 6 7 told to move ahead and we would come out and inspect later. 8 Is that right or wrong? MR. VOLLMER: The licensee was certainly urged to 9 move ahead except for where they had to ask for an exemption 10 I think some licensees went ahead and made modifications 11 12 knowing that an exemption request was in process and sort of 13 hoping that that would ge through. COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE So they assumed that their 14 15 exemption would be granted. MR. VOLLMER: In some cases, yes. 16 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE: They simply didn't do what 17 18 the regulation required. MR. VOLLMER: No. You have to remember for the old 19

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20 plants and probably for the new plants, there is probably not 21 a plant that literally meets Appendix R without some sort of a 22 modification or an alternative shut-down system of some sort 23 The requirements in there that the redundant trains be 24 separated by 20-feet or that they have in lieu of that the one 25 hour fire protection in the sprinkler system and all these

1 things, you just couldn't find a plant physically that met 2 that so they all had to do something. 3 Part of the rule that allowed the backfitting which 4 was an important ingredient to the rule and one which the 5 court when we were taken to court on the rule, the court said 6 that as long as you had the backfitting in there, I guess it 7 is reasonable COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE. Or the opportunity for 8 9 exemption. 10 MR. VOLLMER: The opportunity for exemition 11 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE Right 12 MR. VOLLMER: So I think going forward with everything by the exemption route industry felt would delay 13 their compliance and it was my view and I think that of the 14 15 stearing committee that we were getting to a point where we were achieving technical compliance with the rule and remember 16 an exemption process is a technical judgment, a balancing of 17 one feature against another and we were achieving technical 18 compliance and that we were not taking anything significant 19 20 away from the staff by doing that. 21 It may put more of a burden on the inspection program and our inspections have generally and maybe in all 22 cases have included fire protection engineers from NRR as well 23

as our consultants as well as the inspectors go out and look
at this so it wasn't cutting them out of the process.

It was a different way of getting hopefully to the 1 same end point 2 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE You mentioned that you 3 thought that people had really begun to understand what 4 Appendix E required You mentioned the workshops - I noticed 5 in a couple of places in the paper you talk about that there 6 has really been increased understanding, everybody really 7 8 understands what the regulations require. I guess if that is the case I am not clear why we 9 need an Interpretations document at this point if we have the 10 generic letter, you have had the workshops, you haven't been 11 applying these interpretations I don't think, have you? 12 13 MR. VOLLMER Yes. It is my understanding that the 14 licensees have been coming in for exemptions in these areas 15 until now because that is the operative document. 16 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO. Is the Interpretations document 17 a confirmation of what developed at the workshops in a sense? MR. VOLLMER: No. It was discussed at the workshops 18 and I think endorsed in a sense. The spirit of the 19 20 Interpretations were discussed at the workshops but this was something that industry came just prior to the workshops and 21 22 said, "This would help us a lot in getting on with the job if you could work with these interpretations vis-a-vis sticking 23 24 strictly to the requirements of 83-33." COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE It sounds like what you 25

are saying is we have a regulation, the regulation requires 1 certain specific things. The licensees for a lot of the 2 existing plants find that they cannot meet those specific 3 4 requirements

The approach that has been taken up until now is 5 that they have to file exemptions to the regulation, requests 6 7 for an exemption, the staff reviews those, processes them, 8 makes a decision whether the exemption is justified and if it 9 is issues the exemption.

10 You see to be saying now that what you are going to do, what you propose to do in the future is that in all of 11 12 those instances where they cannot meet the specific 13 requirements of the rule now all they have to do is do their 14 analysis and simply by this Interpretations document you are 15 changing the rule.

16 MR. VOLLMER: No. The Interpretations document was 17 developed and I gave you the example of the reading of the rule where we said in the fire area what does that mean 18 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE. In the fire area to me 19 says "in the fire area," all in the fire area 20 MR. VOLLMER. Does it mean totally? 21

COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE Throughout the fire area. MR. VOLLMER. Totally through All right 23 That is -24 the interpretation that you have

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COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE That is what 83-33 said it 25

meant.

2 MR. VOLLMER I guess it was the view -- -COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE. Twenty feet means 3 20-feet. Three hours means three hours. 4 5 MR VOLLMER. I think where you have something that specific then you are right. You need to come with an 6 7 exemption. In the areas that we have in the Interpretations 8 document, it is the view of our legal counsel and if they 9 would like to stand up and discuss this, I would be happy to 10 get out --11 (Laughter) 12 MR. VOLLMER. -- that this did not undercut the rule itself. Staff guidance comes out all the time to implement a 13 14 rule and generic letter \$3-33 might well have been staff guidance rather than exemption requirements and we would not 15 perhaps be in the fix we are in now. 16 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO: Let me suggest that we come 17 back to that later. I would like to get the framework first 18 19 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE That's fine. 20 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO. I am having difficulties later on that I want to raise. I would rather raise them after I 21 22 understand the whole thing, MR. VOLLMER: It will only take me about three or 23 24 four more minutes if I could. 25 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO: Take your time.

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1 MR. VOLLMER: I talked about the inspection program and what the thought was there. In document compliance this 2 3 gives the licensee some guidan a on what we will need to see 4 at inspection time and what it basically says is that where you have established various configurations that were 5 6 important to your fire hazards analysis and where you have 7 done an analysis of why it is satisfactory to have a certain 8 suppression system or a certain alternate shut-down system you need to document that fully and have it available for the 9 10 inspection 11 If you don't have something that is a reasonable

12 analysis, if you have something that says that this looks 13 fine, no analysis, then we will document that and that is as 14 good as a non-compliance. It just gives them a basis if you 15 will or tries to give a framework for what they have to 16 provide.

17 That is in the generic letter, page three, 18 documentation required to demonstrate compliance. It just 19 gives them an idea of the types of things we are looking for 20 during an inspection so that they can demonstrate that a 21 particular feature that they have to comply with Appendix R is 22 adequate.

The quality assurance item came up in a number of inspections so felt that a little bit of guidance would be appropriate here and basically what it says since fire

1 protection systems are not safety related to systems, we feel 2 it is appropriate to tell the licensees that they need a 3 quality assurance program to maintiin the fire protection 4 system to function as it was intended when it was designed 5 It is fairly simple. We are looking for an 6 industrial type of quality assurance requirements 7 Finally, the addition of the fire protection program 8 to the FSAR commitments is one of the major features of the 9 generic letter and I think I will take just a minute to go 10 into that CHAIRMAN PALLADINO Yes, particularly with regard 11 12 to enforcement. 13 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE: Yes, and the differences between the steering committee and whoever overruled you 14 15 on this. 16 MR. VOLLMER' All right. I have a new proposal for 17 you. 18 (Laughter.) MR. VOLLMER: If you will notice in the letter we 19 said that we were looking for better ways to do this and it is 20 a difficult area. Let me try to lay out the problems. 21 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE It is the rule on a rule. 22 MR. VOLLMER: Yes. We have three types of plants to 23 24 consider if we are looking across the board on fire 25 protection.

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Considering first the pre-1979 plants, they are 1 under 50.48 but also under Appendix R. Most of these plants 2 3 have license conditions for specific items which resulted from 4 the staff review that took place in the 1977-1979 time frame. CHAIRMAN PALLADINO. They have approval for specific 5 6 items? MR. VOLLMER. They have license conditions for 7 specific items like they will have a license condition that 8 says put sprinkler systems in certain locations and that will 9 10 be a license condition and it will be a license condition 11 because the staff evaluation of the plant in the 1977-1979 12 time frame decided this was an issue we needed to put in the 13 licensee to make sure he did it. 14 So the older plants often have rather specific 15 hardware oriented license conditions and those plants also 16 have tech specs. 17 From an enforceability viewpoint those plants are all under Appendix R so Appendix R being a regulation 18 19 enforceability is fine there. Where they don't meet it, they need the clear exemption or if they do something that is not 20 under exemption, is not under the rule, enforcement action can 21 22 be taken. The post-1979 to the present plants --23 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE. The license conditions 24 25 really are a subset of Appendix R?

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1 MR. VOLLMER. Yes COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE So you have the license 2 conditions that are enforceable directly that way and Appendix 3 R that is enforceable 4 5 MR VOLLMER In fact there is a further problem because --6 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO Wait a minute You say 7 Appendix R is enforceable but when you don't know what you are 8 enforcing and I thought that was the Fire Protection plan, you ×. should clarify in some way such that it can be enforced 10 MR. VOLLMER: In the pre-rule days we did a review 11 of each plant and came r a specific agreement on each plant 12 as to what they had to do with Appendix R 13 14 COMMISSIONER ASSELUTINE On Fire Protection MR. VOLLMER: With fire protection, excuse me 15 Many 16 of those agreements are contained in license conditions 17 After the rule was passed Appendix R was effective and three 18 parts of Appendix R were backfit to those plants despite what 19 agreements may have been reached already COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE Typically they require 20 21 more than the license conditions did? MR. VOLLMER. In some cases, yes. In some cases, 22 23 the old way was good enough. The point I would like to make is that under 24 Appendix R it is possible that some of the old license 25

conditions would need to be changed because the requirements 1 2 under Appendix R could be different than the staff agreements that took place back in 1977 and 1979. 3 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE So that is one category of 4 5 plants MR. VOLLMER: That is one category The second ð category are the past-1979 to present plants They are not 7 under Appendix R but have to a large extent been reviewed to 8 the standard review plan and Appendix R. Fost-TMI and 9 10 post-Appendix R the Commission considered whether or not they 11 should have a rule for new plants. 12 We talked with the Commission about that and 13 agreement was that we are going to review these plants ---14 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO. Something confused me a little bit. You said the post-1979 plants were not subject to 15 Appendix R. 16 17 MR VOLLMER: Right. CHAIRMAN PALLADINO. The post-1979 plants. 18 MR. VOLLMER: Post-1979. 19 20 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO What are they subject to? They are subject to 50 48 which gives 21 MR. VOLLMER general guidance that they will have a fire protection program 22 and they are subject to the staff review of its standard 23 review plan which contains a fairly comprehensive program of 24 fire protection requirements even more comprehensive than 25

1 Appendix R, in fact.

We felt that the level of fire protection safety for 2 3 those plants under the standard review plan would be as good 4 as the pre-1979 plants but to make sure we evaluated the 5 plants under Appendix R as well as under the standard review 6 plan CHAIRMAN PALLADINO: You say for post-1979 they 7 didn't have to use Appendix R. 8 MR. VOLLMER: Did not have to use Appendix R. 9 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO But you evaluated them against 10 11 Appendix R? MR. VOLLMER: We evaluated them against Appendix R 12 13 and in fact revised the standard review plan so that it would 14 contain the elements of Appendix R. 15 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO I can understand your evaluating them against the standard review plan but you 16 implied that you do both. If they are not subject to Appendix 17 12 R, then why do you evaluate them against it? 19 MR. DIRCKS. I think they wanted to achieve 20 equivalent safety. 21 MR. VOLLMER: That's right. CHAIRMAN PALLADINO: I thought you were doing that 22 23 by putting it in the SRP. MR. VOLLMER: The Commission at that time had 24 questioned rather than the new rule, we agree the Commission 25

directed the staff to review the new plants not only under the 1 standard review plan but under Appendix R . We sort of had a 2 3 combined review and eventually we revised the standard review 4. plan to really incorporate the elements of Appendix R CCMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE Wasn't the rationale that 5 because these were new plants that had not yet been licensed 5 the Commission already had fairly strong and direct control 7 8 over the plant. 9 MR. VOLLMER: That's right. 10 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE We didn't need to have a 11 rule like Appendix R. 12 MR VOLLMER: That's right. COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE We didn't need to make 13 Appendix R directly applicable because the Commission already 14 15 had all the control it needed to get the changes it wanted 16 done in the new plants. 17 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO I don't follow that. MR VOLLMER The real difference is for the plants' 18 19 under Appendix R if they deviate from the rule they have to 20 come in for an exemption. COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE 21 Right. 22 MR. VOLLMER. In the newer plants, if they deviate from Appendix R, it could be resolved by staff analysis and 23 they don't get the license until the staff has resolved that 24 there is an equivalent level of fire protection safety. 25

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COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE: That's right.

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2 MR, VOLLMER: So the end result should be the same and in fact the new plants have gained a lot from these past 3 4 years on fire protection. Some of the plants are much better 5 ·built with fire protection in mind in terms of separation and redundant trains and things like that. 6 7 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO' I wasn't objecting to doing 8 it. It just seemed strange that you say that Appendix R 9 doesn't apply but you evaluate against it. 10 MR. DIRCKS: I think we are touching on the history, 11 the tortured history, of fire protection All of it I think 12 we can explain but all if it has contributed a good deal to 13 the confusion that we are trying to unravel here today. 14 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE. As I recall, I thought at 15 one point the Commission had said, "Gee, we really want a rule 16 for new plants as well" and the staff said, "No, we don't 17 really need it for the new plants. We have all the control we 18 need so we just don't need the rule " MR. VOLLMER. That is correct. 19 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE The original approach to 20 21 the Commission was we want a rule for new plants as well as 22 for older ones. MR. VOLLMER: That is exactly right. 23 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE: The Commission was 24 convinced that in fact it really didn't need a rule. 25

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MR. VOLLMER: Right.

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2 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO. All right. Please continue. 3 MR. VOLLMER: For those plants, they are basically 4 reviewed to the standard review plan which includes the 5 Appendix R elements and so we certainly think that the new 6 plants are not less safe from a fire protection point of view 7 than the old plants.

8 The new plants have varying license conditions 9 dealing with fire protection. In a number of cases rather 10 general conditions were put in some of these plants saying 11 that they should comply with Appendix R and they should meet 12 the intent of Appendix R and a number of things.

13 I think some of the later plants have fairly well 14 written license conditions, but in fact they do vary somewhat 15 from plant-to-plant and it is my understanding that a couple 16 of the plants in the post-1979 era don't have any license 17 condition at all.

18 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE: Why did that happen? I
19 would have thought that that would have been a fairly clear
20 and consistent license condition that would apply to all of
21 them and would be pretty standard?
22 MR. VOLLMER: Is that right?

23 MR. JOHNSTON: Since 1979?

24 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE: Yes.

25 MR. VOLLMER: Did they all have license conditions

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2 MR. JOHNSTON: Somebody ought to back me up but my understanding is that the first plant or two that was licensed 3 at the time of the Appendix R was not perhaps fully covered. 4 and I think that is like Sequoia-1, for example, but I am not 5 sure there is anybody else that fits that category. 6 7 MR. VOLLMER: That doesn't make too much difference because some of them rightly or wrongly were negotiated at the 8 last minute and they were rather flimsy license conditions 9 which didn't really put any meat on the thing and they are not 10 very good. 11 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE All right. 12 13 MR. VOLLMER: So in saying what we have, they are 14 reviewed to a good criteria, they do have some strange license 15 conditions, they are not consistent and they do all have tech 16 specs. 17 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE: This is still the second 18 category. MR. VOLLMER: The second category, yes. 19 20 The third category is the future plants which we 21 feel are again reviewed to a good criteria in the standard review plan It contains Appendix R elements. 22 23 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO: What is a future plant? MR. VOLLMER: The next licensed plant, those that 24 are coming down the pike. 25

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1 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE: Presumably this goes back 2 a few plants at least. 3 MR. VOLLMER: We do have some with what we consider good license conditions, yes. 4 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO: When does the word "future" 5 start? 6 7 MR. VOLLMER: Today. COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE. What is the last plant we 8 9 licensed? 10 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO What do you mean by licensed? MR. VOLLMER: Giving an operating license. 11 12 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE. How about Fermi? Are you 13 pretty satisfied that Fermi has a good strong license 14 condition? MR. VOLLMER. Yes. We did a lot of fire protection 15 16 work on Fermi. 17 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE: All right. CHAIRMAN PALLADINO: They are evaluated to the SRP? 18 MR. VOLLMER Yes, sir, which includes all of the 19 elements. The staff paper indicated that we felt that we 20 should have the licensees incorporate their fire protection 21 program into the FSAR as a commitment to be met. 22 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO: Is that for future plants you 23 24 are talking about? FR. VOLLMER: We were talking about future plants 25

right now.

CHAIRMAN PALLADINO: Future plants.

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3 MR. VOLLMER: Now I would like to think about it 4 rather broadly. The staff's thinking was and indicated in 5 here that we would place the fire protection plan incorporated 6 in the FSAR and then the licensee would have to meet those 7 commitments and if he wanted to make any changes to those 8 commitments that they would fall under a 50 59 which would 9 have him do a safety evaluation and so on and so forth and it 10 would allow him to make the change if it did not degrade 11 safety but keep records and report it and so on. 12 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO: What does it do for you putting 13 it in the FSAR? Is it an enforceable item? 14 MR. VOLLMER: That is part of the problem. We felt that if it was just put in the FSAR that the enforcement would 15 be difficult. It could be enforced under 50 59 because if he 16 didn't commit to it you could say that by not committing, he 17 made a change or he made a change that degraded the safety 18

In discussions since the paper was sent down to the Commission the staff believes that we have looked more broadly at the issues and that is the reason I indicated in my previous discussion of the three types of plants that all these plants have a substantial amount of technical specifications dealing with fire protection.

that was an actual change was a difficult mode of enforcement.

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There is a lot of stuff in there, in the tech specs, 1 as well as in the license conditions. The staff believes that 2 the best approach would be to incorporate all the fire 3 protection commitments into the FSAR including the tech spees, 4 in other words, give the licensees an option of taking the 5 fire protection items out of the tech specs and put them in as 6 far of the FSAR and then we would have either a simple license 7 condition say like a 50.54(f) condition as we have in QA and 8 physical security which says that the licensee needs to meet 9 the provisions of the FSAR. He can make changes if it doesn't 10 . degrade those commitments by 50.59 and we feel that would be a 11 12 more appropriate package. CHAIRMAN PALLADINO: Where would you say this, in 13 14 the tech specs? MR. VOLLMER: This could be done two ways. It could 15 be done by a rule-making. It could be in 50.54 as we have 16 17 quality assurance and physical security. CHAIRMAN PALLADING. I am trying to understand. 11 18 you have your fire protection program in the FSAR, to make it 19 enforceable you could reference it either in the license .20 condition or in the tech specs and say that this is now part 21 of your tech specs? 22 MR. VOLLMER: That is right. 23 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO: Then it is enforceable. 24 MR. VOLLMER: Yes. 25

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1 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE. That is what the steering 2 group had recommended. CHAIRMAN PALLADINO: Yes. 3 4 MR. VOLLMER: That is what the steering group had 5 recommended. COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE: A simple license condition 6 saying it is in the FSAR. You can change it if you meet 7 8 certain requirements. CHAIRMAN PALLADINO: You are not going that way? 9 10 MR. VOLLMER: That is what I am suggesting --COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE That was Dick's 11 12 recommendation. 13 MR. VOLLMER: -- would be the probably the most 14 appropriate way. The paper recommends putting it in the FSAR but says that a carrot to do that might be the removal of the 15 16 license condition. COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE: Who is that? Is that 17 18 CRGR? MR. VOLLMER: No. I think that was the general 19 feeling. As I said, we have revisited that. I talked to Vic 20 Stello this morning about what I am just saying now and he 21 22 thinks that would probably be a reasonable way to go. COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE The license condition. 23 MR. VOLLMER: The license condition, particularly if 24 you remove the tech specs. That is a benefit to the licensee 25

i to get some difficult and onerous tech specs out.

2 CHAIRMAN PALLADING. Under your proposal you would 3 reference the FSAR and make it a part of a licensing condition 4 and then further say that they are allowed to make changes 5 without coming in for amendments as long as there was no 6 degradation in meeting the requirements.

COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE: Substantial degradation. 7 MR. VOLLMER: What we would like to see is posing to 8 the licensee by this generic letter, here is a package deal 9 for you. The deal is that you incorporate your fire 10 11 protection program in the FSAR and come in and say you would 12 like the standard license condition, and we will allow you to 13 remove the tech specs and incorporate the stuff in the FSAR 14 and I think for all plants on balance; that would be a more appropriate and consistent way to do the process. 15

16 If you just go putting it in the FSAR, there would 17 be a tortured way to get at enforcement. It would be a difficult enforcement process but possible. The 18 recommendation in the paper doesn't really deal with tech 19 20 specs for older plants. It deals with tech specr for newer plants saying that the tech spec implementation group should 21 take a look at the need for fire protection tech specs and 22 23 that is ongoing.

24 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE. So the steering group had 25 basically felt leave the tech specs alone, put the fire

protection plan in the FSAR, reference it in the license
 condition but you would also have the tech specs, the specific
 tech specs, to backstop.

MR. VOLLMER: That's right. I am going to put on 4 5 one of my other hats here and I think the steering group if we had discussed this option I think it would have appealed to 6 7 many members of the steering group because it does make the current tech specs enforceable and it gives a broader area. 8 9 that with the license condition and all of this in the FSAR 10 that could be enforced against and secondly, it sort of makes 11 sense because the fire protection requirements are like a lot 12 of other and I am going to call them non-safety related 13 requirements that we have in the plant, a lot of features that 14 we have in the plant, that are there because they are for the 15 protection of safety equipment and things like that.

15 I think it is more appropriate to put this into the 17 FSAR with a simple license condition as we have other things 18 rather than have tech specs which are I understand the Wolf 19 Creek tech specs, for example, has a rather large section, 20 20-pages or so, on fire protection.

21 Certainly that doesn't seem to be necessarily the 22 best approach to make.

23 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO Just to follow-up a little, if 24 I understand this paper it doesn't have any enforceable 25 trail? It doesn't tie the FSAR back to the license

condition. It doesn't tie it back to anything.

2 MR. VOLLMER: That is right.

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3 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO: That gives me a problem. 4 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE: It gave Dick a problem, 5 too

6 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO: I am 'rying to understand if I 7 can get my views properly expressed.

MR. VOLLMER: On page seven of the paper, the third 8 paragraph, where it says, "The generic letter has been 9 10 modified. ." and so on, it says we would encourage the licensees to do this. It talks about use of 50.59 but down 11 toward the bottom it says, "The staff is continuing to 12 13 evaluate various other approaches to the elimination of the 14 license condition including the need for a rule which would 15 require compliance with the fire protection plan described in 16 the FSAR. Such a rule could be a means for elimination of 17 present license condition and technical specifications." 18 That is still one of the options that I was talking 19 about.

20 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO: But that puts you off in the 21 future. Why can't we fix it up right now? Why did you depart 22 from picking up an enforceable trail right now?

23 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE. Yes, I agree with that 24 MR. VOLLMER: One of the reasons is if you want to 25 order a rule, that is one thing Staff was trying to look at

1 what it could do under the authority that we have. We were 2 trying to find a way to get the job done. We were hoping to 3 encourage licensees to do it. If you look at fire protection, 4 if you frankly at backfit and cost benefit, it would be a very 5 difficult job to impose some of these things as license condition perhaps as we go through the cost benefit analysis. 6 7 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO' If you put their program in the 8 FSAR and make reference in license conditions saying you are 9 going to follow that, if you also give them the privilege of 10 making changes so long as they don't degrade the system and 11 still meet the objectives, I think you got what we need. They 12 have a clear understanding of what their program is. They have some flexibility in changing it and they know what they 13 14 are going to be evaluated against. I don't know why you departed from that. 15 16 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE. Who was the proponent of just putting it in the FSAR without any license condition and 17 what was the rationale that was offered for that approach? We 18 19 get this paper that says that it decided to do this but who 20 decided it and what was the rationale? MR. JOHNSTON I think I can give you a little bit. 21 This came out as a result of our review with the CRGR. 22 23 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE All right, the CRGR. 24 MR. JOHNSTON The rationale behind it makes some

25 sense, also. In order for a plant to take that fire

protection plan and put it into the FSAR it has to go in as a 1 sworn statement by the utility ownership that what they put in 2 there is true and accurate. 3 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO: This is for the FSAR? 4 MR. JOHNSTON. To put their present fire protection 5 plan into the FSAR, it goes in under a sworn statement So it 6 goes in as an accurate statement. If it is discovered 7 subsequently that it was not fully correct then they are 8 subject to enforcement actions. 9 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO: Wait a minute. It is a plan 10 you are putting in there. It is not swearing that this ---11 MR. VOLLMER: It would be the whole program. 12 MR. JOHNSTON: It is the whole program that would 13 have yone in under that suggestion. 14 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE. That is at best an awkward 15 enforcement approach and one we have had some difficulty with 16 in the past. 17 MR. JOHNSTON: But you asked me what the rationale 18 19 was. COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE. All right. 20 MR. JOHNSTON: It can be changed then, of course, 21 according to 50.59 procedures under that approach the same as 22 the one that we are proposing today. 23 MR. VOLLMER: I think we really have been grappling 24 25 with a way to do this consistently across the board and I

1 think the CRGR recommendation in this area was advisory of course to Mr. Dircks but the recommendation was that this 2 would probably be the best place of getting this type of an 3 4 information, a fire protection program, into an arenal namely 5 the FSAR, where this type of information is normally placed and where there was some enforcement mode 6 7 I think in talking enforcement sense then, we have sort of come around to the point of view that we probably 8 9 would need something else although we could enforce against it 10 that way if that was the only approach. 11 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE What do you lose by taking 12 out the tech specs? CHAIRMAN PALLADINO What do you mean, "taking out 13 14 the tech specs?" Do you mean taking fire protection out of 15 the tech specs? COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE. Yes. Dropping the tech 16 17 specs and just having this. MR. VOLLMER: We don't think we lose anything if 18 19 they are willing to put in a license condition that they will 20 comply with the FSAR. COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE: So you still have all of 21 22 the detail, all of the requirements. MR. VOLLMER: The detail would be there, right. 23 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE All of the specificity 24 MR. VOLLMER. Right 25

1 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE How about our control over 2 changes? MR. VOLLMER: That would be there, too, under 50.59. 3 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE All right 4 MR. VOLLMER: One thing that was not addressed here, 5 if there were no license condition and the paper doesn't 6 7 suggest putting tech specs into the FSAR and that is a difference, if you just had this information put in the FSAR I 8 9 am not sure you would want to allow the tech specs to be taken 10 out. We would have to look at that. 11 We think that if you have the package deal where you 12 have the whole program and the tech specs in the FSAR with a 13 license condition saying that they have to meet them, you have enforceability, you have them on a detail that is appropriate 14 15 in the FSAR but not appropriate in tech specs perhaps. 16 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO: But you would not put them both 17 in FSAR and in the tech specs. 18 MR. VOLLMER: Right 19 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO: All right COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE. I take it that the 20 licensees would have the same flexibility or have the same 21 flexibility now to deviate from the tech specs that they would 22 have to deviate from these commitments under the FSAR? 23 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO: You would want to make that 24 25 statement

1 MR. VOLLMER: If that were the mode, they could make a conscious decision to change what we will call a tech spec 2 but it is not really a tech spec anymore, it is part of the 3 FSAR. If they do the analysis that fine, you don't degrade 4 5 fire protection safety and you don't meet any of the other 50.59 roadblocks and it would be documented and the staff 6 would be able to review it. 7 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE They have just that much 8 9 flexibility? What I am getting at is does this give them more 10 flexibility? 11 MR. VOLLMER. I think it gives them more 12 flexibility COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE What is the flexibility 13 now for a tech spec? If you have a specific tech spec on fire 14 15 protection --MR VOLLMER. You have to make a tech spec change 16 and it is just like any other tech spec change, it is hearing, 17 the whole thing 18 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE So this lets them change 19 things at will as long as they stay within whatever --20 MR VOLLMER: You have to remember if you look at 21 some of the tech specs, you find that they list the hose 22 stations and there are a lot of surveillance requirements 23 There are a lot of things in tech specs which are very 24 nitty-gritty that have a very oblique reference to anything 25

that we would consider reactor safety. 1 In fact, putting them in the FSAR I think the 2 licensee would have to make a change consciously and a 3 documented change if he were to make a change. We think that 4 5 in the area of fire protection that this would not be an 6 inappropriate way for us to monitor any changes that he could 7 make COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE What does substantial 8 degradation mean? A factor of ten, factor of five? I am just 9 10 trying to understand 11 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO It is non-trivial. 12 COMMISSIONER ROBERTS. Non-trivial. 13 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE 14 that what it means? 14 (Laughter.) 15. MR VOLLMER. You are reading the license condition 16 here. COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE Yes, significantly 17 decreased the level of fire protection, I guess that is what I 19 19 am trying to get a sense for what does that mean. 20 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO I would hope that that would mean that it is just about as good as it was 21 22 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE How about substantial 23 equivalence. . MR. VOLLMER. I guess when you get to review those 24 it gets down to be the individual judgment thing 25

CHAIRMAN PALLADINO: We followed this approach on 1 physical security, didn't we? 2 MR. VOLLMER. Yes, and quality assurance. They 3 could make changes to their quality assurance program under 4 the same type of arrangement and we felt before and I would 5 advocate now that this is a reasonable way to go in this area. 6 Now if we found the licensees were not interested in 7 8 this type of a thing, that is, that they wished to make this particular change, then I guess we could come back to the 9 Commission and recommend some options. 10 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO I am having a lot of trouble 11 12 with fire protection. It has been going for years. We tried to push it hard to hurry it up and get it done early. We are 13 14 talking about 1990-plus for some plants. 15 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINF Yes, it is incredible. CHAIRMAN PALLADINO: That is more time than it takes 16 to build a whole plant even if you are slow. 17 18 MR. VOLLMER Yes, sir. 19 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO. As I say, why can't we devise a simple system, implement it, make it enforceable but also give 20 21 the break to the utility so they can make appropriate changes. and both you and they know what it is that we are going to 22 examine and what the basis for measurement is going to be. 23 24 MR. VOLLMER: I think what I said before, it is my view that the elements of the generic letter will expedite the 25

compliance, getting on with the job and it is my view that if 1 we went this approach that it would solve future problems of 2 3 enforceability and a question as to what the fire protection 4 program really was 5 These elements, I think, would be contained here. There may be different approaches but certainly Mr. Dircks' 6 7 incentive --8 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO: If you go out with the generic 9 letter now and then you go out with another letter that 10 changes things--11 MR. VOLLMER This would be part of the generic 12 letter but the elements of the generic letter that would help 13 compliance, I think, or expedite compliance would be primarily 14 the Interpretations document, the question and answer document, that this finally and lastly is the staff's 15 technical position on the issue. 16 17 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO. I think that is important and I 18 am not against getting a generic letter out. There are a couple of points such as enforceability that was giving me a 19 problem I would like to see some the into the enforceability 20 and the plan that you had been thinking about earlier sounded 21 reasonable and I don't want to jump right now and say what I 22 23 favor MR. DIRCKS. I think we share everyone's 24 frustration -It has been going on so long and we haven't been 25

making any progress. We have to figure out a way to get this
 thing moving. We haven't been moving.

CHAIRMAN PALLADINO: But putting in a tie such that 3 4 you have some enforceability by referencing the FSAR, putting the fire protection plan in the FSAR referencing it in the 5 license condition, giving the licensee the flexibility of 5 making changes so they don't have to come in with amendments, 7 that wouldn't slow this generic letter down, would it? 8 9 MR. VOLLMER: We could pose that in the generic 10 letter. What I would recommend is putting that in the generic 11 letter and maybe trying to get the next couple of licensees 12 who are coming down the pike to see if they would, and of 13 course I think most of theirs are in the FSAR, aren't they, 14 Bi11? 15 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO' I had another point I wanted to 16

16 press if I may and that is dates. Let me expand just a little 17 bit. We talk about the living schedule. The living schedule 18 if I understand it correctly could put off fire protection 19 into only Lord knows when.

Is your thought that if you go with the living
schedule, if you put some drop dead date and say, look, by
this date we would like to have accomplished all these things.
MR. VOLLMER: I think, yes. As I indicated before
we would like to set some high standards for future
exemptions. They would have to be under 50.12 and I think

1 that if the staff did not grant them, then the licensee would 2 -- I think we could come to some reasonable dates with 3 licensees.

4 We would have to consider living schedules. We 5 would have to consider the TMI backfits and all the other 6 things as part of that.

CHAIRMAN PALLADINO: What was bothering me was that 7 if you go with living schedule, I think what we are saying is 8 we are delegating it to the staff the end date for fire 9 protection because the staff has the right to set the living 10 schedule and I am not objecting to it but as I say, my 11 goodness, I hope when we get to the year 2000 we are still not 12 talking about some fire protection items that should have been 13 corrected back in 1991. 14

15 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE Even 1990 sounds
 16 incredible.

CHAIRMAN PALLADINO: I was being generous. 17 MR. DIRCKS: Back in 1980, 19985 sounded incredible 18 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE. It did. That's right. 19 MF VOILLMER: If I could just give you a very brief 20 summary of the inspection status and let people from NRR talk 21 about the status of plants so you will really know how many 22 are likely to go into those never never land dates. 23 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO. Sure Go ahead. 24 MR. VOLLMER: I think if I could just take one 25

minute here, on the pre-1979 plants we have done about 17 1 inspections. In the 1982-1983 inspections where we did about 2 3 seven units --CHAIRMAN PALLADINO How many? 4 MR. VOLLMER: -- seven units, compliance was very 5 A number of these plants said, "We meet Appendix R." poor 6 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO. What year was that? 7 MR. VOLLMER: That was 1982-1983. The plants said 8 that they meet Appendix R and we went out and looked. They 9 didn't meet it. They didn't have any analyses showing that 10 what they had was adequate so there was very little there from 11 an analytical point of view or from a hardware point of view. 12 Some of these plants had done modifications under 13 14 the old branch technical pusition, the old 1977-1979 Fire Protection, the post-Browns Ferry fire Fire Protection point 15 of view but Appendix R, they did not meet. 16 17 In 1984 the Calvert Cliffs inspection was done and that was the first one that we could say pretty well met 18 19 Appendix R. COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE So there is one plant that - 20 21 is done. 22 MR. VOLLMER: We have done nine inspections in 1985 and those are generally good. I don't have the nitty-gritty 23 details but for example, Nine Mile Point, Crystal River and 24 Rancho Seco are particularly good plants in meeting Appendix 25

1 R. We just finished with Rancho Seco and it looks like a very 2 good plant 3 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE I am glad to hear they are 4 good at something. 5 (Laughter.) MR. VOLLMER: We have come a fair piece since we ð 7 instituted a lot of this development of guidance and getting 8 out to the industry and so on. I don't know how much that 9 contributed to it. I would like to think that it contributed 10 a fair amount, a great deal of the staff work from the 11 licensing people in working with the utilities. 12 So what we found is that the last nine inspections in 1985 were really generally pretty good. 13 14 Now of the post-1979 plants, those units that are 15 not subject to Appendix R but are generally subject to the 16 equivalent criteria, we inspected 11 units in 1984 and 17 units in 1985 and except for those plants are all pretty good. 17 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO Which plants? 18 19 MR VOLLMER. With the exception -- well, we know 20 about the Sequoia problems. CHAIRMAN PALLADINO. The 17 in 1985 you said were 21 22 all pretty good? 23 MR. VOLLMER: The 17 in 1985, yes. COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE. What about Sequoia? 24 MR. VOLLMER: . Sequoia has had some problems. 25

CHAIRMAN PALLADINO - Earlier you talked about nine 1 in 1985 and now you say 17. 2 MR. VOLLMER: The nine in 1985 were the old plants. 3 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO: 1 see 4 MR. VOLLMER: I first started out with the pre-1979 5 plants. 6 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO: Now you are in the --7 MR. VOLLMER: The post-1979 plants, we did 11 units 8 in 1984 and 17 units in 1985 and they are generally pretty 9 10 good. CHAIRMAN PALLADINO: All right, thank you. 11 12 MR. VOLLMER: It is not as bleak as it might be except for the fact that there are a number of plants that 13 seem to be putting compliance way off in the future and now I 14 will pass the baton to Jim and Bill to give you a status 15 16 report on those on the licensing area. 17 MR KNIGHT: Could I have slide two, please? 18 (SLIDE.) MR. KNIGHT: I have a series of four slides and I 19 intend to give a picture of our present licensing status. 20 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE When you talk about those, 21 too, could you explain why it is that Calvert Cliffs can 22 basically do the job and get it all done by 1984 to our 23 satisfaction and the others are dragging on until 1990 or do? 24 MR. KNIGHT. I can't explain that. 25

COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE Is there something 1 different about the design of that plant that made fire 2 protection very easy or was it that that utility just made a 3 strong commitment to fire protection and did the job right and 4 5 got it done and the others aren't. I guess what I want to õ know is what is the difference Why is this group dragging on and on and yet that 7 plant is able to get everything done in 1984 under the old 8 9 generic letter and get it done right? 10 MR. VOLLMER: We did pursue that and I don't know 11 how many plants fall into the category of a Calvert Cliffs 12 because we have had a number of successes since 1985. 13 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE: And some others, yes. 14 MR VOLLMER. Let me say that that being the first one, we did talk to them in detail and their approach was I 15 think they committed to implement Appendix R. They got 16 company people who were dedicated, electrical engineers and 17 18 some systems people who were dedicated to take the rule and very simply look at it. 19 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE Fire protection engineers? 20 MR. VOLLMER Fire protection engineers, yes, and 21 22 very simply lock at it and say what do we have to do to protect those safe shut down equipment and they went through 23

24 the plant bit by bit and I don't knew what the secret was but 25 I am sure that they spant a fair amount of money on it but

1 they did a good job I don't see why other organizations could not have 2 3 done the same. COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE All right 4 MR VOLLMER Now since we have had a number of 5 successes since then, there may be a number of people who will 8 tell you the same thing 7 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE Which tends to show that 8 if you do it right, you can get it done in a reasonable period 9 of time and to our satisfaction 10 MR. VOLLMER. Yes, sir 11 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE. All right. Thank you. 12 13 MR KNIGHT. On our first slide here we are showing the status of the Fire Protection modifications and that is as " 14 differentiated from alternate shutdown which will come up 15 16 later 17 Perhaps one item that you may want to inquire about is the group of 19 percent shown in orange, the operating in 18 non-compliance. The non-compliance there is a schedular 19 20 non-compliance COMMISSIONER ROBERTS Say that again. 21 MR KNIGHT. It is in "fect a schedular 22 23 non-compliance. They had tolled under 50 48, the agreement was reached as to what needed to be done and that work has not 24 been accomplished by that schedule 25

50.48 gives them 18 months after a 1 MR. VOLLMER refueling outage which occurs some period of time after staff 2 review is complete. The staff reviews it and then six months 3 later they have a refueling outage. They are given 18 months 4 beyond that to complete their modifications 5 So what he is saying is they didn't meet those time 6 provisions in getting those fire protection modifications made 7 in the area of safe shutdown. 8 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE. Why is that? Give us a Q few examples of why they didn't get it done within the 10 scheduled time period 11 MR JOHNSTON Several of those plants are plants 12 that were the early ones that were inspected. Davis Bessie, 13 for example, is in that category. It was inspected. It did 14 not pass the inspection. It is now technically out of 15 compliance but they have been reviewed and they are in the 16 17 process now of completing the requirements to some future date 18 but they have compensatory things in place. They are technically speaking in non-ccmpliance and 19 20 they are plants of that nature. 21 COMMISSIONER ROBERTS: Of those 13, are they with or 22 without approved compensatory measure? 23 MR KNIGHT They are all with approved compensatory 24 measures, yes MR. JOHNSTON That is why we said schedular and not 25

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1 technically. 2 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE These are like fire 3 watches, things like that? MR KNIGHT Yes 4 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE. Is this the kind of thing 5 like the one for the basis for the fine a little thile back of € the sleeping fire watch? 7 MR. KNIGHT: Yes. 8 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE. At Davis Bessie, that kind 9 of compensatory measure. 10 MR. KNIGHT: Yes. 11 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO: Do you want to go on? 12 MR. KNIGHT: If there are no other questions on this 13 14 status, I would like to move on to the next slide, please? 15 (SLIDE.) CHAIRMAN PALLADINO. What are those -- 40 percent 16. modifications complete, all right. 17 MR KNIGHT: I do apologize for the reproduction 18 19 This is a similar breakdown for the alternate shutdown systems. The percentages are very much the same just 20 21 some slight variance. 22 COMMISSIONER ROBERTS: Why do the numbers not total 23 slide to slide? Is it the same body of plants? MR. KNIGHT: It is the same body of plants and if 24 25 you have an older package, there was an error but to the best

of our ability the numbers should total There are 67 plants 1 2 and they should total. 3 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE Right now, which are the farthest out in both of those two categories, either 4 5 completing the mods or the alternate shutdown systems, the ĉ farthest out date, which plants and what date? 7 MR. KNIGHT' Let's see. Browns Ferry is one and 3 Davis Bessie. 9 COMMISSIONER BERNTHAL. Is this alternate shutdown? COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE Or total fire protection? 10 1 1 MR. KNIGHT: That was both categories as I gave it to you. I will have to give you an accurate answer. 12 13 MR. JOHNSTON. In the case of alternate shutdown, it 14 is Davis Bessie Well, Fort St. Grain is 1987 and Davis Bessie is 1983 and all the other ones are before then. You 15 will see that in the next slide, I guess. 16 MR KNIGHT: May I have the next slide, please? 17 18 (SLIDE) MR. KNIGHT: Again for both categories looking at 19 20 fire protection first --21 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO. Whit are these? 22 MR. KNIGHT: These are the completion schedules that are now in force. The outlyers to anticipate a question in 23 1989 and 1990 are Millstone and Erunswick 24 25 CHAIRMAN PALLADING This is for protection

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1 modification. What about new plants? Do they show up on 2 this? 3 MR. KNIGHT No, sir. CHAIPMAN PALLADINO: Because they have size dy come 4 5 out with the right equipment. MR. KNIGHT That is right. ő COMMISSIONER BERNTHAL: Millstone and Brunswick are 7 8 -- s y it again. 9 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE. Last ones. 10 MR. KNIGHT: If you notice the change actually from 11 63 to 67. COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE. So those are the new five. 12 COMMISSIONER BERNTHAL. Four units. 13 14 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE: Four units, yes. COMMISSIONER BERNTHAL: What has been the problem 15 there? I guess we know what Brunswick's problem is on some of 16 17 this. 18 MR. KNIGHT: I think it is fair to say put in terms of problems, the differences of opinion as to what is required 19 and proceeding at different rates of speed if you will to 20 either to bite the bullet and decide to do something or to 21 feel that they should have further discussions with the staff 22 23 as to what is necessary. CHAIRMAN PALLADINO: Is there a difference between 24 25 the one you gave us earlier and this one?

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1	MR. KNIGHT: Yes. The one you now have represents
2	an up-date. The earlier view graphs noted that four plants
3	were still under review.
4	CHAIRMAN PALLADING The reason I was looking at the
5	older one was because it is nice and dark and this one is
6	unreadable.
7	MR. KNIGHT: I do apologize for that.
8	COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE: How much has this
9	interpretation process affected schedules? For example,
10	Millstone and Brunswick, the farthest out on this one, to what
11	extent have they been basically holding back waiting to see if
12	some of their problems get interpreted away or get modified so
13	that things get easier? Does that have any role to play in
14	the timing?
15	MR. KNIGHT: I think it most certainly has, yes. As
16	I say, obviously in many instances utilities "took the bit" if
17	you want to put it in those terms and decided to do something,
18	made judgments and as we see now although some of the earlier
19	judgments may not have been the best after the workshop
20	process, there was a distinct improvement and they proceeded
21	on.
22	Others have felt it incumbent upon them to discuss
23	and debate further.
24	COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE The ones that have
25	discussed and debated further, how much of an overlap is there

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between that group and the group that has basically fought 1 this rule all the way along, the group that took us to court. 2 3 lost? Is there a pretty close correlation? 4 ME JOHNSTON Yes There is a close correlation in that but one thing I would like to clarify a little bit is it 5 is not clear that the two plants we were just speaking about 6 7 are going to be late in compliance. 8 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO. Are what? MR. JOHNSTON: Will not necessarily be late in their 9 10 compliance. 11 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO: What is the reference point for late? 12 13 MR. JOHNSTON: We have not yet finished the review 14 of Millstone and Brunswick. They are still under the 50.48 tolling provision. We have not finished our review of them 15 and when that review is complete, then their implementation 16 schedule will be set. It is not set yet. 17 18 Our understanding is that indeed they have been plants that have certainly been in conversation with us for a 19 20 long time. That is perfectly correct but our understanding 21 from what the staff has told me is that the agreement with them is fairly close and that as a result of the negotiation 22 process, if you like, they may not have very much to do after 23 we complete our review. 24

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They are going to have to meet the same standards as

everybody else. We have just gone into a lot more detail with 1 2 them but my understanding is and I might be incorrect, but my 3 understanding is is that when this job is finished with those plants, they will probably be done several years before some 4 5 of the other ones which we have already made agreements with 6 but have a longer time for doing their implementation. So it is not quite fair to say that they are going 7 to be the last. 8 0 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE All right. 10 CHAIRMAN PALLADING. How many plants have to yet 11 complete the alternate shutdown system? This slide shows that 12 we are talking about 67. 13 COMMISSIONER ZECH: Sixty-seven Is that the last 14 one? Does that mean they are all done? When you get 67, you 15 are all done? 16 MR. KNIGHT: Yes, 67 is the full number of plants. 17 We are now projecting that all 67 plants would be done in 18 1990. 19 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO: So now if we go back to 1985. COMMISSIONER ROBERTS: You have 36. 20 21 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE. You have 31 on alternate 22 shutdown. CHAIRMAN PALLADING: Thirty-six to go. That is what 23 24 1 was trying to understand. 25 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE Thirty-six to go, yes, so

1 we are less than half way.

2 MR. VOLLMER. Part of the problem with the process 3 is that when they come in for an exemption to Appendix R of 4 the Fire Protection provisions and then works with the staff 5 and we say, "No, that is not adequate " Then they say, "We 6 will come in with another try at it" and come in with 7 something different. 8 Once you finally settle all the Fire Protection exemptions, that is, whether you can or can't meet the Fire 9 10 Protection requirements then you find what you have to do in 11 terms of alternate shutdown 12 Then they come in and say, "Okav, if we can't get an exemption for that under these criteria, then we will rewire 13 14 and go around that area and then when the staff has approved that alternate safe shutdown, then the 50,48(c) clock will 15 16 start" and then they will have their time at that. 17 So that is why some of these things have been so 18 prolonged. MR. DIRCKS. I think the other question is, this is 19 their completion schedule. After they complete the work it 20 21 still has to be inspected to see if we agree with it 22 MR VOLLMER Yes MR. DIRCKS. So this may not be the end of the 23 24 line. You have to go in and make sure --COMMISSIONER ROBERTS But after all this period of 25

time and the workshops and so forth, would any licensee have 1 any doubt what would be required to meet our requirements? 2 MR. DIRCKS. How they implement the requirements or 3 how they construct or make the modifications, it is 4 conceivable to me there will be probably cases where they will 5 have to make readjustments. 6 MR. VOLLMER: There is so much on the record of 7 8 exemptions we have accepted and exemptions we have denied. COMMISSIONER ROBERTS. Is there any consistency back ٥ and forth? 10 MR. VOLLMER I sure hope so That is what I was 11 12 going to say, there has been so much on the record --COMMISSIONER ROBERTS. What do you mean, "you hope 13 \$0." 14 MR. VOLLMER. ' think so, yes 15 There is so much on 16 the record to answer your question directly I don't think it is reasonable that any licensee couldn't go out and know 17 pretty well what our requirements are and make the 18 modifications to meet those requirements. 19 20 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO Five years, even from 1985 to 21 1990, is a long time. 22 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE. That's right. 23 MR. DIRCKS I still think there were cases where they thought they met our requirements and they put in 24 modifications and there have been cases where we have gone 25

into inspect and found problems and we have made them take out 1 those modifications and put in new modifications. Is that 2 right? 3 MR VOLLMER: I believe so 4 COMMISSIONER ZECH: How many cases are you still 5 ð reviewing? COMMISSIONER ROBERTS: Thirty-six. 7 MR. KNIGHT: At the present time we have four that 8 were still under review when the earlier slides were 9 10 prepared We have now completed those four reviews. So we now have a schedule for all of the plants that are covered by 11 Appendix R 12 13 COMMISSIONER ZECH: Does this slide mean that you have between now and 1990 you have 30 plants that are under 14 review still? 15 MR. KNIGHT: No, not under review. Those are their 16 schedules for completion. 17 COMMISSIONER ZECH: Of those 36 plants then, how 18 many of those plants have things that are under review that 19 20 you are still working on? 21 COMMISSIONER ROBERTS: How many of the 31 have been 22 reviewed? MR. KNIGHT: The 31 are complete. 23 COMMISSIONER ROBERTS: And reviewed? 24 MR. KNIGHT: If by reviewed you mean inspected, no. 25

1 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO: How long does it take after 2 they are approved to be inspected? Is there a time? 3 MR. KNIGHT There isn't a --COMMISSIONER ROBERTS. It depends on the resources 4 5 MR VOLLMER: With this type of a schedule, the inspection will not be a problem. We can keep up with this .6 7 progress. 8 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE Tell us what you have done 9 for the 31 in terms of what has been submitted, what has been 10 reviewed --COMMISSIONER ZECH. What does that mean by 31? 11 12 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE -- what has been approved? 13 COMMISSIONER ZECH: Does that mean 31 plants are satisfactory now or does that just mean that you are satisfied 14 15 that the 31 are doing the right thing? 16 MR. JOHNSTON: I think we could go back to the 17 pie-shaped slide. Was that number two? Do you want the fire protection or the alternate shutdown? 18 COMMISSIONER ZECH: I will take either one. 19 20 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO Let's start with fire 21 protection. MR. JOHNSTON: Go back to slide two, please. 22 23 (SLIDE.) 24 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO. Is the pie chart different from 25 the old one?

There might be some number difference, 1 MR. KNIGHT yes. It would be very slight though 2 CHAIRMAN PALLADING. All right. I am going to look 3 at the old one so I can read it 4 5 MR DIRCKS: Just to make sure you understand, in the proposed generic letter, that is why we had this section ð 7 in here on revised inspection programs. We included in there that section that we will continue to conduct inspection of 8 9 Fire Protection features In the case of completed 10 modifications, the inspection texm will review compliance with applicable requirements 11 In the case of incomplete modifications, the 12 13 inspection team will review licensee approach to compliance, 14 plans and schedules for completing such modifications We will attempt to review implementation of Fire Protection 15 16 features on a scale that will minimize the changes of licenses's implementing features in a manner that does not 17 18 meet with staff approval There is that still unknown quantity you have to put 19 They may proceed with their modifications but they are 20 in. going to proceed with the view that we are going to inspect 21 We may find that they have not implemented it correctly 22 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO. It says that the inspection may 23 follow several years after they think they are all done so we 24 are still talking quite a few years into the future. 25

1 MR. DIRCKS: Yes. 2 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO. This would be beyond 1990 it 3 looks like COMMISSIONER ASSESSMENE For some of the plants, we 4 5 will probably know whether they are in compliance at about the 6 time they are ready to be de-commissioned. 7 (Laughter) CHAIRMAN PALLADINO. It will be a close race! 8 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE Yes You have 9 10 modifications complete, 27 plants 11 ME KNIGHT There may be some confusion. This is as of September 1985. On the bay charts they are shown by the 12 13 end of the year. 14 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE. Let's stick with these You have 27 plants, modifications complete. That means they 15 have done their plan, they have made the changes to the plan, 16 they have presumably asked for any exemptions they need. 17 MR. KNIGHT. The utility pronounces that they are 18 19 complete. COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE Right, and we may not have 20 inspected but at least they think they are done for 27 plants. 21 22 MR. KNIGHT: That is correct. MR. VOLLMER: We have inspected 19 but some of those 23 were the early plants that we would have to go back to because 24 they were not in compliance. Maybe ten of those we have 25

1 inspected, ten or 11, meet Appendix R. 2 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO Where do you see the 19 plants? 3 MR. VOLLMER. I am talking inspection now rather 4 than licensing 5 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE All right Now beyond the 6 27 plants, can you tell us how many have finished their plan 7 They have their plan done. They may not have made the 8 modifications but they have the plan done for complying with Appendix R. 9 MR KHIGHT As shown here, there are these 12 10 11 plants, they are on the 50 48 schedule, they have come in, 12 they have been reviewed, their clock has started and they are 13 now operating on a schedule consistent with 50-48 to complete their review 14 15 COMMISSIONER ZECH. Excuse me, how long have we given them to complete and actually have everything in place? 16 17 MR. KNIGHT. Within the 50 48 schedule. I have to 18 get a refresher on that. 19 MR. JOHNSTON: I believe it is 18 months if it does ont require shutdown. If it requires a shutdown, they get an 20 21 additional time period COMMISSIONER ZECH You keep track of that? 22 23 MR. KNIGHT Yes. 24 MR. JOHNSTON That is what it meant they are doing. They are completing under the 50 48 schedule 25 That is

1 what it means. COMMISSIONER ZECH. They are on schedule? 2 MR. JOHNSTON. They are on that schedule. 3 MA KNIGHT Yes, they are in compliance with the 4 5 rule. COMMISSIONER ZECH So you could tell when they are 6 going to complete, you can project that? 7 MR. KNIGHT. Yes. Again, that is what is 8 incorporated in the bar charts that we have shown you so that 9 by the end of that year there are some specific number of 10 plants that are complete 11 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE So the other three slices 12 of the pie, they are still working on their plans? 13 MR. JOHNSTON No. 14 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE No? 15 16 MR. KNIGHT No, do you want to go ahead? MR JOHNSTON. Schedular exemption granted eight 17 plants, that means that we have also completed our 18 negotiations with them but they have asked for extended 19 periods of time beyond 50.48 time spans. 20 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE To implement it 21 22 MR. JOHNSTON. They are doing it under 50.12 and we 23 have reviewed it and approved it and they are in the process. 24 of implementation on that. 25 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE All right

MR. JOHNSTON The green, the schedular exemption 1 under review, that would be a case where we have not completed 2 that process including those plants that we are not finished 3 with them. They have a request in for additional time to 4 complete and it is still under review. 5 COMMISSIONER ZECH. Excuse me, how long does an 6 7 average exemption review take? MR JOHNSTON. The review itself doesn't take so 8 long but we have a fairly extensive backlog of the requests 9 We get requests in every day from the plants asking for 10 additional exemptions 11 12 COMMISSIONER ZECH What is the backlog as of now? 13 MR JOHNSTON. The backlog as of now is approximately nine moths. It is roughly until next summer 14 15 COMMISSIONER ZECH Do you mean nine months from the 16 time they get something in until you can look at it? 17 MR. JOHNSTON: No, I beg your pardon In some cases 18 it has been as long as a year. COMMISSIONER ZECH: Until they get it in and you 19 look at it? It is a backlog for you? 20 MR. KNIGHT 21 Yes. COMMISSIONER BERNTHAL Is the backlog getting 22 better or worse? 23 24 MR. JOHNSTON. We are holding even MR. KNIGHT. The resources that we have available 25

right now are being as of late have been devoted largely to 1 2 assisting I&E in the inspections. 3 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE How many fire protection engineers do you have? 4 5 MR JOHNSTON Three MR. KNIGHT. There are three fire protection. 6 engineers 7 MR. JOHNSTON. I am sorry, two officially assigned 8 9 to the branch now MR KNIGHT. We are also utilizing in addition to 10 that third fire protection engineer, utilizing outside 11 12 contracting to gain assistance to help us improve our present 13 schedule. COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE Is that about the steady 14 15 number of people that we have had, fire protection engineers? Has it gone up or down? 16 17 MR. KNIGHT: We might have had four. MR. JOHNSTON. We have had three professional fire 18 protection engineers on the staff for about three years ... We 19 have lost some and we have hired some to replace but the 20 21 average has been three COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE If you had ten, how fast 22 23 could you cut down the backlog? 24 different point of view. We have made a contract with 25 •

1 Franklin Institute to provide for doing this with outside 2 help 3 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO. On this one, I think you probably could get help so you could get rid of this backlog 4 5 or least bring it way down. 6 MR. KNIGHT: The prognosis, I think, is very good 7 The contractual help that we have brought on broad is just now 8 starting to produce products that we can review and get out 9 and the projected schedule looks very good. 10 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO Let me see if I can summarize 11 what I think I have heard. The total population is 67 12 plants. We have 31 of them completed at least based on the 13 information you are giving us today. 14 MR. KNIGHT: That is right. 15 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO The schedule is such that all 67 will be complete both on modifications and on --16 17 MR. KNIGHT: Alternate shutdown. 18 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO: -- alternate shutdown by 1990. Yet we have had requests beyond 1990. How does that jibe? 19 MR. JOHNSTON: We may get a request from a utility 20 to go beyond 1990 but we do not have to grant it and in the 21 very few cases that we have actually had, in one particular 22 case we did not grant it and they revised their estimates and 23 are coming in 1987 or 1988 when they will be complete. 24 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO. What happens if they don't make 25

those dates? Then do you take enforcement action? 1 MR KNIGHT That's right 2 MK. JOHNSTON They will be out of compliance with 3 the rule and subject to enforcement 4 COMMISSIONER ROBERTS. What about the last category 5 that you haven't talked about, operating in non-compliance Ð approved compensatory measures? 7 MR. JOHNSTON. There is a date by which they are to 8 complete. They are included in the list. 9 MR. KNIGHT. They have exceeded the 50 48 schedule 10 That is the basis for marking them in non-compliance There 11 is a date that the staff and the utility have agreed upon when 12 they will be complete or at least when they are projecting 13 completion. 14 15 I might add that perhaps even more importantly, 16 there is agreement upon what has to be done. COMMISSIONER ROBERTS. For the approved compensatory 17 measures? 18 19 MR. KNIGHT. For the compensatory measures as well 20 as what has to be done for completion COMMISSIONER ROBERTS. Has any enforcement action 21 been taken against these people? 22 MR. KNIGHT I don't believe so. 23 MR. VOLLMER There are a number of plants pending 24 25 enforcement action.

COMMISSIONER ROBERTS. Out of this group? 1 2 MR. VOLLMER: I am not sure I am not sure which group they are referring to - I would have to look to answer 3 4 that 5 COMMISSIONER RÜBERTS. All right 5 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO Can I come back to the living schedule Would all these living schedule arrangements still 7 come in by 1990? 8 9 MR. KNIGHT: The representation on the bar chart is 10 all of the information we presently have, all of the schedule 11 agreements, all the schedule or projections that we currently 12 have are represented there CHAIRMAN PALLADINO' Let me say what I was trying to 13 14 get at The staff administers living schedules and you make 15 adjustments so that you can accommodate to the needs of the utility and our own needs. Fire Protection is one of the 16 items that would be considered. In a sense by saying we are 17 18 going to delegate Fire Protection scheduling and the living schedule to you would leave me with just a little gnawing 19 20 concern that maybe Fire Protection be one of the slips, the things that slip, and then 1997 is the new date 21 22 I was saying that I would like the staff to be doing 23 this. Can we set some target or some goal or some hard date that says even with the living schedule, we are going to shoot 24 for getting these things completed by 1990 if that is the best 25

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1 we can do?

2 MR. KNIGHT: That certainly is as the Commission 3 directs

CHAIRMAN PAULADINO 1 am trying to decide how 1
 want to write up my vote sheet.

6 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE How about 1987? 7 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO: I am just trying to understand 8 the living schedule. When you talk about living schedules, in 9 order to have flexibility . have to allow some things to 10 slip if you are going to accommodate unforeseen things.

The thing I am looking for is to make sure that 11 unless it is a very big crisis, I don't want to see it be Fire 12 Frotection constantly slip and how do I protect against that? 13 MR. DIRCKS: I don't think we have too many of these 14 15 facilities negotiating a living schedule. That may be an issue. But going back to setting dates, the Commission in the 16 past have set dates and you have never really had very much of 17 a success in those dates. 18

We have had this date problem around for a number of years and every time you bump up against those dates, you go through a lot of agony in moving those dates around. You can set a 1987 date but I will bet you that you will be back here trying to figure out how to work around that date in 1987.

24 CHAIRMAN PALLADING Maybe what I am looking for is 25 that the staff give due consideration of Fire Protection as a

1 priority item in its dealings on living schedules.

2 MR. DIRCKS I think why we are here is because we 3 have seen this Fire Protection thing meandering around. Now 4 not all of it is the fault of the agency and not all of it is 5 the fault of those licensees. As we have pointed out, there 6 were cases where some of these licensees moved ahead and 7 thought they were in compliance and then got the shock that 8 they were not in compliance.

Some moved ahead and said they were in compliance
knowing they probably were not in compliance and I can tick
off a few examples here which you already know
COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE And some ==
MR. DIRCKS. And some have moved very rapidly just

14 in the past few months to get into compliance and we think 15 that it is because we have gone through this extra effort of 16 trying to provide additional guidance and trying to say what 17 is good and what is bad and what is acceptable and what is not 18 acceptable.

I think these meetings that we have had, these
workshops, have contributed to an accelerating number of
plants moving into compliance.

I think that is the secret, to lay out what we think is acceptable and what is not acceptable and we can move these plants into compliance

25 We are seeing results but the first years of this

1 thing have been agony. It is like a professor trying to give an examination and the class fails, the whole class. 2 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE Not all the class failed. 3 MR DIRCKS Not all, but you keep citing Calvert 4 5 Cliffs and I am going to suggest something. We have a letter in here from this Nuclear group, the Fire Frotection group, 6 you may want to ask them why some succeed and why some fail. 7 8 Asking us, you are going to get a third-hand answer because we don't know. 9 10 We are interested as well as you. But you might 11 just confront them, why do some succeed and not others. But again even if you had a class of 100 and one passes, now that 12 13 could reflect on the inzbility of the class to accept the 14 professor's instruction. It could also mean that the 15 professor is not teaching the course correctly. 16 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO: At the University, we had to 17 admit the latter assumption often. 18 (Laughter.) COMMISSIONER ROBERTS: Is that a polite way of 19 20 reminding me that at one time you told me the staff didn't 21 invent Appendix R, the Commissioners did? 22 (Laughter.) COMMISSIONER ROBERTS. I would like to hear your 23 24 answer. MR. DIRCKS: Generally true, yes. There were 25

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1 elements within the staff, yes. They wanted elements of Appendix R in but the problem is that when it came up, there 2 3 were many, many positions negotiated and licensees moved ahead and Appendix R was an abrupt change and that built up a good 4 deal of many of the problems we are facing today. 5 6 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE Yes. There is no question that it led to a fair degree of resentment. People felt that 7 8 they had done a lot of work before and the Commission came in and said, "That approach is no longer acceptable " 9 Recalcitrance in not complying with a rule you don't like does 10 nat impress me very much. 11 12 If there are difficulties in understanding it, that 13 is one thing but if it is, "We don't like this rule. We tried to stop you in Court and we are just not going to comply with 14 15 it," if that is the problem, if there is a real correlation 16 between those who have been the most adamant opponents of this, that is a different situation. 17 MR. DIRCKS. I don't try to ascribe motives to this 18 thing now. It is just a problem that we all face. Now how do 19 we get it back on track and get some progress here. That is 20 21 what I think we are trying to do. 22 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO: Let me give the floor to 23 Commissioner Zech. COMMISSIONER ZECH: I just want to say that I think 24 this is of course my first opportunity to be involved in this. 25

COMMISSIONER BERNTHAL: I bet you regret that, 1 2 Lando, don't you? COMMISSIONER ROBERTS: It won't be your last 3 COMMISSIONER ZECH It is a very interesting 4 subject. 5 This rivals equipment qualification. DIRCKS 6 MR COMMISSIONER ZECH: Yes, I can understand that. As 7 I see it, it is a very complex issue and it is an important 8 issue. We would not be thrashing around with it if it were 9 not important so even though it seems to me from my standpoint 10 that perhaps some of the guidance that has been put out has 11 been confusing or at least interpreted different ways, but 12 also from my perspective, too, I can understand that to a 13 14 degree because first of all we have so many different plants 15 out there 16 We are not standardized. I have visited a number of 17 then now across the country and I visited one here just a week or so ago that had a rather unique way of meeting the Fire 18 19 Protection rule They just kind of covered up everything with 20 a great big bunch of steel which was unique a little bit to what I have seen but kind of build a house around some of the 21 22 equipment. But I have seen a lot of different ways to comply or 23 at least try to comply with the Fire Protection rule. 24 25 So I submit that it is a complicated issue but it is

a serious one. It is not a frivolous issue. It is very
 important and we are trying to protect different plants all
 over the country that are built quite differently, different
 utility approaches and so forth

5 So it is a complex issue and I appreciate that but ũ it seems to me that the whole issue deserves some kind of 7 priority perhaps which it has not received. That is just my 8 perception and I am not as knowledgeable as the staff on this 9 My inclination is to support the staff 10 recommendations as they have given them to us here but even 11 more than that in addition to those recommendations, it seems to me that my desire is to say to you, "What can we do to 12 help?" 13

14 Do you need more fire protection engineers? How can 15 we improve things?

16 I feel as a Commissioner and I think my fellow 17 Commissioners would most likely agree that we are as 18 frustrated as you are. You have probably done a very 19 commendable job in this very complex issue but besides the 20 recommendations you have given us, is there any way that we 21 can help to improve the situation?

Do you have other thoughts? You don't have to answer now but if you do have, if you need more fire protection engineers or what can we really do to help you? That is my concern.

CHAIRMAN FALLADINO: And tell us where we are going 1 2 to get them? COMMISSIONER ZECH: I will help you get them 3 CHAIRMAN PAULADING No. 1 meant within our calling 4 5 what are we going to give up? COMMISSIONER ZECH: I will recommend that if you õ 7 want me to. 8 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE | lagree. 9 (Laughter.) CHAIRMAN PALLADINO. I don't think we want to depite 10 11 that subject here. We have lots of places where we need 12 people but I do agree with the concept that we are here also 13 to make sure that you are getting the help you need insofar as 14 we can. MR DIRCKS. I would just mention that we have 15 15 talked of many things here but the focus is that generic 17 letter and the Interpretations document that we would like to 18 move on. CHAIRMAN PALLADINO Can I ask you one other 19 question and then I would like to make a statement and I think 20 21 my statement is going to go right to the heart of what I think 22 you want 23 Your recommendations in the paper are one, issue the generic letter and then two, to conduct a Fire Protection 24 inspection in accordance, et cetera, with the resources of 25

3 B

1 section "B." Do we have to tell you to conduct the 2 inspections or isn't that something -- it seems like a strange 3 recommendation. 4 1 just want to make sure that 1 am not mission Ĵ. something. б DIRCKS: I think all we want to do is make sure MR you know what we are saying in that section "B " 7 8 MR. VOLLMER: Or you could instruct us to accelerate 9 them but I think the inspection problem is in hand. : 0 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO I will make recommendations to 11 the Commissioners to look carefully at the generic letter 1 12 think we ought to issue the generic letter. I do have this 13 desire and I would recommend a change, I think we need to have 14 some tie-in to an enforceable trail and this concept of 15 putting it in an FSAR, having it identified as a licensing 16 condition by reference, giving the licensees the flexibility to make changes without having amendments, I think then this 17 would be a good generic letter and I would probably try to 18 19 write my vote sheet up promptly so you have the benefit and I 20 would encourage others to do so, also COMMISSIONER ROBERTS Would you have an interest in 21 hearing from the Nuclear Utility Fire Protection group? 22 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE. Also, our fire protection 23 engineers I think are here and I would like to hear from them 24 and I understand OGC has some problems with this and they are 25

working on a paper. I would like to see their paper, too, 1 2 before we vote on this. COMMISSIONER BERNTHAL: I have one question as 3 This concerns enforcement and 1 am not sure whether woll 3 this is what you are referencing, Joe, but I am reflecting on 5 the path that we set out on in the area of environmental 5 gualification and the enforcement of policy that we now have 7 Ŗ in place there and I am wondering whether we are not headed down the same road here. 9 I see nothing specific in the staff's recommendation 10 11 about what enforcement policy the Commission might adopt Has 1.2 there been any thought on that or what is the proposal? 13 MR VOLLMER Enclosure seven was the enforcement 14 guidance we would use when we run across a deficiency during 15 an inspection — The enforcement you are talking about, I 16 think, deals with getting the job done. COMMISSIONER BERNTHAL: That's right. What do we 17 do? 18 What I suggested when we discussed 19 MR VOLLMER slide six, I had indicated that we were recommending no 20 21 further 50.48 schedular exemptions and set a high standard for 22 schedular exemptions to 50 12 such as we did on EQ 23 We have not proposed any particular fine if they don't meet that and we haven't closed that part of the loop 24 but what I would suggest is that we treat it similar to EQ and 25

evaluate 50 12 exemption requests very carefully with not just 1 the background of what the licensee can do but perhaps how 2 aggressively he has pursued the issue and whether or not we 3 can really find a good reason for him to detay it as long as 4 in some cases some licensees wish to 5 MR DIRCKS. I think what you are asking for is for 6 us to come back to you on enforcement 7 COMMISSIONER BERTHAL. Yes, I would like to see 8 that and the reason is that as you probably know what we are 9 already running into on this EO business is the old complaint 12 that I understand very well, the business of small fines and 11 1.2 whether that is an appropriate mechanism of enforcement. : ? I don't know what the alternative is. If they would rather be shutdown, then we could think about that, I suppose, :4 15 past some cut-off date 16 I just want to make sure that we understand what we 17 are going to do this time and think it out clearly CHAIRMAN PALLADINO: That is a little different 18 19 from the thrust that I was trying to get at I want to make 20 it enforceable 21 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE Yer 22 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO. Which then raises your 23 question. 24 COMMISSIONER BERNTHAL We still have to ask, "What are we going to do?" 25

CHAIRMAN PALLADINO Two other questions were 1 raised, one, hearing from people that had differing 2 professional opinior and the other was, do we want to hear 3 from the utility people 4 I suggest that we take the second question up at * Agenda Flanning õ COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE All right 7 MR DIRCKS Ein+ 8 9 have affirmation and agenda pranning and that isn't the enfor : 5 the day. I was wondering if we could get a summary of where we 11 stand on the DFC s and then if one or more of the peorle here : 2 feel they have to say something, we can do that 13 MR DIRCES. I think you just want to hear, you : 4 don't want to resolve their differing professional opinion but : 5 16 1 am sure we have someone here who could explain --COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE W t I was thinking about 17 maybe fairly simple concise statement of what they view the 1.0 problem to be, whether they still have concerns with this 19 package and if so, what their concerns are and I would ask 20 them the same question that Lando asked and that is what can 21 we do help, what do they think the answer is to get fire 22 23 protection resolved at these plants as expeditiously as 24 possible. CHAIRMAN PALLADING I would have no objection to 25

that as a matter of fact, having that done in writing unless : 2 some of these things are already resolved. COMMISSIONER ADBELSTINE I don't think any of them 3 4 47.0 CHAIRMAN FALLADING. The feedback 1 got was that * some of them were resulted 6 MR DIRCKS No. 1 think there is a process that is 7 8 being followed MR KNIGHT In this particular instance, one of the 9 individuals has recently reviewed the package that is now : -:1 before you and has come to his own individual conclusion that : 2 his concerns are satisfied so that the situation is that in : 3 headquarters there is one fire protection engineer remaining 14 who still has concerns and he is here today. 15 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE How about the regions? 1€ MR KNIGHT I would understand that there may 17 remain some concerns by people in the regions. We haven't had 18 the opportunity to discuss those explicitly 19 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO Did you want to solicit a 20 summary statement from each of them? COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE Or if they had a spokesman 21 22 who was here who felt that he or she could explain it 23 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO - I was hoping not to have to do 24 that today but to get some input 25 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE If they could do that,

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1 that would be fine.

2 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO Let me get Bill's attention for 3 a minute 4 ME DISCUSS I just work to make sure you know that 5 we discussed the differing professional opinion on page nine 6 of the staff paper and it is important to note that the formal 7 resolution of the DPO's is being deferred pending the Ŗ Commission action on the recommendations of the steering 9 committee COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE The problem I had with 1.0 that though is what that sounds like is you are saving we are 11 12 going to hold off on the DPO's until the Commission approves 1.7 this and then we are going to go back to the DPO's and say 14 "Well, the Commission has decided this" and their answer is. 15 "No, you are wrong " 16 That is what bothered me a little bit about that 17 approach MR VOLLMER. That certainly was not the intent of 18 19 1 t We have gone through with these particular DPO's, the 20 manual chapter process and the resolution, I think, absent the 21 fact that the Commission wanted to hear about the Interpretations and the questions and answers, in other words, 22 the generic package, the DPO would have been resolved. 23 However, since the Commission had interest in this, 24 it would not have been a good idea to resolve that absent 25

getting the Commission into it and the intent was not to have 1 2 the Commission resolve the DPO CHAIRMAN PALLADING Pill, let me ask you how you 3 whild teel about acking those that have like's to summarize 4 5 their present position ó MP DIRCKS Do you want it in a written statement? CHAIRMAN PALLADINO I was thinking written 7 8 MR DIRCKS. Fine 9 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE How many of them are here at headquarters and how many are in the regions? 10 : 1 MR KNIGHT There is one individual remaining in 12 headquarters and two in the region 13 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE How many of them are here 14 today? 15 MR. KNIGHT. The gentleman who is at headquarters is 16 here today, at least to my knowledge COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE Rather than prolong this 1 17 think what I would like to do is maybe just get together with 18 him separately and maybe talk by phone to the regional folks 19 and get a clear understanding and a written summary is fine as 20 well 21 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO Yes. I think if we could get 22 23 that within a few days, that would help 24 At Agenda Planning, I am also going to ask OGC for 25 the schedule on their paper.

COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE When their paper will be

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2 ready, yes 3 CHAIRMAN PALLADING So my encouragement to get the 4 vote will be based on all information being available ŝ COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE Good -5 COMMISSIONER BERNTHAL. Was the Franklin Institute 7 contract sole source or competitive? 8 MR KNIGHT We had people here from the Division ò of Licensing negotiate it. :0 MR DIRCKS We could find out 11 COMMISSIONER BERNTHAL You don't need to do it 12 now. I would like to know as a matter of curiosity 13 COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE One last question, the staff's backfitting analysis on this interpretation of the 14 regulation, when is that going to be done under the 15 backfitting rule? This is an interpretation of a regulation 16 17 so the backfitting rule applies to it. I was just wondering 18 when your cost benefit analysis was going to be done 19 (Laughter) 20 CHAIRMAN PALLADINO We are going to have to address 21 some of these things COMMISSIONER ASSELSTINE Maybe you can answer that 22 23 in writing. CHAIRMAN PALLADINO: Let me do a little housekeeping 24 chore. We have affirmation that was scheduled for 3-30 and in 25

94

order to help us expedite. I would request everyone to remain 1 I amy going to adjourn gthus meeting, open up the 2 seated attirmation meeting and that should take not more than one 3 All a light transform date through we can determine the second the second second Elinning 5 6 So unless there is anything more to come on this 7 meeting, let me thank you participants. I do think you have helped me understand the picture much better and 1 commend you Ą 9 for the presentation 1.0 We will adjourn this meeting with thanks :: (Whereupon, the Commission meeting was adjourned at : 2 4.07 o clock p.m. to reconvene at the Call of the Chair / : ? : 4 : : :6 : 7 : ? : 2 20 21 2.2 2 1 24 25

CERTIFICATE OF OFFICIAL REPORTER
This is to centify that the attached proceedings
before the United States Nuclear Regulatory Commission in the
matter of COMMISSION MEETING
Name of Proceeding Status of Interpretation of Appendix F Fire Protection (Fublic Meeting)
Coshet No.
Paus Washington, D. C.
Date Thursday, Ocother 3, 1985
were held as herein appears and that this is the original
transgript thereof for the file of the United States Nuclear
Regulatory Commitaalon
(Signature) TRatilyne TH Avilians (Typed Name of Reporter) Marilynn Nations
(Typed Name of Reporter) Marilynn Nations
Ann Riley & Associates, Ltd.

UNITED STATES NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION

COMMISSION MEETING

OCTOBER 3, 1985

STATUS OF INTERPRETATION OF APPENDIX R

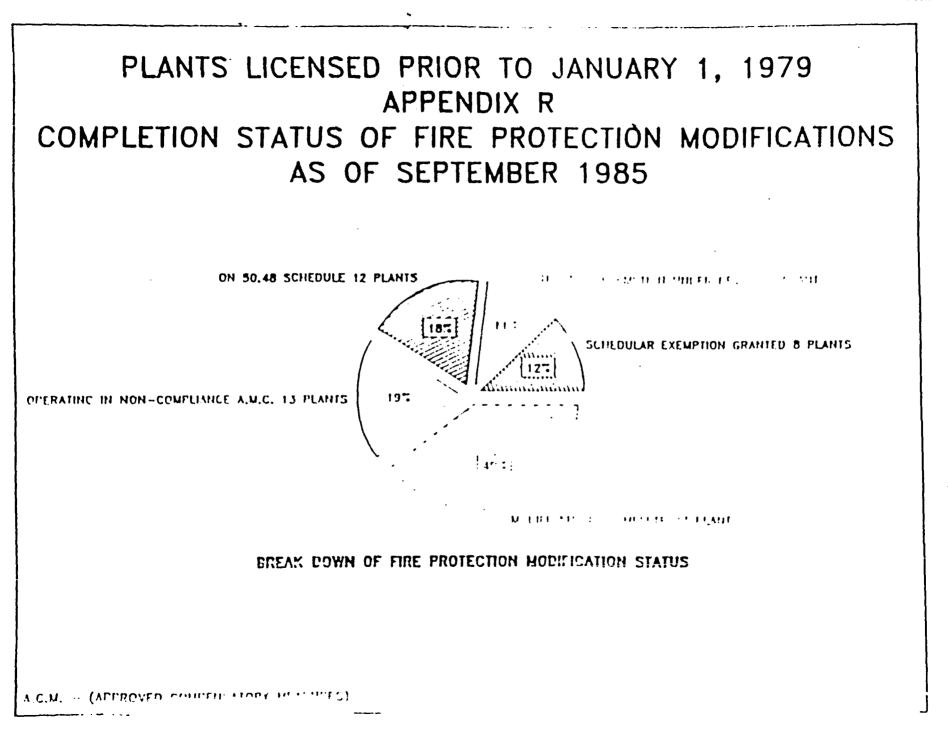
FIRE PROTECTION

FIRE FRITESTION EVENTS

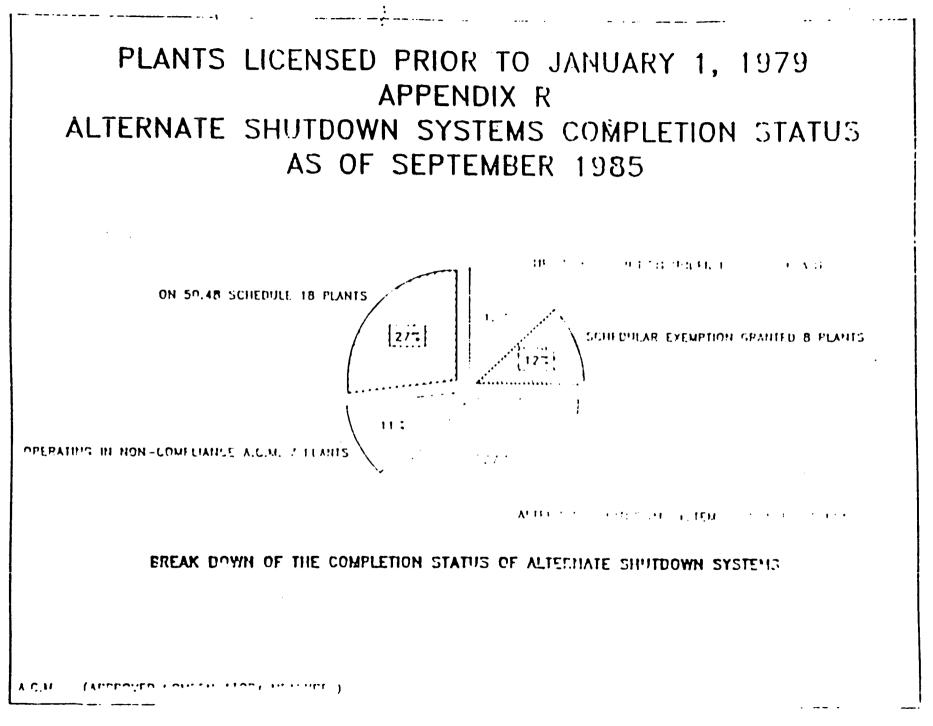
•	NFC COMMISSION PUBLISHES RULE ON FIRE PROTECTION - Nov. 128
•	NUCLEAR UTILITY FIRE PROTECTION GROUP (NUEPG) FORMED - 1981
•	EFEMPTION REQUESTS SUBMITTED AND REVIEWED - 1982-83
•	INIFECTIONS FOR COMPLIANCE WITH APPENDIX R.BEGAN - FALL 1353
•	STAFF ISSUES GENERIC LETTER 83-33 - FALL 1983
•	NUFFG CRGANIZES WORKSHOP ON APPENDIX R TO SOLICIT INDUSTRY Experience - February 1984
•	NFL HOLDS REGIONAL WORKSHOPS - SPRING 1984
c	FIRE PROTECTION POLICY STEERING COMMITTEE (FPPSC) FORMED -
•	FERSI REPORT COMPLETED AND ISSUED FOR PUBLIC COMMENTS - Early 1985
0	PUBLIC COMMENTS EVALUATED AND INCORPORATED - MAY 1985
•	CFCF REVIEW - JULY 1985

GENERIC LETTER

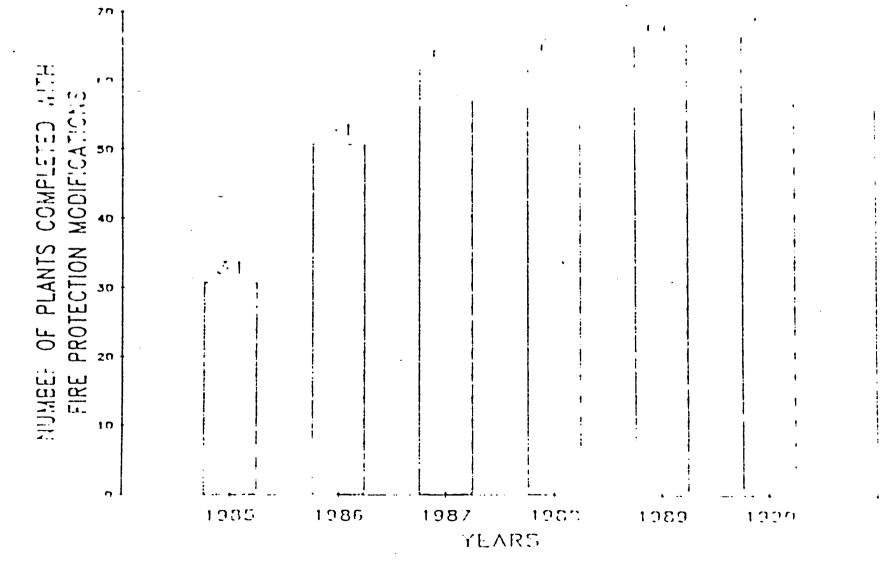
- NO FURTHER 50.48 SCHEDULAR EXEMPTIONS
- HIGH STANDARDS FOR SCHEDULAR EXEMPTIONS UNDER 50.12
- UTILIZE INTERPRETATION DOCUMENT
- INSPECTION PROGRAM
- DOCUMENT COMPLIANCE
- GUALITY ASSURANCE
- ADDITION OF FIRE PROTECTION PROGRAM TO FSAR



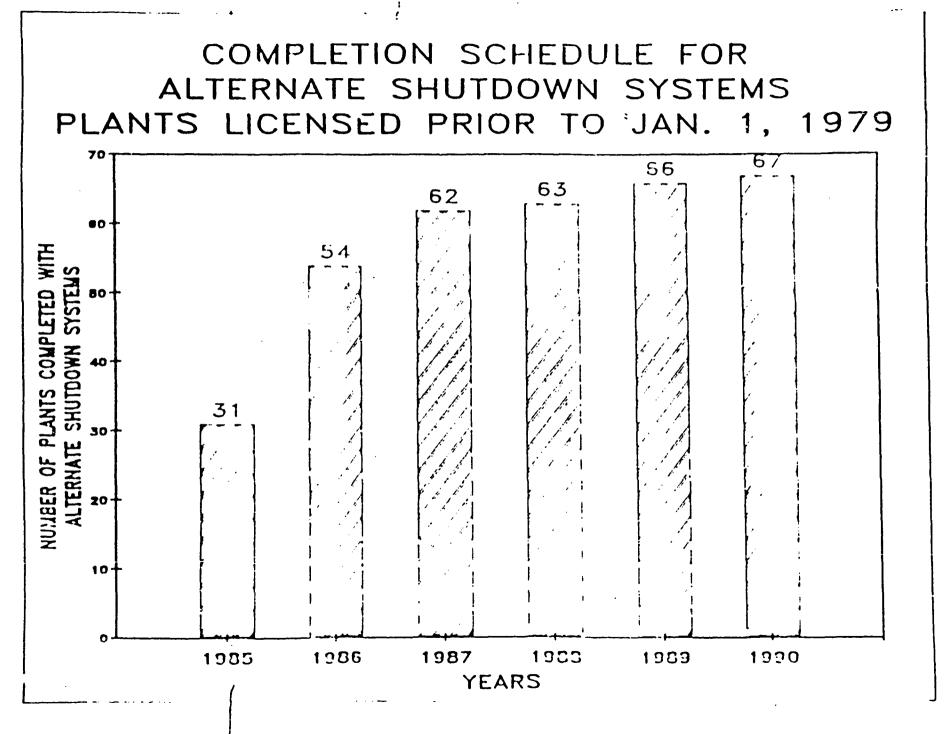
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COMPLETION SCHEDULE FOR APPENDIX R FIRE PROTECTION MODIFICATIONS PLANTS LICENSED PRIOR TO JAN. 1, 1979



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1.1.1

STAFF FEEDMMENDATIONS

- LITLE THE GENERIC LETTER
- ENDERSE THE CRITERIA FOR ENFORCEMENT
- ENCORSE INCOPPORATION OF FIRE PROTECTION PROGRAM IN THE FSAP IN LIEU OF A LICENSE CONDITION

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